

CASS CITY ENTERPRISE.

VOL. XXI. NO. 15.

CASS CITY, MICH., NOV. 28, 1901.

BY A. A. P. M'DOWELL

There Must Be Some Reason for it!

We are selling more goods this season than ever before. Just one thing has done it—we have given more for the money; more styles; more durability; more "change back" than others can.

To offer we are selling:

50c Overalls 40c
50c Underwear, two styles 45c
\$1.00 Duck Coats 90c

Our big store is full of bargains in both **Shoes and Clothing**

IN RUBBERS we handle the Mishawka Ball Brand, Boston and Gordy Glove.

Butter and Eggs same as Cash.

J. D. CROSBY & SON

Cass City's Shoe and Clothing Men

Local Happenings

W. J. Campbell did business in Caro last week.

John Hill called on friends in Caro last week.

G. W. Goff did business at Saginaw yesterday.

Wm. Hartsell, of Kingston, was in town on Tuesday.

F. Klump is transacting business in Detroit this week.

John Grill, of Elkton, did business in town last week.

Ben Usher spends Thanksgiving with friends in Detroit.

Mrs. Ted Snelling visited friends at Inlay City last week.

Thos. J. Anketell, of Carsonville, was in town on Saturday.

Fairweather Bros. have a fresh announcement this week.

C. J. Howey, of Kingston, did business here last Saturday.

N. Bigelow left Tuesday afternoon on a business trip to Chicago.

Dr. Bruske will preach in the Presbyterian church Sunday morning.

Geo. Harmer has sold his farm near Gagetown and moved back to Dryden.

Mrs. Blanche Parker returned on Tuesday from a business trip to Jackson.

Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Pettit, of Pigeon, visited friends here last Friday evening.

F. C. Lee and family spent Thanksgiving at his brother's home at Owendale.

Chas. Wright has purchased the Benkelman residence on Houghton Street.

Mrs. J. S. McArthur has been spending some time with relatives at Port Huron.

J. P. Hern spent part of last week with friends at Riley Centre, St. Clair county.

Wm. A. Anderson is just recovering from a severe attack of erysipelas of the face.

Don't forget the dairy and poultry show Dec. 10th to 12th, at the Town Hall, Cass City.

The M. E. Sunday school will give a special Christmas entertainment on Christmas night.

Young & Benkelman want another car load of Poultry on Thursday, Dec. 12th. See dodgers.

Lewis Elston, living near Gagetown, is serving a sixty-day sentence in the county jail for theft.

Rev. A. Torbet will preach in Gospel Hall, eight miles east of town, Sunday at three o'clock.

Mrs. S. Western, of Bad Axe, called on her old time friend, Mrs. A. A. P. McDowell, on Friday.

Asa McGregory and Thos. Stitt, of Shabbona, were pleasant callers at our sanatorium on Saturday.

John Atwell and grandson, Guy Landon, spent Friday and Saturday with relatives at Novesta.

W. B. Sweet, from north of Carsonville, was the guest of his sister-in-law, Mrs. E. A. Jones, on Saturday.

While they last we will give a McKinley picture to each new subscriber to the Enterprise for one year.

W. C. Sanford, of Pontiac, superintendent of the P. O. & N. R. spent a part of this week hunting near here.

Ernest Dyer, of Grant township, has moved to Bad Axe to assume the management of the West End Stock Farm.

Miss May Landon returned from Caro Monday evening, where she has been employed as milliner for some time.

D. M. Houghton leaves this morning for Detroit and will also visit a brother in Oakland county before returning home.

Mrs. Salome Bien, of this place, has sold her farm in Winsor township to Susan Hamater, of that township, for \$1,000.

C. F. Hueber, druggist, and Dr. O. Stewart, of Port Huron, were the guests of L. I. Wood, the latter part of last week.

Mrs. Benj. Southworth and Mrs. D. Arnold, of Columbia, were guests at the home of H. P. Woolman a part of last week.

Prof. Hemstreet will appear at the Opera House to-morrow and Saturday evenings. He is celebrated as a hypnotist and all the exchanges speak well of his exhibitions.

A meeting of the Baptist Young People's Union will be held in the church next Sunday evening at 6 p. m. All are invited to attend.

Mrs. M. J. McGillvary has leased her business building, just vacated by Robb & Coon, to A. A. Brian, who will move his restaurant thereto.

Every day is bargain day at Geo. Matzen's, and a call at his store will convince you of it. Read his new adv. on the first page of this issue.

The Ladies' Aid of the M. E. Church will meet at the home of Mrs. Geo. Seed Wednesday, Dec. 4. A cordial invitation extended to everybody.

Matzen has had a splendid trade in cloaks and furs, but has a few bargains left yet for quick callers. You should also see his fine line of silk waists.

Garabed Krikor Boyjian, the Armenian who lectured here recently, was married last week to Miss Ethel Yerex, of Inlay City. They have gone west.

A Bay Port correspondent to the Saginaw papers states that Chas. H. Schenk, from this place, is acting as station agent at the Bay Port Quarries.

The postoffice at Brown City, Sanilac county, will become a presidential office on Jan. 1. Salary of the postmaster will then be \$1,000 per annum.

D. A. Freeman is talking seriously of placing an automobile on the Cass City-Caro stage line, and is corresponding with a New Jersey firm in regard thereto.

R. A. Watson, of the Watson Fruit Company, Chicago, who spent considerable time here last year, buying produce, is again in this section. He went to Unionville on Monday.

In the combination offer of our own paper and the Michigan Farmer we are able to offer the balance of this year free, or both papers to Jan. 1903 for \$1.50. No farmer should miss this chance.

Fire was placed in the new furnace at the M. E. Church on Saturday evening for the first time, and the Sunday services were all held in the main audience room. All will be completed by next Sunday.

E. A. McGeorge has been at Mt. Clemens with his brother, Chas. F. of Brown City, the latter hoping to find relief by taking the mineral baths. E. A. returned home on Friday leaving his brother some better.

At the last meeting of the Firemen, the following new members were received: E. A. Geitzger, A. L. Johnson, John Davis and J. C. Seeley. Owing to the removal of Chief W. I. Frost, Sam G. Benkelman was elected in his stead.

Dr. Bruske's lecture to be given in the Presbyterian church Saturday evening, Nov. 30th, the subject of which is "Lend a hand," will be a rare treat. Dr. Bruske is president of Alma College where six of Cass City's young men and women are in attendance, and many will want to hear him.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Sykes have received word that their son, Wallace, has been laid up in the hospital at Louisville, Kentucky, for over four weeks. While doing a new variety circus act, in company with his brother and two other actors, he had three ribs wrenched from his back bone. He is improving and hopes to fully recover.

Robb & Coon have moved their stock of pianos and organs to the residence recently purchased at the east end of Pine Street and will not continue a show room. They will continue to hustle for business, however, and will always be "at home" to those looking for musical instruments. D. M. Coon is in Sanilac county this week.

J. H. Hays, M. D., of Rockford, Ohio, a graduate of the University of Michigan, has purchased an interest in the medical practice of Drs. Morris and King. Dr. Wm. Morris will return to Gagetown but will make two trips each week to Cass City. The residence on Seegar Street he now occupies will be occupied by Dr. Hays, whose wife and family will arrive in a few days.

If the subscriptions to your periodicals run out, renew at the Enterprise news depot, or if you wish to get some other magazine or paper, let us order it for you. Try the Youth's Companion, Household, Ladies' Home Journal or Saturday Evening Post. We handle too many to publish a list. Just let us know your wants and give us a chance to supply them. Ask for our clubbing offers.

Just Received!--New Line Ladies' and Children's Coats

New Styles! New Prices!

See our line if you are looking for a coat. Our assortment of UNDERWEAR and BLANKETS is complete with good values in all lines. See our line of GLOVES and MITTENS; we have what you want.



