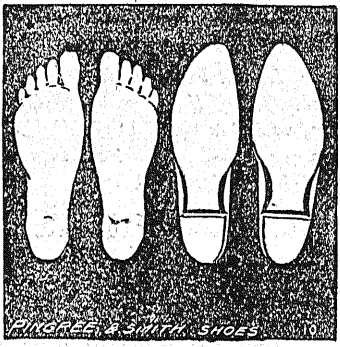


CASS CITY ENTERPRISE.

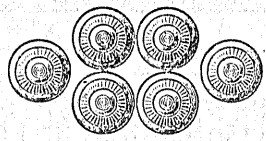
VOL. XVII. NO. 21, 23

CASS CITY, MICH., MAY 12, 1898.

BY A. A. P. M'DOWELL.

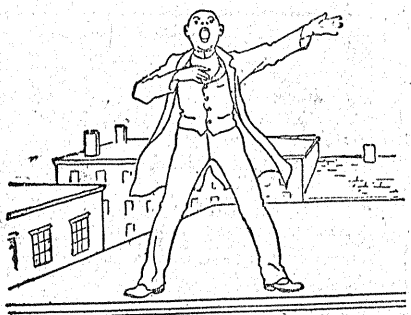


SPECIAL MAY SALE
OF
Shoes and Clothing



AGENTS FOR
W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES
BEST IN THE WORLD

J. D. Crosby
CASS CITY'S
SHOE & CLOTHING MAN.



ONE MONTH ONLY!

We will begin our....

SPECIAL SALE

....ON....

Saturday, April 16th

....and will close it....

MONDAY, MAY 16, 1898.

Look out For Bargains.

2 MACKS 2

Do You Know

That we can positively save you money on Hosiery?

That all our Dark Outing Flannel can be purchased at greatly reduced prices, commencing Saturday, April 23, and continuing until they are all gone.

That we have the finest and most complete line of Ladies' and Gent's Shoes in Cass City?

That we carry the latest in Wrappers, Shirts, Summer Goods, Belts, Bicycle Skirts and Suitings?

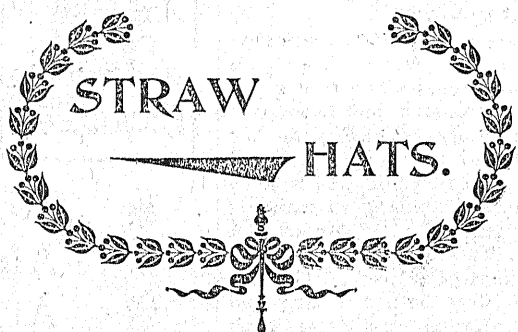
That we are having a Slaughter Sale in Ladies' Underwear?

That our odd Dress Goods can now be bought at half price and that great bargains can be secured at our bargain counter?

Give us a trial and be convinced?

LAING & JAMES.

Butter and Eggs Wanted.



In all the different styles at Frost & Hebblewhite's

We sell the Cheap Carpet Co.

CARPET

by sample. By buying from us we can save you 5 per cent. on your carpet. Now is the time for Garden Seeds, we have them, all fresh stock. Remember our teas, they take the lead.

A. A. MCKENZIE,
FUNERAL DIRECTOR

Cass City, Mich.

Branches at Gagetown and Argyle.

Gagetown Manager—David Ashmore.
Argyle Center Manager—John McPhail.

COUPON Naval Series.

This coupon and ten cents when presented to the Enterprise office will entitle the holder to part

NUMBER 1

Of the portfolio of battleships and views of the

United States Navy.

There are six parts—each part containing 16 pages, 11x13 1/2 inches in size.

Registration Notice.

Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the Board of Registration of the Village of Cass City, County of Tuscola, State of Michigan, will be held in the Council Rooms in said village on

the 21st day of May, 1898, for the purpose of registering the names of all such persons as shall be possessed of the necessary qualifications of electors of said village, who may appear for that purpose at the meeting, and ready to be sworn.

Said Board of Registration shall be in session on day and date at the place aforesaid from 9 o'clock until 11 o'clock in the morning, and from 2 o'clock in the afternoon until 5 o'clock in the afternoon for the purpose of receiving and recording the names of electors.

Dated this 10th day of May, A. D. 1898.
HUGH W. SEED, Village Clerk.

Notice of Special Election.

Notice is hereby given that a special election of the electors of the village of Cass City will be held in the Council Rooms in said village on

Monday, the 23rd day of May, 1898, for the purpose of electing a Board of Registration.

The question to be submitted to the electors will be that of bonding said village the sum of nine thousand dollars (\$9000) for the purpose of maintaining a system of water works for said village; and the question of bonding said village for the further sum of nine thousand dollars (\$9000) for the purpose of acquiring by construction, works to provide said village and the inhabitants thereof with electric light will vote—Yes. And those opposed to the issue of bonds for such purpose will vote—No.

Those in favor of bonding the village of Cass City in the sum of nine thousand dollars (\$9000) for the purpose of constructing and maintaining water works will vote—Yes. And those opposed to the issue of bonds for such purpose will vote—No.

Those in favor of bonding the village of Cass City in the sum of nine thousand dollars (\$9000) for the purpose of acquiring by construction, works to provide said village and the inhabitants thereof with electric light will vote—Yes. And those opposed to the issue of bonds for such purpose will vote—No.

Dated at Cass City, Mich., this 10th day of May, 1898.
HUGH W. SEED, Village Clerk.

Arrest Him.

Information comes to us that a man sometimes giving the name of Burrows and sometimes that of Smith is traveling through Michigan representing himself as an employee of the J. C. Ayer Company, of Lowell, Mass. He visits druggists, general dealers, or others, and endeavors to obtain cash for a small draft on the J. C. Ayer Company or tries to sell some of their goods, probably trying to collect for same. This man is a swindler, and all druggists and other merchants are hereby cautioned against him, and are requested to cause his arrest should he attempt to carry on his swindling operations.

Bronchial Asthma or Consumption Cured.

Attent. Mich. April 18, 1897.

Mr. T. F. Holden, Imlay City, Mich.
Dear Sir—I can truly recommend your Pine Root Cough Syrup. I had been troubled with bronchial Asthma for four years and became so bad I could hardly breathe. I doctored with physicians in Metamora, Lapeer and other towns but could get no benefit. Some of them said I was consumptive and could only get relief by taking Cod Liver Oil. I became so bad that I had not slept a night in two weeks when I was recommended to try Pine Root Cough Syrup. I was greatly relieved soon after the first dose and the one bottle did me so much good that I have not taken anything since. That was over a year ago. I recommend Pine Root whenever I find a person troubled with Asthma, or any throat or lung trouble. Very respectfully, Mrs. Nellie Bennett

Under the name of Holden, Imlay City, Mich.

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HOME HAPPENINGS

ITEMS OF PURELY LOCAL INTEREST.

Several sidewalk notices appear in this issue.

Mrs. W. I. Frost is the guest of Armada friends.

Norman Morrison is spending the week in Saginaw.

Jas. H. Eno spent Sunday with friends at Pontiac.

Dan McNaughton, of Argyle, visited friends here Sunday.

Chas. Hubel, of Uby, was in town yesterday on business.

Joe Reuter, of Pontiac, smiled on old friends here Saturday.

Matthew Smith, of Linkville, did business here on Tuesday.

Miss Jennie Walters visited friends in Gagetown over Sunday.

W. J. Campbell spent a couple of days at Caseville this week.

W. C. Sanford, Supt. of the P. O. & N. R. R., is in town to day.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Crosby visited friends at Bad Axe last week.

Mrs. McRoy will be in Shabbona next Tuesday with millinery.

Rev. J. C. Frey, of Saabon, called on friends here on Tuesday.

Quarterly meeting at the M. E. Church on Sunday, the 22nd.

Mrs. J. F. Abbott, of Owendale, transacted business here yesterday.

The ENTERPRISE and Twice-a-week Free Press three months for 40c.

Mrs. J. Chamberlain is spending a few weeks with friends at Romeo.

M. C. Cogswell is doing business in the vicinity of Kingston this week.

Miss Amanda Hall is assisting at the millinery rooms of Mrs. L. McRoy.

Messrs. A. Frutchey and E. A. McGeorge were in Gagetown on Saturday.

Will Smith has secured employment at the egg warehouse of Frutchey & Co.

I. W. Hall is building a large basement barn for O. White, three miles east of town.

Duncan Monroe, of Great Falls, Mont., is visiting his relatives and friends here.

Mrs. C. W. Heller and little son, Vernon, have been quite ill this week but are now recovering.

Dr. I. A. Fritz's dental parlors are receiving new interior decorations. Thos. Cross is the artist.

London, Eno & Keating have secured the carpenter contract for Chas. Maynard's new store at Gagetown.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Seely, of Caro, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. I. B. Auten on Friday and Saturday.

Miss Ida Gamble, teacher of the Dicksouth school in Grant township, spent Sunday with her friends in town.

There was no ball game last Saturday owing to the fact that the Canboro team failed to put in an appearance.

Mrs. Chas. Sackett, of Wickware, left here Tuesday morning for Jackson, where she will visit relatives for a time.

Mrs. F. Nettleton returned to her home at Toledo, O., on Tuesday after a brief visit with parents and friends here.

Mrs. J. C. Edgar and Mrs. M. Dew left for Vassar yesterday morning as delegates to the county convention of the W. C. T. U.

G. A. Stevenson was taken quite seriously ill a few days ago but we are pleased to be able to announce that he is now improving.

Joe Frutchey, of Harris & Frutchey, Detroit, spent several days of the week here and in company with H. Frutchey visited Gagetown on Monday.

Lost—Between Owendale, Gagetown or Cass City, rambler bicycle tool bag, containing tools. Finder will please leave at ENTERPRISE office.

Undertaker McKenzie was called to Cumber on Sunday to direct the funeral of Mrs. McDougall, an aunt of Mrs. W. O. Marshall, of this place.

Messrs. H. S. Wickware, J. D. Crosby, W. I. Frost, A. G. Berney and T. H. Fritz enjoyed a fishing excursion to Caseville this week, returning last evening.

John Jackson, of Elmwood, left last week for Pickering, Ont., being called there by the serious illness of his aged mother, who is nearly eighty years of age.

Among the eggs sold to W. A. Fairweather the other day by Robt. Vance, of Deford, was a hen's egg 6 3/4 x 7 1/2 inches in size. Mr. Vance keeps the Light Brahmas.

J. D. Brooker has removed the row of poplar trees from in front of his residence property on Oak Street and replaced them with maples, as well as having the front nicely terraced.

John E. Davis, who has been visiting here for some weeks, left Tuesday morning for his home in Virginia. While here he sold his forty-acre farm north of Shabbona to Mr. Pangman.

Messrs. Steinhauer and Freeman are now at work on the brick work of the Opera House. Several of the large stone sills and a portion of the corner stone column are now in position and the work is progressing rapidly.

The Memorial Day sermon will be preached at the M. E. Church on the morning of Sunday, May 20th, by Rev. James W. Fenn. A program is being arranged for Monday the 30th, and Rev. Adair, of Marlette, has consented to make the address. Particulars later.

George, son of Charles Sackett, postmaster at Wickware, is a member of the National Guards at Scranton, Pa. Ninety seven per cent. of his company passed the necessary examination and help to make up the 80,000 defenders now in camp at Mt. Gretna, ready to go to the front.

Walter M. Hewett is in town in the interests of McClure's Magazine and Clare's General History. We have had the privilege of examining the work and have no hesitancy in saying that it ranks with the best and the terms upon which it can be secured are very reasonable.

D. J. Giles, who has conducted a general mercantile business for some years in the Hitechock block, announces that he will remove on or before the 18th to the Wallace building opposite Bigelow & Son's hardware, having purchased the building. It is being remodelled as rapidly as possible and Mr. Giles is sparing no pains to open up a first-class establishment.

Samuel Parsons, Jr., lately Superintendent of Parks in New York City, is perhaps the highest American authority on the making and beautifying of parks. His article, "The Parks and the People," in the May Magazine Number of The Outlook, is thoroughly readable, and is notable also for its abundant and charming illustration. (83 a year. The Outlook Company, 287 Fourth Avenue, New York.)

Did you notice Landerbach's window display? It is in keeping with the interior arrangement of his confectionery and ice cream parlors. The soda fountain has been "flaming" for several days and ice cream is also on tap. Owing to a change the arrangement Mr. Landerbach will be able to handle a larger trade than ever this season. An ice cream cabinet has been added to his outfit which is entirely complete.

The P. O. & N. R. R. will run the first excursion of the season to Detroit on Thursday, May 19. The train leaves Cass City at six a. m., Deford, 6:14; Wilmet, 6:21; Kingston, 6:30, arriving at Detroit at ten o'clock. The returning train leaves Detroit at 5:45 p. m. The fare from Cass City to Deford and Wilmet will be 82c; from Kingston 81.75. Bicycles properly tagged with owner's name will be carried free of charge at owner's risk.

While Henry Beswick, of Owosso, was in town last week he secured the contract for I. B. Auten's residence on Seagr Street north. He returned here this week and commenced work yesterday. A gang of men are now engaged in doing the excavating for the basement. The residence will stand on a good elevation and will be after the most modern plans. Mr. Beswick enjoys the reputation of a first class contractor and a perfect gentleman. The contract is to be completed by August 1st.

The village council met on Monday evening and completed the necessary arrangements for the special election to bond the village for waterworks and electric lighting systems. The notices of registration and election appear in another column. Saturday, the 21st, will be registration day and the vote will be taken on Monday, the 23rd. We have reason to believe that much of the opposition to the movement has been overcome by sound reasoning and good judgment and that the vote will be a favorable one. At the same time it should be remembered that the vote of every elector is desired and their hearty co-operation in order to push the project to the most successful termination. If you have honest doubts regarding the matter seek information from reliable sources and vote intelligently for the best interests of the greater number. We can no longer afford to deprive ourselves of the benefits of such improvements.

According to a recent ruling Macca-bees may enlist in the militia or navy of the United States without forfeiting the benefits of the order. Section 110 of the Great Camp by-laws prevented this until a recent decision struck out that section for the time being.

When a man is through his day's work and is sitting down resting at home he cannot read the advertisements on the fence, and the handbills and circulars that were left on his doorstep have been blown away or were destroyed. He calls for the paper and there finds the merchant's announcement, and with nothing to bother him reads it.

For the benefit of those wishing to attend the sub-district Epworth League convention at Kingston next Wednesday, the 18th, the P. O. & N. R. R. has granted a rate of one and one-third fare, making it fifty-one cents from this point and a large number have signified their intention of attending the convention. The railroad superintendent has also agreed to hold the returning train in the evening for thirty minutes enabling all from the north to get the benefit of the entire evening session.

Crop Report.

The first week in April was exceedingly cold, the average temperature ranging from 1 to 14 degrees below the normal, while in the second week directly opposite temperature conditions prevailed, the mean being about 8 degrees above the normal. There was practically no rainfall either week and consequently crops made little growth. Weather conditions the latter half of the month were more favorable but not warm enough to insure best results. Temperature was nearly normal and rain fair in amount and very well distributed.

The average condition of wheat is as follows: Southern counties, 92; central, 96; northern, 98, and State, 94 per cent, comparison being with vitality and growth of average years. The average for the State is 12 per cent higher than in 1897, 2 higher than in 1896, and 14 higher in 1895. Less than one per cent of the area seeded will be plowed up because winter killed or otherwise destroyed.

The amount of wheat reported marketed by farmers in April is 1,088,514 bushels, and in the nine months, August-April, 14,015,846 bushels, which is 5,051,517 bushels more than reported marketed in the same months last year.

A report of the average amount of wheat usually sowed per acre was requested of correspondents this month. The returns indicate that the average in the State and northern counties is 1.66 bushels. It is 1.64 in the southern section and 1.70 in the central.

The winter and spring have been favorable for meadows and pastures. Estimates indicate that only 6 per cent of the area in the southern counties, and 4 per cent in State will be plowed up because winter killed or otherwise destroyed. The average condition in the State is 92; southern counties 91; central, 93, and northern 96.

The outlook for fruit of all kinds is generally promising throughout the State. The average percentage for apples is, for the State, 91, and for peaches 94. The sectional average range from 90 upwards. The letters from fruit specialists confirms the high averages here given.

WASHINGTON GARDNER, Secretary of State.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

Many old soldiers now feel the effect of the hard service they endured during the war. Mr. Geo. S. Anderson, of Rossville, York county, Penn., who saw the hardest kind of service at the front, is now frequently troubled with rheumatism. "I had a severe attack lately," he says, and procured a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It did so much good that I would like to know what you would charge me for one dozen bottles. Mr. Anderson supplied it both for his own use and to supply his neighbors and friends, as every family should have a bottle of it in their home, not only for rheumatism, but lame back, sprains, swellings, cuts, bruises and burns, for which it is unequalled. For sale by T. H. Fritz, Druggist.

Early Seed Potatoes For Sale.

The "Irish Cobbler," a new variety, round and smooth. Seed cost me \$2.50 per bushel last year. I am now selling them at \$1.00 per bushel.

4-14. O. K. JAMES.

Wool! wool!

I want 1,000,000 pounds of wool and will pay the highest market price. Be sure and see me before selling to other parties. G. S. RICKER. 4-23-4f

Important Business Change.

A deal has just been consummated of considerable importance and concerns the business interests of our sister village, Gagetown, as well as those of our own town. The Gagetown elevator, heretofore owned and operated by R. Klein passes into the hands of A. Frutchey, of this place, together with the residence close by. In exchange Mr. Klein gets the excellent farm one mile north of this place, of which Mr. Frutchey has been so justly proud. We understand that Jos. Young, who has been foreman on Mr. Frutchey's farm some time, will assume the management of the Gagetown elevator and that Mr. Klein will now devote his attention to his mercantile interests at Gagetown. All parties seem well satisfied with the transaction and we wish them all continued prosperity.

A Pleasing Success.

The Free Will Baptist quarterly meeting, which was held at the Second Novesta Church, three and one-fourth miles south of Cass City, was well attended and the little church was much encouraged. All the delegates were loyally entertained, both by the members of the class and the outside friends, for which they express their sincere thanks.

As was announced, the corner stone was laid Saturday afternoon, May 7th. The total amount raised by collections and pledges for the benefit of the church was one hundred and thirteen dollars. On Sunday afternoon the Young People's Society, the A. C. F., held the services. Elder Glover, from Davison, the state treasurer of the society, was present and gave an address to a full house of young people. The new church is now ready for service and preaching will be held in the church every Sunday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock and prayer meeting on Thursday evenings. Elder Harper is the pastor in charge.

Caro.

The gymnasium is progressing finely. Much interest is being manifested by the young men, and even the business men have taken hold of the sport and are working off some of the superfluous flesh and hardening their muscles. A business men's class has been organized for Monday and Wednesday evening of from 9:00 to 10:00 p. m. This class prohibits members under 25 years from joining. A young men's class has also been organized for Tuesday and Friday evenings, from 8:00 to 9:00 p. m. This class takes in all members under 25 years of age. On these evenings all the younger boys of the gymnasium are admitted. About 50 names are enrolled in the young men's class at present. Dr. A. G. Barlow has been secured as instructor for these classes. Mr. Barlow is quite an athlete, having a number of years experience in Detroit gymnasiums. Persons wishing to join either of these classes are requested to hand in their names to the secretary, C. R. Clough. A base ball team has been organized by the members of the gymnasium. They will meet at the club rooms every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4 p. m., from whence they will proceed to the fair grounds for practice. The club will be known as the C. A. C. base ball club.

Real Estate Transfers.

Monroe, Robert and wife, to Edgar, Frank C., pt sec. 20, Columbia, 50.
Tenney, Wm. L., to Reynolds, Levi M., n and o of w 1/2 of n e 1/4, sec. 18, Millington, \$800.
Clark, Rose B. and wife, to Vorhes, Geo. M., n e 1/4 of n w 1/4, sec. 21, Kingston, 800.
Murray, Sarah, to Stokes, Christina, lot 2, blk 1, Millington, \$500.
Bond, Amos and wife, to Hamilton, John R., lot 2 blk 2, Johnson's add to Fairgrove, 925.
Metzger, Mary, to Metzger, Albert, n 1/2 of s 1/2 of n e 1/4, sec. 27, Novesta, 650.
Patterson, Annie, to Hall, Geo., s e 1/4 of n e 1/4, sec. 17, Elkland 1,000.
Conley, Lucresia, to Sackles, Nelson, s e 1/4 of s e 1/4, sec. 35, Dayton, 1000.
Lamon, Geo. to Patterson, Charles, pt Millington, 600.
Ferguson, Eliza, to McDermon, Chas., n e 1/4 of n Carson, Wm. H., to McDermion, Charles, e 1/2 of n e 1/4 of n e 1/4, sec. 15, Elkington, 250.
w 1/4, sec. 15, Elkington, 300.
Livingston, Lilly, to Patterson, James, pt n w 1/4 s w 1/4, sec. 34, Elkland, 210.

