(ASS ENTERPRISE.

VOL. XVII. NO. 15- 7

CASS CITY, MICH., MARCH 31, 1898.

BY A. A. P. M'DOWELL.

Caro, Monday.

tour.

100n

OUICK SELLERS.

There are two ways of losing ground. Going backward and standing still. For a merchant to keep going ahead he: books, tablets, slates, pencils and pens must of necessary be progressive. To be progressive one must carry **UP-TO-DATE GOODS**, such as up-to-date people call for. Let us call your atten-tion to our

such as up-to-date people call for. Let us call your atten-tion to our

SPRING LINE OF SUITS

at \$5.00, \$7.50 and \$10.00. Also to our line of Ladies' and Gendemen's Shoes at \$1.co, 1.25, 1.50 and 2.00. The best line of \$1.50 shoes in the State. Agent for Pingree Shoes. Butter and Eggs wanted.





Rev. J. M. Bittner, of Sebewaing, oc-J. W. Murphy & Sons, of Maple GOOD NEWS.

cupied the pulpit at the Evangelical Grove stock farm, are making quite ex The "Little Red Book Store" like the Church Sunday, as Rev. F. Klump was tensive alterations and improvements 'Little Red School House" stands for inable to fill his appointment. Miss Sarah Emmons has returned The barns now in use are to be raised from her home at Rogersville, Mich., and will make her home with her sister and a new barn of similiar size will be

Mrs. C. D. Striffler, for some time. Class No. 4, of the M. E. Sunday school, will give a social and entertain ment in the basement of the church on counterfeit. A million copies of this book will be sold. Take hold of it. the evening of Friday, April 8th. Don't

J. C. Evans has gone to Beauley building she purchased F. C. Lee's and his family left yesterday morning stock which was already replete with

Edith's friends tendered her a farewell party on Monday evening. P. Usher, foreman at the Roller and vicinity.

Third Street, now occupied by D. Ross of the Saginaw district Home Misof J. D. Brooker. Mr. Rcss will move sions of the M. E. Church, is expected to the Webber residence on Oak Street. in Cass City in a few days in the inter-John Anker, of La Lone, Minn., ar- est of the work. Those who heard her vived here Saturday for a few weeks' visit speak here one evening two or three

Anker remained a few days at Grand of again hearing her. She is a gradu-Rapids but will arrive here this week. The Sam. Lenzner house on Hough- her marriage to Dr. Bliss, of Saginaw, ton Street has been purchased by J. D. was engaged in the deaconess' work. Schenck. Sam. F. Bigelow, who has

Miss Mand Fuller visited Gagetown Street north. Jas. Perkins made a trip to Novesta C. W. McPhail, of Detroit, was in

This is the last day of our special Miss Annie Scripture has been sick to M. Steinhauser and Tindale & Olenents get the carpenter work.

> Rev. J. C. Frye, of Shabbona, occubied the pulpit of the M. E. Church here on Sunday. Rev. J. Bacon, of Grant, will preach in the same church

next Sunday morning and the evening Messrs. Fox and De Long, of Gage service will be in charge of the laymen. John E. Davis, formerly of Shabbona. Miss Libbie Randall has returned but now living near Petersburg, Va. He expresses himself as being well pleased with that part of the country

Ostrander's new adv. It's a stunner. and will return as soon as a few business matters here are satisfactorily ar-Wm. Clapsaddle, of Urban, was the guest of P. Usher the first of the week. ranged.

The Epworth League business meeting will be held next Tuesday evening.

at their farms, northeast of town. and placed upon a stone foundation. to Be. erected. Thos. Welch will do the

mason work and Crawford Bros. the carpenter work. Mrs. McRoy came here from Man lette recently with the intention of

opening a millinery store, with an en-Party." tirely new stock, but failing to find a

mous stock which she will take pleasure in showing the ladies of Cass City

Mrs. May Cunisky Bliss, president

with relatives and friends. Mrs. years ago are pleased at the prospect ate of Boston, University and before

occupied it for some time, will move to Michigan College of Medicine and D. Brooker, W. M. Morris, F. C. Lee,

the Walmsley residence on Seegar Surgery were held in the Empire Chas. McCue, John Marshall, H. S. Theatre, Detroit, last Thursday after- Wickware, W. J. Campbell, A. A. Mc noon. There were eighteen graduates Kenzie.

town again last week and awarded the in all. The part in which our readers There are evidences of a close concontracts for the building of the new are interested is best described by a test on Monday and both parties seem Kingston Bank. The mason work goes clipping from the Evening News:confident of, victory. There is some "Mrs. Carrie Hitchcock Edwards was division, however, in both ranks and it

the only woman graduate. She is a is difficult to form a very definite bright little woman, with slim figure opinion. I. K. Reid has been superand handsome face, a wealth of brown visor for two years, and, we believe, hair and snapping black eyes. A bou- has given general satisfaction, discharquet almost as big as herself was pre- ging his duties conscientiously; Wm. sented to her as she received her di- H. Hebblewhite has held the clerkship ploma, the gift of her classmates. for the same period of time and filled Mrs. Edwards' home is in Cass City, the position most creditably. The where her husband is a practicing principal point urged, so far as we physician. She proposes to join him know, is that they have had it long

and form a partnership. Mr. Edwards enough. As far as the clerkship is graduated at Ann Arbor in 1892, the concerned we would be pleased to see for township election: Supervisor, L. marriage took place in 1894 and the the former clerk re-elected. Sol. A. Phelps; Treasurer, G. P. James; following year the young wife came to Striffler has made an excellent treas-Detroit and commenced her studies. urer, although some prefer one resi- Commissioner, John Donaldson; Board

The social given by the B. Y. P. U., She graduated from the Cass City dent in town which will give his oppo- of Review, George W. Howell; School at the home of W. A. Fairweather, on high school at 17, and studied music nent some advantage. O. C. Wood has Inspector, John Axford; Constables, M. L. Gulick left Saturday for a brief Tuesday evening to raise funds for the in Ypsilanti and New York." Mrs. been highway commissioner for two George Owen, Ed. Quinn, S. J. McClain,

LIVELY TIME. News From the County Seat

Clare Purdy, of Gagetown, was in

Chas. Bates and John Sharp left

for Montana Monday, on a prospecting

The first butter from the new cream-

ery was placed on sale Saturday, after-

Clark McKenzie, of Cass City, at the

lecture, Monday evening.

The lecture Monday evening by Prof. That's what the Town= J. B. DeMott, was a fitting end to a ship Election Promises remarkable lecture course. Mr. De-Mott is a brilliant speaker and a man who is filled with his subject. He left

the thinking people of Caro better for We have already published the list his visit. Sunday morning he addresof nominees for township officers made sed a large congregation at the M.E. at the Union Silver caucus and stated Church. Monday morning he addresed

that a vote passed at the meeting that the scholars in the high school. the ticket should be called "People's Prof. McGathey, of Reese, visited Harry L. Smith Monday.

The Republican caucus was held on Saturday afternoon and the following candidates were nominated:-Supervisor-W. J. Campbell.

Clerk-Asa A. P. McDowell. Treasurer-John Benkelman. Highway Commissioner-Ed. Broth-

erton. Justice-Jas. Brooker.

School Inspector-John A. Karr. Member Board of Review-John Marshall.

I. B. Auten, of Cass City, spent Sun-Constables-Henry Ball, Naaman day and Monday in town. Carr, Wm. Jeffery, Jas. Ramsey. Miss Mildred Michall, of Mayville, is

A. A. McKenzie was re-elected as a visiting at the home of Frank Mallory. member of the Republican township Gilbert Johnson, age 74, an old resicommittee. The following were chosen as delegates to attend the county dent of this place, died Monday of The graduating exercises of the convention at Caro on Monday: Jas.

Let's Hustle.

scalp each other, smoke the pipe of

peace and direct our energies to beau-

tifying our homes instead of belabor-

paralysis. Mr. Johnson has been helpless and confined to his bed for over a vear. Mrs. Harriett I. Fenner died Sun-

lay. She was buried at Watrousville, Tuesday.

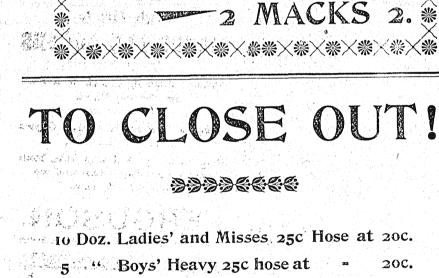
Miss Bertha Westbrook, age 22, died Monday of Consumption. She will be ouried Wednesday.

Republican nominees for township lection: Supervisor, C. M. Pierce. Clerk, M. J. Ellinwood; Treasurer, Ira Wean; Justice, Alexander Reynick; Commissioner, T. H. Conner: Board of Review, J. D. Wilsey; School Inspector, R. A. Walmsley; Constables, A. J. Craw, Tom Querson, J. W. Hutchinson, M. F. Denves.

Democratic Union Silver rominees Clerk, Dr. Clark; Justice, A. J. Ward; E. Harris. A Republican county convention was with her husband, who has been a enemies. Ed Brotherton, his con- held at Caro on Monday for the purpracticing physician here for several testant, made an able street commis- pose of electing delegates to the senasioner when living in town, which fact | torial connection. Wm. Kirk was will make votes for him. As party chosen chairman and R. S. Brown seclines appear to be broken much will retary. Owing to the fact that Senator depend upon which candidates are the Preston has resigned his federal ap-A love of the beautifulits inborn in most popular, but whoever wins the pointment and still holds his seat, will be taken as to the election of a successor. A new county committee was elected as follows: Fred Slocum, Caro, chalrman; C. C. Curtis, Vassar; Chas. H. Richardson, Tnscola; Henry S. Let's show the outside world how to Wickware, Cass City; J. W. Ingersoll, hustle; let's bury the tomahawk of the Mayville. aborigines and instead of trying to

forget the date. You earn from \$12 to \$15 per week. F. KLUMP & CO. to join him there. A number of Miss new goods and therefore has an enor-🛠 HOME 🐘 📶 HAPPENINGS 🎘 ITEMS OF PURELY LOCAL INTEREST.

Mills, has purchased the residence on



50 Pairs Childs \$1.00 and 1.25 Shoes at 87c. 75 Pairs Womans' \$2 to \$4 Saoes at 75. Off styles in Dress Goods at 1/2 price.

Laing & Janes. evening.





Bargains in

Underwear, Laces, Embroidery, Hosiery, Corsets, Gloves and Ribbons,

We are showing a fine line at 50c. Shirt Waists. We are snowing a me me at 500. ternoon charged with assault and bat of the complete of the compl we have a few chests now of that 35c. Nibs Tea for 25c. adjourned until next Thursday after. sible, consistent with good workman- Crescent Poultry Yards, Unionville, fast colors and do not crock. 10c of Butter and Eggs Wanted.

visit with friends at Rochester, Mich. Miss Beulah Thompson, of Ithaca, Mich., is the guest of Miss Irene Pinney. E. F. Marr accompanied C. W. Mc-Phail on his return to Detroit on Sat urday. Miss Kittie Higgins, of Bad Axe, is

Len Higgins has returned to Toledo,

Miss Belle McKenzie is visiting De-

Elmer Yakes visited Deckerville

Ohio.

troit friends.

riends last week

the guest of her sister, Miss Matie Higgins. "All about Alaska and the Klondike

gold fields", to morrow evening at the are numerous. Town Hall. The high school boys have organized

The Epworth League held a prayera ball team for '98 with Prof. Massemeeting at A. G. Berney's on Sunday tink, manager; Pearl Schenck, captain; afternoon Ashton Tindale, secretary; Harry Bax-"Wire and nails" is a timely text to ter, treasurer. The boys are preparpreach from. See N. Bigelow & Son's ing to get new suits and expect to have adv. for the sermon. one of the fastest high school teams in

A. C. Wadsworth, of Lapeer, is visit- the county. ing his daughter, Mrs. Lewis Law, Donald MacArthur left here Saturnortheast of town. day morning for Lawrence, Kansas. Miss Edith Cunningham, teacher of where he will enter upon the duties of McHugh's school, was the guest of Mrs. his government appointment as gar-F. C. Lee, on Sunday. dener at Haskell Institute. He intend-J. D. Schenck has opened his repair ed to spend a day or two at Agriculturshop in the McKenzie building and al College, this state, before proceedreports business lively. ing farther.

building.

improved.

noon.

The entertainment given in the Town The M. E. Ladies' Aid Society will meet at Mrs. J. Chamberlain's next Hall on Monday evening by the Junior Wednesday. Tea will be served as League was fairly successful financially and was well received. The little peo-

ple played their parts well under the Ned Johnson, of Gagetown, who is able management of their Superinten. attending the normal at Mt. Pleasant. den, Mrs. I. A. Fritz. The receipts called on friends in town Tuesday amounted to something over \$10.

For sixty days we have offered the H. Fuller and Geo. Freeman are ENTERPRISE at 50 cents per year. Dur- printing jobs of trifling amounts is evi assisting M. Steinhauser with the mason work of the Kingston Bank

Little Clifton Champion has been very ill for the past ten days with remittent fever. He is now somewhat

J. H. Striffler has had his implement months. depot raised in order to place it on a tone foundation. Other improvements

are also contemplated. The Presbyterian Ladies' Aid So-H. Bearss, who lives west of here pick- in your bids." eiety, met with Mrs. J. L. Hitchcock vesterday and a large number partook ed up a copy of the paper while in town of the tea served in evening. saw the adv, and rented the farm forth-Fred A. Bigelow and Mrs. I. A with. And still we occassionally hear

Fritz left for Jackson this morning to a croaker say "it don't pay to adver- Reading Circle, to be held on April 9th. attend the Epworth League state con- tise".

vention which lasts over Sunday. The contracts for the completion of G. A. Stevenson has had his delivery the Opera House have been let. M. wagon re-painted and re-topped so Steinhauser will do the brickwork. comber made the transformation. work, and Dickson & Fuller the plas-Warren Harrison was brought before tering. Work will begin as soon as

Justice Jas. Brooker on Saturday af- the ground is sufficiently dry to admit ternoon charged with assault and bat of the completion of the stone work poultry should send for our illustrated

ship.

suffering Cubans received a very lib- Edwards intends entering upon the years and everyone knows it is a hard eral patronage, so that over \$15 was practice of her profession at once, position to fill without making some realized although the fee was only 10c. A pleasant evening was spent by all. M. Anthes has been engaged for sevyears. We wish her success. eral years in the raising and moving of

Trees Add Value to Property. buildings and states that this season is opening livelier than ever. He has

already moved three buildings and has contracts for moving five more with man. Trees are a source of never fail- race, the township will be well there is some doubt as to what action ing enjoyment to dwellers in town, officered. Keep cool and vote intelothers in view. Evidences of a boom

and no town can be beautiful without ligently. them. How refreshing their shade in summer, and the dreariness of winter

is rendered less desolate by their presence. Sentiment aside, trees have a

direct value. A tree shaded avenue is a much more desirable place of residence than one which lacks their adornment. Property is more valuable on this street, and landlords de_

ing our neighbors with the war-club of mand and receive a higher rate of rent. scandal. "Let us all hang together or The houses are more pretentious, the most assuredly we shall all hang sepaawns are green and smothly shaven, rately," are the words of Benjamin and beds of flowers and bunches of Franklin, and they are quite applishrubbery bear witness to the friendly cable to the case. "In unity there is rivalry among the dwellers to excel in strength," is another familiar quotathe beautiful. A comparatively small tion that should be made the motto of outlay would do much to beautify our our village, for without concerted town. Once planted and properly action and good will we cannot thrive. guarded from destruction, trees re-The whinings and grumblings of the quire little care and in a few years chronic kicker is but the result of a will amply recompense us for the disordered digestion or a distorted

trouble and money expended.

Bids on Small Jobs.

time to running down the town and country in which he gets his bread The practing of requesting bids on and butter can do more harm to his

ing that time our list has grown in a dently the target aimed at by the Three village in a week than all the good dozen honest, conscientious citizens pleasing manner, so that we now have Rivers, Mich., Reporter in the followa bonafide circulation of 694 copies, ing neat extract, and it must be said can do in five years. If vou can't actual count. This is the last day up | that the shot hits the bull's eye: "The | think of anything good to say af your on which the offer holds good and the publisher of this paper is soon to buy village and the people in it, don't say price now returns to \$1 per annum; a shirt. Strange and extravagant as a word, but pack your tent and lik 50c. for six months; 25c. for three this may seem, we are determined so the Arab silently steal away and make

to do, and with this end in view we noom for those who do want to live Wm. H. Meredith, of this place, wish the dealers to submit sealed bids, and see others enjoy the same blessowns a farm northeast of town which so that the job may be given to the low- ing.

he was desirous of renting and so in est bidder. Quality or style doesn't In other words lets forget that there serted an adv. in our 3-cent-column. count. Any old thing will do. Send is any other place but Cass City and if it is good enough to live in now; it is

Reading Circle.

The following is the program for the Quote Stories of Burns. Biog. of Burns

.....Jessie Gillies The Poetry of Burns Mlss Mosher. Rscitation......Kate Miller. **Current** EventsWillard Nash. Study.....Poems of Burns

Thoroughbred Foultry. Anyone interested in pure bred

) Mich.

Dyes which color most goods, perfect T. H. Fritz.