Bring in Your Produce

We want it and will pay the highest cash market price. We must have it to supply our demand.

We want a quantity of Butter, Eggs, Honey, Green Apples, Dried Apples and Corn at once.

We have the largest stock in the town to select from and at right prices.

Fresh Oysters and Crackers always on hand.

Celery, Cranberries, Nuts, Candies, Oranges, Lemons, Figs, Dates and the best Cheese in town. All brands Tobacco and Cigars except poor ones. Phone 19. Prompt delivery.

FAIRWEATHER BROS.

New Industry.

Saginaw Courier Herald.

What promises to be one of the foremost industries of Michigan and of special importance to the building trades is the introduction of a brick made of sand and lime, instead of clay. It is something entirely new in this state, and will undoubtedly revolutionize the construction of buildings. It is a well known fact that lumber is fast disappearing, and as its scarcity increases, prices soar higher. The manufacture of brick, from sand will afford a substitute that is not expensive, and not many years hence, frame buildings will be curiosities.

Tests which have been made with the new brick show great weather proof qualities, being on an average a less water absorbent than clay brick, and crushing strain greater than the latter. A brick immersed in water for 150 hours and then submitted 25 times in succession alternately every four hours temperature 53 1/2 degrees F. below zero, and every three hours thawed out in water at temperate heat, remained absolutely unimpaired. This new brick has been used in Germany three years and has been approved by that government.

The right to manufacture them in Michigan has been purchased by the Michigan Sand-Lime Brick company, just organized, and which is composed of Saginaw and Bad Axe capitalists. A prominent member of the company is F. W. Hubbard, of Bad Axe.

In an interview with one of the members of the company yesterday some interesting points about the new material were brought out. The product can be turned out and be ready for use in 12 hours, and the manufacture can proceed in winter as well as summer. A great trouble with clay brick is the warping and shrinking in burning, making them uneven in the wall. All this has been overcome in sand brick, they being absolutely perfect and uniform in shape and size, and resembling a hydraulic press brick. They can be made any shape or size. Any color wished for can also be produced. The older the bricks are the stronger they become. They are superior to clay brick as to absorption, strength, fire and weather resisting qualities, while cost compares favorably with the former.

It is the intention to go into the manufacture of brick extensively in the future, and when the manufacture has developed into large proportions it will be a great boon to owners and builders in this state. Offices have been established in New York and in this city at 21 and 22 Chase block. There is little doubt but what Saginaw will soon have one of these plants.

H. L. Hunt is right to the front with special lines suitable for the holidays and uses additional space this week to tell of the good things he has in store for you. See last page and also go and see the goods and note the excellent values.

The Tuscola County Farmers' Mutual is preparing its assessment to be sent out Dec. 1st. The rate will be \$1.50 per \$1,000. The losses this year exceed those of any year since the company was organized, and yet the rate of assessment is lower than ever before.

The following letters remain unclaimed in the postoffice at Cass City, Mich., for the week ending Nov. 23, 1901: Wm. Connelly, Dolly McTavish, Rev. E. R. Hermiston, Wm. Farnsworth. When calling for above please say advertised. H. S. Wickware, postmaster.

At Rest.

We copy the following obituary notice from The Canadian Baptist, the deceased being the late Mrs. Peter Lamont's mother and known to many of our readers:

EDWARDS—Died, on the night of Oct. 8th, Mrs. Florence Edwards, relict of the late T. S. Edwards, in the 68th year of her age, at her home, Oxford street, London, Ont.

Truly she rests from her labor, after a long and lingering illness, borne with exemplary patience and fortitude, in simple and loving trust in her all-sufficient Saviour. To her there had been left her son, Alfred, her daughter, Mrs. R. Kilgour, and her two grand-children by her daughter, Anna, who all gave her their most loving care up to the hour of her death. Besides these, a large number of relatives and friends will mourn her loss. She was one of the truest helpers a pastor could have, and a model worker in all church enterprises. Very early in life, Mrs. Edwards yielded to the love of the Saviour and through many varied and trying scenes leaned on Him for her support. For many years she was a consistent and helpful member of the Lobo church in the graveyard of which her remains now rest. From there she removed to St. Thomas, identifying herself with the church there. Mission circle, ladies' aid and all other societies of the church there felt the impulse of her warm Christian love. Later on, so as still to be near her son and daughter, she moved to London, where her failing health and the care of her two grand-children, did not permit of quite so much church activity. By her special request, the writer attended to the simple burial rites, improving the occasion from the text of her choice, "For by grace have ye been saved through faith, and that not of yourselves; it is the gift of God; not of works, that no man should glory."

H. C. Speller.

Your attention to our pillow covers, Roman Floss, Filo silk also the genuine down pillows. 2 MACKS 2

Timely Rescue.

Port Austin News.

The Pointe Aux Barques Life Saving Crew at Huron City, under Capt. John Frahm, are entitled to more than ordinary credit for the rescuing of the crew of the steamer Emerald last Thursday. At the time of the rescue, it was bitter cold and there was a heavy sea rolling which made it extremely difficult to lay near the waterlogged craft. The crew of the boat were nearly frozen and would surely have perished if they had not been rescued by our brave and hardy life savers. At the time of the rescue there was ten feet of water in the boat, the engine room was flooded and the crew seeking shelter wherever they could hang on. Members of the crew say that they expected to go to the bottom at any time, as the waves washed from stem to stern, and all that kept the boat afloat was the cargo of lumber and cedar posts. After drifting about in Lake Huron, a dangerous derelict for several days, the Emerald was finally picked up and towed to Port Huron and finally to Detroit, where she was placed in drydock.

Shot Himself.

Peter Ameis, a young man of Minden, went into Messmore's bank on Wednesday afternoon of last week and shot himself through the head, dying in a short time afterward. Mr. Ameis until recently was a business man of the town, his store having burned down.

Lovejoy Still Confident

Sanilac Republican.

Gil R. Lovejoy paid Sanilac Centre another visit last Friday in the interests of his railroad project.

He says that his company expects to organize in a few weeks and pay in \$33,000 of percentage capital. He has all the right of way for 50 miles but six pieces of land and these will soon be ready.

When the right of way is all secured and the company organized he says that the proper influence will be brought to bear to secure necessary capital.

Mr. Lovejoy says that the strong opposition to his road in Port Huron is because he won't make that city his terminus. Says that his personal expenses in working up his scheme have been \$1500 and he couldn't afford to abandon it now. He is confident that he can have the road in operation within 18 months. Steam will be used as the motive power until either the storage battery or third rail become practicable. No trolleys will be used.

Fine Umbrellas make nice Xmas presents see 2 Macks 2 line.

Sanitary Convention.

Arrangements have been made by the State Board of Health, acting with a local committee of the citizens of Caro, for a sanitary convention to be held at Caro on Tuesday and Wednesday, January 21st and 22nd. The sessions will be held at three and eight o'clock p. m. local time. At each session there will be addresses or papers on all subjects of general interest pertaining to public health followed by discussion. The admission to all sessions will be free and ladies are especially invited. Health officers are urged to be present and take part in the discussions. Among the subjects which will be presented and discussed are: School sanitation, Home sanitation, Restriction and prevention of consumption, Sewerage, Water supply, Hygiene of the home, and a question box will be used at each session. Programs will be used before the convention.

Get our prices on Cloaks & Capes. 2 MACKS 2

J. H. Stevenson, the Argyle harness maker, was found unconscious in his rig Thursday evening two miles east of his home, with his head wedged between the buggy box and a wheel. He died at two a. m. without recovering enough to tell what happened. He had been to Deckerville, and was known to have \$50 and a note, which are gone. Foul play is suspected.