Marriage Licenses.

William Herman, Caro. 40
August Howell, Caro. 30
Jas. A. Davison, Gifford. 21
Anna M. Trimble, Fairgrove. 20
John George Grant, Tuscola. 20
Mary Knaster, Frankmouth. 20
ARTHUR, Alford, Almer. 20
Edith Rockefeller, Caro. 20
Charles Levaood, Cass City. 20
Maggie Bulley, Novesta. 10

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

CASS CITY ENTERPRISE.

A. A. P. McDOWELL, Publisher.

CASS CITY, MICHIGAN.

You cannot judge a man's religion by the condition of his front yard.

Again has Spain demonstrated her pre-eminence in diplomacy. She dropped it first.

It is confidently asserted that during this little scuffle tea, coffee and breath will be untaxed.

England can never be considered an ally of ours while her army continues to blow African savages from the mouths of her cannons.

Mr. Croker will do his part of the fighting with Spain on the racing grounds of England; but as to his struggle with Hill he will leave orders and fight by substitute.

A correspondent of the New York Press believes that if the clergy united in prayer to that end God would sink every Spanish war vessel. It is well to have faith, but it is safer to keep your powder dry. Suppose, for instance, the Spanish should pray the Almighty to sink all of our navy? Why would not the efficacy of supplication be as great in one case as in the other?

The frequent difficulty in balancing account books has been solved, according to the Chicago Post, by the treasurer of a woman's club, who explains her system thus: "I just add up what I have received, and subtract from that what I have paid out, to show what is due the club, and then I make my husband give me a check for the amount." Unfortunately many expatriated cashiers have no husbands.

At the recent celebration of his eighty-third birthday Prince Bismarck walked with the help of a gold-handled cane that was given him by the present emperor. Those who saw him thus supported may well have thought of the fateful days when the first Emperor William leaned on Bismarck as on a strong staff, and by that aid was enabled to walk steadily along untired and perilous paths to the imperial throne.

A man in New York gave his girl two brand new front teeth as a wedding gift, "to fill up the gap," as he expressed it. Directly the two separated, and then, on the highway, he tried to pluck the teeth from the gap, and the magistrate before whom he was taken fined him ten dollars for it. The proprietress of the teeth would have limited his generosity to two teeth. He should have given her a full set, a wig, and a cork leg.

W. S. Gilbert wanted five thousand dollars as damages because a London paper said he was given to pomposity, envy and ingratitude, and the jury disagreed. Mr. Gilbert satirizes men, women and ideas rather more than any other man, and it is not reasonable that he should be sensitive to that sort of thing as applied to himself. It reminds one of the generous lad who said to his companion, "Let us play. I will hit you with a club and you will back up against the fence and cry." The suggestion that those who give should be willing to take would evidently come to Mr. Gilbert as a new proposition.

Muncie and Richmond, Indiana, are preparing to try the Pingree lot-garden scheme this year on a more extensive scale and systematic basis than any city in Indiana has yet attempted. Richmond has been experimenting along these lines for the last three years—not individually, but as a city, and under city management. The results have been wonderful. The poor of the city have thus been employed and have raised enough each year to take them through the winter with plenty of food. The city council has just voted an appropriation of several hundred dollars to carry on the early spring preliminary work, and citizens are pledging their vacant lots to the city—not to individuals. More than 150 lots will be given over to that purpose this spring and the city superintendent, who is appointed by the mayor and paid by the city, is now entering the names of those who want the gardens and assigning them to certain lots. Only the poor need apply and the amount of ground given is regulated by the size of the family. The ground is broken and prepared by the city, and the city, through the government, provides all of the seed. All that is required of the poor is to plant, till and care for the ground and harvest the crops. The city superintendent supervises all of this work, and if he finds that a man is negligent he will appoint others to attend to the work and reap the reward. This system costs the city something, but the cost is slight when compared with savings in the long winter months when such demands were made on charity.

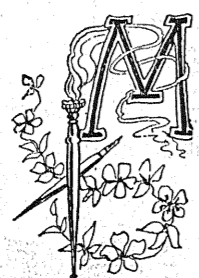
No North or South, no East or West, no parties or half parties; but the union a unit for free Cuba and the Monroe doctrine in its broadest sense. No more wholesale starvation, no more white slavery, no more foreign government control of anything or anybody on this continent.

The value of the instruments and machinery exported from the United States during 1897 for scientific purposes was \$3,054,453, which was an increase of \$500,000 as compared with the exports in 1896.

"THERE IS NO DEATH."

AUTHOR OF THE POEM IS FINALLY IDENTIFIED.

He Is J. L. McCreery, of Iowa—He Is a Clerk in the Office of the Assistant Attorney General—He Has Also Written a Book of Poems.



EL R. COLQUITT writes to the Atlanta Constitution as follows: A few months ago I saw in the Constitution in answers to correspondents the reply as to who wrote the poem, "There Is No Death." The answer attributed the poem to Bulwer, as usual—I say as usual, for it is surprising in view of the publicity given to the real authorship that the mistake still be made. As I am personally acquainted with the writer of those noble lines, I propose to set the matter at rest for all time. As grown people are as susceptible to the logic and object lessons of pictures as children are, I send with this a photograph of the author. Mr. J. L. McCreery, of Iowa, the poet, author of the verses in question, and of a volume of poems entitled "Songs of Toil and Triumph," has been for years a clerk in the office of the assistant attorney-general for the department of the interior. His own story of the poem and the many controversies that have arisen concerning it is told in a delightfully clear and entertaining manner in "Annals of Iowa," a historical quarterly, published by the his-



MR. J. L. MCCREERY, Writer of "There Is No Death."

torical department of Iowa in October, 1893. His story is extremely candid, and told with winning frankness, as he goes most carefully into his own criticism of his poem and shows in verse after verse how revision and improvement finally led to its perfect thought and form. It was written in the early spring of 1893, when Mr. McCreery was living in Delaware county, Iowa. It was sent to Arthur's Home Magazine, Philadelphia, and appeared in that monthly in the number for July, 1893—Vol. 22, page 41. The poem was shortly reprinted in The Delaware County Journal (Mr. McCreery's own paper) and credited to Arthur's Home Magazine. A writer for the Farmer's Advocate, then published in Chicago, contributed to that paper an article on "Immortality," concluding his prose article with Mr. McCreery's lines. The name of the writer of the essay was Eugene Bulmer, and it was signed at the end, or after the quoted poem, with no credit given to the poet, no quotation marks used. A friend of Mr. McCreery's wrote at once to the editor of the Farmer's Advocate, claiming the poem for the rightful owner, but it was too late. A Wisconsin paper had cut off the poetry from the article and printed it with the name of E. Bulmer attached, then another Wisconsin editor desired to reprint it, and supposing that he had discovered an error in the types, changed the "m" to a "w" and so the mischief was done, and to Lord Edward Bulwer Lytton, of England, who had never seen or heard of the matter, the fine poem was accredited. A few years ago Lippincott's Magazine, in its department of One Hundred Questions, asked the authorship of the much-disputed verses, and the magazine decided, June, 1898, page 918, that Mr. McCreery wrote them.

He Wished to Kick Spain's King. When he was a schoolboy at Beaumont college in England, Don Jaime, the Carlist pretender to the throne of Spain, was not exempt from the hazing which existed there, and was obliged to endure the same ill-treatment as his English schoolmates. One day a master saw a large boy kicking his royal highness. "What has he done?" asked the master. "Nothing," replied the culprit; "but you see, sir, he may be the king of Spain, by and by, and I should like to be able to say that I once kicked the king of Spain."

A TACTFUL GIFT.

Rosa Bonheur Receives Three Big Polar Bears.

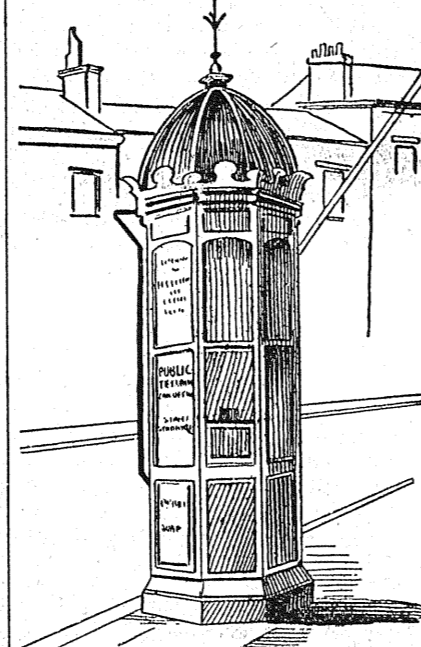
Most of the incidents of international civility which the Parisian papers related during the recent trip of President Faure to Russia and the previous visit of the czar and zarina to France were rather too effusive in matter and florid in manner to please our severer taste. But they have recently recalled one Franco-Russian anecdote, says the Youth's Companion, which we can appreciate—all the more, perhaps, because diplomatically it was not of importance. During the last visit of the Grand Duke Michael to the gay capital there was placed next to him at a grand dinner given in his honor not, as usual, a French statesman or great social celebrity but a little, bright-eyed, white-haired, strong-featured woman wearing the red ribbon of the Legion of Honor on her breast. She was Mlle. Rosa Bonheur, the famous artist. They became, during the progress of the elaborate meal, the best of friends; the duke declared it was long since he had so enjoyed any woman's conversation, and mademoiselle, on her part, found him a most appreciative and intelligent listener. When dessert was served a double nut was found on the duke's plate, and they ate a philopona together, which the lady won. "What can I give you, mademoiselle, which will really give you pleasure?" asked the grand duke, politely. "I cannot deny my weakness," was the reply. "Any little animal which I can use as a model, will be welcome." Several months passed and she supposed the duke's promise forgotten, when a few weeks ago the philosopher arrived. There were three of the little "animals"—and they were mighty, white bears, shaggy, huge and



ferocious! Few ladies would care for such a trio of pets, but Mlle. Bonheur, who has tamed as well as painted wild beasts before now, was delighted, and will no doubt do proper justice with both her heart and her brush to the characteristics of the oft-maligned Russian bear.

QUITE A CONVENIENCE.

London is experimenting with some new public telephone call-office kiosks which have been placed in some of the public thoroughfares. The kiosks are very foreign-looking and resemble the



CALL-OFFICE KIOSK.

newspaper stands in Paris. If the kiosks are a success they are likely to spread to other cities.

A Gamble Accepted. McMurtry (wildly)—Yure another! An' fer two pins O'd come over intil yur yard an' bate yez. McTamany (excitedly)—Did yez hear that, Hanorah? Trow me out yur pin-cushion, darlint.—Judge.

Fiji's Whistling Eel. A huge eel of the Fiji Islands, fifteen feet long, is reported to have a peculiar throat formation, causing it to whistle when excited.

TALMAGE'S SERMON.

THE "SHEIK'S DAUGHTER" SUNDAY'S SUBJECT.

From the Text: Exodus 3:1, as follows: "Now Moses kept the flock of Jethro, his father-in-law, the Priest of Midian."

In the southeastern part of Arabia a man is sitting by a well. It is an arid country, and water is scarce, and that a well is of great value, and flocks and herds are driven vast distances to have their thirst slaked. Jethro, a Midianite sheik and priest, was so fortunate as to have seven daughters; and they are practical girls, and yonder they come driving the sheep and cattle and camels of their father to the watering. They lower the buckets and then pull them up, the water plashing on the stones and chilling their feet, and the troughs are filled. Who is that man out there sitting unconcerned and looking on? Why does he not come to help the women in this hard work of drawing water? But no sooner have the dry lips and panting nostrils of the flocks begun to cool a little in the brimming trough of the well, than some rough Bedouin shepherds break in upon the scene, and with clubs and shouts drive back the animals that were drinking, and frighten these girls until they fly in retreat, and the flocks of these ill-mannered shepherds are driven to the troughs, taking the places of the other flocks. Now that man sitting by the well begins to color up, and his eye flashes with indignation, and all the gallantry of his nature is aroused. It is Moses, who naturally had a quick temper anyhow, as he demonstrated on one occasion when he saw an Egyptian oppressing an Israelite and gave the Egyptian a sudden clip and buried him in the sand, and as he showed afterward when he broke all the Ten Commandments at once by shattering the two granite slabs on which the law was written. But the injustice of this treatment of the seven girls sets him on fire with wrath, and he takes this shepherd by the throat, and pushes back another shepherd till he falls over the trough, and aims a stunning blow between the eyes of another, as he cries, "Begone, you villains!" and he hoots and roars at the sheep and cattle and camels of these invaders and drives them back; and having cleared the place of the desperadoes, he told the seven girls of this Midianite sheik to gather their flocks together and bring them again to the watering.

O, you ought to see a fight between the shepherds at a well in the Orient as I saw it in December, 1890. There were here a group of rough men who had driven the cattle many miles, and here another group who had driven their cattle as many miles. Who should have precedence? Such clashing of buckets! Such hooting of horns! Such kicking of hoofs! Such vehemence in a language I fortunately could not understand! Now the sheep with a peculiar mark across their woolly backs were at the trough, and now the sheep of another mark. It was one of the most exciting scenes I ever witnessed. An old book describes one of these contentions at an eastern well when it says: "One day the poor men, the widows and the orphans met together and were driving their camels and their flocks to drink, and were all standing by the water-side. Daji came up and drove them here and there, and he had driven the cattle many miles, and here another group who had driven their cattle as many miles. 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HOW IT SPREADS.

People all over Michigan Talking About It.
How it spreads.
Can't keep a "good thing" down.
Ever notice how "good things" are imitated?
Better the article, more imitators.
Fortunately the public has a safeguard.
Praise can't be imitated.
And true praise takes root and spreads.
Claim is one thing, proof is another.
Claim is what the manufacturer says.
Proof is what the people say.
Everywhere in Michigan people say
Doan's Kidney Pills cure sick kidneys.
Cure all kidney ills.

W. S. Kilmer, Passenger Engineer, on the M. C. Ry., residing at 214 Orange street, Jackson, Mich., says: "In 1895 I had considerable trouble with my kidneys from the result of a severe cold which settled there and though I tried every means at hand and treated with doctors the pains through the small of my back became more persistent and severe. To add to my troubles the kidney secretions were unnatural and irregular. At last I was obliged to lay off work. When at home getting no better under the treatment I was then taking, some one advised me to use Doan's Kidney Pills and I procured a box more out of curiosity than from any expectation that they might help me. Now, I want this thoroughly understood, when I finished the box I went back to work without a pain on an ache. But to make matters doubly certain I took a second box. Since that time and that is three years ago, I have neither had an ache nor a pain. Is it any wonder that at this date, 1898, I recommend Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

If the saloons were open on election day it might be possible to poll a full vote.

War with Spain.

As war with Spain has broken out the officials seem to think that all that will be needed is warships, torpedo boats and other instruments of destruction. But really what will be needed more than anything else is a good supply of "5 DROPS" (manufactured by the Swanson Rheumatic Cure Co., 167 Dearborn street, Chicago Ill.), to knock out the Rheumatism which is sure to grip our soldiers and sailors in the miasmic climate of Cuba and the surrounding islands, when the war will be waged. The truth is that something to heal and cure is precisely what is needed right now in the desolated "Queen of the Antilles." Those 200,000 reconcentrados reported sick and dying by hundreds need provisions, it is true, but they need good medicines fully as much. If Miss Barton, the good lady who has charge of the Red Cross relief work, was supplied with "5 DROPS" she could, by their agency, save many a sick Cuban. These miraculous "5 DROPS" conquer many of the worst diseases that afflict ailing humanity, such as Rheumatism, Neuralgia, the excruciating Sciatica and the other diseases for which it is recommended. The War Department should see that there is an abundant supply of "5 DROPS" in the medicine chests.

Love is the chief bond of human sympathy—riding a bicycle is next.

Scratch, scratch, scratch; unable to attend business during the day or sleep during the night. Itching piles, horrible plague. Doan's Ointment cures. Never fails. At any drug store, 50 cents.

The best of us owe more to chance than we are willing to admit.

Coughs and colds, down to the very borderland of consumption, yield to the soothing, healing influences of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

Punctuality, honesty and brevity are the watchwords of life.

Two million Americans suffer the torturing pangs of dyspepsia. No need to. Burdock Blood Bitters cures. At any drug store.

It makes some men "nutty" to be asked to "shell out."

Impossible to foresee an accident. Not impossible to be prepared for it. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil—Monarch over pain.

Unless the ghost walks the business cannot run.

To Cure Constipation Forever. Take Cascarella Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. 10c C. C. Call to cure, druggists refund money.

Don't pattern after the busy little bee. It's the other fellow that eats the honey.

A CHEERFUL WOMAN.

From The Democrat, Brazil, Indiana.
Every woman cannot be beautiful but a cheerful face often supplies the deficiency. But no one can be cheerful and bring joy to others unless they have perfect health. Fortunately, science has placed this priceless boon within the reach of every woman as the following incident proves:

Mrs. Amanda Robinson, wife of William Robinson, farmer and stockman, near Hovesville, Clay County, Ind., is thirty-two years old and had for several years been in declining health and despondent. For three months she was not only unable to attend to her domestic duties but to reside to be up and about. To-day she is in good health and able to attend to her household affairs. She relates her experience as follows:

"I was afflicted with female troubles and was in a delicate state of health. I lost my appetite, grew thin and was greatly depressed. After taking various remedies without being benefited I was induced by a friend to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

"Early in the summer of 1897 I procured five boxes of them and before finishing the second box I began to feel better. By the time I had taken the five boxes I was able to go about my usual work and stopped taking the pills.

"Our daughter Anna, twelve years old, was also afflicted with decline and debility. She lost flesh, seemed to be bloodless and had no appetite. I procured two boxes of the pills and they restored her appetite, aided digestion and brought color to her cheeks. She is now in the best of health. I think Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People the best medicine we ever had in our family and recommend them to all needing a remedy for getting up and rebuilding a shattered system.

No discovery of modern times has proved such a blessing to women as Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. They restore strength and health to exhausted women when every effort of the physician proves unavailing. These vegetable pills are everywhere recognized as a specific for diseases of the blood and nerves.

Silence is always safe, and is frequently the smartest thing we can say.—Josh Billings.

Repentance is the shortest road out of sin, but the last which most people take.

The Baldwin Locomotive works, of Philadelphia, Pa., have recently delivered to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad company the last of the large order of locomotives placed last fall. This delivery included twenty heavy engines, which are now being broken in for service between Cumberland and Baltimore. These locomotives are of the same style that the motive power department adopted as the standard for the first and second divisions. They are of the Consolidation type, with 21x26-inch cylinders, and the average load that they pull approximates 1,800 tons.

Don't bet with your wife, unless you are prepared to lose, whether you win or not.

Beauty is Blood Deep. No beauty without it. Cascarella Candy Cathartic cures your blood and keeps it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin today to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarella—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

Why is it so few women like to give the name of their dressmaker to their friends?

The plan by which Messrs. Grimes & Worthington (whose adv. appears in this issue) are placing high-grade wheels without cash is worthy of everybody's consideration who wants a wheel. They are reliable.—Puss.

A man often goes into mourning for his wife by denying his white whiskers black.

Hall's Catarrh Cure Is taken internally. Price, 75c.

If a man trusts to luck for his happiness he will be in luck when he gets it.

Cox's Cough Mixture Is the oldest and best. It will break up a cold quicker than anything else. It is always reliable. Try it.

If justice was really blind she wouldn't be able to wink at her favorites.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

Don't raise your hand against your husband—broomhandles are plenty.

No-To-Bac For Fifty Cents. Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c. \$1. All druggists.

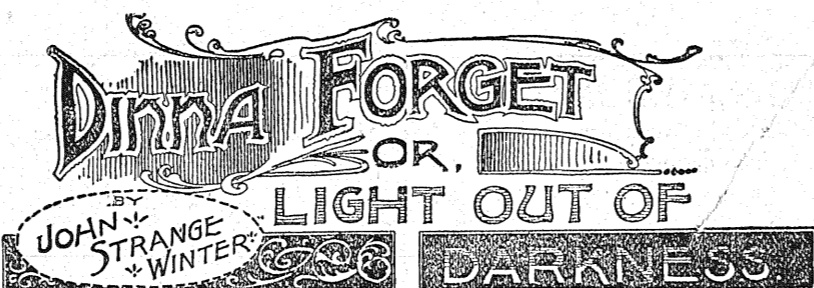
An opportunity to do good is a chance to please God.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is our only medicine for coughs and colds.—Mrs. C. Boltz, 439 8th Ave., Denver, Col., Nov. 8, 1895.

God reigns in the heart that will not harbor hate.

Brown's Teething Cordial makes good babies out of cross babies.

Jillson says that he has noticed that some men are a great deal like rivers. When their heads are swelled they realize it from their mouths.



