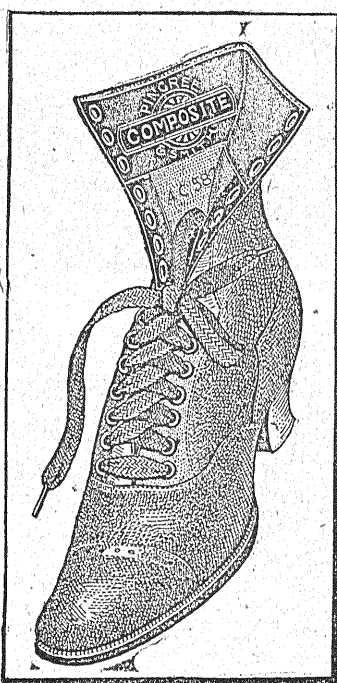


CASS CITY ENTERPRISE.

VOL. XIX. NO. 23.

CASS CITY, MICH., MAY 17, 1900.

BY M'DOWELL & WALTERS.



Pingree Shoe Talk.

The eyes are a sign Nature hangs out in every man's countenance and observing people have

Little Trouble

reading it. Shoes are much the same. Take Pingree Shoes for instance, there's realness to the quality which you cannot mistake. Everything about them impresses you as genuine and trustworthy

This Week

We show you a cut of the Composite. \$3. We carry it in stock B C D and E. Call and see them. Our

CLOTHING STOCK

Never was so large as now

Butter and Eggs Taken.

J. D. CROSBY, Cass City' Shoe and Clothing Man.

Soldier Life.

The following record of army life is sent by Samuel Gettgey, of the 39th Regulars, Co. K:—

On Dec. 8th we landed in Manila, at ten o'clock, and moved to the Malate barracks. On the 9th we moved to La Loma, and for nine days I did outpost duty on the firing line. On the 19th we marched twelve miles in the driving rain to San Felipe and staid there until Dec. 28th, then moved to Calamba, forty miles up the Pasig River. On Jan. 1st I saw my first battle. At four o'clock in the morning we started out and when three miles from Calamba we had to jump in and wade a river up to our waists, and at six a. m. we fired our first shots. We had hard fighting until eleven o'clock and by that time we had taken the town of Cabanyon. We rested there until three p. m. and then started out again for Santa Rosa with Co. K as the advance guard. We had gone about two hundred yards when we encountered two hundred negroes and after a scrap of a half an hour we succeeded in chasing them. We moved on and had to fight our way all the way in. We reached Santa Rosa at five o'clock in the evening. We then stacked arms and had supper. During the whole day's fight we only lost two men. We slept on the ground, under arms, all night, and the next morning at seven o'clock started out for Binayan, four miles away. About a mile out we struck the enemy in a canyon and there it was we had our hardest scrap. We were under a cross fire from the negroes for half an hour but at length made them run. Going into Binayan we were fired upon from the windows of the houses, but we made short work of them. Jan. 3rd, at four p. m. we started for Calamba and arrived there at midnight, a distance of nineteen miles. Jan. 11th we started for Santo Thomas, twelve miles away. We had to cross mountains and when six miles away found the negroes in trenches, which they endeavored to hold, but the galling gun soon made them run. In that trench we found four bamboo cannons and one old smooth bore cannon, also seven dead rebels. We entered Santo Thomas without further opposition, and camped for the night on Choctona Hill, near the town. On the evening of the 13th we were paid off for December. On the morning of the 14th we started again and after going two miles passed through the town of Tannou, then started for Lepa, twelve miles distant. Seven miles from Lepa the rebels had two breastworks and they tried hard to hold them but could not withstand the American soldiers. We entered Lepa at four p. m. and there found 40,000 rounds of Remington ammunition. Col. Bullard, with one platoon of K company, dashed on to Rosario, seven miles away, and captured \$20,000 in Mexican money. We stayed in Lepa that night and on the 15th marched back to Tannou. Companies I and K remained here and companies L and M moved on to Santo Thomas. I have been here ever since. On Feb. 2nd five men out of K company got lost while on a scouting expedition with Lieut. Maloney. Two of them returned the next morning. On the 5th we went out and found the dead body of Quartermaster's Sergeant Albert Votie, who was shot on the 2nd. We gave him a military burial, and on the 7th we found Corporal I. T. Evans, who had wandered over the mountains for five days and nights without food or drink. We brought him back in a cart, and on that same day the negroes came suing for peace. On the 13th we started out with companies I, K, L and M and Colonel Bullard for a general round up of the negroes. For four days we searched and on the 18th we struck them fully four hundred strong and all armed with Mauser rifles. Co. M engaged them in front and Co. L on their left; Co. K on the right, while Co. I struck them in the rear. We had them caught in a trap. The fight lasted one hour, we killed twenty-one and wounded thirty-seven. The rest escaped. We returned on Feb. 20th. On the 22nd word was received that Private Wm. J. Berring was a prisoner in the hands of the insurgents for twenty-one days and he was re-captured with five other soldiers. We gave him a "stunning" reception. There has been nothing going on since.

The letter was dated March 31st, and we understand that Sam has had the fever since but is convalescing.

Notice.

Having disposed of my property and intend to leave here by May 15, I wish all indebted to me by book account or notes due to call and settle the same by May 10th and oblige
4-26— N. McCLINTON, M. D.

League Convention.

The following is the program of the Sub-district Epworth League convention to be held in the M. E. Church at this place on Wednesday, May 23rd: 9:30 A. M.

Devotional Service. Led by George W. Gordon, Akron

9:20—"The Sword and Its Use." Mrs. Wing, Millington

9:35—Discussion. Led by Mrs. C. H. Morgan, Cass City

9:50—"The Up-to-date League." Rev. R. L. Cope, Ellington

10:10—Discussion. Led by Rev. Philip Rice, Elkton

10:30—Junior League Class. Conducted by Mrs. J. M. Truscott, Cass City

10:50—Discussion. Led by Mrs. G. W. Lyons, Saginaw

11:10—"The Finances and how to provide them." Mrs. G. W. Lyons, Saginaw

11:30—Discussion. Led by Rev. C. Seelhoff, Shabbona

1:40 P. M.

Song Service. Led by Rev. Philip Rice, Elkton

1:20—"The Social Department and Sociables." Mrs. Rich. Gwynn, Hayes

1:35—Discussion. Led by Rev. F. J. Nichols, Grant

1:55—Address of Welcome. E. B. Travis, Cass City

2:10—Response. Miss Bertha Holmes, Caseville

2:30—"Saved to Serve." Miss Harriet E. Ross, Caro

(Returned Missionary from India.)

3:40—Discussion. Led by Rev. M. P. Karr, Watrousville

3:20—Business Session. 6:45 P. M.

Song Service. 7:45—Gleanings from State Convention.

Miss Emma McCready, Vassar.

7:25—"The Epworth League Facing the Twentieth Century." Rev. C. H. Morgan, Ph. D., Cass City.

Meals will be served by the Ladies' Aid Society in the church basement.

Pentecostal Hymns No. 1 and 2 will be used. Bring a book if you have one.

Discussions will be limited to five minutes to each speaker.

The P. O. & N. R. R. has granted a rate of one fare for the round trip.

Accommodations will be furnished for those who desire to stay over night.

A Happy Home Wedding.

From Lapeer Clarion.

Miss Jessie E. Smith, of Lapeer, and Charles E. Fairweather, of Cass City, Mich., were united in marriage at the residence of the bride's mother, Mrs. H. M. Smith, on Park Street, Wednesday evening, May 9th, in the presence of immediate relatives and friends of the family. The bride is one of Lapeer's most highly esteemed daughters, and leaves for Cass City, her future home, accompanied by the best wishes of a large circle of friends. Rev. W. M. Corkery officiated. Last night, at the residence of the groom's sister, Mrs. Messer, in Imlay City, a reception was tendered the happy pair. Another is also arranged for this evening at Merchant Fairweather's, Cass City, brother of the gentleman just wedded. The bride is a sister of Conductor C. W. Smith of this place. Her presence will be greatly missed at the hearthstone of the mother whom she has heretofore cheered by her presence.

The happy couple are "at home" in the Brian residence on Third Street. We join their friends in hearty congratulation.

New Steel Signal Tower.

The United States Weather Bureau has perfected arrangements for the completion at an early date of a new steel signal tower, to be erected opposite the railroad depot at the corner of Huron and School streets. The tower will be ten feet square at the bottom and fifty feet high, exclusive of a galvanized iron staff reaching twenty-five feet higher, with pulleys for flag halyards and a four-foot wind vane.

The tower will be lighted by electricity, two 50 candle-power incandescent lamps for white light, and four 50 candle-power lamps for red light. The necessity for additional storm signal apparatus has been made apparent owing to the location of the harbor here, and the height of the tower will enable craft passing at a distance to read the warning signals with ease. N. P. Arnold is the U. S. displayman at this place. —Harbor Beach Times.

Notice

The undersigned township board will receive bids for the erection of a stone Town Hall, to be erected in the center of Greenleaf Township. Hall to be finished by Oct. 1st, 1900, open for all bids until the 2nd day of June, 1900, the board retain the power to accept any or reject all bids. Specifications to be seen at the town clerk's office, Greenleaf P. O. Signed
ANDREW WILSON, Supervisor;
W. J. M. JONES, J. P.;
ALEX. McCORMICK, J. P.;
ANGUS McLEOD, township clerk.
Dated May 7th, 1900. 5-10-3

For Sale

House and lot nicely located. Enquire of
HUGH W. SEED.

From Our Exchanges.

Alexander Hovey, of Caro, has been granted an \$8 pension.

The proposition to bond Imlay City for \$5,000 for a town hall was lost.

The Millington Cheese factory receives about 2800 pounds of milk daily.

The Harbor Beach Times is twenty years old and has a brighter outlook than ever.

The Sanilac County Republican shows marks of prosperity in a handsome new dress.

Congress has passed a \$150,000 appropriation for the Sand Beach harbor of refuge. This will make \$250,000 available for that harbor July 1st.

County Sheriff, Jas. Rowe, of Bad Axe, arrested Morris T. Campbell last week on Heisterman Island on the charge of theft. He was taken to Bad Axe where he will await trial. —Pigeon Progress.

Herman Davitt had the misfortune to break his leg last Monday. He was drawing a load of brush and in driving along the brush caught a small tree bending it over and as it flew back it struck Herman on the leg breaking both bones below the knee. —Millington Gazette.

The thirteenth annual convention of the Sanilac County Sunday School Association will be held in the Methodist Church, Crosswell, on Monday and Tuesday, May 28 and 29. An excellent program of great interest to all Sunday School workers has been arranged for the occasion.

Some two weeks ago, D. O. Foreman, of Canboro, received a slight cut with a saw, upon the little finger of his left hand. Yesterday he was in town consulting his physician, Dr. Jas. Henderson. The doctor informed him that blood poisoning had set in and his case is serious. —Bad Axe Tribune.

Leonard Sylvester, who is employed by R. I. Gillington in the fishing business at Bay Port, met with a very painful accident on Saturday last, when his forefinger got caught between a trap-boat and the dock, crushing the flesh from the bone nearly the full length of the finger. Dr. Morrison dressed the wound and there is some hopes of saving the finger from amputation. —Pigeon Progress.

Old politicians of Sanilac county claim they never before seen so many candidates aspiring for county offices as there are at present. For sheriff there are five mentioned; for judge of probate, three; for register of deeds, six; for prosecuting attorney, five. The present treasurer will have no opposition for another two years. The candidates are all out hustling and there will be some lively times before it is ended. —Detroit Free Press.

A new three-cent piece has been authorized by an act of congress, to take the place of the old coin that was so much like a dime that its coinage was stopped. The new three-cent piece is ordered to be made of nickel, the size of the old bronze cent, only thicker. In the coin is to be a hole one quarter of an inch in diameter. This will make the coin easily distinguishable by sight or touch. It will be some time however, before this new coin will be circulated.

The village council of Ovid some time ago rejected the liquor bonds of one McCarty, who wished to engage in the business at that place. The bond that was required was to be for \$6,000, and at the time the council gave no reasons for its rejection. McCarty then brought mandamus proceedings to compel the acceptance of the bond. Judge Stone Monday afternoon held against McCarty, and Ovid will be a dry town this year. Since rejecting the bond the village has decided not to have any saloons there.

A dispatch from LaPorte, Ind., to the Free Press says:—

"Rosa Smith, of Marlette, Mich., is writing letters to Indiana postmasters in an effort to find her relatives. She says that she remembers that she lived at Petersburg, Ind., until she was four years old, with her mother and father and grand-parents in a beautiful home. Then her parents removed to Evansville, where they soon died. She was taken by a Lutheran pastor named Mahlborg and and rechristened Lillie. The Mahlborgs taught her, she alleged, to fear her relatives, and on several occasions hid her from them. The Mahlborgs lived at Green Rock and Uniontown, Mich. She left their protection when 11 years old upon the advice of neighbors and for a number of years has been engaged in a search which she says will continue until those of her kin who are living are found."

W. A. Fairweather

Has some new things to show you in Wash Goods.....

Scotch Lawns, fast color at.....50 yard
Nice Line Dimities.....8, 10 and 15c yard
Versailles in stripes.....10 to 25c yard
India Linon, extra quality.....10 to 25c yard
Valencines and Torchion Laces.....1 to 25c each
Hamburg and Swiss Embroideries.....5 to 50c yard

We Have Just Received

another shipment of Fairweather's Special Fast Black Hose for Ladies at.....10c pair
Also a full line of Child's and Misses Hose at.....5 to 25c pair

Summer Underwear.

Short Sleeve with Gusset at.....10c
" " " ".....15c
" " " ".....25c

No sleeve nicely trimmed garments in Lisle and cotton finish at.....5 to 50c each
Child's and Misses underwear in all styles at.....5 to 25c each
Men's Gauze underwear.....25c each
Men's fine Balbriggan.....50c each

Summer Corsets.

A good one at.....30c
An extra Good one at.....50c

Ladies' Merserised Skirts.....\$1.00 to \$2.50
We want your trade.

Larger Stock of Shoes

than ever before means a greater effort for more of your shoe trade. We have one and want the other. If you have not for the past eight years tried our shoes please do so now as we feel quite sure you will then be our steady customer, as many others have done. Of course every pair of shoes can not be perfect any more than can every person. But we try to correct any dissatisfaction.

WE CAN PLEASE YOU IN HOSIERY.

As we have an elegant new line. All prices from 10c. to 75c per pair. See our children's fancy plaid and striped hose. Men and women's three pair for 25c. All kinds of staple Dry Goods at lowest prices. All kinds of staple groceries at lowest prices. White Star Coffee still leads 17, 25, 30, 35, and 40 cts.

LAING & JANES.

A Rare Opportunity

To buy Wall Paper and Window shade. Choice patterns of New Striped White back paper at 8c per double roll. Remnants still lower.

Gilt Paper

With one and two band border at 10c per double roll and other bargains which you cannot afford to miss. Call and get prices at

BOND'S

DRUG STORE. A. A. McKENZIE,

Eggs Wanted.

I Am Still On Earth

and doing business in the same Practical way heretofore conducted by me. I am prepared to attend calls and funerals at any hour. My stock of Caskets, Coffins and Burial Robes is complete. Embalming scientifically executed. Two Hearses always in readiness Branch offices: Argyle, J. McPhail; Gagetown, D. Ashmore. Office opposite Opera House.

Just Received

A New Stock of

Embroideries and Laces

Also Lace Curtains from 50c to \$5.00 pair. Call and see them

Frost & Hebblewhite.

You Will Always find Our Prices The Lowest and Quality the Best.

2 MACKS 2

CASS CITY ENTERPRISE.

A. A. McDowell, Publisher.

CASS CITY, MICHIGAN.

The sea of matrimony swamps many a courtship.

A profit-sharing firm at Evansville recently distributed amongst its employees a sum of money equal to 60 per cent of their wages.

Dr. S. Ogawa, general director of prisons in Japan, thinks American jails too gloomy. They are not exactly suited even to occidental ideas of comfort, but a number of our prominent citizens from time to time take quarters in them notwithstanding their grimness.

Authority attached in England to simple custom or usage cannot be better illustrated than in the fact that, although the cabinet has existed as the real executive power in the government for more than a century and a half, it is an institution entirely unknown to the law, never having been recognized by any act of parliament. There is no official announcement of the names of its members, and no official record of its meetings.

After hearing eight divorce cases in one day in which the cause was habitual drunkenness on the part of the husband, Judge Bishop, of the Des Moines, Ia., district court, decided that hereafter when a divorce is granted on the grounds of habitual drunkenness the court will serve formal notice upon every saloonkeeper and every druggist in the city that they are not to sell liquor to the man who is thus designated as a habitual drunkard.

German students are returning to the medieval notion of wandering about the world. The modern Goliards, however, are personally conducted and know beforehand precisely what their journeys will cost them. Last year they visited Italy; this spring 1,500 of them will go to Constantinople and to Asia Minor. On the way they will fraternize with the Roumanian university students, who are preparing a big fruhshoppen for them in Bucharest.

In a single year the protestant churches of the world have expended about \$19,000,000 under the superintendence of 1,500 missionaries on the field, aside from the staff of secretaries and others at home, says Harper's Weekly. The results secured by this money appear to be out of all proportion to the efforts put forth. It is no slight thing to gather a million and a half of communicants out of the communities of India, Africa, Japan, China and other lands; to organize and conduct several thousand schools of every grade; to establish hospitals and dispensaries in lands where medicine has been identified with the crudest superstitions; and to be the medium of distribution of large sums of money and to conduct relief works for those who are stricken with famine and pestilence.

Experience in the Russian winter maneuvers shows that for marching snow is much more tiring than ordinary muddy roads. The tactics provide that a cavalry squadron is to march at the head of the column to tread down the snow, and this and the leading infantry company are to be changed occasionally. The necessity of paying attention to the thickness of the ice and the chances of weather changing, to the difficulty of passage over water when the ice is too thin for the troops to pass over it and yet too thick to allow of pontoons being used, is insisted on, and it is further pointed out that to get the troops wet in frosty weather is fatal to their health. Of the question of field fortifications, six feet of snow is estimated as sufficient to keep out a rifle bullet, while twenty-three feet is necessary to resist field-gun fire.

The Society of the Gideons, which has adopted a lamp and a pitcher as a device, throws light upon the survival of the fittest in business competition. Not long ago, commercial travelers had so bad a name that a noted detective often assumed their garb and manners as a disguise. As a drummer he could go into any den of vice unchallenged. Wholesale dealers began to observe, however, that their largest orders came through sober, moral and Christian gentlemen, and a culling process began which has changed the whole personnel of the class. Last summer three commercial travelers, meeting in a western hotel, proposed to organize a Christian band among their fellows. Within six months three hundred members were enrolled, and so warm has been the reception of the idea that a thousand members are expected to join in celebrating the first anniversary next July. "Gideon's Band" promises to be a powerful agent for sobriety and rightness in the business world.

The house committee on naval affairs has reported a bill for a new naval construction, which provides for two first-class battleships at a cost of \$3,600,000 each, three armored cruisers at a cost of about \$4,250,000 each, and three protected cruisers to cost about \$2,800,000 each. The authorized cost in each case is exclusive of armor and armament. The bill also authorizes the construction of dry docks at the Brooklyn and Norfolk navy yards, capable of receiving the largest battleships.

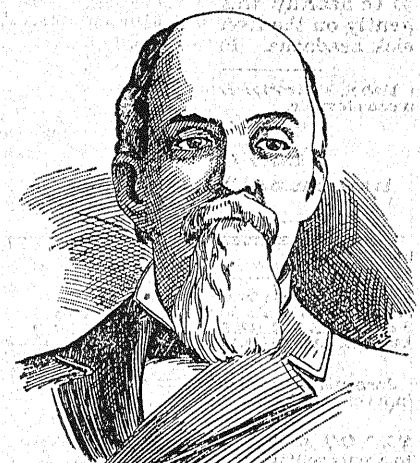
"OLD CONFUCIUS."

PETTUS, THE OLDEST AND WITTIEST OF SENATORS.

The Famous Alabama One of the Most Popular Characters in the Upper House—Also the Senior in Years of Life.

Senator Edward W. Pettus, of Alabama, is one of the most interesting figures in Congress. He is the oldest member of the upper house, having passed his 79th year, and because of his wise look and deliberate manner of speech has been called the Confucius of the Senate. But the venerable statesman is more youthful in spirit than in appearance. Recently he convulsed the Senate by a speech on the Porto Rican situation, which sparkled with humor and satire, and stamped the aged Alabamian as the wittiest man in the Senate. To most of his colleagues it was a revelation, but to a few who have "sat in" small games with "Old Confucius" it was no surprise. Senators and representatives who know him well have started card play and have supplied the stock of chips just to be able to hear the running comments of Senator Pettus upon whatever subjects came into his mind. His vein of quaint and philosophic humor bubbles continually.

Senator Pettus was born in Limestone County, Alabama, in 1821. He



EDWARD W. PETTUS.

was a lieutenant in the Mexican war and in the civil war rose from major to brigadier general in the Confederate army. A lawyer by profession and a natural politician, he was always a delegate to Democratic national conventions and frequently presided over state conventions, but had little inclination for office holding. A few years ago, however, during Cleveland's last administration, he concluded that he would like to end his days as a United States judge. There was a vacancy in an Alabama district and he went to Washington to secure the aid of Senator Pugh, who had some influence over Pettus' long petition, but hesitated about signing it.

"The President," he said, "wants young men on the bench. You are too old."

"I am not too old to be a Senator," responded Pettus, hotly, and returning to Alabama, announced his candidacy for the Senate to succeed Pugh, whose term was about to expire. The contest was one-sided. Pugh tried to stem the tide, but it was too late, and Pettus took his seat in the Senate.

Late Styles in Stationery. For those who like a change in stationery a tan bordering toward fawn color is in vogue. It is edged narrowly with white, red, yellow or blue, the

monogram matching this in color. The wax used for the seal should be of the same shade as the border and monogram, and indeed, is sold with the paper so as to match exactly. Heliotrope is also in color for those who like a change from white, and is seen with a narrow white border of solid color with the monogram a shade darker. Oblong envelopes continue to be the most fashionable shape, the paper being folded once.—New York Press.

SALVATION ARMY

Hires Hand Organs and Encores upon the Regular Grinders.

The Italian residents of America have hitherto regarded themselves as holding a monopoly of the hand organ business. At first they doubtless recognized the fact that they held it simply because nobody else wanted to play hand organs. The Italians were the only ones who had the necessary artistic temperament and were also willing to work so hard. In time they forgot their monopoly existed, not from any inherent right to it of their own, but because everybody else was willing they should have it. So they came to think that it was an exclusive birthright. And if ever there was a monopoly that deserved the title of a grinding monopoly this was it. But now an anti-monopoly, or anti-trust, or non-union organ grinder has begun to grind, and the Italians are finding that what they thought was an exclusive franchise for the streets of New York was only a figment of their imaginations. All laws go by the board when an army has to be supported, and the Salvation Army does not mean to let the imaginary prerogative of the Italian virtuoso stand in the way of its needs. Captain Effie Keller has hired an organ, and has ordered a recruit of her company to go with her and help her play it, and in this way they forage in the downtown streets and collect much copper and some nickel, which the Italians regard as their own.—New York Tribune.

