

# CASS CITY ENTERPRISE.

VOL. XVI. NO. 27.

CASS CITY, MICH., JUNE 10, 1897.

BY A. A. P. M'DOWELL.



## THEY SHINE FOR ALL

Bigger and Brighter than ever before. We believe in giving our customers the world's best at the world's cheapest, and our belief is strongly shown in our

New Spring assortment of  
**Shoes, Clothing,  
Hats, Caps, Gents' Furnishings.**

Also in the special bargain we are giving 3 styles of Spring

**\$10.00 Suits at \$7.00 \$8.00.**

A few more pairs women's \$3.00 shoes for \$1.00. Sizes 2½ to 4.

**J. D. Crosby**  
CASS CITY'S  
SHOE & CLOTHING MAN.

## WE ARE IN IT! HAPPY HOME CLOTHING

Will please both in price and quality.

**Our Shoe Stock is Complete.**  
Hats and Caps in Large Quantities.

## Dress Goods,

Groceries, Carpets, Curtains, and  
Ladies' Capes in Abundance.

OUR MOTTO:—"Low in price and High in Quality."

Butter and Eggs Wanted.

**2 MACKS 2.**

## LADIES!

Get a pair of our

**\$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00 Shoes at \$1.00 pr.**

before they are all gone.

See our..... 49c Corset.  
(It better than lots of 75c corsets.)

BUY OUR  
**4c Cotton, 5c Summer Dress Goods,**

10c Hose, 4½c Print, Wrappers 75c to \$1.25

## Groceries.

Granulated Sugar.....20lbs for \$1.00 Light Brown Sugar 23lbs for \$1.00  
Coffee.....10c lb Tea, "War Chop".....25c lb  
Mangle Soap.....10c lb  
Butter and Eggs wanted.

**LAING & JANES.**

## Now is the time when every one needs a New Straw Hat.

You can find them at Frost & Hebblewhite's from 5c to 50c in all the latest styles.

## New Belts

for Ladies' from 10c to 25c in Metal and White Kid. As the warm weather is here every Lady should lay aside her gloves and purchase a new pair of

## Silk Mitts.

We have them at 15, 25, 35, and 50 cents in all colors.

**Our \$1.25 Ladies' Fine Shoe**

is selling fast. Call and look at them they are winners

## Underwear

from 5c to 50c. Have a change it will do you good. We are in need of Butter and Eggs and will give you the highest market price.

**FROST & HEBBLEWHITE**

## Special Bargains IN Millinery

For the month of June at  
**MRS. E. K.  
WICKWARE'S**

All trimmed Hats and Bonnets, also untrimmed Straw Shapes at

**20 per cent. off**  
FOR CASH.

**Mrs. E. K.  
Wickware.**

Next door to West End Meat Market

## HOME HAPPENINGS

ITEMS OF PURELY LOCAL INTEREST.

Lena Fairweather is quite seriously ill.

W. J. Campbell made a trip to Ellington yesterday.

Miss Ella Bader made a trip to Saginaw this week.

Miss Lottie Usher visited friends in Kingston on Sunday.

Rev. H. McConnell, of Deford, was in town yesterday.

Carpenters are at work on the frame of R. A. Lutz's residence.

Miss Mande Treadgold is one of the latest to purchase a wheel.

O. Kline, of Gageton, was the guest of J. C. Edgar on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Heller made a return trip to Caro Thursday.

Bert Bertrand's father, from Sebawaing, visited him this week.

Mrs. E. K. Wickware makes a special announcement on this page.

The sample rooms of Hotel Gordon have received a fresh coat of paint.

Station Agent Edgar rides a fine wheel, called the "A. M. C." of Flint.

Farmers should be sure and read the article about rye in the wheat field.

Miss Kate Evans left on Tuesday morning for her brother's at Benzonia.

O. E. Schell, representing the Detroit News Co., was in town on Tuesday.

Farmers should see that the rye is cleaned out of their wheat fields at once.

Mr. and Mrs. Curtis, of Moore township, visited friends here the first of the week.

The old Tennant House barn is now being used by John McLellan as a ten cent barn.

D. R. Graham has commenced the carpenter work on the Ale residence on Third Street.

Z. Bartholomew, of Kingston, accompanied by his daughter, Miss Estella, were in town yesterday.

I. A. Fritz, our dental doctor, is attending the Dental Association at Kalamazoo this week.

Mr. and Mrs. George Zinnecker and little daughter, of Owendale, are visiting their relatives here.

Miss Lizzie Monroe, of Marlette, visited her home here on Sunday, accompanied by Wm. Rudd.

J. Mills and family, of Prescott, Mich., were the guests of Dr. C. P. Mills a portion of last week.

John McCullough, west of town, is preparing to make extensive improvements in his farm buildings.

The Kid Hustlers go to Caro tomorrow (Friday), to play the high school nine again.

The school board are asking for bids on the stone work of the addition to the school house. See notice.

The arrival of a son is announced at the home of E. T. Evans, of Benzonia, formerly of Grant township.

Charlie Fairweather returned from Imlay City yesterday and is again clerking for his brother, W. A.

Children's day exercises at the Presbyterian Church next Sunday evening. Suitable sermon in the morning.

Rev. J. W. McCready, of the M. E. Church, Elkton, made a very pleasant call at our office on Tuesday.

Friday was pension day and the old veterans received a little more of the interest on the debt Uncle Sam owes them.

The Junior League will give an ice cream social in the basement of the M. E. Church on Wednesday evening, June 10th.

The Bird and Wright schools held a picnic in the Wallace grove yesterday, which was attended by quite a number from here.

Mrs. P. R. Winegar has returned from Bad Axe, leaving her daughter, Mrs. R. Randolph, very much improved in health.

Mrs. W. S. Fritz and son, Master Fred, of Caro, visited relatives here last Friday. Mrs. A. Fritz returned with them.

Children's Day exercises will be held at the Baptist church next Sunday evening. A collection will be taken for missions.

Lena, the little daughter of W. A. Fairweather, entertained a number of her playmates on Saturday, the occasion being her birthday.

A representative of the Crusaders was in town on Monday, but he failed to call at this office, so we were deprived the privilege of an interview.

P. E. Peshetta, is now sole proprietor of the West End meat market, with John Klein as right-hand man. His advertisement appears in another column.

Misses Bessie Wright and Blanche Martin, who are employed at the asylum for the insane at Pontiac, are enjoying a three weeks' vacation at their homes here.

Parties interested in bicycle riding are requested to meet at J. L. Hitchcock's hall on Friday evening at eight o'clock for the purpose of organizing a bicycle club.

O. C. Wood is in Romeo attending the re-union of Co. A, 5th Michigan Cavalry, in which company he served. He will visit relatives there before returning.

A meeting of the directors of the Tuscola, Huron and Sanilac Fair Association will be held at the Council Rooms on Saturday, June 10th, at two o'clock p. m.

N. J. Wales, of Elkton, was in town on Sunday. We understand that Frank Pettit, of this place, is now assisting Mr. Wales in the publication of the Advance.

Master Clayton McKenzie was nine years of age on Friday and a number of his schoolmates helped him to celebrate the event in the early part of the evening.

The corner stone of the "Macabee Home" at Canboro is to be laid on Thursday, June 24th, at 2 p. m. All who can attend may be sure of a very pleasant time.

H. C. Perkins was in town yesterday delivering the new State Gazetteer, published by R. L. Polk & Co. The work is complete as it always is and valuable for reference.

S. O. Sharrard, clerk of Grant township, was in town on Tuesday. He reports that township entirely free from debt and they have recently purchased a road grader which fixes the road up right.

Music and ice cream! The Order of the Star of Bethlehem will give a musical and literary program and serve ice cream in Hitchcock's Hall on the evening of Tuesday next. Tickets, 15c, or two for 25c.

Half a dozen members of the Orange Lodge assisted the Gageton lodge on Tuesday evening in giving three members the Royal Arch degree. The Unionville lodge was also represented and a very pleasant time is reported.

The regular monthly meeting of the Anti saloon League will be held on Monday evening next at the residence of I. A. Fritz, instead of at Rev. Penn's as previously announced. All interested in law enforcement are urged to be present.

Two shipments per week are now being made from our creamery and Manager Albertson informs us that they are running four days a week and making nearly six hundred pounds of butter per day. The number of customers is also gradually increasing.

On Friday last, our highway commissioner, O. C. Wood, let the contracts for grading and ditching the road east of town, between the two and three mile corners. The following persons were awarded the contracts: J. H. Striffler, 160 rods; John Ballagh, 20 rods; A. D. Mead, 20 rods; Levi Bogert, 15 rods. Prices ranged from \$1.20 to \$1.70 per rod. The work has already been commenced and every body will rejoice in its early completion.

An unusual rush of work has prevented us calling upon the merchants this week for the copy of their adv. in the Fall Fair premium list. Those who can possibly do so would oblige us greatly by leaving them at this office at once.

Norton Smith, District General Agent of the Wolverine Mutual Fire Insurance Co. (Ltd.), has appointed A. A. P. McDowell resident agent, with headquarters at Cass City. Any business entrusted to him will be acceptable to the company. C-10-2

Next Monday is National Flag Day, being the 120th anniversary of the adoption of the Stars and Stripes as the national banner of our country, and a general observance of the day is asked for, by unfurling Old Glory to the breeze from all public buildings, private residences, stores and other appropriate places.

We learn as we are about to go to press, that Mrs. Nettie Webster departed this life about eleven o'clock to-day. She has suffered greatly for some time and her death will be a sweet release. She has ever been held in high esteem and she will be missed by a large circle of friends.

Chas. L. Morse, formerly of Gageton but latterly of Flint, was in town on Saturday. On May 1st he began the manufacture of high grade cigars in company with M. C. Bowman, and Charlie will now make this territory regularly in the interests of the new firm. His many friends hereabouts will be pleased to see his pleasant face.

The anniversary service of Court Elkland, I. O. F., in the M. E. Church last Sunday evening was very largely attended. Some very interesting facts concerning the order were presented during the service by Rev. Jas. W. Fenn, the pastor. The year just closed has been the most successful in the history of the order.

A. D. Delong, of Brown City, has purchased the barber shop of Samuel Champion and John Riker's lease of the same and will take possession next Monday. Mr. Riker will remain with him until some time next month. Mr. Delong comes well recommended as being proficient in the tonorial art and a gentleman who will make a good citizen.

John Freshner, a young man about seventeen years of age whose home is near Wickware, has been employed of late by Jas. D. Tucker, just west of town. A short time ago a boil came upon his lip and he opened it with a jack-knife. Blood-poisoning set in and despite all that could be done by medical skill he died last Thursday afternoon at his home.

The converted nun, Margaret L. Shepherd, will preach in the M. E. Church next Sunday at 10:30 a. m., and will deliver a lecture at the same place at 2:30 p. m. on the subject, "Does confession, to the priest and parochial school education teach loyalty to the state?" A fee of ten cents will be charged in the afternoon. This lady comes highly recommended by many eminent men, among whom is Rev. S. M. Gilchrist, formerly of this place but now of Saginaw.

Much has been said of late about the prevalence of eye disorders among American children, but very little has been done in the direction of practical reform. One of the few hopeful movements on this line is that recently organized in the Minneapolis public schools under the direction of Dr. Frank Allport, who contributes to the Review of Reviews a valuable and suggestive account of what has been accomplished there.

We will not engage in "mud-slinging" neither will we for one moment lend our influence to arouse or encourage a jealous feeling between two sister villages, but we can scarcely allow to pass unnoticed a production which was allowed to appear in the Caro Advertiser of last week. We are informed upon good authority that the production did not receive the sanction of the members of the Caro base ball team, although it referred to their visit to our town and the treatment they received here. It becomes unnecessary, therefore, to say anything in defense of H. L. Finney, who acted as umpire of the game played. His decisions are as fair as can be expected from any umpire, which statement can be fully substantiated. The author of the undoubtedly article seems to be proud of the disgraceful street parade which was participated in by the Caro ball team, which is sufficient to show his moral tone and mental calibre. We are pleased to know that he has not voiced the sentiments of the populace of Caro and we have reason to believe that the friendly relations between our villages will remain unruined and this mushroom author will pass to his reward unhonored and unsung.

On Saturday evening, Jas. I. Fisher, who lived about four miles east of town and was one of the earliest pioneers in this section, breathed his last. He was about eighty-three years of age and has had remarkably good health until the past few months during which time he has been troubled with paralysis. He located the homestead about thirty-eight years ago and has done much to assist in the opening up of roads, etc., in the earlier years of his residence there. His wife survives him. The funeral services were held at the M. E. Church on Monday afternoon and the remains laid in the Elkland cemetery.

A base ball game took place on the Driving Park here yesterday between the Kid Hustlers, of this place, and the first nine of Gageton. The attendance was fair and the game about as interesting as usual. All went smoothly until the end of the eighth innings, when the score stood 15 to 16 in favor of Gageton. During the ninth innings, the first half, the Hustlers had one man on second and one on third, and a batter was substituted from the crowd. Here the Gageton boys put in a kick and refused to play the game out. We are informed that according to association rules this gives the game to the Hustlers.

Geo. Farra has given ocular proof to the boys that he can run a footrace as successfully as he runs a hotel. A couple of months ago some of the boarders offered to bet George a dollar that he could not run 2 miles in twenty minutes, which wager was promptly accepted. Before leaving for Bay Port George proceeded to show the young fellows how an old soldier of 50 winters can sprint even at this late day, by covering the two miles in 15½ minutes to the surprise and amusement of the large crowd of men, women and children, who had congregated in front of the postoffice to witness the finish, which was made ½ mile east and west to the section line and return.—(Pigeon Critic.)

Arrangements are now being fast completed for the celebration of the Glorious Fourth in Cass City, the soliciting committee having secured enough subscriptions to warrant them in so doing. Competent committees have been appointed to arrange the different parts of the day's program and an excellent time is assured. The call to thumpian and bicycle parades will be made special features. There will also be Caledonian games, base ball, bicycle and horse races, fireworks and other attractions. The street decorations will be elaborate and all patriotic citizens should lend their aid in this direction. Mark it down in your mind's memorandum that this is the place to celebrate.

Norton Smith, of Saginaw, representing the Wolverine Mutual Fire Insurance Company (Ltd.) and other companies was a visitor in town last Saturday. Some time ago Mr. Smith wrote several policies here for business men of this place and after his departure some talk was indulged in by local agents as to the right of his company to the certain class of risks written by him, which caused the matter to be brought before the department at Lansing where the matter has never been fully settled. However, pending a settlement of the matter, Mr. Smith caused his policies here to be re-written in other companies over which there could be no dispute, thereby fully protecting the policy holders, who have in turn expressed themselves as perfectly satisfied with his action. While here Mr. Smith wrote other insurance and has promised to call again in the near future.

It was decided at a recent meeting of the council to accept the offer of T. W. Atwood in regard to the Weaver estate. The land between M. C. Beach's property and the railroad and extending north to the continuation of Sanilac (or Church) Street, will be purchased for \$100 per acre. The property will be platted into half-acre lots, the most of which have already been spoken for, Main Street will be widened on the north side abutting the property and Sanilac Street will be opened along the railroad and a drain made along the latter street. A street will also be opened to the railroad west of the property, and another running north and south about the centre of the plat. Attorney Atwood is expected here today to close the deal. Two or three lots remain unsold and anyone desiring to purchase would do well to see W. J. Campbell, chairman of the committee in charge, at once. The parties who are purchasing lots intend to improve them at once and a few months will probably make a great change for the better in the western portion of our town.

To those now planning their summer vacations the "Recreation Number" of The Outlook (its Magazine Number for June) offers special attractions, and is full of useful hints. Delightfully illustrated articles on possible vacations, lists of coming summer schools and meetings, remarkably full of information about summer resorts and routes of travel everywhere—all this and much more is included in the nearly or quite two hundred pages. This is the eighth and best of the Outlook's popular summer Recreation Numbers.—(\$3.00 a year, the Outlook Company, 13 Astor Place, New York.)

During the past two, or three days much discussion has taken place upon our streets and about our village regarding the action taken by our council on the liquor bonds. There are a few points upon which the law does not seem to be as explicit as it might be, and as a natural consequence different views are taken of it, but after hearing different versions of the law and of the action taken, and reading the law and various supreme court decisions, we believe the action of the council is according to powers given to that body by the existing laws and that every trustee has voted conscientiously. Some of the trustees have been rather severely criticized for the way they voted, but, while we have not and do not uphold them in the course taken, we would suggest to the advocates of temperance generally that "Rome was not built in a day," neither has the present condition of temperance sentiment been brought about in a single year but by persistent and continuous effort and agitation. Don't sulk because things are not just to your liking, but help along every movement that will improve them.

## Rye in the Wheat Fields.

Frutchey, McGeorge & Co. have requested us to call the attention of the farmers in this section to the necessity of clearing the wheat fields of rye. The growing crop of wheat in many localities in Michigan is badly mixed with rye and unless it is removed promptly it will seriously affect the price of the wheat and farmers may suffer a loss of from ten to fifteen cents per bushel. Now is the time to remove it and a little time cannot be spent to better advantage than in going through the wheat fields and cutting the rye out clean. Michigan first grade flour is justly celebrated in the most discriminating markets both at home and in foreign countries but this reputation cannot be maintained except by the production of first-class grain. Wheat mixed with rye brings only a low price in any market.

## Annual Meeting.

The following is the program of the Tuscola County Sunday School Workers annual meeting which will be held at the Baptist Church, Vassar, on Monday and Tuesday, June 14 and 15:—

## MONDAY

7:30 p. m. Devotional Exercises, Led by Rev. C. H. Morgan, Vassar.

## TUESDAY

9:00 a. m. Devotional Service, Led by Rev. Theo. Swank, Vassar.

Converting Power of the Sunday School, by Rev. J. W. Fenn, Cass City.

Making the lesson count.....L. G. Seelye, Caro

The Kind of Teachers Needed, Rev. B. J. Baxter, Cass City

Sunday School, or Bible School: Which ought it to be? Rev. Fraser, Caro

Appointment of Committees, Rev. D. C. Fleming, Vassar

How can the church best educate her children for the earliest possible conversion and membership, by Rev. Campbell, Millington

Young Peoples' Societies, their relation to the church, F. Cookson, Kent, Eng.

Relation of the Sunday School to the Church, by W. E. A. Lewis, Caro.

A conference on our work, Led by Charles E. Adams, Detroit

Question Box, Election of Officers, Adjournment, 7:30 p. m.....Pratt Service

Lecture, The glories and lessons of the Yosemite Valley, Rev. Whitford, Caro.

The Committee have endeavored to make a program of interest and profit and are anxious that this convention shall be one of the best ever held in the County. The success will depend largely upon whether you attend or not. We ought to have at least 100 delegates; you come and make one more. Bring Pentecostal Hymns.

## Bids Wanted.

Sealed bids for furnishing stone and building foundation walls for a new school building in Dist. No. 5, of the township of Elkland, will be received by District Board. Walls to be constructed according to the plans and specifications now on file in the office of director and which may be inspected on request by any one wishing to bid. All bids to be in by June 18, 1897. Said board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.  
Dated this 9th day of June, 1897.  
E. B. LANDON,  
Director.

# CASS CITY ENTERPRISE.

A. A. P. McDowell, Publisher.

CASS CITY, MICHIGAN.

The reformer is always in advance of his age. If he were not, he would not be a reformer.

If the glamor and glitter could be taken out of sin, the devil's right arm would be cut off close to the shoulder.

Dr. A. H. Gardner of New York is the apostle of quietude. He has inaugurated a crusade against the disturbing noises which are destroying the nerves of those who live in large cities. Next!

The bicycle had to be suppressed in China 2,300 years before the Christian era, it is alleged, because the celestial ladies spent too much of their time on it. The feet of the Chinese ladies then must have been much larger and less deformed than now. Possibly it was decreed that their feet should be cramped in order to prevent any revival of the wheel craze.

