ENTERPRISE.

VOL. XVI. NO. 6.

CASS CITY, MICH., JAN. 14, 1897.

BY A. A. P. M°DOWELL

JAN. '97.

JAN. '97 ~A BARGAIN

I am going to make January, 1897, known as a Bargain Month in

R SHOES | AND |

Everything [for cash] at cut prices [Rubbers excepted]. Many Suits, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, etc.

TO • CLOSE • OUT • AT • LESS • THAN • COST.

Don't buy uutil you see our January bargans.

J. D. CROSBY,

The Shoe and Clothing Man

An overwhelming majority of the people of the United States bear us out in the assertion that the "HAPPY HOME"

Clothing Guaranteed

is the leading brand, enjoying the confidence of Merchant and Consumer alike placing both in a money showing condition. The universal satisfaction of the wearer, backed by the guarantee of the makers, proves that there is no equal to it. Let us show you an elegant assortment also the best and cheapest line of

That can be found in the country. A fine line of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, CLOAKS, Etc.

AAF

Don't

For 1897.

DON'T €

Do your trading anywhere in town until you have looked

Boots, Shoes. Rubbers, Intings Dress Goods, Cottons, Prints, Staple Groceries

and get our Prices. O all our customers and the trade in general. We extend seasonable greetings and we trust the New Year will be a pros-

Yours For Business,

Frost & Hebblewhite. Our place of business closes at 8 p. m. local time until May 1st, ex-

cept Saturday nights.

Holiday— Presents

At a Big Reduction.

Family Bibles. Teachers' Bibles, Pocket Bibles, Poems, Histories, Miscellaneous Books, the most popular writers. Photo Albums, Photo Cases, Scrap Albums, Toilet Trays, Toilet Cases,

Tewelery Cases, Handkerchief and Glove Collar and Cuff Cases, Necktie Boxes, Ribbon Boxes, Mirrors, Ink Stands, Gold Pens, Fountain Pens, Whisk Holders, Perfume Atomizers, Games, Christmas Cards. Etc., Etc.,

Do not fail to see our line before buying.

T. H. FRITZ,

Celluloid Baskets,

Pharmacist.

Fowls Wanted!

Turkeys, Geese, Chickens Every Monday at the Elevator. Frutchey, McGeorge & Co.

HAPPENINGS !

ITEMS OF PURELY LOCAL INTEREST.

Lives of rich men oft remind us We can make our pile some time, And by advertising largely Is the way to get in line.

-[Printer's Ink. Good skating on the river. H. B. Fairweather has a new adv.

Have you renewed your shbscrip-

A. A. McKenzie made a trip to Ellingon Tuesday. Miss Lily Striffler has been on the

ick list this week. S. Champion visited in the vicinity

of Appin on Sunday last. Be sure and read McKenzie & Co's new adv. on fourth page.

The Farmers' Institute will at Vassar on Feb. 1 and 2.

I. B. Auten made a trip to Caro last evening returning this morning. Haggerty Bros., near Wickware, have

ented their farm to Robt. Brown. The Ladies' Circle realized over eleven dollars from their New Year's

Our farmers should make it a point to attend the Institute at Vassar, Feb.

Claud Learn, of Marlette, made his many friends here a visit the fore part

of the week. The furniture and carpet for the new Forester hall was purchased through

Ferguson & Porter have a nobby sign in front of their Marble and Granite Works on Seegar Street.

rectly. For sale at this office.

scription in wood will need to bring it largely discussed.

their new hall sometime next month. Everybody speaks highly of Magic colors and do not crock. Try them.

Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Scupholm are in Marlette this week as witnesses in the sheep stealing case which will be heard to-morrow.

Mrs. Geo, Helwig and her daughter. Clara, and Mrs. Wm. Helwig left yes terday morning for Lancaster, N.Y., to visit relatives.

If others quit advertising don't be scared into following suit. Take adpush it for all it is worth.

A child of Robt. Erwin, living three miles south and one mile east of town, died Sunday and was buried Tuesday in the McQuillen cemetery.

Some merchants have a holiday trade

out forth extraordinary efforts. understood that everyone accepting his excellent advertising patronage.

\$5 offer as mentioned in his adv., is encitled to a frame with the pictures. Probably the first car load of fish

kins from their fishery at Caseville.

A number of Foresters from Gagepliment this evening.

V. J. Wells, two miles west and onehalf mile north of Shabbona, will sell

7:30 p. m. Do your shopping early.

On Thursday, Jan. 21st, at 12 o'clock,

land, Ohio, but formerly of this place, take place to-morrow. Mrs. Work is a M. S., H. H. Baxter. sister of Jas. A. Greenleaf, of Cumber.

safe belonging to the L. A. DeWitt esdation at that point.

Bad Axe is now likely to secure a canning factory. Cass City had a similar opportunity a year ago but not enough of our citizens manifested interest to ensure a success and consequently the project was drop ped.

Tue Christmas number of the "Leucocyte," published by the students of the Detroit College of Medicine, and of which M. M. Wickware is assistant editor, is to hand and is an excellent number in every respect.

Stagedriver Dunham purchased a new horse last week at the Caro end of the route and while bringing him home Saturday the horse fell, breaking a leg, and it became necessary to kill him. It is a severe loss to Mr. Dunham.

It has developed that Thos. Stevens, in punctuation, better grammarians, now lodged in Caro jail, awaiting trial for the murder of Farmer Brown at true. Millington, is a nephew of Cornelius deal, however, upon the ability of the Stevens, who is now serving sentence for shooting Jas. Sheridan at this place

four years ago. and installed the officers in the evening. Quite a large number of visitors vicinity.

The "Institute" at Vassar, Feb. 1 and 2, will be advantageous to many far-Get a Hick's Almanac and keep up mers from the fact that the question with the weather. He forecasts cor- of a substitute for our "clover" and a remedy for the insect which is so de-Those who desire to pay their sub-structive to our clover fields will be

The Foresters are planning for a barn in the gray of the morning thouse warming" at the dedication of when found some time later was ed as above mentioned.

The officers of Mary DeWitt Circ, Dyes, because they give bright, fast have been installed by Com. Deming as follows:-Pres., Ellen M. Aplin; S. V. Com., Mary Sackner; J. V. Com., Sarah Wright; Sec'y Bertha Wood; Treas., Clara A. Deming; Chap, Jane Deming Cond., Almina Beach, and guard, Elizabeth Baxter.

The managers of the Moore telephone line were unable to get sufficient scrip subscribed when here to warrant, the extension of their line to this place but left the paper with I. B. Auten, of the Cass City Bank, who has secured enough more to bring the line our way. vantage of the lack of competition and The managers are expected here to-day to complete arrangements.

Dan McGillvary is the proud possessor of a copy of the first issue of the ENTERPRISE, which is dated Sept. 8th. 1881. The paper was started by Berry Bros., and the first issue came out the year round because in dull times three days after the fire, giving a dethey increase their advertising and tailed account of the havoc wrought and the names of those who suffered Photographer Maier wishes it to be losses. It was well printed and had an

The poet has sung: "There is nothing half so sweet in life, as loves young dream" and so thought Joseph ever brought to Cass City was shipped H. Shaver, of Evergreen, last Saturday than Miss Julia Harrington, daughter town attended the installation of offi- of C. Harrington. The young people ening of the community. cers here Tuesday evening. The breth- are well known in this locality and ren from here will return the com- their many friends join in wishing Gazette refers to a sister of Mrs. them happiness.

The farmers of Elmwood township known here and whose demise will be are busily engaged at present in im- regretted by all who knewher:-A very his farm stock and implements by proving the road between the three sad event occurred Wednesday, the and four mile corner west of this place. 19th, in the death of Mrs. Minnie auction, at 12 o'clock on fuesday, Jan. and rour mine corner west of the fraction, at 12 o'clock on fuesday, Jan. The township furnishes the gravel and Crawford Eaton, after a brief illness, the farmers have turned out to draw at the home of her father, J. W. Craw- Jan. 15th. Everybody invited Owing to the special services now be- the same and put in on the road in ford. She was twenty-eight years of Roll Call business men have consented to close right direction and we would like to William Eaton. She leaves a husband, their respective places of business at see more of it done. The road south a little daughter twenty-two months of the river needs similar treatment old, father, mother, three sisters and Reading.... devoted to the interests of thorough- ers along that road will act the citi- who brought sunshine and happiness from this office last week. Chas. B. to improve the same. Another road the M. E. church, of a peculiarly Paper..... Bristol, of Northville, Mich., is the edi- which needs gravel and needs it badly bright and loving disposition, and a tor. The subscription price is only 25c. is that lying between the two and woman of rare executive ability. a year and everyone interested in poul- three mile corners east of town. Let During the recent cyclone her unselftry should subscribe. Secure a sample 'all interested move together and rem. ishness and kindly nature cheered copy by addressing the editor at North- edy these defects in our highways. It many suffering ones. The last sad will be a common benefit.

Wm. Gage, of Linkville, installed the Haggerty Bros., will sell their farm officers of Milo Warner Post, G. A. R., Oxford, Ortonville, Oakwood and other stock and implements by auction, one at this place on Saturday. The of- places. Rev. Snyder, of Oxford, gave mile south and one half mile east of ficers are as follows;-Com., D. P. Dem-Wickware. A. A. McKenzie, auction- ing, M. D.; S. V. C., D. M. Houghton, these words, "It is better to go to the J. V. C., Geo. Martin; quartermaster, house of mourning than the house of Word has just been received as we Geo. Aplin; Adj., Geo. Perkins; sergo to press that K. S. Work, of Cleve- geant, Orlando White; officer-of-day, erland, Miss Karr, Messrs. Sutherland Robt. Sackner; officer-of-guard, John and Whitcomb was very impressive.

Postmaster Ale has purchased the gaged in Mission work in Mexico, is Her friends have the sympathy of the assisting Rev. B. J. Baxter, of the Prestate. It proved too heavy for the floor byterian Church, in a series of special of the post-office building and it be- services. Thus far the interest and came necessary to strengthen the foun- attendance have been good and are on the increase. Meetings are held at three o'clock in the afternoon for church workers and any who are interested and children's services at four

> The New England supper given by the Social Workers of the Baptist church last evening at the parsonage were lighted by candles, set with oldfashioned china, etc., and loaded with edibles common in that eastern clime, while sober dames and smiling maidens flitted hither and thither, their northern counties 8 answer "yes," and caps, kerchiefs and aprons making them conspicuous. The attendance was good and everyone enjoyed them-

An exchange says the pupils who have access to newspapers at home are better readers, better spellers, better

etc. Shouldn't wonder if that was It probably depends a great editors and proof readers. We know mistakes occur in the columns of the ENTERPRISE but as a "test," we will Lady Estelle Delmas, state instruct- give a twenty-five cent box of paper or of the L. O. T. M., gave a school of and envelopes to the boy or girl, now instruction here on Tuesday afternoon attending school, who brings to our office by noon of Jan. 20th. the copy of this week's Enterprise with the largwere present from other Hives in this est number of mistakes (typographical or grammatical) marked in it.

"Mexico-The Egypt of the New World," is the subject of a lecture in the Presbyterian Church by Rev. Jas. A. Dodds next Monday evening at 8 p.

n during the month of January.

Philip Wright, who 1. Stridge of his nose fractured by Ess to of a Gagetown attended the lecture in the M. E. Church last Thursday evening.

Philip Wright, who 1. Stridge of his nose fractured by Ess to of a horse, last week, is gaining Ess to as other interesting articles illustrative of the country. He will speak of the control of the country. He will speak of the lead \$7.71. between one and two years country, scenery, climate, products, head, \$7.71; between one and two years

the close an opportunity will be over, \$21.73. n to ask questions. Admissionts, 15 cents or two for 25 cents. en 10 cents.

etroit, is conducting a series of froi neetings in the Baptist Church. vices have begun very auspiciously a deep interest has already greeted with large and enthusiastic audiences. The meetings are opened with a lively song service led by the tiers of counties. pastor followed by a stirring appeal from Mr. Moody. The methods em-Mr. Moody himself, having been formerly a successful pastor understands and appreciates the necessity of thorough work during seasons of revival. While the evangelist is not sensational fat cattle, 20 cents per cwt. yet he is a popular speaker and sets forth the gospel in a plain and soul church. In the afternoon a special service will be held at the Town Hall over 68 cents. at 3 p. m. for men only. We trust that

The following from the Pontiac Henry P. Deming, who was quite well I services at her home Friday afternoon Roller Mills.

were largely attended by friends from a brief talk fitting to her life, from feasting." The singing by Mrs. Suth-

died on Tuesday. The funeral will Atwell; sergt-major, Chas. McCue; Q. The casket was beautifully draped and covered with exquisite flowers, Rev. Jas. A. Dodds, who has been en- fitting emblems of its sunny occupant. community. May they think

"There is no death! what seems so is trans This life of mortal breath Is a suburb of the life elysian,

Whose portals men call death." Crop Report.

In answer to the question, "Has wheat, during December, suffered injury from any cause?" 163 correspondents in the State answer "yes," and 508 "no," was a decided success. The tables and in answer to the question, "Has the ground been well covered with tel property in Grindstone City. snow during December?" 38 corres pondents in the southern counties answer "yes," and 378 "no;" and in the

> The total number of bushels of wheat reported marketed in December is 993,-569, and in the five months, August-December, 5,689,243, which is 359,519 bushels more than reported marketed in the same months last year.

> The average condition of live stock in the State is reported as follows, comparison being with stock in good, healthy and thrifty condition: Horses, 67 per cent; cattle, 98 per cent; sheep, 98 per cent, and swine, 99 per cent.

The average prices January 1 of some of the principal farm products in the markets where farmers usually market such products, were as follows: The average price of wheat was 84 cents per bushel; of corn, 23 cents, and of oats, 18 cents, and the average price of hay was \$7.75 per ton.

The average price of fat cattle was \$3.03 per cwt., of fat hogs, \$3.02 per cwt.,

and of dressed pork, \$4.03 per cwt. The average price of each class of horses was as follows: Under one year, m. The lecturer will appear in stylish \$16.60; between one and two years old, leather costume and Sombrero hat; ex- \$25.47; between two and three years

ethods of agriculture, etc., also of old, \$13.81; between two and three years e people, language, salutation, etc. old, \$21.12, and three years old and

The average price of sheep under one year old was \$2.09, and one year old and over, \$2.59; and hogs under E. B. Moody, the evangelist one year old were worth \$3.93, and one year and over, \$7.33.

and hogs they are higher, and for discharged. The charge struck his been n nifested and the evangelist is milch cows and each class of cattle other than milch cows, lower, than the his clothes into tatters, but fortunately prices ruling in the southern four

Compared with January 1, 1896, there has been an increase in the prices of ployed are not of the sensational order. all farm products named in this report excepting corn, oats, hay, hogs and dressed pork.

The average increase in the price of wheat is 25 cents per bushel, and of

classes of horses are reported from 66 stirring manner. Bible readings are cents to \$1.25 higher, milch cows, \$1.27 given every afternoon at 2:30 p.m. at higher, and the several classes of cattle the church except Mondays and Sat- other than milch cows from 68 cents ardays. Next Sunday Mr. Moody will to \$2.03 higher, than one year ago. preach morning and evening at the Sheep under one year old have increased 57 cents, and one year old and

Corn has declined nine cents and here Thursday by McDougall & Per- evening as he led his bonny bride to the meeting will prove of great benefit oats three cents, per bushel, and hay the altar. The young lady is none othe not only to the Baptist Church but to \$5.39 per ton. Fat hogs have declined all sister churches in a general awak- 17 cents, and dressed pork 22 cents, per cwt. Hogs under one year old, and over, average practically the same as one year ago.

> WASHINGTON GARDNER, Secretary of State. Union Lyceum.

The following program will be rendered at the Lyceum Friday evening,

Character Sketch of Longfellow....Florence ClarkGertrude Schooley Debate—Resolved that the invention of machinery has been detrimental to the laboring classes.

Affirmative-Harry Pinney, Ella Bader, Neg-

ative-Guy Woolman, Fred Bigelow. Wanted-Fifty pigs. Enquire at

DISTRICT NEWS.

Pigeon is now a money order office. Sebewaing is to have a cheese factory next spring,

B. F. Phetteplace has been appointed undersheriff for Evergreen township. A black bear was killed near Minden

City last week. Bruin weighed 300

Asa Moulton, of Pt. Rowan, Ont., has purchased the Soper livery stables at Bad Axe.

G. Gettie and Miss Frankie Thompson, of Kilmanagh, were married Thursday last.

John Kinde, of Kinde, has purchased the Sinclair stock of boots and shoes at Port Austin. Chas. Crane, of Clifford, is looking

over Vassar with a view of starting an elm stave mill. John Mellick, of Meade, has traded

his farm in Sec. 4 for the Richards ho-The Caro Democrat will hereafter be known as the Tuscola County Courier,

the change taking place with the new A daughter of Sewell Cline, of Lex ington, died of diphtheria a few days ago. Mr. Cline followed, and the

mother and son are very ill. While working in the woods on Monlay the 4th. inst. D. M. Cartwright was quite seriously injured by a falling

tree. -[Fairgrove Enterprise. Lattimer Wever, of Unionville, who ran a meat market, has sold out and started for Duluth last Saturday night to take charge of a lumber camp.

A test shaft to ascertain the extent of the supposed mineral deposits in Akron and Fairgrove townships, Tuscola County, will be started within two

Henry Neinstedt has left the Hotel Morrow and returned to his farm in Caseville, and William Spitler, of Caseville, takes his place in the hotel.—[Bad Axe Tribune. While the family of John Ramseyre

was away from home Tuesday, some person entered the premises and poisoned 17 hogs, 12 of which died. -[Elkton Advance. Rev. Fr. Rose, who has been pastor of the Roman Catholic Church at Cros

well, has resigned his pastorate and

will move to Fairfield this week, where ne will have charge of a church. While out hunting one day last week Geo. Hess, of Elva, accidently shot Jay Curtis, the charge taking effect in the preast. Hopes are entertained for his

recovery. —[Vassar Times. Fred Green, of Verona, while hunting New Year's Day had a narrow escape from serious injury. He was standing The prices here given are for the on a log with his gun by his side and State. For each class of horses, sheep in some unknown manner the gun was side and passing along up his body tore none of the shot penetrated the skin and he escaped with a few scratches-Bad Axe Democrat.

State Senator John L. Preston has been chosen speaker pro tem of the Senate. The vote was by acclamation, his opponent for the place having withdrawn before the caucus convened. The honor came easy because well deserved. Mr. Preston's host of friends The average prices of the several throughout the 21st district will be gratified to learn of his good fortune and the glad news will be hailed with special delight in Lapeer, his resident county. -[North Branch Gazette.

A warrant is out for the arrest of Wm. Swartz for the theft of \$7.00 from a farmer named McGraw, living about five miles north of here. It appears that Swartz stayed at home while the rest of the family went to church last Sunday evening and when the family returned they supposed that William had gone to bed, but in the morning when it became time to do the chores no William appeared and apon investigation it was shown that Swartz and seven dollars had fled durng the night. -[Elkton Advance.

Little Milton Adams came very near meeting death in a very peculiar manner Monday. He was playing around the elevator with some other little boys, which is a very bad practice for boys. Mr. McLuney was loading a car with wheat from a large bin, and Milton climed into the bin to see the wheat go out. He happened to get directly over the spout and was drawn under the wheat and completely covered up. Rob. Murdy, who was in the bin, tried to rescue him but failed. He then went for Mr. McLuney, who was in the office, telling him what had happened. When Mr. McLuney arrived Milton was buried under about two feet of wheat. When taken out he was nearly suffocatad, and a few minutes delay weekley. utes delay would probably have ended his life. It was a very close call.—

People who look all right are gener-

ally accepted on trust. A sentence well couched, takes both

The average man thinks it adds to his

the sense and the understanding.

importance to annoy somebody else.

Most men suffer a good deal less from conscience than from indigestion.

When we have a trouble important enough to talk about it seems to grow

An employer who understands the details of his business is seldom unjust to his employes.

lighter.

The most popular form of self-denial is to inconvenience yourself in order to spite somebody else.

A coquette is like a rose. Each lover plucks a leaf; the stem and thorns are left for the future husband.

Unfortunately for the human race, few of us feel that our particular sphere is worthy of our best energies.

It is easy enough to borrow trouble by imagining what people ought to do and then fretting because they do oth-

To character and success, two things contradictory as they may seem must go-humble dependence and manly independence.

mortgage. They both work day and night, rain or shine.

It is a good idea to swear off something at the beginning of the new year, The committee decided that the even if the monotony of habit is only broken for a few days.