WAS A BIG OLIVE GROWER.

Rev. Charles F. Loop Spent Fortune in Olive Orchard.

The Rev. Charles F. Loop, one of the pioneers of Pomona valley and an early American resident of Santa Clara county, who recently died at his home in Pomona, Cal., at the age of 75 years, was one of the largest land owners in Pomona valley. He leaves an estate valued at about \$1,000,000, says the San Francisco Chronicle. Mr. Loop was the best known olive grower in America. He spent a fortune and years of study and toil in developing olives suitable for California soils and climate. He went all over southern Europe in his search for the most suitable varieties of olives, for propagation in California. He imported the first olive trees of the present popular varieties and he was the first American to engage in olive growing as an industry. Probably no man in California has written so much about olives as the deceased. Mr. Loop went to California by an ox team in 1849, and settled in Santa Clara county. He was an intimate friend of Gen. John C. Fremont, who only a few months before he died visited Mr. Loop in Pomona. Mr. Loop was a very charitable man. Ten years ago he presented to Pomona a \$5,000 marble statue, copied from the famous statue of Pomona in the Uffizi gallery at Florence. He was a retired Episcopalian minister.

It takes a successful artist to draw a large bank check.

REV. ARTHUR C. M'GIFFERT.



REV. ARTHUR C. M'GIFFERT.

Rev. Arthur Cushman McGiffert, whose alleged heretical teachings in a book entitled "A History of Christianity in the Apostolic Age," created such a profound sensation in religious circles, recently retired from the Presbyterian church to avoid a trial for heresy. He says he still adheres to his views, the most startling of which is the assertion that the Savior did not institute the communion at the last supper, but ecclesiastical strife is

so abhorrent to him that he does not care to defend his theories in a church trial. Dr. McGiffert has been regarded as one of the most brilliant young men in the Presbyterian church. He is a native of Ohio and is 39 years old. After completing his studies in Germany, he filled a chair at Lane Seminary, Cincinnati, and after a year of service there went to Union Theological Seminary, the famous Presbyterian institution in New York, where he has remained ever since.

TALMAGE'S SERMON.

NEW JERUSALEM, LAST SUNDAY'S SUBJECT.

There Will Be No Parting from One Another in the Heavenly Kingdom—Its Glories Surpass Human Power of Comprehension.

[Copyright, 1900, by Louis Klopsch.] Text, I Corinthians II, 9, "Eye hath not seen nor ear heard, neither have entered into the heart of man, the things which God hath prepared for them that love him."

The city of Corinth has been called "the Paris of antiquity." Indeed, for splendor the world holds no such wonder today. It stood on an isthmus washed by two seas, the one sea bringing the commerce of Europe, the other sea bringing the commerce of Asia. From her wharves, in the construction of which whole kingdoms had been absorbed, war galleys with three banks of oars pushed out and confounded the navy yards of all the world. Huge handed machinery, such as modern invention cannot equal, lifted ships from the sea on one side and transported them on trucks across the isthmus and set them down in the sea on the other side.

The revenue officers of the city went down through the olive groves that lined the beach to collect a tariff from all nations. The mirth of all people sported in her isthmian games, and the beauty of all lands sat in her theatres, walked her porticoes and threw itself on the altar of her stupendous dissipations. Column and statue and temple bewildered the beholder. There were white marble fountains into which from apertures at the side there rushed waters everywhere known for health-giving qualities. Around these basins, twisted into wreaths of stone, there were all the beauties of sculpture and architecture, while standing, as if to guard the costly display, was a statue of Hercules of burnished Corinthian brass. Vases of terra cotta adorned the cemeteries of the dead—vases so costly that Julius Caesar was not satisfied until he had captured them for Rome. Armed officials, the Corinthian, paced up and down to see that no statue was defaced, no pedestal overturned, no bas relief touched. From the edge of the city a hill arose, with its magnificent burden of columns, towers and temples (1,000 slaves waiting at one shrine), and a citadel so thoroughly impregnable that Gibraltar is a heap of sand compared with it. Amid all that strength and magnificence Corinth stood and defied the world.

Oh, it was not to rusties, who had never seen anything grand, that Paul uttered this text. They had heard the best music that had come from the best instruments in all the world; they had heard songs floating from morning porticoes and melting in evening groves; they had passed their whole lives among pictures and sculptures, and architecture and Corinthian brass, while there was no chariot wheel in which it had not sped, and no tower in which it had not glittered, and no gateway that it had not adorned. Ah, it was a bold thing for Paul to stand there amid all that and say: "All this is nothing. These sounds that come from the temple of Neptune are not music compared with the harmonies of which I speak. These waters rushing in the basin of Pyrene are not pure. These statues of Bacchus and Mercury are not exquisite. Your citadel of Acrocorinthus is not strong compared with that which I offer to the poorest slave that puts down his burden at that brazen gate. You Corinthians think this is a splendid city. You think you have heard all sweet sounds and seen all beautiful sights, but I tell you eye hath not seen nor ear heard, neither have entered into the heart of man, the things which God hath prepared for them that love him."

Beyond Our Conception. You see my text sets forth the idea that, however exalted our ideas of heaven, they come far short of the reality. Some wise men have been calculating how many furlongs long and wide is the new Jerusalem, and they have calculated how many inhabitants there are on the earth, how long the earth will probably stand, and then they come to this estimate: That after all the nations have been gathered to heaven there will be room for each soul, a room 16 feet long and 15 feet wide. It would not be large enough for you. It would not be large enough for me. I am glad to know that no human estimate is sufficient to take the dimensions. "Eye hath not seen, nor ear heard," nor arithmeticians calculated.

I first remark that we can get no idea of the health of heaven. When you were a child, and you went out in the morning, how you bounded along the road or street—you had never felt sorrow or sickness. Perhaps later you felt a glow in your cheek and a spring in your step and an exuberance of spirits and a clearness of eye that made you thank God you were permitted to live. The nerves were harp strings and the sunlight was a doxology, and the rustling leaves were the rustling of the robes of a great crowd rising up to praise the Lord. You thought that you knew what it was to be well, but there is no perfect health on earth. The diseases of past generations came down to us. The airs that now float upon the earth are not like those which floated above paradise. They are charged with impurities and distempers. The most elastic and robust health of earth, compared with that which those experience before whom the gates have been opened, is nothing but sickness and

emaciation. Look at that soul standing before the throne. On earth she was a life-long invalid. See her step now and hear her voice now. Catch, if you can, one breath of that celestial air. Health in all the pulses—health of vision, health of spirits, immortal health. No racking cough, no sharp pleurisy, no consuming fevers, no exhausting pains, no hospitals of wounded men. Health swing in the air, health flowing in all the streams, health blooming on the banks. No headaches, no side aches, no back aches. That child that died in the agonies of croup, hear her voice now ringing in the anthem. That old man that went bowed down with the infirmities of age, see him walk now with the step of an immortal athlete—forever young again. That night when the needlewoman fainted away in the garret, a wave of the heavenly air resuscitated her forever. For everlasting years to have neither ache, nor pain, nor weakness, nor fatigue. "Eye hath not seen it, ear hath not heard it."

No Separation There. In this world we only meet to part. It is good-by, good-by. Farewells floating in the air. We hear it at the rail car windows and at the steamboat wharf—good-by. Children lisp it, and old age answers it. Sometimes we say it in a light way—"good-by"—and sometimes with anguish in which the soul breaks down—good-by! Ah, that is the word that ends the thanksgiving banquet, that is the word that comes in to close the Christmas chant. Good-by, good-by. But not so in heaven. Welcomes in the air, welcomes at the gates, welcomes at the house of many mansions, but no good-by. That group is constantly being augmented. They are going up from our circles of earth to join in little voices to join the great home circle, little feet to dance in the eternal glee, little crowns to be cast down before the feet of Jesus. Our friends are in two groups—a group this side of the river and a group on the other side of the river. Now there goes one from this to that and another from this to that, and soon we will all be gone over. How many of your loved ones have already entered upon that blessed place? If I should take paper and pencil, do you think I could put them all down? Ah, my friends, the waves of Jordan roar so hoarsely we cannot hear the joy on the other side when that group is augmented.

Reunion Beyond the Grave. Unbelief says, "They are dead, and they are annihilated," but blessed be God we have a Bible that tells us differently. We open it, and we find they are neither dead nor annihilated—that they never were so much alive as now—that they are only waiting for our coming and that we shall join them on the other side of the river. Oh, glorious reunion, we cannot grasp it now! "Eye hath not seen, nor ear heard, neither have entered into the heart of man, the things which God hath prepared for them that love him."

What a place of explanation it will be! I see every day profound mysteries of providence. There is no question we ask oftener than Why? There are hundreds of graves in Greenwood and Laurel Hill that need to be explained. Hospitals for the blind and lame, asylums for the idiotic and insane, almshouses for the destitute and a world of pain and misfortune that demand more than human solution. God will clear it all up. In the light that pours from the throne no dark mystery can live. Things now utterly inscrutable will be illumined as plainly as though the answer was written on the jasper wall or sounded in the temple anthem. Bartimeus will thank God that he was blind, and Joseph that he was cast into the pit, and Daniel that he was humped, and David that he was driven from Jerusalem, and that invalid, that for twenty years he could not lift his head from the pillow, and that widow, that she had such hard work to earn bread for her children. The song will be all the grander for earth's weeping eyes and aching heads and exhausted hands and scorched backs and martyred agonies. But we can get no idea of that anthem here. We appreciate the power of secular music, but do we appreciate the power of sacred song? There is nothing more inspiring to me than a whole congregation lifted on the wave of holy melody. When we sing some of those dear old Psalms and tunes, they rouse all the memories of the past. Why, some of them were cradle songs in our father's house! They are all sparkling with the morning dew of a thousand Christian Sabbaths. They were sung by brothers and sisters gone now, by voices that were aged and broken in the music, voices none the less sweet because they did tremble and break.

The Music of Heaven. When I hear these old songs sung, it seems as if all the old country meeting houses joined in the chorus and city church and sailor's bethel and western cabins until the whole continent lifts the doxology and the scepters of eternity beat time in the music. Away, then, with your starveling tunes that chill the devotions of the sanctuary and make the people sit silent when Jesus is marching on to victory. When generals come back from victorious wars, do we not cheer them and shout, "Huzza, huzza!" And when Jesus passes along in the conquest of the earth, shall we not have for him one loud, ringing cheer? "All hail the power of Jesus' name! Let angels prostrate fall. Bring forth the royal diadem And crown him Lord of all."

But, my friends, if music on earth is so sweet, what will it be in heaven?

They all know the tune there. All the best singers of all the ages will join it—choirs of white-robed children, choirs of patriarchs, choirs of apostles. Morning stars clapping their cymbals. Harpers with their harps. Great anthems of God roll on! roll on!—other empires joining the harmony till the thrones are all full and the nations all saved. Anthem shall touch anthem, chorus join chorus, and all the sweet sounds of earth and heaven be poured into the ear of Christ. David of the trumpet will be there. Germany redeemed will pour its deep bass voice into the song, and Africa will add to the music with her matchless voices. I wish in our closing hymn today we might catch an echo that slips from the gates. Who knows but that when the heavenly door opens today to let some soul through there may come forth the strain of the jubilant voices until we catch it? Oh, that as the song drops down from heaven it might meet half way a song coming up from earth.

They rise for the doxology, all the multitude of the blest! Let us rise with them, and so at this hour the joys of the church on earth and the joys of the church in heaven will mingle their chalice, and the dark apparel of our mourning will seem to whiten into the spotless raiment of the skies. God grant that through the mercy of our Lord Jesus we may all get there!

MONKEYS OF MAURITIUS.

Keep Their Wise Human-Looking Heads Moving.

Nothing can be more beautiful than the view from the back veranda at "Reduit," as the fine country government house built by the Chevalier de la Brillanne for the governors of Mauritius more than a century ago is called. Before you spreads an expanse of English lawn only broken by clumps of gay foliaged shrubs or beds of flowers, and behind that again is the wooded edge of the steep ravine, where the mischievous "jacks" hide, who come up at night to play havoc with the sugar cane on its opposite side. The only day of the week on which they ventured up was Sunday afternoon, when all the world was silent and sleepy. It used to be my delight to watch from an upper bed-room window the stealthy appearance of the old sentinel monkeys who first peered cautiously up and evidently reconnoitered the ground thoroughly. After a few moments of careful scouting a sort of chirrup would be heard, which seemed the signal for the rest of the colony to tumble tumultuously up the bank. Such games as then started among the young ones, such antics and tumblings and romps! but all the time the sentinels never relaxed their vigilance. They spread like a cordon round the gambling young ones and kept turning their horribly wise human-looking heads from side to side incessantly, only picking and chewing a blade of grass now and then. The mothers seemed to keep together, and doubtless gossiped, but let my old and perfectly harmless skye terrier toddle round the corner of the veranda, and each female would dart into the group of playing monkeys, seize her property by the nearest leg, toss it over her shoulder and quicker than the eye could follow should have disappeared down the ravine. The sentinels had uttered their warning cry directly, but they always remained until the very last and retreated in good order, though there was no cause for alarm, as "Boxer's" thoughts were on the peacocks, apt to trespass on those silent and unguarded hours, and not on the monkeys at all.—Cornhill.

QUEER FOX-HOUNDS IN MAINE.

Peculiar Breed Evolved by the Needs of Aroostook County.

The three chief products of Aroostook county, Maine, are said to be potatoes, politicians and red foxes. A year ago Charles E. Oak of Caribou, Land Agent and Forest Commissioner for Maine, told a legislative committee that his country could furnish 100,000 fox pelts a year for ten years without diminishing the supply. Hunters from Boston and Worcester, Mass., who have shot and trapped foxes in Aroostook, say that Mr. Oak's estimate is too low by half. The great wine-red fox that will run for days without tiring; that doubles and turns to laugh at the dogs, and then goes on refreshed from the exercise, reaches fullest perfection in Aroostook county. Of the 20,000 or 30,000 foxes taken in Aroostook this winter, more than half were caught in traps. Nearly all the others were shot while running before the patient and slow-footed hounds that abound in northern Maine. The Maine foxhound is a hunting machine that was developed for a certain purpose. The result of fifty years' breeding is a short-legged, deep-chested, slow-running race of dogs that will run day and night without tiring, a breed that will annoy foxes and cause them to run in more or less restricted circles, and frighten them enough to cause them to hole. The Maine hound to be of value must also be taught to hunt singly, so that if a hunter takes out a half-dozen pups for a day's hunt every dog will pick up a track of his own and follow it to the death. It is not a surprising feat for a hunter with six hounds to go out in the morning and return at night with ten or twelve pelts. As the skin of the Aroostook red fox is worth anywhere from \$1.25 to \$2.50, the occupation is profitable as well as pleasing.

Purpose give definiteness and dignity to life, the man with a noble purpose grows to the level of his purpose.—Rev. J. F. Carson, Presbyterian, Brooklyn, N. Y.

The sea of matrimony swamps many a courtship.

OUR BUDGET OF FUN.

SOME GOOD JOKES, ORIGINAL AND SELECTED.

The Camera and the Near-Sighted Way Correspondent, How He Made a Motion Picture—At Home and Abroad—A Base Ball Problem.

Not Practical. He said: "The girl that I make my wife, If I ever wed at all, The girl that I take for life—Must be a Dresden doll."

She said: "A Dresden doll with duffy hair And cream and peaches look; Was made to sit up in a chair, But never made to cook."

A Cash Adventure. For the big pot of coin at the rainbow's end

In our innocent youth we have chased, my friend; But one man alone found that treasure, I'm told— He painted the rainbow, and so found the gold.

Ananias the Second. Hicks—That's rather an intelligent-looking dog.

Wicks—You bet he is. Why, that dog wandered away from home last week, and I put an advertisement in the paper offering a reward for his return, and what do you suppose was the result?

Hicks—Some one brought him home and claimed the reward, I suppose. Wicks—The dog came home next morning carrying a copy of the paper in his mouth. You see he noticed the advertisement and came home of his own accord, so I wouldn't have to pay out any money on his account.

Drawing the Line. "Deah boy, we've got to draw the line on the Pwince, don't you know?"

"How so, old chap?" "Why, he weally cawn't expect that we'll carry our devotion so far as to go around the country with tinsmiths shooting at us, don't you know?"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Her Point of View. "I'm afraid," said the patient wife, "that yours will be the fate of Abel." "Why, what do you mean?" asked the astonished husband. "Well," she replied, "Abel was killed by a club, and your club will be the death of you if you don't come home oftener."

Drawing a Frequent on Her. "Benny, you must not eat bread and butter out on the front steps." "Aw, ma, you named me fer Benjamin Franklin, an' teacher says he walked around in Philadelphia with a whole loaf o' bread under his arm."

House-Cleaning Strategy. "Was that a porch-climber we saw over at Gampers?"

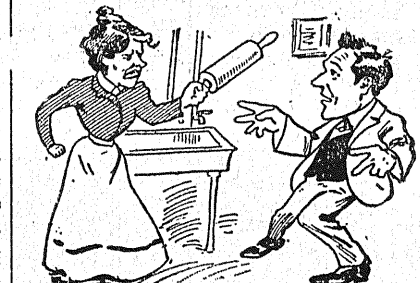
"No; it was Gampers himself. He was afraid to go in at the front or back door for fear his wife or the cook would set him to beating carpet."

Universal Tendency. He—You daughters of the American Revolution ought to be ashamed to wrangle the way you do.

She—Never mind; just wait until your Hall of Fame committee gets in session.—Indianapolis Journal.

Of Course They Are. Mrs. Diggs—I wouldn't keep those peacocks if I were you. They are apt to cause trouble. Mrs. Diggs—Why, how can they? Mrs. Diggs—Well, they are always spreading tails, you know.

Home and Abroad.



The Umpire—I dare the first man to lay his hands on me! I defy the crowd of you! Come on! Three hours later: "Martha, I—I really didn't intend to—to offend you. Lay down the pin and let's talk peacefully."

Army Wit. "De foe is cummin'" shouted the corporal. "Defoe!" echoed the wit who enlisted for fun. "Well, I guess we'll see Robinson Crusoe next."

She Was Willing. "If not yourself," said a wealthy old bachelor to a charming young lady, "whom would you rather be?" "Yours truly," was the immediate reply.

LOST ON THE... VELD

A STORY OF THE BOER CAMPAIGN IN NATAL

By H. B. Mackenzie

CHAPTER II.—(Continued.)

"I remembered this was the day you spoke of riding over," said Dr. Adair. "But I hardly expected you would come today, with these terrible rumors about."

Bluebell's eyes grew larger than their wont.

"Rumors? I haven't heard any," she said. "What are they, Doctor?"

"You haven't heard?" He had not released her hand, and was holding it very closely now. "They say that the Boers are marching into Natal."

"Oh!" Bluebell uttered a little cry, and the rosy color faded out of her face. "Is it war, then?"

"I suppose so," Dr. Adair answered gravely. "It seems Kruger has as good as declared war by sending a message to England demanding that our troops should be immediately recalled from South Africa."

Bluebell sat very still on her horse, her hands clasped; Dr. Adair had at last withdrawn his.

"Will they come to Ladysmith?" she whispered at last.

Roths nodded. "That is what is expected. We shall be besieged. The inhabitants are beginning to fly already, and I expect in a few days Ladysmith will be deserted except by the garrison."

"And you, what will you do?" Bluebell asked. There was a little quiver in her voice, which seemed to send a swift thrill of mingled joy and pain to Roth's very soul.

"I shall remain here, of course," he answered, trying to be his usual tone. "Unless there is fighting outside. If there is I shall go with the army."

Bluebell was silent for a moment, and then she said:

"You will be on our side, of course?"

"I will be with the British army," Roth answered quietly, "but, thank heaven, a doctor's business is not to fight on any particular side, or to slay his brother, but to do what he can for those who are wounded and dying on either side. But you are going into the town, Miss Leslie? I must not keep you."

"I have messages," said Bluebell; "but I will not wait long, as I am going back alone."

"May I go a bit of the way with you?" Roth asked eagerly. "I do not like the idea of you riding those twelve miles alone with the country in this unsettled state."

Her soft eyes fell suddenly. Bluebell would hardly acknowledge to herself how her heart beat and her veins thrilled at the proposal.

"Thank you," she said the next moment. "It is kind of you. I shall leave the town about three, I think."

"Then I shall be here at that time," he answered. "Good-bye, just now." And he moved away.

Bluebell rode on into the town. The terrible tidings had shocked and horrified her, but she was not frightened. There was little fear in Bluebell Leslie's nature, small and childish and fragile as she looked. And she was a woman; the close, warm clasp of Roth's eyes, the close, warm clasp of his hand, occupied her thoughts almost more than this terrible picture of war.

She found Ladysmith in a state of confusion. Many of the shops were shut. But Bluebell managed to get her business done, and then went to see one of her acquaintances.

She found her busy preparing for departure.

"I suppose it's safer to go," said Mrs. Lloyd, a pretty little English woman, whose husband was an engineer. "Ted insists on my going; but I don't feel as if I could leave him here alone."

"You are going and Mr. Lloyd is remaining?" exclaimed Bluebell, with startled eyes, and then: "Oh, Nellie, how can you?"

"I would not, of course, if I had only myself to consider," said Mrs. Lloyd, the tears springing to her eyes; "but there is my poor little baby, Bluebell."

"What of that?" said Bluebell. "A wife's place is beside her husband, surely? Better you should both die together, if the worst comes, than that you should be separated. Nellie, how would you feel if anything happened to your husband and you so far away?"

Nellie burst into tears.

"Yes, you are quite right, Bluebell. I held out against Ted ever so long, and now that you speak like that, I feel that I have been very cowardly to give in to him. No, I won't go!"

Bluebell left her friend, whose mind was thoroughly made up, after a little, and the two friends kissed each other, with the feeling that they might never meet again on earth. Bluebell kept back her own tears, and answered the little woman as bravely as she could, but as she rode out of the town her path was all blurred by the blinding tears that came to her eyes now. Doctor Roth was waiting for her, mounted on a fine chestnut horse or his own, and together they rode on in silence until they were out of sight of the town.

"You saw one of your friends?" Roth said at last.

"Yes, I saw Mrs. Lloyd. She is going to stay at Ladysmith even if it is besieged."

"Brave little woman!" said Roth's, a tone of emotion in his voice. "I always thought her rather a butterfly, and I beg her pardon mentally for that."

"In fact, you thought she and I were very much alike?" said Bluebell, with a little tone of coquetry. "Confess now you think me that, too, don't you, Doctor Roth?"

"I never thought you anything but—"

He was speaking with a sudden passion, but he suddenly checked himself and paused. "You know you are not justified in speaking like that," he said at last gravely. "Did I ever give you reason to do so?"

Bluebell laughed a little.

"Do you remember the ball at Maritzburg last spring, Doctor Roth?"

Ah, you didn't approve of me at all then!"

He remembered it quite well. It was the first time he had met the Leslies, for he had been practicing in Maritzburg himself then. Bluebell's wild, childishly high spirits had carried her away that night, and she had flirted indiscriminately with all the officers then stationed at Maritzburg. Bluebell remembered it, too.