Dick Neusbaumer, fireman on No. 6, going south on the P. O. & N. R. R., Tuesday evening, was seriously injured at Inlay City. As far as can be learned he was underneath cleaning out the fire box, when the engineer was signaled to go ahead. The engineer is known as one of the most careful men on the road but was either not aware that his fireman was under the engine, or had forgotten it and went ahead, with the result that if Neusbaumer lives at all he will be a physical wreck.

Seven second-hand show cases for sale. Inquire of T. H. Fritz. 8-29--tf.

Good Advice.

The Detroit Clinic has been making monthly visits to Cass City for more than a year and in that time has cured many of our best citizens of diseases thought to be incurable. It makes no difference what your trouble is, call and be examined; it costs you nothing, and if you cannot be cured you will be so informed and good advice as to the best way to care for your self will be given at Gordon Tavern, Friday and Saturday, Dec. 6 and 7.

GEO. MATZEN

SHIRT WAISTS

See our beautiful line of Silk and Wool Waists.

CLOAKS AND CAPES

A few to close at a price that will surely sell them.

Get our prices in DRY GOODS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS before you buy. We always have bargains for you. They save you money.

GEO. MATZEN

Special Prices

on Wall Paper and Window Shades at

Eggs taken in exchange. **Bond's Drug Store**

LAING & JANES... Dry Goods

Announce Special Sale of.....

Dry Goods

at reduced prices, beginning Oct. 26th, for 3 weeks.

A large supply of : : : :

Ladies and Gents' Underwear

: : : : will be sold at low prices.

Blankets, Outings, Sheetings, etc

.....Also SHOES and RUBBERS.....

at prices that sell them.

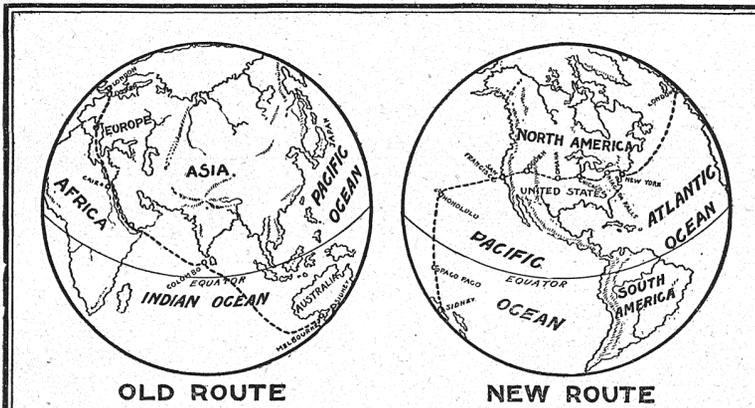
WALL PAPER

Fritz's Drug Store FOR CONDITION POWDERS

We take special pride in giving you the best drugs the market affords

EGGS WANTED

New Route Around the World



MAPS SHOWING OLD AND NEW ROUTES FROM AUSTRALIA TO LONDON.

The mails for England from her colony of Australia, on the other side of the globe, are now being carried through the United States, as an experiment. Transported by water and land by way of the Suez canal and Brindisi the journey to London from Melbourne takes thirty-six days. By taking the other direction and coming by way of San Francisco and New York the time has been shortened greatly. On the first trip, which began in August, the time by way of the railroads from the Pacific to the Atlantic coast was thirty-one and a half days. On the second trial, just completed, the time has been further shortened. The entire distance from Melbourne to London by way of the American continent is 15,265 miles, or more than half way round the world. This beats Phineas Fogg's time by a wide margin. While Jules Verne's hero circled the globe in eighty days, the journey at the rate of speed reached by the Australian mails taking the American route could be made in about fifty days. Of course under both plans railroad have been utilized wherever available. But when Russia's great railroad, the one from Moscow to Port Arthur, on the gulf of Pechili, is finished, the globe circuit can be made in much shorter time than this. The report sent out to all the

papers the other day that Russia's trans-Siberian road was "virtually completed" is misleading. Some of the course between Moscow and Vladivostok is by water and a large part of the railway was only temporary and experimental, and will have to be relaid. Troops can be carried from Russia through to Vladivostok by the present rail and steamboat route across Siberia, but the time will be much slower than that which is intended to be attained ultimately. Moreover, Port Arthur, and not Vladivostok, will be the real terminus of the trans-Siberian road, and that apparently will not be finished for two or three years yet.

Until Russia's great line to Port Arthur is finished the quickest course for England's Australian mails will probably continue to be by way of San Francisco and New York, on the experimental route now being taken. This course, too, will be the speediest way for the entire globe circuit. Even when the trans-Siberian line is finished the roads across the United States continent will have to be utilized in order to make the circuit by the speediest route. It will then be possible to make the journey round the earth in thirty-one days by having close connections. How some of the old-time girdlers would marvel if they could

hear of this speed! Two years was considered fairly good time for the circuit in the days of Capt. Cook and of the Yankee skipper, Robert Gray—the Gray, whose vessel, the Columbia, gave its name to the great river of Oregon, and whose discovery of that stream gave the United States its first claim to the vast empire which it drains. Two years and a half would have been thought fast time for the circuit by Drake, the first Englishman who made the journey. The crew of the Portuguese-Spaniard Magellan—the Magellan who was killed in the Philippines in the feud between the whites and natives of those islands which has stretched from his time down to Aguilardo's—who were the first of mankind who crossed all the meridians, were three years in making the journey round the earth. Thirty-six months in the early part of the sixteenth century! One month in the opening years of the twentieth! This marks the extent of the shortening of the time of the globe-circling between Magellan's days and the days of America's and Russia's Morgans, Harrimans and Hills.

The new mail service crosses the United States over the tracks of only two railroads and that without change of cars—the Great Northern and the New York Central.

Gov. Van Sant Fights Gigantic Railroad Combine



Minnesota's executive has issued a statement, saying he will instruct the attorney general of the state to take steps to prevent the consolidation of Northern Pacific and Great Northern interests, as contemplated by the

THE WILKINS-FREEMAN AFFAIR.
The wise people of Randolph, Mass., and the curious people of Metuchen, N. J., and numerous other people between those two towns seem to have considerable difficulty in getting Mary E. Wilkins and Dr. Freeman married. It is not wholly clear why any one should concern himself or herself about what is a purely private arrangement between the high contracting parties, but so many persons have considered it their duty to bring about the marriage that it may be said nearly all of New England and New Jersey have been engaged for several months past in fixing and unfixing the dates when the event was to come off, and some who can see through a millstone farther than others have even descended on the bride's trousseau and the bridegroom's gifts.

At last the gossips, tired of this game of hide and seek, positively announced two or three days ago that the marriage had taken place and that the happy pair had settled down at Metuchen; that Miss Wilkins had fin-

ished the novel which had all along been the cause of delay; and that Dr. Freeman, who is wealthy, was the happiest man in or out of New Jersey, was going to give up pulling and fitting teeth, and hereafter enjoy his "ease and dignity," which few benefits can do.

The Navy's Demands.
A naval programme which contemplates a large increase in the naval establishment has been enthusiastically accepted by the American public, so that there will be little demurring to the general spirit of Secretary Long's annual report.

But it is not so certain that the secretary decided wisely between the plans of the general board of which Admiral Dewey is chairman and the plans of the board of construction.

The former called for four battle ships, two armored cruisers, four picket boats, six gunboats of 1,000 tons, and six of 600 tons, and six of 200 tons, six training ships and one collier of 10,000 tons; the latter for

three battle ships, two armored cruisers, eighteen gunboats, two colliers of 15,000 tons each, one repair ship, six training ships, four picket boats and four tugs. The secretary did well to drop a good part of the overnumerous gunboats, but he also dropped one of the battle ships proposed in the first-named scheme, and this omission cannot be so readily commended.