Strict attention to the small courtesies of life will advance a man faster than waiting to ride into popularity on some tidal wave that may never

If it were not for the unhealthy conditions of the slums in large cities, the vicious portion of the population would increase fast enough to drive away all other elements.

In Lexington, Ky., there is a club the youngest member of which is 89 years old. All the others are over 90. The lac, Alfred Devereaux, a photographer, club meets regularly for purposes of mutual improvement and social pleas-

A New York dentist has invented a new thing in teeth which, he says, will Sam's paper money. At first all three place them within reach of the masses. denied their guilt but Devereaux fi-The teeth are made of rubber, the base nally became cornered when questioned or plate and the teeth being formed in for over two hours by the detectives tegrally. These new artificial masti- and then confessed. The officers decators will be sold for \$1.50 and \$2 a cline to give the particulars as they lin township, Ionia county, and at expense. Rep. Edgar, of Lenawee,

The word trocha is of such frequent occurrence in dispatches and news from Havana that it seems likely in time to become incorporated into the English at Lansing and the electors went speech. An explanation having been asked of the term, which is pronounced trotsha, with the accent on the first of Cassopolis, was chosen as messenger syllable, it may be stated that original- to carry the vote to Washington. Comly it denotes a footpath, pathway, or petition for the position of messenger sometimes a short cut. During the present Cuban unpleasantness its significance has been applied to a fortified settle it. high road.

Dr. Charles Sweet, the bone-setter, died at his home in Lebanon, Conn., last week. He is said to have operated in more than 100,000 cases of bone-setting. His family for three generations have been renowned for bonesetting abilities, although no member has had more than a common school education, and none of them ever studied anatomy. Dr. Sweet was in Wisconsin about twenty years ago and dent Thomas' permission. many people will remember his marvelous success in fixing dislocated joints.

The announcement that "days of grace" have been abolished in one more state, suggests that in old English law the phrase had a meaning different from the present well understood significance of the words as used in business. Law or custom allows three days beyond the fixed day of payment for petition the legislature to make \$2 a paying a note or bill of exchange. The term, "days of grace," as used in old English law, signified the period of three days allowed by the court for the appearance and answer of a person summoned, beyond the day mentioned in the writ. This old use thus pointed to mercy rather than to mere business accommodation or convenience. In these days of trusts and shylocks there is neither mercy nor business-just plain sand-bagging and no more.

Once and not very long ago, the public letterwriters of Paris made comfortable livings by inditing epistles, sentimental or businesslike, as the case might require, for people to whom the mysteries of the spellingbook had never been explained. Compulsory education has ruined the craft, and the few representatives of it that survive only avoid starvation by getting occasionally the task of correcting the grammar and heightening the eloquence of some Socialistic Deputy whose ability to write is not backed up by the possession of very much to write about.

TWEEN THE LAKES.

MICHIGAN NEWS RECORDED IN NEWS FOR MICHIGANDERS.

An Alcona County Woman Instantly land, Me. Killed a Prominent Farmer Who Slandered Her-A Grand Rapids Sa loonkeeper Killed by a Policeman.

Farmer Shot Dead by a Woman. A most cold-blooded murder on the streets of Harrisville startled the village as it had not been startled in many years. Mrs. Robert Dobson, of Haynes, shot James Anderson, a farmer, living near Haynes, four times and he died almost instantly. Immediately afterward the woman was arrested and jailed. She said that she did not regret her action as Anderson will no

onger be able to slander her.

Anderson was sitting in his buggy in front of the Hudson house waiting for his wife who was in the hotel, when Mrs. Dobson walked hurriedly up to the buggy and the two engaged in earnest conversation for several moments. Suddenly she whipped out a revolver and shot four times in rapid succession into his body. Anderson fell over into his buggy; the horses started up suddenly and the body rolled lifeless out upon the ground.

Mrs. Dobson was attending the farmer's institute at Harrisville, with her husband and four small children. on the day of the tragedy. She is a woman of splendid appearance and bright intellect, but it is said that her mind has become almost unbalanced over the reports which she alleges that Anderson circulated about her.

Anderson was an ex-under sheriff and leaves a widow and two children.

Alger for the Cabinet. The Republican state central committee meeting in the Downey house, at Lansing, was full of lively interest. There was a contest between the The only thing that can be compared friends of Gen. R. A. Alger, who wants trouble was over the chairmanship of the Republican spring convention. convention was to be held in the Auditorium in Detroit. February 23. should be chairman. C. G. Griffney, of Negaunee, proposed that O'Donnell should be named for the honor, but Alger finally won and a resolution was adopted indorsing Alger as Michigan's candidate for a position in McKinley's

cabinet. A resolution was also adopted

thanking Chairman Ferry for his work

during the recent campaign.

Dangerous Counterfelters Caught. U. S. secret service officers have captured three alleged counterfeiters in Detroit. W. W. Lepper and Dr. Alden W. Soper, barbers at the Hotel Cadilwere locked up on suspicion of being connected with a gang of counterfeiters who employ the photographic process and produce what the officers call very dangerous imitations of Uncle claim there are still others of the gang to be canght.

Michigan's Electoral Vote.

The Michigan electoral college met through the formality of casting their votes for McKinley. Harsen D. Smith. was sharp, as 13 out of the 14 electors wanted the job. It took 16 ballots to

THE TWO PENINSULAS.

Grand Rapids' supply of ice is exhausted and dealers buy in Bay City. Brandford Bohl, aged 16, drew his ranged. gun toward him at Mancelona and was shot dead.

Fifty prominent Petoskey ladies have petitioned the council to pass a curfew at work. Her name was Mrs. George ordinance.

Adrian college students cannot go to the theater without obtaining Presi-Mrs. Kronberg, a cook, accidentally

shot at a lumber camp near Negaunee. died of her injuries. Grand Rapids has 5 bicycle factories

which are preparing for a total output of 30,000 wheels this season. The 14-year-old son of Henry Adams,

near Gunn lake, broke through the ice while skating and was drowned. The supervisors of Eaton county will

day the maximum pay for supervisors. The Centennial copper mine at Houghton, which has been idle for four years, is to be pumped out and operated. Antoine LaLonde was taken to St. Mary's hospital, Saginaw, in a dying condition, his skull having been frac-

tured by a falling tree. William Brown, aged 20, was jailed at Vassar, charged with incest with his niece, Orpha Taylor, aged 17, too

whom a child was born Dec. 29. After being deluged with spring-like rains until a great deal of damage had been done in various sections by floods Michigan was given a taste of the northwestern blizzard which blockaded trains in all directions. The resulting snow was a blessing to lumberman.

Although an addition to the New berry asylum with accommedations for 120 patients was opened last month there are now five insane persons in the Houghton county jail with no room for them at Newberry. Additional forming an independent church. cottages for the demented are urgently

The Slaght homestead, the oldest esidence in Ludington, has burned with a loss of \$1.800.

H. T. Crawford, for 10 years Grand Trunk train dispatcher at Battle Creek, has been made chief train dispatcher of the division from Montreal to Port-

A daughter of Sewell Cline died of diphtheria at Lexington last week and Mr. Cline followed a few days later. Now the mother and son are dangerously ill.

Thomas O. Doremus, was crushed under the wheels of an engine at Jackson, and died of his injuries. He was one of the best known railroad men in Michigan.

Cleveland capitalists are preparing to commence the manufacture of stone cement at Bronson, there being a big deposit of the material in a marsh near the town. Alonzo McDiarmid was struck by the

cars while walking on the track at

Elmdale. His arm was crushed, several ribs and his jaw broken, and he will probably die. An electric railroad will be built next spring from Battle Creek to Kalamazoo, touching Bedford, Augusta,

Galesburg and Comstock, with a branch from Augusta to Gull Lake. Mrs. Charles Hagadorn, who was charged with conspiring with two farm hands against the life of her husband, has been acquitted at Ionia. Sam

Reeves is serving 12 years for shooting Hagadorn. Petoskey officers arrested Charles Green and Lou Bright, young lumbermen, for stealing rubbers and horse blankets. One hour later they had been convicted and sentenced to 10

days in jail. The Germania, Norrie and Pabst mines at Ironwood will add to their present small forces. The outlook is much improved for employment of at least a portion of the 1,500 idle men in Ironwood and Hurley.

Chas. Short, aged 21, took a dose of morphine at the home of his uncle, to a good ad. in working ability is a a place in McKinley's cabinet, and Brazil Short, in Bethel township, those of James O'Donnell, who wants | Branch county, and will probably die. to be U. S. senator. The trouble was Failure in business, and domestic troubles caused despondency.

> Stirred up by the recent tragedythe killing of "Bunk" Treadwell, saloonist, by a policeman—the police commissioners of Grand Rapids an-It was then proposed that Gen. Alger nouce that hereafter all saloons must be closed on Sundays and legal holidays. As a result of the resolution of the

> > Michigan Soldiers' home board to discharge all able-bodied inmates, about 40 veterans will be turned out to shift for themselves. The action was necessary because of the crowded condition of the home. The Livingston county board of su-

> > pervisors passed a resolution which stated that the publication of the document by the state known as "Farm Statistics," was a useless expense and asked their legislators to try to have it discontinued.

seat of Ingham county moved from from the House. The House passed Mason to Lansing, but only 11 super- Rep. Sawyer's resolution for a commitvisors could be persuaded to vote in tee of 10 members to propose legislafavor of submitting the question to the tion and prepare bills to simplify compeople, and as 17 are required Lansing will have to wait.

Alfred Brooks, the school teacher of Miss Sarah Otis, at her home in Bertempted to assault her, died in jail at Ionia from a dose of morphine he swallowed when he was arrested.

Dr. M. P. Johnson's livery and feed barn burned at Allegan, with all the a bill to carry out Gov. Pingree's anticontents except five horses. Four teen trust recommendations. It will pro-horses were cremated, a chore boy nar vide for the prevention of conspiracies rowly escaped burning to death full the proprietor's hands were pair ly the proprietor's hands were pairce. burned. Loss \$5,000; no insuran

The Michigan Republican Pr sociation held a brief session a Lansing. G. R. Gilson, of Benton I rbor. presided. Measures will be to cen to guard the interests of publishers in legislation this winter and a trip to Washington on the occasion of McKinley's inauguration was partially ar-

The 83-year-old mother of Henry Canfield perished in a fire at her son's house at Hillsdale while the son was Lake. Neighbors rushed in, but the old lady's bedroom was empty and it was supposed that she had escaped. Later, however, the blackened remains of her body were found in the ruins.

The Kalamazoo board of supervisors has presented a claim for \$372 against Spanish troops have defeated and tothe estate of Mrs. Mary Stanley, of tally routed a force of 4,000 insurgents Schoolcraft, who recently died in the at Olmansas. asylum. When she was sent to the asylum she was represented to be without property and the county paid finding the dead body of a colored for her support, but since her death man named Henry Davis, standing considerable property has made its aperect and against the wall in the rear pearance. There are said to be many similar cases in the asylum.

George Whitney commenced a suit

Maple Rapids against Dr. George E. Bliss, for \$10,000 damages on the charge of alienating his wife's and child's af fections. Whitney was apparently liv ing with his wife very happily until about five years ago, when, it is alleged that Mr. Bliss, through hypno tism obtained control over Mrs. Whitney. She got a divorce and Bliss mar ried her. Both the woman and the child, however, died over two years ago. Fr. Bogacki, the Bay City priest who has had so much trouble with the con gregation of St. Stanislaus Catholic church, has been arrested charged with assault with intent to murder This is an echo of the recent riot when the priest's home was stoned and Fr. Bogacki fired two shots into the crowd, hitting two men. Bogacki was released on bail, and last Sunday held services in St. Mary's church, St. Stanislaus' being held by the obsteperous parishoners who are talking of

Kent county is agitating a county insane asylum on the score of economy. STATE LEGISLATURE.

Michigan Lawmakers Begin Their Bl

enniel Labors. The opening session of the Michigan legislature was not marked by any special events, but the regular work was entered upon promptly. In the Senate Lieut.-Gov. Dustan called for order and Rev. Mr. Osborne offered prayer. Secretary Alward then read the list of members as certified to him by Secretary of State Gardner, and the senators were sworn in in blocks of six. President Dustan followed with an address. John L. Preston was

sworn in as president pro tem and the same form was followed with the other officers. Senator Thompson offered a resolution, which was adopted, extending to the Lansing pastors an invitation to open the daily sessions with prayer. Secretary D. E. Alward and Sergeant Slosson, of the Senate of '95, were voted \$25 and \$20 respectively for their services and expenses in opening the Senate. A few preliminary resolutions, providing for messenger boys, etc., were passed and then Senators Covell, Moore and Mason were appointed to inform Gov. Pingree that the upper house was ready to proceed with business. Senators Barnum, Thompson and Prescott were delegated to tell the house of representatives the same thing. The Senate concurred in the house selection of E. A. Stimson as legislative postmaster and named Henry Spaulding as assistant postmaster and then adjourned.

The program of the House was some what similar and aside from a strong opening address by speaker Gordon, of Midland, who was elected on the first ballot, was unusually dull and uninteresting. Every member of the House was present except A. J. Neidermeier, of Monroe, who is ill. One contest of a seat was noted that of James Kerr, a silverite of Saginaw, by John Baird, Republican. O. B. Fuller, of Delta, was elected speaker pro tem. Lewis M. Miller was unanimously made clerk of the House, and R. N. Gibson was elected sergeant-at-arms, while F. W. Redfern, of Clinton, was chosen for enrolling and engrossing clerk.

The reading of the messages of ex-Gov. Rich and Gov. Pingree occupied the larger portion of the second day's session. The red-tape ceremonies of assembling the two houses, the justices of the supreme court and the state officers in the hall of the House of Representatives being completed ex-Gov. Rich began the reading of his long message which was greeted with a ripple of applause at its close. Gov. Pingree then took his innings, made a little speech to the crowd and then turned his message over to Clerk Miller to read. He was interrupted with applause at several points, particularly where the governor spoke of maintaining Michigan's great educational institution—the University; his jab at lobbyists, and the plea for a short session. At the close of the formalities the senators and others ex-Lansing citizens want the county cepting the representatives withdrew plex statutes. It is criticised by some who think it gives too much power to one committee. Rep. Davis, of Montwho, it is alleged, broke into the room calm, fought the resolution for a House stenographer at \$3 a day as a useless had a resolution adopted fixing it so the sergeant-at arms and other House assistants may be discharged by a majerity vote. Rep. Edgar will introduce and combinations or trusts by individuals or corporations, either for the regulation of prices or the output of any commodity, and will provide heavy penalties, half of the fines to go to the state and half to the county in which prosecution is brought. It will hit the sugar, rubber, nail and oil trusts through the wholesalers or through the trust's agents. Rep. Lusk, of Bay, will introduce a bill providing that no local municipal acts should be considered by the legislature without they have first been favorably voted upon by a majority of the council of the city from which they emanate.

NEWSY CONDENSATIONS.

White caps dynamited the home of David McArthur at Yale.

A dispatch from Manila, the capital of the Philippine islands, says that the

Frequenters of a saloon on Front street. Cincinnati, were horrified at room. He was surrounded by a number of empty beer kegs, which had prevented him from falling. The man had been seen about the place a few

moments before.

At Millersville, O., a son of Alex Dolwick got hold of several pounds of blasting powder, went to the cellar accompanied by three sisters to kill rats. The stuff exploded and one girl, aged 8. was burned to death. The clothing of the other children caught fire and they were terribly burned, as were the parents in trying to extinguish the flames. The boy was not badly hurt. Sir Chas. Tupper, of Canada, at a complimentary dinner by the St. George's club, London, said that the Canadians were united in oppos tion to being annexed to the United States. They were greatly flattered at the desire of the United States to possess Canada, but did not consider their institutions as safe as those of Great Britain, and feel that there is greater security under the British for life, property and liberty. The speech of the Canadian ex-premier was received with tumultuous applause.

Both wings of the Democrats celebrated Andrew Jackson day at Chicago. ference.

THE U.S. CONGRESS

DAILY PROCEEDINGS OF THE NATIONAL LEGISLATURE.

A Readable Summary of the Laws Proposed, the Measures Disposed of and Some of the Most Interesting Sayings of the Legislators.

SENATE. - Thirteenth day. - No time was lost upon reassembling after the holiday recess. The first action taken was to pass the House bill to abolish the death penalty in a large number of cases, leaving only five crimes for which the death penalty can be imposed, viz.: treason, murder, rape, and two offenses applicable to the army and navy only. Mr. Call, of Florida, introduced resolutions calling for information as to the condemnation of Julio Sanguilly at Havana to life imprisonment and also directing the secretary of state to demand Sanguilly's immediate release. Mr. Peffer, of Kansas, delivered a speech in support of his resolution for a national monetary commission. Mr. Proctor, of Vermont, gave notice that he would speak later on his resolution, extending the presidential term to six years and fixng the term of members of the house of representatives at three years. House.—The Loud bill to regulate and cut off some of the privileges now given to second-class mail matter, occupied the larger portion of the day, out was not disposed of. SENATE. - Fourteenth day. - A speech

of Senator Call, of Florida, on Cuba, served as the medium for making public a letter giving a graphic description of the Cabanas fortress at Havana, and the surroundings of the American citizens imprisoned there. The circumstances surrounding the letter at tracted marked interest to it, as Mr. Call said it came from a public man of high standing in the United States who would shortly occupy a place in the legislative branch of the government. The letter described a visit made by the writer and Gen. Lee to Cabanas fortress and told of the pitiful condition of the prisoners, some of them Americans, including Julio Sanguilly and a young man who was the companion of Chas. Govin, the American newspaper correspondent killed in Cuba. Mr. Call spoke of the cruel practices in Spanish prisons and declared that these prisons were stained with the blood of American citizens, and that it needed but an investigation to unmask the extent of the butchery. At the close of the speech the Senate agreed to Mr. Call's resolution requestng the secretary of the state for all orrespondence relating to the case of Julio Sanguilly. The other resolution, demanding Sanguilly's immediate release, was referred to the committee on foreign relations. The Senate passed House bills amending the laws relating to timber culture and authorizing brevets to active or retired officers of the army or navy. The joint resolution requesting the British government to pardon Mrs. Florence Maybrick was indefinitely postponed. The bill exempting settlers on public lands from paying the original government price fixed on the lands was debated. but a final vote was not reached. House.-The Loud bill to amend the law relating to second-class mail matter was passed by a vote of 144 to 105. The opposition to the bill made a strong but unavailing fight against it. SENATE-Fifteenth day-A number of minor bills on the calendar were dis-

posed of, and some progress was made on the bill for free homesteads on Indian lands, but a final vote was not reached. Mr. Mills, of Texas, offered a joint resolution declaring that the power of recognizing a new republic resides in congress, recognizing the independence of Cuba, and appropriating \$10,000 for a United States minister to the republic of Cuba. Mr. Sherman, of Ohio, sought to secure the passage of a bill directing the secretary of agriculture to establish a uniform standard of grain and all classes of cereals, to be known as the United States standard. but there was sharp objection, and the bill went over. An effort by Senator Perkins, of California, to fix a day for considering the bill for an industrial commission to consider problems of labor, etc. was defeated by dilatory tactics. Mr. Morgan, of Alabama, secured the adoption of a resolution for an investigation of the disappearance of certain papers relating to the Pacific ailroad from the files of the treasury department. House—The Pacific railway funding bill, which is considered the most important piece of legislation which will come before congress at this session, came up under a special order. The first day of the debate was occupied by Messrs. Powers, of Vermont, and Grow, of Pennsylvania, in favor of the bill, and Hubbard, of Missouri, and Bell, of Texas, in opposition. Sixteenth day.-No session of the Senate. House.-The number of speakers on the Pacific railroad funding bill was more than twice as large as the day before, but the only interesting development was the speech of Mr. Johnson, who most bitterly and in a most vituperative manner attacked Editor Hearst, of the San Francisco Examiner, for his opposition to the bill and for his attempt to intimidate the Pacific coast members of the House into voting against the bill by threatening to drive those who favored it from public life and to disgrace them before the people.