"Who is that grave-looking young man gazing so strangely at me?" she asked her partner, a gay young lieutenant.

"Do you think he wants an introduction, or is he only trying to win me with a glance of his eye?"

"The latter, I think," the lieutenant had answered, more truthfully than gallantly. "He's Doctor Roth's, and they say he is one of the awfully serious kind, you know. Takes life like a funeral, and believes one should go to church twice on Sundays. That kind of thing, don't you know?"

Roth's unburned face had deepened just a little in tint.

"It is too bad to bring back those old foolishnesses to one's memory," he said. "I did not know you then, Miss Leslie. I did not see you in your home. I did not know you earned the love and devotion of the poor natives on your father's place. I did not know you taught them, as far as was possible, not the mere profession of Christianity, but its practice."

Bluebell bent a little over her horse's head.

"I am afraid I ought to teach myself that first, Doctor Roth's. Charity begins at home. But let us not speak of this. We can't be anything but friends, can we, with this terrible danger facing us? Surely it will draw all European people out here, closer together if anything could?"

"Yes," said Roth's quietly, "we can't be anything but friends."

Bluebell felt vaguely hurt at the cold words. They rode on, the horses' necks quite close together, and Roth's talked of the coming ordeal. Bluebell felt somehow strangely disappointed.

The last time she had met Adair Roth's he had held her hand long, and looked into her eyes with a look that had made every vein in her body thrill; and now he was so cool and indifferent—a friend, as he had said, and nothing more.

It was not that Bluebell was in love with him. She told herself about a dozen times a day that she liked Adair Roth's very much, but could never imagine him as a lover; yet now, why this sinking of her heart?

It was drawing towards sunset—a glorious sunset. The whole of the sky died in crimson and gold, the very velvet reflected the crimson, so that it looked as if it were bathed in blood. Bluebell shuddered as she thought that very soon it might be.

A kope was before them. One of those little hills rising steeply from the one side, sloping from the other so common on the Natal veldt. Suddenly, as Bluebell looked towards it, a figure on horseback emerged from behind it, and came riding straight towards them.

Bluebell felt a thrill of annoyance and aversion run through her, for she recognized the rider at once. It was the millionaire, Gerald Moore.

CHAPTER III.

He rode forward and lifted his hat, putting his horse in Bluebell's way so that she could not pass. Bluebell fancied his face was paler than usual; but his deep, slowly-moving eyes did not move from her face.

"Your father has sent me to meet you, Miss Leslie," he said in his rich, deep tone. "We have heard that the Boer army has crossed into Natal, and is marching straight on Ladysmith. It is not safe for you to be alone on the veldt."

"I am not alone, thank you, Mr. Moore," said the girl, a touch of defiance in her tones. "Doctor Roth's—"

she turned towards Adair—"has kindly been seeing me home. He had heard the news you refer to."

She was struck by the look on Gerald Moore's face as he turned to Roth's. There was an almost diabolical expression upon it; but it passed away so quickly that she could not have sworn to it.

"I presume that Dr. Roth's will not object to handing you over to my charge now that you are within three miles of New Kelso?" he said. It seemed to Bluebell there was an un-

dercurrent of either menace or defiance in his voice.

She glanced into Roth's face. He sat very stiff and very erect on his horse, his face turned towards the other man. Bluebell had never—not even that night of the Maritzburg ball—seen so stern and cold a look upon his face as that which froze it at this moment.

The expression startled her still more now. Was it possible these two men knew each other?"

"I leave the matter entirely to Miss Leslie's hands," he said gravely. "If she thinks I have come far enough, I am quite prepared to return to Ladysmith."

Moore looked at Bluebell.

"You had better come with me, Miss Leslie, and allow Dr. Roth's to return home," he said; then added in a lower tone: "Your father is not quite himself today. Perhaps you would not care to have a stranger at New Kelso under the circumstances."

Not quite himself! That decided Bluebell. Not for worlds would she have Adair Roth's, whose good opinion she felt so strangely reluctant to lose, see her own father in a half-intoxicated condition, and that was evidently what Moore's words implied.

Adam Leslie had always been a little apt to exceed, but it was only of late—within the last six months—that his daughter had noticed it. And it seemed to her, since the coming of Gerald Moore that her father had yielded still more to his unfortunate weakness.

"Perhaps you had better not come any further, Doctor Roth's," she said, in a low voice. "If Mr. Moore is going to New Kelso, of course he may as well ride with me; but I would just as soon go by myself. I am not a bit afraid."

Roth's took off his hat and held out his hand. For one minute, only one, their horses were close together, and Moore's was so far apart as to render him out of earshot at least of a whisper.

"Good-bye," said Roth's, hurriedly and a little hoarsely. "I don't know when I may see you again. God only knows I pray that He may guard and keep you from danger!" He bent a little nearer, and added in a whisper: "As you value your safety and happiness, beware of that man. I entreat of you to do so. He is a dangerous man. I cannot say more. Good-bye—good-bye."

The clasp of his fingers on her hand was to remain there for many days. He rode off, raising his hat, and a strange sense of desolation and loneliness fell upon Bluebell.

She turned Rover's head and rode on, not glancing at Moore. Adair's words still rang in her ears.

"So that is Doctor Roth's?" said Moore, giving his horse a little cut of the whip that sent him springing on beside Bluebell.

"Yes," she said, looking straight into his face. "Do you know him?"

"I had the pleasure of meeting him once in Maritzburg," said the millionaire dryly; "but, Miss Leslie, I wish to talk of something else just now. Your father has given me leave to do so. What do you think has kept me all this time lingering about this district?"

Bluebell shook her ruddy brown head. A feeling of vague discomfort and uneasiness shot through her at the question; but not in her wildest guesses could she have arrived within a mile of the truth.

Gerald Moore went on slowly: "The country will soon be in a ferment; existence in it will be dangerous, unsafe. For men this does not matter so much; for women, especially those—"

he paused and added impressively—"whom we love, it is terrible not to be thought of. Your father wishes you to go out of the country while yet there is time."

(To be continued.)

CITY OF HONG KONG.

It is One of the Most Unhealthy Spots on the Globe.

In spite of all the precautions that have been taken, the perfect sanitation of the city, the fine natural drainage, the cleanliness of the streets, Hong Kong, says the Boston Transcript, is one of the most unhealthy spots on the globe. With its tropical heat, the lofty peaks that half encircle it catch the clouds that the rapid evaporation create, the floods of rain pouring down in streaming torrents. The houses lack light, although they are built as well as they could be, with perforated ceilings, through which the air circulates, admitted from openings pierced in the outer walls; the floors are brilliantly waxed, carpets, owing to the great dampness being dispensed with. The great difficulty is to secure light and proper ventilation; the streets are very narrow, and the towering walls of buildings opposite obstruct the light in front, while at the rear the courts or terraces crowded with foliage cast a heavy shade from that direction. In the gardens, while plants flourish luxuriantly, there is no grass, but the ground is green with moss, just as it grows in damp, shady places in cooler climates. The heat and the great humidity are destructive to health, and it is doubtful if there is a single normal liver in the whole of Hong Kong. English women who come out with complexions of cream and roses grow thin and sallow; the Hong Kong complexion is a startling grayish green, and the old residents have, with their pallor, dark bluish circles under the eyes. The least exertion includes exhausting perspiration, and people become gaunt and thin.

Shut not thy purse strings always against painted distress.—Lamb.

A GREAT EDUCATOR.

PRESIDENT HARPER, OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO.

A Man of Indomitable Energy and Perseverance Has Won Many Prizeworthy Gifts from the Head of Standard Oil Company.

One of the greatest workers of today is Dr. William Rainey Harper, the president of the University of Chicago. His capacity for work is marvelous. Those who do not realize the endless variety of his duties, the details he arranges, the multitudes of instructions he gives, from morning till night, lose sight of the most remarkable phase in the character of the man whose ambition it is to make the University of Chicago "the greatest of the world has ever seen." Recently he raised \$2,000,000, which enabled him to secure the \$2,000,000 donated by John R. Rockefeller for the university. Everything in Dr. Harper's life is done according to a certain schedule. He has a "little red book" in which each evening he jots down the tasks he will have to perform the following day and he executes them with the regularity of a clock. He never loses a minute in wondering what to do next. Dr. Harper rarely sleeps over seven hours, which leaves a big share of the 24 to map out for the thousand things he has on hand. He rises generally at 5 a. m. A cup of coffee and an hour's

hard work follows. At 5:45 he dictates letters of instructions to secretaries and deans and, if the weather is clear, a short spin on his wheel is in order. Seven o'clock he breakfasts, followed by three hours of close application to important matters in his study. At 11 and 12 o'clock he has recitations. One o'clock finds him at luncheon on the Haskell Memorial Building on the campus. His work with the professors and secretaries occupy from three to four hours and then he opens his office door to general callers. This program is carried out each afternoon. A bicycle spin precedes supper, which is served at 6:30 and to which Dr. Harper devotes half an hour. He takes a rest of 15 minutes after dinner and this time he frequently gives over to playing a cornet, upon which he is a very good performer. At 7:30 the evening grind begins and continues until 10:30, when he retires.

Regular and Voluntary in Africa. "E comes up to me," said the regular, "an' 'e sez to me, sez 'e, 'Look ere, me man, where can I find your sergeant-major?' I looks at 'im, an' I sez, 'Wot are you?' I sez, 'I sez, 'I'm a city imperial volunteer,' sez 'e. 'Oh!' sez 'I. 'Yus,' sez 'e. 'Yus,' sez 'I, 'you're a volunteer an' I'm a reg'lar.' 'Oh!' sez 'I. 'Yus,' sez 'e. 'Yus,' sez 'I, 'you ain't goin' to lord it over me, I sez, 'with yer 'me man,' I sez, 'don't you forget it. I didn't get no freedom of the city,' I sez, 'the only thing the lord mayor ever give me, I sez, 'was fourteen days for 'fur'ous drink.' I sez, 'I wasn't entertained at tea.' I sez, 'by all the books and carls of London,' I sez, 'I wasn't 'ugged an' kissed as I walked along the street,' I sez, 'but I'm a bloomin' privit an' so are you, me lad.' 'Yus,' sez 'e, 'an' d—proud of it,' sez 'e. 'So am 'I,' sez 'I. 'Well, come an' ave a drink,' sez 'e. 'Right you are,' sez 'I, 'now you're talkin'!' It is only fair to add, on the assurance of the writer, that the C. I. V.'s are an excellent body of men in this respect, and entirely free from the obnoxious quality of "side."—London News.

When Tracts Were Trumps. An army officer tells this story: "One of my chaplain friends was on an army transport going south with officers and men from various regiments. The officers were playing cards in the cabin from morning to night. When Sunday came the chaplain took a good supply of reading matter from his cabin, and was on hand with it as the breakfast table was cleared off and the officers were getting ready to play cards as usual. Stepping to the head of the table, he said, good-naturedly: 'Gentlemen, tracts are trumps today, and it's my deal.' All right, chaplain,' the officers responded, 'give us a hand.' The books and prayers were given out. No chaplain had his opportunity unhindered, because he showed tact in his way of presenting his case."—New York Tribune.

Cannot Buy for Himself. The doctrine that an agent to purchase property cannot buy for his own benefit is applied, in Kimball vs. Ranney (Mich.), 46 L. R. A. 403, to a purchase on foreclosure by an agent who had been employed to effect a sale of the mortgaged property.

THE LETTER WAS GENUINE

And Contained Facts—A Former American Settled in Western Canada

Flooded with Inquiries.

A short time since a letter appeared in these columns signed by Mr. W. H. Kinkade of Alameda, Assiniboia, Western Canada, which caused that gentleman to receive a great many inquiries, most of them anxious to know if the letter was genuine. To a large number of the inquiries answers were sent, but it was impossible to reply to all. We take pleasure in submitting to our readers a specimen of replies sent by Mr. Kinkade:

"Yes, the letter dated December 22, 1899, supposed to have been written by me, which you saw in your local papers, was genuine and contained facts. I will say of the information received from the Canadian Government Agents prior to coming here, I did not find a single untrue statement. The Canadian Government is honorable and its Agents dare not misrepresent this country or they would lose their jobs. There is quite a bit of land for homesteading yet, a very little close to market, but mainly from 6 to 20 miles from stations. The country, hereabouts, is a prairie, nearly level, slightly rolling, not a rough country by any means. Homestead entries cost \$10; on land that has been cancelled there is a \$5 cancellation fee extra and in some cases an inspection fee of \$5 and where the former occupant has made any substantial improvements there are small amounts to pay for improvements. This is a poor place for a poor man unless he has brains and muscle and 'git and grit,' but with these requisites he can succeed. The population of this part of Assiniboia has doubled during the past two years. There has been as much prairie broken the past two years as was already broken previous to 1898. C. P. R. land (odd sections) joining homestead land sells at \$3 per acre. Improved quarters within four to five miles of town sell at \$1,000 this spring. This is not a Garden of Eden at all, no man need think he can come here and get rich in a short time without much labor, but if he will work and be saving he can soon be an independent farmer tilling his own soil and getting good returns for his labor."

"We burn coal, which costs us \$1.55 per load at the mines, which are 25 miles southwest of us."

"People with stock and machinery should come in May so as to have all June to break in. Those who expect to work for wages for the first year or two should come by the end of July to work through harvest and threshing and then go to the coal fields and work all winter and by spring he could be ready to improve homestead."

"A quarter section of railway land sells at \$3 per acre. The interest is all figured up and a man has about \$71 to pay cash, and if he breaks at least 10 acres first breaking season his \$21 interest for the first year is thrown off and the second fall following purchase he has \$69 to pay and then \$69 to pay for 3 more falls, which makes a total of \$211 the quarter costs him, including all interest. Paying for a quarter of land that way is like keeping a life insurance policy paid, only it does not take so long to do it. By a man homesteading one quarter and buying another quarter gives him a chance to have a 320-acre farm all his own and have it paid for in ten years, and after that he is sure of an easy living if he is any good at all."

"(Signed) W. H. KINKADE."

ONLY 18 CENTS IN STAMPS

Per copy mailed: Smoky Mokes, When Kinkadee was in Flower waltzes, Janice Meredith waltzes, Margery two step or song, I Like to Hear That Song Again, I'd Leave my Happy Home for You, Hearts is Trumps two Step, Florentine waltzes, I'll Make that Black Cat Love Me, Cakeless Cake walk with words, the latest and best cakewalk ever published. C. W. Marvin Piano Co., Marvin Building, opposite Hudson's, Detroit, Mich. Send for our Music Catalogues.

Silas was of Latin origin, meaning a countryman.

Coughing Leads to Consumption. Kemps Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist today and get a sample bottle free. Sold in 25 and 50 cent bottles. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

Mark is of Roman origin, meaning the hammer.

Dropsy treated free by Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, of Atlanta, Ga. The greatest dropsy specialists in the world. Read their advertisement in another column of this paper.

Flu Salt Cures Headache. A 10c trial package FREE. Address, The Flu Salt Remedy Co., Savannah, N. Y.

The goodness of God is not limited, but our definitions or illustrations of it are.

Send for "Choice Recipes," by Walter Baker & Co. Ltd., Dorchester, Mass., mailed free. Mention this paper.

Who is willing to be a failure, rather than be false, will never be either.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, soothes the inflamed, always pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Simon, a Hebrew name, may be translated, the obedient one.

Manlove Self Opening Gate, Catalog free. Manlove Gate Co., Milton, Indiana.

Johnathan was a Jewish name, meaning the gift of the Lord.

ONE NIGHT TO DENVER Via Chicago, Union Pacific & Northwestern Line. "Colorado special" leaves Chicago 10 every morning, arriving Denver 1:20 the next afternoon, 6

60% ANNUAL DIVIDENDS PAYABLE MONTHLY.

Amounts of \$20.00 and upwards received. Write for particulars.

STANDARD INVESTMENT CO., 406 Chamber of Commerce, DETROIT, MICHIGAN.

IN THE LAKE COUNTRY

of Northern Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota and Michigan, there are hundreds of the most charming Summer Resorts awaiting the arrival of thousands of tourists from the South and East.

Among the list of near by places are Fox Lake, Delavan, Lauderdale, Waukesha, Oconomowoc, Palmyra, The Dells at Kilbourn, Elkhart and Madison, while a little further off are Minoqua, "Star" Lake, Frontenac, White Bear, Minnetonka and Marquette on Lake Superior.

For pamphlet of "Summer Homes for 1900," or for copy of our handsomely illustrated Summer book, entitled "In The Lake Country," apply to nearest ticket agent or address with four cents in postage, Geo. H. Heafford, General Passenger Agent, Old Colony Building, Chicago, Ill.

Poor Children in Japan.

The children of the poor in Japan are nearly always labelled in case they should stray from their homes whilst their mothers are engaged on domestic duties.

Do Your Feet Ache and Burn?

"Shake into your shoes Allen's Foot-Powder, a powder for the feet. It makes tight or New Shoes feel Easy. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Hot and Sweating Feet. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y."

Christopher is Greek, signifying Christ bearing.

Lane's Family Medicine.

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25c and 50c.

Mabel, a favorite Latin and French name, means lovable.

Hall's Catarrh Cure

Is taken internally. Price, 75c.

Beroloe comes from the Greek, the one who brings victory.

FITS Permanently Cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE \$2.00 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 231 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Jane and its several combinations is the feminine of John.

Emma is German. The first of the name was a nurse girl.

You Will Never Know

what good ink is unless you use Carter's. It costs no more than poor ink. All dealers.

Eudoria is from the Greek, one who prospers in her way.

Remove the causes that make your hair lifeless and gray with PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM. HIGGINSBROTHERS, the best cure for corns. 15c.

Vivian, a Latin word, may be translated the loving one.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of the throat and lungs.—WM. O. ENDSLEY, Vanburien, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

Godwin is German or Saxon, the man victorious in God.

Brown's Teething Cordial keeps babies healthy, and makes mothers happy.

Chloe comes from the Greek, and signifies a green herb.

Aaron is from the Hebrew and signifies a lofty mountain.

Hercules, from the Greek, was the glory of Hera or Juno.

(Signed) W. H. KINKADE."

ONLY 18 CENTS IN STAMPS

Per copy mailed: Smoky Mokes, When Kinkadee was in Flower waltzes, Janice Meredith waltzes, Margery two step or song, I Like to Hear That Song Again, I'd Leave my Happy Home for You, Hearts is Trumps two Step, Florentine waltzes, I'll Make that Black Cat Love Me, Cakeless Cake walk with words, the latest and best cakewalk ever published. C. W. Marvin Piano Co., Marvin Building, opposite Hudson's, Detroit, Mich. Send for our Music Catalogues.

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Cass City Enterprise.

An independent newspaper. Published every Thursday by McDOWELL & WALTERS, Seegar St., Cass City, Tuscola Co., Mich.

Advertisements.
All changes of advertisements must be sent to this office no later than Wednesday noon of each week, else they can not be inserted in that week's issue. Reasonable rates are charged for display advertisements. Local notices in our paid local columns are five cents per line for first insertion. Notices of festivals, lectures, concerts and all entertainments of a money-making character are charged for at the rate of one dollar for each insertion. Cards of thanks are twenty-five cents for each insertion.

The wide circulation of the ENTERPRISE in the counties of Tuscola, Huron and Sanilac, makes it a valuable advertising medium.

McDOWELL & WALTERS, Proprietors.

OUR MOTTO:
"REVERENCE, PROGRESS AND PATRIOTISM."

Professional Cards.

J. D. BROOKER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Solicitor in Chancery,
Reference: Exchange Bank and Cass City Bank.
Office in Second story of Exchange Bank block, Cass City, Mich.

M. M. WICKWARE, M. D.
General practicing physician and surgeon. Specialties: treatment of diseases of nose, throat and lungs. Dry hot air equipment for the successful treatment of rheumatism, joint affections, etc. Calls answered promptly, day or night. Office and residence four doors south of Tennant House. Phone 1-17.

D. A. HATT, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon. Special attention paid to diseases peculiar to women and children. Office and residence over Cass City Bank. 1-11-17.

I. A. FRITZ,
DENTIST. All work done equal to the best. It is my aim to make every job of work a blessing to those for whom it is done. My prices are reasonable. No charge for examination. Office over Fritz's drugstore. Not at home on Tuesdays.

N. MCCLINTON, M. D. Physician, Surgeon and Acconcheur. Office at residence.

JOHN R. FOOTE, M. D.
Physician, surgeon and accoucheur, Novesta, Mich. Calls answered promptly night or day. 6-29-26

A. A. MCKENZIE,
AUCTIONEER, Cass City, Mich. Sales of all kinds promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed. Sales held at all public places. Terms reasonable. Arrangements can be made at the office of the ENTERPRISE. 8-9-24

Societies.

I. O. F.
COURT ELKANAH, No. 525, I. O. F., meets on 1st, 3rd and 5th Tuesdays of each month in their hall in the Campbell block, at 7:30 p. m. Visiting brethren are cordially invited.

T. SCHENCK, C. R. 9-11-17

I. O. O. F.
CASS CITY LODGE, No. 209, meets every Wednesday evening at 7:30. Visiting brethren cordially invited.

M. L. MOORE, Secretary.
K. O. T. M.
CASS CITY TENT, No. 74, meets the first and third Friday evenings of each month, at 7:30. Visiting brethren cordially invited.

P. S. RICE, Commander.
A. A. P. McDOWELL, Record Keeper.

Church Directory.

BAPTIST.—Preaching services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. on Sunday. Sunday school at 12 m. Prayer meeting on Thursday evening. Rev. E. RUSHBROOK, Pastor.

EVANGELICAL.—Services begin with Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Preaching services 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Y. P. A. meeting 6:30 p. m. at 12 m. Junior League at 3:30 p. m. Epworth League at 5:30 p. m. Prayer meeting at 7:30 on Thursday evening. Rev. C. H. MORGAN, Pastor.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.—Preaching services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Junior League at 3:30 p. m. Epworth League at 5:30 p. m. Prayer meeting on Thursday evening at 7:30. Rev. A. TORBERT, Pastor.

H. L. PINNEY, Cashier.
H. W. SEED, Asst. Cashier.

EXCHANGE BANK

Cass City, Mich.

Loans Money on approved notes and real estate. In Partial Payment Terms if desired.

Pays Interest on Time Deposits.

E. H. PINNEY, Prop.

Cass City and Caro STAGE & LINE.

J. S. DUNHAM, PROP.

GOING WEST:
Leaves Cass City, - 6 A. M.
Arrives at Caro, - 9 "

GOING EAST:
Leaves Caro, - 1 30 P. M.
Arrives at Cass City, - 4:30 "

FARE—One way, \$1.00; round trip \$1.50. Good rigs always in readiness.

Commercial men a specialty.

DEFORD.

Clark Corliss' horse is yet unable for work.

Leonard Wooley has returned to Novesta.

Fred McCain is home for a short stay in Deford.

John Windling has erected an addition to his house.

The lively sand fly and the playful mosquito are with us again.

A pleasant evening party at Wm. Schenck's last Friday night.

Divine services, at Stewart Charles', north east of here, last Sunday.

Howard Retherford and wife are expected home from Detroit this week.

The rains knocked some out so that all the oats are not sown at this date (14th).