There is in Chicago a scheme to provide workrooms for men out of employment. No money will be given them, but they will be paid in clothing or whatever else they may need of the articles made in the workrooms. Old clothes will be mended and old shoes made more serviceable by cobbling. As soon as the workmen can get places where they will be paid they will go to them. The idea is European, and, properly carried out, is likely to result in much good.

Beggarweed seems to be rivaling cow peas in the south as a fertilizing crop. It also makes a good hay. In Virginia it is cut when about three feet high and thoroughly cured. After mowing it makes a second crop, matures its seed and is good pasture until it succumbs to frost. Turned under when plowing, it makes an excellent fertilizer, one man writing to an exchange that with no other fertilizer he had increased his corn crop from ten bushels to thirty bushels per acre.

A bulletin (No. 7) of the division of entomology of the United States Department of Agriculture says that in France and Pennsylvania an industry has recently sprung up, which consists of the farming of spiders for the purpose of stocking wine cellars, and thus securing almost immediate coating of cobwebs to new wine bottles, giving them the appearance of great age. This industry is carried on in a little French village in the Department of Loire, and near Philadelphia, where Epeira vulgaris and Nephila plumipes are raised in large quantities and sold to wine merchants at the rate of \$10 per hundred. This application of entomology to industry is one which will not be highly commended.

A Mexico City telegram says: "A company has been incorporated here with a million dollars capital, the larger part of the shares being taken by Pearson & Son, English contractors having in hand the drainage of the valley of Mexico and the port works at Vera Cruz, with a few Mexican shareholders. The new company will be known as the Mexican Land, Navigation and Railway Company. The first object of the company is to build a railway from some suitable point on the National Tehuantepec Railroad to a desirable point in the state of Vera Cruz. The government gives a subsidy of over 8,000 acres of public lands per kilometer of railway constructed. On some 400,000 acres of land thus acquired the company will settle European and other colonists. Among other plans of the company is to acquire railways in the southern part of Vera Cruz, and also the building of new lines. Part of the main railway line has already been located, and construction will begin in two months."

Many office-holders can repeat gibberish with the aphorism that "a public office is a public trust," but a New Jersey county collector has proved the sincerity of his convictions in a very unusual way. Four years ago the New Jersey legislature passed a law authorizing collectors to retain two per cent of their collections as compensation. Under this law the official in question is entitled to nearly forty thousand dollars a year. But he has always refused to take more than his yearly salary of forty-five hundred dollars, on the ground that the law permitted a robbery from the people from which he was not willing to derive any personal benefit. He will not die a rich man, but he has what is more to be desired than wealth, the respect and confidence of his neighbors. His example of official unselfishness and integrity is worth more in its uplifting moral effect upon the community, than if as a mere money-getting citizen he had given a lifetime to the successful accumulation of moderate or even immoderate wealth.

They say Queen Victoria is just as fond of a circus and races as any of the young folks. Everyone likes a circus, but some people try to make you believe they don't. And this, also, is amusing. May good Victoria's circus day come for years yet.

New York now drinks its whisky in clubs and avoids the amended Raikes law. Gotham has a thirst that is imperishable and insatiate. It is now Greater New York with a greater tank capacity than any city of the New World.

# HISTORY OF A WEEK.

THE NEWS OF SEVEN DAYS UP TO DATE.

Political, Religious, Social and Criminal Doings of the Whole World Carefully Condensed for Our Readers—The Accident Record.

Milwaukee, Wis.—A Windley and Thomas Morgan, both colored, engaged in a fist fight in Biddle street, and Windley received a blow which felled him to the ground and killed him instantly. The fight, it is said, grew out of an old grudge over Windley's being indebted to Morgan for 50 cents.

Philadelphia, Pa.—Judge Hanna of the Orphans' court decided that the new direct inheritance-tax law was unconstitutional. The question will be carried to the supreme court for final decision.

Berlin.—Herr von Tausch, the former chief of the secret police, who has been on trial here for nearly two weeks past, charged with perjury, high treason and forgery, was acquitted.

Indianapolis, Ind.—William F. Clark, Sr., one of the editors of the Indiana Phalanx and Patriot, the organ of the Indiana prohibitionists, died in his 88th year.

At Charles City, Iowa, a dispute over some cattle between Frank Wiltze and his brother-in-law, Jerome Dow, farmers living just east of the city, Wiltze threw a stone at Dow, hitting Mrs. Dow, his sister, on the back of the head, killing her.

London.—A special dispatch from Naples says that Mount Vesuvius is in eruption. An area of 2,000 yards long by 500 wide is covered with lava, and it is dangerous to approach within 400 yards of the principal crater.

London.—The house of commons adjourned until June 17, after the workmen's compensation for injuries bill had been passed through the committee stage.

Denver, Col.—Dr. Lewis F. Preston was arrested on a warrant charging him with the murder of David Prank, a cigarmaker from Brooklyn, N. Y. Dr. Preston is a consumptive specialist, and Prank died under his treatment.

Milwaukee, Wis.—Nellie Hurley committed suicide by taking carbolic acid.

Brazil, Ind.—The 13-year-old son of Walter Knox, a farmer, was fatally injured by a vicious horse.

Saginaw, Mich.—M. C. Mower killed himself at his farm, near the city. Ill health is the supposed cause.

Oshkosh, Wis.—Wellington Colvin, an old and well-known resident, died of Bright's disease, aged 71 years.

Needah, Wis.—James Bassett, one of the pioneers in cranberry growing, died at Cranberry Center, aged 85 years.

Decatur, Mich.—John Freshney, of Cass City, opened a boil with a knife. Blood poison followed, causing his death.

Marion, Ind.—The Marion Pressed Brick Company has closed its plant, throwing 100 men out of employment, rather than cut wages.

Danville, Ill.—Jesse Snooks shot Harry Carter, recently from Beaver Dam, Ky., through the left breast. He will probably recover.

Little Rock, Ark.—C. B. Barrentine and John Brown, living near Cabot, twenty miles from here, had a duel, using a maul and an ax as weapons. Both are dead.

Denver, Col.—Fire in the Paterson & Thomas block was extinguished, with a loss of only about \$10,000. Assistant Chief Frewen seriously injured his back by falling.

Janesville, Wis.—Charles J. Folsom of Clinton was convicted of firing a warehouse in Clinton belonging to Giles Burt, and was sentenced to seven years at Waupun at hard labor.

Evansville, Ind.—While hoisting a heavy timber with a derrick the rope broke, and Rube Clark, a farmer living near Evansville, was killed. The timber fell on him and broke his back.

Galveston, Tex.—H. S. Towne, wife and sister went bathing shortly after a squall. Mr. and Mrs. Towne were drowned and the sister narrowly escaped. They came from Tampico, Mexico.

Madison, Wis.—There is now every indication that Wisconsin will have a state fair this year. An agreement which is expected to bring about this result was reached between Gov. Scofield and the old state agricultural society.

Bradley, Miss.—Will Hall, a constable, shot and killed Russ Sullivan and B. T. Pattison.

An application has been made to Judge Clearwater, at Kingston, N. Y., to commit James Myer to an insane asylum. Myer's delusion is that he is the homeliest man in the world and he threatens suicide in consequence.

La Porte, Ind.—Duane Webster, an eleven-year convict, escaped from the northern prison, but was recaptured.

Mayor Chambers, of Arcola, Ill., has issued a proclamation enforcing the curfew law. All children under 16 are prohibited from appearing on the street after 9 o'clock.

Washington.—Joel T. Olive, special Indian agent of interior department, committed suicide at St. George, Utah. The only clew to the cause of the affair that is suggested is his removal from the service, Alfred C. Hawley of Chicago having been appointed to succeed him last Friday.

Indianapolis.—Jesse Way has been sentenced to 7 years in the state prison for counterfeiting. He is 80 years old, and has spent 45 years in prison.

R. B. Kirkpatrick, a prominent citizen, dropped dead on Main street, Eldora, Iowa. Heart trouble was the cause.

# CASUALTIES.

Marion, Ind.—Fire destroyed the livery barn of Holman & Reeves, containing thirty horses and a large number of carriages. Only one horse was saved. Loss, \$20,000.

Cincinnati, Iowa.—The 5-year-old child of Robert Walker slipped feet-first down an auger well thirty feet deep and twelve inches in diameter, but was rescued unhurt.

Valparaiso, Ind.—At Wanatah a runaway team dashed into a crowd of school children. Freddie Greiger, aged 10 years, was fatally hurt. Half a dozen others were also injured.

Colorado Springs, Colo.—James Lynn, late chief of the Manitou fire department, was killed by falling down a shaft 200 feet.

Marion, Ohio.—A fire at Richmond, this county, destroyed the Deposit bank, C. F. Gill's warehouse, Fineorch's harness shop and D. Browning's butcher shop. Loss about \$50,000, partially insured.

Fremont, Neb.—The Fremont Milling company's roller mill burned. Loss, \$20,000; insurance, \$15,000.

Burlington, Iowa.—Edward Fuerst, aged 22, accidentally discharged a rifle which he was cleaning, instantly killing his little sister Lizzie.

Richland Center, Wis.—Fred Kuykendall was riding in a wagon, holding between his feet a pall in which he had a quantity of blasting powder. In lighting his pipe a spark fell in the pall. Kuykendall was thrown a long distance and was terribly injured.

Centralia, Ill.—J. W. Roberts, his wife and two children were struck by an Illinois Central passenger train at Alma and all were instantly killed.

Bloomington, Ill.—Mrs. J. H. Peck, wife of a cigar merchant, was fatally shot. A revolver fell from the dressing case to the floor and was discharged, the ball entering Mrs. Peck's abdomen.

Bluefields, Va.—Engine No. 251 on the Norfolk & Western railroad blew up near Christiansburg, killing Joe Waskie, an engineer, Jim Gillespie, a fireman, and Plagman William Byrne of Roanoke.

Brazil, Ind.—Frank Clark, aged 28, was instantly killed while out hunting. In climbing a fence his gun was discharged.

# FOREIGN.

Munich.—The international art exhibition was opened by Prince Regent Luitpold in the presence of the court dignitaries, ministers, members of the diplomatic corps and the civil and military authorities. There are many American exhibits.

Calise, Ill.—William Jackele of Baden Baden, Germany, was stabbed by a tramp and placed in the county poor house. His injuries will prove fatal.

An important and far-reaching new Russian law forbids the carrying of trade by sea in foreign vessels and under any but the Russian flag between all Russian ports of the Baltic and the Black sea and the Pacific coast. The law will not go into operation until 1900.

Marquis Ito, formerly premier of Japan and the most distinguished of Japanese statesmen, arrived at New York, Thursday, on his way to England to represent the empire at the queen's jubilee.

In the British house of commons the president of the board of trade, C. F. Ritchie, introduced a bill to legalize the metric system of weights and measures. No details were given.

United States Consul Mohun at Zanibar has informed the state department that the Sultan, Hamud Bin Mahomed Bin Said, on April 7 last issued a proclamation abolishing the legal status of slavery in the islands of Zanibar and Comba.

Minister Terrell at Constantinople has informed the state department that the two murderers of Yusuf, the man killed while distributing American relief funds near Bitlis, Turkey, have been sentenced to fifteen years' imprisonment at hard labor.

# CRIME.

Atlantic, Iowa.—V. M. Lahman, for twenty-one years a prominent business man of Wyota, and one time quite wealthy, hanged himself over financial troubles. He was 65 years of age.

Dover, Del.—William M. Boggs, paying teller of the First National Bank for fifteen years, has written a letter saying he is \$35,000 short. He gave details of his irregularities, which have extended over ten years.

Huntsville, Tenn.—William Claxton, of Campbell county, was shot from ambush and killed. Claxton shot Elsie Wick Hughett from ambush in the same neighborhood about two months ago. He was indicted and under bond for the murder of William Murphy and also for killing Hughett.

Columbus, Ohio.—A committee of the board of managers is investigating the piece of department of the state prison. Manager W. D. Cherrington says there is a discrepancy in the books of about \$20,000.

Burlington, Iowa.—M. Hall dropped dead from heart disease.

Reading, Pa.—Christopher Becker, a wealthy farmer of Oley township was found dead in his barnyard litterally peppered with shot.

Hammond, Ind.—A man was found in Harrison Park with a bullet hole in his right temple. On his shirt was the name W. S. Elliott. He cannot recover.

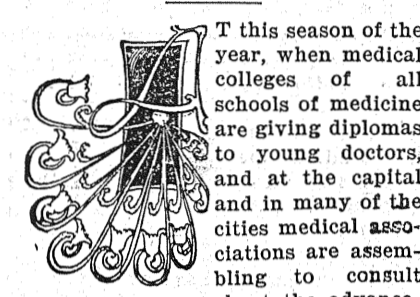
Weaver City, Iowa.—Minnie Stahl, aged 15, daughter of a farmer, took poison, and her life is despaired of. It is hinted that a love affair was the cause.

St. Joseph, Mo.—Mrs. Lottie Adams is under arrest for throwing red pepper into the eyes of William McIntyre. She says he jilted her. The physician says the victim will lose the sight of both eyes.

# TALMAGE'S SERMON.

BENEDICTION FOR DOCTORS LAST SUNDAY'S SUBJECT.

From the Text: "And Asa, in the Thirty and Ninth Year of His Reign Was Diseased in His Feet Until His Disease Was Exceeding Great"—II. Chron. 16:12, 13.



In this year of the year, when medical colleges of all schools of medicine are giving diplomas to young doctors, and at the capital and in many of the cities medical associations are assembling to consult about the advancement of the interests of their profession, I feel this discourse is appropriate.

In my text is King Asa with the gout. High living and no exercise have vitiated his blood, and my text presents him with his inflamed and bandaged feet on an ottoman. In defiance of God, whom he hated, he sends for certain conjurers or quacks. They come and give him all sorts of lotions and panaceas. They bleed him. They sweat him. They manipulate him. They blister him. They poultice him. They scarify him. They drug him. They ony him. They kill him. He was ony a young man, and had a disease which, though very painful, seldom proves fatal to a young man, and he ought to have got well; but he fell a victim to charlatany and empiricism. "And Asa in the thirty and ninth year of his reign was diseased in his feet; until his disease was exceeding great; case in his disease he sought not to the Lord, but to the physicians. And Asa slept with his fathers." That is, the doctors killed him. \* \* \*

Men of the medical profession we often meet in the home of distress. We shake hands across the cradle of agonized infancy. We join each other in an attempt at solace where the paroxysm of grief demands an anodyne as well as a prayer. We look into each other's sympathetic faces through the dusk, as the night of death is falling in the sick room. We do not have to climb over any barrier today in order to greet each other, for our professions are in full sympathy. You, doctor, are our first and last earthly friend. You stand at the gates of life when we enter this world, and you stand at the gates of death when we go out of it. In the closing moments of our earthly existence when the hand of the wife, or mother, or sister, or daughter, shall hold our right hand, it will give strength to our dying moments if we can feel the tips of your fingers along the pulse of our left wrist. We do not meet today, as on other days, in houses of distress, but by the pleasant altars of God, and I propose a sermon of helplessness and good cheer. As in the nursery children sometimes re-enact all the scenes of the sick room, so today you play that you are the patient and that I am the physician, and take my prescription just once. It shall be a tonic, a sedative, a dietetic, a disinfectant, a stimulus, and an anodyne at the same time. "Is there not balm in Gilead? Is there not a physician there?"

In the first place, I think all the medical profession should become Christians because of the debt of gratitude they owe to God for the honor he has put upon their calling. No other calling in all the world, except it be that of the Christian ministry, has received so great an honor as yours. Christ himself was not only preacher, but physician, surgeon, artist, ophthalmologist, and under his mighty power optic and auditory nerve thrilled with light and sound, and catalepsy arose from its fit, and the club foot was straightened, and anchylosis went out of the stiffened tendons, and the foaming maniac became placid as a child, and the streets of Jerusalem became an extemporized hospital crowded with convalescent victims of casualty and invalidism. All ages have woven the garland for the doctor's brow. Homer said:

A wise physician, skilled our wounds to heal. Is more than armies to the public weal.

Cicero said: "There is nothing in which men so approach the gods as when they try to give health to other men." Charles IX made proclamation that all the Protestants of France should be put to death on St. Bartholomew's day, but made one exception, and that the case of Pare, the father of French surgery. The battlefields of the American revolution welcomed Drs. Mercer and Warren and Rush. When the French army was entirely demoralized at fear of the plague, the leading surgeon of that army inoculated himself with the plague to show the soldiers that there was no contagion in it; and their courage rose, and they went on to the conflict. God has honored this profession all the way through. Oh, the advancement from the days when Hippocrates tried to cure the great Pericles with hellebore and flixseed poultices down to far later centuries when Haller announced the theory of respiration, and Harvey the circulation of the blood, and Aselli the use of the lymphatic vessels, and Jenner barked the worst disease that ever scourged Europe, and Sydenham developed the recuperative forces of the physical organism, and clinicians barked the shivering agues of the world, and Sir Astley Cooper and Abernethy, and Hosack, and Romeyn, and Griscorn, and Valentine Mott of the generation just passed, honored God and fought back death with their keen scalpels.

If we who are laymen in medicine would understand what the medical profession has accomplished for the insane, let us look into the dungeons

where the poor creatures used to be incarcerated. Madmen chained naked to the wall. A kennel of rotten straw their only sleeping place. Room unventilated and unlighted. The worst calamity of the race punished with the very worst punishment. And then come and look at the insane asylums of Utica and Kirkbride—sofaed and pictured, libraried, concerted, until all the arts and the adornments come to coax recalcant reason to assume her throne. Look at Edward Jenner, the great hero of medicine. Four hundred thousand people annually dying in Europe from the smallpox, Jenner finds that by the inoculation of people with vaccine from a cow the great scourge of nations may be arrested. The ministers of the Gospel denounced vaccination; small wits caricatured Edward Jenner as riding in a great procession on the back of a cow; and grave men expressed it as their opinion that all of the diseases of the brute creation would be transplanted into the human family; and they gave instances where, they said, actually horns had come out on the foreheads of innocent persons, and people had begun to chew the cud! But Dr. Jenner, the hero of medicine, went on fighting for vaccination until he has been estimated that that one doctor, in fifty years, has saved more lives than all the battles of any one century destroyed.

Passing along the streets of Edinburgh a few weeks after the death of Sir James Y. Simpson, I saw the photograph of the doctor in all the windows of the shops and stores, and well might that photograph be put in every window, for he first used chloroform as an anesthetic agent. In other days they tried to dull human pain by the hashish of the Arabs and the madrepore of the Roman and the Greek; but it was left to Dr. James Simpson to introduce chloroform as an anesthetic. Alas for the writhing subjects of surgery in other centuries! Blessed be God for the wet sponge or vial in the hand of the operating surgeon in the clinical department of the medical college, or in the sick room of the domestic circle, or on the battle field amid thousands of amputations. Napoleon after a battle rode along the line and saw under a tree, standing in the snow, Larrey the surgeon operating upon the wounded. Napoleon passed on, and twenty-four hours afterward came along the same place, and he saw the same surgeon operating in the same place, and he had not left it. Alas for the battlefields without chloroform. But now the soldier boy takes a few breaths from the sponge and forgets all the pangs of the gunshot fracture, and while the surgeons of the field hospital are standing around him, he lies there dreaming of home, and mother, and heaven. No more parents standing around a suffering child, struggling to get away from the sharp instrument, but mild slumber instead of excruciation, and the child wakes up and says, "Father, what's the matter? What's the doctor here today for?" Oh, blessed be God for James Y. Simpson and the heaven descending mercies of chloroform.