Seventeenth day.—No session of the Senate. House.—The Pacific railroad funding bill debate was closed, but one day yet remained for amendments, substitutes and the final vote. The Senate amendments to the bill amending the navigation laws were non-concurred in and the bill was sent to con-

SENATE. - Eighteenth day. - The SOME HOROSCOPES chief event was an impassioned speech by Mr. Mills, of Texas, in favor of a the recognition of a foreign government a congressional prerogative and to recognize the independence of Cuba and appropriate \$10,000 for the salary of a minister to the Cuban republic. The Cuban question was the mercantile spirit of the nation against its honor, he declared. There was an informal discussion by several senators Mr. Proctor made a speech in favor of a constitutional amendment to limit the President to one six-year term. The arbitration treaty between the United States and Great Britain was received, with the President's message urging the ratification of the treaty. Afterwards, in executive session, it was referred to the committee on foreign relations and was ordered to be printed. House.—The Pacific railway funding was killed after a hard fight and the majority of 66 against it was a surprise to its friends. The vote was 168 to 102. Mr. Powers, the chairman of the Pacific railway committee entered a motion to recommit the bill. A point of order was made against Mr. Powers' motion, but at the suggestion of the speaker the point was not disposed of, but went over one day. The army appropriation bill and several other bills were then passed. The army bill carried \$23,126,344, \$155,553

ARBITRATION TREATY SIGNED United States and Great Britain Have

less than that for the current year.

Each Signed the Agreement. Washington: The proposition for a eneral arbitration treaty between the Inited States and Great Britain is now n accomplished fact. Lord Salisbury assented to the last suggestion from this side and Sir Julian Pauncefote, who had been clothed with the necessary authority by Lord Salisbury, met Secretary Olney in the latter's office, where the two gentlemen, representng the British government and the United States, attached their signatures to the document. Sir Julian retained one copy of the treaty for the British government and the other copy | ity in some of the fine arts. However, was sent to the senate, accompanied by a letter from the President, recom-

mending its ratification. Ample provision has been made in the treaty to guard against a failure of the arbitrators to agree through a tie vote. King Oscar, of Sweden, has been selected as the final arbiter in case of a tie vote by the arbitration tribunal on any matter. The treaty is to run for five years.

The Alaskan boundary dispute will not come before the general arbitration tribunal. No specific reference is made to the subject in the treaty but it is confidently stated that the matter will be settled separately as the result of negotiations now in progress.

Short Bank Cashier Suicides

Richard Cornelius, cashier, and for 42 years connected with the National Farmers & Planters' bank, of Baltimore, was discovered to be short in his of these happens to be called forth. accounts to the amount of about \$60,-000. Mr. Cornelius had been notified bank and a few hours later his dead body was found in the duck pond at Druid Hill park. He had committed suicide by drowning.

Son Accuses His Father of Murder. James Harvey, the alleged wife-murderer confined in the county jail at Wilmington, O., has filed an affidavit charging his father, Wm. P. Harvey, a Quaker preacher, aged 69, with being her murderer. The father was lodged in jail, but denies being implicated in the crime, and the son's story is not believed by many people.

The plant of the Monroe Butter and Cheese Co., at Monroe, was destroyed by fire. The company's loss of \$4,000 was insured, but farmers for miles around who furnished milk, will lose hundreds of dollars, as there will be no market for their milk for many weeks.

THE MARKETS.

LIVE STOCK. New York-Cattle Sheep Lambs Hogs Best grades...\$4 25@5 00 \$4 40 Lower grades...2 25@4 00 3 00 Chicago-Best grades....4 50@5 10 Lower grades...2 25@4 2) Detroit-Best grades....3 90@4 25 Lower grades...2 00@3 75 Buffalo-Best grades...3 50@4 00 Lower grades..2 00@3 25 Cincinnati-Best grades...4 00@4 25 Lower grades..2 00@3 75 Cleveland-Pittsburg— Best grades...4 50@5 00 Lower grades...2 50@4 00 GRAIN, ETC. Wheat, Corn, No. 2 red No. 2 mix New York 95 @95% 29 @2914 22 @2214

Chicago 87 @871/2

*Detroit 91 @911/2

Cincinnati 93 @93

Cleveland 91 @91

Pittsburg 92 @92

93 @93

93 @93

Toledo

Buffalo

per lb; creamery, 19c. REVIEW OF TRADE.

221/4@2276

22 @221/4

22 @2214

22 @22

22 @22

20 @20

19 @19

19 @19

19 @19

With the exception of report from a dozen south Atlantic coast and gulf state cities, jobbers at nearly all distributing centers say business is dull and without new features. Colder weather stimulated purchases of clothing at some points. Little general recovery from holiday dullness is reported as yet. At most centers salesmen are just starting out. Collections are reported unsatisfactory, but in many instances merchants express themselves as hopeful of good spring business. There is no change in the wool market, manufacturers declining to buy until they receive orders for goods More strength has been shown by boots and shoes. Iron and steel have been disappointing, as consumers evidently anticipate a further reduction in prices and refuse to place orders. With the exception of report from a dozer

resolution introduced by him to declare FEATURES OF LIFE INDICATED BY THE PLANETS.

> Some Instructions to Applicants for Free Readings -Full Name and Address Must Accompany Every Letter -Private Readings.



HE Astrologer insists that every applicant for a free reading in these columns must give full name and address. The answer will be by initial unless some other means of identification is adopted

by applicant. If you do not know the exact date or hour of birth send TWO two-cent stamps for special instructions. Every request for a horoscope will be answered in its turn. Several hundred have already been filed. Persons wishing private readings by mail, at once, must inclose TWELVE twocent stamps. Address all letters to Prof. G. W. Cunningham, Dept. 4, 194 South Clinton street, Chicago, Ill. This week's horoscopes are as follows:

X. Y. Z., Crete, Neb. You are a mixture of the signs Aries, which Mars rules, and Taurus, which Venus rules, and therefore Mars and Venus are your ruling planets. You are medium height or above: medium to light complexion; the eyes have a peculiar sparkle and sharp sight and are of a medium to light color. You are very active and energetic and quite ambitious to push business: yet, if this time is correct you have no constitution that will allow you to carry out your ambitions, and your worst ailments will be in some way connected with your head. You have a great love for the beautiful in art and nature; you are possessed with a great ability to talk, write and work fine embroidery and paint; you have natural abilonly those that know you well will fully appreciate you, and the first half of life will be uphill work, the last half will be some better. Marriage is un-

fortunate for you. "Flax." Smithboro, Ill.

Data proclaim you a mixture of the signs Libra, which Venus rules, and Scopio, which Mars rules, and, therefore. Venus and Mars are your ruling planets. You are medium height: wellset figure; medium complexion; hazel eyes: hair was flaxen when young, but has been getting some darker as you have grown older. If you had been born a few minutes earlier there would be indications of a dimple in your chin. You are endowed with the indications of both the gentle, confiding, modest Venus; also the bold, aggressive, refractory, warlike Mars, and you will act in accordance with whichever one You are fond of anything that relates to chemistry and mystery; also the beautiful in art, such as music, painting, drawing, sketching, etc. You need some special instructions or you will get rid of all the money you can make and have nothing left to show for it. Marriage fortunate.

"Mrs. Helena," Cairo. According to data, the sign Sagittarius, which Jupiter rules, was rising at your birth, and, therefore, Jupiter is your ruling planet or significator. You are medium height or above, with a well-set figure. The complexion very clear and healthy; the hair medium to light; eyes light; you are noted for being of a cheerful, happy disposition: you do not allow anything like the blues to come near you; you are also noted for being fully appreciated by all, and you can secure and hold a good position at any time you wish; you have had a very eventful life and have been a great traveler, and the last half of life has been the most fortunate; you can always command a good salary if you wish, and will make and handle large sums of money during your life. yet will meet with many losses. You re a great lover of horses. You have great ambition for a large business. You have a remarkably strong consti-

Helen, Dubucue, Iowa. You have the zodiacal sign Libra rising, and therefore Venus is your ruling planet. You are medium height or above; slender figure; medium to light complexion, hair and eyes. If born four minutes earlier you have Uranus also for ruling planet, and that would denote a little darker shade to the eyes. You are cheerful and happy most of the time, yet will be subject to short spells of the blues, and if anyone does you an injury you are not apt to forget it very soon: yet von will forgive them and be very just to 194@194 them if you had any dealings with 19 @1934 them, for you are a lover of justice, and 211/4@21% have also a great admiration for the fine arts. You will have very strong intuitions at times, yet this will only be spasmodic in its actions. Marriage *Detroit—No. 1 Timothy Hay, \$9.00 per ton.
Potatoes, 20c per bu. Live Chickens, 7c per llt; turkeys, 10c; ducks, 10c. Eggs, strictly fresh, 16c per doz.
Butter, fresh dairy, 15c
for you. will be more than average fortunate

tution.

FACTS ABOUT GAMES.

On the old-time cards used in India the vizier is represented as mounted on a horse, a camel or a tiger.

It is said by some writers that the game of dominoes was known to the Jews in the time of Solomon. Dice of ivory and marble have been

found in the ruins of Roman houses in various parts of Great Britain Dice almost exactly similar to those now used have been discovered in

Thebes and other Egyptian cities.

CHAPTER XIX.

HE market boy claimed angrily: stood at the gatewith Jules had brought bouquets, one clear, have forsaken her. bright morning, while

white fingers ar-

the most tempting show; when the three were startled by hopes to teach her yet the difference the sudden appearance of a man who. throwing open the folds of his cloak, which had concealed his face, stepped of the people's pulse." forward from a hidden nook, and spoke gaily:

"Good day, my fair gardener! Sell me one of your bouquets, I pray you." overspread his companion's face, and dextrously bending between them, him- them as she spoke, and dragged Feself singled out a bouquet and held it toward the stranger.

The sharp, keen eye of the latter but without remark, he accepted the bouquet, and again turning to the girl he inquired the price.

She had summoned resolution enough to answer without sign of trepidation. He hunted up the money, took his bouquet, and marched away, never

once turning to glance behind. Chlotilde—as he called her—seized Jules' arm, and drawing him aside, she whispered:

"We must fly! not an hour, not a moment, not a second can be lost. It was M. Pierre; he knew me beyond a doubt; I read his malignant triumph on his face. Oh, Jules! let us get to Emile-somehow, as speedily as possi-

Jules perceived at once the dangerous

emergency. "Get your hat and cloak, Chlotilde; we will go with the boy to find Emile. What can we find to fill our baskets, to give us excuse for reaching him?" Chlotilde pointed to her plants. Without another word, Jules hastened to dig them up, and set them in the basket: while she entered the cottage for the few articles she dared take

with her. Side by side they followed, breathlessly, the lead of the wondering peasant boy, and went on into the crowd and stir of the city. They were too excited and eager to be aware of the dark browed, villainous looking man, who followed stealthily in their steps never losing sight of them for a mo-

The streets were alive with a dense throng of people, and it was evident some great event was at hand, by the gleaming eyes, violent gesticulations, and set faces of the multitude, who all seemed surging in one direction.

The guide, in spite of the remonstrance of Jules, joined the living tide,

with the careless explanation: "We shall be sure to find citizen Emile at the square; the Gray Falcon is always at hand when such sport is going on. It has something to do with the Austrian woman; maybe they are to take off her head to-day. You're in

luck to be in to see the sight." Lady Felicie strove to hide the shudder which ran through her frame at these words, and glanced apprehen-

gively at her companion. Jules had turned deadly pale, his

lips were set, his eyes gleamed fiercely as he answered: "Tell me where we can find the Gray

Falcon's usual resort, and then you may go your way. We have no time to waste now.

The boy laughed coarsely, as the crowd growing more and more dense took them along with it.

You have no other choice," said he; "and there be those in Paris who would take you up right smartly for calling it a waste of time to see the neck of tyranny broken on the shrine

of freedom." Jules took the rebuke mildly. The horrors of witnessing the terrible scene his imagination presented, had quite overpowered his fears for personal

safety, but now once again returned the remembrance of their own danger. "We shall sell nothing here, Chlotilde." said he; "if we could only see the Gray Falcon, we might return again

to witness the brave sights."

A broad shoulder red-faced virago, one of a crowd of fiercely gesticu-

lating Amazons, overheard his words. "What do you expect to do with the flowers, white face? You had better throw them away and take up a pike. There are no fine lords to buy your bouquets now; why do you bring them

here? "Are the fine lords the only ones to enjoy flowers?" answered Jules. thought we citizens were to be allowed to enjoy them now. They are nature's jewels, she puts them around the cottage more plentifully than before the palace. Take a bunch, citizens, and see how pretty it will make you look; so young and gay, you know.'

The woman laughed coarsely, thrust out her horny hand for a bouquet, and fastened it at her breast.

"Well, well, at the best, I can make use of it, for when the proud Austrian lays her dainty head on the block, I'll fling it in her face. She's used to bouquets, you know, and will appreciate the compliment.

Jules echoed her laugh, though his heart was frozen at the brutality of the creature, but his companion turned her wild eyes into the woman's face with an expression of litter horror which it was impossible to misunder-

"What ails that simpleton? does she his dare to sympathize with the proud tysquare basket, and rants? She's an aristocrat, I'll swear!" Lady Felicie trembled from head to out the tray of | foot; her fortitude seemed entirely to

Jules hastily pressed her arm in Chlotilde's warning, and began to rail angrily. "Yes, yes; she's a silly thing. She's ranged them in been sick and lost all her sense. She was always afraid of blood; I'm in betwixt aristocratic blood, which de-

"She looks like one of 'em. Stand out, here. wench, and let us make sure; that's too doll-like a face to belong to a citizen's daughter. And she shows Jules saw the deadly pallor which her guilt; I'll swear she's one of them." She cleared a little space around

licie forward. The poor girl, white as any statue, turned her eyes appealingly to Jules, roved over his features triumphantly; as the iron fingers left their cruel print upon her tender arms.

"Nay, nay; she's a good girl, citizeness, only for being so frightened," cried Jules; "let her go, I beg of you." By this time other attention was drawn to the scene, and the hurrying crowd paused to gather around the group, and question the cause of their

agitation. "An aristocrat; she would save the Austrian woman!" cried the Amazon, with her grasp still tightening on the

arm of the terrified girl. "Away with her then; to the prison with her!" shouted a dozen fierce voices, as the angry eyes glared upon

"Leave her to me!" exclaimed Jules, pressing forward to her side. "I shall punish her well for this silly terror." "Make her look on and see the

haughty queen's proud head rolling in the dust," shouted another. "Bid her shout with us, Death to the

aristocrats! Liberty and equality for-"She can do that. Come Chlotilde. shout with me!" cried Jules, swinging his cap and sending up a cheery huzza

for "Freedom and equality forever!" A man in the crowd stepped forward and looked eagerly and scrutinizingly into the pallid, but handsome, clear-cut features of the youth.

"I'll swear to that face!" muttered he, "it's him, and no mistake." Jules himself caught that searching

glance, and though his face gave no sign, his heart sank in despair. "Let's take them along," said the man; "we'll see for ourselves how the

pair enjoy jubilee day." He who had so persistently tracked them all the way from the cottage, ad-

"Yes, yes; show them how Marie An-

toinette finds a necklace sharper than diamonds, the free gift of the people. There'll be some one here, anon, who can tell their true names.

"What! is the man suspected, also?" asked the woman who had cuased the

whole detention. The last speaker nodded acquiescence. Whereupon the whole crowd around took up a fiendish yell, more like the cry of a blood-thirsty, wild beast than the voice of human beings, and began hustling the pair along toward the spot where the hapless queen

was expected to appear. Jules flung he arm around his companion to steady her steps, and shield her from the rude jostling of the

crowd. "It is only a jest, Chlotilde," said he. in as cheerful a voice as he could force himself to assume; "they will discover our innocence, and let us go. Perhaps some friend will appear to give assurance of our good behavior and loyal

sentiments.' She knew what he meant; it was indeed her last desperate hope. If Emile would appear to save them! And yet, how was it possible for any one to save? She asked this question dreamily, as her eye ran along the sea of faces around her, and found no pitying eve, no gentle expression of mercy-only flaming, infuriated, revenge-

ful countenances. The peasant boy who had acted as guide, after hearing the first words of the crowd darted away. Young as he was, he knew the danger of falling under the displeasure of these lawless mobs: or of seeming to hold acquaintance with any one suspected of the obnoxious aristocracy.

And almost lifted from their feet. amidst jeers and threats, and bitter taunts. Jules and his fair companion were borne toward the fatal guillotine where Louis had already laid down his

mouth to mouth.

CHAPTER XX. HESE two sensi-

tures. with utter loathing and horror. could give no outward sign of their detestation of the scene. A dozen pitiless eyes were shade upon their

ored.

faces. They had each other's icy hands, and sternly bore it with all the heroism a pretended friend is worse.—Pope.

they could master. It was not possible for either to behold their beautiful queen led forward to the block. Despite the scrutiny bent upon them, both instinctively closed their eyes, and held their breath through the last terrible moments

The wild shout that broke upon the leathly stillness told when the spirit of Marie Antoinette joined that of her murdered husband. At the same moment Felicie fell fainting against Jules' shoulder. The struggling mass of people shut out the air, and almost crush ed her unconscious form.

He looked around him imploringly for a single trace of humanity, but found none. Supporting her as well as he could with one arm, he chafed with the free hand her icy fingers and marbly stiff arms.

The same virago whose attention had

interrupted their progress in the coramencement, elbowed her way to him. serves to be spilt, and the honest tide "You think more of the dainty minx than you pretend, sirrah," she said, angrily; "she's an aristocrat beyond doubt. She must go to the trial, and will take her turn at the axe yonder, I doubt not. Why must she swoon away, when France is made free! equality forever! Death to the aristocrats!

"She is a young creature, and has no strength; such as she cannot look calmly upon bloodshed, be it friend or foe. Let her go now. I beseech you. She is the niece of the Grav Falcon: she is no aristocrat, I will vouch for

it," exclaimed Jules imploringly. "No aristocrat, with those lady feat-

ures? and look at her hands! pshaw! citizen." "And do you deny that we may find such lovely faces, and delicate frames more eagerly; "nay, beauty has no partiality for nobility. This maiden is of humble birth, and yet no princess was ever more lovely in person or charac-

ter. I assure you she is of the people." Felicie had slowly revived. As he said these words a strong shudder shook her frame.

"Perhaps you are right," said the voman, slowly; "but if the Gray Falcon is her uncle, he should teach her a little of his spirit. I should like to see some one else who knows her."

"Here comes the very one you wish to see, citizeness," said a smooth voice, vhose first accent made the Lady Felicie spring wildly to her feet. "I am well acquainted with the girl; she will tell you so; I will take care of her." Jules knew, without asking, who it

was that spoke. M. Pierre had arrived to complete their despair. He advanced eagerly and laid his hand upon the girl's shoulder, while

he said significantly: "You have nothing to fear now from the people-if you come with me peaceably. I have been looking for you a long time; but as you remember of old, I never grow weary of working to se-

cure my object." Lady Felicie shrank back and clung

to the arm of Jules. The brow of M. Pierre darkened, and ending closely to her ear, he said in

a savage whisper: "Your life is not worth a straw not safe an hour, if I do not save you. They will tear you limb from limb; beware then how you refuse my aid, how you reject my friendship. Will you come?"

All the strength which till now had seemed entirely lost, came back to the girl with the tide of indignation and abhorrence which throbbed in every

(TO BE CONTINUED.) A LOST MINE.

pulse.

Much Time Spent in Seeking for Secret Treasures An usual feature is that a particular Indian (sometimes with a companion or two) used to return from the west every year at a certain moon, ostensibly for the purpose of honoring the graves of his fathers and to use again his ancestral right of hunting the deer and bear among the wild but verdurous hills, says Lippincott's; yet gossiping tarheels hold that really the visits were for the purpose of opening again the concealed mine of lead or silver, whose rich spoil the sons of the forest have been seen bearing off in their packs. Another form of the story relates that a certain hunter (always "won't tell." or now "dead." or "moved west") got all the lead for his bullets from the foot of a mountain above a cove on a certain creek: or an old counterfeiter (now "in the penitentiary" or "fled" into parts unknown) used to coin quarters and halves of good silver (still seen in circulation), yet was never known to buy silver in any form. Weeks and months were spent each year in searching for these secret treasures. Occasionally the enthusiasm would mount to the height of sending far off somewhere to fetch back the "old hunter." More than once such a one has been persuaded that there was more richness in his bullets than he had supposed; and, The Place De La Revolution was al- regretting vainly the many pounds of ready thronged and there was scarcely good silver lead that he had shot away standing room left. Horrible jests, at deer, coons, geese and other game. violent imprecautions, demoniac re- he has been brought back to his old joicings were tossed to and fro from haunts. Then, with many a keen eye tracking his goings with his persuading friend, weeks would be spent in bushbeating, cliff climbing and laborious search along rocky shores, about cavertive, refined na- nous hills in fens, bogs, and dismal transfixed dens in the deep woods, but only to the utter disappointment of all their fond anticipations. The "old hunter" finds that time has obliterated his waymarks: bush and tree and rock and rill lack the familiar aspect, and he whose confused recollections formed the basis of vast schemes of gain returns to his watching every distant home dispirited and dishon-

WATCHING TREASURY

ARMED VETERANS ON DUTY EVERY MINUTE.