INTERNATIONAL PRESS ASSOCIATION.

CHAPTER XXIX.—(Continued.)

For a long time Lord Aylmer sat lost in angry thought. So this was the meaning of Dick's sudden surrender, his dutiful acquiescence with his uncle's wishes. There had been no breaking of his chains when he set sail for the East, no burning of his boats behind him. Not a bit of it! No; the young gentleman had quietly—ay, and very cleverly—made the best of what to him was a very bad and very distasteful business, and intended to carry on the Palace Mansions arrangement in Madras just as he had done in London.

But somebody else had to be dealt with, the old lord's grim thoughts ran—somebody else with a brain a good deal shrewder than Dick's, and a will like cold steel. Lord Aylmer would have something to do and say in the matter of Mrs. Harris' intended voyage to India, and he had no notion whatever of allowing his nephew, whom he cordially detested, to carry out all his arrangements in triumph, and in spite of him.

He roused himself presently, and went to the table, where writing materials were lying. Then he forced himself to write an ordinary letter to Dick, telling him he was in town for a few days, but was off to Aylmer's Field tomorrow; that my lady was better and he trusted Dick would bear in mind that he had to reinstate himself in his uncle's good graces, that he might get over the disappointment caused by his refusal to marry Mary Annandale, and therefore he trusted he would spare no pains to make himself indispensable to his old friend, Barry Boynton. And at the end of this meaningless and commonplace letter Lord Aylmer made an addition, which, like the scorpion's tail, contained the sting: "P. S.—By-the-bye, you will be in—"



WROTE A COMMONPLACE LETTER, tested to hear that your little friend, Mrs. Harris, has consoled herself for your absence, without loss of time. I saw her yesterday, with a gentleman, in an uncommonly well turned out open carriage—splendid horses, smart servants, in white liveries, cockades, and all the rest of it. After a long and intimate acquaintance with the world I have come to the conclusion that soft-eyed little women of that type have marvelous wisdom—they forget the past, give no thought to the future, take the hour as it comes and make the best of it. Sober and serious, like the most dangerous of all lies, the lie which was half a truth, Lord Aylmer dropped into the post-box, and in due time it went speeding over sea and land in place of Esther Brand's telegram, "Boy—both well."

CHAPTER XXX.

WHOLEMONTH had gone by and still no word had come from Dick to the anxious heart so fondly waiting for news in Palace Mansions. Or stay, that is not quite correct, for a long letter from Dick had come by each mail, but they had never reached Dorothy, each one of them having fallen in Lord Aylmer's possession. "I can't make out why your husband has never written, why he never answered the telegram. I think I shall go into the post-office and find out if it really went."

"Amelia said it went," Dorothy replied. She, poor child, had never admitted as much to her cousin, but she was prepared for the worst that could possibly happen. Dick's long silence was beginning to tell upon her, and she was not recovering as quickly as might be desired; indeed, her doctor and her cousin, too, were for the most part thoroughly uneasy about her. And yet, she had now been nearly six weeks without a line from Dick—Dick, who had left her with such fond words of love on his lips—ay, and in his eyes; Dick, who knew that now, of all times, letters would be of greater value than ever they had been, when she was left alone in her hour of trial. Yet he had not written, there was no answer to the telegram announcing the boy's birth, there had come no word nor sign out of the dark blackness of hope and fear, doubt and despair, which was gradually creeping over her.

And after all, she told herself, it was not to be wondered at if Dick had got a little tired of her—a stupid little thing like her, as ignorant as a child. What was there in her to keep such a man as Dick faithful and true when the width of half the world was

"Lord Aylmer has an heir, madam," she said quickly, thinking that Mrs. Harris was having a keen eye to the future. "His nephew, Mr. Richard Aylmer, is the heir—he is in India."

"Ah! yes, really," said Dorothy. She felt very sick and faint as she leaned back among the cushions. Amelia Harris thought she was disappointed, whereas, in truth, Dorothy was only nervous and upset at the sudden mention of her husband's name.

"Mr. Aylmer," Amelia continued, "is in the army—in the 40th Dragoons. A handsome young gentleman, but wild—very wild."

Dorothy got up. "Yes, I dare say, but I ought not to talk about him," she said, her voice trembling, and her eyes misty with tears. "I must go and dress for our drive."

CHAPTER XXXI.

HE WAS sobbing passionately by the time she got into her own room. "Dick, Dick," she cried passionately, "it is hard to deny you like this, for it was denying you, though I said nothing. Why are you leaving me to fight my way through all these difficulties alone? I won't believe that you are false to me—not until you tell me so; but if it is so, you ought to tell me!"

She was sobbing passionately, and the scalding tears ran down her poor, pale face and over her little cold hands. They recalled her to herself. "No, I will be brave, I won't doubt you, my darling. There is something I don't understand. I will wait a little longer."

She unlocked a drawer in her wardrobe, and took out the large picture of Dick which she had hidden out of Lord Aylmer's way. "My love, my dear love, I will trust you and believe you," she murmured fondly. "I will not give way again—I will be brave."

She heard the carriage draw up with the usual jingle and dash, and hastily locked the portrait away again. Then she bathed her face in cold water, and tried to remove the, alas! unmistakable signs of tears from her eyes. Not very successfully, though she went out immediately afterwards, walked into the drawing room and found there—Lord Aylmer.

"Lord Aylmer!" she cried, then went quickly across the room to him. "Oh! I am so very glad to see you," she cried. "I did not know you were in town."

"I came up last night, dear lady," he said, taking both her hands in his and speaking in a very soft and tender voice. "But you are ill, you are not recovered, you are unhappy about something."

"I?" murmured Dorothy, evasively. "Oh! I am not so very well—but—" "But you have been crying," said Lord Aylmer, still keeping her hands in his.

"Perhaps," Dorothy admitted. "Perhaps! I am sure of it," he returned. "But what is the matter? If there is anything that I can do, you know that you have only to command me."

He laid stress on the words "you know," which in any other circumstances would have been enough to put Dorothy on her guard. Now, however, with her thoughts filled with Dick and his strange and inexplicable silence, she did not notice the unusual tone.

"Oh!" she cried impulsively, "there is something you could do for me if you would."

"What?" he said eagerly. "Tell me."

But Dorothy did not tell him. She wanted to say, "I am Dick's wife, I am so wretched and so unhappy at his absence. Let him come home, and I will love and reverence you forever."

That was what she wanted to say; but when she was face to face with the opportunity, her courage failed her, and she was afraid.

(To be Continued.)

CORONETS AT AUCTION.

And the Bidding Was Not at All Brisk.

Some queer commodities find their way into the auction room, but it is not every day that a coronet may be picked up at a bargain in a salesroom, says the London Chronicle. This was what happened yesterday, when a marquis' coronet was put up and knocked down by a Conduit street auctioneer. It is odd enough that such an adornment should find its way into the vulgar atmosphere of furniture dealers and brokers' men, but that anybody should want to buy a second-hand coronet is odder still. The biddings, it is true, were not keen. They began at a couple of guineas and went up to 15, at which the coronet went into the possession of some apparently plebeian person—certainly not a marquis. But then the article was no longer "practicable," as they say on the stage. The original owner, or possibly "an heir or an assignee," had so little use for it that he had cut it in two and mounted it as a pair of wall brackets. It is commonly supposed that peers' coronets, like royal diadems, are of gold. That is not so. They are of silver, "richly gilt," as in the case of yesterday's bauble. This particular one bore the hall mark of 1831, which suggests that it may have been made for the coronation of William IV. That there should be so little competition for coronets in their material form is explained by the rarity with which they are worn. There are probably not half a dozen peers living who have ever had one. They are worn only at coronation, and then, at the moment when the archbishop of Canterbury places the crown on the sovereign's head, the assembled peers and peeresses simultaneously put on their silver circlets with their crimson velvet caps. Indeed, it may be shrewdly suspected that most peers do not even possess this tangible badge of their rank.

THE DAWN OF WOMANHOOD.

Earnest Words From Mrs. Pinkham to Mothers Who Have Daughters, and a Letter From Mrs. Dummore, of Somerville, Mass.

The advent of womanhood is fraught with dangers which even careful mothers too often neglect.

One of the dangers to a young woman is belated menstruation. "The lily droops on its stem and dies before its beauty is unfolded," or she may have entered into the perfection of womanhood with little apparent inconvenience or disorder of health. But suddenly the menses entirely cease.

Mother, puberile malady is taking hold of your daughter, and quick consumption may follow! Take in stant steps to produce regular menstruation.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is certain to assist nature to perform her regular duties, procure it at once; there are volumes of testimony from grateful mothers who have had their daughters' health restored by its use. If personal advice is desired, write quickly to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. It will be given you without charge, and it will be the advice of abundant experience and success.

Read the following from Mrs. CHARLES DUMMORE, 102 Fremont St., Winter Hill, Somerville, Mass.:

"I was in pain day and night; my doctor did not seem to help me. I could not seem to find any relief until I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I had inflammation of the womb, a bearing-down pain, and the whites very badly. The pain was so intense that I could not sleep at night. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for a few months, and am now all right. Before that I took morphine pills for my pains; that was a great mistake, for the relief was only momentary and the effect vile. I am so thankful to be relieved of my sufferings, for the pains I had were something terrible."

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; a Woman's Remedy for Woman's ills



IRONING MADE EASY.

HAS MANY IMITATORS, BUT NO EQUAL.

This Starch is prepared on scientific principles, by men who have had years of experience in fancy laundering. It restores old linen and summer dresses to their natural whiteness and imparts a beautiful and lasting finish. The only starch that is perfectly harmless. Contains no arsenic, alum or other injurious substance. Can be used even for a baby powder.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR IT AND TAKE NO OTHER.

Worth Double the Price of the Best Chain Bicycle.

Columbia Bevel-Gear Chainless Bicycles \$125

Makes Hill Climbing Easy.

That is the verdict of those who have ridden them. Call on almost any Columbia dealer and try one. It won't cost you anything.

We continue to make the best chain wheels in the world. We use the same material and the same care in building Columbia Chain Wheels that we do with the Chainless.

Columbia Chain Wheels, \$75.
Hartford Bicycles, 50.
Vedette Bicycles, \$40, \$35.

Machines and Prices Guaranteed.

POPE MFG. CO., Hartford, Conn.



ELKHART CARRIAGE AND HARNESS MFG. CO., W. B. PRATT, Sec'y, ELKHART, IND.

"THE POT CALLED THE KETTLE BLACK."

BECAUSE THE HOUSEWIFE DIDN'T USE

SAPOLIO

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Send for book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment free. Dr. R. H. GRIFFIN, Atlanta, Ga.

TAPE-WORM expelled alive, head guaranteed. 20-page pamphlet free. PROF. H. FIELD & CO., 183 State Street, Chicago.

PENSIONS, PATENTS, CLAIMS. JOHN W. MORRIS, WASHINGTON, D. C. Let Friends Know. I. S. Preston Bureau. 5 yrs. in last war, leading claims, atty. success.

WOMEN AGENTS Wanted in every city, and state; earn money by selling our corsets. Finest goods, largest commissions; express prepaid. Write us for descriptive catalogue. The Gilbert Manufacturing Co., New Haven, Conn., Box 422.

HIGH-GRADE Bicycle Free!

Agents wanted. Any man, woman or child can have one. Send for catalogue, telling how to get it, including 2-cent stamp. Grimes & Worthington, 323 Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill.

A Cheap Farm and a Good One.

Do you want a good farm, where you can work out doors in your shirt sleeves for ten months in the year, and where your stock can forage for itself all the year round? If so, write to P. Sid Jones, Passenger Agent, Birmingham, Ala., or Dr. R. B. Crawford, Traveling Passenger Agent, 6 Rookery Building, Chicago, Ill.

Do you want to go down and look at some of the Garden Spots of this country? The Louisville & Nashville Railroad provides the way and the opportunity on the first and third Tuesday of each month, with excursions at only two dollars over one fare, for round trip tickets. Write Mr. C. P. Atmore, General Passenger Agent, Louisville, Ky., for particulars.

Do you want to read about them before going? Then send 10 cents in silver or postage stamps for a copy of "Garden Spots" to Mr. Atmore. W. N. U.—DETROIT—NO. 20—1898

Dr. Ayer's

is the name to remember when buying Sarsaparilla. Dr. Ayer's Sarsaparilla has been curing people right along for nearly 50 years. That is why it is acknowledged to be the sovereign Sarsaparilla. It is the original and the standard. The record of the remedy is without a rival,—a record that is written in the blood of thousands, purified by its power.

"I nursed a lady who was suffering from blood poisoning and must have contracted the disease from her; for I had four large sores, or ulcers, break out on my person. I doctored for a long time, both by external application and with various blood medicines; but in spite of all that I could do, the sores would not heal. At last I purchased six bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, thinking I would give it a thorough trial. Before the six bottles had been taken, the ulcers were healed, the skin sound and natural, and my health better than it had been for years. I have been well ever since. I had rather have one bottle of Dr. J. C. Ayer's Sarsaparilla than three of any other kind."—Mrs. A. F. TAYLOR, Englewood, N. Dak.

Get Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Cass City Enterprise.

An independent newspaper Published every Thursday by T. H. McDowell, Press, Seegar St., Cass City, Tuscola Co., Mich.

Advertisements.
All changes of advertisements must be sent to this office no later than Wednesday noon of each week, else they can not be inserted in that week's issue. Reasonable rates are charged for display advertisements. Local notices in our paid local columns are five cents per line for first insertion. Notices of festivals, lectures, concerts and all entertainments of a money-making character are 25 cents a line. Resolutions of respect are charged for at the rate of one dollar for each insertion. Cords of thanks are twenty-five cents for each insertion.

The wide circulation of the ENTERPRISE in the counties of Tuscola, Huron and Sanilac, makes it a valuable advertising medium.

A. A. P. McDowell,
Proprietor.

OUR MOTTO:
PERSEVERANCE PROGRESS AND PATRIOTISM.

Professional Cards.

J. D. BROOKER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Solicitor in Chancery,
Reference: Exchange Bank and Cass City Bank. Office in Second story of Exchange Bank block, Cass City, Mich.

DR. M. M. WICKWARE,
Physician and Surgeon.
Special attention paid to diseases of women and children. Calls answered promptly, day or night. Office two doors south of Fenimore House. Night calls from office. 7-22-17.

DR. CARRIE EDWARDS,
General Practitioner, Obstetrician and Surgeon. Graduate of the Michigan College of Medicine and Surgery. Member of the American Medical Association and the Woman's Medical Society. Office over Cass City Bank. 4-14-16m

I. A. FRITZ,
DENTIST. All work done equal to the best. It is my aim to make every job of work a blessing to those for whom it is done. My prices are reasonable. No charge for examination. Office over Fritz's drugstore. Not on Tuesdays.

N. MCCLINTON, M. D. Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office at residence.

A. A. MCKENZIE,
AUCTIONEER, Cass City, Mich. Sales of all kinds of property promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed. Sales solicited from all points. Terms reasonable. Arrangements can be made at the office of the ENTERPRISE. 8-3-14

W. J. SCAMPBELL,
Insurance Agent—Insures farm property against fire and lightning. Also agent for Crelone, Tornado and Windstorm Co. Office at corner Main and West Sts., Cass City, Mich. 6-20

WM. SMITHSON,
Drayman, makes a specialty of moving household furniture, goods and other articles. Draying of all kinds solicited. Cass City, Mich.

Societies.

I. O. F.
COURT ELKLAND, No. 826, I. O. F., meets on second and fourth Tuesdays of each month in their hall in the Campbell block, at 7:30 p. m. Visiting brethren are cordially invited.

H. L. PINNEY, C. R. 9-11-17

I. O. O. F.
CASS CITY LODGE, No. 283, meets every Wednesday evening at 7:30. Visiting brethren cordially invited. Wm. Schwaderer, N. G. I. K. Reid, Secretary.

K. O. T. M.
CASS CITY TENT, No. 74, meets the first and third Friday evenings of each month, at 7:30. Visiting brethren cordially invited. E. W. Keating, Commander. Sam. F. Bigelow, Record Keeper.

L. O. L.
CASS CITY LODGE, No. 214, meets on the first Tuesday evening of each month, at 7:30. Visiting brethren cordially invited. ROBERT BROWN, W. M. W. A. Anderson, Secretary.

Church Directory.

BAPTIST—Preaching services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. on Sunday. Sunday school at 12 m. Prayer meeting on Thursday evening. Rev. E. RUSHBROOK, Pastor.

EVANGELICAL—Services begin with Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Preaching services 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Y. P. A. meeting 6:30 p. m. English services every Sunday evening. All are invited. Rev. F. KLUMP, Pastor.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL—Preaching services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday. Class meetings follow morning service. Sunday school at 12 m. Junior League at 3:30 p. m. Epworth League at 6:30 p. m. Prayer meeting at 7:30 on Thursday evening. Rev. J. W. FENN, Pastor.

PRESBYTERIAN—Sunday preaching services, 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Junior Endeavor at 3 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:30 p. m. Prayer meeting on Thursday evening at 7:30. Rev. B. J. BAXTER, Pastor.

H. L. PINNEY, Cashier. **H. W. SEED,** Asst. Cashier.

EXCHANGE BANK
Cass City, Mich.

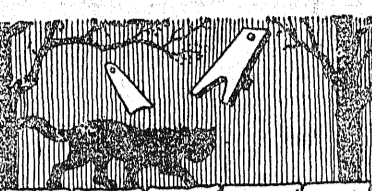
Loans Money on Real Estate
In Partial Payment Terms if
desired.

Pays Interest on Time Deposits.

E. H. PINNEY, Prop.

PINE ROOT
COUGH SYRUP

Is the Largest Bottle on the Market for the money, and with every bottle is a Positive Guarantee. Thousands use it and hundreds have been cured after given up to die. Cures old and young alike. Sold by all wholesale and retail druggists. Cures coughs and colds one day or fifty years old. Get a bottle today and take nothing else.



Throw Away the Boot-Jack

and shoe horn and get a pair of Lewis' "Wear-Resisters." Easy to put on, easy to take off. Always fit well, but never fit tight. No pinching anywhere—feet or pocket-book. The easiest, most durable ready-to-wear shoes made are the

J. B. LEWIS CO'S
"Wear-Resisters"

Latest models, all sizes, for men, women, children.
"Lewis" stamped on every shoe.
J. B. LEWIS CO.,
Boston, Mass.

LEWIS "WEAR-RESISTERS"
are sold by
J. D. CROSBY.

Cass City and Caro STAGE & LINE.

J. S. DUNHAM, PROP.

GOING WEST:
Leaves Cass City, 6 A. M.
Arrives at Caro, 9 " "

GOING EAST:
Leaves Caro, 1:30 P. M.
Arrives at Cass City, 4:30 " "

FARE—One way, \$1.00; round trip \$1.50. Good rigs always in readiness. Commercial men a specialty.



Central Meat Market.

Meats of all kinds nicely served.
Stock bought for eastern markets
Schwaderer Bros., Props.

THE HUB Of the Thumb

Where? Cass City, of course. Why? Because we have more enterprising merchants and better stock of general merchandise to select from. It is not a one man town and everyone does business. We are centrally located with good roads and transportation facilities. Our stock and grain market for everything is unsurpassed and, last but not least, we have as fine a Roller Flouring Mill as there is in the Thumb. Plansifter system throughout and everything up-to-date. We solicit a trial of your patronage if you are not a patron and, if so, a continuance. Satisfaction guaranteed. We grind everything. Feed grinding a specialty.

Heller's White Lily and Heller's Best

Are the Flours. Write or wire for prices, wholesale or retail. Thumb telephone connection, No. 1.
Yours for Business,

C. W. HELLER.

Come Early

and place an order for one of my patent

Hay and Stock Racks

They are Strong, Handy and Cheap, and just what you need.

Blacksmithing

and Carriage work given Prompt Attention.

Saws gummed by machine Process.

E. M'KIM.



ELMWOOD.

T. Leach and wife spent Friday and Saturday at Shabbona.

Our Supervisor, Dodge, finished taking the assessment Wednesday.

Mrs. Fletcher, who has been very sick is reported as being some better.

Frank Hargrave, of Bay City, visited his cousin, C. A. Hargrave, on Tuesday.

W. W. Hargrave was confined to the house the last of the week with a badly sprained ankle.

Mrs. J. P. Hendrick was taken very suddenly ill on Wednesday with heart failure, but is considerable better at present.

Lewis Pardo, formerly of Elmwood has volunteered and has started for the South. His father left for Detroit Saturday to visit with Lewis and two other sons who live in Detroit.

B. Bingham, of Gagetown, started Wednesday morning for Caro wheel, but when he got as far as Elmwood his tire exploded. The wheel was laid aside and Mr. Bingham took passage on the stage.

Geo. Youman has bought forty acres of land from Chas. Turner and moved onto the same. George and wife are very proud of their help which arrived Tuesday night. It's a boy and weighs 9½ pounds.