Perhaps Our Oldest Man.
James Farrell, of Barbourville, W. Va., has just celebrated the 105th anniversary of his birth. He is now possibly the oldest man in the United States. Mr. Farrell served in the war of 1812 and later was in Mexico under Jefferson Davis. When the war between the states broke out he enlisted, although no longer a young man, and saw four years of service. He was probably the oldest veteran to offer his services to the government when the Spanish war broke out.

Owing to temporary illness, Deputy Police Commissioner Devery of New York was absent from his usual haunts a day or two shortly after the recent overthrow of Tammany. Some humorist advertised for him in the "lost and found" column of an afternoon paper. In the description Mr. Devery is said to have a "gross tonnage of about 225 pounds," a haughty carriage and to be of "a full habit."

John Armstrong Chanler has about decided to reside permanently on his estate, Merrie Mills, in Virginia, one of his reasons being, as he explains it, that Judge White's decision that he is sane is of no legal force in New York. Mr. Chanler's change in appearance and his gaining of flesh and color is ascribed to his giving up the use of wine and becoming a vegetarian.

Carrie Nation the other evening lectured to a large audience in Marietta, O., under the direction of H. J. Conrath, a saloonkeeper, and Joe Bruner, a pugilist. In answer to criticisms on her appearance under such management Mrs. Nation said: "Neither the W. C. T. U. nor the churches would bring me here, but these men did, and I am grateful to them."

The czar, before quitting France, left a gift of 100,000 francs for the poor of Paris, 15,000 francs for Dunkirk, 15,000 francs for Reims and 15,000 francs for Compeigne and also a sum of 5,000 francs for the families of sufferers in the recent torpedo explosion.

FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.

SOME GOOD STORIES FOR OUR JUNIOR READERS.

Curious Land Crabs Which Are Found on Christmas Island—A Little Red Crab Which Collects Dead Leaves—The Hermit Crab.

WHO CARES?
Who cares what borders on Japan?
Who wants the rule of three,
When the sun is shining in the sky,
And birds sing on the tree?

Who cares for height of mountain top,
Just when a kite can fly
Above the highest clouds that float?
I'm sure it is not I!

And if ten men can dig a well,
Now, who would give a pin
To know how many days each one
Would take to dig it in?

If Chinese people upside down
Must walk—what matter, pray?
Or live on rats, and lie awake
All night and sleep all day?

If James and John have three pounds six,
Whatever that may be
In cents and dollars, I am sure,
Is nothing much to me.

If any boy or girl alive
Cares for such things as these,
Let them come in, and we'll go out
And thank you—if you please!

LAND CRABS.

To some people it will be news that besides the sea crabs, with which everyone is familiar, there are in many tropical countries several varieties which live entirely, or nearly entirely, on dry land and often at long distances from water. During a recent visit to Christmas Island, which is situated in the Indian ocean, some 200 miles south of Java, I have had occasion, says a writer in "Pearson's Magazine," to make the personal acquaintance, sometimes unpleasantly close, of some of these remarkable crustaceans. One of the commonest and the largest of the Christmas Island land crabs is the well-known robber-crab, which is found in most of the tropical islands of the Indian and Pacific oceans. It sometimes reaches a length of two feet and may measure seven inches across the back; its colors are of a very gaudy description, the ground color being a bright red, upon which there are stripes of yellow, but in some cases a purplish blue is the prevailing tint. The eyes are fixed on stalks which can be moved independently of one another, and there are two pairs of feelers, one long, the other short; the latter pair are continually jerked up and down. There is a pair of powerful claws, then several walking legs. In general appearance these animals are much more like rather stout lobsters than crabs, and one's first encounter with one of these creatures in the middle of a forest far from the sea is productive of much astonishment on both sides. Another species of land-crab common in Christmas Island is a little bright red animal which in general shape is much like the common shore crab. This variety makes burrows in the ground, and in some places the soil is honeycombed with hundreds of holes. The crabs spend most of their time collecting dead leaves, which they carry in their claws, holding them up over their heads and drag down into their burrows, into which they scuttle at the least alarm. At the breeding season they forsake their inland homes and march down to the sea in tens of thousands, so that in paths leading down the inland cliff it is almost impossible to walk without crushing some of them. Arrived at the beach, they deposit their eggs under stones in the rock pools, and then gradually make their way back to the forest again, there to remain till the following year. There is also a hermit-crab living in large small-like shells, which wanders far inland up the cliffs, and for some time I was puzzled to account for the presence of these shells so far from the coast, but the mystery was solved on seeing some of the crabs walking about. These crabs are great climbers, and mount into bushes and up steep rocks in search of food. At the slightest alarm they withdraw into their shell, and let themselves drop to the ground, where they lie quite still till all danger is past. When they are in the shell, the opening is completely closed by the large claw, so that it is quite impossible to get at the creature.

GERTRUDE'S AWAKENING.

"O, how my head aches! I don't believe I shall ever get these dishes washed and the room straightened up!" and with a sigh of discontent Mrs. Day sat down for a moment in a chair near an open window.

In an adjoining room sat a young girl of 17, who had evidently been reading, as she carelessly held a book in her lap. She had heard her mother's remark, but heeded it not. She was gazing with a look of self-satisfaction at the face reflected in an opposite mirror. Gertrude Day was a vain, pretty girl, indolent and pleasure-loving. But to do her justice, she was not entirely responsible for her faults. Being an only child and dearly loved by her parents, her fond, foolish mother had brought her up in idleness and total ignorance of domestic duties. Her one thought being to place her above the majority of girls in the village of N—, notwithstanding the fact that it was beyond her means. At the age of 15, Gertrude had been sent to college, and was now home for a

Tell-Tale Fly.

At a recent meeting of the entomological society in London the president, G. H. Verrall, told an amusing story to prove that a knowledge of insects may even be useful in settling questions in literary history. Commentators on the works of Robert Louis Stevenson were trying in vain to discover whether the notes made by him in a certain book were written before or after he took up his residence in Samoa. It happened that a fly had been questioned between the pages, and when Mr. Verrall saw it he instantly recognized it as belonging to a species peculiar to the Polynesian islands. That settled the question.

Boston Kid in the Country.

"Willie," said the woman with a sunbonnet swung from her elbow, "didn't I tell you to come into the house this minute?" "Yes'm." "Then why don't you obey me?" "Because it is impossible," answered the boy, who is an example of what rapid education can accomplish. "The minute in which you spoke is now last minute, and the present minute occupies the relationship of next minute to the precise period of your utterance."—Washington Star.

A Live Hatrack.

One of the first things to attract the attention of Baby Clarence was grandma's hatrack, made of a pair of deer's horns. One afternoon, when he was three years old, papa took him to a park. When relating the incidents of the trip he exclaimed: "And, oh, mamma! I saw a deer with a hatrack on his head!"—Boston Herald.

IN AFRICAN WILDS.

TYPES OF NATIVES IN CONGO COUNTRY.

Ape-like Men, Congo Cannibals and Forest Pygmies—Aborigines Who Are Nearly All Christians—Edenic Ways of Life.

London Letter.
The British protectorate of Uganda in Africa contains the leading types of the various races of the dark continent, from the highest to the lowest. Here may be found the ape-like negroes of the Semliki valley; the dwarfs who live on the Congo border; the most intelligent and polite of all the native peoples—the Baganda, and the handsomest of all the aborigines—the Bahima.

Ape-like men are frequently encountered in the region. The one of whom an illustration is given was found in the forest near the Belgian station of Fort Mbeni. His skin was of a dirty yellowish brown and he lived on the outskirts of the settlement, subsisting chiefly on the rare flesh of such creatures as he could trap or kill, and upon honey and bee quilbs. He was extremely timid and spoke imperfectly the language of the Bahira negroes who live in the forests.