Not a Dollar Has Been Stolen—Although All the Most Audacious Cracksmen the Situation.

(Washington Letter.)

FEW nights ago a reporter prowled through the Treasury department from subcellar to presence in the

majority of whom did too much picket | the time, partly for the purpose of seeand patrol duty during the war to per- ing that the watchmen are alive and mit themselves to be caught napping | alert, and partly to attend to the sysin piping times of peace. Each of them | tem of electrical button registering, had at his hand a persuasive seven- which they in turn are obliged to car-Nothing, no queen now. Liberty and chambered army pistol. None looked ry on to indicate to the lieutenant their as if he would hesitate the fractional own wide-awakeness. part of a second to use his melting

weapon if the occasion were. In order to make his midnight tour of the treasury, the reporter was obliged to procure a very much signed and countersigned pass. No one is admitted to the building after 4 o'clock in the afternoon without one of these passes. If the secretary of the treasury should present himself at the main door for admittance at 4:05, having left his pass in one of the pockets of his other clothes at home and not be recogamong the people?" cried Jules, still nized, he would have to go home after it before he could get in. This happened to Secretary Folger on two occasions, and both times he commended the captain of the watch for his zeal

in following orders. In all there are seventy guardians of the treasury, under the direction of a captain and two lieutenants of the watch. Capt. P. S. Talbert is the present head of the force. Nearly all of the watchmen are men who were in the war as mere boys, and are therefore now in the prime of life. They are thoroughly trained and reliable men. Very few treasury watchmen have been discharged for negligence since the foundation of the government. The possibility of a raid upon the treasury is regarded as remote, but the watch force is disciplined to stand

by for such a raid at any time. To observe the fashion with which the night watchmen "cover" their posts. it might easily be thought that the secret service is in constant receipt of information as to contemplated treasury robberies. Yet never a dollar has ever been taken from the treasury by

force. The secret service knows that many celebrated cracksmen, including "Little Jimmy" Hope, who successfully pulled off the great Manhattan Bank robbery, have from time to time con- about with rocks, above the ground, templated the conversion of a few millions of treasury money to their private use, but they all thought better of it. They decided the undertaking to

be of too colossal a character. The watch force is divided into three treasury watchman is on post longer day goes on at 8 in the morning. It is for years followed the hazardous busirelieved at 4 in the afternoon by the watch which remains on duty until midnight. The midnight watch, which is regarded as the most important of guard chain, and goes off at 8 in the the recesses of the neighboring mounmorning. There are only fourteen men tains, followed by a death of slow torin the day watch, from 8 a. m. to 4 p. m. Each of the other two watches consists of twenty-eight men. Although, as has been said, the "mid" watch, so called, is considered to carry the greatest weight of responsibility



A WATCHMAN ON DUTY.

known nocturnal preferences of burglars. Captain Talbert, the head of the watch force, is of the opinion that the day guard needs to be more on the

alert for surprises than any of them. Each watchman has a regular permanent post, and there is rarely any shifting of posts. On relieving the man of the old watch the "mid" watchman takes the pistol belonging to the post from the drawer of the table in which it is placed, sees that it is in proper shape, asks the 4 to 12 o'clock watchman if everything is all right, and sits down under the incandescent light to put in his eight hours, most of which are passed in Buddah-like contemplation of the walls, and the shadowy,

silent corridors. The watch is not permitted to smoke, read or write while on duty. His business is solely to watch. If he goes to sleep and is discovered by the watch patrol, he is certain to be discharged unon being reported the next day. Only a very few such cases have occurred, and in each case the sleeper An open foe may prove a curse, but has confessed that his drowsiness was caused by flask drinking after having

gone on watch, which did not improve Beware of Ointments for Catarrh That his situation so far as regaining his

job was concerned. The watchmen confess that within the compass of an eight-hour night watch they have plenty of time to array before them in orderly mental fashion the mistakes of their past lives, and they are a unit in expressing the be-Have From Time to Time Sized Up lief that the strain of sitting still and doing nothing for exactly one-third of each day, year-in and year-out, would drive them mad were not the time

broken by the complete round of their

beats, which they are required to make every thirty minutes. At the end of each of these rounds the watchman touches his electrical attic. His access button, which informs the lieutenant was not surrepti- of the watch at his desk at the main tious, however. His door that everything is well with him. The watch patrol, consisting of four building was men detailed for this duty every night known to twenty- in each watch, and whose duties are five men of ex- similar to those of police roundsmen, ceedingly determined appearance, the are on tour through the corridors all

GATHERING SKULLS.

Howard Clause, a Recluse, Robs an Indian Graveyard Nightly. About forty-five miles below Port land, on the Oregon side of the Columbia, the broad expanse of water flows without a ripple, and is as deep and still as death, says the San Francisco Call. Just above this point is "Coffin Rock," which was the starting place to "the happy hunting ground" of the various Oregon tribes of Indians, but the high water of 1862 swept Coffin



ALWAYS READY.

Rock of all of its deposits to the point below. Here the overflowing waters of nearly half a century ago lodged the remains of many tribes, high and dry, literally moving the last resting place of their dead, for no Pacific coast tribe ever buried their dead below the surface of the earth. Some hedged them eaving the face unward and expose Others put a bark covering over them while others were suspended from limbs or left in the forks of trees. Time has robbed every form of its substance and left only the whitened bones and reliefs, like an army guard, only the bleached skulls. Students, dentists and physicans are eager to secure these than the soldier. His tour of duty lasts | trophies for articulation. So great is eight hours. The first watch of the the demand that at least one man has ness of gathering these skulls for the market. It is risky, for the few remaining Indians still keep vigil over the remains of their dead, and to be caught the three, completes the triple-linked in the act would mean a prisoner in ture, for no quarter or mercy would be shown the victim. Still, knowing this Howard Clause, a recluse, nightly risks his life to gather these grinning, whitened skulls, and every now and then a box of large and small skulls is shipped from Portland, Ore., to the various noted seats of medical and dental learning in the east.

BOOK TITLES. An Amusing Chapter of Literary History Might Be Written.

An amusing chapter of literary history might be written on the difficulties of novelists over the titles of their books, says the New York Tribune. Not one is sure if he prints a story in America under a title that seems to him absolutely original that some one won't turn out to have used it already in England. We recall that Mr. Howells not long ago had to publish a book in England under a different title from that which he kept for America, and now Miss Margaret Sherwood, who was said to be bringing out a novel called "An Experiment in Egoism," is announced to have rechristened it, before publication, "A Puritan Bohemia." Lucas Malet had to go through the same operation the other day and her new novel, "Carissima," comes out under the designation only after having suffered the most puzzling transformations. There ought to be a place of registry somewhere to assist authors in finding out before they publish whether their titles have been anticipated or not. At the same time, we repeat, there ought to be a chapter written with accounts of the occasions upon which these changes have involved serious complications or comical developments.

Panther and Bicycle Race. A bicycle race with a panther was the exciting experience of an English lady in Singapore one evening lately. When riding slowly homeward along a road outside of the town the cyclist found that she was being quietly stalked by a huge black panther. She had the presence of mind to start off at full speed and soon distanced her pursuer.-Philadelphia Lodger

Contain Mercury Contain Mercury

as mercury will surely destroy the sense
of smell and completely derange the whole
system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never
be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they
will do is ten-fold to the good you can
possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh
Cure manufactured by F. J. Cheney &
Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and
is taken internally, acting directly upon
the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be
sure you get the genuine. It is taken inteffally and made in Toledo, O., by F. J.
Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.
Sold by druggists, price 75c per bottle.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Bob Fitzsimmons has signed the articles to fight Jim Corbett for a purse of \$15,000 and a side bet of \$5,000 on March 17. Corbett signed them three weeks ago. Dan Stuart, of Dallas, Tex., made the match and claims to be able to pull it off.

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup seems sent as a special providence to little Pleasant to take, perfectly harmless, absolutely sure to give in stant relief in all cases of cold or lung

The Yellow River is styled the "Sorrow of China." It is estimated that its floods in the present century have cost China 11,000,000 lives.

For earache, put a couple of drops of Thomas' Eclectric Oil on a bit of cotton and place it in the ear. The pain will stop in a few moments. Simple enough, isn't it?

A wise man is never confounded by what he can't understand, but a fool generally is

NO-TO-BAC FOR FIFTY CENTS. Over 400,000 cured. Why not let No-To-Bac regulate or remove your desire for tobacco. Saves money makes health and manhood. Cure guaranteed, 50c. and \$1:00, all druggists

Experience alone is unconquerable convic-

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

The Master will only employ clean vessels to convey the water of life to thirty souls. I believe Piso's Cure is the only medicine that will cure consumption.—Anna M. Ross, Williamsport, Pa., Nov. 12, 1895.

The man of faith is never in a hurry for God to explain himself.

He who believes nothing achieves nothing.

Coughing Leads to Consumption. Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist today and get a sample bottle free. Large bottles, 25 cents and 50 cents. once; delays are dangerous.

The complete offic al canvass of the vote at the recent election gives Mc-

Kinley 7,101,401 votes; Bryan 6,470,656.

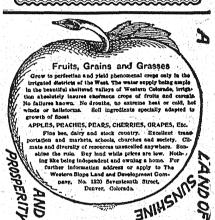
Just try a 10c. box of Cascarets, candy cathar-tic, the finest liver and bowel regulator made.

2Two thousand employes of the Westinghouse air brake company started to work in the Wilmerding, Pa., shops after an idleness of almost a month. Large orders have been received and the works will probably run steadily.

A Lost Voice.

Advertising will do a great many things, but it won't bring about the return of a lost voice. The best thing to do is to begin, at once, the use of the sovereign cure for all affections of the throat and lungs-Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup, Whooping Cough, etc. It has a reputation of fifty years of cures, and is known the world

over as AYER'S Cherry Pectoral.



THESE FIGURES ARE YEARS, YEARS IN WHICH, IN 10 115 SINGLE INSTANCES, PAINS AND ACHES Rheumatic, Neuralgic, Sciatic, Lumbagic HAVE RAVAGED THE HUMAN FRAME ST. JACOBS
OIL CURED THEM NO BOAST; THEY ARE
SOLID FACTS HELD IN PROOF.



Robbie-Say, mamma, you know that little girl 'at lives down the

KRAUSERS LIQUID EXTRACT OF SMOKE Circular. E. Krauser & Bro. Milton, Pa. W. N. U.--DETROIT--NO. 3--1897

SMOKE YOUR MEAT WITH

AAAAAAA

street? Well, her mother has put When Answering Advertisements Please trousers on him!-Truth. Mention This Paper. ANDY CATHARTIC 10 \$ ALL 25 4 50 4 DRUGGISTS ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED to cure any case of constination. Cascarets are the Ideal Laxable and booklet free. Ad. STERLING REMEDY CO., Chicago, Montreal, Can., or New York.

Word Building Contest.

Second Prize 50.00 in Cash
Third Prize 25.00 in Cash Fourth Prize..... 15.00 in Cash Fifth Prize..... 10.00 in Cash The above prizes are offered to those who construct or form the largest

number of words out of the letters found in the prize word, PERSONALITY..

under the following regulations and conditions:

The first prize will be won by the largest list, the second prize by the next largest list, and so on to the fifth. The list of words must be written plainly in ink, alphabetically arranged, numbered, signed by the contestant, and sent in not later than February 20, 1897. The list must be composed of English words authorized by at least one of the leading dictionaries-Webster's, Worcester's, the Century or the Standard. If two words

are spelled alike only one can be used. Abbreviations, contractions, obsolete words and proper nouns are not allowed. The same letter must not occur twice in one word, but may be used in other words. In case two or more winning lists contain the same number of words the neatest and best list will take first place, the others ranking next below in the order of quality. Residents of Omaha and win-

ners of former prizes in WORLD-HERALD contests are not permitted to compete directly or indirectly.

No contestant can enter more than one list of words, and each contestant is required to send, in the same letter with his list, one dollar to pay a year's subscription to the OMAHA WEEKLY WORLD-HERALD.

Every competitor whose list contains as many as twenty-five words whether he wins a prize or not, will receive THIRTY COMPLETE NOVELS

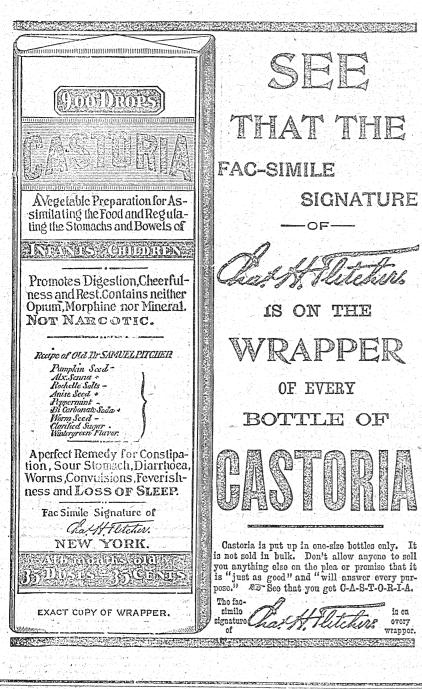
in one paper covered volume of 192 large quarto pages, among the authors being Marion Harland, Rudyard Kipling, H. Rider Haggard, Wilkie Collins and Miss Mulock. Lists cannot be corrected or substituted after they

The list of words winning first prize will be published in the Weekly WORLD-HERALD, together with the name and address of each of the prize winners, as soon after the contest closes as the matter can be decided.

The Weekly World Herald is issued in semi-weekly sections, giving the news twice a week, and hence is nearly as good as a daily. This is the paper of which W. J. Bryan was editor for about two years prior to his

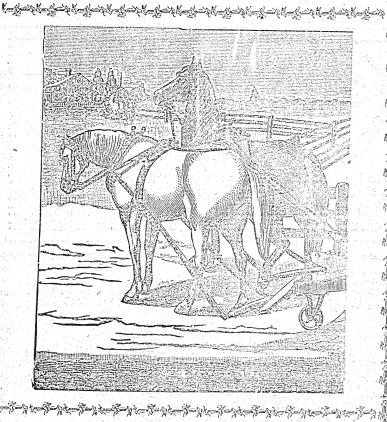
coinage. This ad will not appear again. ADDRESS WEEKLY WORLD-HERALD, OMAHA, NEB. *****************

nomination for the presidency, and is the leading advocate of free silver



Jo You Want

To Buy a Farm? To Sell a Farm? To Exchange Farms? To Rent a Farm? To Exchange a House and Lot?



To Buy or sell anything

REAL ESTATE.

Then List it With

McKenzie & Co.

CASS CITY, MICH.

Who have a large number of BARGAINS already listed. See them.

CASS CITY ENTERPRISE.

An independent newspaper. Published eyer Thursday at the Enterprise STEAM PRINT ING HOUSE, Segar Street, Cass City, Tuscola Co.,

TERMS of Subschiption: One year, \$1.00; six months, 50cts.; three months, 25cts., strictly in

Advertisements.

Advertisements.

All changes of advertisements must be sent to this office no later than Wednesday noon of each week, else they can not be inserted in that week's issue. Reasonable rates are charged for display advertisements. Local notices in our paid local column are five cents per line for first insertion. Notices of festivals, lectures concerts and all entertainments of a money-making character are 2½ cents a line. Resolutions of respect are charged for at the rate of one dollar for each insertion. Cards of thanks are twenty-five cents for each insertion.

The wide circulation of the ENTERPRISE in the unties of Tuscola, Huron and Sanilac, makes I valuable advertising medium

A. A. P. McDOWELL, Proprietor.

OUR MOTTO: PERSEVERANCE PROGRESS AND PATRIOTISM

HAPS AND MISHAPS!

As Told by the Enterprise's Corps of Correspondents

All the Chit-Chat From the Country Round About Briefly Told For Busy Renders. BE CHE ETTON.

Amol Born and wife visited friends n Kilmanagh Sunday

Carl Wolf delivered a load of wood o Elkton Monday morning. Mrs. John McCallum, of Owendale,

visited with friends last week. Dr. Morris, of Gagetown, passed

brough this place one day last week.

William Barnhart made an import ant business trip to Bad Axe Monday. Patent right men and sheriffs are

numerous in our neighborhood lately. Mrs. Wolf attended the Ladies' Aid in Pigeon last Thursday returning on

Mrs. Chris Voltz, who has been very sick for the past month, does not seem to improve any.

Miss Ellen Shufelt has been staying with her sister, Mrs. Geo. Crouch, of Linkville, the past week.

Jerome Spencer and family, from near Linkville, now occupy one of Mr. Shean's empty houses.

Miss Jennie Atkinson and Levi Muma, both of Grant, made a business trip to this place last Friday.

A number from here attended the K. O. T. M. oyster supper at Linkville New Year's evening and report a good

ELLINGTON.

School commenced again Tucsday, W. F. Seed having returned from Lans-

W. A. Bailey has let his saw mill for this winter. It will be returned the coming spring.

Mrs. Maud Parker, who has been working for some time in Cass City, is ome for a time.

Our teacher, W. F. Seed, has spent his vacation attending the State Teachors' Association.

The finishing of the bridge has started the hauling of wood across the river to the west side.

Chas. Wickware and family had Mr. and Mrs. S. Kenyon, Mr. and Mrs. S. Elliott and son, Sherman, to dinner

New Year's day. Miss Grace Wickware came home from Akron last week Tuesday to stay until after New Years' but the bad weather has kept her here until now

with her parents. Mrs. Ida Benson, whose husband was killed by falling from a railroad bridge a short time ago, has moved her house hold goods to Ellington, where she will and will visit her parents at Milan durreside with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. ing her absence O. Hutchinson.

URE removing AUSE.

When the dust is on the counter and the cobwebs on the shelf, and there's seldom anybody in the store beside yourself, and the stock is getting shelfworn and the groceries getting stale, and bills enough coming due to make a banker pale; then's the time a merchant is feeling kinder blue, and is troubled with the question of the proper thing to do; but in such a situation one sure remedy applies; if you want to get the customers you have got to advertise.

It will be an agreeable surprise to persons subject to attacks of bilious colic to earn that prompt relief may be had by aking Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. In many instances the attack may be prevented by taking his remedy as soon as the first symptoms of the disease appear. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by T. H. Fritz.

Mrs. Youngthing: "How long have hese eggs been boiling, Bridget?" Bridget: "Eighteen minutes, mum." Mrs. Youngthing: "Why, I told you o boil them only three minutes!"-

Bridget; "Oi know that, mum; but he kitchen clock is fifteen minutes BLH WOOD

Mrs. W. Burnett returned from Caro this week

Misses Louisa and Lizzie Leach are in Caro at present.

is hard on winter wheat

George Leach is gaining. He is able to be up again at present. Will Wilson, of Cass City, was

his part a few days last week. Chas. Webster returned from a visit with his sister near Mayville on Friday. H. VonPetton and daughter, of May-

school on Saturday night with a confilled with corn, from the same fate. cert, giving very satisfactory results to all interested.

Most of the farmers are hauling gravel this week on the road west from the Elkland-Elmwood town line on the main road, a much needed improve-

We understand the item in the Gazette from the pen of our fellow scribe of Elmwood, that Bro. Deford answered to quite a length some time ago, was amended and enlarged upon by the editor for his own ends. This is hardly fair for the correspondent. If the editor made changes he should have enclosed the same in brackets or marked it editorial out of courtesy to his correspondent,

A 52 6. Y 8. F.

W. D. Striffler is somewhat "under the weather" at this writing.

If reports are correct, Argyle will have a blacksmith in the near future. Mrs. Neil McPhail, who has been visting her daughters at Bay City, has returned

No sleighing, hence no sleighrides and the young people sigh and look forsaken as the result.

Dr. McNaughton is having the inter or of his residence painted. Mr. Shenk, of this place, is doing the work. Marshall Stevens returned to Aro Saginaw where he visited friends.

The ladies' ald will meet at Mrs. Phil. Mathew's on Wednesday, Jan. 13. A cordial invitation is extended to all. Mrs. Geo. Stevenson and daughter, Cassie, have returned after a few weeks' visit with the former's parents in Can-

West Branch, are visiting the former's which my boy has deliberately robbed brother, D. Ingalls, and other relatives

Drilling wells seems to be the latest craze in Argyle and Geo. Dibble, of do the work.

CLIFFORD.