The medical profession steps into the court room, and after conflicting witnesses have left everything in a fog by chemical analyses, shows the guilt of the innocent by the prisoner, as by mathematical demonstration, thus adding horrors to medical jurisprudence. \* \* \*

It seems to me that the most beautiful benediction of the medical profession has been dropped upon the poor. No extenuated attendance. Dispensaries and infirmaries everywhere under the control of the best doctors, some of them poorly paid, some of them not paid at all. A half-starved woman comes out from the low tenement house into the dispensary, and unwraps the rags from her babe, a bundle of ulcers, and rheum, and pustules, and over that little sufferer bends the accumulated wisdom of the ages, from Esculapius down to last week's autopsy. In one dispensary, in one year, one hundred and fifty thousand prescriptions were issued. Why do I show you what God has allowed this profession to do? Is it to stir up your vanity? Oh, no. The day has gone by for pompous doctors, with conspicuous and high-heeled canes and powdered wigs, which were the accompaniments in the days when the barber used to carry through the streets of London Dr. Brockelsby's wig, to the admiration and awe of the people, saying: "Make way! here comes Dr. Brockelsby's wig." No, I announce these things not only to increase the appreciation of laymen in regard to the work of physicians, but to stir in the hearts of men of the medical profession a feeling of gratitude to God that they have been allowed to put their hand to such a magnificent work, and that they have been called into such illustrious company. Have you never felt a spirit of gratitude for this opportunity? Do you not feel thankful now? Then I am afraid, doctor, you are not a Christian, and that the old proverb which Christ quoted in his sermon may be appropriate to you: "Physician, heal thyself."

There are many who always blame the doctor because the people die, forgetting the Divine enactment: "It is appointed unto all men once to die." The father in medicine who announced the fact that he had discovered the art by which to make men in this world immortal, himself died at forty-seven years of age, showing that immortality was less than half a century for him. Oh, how easy it is when people die, to cry out: "malpractice." Then the physician must bear with all the whims, and the sophistries, and the deceptions, and the stratagems, and the irritations of the shattered nerves and the beclouded brain of women, and more especially of men, who never know how gracefully to be sick, and

who with their salivated mouth curse the doctor, giving him his dues, as they say—about the only dues he will in that case collect. The last bill that is paid is the doctor's bill. It seems so incoherent for a restored patient, with ruddy cheeks and rosy form, to be bothered with a bill charging him for old calomel and jalap. The physicians of this country do more missionary work without charge than all the other professions put together. From the concert room, from the merry party, from the comfortable couch on a cold night, when the thermometer is five degrees below zero, the doctor must go right away; he always must go right away. To keep up under this nervous strain, to go through this night-work, to bear all these annoyances, many physicians have resorted to strong drink and perished. Others have appealed to God for sympathy and help, and have lived. Which were the wise doctors, judge ye?

Again: The medical profession ought to be Christians because there are professional exigencies when they need God. Asa's destruction by unblest physicians was a warning. There are awful crises in every medical practice when a doctor ought to know how to pray. All the hosts of ills which sometimes hunt themselves on the weak points of the physical organism, or with equal ferocity will assault the entire line of susceptibility to suffering. The next dose of medicine will decide whether or not the happy home shall be broken up. Shall it be this medicine or that medicine? God help the doctor. Between the five drops and the ten drops may be the question of life or death. Shall it be the five or ten drops? Be careful how you put the knife through those delicate portions of the body, for if it swings out of the way the sixth part of an inch the patient perishes. Under such circumstances a physician needs not so much consultation with men of his own calling, as he needs consultation with that God who strung the nerves and built the cells, and swung the crimson tide through the arteries. You wonder why the heart throbs—why it seems to open and shut. There is no wonder about it. It is God's hand, shutting, opening, shutting, opening, on every heart. When a man comes to doctor the eye ought to be in communication with him who said to the blind: "Receive thy sight." When a doctor comes to treat a paralytic arm, he ought to be in communication with him who said: "Stretch forth thy hand, and he stretched it forth." When a man comes to doctor a bad case of hemorrhage, he needs to be in communication with him who cured the issue of blood, saying: "Thy faith hath saved thee."

I do not mean to say that piety will make up for medical skill. A bungling doctor, confounded with what was not a very bad case, went into the next room to pray. A skilled physician was called in. He asked for the first practitioner. "Oh," they said, "he's in the next room praying." "Well," said the skilled doctor, "tell him to come out here and help; he can pray and work at the same time." It was all in that sentence. Do the best we can and ask God to help us. There are no two men in all the world; it seems to me, that so much need the grace of God as the minister who doctors the sick soul, and the physician who prescribes for the diseased body. \* \* \*

But I must close, for there may be suffering men and women waiting in your office, or on the hot pillow, wondering why you don't come. But before you go, O doctors, hear my prayer for your external salvation. Blessed will be the reward in heaven for the faithful Christian physician. Some day, through overwork, or from bending over a patient and catching his contagious breath, the doctor comes home, and lies down faint and sick. He is too weary to feel his own pulse or take the diagnosis of his own complaint. He is worn out. The fact is his work on earth is ended. Tell those people in the office there they need not wait any longer; the doctor will never go there again. He has written his last prescription for the alleviation of human pain. The people will run up to his front steps and inquire: "How is the doctor today?" At the sympathies of the neighborhood will be aroused, and there will be many prayers that he who has been so kind to the sick may be comforted in his last pang. It is all over now. In two or three days his convalescent patients, with shawl wrapped around them, will come to the front window and look out on the passing, bare-footed, and bare-headed, will stand on the street corners, saying: "Oh, how good he was to us all!" But on the other side of the river of death some of his old patients, who are forever cured, will come to welcome him, and the Physician of heaven, with locks as white as snow, according to the Apocalyptic vision, will come out and say: "Come in, come in. I was sick and ye visited me!"

# The Light of the World.

As the best light in the world is the warm light of the sun, so the best illumination of life is not from the moon-like beams of human speculation, but from the love of God. That love, like the sun, opens the universe, turns even clouds into glory, and lifts death itself to a mount of transfiguration.

# Discharged Himself.

Smith—Our fool of a servant tried to light the fire with kerosene this morning. Jones—Have you discharged her? Smith—We have only found her left leg and the end of her nose.

The torped fish sometimes weighs eighty pounds, and a single shock from this fish will kill the strongest horse,

# The Hitchcock Lamp

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Who can think of a new idea? They may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their \$1.50 price list and new list of one thousand inventions wanted.

# The Pill that Will.

"The pill that will," implies the pills that won't. Their name is legion. The name of "the pill that will" is Ayer's Cathartic Pill. It is a pill to rely on. Properly used it will cure constipation, biliousness, sick headache, and the other ills that result from torpid liver. Ayer's pills are not designed to spur the liver into a momentary activity, leaving it in yet more incapable condition after the immediate effect is past. They are compounded with the purpose of toning up the entire system, removing the obstructing conditions, and putting the liver into proper relations with the rest of the organs for natural co-operation. The record of Ayer's Pills during the half century they have been in public use establishes their great and permanent value in all liver affections.

## Ayer's Cathartic Pills.

### THE RIGHT OF WAY.

Next Time There was Going to Be Trouble.

At Park Place and Broadway, New York, as a mail wagon turned into the latter thoroughfare to go up town, the horses knocked down a pedestrian who was hurrying into City Hall park, says the Detroit Free Press. For a wonder the driver pulled up, and though the man was at the horses' feet he escaped the wheels. He came crawling out, covered with dirt and more or less hurt, and the driver looked at him and coldly inquired:

"Do you know what you have been doing, sir?"

"No," replied the man as he brushed away the dirt, "but I couldn't help it. I'm not the man to interfere with the United States mails."

"Better look out in future."

"Yes, I will."

I followed him into the park, where he sat down on a bench to get his breath, and told him that a mail wagon had no more right to run over him than an ice cart.

"Is that so?" he asked in doubting tones. "Well, by gum, but this is the fourth time I've been run over by them, and next time they try it on I'll raise a fuss."

There is a Class of People

Who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all the grocery stores a new preparation called GRAIN-O, made of pure grains, that takes the place of coffee. The most delicate stomach receives it without distress and but few can tell it from coffee. It does not cost over 1/4 as much. Children may drink it with great benefit. 15 cents and 25 cents per package. Try it. Ask for GRAIN-O.

Gen. Grant was called Old Three Stars in allusion to his symbols of rank; also Uncle Sam Grant, Unconditional Surrender, United States and United War Grant.

New Holland's local option law has been repealed.

Shake Into Your Shoes

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It cures painful, swollen, smarting feet and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It is the greatest comfort discoverer of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight-fitting or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. For mail for 25c in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

A New York syndicate has been formed for the purpose of buying an island off the coast of Maine, stocking it with black foxes and engaging in the fur trade.

"I have used Burdock Blood Bitters in my family for two years. It is the best medicine I ever used. It cured me of erysipelas in very short time; also cured my son of scrofula after the doctors had failed." Louie S. Woodward, Laurel Hill, Fayette County, Pa.

Dear beloved in dishes near flower pots will tempt all the snails in the vicinity, and the next morning they will be found lying alongside dead.

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup is pleasant to take, positively harmless to the most delicate constitution, and absolutely sure to cure the most obstinate cough or cold. A household boon.

If we will faithfully plow and plant and cultivate, God will see to it that we do not have to live on husks.

"I burned my fingers very badly. The pain was intense. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil brought relief in three minutes. It was almost magical. I never saw anything like it." Amelia Swords, Saundersville, O.

Darwin asserted that there is insanity among animals, just as there is among people.

For Pin Worms, Eczema, Hives, in fact, any of the various torturing, itchy diseases of the skin, Doan's Ointment is an instant and positive remedy. Get it from your dealer.

According to English insanity returns 16 cases in 1,000 are caused by love affairs.

Coe's Cough Balsam is the oldest and best. It will break up a cold quicker than anything else. It is always reliable. Try it.

No man has the right to expect the approbation of his neighbors while he has the disapprobation of his own conscience.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets. Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c. I. F. C. Co. Fall, druggists refund money.

As a supreme test of the bullet-proof cloth it is suggested that it be made into seats and knees of trousers for small boys.

# RETALIATION

A Short Story Concluded in This Issue.

Slowly the man of God proceeds, each word binding them closer. With increased solemnity came the words, "Wilt thou, forsaking all others, keep thee only to him, as long as both of ye shall live!"

What inspiration caused her to raise her eyes, glance over, seek and find a face amidst the many there, whose every feature spoke to her heart, and answered the oft-repeated inquiry! Yes, he had loved her ever, and now. But why his mysterious silence?

She heard no more. Lower drooped her beautiful head, paler grew the sweet lips. A strong, firm arm clasped and supported her trembling form.

A few more moments and friends are crowding around. With a powerful effort she arouses her almost paralyzed faculties, and gracefully receiving the many kind wishes, she smilingly bids adieu, and is led away—enters the carriage, and is soon on her way to New York, to take passage on the steamer about to sail for Europe.

Clara Dayton was a girl of pure principles and great depth of character. She immediately recognized the only path to find and secure peace and happiness.

It was now her duty, she knew, to fulfill the vows she had made—to love and honor the man she had consented to call her husband.

To this end she bent all her energies. By nature piously inclined, she sought and obtained guidance and assistance from the throne of Grace.

Time passed on; children gathered around her; little arms fondly caressing, rosy lips ever lisping words of love, filled the mother's heart to overflowing. There was no room for regrets.

Mother's love, so pure and holy, had chased all other thoughts away. There was no longer a task to learn to love her husband. It was perfectly natural to love him her little darlings clung around and called "papa."

Nothing had she ever heard of Everett Morse, except that he had returned about the time of her marriage, settled up his business, and then resigned his connection with the firm.

George Marbury was happier than he ever thought to be. The doubt which had clouded the early days of his marriage had entirely passed away. At times, when gazing on his wife's beautiful face, beaming with content and happiness, he would wonder if it were possible she had ever loved the man from whom he had won her. The means by which he had obtained this great blessing had never troubled his conscience at all.

When his eye lavished on her everything that wealth could purchase—maintaining her in a style of such elegance that many were the whispered predictions that such reckless extravagance could not last a great while.

As the years roll past, anxiety, grief and disappointment enter the home where content, joy and hope had dwelt so long.

Their eldest son, bright, intelligent youth of nineteen years, proved no longer a source of comfort and happiness.

Reared in a lap of luxury, cradled in idleness, subject to little, if any restraint, he followed the bent of his inclinations, and found pleasure among the youths of the wildest and most reckless habits.

Constantly were his parents' hearts wrung with the fear of coming evil.

At last it came, striking a terrible blow, particularly at the proud-hearted father.

With all his boy's faults he had never feared dishonour. That was impossible for his son.

But so it was. Fate had decided that the brand of forgery should rest upon the hitherto spotless name of Marbury. For nearly a year this youth had occupied a position in a large importing house, and had won the confidence of his employers. Intrusted frequently to draw from the bank various sums of money, he became very familiar with the signature of the principal of the firm.

The dreadful infatuation of the gambling had lured him from the paths of honor and honesty.

It grew worse and worse. Large sums were drawn to meet the emergencies till at last the day of reckoning came.

"Father, dear! do go up in Dayton's room and see what is the matter with him. He rushed in a few moments ago when I was arranging his room, and he is now packing his traveling bag. He will not tell me what is the matter or where he is going. He seems terrible agitated," exclaimed George Marbury, rushing into the library where her father was sitting.

Before he could reach the door she cried out again:

"Haste, father, he is coming down; do stop him, he's he is."

With hasty strides her father reaches the hall door in time to place his hand upon his son, and ask:

"Dayton, my son, what means this agitation, this haste? Where are you going, what is the matter?"

"Father, let me pass! Do not detain me—nor question! You will know soon. Let me go quick before it is too late. Open the door, or I will soon end my disgrace. Thank heaven, I have the means of escape!" and he placed his hand in his bosom.

A quick, light step was sounding through the hall, and soon the erring youth was caught and clasped tight in loving arms, the wildly throbbing

head pillowed on the mother's devoted breast and with gentle, encouraging words she drew him into the room.

"Where would you, my boy, find surer help in this hour of need than from your parents. Come, my husband, let us stand by our boy. Tell him, though all the world condemn and desert him, we will do our best to save him. What is it? Speak, my child; do not fear, your mother's heart is strong enough to bear all for those she loves. Father, speak to your boy."

"My son, let us know the worst. You have your mother's promise of help. I will do all she wishes."

"Oh, you may save me from imprisonment, but the terrible shame for you to bear. Your name borne by a forger!" gasped forth the guilty youth.

"Old Truman will have no mercy. I heard him say that when he discovered the guilty one he would make an example of him," he continued.

Swiftly fled the thoughts of the father back to the time, long years ago, when another young man stood before him, writing under his relentless hand. And comes back to him the long-forgotten words:

"Do you not fear you may need the mercy you now deny to me?"

At last he hoarsely whispered: "The amount! tell me!"

"Five thousand dollars! Father, you can easily fix that, but the shame!" he answered, unconsciously probing still deeper and deeper the wounded man.

"My wife, you will have to suffer more than this disgrace. For years I have been living beyond my means. I cannot meet this but only by withdrawing from the firm. This property and everything else is no longer mine, nor has it been for three years past. I have tried to keep this from you, hoping I could manage those difficulties until Uncle Jacob's death. I feared that if the strange old man should know I was no longer prosperous he would destroy his will, and cut me entirely off. Now if he hears of this I fear the consequences."

"Ah! this is a severe blow." And a girlish voice softly said:

"Papa! there is a gentleman in the next room, who wishes to see you, and he asked if Dayton was home."

"After me, I know! Father, let me go away. I have money enough to carry me out of the country," pleaded the boy.

"Remain with your mother. I will see this gentleman, and try to make terms with him."

"God bless you, my husband, do not think of me, think only of your son and your name."

"Mr. Marbury, I am here on very unpleasant business. I hope, however, to give you some comfort. Your son is with you, I hear; I was fearful he had fled. He has told you, I think, of his trouble," said the stranger.

"You are right, sir. The amount I can return, that is nothing; but Oh, God! the disgrace! Can I hope for any mercy? Can anything induce Mr. Truman to spare us that?"

"Mr. Marbury, I am a man of few words, and wish not to prolong your sufferings. I have pleaded with Mr. Truman for your son. He is a stern, rather hard man; but I think I have obligation to me, in fact, only my representative; the capital is mine. When he became aware of this unhappy business he immediately telegraphed for me, before he had ascertained the guilty one. This affair is known only to Mr. Truman, the bookkeeper and myself, and I am here this morning to pledge to you, sir, that this knowledge shall go no further. Relieve your mind, your son's and your wife's. The name of Marbury shall remain spotless."

"How can I ever thank you! On what terms is this mercy granted you? I will be ready to meet them immediately."

"I have made all the necessary arrangements. I know you are a proud man, therefore I will not release your son from the payment of this money. I must insist, however, that he shall pay it. Here are notes which he must sign. You will see I have made them in ten payments, yearly. This will be five hundred each year. I have an inch in this, it will arouse him, give him something to work for, bring to his self respect, and, more than all, will make a man of him. I am a queer fellow, you think, but I choose to try this experiment. For years past I have been making myself happy by doing little kindnesses for friends—people who loved me. This time I thought I would try how much happier I should be in doing good to him 'who hated and despitedly used me.'"

"What do you mean? Who are you? Why have you acted thus?" asked the astonished man.

"I feel a deep sympathy for your son, Mr. Marbury, because in years gone by I was tempted, and yielded. I plead with one for mercy, and it was granted me. You know that what cost. More than all, I could not suffer Clara Dayton's son should wear the brand of shame! Do you not know me, George Marbury? Has time and grey hairs altered me so much?"

"Everett Morse! Just heaven, how mysterious are they ways! Yes, I spared you, but for a dreadful sacrifice. Forgive, Oh! forgive me! Oh! how prophetic were your words," burst from the lips of the humiliated man.

"I do forgive you—have, long, long years ago. I have known she was happy with you, and I was content. Will you some time, when you best can, let her know how it was I lost her? Is this asking too much?"

"How can I? This is a severe task, but it is your wish."

The door opened, and Clara stood before them.

Going up to the bowed man, she raised his head, pressed her lips to the burning brow, and then holding out her hand to Everett Morse, she said:

"Nay, he need not tell me; I know all. I have heard from the next room. To you, of all the world, I would sooner be indebted for this great kindness. I know how good and noble you are, but I cannot find it in my heart to censure him, whose only faults was through his loving me so much."

Both men were answered—yes, satisfied. The look she bent on both to one her true appreciation and gratitude, to the other—that he alone she loved.

Little more remains to tell: many years have passed, and Dayton Marbury stands before the world beloved and respected by his fellow men. Many are the speculations concerning the great intimacy and devoted friendship between the old bachelor and this young man, but to few is known the true reason why they love each other thus.

SILK AND TAILORS.

The Fatter a Chinaman Gets the Better Pleased He Is.

The first person in any other world who raised silkworms for the purpose of robbing the cocoon of its soft covering was the Empress Si-Lung-Chee, who reigned in China 2,700 years B. C., says Lippincott's. She is now worshipped as the deity of the silkworm. Once each year a national festival is held in her honor. The reigning empress and her maidens resort to the temples of Si-Lung-Chee and pay her, in flowers and spirit money, an installment upon the debt which China owes to her; for did she not make the important discovery whereby the poor may earn life's necessities and the rich may rustle in shining garments?

Perhaps more people wear silk in China than in any other country; for plain raw silk is almost as inexpensive as cotton. Even for winter garments this material is made to serve, with layers of wadding placed between the outside and the lining. As their garments do not go out of style, it is not necessary to buy new ones until the old ones are well worn.

This is a great item of saving for every one but the tailors; but if the tailors themselves there would be still less for that craft to do. Like the feet of "shoemakers' children," the Chinese tailors, while at their work, are as rarely bare as possible. When well fattened their uncovered bodies suggest the animals which Americans inclose in a sty. The more like a well-fed porker a Chinaman becomes the prouder he is of his looks, for a corpulent man is regarded by his almost-eyed brethren as a high type of humanity.