Miss Lizzie Leach wishes the statement which appeared in last week's item corrected, relative to her having finished work at R. McCreedy's. She goes back to work in about two weeks. Always pleased to rectify mistakes.

Asa Everett raised the frame for a large barn on Wednesday, about two hundred men being present. Everything went up with ease, and the way everything went together was a credit to the carpenter. The barn will be 44x68.

Money to loan on real estate on favorable terms at the Cass City Bank.

DEFORD

Where are Cioop's goods?
Very busy times among farmers.

G. Walker cultivates the three sand lots.

Jas. Valentine is laboring for a good cause.

Kindred from Ontario visit at Jesse Sole's.

Chas. Osborn has gone to fight the Spaniards.

Arthur Bruce is running a wagon for Merchant Clark.

School in Dist. No. 6, Kingston, closed Friday last.

Some corn will be planted this week even on our low lands.

Dr. Foote, of Novesta Corners, reports busy times in his business.

A young people's party at Elisha Allen's last Tuesday evening.

Jesse Soule has dealt his colt for an older horse with James Whale.

Lue Retherford is rushing his addition to his dwelling to completion.

Edward Sutton, of St. Thomas, Ont., visits his mother, Mrs. Elisha Allen.

Brother Sitze, south of C. J. Malcolm's, is building a new house on his farm.

Brother Brady is making considerable improvements on his new farm in Sec. 3, Kingston.

Wheat grows rapidly but the meadows stand still. Something peculiar about the spring.

There is a good prospect that Kingston township will yet have a thistle commissioner this season.

The Novesta Corners correspondent is too bashful to speak of it, but there is a plan on foot for a grist mill at that burr.

We are down on the A. O. O. G. tent at Novesta burg. We made them an offer just before they commingled that they should take us in as an honorary member and give us the berth of chaplain at a fat salary and would you believe it, they wouldn't even allow us to groom the goat.

Grade Your Eggs.

It appears to be a difficult matter for the average farmer or market poultryman to get away from the idea that an egg is an egg no matter what the condition, and so long as they can dispose of them is all right. They do not stop to consider that even eggs can be graded so as to bring more remunerative prices. A visit to the dealers will disclose their stock consists of all sizes, colors and conditions packed together, they are surely not enticing to the consumer and consequently can command but a low price. A lack of cleanliness creates an uncertainty regarding age. It is this easy-going happy-go-lucky mode of shipping that ruins many poultry breeders. Eggs sell in accordance with quality and that can only be expressed by appearance. Commission dealers handle the greater portion of eggs sold to consumers. They do not repack for their customers and they rate the case by the poorer and not the better grades. To obtain the top price, every egg must be what it professes to be. The question of grading is a much mooted one and is becoming more necessary each year. The egg producers of this country are losing money by not properly caring for their products, and through lack of a systematic grading of their market stock. In foreign countries eggs are graded according to weight. In France and Italy, the first grade seven to the pound; second, eight and third, nine. This is fair to both producer and consumer and emphasizes the fact that eggs should be sold by weight. The financial value of the eggs produced in the United States is enormous but can be vastly increased by proper grading of the products of the henery.—Inland Poultry.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

REMOVAL

On or before May 18th we will move our stock of Dry Goods, Groceries, Etc. from our present location in the Hitchcock Block to the Wallace Block, opposite Bigelow & Son's hardware.

We will be pleased to see all our old customers and many new ones at our new location. Watch for further announcements.

D. J. GILES.

CLIFFORD.

C. E. Parmelee was in town Friday.

J. H. Yerden and O. G. Millikin, of Silverwood, were in town Saturday.

A. Sholes drove through here Friday.

Sam Spring was visiting in town over Sunday.

E. M. Wilbour and wife visited at Shabbona Sunday.

Ten have volunteered from Clifford.

Mrs. Teeple was visiting her daughter, Mrs. Bass, who is very ill with la grippe.

Mrs. Wm. Ahrens and family start this week for Cleveland, Ohio.

Hugh Morris, of Marlette, was in town Monday.

The State Telephone Company expects to run their line through here this week.

WEST GRANT.

Mr. Richards is now distributing medicine.

Some of our townsmen did business in Elkton Monday.

Monroe Bros. are engaged in framing a barn for R. A. Hallock this week.

A. H. Matthews, of Gagetown, visited friends and relatives in town Sunday.

Miss Eliza Heron performs difficult pieces on the violin now. You should hear her.

Thos. Caulfield now drives a trotting horse which he purchased of parties near Uby last week.

Our young people were represented at the Union Epworth League of Zion last Sunday evening.

Two threshing machine agents did business in this burg last week, one from Port Huron and one from Sebewaing.

Watch out, Bro of Deford, you may be surprised by another musical party some time in the advancing summer, just to cheer you up.

We called on Mr. Ort, east of Canboro, to see an old German soldier who marched into the city of Paris with the German army. He says he would like to head the American army into Madrid.

NOVESTA CORNERS.

Wedding bells will soon be ringing. Dances seem to be the order of the day.

M. E. Matrean was a Marlette caller Friday.

Miss Minnie Derr is visiting relatives here at the present time.

Miss Blanche Rogers and Miss Martha Biddle, who have been quite sick, are better at this writing.

Hackett Bros. lost a horse last week from gastric colic. They replaced it by buying one of M. D. Mills' horses.

RESCUE.

Seeding is about over. Farmers are preparing the soil for corn.

The money order attachment to the post office at this place seems to find favor with the people. The first month's work is greatly in excess of expectations.

The sudden rise in the price of wheat is not at all fancied by those who are obliged to buy. If the present price is in sight next August, there will be a lot of our residents out of debt.

Warren Jaynes, our blacksmith, has gathered up his worldly possessions, and departed for Twining, Arenac Co. We are now without a blacksmith and we find it very inconvenient. There is a good shop and house here, waiting for an occupant, and a very good trade for some workman.

It seems there are a few traitors or rather Spanish sympathizers in the county around us. Occasionally a man is met who wishes success to the "Donis". Such people should be compelled to live among the Spaniards until a little ray of intelligence could find its way inside of their brainless heads. As the poet says: "Breathes there a man with soul so dead, who never to himself hath said, This is my own, my native land."

I have been a sufferer from chronic diarrhoea ever since the war and have used all kinds of medicines for it. At last I found one remedy that has been a success as a cure, and that is Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.—P. E. Grisham, Gaars Mills, La. For sale by T. H. Fritz, Druggist.

Superb Photographs

The Maine,
Captain Sigsbee,
The Officers,
The Crew,
General Lee.

--OF--

'Uncle Sam's Navy.'

Most Magnificent Collection of Photographs of this Character ever offered to the Country.

The public mind has been so mightily stirred by recent events in Cuba, especially by destruction of the Battleship "Maine," and her gallant crew, that the demand for information respecting "Uncle Sam's Navy" has become exceedingly great, and this strongly reflects the patriotic sentiment of the country.

THE CASS CITY ENTERPRISE,

with characteristic appreciation and enterprise has undertaken to supply this loyal desire by issuing a superb Portfolio Series of Photographic views—page size, 11x13½ inches of our Battle Ships, Cruisers, Torpedo Boats, Monitors, Coast Defense Boats, Gun Boats and Auxiliary Vessels; also pictures of our Navy Commanders, Drill Exercises, Big Guns, and other interesting views, each illustration being accompanied by text matters giving all needful information of our naval resources. Each Portfolio will contain 16 pages of pictures and text matter, printed on heavy plate paper, and bound in colored paper cover, and may be obtained upon the following conditions:

"Uncle Sam's Navy."

Each of these parts as issued weekly, for one coupon and 10 cents. Cut out the "Naval Series" Coupon, which you will find on another page of this paper and send or bring it to us with 10 cents and obtain Portfolio No. 1.

Portfolio No. 1

is now ready, and contains the following photographic views, accompanied by full historical and descriptive matter.

- No. 1. Battle Ship Maine, with Portraits of Captain Sigsbee and Fitzhugh Lee.
- No. 2. Original Picture representing the explosion of the Maine.
- No. 3. Original picture showing Havana Harbor and its fortifications.
- No. 4. Four views of the interior of the Maine.
- No. 5. Protected Cruiser Philadelphia.
- No. 6. Double Turreted Monitor Mantonomah.
- No. 7. Battle Ship Indiana.
- No. 8. The Indiana's 13 inch guns.
- No. 9. The Ram Katahdin.
- No. 10. Double Turreted Monitor Terror.
- No. 11. Protected Cruiser Columbia.
- No. 12. The Columbia's 8 inch Gun.
- No. 13. Torpedo Boat No. 6.
- No. 14. Armored Cruiser New York.
- No. 15. Dynamite Cruiser Vesuvius.
- No. 16. Battle Ship Iowa.

EXCURSION

...TO...

Western Canada.

Spring 1898

To Manitoba,
Assiniboia,
Saskatchewan and
Alberta

Leaving Windsor Every Tuesday during March and April.

Free Farms—160 Acres

to the bonafide farmer and his sons. For pamphlets, maps and all information, write

D. L. CAVEN,
Canadian Government Agent.
Bad Axe, Mich.

JOHN W. GORDON,
Local Agent,
Cass City, Mich. 9 16

Fashionable

Tailoring.....

Gentlemen:—
My spring goods are now open for your inspection. Call and see them and I will give you prices that will

Knock your eye out

My fit and workmansaip cannot be excelled. If you have your own cloth I will make and trim it for you at moderate prices.

W. HARRISON,
Fashionable Tailor.

WOOL!

The undersigned, having re-fitted his mill in first-class order feels confident he can do any and all work entrusted to him in the best possible manner and give all perfect satisfaction. We will have on hand a large stock of tweeds suitable for spring and summer suits which we are offering at very reasonable prices. We will also have on hand a complete stock of

Fulled Cloth, Blankets,
Flannels and Yarns

of all colors and sizes

To trade for
...Wool

A call will convince you all that we have the right goods at right prices.

Yours for Business,

JAS. N. DORMAN.

SEEDS!

SEEDS!!

We are in it this season for garden seeds in bulk or package, and flour seeds to no end. Call and look them over. We also carry the largest stock of

Groceries,
Tobaccos,
Confectionery,
and Fruits

Try Our.....

Pork,
Lard,
Bacon and
Bologna.

H. B. Fairweather

Goods delivered in town.

Good Drops

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fitch*

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Vegetable Preparation for Assuaging the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of INFANTS AND CHILDREN.

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER

Pumpkin Seed -
Licorice -
Sassafras -
Ginger -
Rhubarb -
Sulphur -
Castor Oil -

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

See Similar Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fitch* NEW YORK.

35 Doses - 35 CENTS.

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CARSON & EALY

SUCCESSORS TO A. T. SLAUGHTER & CO.

ABSTRACTS OF TITLES

TO ALL LANDS IN TUSCOLA CO.

MONEY TO LOAN ON

FARM MORTGAGES.

IN SUMS FROM

\$50 TO \$5,000

For long or short time. Office across from Medler House.

CARO. - MICH.



Our

Dry Goods Stock

Is COMPLETE in all lines

We have the latest novelties in Spring and Summer Dress Goods and Linings. Large stock of new Garden Seeds - in bulk and package. Butter and Eggs wanted.

Seed Potatoes, Seed Beans, Seed Corn, Field and Garden Seeds of all kinds. Screen doors and Windows.

J. L. Hitchcock.

When You Get Ready

For your Painting and Papering you come down and see me. I have things to show you and things to say to you that mean much in saving, much in appearance, much in general detail of the work at hand. I make a study of the things, while it only comes to you once in a year or two. So you will admit that I can be of assistance to you in your plans.

James Wright.

Take the Enterprise

GAGETOWN.

James and L. C. Purdy were at Caro Wednesday.

Herb Prutchev, of Cass City, was in town Monday.

E. W. Keating, of Cass City, was in town Monday.

Charley Morse, of Vassar, was in town Friday last.

James D. Sutton and Mr. Axford, of Caro, were in town Friday.

A. C. Smith, of Northville, was in town Tuesday on business.

Miss Mary Williams is expected home soon from Mt. Pleasant.

Miss Mary Williams is home from Mt. Pleasant for the summer.

Wm. Moody visited with H. Fuller and family, Cass City, Sunday.

Rev. Krebs returned Thursday last from a trip to Pontiac and Detroit.

Joe Young has moved from the Frutchev farm into town this week.

Mrs. Dr. Morris has had a commodious kitchen built on to her residence.

Agent A. E. Brittsman is visiting at his parental home at North Branch this week.

Mrs. John Wooley and several of her children have been seriously ill for some time.

Mrs. Patrick Quinn transacted some business at the Probate Office, Caro, last Friday.

Mr. Lyman, of Unionville, was the guest of his son, Dr. M. R., and family Wednesday last.

Miss Mary Dickson gave a private party to her many young friends Monday evening last.

R. S. Brown's office will hereafter be in the Johnston house, one door south of Mrs. Gage.

The Episcopal ladies and G. A. R. ladies will serve dinners on Decoration Day to all who wish.

L. A. Cooley and wife, of Marlette, were the guest of Geo. D. Simmons and wife the past week.

E. C. Albertson gave his thumb on the left hand a serious blow with a hammer Monday morning.

Wm. Gage and daughter and S. S. French, of Linkville, attended the meeting of the G. A. R.'s Saturday.

The G. A. R. flag is generally hoisted on the receipt of any positive news of battles in which our navy is victorious.

R. Klein, who is out of the elevator business, will stock up his store and from hence will hustle the mercantile business.

Rev. Curry, Presbyterian, preached in the G. A. R. Hall Sunday evening and will hold services here next Sunday evening.

Rev. Lewis, of Caro, will preach the memorial sermon for the G. A. R. people at Grace Episcopal Church Sunday May 20th at 2 p. m.

Wm. A. Younglove, of Bad Axe, joined the G. A. R. Post here Saturday by transfer card. Mr. Younglove was one of the charter members of the Post here.

W. R. Olin, of Caro, arrived here Wednesday morning with his telephone construction outfit and put in phones at the Washington hotel, elevator, depot and Purdy Mercantile Co.

Mr. Howe, of Allegan, who is to engineer the erection of the creamery building, arrived in town Tuesday.

Wednesday morning ground was broken for the foundation and the work will be rushed as fast as a force of men can work to advantage.

Wm. Gage, on behalf of his son Geo. presented T. B. Meyers Post G. A. R., Saturday with a beautiful crayon portrait of our beloved President Lincoln, from Lutz & Allison's Art Studio, Chicago, and for which the Post gave the patriotic lad, a rising vote of thanks.

At the Washington: G. J. Trume, J. Prutchev, V. O. Mitchell, Detroit; E. M. Florz, Camden, Ohio; H. H. Gould, Bay City; Samuel Spring, Marlette; J. E. Wicking, Owosso; J. W. Howe, Allegan; C. A. Weaver, C. A. Case, Caro; C. C. Crawford, Oxford; Geo. A. Corbett, A. W. Murray, Detroit; Jno. Boyd, Elmer; Wm. Lloyd, Bad Axe; Parvin Stoner, Columbia.

Discovered by a Woman.

Another great discovery has been made and that too, by a lady in this country. Disease fastened its clutches upon her and for seven years she withstood its severest tests, but her vital organs were undermined and death seemed imminent. For three months she coughed incessantly, and could not sleep. She finally discovered a way to recovery, by purchasing of us a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, and was so much relieved on taking first dose, that she slept all night; and with two bottles, has been absolutely cured. Her name is Mrs. Luther Lutz. Thus writes W. C. Hannick & Co., of Shelby, N. C. Trial bottles free at T. H. Fritz's Drug Store. Regular size 50 cents and \$1. Every bottle guaranteed.

Money to Loan

On farm property in amounts of \$200 to \$2,500 from 2 to 10 years. Will take partial payments. See O. K. Jones for particulars. 12-2

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or \$1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

MAKING ARTIFICIAL ICE.

How the Plants Are Constructed and Operated in Philadelphia.

Artificial cold or ice may be made more or less volatile liquid. In the first machines constructed this liquid was water. One-tenth of the amount of water used was converted into ice, but as it was necessary to maintain a vacuum in the apparatus its perfect working was a difficult problem. A more readily volatile liquid, therefore, had to be substituted, such as liquefied sulphurous acid and liquefied ammonia. Being gaseous at ordinary temperatures, they are very suitable substances for this purpose. The ammonia ice machine is the one in most general use—in fact, it finds exclusive application in this city. This liquefied ammonia is allowed to expand in coils of pipes which are placed in tanks filled with brine. The temperature of the brine is thus reduced to a point below the freezing point of water—that is, to 14-18 degrees F.

In this refrigerated brine are placed galvanized iron tanks having the shape of the large cakes of ice which are accustomed to see in the wagons that pass through our city streets. After a period of 48-50 hours this can of water is converted into solid ice. The can is hoisted out of the brine, warmed with hot water, which allows the cake to slip out upon a shoot that runs into the storage rooms. The gaseous ammonia in the pipes can be used over and over again, a large compression engine being a part of the plant, which reduces the expense of the process. From this description it should be plain that there can be no taint of ammonia to give a taste to the ice.

The plants usually employ distilled or artesian water, so that the ice is of the best quality. Whatever impurities the water contains are collected in the white streak found in the center of each cake. The pure water separates from the impure and freezes first. Even ten years ago the demand for ice was supplied from natural sources, the harvests from our own Pennsylvania rivers, which were stored every winter in great houses on the shores of the streams, being supplemented by shipments throughout the summer from Maine. There are now in Philadelphia 16 ice-making plants, some of which yield over 100 tons per day each, and the artificial product for several years has been a serious competitor of the natural article.—Manufacturer.

For the speedy and permanent cure of tetter, salt rheum and eczema, Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment is without an equal. It relieves the itching and smarting almost instantly and its continued use effects a permanent cure. It also cures itch, barber's itch, scald head, sore nipples, itching piles, chapped hands, chronic sore eyes and granulated lids.

Dr. Cad's Condition Powders for horses are the best tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge. Price, 25 cents. Sold by T. H. Fritz, Druggist.

The Sphinx's Riddle.

Johnny—What is "the riddle of the sphinx?"

Papa (with a menacing glance at mamma)—The riddle of the sphinx is this: How can she, being at least part woman, sit there year after year and century after century without ever saying a word? Ah, my boy, I guess it'll never be answered either!—Cleveland Leader.

Helmet in the fourteenth century were surmounted by extravagant ornaments. Feathers, flowers, images of dragons, birds, beasts, the figures of women and occasionally the bust of the knight himself adorned the crest.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THIS BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chillsblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by T. H. Fritz.

No-To-Bac For Fifty Cents.

Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c, \$1. All druggists.

A Business Deal.

What'll yer give me ter look after yer while yer is in de city?—New York Journal.

NOTICE.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on two 25-cent bottles of Baxter's Mandrake Bitters, if it fails to cure constipation, biliousness, sick headache, or any of the diseases for which it is recommended. Also will refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Down's Balm, if it does not cure any cough, cold, croup, whooping cough, or throat or lung difficulty. We also guarantee one 25-cent bottle of either of the above to prove satisfactory or money refunded. A. W. Seed and T. H. Fritz.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

Clark Albertson is getting ready to move in a few days upon his farm on Sec. 23, Ellington.

Frank Gould had the misfortune to loose his best cow Tuesday from milk fever.

News is rather scarce this week as all are busy.

Quarterly meeting at the Ellington M. E. Church on Sunday the 15th; love feast commencing at half-past 9 a. m.

The Epworth League will hold a speaking contest at the Ellington M. E. Church on Friday evening the 20th. Admission, 10 cents for all over ten years; under this age, free. Proceeds to go for benefit of the church.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Moshier went to Denmark last Saturday visiting relatives, returning Sunday.

AN HONEST OFFER TO INVALIDS.

The British Medical Institute of Saginaw Offers to all Invalids For a Limited Time, Treatment at Greatly Reduced Rates.

Saginaw, Mich., April 4, 1898.

Editor Enterprise.

For the purpose of demonstrating our ability to cure all chronic, nervous, and special diseases of both sexes, we will, for a limited time, treat all patients at greatly reduced rates.

To young and middle-aged men who are now suffering from their early indiscretions, or later excesses, we offer a helping hand that will save them from the extortionate quack and restore them to health and manhood. This is our greatest field of labor.

And women who are suffering from any of the maladies peculiar to their sex, such as displacements, irregularities, pains, weakness, etc., we will fully restore to health.

We treat all forms of diseases such as seminal weakness, spermatorrhea, lost manhood, gleet, stricture, syphilis, etc., and guarantee a cure in every case we undertake. Our reduced rates will continue but for a limited time. Those living at a distance should send stamp for question blank for home treatment.

Office, 106 South Washington Avenue, directly opposite the Bancroft House. Hours, 9 a. m. till 8 p. m. No Sunday ours.