D. Jacobs was a business caller in Mayville Saturday.

Master True Schouten is a great suf ferer from inflammatory rheumatism. Mrs. J. H. Yerden went to Mayville to consult medical skill on Saturday.

W. D. Jacobs returned from a week's visit with friends at Vassar Saturday. J. Turner has resumed his duties at the depot, after an absence of three

Miss Lucy Lewis goes this week to Canada for a visit with friends and

Cash Wheelock is spending the

week in Dryden with an uncle who is seriously ill. There is no school in the primary de-

partment of our school this week owing to the illness of the teacher, Miss Lauway.

Mrs. Wm. Baker went to Ann Arbor last week to receive medical treatment

Clifford Lodge, I. O. O. F., No 53, in stalled the following officers at their meeting Saturday evening:- N. G., Wm. Aharnes; V. G., Geo. Thompson; P. S., D. B. Markle; R. S., Rich. Teller; Treasurer, A. Schouten.

The second quarterly meeting for this conference year was held at the M. E. Church last Saturday and Sunday The services were conducted by Rev. Hulbert, of Brown City, while Rev. Lewis went there to fill his appoint ment for him.

CURES all Throat, Lung and Bronchial troubles of long or short duration. Hundreds cured after given up to dio. Large bottles, 50c. Guaranteed. Sold by T. II. Fritz. He (angrily)-"Was there any fool

sweet on you before I married you?" She-"Yes; one." "I forry you rejected him." "But I didn't reject him; I married him."-Dublin Freeman.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children.

NO VESTA.

Mrs. McPhee has moved to Cass City Robt. Harper has returned to his home in Cleveland, Ohio.

Vet. Clark, who has been visiting his brother, William, for some time past, The frequent thawing and freezing took the train at Deford on Saturday last for his home in Ontario.

A. G. Houghton, Robt. Little and R Warner started on the road Tuesday morning in the interest of the Mich Art Co. They will break the soil in Sanilac and Oakland counties.

While A. A. Livingstone was in the city on Saturday last, his hog pen ville, are visiting at R. Webster's at and hen coop took fire and burned to to the ground. The men from Quick & R. Gould closed his term of singing time to save the corn crib near by,

> Miss May Warner was brought to her home from the city one day last week, not being able to perform the duties of the office of permanent and corresponding secretary of the Michigan Art Co., but hopes soon to be able to resume work in the interests of the com-

Well, we said we guessed we'd hunt. So we hunted, yes for three short days, from early morn till dewy eve, with our double barrelled breech loading shot gun on our back, we've hunted for both rabbits and prosperity. We found neither. Gents, the hunting season is o'er with us; we're done.

A man of Snore Island fame a few years ago sold to his bad boy 80 acres of land on time for \$700, subject to a certain mortgage of \$500. The bad boy has paid nothing on said land so far. Finally the bad boy said, "I'll re-mortgage and get fifty dollars more." So he re-mortgaged and got the fifty dollars, then the bad boy said, "Pa, I can't pay you and the mortgage both, so 1 will give you a deed of the north forty." "All right," said his pa. So the bad boy gave his pa a deed of the forty. But the boy's pa neglected to put the deed on record. Well, the bad boy somehow got into a tangle and in consequence, jumped the county and since then has paid neither the taxes or interest. The mortgage came due gyle last Saturday from a pleasant trip and was foreclosed, but before the redemption expired, the boy give a quit claim to the mortgagee for \$100, hence the boy is \$100 ahead and the boy's pa is \$400 in the hole; and to day the boy's pa is so mad he can neither lay, sit nor stand, for, as a Christmas present, he received from his boy a magnificent pipe valued at twenty-five cents. Now don't you think the boy's pa says what Mr. C. Ingalls and two children, of a tremendous recompense for \$400, of

A MAGNANIMOUS OFFER.

In Open Letter from the British Medical Institute to the Citizens of Cass City.

To the citizens of Cass City:-The British Medical Institute is now firmly and permanently located in the city of Saginaw and in order to still further spread our fame and increase our usefulness, we will, after this date, give three months' services absolutely free (medicines excepted), to all invalids who call upon us for treatment between

now and March 1st. This will not only include consulta tion, examination and advice, but also all necessary surgical operations. We treat and cure all chronic diseases of men and women and guarantee a cure in every case we undertake

Male and femele weakness, Catarrh and Catarrhal-deafness, also rupture and all diseases of the rectum are positively cured by our new treatment.

Office address, 106 South Washington Avenue, directly opposite the Baucroft Yours in the Cause of Health,

· British Medical Institute. W. H. Hale, M. D., W. H. Hale, M. D., Physicians in T. H. Goodman, M. D. Charge.

Was the Indians' friend So it is Yours. ROOT COUGH SYRUE Cures. Large bottles 50c Every bottle positively guaranteed. Sold by T. H. Fritz.

CASTORIA.

An exchange says; Pare your apples especially if they have been lying down cellar. Some physicians claim that they have tracel cares of dipltheria in children to the use of mouldy apples. The skin of an apple is indigestible anyhow and should always be removed before eating the apple.



Are You Aware

That Teas offall kinds have Ad-

vanced 20%?

Consequently a tea that you paid 25¢ for one year ago you will pay 30¢ for now. We ordered

66War Chop?

in large quantities early, so we can continue to sell it to you at 25c per lb. or 41/2 lbs for \$1.00. We will refund the money for any that does not prove satisfactory. We are giving bargains in

DRY GOODS, UNDERWEAR, HEAVY RUB-BERS and SHOES.

LAING & JANES.

NEW DEPARTURE.

Call at A. A. McKenzie's and see the

NEW FUNERAL CAR.

One of the Finest in The Thumb.

Caskets and Coffins at from \$2.00 to

A A. McKenzie, Indertaker.

CLEARING SALE OF STATIONERY

At the ENTERPRISE Office.

per cent off

me. "I'll never smoke that pipe, sir, no A Full Line of Stationery >

Quality that is sure to suit.

A. A. P. McDowell, Prop.

You Dye in 30 Minutes

as wool. Carpets, Dresses, Capes and Clothing of all kinds made to look like new for a few cents in your own homes. So simple to use a child can do the work. Over 40 colors, 10 cents per package, which will color from one to four pounds of goods.

Feel Out of Sorts

Do You?your liver and digestive organs need stirring up. Tonk's Vegetable Pills act on the liver, cure constipation and billiousness. Only one pill at bed time will make you feel better-a few doses cure.

Tonk's French Dye's and Tonk's Liver

Pills are sold by.... T. H. Fritz. CASS CITY. Manufactured by

FRENCH DYE CO., Vassar, Mich.

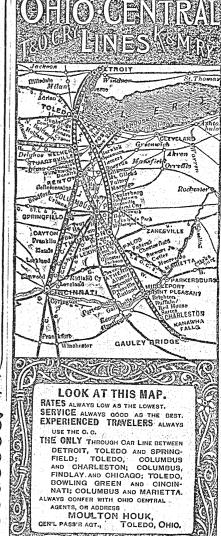
contribution to the lit-erature of the world since the production of the Bible. The Great Work of the Great Thinkers, Famous Orators, Renowned Scholars, Wise Writers and INVESTI-GATORS of the 19th Century.

In all the range of literature there is not another book like

In this book alone can be found the information sought by every Bible reader, whether old or young, scholarly or unlettered. It is, indeed, a great work. Recent discoveries in archaeology have brought the world of today face to face with the men who lived, and acted, and wrote during the early periods covered by Biblical Historians. These discoveries have resulted in the triumphant vindication of the sacred volume from the charges brought against it by open foes and pretended friends. Every intelligent person will order the book, as the matter contained in it is of vital importance and cannot be found in any other book on earth.

Write for descriptive and beautifully illustrated pamphlet circular. Address THE HENRY O. SHEPARD CO. 212-214 Monroe St. ___CHICAGO.

WANTED—AN IDEA Who can think thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDER-BURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their \$1,800 prize offer.





In effect Nov. 15, 1896.

A. PATRIARCHE, Traffic Manager, 1-18-52 Saginaw, Mich. PONTIAC, OXFORD & NORTHERN R. PASSENGERS TIME CARD

Trains run on Central Standard Time

Frgt', PASSIMIX. STAT	ONS 12//m 12 22-1
No. 5. No 3 No. 1	No2 No. 4 No
A.M. P M A.M. Det. 4 05 6 55 D G H 7 45 Mich.	& M 9 25 11 50
8 50 5 15 8 16 PON'I 9 15 5 29 8 30 Earn 9 30 5 39 8 40 Cole 10 05 6 00 8 55 Oxfo	(18* 7 48 10 22 3 8 8 8 8 9 10 15 3 2 9 10 15 3 2 9 10 15 3 0 10 15 3 0 10 15 3 0 10 15 3 0 10 15 3 0 10 15 3 0 10 15 3 0 10 15 3 0 10 15 3 0 10 15 3 0 10 15 3 0 10 15 3 0 10 15 3 0 10 15 3 0 10 15 3 0 0 15 3 0 0 15 3 0 0 15 3 0 0 15 3 0 0 15 3 0 0 15 3 0 0 15 3 0 0 0 15 3 0 0 0 15 3 0 0 0 15 3 0 0 0 15 3 0 0 0 0 15 3 0 0 0 0 0 15 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
10 50 9 15 Shou 11 08 6 10 9 28 Shou 11 25 6 16 9 46 Leon 11 55 6 30 10 02 Dryc	p* 6 56 9 53 1 4 ard 6 46 9 46 1 8 len 6 30 9 32 1 0
1 13 7 00 10 40 Kings : 1 55 7 24 10 55 N. Br	1.1 5 40 9 07 12 29 111s 5 29 8 59 12 10 11 50
2 50 7 38 11 10 CHM 3 25 7 54 11 50 Kings 3 40 8 04 11 59 Wiln 4 14 8 12 11 47 Defe	ston 4 36 8 15 10 16 not* 4 24 8 06 9 46 ord 4 14 7 59 9 26
	own 3 45 7 32 7 56 late 3 83 7 20 7 36 kvile 3 28 7 15 7 26
6 35 9 10 12 40 Pige 6 40 9 12 12 42 Ber 7 10 9 25 1 00 Casevi P. M. P M P. M. Ar.	ne 3.15 6.58 6.40

*Flag stations. Train stop only on signal.
Trains No. 5 will run Monday, Wednesday and
Friday; No. 6, Thursday and Saturday. All
other trains daily except Sunday
CONNECTIONS: Pontiac with Dotroit. Grand
Haven and Milwaukee Ry. Oxford with Bay
City Division Michigan Central Ry; Imlay City
with Chicago & Grand Trun k Ry.; Clifford with
Filint & pare Marqueste Ry. Plagon with Saginay t & Pero Bacter. Cola & Huron Ry. W. C. Sanford, Gen. Supt.

Cass City and Caro STAGE + 1 J. S. DUNHAM PROP.

GOING WEST:

GA.M

Leaves Cass City, Arrives at Caro,

GOING EAST:

Leaves Caro, - 1:30 P. M Arrives at Cass City, 4:30

RAILWAY.

When traveling for pleasure or or business, don't jorget that the Grand Trunk Railway System is a great in ternational route for points in Canada Main, New Hampshire, Vermont and Massachusetts, as well as Niagare Falls, Buffalo, New York and all Eastern States. It is the only direct Money loaned on Real Esconnection from this section to Chicago and the west. Rates are al ways as low as by other first class lines and commodations are not sur passed by any line in the coutry.

For information, rates, etc., apply to F. H. HUGHES.

A. G. P. & T. A. Chicago BEN FLETCHER,

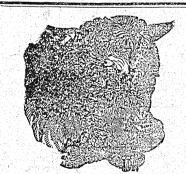
T. P. A., Detroit.

\$10 TO \$20 SELLING "Personal Recollections of Gen

Nelson A. Miles, U. S. A."

A book for the millions. Nothing like it, nothing equal to it. It embraces the thrilling story of his Indian Campaigns. It is illustrated by Frederick Remington and other eminent Artists. Reads like a Romance. Unfold like a panorama. Readsike a Romance. Unfold like a panorama drillingly interesting. Is a massive volume of 600 extra large pages, and nearly 200 elegant illustrations. This is the book the people want. Will sell every day in the week and every week in the year. Don't miss the chance. It means big money to you. We want men and women salesmen. Exclusive territory given, leaving a clear field. Speak quick, you can select your own territory. A large and elegant descriptive circular giving styles of binding, pices and specimen illustrations free. Time given. For full particulars and terms addross

THE N. HAMILTON PUB. CO., 1174 The Arcade, Cleveland, O.



Central Meat Market.

Bert. Ellis, the Best Known Traveling Man in the Valley, Talks on a

SUBJECT OF PUBLIC INTEREST.

this city, is probably the best known travel-ing man in Michigan. Nearly every one in Saginaw Valley knows "Bert" Ellis. For twenty years he has carried his samples and good nature to his many merchant friends, who are always glad to see him. But Mr. Ellis had trouble the same as other people. Twenty years of traveling, hardly two meal in the same place, or twice in the same bed, called at all hours of the night to make the next town, smoking probably to excess, are conditions which injured Mr. Ellis's health. He became nervous, his sleep broken, and restless; his stomach troublesome; his heart's action irregular, and his entire system debilitated. In speaking recently with your correspondent, Mr. Ellis said: "As the troubles I mentioned became more aggravating I decided to use Dr. Wheeler's Nerve

Vitalizer. The improvement in my condition was remarkable. I was able to secure restful sleep, my nervousness was overcome, stomach trouble corrected; heart's action became regular; in fact I became as well as ever, even in the face of the fact that I still smoke and continued to travel." Mr. Ellis's experience is similar to thou-

sands of traveling men and others who smoke to excess and are irregular and indiscreet in diet and sleep. There can only be one result—debilitated nerves. It is equally true that there is only one successful metho of correcting such conditions. - Dr. Wheeler's Sold by T. H. Fritz, druggist.

Societies. I. O. O. F.

ASS CITY LODGE, No. 203, meets visiting brethern cordially invited GEO. PERKINS, N. G 1. A. MCKENZIE, Secretary.

CASS CITY TENT, No. 74, meets the first and third Friday evenings of each month, at 7:30. Visiting Sir Knights cordinly invited.

WM. FAIRWEATHER, Commander, SAM. F. BIGELOW, Record Keeper.

K.O. T. M.

CASS CITY LODGE, No. 214, meets on the first Tuesday evening of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Visiting brothers cordially invited. D. J. LANDON, W. M. GEO. W. SEED, Secretary

Professional Cards.

I.A. FRITZ, DENTIST. All work done equal to the best. It is my aim to make every job of work a bjessing to those or whom it is done. My prices are reasonable. to charge for examination. Office over Fritz's trugstore. Not at home on Tuesdays.

C. F. MILLS, M. D. DHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Graduate Physician And Surgeson. Graduate of Michigan University. Special attention given to diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat. Eyes tested and glasses accurately flitted. Office hours: 10 to 12 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m., 7 to 8 p. m. Office over Fritz's drug store. Residence, the James Tennant residence on Houghton Street. Cass City, Mich. 1-10-16

A. A. M'KENZIE, A. A. MYKENZIE,

A UCTIONEER, Cass City, Mich. Sales of all
A kinds promptly attended to and satisfaction
guaranteed. Sales solicited from all points,
Terms reasonable. Arrangements can be made
at the office of the ENTERPRISE. 8-8-94

J. D. BROOKER, A TTORNEY AT LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Reference: Exchange Bank and Cass City Sank. Office in Second story of Exchange Bank block, Cass City, Mich

Auten, Seeley & Blair, Props. Established 1882.

A general banking business transacted.

The Kingston Bank,

McPhail & Maynard.

KINGSTON,

Interest paid on deposits left three months or Sand your money by Bank Drafts, the cheapest

and safest way to send money from one place to

A share of your patronage is solicited.

Chas. F. Still, Secy. E. J. Zoeller, Vice-Pres. THE WOLVERINE

Mutual fire Insurance

Company Ltd. (Incorporated.)

Insures Personal Property, Dwellings, Halls, Churches, Schools, Detatched Property, in Cities and Villages and

FARM PROPERTY.

General Offices: Rooms 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10, Chase Block, 114 N. Washington Ave.

Saginaw, K. S., Mich.

early day by the authorized agents of this company, Messrs M. M. Mallory

Council Proceedings.

COMMON COUNCIL ROOMS, Jan. 4, 1897.

Regular meeting of the Common Council of the Village of Cass City. Meeting called to order by the Pres

On motion of Trustee Striffler, Trustee Crosby was appointed clerk pro SAGINAW MICH. - Mr. A. G. Ellis, of

Roll Call-Present, President Lan don and Trustees McKenzie, Striffler Heller and Crosby. Absent, Trustees Campbell and Dew.

Minutes of last regular meeting read nd approved. The following bills were then read

nd referred to the Finance Commit Ed. Fitch, labor..... Jas. Ramsey, labor.....

E. B. Landon, 6 mos. salary......10 00 all bills as read and on motion of Trustee Heller, they were so allowed and the clerk instructed to draw orders for the several amounts.

On motion of Trustee McKenzie, the clerk was instructed to notify W.A. Heartt regarding the condition of the veranda in front of the Tennant House in Cass City, and request him to put the same in proper condition as the veranda was unsafe.

On motion the street commissioner vas instructed to put the veranda in condition that would be safe to the the same.

The following resolution was offered by Trustee Crosby:—"Whereas, we the Common Council of the Village of Cass City, do deem and declare it to be necessary for the use and benefit of the public, as a public improvement, to cause all that part of Seegar Street, lying south of Main Street in Cass City, to be widened to a uniform width of six 6) rods, and in making such improvement, we do further deem and declare it to be necessary to take private property for such public improvement, said property lying and being within the Village of Cass City, County of Tuscola, and State of Michigan, and described as follows to wit:-A piece of land commencing at the southeast corner of lot 2 block 18, Seegar's addition rods, thence west one rod, thence north that such improvement is for the use the other 500 only when 'tis a matter

and benefit of the public. Now, therefore, be it resolved, That

Heller. Total, 4. Nays, none. On motion of Trustee Striffler, Council adjourned.

J. D. Crosby, Clerk pro tem.

Momesceker's Excursion. The G. T. Ry. system will sell excur-

sion tickets to a great many southern and western points at one fare plus \$2 for the round trip. The tickets sold only to start on January 4, 5, 18, 19, February 1, 2, 15, 16, March 1, 2, 15, 16. April 5, 6, 19, 20. Good returning within 21 days. Also one way cheap settlers Port Huron the first and third Tuesdays '97 at very low rates. For full particulars call or write to agent.

C. R. CLARKE, 917 Military street or tunnel station, Port Huron.

Many merchants are well aware that their customers are their best friends and take pleasure in supplying them with the best goods obtainable. As an instance we mention Perry & Cameron, prominent druggists of Flushing, Mich. They say: "We have no hesitation in recomending Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to our customers, as it is the best cough medicine we have ever sold, and always, gives satisfaction." For sale at 25 and 50 cents per bottle by T. H. Fritz.

Blomescokers' Exempsions.

Agents of Ohio Central Lines are authorized to sell Homeseekers' excursion Tickets to points in the states named the first and third Monday and Tuesday of each month as follows: January 4, 5, 18 and 19, February 1, 2, 15 and 16, March 1, 2, 15 and 16, April 5, 6, 19 and 20, May 3, 4, 17 and 18, 1897. Tickets will be sold to points in Alabama, Arkansas, Arizona, Colorado, Florida, Georgia, Indian Territory, Iowa. Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Minnesota, Mississippi, Nebraska, New Mexico North Carolina, North Dakota, Tennes-You will be called upon at an see, Texas, Utah, Virginia, Wisconsin and Wyoming. Rate, one fare for round trip, plus \$2.00, good 21 days. 18--May 1897

Meats of all kinds nicely served.
Stock bought for eastern markets
Shwaderer Bros. Props.

Props.

Cough Syrup cures or the 50 cents is yours.
Sold by T. H. Fritz.

Cough Syrup cures or the 50 cents is yours.
Sold by T. H. Fritz.

Cough Syrup cures or the 50 cents is guaranteed. Large bottles for 50c. Sold by T. H. Fritz.

May 17.

CASEVILLE.

Mrs. Haskell is here for a time. W. W. Barbour is on the sick list. R. L. Hubbard is in town this week.

John Koenkle is laid up with the grippe. Frank Pess's infant daughter is sick

with the mumps Henry Neinstedts have returned to

their home in Caseville. Mrs. Rosa Herr, of Pontiac, is calling on old friends for a few days

Mark Smith's mill had to lie idle last week. No snow to get in logs. Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Woodworth went to Lausing last week to visit their sons

Phillip and Fred. Rev. Wm. Whitfield occupied the pulpit in the M. E. Church on Sabbath in place of Rev. Millar.