In the tailor's workshop, which is frequently open on all sides, the passer-by may see from five to ten men squatting around a low, matting-covered table. Each man is in undress uniform, consisting of his cue, a pair of slippers and pantaloons about six inches in length. They work both for shops and for individuals, receiving about \$5 a month; yet somehow they manage to keep fat.

Character in the Chin.

If you have a protruding chin, you are of the "get there" type. Successful people always carry their chins in this way, with compressed lips.

A retreating chin shows a yielding nature, easily discouraged; unless its owner has other well-developed faculties to counteract the influence of this chin he is mentally, morally and physically weak.

A pleasure-loving person has a small, well-rounded chin, with a red cushion of flesh upon it. If dimpled it belongs to a coquette or one who loves to be petted and admired. Its owner should live to be a round old age.

Broad chins signify nobleness, square chins executive ability and a strong desire to hate; chins with circular lines about them denote drunkards. Slovenly folk have wrinkled chins.—Exchange.

Fashion Is the Dictator.

"Not only," said the mill agent, "do fashions change in a bewildering way and a most expensive way to its manufacturers, but they have a way of changing so radically that new goods may be wholly unsalable if they bear any resemblance to the dress goods in demand last year. Why? Simply because a woman who buys a new dress wants a pattern and a color wholly different from that of her last year's frock, in order that there may be no question as to its being a new frock. She not only wants a different design, but a very different one, so that he, or, more probably, she, who runs may see that it is a new dress."—Scribner's.

Brains Sleep in Sections.

Sir James Crichton Browne, the expert on brain diseases, holds that insomnia is not attended with such disastrous consequences as is commonly supposed. It is not as dangerous as the solitude of the sufferer. He suggests that the brains of literary men, who are the most frequent victims, acquire the trick of the heart, which takes a dose of a fraction of a second after each beat and so manages to get six hours rest in twenty-four. Some brains, in cases of insomnia, sleep in sections, different brain centers going off duty in turn.—Phrenological Journal.

What He Died For.

The Manager—it says here that he hit you in the nose, and you bled freely. The boxer—I guess not. I got one-third of the receipts.

# Stop! Women,

And Consider the All-Important Fact,

That in addressing Mrs. Pinkham you are confiding your private ills to a woman whose experience in treating women's diseases is greater than that of any living physician—male or female.

You can talk freely to a woman when it is revolting to relate your private troubles to a man—because a man does not understand—simply because he is a man.

Many women suffer in silence and drift along from bad to worse, knowing full well that they ought to have immediate assistance, but a natural modesty impels them to shrink from exposing themselves to the questions and probably examinations of even their family physician. It is unnecessary. Without money or price you can consult a woman, whose knowledge from actual experience is greater than any local physician in the world. The following invitation is freely offered; accept it in the same spirit:

MRS. PINKHAM'S STANDING INVITATION.

Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass. All letters are received, opened, read and answered by women only. A woman can freely talk of her private illness to a woman; thus has been established the eternal confidence between Mrs. Pinkham and the women of America which has never been broken.

Out of the vast volume of experience which she has to draw from, it is more than possible that she has gained the very knowledge that will help your case. She asks nothing in return except your good-will, and her advice has relieved thousands. Surely any woman, rich or poor, is very foolish if she does not take advantage of this generous offer of assistance.—Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

There is a Class of People

Who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all the grocery stores a new preparation called GRAIN-O, made of pure grains, that takes the place of coffee. The most delicate stomach receives it without distress, and but few can tell it from coffee. It does not cost over 1/4 as much. Children may drink it with great benefit. 15 cents and 25 cents per package. Try it. Ask for GRAIN-O.

Try Grain-O!

A COOL BOTTLE

of Hires Rootbeer on a sweltering hot day is highly essential to comfort and health. It cools the blood, reduces your temperature, tones the stomach.

HIRE'S Rootbeer

should be in every home, in every office, in every workshop. A temperance drink, more healthful than ice water, more delightful and satisfying than any other beverage produced.

Made only by the Charles H. Hires Co., Philadelphia, Pa. Each six makes 5 gallons. Sold everywhere.

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DRUGS AT CUT-RATES. We can save you money on Drugs, Patent Medicines, Prescriptions. Rubber Goods and everything in the Drug Line. Our Complete Cut-Rate Drug Catalogue and Price List mailed FREE to any address. PAUL V. FINCH & CO., Grand Rapids, Mich.

EARN A BICYCLE. We will give a responsible agent each one year's salary of \$100 to \$200. Now high grade 98 models fully guaranteed, \$17 to \$22. Special Clearing Sale. Ship anywhere on approval. Write at once for our special offer. H. N. MEAD & PRENTISS, Chicago, Ill.

IT KILLS. Potato Bugs, Cabbage Worms, and all forms of insect life. Harmless to man or beast. Will not injure the most delicate plants.

Gray Mineral Ash. In full warranted where directions are followed. Send for our little "Bug Book." It may save you lots of money. National Mining and Milling Co., Baltimore, Md. Carried in stock by all leading wholesale druggists.

75c RIDE A CRESCENT BICYCLE. Western Wheel Works. CHICAGO, ILL. CATALOGUE FREE.

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quick relief and cures worst cases. Send for book of directions. Treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Atlanta, Ga.

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"If business men knew how much they need out-door exercise there would not be enough Columbia bicycles to go round."

Standard of the World. \$100 to all alike.

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WILL PAY \$100 FOR ANY CASE

Of Weakness in Men They Treat and Fall to Cure.

An Omaha Company places for the first time before the public a MAGICAL TREATMENT for the cure of Lost Vitality, Nervous and Sexual Weakness, and Restoration of Life Force in old and young men. All rounds who are suffering from a weakness that blights their life, causing that mental and physical suffering peculiar to Lost Manhood, should write to the STATE MEDICAL COMPANY, Omaha, Neb., and they will send you absolutely FREE, a valuable paper on these diseases, and positive proof of their truly MAGICAL TREATMENT. Thousands of men, who have lost all hope of a cure, are being restored by them to a perfect condition.

This MAGICAL TREATMENT may be taken at home under their directions, or they will pay railroad fare and hotel bills to all who prefer to go there for treatment, if they fail to cure. They are perfectly reliable; have no French remedies, Free Cure, Free Sample, or C. O. D. fake. They have \$250,000 capital, and guarantee to cure every case they treat or refund every dollar; or their charges may be deposited in a bank to be paid to them when a cure is effected. Write them today.

CURE YOURSELF! Discharges, inflammations, irritations of mucous membranes, gonorrhea, etc., cured by the THEVANS CHEMICAL CO. gent or physician. U.S.A. Sold by Druggists, by express, 25c per bottle, \$2.75. Circular sent on request.

Only \$25.00 FROM Chicago to California

At the time of the Christian Endeavor Convention in July. Above rate will also apply to Intermediate Points, and in the reverse direction.

OVER THE Santa Fe Route.

Though made for a special occasion, it will be Open to All.

If you have waited for a low rate to visit any part of the far West, this is your opportunity. For full particulars apply to any agent of the Santa Fe Route, or to

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C. A. HIGGINS, G. P. A., Room 1344 Great Northern Bldg., CHICAGO.

W. N. U.—DETROIT—NO. 24—97

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Professional Cards.

J. D. BROOKER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Reference: Exchange Bank and Cass City Bank. Office in Second story of Exchange Bank Block, Cass City, Mich.

HOMER C. EDWARDS, M. D., Graduate of U. of M. Office hours: 8 to 10; 3 to 4; 7 to 8. Eyes examined every afternoon and the purist possible lenses furnished when required. 211-27.

I. A. FRITZ, DENTIST. All work done equal to the best. It is my aim to make every job of work a blessing to those for whom it is done. My prices are reasonable. No charge for examination. Office over Fritz's drugstore. Not at home on Tuesdays.

E. B. LANDON, ATTORNEY and Insurance Agent. Special attention given to procuring pensions and increase of pensions. 315-97.

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N. MCCLINTON, M. D., Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher. Office at residence.

A. A. MCKENZIE, ACTIONEER, Cass City, Mich. Sales of all kinds promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed. Sales solicited from all points. Terms reasonable. Arrangements can be made at the office of the ENTERPRISE. 8-9-94.

W. J. CAMPBELL, Insurance Agent. -Insures farm property against Fire and Lightning. Also agent for Clevelands, Tornado and Windstorm Co. Office at corner Main and West Sts., Cass City, Mich. 6-20.

THOMAS CROSS, Interior Decorator. Is now prepared to furnish Wall Paper in all the Newest Patterns and Latest Shades and to perform the labor in first-class style. See my samples before placing your order. Prices to suit the times. Headquarters at Anderson Muck's on Oak Street. Residence nearly opposite Evangelical Church.

Societies.

F. & A. M., TYLER LODGE, No. 317, F. & A. M., regular communications for 1897-98, April 17, May 15, June 12, July 10, Aug. 7, Sept. 4, Oct. 9, Nov. 6, Dec. 4.

I. O. O. F., OYSTER BELLAND, No. 1, I. O. O. F., meets on the second and fourth Tuesdays of each month in their hall in the Campbell block, at 7:30 p. m. Visiting brethren are cordially invited.

I. O. O. F., I. O. O. F., meets every Wednesday evening at 7:30. Visiting brethren are cordially invited. Wm. J. CAMPBELL, N. G. G. A. STEVENSON, Secretary.

K. O. T. M., CASS CITY TENT, No. 74, meets the first and third Friday evenings of each month, at 7:30. Visiting Sir Knights cordially invited. JAS. RAMSEY, Commander. SAM. F. BIGELOW, Record Keeper.

L. O. L., CASS CITY LODGE, No. 214, meets on the first Tuesday evening of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Visiting brothers cordially invited. GEO. W. SEED, W. M. W. A. ANDERSON, Secretary.

Church Directory.

BAPTIST—Preaching services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. on Sunday. Sunday school at 12 m. Praying meeting on Thursday evening. Rev. C. D. ELDREDGE, Pastor.

PYANGELICAL—Services begin with Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Preaching services 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Y. P. A. meeting 6:45 p. m. English services every Sunday evening. All are invited. Rev. O. Y. SCHUBERT, Pastor.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL—Preaching services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday. Class at 12 m. Junior League at 3:40 p. m. Epworth League at 6:30 p. m. Praying meeting at 7:30 on Thursday evening. Rev. J. W. FENN, Pastor.

PREBYTERIAN—Sunday preaching services, 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Junior League at 3 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:30 p. m. Praying meeting on Thursday evening at 7:30. Rev. B. J. BAXTER, Pastor.

See the samples of Paper Napkins at the ENTERPRISE Office.



Central Meat Market. Meats of all kinds nicely served. Stock bought for eastern markets. Schwaderer Bros., Props.

Rowland Conner, Pres. Chas. E. Still, Secy. E. J. Zoeller, Vice-Pres. H. E. LeRoy, Treas.

THE WOLVERINE Mutual Fire Insurance Company Ltd. (Incorporated.)

Insures Personal Property, Dwellings, Halls, Churches, Schools, Detached Property, in Cities and Villages and FARM PROPERTY.

General Offices: Rooms 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10, Chase Block, 114 N. Washington Ave. Saginaw, K. S., Mich.

A. A. P. McDOWELL, Resident Agent, Cass City.

PONTIAC, OXFORD & NORTHERN R. R.

PASSENGERS TIME CARD. Trains run on Central Standard Time.

Table with columns for GOING NORTH, STATIONS, GOING SOUTH, and times for various routes including Pontiac, Oxford, and Detroit.

Flag stations. Trains stop only on signal. Trains No. 5 will run Monday, Wednesday and Friday. No. 6, Thursday and Saturday. All other trains daily except Sunday.

Cass City and Caro STAGE & LINE.

J. S. DUNHAM PROP. GOING WEST: Leaves Cass City, 6 A. M. Arrives at Caro, 9 A. M.

GOING EAST: Leaves Caro, 1:30 P. M. Arrives at Cass City, 4:30 P. M.

FARE—One way, \$1.00; round trip \$1.50.

WEST END Meat Market

Is the place to get your Choice Meats of all kinds.

FRESH AND CURED ALSO Bologna and Sausage.

P. E. Peshette, Prop. John Klein, Meat Carver.

WE ARE NOT GREAT BLOWERS But this is an opportune time to assure you

A Royal Welcome at the Cass City Roller Mills. We deal on the square and you will be pleased with our products.

C. W. Heller, Prop.



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THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever sores, Itch, Clapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by T. H. Fritz.

CASS CITY ENTERPRISE.

An independent newspaper. Published every Thursday at the ENTERPRISE STEAM PRINTING HOUSE, Segar Street, Cass City, Tuscola Co., Michigan.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION: One year, \$1.00; six months, 50cts.; three months, 25cts., strictly in advance.

Advertisements. All changes of advertisements must be sent to this office no later than Wednesday noon of each week, also they can not be inserted in that week's issue. Reasonable rates are charged for display advertisements.

The wide circulation of the ENTERPRISE in the counties of Tuscola, Huron and Sanilac, makes it a valuable advertising medium.

A. A. P. McDOWELL, Proprietor.

OUR MOTTO: PERSEVERANCE, PROGRESS AND PATRIOTISM.

HAPS AND MISHAPS!

As Told by the Enterprise's Corps of Correspondents

WILMOT. Colonel S. Matthews, from Pontiac, spent Sunday with his sister, Mrs. Vorchiev, who is very sick.

WEST ELMWOOD. John Chaple is building an addition to his house.

PINNEBOG. We had a good shower Sunday night. Our school will close on Friday of this week.

ARGYLE. E. A. Sleeper, of Port Sanilac, did business in town last week.

ELLINGTON. C. A. Fish took his wool to Cass City market last Saturday.

EAST NOVESTA. Farmers are busy planting corn. Hiram Spink was a Caro visitor last week.

ELLINGTON. Mr. and Mrs. Travis Leach were in Caro last week Friday.

ELLINGTON. Mrs. McKenney visited several days with Mrs. W. A. Bailey last week.

ELLINGTON. W. A. Bailey and partner, Mr. Green, have gone to the summer resort below Sebewaing after some fish.

ELLINGTON. Mr. Peters' little girl was badly bitten by a dog going home from school one day last week.

ELLINGTON. Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Fish went over to Jene Rogers Sunday to see the big new boy over there.

ELLINGTON. W. A. Bailey and Frank Gould attended the Macabee meetings at Caro last Thursday and Friday evenings.

ELLINGTON. Twenty persons at the writing in Dist. No. 1 Saturday from the several Districts, in Ellington for diplomas.

ELLINGTON. Henry Jessup buried his babe in the Ellington cemetery Monday afternoon. It was about one year old and died of brain fever.

ELLINGTON. Business is steadily on the increase at our new grocery that opened up two weeks ago, and is managed by Bailey & Green, proprietors.

ELLINGTON. J. Mosher, J. H. Mosher, W. S. Wilber, and C. Wickware went over to the bay at Mosher's summer resort last Friday after fish, returning Monday.

ELLINGTON. Runner—I claims a home run on dat hit. Umpire—Where's de ball? Catcher—A goat swallered it.

KINGSTON.

Dr. Bates and Neil H. Burns were in Caro Tuesday.

Mrs. J. H. Stephens and Mrs. R. Lang drove to Caro Thursday.

T. J. Eveland, of Mayville, transacted business in town Thursday.

J. K. Thomas is having a cistern put down at his residence on Pine Street.

Mrs. L. A. Maynard is visiting friends and relatives at Elsie Mich.

An eighth grade examination was held at the school house here Saturday.

Childrens Day exercises will be conducted at the Baptist Church Sunday morning and at the M. E. Church in the afternoon.

Will and Jennie McKenzie, of Cass City, visited friends here Sunday.

James Karr intends giving the boys their long looked for party in a week.

William Walsh and family spent Sunday with Mrs. Walsh's brother, Geo., at Sanilac.

The Misses Phoebe Ware and Grace Pierce and the Messrs. Rob Wilson and Loyale Ware drove to North Branch Sunday, returning Tuesday.

Free Methodist revival meetings have started again in the school house under the management of Rev. Levi Muma. We had the pleasure of hearing him preach Sunday evening for the first time. He delivered a very eloquent and instructing discourse for one of his years, being still but a mere boy, and we think he is able to hold his own among any of the preachers we have heard.

Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Adams were in Caro the 4th.

Miss Pearl Hobart was calling on Caro friends Friday.

Sunshine school closes this week Friday with recitations and singing.

Chas. Andrews started for Manitoba last week in company with five other men.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Pattison, of Ellington, visited Chas. Cross and family on Friday.

Mrs. Mary Dunyca was taking very ill on Saturday. Dr. Morris, of Gagetown, was summoned and pronounced her suffering with a tumor in the stomach.

Merchant Clark is in the potato trade.

Wm. Goff raised his new barn to-day the seventh.

Parties were here last week to look over their wild lands.

A fine job done stamping near Bro. Holtz farm last week.

T. O'Rourke has completed Frank Crawford's new dwelling.

J. C. McCain seems to be the bicycle mender for these parts.

George, son of Wm. Butterford, is sick with bilious fever.

Mrs. Mitchell, of Birmingham, visits her son, Chas. Huffman.

Several of our young men work on the gravel train on the P. O. & N. R. R. Rains have held back planting till much of it was done in the days of June.

James Clark, who lived three miles north east of here, died last week of inflammation of the lungs. He was one of Novesta's most respected citizens.

GAGETOWN.

B. W. White Sundayed at Caro.

Sid Summers, of Wilmot, was in town Sunday.

Ralph Blakeley, of Elkton, was in town Monday.

Wm. Baker, of Saginaw, has been in town the past week.

Andrew Trumbull, of Brookfield, is on the sick list.

Mrs. S. S. Campbell is at Marinetta, Wis., at present.

John Hunter, of Koylton, stock buyer, was in town Tuesday.

The frost has injured the grapes in this vicinity more than at first supposed.

Joseph Bilstine succeeds Pechette as proprietor of the West End meat market.

H. Fuller visited with his family at Bay City Friday and Saturday returning Sunday.

Chas. S. Morse, of Flint, was in town the past week smiling on his many friends.

S. H. Knisely, mother, brother and sister move to Sebewaing soon after the close of his school.

Mrs. George S. Gage, of Andover, O., was the guest of Mrs. Helen Gage the fore part of the week.

Joseph Williams is now located at Seattle, Washington, having left Portland, Oregon, a month ago.

A. Coon is the delegate from Grace Episcopal church to the annual convention at Jackson this week.

Dr. Lyman's friends called on him a few nights ago and presented him with a neat masonic lapel button.

Mrs. Wm. Blakeley attended the funeral Tuesday of the infant child of E. A. Blakeley, her son, at Elkton.

Mrs. Camlin, of Geneva, N. Y., a loathed daughter of W. H. Whipple, was in town this week on a visit.

Court Elm, I. O. F., has been invited to attend the Sunday services of that order at Unionville on the 20th.

Quarterly meeting services were held at West Grant school house last Sunday. Rev. Allyn preached the sermon.

Mrs. Lamkins and Mrs. Blair, of Canboro, were in town Wednesday of last week and attended the hive of the L. O. T. M's.

Treasurer Gifford has received of County Treasurer Kinney the public money for our school district. Two mill tax, \$334.50, library, \$11.02.

Mrs. Ella Jeneraux and her son-in-law, Robt. Tratter, of Alpena, have taken up their residence here and occupy Wm. Prestage's house on Gore Street.

In response to a call from Dep. Com. Hall, the Degree Team of Elmwood Tent, No. 176, K. O. T. M., went to Caro on Friday last and exemplified the work of the new ritual. The Caro knights were well pleased with the work and entertained the team right royally.