Real Estate Transfers.

mith, Janet, to Parker, Grant. s w 1/4 of se 1/4 and e 1/2 of s e 1/4 of s w 1/4, sec. 30, Elmwood rton, Devillo, to Freeman. Patrick, n e 1/2 of lot 3, and entire lot 4, block 3, James Cleaver, add to Gagetown

illins, Geo. E., to Coon, Joseph D., s w 14 of n w 1/4, sec. 16, Kingston

nson, Samuel, to Rogers, Lois L., lots 9 and 10 blk 1. Reese

irland, Mary E., to Hamilton, Geo. H., pt 25 Fremont.

mes, Joseph R., to Ames, John E, se 1/4, of se 1/4, sec. 22, Almer

ineaway, Samuel, to Hineaway, Hanna, pt n e 1/4, S e 1/4, sec. 21, Wisner

venson, John W., to Fraiser, James A., blk 3, Tuscola

Vard, Sarah, to Van Worner, Monroe, pt n 1/2 of and warped imagination. One perw 1/2, of s w 1/4. sec. 34, Tuscola.

sistent croaker who will devote his Miller, Percy, to Van Worner, Monroe, pt. sec. 29 Tuscola

Marriage Licenses.

IS	
~	Robert Hall, Caro.69Anna Prevost, Caro.55
lS	Elmer A. Case. Millington 25
t. 1	Lucy watkins, Minington
ır	John W. Fisher, Caro
У	Robert B, Underwood, Millington 22 May Reynolds, Genessee Co 20 Wm. T. Betty, Koylton 25
. e	Wm. T. Belty, Koylton
е	Agnes Irwin, Novesta

TAXES OF 1895.

See That Your Lands are not Sold for Taxes.

The sale of lands delinquent for taxes of 1895 and prior years will be held good enough to keep living in. Then at the offices of the county treasurers, when a stranger comes here to locate beginning May 3d, 1898. Attention is an industry or to live, don't rehearse called to this sale so that YOU may asthe whole history of your neighbors sure yourself that you have not negand try to make him think you are the lected to pay the tax of 1895. If you only good citizen in the vicinity, for have not already done so, you should he won't believe it. Pull off your coat obtain a copy of the published list and hustle; not sit down and dream all day long. Hustle, most of our citizens from the newspaper in your county publishing the same, or in the county where your lands are located, and care-fully examine it for description of your are hustlers, we don't want any drones. own lands.

We are headquarters for the Magic yes which color most goods, perfect

Very truly yours, Roscoe D. Dix, Auditor General.

Do something to promote the interest of our town.

TELLS OF THE MAINE HORROR

President McKinley Sends a Message to Congress.

SYNOPSIS OF BOARD'S REPORT

Complete Details Given from the Time of the Order to Send the Warship to Havana Harbor to the Time of the Explosion.

Washington, March 29.-The president today sent the following message to congress:

"To the Congress of the United States: For some time prior to the visit | of the Maine to Havana harbor our consular representatives pointed out the advantages to flow from the visit of national ships to Cuhan waters. in accustoming the people to the presence of our flag as the symbol of good will and normal position, has been forced up of our ships in the fulfillment of the mission of protection to American interests, even though no immediate need therefor might exist.

"Accordingly, on the 24th of January last, after conference with the Spanish minister, in which the renewal of visits of our war vessels to Spanish waters was discussed and accepted, the peninsular authorities at Madrid and Havana were advised of the purpose of this government to resume friendly naval visits at Cuban ports and that in that view the Maine would forthwith call at the port of Havana.

"This announcement was received by the Spanish government with appreciation of the friendly character of the visit of the Maine and with notification of intention to return the courtesy by sending Spanish ships to the principal ports of the United States. Meanwhile the Maine entered the port of Havana on the 25th of January, her arrival being marked with no special incident besides the exchange of customary salutes and ceremonial visits.

"The Maine continued in the harbor of Havana during the three weeks following her arrival. No appreciable excitement attended her stay. On the contrary, a feeling of relief and confidence followed the resumption of the long interrupted friendly intercourse. So noticeable was this immediate relief of her visit that the consul-general strongly urged that the presence of our ships in Cuban waters should be kept up by retaining the Maine at Havana, or in the event of her recall, by sending their vessel there to take her place.

"At forty minutes past 9 in the evening of the 15th of February the Maine was destroyed by an explosion, by which the entire forward part of the ship was utterly wrecked. In this catastrophe two officers and 260 of her crew perished, those who were not killed outright by her explosion being penned between decks by the tangle of wreckage and drowned by the immecoal bunkers and storage compart- | aft and remote from the scene of the ments are passed in review, with the explosion. conclusion that excellent order prevailed and that no indication of any cause for an internal explosion existed ger. Special orders in regard to this in any quarter. had been given by the commanding of-

ficer.

"Varnishes, dryers, alcohol and oth-

er combustibles of this nature were

"At 8 o'clock in the evening of Feb. 15 everything had been reported secure and all was quiet. At 9:40 the vessel was suddenly destroyed.

stowed on or above the main deck, and "There were two distinct explosions. could not have had anything to do with with a brief interval between them. the destruction of the Maine. The first lifted the forward part of the "The medical stores were stowed aft ship perceptibly, the second, which was under the wardroom and remote from more prolonged is attributed by the the scene of the explosion. No dancourt to the partial expolsion of two or gerous stores of any kind were stowed more of the forward magazines. below in any of the other storerooms.

"The evidence of the divers establishes that the afterpart of the ship Of these bunkers adjoining the forward was practically intact and sank in that magazines and shellrooms, four were condition a very few minutes after the empty, namely, B 3, B 4, B 5 and B 6. explosion. The forward part was com-A 15 had been in use that day, and A 16 pletely demolished. was full of New River coal. This coal

"At frame 17 the outer shell of the had been carefully inspected before reship, from a point eleven and one-half ceiving it on board. The bunker in feet from the middle line of the ship which it was stowed was accessible on and six feet above the keel when in its three sides at all times, and the fourth side at this time, on account of bunso as to be now about four feet above kers B 4 and B 6 being empty. This the surface of the water; therefore bunker, A 16, had been inspected that about thirty-four feet above where it day by the engineer officer on duty. would be had the ship sunk uninjured. "The outside bottom plating is bent

"The fire alarms in the bunkers were in working order, and there had into a reversed 'V' shape, the after never been a case of spontaneous comwing of which, about fifteen feet broad bustion of coal on board the Maine. and thirty-two feet in length (from "The two after boilers of the ship frame 17 to frame 25), is doubled back were in use at the time of the disaster, upon itself against the continuation of but for auxiliary purposes only, with a the same plating extending forward. comparatively low pressure of steam, "At frame 18 the vertical keel is and being tended by a reliable watch. broken in two and keel bent into an These boilers could not have caused angle similar to the angle formed for the explosion of the ship. The four the outside plates. This break is about forward boilers have since been found six feet below the surface of the water by the divers, and are in a fair conand about thirty feet above its normal dition. position. In the opinion of the court "On the night of the destruction of

this effect could have been produced the Maine everything had been reportonly by the explosion of a mine situed secure for the night at 8 p.m. by ated under the bottom of the ship, at reliable persons, through the proper about frame 18 and somewhat on the authorities, to the commanding officer. At the time the Maine was destroyed "The conclusions of the court are: the ship was quiet, and therefore least

time of the first explosion.

"The first explosion was more in the

while the second explosion was more

open, prolonged and of greater volume.

This second explosion was, in the opin-

ion of the court, caused by the partial

"4. The evidence bearing on this, be-

ng principally obtained from divers,

that the after part of the ship was

practically intact, and sank in that con-

explosion of two or more of the for-

"That the loss of the Maine was not liable to accident caused by movements in any respect due to fault or neglifrom those on board. gence on the part of any of the officers or members of her crew.

port side of the ship.

curred at 9:40 p.m. on the 15th day "That the ship was destroyed by the of February, 1898, in the harbor of explosion of a submarine mine, which Havana, Cuba, being at the time caused the partial explosion of two or moored in the same buoy to which she more of her forward magazines; and, had been taken upon her arrival. "That no evidence has been obtainable fixing the responsibility for the inctly different character, with a very destruction of the Maine upon any pershort but distinct interval between son or persons.

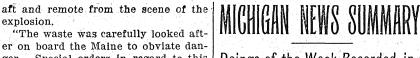
"I have directed that the finding of the court of inquiry and the views of this government thereon be communicated to the government of her majesty, the queen, and I do not permit myself to doubt that the sense of justice of the Spanish nation will dictate

a course of action suggested by honor and the friendly relations of the two governments.

ward magazines of the Maine. "It was the duty of the executive to advise the congress of the result, and in the meantime deliberate consideradid not enable the court to form a deftion is invoked "(Signed). WILLIAM M'KINLEY. inite conclusion as to the condition of the wreck, although it was established

"Executive mansion, March 28, 1898."

REFERRED WITHOUT DEBATE.



Doings of the Week Recorded in a Brief Style.

CONCISE AND INTERESTING

Uncle Sam Will Build 10 Torpedo Boats on the Great Lakes in Short Time -Two Men Killed at Reed City by a Boiler Explosion.

Torpedo Boats to be Built on the Lakes "The coal bunkers were inspected. F. W. Wheeler, the Bay City ship builder, visited the navy department at Washington and had a long conference with Assistant Secretary Roosevelt and offered to throw his whole yard open to the government at any moment. He said that he would willingly undertake to make a complete 24knot torpedo boat in four months and to turn out one every two months thereafter as long as there was necessity for it. Mr. Roosevelt said the department expected an appropriation for 30 torpedo boats, and that he expected to give rush orders for 10 of them to builders on the lakes. As soon as a bill appropriating the money passed he would take advantage of Mr. Wheeler's offer.

Two Killed by a Boiler Explosion.

The whole city of Reed City was shaken by a terrific explosion of the boiler in the flour, and feed mill of the Babcock Grain Co. Engineer Peter Young and Clark Grant, son of one of the proprietors, were both instantly killed. A bolt was blown through Grant's body and the engineer is disfigured beyond recognition. Young was a married man with a large family. Grant was a young man 23 years of age and unmarried. The mill was almost completely wrecked, and the loss will be heavy. Debris was thrown several hundred feet. A large number of windows were broken. "3. The destruction of the Maine oc-

MICHIGAN NEWS ITEMS.

Mrs. Edgar Markham, of St. Louis, Mich., was drowned in Grand river. near Grand Ledge.

The postoffice at Springbrook, Kala-"There were two explosions of a dismazoo county, has been discontinued. Mail will go to Richland.

them, and the forward part of tl) ship Lewis Davey, little son of John Dawas lifted to a marked degree at the vey, hotel keeper at Emmet, fell into a cistern and was drowned.

An electric road is being projected nature of a report like that of a gun; from Grand Rapids to Lake Michigan, via Zeeland and Holland. M. Burke, charged with stealing a

yoke of oxen eight years, ago has just been arrested at Merrill.

Andrew Haleita, aged 40, a Pole, was killed by a Grand Rapids train on the Michigan Central tracks at Jackson. Wm. S. Butler, a Michigan Central employe at Jackson, broke his leg and died while undergoing an operation. Grand Rapids and Detroit capitalists

are pushing the proposed electric rail-

Ex-Congressman Wm. S. Linton has been appointed postmaster of Saginaw. The school and Sunday school children of New Haven have donated \$8 to the starving Cubans.

Congressman Sam Smith has decided to leave the choice of a postmaster at Holly to a postal card vote. John Huling, a woodcutter living at

Hinchman village, died from injuries received by a tree falling on him. Wm. Bell, of Ypsilanti who was bitten by Charles Reinhart's dog at Ann Arbor has recovered \$465 damages.

Mrs. Sarah Russell, aged 106, of Sterling, has made a large patch work quilt | Smith, of Houghton, introduced a bill this winter, besides doing household | in the House which is an exact copy of duties.

The body of A. C. Dunton, of Battle Creek, who disappeared from West ors. Smith's bill would have the board Branch, Jan. 31, has been found in the woods

Eddie Zimmerman and Willie Ermingham were fooling with a gun at Mancelona when it went off, instantly killing Ermingham. mittees on railroads and taxation. Gov.

Postmaster C. A. Downer, of North Pingree says that according to the ville, was among the injured in the state constitution the legislature can-C. P. railroad accident, near Winnipeg not create elective state officers. Should He was on his way to Alaska. a bill be passed bearing this feature it

The C. & W. M. has a bad washout is probable that it would be vetoed by between Coloma and Watervliet. The the governor as unconstitutional. Big Four and M. B. H. & C. tracks have been under water near Benton question of printing the proceedings Harbor.

Capitol grange is arranging to call a mass meeting of farmers of Ingham and Eaton counties to induce capitalists to establish a beet sugar factory at Lansing.

Wm. King, aged 30, an unmarried and volunteered to report the session farmer near Hillman, went to town to verbatim free of charge to the state, see a doctor. He got out of his buggy, were made the official stenographers of stepped upon the sidewalk and tumbled the House, and were sworn in. over dead.

the charter of the Michigan Central An unknown dead woman was disrailroad. Rep. Bemis offered one to incovered in the Bruce bayou at Spring crease the specific tax on railroads. Rep. Lake. The body had no clothing, ex-Green went at it wholesale and introcept black stockings, and was badly duced three bills, viz: To provide for decomposed.

local taxation of express companies Abraham Watts was found dead in telephone companies, and telegraph bed at his home, 1402 Third street, Bay companies. All of these tend to com-City. He had committed suicide by plicate the situation and are evidently drinking carbolic acid. Watts took intended to draw attention from Gov his recent dismissal from the police Pingree's original bill. force very much to heart. The desire of the Senate to adjourn

It is now said that the proposed the legislature for one week-spring aqueduct to supply all the towns from election week-is being strongly op-Port Huron to Detroit with pure water posed by the House. Neither branch from Lake Huron is entirely impracticcan adjourn for more than three days able. A pipe 20 feet in diameter and without the consent of the other and 60 miles long would be required. as the Pingree men are dominant in the

The Michigan Central and C., S. & M. House they do not intend to allow a tracks between Bay City and Saginaw whole week of a necessarily limited have been submerged and washed out session to be wasted. in several places by the floods and will In just one week after the calling of require large sums for repairs. The the special session 12 measures were mines also will have to spend a lots of introduced in the House on the subject money pumping out water from the of taxation. While some of them are shafts.

claimed to be for the object of includ-The body of an unknown woman was ing all property in a more equitable found in Grand river, near Grand taxation scheme, others differ from the Haven. The body had apparently governor's bill only a small particulars. been in the water several months. The Pingree people assert that this Both arms were gone as well as a part flood of bills is intended to draw atof the head. The only clothing worn tention from the governor's measure were shoes and stockings and a black and to confuse the issue. corset.

The Pingree leaders figured out that Some more new Michigan postmasif the seats of Senators Covell, Preston

THE EXTRA SESSION.

The anti-Pingreeites introduced two neasures in the House on the taxation question, at the second day's session, which the Pingree followers declare were intended to delay action on the governor's bill. The first was introduced by Rep. Adams, of Kent, and provided for a broader taxation reform scheme to embrace all taxable property in the state. It was defeated by a vote of 60 to 35 in the House, but the same resolution was adopted by the Senate. The fact that the House killed it makes the Senate action of no effect. Rep. the Pingree bill with the exception of | that section creating a board of assesscomprised of the secretary of state.

members, but it was finally voted to

print them and C. H. Bender, J. W.

Langley, J. W. Stockwell and W. A.

Brown, the four stenographers who

responded to the call of the governor

Rep. Foote introduced a bill to repeal

plication in the Senate mix-up by re-

signing his position in the Port Huron

customs office in order to retain his

seat in the Senate. It is predicted that

Covell will make the same move, and

this will block the governor's plan for

The Pingree bill met with a sudden

check when Fred A. Baker, of Detroit,

on invitation of the governor, appeared

before the House committees having it

in charge and proceeded to show that

a special election in their districts.

Insist that your grocer gives you GRAIN-O. Accept no imitation. state treasurer, land commissioner, attorney-general and auditor-general who are elected by the people instead One of the Godlike things of this world is the veneration done to human worth by the hearts of men. of the members being appointed by the governor. It was referred to the com-

ful.

The best workers are those who know best

Go to your grocer to-day

and get a 15c. package of

Grain=0

It takes the place of cof-

Made from pure grains it

is nourishing and health-

fee at $\frac{1}{4}$ the cost.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away To quit tobacco easily and forever, be mag-netic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c. or \$1. Cure guaran-teed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York. The House had a scrimmage on the

Fortitude is a fortress affording a safe refuge in adversity. of the House and the speeches of the

> To Cure Constipation Forever. Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

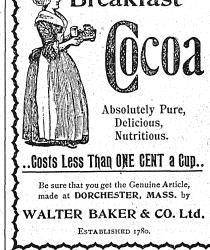
> When pleasure is made a business it isn't en

Star Tobacco is the leading brand of he world, because it is the best.

If you think too little you'll talk too much. Work done willingly is not drudgery

"A Perfect Type of the Highest Order of Excellence in Manufacture."





diate sinking of the hull. Prompt as sistance was rendered by the neighboring vessels anchored in the harbor, aid being especially given by the boats of the Spanish cruiser Aluhonso XII, and the Ward line steamer City of Washington, which lay not far distant.