F. M. Hubbard, M. D., Chief Consulting Surgeon.

For all information, maps, pamphlets, circulars, etc., of Manitoba. The North West Territories and British Columbia write to D. L. CAVEN, Bad Axe, Mich.

Hick's Almanac for 25¢ at the ENTERPRISE Office.

CASTORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fitch*.

All Kinds of

Bicycle Repairing,

Also

SEWING MACHINE REPAIRING.

Shuttles and new parts furnished for all kinds of machines at A. A. McKenzie's building.

J. D. SCHENCK.

It's Time

you were thinking about your

SEEDS

and we solicit an inspection of our supply.

Our aim is not so much to handle the cheapest but to

HANDLE The Best.

This applies to our

FULL LINE OF GROCERIES as well. Come and see.

JAS. TENNANT.

ELLINGTON.

mean longer life to your horses and your wagons, your carriages and yourself. GOOD SHOES are the best road to health and happiness, neither of which are possible if your feet are filled with pains or if they are improperly covered. In offering you SELZ SHOES we are firmly convinced that we are giving you a chance to get the best shoes for the least money and that they will give you most wear and least weariness.

IT TAKES LESS MONEY TO BUY A SELZ SHOE

than other kinds and there are no regrets afterwards.

S. Ostrander, Cass City. Full Line Of Furniture.

SEE "Selz" on the Sole of the shoes that you buy.

Selz Shoes make your feet glad.

Good Roads

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CANDY CATHARTIC

Cascarets

CURE CONSTIPATION

REGULATE THE LIVER

ALL DRUGGISTS

25¢ 50¢

ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED to cure any case of constipation. Cascarets are the Ideal Laxative, never grip or cramp, but cause easy natural results. Sample and booklet free. AD. STERLING REMEDY CO., Chicago, Montreal, Can., or New York. 217

SPECIAL SALE

ON

Saturday, May 14, 1898

At Mrs. Lizzie McRoy's Millinery Store in the Furniture Rooms of F. C. Lee. I will offer my entire stock of Trimmed Hats at greatly reduced prices on Saturday, May 14th. Call early and get first choice.

Mrs. Lizzie McRoy.

CASS CITY

MARBLE WORKS

Foreign and domestic Marble and Granite Monuments.

Cemetery work of every description neatly executed. Inscriptions cut in English or German.

WM. FERGUSON.

ROAD GRADERS,

Champion, Milwaukee and Osborn

Binders and Mowers, Buggies, Bicycles, Etc.

Farmers call and we will save you money.

J. H. Striffler.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

BUILDING, suitable for store and dwelling, and good opening for blacksmith or twinning. A one acre of land, in Wheatland township. A 60x80 house and blacksmith shop, good water, 100 grape vines, 4 miles from railway depot. \$1000. Price \$800.

80 Acres, two miles from Cass City; all improved; well fenced and good buildings; good well with windmill. It goes at \$2,500; \$1300 down balance on time.

Acres in Argyle township, wild land, easily cleared; well drained by state ditch; will sell all or part at \$8 per acre; small payment down.

40 Acres, n. e. 1/4 n. w. 1/4, sec 28, Wheatland; 20 acres cleared, good frame house, opposite schoolhouse, 1/2 miles from Deckerville, 1/2 mile from Chevington. \$600.

Improved 80 acres, one mile west of Clifford, to exchange for improved forty.

60 Acres, 25 cleared, 15 acres soft timber, new 100x100 house and blacksmith shop, good water, 100 grape vines, 4 miles from railway depot. \$1000. Price \$800.

120 Acres, Evergreen Twp., Sanilac Co., 60 or 70 acres cleared; log house, small barn, good well, orchard. Price \$1500 on easy terms.

80 Acres, Evergreen Twp., Sanilac Co., 3 miles from railroad, 60 acres cleared, some green timber, house and barn, good orchard. \$1200.

40 Acres Elmwood township, Tuscola Co., all cleared, frame house and barn, good well and orchard. Going at a bargain.

WANTED to exchange an improved 40 acres for a wild 80 acres.

Residence lot in Oakwood sub-division in the city of Detroit.

These are but a few of the many bargains listed. What you don't see, ask for.

McKenzie & Co.,

CASS CITY, MICH.

MICHIGAN NEWS SUMMARY.

Doings of the Week Recorded in a Brief Style.

CONCISE AND INTERESTING.

Michigan National Guard Officers Find Physical Examinations Very Severe—New Officers for the First Regiment—Eight New Companies Ordered.

Many M. N. G. Officers Fail to Pass.

The physical examination of officers and sergeants of the Michigan National Guard at Camp Eaton is very severe and many fail to pass. The first to be examined were the sergeants of the regiments, as it was desired that they should assist in the examination of the men. Of the 10 sergeants six passed and four were rejected for physical disability. The latter are Maj. McNaughton, of the Fifth; Maj. Harvey, of the Fourth; Maj. Hume, of the Third, and Capt. Bailey, of the Third. Maj. McNaughton is a magnificent specimen of physical manhood and an excellent athlete, but Examining Surgeon Munday would not pass him, on account of his heart. Maj. Harvey has rheumatism; Capt. Bailey, poor eyesight; and Maj. Hume, slight physical defects.

The sergeants who did pass were immediately mustered into the U. S. service. The enlisted sergeants are: Maj. Lawrence D. Knowles, Second Infantry; Capt. Andrew P. Biddle, Second Independent battalion, of Detroit; Capt. James A. King, Fifth infantry; Capt. Charles D. W. Colby, First infantry; Capt. John L. Burkhardt, Second infantry; and Capt. R. R. Owen, First infantry. There are still five more sergeants needed to fill Michigan's quota, and Gov. Pingree has only 1,025 applicants to choose from.

The officers of the First regiment were the next to come under fire and it proved disastrous to their hopes. Col. Tyrrell and Maj. Howell were the first to fall; then Capt. Snook, Co. F; Capt. Frank J. McNulty, Co. D; First Lieut. Burton C. Hinckley, Co. D; Second Lieut. Chas. M. Frost, Co. D, were all rejected. The enlisted men were considerably worked up over it and marched to Col. Tyrrell's quarters and publicly demonstrated their sympathy for the officers. Col. Tyrrell and Maj. Howell both made speeches to the men and advised them to do nothing rash that would disgrace the regiment and its officers. They both expressed regret at not being able to accompany the regiment, and hoped that it would bring credit upon itself and the towns which it represents. The speeches brought forth hearty cheers from the boys, and they left in better spirits.

Gov. Pingree poured balm into the wounds of Col. Tyrrell and Maj. Howell by giving the former a commission as major, and giving him charge of organizing the recruits of the eight new companies gathered in various parts of the state. Maj. Howell is given a commission of major of state troops and is detailed as provost marshal of Camp Eaton.

The next regimental officer turned down was Lieut. Col. Vos, of the Second, who was rejected because of slight physical ailment. He took the result in a manly way and in a speech to his men he told them that it was their first duty to be soldiers and not to allow the absence of their old officers to deter them from enlisting. He was loudly cheered and his speech had a good effect throughout the camp.

The examination of the officers of the Second Independent battalion (Cos. A, B and F, Detroit Light Guard and Co. G, of Monroe) was not as disastrous as to the officers of the old First regiment. Second Lieut. E. V. Reising, of Co. G, of Monroe, failed to pass on account of defective hearing, he being the only officer that failed to qualify.

The result of the physical examinations somewhat surprised the members of the First regiment. The twelve companies were examined and out of 1,071 men, 230 failed to pass. Several of the companies lost over 20 men each, while only nine were picked out of the Lansing company. Nearly all of the men who failed were sent home, and there is a general hustle for recruits.

Organization of Eight New Companies. The state military board has decided to allow the following towns to raise the additional eight companies necessary to fill out Michigan's quota of volunteers: Benton Harbor, Traverse City, Ionia, Mt. Clemens, Three Rivers and Allegan, one company; Sons of Veterans, two companies, and the Detroit Light Guard an additional company. They are ordered to organize immediately and await orders. They will not go to Island Lake until one regiment has been mustered and sent away to one of the camps of instruction.

Webb Gets an Appointment. Ex-Lieut. Col. Merrell E. Webb, of the old Fourth infantry, of Detroit, who made such a hard fight against Capt. Lothrop to be elected colonel of the Fourth infantry, has been commissioned major in the recruiting service. When Gov. Pingree disorganized the Fourth infantry, Lieut. Col. Webb joined Co. G, of Monroe, as a private, and a few weeks later he was promoted to first sergeant.

The first pay day in Camp Eaton saw \$50,000 distributed among the boys.

The Agricultural college boys failed to turn out a full company for the volunteers, only 46 responding to the call for enlistment. That settled the chance of the college being represented.

Schremser's famous Fourth regiment band, of Detroit, was mustered out of service owing to the division of the old Fourth regiment. There was much sorrow among the band men and soldiers as the musicians left the camp. Schremser was offered the leadership of the First Volunteer's band, but declined.

Michigan's First Regiment.

Adjt.-Gen. Irish has issued a special order consolidating the Second Independent battalion, which is composed of Cos. A, B and F, Detroit Light Guard and Co. G, of Monroe, with the First regiment, Michigan National Guard, making it 12 companies, forming the First Michigan Volunteers. Capt. Gardner has been commissioned colonel. Lieut. Col. Fred Shubel, Jr., of Lansing, will be retained as lieutenant colonel and as the regiment is entitled to three majors the order commissions Maj. Henry L. Hunt, of Jackson, major first battalion; Capt. Chas. W. Harrah, of Detroit, major second battalion and Capt. John P. Kirk, of Ypsilanti, major third battalion. The other staff officers are: Maj. Wm. B. Watts, of Jackson, surgeon; Capt. Andrew P. Biddle, of Detroit, assistant surgeon; Capt. E. W. White, of Jackson, chaplain; First Lieut. Dugger, adjutant. The latter is sergeant-major of the Nineteenth infantry, U. S. A., stationed at Mobile, and was highly recommended by Col. Gardner.

The promotion of the line officers to field officers left a good many vacancies in some of the companies which were filled by election.

It is announced that the troops will leave Camp Eaton as soon as the regiments are mustered and equipped. They will probably go to Chickamauga where they will rendezvous, and other regiments will follow as rapidly as possible.

Co. A (Ann Arbor), First infantry, Capt. Ross Granger, had the honor of being the first company mustered in, and the soldier boys were given a rousing reception as they lined up to take the oath of allegiance to their country. Co. B (Adrian), Capt. James M. Holloway, was next mustered in and then followed Co. C (Tecumseh), Capt. Thos. R. Kyle; Co. D (Jackson), Capt. Cyrus F. Smith; Co. E (Lansing), Capt. Robt. J. Craig; Co. F (Mason), Capt. George P. Griffin; Co. G (Ypsilanti), Capt. Frank B. McKend; Co. H (Jackson), Capt. Benj. O. Newell.

The companies of the Second Independent battalion (Detroit Light Guard), that were attached to the First regiment have had their letter changed. Co. A will now be known as I, Co. B as K, Co. C as L, and Co. G, of Monroe, as M. They were mustered in as follows: Co. I, (Detroit), Capt. Duncan Henderson; Co. K, (Detroit), Capt. W. H. Sink; Co. L, (Detroit), Capt. Chas. S. Baxter; Co. M, (Monroe), Capt. John M. Gutman.

Michigan's Second Regiment. Gen. Irish issued a formal order attaching the First Independent battalion (Cos. C, D, E and H of the old Fourth M. N. G.) to the Second regiment M. N. G., thus forming the Second Michigan Volunteer regiment. The officers of the Second regiment are: Col. William T. McGurran, Grand Rapids; Maj. T. H. Reynolds, Detroit; Maj. B. L. Abbey, Kalamazoo; Maj. W. B. Kalmbach, Grand Rapids; Maj. L. D. Knowles, surgeon, Three Rivers; Capt. John L. Burkhardt, assistant surgeon, Grand Rapids.

This makes Maj. Reynolds, of Detroit, the senior major, and he will be entitled to the right of the line. The line officers of the regiment went before the examining board and four failed to pass. They are Capt. Wm. M. Hatch, Company D, (Battle Creek), whose vision is very poor; Capt. Joseph J. Nolan, Company C (Kalamazoo), Capt. Ed. Rodé and First Lieut. Max. A. Keane, Co. C, (Scott Guards of Detroit). The latter is minus several front teeth, which was marked against him, but as he passed an otherwise excellent examination, his case may be reconsidered. Capt. Rodé had rheumatism and is over the weight limit.

Michigan Loyal Legion.

Grand Rapids gave the Michigan commandery of the Loyal Legion a patriotic reception and the sessions were thoroughly enjoyed. The annual banquets were held at the hotel and the hall was elaborately decorated with patriotic emblems. Col. Henry M. Duffield, the retiring commander, presided. Officers elected: Commander, Claudius B. Grant, of Lansing; senior vice commander, James T. Sterling, of Detroit; junior vice, Orrin Bump, of Bay City; recorder, F. W. Swift, of Detroit; register, Charles L. Williams, of Detroit; chancellor, James Rhines, of Detroit; treasurer, L. H. Chamberlin, of Detroit; chaplain L. A. Arthur, of Detroit.

MICHIGAN NEWS ITEMS.

Gov. Pingree received a telegram from Alger requesting that two regiments be mustered in as soon as possible and sent to Chickamauga.

Lieut. Albert G. Winterhalter, who served on board the U. S. cruiser Baltimore under Commodore Dewey's squadron, in the engagement with the Spanish fleet at Manila is a native of Detroit, and when off duty resides in Detroit.

Gov. Pingree has appointed Dr. C. B. Nanerene, dean of the medical faculty of the University of Michigan as surgeon of the Third infantry with the rank of major. Dr. J. A. King, of Manistee, has been decided on as a surgeon and rank as major of the Fifth infantry, and Dr. Robb, of Calumet, will be assistant surgeon of the Fifth and rank as lieutenant.

The annual convention of the Michigan Equal Suffrage association was held at Bay City. The program was interesting and enjoyable. The following officers were elected: President, Mrs. Mary S. Knaggs, of Bay City; vice-president, Mrs. Perline Sizer Davis, of Detroit; recording secretary, Miss Edith E. Hall, of Flat Rock; treasurer, Mrs. Emily B. Ketcham, of Grand Rapids; auditors, Mrs. Lois Avery, of Ann Arbor, and Mrs. Lila E. Bliss, of Coleman.

Clarence Dutcher, aged 56, was struck by lightning and instantly killed at Bentley. He was a veteran of the civil war.

DEWEY'S GLORIOUS VICTORY

Reports that He Utterly Destroyed Spain's Philippine Fleet.

HAS MANILA IN HIS POWER.

None of the U. S. Warships Badly Damaged nor an American Sailor Killed—Only Eight Slightly Wounded—Manila is at His Mercy.

Just one week from the day the great battle at Manila bay was fought the first official report of the glorious American victory was received from the Commodore Dewey, the latest naval hero. The report was carried from Manila to Hong Kong by the U. S. dispatch boat McCulloch and then transmitted to the navy department at Washington. The distance from Manila to Hong Kong prevented an earlier report being received from Dewey. The portion of the first report made public by the navy department is as follows:

Manila: Squadron arrived at Manila at daybreak. Immediately engaged the enemy and destroyed the following Spanish vessels: Reina Christina, Don Antonio de Ulloa, Isla de Luzon, Isla de Cuba, General Lezo, Marquis de Duero, Correo, Velasco, Isla de Mindanao, a transport, and a water battery at Cavite. The squadron is uninjured, and only a few men are slightly wounded. Only means of telegraphing is to American consul, Hong Kong. I shall communicate with him.

A second report given is out is as follows:

Cavite: I have taken possession of the naval station at Cavite, Philippine Islands, and destroyed its fortifications. Have destroyed fortifications at the bay entrance (Corregidor islands), paroling the garrison. I control the bay completely and can take the city at any time. The squadron in excellent health and spirits. The Spanish loss not fully known, but very heavy: 150 killed, including the captain of the Reina Christina. I am assisting in the destruction of the Spanish sick and wounded. Two hundred and fifty sick and wounded in hospital within our lines. Much excitement in Manila. Will protect foreign residents.

These reports, although brief and lacking in details, caused the most intense enthusiasm in government circles at Washington. The destruction of ten warships, and the silencing of a score of shore batteries without the loss of a ship or a man, is a feat so stupendous that the most experienced naval officers could hardly believe their eyes when they read Dewey's terse and graphic message. No parallel is to be found in history for this remarkable accomplishment, and to Dewey's credit is placed the first demonstration of the terrible effectiveness of the modern warship manned by brave men and commanded by cool and skillful officers.

The Spanish surrendered everything they had left to surrender outside of Manila. Admiral Montojo fled to Manila with all of his staff and such officers as had not been killed. Admiral Dewey sent his marines ashore to capture Cavite, and then cut the cable so that the Spaniards could not send a message. And when all these had been counted, not a man was missed from the fighting fleet, though the chief engineer on the McCulloch had died from heart disease, an attack brought on by excitement. Some estimates place the number of Spanish wounded during the engagement at over 1,000 men.

Commodore Dewey's orders were to capture or destroy the Spanish fleet and never were instructions executed in so complete a fashion. At the end of seven hours there was absolutely nothing left of the Spanish fleet but a few relics. Only the cruiser Baltimore had suffered in any way from the fire of the enemy. A shot which struck her exploded some ammunition near one of her guns and slightly injured eight of the crew. The Olympia was struck five times and when all these had been counted, not a man was missed from the fighting fleet, though the chief engineer on the McCulloch had died from heart disease, an attack brought on by excitement. Some estimates place the number of Spanish wounded during the engagement at over 1,000 men.

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The terms of capitulation were still unsettled when the McCulloch left Manila, and it was said that Commodore Dewey feared rioting upon the part of the insurgents if he attempted a bombardment of the remaining fortifications at Manila. The forts at the entrance of the bay were dismantled after they had surrendered. It is said the American commodore ordered the cable to be cut because the Spaniards refused to permit him to use it pending the complete surrender of the city and also to prevent foreign governments from ordering their consuls to protest against the bombardment or blockade of Manila.

The Nation's Gratitude to Dewey

The reply sent by Secretary of the Navy Long to Commodore Dewey was as follows:

Dewey, Manila.—The President, in the name of the American people, thanks you and your officers and men for your splendid achievement and overwhelming victory. In recognition he has appointed you acting admiral, and will recommend a vote of thanks to you by congress.

Upon hearing of the Spanish loss at Manila the pope was almost overcome and said he wished he could have died before this war was begun.

Secretary Long says that Dewey will be made an acting admiral at once and later his nomination to be rear admiral will be sent to the Senate.

W. R. Blanchard, chairman of the Joint Traffic Railroad association, has been named as a brigadier-general of volunteers, and will be attached to the quartermaster's department of the army, to take charge of all matter relating to the transportation of troops.

66,000 TROOPS FOR CUBA.

16,000 U. S. Regulars and 50,000 Volunteers to be Landed at Once.

Washington: Gen. Miles says positively that he will have 66,000 troops in Cuba within 10 days. This army of invasion will consist of 16,000 soldiers of the regular U. S. army and 50,000 of the volunteers being mustered in from the several states.

President McKinley, Secretaries Alger and Long and their advisers have become convinced that this nation must now take aggressive action all along the line. The bugbear of the yellow fever scourge is to be ignored and the Spaniards are to be ejected from Cuba before midsummer, if American soldiers can drive them out. Next week the permanent army of occupation will be established in Cuba and volunteer regiments will be hurrying forward to reinforce it from nearly every state east of the Rocky mountains. By the same time the volunteers and regulars west of the great divide will be embarked on transports and fairly started on their voyage of 3,500 miles to establish American provisional government in the Philippines.

The first division of regulars, aggregating 15,000 men, and a regiment of Cubans which has been organized, armed and drilled at Key West, will be landed in Cuba as speedily as they can be transported to a point within 300 miles of the gulf coast cities. This force will at once establish an entrenched camp, fully fortified, to be used as the base of operations for the land attack on Havana. The transport vessels, as rapidly as they are emptied, will hurry back to be refilled with volunteer regiments ordered as reinforcements to the regulars, the latter's beginning active operations in the field as soon as they are relieved of the duty of holding the established base.

Within 10 days after the first landing it is expected that the transports will complete a third round trip, and the volunteer division, which has in the meantime held the base, will evacuate it on the arrival of the relief, and advance in support of the first regular division. This process will be repeated until at least two volunteer army corps of 25,000 men each have been successively established in Cuba, with a supporting force of 50,000 volunteers more on the southern coast of the U. S. less than 24 hours away.

The volunteer regiments to compose the force will be selected from among those most prompt to muster. State organizations which are earliest accepted by the United States will be rewarded with the most active duty, except in a few instances.

Major Gen. Shafter will command the regulars and Major-Gens. Lee and Wade will lead the two divisions of volunteers. It is believed this force will insure the speedy downfall of Havana and assure the complete surrender of Spanish rule in the island before the rainy season fully sets in. The statement is made on authority that ships enough to convey the whole expedition, their equipment and subsistence, supplies, await the orders of the government.