A dancing party on the 15th at the residence of Eugene Wentworth in Novesta.

Elder McCreedy preaches at the Crawford School House every other Sunday evening.

Parties from Armada are looking at the Thompson place in Novesta with a view of purchasing the same.

Mrs. John McCracken, Miss Elva Deo and Miss Belle McCracken spent Sunday at William Cooper's in Novesta.

Land lookers come and go. Some are pleased with the country. Others dislike it. "Many men of many minds."

H. H. Wilson has bought the large part of Wm. Bentley's house. A Cass City man will move the house for H. H. Wilson for \$600. The price paid for the building is \$400.

Eldon W. Clark, formerly of this place, is now located in Chicago in the mercantile business. Don't think Deford any sniveling town when it fits men for the largest cities of the nation.

The parties that Chas. Montague, of Caro, claimed lumbered for him last winter without having a proper understanding in regard to the timber have settled the same with the wealthy Caroitte by paying him one hundred dollars. High tariff timber but as they are all Republicans none should kick.

J. Q. Hood, Justice of the Peace, Crosby, Miss., makes the following statement: "I can certify that One Minute Cough Cure will do all that is claimed for it. My wife could not get her breath and the first dose of it relieved her. It has also benefited my whole family." It acts immediately and cures coughs, colds, croup, grippe, bronchitis, asthma and all throat and lung troubles. Bond's Drug Store.

The ancients believed that rheumatism was the work of a demon within a man. Any one who has had an attack of sciatic or inflammatory rheumatism will agree that the infliction is demoniacal enough to warrant the belief. It has never been claimed that Chamberlain's Pain Balm would cast out demons, but it will cure rheumatism, and hundreds bear testimony to the truth of this statement. One application relieves the pain, and this quick relief which it affords is alone worth many times its cost. For sale at Bond's Drug Store.

The Huron Condensed Milk Co. started a force of girls making cans Monday and the factory will be running in full force next week.—Ugly Courier.

No Missing Link.

Rookford, Mich., Mr. A. H. Clark, a well known merchant of this place, furnishes the evidence lacking in most remedies, to prove that Dr. Chase's Ointment cures piles. He says: "After suffering for over 20 years with itching piles and finding little relief in any known remedy I found a perfect cure in one box of Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment. I would not take \$10 a box for it if I could not obtain more."

Thousands of people who have suffered from piles, eczema, or the many itching, torturing skin diseases now so common have found a perfect cure in Dr. Chase's Ointment. Any poor unfortunate who is afflicted with any of these troubles can have a free sample box of Dr. Chase's Ointment by sending stamp to pay postage. Positively guaranteed cure. 50c a box all druggists, or Dr. A. W. Chase Med Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Linkville.

S. E. Schweitzer made a trip to Pigeon Wednesday.

Wm. Gage transacted business in Saginaw on Tuesday.

Mrs. John Link, of Pigeon, visited relatives here on Tuesday.

Mrs. A. Schweitzer visited with Sebeva friends on Tuesday.

Mrs. Wm. Gage has been visiting her parents in Brookfield this week.

The Union Sunday School will send their collection for last Sunday, May 13th to assist in the Sunday School convention to be held at Elkton June 30th and 31st. They chose Frank Wolf and Miss Orrelia Gage as delegates to said convention.

WANTED—Honest man or woman to travel for large house; salary \$25 monthly and expenses. With increase; position permanent; no close self-addressed stamped envelope. MANAGER, 330 Caxton bldg., Chicago. 12-21-26

Elmwood.

C. A. Hargrave returned from Bay City Saturday.

Warren Smith is laying the wall for Chas. Hammond's barn.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Chartraw returned to their home at Munising Monday.

Daniel Chapman, of Sebeva, and Vet. Lew Orr, of Caro, visited at E. S. White's Sunday.

James Wilson and wife entertained a large company of invited guests Wednesday evening.

Mrs. E. Hobert, who had her hand amputated, is still at Caro, and doing as well as could be expected.

The Free Will Baptist quarterly meeting will be held at the Baptist Church, May 13th, 14th and 15th.

The second annual Gleaner festival will be held at Geo. Wald's hall, May 18th. Everybody invited and a good time anticipated.

Dorr Perry and wife attended the wedding of Miss Maude Wickware and Louis Deming at the bride's home in Ellington, May 15th.

Ira Hayes is having his barn moved and making preparations for the building of a new one. Alvah Phelps will do the carpenter work.

M. A. Smith and family, who have been residents of Elmwood many years, moved to Almer last week. They leave numerous friends here who regret their departure.

The school board in Sunshine Dist. has granted the teacher permission to close the school a few weeks before the time for which he was hired. Mr. Woolman has gone to Big Rapids, where he will attend school. His school work here has been very satisfactory.

"I had stomach trouble twenty years and gave up hope of being cured till I began to use Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. It has done me so much good I call it the savior of my life," writes W. B. Wilkinson, Albany, Tenn. It digests what you eat. Bond's Drug Store.

Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment is a positively guaranteed to cure piles in any form, eczema, salt rheum, and any of the terrible itching skin diseases now so common. A free sample box will be given to any sufferer who will enclose stamp for postage, 50c, a box all druggists, or Dr. A. W. Chase Med Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Ellington.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Emmons' infant child died on Monday.

Arthur Young and wife called upon Mr. and Mrs. Slade Lazelle Sunday afternoon.

Amzy Clay made a visit Saturday night and Sunday at W. M. Hiller's in Almer.

W. W. Campbell who owns a farm near Gagetown, left Tuesday to start work upon it.

James Deitz and wife visited at Slade Lazelle's, Mrs. Deitz's father last Sunday afternoon.

Lyman Drehmer will join the excursion going west this week and he expects to go to Colorado before stopping.

Miss Maud Wickware was united in marriage on Tuesday evening to Lou Deming, of Cass City. May God's blessings go with them through life is our prayer.

A number of the citizens are at work around Ellington trying to get a new free mail delivery route from Caro through and around Ellington which will occupy the most and best part of the township if it should be established.

Thomas Russell, C. A. King and Burt King went over to the bay last Sunday fishing and must be hauling them in as they have not got back as yet at this writing. Quite a number of others are over their trying their luck fishing.

J. C. Kennedy, Ronoke, Tenn., says, "I cannot say too much for Dr. Will's Witch Hazel Salve. One box of it cured what the doctors called an incurable ulcer on my jaw." Cures piles and all skin diseases. Look out for worthless imitations. Bond's Drug Store.

Intense suffering was endured by witness T. L. Martin, of Dixie, Ky., before he gave this evidence: "I conghed every night until my throat was nearly raw; then tried Dr. King's New Discovery which gave instant relief. I have used it in my family for four years and recommend it as the greatest remedy for Coughs, Colds, and all Throat, Chest and Lung troubles. It will stop the worst cough, and not only prevents but absolutely cures Consumption, 50c and \$1.00. Every bottle guaranteed. Trial bottle free at T. H. Fritz's Drug Store."

I consider it not only a pleasure but a duty I owe to my neighbors to tell about the wonderful cure effected in my case by the timely use of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. I was taken very badly with flux and procured a bottle of this remedy. A few doses of it effected a permanent cure. I take pleasure in recommending it to others suffering from that dreadful disease. J. W. LYNOT, Dorr, W. Va. This remedy is sold at Bond's Drug Store.

A new peach pest has made its appearance in the western part of the state, that is doing much damage to the peach orchards. The new insect is a long slender fly with yellow stripes across its back, that pierces the buds, and is believed to be one of the greatest pests that has ever infested peach orchards. As this insect is entirely new to old peach men, specimens have been sent to the experiment station at Lansing.

A Woman's Awful Peril.
"There is only one chance to save your life and that is through an operation!" were the startling words heard by Mrs. L. B. Hunt of Lime Ridge, Wis., from her doctor after he had vainly tried to cure her of a frightful case of stomach trouble and yellow jaundice. Gall stones had formed and she constantly grew worse. Then she began to use Electric Bitters which wholly cured her. It's a wonderful Stomach, Liver and Kidney remedy. Cures Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite. Try it. Only 50 cents. Guaranteed. For sale by T. H. Fritz, Druggist.

EXHAUSTED NERVES

Are Restored and Revitalized, and the Body Filled with New Life and Vigor, by Using

Dr. A. W. CHASE'S NERVE AND BLOOD PILLS.

If nervous exhaustion were better understood, the numbers of insane and epileptic persons would be greatly reduced, and there would be less paralysis and nervous prostration.

Business and professional men would not be overcome by brain fog, nervous dyspepsia and headache; teachers and students would not be exhausted by their work, and women would not be pale, weak and nervous, and suffer the miseries caused by derangements of their peculiarly feminine organism.

To get at the cause of these troubles you must nourish and restore the wasted nerve cells. Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve and Blood Pills are the greatest restoratives known to modern science. They are not purgative, nor have they the weakening effect of a purgative, but restore by building up the system.

Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve and Blood Pills are prepared from the favorite prescription of Dr. A. W. Chase, the famous author of Dr. Chase's Recipe Book, and have proven the greatest cure of the age for diseases arising from thin, watery blood and exhausted nerves.

A few weeks' regular treatment with this popular remedy will completely restore pale, weak, nervous men, women and children to robust health. By increasing the corpuscles in the blood, and creating new nerve force, they fill the body with new life and vigor, and banish disease from the system. There is no guess work about the results of Dr. Chase's Nerve and Blood Pills. You can rely absolutely on their restorative and curative properties. Fifty cents at all dealers, or by mail on receipt of price, by Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. On every box of the genuine will be found portrait and fac-simile signature of Dr. A. W. Chase.

are they who while suffering from kidney diseases are prejudiced against all advertised remedies. They should know that Foley's Kidney Cure is not a quack remedy, but an honest guaranteed medicine for kidney and bladder troubles. 50c. and \$1.00 a bottle. T. H. Fritz, Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston.

A pretty though quiet wedding took place at Yale, Apr. 23, when Miss Alice McKnight, one of Brown City's most highly respected and amiable young ladies, who is teaching, a successful term of school at Laurel, was united in the holy bonds of matrimony, the young man with whom she cast her lot for better, or worse, being Mr. Clayton Howard, a young engineer, of Novesta.—Brown City Banner.

CHAS. R. WESSMAR, 2539 Ashland St., Evanston, Ill., writes: "My boy 2 1/2 years old had a severe cold which refused to yield to any treatment until we tried Foley's Honey and Tar which gave immediate relief, and he was completely cured before using one bottle. Guaranteed 25c and 50c. T. H. Fritz, Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston."

MISS MAUD DICKENS, Parsons, Kans., writes: "I suffered eight years with asthma in its worst form. I had several attacks during the last year and was not expected to live through them. I began using Foley's Honey and Tar and it never failed to give immediate relief. I recommend it to all those suffering with asthma. 25c and 50c. T. H. Fritz, Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston."

Dan McKenzie, of North Burns met with quite an accident last Saturday on his homeward trip. His horse made a rush at him, striking him with his mouth and fore feet, throwing him to the ground and bruising him in a terrible manner. Fortunately no bones were broken but he will be laid up for some time.—Ugly Courier.

An Obstinate Sore Cured. JAS. G. AMHERST, Della, O., writes: "I had an obstinate sore on my face which everything else failed to heal, after one application of Bannan Salve it began to heal and after three applications it was entirely healed leaving no scar. T. H. Fritz, Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston."

The Deckerville Recorder office has recently been improved by the addition of a new power press, gasoline engine and lots of new type.

Ansel Hendershott, of Verona Mills, has secured the contract for carrying the U. S. Mail between Verona Mills and Harbor Beach, which new route has been placed on the free delivery system list and its workings will be watched with much interest by the people of this section of Michigan.—Harbor Beach Times.

If sweet young widows want to "ketch" some sweet-heart in the sunny tangles of their golden curls, they'd better take Rocky Mountain Tea. Great medicine, 35c.

A Fast Bicycle Rider
Will often receive painful cuts, sprains or bruises from accidents. Bucklen's Arnica Salve will kill the pain and heal the injury. It's the cyclist's friend. Cures Chafing, Chapped Hands, Sore Lips, Burns, Ulcers and Piles. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c. Try it. Sold by T. H. Fritz, druggist.

Work is progressing as rapidly as could be expected at the Caro sugar factory, although not a very large force of men are employed as yet. Last week two of the Oxnard expert sugar refinery builders arrived, Mr. Chas. Seiland, having been ordered here from the factory at Rocky Ford, Colorado, and Mr. John Weimerholan from the big factory at Oxnard, California. The old centrifugals have nearly all been removed, and a way is being made for the new machinery which is expected to arrive shortly.

WOLFTON.

Wm. Evans has bought a new buggy.

S. Knecht is drilling a well for Fred Heck.

A. Finkbinder is shearing sheep this spring.

M. Wolf has returned from his Canada trip.

A number of our young folks attended the musical entertainment last Sunday evening at Kilmannagh.

H. Harrington, who has been away during the winter months in the northern woods, returned to Wolfton last week.

What might have been a serious accident occurred Friday morning at Wolfton corners. As W. Hook, the milkman was taking on W. Wolf's can he let the lines loose to arrange room for the can. The horse became frightened, made a jump throwing Heck and the seat out and then ran away with the rig and cans, throwing the cans out. He ran within one-half mile of Gagetown. Mr. Heck escaped without injury. The rig was not broken and the only damage was the spilling of the milk which does not amount to much as everything else came out all right.

Dr. Loyal Ford's Dyspeptic Cure is a cure, not a mere relief for indigestion. It digests the food and makes the stomach right. T. H. Fritz, Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston.

Untortured a Witness.
Intense suffering was endured by witness T. L. Martin, of Dixie, Ky., before he gave this evidence: "I conghed every night until my throat was nearly raw; then tried Dr. King's New Discovery which gave instant relief. I have used it in my family for four years and recommend it as the greatest remedy for Coughs, Colds, and all Throat, Chest and Lung troubles. It will stop the worst cough, and not only prevents but absolutely cures Consumption, 50c and \$1.00. Every bottle guaranteed. Trial bottle free at T. H. Fritz's Drug Store."

I consider it not only a pleasure but a duty I owe to my neighbors to tell about the wonderful cure effected in my case by the timely use of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. I was taken very badly with flux and procured a bottle of this remedy. A few doses of it effected a permanent cure. I take pleasure in recommending it to others suffering from that dreadful disease. J. W. LYNOT, Dorr, W. Va. This remedy is sold at Bond's Drug Store.

A new peach pest has made its appearance in the western part of the state, that is doing much damage to the peach orchards. The new insect is a long slender fly with yellow stripes across its back, that pierces the buds, and is believed to be one of the greatest pests that has ever infested peach orchards. As this insect is entirely new to old peach men, specimens have been sent to the experiment station at Lansing.

A Woman's Awful Peril.
"There is only one chance to save your life and that is through an operation!" were the startling words heard by Mrs. L. B. Hunt of Lime Ridge, Wis., from her doctor after he had vainly tried to cure her of a frightful case of stomach trouble and yellow jaundice. Gall stones had formed and she constantly grew worse. Then she began to use Electric Bitters which wholly cured her. It's a wonderful Stomach, Liver and Kidney remedy. Cures Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite. Try it. Only 50 cents. Guaranteed. For sale by T. H. Fritz, Druggist.

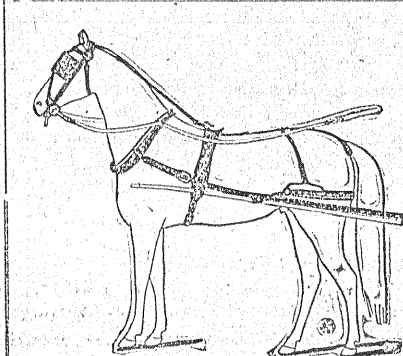
Ask Your Grocer for UANDI TEA

SOLD BY ALL FIRST-CLASS DEALERS.

IN SEALED PACKAGES ONLY—PURE AND FRAGRANT.

"IT COSTS NO MORE—TRY IT"

H. B. FAIRWEATHER, Agent.



HARNESS

Made to order.

Collars

To order and Guaranteed to give satisfaction.

A full line of Whips, Sweat Pads, Lap Spreads, etc. on hand.

Hear Ye!

Hear Ye!

Farmers!

We are too busy to come and see you nor can we afford to send a man to see you, we sell goods too cheap, so you get the benefit by buying of us at the old stand. We have the

Largest Stock,

Most Repairs,

Best Goods.

Everything in Farm Implements.

Come and see.

J. H. STRIFFLER & CO.

W. Fallis

Gillies Building.

Cass City Bank.

AUTEN & SEELEY, Props.

J. F. SEELEY, I. B. AUTEN, Caro, Mich. Cass City, Mich.

Established 1882.

A General Banking Business Transacted.

Foreign Exchange Bought and Sold.

Drafts issued payable in any Country in the World.

Money loaned on Real Estate. Collections a Specialty.

C. W. MCKENZIE, Cashier.

Real Estate FOR SALE.

80 ACRES in Novesta township, 30 acres cleared, small house; 2 miles from Deford; Price \$1,200; one-half down; balance on easy terms.

160 ACRES adjoining Cass City; one of the best farms in the Thumb. Offered for a limited time at \$45 per acre.

80 ACRES seven miles from Cass City; fifty acres improved; good frame house, small stable. It goes for \$800.

40 ACRES, 25 cleared, 15 acres wheat, small frame house and stable, Grant township; \$500 takes it. Will take pair of heavy horses as part payment.

40 ACRES in section 8, Novesta, 3 miles from Cass City. Ten acres green timber. Price \$200.

40 ACRES in section 9, Novesta, 3 miles from Cass City. Ten acres green timber. Price \$200.

60 Acres in Evergreen township, 35 acres cleared, 10 acres green timber. Good buildings and only one mile from F. O. and church. Price reasonable.

80 ACRES, eight and one half miles from Cass City; good frame house, horse barn and granary; first-class fences; two acres timber Price \$1800. Would take village property in arpy payment.

McKenzie & Co.

Helps for Garden Making.

Useful things for the kitchen.—We're known by our tools.—A keen edge at a keen price. All of these are found at our store.

We are well Stocked

In the following lines and solicit your trade.



Poultry Netting,
Paints and Glass,
Tinware and Graniteware,
Screen Doors and Windows,
Galvanized Iron Goods,
Screen Wire,
Wringers and Wash Tubs,
Sprayers of all kinds.

N. Bigelow & Son.

White Lily Flour

Makes Bread that is lightest, Rolls that are daintiest, Cake the Choicest, Pies that would Please a Dyspeptic, and pastry that melts in your mouth—All out of the same barrel. A thorough test will convince you. Made only at

Cass City Roller Mills.

C. W. HELLER, Prop

My Stock of....

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

For 1900 year business is now complete. Below I renumerate some desirable values.

Dry Goods Dept.

Ingren all wool Carpets.....40 to 65c per yard
Ingren Cotton Carpet.....25 to 40c
Heavy Carpet.....20 to 30c
Velvet Explainer and Tapestry Brussels at remarkably low prices.
Carpet Trimmings.....\$1.00 to \$1.25 roll
Oil Cloth Patterns, Oil Cloth and Oil Cloth Linoleum at low prices.

New Spring Styles

In Coats, Capes, Wrappers, Skirts and Ladies' Underwear.
My prices on Wrappers.....75c to \$1.00
Skirts.....\$1.00 to \$1.25

Shoe Department.

I have the celebrated Julia Marlowe Shoe, it fits the foot when all others fail.
Men's Sealless Shoe.....\$2.00 to \$2.50
Men's Flow Shoe.....1.00 to 2.00
Men's Rubber Boots with leather insoles. They sell at sight.

Stove Department.

I have a few cast Cooking Stoves at the old price, get them at once while they last.

J. L. HITCHCOCK.

Three Story Brick.

LANDON, ENO & KEATING

MANUFACTURERS OF

Sash, Blinds, Doors, Flooring, Siding, Mouldings, Lath, Shingles, Etc. Bee supplies of all kinds.

OUR SPECIAL STONE SILLS

For Windows and Doors.

Contracting and Building given prompt attention. Cass City, Mich.

High Grade.....

BUGGIES AND WAGONS

at low prices. Do not fail to see them before you buy elsewhere.

Horseshoeing a Special Feature.

All kinds of repair work given prompt attention. Give us your work and your orders for new goods.

H. S. WICKWARE.

Mrs. Chas. Reiser, of this township, has of late been subject to flights of fancy to that extent that her neighbors and friends allege that she is approaching an insane condition. A desire to do something out of the ordinary took possession of the woman on Wednesday, her wrath being centered on some chickens and a war of extermination was commenced. The method of torture was to stuff the hens' throats with rags and 12 chickens were killed in this manner before the woman was detected; several were also drowned in a creek. Steps are being taken to determine the extent of the insane malady affecting the woman.—Harbor Beach Times.

I reckon not the seasons,
Nor the years that come and go,
Life's an all-around pleasure to me,
Since taking Rocky Mountain Tea.

"After suffering from piles for fifteen years I was cured by using two boxes of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve," writes W. J. Baxter, North Brook, N. C. Beware of counterfeits, Bond's Drug Store.

John Arnold and Bert Evans, owners of the Mayville grocery stock which was burned with the Markham buildings were arrested by Sheriff Blinn and taken to Caro, charged with being implicated in the burning of the buildings. They will be tried at the next term of court.

Golden weddings are taking place all over the country. The old couples evidently took Rocky Mountain Tea in their young days. 35c.

"After suffering from severe dyspepsia over twelve years and using many remedies without permanent good I finally took Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. It did me so much good I recommend it to everyone," writes J. E. Watkins, Clerk and Recorder, Chillicothe, Mo. It digests what you eat. Bond's Drug Store.

Rev. Sam. Bettes, well known around this part of Michigan, is up in the copper country stirring the people up. On Tuesday one of the justices issued 30 warrants on Sam's complaint and 20 more will be issued at Calumet. Bettes charges them with keeping their saloons open on Sunday and he proposes to make them observe the law or suffer the consequences.—Crowsell Jeffersonian.

THE FARMER'S BEST FRIEND is the HORSE. The horse's best friend is Holden's 48-Hour Condition Powder. It is the BEST on the market and you get 2 pounds for 25 cents.

The easiest and most effective method of purifying the blood and invigorating the system is to take DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills for cleansing the liver bowels. Bond's Drug Store.

A rumor was afloat some months ago that there was a probability of extensive stone quarries being opened in the vicinity of Caseville. It now develops that the property is owned by a concern which has other stone quarries, turning out stone similar in quality, and more centrally located for shipping. The conclusion is therefore drawn that the opening of the Caseville quarry is indefinitely postponed.

"DeWitt's Little Early Risers, are the finest pills I ever used,"—D. J. Moore, Millbrook, Ala. They quickly cure all liver and bowal troubles. Bond's Drug Store.

An Epidemic of Whooping Cough.

Last winter during an epidemic of whooping cough my children contracted the disease, having severe coughing spells. We had used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy very successfully for a long time and naturally turned to it at that time and found it relieved the cough and effected a complete cure.—JOHN E. CLIFFORD, Proprietor Norwood House, Norwood, N. Y. This remedy is for sale at Bond's Drug Store.