Mrs. C. W. Lambkin and Mrs. Blair, of Canboro, were in town last week soliciting names for their wheel club, the proceeds to go towards the erecting of the K. O. T. M. Hall at that place. Their mission is a worthy one and every one that can should encourage the ladies when called on.

Revival services have been in progress at the Presbyterian church, Brookfield, during the past week conducted by Messrs. Jensen and Briscoe, of the Moody Bible Institute, Chicago. The attendance has been large and the interest good. A special feature of the meetings is the fine singing. The meetings will be held this week also at 7:30 every evening.

Our G. A. R. Post passed by a unanimous vote at their regular meeting Saturday a vote of thanks to Rev. Wm. Allyn and Clare Purdy for their addresses at Echo Hall Decoration day and also to Mr. Knisely and his school, Chas. Ricker and his school, the Village Council, the Macabees, the choir, and the public in attendance and also a vote of thanks to the ladies who prepared the sumptuous lunch.

Something to Depend On. Mr. James Jones, of the drug firm of Jones & Son, Cowden, Ill., in speaking of Dr. King's New Discovery, says that last winter his wife was attacked with La Grippe, and her case grew so serious that physicians at Cowden and Pana could do nothing for her. It seemed to develop into Hasty Consumption. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in store, and selling lots of it, he took a bottle home, and to the surprise of all she began to get better from first dose, and half dozen dollar bottles cured her sound and well. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is guaranteed to do this good work. Try it. Free trial bottles at T. H. Fritz's Drug Store.

The near future is big with history. He who would keep posted Eagerly peruses the daily newspaper. Every family should take the Very best in connection with their Ever needful local paper. The News—THE DETROIT EVENING NEWS—Is an indefatigable newsgatherer. Now is the accepted time. Give us your subscription. Nothing gained by waiting. The Evening News—10 cents a week. If you Want further information, Seek it of our agent in your own town.

The extensive increase in my business demands more attention than I am personally able to assume. I am therefore compelled to add more in capacity to my business in order to supply my patronage with more convenience. Having therefore located branch departments at Gagetown and Argyle Center, under the management of good competent men, with a full line of stock and funeral carriages ready and convenient on short notice. My stock in Cass City is now enlarged and my business will be conducted as in the past. A. A. McKenzie. BRANCH HOUSES: Gagetown, David Ashmore. Argyle Center, John McPhail.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3.00 SHOE. The Style, Fit and Wear could not be improved for Double the Price. W. L. Douglas \$3.50, \$4.00 and \$5.00 Shoes are the productions of skilled workmen, from the best material possible to put into shoes sold at these prices. We make also \$2.50 and \$2.25 shoes for men, and \$2.50, \$2.00 and \$1.75 for boys, and the W. L. Douglas \$3.50 Police shoe, very suitable for letter-carriers, policemen and others having much walking to do. We are constantly adding new styles to our already large variety, and there is no reason why you cannot be suited, so insist on having W. L. Douglas Shoes from your dealer. We use only the best Calf, Russia Calf (all colors), French Patent Calf, French Enamel, Vic. Kid, etc., graded to correspond with prices of the shoes. If dealer cannot supply you, write W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. CATALOGUE FREE.

J. D. Crosby GAGETOWN'S SHOE & CLOTHING MAN.

CORRECT TIME. IS alone worth having, and to have it is so convenient that it is a necessity. It's as easy as seeing the time to have it, and always right at that, if you are provided with one of our clocks. We have all styles and all prices and will give you something you can depend upon absolutely. Our watches, too, are as satisfactory. J. F. HENDRICK, Jeweler and Optician.

CARSON & EALY SUCCESSORS TO A. T. SLAIGHT & CO. ABSTRACTS OF TITLES TO ALL LANDS IN TUSCOLA CO. MONEY TO LOAN ON FARM MORTGAGES. \$50 TO \$5,000. For long or short time. Office across from Medler House. CARO, - MICH.

Nothing Like It! No Medicine Equals DR. J. ETHERINTON'S KASKARILLA. For Lagrippe, Liver and Kidney complaint, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Constipation, Biliousness, Etc. A few testimonials from scores:—

Fancy Chocolates and Creams. Candy from 5c to 60c lb. Large assortment of penny goods. Large stock of Oranges, Lemons, Bananas, Vegetables, fresh every day. Onions, Lettuce, Radishes, Rhubarb, Asparagus, Strawberries, and everything in that line. Will have plants of all kinds as soon as season is opened for them. Give me a call and be convinced that our store is the place to do your trading. 1000 bushels corn wanted. Bring your Butter and Eggs. Goods delivered in town. H. B. FAIRWEATHER.

DR. J. ETHERINTON'S KASKARILLA. For Lagrippe, Liver and Kidney complaint, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Constipation, Biliousness, Etc. A few testimonials from scores:—

**900 DROPS**  
**CASTORIA**

Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomach and Bowels of

**INFANTS - CHILDREN**

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. **NOT NARCOTIC.**

Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL LEITCHER

Perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and Loss of Sleep.

Fac Simile Signature of  
*Chas. H. Fletcher*  
**NEW YORK.**

At 6 months old  
**35 Doses - 35 CENTS**

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

**SEE THAT THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF EVERY BOTTLE OF CASTORIA**

*Chas. H. Fletcher*

IS ON THE WRAPPER OF EVERY BOTTLE OF CASTORIA

Castoria is put up in one-ounce bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." See that you get **C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.**

The fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper.

Do you want to **Buy, Sell or Rent** FARM OR VILLAGE PROPERTY?

Here are a few Bargains.

**For Sale.**

- 40 Acres, four miles from Cass City, all cleared and well fenced; 1/4 mile from school, one mile from church. Take it at \$16 per acre.
- 80 Acres, 4 1/4 miles from Cass City, easily cleared and not stony, on good road close to good school. A bargain at \$560. Half cash, balance on time.
- 80 Acres, in southwest corner of Novesta township, 4 acres improved and 3 acres of rye on ground, on good road. \$7 per acre takes it; half down, time on balance. Land drains easy and is within eighty rods of White Creek.
- 80 Acres, in section 1, Kingston township, 10 acres cleared and whole farm fenced on three sides with good wire fence; within one mile and a half of good school, store and post office. Will go cheap.
- 80 Acres, 75 acres cleared, good bank barn, No. 1 house, 3 parts 18x28, orchard, tool house, horse barn; will sell at a bargain or exchange for improved farm property in Southern Michigan or Ohio
- 80 Acre farm, four miles from Cass City, good brick house, orchard and on Main road. A bargain.
- 40 Acres, in Greenleaf township, on main road, six miles from Cass City; 25 acres cleared. Small house. At a bargain.

**To Exchange.**

- 200 Acre farm in Deerfield Twp., Livingston county, five miles from Fenton. Thirty acres green timber, good brick cottage and out-buildings, remainder of farm improved. To exchange for property in vicinity of Cass City.
  - 80 Acre farm in Grant Twp., 57 acres improved, good buildings, orchard, 3/4 miles from good school; to exchange for improved forty or village property.
- Good residence property in Cass City to exchange for forty acre farm.

**McKenzie & Co.**  
CASS CITY, MICH.

**Township Board Meetings.**

ELKLAND, April 3, 1897.  
Meeting of the township board of the township of Elkland.  
Meeting called to order by Supervisor I. K. Reid.  
Present Reid, Withey, Brooker and Hebblewhite.  
Minutes of the preceding meeting read and approved.  
Moved by Justice Brooker and supported by Justice Withey that the following bills be allowed and an order drawn on the treasurer for the several amounts:  
James L. Hitchcock, for settling with County Treasurer making statement of return taxes and settling with township board. \$18.30  
Jas. Brooker, for 4 days on township board. 6.00  
Wm. H. Hebblewhite, 16 1/2 days as clerk and 6 1/2 on board. 34.75  
I. K. Reid, services on town board 4 1/2 days. 6.75  
Yeas—Withey, Brooker, Reid and Hebblewhite.  
Moved by Justice Brooker and supported by Clerk Hebblewhite that the township board adjourn. Yeas—Withey, Reid, Brooker and Hebblewhite.  
I. K. REID, Wm. HEBBLEWHITE, Supervisor. Twp. Clerk.

ELKLAND, April 12, 1897.  
Meeting of the township board of Elkland.  
Meeting called to order by Supervisor I. K. Reid.  
Present Reid, Brooker, Withey and Hebblewhite.  
Moved by Justice Brooker and supported by Clerk Hebblewhite that the following bills be paid as allowed by board and an order drawn on treasurer for same:  
Jas. Brooker, for 2 1/2 days on election board. 3.75  
A. W. Seed, for 2 1/2 days on election board. 3.75  
L. I. Wood, for 2 1/2 days on election board. 3.75  
A. A. McKenzie, 2 1/2 days on election board. 3.75  
A. D. Gilles, for 2 1/2 days on election board. 3.75  
James Reigh, for putting up and taking down election booths and cleaning hall. 1.50  
Elmer Smith, for cleaning town hall yard and putting on two locks. 1.35  
N. Bigelow & Son, for mds. 32  
A. A. P. McDowell, for printing 800 ballots. 1.50  
John Gark, for 1 1/2 days as gate keeper. 3.00  
Wm. Jeffrey, for 1 1/2 days as gate keeper. 3.00  
Yeas—Reid, Brooker, Withey and Hebblewhite.  
Moved by Clerk Hebblewhite and supported by Justice Withey that Justice Brooker be appointed to have a gate built between town hall on the west and adjoining property. Yeas—Reid, Withey, and Hebblewhite.  
Moved by Justice Withey and supported by Clerk Hebblewhite that the township board adjourn. Yeas—Withey, Brooker, Reid and Hebblewhite.  
I. K. REID, Wm. HEBBLEWHITE, Supervisor. Twp. Clerk.

ELKLAND, May 21, 1897.  
Meeting of the township board of the township of Elkland.  
Meeting called to order by Supervisor I. K. Reid.  
Present Reid, Withey, Brooker and Hebblewhite.  
Moved by Justice Brooker and supported by Justice Withey that the following bills be allowed as read and an order drawn on the treasurer for the several amounts:  
E. Pancher, for building gate and fence on west side of town hall. 45.00  
Geo. E. Perkins, for appraising sheep killed by dogs. 2.00  
Wm. H. Hebblewhite, for services on board and postage. 3.43  
I. K. Reid, for taking assessment, spreading rolls and trip to Cass. 58.50  
Yeas—Brooker, Withey, Reid and Hebblewhite.  
Moved by Justice Withey and supported by Clerk Hebblewhite that the township board adjourn to meet at Clerk's office May 28th at nine o'clock a. m. Yeas—Withey, Brooker and Hebblewhite.  
I. K. REID, Wm. HEBBLEWHITE, Supervisor. Twp. Clerk.

ELKLAND, May 28, 1897.  
Meeting of the township board of the township of Elkland.  
Meeting called to order by Supervisor I. K. Reid.  
Present Brooker, Withey, Reid, and Hebblewhite.  
Moved by Justice Withey and supported by Clerk Hebblewhite that the following bills be allowed and an order drawn on treasurer for the several amounts:  
Wm. Hebblewhite, 2 days making out road warrants on 1 on board. \$1.50  
J. W. Gordon, 3 days on board of review. 4.50  
D. J. Deming, 1 1/2 days on board school inspectors. 2.25  
L. H. Wright, 3 days on board of review. 6.00  
I. K. Reid, 3 days on board of review, 2 days making out road warrants, 3 days on township board. 14.50  
Joel D. Withey, 9 1/2 days on township board. 5.25  
James Brooker, 2 1/2 days on township board. 3.75  
Moved by Justice Brooker and supported by Clerk Hebblewhite that Supervisor I. K. Reid and Justice Brooker be appointed to have second floor to town hall strengthened. Yeas—Withey, Hebblewhite and Brooker.  
Moved by Clerk Hebblewhite and supported by Justice Withey that the health board adjourn. Yeas—Withey, Hebblewhite, Brooker and Reid.  
Wm. HEBBLEWHITE, Twp. Clerk.

ELKLAND, April 12, 1897.  
Meeting of health board of the township of Elkland.  
Meeting called to order by chairman I. K. Reid.  
Present Reid, Withey, Brooker and Hebblewhite.  
Moved by Justice Brooker and supported by Clerk Hebblewhite that the following bills be allowed by board

and an order drawn on treasurer for the several amounts:  
Dr. Edwards, salary as health officer. \$20.00  
" " for visiting and disinfecting houses. 5.00  
Jno. Hamilton, for removing three graves at cemetery. 15.00  
Yeas—Reid, Brooker, Withey and Hebblewhite.  
On motion of Justice Brooker supported by Clerk Hebblewhite the board of health adjourned.  
Wm. HEBBLEWHITE.  
W. C. T. U. COLUMN.  
Prohibition in Atlanta.

The Wesleyan Christian Advocate, published in Atlanta, recently gave a striking refutation of the repeated assertion that prohibition of the drink traffic tends to injure a city financially. According to the assessor's books property in that municipality has increased two million dollars under prohibitory law. The loss of forty thousand dollars saloon revenue has been no obstacle to the city's commercial and industrial prosperity. Fifteen new house-furnishing stores have been started since prohibition went into effect, and more furniture has been sold to mechanics and laboring men in the last year than in any twelve months of the city's history; the number of city banks has increased; the coming of four new railroads has been settled; the manufacturing interests have received new life, and all real estate companies have seen their stock double in value since the advent of prohibition. Two former "liquor streets," where once it was not considered safe for a woman to walk without an escort, are now as orderly as any other, and property on them has advanced from ten to twenty five per cent. The paper goes on to testify to the diminution of crime in that city as the result of prohibition. "Two weeks," it says, "were formerly necessary to get through with the criminal docket; during the present year it was closed out in two days. The chain gang is left with almost nothing but chains and balls; it would not be large enough to work the public roads were it not augmented by supplies from other counties." And the secret of this prohibition success is told in the words "The city government is in the hands of our best citizens."

**Failure of Eggs to Hatch.**

Hearing so much complaint and having been written to very frequently about this subject, it has suggested this article, says R. E. Henshie, in Farmer's Review. There seems to be more complaint each year about this, and there are so many failures of this kind that it has discouraged a large number of breeders so much that they have quit breeding fowls and it has hurt the sale of eggs to a great extent as parties do not like to pay out a couple of dollars for a setting of eggs and perhaps fail to get any chicks or only a couple and perhaps those are puny. There are several causes why the eggs fail to hatch. The first and greatest cause we believe to be the use of immature stock fowls. A fowl is not fully developed especially of the larger breeds under 18 months and most of our breeders sell all their stock as soon as they get about this age as they claim they do not lay as many eggs as a younger fowl. Now here they are mistaken as a two year old hen will lay as many eggs as a pullet and the number of chicks hatched will be greater as well as stronger and make finer chicks, and even if they did not lay quite as many eggs the increased per cent of chicks produced would better satisfy a breeder's customers and will help to increase the egg sales instead of as at present to decrease them.

Another cause is the great demand for fowls that a breeder does not take the pains to cull out his stock properly, only using the most vigorous males and largest and best females, another cause is the mating of too many females with one male. This all depends on the vigor of the males. Some can be mated with a dozen females, whereas others cannot be mated to over six or eight. Care should be taken in this matter and each breeder who has mated his yards, watch and see how attentive the male is, and if he is sluggish, a couple of the females should be taken from him. Another cause is not the proper amount of exercise. A fowl should be kept busy; if your runs are small so they do not get the exercise that way, you should cover up their dry feed in such a way that they will have to scratch for it; this keeps them from being idle, and keeps them from getting too fat, and fat will also cause the eggs not to hatch. Another reason is that in the winter season the hens are forced to lay on account of the eggs which bring a good price, and nearly every breeder wishes to make as much as possible out of his fowls. This forcing business should never be allowed, especially with the fowls that you wish for breeding purposes, as it decreases the vitality of the fowls, and will make puny chicks out of the eggs that do hatch. Still another cause is our long and cold winter weather; the fowls are kept in their houses a good part of the time and do not get the proper amount of exercise, so that when they are turned out in the spring their vitality has been decreased so that it takes them several weeks to recuperate, but as the season advances this cause is lessened.

**W. A. FAIRWEATHER**

Has just received an immense new line of Ladies' and Gents

**UNDERWEAR and HOSE,**

Parasols, Wash Goods, New Goods of all descriptions in our line. All linen Toweling 4c., Ladies' Vests 5c., Ladies' Hose 5c., Childrens' Hose 5c. Everything good. Everything at low prices. Come and see.

**DRY GOODS and GROCERIES.**

We make Corsets to order if desired. Yours for Business,

**W. A. FAIRWEATHER.**

Butter, Eggs and CASH taken.

**HOW TO FIND OUT.**

Fill a bottle or common water glass with urine and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settlings indicates a diseased condition of the kidneys. When urine stains linen it is positive evidence of kidney trouble. Too frequent desire to urinate or pain in the back, is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

**WHAT TO DO.**

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy, fulfills every wish in relieving pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passages. It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to get up many times during the night to urinate. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists price fifty cents and one dollar. For a sample bottle and pamphlet, both sent free by mail, mention the Enterprise and send your full post-office address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The proprietors of this paper guarantee the genuineness of this offer.

**Three Great Conventions.**

The Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor meets at San Francisco, Cal., July 7th-12th.  
National Education Association at Milwaukee, Wis., July 6th-9th.  
Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks at Minneapolis, Minn., July 6th-9th.  
These are all National conventions, and delegates and others interested should bear in mind that the best route to each convention city from Chicago is via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway. Two trains daily via Omaha to San Francisco; seven through trains daily via four different routes Chicago to Minneapolis; six daily trains, Chicago to Milwaukee. Choice of routes to California, going via Omaha or Kansas City, returning via St. Paul and Minneapolis. Through trains vestibuled and electric lighted. All trains run on Absolute Diocok System. Low excursion rates to each convention. Ticket agents everywhere sell tickets over the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway or address Harry Mercer, Michigan Passenger Agent, Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway, 7 Fort street, W. Detroit, Mich. 5 20 3

**Bay View Amusements Out.**

Summer brings the Bay View amusements again—this time radiant with 150 beautiful half-tone views and a most tempting intellectual, musical and educational menu. Every one knows something of the wealth of attractions at this great summer resort. There is no place where people get so much for their money. The June Bay View Magazine gives full Assembly and Summer University information, and what it costs to go there. J. M. Hall, Flint, Mich., is the person to address for it. Sent free. All Michigan railroads will sell half-fare tickets there between July 12 and 22, return limit August 20.

Mr. Isaac Horner, proprietor of the Burton House, Burton, W. Va., and one of the most widely known men in the state was cured of rheumatism after three years of suffering. He says: "I have not sufficient command of language to convey any idea of what I suffered. My physician told me that nothing could be done for me; and my friends were fully convinced that nothing but death would relieve me of my suffering. In June, 1894, Mr. Evans, then salesman for the Wishing Drug Co., recommended Chamberlain's Pain Balm. At this time my foot and limb were swollen to more than double their normal size and it seemed to me my leg would burst, but soon after I began using the Pain Balm, the swelling began to decrease, the pain to leave, and now I consider that I am entirely cured. For sale by T. H. Fritz, druggist."

**G. A. R. Attention!**

For the National Encampment this year, you can go to Buffalo and back at an expense of only \$4.15 for passage from Port Huron via Grand Trunk Ry. System. Tickets on sale August 21st, 22nd and 23rd, good for return up to September 20th. For full information as to special trains, etc., write C. R. Clark, Ticket Agent, Port Huron. 6 3-cow.

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**J. L. HITCHCOCK'S**

A large and complete line of **TINWARE,**

Cheaper than ever sold before. Galvanized and Agate Ware all kinds. A good supply of Myer Spray Pumps, Washers, Garden Seed Drills, Churns, Spinning Wheels, Lawn Mowers, Screen Doors, Window Screens, Wire Screens, Barn Door Rollers and Trucks, Building Paper, Nails, Barb Wire, Forks Spades, Shovels, Hoes Rakes, Etc.