TO HOLD THE PHILIPPINES.

Uncle Sam Will Send 5,000 Troops and Plenty of Supplies at Once.

Washington: The cabinet has decided to send to Commodore Dewey the number of troops he deems necessary to enforce our control of the Philippines. The administration has practically decided to occupy the Philippines with a strong military force as soon as possible. For this purpose Pacific slope troops will be used and it is expected that at least 5,000 will be en route within the next 10 days.

Gen. Nelson A. Miles telegraphed orders to Brig-Gen. Merriam to at once get the troops in his command ready for transportation to the Philippines, it having been decided that the Fifth and Seventh cavalry and Fourteenth and Fifteenth infantry shall be drawn upon to form a nucleus of the invading force, and that they shall concentrate at San Francisco immediately. Enough men will be taken from volunteer quotas of extreme western states to form an army of 5,000. The President has concluded that it will be dangerous to delay. He is afraid that Dewey will have serious need for all the soldiers sent him. When the insurgents find that they are not to be given possession of the Philippines they may make trouble, and another cause for alarm.

There is that there are a large number of Spanish soldiers fully equipped already at Manila, and it will be impossible to restrain them.

There does not seem to be any doubt as to government's purpose to hold these islands pending a final settlement with Spain, when they will be used as a collateral to secure the payment to the United States of a war indemnity. High officials are of the opinion that none of the powers will seriously dispute our right to make such final disposition of the islands as suits our purpose in the enforcement of war claims against Spain, and in any event this government will be prepared to contest any point which may be raised.

Chickamauga and Washington have been decided on as volunteer army concentration points. At least one other point will be chosen, probably either in New York or Pennsylvania.

Santiago de Cuba is in a terrible state of panic and riot. Over 5,000 citizens fled to the country within a week. The Spanish troops are committing all kinds of excesses and threaten to kill every Cuban man and outrage every Cuban woman and girl if the American fleet attempts to take the city. Gen. Garcia's insurgents are drawing closer about the city, preventing supplies from being taken in by land, and the Spanish soldiers are beginning to suffer for food. If the American fleet should blockade the port the city would be starved into submission within a week.

IT IS A TOTTERING THRONE.

The Reigning Spanish Dynasty Apparently Doomed.

REVOLUTION IS THREATENED.

Martial Law Proclaimed in Madrid—Sensational Utterances in the Cortes—Riots in the Provinces—Queen Regent May Abdicate to Save the Throne.

All Spain is in an uproar and revolution is in the air. The people are defying the troops and the royal family is on the point of flight. The mobs cry "Down with Moret and Bermejo!" The Weylerite leaders are discussing ways and means for bringing the Cuban butcher into power. Surprise, disappointment and indignation have been caused at Madrid by the tremendous destruction done by the American fleet at Manila. Owing to the excited condition of the populace martial law has been proclaimed at Madrid.

In the Spanish parliament the wildest excitement of 20 years reigned. There were scandalous scenes while Premier Sagasta was speaking, the Republicans and Carlists hurling insulting and abominable epithets at him. Senor Salmeron criticised the action of the crown in the crisis and declared that the monarchical government was solely responsible for the present situation. He said, "We expend millions to maintain the monarchy, but have not enough to buy ironclads. Whoever will destroy the existing regime will be a great patriot."

Rioting and bloodshed are reported at Seville, Barcelona and Valencia. There is the most intense excitement throughout the kingdom and a revolution is imminent. Madrid is an armed camp and the queen regent and the boy king have completed all preparations for flight. While the Carlists are active, it is believed, nevertheless, that the dictatorship of Weyler may be the outcome of the crisis. During the demonstrations at Madrid the soldiery at the barracks were only prevented from joining the mob by personal pleadings of the officers. Many officers mingled with the mob inciting them to attack the residences of ministers. The republicans were even more busy than the officers in urging on the crowd and shouting "Down with the queen regent." More than once they led the mob toward the royal palace but each time the police drove them back.

The outbreaks in the provinces are assuming alarming proportions. Especially in the province of Gijon, on the Bay of Biscay, where troops have been compelled to fire on the rioters "in self-defense," the artillery has been ordered out and a state of siege declared. Martial law has been proclaimed throughout the province of Valencia. Riots at Talavera have committed serious disorders. They burned railroad cars and set fire to several private houses. They then tried to break into prison and release the convicts. Riots have occurred at Caceres. The miners around Oriedo have struck and reinforcement of troops has been hurried to Oriedo. A renewal of the rioting at Gijon is feared.

Vienna dispatches state that the resignation of the regency by Queen Maria Christina is being seriously considered by the members of the imperial family of Austria with a view of averting an anti-dynastic movement and saving the throne to the young king of Spain. An exchange of ideas on the subject is going on between the queen regent and her Austrian family. It is generally believed at Vienna, however, that the Spanish dynasty is nearing the end.

A Spanish dispatch from Brussels says a high Spanish diplomat there declares that Spain is practically in a state of revolution. The end of the regency has begun.

Honor for Dewey and His Men.

The President and congress, in behalf of the American people, have paid a fitting tribute to the heroism of Commodore Dewey and his officers and men, for the magnificent and unparalleled victory in Manila bay. President McKinley sent a message to congress setting forth the principal facts relating to the achievement and recommended that a vote of thanks be extended by congress to Commodore Dewey and the gallant officers and men of his fleet.

Without a word of debate and without a dissenting voice the Senate agreed to a resolution carrying into effect the recommendation of the President. A bill was then presented increasing the number of rear admirals in the navy from six to seven, in order that the President might nominate Commodore Dewey to the highest position in the navy within his gift, and that, too, was passed without dissent. In addition a joint resolution was unanimously agreed to directing the secretary of the navy to present to Commodore Dewey a sword of honor, and to have struck, in commemoration of the battle of Manila, a bronze medal for each of the officers and men who participated in the gallant fight. The resolution appropriates \$10,000 to enable the secretary to carry its provisions into effect.

The House also promptly concurred in the President's recommendation and passed the bill creating an additional rear-admiral of the navy.

The monitor Puritan had a narrow escape from being sent to the bottom by treachery off Matanzas. A watchful turret discovered a man boring a hole in the bulkhead of the magazine. He had a bundle of waste saturated with turpentine which he intended to ignite and throw into the magazine. The boy gave the alarm and the villain was captured red-handed and was hurriedly placed in double irons and locked up, before the rest of the crew learned of the attempt to blow them up. The fellow was Carlos Fernandez, a Spaniard who has been in the navy four years. He was court-martialed and shot.

TO TAKE PORTO RICO.

Sampson's Largest Vessels Sail for That Purpose.

Spain's Atlantic fleet is not to be allowed to reach Porto Rico or to approach the coast of the United States. Rear Admiral Sampson has perfected plans for meeting the enemy on the high seas and giving battle at a time and place of his own choosing. The large fighters of Sampson's squadron, the New York, Indiana, Iowa, Puritan and Mayflower were withdrawn from the Cuban blockading fleet and coaled up heavily at Key West, after which they sailed eastward at full speed, apparently for Porto Rico, either to destroy or to occupy the coaling station as a naval base before the Spanish squadron arrives, and then put to sea and try to engage the Cape Verde fleet.

Meanwhile the smaller vessels of the North Atlantic squadron are ample to maintain the blockade. Capt. Converse of the Montgomery will direct them. Sampson's warships sailed prepared for an unusually long cruise. Their magazines are overflowing with ammunition. They will be in fit condition to round up the Cape Verde fleet next week if it be that the Spanish warships are coming to Porto Rico at all. It is reported that on the way to Porto Rico Admiral Sampson will stop Matanzas and Santiago de Cuba. It is believed that any repairs to the fortifications at Matanzas which the Spaniards have made since the recent bombardment will be knocked to pieces. Then the fleet may go around to Santiago on the outskirts of which Garcia is pressing, and destroyed the fortifications there. After that the warships are expected to pick up the Oregon, the Marietta and the Nichtheroy (now named Buffalo), which are on their way from Rio Janeiro, and go back to Porto Rico, the taking of which is now considered a military necessity.

Miles Commands Insurgent Army.

It is asserted that Gen. Miles is now practically in command of the insurgent army in Cuba. The Washington government is now in close touch with and has established communication with three army corps commanders of the insurgent forces. Every move made by Gens. Gomez, Garcia and Rodriguez is on the advice of Gen. Miles. Through war maps of Cuba our own commanders know the whole of Cuba better than any officers in Blanco's army. There has been concentration of troops in accordance with orders from Gen. Miles. The Cuban army is divided into three divisions—the army of the east, under Garcia; the army of the west, under Rodriguez, and the army of the center, under Gomez. Garcia and Rodriguez have the largest number of men. Gomez is near the coast, cutting off food supplies of the Spaniards and rounding up cattle for future use. He has named his place to meet the force now massing in the United States. He will cover the landing on the land and the gunboats will attend to it on the sea. The men who know where that landing will be made are Gens. Miles, Shafter and Nunez, in addition to Gomez and the authorities at Washington. Two depots of supply will perhaps be established, one for the purpose of arming the Cubans, the other for a base of supplies for the United States troops. One landing may serve for both. Arms for the Cubans will also go to Garcia. He is in the far east, keeping Santiago de Cuba in terror.

NOTES ON THE WAR SITUATION

Wm. Astor Chanler, the well-known millionaire, has departed from New York with three companions with the avowed intention of joining the forces of Gen. Gomez and fighting Spaniards.

Martial law has been proclaimed in Porto Rico, and it is being enforced in a tyrannical manner. Crowds of people are leaving for the interior, and the capital is almost deserted by the civilian population. The military authorities are most actively engaged in preparing for the defense of the island. Americans are without protection and in danger. Food prices are rising fast.

THE MARKETS.

LIVE STOCK.

New York—Cattle Sheep Lambs Hogs
Best grades... 45 00 35 00 40 00 40 00
Lower grades... 35 00 35 00 40 00 40 00

Chicago—
Best grades... 45 00 35 00 40 00 40 00
Lower grades... 35 00 35 00 40 00 40 00

Detroit—
Best grades... 45 00 35 00 40 00 40 00
Lower grades... 35 00 35 00 40 00 40 00

Buffalo—
Best grades... 45 00 35 00 40 00 40 00
Lower grades... 35 00 35 00 40 00 40 00

Cleveland—
Best grades... 45 00 35 00 40 00 40 00
Lower grades... 35 00 35 00 40 00 40 00

Cincinnati—
Best grades... 45 00 35 00 40 00 40 00
Lower grades... 35 00 35 00 40 00 40 00

Pittsburg—
Best grades... 45 00 35 00 40 00 40 00
Lower grades... 35 00 35 00 40 00 40 00

GRAIN, ETC.

Wheat. Corn. Oats.
No 2 red No 2 mix No 2 white

New York \$1 40 1/2 45 30 3/4 37 3/4
Chicago 1 40 1/2 45 30 3/4 37 3/4

Detroit 1 35 1/2 35 30 3/4 37 3/4
Toledo 1 35 1/2 35 30 3/4 37 3/4

Cincinnati 1 18 1/2 35 30 3/4 37 3/4
Cleveland 1 30 1/2 35 30 3/4 37 3/4

Pittsburg 1 30 1/2 35 30 3/4 37 3/4
Buffalo 1 30 1/2 35 30 3/4 37 3/4

Detroit—Hay, No 1 Timothy, \$8.75 per ton.
Potatoes, 90c per bu. Live Poultry, turkeys,
10c per lb; chickens, 8c; ducks, 8c. Eggs,
strictly fresh, 10c per doz. Butter, dairy,
14c per lb; creamery 18c.

The capture of the Spanish steamer Argonata by the gunboat Nashville off the southern coast of Cuba proves to have been most valuable. The Argonata carried a large quantity of ammunition and arms besides important mail for Gen. Blanco. Besides there were on board a Spanish colonel—Col. Vicente de Cortijo, of the Third Spanish cavalry, with 10 other army officers—and it now transpires that the colonel is a brother-in-law of Lieut. Gen. Valerino Weyler, the famous "butcher," the former governor-general of Cuba. His captors are immeasurably elated.

Bad Eruptions

Sores Broken Out and Discharged Butte Hood's Cured.

"My son had eruptions and sores on his face which continued to grow worse in spite of medicines. The sores discharged a great deal. A friend whose child had been cured of a similar trouble by Hood's Sarsaparilla advised me to try it. I began giving the boy this medicine and he was soon getting better. He kept on taking it until he was entirely cured and he has never been bothered with eruptions since." Mrs. EVA DOLEBEARE, Horton, Ill.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

America's Greatest Medicine. \$1; six for \$5. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are the best at all times, in all climates, for all ailments of the bowels, and for all ailments of the stomach.

If we hadn't been forbidden to eat that apple the chances are it wouldn't have happened.

Shake Into Your Shoes.

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It cures painful, swollen, smarting feet and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight-fitting or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, nervous, aching feet. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. By mail for 25c in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

If a man thinks life isn't worth living he can very easily find a way to give it up.

The Author of Lorna Doone.

R. D. Blackmore, the well-known author of "Lorna Doone": "A truly magnum opus. I grieve only that such a work is not of English birthright." See display advertisement of how to obtain the Standard Dictionary by making a small payment down, the remainder in installments.

If a man could only see himself as others see him he wouldn't say a word about it.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c, or \$1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address: Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.

SOME GOOD STORIES FOR OUR JUNIOR READERS.

A New Flying Dutchman Built of Mist and Gaze—A Peculiar Fish—The Drinking Habits of Animals—Smart Sayings of Juveniles.

The Mercury's Plait.
I don't know why I'm slandered so, I don't know why I go low, There's always some one who will say, "Just see that mercury to-day!" And whether toward the top I crawl Or down toward zero I may fall, They always fret, and say that I Am far too low, or far too high. And though I try with all my might I never seem to strike it right. Now I admit it seems to me They show great inconsistency. But they imply I am to blame, Of course that makes my anger flame, And in a fiery fit of pique I stay at ninety for a week. Or sometimes, in a dull despair, I give them just a frigid stare; And as upon their taunts I think My spirits down to zero sink. Mine is indeed a hopeless case— To strive to please the human race! —Carolyn Wells, in Youth's Companion.

A Peculiar Fish.
Lying limp and dry on a fishmonger's slab, the turbot is perhaps the least interesting of fish. When swimming in an artificial sea, or lying on the sandy bottom, it is the most attractive of all the denizens of this mock ocean, and, whether at rest or in motion, has an air of vigilance, vivacity and intelligence greater than that of any normally shaped fish. This is in part due to its habits, and in part to the expression of the flat fish's eye. This, which is sunk and invisible in the dead fish, is raised on a kind of turret in the living turbot, or sole, and set there in a half revolving apparatus, working almost as independently as the "ball and socket" eyes of the chameleon. There is this difference, however, in the eye of the lizard and of the fish—the iris of the chameleon is a mere pinhole at the top of the eyeball, which is thus absolutely without expression. The turbot's eyes are black and gold, and intensely bright, with none of the fixed, staring, stupid appearances of ordinary fishes. It lies upon the sand and jerks its eyes independently into position to survey any part of the ground surface and the water above or that on any side at any angle. If it had light rays to project from its eyes instead of to receive, the effect would be precisely that made by the sudden shifting of the jointed apparatus which casts the electric light from a warship at any angle on the sea, sky or horizon.

The turbot, though ready, graceful swimmers, moving in wavelike undulations across the water, or dashing off like a flash when so disposed, usually lie perfectly still upon the bottom. They do not, like the flounders, cover themselves with sand, for they mimic the color of the ground with such absolute fidelity that, except for the shining eye, it is almost impossible to distinguish them. It would appear that volition plays some part in this subtle conformity to environment, for one turbot, which is blind, has changed a tint too light, and not at all in harmony with that of the sand.

The Drinking Habits of Animals.
Tame rabbits are commonly kept without water; but they may be seen licking the bars of their hutch after a shower and drink eagerly when they have the chance. Most other rodents, including rats, are thirsty creatures. The only animals living in very dry places which seem able to do entirely without drink are snakes and reptiles. In the cold desert of shifting sand in Kashgar there were no reptiles, and not even a fly. But the Afghan boundary commission found swarms of lizards and a new and venomous species of adder in astonishing numbers in the awful desert of hot shifting sand at the corner where Persia, Beluchistan and Afghanistan meet.

We must note one exception, the giraffe, which Mr. Bryden believes exists for three-quarters of the year in North Kalamari without water. But this cannot be proved until the desert has been explored and the total absence of water confirmed. There is known to be water beneath the surface, and if the giraffe does live waterless, he must imbibe his liquid nutriment at second hand in the juices of the leaves of the trees which have their roots in the moisture. Seals do not apparently drink, neither do cormorants and penguins; but there can be little more evaporation from their bodies than from those of fish, and their food is wet and moist. A more difficult question is that of the water supply of arctic animals in winter; possibly they eat snow.

Baptized the St. Bernard.
Bobbie is 5 years old and the son of a prominent Twin Cities clergyman now resident in Chicago, who is noted for his eloquence and the impressive manner of his baptisms. Being an exponent of the Baptist faith the baptisms were, of course, by immersion. The church was an especially popular one and the ceremony was a frequent event. It always excited the child's interest to a lively degree.

Bobbie was an exceptionally precocious youngster and was nothing if not original. He would watch his father immerse the candidates and would listen attentively to the words, "In the name of the Father and of the Son and of the Holy Ghost" which the pastor employed. This formula bothered Bobbie. He asked many questions upon the subject, but never seemed to find the explanation that satisfied him. One of Bobbie's prime favorites and his constant playfellow was a huge St. Bernard noted for his beauty and intelligence. Early one morning

Bobbie and the dog were observed in the garden, the boy busily engaged in digging a hole with the fire shovel he had surreptitiously abstracted from the cook's quarters. His air was very mysterious and the dog seemed to assume extra vigilance as he oversaw the operations. For a long time the child dug away at the soft sod. Finally he seemed to be satisfied with the dimensions, and together he and the dog hurried to the pump in the rear yard. In a short time they had the hole full of water. Then Bobbie, taking the obedient old dog by the collar, led him sedately to the hole, and, seizing his head and shoulders as he had seen his father do with the candidates at baptism, he soured the animal's head into the pit. As it came up dripping Bobbie ejaculated with evident triumph: "In the name of the Father and of the Son and—in the hole you go!"

Precoocious Ellen West.
Little Ellen West, aged 8 years and a resident of Hyde Park, is inclined to be philosophical. She is a constant attendant at church, and very frequently accompanies her parents to lectures at the university. Not long ago she began to study into the nature of some of her small playmates. Certain actions of one of her friends puzzled her greatly, and she finally astonished her mother by the following observation: "Mamma, I believe that Marion is very fickle. When I have candy or am riding my bicycle she pretends to think she won't hardly look at me, but at other times she won't hardly look at me. Isn't that what Professor meant the other day when he said: 'Laugh and the world laughs with you; weep and you weep alone?'"

Mrs. West assured Ellen that she had seized upon a great truth. The same Ellen attends the Ray school on Fifty-seventh street. One month her standing was very low, and her father remonstrated with her. She was duly impressed by the force of his remarks, and the next month brought home a better report. Her father was pleased, but not wanting Ellen to cease her industrious efforts he was rather scant in his praise. This tried the little girl sorely, and, turning from him, with tears in her eyes, she said: "Papa, you forget that heaven is not reached at a single bound."

Little Tinkletop Is Smart.
"Tinkletop," as they called her, was just learning to spell words of more than one syllable and was exceedingly proud of the fact. It afforded her also a keen satisfaction to know that her elders could no longer banish her from their confabs by spelling words it was desired she should not understand. After insisting on several occasions that she was not "a little pitcher" and that her ears were no longer than other people's she caught up her uncle right smartly one night as he was exploiting a choice narrative in "hog Latin" dialect.

"Now I know what you said," and she told the story in almost as good "Latin" as the original. "Who told you all that?" asked her uncle. "Humph," she said in fine disgust, "can't I learn 'hog Latin' if I try, uncle?" "Well, we will find a way to cheat your little ears yet."

Tinkletop thought hard, but said nothing, and she watched her uncle like the proverbial cat. One day he came home with a new story on an eccentric neighbor. Two little ears were perked ready for the tale. "S-p-e-l-l-i-t," cautiously suggested the mother. But a determined little voice was lifted from a primer in the other end of the room, and it cried: "No, you mustn't spell it, either. And he didn't."

Built of Mist and Gaze.
The flying Dutchman has been driven from the waters by a more up-to-date spectral vessel.



some natives first saw the new ghost ship. It was in broad daylight. The air was so clear that the feathers in a far-off bird's wing were distinct. Suddenly hearing down upon their rough boat a great steamer came. Smoke rolled from her funnels. The natives put their little ship about to escape from the track of the oncoming vessel and they saw that it was a gray thing, with masts of gossamer and funnels of gauze. In the bright sunlight it was a great, massive ship, carved perfectly from a mountain of mist. There was no throb of engines, no sound of waters cut, although the power played around the prow.