The free rural delivery routes radiating from this place, which have been hanging fire for some weeks, in all probability will now soon be established. Mr. F. P. Roberts, state superintendent of free rural delivery, is here, and yesterday, in company with Postmaster Stark, went over the route north, and today is taking in the route south.—Vassar Pioneer.

W. S. Musser, Millheim, Pa., save the life of his little girl by giving her One Minute Cough Cure when she was lying from croup. It is the only harmless remedy that gives immediate results. It quickly cures coughs, colds, bronchitis, grippe, asthma and all throat and lung troubles. Bond's Drug Store.

A Keen Clear Brain.
Your best feelings, your social position or business success depend largely on the perfect action of your Stomach and Liver. Dr. King's New Life Pills give increased strength, a keen, clear brain, high ambition. A 25 cents box will make you feel like a new being. Sold by T. H. Fritz Druggist.

Marshal A. P. Robinson arrested Chas. Shafter, John Scott and Sam. Bull for building a fire near Billiard's mill and took them before Justice Evans. As the evidence was not sufficient to convict, they were discharged with orders to leave town. Sam. Butler was arrested Monday on an old charge and taken before Justice Lyons, of Vassar and sentenced to five years in the house of correction. The other boys have not yet been found.—Millington Gazette.

WHAT IS THE SENSE of paying 50 and 57 cents a pound for condition powders when you can get 2 pounds of Holden's 48-Hour Condition Powder for 25 cents and it's GUARANTEED TO BE AS GOOD AS THE BEST.

WOULDN'T BE A BARONESS.

An American Woman Who Didn't Want a Castle in Germany.

Much has been said and written of American heiresses who "set their caps" for foreign titles, but for the first time an American girl has refused to leave her native country and become a baroness.

Mrs. Otto von Schaezler of Davenport is the one who preferred to retain that democratic simplicity which seems to be waning from the American character. In 1181 Otto von Schaezler resigned his lieutenantancy of dragons in the German army and came to this country. He was the eldest son of Baron von Schaezler, whose estates surround the Schloss Vornbach, near Munich. The son came to this country to make



his own way in the world. He was married to Miss Mabel Caniff at Toluca, Ill., in 1895. The young man secured employment as a clerk in a large railroad office and later as shipping clerk for a coal company. Last summer he received word that his father was dead. He left at once for Germany. His wife announced her preference for a small little home in America to an estate and a baronetcy in Germany. The young man returned to his old home in Germany, proved his title to the baronial estates, relinquished his title to a baronetcy to his younger brother, according to his wife's wishes, but returns to the United States with a fortune. Mrs. von Schaezler is an unusually attractive brunette and, with her fascinating manner, would have graced the position of baroness.

The Empress Not a Housekeeper.

The empress of Germany has been represented as above all things a good housekeeper and absorbed in domestic management. This is now denied. It is said the empress has so little to do with the palace housekeeping that she delegates to the emperor the daily task of receiving the official whose duty it is to supervise it. It was the Empress Frederick who first took personal charge of the Prussian royal establishment. The greatest extravagance and waste had prevailed before her time, but she and her practical husband effected sweeping reforms. Their example is followed by the present emperor, who never gives the simplest dinner party without first calculating the exact cost per guest. The emperor's little daughter is receiving a careful education in all domestic branches, but the empress takes no interest in any except dressmaking. Most of her own and her daughter's dresses are cut and made under her supervision. A large staff of needlewomen is employed, and one French or Viennese model gown is often copied in a number of different colors and fabrics.—Boston Woman's Journal.

Not Wasted on Her.

This happened to the wife of a well known merchant who is rather conspicuous for his devotion to the church. His spouse, dressing one Sunday morning, got into a waist that more than put Joseph's coat in the shade. She was conscious of the color scheme, but decided to ask her husband's and her father's opinions before wearing the garment to church. They agreed, poor men, that she was delightfully dressed and that the waist could hardly be improved upon.

So they went to church, the wife with secret misgivings, which, as the case turned out, were well enough founded, for they were no sooner seated in Grace Episcopal church than the Rev. Dr. Worthington gave out the text. "We will read," the reverend rector said, "from the gospel of St. Matthew, the sixteenth chapter and eighth verse, 'To what purpose is this waste?'"

The good woman collapsed in her pew and never raised her head during the remaining portion of the service.—Philadelphia Times.

Billiards at Women's Clubs.

The latest demand of the clubwoman is for billiards, and the Sandringham club, in Dover street, has duly added a billiard room for the convenience of its members. The marker is a well known champion player, whose time is now fully occupied in teaching enthusiastic lady novices, although quite a number of members are already expert players. The room is fitted up in the most approved fashion, and should it be necessary, another room equally large and convenient is only waiting to be converted into a similar place of recreation. The same rules as those of a man's club are followed, though the members are not allowed to introduce gentlemen as visitors, a restriction which does not apply to the dining or drawing rooms or, better still, to the winter garden, for this, inclosed in glass, cozily warmed and luxuriously furnished, is a favorite spot where dozens of little tea parties are held daily and where, after luncheon or dinner parties, the gentlemen guests retire for a smoke.—London Leader.

Ex-President Cleveland on College Training.

Ex-President Cleveland, in the forthcoming College Mans' Number of The Saturday Evening Post, discusses the oft-asked question: Does a College Education Pay? and makes out a strong case in favor of giving a young man the advantages of a university training.

Other contributors to this special double number are: President Patton of Princeton; President Jordan, of Leeland Stanford; President Butler, of Colby; President Angell, of Michigan, and President McClure, of Lake Forest. The fiction features are by Ian MacLaren, Jesse Lynch Williams, Charles M. Alden, Stanley Waterloo and W. L. Alden.

The College Mans' Number of The Saturday Evening Post will be on all news-stands May 24.

Now is The Time

To have your Eyes Tested and fitted with SPECTACLES as it will help you in doing your

Spring's work and Housecleaning



I have a fine line of the latest designs in Belt Buckles at 20c and 25c each.

Pulley Buckles 50 and 75c

Call and examine my stock before buying.
Yours Truly,

J. F. Hendrick

New Man at the Helm

at the

Old McKim Stand.

Having purchased the business of E. McKim am now prepared to do all kinds of

WOODWORK and BLACKSMITHING

And to satisfy all. Competent workmen and right prices. Also hold the right to manufacture and sell the

McKim Patent Rack.

DANA LOSEY.

Fruit Season is here

We are receiving STRAW-BERRIES every day by express. Leave your orders and they will be delivered as soon as express is in daily.

Plants

I have a large stock of Tomatoes Celery and other varieties on hand, also a fine line of House Plants all in bloom. Leave your order for what you want and I will try and get it for you if I haven't the kind you want.

Groceries

Our stock is complete. Try our Can Goods, Teas, Coffees, Spices, Rice, Raisins, Prunes, Sugars, etc. Largest stock of Cigars and Tobaccos in the Thumb.

H.B. FAIRWEATHER

DON'T BE FOOLED!

The market is being flooded with worthless imitations of ROCKY MOUNTAIN TEA. To protect the public we call special attention to our trade mark, printed on every package. Demand the genuine. For Sale by all Druggists.

HELLO JOHN!



Where are you going?

I am going to P. S. RICE'S to get some of those new

Canned Goods

That he has just received for they are fresh and all right. Wait and will go with you for I see he has got

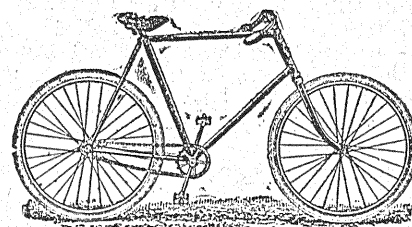
Peaches,
Tomatoes,
Sugar Corn,
Sweet Peas,
Salmon,
Table Salad,

Pickles,
Lunch Oysters,
Bottled Mustard,
Prunes,
Snow flaked Cod Fish,
Heron.

Which are all fresh and prices right. Highest price paid for Butter and Eggs. Goods delivered in town.

P. S. RICE,
Dry Goods and Groceries.

There is no Mystery About a



To-day as there was a few years ago. When they were a new thing, the horses were afraid of them. If there should be anything about a wheel you do not understand

COME RIGHT IN

And we will gladly explain. We do not want you to be afraid of it. We can be of great service to you in making a selection. Come in let me show you a

National, Crescent, Yale, or Cavilier,

With a new two piece Hanger, 2 1/2 inch drop, internal expander, flush joints throughout, Indianapolis Chain, No. 1 Saddle and Pedals, \$25 on honest machine for.....
Also have 7 second hand Wheels will sell at extremely low prices from \$8.50 to \$12.50 all in good running order. Complete line of Sundries Caps, Sweaters and Golf Hose, sold for cash or easy payments.

Repairing Done.

A. A. HITCHCOCK.



National Marble Works.

All Kinds of

MONUMENTS AND HEADSTONES

Works Under Town Hall.

Marble and Iron Fencing

When in need of anything in our line secure our prices before ordering.

HILL & PARENT.

Cass City Meat Market.

Buying fat Cattle, Sheep, Hogs and Veal Calves also Hides, Tallow and Sheep Pelts. Bring in what Poultry you want to dispose of now as the price is right. Last years Chickens 7c and old hens and roosters 6c per lb. Buy any day. Retail prices at our market:

Pork Chop.....	10c	Rib Beef.....	6 and 7c
Side Pork.....	10c	Shoulder Cuts.....	8c
Shoulder.....	9c	Rump Beef.....	8c
Fresh Hams.....	10c	Brisket.....	5c
Salt Pork.....	8 to 9c	Shanks Beef.....	25c
Corn Beef.....	6 to 10c	Round Steak.....	12c
Veal.....	8 to 15c	Sirloin.....	13c
Smoked Hams.....	12 1/2c	Porter House.....	14c
Smoked Bacon.....	12c		

We are selling Hams, THE GENUINE, not picnic Hams, for LESS THAN you could buy them at WHOLESALE. Get one now. ALSO BACON at wholesale. We have on hand a full line of COLD LUNCH GOODS. Boiled Ham, Dry Beef, Chipped, Pickled Pigs' Feet, Tripe, Tongue, Sausages of all kinds, our own make, Pressed Corn Beef and Pressed Meats. We try out our own lard and sell it at 10c, 3 lb. pack 33c, 5 lb. pack 50c.

W. C. Janks & Co.

MICHIGAN NEWS SUMMARY.

Doings of the Week Recorded in a Brief Style.

CONCISE AND INTERESTING.

The Sutton Case has been postponed until the 15th owing to the illness of a Juror—Col. Smith Denies Forgery Gen. Case's Signature.

Defense of Col. Sutton.
In anticipation of Elliott G. Stevenson's opening address to the jury in behalf of Col. Sutton there was a large audience present when circuit court convened on the afternoon of the 7th. Capt. Atkinson and Juror Brown had both recovered sufficiently to be in court, and it is not anticipated that there will be any further delay on account of either. Mrs. Atkinson was with her husband and remained through the afternoon session. In his address to the jury Attorney Stevenson outlined the defense of his client. He made a most powerful address, showing in detail where Sutton obtained that \$3,200. The story of Sutton's life was carefully reviewed, and at the conclusion of Mr. Stevenson's address Capt. Atkinson moved that the respondent be discharged because of technical irregularities in the indictment and other proceedings. This was overruled, and the case was adjourned for the day to accommodate Fred A. Baker to argue the motion for a new trial in the Marsh case.

Col. Smith Denies Forgery Accusation.
The defense in the Sutton case showed their hand in two important matters on the 8th. The first was that Sutton was paid \$1,000 in currency by a client during his visit in New York in October, this accounting for the \$935 deposited by him on Oct. 9, and the other was the claim that Col. H. A. Smith prepared the minutes of the record of the alleged fraudulent special meeting of the military board held in Grand Rapids on July 17, and forged the signature of Gen. Case as president of the board to this record. Papers were produced in evidence that proved beyond doubt that the retainer fee received by Col. Sutton from Chas. M. Dally, representative of the Remington Arms Co., was \$1,000. The entire day was occupied by the defense on these two questions.

Col. Smith's Story Attacked.
The prosecution furnished several surprises in the Sutton trial on the 9th, Col. Smith testifying to some important conversations with Col. Sutton and the latter's attorney, Elliott G. Stevenson, no mention of which was made in the Marsh trial, because of a desire to keep them in the background for this trial, or because they would not have been admissible as against Marsh. The conversation with Sutton related in part to an effort to get Smith to leave the city so as to escape the grand jury, and in part to the alleged plan of calling a special session of the legislature for the purpose of impeaching Judge Person and Prosecutor Tuttle and thereby putting an end to the grand jury. Col. Smith started in with a continuation of his story as to the sale of the military stores on hand and the purchase of others. The defense early objected to his telling of conversations with White in the absence of Sutton, and Judge Wiest stated to the jury that this evidence was admitted on the understanding that the prosecutor was to show a conspiracy with which Sutton was connected before completing the case; otherwise all this testimony was to be excluded and this was done by the jury. It was in August that White told Smith that Sutton and Marsh were connected with him in the military deal, and the witness told of his visit to White's office on Sept. 12, a couple of hours before he was married, and how White called him back as he was leaving the office and handed him a check for \$600, saying that it was a wedding gift from Marsh, Sutton and himself, each sharing equally. The entire day was occupied in the examination of Smith, and the cross examination will be concluded on the 10th.

Trial Postponed—Juror Sick.
There was no session of court on the 10th, owing to the illness of one of the jurors, Fred Brown, of Mason.

Again Postponed.
The Sutton trial was again adjourned on the 11th, owing to the illness of Juror Brown. Adjournment was taken until the 15th.

Miss Lottie Petheroff, of Reed City, had her hands and arms terribly burned by the igniting of gasoline by friction while she was cleaning a pair of gloves.

The banks at Cedar Springs and Rockford, which were both owned by Frank L. Fuller, of the former place, have been closed up to satisfy a \$10,000 mortgage. Manager Peck, who conducted the Rockford bank, is blamed for the misfortune. The whole farming community of Kent county and financiers generally are affected by the sudden closing of the banks.

Col. N. M. Richardson, who was several weeks ago relieved from duty in the adjutant-general's office, although permitted to retain his commission, resigned as assistant adjutant-general, and was given an honorable discharge, on the 5th. John Atkinson is his successor.

Rural free mail delivery will be established at the following places on May 14: Fowlerville, Livingston county, length of route, 24 miles; area covered, 40 square miles; population served, 855; Vernon, Shiawassee county, length of route, 25 1/2 miles; area covered, 35 square miles; population served, 725.

Primary School Money Distributed.
The 30th semi-annual apportionment of primary school interest money was made by Superintendent of Public Instruction Hammond on the 10th. There are 712,389 children of school age, between 5 and 20 years, included in the apportionment, and the total amount apportioned is \$356,194.50, the rate being 50 cents per capita. The following shows the sum each county will receive:

Alcona, \$985; Alger, \$689; Allegan, \$6,039; Alpena, \$3,389.50; Antrim, \$2,298.50; Arenac, \$1,659; Baraga, \$698.50; Barry, \$3,203.50; Bay, \$10,757; Benzie, \$1,373.50; Berrien, \$6,900; Branch, \$2,403; Calhoun, \$3,901; Cass, \$2,865; Charlevoix, \$2,103; Cheboygan, \$2,575.50; Chippewa, \$2,609.50; Clare, \$1,323; Clinton, \$3,620; Crawford, \$315; Delta, \$3,215; Dickinson, \$2,707; Eaton, \$4,107.50; Emmet, \$1,930.50; Genesee, \$5,506; Gladwin, \$1,059.50; Gogebic, \$2,074; Grand Traverse, \$2,903.50; Gratiot, \$4,588; Hillsdale, \$3,831.50; Houghton, \$9,249; Huron, \$6,356.50; Ingham, \$5,435; Ionia, \$4,737.50; Iosco, \$1,765.50; Iron, \$987; Isabella, \$3,726; Jackson, \$5,917; Kalamazoo, \$5,400; Kalkaska, \$923; Kent, \$19,310.50; Keweenaw, \$391.50; Lake, \$790.50; Leapeer, \$4,415.50; Leelanau, \$1,782; Lenape, \$5,499.50; Livingston, \$2,715.50; Lapeer, \$3,909; Mackinac, \$1,153; Macomb, \$5,378.50; Manistee, \$1,749; Marquette, \$6,293; Mason, \$3,133; Mecosta, \$3,645; Menominee, \$4,433; Midland, \$2,498.50; Missaukee, \$1,335; Monroe, \$3,360.50; Montcalm, \$5,393; Montmorency, \$443.50; Muskegon, \$6,239; Newaygo, \$3,015.50; Oakland, \$5,583.50; Oceana, \$2,735.50; Ogemaw, \$1,334.50; Ontonagon, \$614.50; Oscoda, \$2,916.50; Oscoda, \$154.50; Otsego, \$833; Ottawa, \$6,838; Presque Isle, \$1,767.50; Roscommon, \$1,860.50; Saginaw, \$13,357; St. Clair, \$3,734.50; St. Joseph, \$3,164; Sanilac, \$6,281; Schoolcraft, \$1,005.50; Shiawassee, \$4,528; Tuscola, \$5,803; Van Buren, \$4,737.50; Washtenaw, \$5,531; Wayne, \$49,599.50; Wexford, \$2,519.50.

Weekly Crop Report.
The weekly crop bulletin of the Michigan weather service says that generally the week has been frosty and dry. Very light showers have occurred in scattered localities and a wet snow in some others. Cold drying winds prevailed during most days and heavy frosts on the last three nights of the week. Fortunately vegetation was not far enough advanced so that much damage would result. In a few cases damage to straw berries is reported, but so far as known at present no damage was done to fruit. It has been too dry for rye and clover to make much progress, although some improvement is noticeable. Wheat continues in very poor condition and many farmers are plowing it up. The dry weather has been favorable to the spread of forest fires, which have prevailed extensively and done considerable damage during the past 10 days. Field work has progressed steadily. Oat seeding is nearing completion in most counties of the lower peninsula and is quite generally begun in the upper peninsula. In the extreme southern counties oats have germinated nicely, but generally the weather is too cold for much growth. Pastures have improved so that considerable stock has been turned out.

Detroit Truck Drivers Strike.
The trouble between the truck drivers and the Detroit Cartage association, comprising all the cartage companies in Detroit, was brought to a head on the 8th, when the 33 teamsters employed by the Ferguson company quit work. As soon as this was made known to the other companies their men were ordered to take out trucks to assist the Ferguson people in delivering freight. The men refused to obey and all the companies ordered the trucks back to the barns, locked the barns and the men were temporarily out of a job. This was in accordance with the association's program, of which the employees had received due notice. The strikers immediately notified the merchants that they would move everything from the freight house with their own teams. The cartage companies say that it will be impossible for the strikers to handle freight of any bulk, whatever, as the trucks they have are mostly single and light ones. All other goods will be obliged to remain in the depot, and according to an agreement signed by all the railroad companies last January after 24 hours' storage rates will be charged.

School Land for Sale.
Sixty-five hundred acres of re-examination and re-appraised primary school land were restored to market on the 10th by being offered at public auction at the state land office. Not a single bid was received, but it is expected that the lands will be in demand at private sale to which they are now subject. They are located in the counties of Oceana, Newaygo, Iosco and Ogemaw.

Disease in Michigan.
Reports to the state board of health show that neuralgia, bronchitis, rheumatism, influenza and tonsillitis in the order named caused most of the sickness in Michigan during the past week. Cerebro-spinal meningitis was reported at 6 places; smallpox, 17; whooping cough, 15; diphtheria, 17; typhoid fever, 17; scarlet fever, 74; measles, 108, and consumption, 155.

Will Take a Boat Ride.
Secretary Neal, of the Eastern Michigan Press club, has arranged for a boat ride up the Detroit river on one of the White Star Line steamers on the occasion of the club's Detroit meeting on July 13. The party will board the boat at 3.30 p. m. and will have a session on the boat, returning to Detroit at 8 o'clock. The programme will be mixed with music and readings.

Washington Gardiner will deliver the Memorial Day address at the congressional cemetery in Washington.

High Masonry.
The Scottish Rite Masons, of Detroit, are to have a reunion June 4, 5, 6 and 7 which will be a memorable event in the history of high grade Masonry in the state. There are over 100 candidates who will come from all parts of the state to receive the degrees, from the 4th to the 33d inclusive. This branch of Masonry, which is said to be magnificent in its ritualistic forms and ceremonies, has grown more rapidly than any other during the past few years, and is destined to still greater and more rapid growth. The candidates who are to take the degrees at this session comprise leading and professional men from all parts of the state, and during the next three weeks it is predicted that at least 50 more applications will come in. The music for the occasion will be rendered by the highest talent of the city, and a small army of singers and players have been engaged. This branch of Masonry is said to be now open to all Master Masons from any part of the state.

MICHIGAN NEWS ITEMS.

Manistee suffered a fire loss of \$2,000 on the 6th.

Springport, Jackson county, will have rural free delivery service.

Work on the new dam and bridge over the St. Joseph river will be commenced at once.

Manistee is to have a new bank to be known as the First National. It is capitalized at \$35,000.

The Macabees of Franklin, have commenced the erection of a new temple to be 25x44 feet in size.

A class of 60 was confirmed in the Sacred Heart church, Bad Axe, on the 6th by Bishop Foley, of Detroit.

Mt. Pleasant has sold \$10,000 worth of 4 per cent water extension bonds to a Cincinnati firm at a premium of \$142.

Farmers in the vicinity of Berrien Springs say that wheat will only be one-fourth of a crop this season. Many are plowing it up.

The difference between the coal miners and operators in the Bay district are all settled and the men have gone to work. The compromise rate is 93 cents a ton.

At a special election in Capac it was decided to purchase a chemical engine and accessories, at an expense of \$2,300. At present the town has no fire protection.

Wheat and clover fields are looking very poorly in Jackson county. Wheat has mostly been killed by insects and clover was badly heaved by the early thawing and freezing.

Quartermaster-General Atkinson on the 10th stated it as his opinion that no state encampment would be held this year owing to the refusal of troops to waive their per diem pay.

A prisoner recently lodged in the county jail at Mason was taken sick, and an examination showed he had a well developed case of smallpox. He was removed to the pest house.

John Ryland, of Benton Harbor, on the 7th was a hod carrier, but the day following he was a capitalist. An uncle in Chicago had died and left him half of an estate valued at \$70,000.

A new law recently passed at Muskegon will not allow boys under 21 to go in a saloon. The saloons are to be closely watched, and any saloonkeeper violating the law will be arrested and vigorously prosecuted.

Work is being rushed on the section of the Detroit-Toledo electric line lying between Monroe and Toledo. A large force of graders and bridge builders are at work, and the first delivery of rails will soon be made.

George Knaggs owns a farm near Maybee, and most of it is under cultivation. The remarkable part of it is that the work on the farm is all done by Mr. Knaggs himself, who is 93 years old. He is remarkably well preserved, and is the father of 13 children.

A peculiar freak of the heavy wind storm on the 6th was the picking up bodily by the wind of several sections of a rail fence on the farm of William McCutcheon, about two miles south of Rogers City, carrying them away and nearly depositing them in the field some 30 rods from their former location without displacing a single rail.