"The wounded were generally cared for by the authorities of Havana, the hospitals being freely opened to them, while the earliest recovered bodies of the dead were interred by the municipality in a public cometery in the city. Tributes of grief and sympathy were offered from all official quarters of the island

"The appalling calamity fell upon the people of our country with crushing force and for a brief time an intense excitement prevailed, which in a community less just and self-controlled than ours might have led to hasty acts of blind resentment.

"This spirit, however, soon gave way to the calmer processes of reason and to the resolve to investigate the facts and await the material proof before forming a judgment as to the cause, the responsibility, and if the facts warranted, the remedy due.

"This course necessarily recommended itself from the outset to the executive, for only in the light of a dispassionately ascertained certainty could it determine the nature and measure of its full duty in the matter. ary, 1898, and was taken to buoy No. 4,

as in all cases of casualty or disaster oms of water, by the regular governto national vessels of any maritime state. A naval court of inquiry was at once organized, composed of officers well qualified by rank and practical experience to discharge the onerous duty imposed upon them.

"Aided by a strong force of wreckers and divers the court proceeded to make a thorough investigation on the spot, employing every available means for the impartial and exact determination of the causes of the explosion. Its operations have been conducted with the utmost deliberation and judgment and, while independently pursued, no source of information was neglected and the fullest opportunity was allowed for a simultaneous investigation by the Spanish authorities.

"The finding of the court of inquiry was reached, after twenty-three days of continuous labor, on the 21st of March. and having been approved on the 22d by the commander-in-chief of the United States naval force on the North Atlantic station was transmitted to the executive.

"It is herewith laid before congress, together with the voluminous testimony taken before the court. Its purport is, in brief, as follows:

"When the Maine arrived at Havana she was conducted by the regular government pilot to buoy No. 4, to which she was moored in from five and onehalf to six fathoms of water.

"The state of discipline on board and the condition of her magazines, boilers, detonators were stowed in the cabin ing at 10:30 o'clock.

Message Received With Burst of Apdestruction of the forward part. plause in the House.

Washington, March 29 .- There was the forward part of ship are, however, an outburst of applause in the galleries established by the testimony: "That portion of the port side of the and on the floor of the house when the protective deck, which extends from message was concluded. Immediately about frame 30 to about frame 41 was afterward the death of Representative blown up aft and over to port. The Simpkins was announced.

The president's message was referred without debate to the committee on for eign affairs under the rules. No motion was made. Immediately after the announcement of Representative Simpkins' death the house, at 12:28 p. m., adjourned.

In neither senate or house was there zines of the Maine. any debate on the reference of president's message or other documents to committees having charge of Cuban relations.

TEXT OF COURT'S REPORT.

Maine Destroyed by Explosion of Mine Under Her Bottom.

Washington, March 29.-The following is the full text of the report of the court of inquiry: "After full and mature consideration" broad and thirty-two feet in length

of all the testimony before it, the court (from frame 17 to frame 25), is doubfinds as follows: led back upon itself against the con-

not permitted to be stowed there. The

magazines and shellrooms were always

locked after having been opened, and

after the destruction of the Maine the

keys were found in their proper place

in the captain's cabin, everything hav-

ing been reported secure that evening

"The temperatures of the magazines

and shellrooms were taken daily and

reported. The only magazine whith

had an undue amount of heat was the

after 10-inch magazine, and that did

not explode at the time the Maine was

"The torpedo war heads were all

stowed in the after part of the ship un-

der the wardroom, and neither caused

nor participated in the destruction of

"The dry gun cotton primers and

Maine.

at 8 p. m.

destroyed.

the Maine.

"1. That the United States battletinuation of the same plating extendship Maine arrived in the harbor of Haing forward. vana, Cuba, on the 25th day of Janu-"At frame 18 the vertical keel is

broken in two, and the flat keel bent 'The usual procedure was followed in from five and one-half to six fathinto an angle similar to the angle formed by the outside bottom plating. ment pilot. The United States consul-This break is now about six feet begeneral at Havana had notified the aulow the surface of the water, and about thorities at that place the previous thirty feet above its normal position. "In the opinion of the court this efevening of the intended arrival of the fect could have been produced only by

the explosion of a mine situated under "2. The state of discipline on board the bottom of the ship at about frame the Maine was excellent, and all orders 18, and somewhat on the port side of and regulations in regard to the care the ship. and safety of the ship were strictly

"6. The court finds that the loss of carried out. All ammunition was the Maine, on the occasion named, stowed away in accordance with inwas not in any respect due to fault or structions, and proper care was taken negligence on the part of any of the whenever ammunition was handled. officers or members of the crew of said Nothing was stowed in any one of the vessel. magazines or shellrooms which was

"7. In the opinion of the court the Maine was destroyed by the explosion of a submarine mine, which caused the partial explosion of two or more of her forward magazines.

"The court has been unable to obtain evidence fixing the responsibility for the destruction of the Maine upon any person or persons."

Cargo of Smokeless Powder. New York, Macrh 29.-The Atlantic

transport liner Michigan, which arrived from London today, brought 200 cases of smokeless powder to order. Information as to the destination of the pow-

der could not be obtained, but it is believed to be the navy department. Cabinet in Special Session

Washington, March 29.-Notices were sent from the executive mansion this morning for a special cabinet meet-

dition a very few minutes after the way from Muskegon to Grand Rapids. The old homestead of Cornelius Cro-"The following facts in regard to

ley, a wealthy wool merchant of Lapeer, was destroyed by fire. It was one of the first houses erected in Lapeer county.

More new Michigan postmasters: Viola, Mackinac county, A. B. McArthur; Wilderville, Calhoun county, E. main deck, from about frame 30 to about frame 41 was blown up aft and S. Ellers; Monroe Center, Grand Travslightly over to starboard, folding the erse county, Chas. B. Dye.

forward part of the middle superstruc-Wm. Dolan, a prominent millwright ture over and on top of the after part. of Ontonagon. was instantly killed by "This was, in the opinion of the being crushed while supervising recourt, caused by the partial explosion pairs on one of the Diamond Match of two or more of the forward magacompany's log loading machines.

An infant was found in a box 18 "5. At frame 17, the outer shell of inches long, near Flint. The box was of the ship, from a point eleven and painted red and was lying about 15 one-half feet from the middle line of rods from the river as if washed up the ship, and six feet above the keel, there by the late flood. It looks like when in its normal position, has been foul play. forced up so as to be now about four

Chas. Schafer, aged 23, a Bay City feet above the surface of the water; mill hand, ended a week's spree by therefore about thirty-four feet above swallowing a dose of carbolic acid at a where it would be had the ship sunk saloon in Essexville. His companions uniniured. The outside bottom platstarted to earry him home, but he died ing is bent into a reversed V shape, the on the way. after wing of which, about filteen feet

Paul Leverance, a Michigan. Central brakeman, whose parents live at Three Rivers, fell from a train. The lower part of his body was badly mangled and he died in a short time.

Escanaba will soon have another railroad which will tap the hardwood country of the upper peninsula as far north as Republic and will make connections with the Ann Arbor car ferries. The straits of Mackinac were opened by a southwest gale, which rapidly drove the ice into Lake Huron. The straits are now practically clear of ice. This is the earliest opening for the 63 years of which records have been kept. George Sweetland, a farmer near

Charlotte, was returning home after seeing his wife safely aboard a train bound for California, when his team ran away. Both of the farmer's legs were broken and he was otherwise injured, probably fatally.

Sophia, the 2-year-old daughter of Elizabeth Mitchell, died at the hospital at Grand Rapids, as the result of alleged neglect and starvation while at home. Mrs. Mitchell is the woman under arrest on the charge of starving her four-months-old babe to death.

Charles Verrette of Clare, was walking on the Michigan Central track when he was struck by a train. His skull was fractured, right leg crushed and left ear torn off. He lay beside the track all night before being discovered, and then died a short time afterward.

Wm. H. Somers, aged 29, an employe of Holmes & Son, was found in a pool of blood near the St. Paul road, at Pembine. A big club, covered with blood, lay three feet away. Somers say he was murdered. He had \$200 on his person, which is missing.

ters: Arbela, Tuscola county, Geo. W. and Hughes could be declared vacant Mathews; Hammond, Presque Isle | writs of election could be issued and county, Catherine Violintine; Melita, | the governor hoped that three men of Arenac county, Jesse A. Hamlin; New his opinions could be elected. How-Baltimore, Macomb county, Robert A. ever, the Senate refused to discharge Heath; Pomona, Manistee county, Leo | the committees having under consider-L. Duppey; Richie, Alcona county, | ation the protests against seating the Robert Hastings. three Senators. The governor was

upon the floor of the Senate and Sena-The U.S. Senate has passed a resolution introduced by Senator Burrows, tor Thompson took occasion to score calling on the secretary of war for in- him for lobbying. The governor was formation as to the cost of improving not to be turned down, however, and the Saginaw river, with a view to se- he later issued a proclamation order curing a 16-foot channel 150 feet wide | ing an election April 4 in senatorial from the head of the river to Third and representative districts where members of either house have died, restreet, thence a channel 200 feet wide moved or become United States officers. to the Saginaw bay.

Mrs. Jane Foster died at the Lapeer Senator Preston's district comprises Lapeer and Tuscola counties: Covell's county house, aged 99. She was born district comprises Antrim, Benzie in England, and was refined and well Charlevoix, Kalkaska, Leelanau and educated. Mrs. Foster saw Queen Vic-Wexford counties. The representative toria when she was a babe in her mothdistricts where elections have been er's arms, saw her crowned and was called are the second district of Berpresent at her marriage. She knew rien county, where Representative Gladstone when he was a boy and often Williams has become a postmaster; the met the duke of Wellington.

first district of Macomb, Representa-Rev. O. D. Taylor, a former Baptist tive Rowley having died; second Lenapreacher of Saginaw, who was conwee district, Representative Edgar havvicted some time ago on charges of eming removed from the state; the Lapeer bezzlement and fraud, has been sendistrict, formerly represented by Reptenced to six years' imprisonment and resentative Lee, deceased. An athard labor at the Jackson state prison. tempt was made to have Senator While pastor of a church in Oregon Hughes resign, but he refused and no Taylor inveigled a number of Saginaw action can be taken as to his case until people, including several widows, into the Senate disposes of it. a land swindle. Senator Preston caused another com-

The Fourth regiment, M. N. G., has been divided into two battalions, Gov. Pingree signing the order. This was lecided upon after a consultation with Adjt.-Gen. Irish and Quartermaster-General White. One battalion will be commanded by the major who holds over this year. In the other, commissioned officers will elect a captain as major, unless the governor decides to detail one of the present captains as acting major.

C. H. Hackley, Muskegon's millionalthough the governor's intentions were right and in line with the wishes aire philanthropist, has asked permission of the council to erect in Hackley of the people, yet his bill would not acpark statues of Lincoln, Grant, Shercomplish the result aimed at. He said man and Farragut. The figures are to that unless the charter of the Michigan be of imperishable bronze, mounted on Central road was repealed there would granite, and will cost \$20,000. The be no legal way to reach it for proper park itself was donated by Mr. Hacktaxation. He also showed that the ley, and a magnificent soldiers' monulaws provided that the legislature ment has already been erected therein. should fix the rate of taxation, when Mr. Hackley's gifts to Muskegon agthis bill would place that power in the gregate \$300,000. hands of a board of assessors.

Nearly five months ago the 18-year-On motion of Senator Moore of Wayne old daughter of farmer Custer, near Chas. H. Strawhecker of Grand Rapids. Harrisville, left home for a neighbor's, and Harvey A. Sherman, Gov. Pingrees two miles distant, but never arrived stenographer, were appointed official there. Her brother found that a stenographers, with one more to be young man with whom Miss Custer named later. It was also voted to print had "kept company," had left home all speeches in full in the legislative about the same time. It was generally journal.

agreed that the couple had eloped, and Notwithstanding his first defeat Rep. further search was abandoned. A Adams again introduced his resolution neighbor, going along an old log road, demanding that the governor send in a last week, found the girl's cape, hat special message to cover all kinds of and stockings in the woods. Further | taxation. It was laid on the table by skull was crushed in and physicians on were the coat, hat and vest of the a vote of 57 to 31 and an attempt to young man. It is feared they are dead | take it from the table was lost-46 and seach is being made for the bodies. to 37.

NOR CRIPE There are lots ot cathartics, some liquid, some pill-form, some good, some bad, but you will never use any of them after you have tried

NEVER CRIP

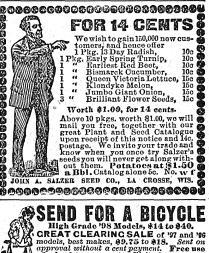


Candy Tablets—C? Purely vegetable, so nice to eat, so smooth and easy in their effect, so reliable, never failing to cause a perfectly normal operation, that they are guaranteed to



A booklet and sample free for the asking, or you can buy a box for 10c, 25c, 50c, at your drug store. Satisfaction guaranteed. The Sterling Remedy Co. Chicago. Montreal. NewYork.

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permanent position. P. W. ZIEGLER & CO., 328 Dearborn Street, Chicago.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; sives quick relief and cures worst LIK OF ON quick relief and curve worst cases. Send for book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Atlanta, Ga. TAPE-WORN expelled alive, head guar-anteed, 20-page pamphlet free, PROF. B. FIELD & Co., 183 State St., Chicago.

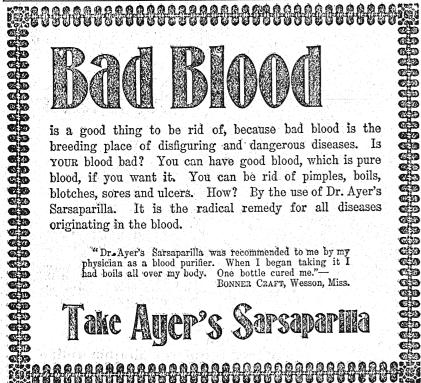
PATEMTS WATSON E. COLEMAN, Patent Lawyer, 802 F St., Washington, D. C. Highest references.

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breeding place of disfiguring and dangerous diseases. Is YOUR blood bad? You can have good blood, which is pure blood, if you want it. You can be rid of pimples, boils, blotches, sores and ulcers. How? By the use of Dr. Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It is the radical remedy for all diseases originating in the blood.

"Dr.Ayer's Sarsaparilla was recommended to me by my physician as a blood purifier. When I began taking it I had boils all over my body. One bottle cured me."-BONNER CRAFT, Wesson, Miss.

Take Ayep's Sarsaparilla

If you wish't be held in esteem, you must as-Valuable Stones Discovered Recently in sociate only with those who are estimate. The less people know about each other 'the 'politer they are to each other.

AN OPEN LETTER TO MOTHERS. We are asserting in the courts our right to the exclusive use of the word "CASTORIA," and a quarry of lithographic stones, which exclusive use of the word "CASTORIA," and "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," as our Trade Mark. | was found in the Caucasus not long

I, Dr. Samuel Pitcher, of Hyannis, Massa- ago, says the Philadelphia Record. chusetts, was the originator of "PITCHER'S Heretofore Solenhofen, a little town CASTORIA," the same that has borne and does in Bavaria, had the exclusive monopnow bear the fac-simile signature of CHAS. H. oly of this expensive article, and from FLETCHER on every wrapper. This is the original "PITCHER'S CASTORIA" which has been used in the homes of the mothers of America for over thirty years. Look carefully at the wrapper and see that it is "the kind you have always bought," and has the signature of experience with lithographic stones, he CHAS. H. FLETCHER on the Wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name ex-cept The Centaur Company, of which Chas H. Fletcher is President. March 8, 1897. SAMUEL PITCHER, M. D.

Our affections are our life. We live by them; they supply our warmth.

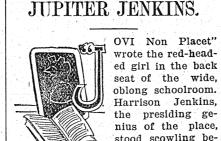
State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas county,

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure. FRANK J. CHENEY. Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON, (Seal)

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for 'testimo-nials, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Some people do not recognize their obligations Success is won if the listeners think they are doing the thinking. when they meet them



struggling with the class in Latin. These young boys and girls, who looked pityingly up to his dark face, were struggling with the verb "sum."

9999999999999

Caucasus.

Last week a company was organized

at Berlin, Germany, with a capital of

2,000,000 marks for the exploration of

there the supply of the entire world

had to be obtained. A German engi-

neer employed in Caucasia stumbled

across the quarry and, having had some

sent a specimen to a German friend

for examination. The friend found out

that the stone was of even finer grain

and better quality than the Solenhofen

stones, and a syndicate was formed to

purchase the territory where the quar-

ry is located. This has been done with

the assistance of the Russian govern-

ment and Prince Sombera of Ananour.

The tract purchased by the syndicate

contains outside of the precious quar-

ries a naphtha spring, with a flow of

twenty gallons per minute, which is

to be employed as motive power for

the cutting and polishing machinery.

The lithographic stone is of the best

quality and can be cut in much larger

sizes and cheaper than those of Sol-

enhofen. The cost of transportation

from Batoum, by sea, to London and

Hamburg will be so small that the

price of good stones will probaby be

one-half of their present value. For

the production of the modern large

posters the new "source of stones" will

be of greatest importance.

Hopeful Words to Childless Women.