Rev. D. B. Millar is quite ill with The committee reported favorably on | bowel trouble. Was thought to be improving but is not so well at this writ-L. S. Johnson conducted the drill on

> Monday night in place of Mr. Millar. Next Monday a mimic board of super-W. Spittler and wife have gone to Bad Axe to remain awhile. Will takes

the place of Henry Neinstedt at the

Morrow House. Miss Rosa Nienstedt, who has been visiting her parents the past week, has returned to Bad Axe to resume her public, until Mr. Heartt would repair duties there as head dining room girl at the Morrow House.

Rabbiting. Rough roads.

Rousing our energies to find tax

Wm. McCracken, Sr., and D. O. Ram-

sey went to Caro on business on the Orson Valentine and wife, of Oxford,

attended the funeral of their grandson here last week. A reader of history informs us that

has been either a lawyer or a soldier, Rural Home—"An ordinary man can to the Village of Cass City, running say everything that any occasion calls thence east one rod, thence south five for with a vocabulary of 1,000 words." Then the writer adds that we seldom five rods to the place of beginning, and use more than 500 words drawing on

outside of the ordinary line. Died at his home in Novesta, Jan. 3, the village attorney be and is hereby Ray C. Valentine, aged seventeen instructed and directed to institute years, two months, and twenty-nine the necessary proceedings in behalf of days. Deceased was ill but nine days. said village, before James Brooker, a All that parental love, medical skill justice of the peace in and for the and earthly friends could do was done County of Tuscola, to carry out the ob- but to no avail. The monster had ject of this resolution in regard to take marked him to fall. Like a broken ing the above described private prop- flower he was cut down in the morning Outlook published every Saturday erty by said village for the use of the of life. He has passed on leaving a fifty-two issues a year. The first issue mother to mourn in poignant grief, a in each month is an Illustrated Maga-On motion of Trustee McKenzie, the father to sorrow, a brother and sister to weep because a voice once heard in as many pages as the ordinary issues, as many pages as the ordinary issues, by a yea and nay vote as follows:— the household is forever still. The together with a large number of pic-Yeas, McKenzie, Crosby, Striffler and wisdom of the affliction is beyond human comprehension. The kindness of neighbors in the hour of trial did

Bitternry Notice.

thanks.

Beginning with the February issue, which is the initial number of Vol. which is the initial number of Vol. XIV., the Monthly Illustrator Publish- Less Than 1ct. Each ing Co. announce some important

changes in their popular magazine. It will appear in a new dress, but A Rare Chance FOR SUBSCRIBERS OD AND NEW under the old favorite title of Home AND COUNTRY, a name which stands for excursion tickets south on sale from all that is dearest and best in the hearts of the American people. It is in each month up to and Including May the firm belief of the publishers that progressive ideas will always find favor in the eyes of the public, and that a really good article will find a ready sale. In accordance with their views the magazine will be enlarged onethird above its present size, and new departments added, which will endeavor to cover as fully as possible all the topics of interest of the day, aided and embellished by the finest illustrations

t is possible to produce. Watch for the February number. You will like it. The price is 10 cents per copy, or \$1.00 per year.

THE MONTHLY ILLUSTRATOR PUB. Co., 66-68 Centre St., New York.

Letters From Farmers In South and North Dakota, relating The Twice-a-Week Free Press is the their own personal experience in those best possible substitute for a daily states, have been published in pamph-St. Paul Railway, and as these letters early trains. All the latest news up are extremely interesting, and the to the time of going to press. Compamphlet is finely illustrated, one copy plete market Reports in each issue. will be sent to any address, on receipt All who cannot get a daily should sub of two-cent postage stamp. Apply to Harry Mercer, Michigan Passenger Agent, 7 Fort st. West, Detroit, Mich.

One Way Settler's Tickets.

ing One Way Settler's Tickets to points | Many Bargains offered. in Virginia, North and South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, For speakers, asthma, bronchitis, greatly reduced rates. Call on Agents consumption, catharal troubles Pine for full particulars. Tickets are on sale

Our Clubbing List.

We have been fortunate enough to secure terms with a number of first class periodicals so that we can give the rates mentioned below to all new subscribers and old ones who pay one year in advance:-

ENTERPSISE and Twice-a-week Detroit Free Press, one year.. \$1.70 ENTERPRISE and "Everywhere" (Will Careltons paper) one year ENTERPRISE and Thrice-a-week

New York World..... ENTERPRISE, Word and Works and Hicks Almanac for '97..... ENTERPRISE and National Re-

corder..... ENTERPRISE and Detrolt Twice-a week Journal, one year..... ENTERPRISE and Pt. Huron Times ENTERPRISE and Scientific Ameri-

can..... ENTERPRISE. Toronto Mail (or Empire) ENTERPRISE and Farm and Fireside until Jan. '98..... 1.5

ENTERPRISE and Michigan Farm-

INTERPRISE and Toronto Mail, Saturday edition, illustrated... ENTERPRISE and Reviews of Reviews...... INTERPRISE and Christian Endeavorer

Farmers Attention. Cheap reliable insurance at lov rates. 4-24-tf E. B. LANDON.

ENTERPRISE and Dumb Animals

WANTED—FAITHFUL MEN OR WOMEN TO travel for responsible established house in Michigan. Salary \$78 and expenses. Position permanent. Reference. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. The National, Star Insurance Bidg., Chicago. 11-26-26

OES NOT DRUG any part of the system Y but cures by removing the cause.

The MONTHLY

Published every Saturday at I Astor Place, New York

every president of the United States The outlook will be in 1897, as it ha been during each of its twenty-seven years, a History of Our Own Times. In its various editorial departments, The Outlook gives a compact review of the world's progress; it follows with care all the important philanthropic aud industrial movements of the day; has a complete department of religious news devotes much space to the interests of the home; reviews current literature: furnishes cheerful table-taik about men and things; and, in short, aims to give fresh information, original obser-

vation, and reasonable entertainment. Beginning with the fifty-fifth volume, the paper will assume the regular mag azine size, which will add greatly to its

The price of The Outlook is three dollars a year in advance, or less than much to soften the blow and the par-

ents grateful hearts speak words of a cent a day. Send for a specimen copy and illustrated prospectus to The Outlook, 13 Astor Place, New York City.

An arrangement just made with the Detroit Free Press makes it possible for us to save some money for every reader who takes advantage of this opportunity. We undertake to fur-

> The Enterprise THE TWICE-A-WEEK

Detroit Free Press Both ONE YEAR For \$1.70

paper. Published on Tuesday and let form by the Chicago, Milwaukee & Friday mornings in time to catch the scribe for this Ideal Newspaper.

The Free Press is offering Premiums at special low rates to subscribers, and you can easily save the cost of both Agents of Ohio Central Lines are sell- papers by taking advantage of the

Write them for a sample copy. In no Louisiana, Tennessee and Kentucky at other way you get as much for so little money.

> SUBSCRIBE NOW. DO NOT DELAY. WHO WANTS THE

FROM THOUSANDS THAT ARE SUF-FERING FROM PILES.

DR. HANDY'S PILE CURE SOOTHES AND HEALS BLIND, BLEEDING OR ITCHING PILES, AND PROMPTLY DISPERSES ALL PILE TUMORS OR MONEY REFUNDED.

If used in connection with HILL'S CELERY TEA, an internal remedy that cures constipated bowels and bad blood, which are the exciting cause accompanying this distressing disease, no one need suffer twenty-four hours. The pain and soreness vanish as if by magic, and the worst cases are speedily cured or money refunded. It is put up in a soft metal tube with hard rubber nozzle which enables a patient to apply the ointment directly to the seat of disease. SOLD NO CURE NO PAY.

SEND FOR BOOKLET. The W. H. HILL Co., Detroit, Mich.

RHEUMATISM AND NEURALGIA CURED BY AR-THRO-PHON-I-A.

Sample bottle mailed free on receipt of a two cent stamp and name of this paper The W. H. Hill Co., Detroit, Mich.

We have the largest and best

Suitings

in Cass City. A very fine

which we are now offering at 20 per cent off selling price. Now is the time

WOOLENS

We are in need of money and in order

to get it have made this reduction sale

secure the bargains while sale is on.

Yours Truly, CASS CITY WOOLEN MILL

One Dozen Cabinets

-AND ONE-Life Size Crayon

Or One Dozen Cabinets

For \$1.50. **SATISFACTION**

GUARANTEED.



Inventions introduced, companies formed, and PAT-ENTS BOLD ON COMMISSION. 25 years experience.
Highest-references. Send us model, sketch or Photo-dof invention, with explanation, and we will report whether patentable or not, free of charge. OUR FEE PAYABLE WHEN PATENT IS ALLOWED. When patent is secured we will conduct its sale for you with-out extra charge. 32-PAGE HAND-BOOK and list of 200 inventions wanted mailed to inventors free upon request. This 200 investions wanted mailed to inventors free upon request. This is the most complete little patent book published and every inventor should WRITE FOR ONE.

H. B. WILLSON & CO., Patent Solicitors, Le Droit B'ld'g, WASHINGTON, D. C.

WANTED-FAITHFUL MEN OR WOMEN TO W travel for responsible established house in Michigan. Salary \$78 and expenses. Position permanent. Reference. Enclose self-addresses stamped envelope. The National, Star Insurance Bidg., Chicago. 11-26-26

4991109099999999999999

THE SAGINAW WEEKLY NEWS Is sent to any address for 75 cents a year This price includes any of its premiums. Complete telegraphic news service. Reliable foreign and local markets. Full accounts of all local happenings. A correspondent in every town in this section. 307 TUSCOLA ST., SAGINAW, MICH.



Advice.

The best advice, about clothing is this: "Have your Winter suit and overcoat made to order by us." The reason is obivious. No man can be properly fitted except by a tailor. One should have the widest opportunity in selecting materials. In that vay your suit is made up from what suits you, and you don't take a suit regardless of material because it's the nearest approach to a fit. Our assortment of suitings is the largest in Cass City. Prices from \$14 up.

Wilson Harrison. Tailor, - Cass City.

Remember if you want to see the nicest

in the market, at the lowest

price, and the best general

for the next 30 days. Call early and Bob Sleigh

JAS. N. DORMAN. for the money; just call at the West End Implement Store.

Proprietor. · 京学公社公社公社公社公社公社公社公社公社公社公社公社公社公

Well, yes, but Come and See us and we will be happy to

attend to your wants as can only be done at First Class ROLLER WILLS

Try our - -White Lily Flour

and use no other. Choice Bolted Meal and Buckwheat Flour. Feed Grinding a Specialty.

Yours for Square Dealing, C. W. HELLER

CARSON & EALY

ABSTRACTS OF TITLES TO ALL LANDS IN TUSCOLA CO

SUCCESSORS TO A. T. SLAGHT & CO.

MONEY TO LOAN ON

FARM MORTGAES.

--- TN SUMS FROM----\$50 TO \$5,000

For long or short time. Office acress

from Medler House. CARO, ... MICH.



PINGREE'S POINTERS.

HIS FIRST MESSAGE TO THE STATE LEGISLATURE.

His Old Enemies, Trusts, Combinations, Watered Stocks, Railroads, Etc., Get Due Attention-Other Subjects of Interest Well Handled.

I desire to urge upon you as the lawmaking power the necessity which exists for the amendment of several laws of the state, for the repeal of others and for the enactment of a few which I deem of vital importance. As representatives and servants of the people let us endeavor to work harmoniously, with no object in wiew but the public good. Michigan bught to stand in the front rank of progressive states. Her people desire that she should. Just laws will aid her, unjust laws will retard her. Whatever stumbling blocks have heretofore been placed in her pathway should be removed. It remains to be seen whether we shall be equal to the great work. It is within your power to make the coming session of the legislature an ideal one. This can be done by the enactment of a few laws which will meet the approval of all patriotic citizens of this state and the commendation of every true member of our

Abolish Primary Elections.

If we would inaugurate reforms in our state government we must commence where the governing power originates, in party organizations and conventions. I would recommend that the political party caucus laws already upon our statute books be so amended as to abolish party books be so amended as to abolish party conventions. If political corruption exists its origin can here be found. The true theory of party organization is that the best men should be chosen for election to office. This theory cannot be carried out under the present system. The caucuses and conventions have become the means by which the few obtain power and place.

under a representative form of government the people should have free choice of their representatives. Any obstruction to such free choice should be removed. Syndicates of office seekers are formed, corrupt combinations are made, delegates are bought and sold, promises of position to unworthy men are often of necessity made, and the example is set before us that those who in the ordinary walks of life pass for honorable men enter upon the duties of public office under a cloud of suspicion and shame. The convention has become the medium of trickery, briberry and fraud. The direct vote of the balkot holder for party candidates is the balkot holder for party candidates is the straplest means of expressing preference for representatives. The direct vote and the Australian ballot system is of less cost to the people than the convention system. It is remarkable that so great has been the power of the few and ambitious that in a nation having a representative form of government and composed of forty-five great states, but two of those states vote direct to put party candidates in nomination, while every Canadian province has the direct vote, and for that reason is so much nearer the kideal republic. and place.
Under a representative form of govern-

Taxation.

The question which is always present and is never solved in any state or municipal government is the question of taxation, direct and indirect. Taxes are burdens which must be borne. The theory of the republican form of government is that they are borne equally by all owners of property in proportion to their wealth. If this principle does not prevail the government has favorites and therefore is not republican. All exemptions and variations from this, fundamental principle should be upon lines of public policy and for the greatest good of the greatest number. The policy of continuing the system ber. The policy of continuing the system of specific taxation of corporations as the sole resource of the state from such organizations, which originated when the state was new and which favored the promoters of needed works for small and scattered communities, has long been regarded with disfavor by the people of this state, who contend that the time has arrived when the well-known inequalities of taxation should be adjusted and proportioned according to values.

While I do not believe that the system of specific taxation and the method of its distribution in support of the common schools should be disturbed, I recommend that steps be taken in the form of local or general taxation to make corporations bear their proper share of taxation. sole resource of the state from such or

Fixing Railroad Tolls.

The right of the legislature to fix the maximum rate for passenger fares has been exercised ever since the first general enactment as to railroads, in 1855. In 1870 the people of the state amended the constitution, expressly conferring upon the stitution, expressly conferring upon the legislature the power to fix such maximum rates. In 1873 there was a general revision of the railroad laws and certain rates were fixed. Amendments were made changing rates at various periods up to the final amendment in 1891, and generally, speaking there has been a reduction of rates hy legislative enactment.

It will thus be seen that any proposed reduction of railroad passenger rates of fare or of freight charges has its precendents in the changes made from time to time in the past history of these corporations. The right of the legislature to fix the maximum rates has been contested by interested corporations and the Supreme Court has held that the legislature has the right to fix such rates. At the present time such inequalities of passenger fares exist which should be adjusted by the legislature. What is true of discriminations by railroads in favor of through passengers as against local passengers, and of discriminations by the state in favor of one railroad as against another in the matter of maximum passenger rates, is true as to discriminations by railroads in favor of terminals as against local stations in the same state. All of these inequalities of charges are within the power or partly within the power of the legislature of Michigan to correct. And their correction in my firm belief would prove to be for the benefit of the railroad companies as well as for the people of the state. I therefore recommend that the legislature take into consideration the question of passenger fares at two cents per mile for Michigan. legislature the power to fix such maxi-

estion of passenger f mile for Michigan. The Referendum.

enger fares at two cents

The referring of important acts of the legislature to a popular vote for final adoption by the people is the extension well known principle underlying the practice in this state of referring proposed changes of the constitution, and in certain local cases, matters of exand in certain local cases, matters of extraordinary expenditure involving the issue of bonds, to the vote of the people. I am not prepared to state how far opinion favorable to the extension of this method of legislation has penetrated the state generally; but I am acquainted with the opinion of the people of the city of Detroit which is favorable to its extension to the granting of street railway and other quasi-public franchises as a check upon corrupt public officials in cities.

other quasi-public franchises as a check upon corrupt public officials in cities.

Trusts and Combinations.

There is growing up in this country a system of trusts and combinations which is becoming more and more impudent and extortionate. Its influence is felt in the home of every citizen. The necessitics of life are made instruments of oppression in the hands of those who reap a rich reward from the weak and the helpless. Such trusts and combinations destroy competition and throw thousands of worthy people out of employment. For this reason the consuming power of the state.

I am also of the opinion that a radical change should be made in the present law by which tax titles are acquired. While every facility should be afforded for the collection of taxes, yet it should not be possible for one individual to confiscate the property of another. Whatever rights are required by reason of the non-payment of taxes should be acquired by the state. Whatever penalties are added for the non-payment of tax should into the possible for one individual to confiscate the property of another. Whatever rights are required by reason of the non-payment of taxes should be afforded for the collection of taxes, yet it should not be possible for one individual to confiscate the property of another. Whatever rights are required by the state. Whatever penalties are added for the non-payment of tax should be afforded for the collection of taxes, yet it should not be possible for one individual to confiscate the property of another. Whatever rights are required by the state. Whatever penalties are added for the state.

I would also recommend the adoption of agency and the state on the state.

I would also recommend the adoption of agency are should be afforded for the collection of taxes, yet it should not be possible for one individual to confiscate the property of another. Whatever rights are required by the state.

I would also recommend the adoption of agency and the state which has been sold for taxes either to the state.

I would

time that the makers of the laws should be the people's representatives, whose names are upon the rolls of your houses, and not members of a third house who infest the halls of legislation for evil pur-State Control of Corporate Stock

and Bond Issues.

We should be extremely jealous of the reputation of our business interests. All investments should be given such guarantee of safety by law as to inspire confidence in those who deal with us. Capital should be encouraged to invest in the development of our varied resources. Investments made within the state should be governed and protected by wise laws and not be disturbed by frequent changes in the laws that govern them. The burden of taxation should be equally distributed, all property bearing its just share. The issuing of stocks and bonds should be so regulated that when the investor seeks for proper security, he will find that the state has guarded him in his investment against the purchase of artificial values by way of watered stocks and bonds. It is in your power to materially aid owners of corporate property in Michigan in disposing of their securities if you will pass such laws as will protect the investor therein, by making the sale of the securities easier and at a lower rate of interest.

Under the laws that now exist manufacturing and other corporations are permitted to do histors after having neld in the development of our varied relower rate of interest.

Under the laws that now exist manufacturing and other corporations are permitted to do business after having paid in 10 per cent of the authorized capital without the residue being subscribed for, and upon the strength of the authorized capital, and the fair standing of the men connected with the corporation, and possibly to some extent the fair prospects of the business, large credit has been obtained by the corporation, in some cases many times larger than the actual capital paid in. The practical workings of this law are unsatisfactory to creditors because in many instances the creditor after the corporation has failed to be successful has been found to be the largest investor in the venture. In order to protect the creditors of corporations of this character, I recommend that you increase the responsibility of the shareholder by making him individually liable for such debts as are incurred beyond the amount of capital actually paid in, at least up to the amount of the authorized capital of the corporation. In other words when a corporation obtains authority to do business with a certain amount of capital, that capital should exist in good faith for the security of the creditor.

In the case of banking corporations,

creditor.

In the case of banking corporations, much greater liability of the stock-holders exists under the law with very satisfactory results to the creditors of the banks and to the people generally. In this connection it would be well to consider such supervision of corporations by a corporation commissioner, whose duty it shall be to ascertain what the exact available assets of a corporation are beavailable assets of a corporation are be-fore it is permitted to enjoy corporate privileges and enter upon the business for which it is created. Great care should be used in preventing Great care should be used in preventing corporate bodies from coming into existence on values that are artificial. In short, I deem it as important that all corporations dealing with the public should be under the supervision of a competent state official as that railways and banks should be under the supervision of the proper officials.

Liability of Stockholders.

I am not unmindful that there are some legitimate advantages in organizing partnerships and other enterprises into corporations. The death or withdrawal of a partner sometimes compels the winding up of the affairs of a partnership. This and several other inconveniences are oband several other inconveniences are ob-viated by converting the partnership into a stock corporation. While partnerships are often converted into corporations for legitimate purposes and with honest in-tentions, it is equally true that this op-portunity afforded by the law is seized by the dishonest for the purpose of avoiding individual liabilities for debts contracted in the conduct of their business, and thus cheat their creditors out of their honest dues.