The motion for a new trial for Gen. Marsh, which was argued on the 7th, was denied by Judge Wiest on the 9th, in an opinion in which it was held that, having accepted the jury, the defense was in no shape to now object to the manner in which it was drawn, and further that the defense had a list of jurors 14 days before the term of court commenced, and, therefore, had ample time in which to look up their qualifications and the manner in which they were drawn.

A dispatch from Traverse City, dated May 7, says: Forest fires are raging in all directions about north and south of this place. A pall of smoke hangs over Traverse City, and cinders are blown into the city from fires to the south. Unless rain comes soon farmers and lumbermen will lose very heavily. Near Williamsburg, a vast tract of hardwood timber is doomed to destruction, and wood is being destroyed by the hundreds of cords. Near Barker Creek small armies of men are continually fighting the flames in night and day reliefs.

Jos. Shuler, a Saginaw convict doing five years at Jackson for larceny, attempted to escape by way of the prison hospital, which is in the tower, 50 feet from the ground. He was given liberties and made a rope from a number of sheets, which he attached to the window sill and swung himself out. His improvised rope broke and he fell to the cell block roof, bounded off and fell head foremost to the ground. His upper jaw was crushed and he was injured internally, but he managed to go half a mile to a farm house before he fell in a swoon and taken back to the prison.

The United Fruit Co. is going to immediately expend over \$500,000 on sugar plantations in Cuba. The output, which is expected to be 1,000 barrels a day, will, it is said, revolutionize the sugar industry of the West Indies.

A premeditated attack was made upon two camps of the Wei Hai Wei boundary commission May 5. Maj. Penrose and four men of the Chinese regiment were wounded. The attacking party was repulsed with the loss of 30 men killed. The disturbances are due to Chinese officials working on the credibility of the natives.

TICKINGS OF THE TELEGRAPH

News of the Day as Told Over the Slender Wires.

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN NEWS

Jas. Jeffries Still Holds the Championship Honors Having Defeated Jas. Corbett in Another Hard Fought Battle—Roller Maker was too Strong

How the New Act Affects Puerto Ricans
The administration bureau of statistics has of late been busy figuring out exactly what the people of Puerto Rico will have to pay in the way of revenue, by reason of the passage of the recent act. The following are the rates of duty which will be collected under the new law on the more important articles entering Puerto Rico from the United States:

Flour, free of duty; corn, 2 1/4c. per bushel; bacon, free of duty; corn-meal, 3c. per bushel; rice, free of duty; oatmeal, 1 1/2c. per pound; oats, 2 1/4c. per bushel; pork, free of duty; dried apples, 1 pound valued at 6c. 3 mills; codfish, free of duty; brooms, valued at \$1.20 per dozen, on each broom, 6 mills; mutton, free of duty; candles, on one pound valued at 5c. 1 1/2 mills; fresh beef, free of duty; coal, bituminous, per ton, 10c.; coopers' wares and wood, cut, for making casks for sugar or molasses, free of duty; cotton cloth, unbleached, on 1 yard valued at 8c. 3 mills; on 1 yard valued at 10c. 4 mills; on 1 yard valued at 12c. 8 mills; bags for sugar, free of duty; machinery, making and refining sugar, free of duty; wine, Nos. 13-16, per pound, 2 1/2 mills; plows, free of duty; nails, cut, per pound, 9-10 of 1 mill; hoes, free of duty; wire nails, per pound, 1 1/2 mills; machetes, free of duty; steel bars, per pound, 9-10 of 1 mill; agricultural implements, not machinery, free of duty; boots and shoes, on one pair valued at \$1. 3 1/2 cents; hatches, free of duty; india rubber boots and shoes, on one pair valued at 50c. 2 1/4 cents; cotton thread, on each dozen spools of 200 yards, valued at 26c. 1 1/2 cents; clocks, valued at \$1. 6 cents; rough lumber, free of duty; carpets, valued at 35c. per yard, on each carpet, 2 1/2 cents; modern school furniture, free of duty; dried herring, per pound, 1 mill; writing paper on each valued at 17c. 8 mills; lard on each pound valued at 6c. 3 mills; butter, on each pound valued at 14c. 6 mills; soap, on each pound valued at 10c. 3 mills; lime, free of duty; beans, per bushel, 6 7/10 cents; household furniture, on each dollar's value, 5 2/10 cents; harness and saddlery, on each dollar's value, 6 7/10 cents; earthenware, common, on each dollar's value, 3 7/10 cents; china, white, on each dollar's value, 8 2/10 cents; glassware, common, on each dollar's value, 6 7/10 cents.

In addition to this the entire free list, of course, of the Dingley law applies to Puerto Rico, except as to coffee, on which the Puerto Rican act levies a special duty in the interest of coffee growers of the island.

Corbett Knocked Out in the 23d Round.

In the fastest, prettiest and closest heavyweight ring battle ever fought in New York, Jas. J. Jeffries has re-affirmed his right to the championship. In the arena of the Seaside Sporting Club, Coney Island, on the 11th, he decisively defeated Jim Corbett, once champion of the world himself, after 22 rounds of scientific fighting. It was a clean knockout that came so quickly that it dazed the thousands of keen, alert, intent spectators and left them in doubt as to just how the winning blow was delivered. It was avowed that it was a left hand jolt to the jaw, but Jeffries himself and Referee White, who stood at his side, say it was a right hand swing. There is credit for the victor and credit for the vanquished in this clearest of ring battles. Jeffries must be awarded the laurels of victory yet his opponent is entitled to all honor for his most wonderful fight. That feature of the contest stands out in relief as the most striking one of the battle.

Locusts Destroy Vegetation at Troy.

A report comes from Troy, Berrien county, that millions of locusts alighted in that section on the 6th and devastated the land of all vegetation. The insects were yellow and green with long, jumping legs and big heads. The insects pelted everything they came in contact with. Animals in the fields swung themselves around and stood with lowered heads, taking the storm upon their backs and flanks. In two places they had so peppered a vast area that its color and character were entirely altered. In an incredibly short time the insects had eaten up every green thing, and after the grass and leaves were devoured, in their hunger they ate the bark of shrubs and trees. When they arose from the soil or from any clump of trees, the place they quitted had a barren and wintry aspect.

A strike is on at the Bigelow copper mines, near Calumet.

A three-story brick building in the centre of the business section of Kansas City, collapsed on the afternoon of the 7th and seven persons were more or less injured.

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A premeditated attack was made upon two camps of the Wei Hai Wei boundary commission May 5. Maj. Penrose and four men of the Chinese regiment were wounded. The attacking party was repulsed with the loss of 30 men killed. The disturbances are due to Chinese officials working on the credibility of the natives.

TRANSVAAL WAR ITEMS.

The official closing of the 1899 volksraad, which broke up unofficially in September last, took place at Pretoria on the 7th. The vacant seats of Gen. Joubert and Gen. De Kock and others were filled with flowers. In the prayer of the chaplain an allusion to Gen. Joubert moved many to tears. After the prayer the raad adjourned to the afternoon, when the session of 1900 was inaugurated. President Kruger arrived in the state carriage with the usual escort. All the diplomats and foreign attaches were present.

The British column, 3,000 strong, has arrived at Vryburg, 100 miles from Mafeking. It reached there on the 10th, and, though harassed by the Boers, is pushing swiftly forward. Fifty miles south of Vryburg, at Taungs, is Gen. Hunter's main body, moving slowly and contending with considerable forces. The pick of his mounted men are the 3,000 who are going without wheeled transport and at a rate that may possibly bring them to Mafeking on the 14th or 15th.

The Bryan Home Guards, a military club of Lincoln, Neb., on the 8th adopted resolutions bearing on the South African war, concluding as follows: "We believe that this unholy war in South Africa is wicked and destructive to human liberty and is prompted by avarice and greed. We believe the Boers deserve the sympathy of all men and that Britain should be condemned by the civilized world."

Lord Roberts sends the following from Smaldeel, under date of May 6: We crossed the Vet river this morning, and are now encamped at Smaldeel Junction. The enemy is in full retreat towards Zand river and Kroomstadt. The last Boer train left here on the 5th. Boer losses yesterday on the west flank were 40 killed. The rear guard remains behind kopjes 10 miles distant.

Gen. Hutton's advanced camp of the colonial regiments is now settled at Welgelegen siding. According to reports the Boers intend to make a big stand near the Zand river. The railroad has been repaired to the south of the Vet river and the engineers are busy making a deviation across the bed.

The situation at Mafeking is unchanged. The garrison is depressed at there being no sign of relief, but is as determined as ever to deprive the Boers of a crowning triumph in the western border. "A case of whisky realized \$54 at a raffie, and a pound of flour was sold at auction for two guineas."

The British advance guard is within 45 miles of Kroomstadt. Free Staters, in the expectation that Kroomstadt will speedily become untenable, are according to information from Lorenzo Marquez, preparing to transfer their government to Heilbron, 50 miles north-east.

A St. Petersburg dispatch says: The people of Orel, Russia, have subscribed 12,000 roubles to send a party of volunteers to the Transvaal. The celebrated Fr. John, of Cronstadt, has given the expedition his blessing, and presented a holy ikon to the members.

The Netherlands peace society has addressed an appeal to President McKinley begging him to further the peaceful object of the Boer mission, to investigate their case, to bring about arbitration and put a stop to the pernicious war in South Africa.

WAR NOTES.

The insurgents have suffered a heavy loss at Tabako, near Legaspi, province of A'bay, Luzon. Two hundred riflemen and 800 bolones were preparing to attack the town and Capt. Lester H. Simons, with a company of the 47th volunteer regiment, advanced to meet them and killed many. The insurgent leader, a native priest, was wounded and captured after his horse had been shot under him. Three Americans were wounded.

Telegrams received from Gen. Young report that Aguinaldo has rejoined the rebel Gen. Tino in the north and that they have reassembled a considerable force in the mountains. Gen. Young desires to strike them before the rains and asks for reinforcements. The tenor of the dispatches indicates that Gen. Young is confident that Aguinaldo is with Tino and it is presumed they are planning to resume fighting during the rains.

The Republican federal party has won in all the registration board elections in Santa Clara. In Havana the leaders of the various parties are fearful lest through indifference the Cubans will not inscribe, and they are resorting to every influence they can bring to bear to induce people to register before May 16, the last day on which the registration can be made.

Advices from Brewster county, Texas, state that new discoveries of rich quicksilver deposits have been made there during the last few days and that another big rush of prospectors to the district has begun.

A special from Rome dated May 8, says: Mount Versuvius has been in a state of eruption for the last three days and explosions within the crater have thrown lava and masses of rock to a great height. On the 7th the eruption was especially violent and was accompanied by menacing rumblings.

The arrest of C. F. W. Neely, of Muncie, Ind., for robbing the postal department of \$25,000, is causing the administration tremendous worry. The circumstances connected with the case make officials at Washington fear that this will be only a beginning, and that other and even more startling exposures are to follow. Neely was formerly treasurer of the postoffice department in Cuba, and his crime of embezzlement was discovered by Col. Burton, inspector-general of the department.

Up to May 7, \$195,000 had been raised for the fire sufferers at Ottawa, Ont., in London, Eng.

CONGRESSIONAL NOTES.

It was suspension day in the house on the 7th, and quite a number of bills were passed. The most important was the senate bill to amend the general pension laws so as to provide for aggregating disabilities under the act of 1890 without regard to service origin, and to increase the net income a widow may have without destroying her right to a pension from \$66 to \$250. The purpose of the bill is to modify rulings of the pension office in accordance with the recommendations of the G. A. R. It was passed without an dissenting voice. Bills were also passed authorizing the establishment on the coast of North Carolina of a station to investigate problems connected with marine fisheries interests of middle and south Atlantic states at a cost not to exceed \$12,500; to change the name of the steamship Paris of the American line to Philadelphia; to authorize the internal revenue commissioner to redeem interval revenue stamps improperly and unnecessarily cancelled; to construct a dam across the St. Joseph river, Michigan; to grant right of way across government lands for pipe line to Flagstaff, Ariz., and to regulate the collection and disbursements of rents of the Seneca nation, New York.

The senate on the 8th concluded consideration of naval appropriation bill with the exception of that section relating to armor and armament. The debate on the naval bill was practically confined to the paragraph relating to the commissioning of naval cadets. The committee's amendment striking out the proposition in the house bill, which sought to commission the cadets at the expiration of the four years' term at the naval academy, abolishing the preliminary two years at sea, was carried after a warm debate.

The bill making an annual appropriation of \$1,000,000 instead of \$400,000 to provide arms and equipments for the National Guard of the various states, passed the house by a vote of 133 to 9 on the 7th.

A bill giving the widow of the late Maj.-Gen. Henry W. Lawton a pension of \$50 per month was favorably reported to the senate from the committee on pensions on the 8th.

Granted First Grade Certificates.

First grade certificates from the March examination have been issued by the superintendent of public instruction for the following persons: Walter M. Bishop, Big Rapids; Gordon T. Chapel, Grand Rapids; R. N. Culver, North Bradley; P. O. Decker, Eagle River; Millard Frappier, Pinaconing; Ralph Hawley, Grattan; C. E. Kellogg, Elm Hall; Earnest E. Knight, St. Johns; Paul L. Laing, Otisville; Jimmie McArthur, Cass City; Bel Plummer, Manelona; Chas. G. Putney, Sanilac Center; Harry E. Rice, Elsie; John S. Robertson, Waldron; H. S. Roberts, Central Lake; A. M. Sackett, Freeport; Geo. Stuart, Lincoln; Orrin E. Wylie, Shelby.

Forest fires in the vicinity of Dubois, Pa., on the 8th caused the loss of three lives and the destruction of much property.

Twenty-five thousand men, employed by the Standard Oil Co. all over the country, have had their wages raised 10 per cent.

A number of large forest fires, promoted by the dry heat, have destroyed property to the value of 1,000,000 marks near Aix-la-Chapelle, Germany.

BASE BALL.

Below we submit the official standing of the clubs of the National and American leagues up to and including Friday, May 11th:

	Won.	Lost.	Per cent.
Philadelphia.....	12	5	.709
Cincinnati.....	7	7	.500
Brooklyn.....	9	7	.563
St. Louis.....	8	8	.500
Pittsburgh.....	8	9	.471
Chicago.....	8	8	.444
New York.....	6	9	.400
Boston.....	5	10	.333

	Won.	Lost.	Per cent.
Milwaukee.....	12	6	.667
Indianapolis.....	10	6	.625
Cleveland.....	9	7	.563
Chicago.....	10	8	.556
Buffalo.....	7	8	.467
Kansas City.....	8	11	.421
Minneapolis.....	8	12	.400
Detroit.....	5	11	.313

THE MARKETS.

	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.
New York.....	77 1/4	45 1/4	32 3/4
Best grades.....	34 3/4	12 1/4	8 1/4
Lower grades.....	33 3/4	12 1/4	8 1/4

	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.
Chicago.....	77 1/4	45 1/4	32 3/4
Best grades.....	34 3/4	12 1/4	8 1/4
Lower grades.....	33 3/4	12 1/4	8 1/4

	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.
Detroit.....	77 1/4	45 1/4	32 3/4
Best grades.....	34 3/4	12 1/4	8 1/4
Lower grades.....	33 3/4	12 1/4	8 1/4

	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.
Pittsburgh.....	77 1/4	45 1/4	32 3/4
Best grades.....	34 3/4	12 1/4	8 1/4
Lower grades.....	33 3/4	12 1/4	8 1/4

	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.
Cincinnati.....	77 1/4	45 1/4	32 3/4
Best grades.....	34 3/4	12 1/4	8 1/4

THE FAMINE IN INDIA

Unhappy India is once more writhing in the throes of famine. Had England heeded the advice of that little hero who is now leading her troops in South Africa there might have been no starving millions in the Indian empire at the present time.

Ten years ago, when Lord Roberts was the military administrator of the great Asiatic colony of England, he foresaw the ever-threatening danger of a failure of the food supply among those teeming millions of blacks and suggested a means of obviating, or at least diminishing, such a danger.

The plan Roberts suggested was for the government to establish a large number of emergency hospitals and food distributing depots. The hospitals were called for because pestilence always walked in the wake of famine. Although Roberts was at the time one

large, and perhaps save a few annas. But if the rain holds off they have to face starvation. Having no homes and no hold upon the soil, the first instinct of these poor creatures in a time of famine is to descend on the large cities. In the famines of 1876, as in that of the following years and that of 1878, this was invariably the case. The roadsides swarmed with emaciated men and women and starving children.

Although the English government issued imperative orders that all cases of destitution be reported to the proper authorities and fixed fines upon mayors and councils permitting deaths by starvation in their districts, the strange apathy of the native of India in such emergencies actually defeated the good intentions of the governing officials. The natives, with a sort of

their sufferings, and gigantic organized charities have been set in operation time and time again. The death rate, consequently, has been somewhat reduced, but the danger will not be entirely obviated until enormous irrigation works are established throughout central India for the husbanding of the uncertain rainfall of that sun-parched country. But this, even though the money for such works were forthcoming, would take many years.

KOREA'S CLOSED DOORS

Afford No Field for American Enterprise.

In pursuance of the policy now pursued by the consular service of ascertaining the state of foreign fields as opportunities for American labor, capital and enterprise, Horace W. Allen, consul general to Seoul, Korea, writes for the consular reports under date of January 28 that Korea now employs no foreign military officers as advisers or instructors in its army, and is not likely to do so, owing to an agreement made with Russia when a large staff of Russian officers were allowed to leave. By this agreement Korea announced her ability and intention to dispense with further assistance of that kind. The many requests from young men who have recently left the service of the United States asking for positions in connection with the Korean army are futile. There is no demand for their services in Korea. There is no demand for foreign advisers to the Korean government. Although two Americans who held such positions have recently died, their places have been filled, and there is no further demand for assistance of that kind. The newspaper report that one of these advisers had been receiving a salary of \$100,000 gold per annum is entirely misleading; such positions pay from \$150 to \$250 per month. There is no demand for employees on the railroads in Korea. Japanese control and operate the steam railroad, and Koreans and Americans are employed on the

\$7,000. Now this figure stands at about \$1,500, which the selectmen fear to wipe out for fear the impression will be lost. For five years the tax rate has been only 10 mills. Guilford has for many years been a no-license town, and its police force has been reduced until it consists of a few special constables. The Guilford voters boast that this is the first town in New England, if not in America, to be able to go a year without a tax since the pilgrims landed. The population of the town is 6,000. It is about ten miles long and six wide.—New York Times.

ENGLAND'S BORROWED ARMIES

Has Scoured All Over Europe to Hire Soldiers.

This is the first war Great Britain has fought against white enemies without buying foreigners to fight for us, says a London paper. Until less than 50 years ago, when we had a war on hand, we sent officials to Germany and all over Europe, to engage men to fight for us. The men engaged were mostly old soldiers, and were hired to fight until the war was finished. In 1756 an invasion of England was feared, so 6,000 Hessians were hired to come and defend these shores against the expected attack. These hirelings were paid at the British rate of pay, and for every man of them killed their king was paid so much per head. Even against the American colonists Hessian troops were employed. No wonder our fellow-Englishmen were enraged at this shameful action. The landgrave of Hesse was paid \$2,355,000 in 3 per cent stock for the Hessians lost in the war of independence. This was the amount of \$150 per man. The Irish rebellion of 1793 was put down chiefly by Hessian hirelings. In the long struggle with Napoleon we freely hired foreigners, but the bulk of the work was done by British soldiers. Wellington found that he could not rely on his mercenary gangs too much. In 1854 the "King's German le-

SHUNTING CARS.

Liability of a Railroad Company to a Patron.

A railroad company is liable to a shipper for injuries inflicted on him by negligently backing an engine against a car on a side track while he is loading it with hogs from a "chute." And the fact that the plaintiff might have escaped injury if he had not attempted to shut the car door, to prevent the escape of his hogs, after he discovered that the engine was approaching, does not necessarily show that he was guilty of such contributory negligence as deprived him of a right to recover. The Supreme Court of Illinois so held in affirming a judgment for \$1,000, recovered by J. H. Anderson against the Illinois Central railroad company. Anderson was loading a car of hogs on a switch track, for shipment to Chicago, when defendant's local freight train came along and undertook to remove a car of wood that stood on the same track with the stock car. Just as Anderson had finished putting the hogs into the car, and was trying, with the help of his brother, to close the car door, the engine struck the line of cars with such force as to knock him out of the door. He fell on the end of a cross tie and several of his ribs were broken, and he was otherwise injured. He insisted that he went into the car, not only for the purpose of keeping his hogs from escaping, but in order to avoid being caught between the car and the chute. It appeared that the persons in charge of the engine knew the situation of Anderson and his brother when they ran it against the cars, and that when Anderson stepped into the car he signaled to the fireman to stop the engine. The Supreme Court said that Anderson had a right to be in the car, and had no reason to apprehend that the engine would strike it while he was closing the door, after he had signaled it to stop.

KEEPER FACED DEATH

In a Huge Python's Coils, but Was Rescued.

Either of the two big pythons just brought here on the steamer Afrid, for the Bronx Park zoo, would easily crush the ribs of a horse in its terrible embrace. One of the serpents is twenty-seven feet six inches long, the other is at least twenty-six feet long, and as big around as a water pipe. Keeper Horan on Wednesday afternoon had a half minute of time which could easily have ended his career. Around his body wound a coil of the twenty-six-foot python. He was not hurt. The other keeper rushed in and as quick as human hands could work released him. But for one instant Horan, almost paralyzed by the situation, could not know whether he would sleep that night on his bed or on his bier. There were two pythons which Horan was directed to measure. The female python was stretched out at full length and the tape was applied. Then Horan applied the tape to the male python, that also lay stretched out motionless. He had measured off nearly half the length when the huge reptile seemed suddenly to awake. There was a shout of warning from Keeper Snyder and the others who were watching the measurement, but before Horan could stand erect the whole huge body of the python had suddenly taken life. The great head was suddenly raised, the great mass of ringed muscle had swept around in a living coil, and Horan, pale as death, stood transfixed with terror. Snyder and his assistants dashed into the cage. They knew that the reptile was still semitortoise with cold. Fearlessly they caught hold of the great body and shouted to Horan to jump out of the living circle. He did so. The men left the cage and the python lazily stretched out its full length and sank again into the torpor of cold.—New York Journal.

Beats the Yerkes Telescope.

Up to the present time Chicago has been able to boast the largest telescope in the world—that at the Yerkes observatory at Lake Geneva. But the monster telescope at the Paris exposition, which will bring the moon within thirty-six miles, is three times the length of the Yerkes telescope. It is 197 feet long, 5 feet in diameter and weighs twenty-one tons. The lenses, the largest in existence, measure over forty-nine inches in diameter and weigh 1,320 pounds. It is because of the difficulty in the way of making these monster lenses that the world has waited until the close of the nineteenth century for such an instrument. The process of making big lenses has for nearly two centuries been a most jealously guarded monopoly of Paris. There is only one manufacturer of them in the world, M. Mantoux, the direct successor of Guinand, who, it is claimed, invented the process at the beginning of the present century.

Smallest Revolver Ever Made.