The darkest days of husband and wife are when they come to look forward

The lesson had been poorly prepared and the issue of thunderbolts was soon expected to shower from this pedagogical Olympus. At last it came. Mr. Jenkins brought his fist down upon the plain deal board with a

thump that awoke every languid mind in the room. "Is this what you come to school for?" he began, as if addressing a jury. "Is this the way you use one of the most precious gifts that God has given to you? Here you are a whole class of bright boys and girls, with brains enough to do anything you desire in this great world, throwing away the greatest opportunity of your

lives. If this was an institution for weak-minded children I would have some compassion for you But your faces are all bright and your eyes are clear, and yet you will come to me with such a lesson as this!" Mr. Jenkins punctuated every sentence with that echoing thump on the desk which carried conviction and mortification to the minds of each boy and girl before

him. It was then that the red-headed girl on the back seat wrote "Jovi non placet" ("it is not pleasing to Jupiter"). 'Geraldine 'Coffin was Mr. Jenkins' pride. He had no favorites, at least, such never appealed in the little commonwealth which he held in the hollow of his hand. But in Geraldine he was intensely interested, and he often found in her his greatest irritation. While Mr. Jenkins held the whole of his fifty odd young spirits in the hollow of his hand, the red-headed girl was the one person he was not quite sure of. Geraldine had given him the name of "Jupiter." and it fitted so well that it was at once adopted by all his subjects.

"When he pounds his desk and that great shaggy head shakes so, and his blue eyes flash, all I can think of is Jupiter sending thunderbolts to earth" -and in this remark Geraldine had christened him. 'Many times he had thought he had heard the name of Jupiter Jenkins, but he had never been able to capture one of these erring mortals. Of course, he knew he was called Jupiter-he had been told so by

admiring parents, who knew he would be pleased, and he was. But it was with the red-headed girl

She was the only human problem that

Geraldine was growing, and she was now tall and lithe of figure, with her hig blue eyes clearer and more expressive, as she looked at people. The people, to formulate his new autonomy

was showing forth from them. She to the representations soon to be made was glad to receive attentions, and it by the American administration resmote Jupiter hard when he observed | garding the intolerable condition of that she walked with one and then affairs in Cuba, the President confiwith another in the still and balmy | dently expects and in this prospect he spring evenings. Just why it smote sees peace with honor for both counhim as it did Mr. Jenkins never knew tries. The form of autonomy sughind his desk, until a few years later. But it did, and Geraldine's face seem-

ed to have framed itself into the center of his thoughts. She recurred to his consciousness constantly, and when he thought of these big boys he was truly uncomfortable.

He had another conference with Mrs. Coffin, in which he suggested that Geraldine had better be kept in the house and made to give closer attention to her lessons. When he called her in recitations he was also doing his best to make the girl fail. And when she did fail he did his best to make it uncomfortable for her. She had to remain after school and get the whole lesson. Jupiter made her recite it all, "precept upon precept," so to speak.

He had conceived the ambition to make a teacher of the girl. He broached the subject to Mrs. Coffin. "Geraldine," he began, "is cut out for a teacher," Mrs. Coffin started in astonishment. "Yes she is," he affirmed, with a thunderbolt, "and she ought to be sent to a normal school. I never went to one and what I know about teaching has been gained by experience. But there is no mistake. The learning of methods means something in these days, and I'm sure that if

Geraldine is sent to a normal school she will make a first-rate teacher. Mrs. Coffin thought it over for a few days, and then came to the conclusion that Mr. Jenkins was right. That was the usual conclusion about Mr. Jenkins in the little village. The idea was placed before Geraldine, and when she heard of Jupiter's proposal she smiled a smile that made her mother look at her twice. But Geraldine had the key proposition. to certain kinds of human nature which was far beyond her years. She thought she would like to go, and it was a great joy when she came to Jupiter's throne, and in her sweetest and calmest manner thanked him for his kindness, and said she would do

her best to deserve it. Geraldine took new interest in school. She tried no more of her subtle ways to disturb Jupiter, and the boys found a change in her, which at once set their former interest at naught.

"She ain't no more fun," they all agreed, and they troubled her no more.

III Geraldine entered the normal school and passed her preliminary examinations with extraordinary success. She was one of the three highest out of a that this story is chiefly concerned. large class. The veteran principal of government. In this document no to a tree, where he is now waiting to the school knew human nature at a comminatory intimation was made nor be rescued, but on account of the dark-

DEVASTATING FLOODS. New Form of Autonomy Now Offered. That Sagasta will now be able, in Many Rivers Overflow and do Enormous view of his indorsement by the Spanish Damage in Ohio and Indiana.

Large portions of Ohio and Indiana true soul of a rather designing maiden | plan in detail and present it in answer have been swept by floods of a most re markable and destructive character. The Ohio river and its tributaries became particularly ugly from heavy Nearly all railroads in central rains. and southern Ohio were either crippled or totally disabled because of dangerous washouts and destroyed bridges gested in the recent intimations of the and the like. All over Ohio and Indi-Spanish premier should not be conana, except in the extreme northern founded with any other plans heretoparts, railroad traffic was demoralized. fore discussed. The Muskingum, the Hocking, the Sagasta's proposition, as is now un-

Scioto and the two Miami rivers in derstood, involves the granting to Cuba Ohio broke their record from source to of a species of autonomy as full and mouth for high stages on water and free as that enjoyed by the Dominion for damage and destruction. Reports of Canada, with this additional advantfrom Indiana indicate that the same age to the Cubans that the United may be said of rivers and streams in States shall be the guarantor of its abthat state. solute character and shall hold Spain, At Columbus, O., the Cleveland diviin turn responsible for the faithful persion of the Big Four railway, and the formance of the conditions laid down.

south line C., S. & H. V. were the only The test of this autonomy would be two of 15 railroads that could move made with the United States acting as trains. The west side levees gave way umpire between Spain and Cuba, on the and about 1.500 people were forced to one hand compelling Spain to fulfill its take refuge in the upper stories of agreement to the letter, and on the other their homes. insisting that the Cuban insurgents

At Zanesville there were 4,000 people give the plan a fair and thorough trial. driven from their homes. There have Under these conditions it'is believed been several deaths, a score of narrow that the Cuban leaders, relying upon escapes and more than 50 persons are the moral support of the United States, missing. The number of lives lost is would refuse to accept any of the plans still a matter of conjecture. The only of autonomy heretofore outlined, and bodies so far recovered are those of be ready to take from our hands a Mrs. Church and John Leach, drowned pledge of practical if not technical inin their homes before being rescued. Mrs. James Brennan and child fell out

Spain will allow the United States of a skiff in which they were being government to feed the starving Spanrescued. Tim Jones fell from a bridge. ish prisoners as it sees fit and to help The supply of skiffs was wholly inadein the distribution of food, to allow quate. Every railroad entering the the reconcentrados to go where they city is tied up and all of them have explease upon the island. Cuba to assume perienced accidents. The same situaonly part of the war debt, and Spain tion as to traffic was reported from to allow the United States to guaran-Steubenville where 500 families had to tee to the insurgents that the promises abandon their homes: at Springfield of Spain will be kept to the letter. where \$150,000 loss was sustained and Spain agrees to put the proposed re-James Donnelly was drowned; at Canal forms into operation by April 30, and Dover where 60 families had to be taken by that time to withdraw all her troops to places of safety in boats and the from the island. It is believed that employes of the American tin plate the Cuban leaders will accept this mills were rescued from the mill in the same way. Delaware, Coshocton, Ur Why Spain is Coming to Time. bana and a score of other places report This plan of autonomy is practically heavy damage and almost total cessathe one which the United States has tion of traffic business. Loss of life is intimated to Spain several times durreported at Hamilton, O., where the ing the past two years would be ac-Great Miami swept away two cottages ceptable and successful. The reason and drowned six inmates, namely: Mrs: why it is being proposed by Spain at Charles Whitman and her three small this time is undoubtedly found in the children and Mr. and Mrs. Charles

fact that she has been made to realize Springman. Samuel Hagey and wife, that the United States would not pernorth of New Hagerstown, were mit further delay in bringing hostili- drowned while crossing the McGuire ties to an end and in giving relief to | creek. the starving Cubans. The following Near Columbus, Ind., a train consistdispatches corroborate this surmise: ing of a passenger coach, caboose and Madrid: U. S. Minister Woodford locomotive with a wrecking crew of 24 held an official interview with the min- men was wrecked. The river broke ister of foreign affairs and the colonies, over its banks and the scene of the

Senors Gullon and Moret, which lasted wreck is surrounded by water for a two hours. Gen. Woodford left with mile and can only be reached by boats. them an official note, explaining fully | The engineer cannot be found. The the views of intentions of the American fireman was washed away and swam

VISITED WESTERN CANADA.

Report of Delegates Sent from Michigan to Alameda District.

The fol-The fol-lowing let-ters have be en se-l e c t e d from a large numlarge number of those sent

by delegates to report on Western Canada to their friends in Michigan, and as a result of which hundreds of people expect to leave this spring for the Free Grant Lands of Western Canada.

Alameda, N. W. T., Aug. 31, 1897. Dear Friends of Saginaw:-Those desiring to secure a good and sure home will do well to take our advice, and examine the land in the neighborhood of Alameda, as we know that everyone who sees this land will be agreeably surprised. Before seeing this land we were partly in doubt as to moving here, but after looking it over we at once decided to make our home here, and we beg those of our friends who are desirous of securing farms, not to let this chance slip by, as the soil is of the best and the water can not be excelled. The finest wheat we ever saw is also raised here.

We shall return home in haste, straighten out our affairs, and move here at once.

Yours truly, (Signed) WILLIAM GOTTOWSKI, ALBERT MAI, WILLIAM RIEDEL,

Of Saginaw. Winnipeg, Man., Sept. 10, 1897.

Mr. M. V. McInnes, Chief Coloniza-tion Agent, Detroit, Mich. Dear Sir:-We are pleased to state to you that we have found the country in the vicinity of Alameda fully up to what you and Mr. Keller had represented it to be. It is, in fact, an ideal location for mixed farming. The soil is the best we ever saw, and as the farmers were all busy at threshing, we had an excellent chance to see its productive quality, which cannot be surpassed anywhere. The cattle could not be in better condition. We saw two year old steers equal to three year old raised in most places, and these, as are all others about Alameda, were fed on native hay in winter and herded in summer. As we had previous to this visited the Northwestern States in behalf of a large number of farmers, to locate suitable land for mixed farming, we are now in a position to say that the Alameda district of Western Canada surpasses them all. The country is equal to that about Thuringen in Germany. We were rather sceptic before starting, and our intention was to settle in spring, if we were suited, but, we have now decided to move at once; that is, as early this fall as we pos-sibly can. We left Mr. Riedel at Alameda, and take back his report, and we will take his family and effects with us when we go.

Yours sincerely. (Signed) ALBERT MAT FRED GOTTOWSKI.

Ludington, Mich., Nov. 1, 1897. M. V. McInnes, Esq., Colonization Agent, Detroit, Mich. Dear_Sir:--We have just returned from the West, and were exceedingly well pleased with the country. We are going back to take up our homesteads in early spring. We received \$35 per month and board working for farmers, and the hoard was the best we ever had-the beef and mutton especially were excellent. The fine flavor is owing to the fine grasses which the cattle and sheep feed upon. The people are very hospitable, and treat their hired help with much kindness.

to a childless and desolate old age. Many a wife has found herself incapable of motherhood owing to some great lack of strength in the organs of generation. Such a condition is nearly always due to long continued neglect of the plainest warnings.

Frequent backache and distressing pains accompanied by offensive discharges and generally by irregular and scanty menstruation, indicate a nerve degeneration of the womb and surrounding organs, that unless speedily checked will result in barrenness.

Read Mrs. Wilson's letter: DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:-Noone could have suffered from female troubles more than I. I had tumors on the womb, my ovaries were diseased, and for fifteen years I was a burden. to myself. I was operated upon three different times, with only temporary relief; also tried many doctors. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was recommended to me by a lady friend, and after taking four bottles I was like a new woman. I had been married nine Card A years, and had no children. I now have a beautiful little girl, and we feel assured she is the result of my taking the Compound.-MAY B. WILSON, 323 Sassafras St., Millville, N. J.

Modern science and past experience have produced nothing so effective in treating diseases of the female organs as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Sanative Wash used according to special directions.

If you know any woman who is suffering and who is unable to secure relief, or who is sorrowful because she believes herself barren, tell her to write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., and ask her advice. The thousands of Mrs. Pinkham's cures are all recorded for quick reference, and a reply will be promptly sent wholly without charge, that will direct her what to do.

Mrs. B. BLUHM, 4940 San Francisco Ave., St. Louis, Mo., writes:-"'It has been my great desire to have a babe. Since taking your medicine my wish is fulfilled."

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; A Woman's Remedy for Woman's Ills





Jupiter Jenkins could not solve. Gerglance. He wrote to Jupiter a letter aldine Coffin "had been an inmate of the schoolroom only a few days when said about the wild, nomadic Geral-Mr. Jenkins discovered that she posdine. sessed an unusual mind. He laid his

plans to make the most he could of of her first year the townspeople beher. He was accustomed to use the gan to relent in the hard opinion they parable of the talents in the schoolhad entertained of her, and saw anroom, and to say that to whom much other person in the tall and earnest

was given much would be required The getting of lessons was an easy matter to Geraldine Coffin. She not only learned them, but the truths and principles were digested, and sank into her mind clearly understood and stored away, until the day which would call them into use.

Jupiter Jenkins was accustomed to say that hardly more than one child in twenty really digested knowledge. II.

He had come to complain to Geral-

hoydenish, and she caused no end of trouble. With the deep interest the young master took in her, a sense of power developed. When Mr. Jenkins supposed he had her solidly in his control, there would burst forth a fit of "don't care" in her which astonished

and alarmed him. Then the thunderbolts flew to punc tuate the master's fluent words of indignation. "When one has the mighty gift of brains," he thundered, "and life's road lies before to choose what is best and highest, to be lazy and languid, and not to reach the arm to grasp the golden apple of Hesperides, is the greatest wrong." It was then that Geraldine, her color

slightly brighter and her head a trifle higher, would return to her seat and write, "Jovi non placet"-"It is not pleasing to Jupiter." There were certain rare facts about

Geraldine that Jupiter Jenkins, in his teacher's enthusiasm, had not noticed. One of these was that she was a very pretty girl. But if he had been fmpervious to this fact there were other who had not, and among those were

some of the big boys in the school.

which confirmed all that worthy had from congress the correspondence and When Geraldine returned at the end

JOVI NON PLACET.

and was now employing the same for-

was turning all sorts of ruddy colors.

make me happy, to be my wife!"

ought to be able to draw well.

lips

Tribune.

city," and was making a name.

was making his way.

consular reports which not only put in jured and may die. full light the condition of the distressed rural population of Cuba, the inade- Monongahela, Allegheny and Ohioquate relief and the persistence of dis-

dependence.

new colonial policy and other efforts of Spain had not produced the results property holders in general will eclipse that would justify holding out the prospect of early pacification. Consequently, the American note lays stress upon the fact that contingencies are now fast approaching for the action which was foreshadowed in presidential messages and diplomatic correspondence, so frequently and clearly even heavier losses. during the last three years. The American note and the language of

Gen. Woodford in his conferences with Senor Gullon leave no doubt that it is the intention of the Washington government to act very soon, beginning with the communication of the above document and the Maine report to congress and sending relief officially to the distressed Cubans.

Report of Spanish Board of Inquiry. A full synopsis of the report of the

Spanish naval commission which investigated the destruction of the battleyoung woman who had appeared before ship Maine has been received at Washthem. Jupiter Jenkins had ended his ington. The conclusions reached are work as schoolmaster in the little seadirectly opposite to those in the report port town. He had been studying law of the U.S. court of inquiry.

"The report contains declarations by ensic talents he had used before his ocular witnesses and experts. From schoolroom in a more lucrative if not these statements it clearly deduces and a higher court. He was "up in the proves the absence of all those attendant circumstances which are invariably When Geraldine finished her course present on the explosion of a torpedo. in the normal school she received the The evidence of witnesses comparahighest commendation, and the old tively close to the Maine at the moment is to the effect that only one explosion principal happened to find a good place occurred; that no column of water was for her in the same city where Jupiter thrown into the air; that no shock to the side of the nearest vessel was felt; When Geraldine had come into his

nor on land was any vibration noticed, office at the end of her first quarter it and that no dead fish were found. The was the first intimation that he had divers were unable to examine the botreceived of her presence in the city. tom of the Maine, which was buried in She said she had come to make a paythe mud, but a careful examination of ment, and while she spoke poor Jupiter the sides of the vessel, the rents and breaks in which all point outward shows without a doubt that the explo-"But I hadn't heard you were here, sion was from the inside. A minute Geraldine." he said. "I have been examination of the bottom of the harthinking of you, too, and wondering if bor around the vessel shows absolutely I should hear from you. Of course, I no sign of the action of a torpedo and knew I should. But somehow I canthe fiscal (judge advocate) of the comnot get you out of my head, girl." This mission can find no precedent for the explosion of the storage magazines of a was punctuated with one of the oldvessel by a torpedo. time thunderbolts. "Fact is, Geral-

The report makes clear that owing to dine, I've only just found out why I the special nature of the proceedings treated you so hard when in school. followed and the absolute respect And it was simply this-I loved you! shown for the extraterritoriality of the I want you always; I want you to Maine the commission has been pre-Geraldine smiled as she raised her face and received the salute from his "I knew that was the matter all the

time," she said.—Stanley Edwards Johnson in Cincinnati Commercial-Actors who wear stove-pipe hats

any date fixed, but it was clearly and ness and the swift current it was imfirmly stated that the United States possible to reach him. Nearly, every government could not longer withhold man of the twenty-four were more or less injured. Six or eight are badly in-5Pittsburg: Three great rivers--The

are now in a flooded condition and affection, but also showed that the there is every indication that the loss to coal operators, manufacturers and that of the freshet of 1891. Already river coal interests have suffered losses aggregating \$1,000,000. -Reports received from towns on either side of the three great valleys show great damage to valuable property on the lowlands, and with the water still rising grave fears are entertained of

> The House unanimously passed the bill for relief of the survivors and the heirs of the victims of the Maine disaster. The bill reimburses the surviving officers and men for the losses they sustained to an amount not to exceed a year's sea pay, and directs the payment of a sum equal to a year's pay to the legal heirs of those who perished.