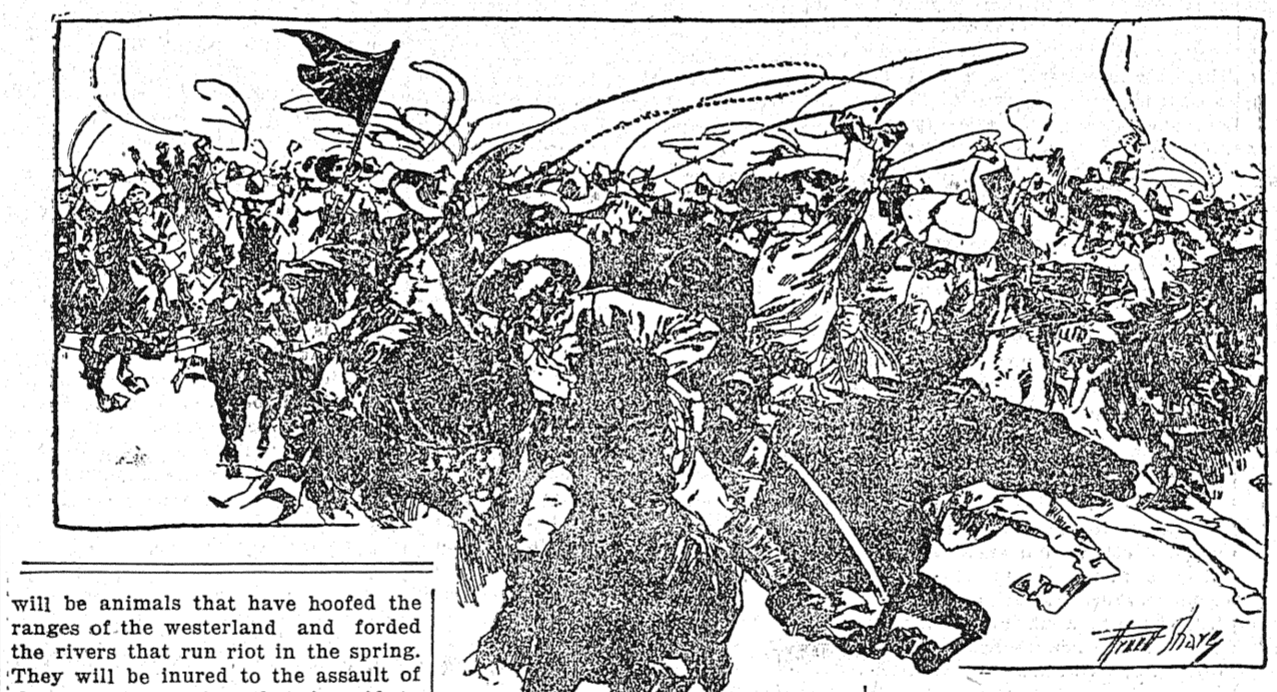
Since then the phantom steamer has been often sighted at twilight, at noon, on stormy days and clear ones. Secret societies have charms that are often displayed on watchchains.

Roosevelt's Rough Riders.

They are Going to Meet the Spaniards on Cuban Soil.

"Rita used by Lieutenant-Colonel Roosevelt in the Spanish-American war, 1898." Perhaps some day among the relics of the present engagement there may be a tag bearing the above inscription affixed to a fifty foot coil of raw hide, says New York Journal of May 1. It is not improbable that the denizen of North Dakota, where Lieutenant-Colonel Roosevelt learned to throw the lasso when he was breaking his own mustangs, may stand with uncovered head and weave stories around the dusty rope, and say kind things about the man who threw it with so much skill. For since Mr. Roosevelt resigned as assistant secretary of the navy to take up arms in the field, he has been assigned to a commission and his soldiers are to be picked from the cowboys of the wild west, every one of whom will have to give evidence of his ability to cast the terrible coil and rope the enemy before he can enlist. There is no fiction about the formation of this dangerous regiment. It is to be one of the most serviceable arms of the fighting contingent, and the pride of Spain's best men will be turned upside down when the cow puncher brigade begins hostilities. The men are now being carefully selected and Lieutenant-Colonel Roosevelt is giving the matter his personal attention. The lariat will not be the only implement of warfare by any means. Every cowboy will be provided with a cavalry rifle and a brace of six shooters, those handy weapons whose sharp bark means death. These men will not go into the field for pasture, although the art of picking off the enemy will have certain elements of pleasure to the cowboy, whose life has been spent on the plains and whose hands prefer to fondle the butt of a revolver rather than the hilt of a sword. The horses to be picked for these cowboy regiments, of which there will be three, will have seen service before. They

overhead, entwine the fleeing remnant of the enemy, and Spaniards by the score are jerked headlong into the dust and flying horses are brought up with a standstill on their haunches. No class of men can endure the hardships of a rough life and the tolls of the saddle like cowboys. From morning until night they do nothing but ride and keep their eyes open for trouble. At dusk a cowboy throws his saddle on the earth, turns his faithful horse loose to graze, knowing that the animal will not leave his master, and covering himself with only a saddle blanket lies down and sleeps with one eye open for intruders. Inside of thirty days the first regiment will be ready for the march, under the command of Colonel C. R. Wood, with "Fighting Teddy" as lieutenant-colonel. Lieutenant-Colonel Roosevelt is of the plains himself, having spent many years among the cowboys, hundreds of whom are employed on his cattle ranges in North Dakota. He is an excellent pistol and rifle shot, having written a big volume on wild game, and on the pommel of his saddle will be thonged the regulation lariat. When occasion presents itself he will swing it with the rest of his soldiers, and if he does not rope the man or horse at which it is thrown, then he is famous out on the range. A particular advantage of being able to throw the lariat will be evident when the cowboy regiment wants to replenish its horseflesh. There will be no play of bullets, no cracking of rifles and no bloodshed. But the silent coil will fly from deft fingers and settle down with a Spanish horse struggling in the noose. In camp the life of the cowboy regiment will be nothing more than luxurious domesticity and home comfort, for most of them will be uncomfortable under any other circumstances. They will go to Cuba for business and will surely engage in plenty of it.



'will be animals that have hoofed the ranges of the westland and forded the rivers that run riot in the spring. They will be injured to the assault of the pesky mosquito, that is said to abound in vast numbers in Cuba. The horse and the man will understand each other, operate as one creature, plunge without fear into the thickest of the trouble and come snorting and blowing into the open with a Spaniard in tow. At the first shot these men of the plains will lean forward in their saddles, draw their weapons and follow their leader into the jaws of death, and Spanish steel and machete will not repulse them until the last man has toppled from his stirrups and gone crashing to the earth, wiped out. There will be some historic fighting done by these rangers, and the scenes that were part of the life of Custer, Jack Crawford and Buffalo Bill will be enacted, but with better weapons and with some of the comforts and conveniences of civilization. In the early days the cowboys wore clothing made from the skins of the beasts of the field and the grasses of the plains. But Lieutenant-Colonel Roosevelt's soldiers will wear canvas uniforms of a gray tint and trimmed with brass buttons; canvas leggings, canvas shoes and slouch hats. There will be no unnecessary trappings to impede their movements, and when the order to charge is given a tornado of men and horseflesh will pour into the ranks of the enemy. In after years the pages of history will glow with the story of how Roosevelt's regiment of cowboys swept into Matanzas, or Havana or Cardenas and engaged the Spaniards in hand-to-hand conflict and roped those who escaped the bullets. Nothing could be more picturesque in warfare than a crack regiment of cowboy cavalrymen fully equipped for service. They are all men who have learned the art of combat, and whose trigger fingers are like unto the electric button for rapidity and action. Picture a hollow square of sharpshooters delivering the contents of a thousand six-shooters into an advancing enemy in less than three seconds. Then the nervous sweep of carbines swiftly emptying their magazines into the torn and shattered ranks around the square. In the midst of the repulse the Spanish begin to retreat; then the lariat, coiling and circling

A CHARGE BY LIEUT. ROOSEVELT AND HIS ROUGH RIDERS.

Artistic Dinner Given.
The ideal dinner company is never large; six has been said to be the magic number, but eight, and even ten, are perfectly manageable, both in the matter of smooth service and in the higher harmonies. Do not confine your choice to intimate friends, but add to their pleasure and your own the fresh experience of meeting new spirits whose congeniality you have divined.

A really artistic dinner, it is the writer's conviction, should never exceed four courses—including the coffee. The scheme of the dinner is that each dish shall be perfect; worthy of the palate and of the appetite—enjoyed to the full for its merits, and not to be trifled with and instantly forgotten. The second point in importance is that a dish shall be as attractive in appearance as it is perfect in flavor; that it should be placed upon the table as an added enjoyment and hospitably served by the host or hostess. The third point, also of importance, is that a dinner should be seasonable—not an anticipation of seasons—for every chosen article should be at its very best. A lean, half-fried January tomato, which has ill-borne its travels, is but a forlorn apology for the plump and luscious summer product—certainly not fitted for an "artistic" appearance.

That Innocent Child.
Shop Assistant—Shall I send this for you, madam? Lady—No, thank you; I'm driving. Lady's Little Girl (in ecstasy)—Oh, mummy, are we going back in the yellow 'bus?—Tit-Bits.

Personal magnetism enable a man to make others believe he is right when they know he is wrong.

HERMIT AND PATRIOT.

Queer Old Gottlieb Letts, a Constitution of Congressman Mitt.

Congressman Robert R. Hitt, chairman of the house committee on foreign affairs, and who represents the Ninth Illinois district, occasionally receives a letter from a queer old constituent who resides on an island in the Mississippi river. The land is in Illinois, though it is cut off from the mainland by a slough which the swift current has cut through the soil of Jo Daviess county.

This old man, now in his 73d year, has resided on the island twenty-seven years. He is a hermit of the most eccentric character, living entirely alone and away from sight or sound of any other human being. He is completely isolated, his rude hut being hidden in a network of willow brush and wild grapevines. His hut can not be reached without the aid of a boat and a guide, who must find his way through a maze of sloughs which wind around in a thousand acres of lowlands. The old man is disturbed only by high water, which has three times invaded his abode and washed him off the island. He would like to have Mr. Hitt induce Uncle Sam to build a dam across the lowland to protect his little farm on the island.

The old man is named Gottlieb Letts. He was born in the province of Pomerania, Prussia, seventy-three years ago. He comes from a family of warriors. Two of his sons distinguished themselves in the war with Austria in 1866 and again in the Franco-Prussian conflict in 1870. He says he has written his congressman that if any help is needed to whip the Dons he will emerge from his home in the brush and take a willing hand.

Letts cooks, eats and sleeps in a little room ten feet square. It is a part of a hut which he built with his own hands. He has a flock of chickens, a cow and two cats. He farms the land without the aid of man or beast. He has constructed a queer plow after his own odd ideas. It is made from the forked branch of a tree. The forks serve as handles and thills. The odd feature about the contrivance is that the share points backward. The aged Prussian harnesses his own body and hitches himself to this plow. His harness fits over his back and around his waist. He couples onto the share by means of a wire, reaching from his harness. Then he stands between the thills, with which he takes hold with his hands. He walks backward like a horse in its breaching. The share

DAIRY AND POULTRY.

INTERESTING CHAPTERS FOR OUR RURAL READERS.

How Successful Farmers Operate This Department of the Farm—A Few Hints as to the Care of Live Stock and Poultry.

The Egg Trade.
The New York Sun, in an article on the general egg trade, says that the trade in eggs, their exportation from one country to another, has become a large item of international commerce, as some recent figures show. The case of Denmark is in point. Denmark's trade in eggs with foreign countries, chiefly with England and Scotland, has grown enormously. Twenty years ago the annual Danish export of eggs was 600,000; now it is reckoned at 110,000,000. In the same period the importation of eggs into England has increased tenfold, but only a part of the whole number come from Denmark, the two other egg exporting countries from which England draws its supplies being Holland and France. France exports to other countries 600,000,000 eggs in a year, and Italy exports 600,000,000 eggs in a year, chiefly to Austria and Germany. The poultrymen of the United States depend chiefly on the enormous home market, and they have rivals in the export of American eggs in the Canadians, Canada ranking next to France and Italy and ahead of Denmark and Holland as an egg-exporting country. Canada exports to other countries 300,000,000 eggs in a year. For the fiscal year of 1895 the treasury figures give the total exports of American eggs to foreign countries at 151,000 dozen, which is equivalent to 1,812,000 eggs. In the fiscal year 1896, however, the total exportation of American eggs increased to 228,000 dozen, or 3,336,000 eggs, a little more than twice as much. The export figures for this year indicate a still further increase, and a market for American eggs is likely, therefore, to be secured, in what the political campaign orators are accustomed to call, somewhat vaguely, the near future. It is a somewhat curious fact that the weight of eggs is materially larger in northern than in southern climates. Canadian eggs, for instance, are heavier than those shipped from the United States, and eggs in the northern states of this country are heavier than those from the south.

Old Irish Eggs.—And now Ireland has another grievance against England, and all because of the eggs which the former has been sending to the latter country. The English dealers claim that the eggs are more ancient than honorable, and have held a meeting to express their views. The fault is not with the hens, but with the owners, who, loath to part with the eggs, keep them so long that they are fit only for campaign purposes. The result is that dealers are buying Canadian and continental eggs, and the Irish farmers are to be instructed by circular that they must mend their ways or keep their eggs. Here's another opening for the American business men.—Rural New Yorker.

Shipping Cattle.
Grass cattle, as a rule, do not ship well. On the pasture they look well, and many a buyer has been deceived by the appearance of a drove of steers in a grass field with full bite. To ship such cattle is a hard task, and it is invariably disappointing, but it has to be done. Where convenient, it is a good plan to place such cattle in a pen and feed them hay for a day or two. The secret of shipping all classes of cattle is to place them on the cars full of feed, but with as little moisture as possible. If you ship a steer full of water he is apt to have loose bowels and show up in the yards badly. Properly handled cattle should arrive in the sale pens dry behind and ready for a good fill of water; not over-thirsty, but in good condition to water freely. Many of our shippers think that by salting their cattle, or by feeding them oats, or by other schemes, they can fool the buyers. This is nonsense. The buyers are just as sharp as the owners, and while many of them say nothing, you often see them ride into a pen and out again without the courtesy of a bid on this account. Dozens of times we have seen this happen. It always acts against the shipper to use unnatural means. To eastern buyers it is a matter of great importance that cattle should be in good condition when purchased, so as to stand further shipment. When cattle drink too freely they are apt to founder and break down. In this condition the dressed-beef man can use them, but it stops competition, and as a natural consequence cattle often go below their value when in this condition.

The same rule applies to grain-fed cattle, whether in pasture or dry lot, as to the above. Only they are much more easily handled in shipment, and do not show much distress in their changed circumstances. As to feed on the road, nothing equals good, sweet hay. It beats corn or other grains, because it is easily digested and does not fester the animal. Simple methods and simple feed are the best that can be used. As to water on the road, it is a matter to be decided on according to the weather. In midsummer care must be taken to supply animal wants, whereas, in winter a steer can go for many hours without a drink. Good management in this line also calls for the arrival of stock at the yards in proper time. From 5 to 8 a. m. is the best time in the day to appear upon the scene—the nearer the latter hour the better—for cattle especially always look better when they are taken off the cars and have just been fed and watered. Then they have a bloom upon them which wears off very quickly.

Artistic Dinner Given.
The ideal dinner company is never large; six has been said to be the magic number, but eight, and even ten, are perfectly manageable, both in the matter of smooth service and in the higher harmonies. Do not confine your choice to intimate friends, but add to their pleasure and your own the fresh experience of meeting new spirits whose congeniality you have divined.

That Innocent Child.
Shop Assistant—Shall I send this for you, madam? Lady—No, thank you; I'm driving. Lady's Little Girl (in ecstasy)—Oh, mummy, are we going back in the yellow 'bus?—Tit-Bits.

Personal magnetism enable a man to make others believe he is right when they know he is wrong.

Many feeders would be saved both disappointment and loss if before sending in cattle to market they would notify their commission house what they are going to ship. Then, if the commission merchant thinks the stock would be benefited by longer feeding, or that the prospect is unfavorable for the time the feeder expects to have his cattle in, he can so advise his client, and thus save him from sacrificing his stock or getting in at a wrong time. Especially is this important in November or the beginning of winter, when we are getting half-fat cattle that ought to have been held back 30 to 60 days longer at least. No doubt many of these look all right in the feed lot and appear to have good finish, but not having matured or ripened, they practically "go to pieces" on the cars, and in addition to loss through heavy shrinkage, the owner has to accept a low price on the market. We wish every stockman would follow out this plan of giving notice 20 days or so ahead of the time he expects to ship. It works both to the advantage of the shipper and seller. The latter, being on the market every day, knows just what the market wants, and can judge pretty closely of near prospects. He is thus able to give his client the necessary advice and information he should have before he sends in his stock.

The Cow Stable.
Now that warm weather has again come, the cow stables may receive attention, and be prepared more effectively for future occupancy. New stables will be built by many farmers, and in such cases care should be taken to consider all things in the plans. The old ideas of what a cow stable should be are now being regarded with suspicion. The old style cow stable was neither light nor cleanly. One of the popular methods was and is to have it in the barn, running along one side of the barn. Above the stalls was piled fifteen feet of solid hay, and opposite was a mow of hay reaching from the ground upward for twenty-five or thirty feet. This shut off all possibility of light on the two sides. Usually the only light possible was at the end of the barn, over the great doors, and the window consisted of a single transom a foot high and seven feet long, more or less. In light days when the sun was shining a twilight reigned in the barn, but on dark days the cattle were shut in in a gloomy prison. When work was to be done the doors had to be opened to give sufficient light.


Such was the cow stable of the past, and such is largely the cow stable of today. It is built on the general purpose principle. It was handy, there is no doubt about that. Hay, cow and manure were all together in close proximity, and if the cow kicked the milker there was a general mix-up. The cow stable of the future will be a very different affair. In the first place, there will be light. The stable should not be so built that all possibilities of light must be set aside on account of vast packs of hay. It is better to so build that the stable will have sunlight on at least two sides. Many are now being so constructed that the cows practically stand in a house of their own connected at one end with the barn, where are their food supplies. This gives room for light in abundance, and with light comes dryness to the floors, and standing places of the cows. It is true that such a building will not be so warm naturally as a box barn, packed with hay, but it can be made warm enough at small expense, and it is much healthier. Health and cleanliness are the principal things for which we must look out, and many other considerations can be sacrificed to these.

Sheep in Kansas.
At a Kansas agricultural convention reported for The Farmers' Review H. M. Kirkpatrick talked on how and why Kansas should raise sheep. In the eastern part of Kansas blue grass has obtained a firm foothold and gives a good pasture to sheep and other animals. In the western part of the state the grass is shorter and is largely buffalo grass. Experience in raising sheep is probably more valuable than in most any other kind of stock raising, for the experience obtained in the raising of other animals is not of much value in teaching how to keep sheep. I have never known a man that made a success of sheep raising abandon the business. The most important thing in sheep breeding is the location; breeding even is a lesser consideration. Sheep will not lie down in mud, and if your barn is not clean and dry they will not lie down in it, but will sooner seek a snow-covered knoll. Confining them to enclosures is less difficult than many suppose. I never knew one of them to jump a barbed wire fence. A sheep that has not been taught to creep will be easily stopped by a fence of four strands of barbed wire. If they have learned the trick they will creep through the wires, as their fleece is a protection against the barbs. It is true that sheep are great scavengers, but they will not make a profit if they are forced to live on weeds and briars. Give them good grass and they will also eat more weeds. It has been said that a sheep can be kept as cheaply as a hen, if the hen be kept as she should be.

The violators of the oleomargarine law claim that they are much interested in having the public sold a cheap substitute for butter, but they do not hesitate to take as high prices as they can get for their butter, selling it often at the price of butter and under the name of butter.

It is unjust for the patrons of a cheese factory to demand that the cheesemaker produce a pound of cheese for every ten pounds of milk delivered to him.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

NOVESTA.

Henry Paul now rides in a new top buggy.

Several persons from Evergreen visited at C. Pettinger's Sunday.

Saul Justin, of Marlette, visited his brother, William, of this place, Sunday.

F. C. Lee is rushing farming now, having three teams to work on his farm.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Livingston visited friends in Greenleaf Saturday and Sunday.

A. A. Livingston has improved his farm by building a fine wire fence along the front.

Several from these parts went to Caro last week and got out their citizenship papers—a right step in the right direction.

The F. W. B. held their quarterly meeting Saturday and Sunday. There was quite a large gathering from other parts. They also laid the corner stone of their new church Saturday. There was somewhere in the neighborhood of one hundred twenty dollars raised for the church fund.