Stephen M. Van Allen of Jamaica, an expert shot with rifle or revolver, has received as a gift the smallest revolver ever made. It is only an inch long and is perfect in every detail. It is self-acting and the chambers hold six cartridges. The bullets are about the size of the head of a large pin. The cartridges possess sufficient power to send the bullets through a half-inch pine board. Mr. Van Allen has tested the little weapon and found it accurate. It was given to him by a friend who obtained it abroad.—New York Sun.

A Definition.

Willie—Pa, what's the difference between "insurance" and "assurance"? Pa—Well, the latter is what the agent has, and the former is what he tries to sell you.—Philadelphia Press.

A DANGEROUS GAME.

"Carl, I don't believe you truly love me."

Mildred Reynolds looked at her lover half archly, as if she defied him to say he did not love her, half-pleadingly, as if she longed for him to contradict him warmly.

Carl Langlois reddened under her gaze. "What nonsense, Mildred; of course I love you. Why else would I come a hundred miles to spend an evening with you?" he replied, a trifle impatiently.

"Then why," Mildred began bravely, but she in turn colored and looked embarrassed. Surely Carl knew that she longed to ask him why he had twice postponed their marriage, and on this visit, when she had expected him to ask her to set the day for the ceremony, he had not done so. True, he had brought her a beautiful bracelet and had seemed affectionate and loving; yet somehow Mildred felt that there was something lacking in his caresses, and that the fact that he did not broach the subject which she had hoped he would settle on this visit vaguely alarmed her. For she loved Carl deeply and was unhappy in the home of a relative upon she was partly dependent and longed to have a home of her own.

Carl had said, the last time he had visited her, that they would arrange their plans for the future when he next came, but when Mildred had made the remark that she did not believe he really loved her he was on the verge of departure, and still had not asked her to name the day which would make them husband and wife. He must have known what the question was she wished to ask, yet he did not help her out, and so the question died unasked upon her lips. Instead he turned suddenly to the clock, "I'll have just time to make my train," he said, hurriedly, "so goodbye, my sweetheart. Give me a kiss, and take good care of yourself, for my sake," so tenderly that for a time all doubts as to his fidelity were dismissed from Mildred's heart. Only for a time, however, for while his farewell kiss was



still warm on her lips the question returned to her mind:

"Why does not Carl, if he really loves me and wants me to be his wife, claim me for his own? Perhaps he is growing to love some one else. I believe I am strong enough to bear it if it is true—better to know now than when it is too late—and uncertainty is hard to bear. I must find out, and if it is true that he no longer loves me as he did I will release him. But if I have wronged him by my doubts, I will atone by giving him added love and affection."

Carl's mother had often sent her kind messages, and had also sent by Carl some very beautiful table linen for Mildred to embroider for use after her marriage. She knew that Mrs. Langlois was her friend, although they had never met, and determined to go to see her and discover whether Carl had confided in her any change in his desire to marry Mildred. She shrank from the trial, yet felt it must be made for the sake of her future happiness. Accordingly a few days after Carl's visit she took a trip to his home, arriving there as she had planned, when Carl was absent at his business. When she introduced herself to Mrs. Langlois she was warmly greeted, but when she told the object of her visit her host was visibly surprised and disconcerted.

"My dear child," she exclaimed, "there must be a mistake somewhere. Carl assured me only yesterday that you kept putting him off whenever he mentioned your marriage. I cannot understand it."

"I can, Mrs. Langlois," said Mildred, proudly. "Your son has grown tired of me and is seeking in some way to free himself. But, thank heaven, his fetters are not yet riveted, and are easily broken. I will release him from an engagement which is no longer a pleasure to him."

"My dear, dear Mildred," begged his mother, "do not speak so bitterly. I am sure there is some misunderstanding."

Mildred had turned very pale, and an overwhelming conviction that Carl was false to her came upon her with crushing force, but she summoned up courage to face the truth.

"We must find out," she said, very gently, for the mother's distress was also very great, "whether he is attentive to some one else. Have you ever noticed his taking pleasure in the society of any girl here?"

"Oh, no," Mrs. Langlois replied, hastily; but suddenly her face changed. "Surely," she said, as if to herself, "I cannot care for Marion Reed? And yet, now that my mind is drawn to it, I have noticed him often with her. But Marion is such a gay little flirt, and

then she knew of Carl's engagement—"

"Ah!" Mildred said quickly, "that is not enough to keep some girls from trying to win away a man's love. It may be that she has drawn him away from me. But we must make sure, my dear friend—for I feel that you are my friend—and if it is true I will willingly give him up to her if it is for his happiness."

They arranged it that Mildred's presence in the house should be kept a secret from Carl and that his mother at mealtime should question him in a way not to arouse his suspicions; so, as the two sat alone at dinner, Mrs. Langlois carelessly said:

"What a charming girl Marion Reed is, Carl!"

"Isn't she, mother?" he cried enthusiastically. "Do you know she quite fascinates me?"

"Carl," his mother said gravely, "that is not the way for a man soon to be married to another woman—"

"Pshaw, mother!" Carl exclaimed, impatiently. "You know I told you Mildred would never set the day, and we may never be married at all."

"You are right, Mr. Langlois," said Mildred, who had been unable to resist the temptation of listening unseen; "you are right. We never will be married. You are quite welcome to ask the fascinating Miss Reed to be your wife, for I am henceforth a stranger to you."

Before Carl could recover from his astonishment she was gone, and as her train was just ready to depart she was out of his reach, and the passionate protests of affection which he was prepared to make, the promises of future fidelity, were never uttered.

Now that he had lost her, Mildred appeared to Carl as a precious treasure which he would give anything to possess. The attractions of Marion Reed paled into insignificance and he took the next train in pursuit of Mildred, hoping that he could win her back.

But once assured of the flaws of her idol Mildred had cast him out of her heart, and though it was sore it was not broken, because she realized his unworthiness. She refused to see Carl and returned his letters unread. Within a week, mortified at his rejection, he had offered himself to Marion Reed. "Why, you're going to marry some girl in Lawrence," she replied, opening her blue eyes wide.

"No, I am not," he said, shortly. "I am going to marry you if you will have me."

"Well, I won't," replied the pretty flirt, decidedly. "I was only amusing myself with you, my dear boy. I hope your heart is not broken," she added, mockingly, for rumors of the true state of affairs had reached her ears.

"Flirting is sometimes a dangerous game, my friend, especially if there is a jealous sweetheart at the other end of the line," she announced laughingly. And with her mocking laughter ringing in his ears Carl Langlois walked away to repent of his folly, by which he had lost that greatest of gifts—a woman's love.—The Columbian.

F. E. CHURCH'S WORK.

Noted Paintings by Lamentable American Artist.

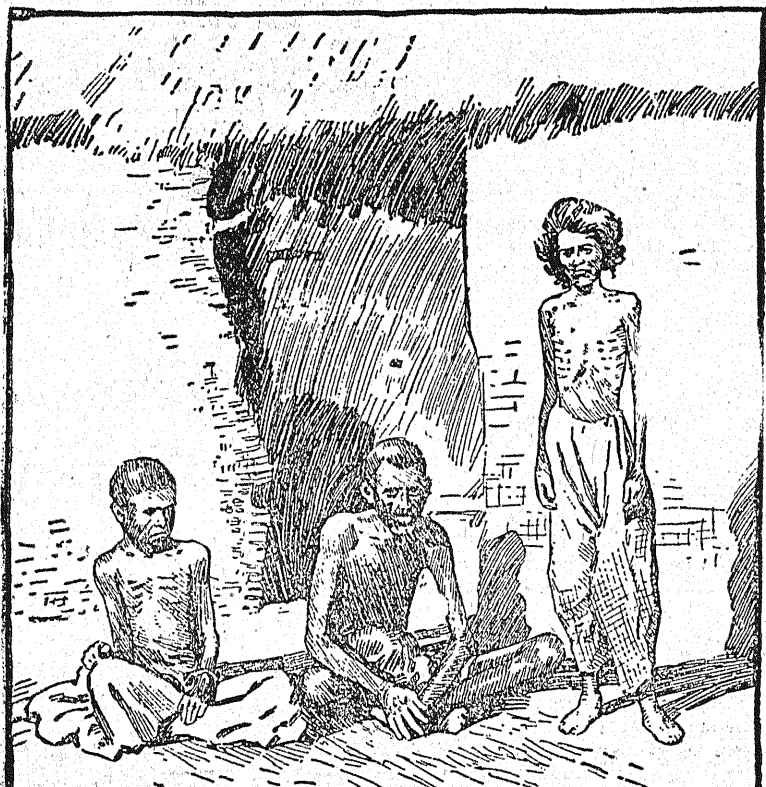
The death of Frederick Edwin Church, the veteran landscape painter, removed a well-known figure in art life of this country, better remembered perhaps by a past generation than by the younger set. He was born in Hartford, Conn., May 4, 1826. His talent for art was prominent and in early life he determined to adopt art as a profession and placed himself under the instruction of Thomas Cole, and resided with him in the Catskills. He soon became well known as a landscape painter, and critics awarded him praise for his accuracy of drawing and vivid appreciation of nature. He spent a short time in Switzerland, and in 1853 visited South America to study the picturesque scenery. "The Heart of the Andes," which created a great sensation, was first exhibited in 1859, and was bought by the late William T. Blodgett. Other well-known works painted about the same period are "The Andes of Ecuador," "Cotopaxi," now at the Lenox gallery, "Chilaborazo." His "View of Niagara Falls," now in the Corcoran art gallery, Washington, D. C., is recognized as the first satisfactory production by art of this wonderful piece of nature; it won a prize at the French exhibition in 1867. Another painting of "Magna" was painted for A. T. Stewart in 1866, the price paid for it by Mr. Stewart being \$12,000. In 1878 he was again represented at the French capital with two pictures, "Morning in the Tropics" and "The Parthenon." He traveled extensively in this country and abroad, studying nature and giving to the world numerous productions of a high character. A number of his works are owned in England, one of his principal works being "Icebergs," which was purchased by Sir Edward Watkinson, M. P., London. His wife died about a year ago. Two sons and a daughter survive him.

Better His Chance.

"Why do you insist on your son's becoming a lawyer?" asked a friend. "I've made a will leaving him all my money," was the answer. "It seems to me that if he is a lawyer himself he will stand a better chance of getting some of it."—Washington Star.

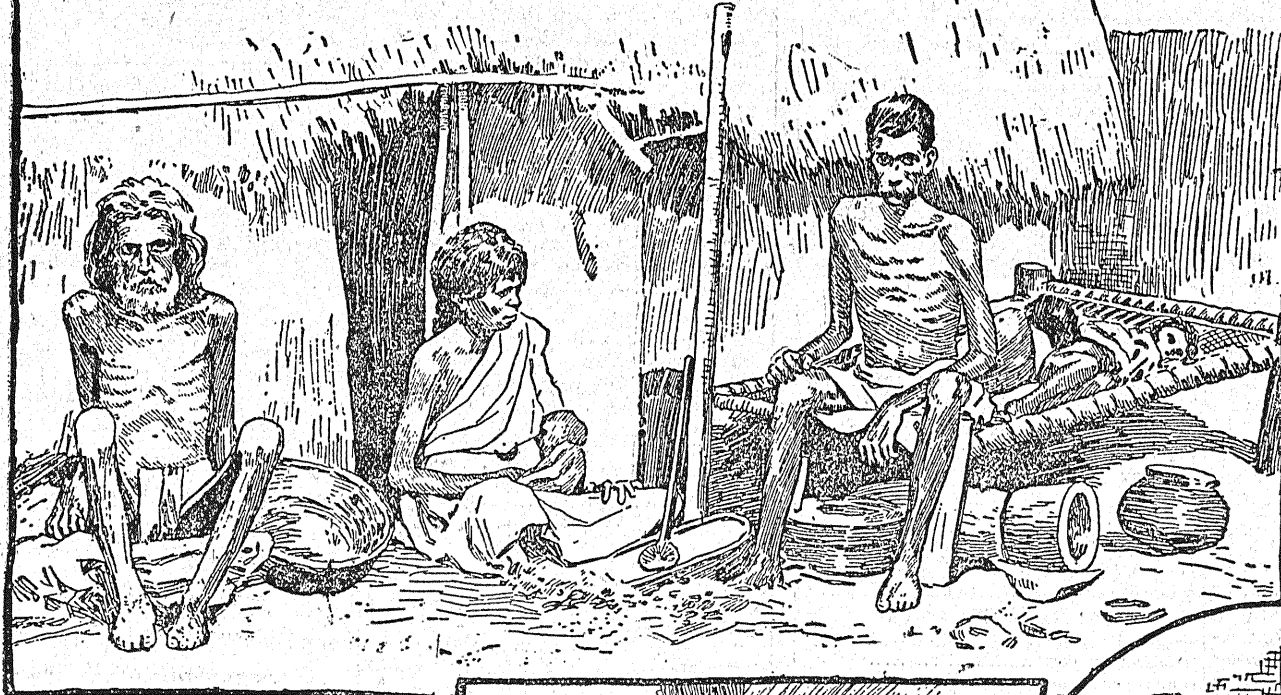
A Woman's Question.

"I see," he remarked, as he looked up from his paper, "that the British have recovered their battery of guns." "What was it covered with the first time, dear?" she sweetly asked.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

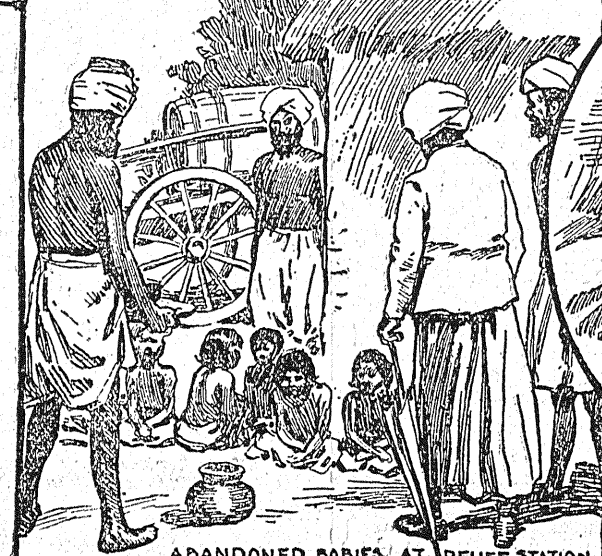


FAMILIAR SCENE IN THE FAMINE DISTRICT

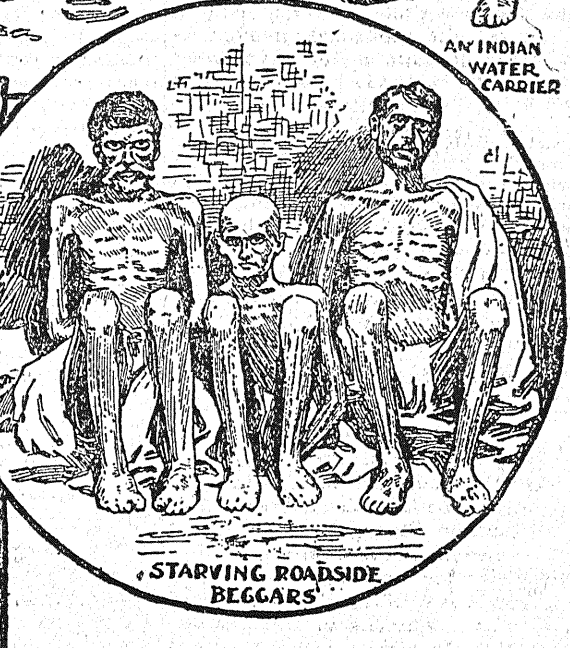
A STARVING FAMILY AT JUBBULPORE



AN INDIAN WATER CARRIER



ABANDONED BABIES AT RELIEF STATION



STARVING ROADSIDE BEGGARS

of the cabinet advisers to Lord Dufferin, the viceroy, his suggestions were not accepted, and the blacks were left to their fate.

The latest dispatches from India report that thousands of natives are dying in that country from starvation. Streams are dried up, the crops have failed utterly, children have been abandoned, men and women are lying about, too weak to walk, starving in their pitiable rags, and there is every reason to believe that this terrible condition will keep up until perhaps even July, when the annual "monsoon burst" will come and bring with it its usual deluge of rain.

In this opulent country of ours it seems impossible to believe the heart-rending stories of armies of emaciated people following after the grain carts and fighting among themselves for the stray kernels that fall in the dust. Over this ancient country of fabled wealth, ruled by one of the most efficient governments of modern times, in this land of magic and oriental mystery, the black shadow of famine hangs perpetually. Yet the soil is fertile. More than 200 kinds of grain are grown there; in fact, every crop in the world can be raised in India. But the vast, over-populated country is subject to the vicissitudes of climate. From the snow of the Himalayas to the fertile Deltas of the south the entire country depends on rainfall. There are over 30,000,000 acres of wheat-growing country in central India. Ninety per cent of the entire population is agricultural. The land, however, is not held by the people, but large tracts are controlled and cultivated by the British government. The "man with the hoe" in India owns nothing. These laborers live nowhere, or, rather, live anywhere. They go from place to place, taking possession of this but or that, as the spirit moves them. The little farms are usually only three or four acres in extent, and are leased to the agriculturist for one season, after which he tries his hand on a new farm. If the season is good, the natives make enough to support their family, which is always a problem one, pay their taxes, which are not

superstitious complacency, believing the scarcity of food to be a visitation of their gods, calmly saw starvation approaching, and made little or no effort to avoid it. They have learned one secret of living upon nothing, but when that nothing fails them it is the old, old story of famine and plague and want. Millions of these people live upon 1 cent a day. But they are so thickly settled that they swarm over the plains of India like insects, and where in other countries one or two might die of want a million must suffer here. Unreasoning apathy for modern farming implements handicaps the native in his farming, and his indifference and fatalism heighten the difficulties of the Anglo-Saxon reformers who have been laboring for the uplifting of the black in that country. Although their sufferings are beyond imagining, they accept plague and famine without stirring a hand. Even the wealthy rajah of a famine district will squander a fortune for his personal gratification with a thousand mothers starving miserably outside his palace walls. The mob does not stone those walls, but takes what it can pick up and accepts its sufferings as the gift of the gods. The English government has done a great deal to mitigate

electric railroads. I believe the positions are all filled. Employment with the mines would have to be secured before coming to Korea. The agent of the mines in America is H. A. Noble, representative of the Oriental Consolidated Mining company, San Francisco. Prospectors cannot operate in Korea, and there is no employment with the mines other than on wages. I am told the mining company has no lack of applicants.

A Tax-Free Town.

Tax-weary people are offered a haven of rest in the good old shore town of Guilford. No resident will be asked to pay any taxes the coming year, for the voters decided in town meeting that they have more money than they need and it would be extravagant to hire a tax collector and assessor to gather taxes, which would have to lie idle in the bank if they were collected. Since the vote was passed letters have poured in upon the town officials asking for complete information of the town's resources, its past municipal history and its reasons for omitting the tax levy. Professors of political economy in colleges all over the country outnumber the other investigators. The town had \$10,000 debt two years ago. Last year this had been reduced to

gion" of 10,000 men was formed. Two years later the force was increased by 6,000 men. Besides Germans from all the petty states, there were also enlisted French royalists expelled by Napoleon, Corsicans, Greeks, Italians, Turks, Portuguese, Belgians, Hungarians and Swiss. At Waterloo, Wellington's army of 67,000 was made up of only 22,000 British, and the rest were Dutch, Brunswickers, Hanoverians and Nassauens. When peace came in 1814 there were no less than 29,000 hired foreigners forming corps in the British army. The Crimean war was the last time Britain had to go a-hiring soldiers. Thirty thousand men had been sent to the Crimea and more were wanted. So the government went to parliament with a bill authorizing the enlistment of 10,000 Germans, 5,000 Swiss and 5,000 Italians, at British rates of pay.

Badly Deceived.

Barrister—I was deceived in regard to that man whom I defended on a charge of embezzling half a million. Friend—You found he was guilty? Barrister—No, confound it! He was innocent, and hadn't a ha'penny to pay me with.—Stray Stories.

Stevenson's Bulletin, No. 2.

This week I want to call your attention to our

SUGAR BEET SEED

I have the Klein Wanzleben, Vilmorin's Improved and the French Sugar, three best known varieties for sugar making and invaluable for stock feeding and Fodder use and I am making a 15c price per lb on each kind.

I also have the King of Earlies Field Corn the earliest known Dent Variety.

Red cob Bushlage and Mammoth Southern Sweet Corn for Fodder needs no comments. Everybody knows their value.

Yours.

G. A. STEVENSON.

Local Happenings.

Are you a mason? See Ostrander's new adv.

A. A. Hitchcock made a trip to Caro last week.

Miss May Landon continues to improve in health.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Herr are proud over the arrival of a little son.

E. A. Marr, of Caro, was the guest of his son, E. F. Marr, on Sunday.

Myron Hanson, of Silverwood, was at his parental home here on Sunday.

M. D. Mills, the Novesta merchant, brought in a load of wool on Tuesday.

A. H. Ale and W. A. Fairweather made a business trip to Caro on Tuesday.

A fine roll top desk has been added to the office furniture of N. Bigelow & Son.

Walter Bender left for his home at Ruth on Monday, his father being worse.

H. L. Hunt has just opened a few nice 100 piece dinner sets at \$10. See new adv.

Do you need a trunk, telescope or valise? Note what E. F. Marr says in his new adv.

Alonza Richards and Nelson Kendall, of Caro, are doing pipe fitting at the New Sheridan.

The death of Mrs. McClintock, wife of Dr. N. F. McClintock, of Alma, formerly of this place, is reported.

E. A. Geitzge has so far recovered from his prolonged illness that he is able to work at the brickyard.

Mrs. Norman Kitchen left for Maple Rapids on Tuesday morning, owing to the serious illness of her mother.

A county Sunday School convention is to be held at Elkton on Wednesday and Thursday, May 30th and 31st.

W. Spittler and son, Willie, of Bad Axe, were the guests of the former's sister, Mrs. T. H. Fritz, this week.

A new Methodist Church, about three and a half miles southeast of Bay Port is to be dedicated to-day.

Funeral Conductor McKenzie was called to conduct the funeral of a Mrs. Kelley, beyond Gagetown, on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Striffler, of that hustling little burg, Argyle, visited friends here Sunday, returning Monday.

A. Frutchey, who has been attending to the business at his Brown City elevator for some time, was home for Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Cridland, of Wickware, were the guests of the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. H. Davis, on Sunday.

The death is announced of Hugh Ross, who resided in the northeast portion of this township, and has been ill for some time.

Elkton now has a brass band. We have the instruments but it seems impossible to find anyone here to act as leader in conducting a band.

Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Bond and Mr. and Mrs. John McPhail and little daughter, all of Argyle, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. Bond on Sunday.

A. W. Traver did business at Greenleaf on Monday. Arrangements have been made for a McCormick day here on Saturday, the machines going into Greenleaf principally.

Mrs. Mary Walters was called to Brookfield township on Sunday evening, owing to the serious illness of her brother, Hector Crawford, who, it is feared cannot recover.

The will be a total eclipse of the sun on May 28th, visible in this section between 6:56 and 9:13 a. m. Only about five sixths of the sun will be obscured in this section of the country, but in the eastern section it will be total. There will be no other total eclipse until 1918.

Census enumerators will perform their work between June 1 and June 15. Persons who expect to be absent from home at that time should arrange to be included in the count.