> > THE MARKETS.

LIVE STOCK. New York— Cattle Sheep Lambs Hogs Best grades...\$4 8:05 25 \$5 00 \$6 50 \$440 Lower grades...4 00 26 75 4 00 5 50 4 23 Chicago-Best grades....5 00@5 4) Lower grades...4 00@4 85 4 75 3 50 $575 \\ 475$ 3 80 Detroit-Best grades....4 25@4 75 4 80 Lower grades...3 0J g4 00 3 50 3 85 5 0.0 3 60 Buffalo-Best grades....4 01@4 25 Lower grades...2 75@3 85 4 85 4 00 5 25 $\hat{3}\hat{8}\hat{5}$ Cleveland-Best grades...4 10@4 25 Lower grades...2 75@3 85 $\begin{array}{c} 4 & 30 \\ 3 & 25 \end{array}$ $525 \\ 400$ Cincinnati— Best grades....4 40@4 9) Lower grades...3 5J@4 25 $\begin{array}{c} 4 & 30 \\ 3 & 25 \end{array}$ $550 \\ 425$ 3 73 Pittsburg-Best grades....4 81@5 10 Lower grades...3 75@4 65 5 07

GRAIN, ETC. Wheat, Corn, Oats, No 2 red No 2 mix No 2 white New York \$1 02@1 02 35@35% 32@32Chicago 1 00@1 00% 28 728% 30 @ 30

30 2 30 1/2

26 126

*Detroit 91@ 91% 29 @ 29 34 Toledo 95 1 9,1/2 29 0.29% 26 226 Cincinnati 96 2 96 32 (32) 28 1281/2 9,@ 95 Cleveland 28 28 Pittsburg 93 4 95 33@3334. 28 1 281/ 93@ 96 Buffalo 3) 3:34 28@281/2 *Detroit-Hay. No. 1 timothy, \$7.0 per ton. Potatoes, 7 c per bu. Live Poultry, turkeys, 1/c per lb; chickens, 7%c; ducks, 7%c. Eggs, strictly fresh, 9c per doz. Butter, dairy, 17c per lb; creamery, 2/c.

REVIEW OF TRADE.

The favorable features of the week in dising with few exceptions from all parts of the west and southwest and marred only by Mane the commission has been pre-vented from making such an examina-tion of the inside of the vessel as would determine even the hypothesis of the internal origin of the accident. Orders were received at Key West for the immediate departure of the tender Mangrove for Havana to take on board all the American officials there, with the exception of Consul-General Lee. the check to business and shipments cause

The grain is much heavier than here; wheat being 62 lbs. to the bushel: oats 48 lbs., and barley often 55 lbs.

Any man with a good team and money enough to buy provisions and seed for six months can become rich there in five years. Many people who arrived there five years ago with little, or nothing, are well off now. One man I met held his wheat from last year and was offered \$16,000 for this year's crop and what he had held over from last year, and is holding at \$1 per bushel. We are going back in the spring to work for this same farmer until seeding, after which we will homestead between seeding and harvest. We think we will settle on the Manitoba & Northwestern R. R.

You can refer any one to us for this part of the country, while we are here, and we will cheerfully answer any questions which anyone may wish to ask. Yours truly,

(Signed) CHAS. HAWLEY. JOSEPH DOLA.

Executive ability is the faculty of getting somebody to do your work.

No Time Lost in Chicago.

As an example of Chicago enterprise ve may mention the firm of Sweet, Wallach & Co., who suffered so severely in the recent disastrous fire at 221 Wabash avenue. The fire occurred about noon on March 16, and by noon March 17 they were installed in new quarters at 84 Wabash avenue and filling orders as promptly as usual.

Our past never dies: it only sleeps.

Mother Grav's Sweet Powders for Children Successfully used by Mother Gray, nurse in the Children's Home in New York, Cure Feverishness, Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the Bowels and Destroy Worms. Over 10,000 testimonials... They never fail. At all druggists, 25c... Sample free. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Strength is the reward of virtue.

Lane's Family Medicine Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Curea sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

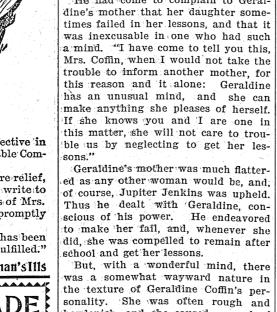
Morality, makes a great people.

Coughing Leads to Consumption. Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Sold in 25 and 50 cent bottles. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

Cotton of 12 different colors grows in Peru.

Smoke Sledge Cigarettes, 20 for 5 cts.

Love's burden's are never too heavy



Cass City Enterprise.

An independent newspaper. Published eve Thursday at the ENTERPRISE STEAM PRINT-NG HOUSE, Segar Street, Cass City, Tuscola Co., Michigan

Advertisements.

All changes of advertisements must be sent to this office NO LATER than Wednesday noon of each week, else they can not be inserted in that week's issue. Reasonable rates are charged for display advertisements. Local notices in our paid local column are five cents per line for first insertion. Notices of festivals, lectures concerts and all en-terteneous of settivals, lectures welling durater are Notices of restrivals, lectures concerts and all en-tertainments of a money-making character are 21/2 cents a line. Resolutions of respect are charged for at the rate of one dollar for each in-sertion. Cards of thanks are twenty-five cents for each insertion.

The wide circulation of the ENTERPRISE in the counties of Tuscola, Huron and Sanilac, makes in a valuable advertising medium

A. A. P. McDOWELL,

PERSEVERANCE PROGRESS AND PATRIOTISM

Professional Cards.

J. D. BROOKER, A TTORNEY AT LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Reference: Exchange Bank and Cass City Bank. Office in Second story of Exchange Bank Slock, Cass City, Mich

DR. M. M. WICKWARE,

Special attention spaid to diseases of women and schildren. Calls answered promptly, day or night. #Office two doors south of Tennant House. Night calls from office. 7-22-'87.

I.A. FRITZ, DENTIST. All work done equal to the best. It is i my aim to make every job of work a blessing to those for whom it is done. My prices are reasonable No charge for examination. Office over Fritz's drugstore. Not at home on Tuesdays.

M'CLINTON- M. D. Physician, Surgeo and Accoucheur. Office at residence.

A. A. M'KENZIE, A UCTIONEER, Cass City, Mich. Sales of all A uction of the solution of the solution of the solution guaranteed. Sales solicited from all points froms reasonable. Arrangements can be made at the office of the ENTERPRISE. 8-3-94

W. J. CAMPBELL. against Fire and Lightning. Also agent for Cyclone, Tornado and Windstorm Co. Office at corner Main and West Sts., Cass City, Mich. 5-20

WM. SMITHSON, ⁴ Drayman, makes a specialty of moving house-hold furniture. Ma Goods handled with care. Draying of all kinds solicited. Cass City, Mich.

Societies.

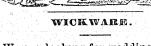
I. O. F. (JOURT ELKLAND, No. 826, I. O. F., meets or () second and fourth Tuesdays of each month in their hall in the Campbell block, at 7:30 p. m. Visiting brethren are cordially invited.

I. O. O. F.

Visiting brethern cordially invited WM. SCHWADERER, N. G I. K. REID, Secretary.

K. O. T. M.

this week. day.



Mrs. H. Kivel expect to move onto is farm west of Cass City, this week. Miss Maple Epplett is attending the eacher's examination in Sanilac Center

hrough here on his way to Elkton.

Thos. Cosgrove, our drain commisioner, was in town on business Thurs-

Mr. Wilson, of Sebewaing, was

CANBORO.

day Olin Meredith, of Bad Axe, is in

home

SNYDE'S CORNERS.

Monday.

personal effects there now.

NOVESTA.

ing at the Harvinger Camp in Ellington, putting the logs into the river. Bees seem to be the rage. A. McPhail, and R. Bailey each had a sawing bee last week and W. Clark had a bee rais-

The Township Caucus that was held Friday, at the school house was the largest that was ever known in Novesta. One hundred and forty votes were cast. The following were nominated: Supevisor, Nicholas Hamilton; Clerk, A. A. Livingston; Treasurer, Wm. Bently, of Deford; Highway Commissioner, Howard Rutherford; Justice of Peace, Albert Mills. There was a lively contest on Treasurer and Highway Commissioner.

To Curo Constipation Forever.

EAST NOVESTA.

with John Agar's family for a few days ast week.

farm hegpurchased from John C. Wheeler

is the guest of his uncle, Jas. Brown, at present.

on Sunday evening.

Corners, were the guests of Mr. and

C. W. Pettinger has moved onto the Heffelbower farm in North Novesta. Mrs. Pettinger will visit for a few days





CASS CITY ENTERPRISE. STRIKES THEM HARD.

A. A. P. McDowell, Publisher. SASS CITY. - - MICHIGAN. Zola is among the immortals, and uo

thanks to any academy.

A Washington paper says that "Prince Albert when he returns home will be a major." Is he a minor now?

"Rum must be pulverized!" shouts a Kansas journal. You won't need to do that, brother; if you'll use filtered water on the side.

What sense is there in holding indignation meetings in Madrid? Weyler is there and he seems to be a perpetual indignation show. Hold him.

A justice of the peace in Lafayette, Ind., fined a young man \$14.75 for attempting to kiss a pretty hoosier girl. The fine was not too large, either, for the fellow failed.

A clever woman says she likes to talk cleverly to a man, but never to a woman because it excites her envy and jealousy. And she ought to know because she belongs to the sex, poor thing!

Up in Dakota they are finding fault because the flour sold by country dealers is adulterated with 50 per cent of ground clay. We suspect that some of the "first-class flour" intended for the nation's red wards has inadvertently been sent into open markets.

"From the day our flag was unfurled, to the present hour." said President McKinley in his speech on Washington's birthday, "no stain of a just obligation violated has yet tarnished the American name." Unfortunately this is not true of our emblem itself, else a new society would not have been founded for the prevention of desecration of the stars and stripes by advertisers.

What a mighty drama is unfolded in the development of the Russian empire! The whole world watches it with absorbing interest. But there is a tragedy in progress in the empire. A Russian journal says that the lower classes in the tsar's domains have onethird less to eat than their grandparents had. The lack of proper nourishment in uncounted homes is a shadow which dims the splendors of imperialism.

Mrs. Hanaford says we never would have had a civil war if the women of the country had had their rightful influence. The women of the south were quite as bitter as the men, and it has taken them longer to recover from il; and within three months there have heap helf a decen women's continues. The first essential of just taxation is that it shall been helf a decen women's continues. been half a dozen women's conventions

GOV. PINGREE'S MESSAGE TO THE LEGISLATURE. Accuses Railroads of Evading Taxation and Says the Legislature Helped 'Em do it After Giving Them Big Land Grants—After Other Corporations, too

The special session of the state legislature opened promptly at 12 o'clock in both houses with nearly all of the officers chosen at the last regular session at their places. The desks of the late Representatives Lee and Rowley, in the House are draped in mourning and decorated with flowers. Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms Wm. Stocking was chosen to fill the vacancy of Sergeant-at-Arms Gibson. All of the Representatives were in their places except Edgar, Colvin, Oberdorffer, Peck, Tefft, Vought and Williams. Colvin came in later. All of the Senators were present at roll-call. except Covell. In the Secate protests were made against the seating of Senators Covell and Preston, because they are now federal officeholders and against Senator Hughes, because he has moved out of his district. The protests were referred to a committee of five. Sergeant-at-Arms Armstrong tendered his resignation, and First Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms Mose Parshelsky, of Detroit, was promoted to fill the vacancy. Three stenographers, representing the governor, were granted space on the floor of the Senate during the session. The two Houses met in joint session and heard the reading of the governor's

message with close attention. Gov. Pingree's message to the joint session of the state legislature assembled in extra session

first quotes his proclamation calling for the extra se sion, and then continues, in substance, as follows: You are called upon to consider the question of

You are called upon to consider the question of taxing railroad companies, express companies, telephone companies and telegraph companies, and for no other purpose. I deem the occasion an extraordinary one. The inequality of our system of taxation is so great that it should not be permitted to continue for another year. have therefore called you together in extraordi-

have therefore called you together in extraordi-nary session to consider it and to provide proper remedies. I regret the inconvenience and ex-pense of such a session. I have called it because I deemed it the most practical way of obtaining reforms to which the people of the state are en-titled. When convened in extra session the legislature is enabled to give the subjects sub-mitted careful and deliberate consideration which cannot be expected at a general session. No one can read the constitution of Michigan without coming to the conclusion that its fram-ers intended that all taxes to be levied should ers intended that all taxes to be levied should ers intended that all taxes to be levied should be based upon the cash value of the property. While it permits the legislature to provide for the collection of specific taxes under the laws as they then existed, and even to collect specific taxes from corporations thereafter to be organ-ized, it expressly requires that all assessments thereafter authorized shall be upon property at its value. This provision of the constitution applies as well to specific and to general taxes. Its continued violation since 1871 has led to many evils. At the time the constitution was adopted specific taxes, except upon values, were unknown to the legislation of the state. Taxes are defined to be burdens or charges im-

unknown to the legislation of the state. Taxes are defined to be burdens or charges im-posed by the legislative power upon persons or properly to raise money for public purposes. The power to tax rests upon necessity and is inher-ent in every sovereignty. No constitutional government can exist without it, and no arbi-trary government, without regular and steady taxation, could be anything but an oppressive and vexatious despotism, since the only a iterna-tive of taxation would be forced extortion for the needs of government from such persons or objects as the men in power might select as victims. (Cooley on constitutional limitations, bjects as the men in power might select a victims. (Cooley on constitutional limitations page 479.)

and within three months there have been half a dozen women's conventions the members of which quarreled them-selves half to death and separated in a state of irreparable enmity. Let Mrs. Hanaford put that in her pipe when she is out of tobacco. The most selfish act witnessed may be a triffing matter, expressive of pro-Automs of taxation. An entry are transferred to the burdens of taxation. At your last session an act was passed increas-ing to some extent the taxes now levied upon the earnings of railroad companies. It was as-serted that this act would bring into the treas-ury between two and three hundred thousand dollars. No taxes have yet been collected under it, but from the most reliable estimates that can now be made it will yield only about one hundred thousand dollars. The Michigan Central and Lake Shore & Michigan Southern companies, the burdens of taxation. housand dollars. The Michigan Central Lake Shore & Michigan Southern companies thousand doilars. The kitchigan Central and Lake Shore & Michigan Southern companies, the two most wealthy and powerful companies in the state, claim that the bill does not apply to them. They assert that they are protected from it by their special charters. It is more than like-ly that the act will lead to serious and pro-longed litigation. If the contention of the com-panies should be sustained the result will be that as between the railroads themselves the ad-ditional taxes proposed by the act of the last ression will fall upon the companies least able to bear it. The system of taxing carnings is wrong in principle and unsatisfactory in results, and places the state absolutely at the mercy of the reports as are made to it. The privilege of ex-amining the books of the company is a useless one. The work would be almost endless, and not wish to charge fraud upon any of the com-panies upon is that the state should never be at the score of any tawayer and that a system so not wish to charge triand upon any of the com-panies doing business in this state. What I in-sist upon is that the state should never be at the mercy of any taxpayer, and that a system so open to frauds should never have been adopted, and having been adopted, should be abandoned at the entlest possible moment for one under which the ostensible property of the company can be fairly and honestly taxed. Railroad companies in this state are not bear-that they never how the taxes. For the pur-and having been absolute. Should be building to summous the control of the summous the su

ent population of the city of Detroit. The com-merce of the state was comparatively undevel-oped. The intervening period has been one o wonderful development in this state. At every session of the legislature the people have been called upon to make extraordinary appropria-tions for building up state institutions. The period includes the years of the war between 1861 and 1865, during which the burdens upon the taxpayers were greatly increased and enor-mous sacrifices had to be made. During this period the percentage of taxes of the ordinary taxpayer increased with great rapidity. In 1855, when the first Republican legislature convened, the rate of taxation for state purposes was less than one-third of a mill on the dollar and about six cents per capita. In 1865, at the end of the war, the taxes for state purposes were less than four mills on the dollar and only 57 cents per capita. In 1895 our taxes for state purposes had increased to \$134 per capita. (Auditor-General's report for 1806, pages 5409 and 310.) During the same period the proportion of taxes paid by the railroad companies decreased. In 1855 the rail-roads paid 72 per cent of all the taxes levied for state purposes. In 1895 the percentage refers to state taxes alone. The other taxpayers of the state were called upon to meet a similar increase in taxes for local purposes, from which the railroad companies in the state have been entirely free. ent population of the city of Detroit. The com-merce of the state was comparatively undevel-

the railroad companies in the state have been entirely free. The history of railroad taxation in this state is very interesting. Under the special charters of 1846 the roads were required to pay, after 1851, an annual tax of three-quarters of 1 per cent upon their capital stock paid in and upon all loans made by the company for the purpose of construction. Upon this basis the taxes upon railroads in 1895 would have been \$2,257,523 fol instead of \$711,408 77. In 1855 the general rai: road law was passed by the first Republican legislature of the state of Michigan. It placed the taxes of railroad companies organized under legislature of the state of Michigan. It placed the taxes of railroad companies organized under that taxes of railroad companies organized under that is per cent upon the capital stock paid in. Under this act, if it had been left undisturbed and applied to all railroads, the state would have received in 1805 \$3,010,031 45, instead of \$741.-018 77. In 1809 the act was amerided so as to re-quire the companies to pay, in addition to the above, I per cent upon all moneys realized from loans, mulcipa' aid and other sources used in the construction of the roads. Every change in the system of taxait. In from 1809 to the present time with the exception of the act passed in 1807, has resulted in decreasing the proportion of taxes paid by the railroads. In the meantime the burden of taxation on others, as already shown, has normously increased.