The Census show that in Michigan alone, about 2,600 people die annually with consumption, 1,500 with pneumonia, 1,300 with heart disease, and many more people die from consumption than from any other cause and in most all cases it starts from a SIMPLE CASH OF COLD. Be aware of these SIMPLE CASES. If taken in time it is easy to cure, if you get the right remedy, but if neglected it takes sometimes many of your \$'s when a few cents, if taken in time, would have done the work. You get a positive guarantee with every bottle of

Pine Root Cough Syrup,
25 and 50 Cents.

SHABBONA.

Work has commenced on Dr. Truesdell's house.

Mr. and Mrs. John Proctor visited at Deford Sunday.

Robt. Browley, who has been very ill, is about again.

Miss Luella Jones has taken possession of the new postoffice.

Miss Maggie Hamilton was the guest of Miss Melissa Wait Sunday.

Abe Parrot has taken possession of his house again recently vacated by Mrs. Ridley.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Leach, of Elmwood, were the guests of Wm. Leach Saturday.

Postmaster Jones gave a dance last Thursday evening, it being the opening of the new postoffice.

Geo. Hebertson's son was hooked in the eye Sunday evening by an ox badly lacerating the eye lid.

Rav. D. W. Leonard and wife were the guests of their daughter, Mrs. John McDonald, last week.

Guaranteed to Cure.

That's rather strong, but we mean it. If your blood is impure, your nerves weak, your stomach, liver, or kidneys wrong, you can buy a bottle of

Dana's SARSAPARILLA
"The Kind that Cures."
with this guarantee, NO BENEFIT—NO PAY. If, after using a bottle of it, you feel no benefit has been received, you can GET YOUR MONEY BACK.

All Druggists Keep It.

Foreclosure Sale.
Default having been made in the payment of money due on and secured by a certain mortgage, bearing date the 9th day of May, 1892, made and executed by James H. Clark and Mary Clark his wife, to Edward Pettibone, and recorded in the Register of Deeds' office for the County of Tuscola, Michigan, on the 11th day of May, 1892, in Liber 75 of Mortgages, on page 144, which said mortgage was on the 25th day of April, 1892, duly assigned by said Edward Pettibone to Orrin K. Jones, the assignment thereof being recorded in the Register of Deeds' office in Liber 74 of Mortgages, on page 316, upon which mortgage there is claimed to be due the sum of two hundred fifty-eight dollars, and ninety-four cents.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by reason of said default the said mortgage will be foreclosed, by a sale of the highest bidder, at the front door of the Court House, in the Village of Caro, Tuscola County, Michigan, (that is to say, the place of holding the Circuit Court for Tuscola County) on the 18th day of August, 1892, at one o'clock in the afternoon. The said mortgage premises being situated in the Township of Novesta, County of Tuscola and State of Michigan, and are described in said mortgage substantially as follows to-wit: The east half of the south-west quarter and the west half of the west half of the south-east quarter of section twenty-three, township number thirteen north range eleven east, which said premises will be sold as aforesaid to satisfy the amount due on said mortgage and the costs of foreclosure.

Dated May 12th, 1892.

ORRIN K. JONES,
Assignee of Mortgage.
J. D. BROOKER,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgage.

QUEER AUTOMATONS.

EXAMPLES FROM THE DAYS OF DEDALUS TO THE PRESENT.

A Wooden Venus That Walked and a Brazen Man That Talked—A Wonderful Mechanical Duck—The Greatest of All the Fraudulent Automatons.

There are few things more attractive to the generality of men or more calculated to excite their wonder and admiration than a dexterously and mysteriously contrived automaton. There is, indeed, something almost uncanny in the sight of a figure made by men's hands acting like a creature of flesh and blood, and this uncanniness is one of the most subtle of fascinations. Hence the silver of the curious readily finds its way into the pockets of men ingenious enough to invent such marvels.

This passion for the automaton is certainly no new thing. One meets it in almost the earliest books, sometimes veiled in myth, sometimes more directly stated. Vulcan, it will be remembered, made automatic tripods for the gods of Olympus—stools which advanced of their own accord to the banquet table and so retired when the feast was over.

Aristotle tells us that the human automata which Dædalus made were so active that it was necessary to keep them tethered for fear they would run away. The same philosopher describes a wooden Venus who walked about and gives also the secret of the phenomenon. She was filled with quicksilver—a somewhat crude device. Albertus Magnus is credited with having made a brazen man who talked and St. Thomas Aquinas with having pounded it to pieces with a club, suspecting it to be a work of satan. Some marvelous feats of mechanism are credited to John Muller, otherwise known as Regiomontanus, who flourished in the fifteenth century, and in dealing with him we perhaps touch firmer ground. One was an iron fly which flew around a table, another a wooden eagle which went out to meet Emperor Maximilian on his entry of Nuremberg on June 7, 1470, and returned with him to the city gates.

Whether due or not to the stimulus given by Louis XIV, the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries were in France times of great automatic activity. Indeed, the first named century marks the beginning of the really historical era of automata. In the eighteenth century lived Mr. Vaucanson, perhaps the most wonderful of all makers of automata and the creator of the famous duck which first appeared before the public in 1741. The duck was Vaucanson's masterpiece and completed a reputation already made wide by his mechanical flute player and an automatic musician which not only blew upon the flageolet, but also kept time to it on a tambourine. The bird was of life size, and not only was it outwardly an exact imitation to a feather of a real duck, but its internal anatomy was absolutely true to life. So, indeed, were its movements, for it swam, dived, walked, quacked, ate, drank and by an ingenious device even seemed to digest its food.

This automaton disappeared after its inventor's death, but turned up again in 1840 in a garret in Berlin and was purchased by a George Tietz, who took four years to put it in proper working order again. At the end of this time it was exhibited in a room in the Palais Royal, Paris, where Mr. Houdin, the celebrated conjuror, saw it, and, indeed, afterward, when something happened to one of its wings, took charge of and repaired it. No doubt it is still in existence. Of more modern automata this is scarcely the place to speak, for they are private secrets. Let us confine ourselves to merely mentioning Mr. Maskekyne's "Psycho" and "Zoo."

Like most things, automata have not always been what they seemed. Of many frauds upon the wonder loving public perhaps the completest was that of the famous automatic chess player of Mr. Kempelen, which was exhibited all over Europe at the end of the last century and afterward in America. It was the figure of a life sized Turk seated behind a large box, the top of which was marked in the middle for chess. Prior to the automaton's meeting an opponent the front of the box was opened and skeptical lookers on were shown an arrangement of strings, pulleys and cylinders. After this they were allowed to examine the interior of the figure, which was hollow. Then Mr. Kempelen wound up his Turk with a key, and it was ready to play, which it did by moving the pieces with its left hand and giving three nods for check to king and two for check to queen. All the noted chess players of Europe succumbed to the figure's superior strategy, and its skill so impressed the Empress Catherine II of Russia that she wished to buy it and was with difficulty persuaded by Mr. Kempelen to give up the idea. It was not for years that the secret was discovered; but, like most secrets, it leaked out at last. The real chess player was a Mr. Wronsky, a Polish ex-captain, both of whose legs had been amputated at the trunk in consequence of a wound from a cannon ball. While the spectators were examining the box Wronsky was in the Turk's body, and when they turned to inspect that an ingenious mechanism slid him back into the box. To the fact that Wronsky was a chess player of consummate skill the wide fame of the automaton, which he secretly controlled, is to be attributed. After this disclosure Mr. Kempelen's automaton naturally enough ceased to move mankind to wonder.—New York Post.

Strict Sunday Laws.

Swinemunde on the Baltic has strict Sunday laws. Shipmasters who enter the port are fined heavily by the town authorities if they have their ships washed or painted on Sunday or church holidays. As foreigners are not acquainted with the German church calendar they are frequently caught.

HE LOVED THE SEA.

Tennyson Used to Study It From the Downs of the Isle of Wight.

Tennyson said, "Somehow water is the element I love best of all four," but in the recent memoir he is also credited with saying that he "never cared greatly for the sea on the south coast. It is not a grand sea, only an angry, curt sea."

Probably that was a view expressed before he became familiar with the locality, for though the Atlantic does not plunge against the Isle of Wight as against Cornwall and the west of Ireland he himself has proved how powerful and enchantment the sea reveals from the downs. Let the weather be fair or foul, nature is never dull from the vantage ground of those convexities which seem like the rim of the earth and give an illusion of vastness and openness beyond their actual area. Men striding on ridges and etched against the sky indeed seem "as trees walking." The wind rustling in the ear, the sheep bleating, the sea churning among the boulders, the occasional howling of a steamer for a pilot, the swallows crying in their low flights and the gulls screaming give the only sounds. When the mist closes over the pyramid, a strange sense of being disembodied possesses us, we are lost in the impenetrable vapor, and the gulls pass over our heads, visible but for an instant as they float from obscurity into obscurity. In times of storm one seems to be at the seat of the elements and a witness to all their processes. The clouds roll and break against the cliffs like another sea, and sunbursts flashing from them leave a silver swath over the vexed and water-spout, whirling like a dervish, is no uncommon sight, and he who makes the downs his observatory becomes wise in all the phenomena of sea and air. Climbing them at night gives one the feeling of sealing the walls of heaven itself. They slope like the sides of a pyramid, and the apex of the pyramid impales the stars. On sunny days the sea below is purple, and every shade of blue and green that can be thought of, even (to use one of Tennyson's own descriptions) "like a peacock's neck."

Rarely was there a visitor at Farringford that he was not brought up to the beach and shown all these wonders and beauties. Except in his closing years the poet was found upon them in all weathers and at all seasons, and from them and the surrounding scenery he drew many of the landscapes of his poems.—North American Review.

DOG OPENED FATHER'S EYES

Experience of a Man Who Had Several Growing Girls.

"It is quite interesting to be the father of several growing girls," said one of a group of family men in the smoker of a suburban car.

"Yes," answered another one, with a shrug of his shoulders, "especially when they all want new gowns at the same time."

"I wasn't thinking of that," said the first speaker, "but of a way they have of taking the wind out of your own sails. It never occurred to me until the other morning that it was not to see me that young fellows kept dropping in to play cards and make themselves agreeable."

"I tumbled at last, but it was my hunting dog Jack that opened my eyes."

"Your hunting dog?" echoed the crowd.

"Yes. I had heard of nearly every kind of a plan for the communication of lovers except a dog. In this case Jack became Cupid's messenger. Those boys borrowed the dog ostensibly to go hunting, but I have learned since they didn't know a gun from a hoe handle. They tied Jack up overnight, and as soon as he got out in the morning he made a bee line for home. If I hadn't seen the corner of a paper sticking from under his collar I should never have suspected the eagerness with which these girls tried to head him off from me."

Effects of a Bee Sting.

An English physician relates an instance of a lady who was stung by a bee. At the first moment she seemed to pay very little attention to it, but very soon her face became flushed and spots appeared all over her body. Suddenly she developed a most severe attack of asthma, finding great difficulty in breathing. Another instance is that of a young lady who was stung on the back of her head by an ordinary honey bee. In less than five minutes her face began to swell, and very marked red and white spots appeared all over the surface of the body. The swelling extended over the entire person, accompanied by severe pain, burning and giddiness. The eyes were almost closed and the countenance was so distorted as to be unrecognizable. Very free bathing in soda water, with a little soda taken internally, and hot applications to the feet and thorough massage finally afforded relief, but it was some hours before the patient recovered from what was truly an alarming condition. Violent attacks of nervousness accompanied the trouble, and the sense of suffocation was almost intolerable. The young woman had been stung a number of times before without any apparent unpleasant result. The physicians were of the opinion that the bee had been feeding upon some extremely poisonous plant, which became concentrated in the venom of the sting. Be that as it may, the condition was such as to excite grave apprehension, the more so as it was several days before recovery was complete.—New York Ledger.

Whooping Cough.

I had a little boy who was nearly dead from an attack of whooping cough. My neighbors recommended Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. I did not think that any medicine would help him, but after giving him a few doses of that remedy I noticed an improvement, and one bottle cured him entirely. It is the best cough medicine I ever had in my house.—J. L. Baucus, South Brantford, Pa. For sale by T. H. Fritz, Druggist.

Cass City Markets.

CASS CITY, May 12, 1892.	
Wheat, No. 1 white.....	1 05
Wheat, No. 2 red.....	1 05
Western Corn, per bu.....	1 50
Oats, per bu new.....	35
Rye.....	60
Barley, per 100 lbs.....	85
Peas.....	55 to 65
Beans.....	1 05
Clover seed, per bu.....	2 60
Timothy seed.....	1 00 to 1 20
No. 1 Hay, pressed.....	7 00
No. 2.....	4 00
Potatoes.....	4 00
Eggs per doz.....	11
Butter.....	1 10
Apples.....	1 00
Onions, store lots.....	80
Cranberries.....	12 per ct
Hogs, dressed.....	4 50
Live Hogs, per cwt.....	3 00 to 3 50
Best live weight.....	3 00 to 3 50
Sheep—live weight.....	3 to 3 50
Lambs, live weight.....	4 to 5 00
Veal.....	3 to 4
Tallow, per lb.....	3
Ducks and Geese, dressed.....	
Turkeys—live, per lb.....	
Chickens—dressed, per lb.....	
Chickens—live, per lb.....	6

MARKETS AT ROLLER MILLS.

Heller's Best.....	\$5 70
White Lily.....	4 50
Economy.....	4 50
Pillsbury's Best.....	6 70
Graham Flour.....	5 70
Bolted Meal.....	1 75 cwt
Feed.....	1 10
Meal.....	1 30
Midlings.....	90
Buckwheat Flour.....	2 25
Rye Flour.....	2 25

3-CENT COLUMN.

Advertisements will be inserted under this heading for three cents per line each week.

A COW to exchange for a horse. Enquire at 4-28. KUMPS' BOOK STORE.

GOOD work horse for sale cheap. 4-28. WM. FERGUSON.

LOST—2 Colts. One coming 3, Mare, bright lb bay, heavy mane. One coming 2, horse, light bay, short thick mane. Has one side of neck, fine bone, Cleveland bay. Reward offered. JOHN KEETH, Lamotte P. O. 6-12.

ONE brick store, house and rooms to rent. 4-28. J. L. HITCHCOCK.

ONE hundred head of cattle wanted, one and two years old—stockers, for which I will pay the highest market price at my farm, three and one-half miles west of Argus. 5-2-92. JAS. COFFMAN.

STRAYED into my enclosure, two yearling colts (3 mare and horse), one light bay, the other dark bay. The owner is requested to come and prove his claim, and take them to his farm. 4-5-92. JAS. DAVIS, Sec. 23, Greenleaf Twp.

SIX A WEEK and expenses for active man to travel his resident and adjoining counties for responsible house. Experience unnecessary. KIEHLER & KIRKPATRICK, Philadelphia, Pa. 4-28-92.

Sidewalk Notice.

To owner of the following described premises, to-wit: Lots 3 and 4, block 13, Seegar's addition to the Village of Cass City, you are hereby notified that a resolution has been passed by the Village Council of the Village of Cass City, requiring you to construct a new sidewalk on the south side of Fourth Street, adjacent to and abutting upon said above described premises by the 10th day of June, 1892, according to the provisions of Ordinance Number Four of the Village of Cass City, entitled, "An ordinance relative to the construction and maintenance of sidewalks on the public streets within the Village of Cass City and the duties of the street commissioner in relation thereto," which said ordinance was passed and adopted on the 19th day of December, A. D. 1891.

Dated this 10th day of May, 1892.

JAMES RAMSEY,
Street Commissioner.

Sidewalk Notice.

To owner of the following described premises, to-wit: Lot 1, block 1, Hitchcock's addition to the Village of Cass City, you are hereby notified that a resolution has been passed by the Village Council of the Village of Cass City, requiring you to construct a new sidewalk on the south side of Fourth Street, adjacent to and abutting upon said above described premises by the 10th day of June, 1892, according to the provisions of Ordinance Number Four of the Village of Cass City, entitled, "An ordinance relative to the construction and maintenance of sidewalks on the public streets within the Village of Cass City and the duties of the street commissioner in relation thereto," which said ordinance was passed and adopted on the 19th day of December, A. D. 1891.

Dated this 10th day of May, 1892.

JAMES RAMSEY,
Street Commissioner.

Sidewalk Notice.

To owner of the following described premises, to-wit: Lot 3, block 1, Hitchcock's addition to the Village of Cass City, you are hereby notified that a resolution has been passed by the Village Council of the Village of Cass City, requiring you to construct a new sidewalk on the west side of West Street, adjacent to and abutting upon said above described premises by the 10th day of June, 1892, according to the provisions of Ordinance Number Four of the Village of Cass City, entitled, "An ordinance relative to the construction and maintenance of sidewalks on the public streets within the Village of Cass City and the duties of the street commissioner in relation thereto," which said ordinance was passed and adopted on the 19th day of December, A. D. 1891.

Dated this 10th day of May, 1892.

JAMES RAMSEY,
Street Commissioner.

Sidewalk Notice.

To owner of the following described premises, to-wit: Lot 3, block 1, Hitchcock's addition to the Village of Cass City, you are hereby notified that a resolution has been passed by the Village Council of the Village of Cass City, requiring you to construct a new sidewalk on the north side of Fourth Street, adjacent to and abutting upon said above described premises by the 10th day of June, 1892, according to the provisions of Ordinance Number Four of the Village of Cass City, entitled, "An ordinance relative to the construction and maintenance of sidewalks on the public streets within the Village of Cass City and the duties of the street commissioner in relation thereto," which said ordinance was passed and adopted on the 19th day of December, A. D. 1891.

Dated this 10th day of May, 1892.

JAMES RAMSEY,
Street Commissioner.

Money to loan on real estate on favorable terms at the Cass City Bank.

To Cure Constipation Forever.
Take Chamberlain's Cathartic, 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

Order of Hearing.

A session of the Probate Court, for said county, held at the Probate office, in the Village of Caro, on the 7th day of April in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two. Present, John C. Laing, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of William Helwig, deceased. George Helwig, the administrator of said estate, having rendered to this Court his special administration account, it is ordered that the 7th day of May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate Court, be appointed for examining and allowing said account. And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published in the Cass City Enterprise, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

[A true copy.] JOHN C. LAING,
Judge of Probate.

Order of Hearing.

A session of the Probate Court, for said county, held at the Probate office, in the Village of Caro, on the twenty-fifth day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two. Present, John C. Laing, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Ernest Perkins, minor. Miranda H. DeWitt, the administratrix of the estate of said Ernest Perkins, deceased, having rendered to this Court her special administration account, it is ordered that the 23rd day of May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate Court, be appointed for examining and allowing said account. And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published in the Cass City Enterprise, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

[A true copy.] JOHN C. LAING,
Judge of Probate.

Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of money due on a mortgage dated the 12th day of August, A. D. 1892, made and executed by Sarah Edwards to Henry Edwards, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Tuscola Co., Michigan, on the fifteenth day of August, A. D. 1892, in Liber eight of mortgages on page 238, upon which mortgage there is claimed to be due the sum of four hundred and ninety-five dollars and sixty-six cents (\$495.66). Now therefore notice is hereby given, that by reason of said default said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises described in said mortgage, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the front door of the Court House in the Village of Caro, Tuscola County, Michigan, (said Court House being the place where the Circuit Court for the County of Tuscola is held) on

Tuesday, the 18th day of July, A. D. 1892, at one o'clock in the afternoon, for said mortgaged premises being situated in the Village of Cass City, County of Tuscola and State of Michigan, and described in said mortgage, it is follows, to-wit: Commencing at the north-east corner of lot eight, block one of the Village of Cass City, running thence west sixty-six feet, thence south forty-nine feet, thence east sixty-six feet and thence north forty-nine feet to the place of beginning. The said premises will be sold to satisfy the amount due on said mortgage and the costs of foreclosure.

Dated April 20th, 1892.

J. D. BROOKER, HENRY EDWARDS,
Attorney for mortgagee,
Cass City, Michigan. 4-21-92.

CASS CITY BANK.

Auten, Seeley & Blair, Props.

Established 1882.

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A general banking business transacted.

Money loaned on Real Estate.

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Call on Undertaker Lee

And see the Finest Casket in the City. His stock of Undertaking is complete. Hearses and Embalming FREE. Furniture stock by far the largest in the city and such prices.



Couch Casket.

This Lady is not dead but sleepeth.

Prices.

Kitchen chairs, bent rim..... \$2 00
Bed springs..... from 1 25 to 3 50
Mattresses, curled hair..... 2 00 to 3 00
Beds..... 1 35 to 3 00
Lounges..... 3 50 to 20 00
Baby cubs..... 5 00 to 20 00

Mammoth stock. Please call. We love to show goods. We have the Hamilton organs, Wheeler & Wilson, and White sewing machines for sale or exchange. Old stand opposite the Town Hall, Cass City, Mich.

F. G. LEE

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