The pygmies of Uganda are confined to a belt of forest lying to the east and west of the Semliki river. They present two somewhat distinct types as regards skin color, one of the types being a reddish yellow and the other black. The bodies of the former are covered with short, fine black hair and this is present in the cases of both sexes. One common feature to all pygmies is the shape of the nose. There is not much bridge to this organ, the lower end of which is large and flattened, but the remarkable size of the cartilage above the nostrils and the fact that these cartilages rise almost as high as the central part of the nose differentiate the pygmy from all others of the negroid type. The mouth is large and ape-like, the chin weak and receding and the neck short and weak.

The pygmies are adroit in climbing and to a slight extent make use of their feet in grasping branches between the big toes and the rest of the toes. The average height of the men is 4 feet 9 inches and of the women 4 feet 6 inches.

The Babira negroes of the Congo

front are cannibals. They file the front teeth in the upper jaw to sharp points and "ornament" the body with cicatrices in patterns. These scar ornamentations are carried to the highest point in the eastern part of the Uganda protectorate.

Other Uganda Types.

The Baganda are among the most remarkable of the negro races of Uganda. They are the best dressed of all African aborigines, copying after the Mohammedans, even to the fezes that cover their heads. They have a fondness for music and betray considerable skill in the building of their houses. They are almost universally Christian, belonging either to the Anglican or Roman forms.

A peculiar people are the Kavirondo who live to the north and northeast of Lake Victoria Nyanza, beyond Busoga. They are called the Baked, or naked people, although they are not wholly naked. They wear cloths of skin and their head gear, when they wear any, is ornate. Although wearing garments as a protection from the weather, they have no idea of using them for purposes of decency, and yet it is notorious that they are among the most moral people in the Uganda protectorate. They may be said to exist in the condition of our first parents before the fall.

Hens' Eggs Used as Money.

In some parts of Peru—for example, in the province of Jaquia—hens' eggs are circulated as small coins, 40 to 50 being counted for a dollar. In the market places and in the shops the Indians make most of their purchases with this brittle sort of money. One will give two or three eggs for brandy, another for indigo and a third for cigars. These eggs are packed in boxes by the shopkeepers and sent to Lima. From Jaquia alone several thousand loads of eggs are annually forwarded to the capital.

France is the only country in Europe which has shown an increase in her wheat acreage during the past 12 months.

THE LAST MUSTANG HUNT.

Wild Horses Disappearing from the Foothills of the Rockies.

The Mustang hunt in northeastern Arizona a few days ago was probably the last to be held in the territory, and perhaps in all the west, writes a Phoenix correspondent. While once the wild horses roamed in countless herds over the plains and among the foothills of the Rocky mountains, they can be found in few localities now.

Forty years ago they were scarcely considered worth the trouble of catching. Later thousands were shipped to the east, where they were known as Indian ponies and were sold at prices ranging from \$5 to \$30. About 10 years ago Col. Ed. Redmond held a great round-up of mustangs in eastern New Mexico and western Texas, and gathered in more than 5,000 horses. He cleared \$10,000 on his round-up, and tried the same thing several times afterward in Utah, Texas and Wyoming, but never with the results so profitable.

In early days so vast were the ranges at the disposal of the cattle kings that the grazing of the wild horses never materially interfered with the cattle. In the last quarter of a century the growth of the cattle business and the utilization of the public lands have done away with the immense ranges and the cattle king days, and the mustang has become a nuisance. He used the limited range feed at the expense of the cattle men until he grew to be considered an outlaw and a thief, and then he was shot by the cowboys whenever possible.

In many instances mustangs mixed with the ranch herds and eventually became cow horses, their stamina, speed and strength usually making up for deficiency in size. A few years ago a black stallion, the leader of a herd of wild horses in northern Arizona, was finally shot after repeatedly showing his heels to the best horses in the country. On his flank was the brand of the Bar L ranch, a large establishment owned by the Perrin Company.

It was learned then, that three years before when a half-grown colt just from Kentucky he had escaped from the barn and joined the wild herd. He recovered from his bullet wound and for three years won races in Arizona, New Mexico and California, the combination of his good breeding and his early life with the wild herd giving him speed and stamina which sent him to the front. He beat the best horses on the frontier.

BONES OF KING JAMES II.

England's Banished Sovereign, May Be Returned to London.

It is reported that when the new Catholic cathedral at Westminster is completed, the bones of James II., the last Stuart king of England will be brought back from Paris to be deposited there. James died in exile at St. Germain, France, making a devout and edifying ending, after the manner of others of his race who had got into trouble. When they came to open his will it was found that he desired to be buried in Westminster Abbey. But the English would not have the king, even dead, in England, and his widow resolved that, after the proper funeral ceremony, the royal body should remain in France, confined but not buried, until the hoped-for restoration of his son to the British throne. Then, she said, the body of the king would accompany her and her children on a triumphal return to his native land. But that time never came, and the unburied monarch remained in his coffin in a side chapel of the church of the Benedictines in the Faubourg St. Jacques, Paris, with lighted candles burning about it until the stormy days of the French revolution—nearly 100 years.

When, in the days of the revolution, the church was turned into a factory, some curious people broke open the coffin and found the king's body in a wonderful state of preservation. It was one of the pleasant little amusements of the Paris Reds to break open the tombs of kings and cast the royal bodies upon dunghills, and the body of the unfortunate James probably would have shared this fate had it not been that a report was spread abroad that a touch of the king's body had worked several miraculous cures. Then the people who had established their factory in the old church charged admission to see the body and touch it, and thousands rushed to avail themselves of its healing virtues, with the result that the custodians of the royal corpse reaped a large financial harvest. In 1815 George IV requested that the body of his Stuart predecessor be buried properly and the bones of James now rest in the chapel of St. Germain, near the place where he died.

British Red Tape.

During the South African War Rudyard Kipling discovered at Cape Town a hospital without bandages and in desperate need of them. This, too, was in a city where bandages were for sale in many shops.

He told an acquaintance that he was going to meet their want, and the gentleman at once offered to pay for all the bandages that Mr. Kipling would buy and take to the hospital.

A cart was quickly loaded, and then the author was informed that, under army rules, the hospital authorities could not receive supplies from a private individual.

"Well," said he, "I will dump the packages on the pavement before the door, and then tell them to come out and clean up the litter. Perhaps they can get them into the building in that way without tearing any red tape."

He drove off with the bandages, and the supplies were somehow smuggled into the hospital.



AN APE-LIKE MAN.

front are cannibals. They file the front teeth in the upper jaw to sharp points and "ornament" the body with cicatrices in patterns. These scar ornamentations are carried to the highest point in the eastern part of the Uganda protectorate.

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France is the only country in Europe which has shown an increase in her wheat acreage during the past 12 months.

New Goods Just Arrived!

Prints, Outings, Flannels and Dress Goods.

OUR BARGAIN COUNTER

Contains many useful articles of Tin and Granite Ware, marked down from 10 to 20 per cent. Also Dress Goods former price 15c now 8c; mittens and gloves former 25c now 15c; 25c suspenders marked to 15c; 25c ties marked to 15c; and many other things in proportion.

Butter and Eggs wanted. Goods delivered in town.

Phone 44.

W. J. CAMPBELL.

Comfort is what most of us are looking for and we can supply you with good big slices at a very little cost.

Call and look over our fine line of

STOVES

and you will see some fine goods at reasonable figures.

N. Bigelow & Son.

White Lily Flour

Full good value, a flour that furnishes stimulating food, which is a pleasure to the palate and is wholesome and beneficial.

ASK YOUR DEALER for it and take no other. Manufactured at

Cass City Roller Mills,
C. W. Heller.

CUT PRICES IN OUR DRY GOODS DEPT.

Duck worth 10c now.....5c
\$1.00 Wrappers for.....60c and 70c
1.00 Undershirts for.....60c and 75c
6, 7, and 8c Prints for.....4c and 5c
Plaid Dress Goods from.....5c to 25c
Fascinators, large, for.....25c
Duck Coats.....90c to \$1.50
Handkerchiefs for.....2c and 3c
All Flannel-lets for.....12 1/2c
All Dress Goods 20 per cent off.