paid by the railroads. In the meantime the burden of taxation on others, as already shown, has enormously increased. The system of a tax on earnings was not adopt-ed until 1851. At that time the railroad com-panies were paying nearly 35 per cent of the whole tax, not including taxes for municipal pur-poses. The effect of the legislation was to de-crease the percentage palo by railroads in two years to less than 18 per cent. Even the change made in the Michigan Central charter in 1803, by which the people were led to believe that the Michigan Central Railroad Co., in coming under the general law as to taxation, had made a con-cersion favorable to other taxpayers, has op-erited to decrease the burdens of that company. The report of the Michigan Central Railroad Co., found in the railroad commissioner's report for 1806 at page 351, shows the cost of the 221 miles of that road in Michigan to be \$25,462,-1521 13. (Taxes computed upon this sum under the old charter at three-quarters of 1 per cent would amount to \$190,006 74. The taxes paid by th company in 1895, under the new act, were \$145, 515 01, making the state a loser by the change o \$45,454 73. This is the loss for a single year. The repeal of the charter was made to cover the taxes of 1892, so that the state has already lost by the change made in 1893 more than \$200,00. While these reductions were being made in thay compand by the calling ads they were receiving

10st by the change made in 1893 more than \$200.00.
While these reductions were being made in thaxes paid by the railtoads they were receiving immense favors from the state. In 1856 the general government gave to the state, to aid in the construction of railroads, six sections of land for every mile of railroads and turned over the state legislature passed acts to ald the construction of numerous railroads and turned over the general government, and also exempted the land five from taxation for seven years in the lower peninsula. The acts making these grants required the companies the legislature power to levy a further tax after ten years of 2 per cent on the gross earnings of the road. Under this act, the state should be now receiving from the companies, there millions of dollars every year, besides the 2 per cent on earnings. The value of the land siven way is almost beyond computation. They were covered with magnificent forests of pine and hardwood and beneath the surface there was untold mineral wealth. Alternate sections were given to the 'companie's and the others sold to actual settlers. Every acre cleared by the pioneer and every food built by him to enable him to reach a market with his products, enhanced the valu of the railroads through their own sections, but through the railroad's sections, a fact which added materially to the burdens o the home-builders. Their children were companies for the purpose of reaching the schools the advantage of a development which ces them nothing. While these reductions were being made in th

This contract on the part of the rallroad com-panies to pay I per cent on the cost of the road has been violated from the first, so that the state has never realized anything substantial from it. In most instances the land grants made to the companies have been separated from the own-ership of the rallroads and treated as profits by the promoters. In this way the state has been porations, while the generous gifts to aid them have passed into other hands. The lands them-selves have in many cases been stripped of their timber during the period of their exemption from taxation and have returned to the state in a worthless condition for the non-payment of sub-sequent taxes. This contract on the part of the railroad con on these controls for the hole payment of back In addition to the lands given by the general government to the state to aid in building rail-oads, immense tracts were given to aid in drain-ng and reclaiming the low lands of the state. ing and reclaiming the low lands of the state. As to these lands the state was simply a trustee The trust should have been regarded as sacred The governor cites several instances where the legislature has given away large tracts of th-lands to the railroads and showing that read have never fulfilled their part of the contracts to drain the lands, etc., and have evaded taxes on them in nearly every instance. The governor then says: have never fulfilled their part of the courtains to drain the lands, etc., and have evaded taxes on them in nearly every instance. The governor then says: These, are only samples of many to be found in our statute books during that vericed of plun-der and spollation. They followed each other in rapid succession until the generous gifts of the national government to the state had been ab-sorded by the railroad companies and until the lands in the hands of the railroad companies of this state, after having received these generous gifts, ask to be exempted from their contract obliga-tions? How can any honest man now object to making the companies thus richly endowed by the state pay at least their share of the public harvest from these gifts. They have realized enormous sums from the sale of timber and its transportation to market, and from sale of min-eral lands and the transportation of ores. I am aware that it is claimed by the railroad companies that their business is so depressed and Michigan affords such a poor field for the'r operations that they cannot afford to contribut-ther share towards the necessary expenses of the state. As to this excuse, I can only repeat what I said in my message of May 6, 1897: "I regard it as a slander upon the commonwalth to say that Michigan is not as favorably sit-uated for railroad operations as any of her sister states. She has been considered unusually rich in resources, and resources of that character which m.2: business for railroads. Michigan is first in the production of lumber; first in the production of suit; first in the production of wheat, corn, potatoes, wool and fruit; she has an in-dustricity and thrifty population; she les in the oath of through connecre and certainly en-ioys her rull share of it." I am dware, too, of the suggestion made by interested persons that railroads. Chisis wool afford no excuse for taxing railroads. This wool different property, which should be trated differentily from the other property. We have no right to sust a special pri then says: These are only samples of many to be foun These are only samples of many to be foun

We have no right to tax the whole people for he benefit of a few. We have no right to re-leve rallroads of taxation, or in other words to make the other taxpayers pay the taxes which rallroads should pay to benefit those who ship relight or ride on railroads. The rules who ship freight or ride on railroads. The rules of hon-esty require that every man should pay his share of the taxes, and that every dollar's worth of property of every kind should bear its equal pro-

of the taxes, and that every dollar's worth of property of every kind should bear its equal pro-jortion. The governor mentions a number of railroads north of the 44th parallel of latitude which pay no taxes, have been exempted in 1891 for a period of 10 years. The sworn reports of these companies show that they are valued at more than \$15,000,000. They are used as feeders to other systems, some of which pay as high as 7 per cent in dividends. On what principle can these railroads be exempted from taxation? Our constitution provides: "The legislature shall provide an uniform rule of taxation, ex-cept on property paying specific taxes." (Arti-cle XIV, section 11.) How can we call that an uniform rule of taxation which exempts some property entirely from taxation and shifts the taxes which it should pay to other property? It is mere robbery under the name of legislation. The governor rounds up the railroad taxation question by showing that, although the rail-mads receive a great benefit from the various appropriations made for state institutions, yet they pay the smallest proportion of the taxes from which these appropriations are paid. In my message of May 6, 1837, I called your attention to the operation of the present laws with reference to express companies, and pointed out to you that under the laws as they then ex-isted we collected from express companies in the state, as 1 per cent on gross earnings, in 1895, \$2.742.34, and in 1806, \$2.6336. In the neigh-boring state of Indiana the property of these companies was assessed in 1895 of \$1,330.676.

State, as 1 per cent on gross earnings, in 1830, \$2742 34, and in 1830, \$2,503 30. In the neigh-boring state of Indiana the property of these companies was assessed in 1835 for \$1,330,676. Indiana had at that time 1,336 less miles of rail-road than Michigan. The business of express companies is largely dependent upon the rail-roads, so that it is safe to say that with our excersive mileage and ex-cessive commerce the business done in this state-must be at least equal to the business done in the state of Indiana. If the express companies of this state had been assessed at the same amount as in Indiana, their taxes would have been, in 1835, \$37,258 93, instead of \$2,742 34. amount as in Indiana, their taxes would have been, in 1805, \$37,258 93, instead of \$2,742 34. This is computed at the average rate of taxation as fixed by the board of review for that year. In the neighboring state of Ohio express compan-ies are made to yield even a larger revenue than in Indiana. The system under which they are taxed in Indiana and Ohio has been pro-mounced fair and just by the Supreme Court of the United States, and I earnestly recommend the adoption of the same system in this state. Telephone companies are taxed at the average rate paid by other taxpayers in the state. This rate is determined by a board of review from the scored in the auditor-general's office. The following table is valuable not only in this connection, but as indicating to you the average rate of taxation in this state for sev-eral years: Rate as equalized by board of review:

.0228 .023 .026 .028 1893. 1894. 1895.

(Aud.-Gen.'s Rep., 1896, page 73.) (Aud.-Gen.'s Rep., 1896, page 73.) The difficulty with these companies is that many of them do an interstate business and are incorporated under the laws of other states. Their property in sight in this state is com-paratively small, although their earnings are very great. The Ohio and Indiana system as to express companies should be applied to them so that taxes may be levied upon the propor-tionate amount of their capital used in this state. There is but one rule consistent with honesity and that is to place all the property of the

There is but one rule consistent with honesty and that is to place all the property of the tate upon the same footing and to make every one pay his share and to ask no one to pay more than his share. No one should ask the railroads, express companies, telegraph and sist upon others doing. We should not be satisfied with less. We should bear in mind that we are only representatives, in passing laws that affect the interests of our unborn men and women who are to come after us. Our constituents have a right to demand a sub-stantial and bona fide effort to equalize taxes and to make every ore pay his just share. The taxes paid by milroad companies, express commanies, telegraph and telephone companies under the present system are devoted to the primary school fund. I respectfully recommend to you that the taxes to be collected under any act which you may page be devoted to the cump o you that the taxes to be collected under any tet which you may pass be devoted to the sum urpose, and be naid direct to the school dis-ricts of the state in proportion to the number of school children. collected under any

tricts of the state in proportion to the number of school children. I recommend that you authorize the appoint-ment of a state board of five, to be non-partisan if the constitution permits, which shall be empowered to make a just and equitable valuation of the franchises and other property of railroad companies, express companies, tele-graph and telephone companies at their true cash value, and to ascertain the average rate of taxes paid by the other people of the state for state, county and municipal purposes, and to assess the property of these companies at that rate, the moneys collected to be paid ai-trectly to the state treasurer and by him dis-tributed in the same manner as the moneys now collected from specific taxes. collected from specific taxes. If the interval of the interval

township described in said application, a certified statement, without delay, of all local taxes as-sessed upon the descriptions of property returned delinquent for state and county purposes. And it shall be the duty of such treasurer or other proper officers to furnish such information to such county treasurer as may become necessary under the provisions of this act, which state-ments when received, shall be laid before said board by the auditor-general. Sec. 7. Said board shall tax the property of

Sec. 7. Said board shall tax the property of the several companies as assessed by it, at the average rate of taxation as determined by it, and the amount of tax to be paid by each of said companies shall be extended upon said assess-ment roll opposite the descriptions of their re-spective properties, and the tax so extended shall be paid to the state treasurer by said companies respectively on or before the first Monday in January following the assessment and levy aforesaid, which tax when so assessed and levied shall be in lieu of all other taxes for state and January following the assessment and levy aforesaid, which tax when so assessed and levied shall be in lieu of all other taxes for state and local purposes, not including special assessments made in any county, city, village or township. Sec. 8. Any person or persons, joint stock company or corporation owning and operating a railroad in the state, or owning and operating a union railroad station and depot in this state, whether under special charter or the general railroad aw or the act to authorize the incor-poration of union railroad stations and depots, or any other act of this state or any other state or country, shall be deemed a railroad company within the meaning of this act. Sec. 9. Any person or persons, foint stock association or corporation, wherever organized or incorporated or wherever residing, engaged in the business of conveying to, from or through this state or any other part thereof, money, pack-ages, gold, sliver, plate or other articles by ex-press, not including the ordinary lines of trans-portation of merchandise and property in this state, shall be deemed an express company with-in the meaning of this act. Sec. 10. Any person or persons, joint stock association or corporation, wherever organized or incorporated or wherever residing, engaged in the business of transmitting to, from, through in this state, tolegraphic messages, shall be deemed a tegraph company within the meaning of this act. Sec. 11. Any person or persons, joint stock

of this act. Sec. 11. Any person or persons, joint stock wherever organized association or corporation, wherever organized association or corporation, wherever organized or incorporated or wherever residing, engaged in the business of transmitting to, from or through this state, telephonic messages, shall be deemed a telephone company within the meaning of this act

association of company, where residing energy in the business of transmitting to, from of through this state, telephone company within the meaning of this act. Sec. 12. Every railroad, express, telegraph and telephone company defined in the pre-ceding sections, doing business in this state, shall annually, between thear, under the oath of the president, featury, treasurer, superin-terdent or chief efficer of such association or corporation, make of said board, in such form as the culture near or persons, an association or corporation, and under the laws of what state or ccurry organized. 3. The location or corporation, and under the laws of what state or ccurry organized. 3. The location or corporation, and under the laws of what state or ccurry organized. 3. The location or corporation, and under the laws of what state or ccurry organized. 3. The location of its principal officer or managing agent of the company in Michizan. 6. The number of shares of the critical statement of the capital stock. 7. The par value and maxet value, or if there be no market value, or if there be no market value, or if the sames of stock on the first day of May. 5. A detailed statement of the real estate owned by the company, in Michigan, where istuated and the value thereof as assessed, if it is assessed for taxation under any other lay. 9. A full and correct inventory of the personal property, including money and credits owned by the company, in Michigan, on the first day of May, where situated outside of Michigan. 11. The total value of the personal property of the company, in Michigan, where is shutifar. 11. In case of railroad, telegraph and telephone company and telephone company and the personal property of the company, and the length of their lines and where source derived, for the year ending the first day of May, trom whatever source derived, and era of said way, from whatever source derived, and era of said way from whatever source derived, how ever, frant the reports hereby provided for shall nos the real way for such

Sec. 23. If the property so destrained can-

Bec. 23. If the property so destrained cannot be sold for want of bidders, or if the property of any corporation levied upon under this act is insufficient to pay the tax, the sherif shall forthwith return a statement of the same to the auditor-general; and if such corporation shall still neglect or refuse to pay such tax within 30 days after such return, it shall be deemed a forfeiture of all its corporate rights and privileges. And the auditor-general; who shall, by a bill nequity, apply to any court of competent urisdiction in this state, upon proper notice to the corporation to be affected, to have such forfeiture declared and enforced.
 Se. 24 faxes the compensation of members of the board at \$10 per day and expenses for time actually spent in performing their duite.
 Se. 25. Said board shall attach to the assessment roll herein provided for a certificate to be signed by the members of stid board, or the majority of said members who have taken part in the assessment of the projerty of all the railroad companies, express companies, telegraph companies, and that we have estimated the same at what we believe to be the true cash value thereof, and that we have taxed to the taxed in this state, according to our best information, and that we have estimated the same at the average rate of taxes for state, municipal and local purposes levied throughout the state during the year, not including special assessments for Improvements made in counters, effect, villages or townships.
 Se. 27. Whenever property is sold for taxes of division, it may be sold as an entirety, and if such property the same shall be contested, either particular division shall shall be contested, either particular division, it may be sold as an entirety, and if burch is a such and received is a surplus shall mave been assessment or orporation than the person or corporation from the sales of the prosens or corporation may had and repartis at the other as for money had and reparts the such party is

any prosecution of the person or corporation so offending under the criminal laws of this state. Sec. 30. All acts or parts of acts, whether contained in special acts under which any of the companies whose property is to be assessed under this act, shall have been incorporated, or in the general railroad law and the amend-ments thereto, or in the act for the incorporation of union railroad stations and depot companies, or in any other law of the state, so far as such acts or parts of acts are inconsistent with this act, and no further, are hereby repealed: Pro-vided, however, That all rights which the state has now under any of said acts for taxes or penalties, shall not be in any way affected by this act, and this act shall not constitute a bar against any prosecution or recovery on ac-count of such taxes or penalties.

ALL OVER THE WORLD.

Berlin landlords have for a long time kept a black list of undesirable tenants. Now an association of tenants has been formed, which has drawn up a list of unpleasant landlords, including all those who make use of the black list.

La Scala, Milan's famous opera house, is closed this winter. The city authorities have refused to renew their subvention on the ground that too many foreign operas are produced on its stage and that the theater is not carrying out the purpose of the subvention-that is, the development of Italian lyric art.

Scotch whisky keeps on booming There are 158 distilleries at work in Scotland that find it difficult to keep up with orders and more government inspectors are called for. The output last year was 28,500,000 gallons, an increase of 30 per cent over the year before. There are 77,000,000 gallons stored away maturing. The increase in Irish whisky last year was thirteen and that in English whisky 10 per cent.