The old soldiers are making the necessary preparations for the observance of Memorial Sunday and Decoration Day. The program is not completed yet but will be duly published.

The Ellington Arbor of A. O. O. G., have purchased a site at Ellington Corners, and will at once commence the erection of a two story brick building to be used for lodge purposes.

Making your goods tell the story is all very well, but you must first gather the audience to whom you would have the story told. That's the mission which the advertisement fills so well.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Dugan write from Buffalo that Frank stood the journey well and has received considerable encouragement from his regular physician who recommended the trip to Colorado.

Herbert F. Leuzner had the pleasure of acting as groomsmen for a young gentlemen friend in Detroit last week. The gent's name was Zubrigg, and the bride was Miss Emma Keller. Herb returned home Saturday evening.

Chas. L. Robinson has disposed of the small boiler and washer formerly used in his laundry, to F. W. Russell, who is conducting a laundry at Brown City. They are all right but the Cass City Laundry has outgrown them.

H. Bonesteel suffered the loss of a good cow Saturday night. The cause appeared to be an affection of the heart. It was not known that anything was wrong until the boy went to the stable Sunday morning to take her to pasture.

A full force is now at work at Hall's brick yard, there being eight men employed besides Chas. Hall, the proprietor. Quite a large quantity of brick has already been turned out and the first kiln is about ready for burning.

Rev. C. D. Eldredge writes from Port Huron that his four children have been sick with the measles and that on Friday morning the baby very unexpectedly died. It was not thought that he was dangerously ill. The boy was about four years of age, named Charles H.

Mrs. John Carroll, of Rescue, was recently injured at Toledo, Ohio, where she was visiting a daughter, by a careless bicycle rider. The injuries proved fatal and her remains were brought here on Monday. She was quite an elderly lady, having a wide acquaintance and everywhere highly respected.

A. Nicholas, of Doylestown, Pa., was in town this week looking for a few hundred tons of hay and securing an agent for the Gem folding lunch box. It really is a "gem," and sells at sight. A. A. P. McDowell secured the agency for this district and is prepared to receive orders at once. Will sell either at wholesale or retail.

A town's reputation depends upon the way in which the streets, the yards and the business places are kept. To the visitor from other towns this impression means much, and it is the duty of every citizen to see that his own property is in the best possible condition. "Keep your own yard clean," is one of the oldest and best sayings.

Quack doctors must adopt some other line of business if they desire to stay in Michigan, the supreme court having decided that all so-called doctors who have no diploma from a recognized medical college must undergo a rigid examination before they will be allowed to practice in the state. It is claimed that there are 780 "doctors" now holding forth in the state, with thousands of people daily under their care, and most of them will have to seek some other calling or emigrate.

J. H. Striffler made a trip to Pigeon on Wednesday.

Geo. Matzen made a trip to Detroit last Thursday.

L. E. Karr is again assisting at Fritz's pharmacy.

Mrs. Wm. J. Fisher is numbered with the sick this week.

J. W. Gordon has sold his old street lamp to Shabbona parties.

Just notice what 2 Macks say in their new adv. and stick a pin in it.

Rev. Torbet will preach in Brown's school house Sunday at three o'clock.

T. H. Fritz is arranging to move to his new store in the City Block next week.

Did you notice that nobby delivery wagon of H. B. Fairweather's? It's all right.

Levi Bardwell has purchased the Wilson forty acres which was originally part of the Bardwell homestead.

J. C. Lauderbach has his new three horse power Olds gasoline engine all ready for business and it works like a charm, too.

Mrs. M. C. Tanner, northwest of town, is in a very critical condition as the result of an operation for the removal of a tumor.

Albert and Herbert Dunham, Hershey Young, Pearl Lee, Stanley W. Schenck and Harry Young drove to Caro on Sunday.

John Ball, who has been employed in Champion's barber shop for several months, has secured a shop at Elkton and is arranging to move.

A couple of Deckerville gentlemen were here Monday looking over the old hand engine, with a view of purchasing the same for that village.

Some one who called at our sanctum last week exchanged umbrellas and got the best of the bargain. We would be pleased to trade back again.

Rev. Rushbrook officiated on Tuesday at the marriage of Sarah McDonald, of Owendale, to Frank Biggler, of Bad Axe, at the home of the bride's brother in Owendale.

A. Meddaugh, Mertus Wright, A. Kittredge, M. Gordon and Arthur Brock, all of Caro, are engaged in painting the exterior of Dr. D. P. Deming's new residence.

McArthur & Matzen have secured the contract to furnish the carpets, lace curtains and portieres for the new residence of Dr. D. P. Deming, also the table linen, etc., for the New Sheridan.

M. Dew, of the Cass City Foundry, reports a lively demand for his various styles of plows this season, notwithstanding plenty of competition.

That's right, farmers; encourage home industry.

Preparations are in progress by the High School pupils for a Field Day about June 8th, the date not having been fully decided. Athletes from near-by towns are expected to participate. Watch for posters.

Jas. Wright and H. Bonesteel did some painting at the Shay farmhouse, four and a half miles west of town on Tuesday and were called to Gagetown on Wednesday to do some paper hanging for Dr. Wm. Morris.

A petition has been circulated and largely signed asking that a local mail service be given on the morning and evening trains on the P. O. & N. R. R. The request is certainly not unreasonable and there is every ground for belief that the petition will be granted.

Jas. N. Dorman of this place, and his father, of Marlette, have purchased a full-blooded blood hound from a Vermont breeder, and purposes to make things interesting for any visitors that may happen around in the future. They have been careful to get one of the very best.

The ENTERPRISE would like to get correspondents in each of the following places to furnish the news each week: Gagetown, Carr's Corners, West Grant, Camboro, Holbrook, Cumber, Brookfield, and Owendale. Any one wishing to do so may call or write and get the necessary material.

Dr. H. W. Marsh, of Detroit, successor to and for several years connected with the O. E. Miller Hernia Treatment Co., may be consulted free of charge at the Hotel G.ordon to-day or to-morrow. Dr. Marsh treats only rupture, varicocele and hydrocele and is the only licensed physician in the state giving his whole time to the treatment of these diseases.

An Exchange gives the following as an excellent system of gardening for young wives: Make your beds early in the morning, sew buttons on your husband's shirts, do not rake up grievances, protect the young and tender branches of your family, plant a smile of good temper on your face, carefully root out all angry feelings, and expect a good crop of happiness.

The funeral of John Brown, of Greenleaf, occurred here on Saturday. The services were held at the Baptist Church, Pastor Rushbrook officiating. Mr. Brown died at the home of his son, John P., at the corner of Houghton and Grant Streets, after about two weeks' illness. He came from Ontario to Greenleaf township some eighteen years ago. His age at the time of his demise was seventy-eight years.

The Cass City Woolen Mills are again open for the season, under the able management of Jas. N. Dorman, who has been successful in building up a very satisfactory trade at the mills. His father, from Marlette, spent a portion of the week here helping to overhaul the machines and put things in good shape generally, and Mr. Dorman states the carder does better work than ever. See new adv.

Many people have the impression that under the new dog tax law it is the duty of the dog warden to call on the owner to collect the tax. This idea is a mistake. The taxes are due and payable at the dog warden's office in each township on the first day of May, and all owners of dogs are required to call at his office on that day and pay their tax and will receive a tag which must be worn on the dog's collar during the year. The dog warden is authorized by the law to kill all dogs on which the tax has not been paid and which are not provided with a label.

Tuesday evening, May 15th, Louis Deming and Miss Maud Wickware were united in marriage at the residence of the bride's mother, Mrs. Hannah Parker Wickware, of Ellington, Rev. Albert Torbet the officiating clergyman. May blossoms, ideal weather, and loving friends with cheerful faces, united to make the occasion more pleasant. Only the immediate friends of the contracting parties were guests. Numerous presents from appreciative friends attested the love and esteem in which the young people are held. The bride has for four years been a successful school teacher and has won an enviable reputation. Mr. Deming is an enterprising young farmer and their many friends will wish them success and happiness in their farm home in Novesta.

Quantity of Corn

for sale. 5-10-4 LOUIS DEMING.

Mortgage Sale.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage dated Dec. 18th, 1888, made and executed by Duncan McLeary and Lizzie McLeary, his wife, to George J. Deming and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Tuscola county, Michigan, in Liber 85 of mortgages on page 310 on December 27th, 1888, which said mortgage was duly assigned by a written assignment bearing date March 10th, 1911, made by the said George J. Deming to Daniel P. Deming and M. E. Brooker, and recorded in the Register of Deeds for Tuscola county, Michigan, (that being the reason of said default the whole sum secured by said mortgage has become due and payable and is hereby declared due and payable, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of three hundred twenty eight dollars and fifty-eight cents (\$328.58). Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises, at public vendue to the highest bidder, at the front door of the Court House in the village of Caro, Tuscola county, Michigan, (that being the place of holding the Circuit Court for said county) on July 30th, 1911, at ten o'clock in the forenoon. The said mortgaged premises are described in said mortgage substantially as follows: All that certain piece or parcel of land situated in the township of Novesta, county of Tuscola and State of Michigan, to-wit: The southwest quarter of the southeast quarter of section eighteen, in township number thirteen north, range eleven east, which said premises will be sold as aforesaid to satisfy the debt due on said mortgage and the costs of foreclosure.

Dated Cass City, Mich., May 5th, 1911.
J. D. BROOKER, Assignee of Mortgage.
M. E. BROOKER, Attorney for Assignee of Mortgage.

QUESTION ANSWERED.

Yes, August Flower still has the largest sale of any medicine in the civilized world. Your doctors' and grandmothers' never thought of using anything else for Indigestion or Biliousness. Doctors were scarce, and they seldom heard of Appendicitis, Nervous Prostration or Heart failure, etc. They used August Flower to clean out the system and stop fermentation of undigested food, regulate the action of the liver, stimulate the nervous and organic action of the system, and that is all they took when feeling dull and bad with headaches and other aches. You only need a few doses of Green's August Flower, in liquid form, to make you satisfied there is nothing serious the matter with you. Sample bottle at T. H. Fritz's.

3-CENT COLUMN.

Advertisements will be inserted under this heading for three cents per line each week.

FOR SALE—House, two lots and driving mare, P. Fine Street West. T. J. CLEVERLEY, 6-10-11.

FOR SALE—15 inch dry beach Maple wood \$1.50 per cord delivered in town. O. K. JAMES, 2-26-11.

FOR SALE—Building stone, delivered at \$2.50 per cord. 6-29-11 W. A. ANDERSON.

MONEY to loan at six per cent on real estate. 8-3-11 E. B. LANDON.

REGISTERED Large English Berkshire boar for service at my farm 1 1/2 miles west of Cass City. 12-29-11 J. D. TUCKER.

FOR SALE—Mare 7 years old, weight 1400 lbs. cow, light double harness. F. C. LEE.

FOR SALE—A house, barn, one acre of land, good location, reasonable terms. A. A. HITCHCOCK.

Money to Loan
On farm property in amounts of \$300 to \$2,500 from 2 to 10 years. Will take partial payments. See O. K. James for particulars. 8-4

Plants For Sale.

Tomato plants—Freedom, Beauty or Golden Queen; White Plume Celery; pansies, cinerarias, and other potted plants. Mrs. McDOWELL.

White Rock Eggs.

Anyone desiring White Plymouth Rock Eggs from my yards will please place their orders at once as I will not be able to supply many more. A. A. P. McDOWELL.

All kinds of rough and dressed lumber and shingles for sale. P. C. PURDY & SON, Gagetown. 5-3-4*

PONTIAC OXFORD & NORTHERN R. R.

PASSENGER TIME CARD.
Trains run on Central Standard Time.

GOING NORTH				GOING SOUTH			
Frpt. No. 5.	P. A. M. No. 1.	STATIONS		Mo. Pass. Frpt. No. 2.	P. A. M. No. 3.	STATIONS	
105	6:05	Detroit	D G H & M	110	6:05	110	
8:05	8:15	PONTIAC		8:05	8:15	4:00	4:00
9:15	9:25	Emmes ¹		9:15	9:25	10:22	3:32
10:25	10:35	Cole		10:25	10:35	11:40	3:20
10:40	10:50	Oxford		10:40	10:50	11:50	3:10
11:05	11:15	Lebanon		11:05	11:15	12:00	3:00
11:25	11:35	Leonard		11:25	11:35	12:10	2:50
11:45	11:55	Madison		11:45	11:55	12:20	2:40
12:05	12:15	Imperial City		12:05	12:15	12:30	2:30
12:28	12:40	Luna		12:28	12:40	12:40	2:20
12:47	12:59	Kingston		12:47	12:59	12:50	2:10
1:06	1:16	North Branch		1:06	1:16	1:00	2:00
1:27	1:37	Clinton		1:27	1:37	1:10	1:50
1:46	1:56	Kingston		1:46	1:56	1:20	1:40
2:05	2:15	Winchester		2:05	2:15	1:30	1:30
2:24	2:34	DePue		2:24	2:34	1:40	1:20
2:43	2:53	Cass City		2:43	2:53	1:50	1:10
3:02	3:12	DePue		3:02	3:12	2:00	1:00
3:21	3:31	Quandaries ²		3:21	3:31	2:10	9:50
3:40	3:50	Livonia		3:40	3:50	2:20	9:40
3:59	4:09	Winchester		3:59	4:09	2:30	9:30
4:18	4:28	Winchester		4:18	4:28	2:40	9:20
4:37	4:47	Cass City		4:37	4:47	2:50	9:10
4:56	5:06	DePue		4:56	5:06	3:00	9:00
5:15	5:25	DePue		5:15	5:25	3:10	8:50
5:34	5:44	DePue		5:34	5:44	3:20	8:40
5:53	6:03	DePue		5:53	6:03	3:30	8:30
6:12	6:22	DePue		6:12	6:22	3:40	8:20
6:31	6:41	DePue		6:31	6:41	3:50	8:10
6:50	7:00	DePue		6:50	7:00	4:00	8:00
7:09	7:19	DePue		7:09	7:19	4:10	7:50
7:28	7:38	DePue		7:28	7:38	4:20	7:40
7:47	7:57	DePue		7:47	7:57	4:30	7:30
8:06	8:16	DePue		8:06	8:16	4:40	7:20
8:25	8:35	DePue		8:25	8:35	4:50	7:10
8:44	8:54	DePue		8:44	8:54	5:00	7:00
9:03	9:13	DePue		9:03	9:13	5:10	6:50
9:22	9:32	DePue		9:22	9:32	5:20	6:40
9:41	9:51	DePue		9:41	9:51	5:30	6:30
10:00	10:10	DePue		10:00	10:10	5:40	6:20
10:19	10:29	DePue		10:19	10:29	5:50	6:10
10:38	10:48	DePue		10:38	10:48	6:00	6:00
10:57	11:07	DePue		10:57	11:07	6:10	5:50
11:16	11:26	DePue		11:16	11:26	6:20	5:40
11:35	11:45	DePue		11:35	11:45	6:30	5:30
11:54	12:04	DePue		11:54	12:04	6:40	5:20
12:13	12:23	DePue		12:13	12:23	6:50	5:10
12:32	12:42	DePue		12:32	12:42	7:00	5:00
12:51	13:01	DePue		12:51	13:01	7:10	4:50
13:10	13:20	DePue		13:10	13:20	7:20	4:40
13:29	13:39	DePue		13:29	13:39	7:30	4:30
13:48	13:58	DePue		13:48	13:58	7:40	4:20
14:07	14:17	DePue		14:07	14:17	7:50	4:10
14:26	14:36	DePue		14:26	14:36	8:00	4:00
14:45	14:55	DePue		14:45	14:55	8:10	3:50
15:04	15:14	DePue		15:04	15:14	8:20	3:40
15:23	15:33	DePue		15:23	15:33	8:30	3:30
15:42	15:52	DePue		15:42	15:52	8:40	3:20
16:01	16:11	DePue		16:01	16:11	8:50	3:10
16:20	16:30	DePue		16:20	16:30	9:00	3:00
16:39	16:49	DePue		16:39	16:49	9:10	2:50
16:58	17:08	DePue		16:58	17:08	9:20	2:40
17:17	17:27	DePue		17:17	17:27	9:30	2:30
17:36	17:46	DePue		17:36	17:46	9:40	2:20
17:55	18:05	DePue		17:55	18:05	9:50	2:10
18:14	18:24	DePue		18:14	18:24	10:00	2:00
18:33	18:43	DePue		18:33	18:43	10:10	1:50
18:52	19:02	DePue		18:52	19:02	10:20	1:40
19:11	19:21	DePue		19:11	19:21	10:30	1:30
19:30	19:40	DePue		19:30	19:40	10:40	1:20
19:49	19:59	DePue		19:49	19:59	10:50	1:10
20:08	20:18	DePue		20:08	20:18	11:00	1:00
20:27	20:37	DePue		20:27	20:37	11:10	12:50
20:46	20:56	DePue		20:46	20:56	11:20	12:40
21:05	21:15	DePue		21:05	21:15	11:30	12:30
21:24	21:34	DePue		21:24	21:34	11:40	12:20
21:43	21:53	DePue		21:43	21:53	11:50	12:10
22:02	22:12	DePue		22:02	22:12	12:00	12:00
22:21	22:31	DePue		22:21	22:31	12:10	11:50
22:40	22:50	DePue		22:40	22:50	12:20	11:40
22:59	23:09	DePue		22:59	23:09	12:30	11:30
23:18	23:28	DePue		23:18	23:28	12:40	11:20
23:37	23:47	DePue		23:37	23:47	12:50	11:10
23:56	24:06	DePue		23:56	24:06	1:00	11:00
24:15	24:25	DePue		24:15	24:25	1:10	10:50
24:34	24:44	DePue		24:34	24:44	1:20	10:40
24:53	25:03	DePue		24:53	25:03	1:30	10:30
25:12	25:22	DePue		25:12	25:22	1:40	10:20
25:31	25:41	DePue		25:31	25:41	1:50	10:10
25:50	26:00	DePue		25:50	26:00	2:00	10:00
26:09	26:19	DePue		26:09	26:19	2:10	9:50
26:28	26:38	DePue		26:28	26:38	2:20	9:40
26:47	26:57	DePue		26:47	26:57	2:30	9:30
27:06	27:16	DePue		27:06	27:16	2:40	9:20
27:25	27:35	DePue		27:25	27:35	2:50	9:10
27:44	27:54	DePue		27:44	27:54	3:00	9:00
28:03	28:13	DePue		28:03	28:13	3:10	8:50
28:22	28:32	DePue		28:22	28:32	3:20	8:40
28:41	28:51	DePue		28:41	28:51	3:30	8:30
29:00	29:10	DePue		29:00	29:10	3:40	8:20
29:19	29:29	DePue		29:19	29:29	3:50	8:10
29:38	29:48	DePue		29:38	29:48	4:00	8:00
29:57	30:07	DePue		29:57	30:07	4:10	7:50
30:16	30:26	DePue		30:16	30:26	4:20	7:40
30:35	30:45	DePue		30:35	30:45	4:30	7:30
30:54	31:04	DePue		30:54	31:04	4:40	7:20
31:13	31:23	DePue		31:13	31:23	4:50	7:10
31:32	31:42	DePue		31:32	31:42	5:00	7:00
31:51	32:01	DePue		31:51	32:01	5:10	6:50
32:10	32:20	DePue		32:10	32:20	5:20	6:40
32:29	32:39	DePue		32:29	32:39	5:30	6:30
32:48	32:58	DePue		32:48	32:58	5:40	6:20
33:07	33:17	DePue		33:07	33:17	5:50	6:10
33:26	33:36	DePue		33:26	33:36	6:00	6:00
33:45	33:55	DePue		33:45	33:55	6:10	5:50
34:04	34:14	DePue		34:04	34:14	6:20	5:40
34:23	34:33	DePue		34:23	34:33	6:30	5:30
34:42	34:52	DePue		34:42	34:52	6:40	5:20
35:01	35:11	DePue		35:01	35:11	6:50	5:10
35:20	35:30	DePue		35:20	35:30	7:00	5:00
35:39	35:49	DePue		35:39	35:49	7:10	4:50
35:58	36:08	DePue		35:58	36:08	7:20	4:40
36:17	36:27	DePue		36:17	36:27	7:30	4:30
36:36	36:46	DePue		36:36	36:46	7:40	4:20
36:55	37:05	DePue		36:55	37:05	7:50	4:10
37:14	37:24	DePue		37:14	37:24	8:00	4:00
37:33	37:43	DePue		37:33	37:43	8:10	3:50
37:52	38:02	DePue		37:52	38:02	8:20	3:40
38:11	38:21	DePue		38:11	38:21	8:30	3:30
38:30	38:40	DePue		38:30	38:40	8:40	3:20
38:49	38:59	DePue		38:49	38:59	8:50	3:10
39:08	39:18	DePue		39:08	39:18	9:00	3:00
39:27	39:37	DePue		39:27	39:37	9:10	2:50
39:46	39:56	DePue		39:46	39:56	9:20	2:40
40:05	40:15	DePue		40:05	40:15	9:30	2:30
40:24	40:34	DePue		40:24	40:34	9:40	2:20
40:43	40:53	DePue		40:43	40:53	9:50	2:10
41:02	41:12	DePue		41:02	41:12	10:00	2:00
41:21	41:31	DePue		41:21	41:31	10:10	1:50
41:40	41:50	DePue		41:40	41:50	10:20	1:40
41:59	42:09	DePue		41:59	42:09	10:30	1:30
42:18	42:28	DePue		42:18	42:28	10:40	1:20
42:37	42:47	DePue		42:37	42:47	10:50	1:10
42:56	43:06	DePue		42:56	43:06	11:00	1:00
43:15	43:25	DePue		43:15	43:25	11:10	12:50
43:34	43:44	DePue		43:34	43:44	11:20	12:40
43:53	44:03	DePue		43:53	44:03	11:30	12:30
44:12	44:22	DePue		44:12	44:22	11:40	12:20
44:31	44:41	DePue		44:31	44:41	11:50	12:10
44:50	45:00	DePue		44:50	45:00	12:00	12:00
45:09	45:19	DePue		45:09	45:19	12:10	11:50
45:28	45:38	DePue		45:28	45:38	12:20	11:40
45:47	45:57	DePue		45:47	45:57	12:30	11:30
46:06	46:16	DePue		46:06	46:16	12:40	11:20
46:25	46:35	DePue		46:25	46:35	12:50	11:10
46:44	46:54	DePue		46:44	46:54	1:00	11:00
47:03	47:13	DePue		47:03	47:13	1:10	10:50
47:22	47:32	DePue		47:22	47:32	1:20	10:40
47:41	47:51	DePue		47:41	47:51	1:30	10:30
48:00	48:10	DePue		48:00	48:10	1:40	10:20
48:19	48:29	DePue		48:19	48:29	1:50	10:10
48:38	48:48	DePue		48:38	48:48	2:00	10:00
48:57	49:07	DePue		48:57	49:07	2:10	9:50
49:16	49:26	DePue		49:16	49:26	2:20	9:40
49:35	49:45	DePue		49:35	49:45	2:30	9:30
49:54	50:04	DePue		49:54	50:04	2:40	9:20
50:13	50:23	DePue		50:13			