Rugs.....\$1.50 to \$2.00
Fine Blankets for.....45c, 75c and \$1.00
Ladies' Cloaks, full and three-quarter lengths \$7.50 to \$15.00

Best value in town.
Full line of Ladies' Mitts.

HARDWARE DEPT. Large stock of Glazed Windows, Pumps, Pipes and Washing Machines.

STOVE DEPT. Special sale on Steel Ranges and Cast Cook Stoves Nov 22 to Dec. 10. Largest stock in the county to select from.

J. L. Hitchcock & Sons,
Opera House Block.

Dayton.

Wm. Putnam is visiting at Lupton. Miss Nellie Colyer has returned from a visit at Saginaw.

J. H. Johnson is entertaining his father from Ontario.

Miss Nellie McPhail, of Novesta, is the guest of Miss Millie Kelly.

Quarterly meeting services were held at the East Dayton M. E. Church Sunday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Corbett Rounds were very pleasantly surprised by a company of their friends last Thursday evening.

The East Dayton M. E. Ladies' Aid Society will meet at the home of Mrs. Geo. E. Green on Thursday, Dec. 5th, for dinner.

Modern Surgery Surpassed.

"While suffering from a bad case of piles I consulted a physician who advised me to try a box of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve," says G. P. Carter, Atlanta, Ga. "I procured a box and was entirely cured. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is a splendid cure for piles, giving relief instantly, and I heartily recommend it to all sufferers." Surgery is unnecessary to cure piles. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve will cure any case. Cuts, burns, bruises and all other wounds are also quickly cured by it. Beware of counterfeits. A. Bond, Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston.

Deford.

Meetings at the church.

Our preacher has a new organ.

Quarterly meeting on Sunday.

Our station house moves slowly.

J. C. McCain is erecting a new hotel.

Hiram Lester is plastering his house.

F. McCracken has plastered his house.

Several cases of scarlet fever in this locality.

Lyle Garner, of Pontiac, visits at P. Daugherty's.

A house full of visitors at B. Sharp's. All from Almont.

Arthur Bruce's settled in his new purchase, the McCain house.

John Retherford has purchased John McCracken's three year old colt.

Advanced farmers east of here have their shucking done with the corn husker.

A misunderstanding about a house makes Ren Gage and Ransom Spencer talk business.

Potatoes that have contracted themselves for 50 cents per bushel are of republican make up. They refuse to land at such low tariff prices.

Corning, Ohio, Nov. 5th, 1901.

Syrup Co.,
Monticello, Ill.

While visiting in Taylorville, Ill. I came across your Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. Have used two and one half bottles and it has done me more good than all the medicine I have used for two years. Please let me know if you will send me three or four bottles and what it will cost to send it to Corning, Perry county, Ohio, and oblige,

MRS. SARAH A. MCCRACKEN.
Sold at A. Bond's, Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston.

School Report.

Report of school Dist. No. 2, Evergreen township, for month ending Nov. 22, 1901.

Whole number enrolled 30.
Number of days taught 20.
Total attendance 42 1/2.
Average daily attendance 22.

The roll of honor for the month: Riley Terry, Robbie Harrison, James Hamilton, Janette Sangster, Duane Rule, Martha Atwell, Clara Lowe, Sady Bartlett, Gladys Rule, Harriet Boyce, Blanche Biddle.

Those not late nor absent during the month: Nora Glenn, Sady Bartlett, Iris Bartlett, Nellie Lowe, James Hamilton, Janette Sangster, Robbie Harrison.

L. MAUDE MILTON,
Teacher.

The Cure that Cures Coughs, Colds, Grippe,

Whooping Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis and Infant Consumption is

OTTO'S CURE

Cures throat and lung diseases. Sold by all druggists. 25¢ & 50¢.

While dehorning cattle, John Morrison, of Fostoria, had two ribs broken.

We, the jury find that the deceased came to his death from heart failure, caused by not taking Rocky Mountain Tea made by Madison Medicine Co. 35c. Ask your druggist.

W. H. Stadlerbauer, of Colfax township, has purchased village property at Brown City and moved there last week.

Personal.

Will the lady who fell in a swoon last Thursday, in front of the postoffice, call at our store? She suffers from biliousness. Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin will surely cure her. Sold at A. Bond's, Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston.

Lyman Swartz has given up the Bridgehampton post office; all patrons of that office are transferred to McCreagor.

For Hoarseness.

Benj. Ingerson, of Hutton, Ind., says he had not spoken above a whisper for months, and one bottle of Foley's Honeys and Tar restored his voice. Be sure you get Foley's. T. H. Fritz, Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston.

Ross & Canham, of Minden City, have sold 800,000 brick to parties in Port Huron to be used in erecting a large factory building. It will require eighty freight cars to transport them to their destination.

Startling, but True.

"If every one knew what a grand medicine Dr. King's New Life Pills is," writes D. H. Turner, Dempseytown, Pa., "you'd see me here in a day. Two weeks ago I was made a new man of me." Infalible for constipation, stomach and liver trouble. 25c at T. H. Fritz's Drug Store, Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston.

Robt. Oliver was arraigned before Justice T. E. Dawson Nov. 19, for the malicious destruction of property during a charivari in Greenleaf and was fined \$19 including costs, which was paid.—Sanilac Republican.

Not a Dissenting Vote.

A perfect laxative! That is the unanimous verdict of the people who use Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. 50c and \$1.00 sizes. Sold at A. Bond's, Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston.

Chris. Murphy may again be a candidate for the office of Representative. Very well; let it be so. Chris. is neither a saint nor angel, but he has a heart in him as big as the body of some men.—Lexington News.

Recommends it to Trainmen.

G. H. Hansen, Lima, O., Engineer I. E. & W. R. R., writes: "I have been troubled a great deal with backache. I was induced to try Foley's Kidney Cure, and one bottle entirely relieved me. I gladly recommend it to any one, especially my friends among the train men, who are usually similarly afflicted." T. H. Fritz, Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston.

John Decker has purchased the boiler and engine formerly used to operate Ellsworth's planing mill and will remove it to his place in Lamotte to provide the power for a saw mill which he will build. There is evidently a timber up there that John missed when in business a few years ago.—Mariette Leader.

"Last winter an infant child of mine had croup in a violent form," says Elder John W. Roge's, Christian Evangelist, of Jilley, Mo. "I gave her a few doses of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and in a short time all danger was past and the child recovered." This remedy not only cures croup, but when given as soon as the first symptoms appear, will prevent the attack. It contains no opium or other harmful substance and may be given as confidently to a baby as to an adult. For sale at A. Bond's Drug Store, Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston.

The December number of The Arena opens with a paper on "The Rights of Men," by the Hon. W. A. Northcott, Lieutenant-Governor of Illinois, followed by a timely article on "Publishers and the Postal Department," by Gen. C. H. Howard, president of the National Publishers' Bureau, the same subject being considered also in an editorial on "Bureaucracy in America," 25 cents at Enterprise news depot.

Brain-Food Nonsense.

Another ridiculous food fad has been brain food. The favorite medicine of the healthy millions. A few doses aid digestion, stimulates the liver to healthy action, purifies the blood, and makes you feel buoyant and vigorous. You can get Dr. G. G. Green's reliable remedies at Fritz's Drug Store, Cass City; or Francis' Drug Store, Kingston. Get Green's Prize Almanac.

The last will and testament of William L. Webber has been admitted to probate. He left an estate valued approximately at \$150,000. His estate is devised to his daughters, Mrs. Florence W. Peter and Miss Frances E. Webber, and his grandson except four bequests, amounting to \$5,000, of which \$2,000 is devised to the Masonic Temple fund, \$1,000 to the improvement of Webber Parker, \$1,000 to Saginaw general hospital and \$1,000 to the Home for the Friendless.