The railroads of the United States

\$100,000,000 in excess of the total ex-

penditures of the United States gov-

ernment and this computation does

not include nearly \$250,000,000 paid in

the form of interest upon railroad

bonds or guaranteed stock and from

\$80,000,000 to \$100,000,000 paid in the

form of dividend ... stockholders. The

railroads, indeed, re the great dis-

bursing agencies the country, hand-

ling never less than \$1,000,000,000 in a year and disbursing it all, or prac-

tically all, for railroads as a rule do

not keep large bank accounts and do

practically a cash business, furning the

OF A SCIENTIFIC NATURE.

As a rule the scent of flowers does

not exist in them as in a store, or

gland, but rather as a breath, an ex-

halation. While the flower lives it

breathes out its sweetness, but when

Most of us have no doubt experienc-

money rapidly.



DIETZ

No. 3 Street Lamp

HAS A SHINING RECORD

the FRANKLIN HOUSE, at Bates and Larned Sts. Rates are \$1.50 to \$2.00 per day, American plan. Woodward and Jefferson Aves. are only a block away, with cars to all parts of the city. Excellent accommodations for wheelmen.

H. H. JAMES & SON, Proprietors, Bates and Larned Sts., Detroit, Mich



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be a trifling matter, expressive of profound disregard of the convenience and comfort of others. Thus in a London fog two companions found much assistance in making their way because a couple in front of them had a lantern. Suddenly a voice exclaimed, "Hide the lantern; there are some people behind us actually making use of our light!" In your way through the world, with the groping all about you, do you show or hide your light?

For many years there has been no time when a pure food bill was not before the legislature of some state. The urgency of legislating on the subject is humorously stated by a Hartford man who liked some raspberry jam so well that he asked his grocer to get him the recipe. The grocer wrote to Boston, and the Boston wholesaler wrote to Kalamazoo, and the manufacturers in Kalamazoo, being assured that the information was for domestic purposes only, replied that the body of the jam was tomatoes, the coloring was secured by aniline dyes, and the seed was hayseed!

The person who made Milwaukee famous is soon to leave the city. The First Methodist church of Asbury Park. N. J., has called Rev. Wesley A. Hunsberger and under the rules he regards the call as a summons to be heeded. The loss to Milwaukee involved in the nermanent departure of this clergyman will be felt by the hotel-keepers. the lake and rail transportation commanies, by fugitive and other varieties of foolish lovers in two states, and by quite a number of hack drivers. The newspapers, also, must confess a sense of loss in being deprived of a source of much mystery and of some sensational news. A preacher who has received for a period of several years a greater amount of money in the form of fees for marriages, many of the clandestine sort, than he derived in salary as pastor of the flock of one of the prominent city churches cannot go without being promiscuously missed.

What is the use of getting angry at foreign lecturers in America who give unfavorable impressions of American audiences, and even of American women? They are doubtless honest in their views; if they were not the impressions would be without value and unworthy of notice. If they gave only praise that would still be valueless. for it is not to be expected that they will see things through their glasses as we see them through ours. And hasn't this country acquired a sufficiency of self-respect to overcome its sensitiveness to criticism?

THE NEW BILL.

The Measure Presented to the Legislature for More Equitable Taxation. Gov. Pingree's corporation tax bill as intro-

luced in the legislature is as follows: A bill to provide for the assessment and levy of taxes upon the property of railroad com-panies, express companies, telegraph companies, and telephone companies.

Section 1. The people of the State of Michigar enact. That it shall be the duty of the governor Section 1. The people of the State of Michigan enact, That it shall be the duty of the governor, within five days after this act shall take effect and be in force, to appoint four resident free-holders of this state, and their successors there-after as their terms of office shall expire, who, with the auditor-general of the state, shall constitute the state board of assessors, of wh'ch the auditor-general shall be the president. The persons so appointed shall hold their offices for the term of two years from and after the day of their appointment respectively, or until their successors shall be appointed and qualified. A majority of said board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of the duties prescribed for said board under this act.

majority of said opara sum construct a sum for the transaction of the duties prescribed for said board under this act. Sec. 2. Said board shall elect a secretary at a salary not to exceed \$2,000 per annum. The secretary so appointed shall hold his offlice for the term of two years and shall keep a record of all the proceedings of said board, which record with all other papers or proceedings of said board shall be a part of the records of the auditor-general's offlice, and of which the aud-itor-general shall be the hawful custodian. The secretary shall devote all his time to the duties of his offlice, and when said board is not in session shall perform such duties as may have been assigned him by said board or as he may be directed to perform by the auditor-general. Secretary anovides for the members of the board session shall perform such duties as may nave been assigned him by said board or as he may be directed to perform by the auditor-general. Sec. 3 provides for the members of the board and the secretary taking the oath of office. Sec. 4. Said board shall hold its sessions at the office of the auditor-general. /It shall have access to all books, papers, documents, state-ments and accounts on file or of record in eny of the departments of state, subject to the rules and regulations of the respective departments relative to the care of the public records. It shall make an assessment roll each year contain-ing a list of all property by it assessed, which assessment roll shall be field with the auditor-general and be open to inspection like the other files and records in his office. Said board shall have the right to subpoen witnesses. The

hies and records in his office. Said board shall have the right to subpoena witnesses. The person serving such subpoena shall receive the same compensation now allowed to sheriffs and other officers serving subpoenas. Said board shall have power to examine witnesses under oath, said oath to be administered by any memoath, said oath to be administered by any mem-ber of said board or by the secretary thereof. Said board shall have the right to examine books, papers or accounts of any corporation, firm or individual owning property to be assessed by said board; and if any corporation, firm or individual refuse to permit said inspection, or neglect or fail to appear before said board in response to its subpean, said corporation, firm or individual shall forfeit the sum of \$500 to the state.

state, Sec. 5. The board shall meet on the first Mon-day in September in each year, and between that time and the first Monday in November of each and the first Monday in November of each assess all the property in this state of rail. year assess all the property in this state of rail-road companies, express companies, telegraph companies and telephone companies now organ-ized or hereafter organized and doing business in this state, under any law of this state or any state or country. Said board may inspect all the property belonging to said companies, 'for the purpose of arriving at the true cash value thereof, for the purpose of assessment and taxa-tion. Said board may, for the same purpose, take into consideration the reports and returns of said companies on file in the office of any offi-cer in this state, to cetter, with such other evi-dence as it may be able to obtain bearing upon the true cash value of the property of said comyear assess all th road companies, of said companies on the in the state state cer in this state, together with such other evi-dence as it may be able to obtain bearing upon the true cash value of the property of said com-

the true cush value of the property of said com-panies in this state. See, 6, Said board shall determine the rate of taxes to be levied and collected upon said as-sersments, and which rate shall be the same as the average rate of taxes for state, municipal and local purposes levied throughout the state during the previous year, not including special assessments for improvements assessed upon properties benefited, made in counties, cities, vil-lages or townships, and which rate shall be as-certained by said board from the records and files in the auditor-general's office and from the returns of the delinquent tax lists of the several counties. And in case any city, village or townreturns of the definition tax lists of the several counties. And in case any city, village or fown-ship in any county in this state shall not be re-quired by law to return its delinquent local taxes to the auditor-general, it shall be the duty of any county treasurer, upon application of the auditor-general therefor, to obtain from the treas-urer or other proper officer of the ditm, village or

Sec. 14. Said board shall ascertain and assess the value of all property of express companies, telegraph and telephone companies doing busi-ness in this state at its true cash value. And in determining the property of said companies in this state, to be taxed within the state an' assessed as bareful word doal word chell by who had made a business of killing the birds, when brought up in court, pleaded that the pigeons had no legal owners, as they were fed by the public on the Piazza San Marco. The city authorities maintained that the pigeons were the wards of the old republic and

therefore of the present municipality, a view that was adopted by the court. expend in a year a sum more than

in determining the property of said companies in this state, to be taxed within the state and assessed as herein provided, said board shall by guided by the value of said property as deter-mined by the entire capital stock of said com-panies, and such other evidence as will enable said board to arrive at the true cash value of the entire property of said companies within this state, in the property of said company as determined by the value of the capital stock thereof and such other evidence. See, 15. In case any company fails or refuses to make the statement required by this act, or to furnish any information requested, the board shall inform itself as best it may on the matters necessary to be known in order to discharge its, duties with respect to the assessment of the property of said company. See, 16. At any time after the meeting of said board in September as above provided, and before the assessment of the property of any such company is determined, any company or person interested shall have the right, on writ-ten application, to appear before said board and be heard as to the valuation of the prop-erty of said company and said board may, on such application or on its own motion, correct the assessment or valuation of the property any such company or person in such manner as will in its judgment make the valuation thereof just and equal.

the assessment or valuation of the property of any such company or person in such manner as will in its judgment make the valuation thereof just and equal. Sec. 17. In-case any company required to fit a statement under the provisions of this act fails to make and file such statement on or before the thirty-first day of May, or in the year 1898 on or before, the first day, or September, such company shall be subject to a nemalty of \$500 and an additional penalty of \$100 for each day's omission after the day prescribed for the making of such report, to file such statement. Sec. 18. Said board shall not include in its assessment against said companies any prop-erty assessed upon its value for taxation under any other law in this state. Sec. 19. All taxes collected under this act shall be applied in paying the interest on the primary school, university and other educational funds, and the interest and principal of the state debt, in the order recited until the extinguish-ment of the state debt cher than the accounts due to educational funds, when such taxes shall be added and constitute a part of the primary school interest fund, and such taxes as are collected under the provisions of this act shall be treated and disbursed. Sec. 20. It shall be the duty of said board to make and prepare an assessment and the taxes assessed upon all property to be assessed and taxed under the provisions of this act shall be treated and disbursed. Sec. 20. It shall be the duty of Said board to make and prepare an assessment and the taxes assessed upon all property to be assessed and taxed under the provisions of this act, and to file the same with the auditor-general of the state on or before the tenth day of December's in each and every year. And it shall be the duty of the auditor general to notify the rei-sons or corporations son assessed to pay the taxes assessed against them respectively to the treasurer of the State of Michigan on or before the first Monday of January next succeeding the date of said notice.

treasurer of the State of Michigan on or better the first Monday of January next succeeding the date of said notice. See, 21. If such person or corporation shall neglect to pay the taxes so assessed for 30 days after the time limited by this act for the pay-ment thereof, it shall be the duty of the aud-itor-general to issue his warrant to the sheriff of any county in which the m reinal office of the corporation or person so assessed is situated in this state, or to the sheriff of any county in which thany property belonging to such corpora-tion or person may be situated. commanding him forthwith to levy on the same together with 2 per cent for every month or part of a month during which said corporation or per-son shall be delinquent in the payment of said tax, by distress and sale of any of the property of said corporation or person wherever the same may be found in this state. And it shall be the duty of such sheriff to collect such tax, and pay the same over, reserving his fees, to the state is col-lected. See, 22. The sheriff to, whom such warrant selves become fragrant. ed the discomforts of being seized with a fit of coughing or sneezing at the most inconvenies, times and places, and it is not usually supposed that any exercise of the will power can be made efficient in checking either a cough or a sneeze. Dr. Brown-Sequard, however, in one of his lectures, said that coughing can be stopped by pressing

1. 22. The sheriff to whom such warrant be directed shall give public notifier and place of Sec. 22. The sheriff to whom such warran shall be directed shall give public notice of the time and place of sale and of the property to be sold, at least 10 days previous to the sale, which notice shall be posted in three public places in the township, eity or village where such sale is to be made, and such sale shall be by public auction at the principal entrance to the court house of the county in Thich he is sheriff.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest cir-culation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$3 a year; four months, \$1. Sold by all newsdealers, MUNN & CO. 361 Broadway, New York ce. 625 F St., Washin YOUR FORTUNE Venice has asserted the right of ownership over the famous pigeons of St. Mark. Some enterprising street boys

Is your health. Your happiness is your strength. Keep the Head and Throat clear and healthy and your mind and brain is always at rest and ease. CUSHIMAN'S MENTHOL INHALER is the strentest relief to mankind in all head troubles. **CURES COLDS. SORE THECOAT.** CA- **TARRII.** That awfal odor of Catarrh dis-appears by its use. Wonderini in Har Ferer and Asthma. EF BUY ONLY CUSHDAAN'3. If you coult set it al inversite send on it. B. If you can't get it at Druggists send for it. By mall, 50 cents. Send for Book on Menthol, free. CUSHMAN DRUG CO., VINCENNES, IND., U. S. A.

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Question

Any



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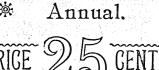
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on the nerves of the lips in the neighborhood of the nose. Sneezing may be stopped by the same means. Pressing in the neighborhood of the ear may stop coughing. Pressing very hard on the top of the moush is also a means

of stopping coughing

You may Ask It. Encyclopedia 读 *



it dies the fragrance usually ceases to exist. The method of stealing from the flower its fragrance while it is still living is no new thing, and it is not known when it was discovered that butter, animal fat, or oil would ab-**X** sorb the odor given off by living flowers placed near them, and would themSpring Medicine

of great suffering can fully appreciate

the gratitude with which the testi-

monials overflow written in favor of

Hood's Sarsaparilla. Just read this:

These two words emphasize a necessity and indicate a remedy. Spring-the season when the blood is

most impure as a result of the winter's closer confinement, higher living, slower action of the kidneys and liver; when humors of all kinds. boils, pimples and eruptions are most liable to appear; when the weak, languid condition of the whole bodily structure demands and welcomes help.

MEDICINE-that to which the millions turn at this season-Hood's Sarsaparilla. The original and only preparation especially adapted to the present needs of the human family; that which makes the blood pure and clean, as shown by its thousands of wonderful cures of dreadful blood diseases; creates an appetite and cures dyspepsia, as shown by its "magic touch" in all stomach troubles; steadies and strengthens the nerves, as proved by people formerly nervous, now calm and selfpossessed, thanks to

People who think before they speak always manage to economise on talk.

Our own heart, and not other men's opinions of us, forms our true honor.

Beauty is Blood Deep.

beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathar-tic cleans your blood and keeps it clean, by

stirring up the lazy liver and driving all im-

purities from the body. Begin today to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads,

and that sickly bilious complexion by taking

Cascarets-beauty for ten cents. All drug-gists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

Drive your work and the chances are 1,000 to 1 ou will be a winner.

Learn to discriminate. It elevates, trans-

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflam mation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 centsa bottle

Devotion to duty is evidence of a strong and

Piso's Cure for Consumption has been a fam-ily medicine with us since 1865.—J. R. Madison, 2409 42d Ave., Chicago, Ills.

Some men are born great, and some be to

The misery of it is awful. USE ST.

CURE SCIATICA

assured if you take

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sumer for 25 years at whole sale prices, saving him the dealer's profits. Ship any-where for examination.

ges, Phaetons, Traps, Wagon-ottes, Spring-Road and Milk Wagons. Send for large, free Catalogue of all our styles.

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Catalogue free from any Columbia dealer, or by mail for one 2-cent stamp,

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ees. does.

noble character.

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Coe's Cough Balsam dest and best. It will break up a cold quicke thing else. It is always reliable. Try it.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No



"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.: "Gentlemen :--- "My first experience with Hood's Sarsaparilla was when I used it as a tonic and spring medicine. It did me so | much good my faith in its merits became

are frightfully crooked. I remember

America's Greatest Medicine, because it cures when all others fail.

circle all day."

Very Much Run Down, as I had been troubled with dyspepsia. CHAPTER XXII. The drain on my system was so severe and my stomach was so weak I became a ready victim of malaria. I feared I could never regain my health. My stomach rebelled at the simplest food, and the medicines prescribed for me gave but little relief. I sent for a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and I had taken this medicine but three Micro days when I began to improve. Continuing with it, I am now better and stronger than I ever expected to be. It has purified my blood and given good circulation. I have had no return of my old troubles

Hood's Sarsaparilla is The Medicine For You

a running sore on my foot. It de eloped

into erysipelas and affected the entire

limb. At that time I was

Only those who have been relieved | very strong. About two years later I had

dlesex!" sin e." MRS. W. KANE, Media, Pa.

because you ought this spring to take that which will do you the most good.



"Yes, but he didn't look a bit as if he believed me," Dorothy returned. UT he was greatly tickled by Charles' "Then just let him come here and remarks, and more try it on," cried Barbara valiantly, than once on the and really as she stood there, a stout way home repeated and comfortable figure with her arms to himself with a akimbo, she looked more than a match chuckle, "Dook of, for any ordinary man, and nobody Middlesex! I must would have believed, except such as encourage Charles knew her well, how utterly her courage a little. 'Pon my always deserted her at a critical mosoul, uncommonly ment. "Let him try it on, that's all. neat-Dook of Mid-I can give him a bit of information he won't find very much to his liking -I can tell his high and mightiness that I see you married with my own

eyes.' But David Stevenson stood in need of no such information; he had not believed that Dorothy was marriedshe was right enough there. Still, he had realized at last that she was not for him, and that afternoon, whilst he was idly turning over the papers in the reading-room of the hotel, and wishing himself with all his heart down at Holroyd, it suddenly occurred to him that if Dorothy really was married, he would be able to get evidence of the fact by walking down the street "What! have you seen him?" cried and spending an hour and half a crown "I used to feel," Dorothy went on, in at Somerset House.