Many worthless corporations are organized, electing for its president a person of well-known financial strength, thus giving to this institution a fictitious credit. When the affairs of the concern become involved and creditors seek to get their money, it is found that the aforesident president has only a few dollars. said president has only a few dollar stock in the concern, and therefore only liable to the creditors for a sma amount. The creditors are thus swindle by the use of the rich man's name. Ther is an easy remedy for all this—the lay should make a distinction between pu ic and quasi-public corporations and those which are strictly private; the latthose which are strictly private; the latter should, in my judgment, for convenience and distinction, be designated as joint stock companies and all holders of stock in such companies should be liable for the debts of the concern precisely the

same as though they were partners. Some Pointers on Taxes.

Mr. Pingree points to the report of the Michigan railway commissioner for 1895 to show the inequality of the present distribution of taxes, and, he says, a like inequality applies to the telephone, telegraph and express companies, and to large amounts of other property in the state. The governor gives the following items from the report:

The total cost of railway property in the state of Michigan in the year 1895, according

state of Michigan in the year 1895, according to the report of the railway commissioner (not yet in print) was \$316,333,027 90. The railway companies paid during the year in specific taxes \$741,408 77, or a fraction more than two and one-third mills on the dollar.

The total value of real and personal property in the state in the year 1895, as equalized by the boards of supervisors, was \$818,086,160, and the taxes levied for the same year for state, local, and all other nurposes (as shown below), amounted to \$20,633,571 04, or a fraction less than two and one-half cents on the dollar.

Mr. Pingree then suggests that the land

fraction less than two and one-half cents on the dollar.

Mr. Pingree then suggests that the legislature create a department of taxes and assessments, composed of a board to be appointed by the governor, and which board should be composed in part of such officials as have the supervision of the corporations against whom taxes are to be assessed. This board to determine the exact value of all corporate property in the state not now taxed locally under the present law and to levy taxes thereon in the same proportion that private property is taxed.

The Present Tax Law.

I am of the opinion that some radical hanges should be made in the present tax law. The taxation of mortgages upon land must be considered double axation. The owner of the real estate must in all cases pay the tax, not only upon the real estate, but upon the mortgage which he holds, he will recuperate from the owner of the property either by requiring him to pay additional interest sufficient to cover the amount of the mortgage or by compelling him to execute a mortgage which contains a clause requiring him to pay the tax upon the mortgage direct. The effect of the present law is to prevent residents of the state from loaning money directly, and to avoid the payment of tax, frauds are permitted, and the mortgage is taken in the name of a none-resident against when the collection of the tax cannot be enforced. It would be far better to permit the borrower to have the advantage of a lower rate of interest than to allow the lender to exact a higher rate upon the plea that a portion of the interest received must be used for the payment of the tax. must in all cases pay the tax, not only

Taxes Upon Timber Lands

The state has suffered great losses in the past by reason of the failure to collect taxes due upon timber lands. The principle object of the owners has been to strip the lands of valuable timber and refuse to pay taxes during the time the stripping process has gone on. When it is known that this evasion of the tax law has been and is now practiced to an alarming extent by many wealthy people, both residents and non-residents, something should be done at once to prevent it. To this end I would recommend the passage of a law prohibiting the cutting and removal of timber from lands upon which taxes are due and unpaid.

The educational, charitable, reformatory and penal institutions of the state should all command your earnest attention, and be subjected to such inspection as will enable you to provide intelligently for their needs. Economy in their management should always be practiced, but the necessity for reducing the cost of maintenance, if possible, was never more keenly felt than at the present time. The number of officers and employes on the pay rolls should not exceed actual need for safe and efficient service, and high or extrayagent calculates ought in no.

State Institutions.

need for safe and efficient service, and high or extravagant salaries ought in no case to be paid. False economy and retrenchment generally result in loss and poor service, and therefore should be avoided. In my judgment some reforms in the matter of buying supplies for the institutions might save to the state many thousands of dollars annually. I am very strongly of the opinion that supplies for the various institutions should be bought of Michigan producers. Considerable sums of money are annually expended for beef and other supplies that come to our institutions from other states wille the farmers of our own state who are taxed for the support of the institutions, are compelled to go away from home to find a market for their cattle and produce.

and produce. The University.

Permit me to direct your special attention to the university. This great institution should under no circumstances be crippled. Its reputation as one of the great American universities should be sustained. It has been endowed by the people and has been endowed by the people and has been maintained by them with a spirit of pride and often at a great sacrifice. Its teachers should be equal to any in the world and they should be men of independent thought, ready and willing to meet all great questions of modern civilization and advancement with an intelligent and enlightened public spirit.

I cannot refrain from expressing my views upon the subject of the professional lobbyist. At every session of the legislature just measures are killed by the enemies of good government and equal enemies of good government and equal rights and the means used to compass their death are the paid lobbyists who infest our halls. If the members of the legislature are not intelligent enough to give independent thought and action to great public measures without the aid of those who wine and dine and cajole and flatter and bribe, at least some steps should be taken to modify the nuisance. It has come to my knowledge that some of these professionals have received large retainers from individuals and corporations who are interested in obstructing honest legislation, and I trust a roll will be made of all such in order that their particular purpose may be clearly known and understood.

It unifortunately happens that in the past at least a few of the members of both-houses have occupied the dual capacity of legislators and lobbyists, being paid by the people a small salary to serve in the former capacity and being hired

pacity of legislators and lobbyists, being paid by the people a small salary to serve in the former capacity and being hired by the people's enemies at high salaries to serve in the other capacity. It has not been necessary for these to be enrolled as their real employers are generally discovered early in the session of the legislature.

the legislature. Public Franchises.

The question of granting public franchises by the state and by municipal authorities, and the conditions under which they should be granted and operated is one of the greatest problems with chise, when it has passed beyond state or municipal control, may become a power greater than the sovereign or muni er greater than the sovereign or municipal power. It may become an engine of oppression and corruption. The moment a franchise is granted the whole people surrender to a few of their number the right to exercise a public function, and the question which should be considered is what proportion of that right should be reserved to the people themselves in the way of regulation and control.

control.
Combinations and consolidations by franchise owners in cities are going on all over the United States. These combinall over the United States. These combinations and consolidations are for the purpose of keeping up toils. The amount of wealth that is being accumulated in the hands of a few by these favored holders of special privileges is appalling. These toils are indirect taxes, and to the extent that the right to regulate the toils is abandoned by the sovereign or the local power to the franchise owner, to that extent the right to levy taxes is given away. The state or the municipality appoints an agent for a period of thirty years, more than the life of a generation, and before the term has half expired the agent becomes the master. is given away. The state or the municipality appoints an agent for a period of thirty years, more than the life of a generation, and before the term has half expired the agent becomes the master and the master becomes the slave.

I would suggest the following amendments to the laws permitting the granting of franchises to public corporations such as street cars, electric light, telephone and gas companies.

(L.) Reserve the right to fix rates of tolls or charges, (2.) Let the construction of the plant of every such corporation be under the supervision of the municipality, so that the actual cost shall be known. (3.) Provide that no mortgage shall be executed and no bonds issued to a greater amount than one-half of the actual cost of the plant. (4.) Require the corporation each year to file a sworn statement of its receipts and expenditures, certified by a public accountant who shall have access to its books. (5.) Provide that there shall be no consolidation of one company with another and that no individual stockholder of one company shall own, either directly or indirectly, any stock in another company operating in the same city. (6.) Provide that no franchise or license now existing or to be granted in the future shall be renewed or extended beyond the terms of the original grant during the life of the original grant of provide that no franchise of the character above enumerated shall be granted by any municipal authority without being submitted to a vote of the people.

I appreciate the fact that the passage of such a law, by which the people can be protected from extortion and fraud, will be opposed by every friend of special privileges, not only in this s.ate, but that they will be renewed by agents from other states who represent like interests. I cannot emphasize in too great a degree the necessity for some action in the line here indicated. Unless some s

charge the same price for the same service and no one should be permitted to give free service upon any consideration. A company which for years has charged double rates could for a number of years give free service, and the result-might be to wreck a younger company, destroy capital and enterprise and leave the community in the hands of the old monopoly. (3.) All telephone companies in a city should be compelled to exchange telephone service, upon terms to be fixed by the municipal authorities. The present law contains a provision looking to that end, but I am satisfied that it is too indefinite to be made available. (4.) The law to be made available. (4.) The against consolidation of telephone panies should be made so positive and emphatic and contain such penalties and forfeitures that it would be impossible to evade it.

Prisons.

The treatment of criminals is one of the vexed questions of the age. Criminals are of two classes, corrigible and in-corrigible. These should be kept separate in all reformatory institutions. The original purpose of the establishment of the prison at Ionia was to provide a place for prison at Ionia was to provide a place for those who were not deemed to be hard-ened criminals. I fear that this purpose has not always been kept in view. I recommend that some discretion be lodged in the prison boards for transferring from Ionia prison those who have been found to be incorrigible; and also for transferring from prisons to Ionia such inmates as may be deemed to be corrigible. There can be no greater nursery for crime than a prison which permits the association of the vicious with those who are merely unfortunate. infortunate. The care of criminals is another ques-

The care of criminals is another question which becomes every year a subject for more serious and thoughtful consideration. The employment of machinery and the manufacture of articles which compete with the products of our great industries is in my opinion fundamentally and radically wrong. Hundreds of great prisons in the United States have become immense manufacturing establishments. Will it not be proper to make an effort to secure a change from the present system? Would it not be well to inv stigate the question of utilizing and enlarging the present system of prison farms to the greatest possible extent for the production of such articles of food as may be necessary to feed prisoners? If hand labor only were employed both upon the farms and within the walls, it seems to me that the prisoners could be kept at work and could produce enough for their own support without creating a surplus and thus crowding the market with prison. work and could produce enough for their own support without creating a surplus and thus crowding the market with prison made goods. The sale of prison made goods for competition with the products of free labor has a tendency to reduce prices for such goods and hence reduce wages. The mingling of prison made goods with others enables those handling the same to cut the prices below a fair profit, and in order to obviate this I am of the opinion that all prison made goods should be labeled and no label should be removed until the final purchase from the retailer.

Coal and Other State Resources. I find that but few of the state institutions are supplied with Michigan coal. As the state is interested in the development of these mines I would suggest the propriety of the more extended use of this fuel by these institutions.

All of the elements required for making Michigan one of the foremost manufacturing states of the world are present in the state on every hand, inexpensive transport inclusive. Coal is plentiful; and water power, without naming the force reserved in the rapids of the Sault Ste. Marie river, is unsurpassed. The vast resources of Michigan may be best illustrated by citing the fact that less than fifty years ago there were but three millionaires in the United States and by contrasting this with the more startling fact that Michigan mines have been making at least one millionaire a year for the cities of the east besides sustaining in large part as great a fleet for other states as that passing through the Suez canal. This compared with what Michigan has received as her shars is as the bounty of nature to the crust of charity. You are here to legislate for Michigan, and I desire to freely express the opinion that were these uring states of the world are present in sire to legislate for Michigan, and I desire to freely express the opinion that were these conditions mastered there would be much less need for the maintenance of charitable institutions by the state, and much less valid complaint of excessive taxation.

Good Roads.

The success of the agitation for good oads depends entirely upon a more equitable system of taxation. It is plainly apparent that one class of our citizens, the armers, is bearing a greater share of the axation of the state proportioned to values than another class, the organizaions receiving corporate privileges from he state government. So long as this nequality exists just so long will the arming communities have manifestly just cause to oppose appropriations from which at the best they can draw no more benefit than the rest of the people of the state, and from which, as a matter of fact, they draw less. Good wagon roads are a direct benefit to villages and cities are a direct benefit to villages and cities and to transportation companies. Each should pay a proportionate share of such benefit. There is absolutely no question as to the necessity of good roads for Michigan; but the state rendered poor by unequal direct taxation and exorbitant indirect taxation, cannot afford at the present time to enter into the great work of constructing public roads at an outlay that will assure substantial highways which will endure for some time to come. The state government must first satisfy The state government must first satisfy the people with a measure of equal taxation before the question of good roads can be entered upon; indeed before any measure involving an appropriation of public money is seriously approached.

Arbitration. In the experience of the state of Michigan if not in that of the United States. it is found that the military arm is called into requisition to suppress riots, chiefly on account of disagreements between corporations and their employes. Recourse to the military should be the final extreme resort. It is the duty of corporations to live at peace with their neighbors. And employes have a like duty to perform. Neither has any rights sujector to the other in the eyes of the people. It is the duty of the state to preserve the peace and defend the rights of all. But it is also the duty of the state to prevent that which tends to disturb the peace or which infringes such rights and to that end laws have been passed and courts have been isstituted. To further promote that end, I would recommend that no body of men be allowed the privilege of incorporation without their free consent, expressed in the articles of incorporation, as in part consideration for such privilege, that all disputes found impossible of adjustment between employer and employe shall be referred to arb trators. it is found that the military arm is called Statistics Relating to Corporations.

The value of statistics to the state reating to corporations is incalculable. But they are valueless if they do not extend ar enough to afford the legislature abfar enough to afford the legislature absolutely safe material from which to gather the correct deductions upon which the regulation of corporations is based. The day of absolute reliance upon competition, especially between transportation lines, is passed and the day of the trust and the combine is here. If, for an example of the importance of such statisfield from the importance of such statisfield in Michigan upon which to base a max mum rate of fare it cannot be obtained from the public reports of the state, surprising as it, because the number of passengers other than employes, hauled on passes is not shown in such reports. Yet passes are other than employes, hauled on passes is not shown in such reports. Yet passes are being regularly written by railroad attorneys for United States senators. United States representatives, and for other publi servants whose good w.li is valuable to the roads. Ce tain classes of shippers, as also certain classes of so-called influential people, inclusive of certain newspaper publishers, obtain passes. So, too, the public statistics do not show the amount tial people, inclusive of certain newspaper publishers, obtain passes. So, too, the public statistics do not show the amount of money expended by railroads for mainnance of lobbyists at this capital.

As for freight rates they are at the option of the companies either to raise to exorbitant figures for occasions of speculation in the stock market or to reduce to figures intended to ruin a competitor or favor the monopolistic designs of a shipper, and the ordinary statistician must fail in following the changes.

Coercion of Electors. As a guard against coercion of voters: a

commissioners cannot be overestimated. The introduction of brook trout into the streams of the lower peninsula, where none were found before, demonstrates the possibilities of fish culture. The labors of the commission have been directed to the question of the productiveness of our great commercial fisheries. The great lakes have ever been great storehouses from which have been drawn annually an important revenue to the state, and have produced a substantial portion of our food supply. Our people have never appreciated the importance of these fisheries. Under proper regulations, and with little care and attention, a given area of water may produce as great a quantity of food as an equal area of land. With proper methods instituted as to the planting of fish and the control of the fisheries, the waters of the great lakes lying within our borders can be made a source of great revenue, and any investment made in stocking these waters with young fish will return a thousand-fold increase. The indifference hitherto manifested regarding these fisheries has been because of lack of knowledge of what might be derived from them with an exercise of proper care. The state should, each year, place in these waters the greatest number of young fish they can possibly hatch, and to this end additional hatcheries should be established to carry on this work whenever required, and at as early a date as possible. The commercial fisheries have been subject to abuses for years by the methods of fishing. The product of the commercial fisheries, even in their depleted condition, amounts annually to more than a million dollars, at the lowest wholesale price of not more than a million dollars, at the lowest wholesale price of not more than fish upon their beds, and their stringent enforcement, the result in the next five years would be an increase in the value of the product for the years would treble of quadruple this amount. As a business proposition solely, this matter should appeal with the greatest force to the legislature.

It must streams of the lower peninsula, where

Banking Department.

While I believe that most of our state panks are well managed and in good condition, still the lessons taught by the failures during the past two years should failures during the past two years should not be unheeded nor forgotten and I feel that I cannot too strongly urge attention to this subject. From the report of the commissioner on banking, it appears that there now upwards of 170 state banks and three trust companies in existence in this state with a liability to depositors of \$95,000,000. This is three times the number shown by the first annual report and over twice the liability to depositors.

port and over twice the liability to depositors.

The severe strain of the past three years has increased the burden and responsibilities of those charged with the administration of banks and has developed some weak points in our banking laws. During the period mentioned a number of banks have falled. The cause of nearly all bank failures may be distinctly traced to the excessive loans made to the officers of those banks and to various business concerns in which these officers were interested in violation of the law or by evading it.

It seems to be a fact that too few

bank directors understand banking and most of them find it easier, at least when times are good, to leave the management of the bank with its cashier or some other one officer. Something certainly should be done that will make bank directors more familiar with the affairs of the bank and thus prevent mismanagement for which they are morally and should

The quarterly reports, which are now required to be made to the commissioner. Should be verified by the oath of all those who are required to sign the report and the oath should contain a statement that they be a statement that hey have personally examined the books and assets of the bank and that from

who are required to sign the report and the oath should contain a statement that they have personally examined the books and assets of the bank and that from such examination they personally know that the statement signed by them is true in substance and in fact.

It should be made obligatory upon each bank to require from its cashier or treasurer such a bond as shall be approved by the banking commissioner.

Whenever a cashier or treasurer shall, without authority shown upon the records of the bank, discount or cash any negotiable paper or security of any kind, it should be regarded and treated as an unlawful use of the money in the bank and appropriately punished.

A full and complete record of the actions of the board of directors relative to loans and discounts should be kept, which record should be signed by all those present. There is altogether too much red tape in the manner of getting a receiver under the present law. The commissioner has not sufficient power to enforce the law and protect the depositors. Whenever he finds a bank insolvent or violating the law, he must report to the attorney-general and the latter may, if he feels so disposed, apply to the courts to appoint a receiver.

The banking commissioner should be given power to close a bank at once whenever it is insolvent. And in general, I believe, he should be given the same power over the state banks that is given the controller of the currency over the national banks.

Business prosperity depends upon sound banking. Without it we must always expect to pay a higher rate of interest than our business will warrant.

What I have said relative to banks applies with equal force to building and loan associations.

Savings banks, pure and simple, with no capital stock—the depositors standing in the relation of shareholders to the extent of their deposits, and profit-sharers pro rata—are not obliged to earn money for shareholders and depositors too. They are enabled to make very conservative investments. As there is no incentive to make great profi

Short Legislative Sessions. would respectfully call your attention o the provision of the constitution rejuiring sessions of the legislature to be neld biennially. This and the granting held biennially. This and the granting of special municipal charters are the two great obstacles in the way of short sessions of the legislature. I recommend that an amendment to the constitution requiring annual sessions of the legislature of not over sixty days each to be submitted to the people. I also suggest the advisability of your honorable body taking a recess for one year after a session of sixty days. I further recommend that general incorporation laws for the cities and villages be adopted.

close of the year for the last three years the funds in the state treasury being practically exhausted will necessitate the borrowing of considerable money to pay the expenses of the legislature and other expenses of the state government until the levy of 1895 can be collected.

the levy of 1895 can be collected.

December 31, 1893, the state had borrowed money and obtained advances to the amount of \$392,795.54; in 1894, \$251,840.18; in 1895 the borrowed money and advances amounted to \$1,237,511.06, and in 1896 the advances amounted to \$60,568,29. The estimates furnished the legislature of 1895 by the auditor general contemplated that the amount would be sufficient to pay up arrearages and the current expenses of

the auditor general contemplated that the amount would be sufficient to pay up arrearages and the current expenses of the state government until the tax levy of 1896 should become available.

In anticipation of increased revenues from railroads, which were never realized by the failure of the house to pass the bill, the senate finance committee struck out \$150,000 from the estimates. The increased cost of the insane, and other expenses over the estimates, made the deficiency December 31, 1895, considerably more than was expected. The cost of the state government for the year 1896 exceeded the estimates in the cost of the insane, in the allowances by begrd of state auditors, cost of collection of taxes, advances of money to counties to pay expenses not anticipated.

That the state institutions are becoming a greater expense year by year to the people and if the expense of the cost of the people and if the state constitutions are becoming a greater expense year by year to the people and if the state constitutions are the people and if the state constitutions are people and if the state account in the state of the state and in the people and if the state and its people and its other expenses not anticipated.

That the state institutions are becoming a greater expense year by year to the people and if the state constitution were amended so as to permit specific taxes to be placed in the general fund an amount sufficient to provide for the wants of the state government could be raised much more equitable and less burdensome to the people than by the present method. The question of taxation of railroads has agitated the public mind ever since railroads have been in operation. Under the present system the taxes are collected with a minimum of expense. They can be increased or diminished as may seem equitable or desirable by simply changing the rate of taxation on the earnings.

The prisons of Michigan continue to show improved results in discipline, reformation and cost of maintenance.

The parole law has been in effect but a little over a year, during which time 71 convicts have received its benefits. The results indicate that so far the law has fulfilled the expectations of its most ardent advocates.