The Lost Bargain.

It is Monday morning. Down the street hurries a stylishly dressed woman.

Why does she hasten so? Why that look of intense excitement in her eyes? Is she going to the office of her lawyer, there to hear the will of her favorite uncle read? Or is she hastening to the bedside of the dying? No; none of these. She pulls a newspaper out of her pocket and reads again the announcement of the wonderful bargains to be had at the department store.

She rushes frantically into the store. Yes; she can see before her the remnant of pongee silk which is selling at only 15 cents a yard. What a crowd of excited women are clustered about the prize!

She forces her way into the thickest of the crowd. She is tossed this way and that. She cares not. Her hat is pulled off and walked on by the half crazed mob. She cares not. She reaches the counter. Ten yards only of the silk is left.

"I will take it," she says, just in advance of four other women, all reaching for the coveted prize.

The clerk says, "It is yours." The woman feels for her purse. She has left it at home.

The other women exult. They buy the pongee. The wonderful bargain is gone. The bargain day is over. There will be no more bargain sales for one week.—Chicago Tribune.

Why She Was Married.

It is queer how ironical is the hold of convention and conventional considerations. They have a tighter grip and a wider influence than law, reason, sentiment or ethics itself. A woman whose marriage may be termed mediocrity admitted candidly not long ago that at the very last moment never, never would she have married her husband had it not been for the thought of all the conventional considerations involved.

"On the way to our wedding," said the woman, "we had the most awful kind of a row that made me vow inwardly never, never to marry him. Then at the thought of the ceremony to come off at a friend's house, the breakfast that, thanks to her, was prepared and the invited guests, and how they would all talk at any change of plan, I grit my teeth and went through it. But it was the thought of the conventional considerations alone that kept me up. No other possible pressure could have induced me to marry him after such a row as we had on our way to the wedding."—New York Sun.

To Dwarf Trees.

To dwarf trees as the Chinese do you must follow their methods. They take a young plant, say a seedling or a cutting of cedar when two or three inches high, cut off its taproot as soon as it has enough other rootlets to live upon and replant it in a shallow pot or pan, allowing the end of the taproot to rest upon the bottom of the pan. Alluvial clay molded to the size of beans and just sufficient in quantity to furnish a scanty nourishment is then put into the pot. Water, heat and light are permitted on the same basis.

The Chinese also use various mechanical contrivances to promote symmetry of growth. As, owing to the shallow pots, both top and roots are easily accessible, the gardener uses the pruning knife and the searing iron freely, so that the little tree, hemmed on every side, eventually gives up the unequal struggle and, contenting itself with the little life left, grows just enough to live and look well.

Great Memories.

Otto Schultz, a stenographer, wrote in the Brandenburg Schillblatt that Bismarck had a wonderful memory. "When he had delivered a two hours' speech and looked over our shorthand reports the next day, he remembered every expression he had used exactly and did not forget them for years."

The novelist Spielhagen once told Schultz that he could recall vividly every one of the thousands of persons he had met in his life and every word spoken by casual acquaintances, together with their gestures and the cut of their hair and clothes.

A Hunting Story.

Once Rogers was shooting where his host happened to have killed a boy and a keeper in the same season, and he asked a beater whether his master felt the matter very much. The answer was: "Well, sir, he didn't care much about the boy. He grie his mother five pounds. But he were very vexed about the man. He didn't go out shooting for a whole week." This in Norfolk was considered an evidence of the climax of human emotion.—George Arsdale in Temple Bar.

Buildings in Stockholm.

Only two-thirds of the area of the lot can be covered in Stockholm except on street corners, where three-fourths is allowed. The remainder of the lot must be reserved for courts for light and ventilation. All chimneys must be twelve or fifteen inches and must be swept once a month from October to April by official chimney sweepers.

Every Man to His Trade.

The Green Bag tells of a lawyer who was about to furnish a bill of costs.

"I hope," said his client, who was a baker, "that you will make it as light as possible."

"Ah," said the lawyer. "You might perhaps say that to the foreman of your establishment, but that is not the way I make my bread!"

Thinking it Over.

"Do you think you will marry that titled gentleman from abroad?"

"I haven't quite decided," answered the American heiress. "I am not sure. I can support him in the style to which his ancestors were accustomed."—Exchange.

Miraculous CURES

BY THE

DETROIT CLINIC



The Eminent Specialist who performs such marvelous cures that patients from the east and west visit the Clinic, will make the following regular monthly visits.

John Gordon's Tavern
on Fri. and Sat.
Dec. 6 and 7.

"Eyes tested and glasses fitted by the latest scientific methods free."

The best the world has to offer in the way of scientific treatment. There is no chance for comparison. No comparisons are possible.

CONSULTATION FREE!
and Strictly Private in Every Case.

It makes no difference how difficult, or what your case may be, nor how many have failed to cure you, there is always hope for you, until you have consulted the Detroit Clinic, and been told that your case is incurable. The reputation of this Clinic has been made by curing cases that were supposed to be incurable.

After examination, if your case is not curable, you will be so informed, and it costs you nothing.

FACTS FOR SICK PEOPLE.
MAY 11, 1901.

I was suffering from general paralysis as a result of diphtheria. I had treated with the best physicians of Tuscola Co., with no benefit; in fact I grew worse under their treatment. I was entirely incapacitated for work, when I consulted the Detroit Clinic at Vassar, on March 13th; two months' treatment has completely cured me, and I am able to do my work. I advise any one suffering from chronic diseases to consult this clinic.

(Signed) JOHN F. ALLEN,
Vassar, Mich.

Mrs. Grant McConnell, of Cass City, Mich., had a large growth of a cancerous nature growing on the inside of the mouth. It had been removed several times, but always returned. She had it removed by the surgeon of the Detroit Clinic, and without the use of a knife and with no pain, it was permanently removed in less than 30 days.

I have been growing deaf in both ears for the past six years as a result of La Grippe. I consulted the Detroit Clinic during their monthly visit to Cass City in January, and one month's treatment restored my hearing so that I could hear a watch tick five inches from my ear.

(Signed) JOHN HORNER,
Novesta, Mich.

For 10 years I was a terrible sufferer from chronic rheumatism. I did everything possible, but found no relief, until I commenced treatment with the Detroit Clinic. Three months of their treatment cured me.

(Signed) C. C. JONES,
Rochester, Mich.

Mrs. L. C. Smith, of Detroit, was cured of Epilepsy (or fits) after having had this terrible disease for seven years.

The great success with which the Clinic treats all kinds of diseases is the wonder and admiration of all scientific men. The specialist in charge is noted for his skill, and the care with which every case is treated. Notice that is not curable will be treated with the latest scientific methods, and in no case does it interfere with the work of a patient.

Remember, it costs you nothing to consult this specialist, such opportunity does not offer itself very often to people outside of large cities, and our citizens will certainly do well to take advantage of this one. It is to consult the specialist personally. Question blanks will be sent on application, and all communications will receive prompt attention, if they are addressed to

DETROIT CLINIC,
Detroit, Michigan.
Dr. Monroson, Chief of Staff.
Box 116.

MILLINERY

Having just returned from the city with a Full Line of

Millinery in all the Latest Styles

We cordially invite you to call and inspect stock and prices.

MISS GALLOP has charge of the Trimming Department as usual. Her work speaks for itself; it needs no comments. Prices to suit everybody.

Ready-to-wear Hats from.....60c up
Caps from.....20c up
Infant's Bonnets from.....35c up

Yours for business,

MRS. M. L. MOORE

Central Meat Market

Fresh and Salt Meats of all kinds.
CASH FOR HIDES.

John Schwaderer.
Old Sheridan Stand.

Fine Line of BUGGIES

now on hand. Don't fail to see them before buying. Also

FEED CUTTERS, ROOT CUTTERS AND HORSE POWERS.....