**Special Dry Goods Sale.**

Our line of Hose and Underwear is complete, ranging in price from 5c up. Prints from 4c up. Cottons, all prices according to quality. Dress Goods latest styles and patterns in all shades, also Trimmings to match; such as Silk Gimp Trimming black and colors, Velvet Binding, Taffeta Lining, Ribbons, Etc. Call and see our Ladies' Belts and Sweaters.

**J. L. HITCHCOCK.**

Lumber, Butter and Eggs Wanted. Tamrack, Beech and Maple Wood taken in exchange for goods.

**LAWN MOWER. WESTERN STAR WASHER.**

**McCormick**

Harvesting Machines are the profit-bringing kind; they are the kind that keep down expenses; there are other kinds that don't, and are in fact a constant expense because they are so constantly out of fix. Let's admit, that we are all trying to make money; let's admit also—because experience has proven it true—that there's nothing cheaper than the best. In harvesting machinery here it is.

The McCormick Right-Hand Open Elevator Binder.  
The McCormick New J Steel Mower.  
The McCormick Folding Dairy Reaper.  
The McCormick Vertical Corn Binder.

Come in and let us show you these machines; they are the only kind we handle they are the only kind to own.

**James Reagh, Cass City.**

**OH!**

We are so Sorry

We have no picture of baby! That is what people say after baby is dead.

**DON'T WAIT**

Bundle up baby and old people and take them to

**MAIER'S GALLERY,**  
CASS CITY,

and secure a picture. All kinds of pictures copied and enlarged.

**J. MAIER**  
Photographer.

**FARMERS!**

Bring your wool to the

**CASS CITY**

**Woolen Mills**

and have it made into Tweeds, Filled Cloth, Flannels, Blankets and Yarns for your own use. Having repaired all the machinery anew, will be better prepared to do all work entrusted to me in the best possible manner and give all perfect satisfaction. Thanking you one and all for past favors and soliciting a continuance of the same I remain,  
Yours Truly,

**Jas. N. Dorman**

WITHIN OUR WALLS.

MERE MENTION OF MICHIGAN MATTERS.

Jackson Prison Convict Stabs a Keeper—Four Counterfeiters Get a Dose of Justice at Grand Rapids—Uncle Sam Sends a Cruiser to Michigan Navies

Convict Curley Assaults Another Keeper. Convict Wm. Curley made a desperate assault upon Keeper Gus Southwick at Jackson prison. When the keeper came to take away Curley's breakfast dishes the convict leaped against the door, knocking Southwick down. Curley then leaped upon him and began to stab him with a big needle used in sewing brooms. Notwithstanding a score of wounds the keeper regained his feet and fought Curley back into his cell and locked the door. He then summoned help and was taken to the hospital where Dr. Gibson dressed the wounds, some of which are very serious.

This is the third assault Curley has made upon his keepers within three years. His first victim was Foreman McHenry in the stone shop whom he nearly killed with a chisel; next Deputy Warden Northrup and several guards were badly injured in a riot in the shirt factory, led by Curley, Huntley and Boote, for which Curley had 10 years added to the sentence he was already serving.

Four Counterfeiters Sent Up. Jay V. Elton, of Clyde, Ohio; John Dupree, of Grand Rapids; Ferdinand Hauck, of Belding, Ind.; and Simpson Craig, of Jackson, were found guilty in the federal court at Grand Rapids on charges of making and circulating \$20 treasury notes. This is believed to be the last of an extensive gang of counterfeiters which operated in various parts of the country during 1895-6, two other members of which were the Kingston boys, of Ionia, recently given long terms for their part in the scheme. Dupree was the engineer of the mills, and he got three years; Hauck, four years; Craig and Elton, five years each in the Detroit house of correction. Elton was the money man of the gang. Dupree is the son of a Congressional minister in Grand Rapids, who wept piteously when his boy was sentenced.

U. of M. Regents' Doings.

The U. of M. regents held an important meeting at which the budget for 1897-8 was made up at \$418,545. It was decided to keep the hospitals open this summer with the \$3,000 appropriation given by the legislature. A new chair was established in the subjects of English philology and general linguistics and Prof. George Hempel was given the chair at a salary of \$2,000. Judge Victor H. Lane, of Adrian, was appointed Fletcher professor of law. Jas. H. Brewster was made professor of law and Judge McAlvay, of Manistee, professor of law on half time. Prof. F. R. Mechem's salary was raised to \$3,000. Dr. Vaughan and Prof. Russell were granted leave of absence after June 16, the former to go to Europe, and the latter to take up work on the geological survey.

The Loyal Legion Congress.

The Loyal Legion of the United States met in the eighth quadrennial congress at Detroit. Although the number of delegates was small—70—it was a representative gathering, and in more than one way. Nearly every state was represented, as was the army and navy and many branches of official and civil life, the Loyal Legion being composed of officers and ex-officers of the U. S. army and navy. There were many touching meetings of war-time comrades and stories which stirred the hearts and brought both smiles and tears were told by the score as the older veterans greeted each other. The business sessions of the congress were presided over by Rear Admiral Gherardi, the commander-in-chief of the Loyal Legion.

Big Fire at Durand—No Protection.

A disastrous fire, which destroyed nearly half the business part of Durand started shortly after midnight in the Lillie building, on West Main street. As the only fire engine in the village was broken in a Decoration day exhibition, the town was practically without protection. The flames spread rapidly and within three hours the following buildings were in ruins: Brick store of Mrs. Fred Bower, restaurant of T. J. Young; frame building of Duran Perry, millinery store of Mrs. Agnes Berry; frame building of Andrew Lillie, bakery of Mr. Yoche; brick building of Daniel Harrington, tobacco store and billiard room of Harrington & Co., and shoe shop of Andrew Lillie. The loss is estimated at \$25,000.

W. C. T. U. of Michigan.

The twenty-second annual session of Women's Christian Temperance union, of Michigan, convened in Benton Harbor. The address of welcome in behalf of the city was made by Hon. Victor M. Gore, while Rev. E. A. Hoffman gave the address of welcome in the behalf of the churches. Mrs. J. R. Parrish, of Bay City, corresponding secretary, reported cash from all sources \$11,057, with \$3,195 on hand.

Adrian Episcopalians will construct an \$18,000 stone church from plans drawn by Spier & Rohns, of Detroit. Warren T. Martin, aged 76 years, and Mrs. J. P. Arnold, a widow, aged 71, eloped from Muskegon and were married at Milwaukee.

George Goodwin, living near Montgomery, Hillsdale county, committed suicide by shooting. He had recently parted from his wife.

Daniel Gillis, a tunnel brakeman, was run over by a way car at the tunnel yards of the Grand Trunk at Port Huron. He cannot recover.

Michigan Naval Reserves Get the Yantic

The U. S. cruiser Yantic which has been loaned to the Michigan Naval Reserves by Uncle Sam to be used as a training ship, was built at the U. S. navy yard at Philadelphia in 1864, served as a blockader during the rest of the war and did good service in peace until 1877 when she was turned in for "repairs." Congress would appropriate no money for new cruisers so the Yantic and others were "rebuilt." In 1880 the Yantic slid into the water again practically a new vessel and until 1890 was a part of the pretty North Atlantic squadron, but for the past seven years has been in the South Atlantic as a training ship. She is of wood, 180 feet between perpendiculars, 30 feet beam, and 12.3 feet mean draft. She is of 900 tons displacement.

Michigan's Pioneers.

The annual meeting of the State Pioneer and Historical society was held at Lansing. There much disappointment expressed because of the governor's veto of their appropriation bill, but it was agreed that a vigorous effort should be made to make the coming year the most successful in the history of the society. The publication of a volume of collections will be abandoned temporarily, however. The papers read were unusually varied and interesting. The following officers were elected: President, Cyrus G. Luce, of Coldwater; secretary, Geo. H. Greene, of Lansing; treasurer, B. F. Davis, of Lansing.

A Dastardly Trick.

Trouble between the longshoremen and Manager Ludgate, of the Traverse Lumber Co., at Traverse City, culminated in a horrible experience for Ludgate. Ludgate finished loading the Westcott, using his own men, while longshoremen claim the right to load. When Ludgate rode to the dock on his wheel he was met by a hundred longshoremen and thrown head first into a load of filth which had been dumped on the dock.

MICHIGAN NEWS ITEMS.

A packing house will be established at Fennville. Bay City reports the lumber market as picking up. The army worm is doing much damage in Menominee county.

Sebastian Farritt, a Pewabic miner at Iron Mountain, fell 40 feet and was killed.

Three barns owned by John McKay at Romeo, were destroyed by fire; loss, \$3,000.

Peter Beay, aged 15, was drowned while playing on logs in the river at Manistee.

The Lillie mine at Negaunee is starting up with 125 men, after nearly two years' idleness.

Daniel Morea's house at Jackson was badly wrecked by lightning, but no one was seriously injured.

George W. Clark, a Grand Rapids painter, fell 50 feet from a cottage at Ottawa Beach and may die.

Masked robbers at Bridgeport, stole \$549, which Mrs. Jane Okley, a feeble old lady, had secreted in her bed.

Mrs. Patrick Murray, of Blackman township, Jackson county, has died from injuries received in a runaway.

A bolt of lightning split the flagstaff on the high school at Pontiac, throwing the greater part a distance of 300 feet.

Two masked men with revolvers forced Louis Kreutz, a Menominee butcher, to hand over \$80 which he was counting.

The new Grand hotel at Lansing was again partially destroyed by fire, the loss of \$3,000 being fully covered by insurance.

It is said that the bill for the improvement of Maple river, which has been signed by the governor, will reclaim 15,000 acres of swamp lands.

Capt. F. Daniell, aged 74, well-known in the copper country, fell from the fifty-first level in the Calumet & Hecla mine, 300 feet, and was killed.

John Yonts, aged 60, was driving to Coldwater when he was run into by a runaway team and fatally injured. One runaway horse was killed.

Adrian attorneys will petition the governor to appoint Capt. C. R. Miller as circuit judge of Lenawee county as successor of Judge Lane, resigned.

Congressman Todd claims that the Eaton county pension examining board has been removed for political purposes in violation of the civil service law.

The church of the Holy Trinity, a new German Catholic church at West Bay City, was destroyed by a fire which was clearly incendiary, causing a loss of \$3,000.

After taking 42 ballots without selecting a night policeman the Three Rivers council left the matter with the mayor, who named Fred Horn, a silver Democrat.

In attempting to change seats in a boat while intoxicated C. A. Molander and John Seville fell into the river at Republic, and Molander was drowned.

Judge V. H. Lane, resigns from the Lenawee circuit bench, after 10 years of service, to accept the appointment to the Fletcher law professorship at the U. of M.

Thomas Kelly and Peter Parley indulged in a neighborhood quarrel at Grand Rapids, and Parley fractured Kelly's skull with a stone, and he will probably die.

John Scarrow, wife and three children, of Wayne, were taken ill from eating mushrooms. At one time it seemed as if some deaths would result, but all are recovering.

Secretary of War Alger, who was in Detroit during the Loyal Legion congress, said that he would do all he could to replace the U. S. troops in the fort of Mackinac island.

Charles Mead, working south of Alma committed suicide by hanging in a barn. Two children saw the deed, but were too frightened to aid him. Cause of suicide unknown.

Mrs. Margaret Harding, wife of a Dayton, O., barber, was found dead in bed in her room. A bullet wound in the right breast and a revolver at the foot of the bed indicate suicide.

A horse driven by Henry Beuhler and wife near Saginaw became frightened at an electric car, ran into a telegraph pole, throwing Mrs. Beuhler out upon her head, killing her instantly.

Mrs. Spurgeon, of Fife Lake, was instantly killed while blowing into a muzzle loading rifle to see if it was loaded. He had his foot on the hammer and it slipped, discharging the rifle.

The Presbyterian church at Howell was struck by lightning while Sunday school was in session. A ball of fire rolled into the gallery, knocking two boys from their seats and shocking several girls.

The supreme court has decided that there being no other provision for the sale of land for the payment of drain taxes than that found in the general tax law, that drain tax titles are as valid as any other tax title.

The suit filed in the State Lumber Co.'s mill at Manistee have struck and caused the shutting down of the entire lumber mill and salt block as well as three lumber camps closing, throwing several hundred men out of employment.

An herb doctor selling medicine about Cheboygan, gave Mrs. David Hudak a powder. After taking it she went to sleep and could not be aroused and died on the second day. The doctor is under arrest pending developments.

The objection of the sultan to receiving Dr. James H. Angell, of Michigan, as minister of the United States, is withdrawn, and the state department notified by Mr. Terrell, the present diplomatic representative of this country in Constantinople.

Mrs. Wood, of Deerfield, who travels for a medicine company, was fatally burned by gasoline at Deerfield. Mrs. Bloomfield, who was filling the tank, stepped on a match causing an explosion. Mrs. Bloomfield was burned, but will recover.

James Simpson and Mrs. Amanda Bailey, of Deer Creek, were arrested at Howell charged with unlawful cohabitation. They were not able to furnish \$200 bail. The woman's little girl, aged 5, went to jail also, having no other place to go.

Interviews with western Michigan growers show that the peach crop is almost ruined. Curls are dropping off at an alarming rate. There has been little frost, but continued cold weather has done more harm than could any frost in the way of blasting buds.

Deputy Attorney General Chase says that under the bill providing a method for the state to obtain possession of escheated estates and bank deposits, which have been unclaimed for seven years, the state will come into possession of at least \$100,000 in the near future.

Owing to the legislature having cut the appropriation of the Michigan fish commission from \$50,000 to \$15,000 the commission has decided to cut off the propagation of practically everything but trout for the inland streams, even then everything will have to be kept at hard pan.

Capt. William Cary died at Benton Harbor, in his 79th year. He was 32 years captain of various craft, sailing the lakes from Detroit, Chicago, St. Joseph and other points, before the danger shoals were marked. Cary sailed the first brigantine out of Detroit that floated on Lakes Huron and Erie.

Bishop Gillespie presided at the annual diocesan Episcopal convention of western Michigan, at Ionia, and reported the diocese in a prosperous condition. The convention refused to send delegates to the national anti-saloon league. E. T. Montgomery, of Ionia, was elected treasurer, and Rev. A. E. Wells, of Traverse City, registrar.

Thomas Daxtor, aged 35, unmarried, a C. & W. M. switchman, caught his foot in a split switch at Grand Rapids. The train was backing down upon him, and Daxtor, to save his life, deliberately threw himself across the rails, and he was cut off near the thigh, and the other below the knee. The plucky man has a powerful physique, and may live.

Mrs. Warner Neal, of Forest Lodge, the new deputy game warden for Grand Traverse county, declares that she is not afraid of gun nor spear, and that she will enforce the law to the letter. She can handle a gun like an expert. Mrs. Neal is 42 years old, of medium height, has light blue eyes and her hair is slightly tinged with gray, and she is a modest and unassuming woman.

John Borgers, Jr., aged 18, appeared at the office of the Holland Furniture Co. and demanded his pay, which was not due. The clerk, Herman Van Ark, referred the young man to the manager, whereupon, Borgers pulled a revolver and fired three shots, none of which took effect. After his arrest, Borgers attempted suicide by poisoning himself but was discovered in time.

W. W. Miller, an exemplary young man of Carsonville, went to Port Huron with \$75 in his pockets. It is said that he spent the night at Stella Grant's resort and the next morning crossed the river to Sarnia with a girl called "Bess." He returned to Port Huron alone toward evening and a few hours later was found in the street unconscious. He died in a short time. His friends claim that he was murdered.

The Muskegon Y. M. C. A. has signed contracts for a locomotive collision on July 4. The affair will take place in a canvas inclosure of 40 acres

AFFAIRS IN GENERAL.

BRIEF MENTION OF EVENTS OF INTEREST.

Russia and Germany are Interested in the Greek-Turkish Settlements—Gomez and Weyler Meet in Battle—Lee's Report Received.

A Constantinople dispatch says that the embassies received word from their respective ministers at Athens that the position of the Greek royal family is now critical. King George is practically barricaded in the palace and it is reported that he is making his preparations to leave Athens in order to evade the fury of the populace.

From a Russian source comes news of a conspiracy against King George of Greece, far more deeply rooted than was supposed. There is indisputable evidence that Premier Ralli and his colleagues in the cabinet are gravely implicated in a plot to overthrow the dynasty. It is said that King George paid a visit to M. Onou, the Russian minister, and after a two hours' interview sent a long telegram to the czar urging him to intervene on behalf of Greece.

Athens: The Turks have occupied a position at Tsopanatis, in the neutral zone. The Greek government has protested against this movement to the representatives of the powers. Turkey's continued arming and reported Russian preparations, with other rumors of a bellicose character, raise the hopes of some of the Greek newspapers that Greece may yet benefit from a general European war. But the majority of the nation, sobered by a sad experience, is only desirous that Europe should protect Greece against her conquerors.

The negotiations at Constantinople have entered upon the anxious stage, owing to doubts as to the real intentions of the sultan whether he means to resume the war or not. A spirit of conciliation is shown towards the ambassadors, but the Turkish government is playing a double game and is inciting public opinion secretly to oppose the abandonment of Thessaly. The sultan affects to be greatly afraid of the Islamic party, and the attitude of the grand vizier, as shown by the report which he presented to the sultan urging that the whole of Islam was fully determined to retain Thessaly, and tendering his resignation in case Abdul-Hamid differed with these views, has strengthened the suspicion that the sultan is prepared to plead that Islamic pressure is the reason for not yielding to the powers. The sultan's show of resistance to the powers is generally attributed to German backing, but it is also rumored that negotiations between Turkey and Russia have been in progress relative to the eventual administration by Russia of a portion of Asia Minor.

Weyler and Gomez Meet in Battle. Reports have been received of a battle at La Reforma, Sancti Spiritus, in which Gens. Gomez and Weyler met in war for the first time. The engagement was the result of a plan of Gen. Weyler to surround and crush Gomez with an immensely superior force. The scheme was defeated by the brilliant tactics displayed by Gomez, who, outnumbered by 20 to 1, succeeded in holding the enemy in check for six hours. Gen. Weyler formed three new columns in addition to the 13,000 men who were already operating against Gomez in Sancti Spiritus. At the head of 5,000 men he marched upon Gomez at La Reforma. The two other Spanish columns of 2,000 men each were to try to take the Cubans in the flank. Weyler thought that with this second army he could pen Gomez up and annihilate him. The Cuban commander occupied a strategic position and awaited the attack. The Spanish columns were driven back repeatedly, and even under Gen. Weyler's own eye they fled in terror at the charge of the Cubans. Weyler's horse was shot three times, and then he withdrew to the rear.

The Cubans routed the left flank of the Spanish completely, but were not strong enough to follow up their success. The supporting columns of the Spanish arrived in the thick of the fray, and Gomez retired to a stronger position, and, night coming on, Weyler abandoned the field.

Lee's Report on the Ruiz Murder. The New York Journal publishes the full text of Consul-General Lee's report on the Ruiz case to Secretary Sherman, which is in substance as follows: First—Ruiz was arrested on a false charge. Second—He was placed under an improper jurisdiction and died before the proper tribunal considered his case, thereby giving him no opportunity to prove his innocence. Third—He was kept "incommunicado" in a solitary cell for 315 hours in violation of his treaty rights, which limit such confinement to 29 hours. Fourth—He died from congestion of the brain, produced by a blow on the top of the head.

An Attempted Wife Murder. Mrs. Ed. Roach was shot three times by her husband, at Battle Creek. She is not expected to live. The couple had lived apart for some time. Roach followed his wife to the home of her sister and fired at her four times. When he gave himself up, he said he wished he had shot himself.