And there, sure enough, he found the record that was the death-blow of his last little feeble hope-the record of the marriage between Richard Harris, bachelor, and Dorothy Strode, spinster, bearing date now a little more than nine months old.

had been a little hard for him, so I "Barbara Potter, witness," read Da have stood up for him with all of you. vid to himself between his teeth, then But you were all right, and I take back clenched his hand hard as it rested now every word that ever I have said upon his knee, so that the glove which covered it was burst in several places. Barbara drew her into the pretty "Damn that old woman! she must drawing room. "Sit down, my dear young mistress," she said, tenderly, have a hand in it, of course."

Then he put the great book back up on the table, and strode out along the empty echoing corridors and across the street. After a moment's hesitation. caused by the noise and throng of the street, he made up his mind. "Hang it all, what's the good of

stopping here? I'll go back home; I shan't feel it so badly there."

CHAPTER XXIII. go back and the past would be for-HREE days had gotten, and he had insinuated-nay, had told her plainly-but, no. Dorothy's composure did not hold out long 4885 enough for her to tell that part of her Barbara sat down beside her and cook her into her arms, so that she although she had might lay her head upon the old ser-

over."

out on the rubbish heap," Bell answered.

"Nav. I'll take 'em down to mine, said Isaac, in a quivering voice. "As you like about that." said Bell. all unknowing of the tumult in the old man's breast.

And the day following that David Stevenson ordered his horse and rode away from Holroyd through Graveleigh and past the old Hall to a large and prosperous-looking farm, about a mile beyond the house where Dorothy's old friend, Lady Jane Sturt, lived. He turned in at the gates and gave his horse into the care of a man who

came running out. "Is Miss Elsie at home?" he asked. "I believe she is, sir," the man re-

olied; "but if you'll knock at the door they'll tell you for certain." A nice-looking country girl in a neat apron and cap came to the door. Yes, Miss Elsie was at home, the mistress had gone into Dovecourt. Would

Mr. Stevenson come this way? He followed her into a pretty enough sitting-room, though it had but few of the little touches which had made Miss

Dimsdale's drawing-room so pretty and so restful. There were shades over wax flowers, and a plaster of Paris vase containing some artificial orange-



THAT WERE MISS DOROTHY'S BED blossoms, which had once adorned the wedding cake of the married daughter

1111111111111

of the house, and there were white crochet-work rags over some of the chairs, and others with fearful and wonderful designs in crewels tied up with its bits of gay-colored ribbons. Yes, it was pretty enough, but not bearable to him after the quaint and dignified air which had pervaded everything at the Hall where she had

lived. In two minutes Elsie Carrington came in, a tall, wholesome-looking girl, with fair hair that was too yelgone, and still Eslow and cheeks that were too red, and ther Brand had not as David's eyes fell upon her I am arrived in London. bound to say that his very soul seemed Each day Dorothy to turn sick within him. Not that he got more and more flinched, oh. no. David Stevenson was impatient for her not of the kind that flinches. presence, because

rand, Elsie," he began. never once seen

"Yes?" she said in

"I've come on a queer enough er-

GAINED 22 POUNDS IN 5 WEEKS. From the By-Stander, Macomb, Ill.

Alderman Louis W. Camp, of our city, has quite astonished his friends of late, by a remarkable gain in weight. He has gained 22 pounds in five weeks. Those of his friends who do not know the facts of his sickness will read with interest the following:

"I was broken down in health and utterly miserable," said Mr. Camp to our reporter. "I was unable to work much of the time and so badly afflicted with a form of stomach trouble that life was a veritable nightmare. "I tried various remedies, but during the six months of my sickness I obtained no relief. I had always been a robust, healthy man and sickness bore heavily upon me.

"About two years ago I was advised to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. purchased one box and received so uch benefit that I used five more and was entirely cured. 'I gained twenty-two pounds in five weeks. Since I stopped taking the pills I have scarcely had an ache or pain.



"Dr. Williams' Pink Pills restored me to health and I most heartily recommend L. W. Camp on oath says that the fore-

L. W. Camp on oath says that the fore-going statement is true. W. M. MELOAN, Notary Public. Following is the physician's certificate as to Mr. Camp's present conditon. I am a regularly licensed physician of Macomb, McDonough County, III. I have very recently examined Mr. L. W. Camp as to his general physical condition, and find the same to be all that could be desired, ap-petite and digestion good, sleeps well, and has all the evidences of being in a good physical condition. SAM'L RUSSELL, M. D. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 30th day of September, 1897. Soth day of September, 1897. W. W. MELOAN, Notary Public.

Finding fault with others is usually round-about way of bragging on self. The way of the transgressor, as a general rule, is to plead not guilty.



Could Not Weaken Such Testimony As This.

(From the Kalamazoo Telegraph.)

The following statement is one of great interest to many a citizen of Kalamazoo, and a man as well known as Mr. Wallace should carry more than ordinary weight with our readers. Here it is as taken

down by our representative: "My name is John A. Wallace. I am a member of the firm of J. A. Wallace & Co., doing business as tinners, etc., at 106 Eleanor Street, Kalamazoo. in which city I also reside. For the past nine or ten months I have been having attacks of kidney complaint, the pain in my back over my hips was very severe at times; my urinary system was also in a bad state of derange ment, sometimes the urine was scanty and then again the amount would be excessive, and a difficulty of passage always existed. I heard of Doan's Kidney Pills at a time when I felt that I was going to be sick, but their use warded off an attack, and I am now feeling very much better; the urinary organism has regained a normal condition, and the terrific pain in my back is much reduced in severity, while it is now fast going away altogether. I am con-tinuing the use of Doan's Kidney Pills, with positive feeling that they will effect on me a permanent and speedy cure. I have unbounded confidence in Doan's Kidney Pills as a remedy for all kidney ailments; have good reason to be, as they have done so much for me." Can you ask any more than this? Doan's Kidney Pills are relieving more backs of the burdens they have been forced to bear through the kidneys than all other means devised, and, better still, they are doing this right here in Michigan. Ask any one who has ever taken them and see what they will sav. Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealer's, price, 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U.S. Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.



An Endless Train. "Yes," said the talkative traveling man, "some of those southern roads Children are usually, though not al-ways, as good as their parentage and bringing up allow them to be. Barbara.

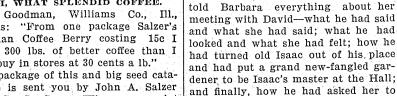
Colorado Gold Field. once starting out to make a little trip Colorado is the banner gold-producof thirty miles or so on the P. D. S. ing state in the Union. Production in 1897 over \$20,000,000. This year promroad. I started early in the morning. The hours went by; noon came. At the ises to exceed \$30,000,000. New strikes middle of the afternoon we were still are being made every day. Nothing like it since the days of '49. Would going. The road seemed more crooked than usual. We noticed that there you know all about these things? seemed to be something strange in the Then send twenty-five cents for a sixmonths' trial subscription to the monotony of the scenery along the "MINING WORLD," an eight-page route. Our train was one of those acillustrated weekly paper. Regular subscription, \$1.00 a year. The newscommodation freight trains, / with iest mining newspaper in the world. Address "World," P. O. Box 1611, Denabout forty cars. Well, sir, we didn't know what was up. Finally it dawned

Be sure to get Hood's.

In "bumming around" a man strikes

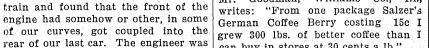
OH, WHAT SPLENDID COFFEE. Mr. Goodman, Williams Co., Ill. can buy in stores at 30 cents a lb."

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.



Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., upon receipt of 15c stamps and this notice. w.n.f.

Destiny bears us to our lot, and destiny is, per-aps, our own will.



asleep, and we had been going in a Conan Doyle got \$35,000 for "Rodney Stone."

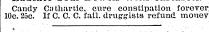
JACOBS OIL

upon some of the more observant of ver, Colorado. us that we were continually passing and repassing the same place. And nany a trail that he recognizes. that was just what was the matter."

"Why, how could that be?" "Well, sir, some of us went to the rear of the

A package of this and big seed catalogue is sent you by John A. Salzer

Refuse to allow some men to impose on you, nd they hate you forever.



lent sobbing.

story, for when she reached that point she gave way and broke down into vio-

Because of what it has done for others: Sarsaparilla

Meantime I must confess that Dorothy had gone home in what Barbara was accustomed to call "a boiling passion." Barbara happened to be coming across the little hall when she let herself in at the front door. "Miss Dor-

word."

in his favor.'

and tell me all about it."

othy-my dear, what is it?" the old servant cried, her heart jumping fairly into her mouth as a dreadful idea flashed into her mind that the young

mistress' hour had come. "Barbara," said Dorothy, in a voice shaking with passion. "I take back everything that I have ever said in defense of David Stevenson-every

the same trembling tones, and without

taking the smallest notice of Barbara's

question, "very sorry that I could never

fall in with auntie's wishes concerning

him. And then, after auntie got so

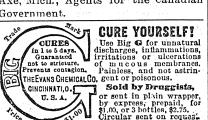
fond of my Dick, I wasn't sorry for

David, because I thought circumstances

So Dorothy sat down on the sofa and



Illustrated pamphlets, giving experience of farmers who have become wealthy in growing wheat, reports of delegates, etc., and full information as to reduced railway rates, can be had on application to Department Interior, Ottawa, Canada, also, residents of Michigan address M. V. McInnes, No. 1 Reed City, Mich., or D. L. Caven, Bad Axe, Mich., Agents for the Canadian Government.



Price, \$16.00.

fair dealing. In buying a

The Astronomical Sola

Rheumatism, La Grippe. up your home in Western Canada, In Better Health Than for the the land of plenty. [Trade Mark.] to raise up in bed from five to twelve times in one night to get my breath and to keep from

Past Fifty Years. Swanson Rheumatic Cure Co., Chicago. Dear Sirs:-It is just about one year ago when I first commenced using your "5 DROPS" for Nervous Rheumatism, Catarrh in the head and Bronchitis. I was so had that I could not eat at all, in bed or anywhere else: my Nerves were all in a quiver, and my Liver and Kidneys were all out of order; in fact, I was so bad that I had

choking, but to-day I am heartier and in better health than I have been for the past fifty Merrill Block, Detroit; James Grieve, Seed City Mich. or D. L. Coven Bad Years. Others are using it here with wonderful results and still more calling for it. Yours truly, GEORGE YEAGER, Portland, Ind., Feb. 17 1898.

IT IS THE BEST RHEUMATIC MEDICINE ON EARTH. Swanson Rheumatic Cure Co., Chicago. Gentlemen:—I received the order all right, for which I send thanks. I am still taking the "5 DROPS," and am gaining every day—haven't felt so well for ten years. I have used all kinds of medicines, but have never found anything that has done for me what "5 DROPS" has. Our stage-driver brings my medicine to me from Sharon, and he brings it very carefully, for he thinks there is no medicine on earth like "5 DROPS." He is using it for Rheumatism; he has only used it for three weeks and it has stopped all the pain in his limbs. MRS. GEO. II. ROWELL, Strafford, Vermont, Feb. 18, 1893.

MISS GEO. H. ROWELL, STATIOTA, Vermont, Feo. 18, 1893.
"5 DROPS" cures Rheumatism, Sciatica, Neuralçia, Dyspepsia, Backache, Asthma, Hay Fever, Catarrh, Sleeplessness, Norvousness, Nervous and Neuralçic Headaches, Earache, Toothache, Heart Weakness, Croup, Swelling, La Grippe, Malaria, Creeping Numberss, FOR THIRTY DAYS LONGER to enable sufferers to give "5 DROPS" at least a trial, we will send a vince you. Also, large bottles (300 doses) \$1.00, 3 bottles for \$2.50. Not sold by druggists, only by us and our agents. Agents wanted in new territory. Write us to-day. SWANSON KHEUMATIC CURE CO., 167-169 Dearborn St., CHICAGO, ILL.

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URES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. GIONISIUMIANIONIN

vant's ample breast and cry her heart ache away. "Miss Dorothy, dear," she said, pres-

ently, curiosity getting the best of her at last, "did David Stevenson dare to tell you that you wasn't married?" "Not in so many words, Barbara," Dorothy answered, sitting up now and

drying her flushed face, "but he asked me to go back and marry him," with unutterable contempt, "and he would show me what love meant-he. that turned my old friend out of his place directly Auntie died-and he said something about my turning my back on all my friends for the sake of a fellow who had brought me to this." "David Stevenson all over," remarked Barbara, dryly. "But, my dear young mistress, you didn't let him go away thinking what he had

said was true?" hood. "I told him I had been married for months." Dorothy replied, "and then I he said to old Isaac, pointing out a just said, 'Good morning' in a tone of small, neat bed cut in the velvet turf. ice, and I walked straight in without even looking at him again."

"And he saw you come in here?" Barbara cried. "Yes," Dorothy answered. "How

could I help it?" "No, I suppose not; but, depend on it, he will go gabbling back to Grave-

Esther comes."

married."

David Stevenson tone since that morning "Yes! But it's no use beating about when she had almost walked into his the bush; it's best to be honest and

arms in the Kensington High street. true, isn't it?" she was so afraid that he might be "Of course it is." She was very lurking about the neighborhood that much flushed and puzzled, too, but as she never set foot outside her own vet she had no idea of his meaning. door. If she had known that he was "You must know as well as I do," safely down at Holroyd, dividing his he went on, not attempting to go a life between riding hard from one step nearer to her or even to take her point of his property to another, and hand, "that I've cared for Dorothy sitting moodily staring into the empty Strode all my life."

fire-grate, his thoughts all busily oc-"Yes," said the girl, faintly. cupied in cursing at fate! However, "Well," standing up very straight that phase of feeling did not last long and still, and with a face like marble, "that's all over now, and I want to with him, for one fine September morn ing he went over to the Hall and wanget my life settled into shape. Holroyd wants a mistress, and I've kept dered round the quiet old garden-a good deal of its especial charm of the place open so long," with a piteous quaint beauty "improved" away nowattempt at making fun, "that I hardly where she had spent her happy childlike to offer it to any one else. Well," finding that she did not speak, "what "I'll have that bed done away with,"

do you say, Elsie?" (To be continued.)

just in front of the dining-room win-World's Most Stupendous Ruins. dow, "it spoils the look of the lawn: The most stupendous ruin in the dig it up, and we'll have it turfed world is the great temple at Baalbec. an ancient city of Syria. It seems to

at the base and about 5 feet at the top.

That part of the great platform on

which the peristyle rests consists of

immense walls built up about 50 feet

from the ground and formed of thir-

teen courses of beveled stones. An-

other marvelous ruin is the Coliseum

at Rome, which encloses a space of

been capable of seating eighty-seven

thousand spectators. Both of these

are ruins of a single building. If we

take into consideration groups of ruins

we shall be confronted with the won-

derful masses of ancient Babylon, of

Memphis, of Thebes, and of the tem-

ple of Luxor and the remains of Pom-

peii and Herculaneum, the cities which

were buried by an eruption of Manat

Vesuvius in 79 A. D.

Old Isaac looked at him hesitatingly have been a kind of Pantheon, and is -the old man had felt bitterly his situated on a magnificent/ platform, degredation from gardener to odd man. which rises it high above the level of

yet ten shillings a week is not to be the ground, and extends from east to sneezed at when its almost certain west a distance of about 1,000 feet. The alternative is the workhouse. He hardportico is at the east, and must have ly dared to say what was in his mind; been reached by a grand flight of steps. still, the old feudal instinct, the habit It is 180 feet, or, including the pavilions 260 feet from north to south. The of forty years was strong in him, and threefold entrance leads into the first he ventured a timid protest.

"That were Miss Dorothy's own bed. court, hexagonal in shape, and measuring about 250 feet from corner to corsir," he began; "she dug it her little ner. A portal 50 feet wide gives admitself, and then she'd take a turn round tance to a grand quadrangle, which exand have another spell o' digging tends from east to west for 440 feet, after. And then, in the springtime, and has a breadth of 370 feet, thus inwhen the violets came out, she was cluding an area of between three and werry proud o' the fust bunch she took four acres. The peristyle of the temto the mistress." ple proper was composed of fifty-four

"H'm," muttered David, and moved columns; the height of their shafts was away. about 62 feet, and the diameter 7 feet

"Took it better nor I thought he would," mused old Isaac, rather elated at his own boldness.

But Isaac had counted his chickens too early, for later in the day the head gardener came round to him.

"By the bye, Isaac," he said, after mentioning one or two little matters, 'the gov'nor wants that little bed under the dining-room window leveled

and turfed over-wants it done at "Yes; but it doesn't matter so much once."

"I hear," said Isaac.

The old man was trembling as he turned away, and when the other was off everybody and keep them from askgone he stood by the little flower-bed as if it were a grave, looking down ing me too closely about anything. I only hope that David Stevenson won't upon it with tear-filled eyes. "Brute!" try to force his way in here before he ground out between his teeth, "brute! What be I to do wi' the

"What would be the good?" Barwiolets, Bell?" he asked, the next time bara asked. "You told him you were he came across his superior.

If a man isn't sober he should never "Guy'ner said you was to chuck 'em attempt to walk a tight rope.

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