Striffler & McDermott

BUSINESS UNIVERSITY
DETROIT, MICH.

The best place for young men and women to secure a Business Education, Shorthand, Mechanical Drawing or Penmanship. Thorough system of Actual Business. Session entire year. Students begin any time. Catalogue Free. For terms, all Detroit. W. F. JEWELL, Treas. F. R. SPENCER, Sec.

DON'T BE FOOLED!
The market is being flooded with worthless imitations of **ROCKY MOUNTAIN TEA**. To protect the public we call special attention to our trade mark, printed on every package. Demand the genuine. For Sale by all Druggists.

A FREE PATTERN
(your own selection) to every subscriber. Only 50 cents a year.

McCALL'S 50c MAGAZINE YEAR

A LADIES' MAGAZINE.
A gem: beautiful colored plates; latest fashions; dressmaking economies; fancy work; household hints; fiction, etc. Subscriptions day, or send 50c for latest copy. Lady agents wanted. Send for terms.

Stylish, Reliable, Simple, Up-to-date, Economical and Absolutely Perfect-Fitting Paper Patterns.

McCALL 10c BAZAR PATTERNS 15c

All Seams Allowed and Perforations show the Basting and Sewing Lines. Only 10 and 15 cents each—none higher. Ask for them. Sold in nearly every city and town, or by mail from

THE McCALL CO.,
113-115-117 West 31st St., NEW YORK.

The Diamond Bracelet

By MRS. HENRY WOOD, Author of East Lynne, Etc.

CHAPTER VII.—(Continued.) "Madam," said the officer, "you must be aware that in an investigation of this nature, we are compelled to put questions which we do not expect to be answered in the affirmative. Colonel Hope will understand what I mean when I say that we call them 'feeler'...

CHAPTER VIII. The Colonel nodded approbation; Lady Sarah began to feel uncomfortable. "I should like to know whether any one called whilst you were at dinner," mused the officer. "Can I see the man who attends to the hall door?"

CHAPTER IX. His cool assurance and his words struck them with consternation. "Dobbs said he'd take care I should be put to no inconvenience—and this comes of it! That's trusting your friend. He vowed to me, this very week, that he had provided for the bill."

use you, Mr. Hope; I would not have mentioned your name in connection with it, because I am sure you are innocent; but when it was discovered that you had been here I could not deny it."

"The charging me with having taken it is absurdly preposterous," exclaimed Gerard, looking first at his uncle and then at the officer. "Who accuses me?" "I do," said the colonel. "Then I am very sorry it is not somebody else instead of you, sir."

"The doubt is solved," was the mental comment of the detective officer. The Colonel, hot and hasty, sent several servants various ways in search of Gerard Hope, and he was speedily found and brought. A tall and powerful young man, very good-looking.

"I must do my duty," said the police officer, approaching Gerard; "and for authority—you need not suppose I should act, if without it." "Allow me to understand, first," remarked Gerard, haughtily, "that the officer. 'What is it for? What is the sum total?'"

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"You are accused, sir," said the officer, "of stealing a diamond bracelet." "Hey!" uttered Gerard, a flash of intelligence rising in his face as he glanced at Alice. "I might have guessed it was the bracelet affair, if I had had my recollection about me."

The First Thanksgiving

INCIDENTALLY," remarked the man with a basket on his arm as he came into the presence of the editor, "I might mention the fact that if you want the finest and fattest turkey for your Thanksgiving dinner, my store is the place to get it, but that is not what I am here for. I came in to bring you an item of interest. You may not know, notwithstanding an editor knows more than anybody else on earth, that the first proclamation of Thanksgiving Day that is to be found in printed form is the one issued by Francis Bernard, Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief in and over His Majesty's province of the Massachusetts Bay in New England, and Vice-Admiral of the same, in 1767."

The editor admitted that it had not occurred to him previously. "I'm glad I'm giving you something new," continued the turkey man, "and now let me read it to you, so you may compare it with the modern style. It is headed 'A Proclamation for a Public Thanksgiving.'"

"As the business of the year is now drawing toward a conclusion, we are reminded, according to the laudable usage of the Providence, to join together in a grateful acknowledgment of the manifold mercies of the Divine Providence conferred upon Us in the passing Year: Wherefore, I have thought fit to appoint, and I do, with the advice of His Majesty's Council, ap-

INCIDENTALLY, SAID THE MAN.

point Thursday, the Third Day of December next, to be a day of public Thanksgiving, that we may thereupon with one Heart and Voice return our most Humble Thanks to Almighty God for the gracious Dispensations of His Providence since the last religious Anniversary of this kind, and especially for—that He has been pleased to preserve and maintain our most gracious Sovereign, King George, in Health and Wealth, in Peace and Honor, and to extend the Blessings of His Government to the remotest part of His Dominions; that He hath been pleased to bless and preserve our gracious Queen Charlotte, their Royal Highnesses the Prince of Wales, the Princess Dowager of Wales, and all the Royal family, and by the frequent increase of the Royal Issue to assure us the Continuation of the Blessings which we derive from that Illustrious House; that He hath been pleased to prosper the whole British Empire by the Preservation of Peace, the Encrease of Trade, and the opening of new Sources of National Wealth; and now particularly that He hath been pleased to favor the people of this Province with healthy and kindly Seasons, and to bless the Labour of the Gospel with their several Congregations, within this Province, that they assemble on the said Day in a Solemn manner to return their most humble thanks to Almighty God for these and all other of His Mercies, 'tis his duty unto us, and to beseech Him notwithstanding our unworthiness, to continue His gracious Providence over us. And I command and enjoin all Magistrates and Civil Officers to see that the said Day be observed as a Day set apart for religious worship, and that no servile Labour be performed thereon.

"Given at the Council Chamber in Boston the Fourth Day of November, 1767, in the Eighth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord George the Third, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, France, and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.

"By His Excellency's Command. 'A. Oliver, Secy. 'God Save the King.' 'Remember what I told you about the place for Thanksgiving turkeys,' said the turkey man, laying the paper on the desk and walking out.—New York Sun.

"Evidence to the Contrary. 'Do you think that a man is always better off for a college education?' 'No,' answered the housewife, rather sharply. 'This morning I asked a man who came around with a wagon whether he had any nice fresh eggs. He merely looked at me reproachfully and said: 'Madam, might I be permitted to observe that fresh eggs are always nice eggs, and nice eggs are always fresh?'—Washington Star.

Long Enough for Any One. Teacher—How many of my scholars can remember the longest sentence they ever read? Billy—Please, mum, I can. Teacher—What? Is there only one? Well, William, you may tell the rest of the scholars the longest sentence you ever read. Billy—Imprisonment for life.—Stray Stories. Losers are always in the wrong.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed, you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness caused by catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

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Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It will entirely cure the worst forms of Female Complaints, all Ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacement of the Womb, and consequent Spinal Weakness, and is peculiarly adapted to the Change of Life. It has cured more cases of Backache and Leucorrhoea than any other remedy the world has ever known.

Syrup of Figs IS AN EXCELLENT FAMILY LAXATIVE— IT IS REFRESHING TO THE TASTE AND ACTS PLEASANTLY AND GENTLY. IT ASSISTS ONE TO OVERCOME HABITUAL CONSTIPATION PERMANENTLY. With many millions of families Syrup of Figs has become the ideal home laxative. The combination is a simple and wholesome one, and the method of manufacture by the California Fig Syrup Company ensures that perfect purity and uniformity of product, which have commended it to the favorable consideration of the most eminent physicians and to the intelligent appreciation of all who are well informed in reference to medicinal agents.

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General Health. Gentlemen—I used two bottles of Baxter's Man's Bitters and it had a decidedly good effect along the line of general health. I took it for digestive troubles and was much pleased with the result. G. A. Botsford, Onaway, Mich. When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