National Flag Day, June 14. The Michigan society, Sons of the American Revolution, has requested the mayors of the cities and towns throughout the state to call attention by proclamation to the National Flag day, June 14, as a day set apart by congress for such observance, being the 130th anniversary of the adoption of the stars and stripes as the national banner of our country; and asks for a general observance of the day by unfurling to the breeze Old Glory from all public buildings, private residences, stores and other appropriate places.

THE 55TH CONGRESS AT WORK.

SENATE.—34th day.—A larger portion of the tariff bill was disposed of than on any previous day of its consideration. The first break thus far from the committee schedules was the reduction of the rate on anvils from 2c to 1 1/2c per pound. Senator Tillman, of South Carolina, asked consideration for a resolution reciting the circumstances of the enactment of the South Carolina dispensary law, its effect in reducing intemperance, the recent decision of a federal judge overthrowing the law and requiring the state to "reopen the barrooms." The resolution then directed the judiciary committee to consider and report what legislation is necessary to restore to South Carolina its right to regulate the liquor traffic in its own way. Mr. Hoar, of Massachusetts, proposed a substitute omitting the preamble and simply directing the judiciary committee to consider and report the bill or otherwise, what legislation, if any, is necessary to carry out the statute of 1890 relative to commerce between the states. Mr. Tillman accepted the substitute and it was agreed to.

SENATE.—35th day.—Another good day's work was accomplished, 10 pages of the metal schedule of the tariff bill being disposed of without a single change of the committee rates. The only other feature of the session was another outbreak on the part of Senator Tillman, of South Carolina, who renewed the sugar investigation discussion and defended his action while governor of his state. HOUSE.—The proceedings were uneventful by a single incident, the attempt of Mr. Terry, Democrat, of Arkansas, to secure consideration as a privileged matter of a resolution for the immediate appointment of the committee on foreign affairs. It was ruled out of order and an appeal taken from the decision of the chair was laid on the table by a strict party vote. There was much exciting debate before this action was taken, however. Several bills were passed by unanimous consent—the Senate resolution for the relief of the El Paso flood sufferers, amended so as to make the appropriation of \$10,000 available out of the unexpended balance of the appropriation for the Mississippi flood sufferers was passed, and the conference report on the Indian appropriation bill was adopted.

SENATE.—56th day.—The wool schedule of the tariff bill was reached and Mr. Mantle, of Montana, made a plea for a high tariff for the protection of the wool grower. He presented fully and supported with numerous tables and statistics the wool growers' side of the controversy and showed the enormous losses sustained by the wool growers in the depreciation in value of sheep and wool during the past six years. He declared that, by reason of enormous importations in anticipation of an enactment of the tariff law, the wool grower would not receive much benefit from a protective tariff for four years to come. Mr. Butler, of North Carolina, made a speech favoring an income tax and opposed the "indecent haste" with which an attempt was being made to force the pooling bill through the Senate. He said the pooling bill would destroy the interstate commerce law and was in the interests of gigantic trusts. Mr. Cullom, chairman of the interstate commerce committee, which reported the bill, denied an undue haste and also denied that it would injure the interstate commerce law. Mr. Chilton, of Texas, a member of the committee, said that as he saw it Mr. Butler's assertions were true.

SENATE.—57th day.—The wool schedule was under consideration and many of the paragraphs were agreed to, but that restoring lumber to the dutiable list at \$2 per 1,000 (which was finally agreed to) proved the greatest stumbling block encountered since the debate, during which a wide divergence of views was developed on the Democratic side of the chamber. Mr. Bacon, of Georgia, gave his support to the committee rate, saying it was essential to the lumber industry of the south. He also spoke in favor of a revenue tariff, so adjusted as to give equal benefits to all industries. Mr. Bacon and Mr. Vest clashed several times on tariff doctrines, Mr. Vest expressing his regret that a Democratic Senator would aid in restoring to the dutiable list one of the three products—lumber, salt and wool—which the Wilson bill put on the free list.

SENATE.—58th day.—The lumber paragraph, which has been more stubbornly resisted than any other of the tariff bill thus far, was disposed of by defeating the motion of Senator Vest to place white pine on the free list, say 20; nails, 38. The contest was mainly significant in breaking party lines, which have been maintained with few exceptions during the early stages of the debate. On the final vote eight Democratic senators voted against Mr. Vest's proposition, and three silver Republicans voted for it. Following this a vote to substitute the Wilson lumber schedule was defeated, 21-37, and the schedule was agreed to as reported. A general discussion of the future program on the bill led to a statement by Mr. Allison, in charge of the bill during the illness of Mr. Aldrich, that the committee probably would submit amendments to the sugar schedule. HOUSE.—Only routine affairs were disposed of, as the majority forced an adjournment.

Senator Pettigrew, of South Dakota, has introduced a bill in congress for the submission to a popular vote at the elections of 1897 of the following questions: "Shall congress at once enact a law providing for the immediate free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold at the ratio of 16 to 1?" "Shall the constitution of the United States be so amended as to provide for the election of United States senators and the President and vice-president by vote of the people?"

TROOPS FIRED ON THE MOB.

Urbana, O., Mob Lynches a Negro After Troops Kill Two Citizens.

"Click" Mitchell, a colored man who assaulted Mrs. T. M. Gaumer at Urbana, O., was brought before that lady and readily identified. When his guilt became known about the town a large crowd surrounded the jail and threatened to lynch Mitchell. The militia was called out and placed on guard at the courthouse and jail and Mitchell had to be smuggled through the crowds to the courthouse disguised in a soldier's uniform. The assaulter pleaded guilty and was immediately given the extreme limit of the law—20 years' imprisonment, the hearing lasting but a few minutes. When the crowd realized that they had been foiled there was tremendous excitement among the 1,500 people on the streets, but it was not until nearly 2 o'clock in the morning that an attempt was made to do any violence and then, as a rush was made toward the jail the militia opened fire, and at the first volley killed two citizens—Harry Bell and Upton Baker—and seriously wounded seven or eight more.

When the results of the firing became known the local militia refused to act further and the sheriff wired the governor for more troops. The Springfield Guards were ordered out and arrived at 7:10 a. m. The mob steadily increased and hundreds of women urged the men on. The mob was constantly abusing the troops and pelting them with mud, so that the situation finally became so strained that another clash and the sacrifice of many lives was feared. This led Mayor Ganson to order the guards to return to the depot, but no sooner had they gone than the mob made an attack upon the jail in force. Inside of three minutes they had a rope around Mitchell's neck and were leading him out, but as they came down the steps Mitchell slipped and fell. In an instant the crowd was upon him kicking and pounding him, but the rope was soon readjusted and the assaulter was swung up to a tree while hundreds of people of all classes witnessed the spectacle.

Hawaii and Japan May Scrap. Hawaii and Japan are having considerable difficulty over the refusal of the former to permit the landing of Japanese immigrants. Japan called Hawaii down in strong terms, declaring that while that government had the right to pass reasonable laws respecting immigration, the recent action in returning the Japanese immigrants was a gross violation of treaties, was arbitrary and capriciously enforced and that the decision of the supreme court in the habeas corpus cases was a denial of justice, and for that reason the Hawaiian government is expected to recognize the principle of indemnity. Japan also demands assurance that a like action would not be again taken with Japanese immigrants entering Hawaii. The position taken by the Hawaiian government is that the immigration laws are a reasonable exercise of police power of the state and that the administration has impartially enforced them.

McKinley to Act on Cuban Matter Soon. It has been openly stated in Washington that the discoveries made by Mr. Calhoun, the special commissioner sent to Cuba by President McKinley, are so horrible that they cannot be printed, but will be related to the President as soon as Mr. Calhoun arrives in Washington, which will be in a few days, as he has already sailed from Havana. It is also positively asserted on good authority that the President will take action suitable to the circumstances and favorable to the Cubans very soon after receiving this report.

Edwin R. Gould, of Almont, was fined \$150 and \$65 costs for violating the liquor laws. Third offense. Dr. A. T. Getchell, while boring for water at his residence at Mt. Pleasant, struck a bed of coal, six feet thick, 73 feet below the surface.

THE MARKETS.

LIVE STOCK.

New York—Cattle. Spring. Best grades... \$5 00/5 15. Lower grades... \$4 25/4 30. Sheep. Spring. Best grades... \$4 00/4 10. Lower grades... \$3 50/3 60. Hogs. Best grades... \$4 25/4 30. Lower grades... \$4 00/4 10.

Chicago—Best grades... \$5 00/5 00. Lower grades... \$4 25/4 25. Detroit—Best grades... \$4 50/4 50. Lower grades... \$4 25/4 25. Buffalo—Best grades... \$4 00/4 00. Lower grades... \$3 75/3 75. Cleveland—Best grades... \$4 25/4 25. Lower grades... \$4 00/4 00. Pittsburg—Best grades... \$4 25/4 25. Lower grades... \$4 00/4 00.

GRAIN, ETC.

Wheat. Corn. Oats. No. 2 red. No. 3 mix. No. 2 white. New York 74 @74 1/2 29 @29 25 @25. Chicago 77 @77 1/4 28 @28 24 @24. Toledo 77 @77 25 @25 23 @23. Cincinnati 80 @80 25 @25 21 @21. Cleveland 76 @76 24 @24 21 @21. Pittsburg 77 @77 25 @25 23 @23. Buffalo 78 @78 27 @27 24 @24. Detroit—Hay, No. 1 timothy, \$10 per ton. Potatoes, new southern, \$1.20 per bu.; old, 90c. Live Poultry, spring chickens, 15c per lb.; broilers, 12c; ducks, 10c; geese, 8c. Butter, strictly fresh, 9 1/2c per doz. Butter, dairy, 11c per lb.; creamery, 15c.

REVIEW OF TRADE.

The only favorable features of trade are encouragement at the outlook for fall business and improvement in demand and prices of iron and steel. Crops at the southwest have improved with seasonable rains, and the prospect favors larger exports of wheat from the Pacific coast. A fairly satisfactory trading trade continues at leading cities in northwestern spring wheat states. Business as a whole shows no pronounced activity, and the tendency of funds is to accumulate. Where the volume of business exceeds that of a year ago, as it does in a few lines, profits are frequently so reduced as to render this year's movement less satisfactory. The anticipated missummer industrial disturbances, particularly in iron and steel, promise to influence business unfavorably during the summer months.

Can't Sleep, Why?

Because the nerves are weak and easily excited and the body is in a feverish and unhealthy condition. Nerves are fed and nourished by pure, rich blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla gives sweet, refreshing sleep because it purifies and enriches the blood and builds up the system.

Hood's Sarsaparilla. Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Hood's Pills. cure nausea, indigestion, biliousness, 25 cents.

He—Not until women do the fighting should they be permitted to do the voting. She—Why not let the women do the voting and let the men get all their time to the fighting? It's all they're good for.—Boston Transcript.

His Heaviest Age. "At what age does a man really begin to feel the weight of years?" "Usually on his 21st birthday; and it takes the sensation at least four or five years to wear off."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

The annual taxes of the world aggregate the enormous sum of \$4,350,000,000.

Everybody Says. That the Wines and Brandy of the Speer N. J. Wine Co., Passaic, N. J., are leading all others in the market for their purity, unexcelled for delicacy of flavor, and are pronounced by the most capable judges to be the best in the market. Hood's Sarsaparilla is also available in the market for the sick room and Communion Table. For pure grape Brandy their Old Climax, vintage 1876, is admitted the best in the world. Vineyard and cellars at Passaic, N. J.

Though ambuscades have passed away along with things of bygone days. It is a fact that even today the fisherman doth lie in wait. There are some parents to whom their children never arrive at an age of responsibility.

Endorsement of Speer's Wine by the Faculty of N. Y. The Committee of Physicians requested to examine into the merits of the wines of Almont, N. Y., reported that they were acceptable in flavor, palatable and rich. Dr. C. W. Peck, of New York Board of Health, says there is no better wine in the world.

The unmet mischief of fools is all pervading and irremediable. Modesty is not ordinarily the handmaiden of genius. Second nature is sometimes stronger than the first.

No-To-Bac For Fifty Cents. Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c. All druggists.

Contentment is the triumph of mind over matter. There is nothing in some pedigrees except length.

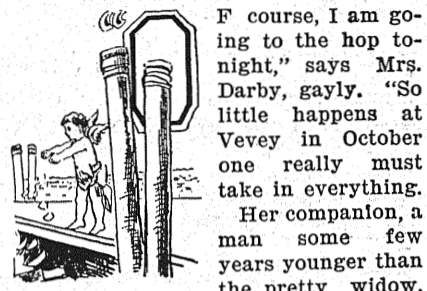
GOT THE BACKACHE? If You Have, Here's the Way to Rid Yourself of the Weariness and Pain Attending It.

Some people suffer with headaches, many people are worn out and weary all the time, many more people have lame back and backache. Few people understand the real cause of their aches, and fewer yet know how easily they can find a cure. Just a word of explanation before we prove that what we say is true. The back is the key-note of the kidneys. It aches; that's a sign that the kidneys are not working properly; it is lame; another sign, the kidneys are out of order. The kidneys, you know, are the filters of the blood, but filters sometimes get clogged up. This means in their case that the blood courses through the entire system impregnated with poisonous uric acid, bringing on many a disorder which, if neglected, means disease beyond incurable. And now about the cure.—Don't take our word for it; read what others say.

Mr. David C. Oaks is proprietor of the well known hardware and tin shop at 320 East Main Street, Kalamazoo, Mich. Oaks has suffered a great deal from kidney ailments; he described his condition and case as follows: "I had a bad, lame back, which I suppose was caused by my kidneys. I was confined to my bed during bad attacks. I might say, from time to time, I have been in that condition for years. The urinary organism was affected, urine being scanty, highly colored, and difficult in passage. I was in a bad shape when I got a box of Dean's Kidney Pills, about which I had heard. I have used now two boxes of them, and the pills have removed all the pain and trouble. There was a marked improvement right from the first, and it has continued right through. Dean's Kidney Pills are the right thing in the right place."

For sale by all dealers—price, 60 cents. Mailed by Foster Millburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name, Dean's, and take no other.

## THE QUAY AT VEVEY.



Of course, I am going to the hop tonight," says Mrs. Darby, gayly. "So little happens at Vevey in October one really must take in everything. Her companion, a man some few years younger than the pretty widow, bows absent-mindedly to an English girl who walks briskly by them, armed with a tennis racket.

"I may hope for a few dances, then?" he questions.

"A few?" arching her delicate brows. "I know you dance awfully well. But the American colony talks so in Vevey."

"They have nothing better to do," answers Dick Templeton, glancing contemptuously at the many idlers along the quay.

He is too lately from college and the active life of American summer resorts to feel himself at one with the Americans who lead a purposeless, care-free existence in the little Swiss town which dot the banks of Lake Geneva.

"The people here do nothing," he reiterated, with contempt in his voice deepening.

"Some of them study," murmurs the widow apologetically, lowering her parasol slightly.

Then she adds a moment later: "Why do you stay here, Mr. Templeton, if you do not like the life?" Mrs. Darby knows the young American is staying solely on her account, but she wants him to tell her so. As the couple pause to speak to a group of their acquaintance she is inwardly debating as to whether she will let Dick Templeton propose to her now or wait until tonight at the Townsends' hop. She decides it would be better now, as she intends devoting the greater part of her evening to Senor Sevardes, a handsome Spaniard who has made love to her all autumn in his charming, open, foreign fashion, saying, perhaps, in his broken but delightful English, more than he had meant to say. He had been told one could say anything to American women up to a certain point, and he found Mrs. Darby very interesting.

It had been a new experience to Mrs. Darby and she had grown more interested in him than she would care to own.

So as Mrs. Darby and Dick Templeton continued their slow promenade, she looks up at him in evident expectation of an answer to her last question.

"Mrs. Darby," replies the young man, earnestly, his eyes avoiding her face



"YOU ARE A FLIRT," and fixed on the distant mountains, "you know why I am staying."

"It? Mr. Templeton, indeed, I do not," she glances at her suddenly, but she, too, has her eyes fixed on the blue white distance.

The man pauses abruptly and leans against the parapet. They have reached the end of the quay.

Mrs. Darby stops, perforce, with a wish that the next few moments were well over with. The frank admiration of her young countryman has been very pleasant to her and she has encouraged him until even the most unobservant matron in the American colony has coupled their names together.

But a slight feeling of regret comes to her now that she sees him so much in earnest.

"I am staying," Dick Templeton goes on, "because you are here, Mrs. Darby, and because I would rather be where you are than anywhere else on earth. Last week when I went to Geneva I thought I could do without you, but I was mistaken. I came back in three days. Every moment had been an hour to me. Ah, Marion, I thought you were glad to see me when I returned. You cannot have been trifling with me, Marion. I love you. I have never loved another woman. I ask you to be my wife."

Mrs. Darby's face expresses some regret but more annoyance. Why need he be so serious? She knows that he will reproach her, and she hesitates a few moments before answering, trying to think of something natural to say.

"Dick," she says at last, softly, "I am truly sorry this has happened. I think so much of you. I thought we were such good friends. I never—"

"Stop!" interrupts the man hastily. "Do not lie to me. You know from the first that I loved you."

"Sir!" she repeats, her eyes flashing angrily. "Mr. Templeton, you insult me. You forget yourself strangely."

"I forget nothing but that you have used me for your amusement. There is no insult for such as you. You are a flirt!" He is looking directly at her now, but she is looking up at the quay at a tall, dark man who is approaching them indolently at some little distance away. It is Senor Sevardes! This scene must be over before he reaches them.

She turns passionately to the man who has dared to address her like this. "You fool," she hisses, "because I have accepted your flowers and books; because I have walked with you, driven with you and allowed you to carry my wraps, is that a reason why you should fancy I love you? Your intense conceit has deceived you."

Dick Templeton looks at her scornfully, making no reply.

Then, following the concentrated gaze of her baffling eyes, he sees Senor Sevardes but a few feet off.

"Here is a new toy for you," he says, brutally. "I dare say the senior will spare me the very disagreeable duty of accompanying you home."

Mrs. Darby turns white. "Senior," addressing the newcomer, "this man has insulted me. Will you take me to my hotel?"

The senior eyed the young American curiously.

He had lent the Spaniard 500 francs the night before, and after such generosity the suave foreigner could not believe him capable of insulting a lady.

He turns to Mrs. Darby. "Since when, madame, have I had the right to protect you from your own countrymen?"

Then, holding out a small packet to Dick Templeton. "Here is the money, monsieur, you so kindly lent me at cards last night. I am leaving for Lausanne on the 5 o'clock train."

He shakes hands cordially with Dick, bows formally to Mrs. Darby and, crossing the road, is soon lost to view in a narrow side street.

Templeton, thrusting the money in his pocket, turns his back to Mrs. Darby and again leans over the parapet.

"Dick," says Marion in a low voice. Suppressing an oath, Dick, without turning, says coldly:

"Are you going on, Mrs. Darby, or shall I?"

The woman sees she cannot retrieve what she has lost.

A moment later Marion Darby is walking up the quay alone.

**WHERE MARY LAMB DIED.**

The Little Dreamy Old Lady's Famous Visitors.

Appropos of the recent celebration of Charles Lamb's birthday at the Urban Club, John Hollingshead writes as follows in London Sketch:

The house in which Mary Lamb died, after surviving her devoted brother, Charles Lamb (who died in 1835), thirteen years, has been swept away with the bulk of Alpha road by the new Sheffield railway works.

After Mary Lamb had murdered her mother in a fit of insanity it became a question what was to be done with her. Her brother and friends came to the rescue to prevent her being imprisoned as a criminal lunatic. My two great aunts—Miss Sarah James and Mrs. Parsons—as friends of the family, offered to be responsible for her safety and conduct, and Mrs. Parsons, who lived at 20 Alpha road, the northwest side, about eight houses from the main road, fitted her up a comfortable room on the ground floor, with a French door window opening into the orchard garden, which in the later '30's and '40's was full of apple trees.

This room was her sitting room and library, every inch of the walls being filled with books, some of them presentation copies, in paper covers, from Wordsworth, Keats, Coleridge, Southey, John Clare, William Goodwin, Tom Hood and others, with the folios and old dramatists which Charles Lamb had gleaned from many bookstalls.

I spent many afternoons with the little, dreamy old lady, who often looked over me rather than at me, and tried my best to amuse her by playing a very irregular game of whist.

Visitors sometimes came in and I was allowed to watch them from a corner. William Goodwin, Miss Kelly, Tom Hood, William Hazlitt and many others passed before my boyish eyes, and I am sorry to say I often left them to go out in the garden and feast myself on the apples.

**Hotels in Greece.**

Professor Gildersleeve writing in the Atlantic Monthly of hotels in the interior of Greece, says there is no common sitting-room. There is no office, but that does not seem to interfere with the presentation of the bills. The floor is given up to a cafe or restaurant, if the innkeeper goes into that line of business. Very often, however, the master of the Apollo has only rooms to let. The sleeping apartments on the floor above are often approached by an outside stairway, and, as is to be expected in a southern climate, they are scantily furnished. Over-furnishing is a vice anywhere. Under a southern sky it is a crime of which the Greeks are not guilty. There is usually a mirror, though that tribute of human vanity is sometimes lacking, and, like the Turk, the solitary Turkish towel bears no brother near his throne. The bedstead is invariably of iron. As in primitive United States within my memory, single rooms are rare. Two, three, four, five beds are put in one room or strung along the corridors. A fastidious person who desires to occupy a room alone has to pay for all the beds therein. In some places special charges are made for sleeping in the daytime, and there is a fixed rate for sleeping on the floor.

**Golfers in the South.**

Although golf may be played all through the winter, as has been the case at Lakewood this year, many ardent golfers prefer to follow the swallows south of Mason and Dixon's line. There is a very smart colony at Aiken, S. C., this year, and the links at Hampton Roads have been played on regularly. These latter have the advantage of being within reach of the officers' quarters at Fortess Monroe, and there is much rivalry between soldiers and civilians.—Exchange.

## LIGHTS MYSTERIOUS.

C. F. HOLDER IN N. Y. LEDGER.

In almost all Oriental countries singular beliefs are entertained that have been handed down from time immemorial, and, as they are rarely investigated or even doubted, they have come to be looked upon as facts.

A familiar example of this is found in the story of the perpetual lamp that has been burning for unknown centuries. Whenever a foreigner attempts to investigate the light his questions are evaded, and, while many possible explanations are given, as natural gas and petroleum, to account for a mysterious and ever-burning light, it has never been explained. That certain caves in out-of-the-way places have been famous for years for their peculiar lights is well known. Such a cavern was discovered in Germany by some woodsmen. Having lost their way, they entered a cave, high up in the mountains, to pass the night. As soon as darkness set in, to their astonishment, faint lights began to appear on the ceiling like dim stars, and then a large light in the center.

One of the party, more adventurous than the rest, climbed up the side of the cavern and found the mysterious light to be a simple plant, well known to botanists for its phosphorescent manifestations—a mere fungus that, while a very humble object, was eminently qualified to make a striking appearance at night.

The name of the plant was *Rhizomorpha subterranea*. It was a luminous fungus common in coal mines, and in the English mines the miners often find specimens so brilliant that they are enabled to read by the light. The North Hesse (Germany) mines are famous for these plants, which frequently emit a light so brilliant and penetrating that they resemble moonbeams coming from the entrance of the mine.

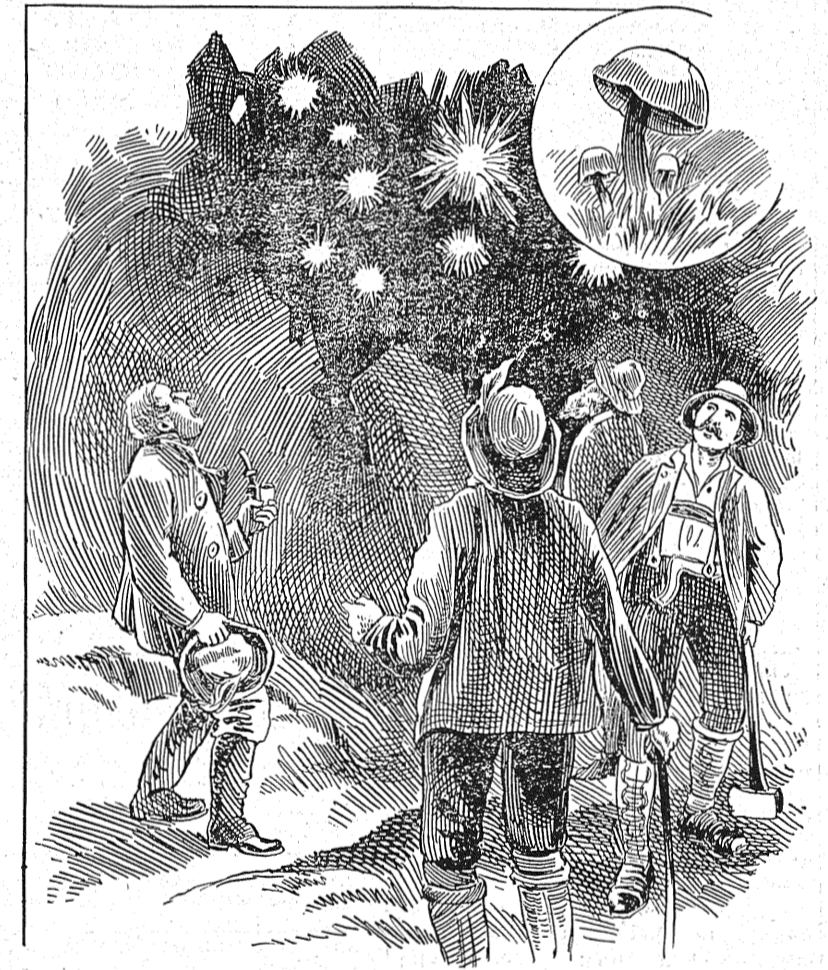
Phosphorescent plants, or those capable of emitting light, are found all over the world, and frequently give rise to strange stories among those not familiar with the true cause of the light. The Greeks and Persians, as well as the Hindus, have legends about a "burning bush." One partic-

ularly famous bush was to be seen in the mountain of Sufed Koh, in Afghanistan. A similar one was seen near Syree, Gungtree and Jummotree, the plant being a species of *Dictamnus* that emitted a light at times. In Josephus there is mention of such a light. "There is a certain place," he says, "called Baaras, which produces a root of the same name as itself; its color is like that of flame, and toward evening it sends out a certain ray like lightning; it is not easily taken by such as would do it, but recedes from their hands."

The "Proceedings of the Royal Asiatic Society" contains several accounts of luminous plants familiar to and often venerated by the natives. One especially is found in the Oragrum jungles, "gleaming in the dark with all the vividness of a glow worm."

Among the iminuous plants *Euphorbia phosphorea* is perhaps the most remarkable. When the stem is broken a white, juicy fluid oozes out, resembling that which comes from the danferdell when broken. This is luminous, and some marvelous tricks have been played upon unsuspecting persons with it. Squeezed out into a bottle, the latex, or fluid, is used as a luminous ink, reproducing in letters of fire the words written. Others use it to paint the human face or to produce mystic figures.

Many of the mushrooms are phosphorescent, especially the one known as *Fungus igneus*, of the island of Ambone, where it is known as the fire mushroom and often observed blazing in the top of palms. In Brazil some of



FAINT LIGHTS BEGAN TO APPEAR ON THE CEILING.

that is often the cause of magnificent displays of light. In tropical waters, or where the temperature is over 67 degrees, the sparks and flashes often observed are produced by these minute plants.

Many curious experiments have been made with phosphorescent plants to discover, if possible, the cause of their luminosity, but, so far, without success, and, though theories are not lacking in explanation, the light remains as great, if not a greater mystery, than electricity.

**How Great Poems Were Written.**

Gray's "Elegy in a Country Churchyard" occupied him for seven years. The noted poem, "The Falls of Niagara," was written in fifteen minutes by J. G. C. Brainard in response to a call for "copy" on the paper he was editing at the time. "The Old Oaken Bucket" was first suggested to Samuel Woodworth in a barroom. Bryant wrote "Thanatopsis" while in the forest. Gen. Lytle composed the splendid "Antony and Cleopatra" the night before his death. Thomas Moore became an accomplished oriental scholar while reading up in Greek and Persian literature before writing "Lalla Rookh."

Poe first thought of "The Bells" while walking the streets of Baltimore one winter's night.—Albany Argus.

**Louisiana's Gigantic Farm.**

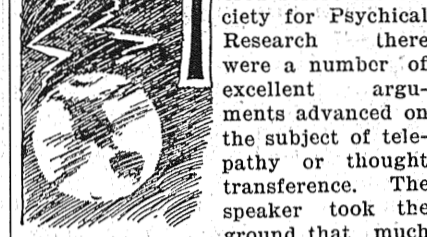
Louisiana claims to have the largest farm in the world; it is 100 miles long by 25 miles broad.

## SCIENTIFIC POINTERS.

CURRENT NOTES OF DISCOVERY AND INVENTION.

The Transference of Thought—To Solve the Levee Problem—An Improved Speed Indicator, Applicable to Any Piece of Machinery.

**Thought Transference.**



In an address delivered before the Society for Psychical Research there were a number of excellent arguments advanced on the subject of telepathy or thought transference. The speaker took the ground that much of what seemed obscure in this world is so largely because we take a certain position for granted and then argue from it. The wave theory is admitted by all scientists, and it is not impossible, or indeed, improbable that intense thought concentrated by one person upon a sympathetic friend or associate should produce a distinct impression and create a telepathic current which should convey brain waves to the mind of the individual upon whom the thoughts were centered. It is proposed to study this subject and to make tests and experiments with a view to ascertain just how far this sympathetic influence may extend. It must not, however, be overlooked that there are persons who are keenly susceptible to such impressions, while others are not easily affected by influences of this nature.

**The Tempering of Springs.**

It is a nice job to temper a steel spring properly. Like many other things, the preparatory work should be well done or the tempering proper will never be a success. The forge work should be done with a rather low temperature and gentle taps. Smiths are beginning to understand that very many bits of forging have the life poured out of them by heavy and continuous heating. Light taps smooth the surface and create what is equivalent to a cuticle over the metal. This should be carefully preserved. Light hammering consolidates the particles of steel and toughens the forging. It is said that continuous, steady and light blows with a hammer will magnetize steel. It seems to put life into it. If it is necessary to grind a spring, do it at the outset and before much of the hammering is done. Do not put it on an emery wheel. It breaks the cuticle and destroys the integrity of the metal. The hardening may be done by heating a large piece of iron to a red heat, then putting the spring on the iron until it is heated through. Another way is to hold the spring over a bright fire until it is sufficiently hot. It should be kept some distance from the fire, so as not to heat too quickly. When it is of a light red and all of a color plunge it into cold water. Do not use ice water, as is so often suggested. Be careful in putting in the spring that the sudden cooling of one side does not draw it out of shape. If it is put in slowly it is warped by the sudden cooling of one portion. When fully tempered polish the spring with emery cloth until it is thoroughly cleaned and bright. Saturate a piece of paper with oil, light it and allow the smoke to collect on the spring until it is entirely coated with the black. Then heat it over the forge fire very slowly. Do not let one part burn off clean while the other is still black, but let it disappear all over the spring at the same time if possible. The perfection of temper comes from slow and careful handling and the utmost deliberation in heating and hammering.

**To Solve the Levee Problem.**

M. H. King, of Des Moines, has just applied for a patent on a plan which he believes will solve the levee problem and make the Mississippi as harmless and as tractable as a meadow brook. His plan is indicated by the accompanying illustration. He proposes that an ordinary earth levee shall be divided vertically at its central portion by a steel partition resting upon piles. In other words, through the center of a levee he would have a series of steel plates, making a continuous and unbroken barrier, which, backed up by the interior earth and

other anchor devices, would be absolutely crevasse proof. Experience with levees has shown that their essential weakness is that in a season of wet weather, with the river pressing against their outer surface, they become soft and waterlogged; then the weight of the levee itself causes it to sink down, and this is assisted by leaks that wear and enlarge, and so weaken the structure that at last an opening occurs at the weakest place. What then happens is not difficult to imagine. The first little trickle through or over the levee becomes a channel, and all the territory protected by the levee is inundated. With a metal partition, the embankment on the inner side will be kept dry, maintained at its highest resisting power, and one part will be as strong as any other. Furthermore, it will be impossible for amphibious animals to penetrate through a levee, as sometimes they now do, and this source

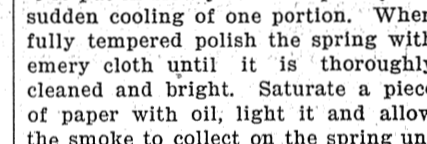
of danger will be permanently removed.

**Studying the Mushroom.**

A club has been formed in New York City, the members of which are interested in all sorts of edible fungi. They are to experiment and investigate all forms of mushrooms and toadstools with a view to furnishing information to those who have not the opportunity for personal study. It is thought that a cheap food supply may be provided through the medium of these growths. There is a society in Boston, and there are several in England. There are to be lectures, exhibits and literature, and interested persons will be taught to distinguish between the harmless and the poisonous sorts. There is also a branch devoted to the study of the best methods of preparing these articles for the table. The mushroom is a favorite delicacy with such a large number of persons that any information concerning it, or its more plentiful and inexpensive supply, will no doubt be greeted with enthusiasm.

**Improved Speed Indicator.**

The illustration represents a speed indicator especially adapted to show the speed in miles of a railway train, or the speed by number of revolutions or feet for any piece of machinery. Upon a skeleton horizontal partition within a suitable casing are bearings supporting a shaft having a central rectangular opening in which two levers are pivoted at their centers. The levers are perfectly balanced upon the pivot pin, each arm carrying a weight at its outer end, and the inner ends of the levers are pivotally connected by links with a sliding crossbar, from which a rod extends centrally through the shaft and bearing to a swivel connection with a crosshead, which may be shaped to form an oil receptacle. The crosshead slides on horizontal guide bars and is pivotally connected by a link with a balance lever from whose lower end a connecting rod extends to an upper arm upon a spindle



carrying a segmental gear, an opposite arm upon the spindle being attached to one end of a spring whose opposite end is secured to a hanger, the spring being designed to equalize the centrifugal force of the levers.

The gear is in the mesh with a pinion whose spindle carries a pointer moving on a dial on the outer side of the case. To limit the movement of the levers when the index hand is at zero on the dial, a set screw is placed on the moving shaft in position to engage the outermost weight of one of the levers, the shaft being connected by belt and pulley with machinery whose speed is to be indicated.

**The Origin of Petroleum.**

Scientists are greatly engrossed in the discussion of the origin of petroleum. Some of them contend that it is a contemporaneous production; others insist that it is, and has been for ages, stored in the great arteries of the earth. The artificial production of petroleum has suggested that changes of temperature and pressure may produce the various substances that go to make up this complex article. If one pressure gives one ingredient and another pressure produces another article, why is it not possible that away down in mid-earth the currents and counter-currents, with the varying conditions of heat, cold, dryness, moisture and pressure, may not be constantly at work producing not only petroleum, but other substances of which it is altogether likely that we, up to the present date, know little or nothing?

**Artificial Petroleum.**

Among the achievements of science is the production of petroleum from linseed oil by distillation under pressure. Two theories have been held as to the origin of petroleum. One is that it is a vegetable, the other of animal origin. It is not unlikely that it may be a combination of both. Animal and vegetable oils filter through the ground and might, by changes in the chemical laboratory of nature, produce this substance. At all events, the fact is significant and interesting, especially as several petroleum hydrocarbons have resulted from the experiments as noted.

**Testing Crockery Ware for the Government.**

All crockery ware and glass furnished to the government must be severely tested. One test consists in boiling the ware from ten to fifteen minutes, or until it is as hot as boiling water can make it. It is then instantly removed and plunged into water near the freezing point as possible and be liquid. No crazing or cracks must show after the test. The tumblers are put into water at 192.4 degrees for one minute. They are then dropped into water at 42.4 degrees Fahrenheit. If they show the least imperfection under this test they will not be accepted.

A newly devised luxury for use in the bath tub consists of a soft lining made of sponges attached to a wire netting, to prevent the body from coming in contact with the tub.

## LOVED IDEAL KNIGHT

ROMANCE IN LIFE OF THE DUCHESS D'ALENCON.

Her Hand Sought in Marriage by Her Kingly Cousin of Bavaria—Was Enamored of a Handsome Photographer, and Rejected the Suit.

THE terrible fate that recently befel Sophie, duchess d'Alencon—she was one of the victims of the fire at the charity bazar in Paris—has revived remembrances of the days when she was one of the most conspicuous women in Europe. She was the daughter of one of the oldest royal houses of Europe, that of Wittelsbach, her father being Duke Louis William and her uncle King Maximilian II of Bavaria. In person she possessed unusual charms, and at the Bavarian court was exceedingly popular, renowned for her wit and her lovable manners. She seemed destined for the highest regal honors of Europe, for she was beautiful and her descent was the proudest on the continent. Her cousin, King Louis, was afflicted with melancholia, and the duchess alone could soothe him, for she understood his moods and knew how to minister to his caprices. He wooed her hand in marriage, and a special dispensation for their marriage was obtained from Pope Pius IX. But before the day set for the wedding symptoms of insanity medical men of the court forbade the union. It was feared that the marriage of these two near relatives might produce an insane heir to the throne. King Louis' heart was broken. For long years he devoted himself to the building of palaces and the encouragement of the composer, Richard Wagner. Misunderstood by his people, tired of life, he at last found peace in the waters of Starnberg lake, in the shadow of the castle where his ancestors 1,000 years before, as simple counts of Wittelsbach, had ruled the surrounding country. Clasped in the hands of the self-drowned king was found a miniature of his cousin Sophie.

Not one of the court believed that the duchess was in love with her royal cousin. Her heart had been given to a man of humble birth, Franz Hanfstaengel, a photographer, living in Stuttgart. By his knowledge of his art Hanfstaengel had gained comparative wealth and the distinction of being photographer to the court of Wurtemberg. On a visit to this court the young princess visited his atelier. Hanfstaengel was a splendid specimen of Teutonic manhood—tall, broad, and, notwithstanding his humble birth, distinguished looking. Just at that time the opera of "Tannhauser" had become popular, and the photographer bore a strong resemblance to the fabed knight as he was represented pictorially on the stage. When the princess fell in love with the handsome photographer and shocked her family, she did what many other girls, brought up like her in the artificial atmosphere of a court and yet of natural feeling, might have done. Princess Sophie developed a passion for having her picture taken in many different poses, and it was long before her family became aware of her feeling. With King Louis in love with the princess and she in love with Hanfstaengel, an impossible match, the duke sought a way to settle the difficulty. Sophie was taken back to Mu-

nich and the due d'Alencon appeared on the scene and bore her off as his bride.

**Fetes at Warwick Castle.**

The Daily Telegraph contains the following items of society and personal intelligence: The Earl and Countess of Warwick will celebrate the queen's diamond jubilee with a municipal garden party at Warwick Castle on Thursday, June 3, for which five thousand invitations will be issued. The mayors and mayresses of various municipalities in Warwickshire will be asked to attend, and among the guests at the castle will be the lord mayor and lady mayress of London and the lord mayor and the lady mayress of Birmingham.

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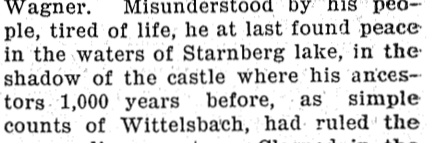
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