The act of 1895 requiring judges to report to the executive various facts in relation to the character and surroundings of persons sent to prison has also in every way fulfilled the expectations of its friends.

In regard to private corporations the

way fulfilled the expectations of its friends.

In regard to private corporations the franchise law should also be amended so as to more effectually reach foreign corporations. There is reputed to be from sixty to seventy-five thousand dollars due the state for franchise fees from foreign corporations. Some provision should be made for collecting this, and taking care of similar corporations in the future. The act of the legislature two years ago authorizing the secretary of state to examine into the affairs of building and loan associations under certain circumstances was a step in the right direction but the law has proven inadequate for the purpose intended. There is even greater need that mutual and fraternal benefit associations should be placed under state supervision.

The condition of the Michigan National Guard has very materially improved during the past two years. It is better poulpped and better clothed then ever

Guard has very materially improved during the past two years. It is better epulipped and better clothed than ever before. The trops show a great improvement in discipline, and the camp of 1896, especially, showed an observance of order which would be creditable to the regular army under the most rigid discipline. While there are many things greatly desired in the way of equipments, the state military board is out of debt, having paid all its bills, besides an indebtedness of \$13,000 which existed four years ago.

The Michigan Naval Brigade has shown itself worthy of the support it has received at the hands of the state. From all its bills, besides an indebtedness of \$13,000 which existed four years ago.

The Michigan Naval Brigade has shown itself worthy of the support it has received at the hands of the state. From the report of the secretary of navy, it is evident that our naval brigade stands nearly, if not quite, in the front rank of the naval militia in the United States.

The plan adopted by the legislature of 1893 for the rellef of the supreme court, which increased the salary of the judges and required them to reside in Lansing, while it has accomplished all that was expected of it, gives evidence that further measures of rellef should be taken. Changes in the law and for additional appropriations are 'recommended for the state board of health and for the collection of vital statistics. A moderate appropriation looking to some plan for establishing a forestry department of the state is also worthy of consideration.

The geological survey, the commissioner of insurance, commissioner of railroads, commissioner of labor, dairy and food commissioner, state inspector of oils, of salt and the state game and fish warden all show much improvement and give evidence of their right to exist.

The Michigan University should require students from other states to pay an amount in tuition equal, at least, to the cost of their instruction. A change is needed in the form of appropriation for the Michigan mining school. Radical changes have been made in the Agricultural college which promise to increase its usefulness. The people of Mt. Pleasant, who have borne the expense of the Central Michigan Normal school incident to its management up to January I, 1897, expect the state to bear all further expenses.

The economy of administration of the Soldiers' home cannot be too highly commended. No improvements in the way of building annexes should be considered for at least two years. Appropriations hereiofore have been made for the home and the woman's annex separately, there is no reason why the appropriation should not be made in gross, so as t

Frequenters of a saloon on Front street, Cincinnati, were horrified at finding the dead body of a colored man named Henry Davis, standing erect and against the wall in the rear

coom. He was surrounded by a number of empty beer kegs, which had prevented him from falling. The man and been seen about the place a few moments before. At Millersville, O., a son of Alex Dolwick got hold of several pounds of blasting powder, went to the cellar accompanied by three sisters to kill rats.

The stuff exploded and one girl, aged 8. was burned to death. The clothing of the other children caught fire and they were terribly burned, as were the parents in trying to extinguish the flames. The boy was not badly hurt. An explosion occurred in the Anderson mines at South McAllister, I. T., in which five miners were killed. The explosion was caused by Fire Boss Cox unscrewing the bottom of a safety lamp which ignited the gas.

Spinal Disease and Nervous Prostration

No Affection of the Spine Is Possible Except Accompanied by Most Serious Nerve Disorders-An-

other Case Where a Nervo Food Was Successful. (From the Journal, Detroit, Mich.)

"Disease of the spinal cord and nervous prostration, was what the doctors called it at first," Mrs. Rosie Tapley, of No. 721 Harrison Street. Ionia. Mich., said yesterday to a reporter, "but it was not long before every organ and member of my body was affected. There was a continuous beating at the pit of my stomach, my head ached on until I thought I should grow insane. I felt as if I were smothering, and my legs would become so weak that I had to drop when I felt the spells coming on. As for sleep, that was out of the question (except little cat naps), ir in addition to the feelings I have attempted to addition to the feelings I have attempted to describe, I had neuralgia, and for six months I kept getting worse and worse. At last I was confined to my bed in October, 1894.

"I have nearly always thought it was lagrippe," Mrs. Tapley continued, "though the dcctor never would say so. Whatever it was, however, it kept getting worse and worse (especially my head and nerves) and I thought I should die. But I dragged on a translated existence he is labout measurement. wretched existence until about one year ago, when while I was reading the Detroit Jourwhen while I was reading the Detroit Journal and Saranac Weekly, I saw a long account of a similar case to my own being cured by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I made up my mind to try those pills, and so procured a supply and began taking them according to directions. I took them faithfully, gave them, in fact, a most thorough trial, and, I am happy to say, with splendid results, so that now my heart's action is normal, my back and spine give me very little trouble, all neuralgic and rheumatic pains have left me. I have no headache whatever, and after the hell that I suffered my life is now like heaven.

"I cannot say too much in praise of these Pills. You may use all the adulatory language of which you are capable," Mrs. Tapley said to the reporter, "and I will endorse it. I have never tired of recomposition of the province of the provin mending these pills to my neighbors (and my sister, who is a school teacher, and had a horrible time with her nerves and loss of memory, at my suggestion is taking Dr. Williams' remedy and is being rapidly

ured).
"Read over what you have written," Mrs. Tapley requested. After listening attentively to what she had dictated she said: "I can sign that statement with the greatest pleasure," and when the last remark was entered the lady signed her name to the reporter's notes thus:

(Signed) MRS. ROSA TAPLEY,

721 Harrison Street, Ionia, Mich.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in a conducted form all the elements accounts.

densed form all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effect of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, all forms of weakness either in male or female. Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price, 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50 (they are never sold in bulk or by the 100), by addressing Dr. Williams'. Medicine Company. Schenectady, N. Y.

Samuel B. Chase, ex-recorder of deeds for Cook county, Ill., is accused of gross malfeasance in office, and all being short in his accounts to the amount of \$52,513.

Mr. Quintus Hummel, of 118 Michigan Ave., Detroit, tells a War Story

the Result.

(From Detroit News.) Our representative called at 118 Michigan Avenue, the residence of Mr. Quintus Hummel. Mr. Hummel is a veteran of the late war, and received, in the campaign, an injury which has given him much pain and suffering since. He belonged to a Michigan cavalry regiment and his horse becoming frightened one day reared up, him backward. In falling struck his spine on a sharp stone, inflict-ing a deep cut over five inches long. The injury affected the kidneys. About two vears ago the left kidney started to bleed, and has been doing so ever since. Mr Hummel, in a few pointed sentences, gave our representative the following account:

"The accident of my 'war days' left me in bad shape; pain in my back and spine rendered me almost useless, and I was compelled to give up work entirely I could not turn over in bed without assist ance. I have spent hundreds of dollars in various ways trying to find relief. Physicians have told me my spine was honeycombed for 13 inches. I had given up in despair, never hoping for relief, when a friend told me about Doan's Kidney Pills, and they have done me a world of good. The pains have disappeared from my back, and the bleeding of my kidney has almost entirely stopped. I know I can never be entirely cured as I would have to be 'a new man,' but Doan's Kidney Pills have done more to make me feel like 'a new man' than all the other things I have tried during past years. I have not had any recurrence of the pain or bleeding since taking them.

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents, by mail, from Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

Pearl divers remain under water on am average from 50 to 80 seconds. Cases are re-ported where they have remained as long as six minutes under water. Live but one day at a time it you wish to

Put an end to misery. Doan's Ointment will cure the worst case of Itching Piles there ever was, and do it almost instantly. Years of suffering relieved in a single night. Get Doan's Oitment from your dealer.

It is not always necessary to tell the whole ruth, but all that you tell should be the

Lane's Family Medicine Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25c and 50c.

Many of the so called "vegetable ivory" buttons used on dresses, cloaks, etc., are made of potatoes, treated with sulphuric

FITS stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Free \$2 trial bottle and treatis.
Send to Dr. Kling, 331 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

The top round of the ladder is an imagin-acy one; nobody has ever reached it yet.

Coe's Cough Balsam is the oldest and best. It will break up a Cold quicker than anything else, It is always reliable. Try it.

One of the hardest things in the world is for a man who is stuck up to get down.

Fill a bottle or common water-glass with urine and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates a diseased condition of the kidneys. When urine stains linen it is positive evidence of kidney trouble. Too frequent desire to urinate or pain in the back, is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

WHAT TO DO.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often 'expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy, fulfills every wish in relieving pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passages. It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to get up many times during the night to urinate. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. Sold by druggists, price fifty cents and one dollar. For a sample bottle and pamphlet, both sent free by mail, mention this paper and send your full postoffice address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The proprietors of this paper guarantee the genuineness of this offer.



Daisy Beli-What a remarkable collection of curiosities your husband has. Was he in the business when he married you?

Mrs. Sourwein-Oh, yes. Daisy Bell-That's what I thought.

NO-TO-BAC FOR FIFTY CENTS. Millions of men who are daily "Tobacco Spitting and Smoking Their Lives Away" will be glad to learn that the makers of No-To-Bac, the famous guaranteed tobacco habit cure, that has freed over 400,000 tobacco users in the last few years, have put on the market a fifty cent package of their great remedy. This will give every tobacco user a chance to test No-To-Bac's power to control the desire for tobacco in every form and at the same time be benefitted by No-To-Bac's nerve strengthening qualities. Every tobacco user should procure a fifty cent box at once from his druggist or order it by mail. You will be surprised to see how easily and quickly the desire for tobacco disappears. Any reader can obtain a sample and booklet free by addressing the Sterling Remedy Co. Chicago or New York, and mentioning this paper.

The fight between Senator Quay and Hon. John Wanamaker in Pennsylvania resulted in the defeat of the latter in the state legislature when Quay's candidate-Boies Penrose-was elected U S. senator to succeed Cameron. The vote stood: Penrose, 133; Wanamaker, 75: Cameron, 1.

1667 BUS. POTATOES PER ACRE. Don't believe it, nor did the editor until he saw Salzer's great farm seed catalogue. It's wonderful what an array of facts and figures and new things and big yields and great testimonials it contains.

Send This Notice and 10 Cents Stamps to John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., for catalogue and 12 rare farm seed samples, worth \$10, to get a start.

There is no subject on which so much arrant nonsense has been written as on that of

"For three years I suffered from Salt Rheum. It covered my hands to such an extent that I could not wash them. Two bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters cured me." Libbie Young, Popes Mills, St. Lawrence county, N. Y.

I am no herald to inquire of men's pedi-rees; it sumceth me if I know of their

CASCARETS stimulate liver, kidneys and bowels. Never sicken, weaken or gripe, 10c Negligence is the rust of the soul, that corrodes through all her best resolutions.



Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It speedily relieves irregularity, suppressed or painful menstructions, weakness of the stomach, indigestion, bloating, leucorrhœa, womb trouble, flooding, nervous prostration, headache, general debility, etc. Symptoms of Womb Troubles are dizziness, faintness, extreme lassitude, "don't care" and "want-to-beleft-alone" feelings, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, flatulency, melancholy, or the "blues,' and backache. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will correct all this trouble as sure as the sun shines. That Bearing-down Feeling, causing pain, weight, and backache, is Kidney Complaints in either sex.

RUIN, AND THE HERO.

HAT afternoon M. Sanvallier received from his younger son, lieutenant in the garrison at Versailles, the following letter:

"My Dear Father: I am threatened with a frightful disaster which affects you as well as me. I write to you because I can

never-must never-see you again. I am unworthy of you. Led away by a friend, I speculated at the bourse and have become involved in yesterday's downfall, in that unexpected collapse where so many fortunes have been wrecked. I dare not tell you how much I have lost-it must be, however, for the honor of the Sanvalliers is involved. Alas! it means very nearly your complete ruin. I owe 468,900 francs! Ah! curse me! I am a wretch: But I did not suspect that such a thing could happen. After having tried in vain to avoid this disaster I returned to my room, wild, my brain on fire, determined to end my life. But I learned that they are recruiting volunteer officers for Tonkin and I asked to be sent there. Out there, at least, my death will be useful: it will have nothing about it to make you blush and it will, perhaps, inspire you with a little compassion for that guilty but unhappy and despairing son, who suffers keenly from the wrong which he has done you. and who hids you good-by forever!

"CAMILLE SANVALLIER." M. Sanvallier, a widower of several years' standing one of the most esteemed foundry owners of Paris, was judge of the Tribunal of Commerce and officer of the Legion of Honor.

He had two sons. Camille, the lieutenant, and Auguste, a painter of some originality, married to a charming woman and father of a little 6-year-old girl. Andree.

He had kept them away from all commercial enterprise, fearing their inexperience and dreading for them the universal cruel risk of business. He also exacted that after his death the business of the foundry should be liquidated and not sold, in order that it should not pass into other hands, and thus be sure of preserving forever intact the name of the Sanvalliers. And now, in spite of all these precautions, a misfortune greater than any which he could have foreseen had fallen upon

him! The sum must be paid the next day; he must procure it at any price. It was hard! The foundryman's fortune was composed of material and merchandise; would such a forced realization yield the necessary amount? He did not know yet.

And then, afterwards, with the debt once paid, could he fulfill his contracts? By that time it would be fail-



ATTACKED THE ENEMY.

Fail! He, the officer of the Legion of Honor, judge of the Tribunal of Commerce! Never! He would sooner kill himself.

And all night long the poor man searched, calculated, and contrived combinations; in the morning he started out with anguish in his heart. He appealed to associates, comrades,

Camille's debt was paid. Their honor was saved, but M. Sanvallier's fortune had vanished. However. thanks to certain arrangements, he was allowed to continue in the proprietorship of the foundry.

Then he said to himself that he would work yet, in spite of his sixty years, that he would work without rest. with the anxious desperation of those commencing life, who are tormented with the care of the morrow. He reduced his expenses, gave up his apartments to live with his son, sold his his experiments were successful, but kings, rioting in a pavilion, took up the reminded of the revival scenes amid horses and carriages, sent away his servants, diminished his personal needs.

A dread haunted the old man, troubling his sleep and arresting his thoughts in the midst of his occupations: he feared to hear some day that Camille had speculated once more; that he was again in debt.

He forbade all mention of him in his presence. He was henceforth the wicked son, he of whom all are ashamed, the remembrance of whom, heavy as remorse, saddens the paternal home and makes the meals silent. Down at Grenelle the foundry was seized with a fury of work, with an

enormous productiveness. Its furnaces blazed in the shadow of the sheds like piercing eyes; its powerful blast shook the surrounding ground; the melted metal, smoking and

red, ran like its life-blood in the crucibles. Auguste took the place of designer and his wife that of cashier at the foundry. And each went to his or her work, accepting their several tasks

without a frown. At that time the campaign of Tonkin was at its height.

The French soldiers fought desperately against a slippery enemy, always instantly relieved and permanently springing up afresh, in an unknown | children spend the greater part of their cured by its use. It is wonderful for country, harassed with difficulties without number

The slightest success excited the patriotism of the populace.

One morning Auguste entered his father's private office, looking very pale, THE BETTER ONE IS THE MORE and handed him a paper.

The latter read from the Latest the following dispatch from the intrenched camp at Dong Song:

"Capt. Sanvallier attacked the enemy this morning with great vigor, fought all day against large forces, and took successfully four redoubts. At last his soldiers gave way, crushed by the superior numbers of the foe. Although grievously wounded, he insisted upon being carried by two men to rally his company and led them to the assault. Capt. Sanvallier's conduct was admirable, and his condition is now desperate. I have placed the cross on his breast. This brilliant exploit will permit me to enter Lang Song to-morrow. Twenty-seven killed, forty-three

"GEN. BRIERE DE L'ISLE." A strange emotion in which anguish mingled with joy caused M. Sanvallier's heart to beat rapidly. For a mogaze a little unsteady, his eyes wide be captain."

minister of war informed the family of The byword of the passing throng, the event, and the next day all the The ruler's scoff, the drunkard's song. papers were talking of Cant. Sanvallier recalling the fact that he was the son race, in congratulation the morning of the honorable foundry owner of stars sang a song. The Israelitish Grenille.

him with his eyes as if he was living and old Simeon and angelic prima donand only lest him to meet again fur- nas in hovering clouds sang a song. ther on.

But, alas: the dispatches which he the world's literature and enjoyment received daily from Tonkin left but by the ballads, the canticles, the dislittle hone.

Would the son of whom to-day he was so proud ever return?

Andree appeared. cried in her sly little way: "Look, long at their cups, are on their way

pared for the arrival of his son, rose quickly, then stood motionless, choked ing and Christian purposes I will anby his emotion.

account.

wept beside them .- London Sun.

Adventure. mained eighteen hours under water, been misappropriated. problem of submarine navigation.

Healthful Schoolrooms. An ideal, but, we are assured, quite necessary state of cleanliness for healthful school rooms requires that the floors shall be dampened and swept every day, with all the windows open, the dusting to be done the next morning with a damp cloth. In addition to this cleaning, Dr. Adams, who is the president of the Orange County Medical societies, believes that at least every other day the floors should be thoroughly scrubbed with soap and water. The various women's clubs throughout the country whose members are interested in the work of the public schools will do well to find out how near the school rooms where their waking hours approach this state.-New York Post.

TALMAGE'S SERMON.

HE IS HATED

By the Vile Creatures Who Haunt the Abodes of Men-Text: "I Was the Song of the Drunkards" - Psalms 69:12.

Who said that? Was it David or was t Christ? It was both. These Messianic Psalms are like a telescope. Pull the instrument to a certain range, and joined in. Among the first songs ever it shows you an object near by. Pull 16 to another range, and it will show you objects far away. David and Christ were both, each in his own time, the song of the drunkards. Holiness of doctrine and life always did excite wicked merriment. Although David had fully reformed and written a psalmody in which all subsequent ages have sobbed out their penitence, his enemies preferred to fetch up his old career, and put into metric measures ment he remained silent. Then, his sins long before forgiven. Christ, who committed no sin, was still more the open with sad astonishment, he asked subject of unholy song, because the bethis son in a slow voice: "Do you be- ter one is, the more iniquity hates him. lieve that it is he? He would then Of the best Being whose voice ever moved the air or whose foot ever Two hours later a letter from the touched the earth it might be said:

The earth fitted up for the human army safe on the bank of the Red Sea Now the foundryman could not go and the Egyptians clear under the reout without seeing Camille on every turned water, Moses sang a song. One side: in the kiosks of the boulevard, at of the most important parts of this the corners of the streets; Camille great old Book is Solomon's song. At looked at him as he passed, followed the birth of our Lord the Virgin Mary What enrichment has been given to cants, the ditties, the roundelays, the epics, the lyrics, the dithyrambs. But my text calls attention to a style of One morning, three months after- song that I think has never been diswards, M. Sanvallier was working in coursed upon. You sometimes hear this his office when the door softly opened style of music when passing a saloon, half way, and the curly little head of or a residence in which dissipation is ascendant, or after you have retired at And suddenly she entered, holding night you hear it coming out of the by the hand Capt. Sanvallier then street from those who, having tarried grandfather, here he is." Auguste and home—the ballad of the inebriate, the his wife entered the office in their turn. serenade of the alcoholized, or what my M. Sanvallier, who had not been pre- text calls the Song of the Drunkards. For practical and saving and warn-

forehead, the cross on his breast. my text. First I remark that the Song two billion twenty million dollars child, Camille hung his head; he saw of the music of the world and of the in the destruction of grain and sugar his father changed, grown old on his church is old music. First came the and the supporting of the paupers and music of percussion, the clapping cym- the criminals which strong drink causes Then very humbly, a little bent, bal, which was suggested by a hammer ready to get down on his knees, he on an anvil, and then the sighing of this expensive Song of the Drunkards. came forward with slow steps to his the wind across the reeds suggested father's feet, but at that moment M. the flute, and then the strained sinews a multitudinous song—not a solo, not Sanvallier, with an abrupt start, seized of the tortoise across its shell sug- a duet, not a quartette, not a sextette; him round the neck, crying in a voice gested the harp. But far back of that, but millions on millions are this hour suddenly broken by tears. "No, Ca- and nearly back as far as the moral singing it. Do not think that alcoholmille! In my arms! In my arms, my collapse of our first parentage is the ism has this field all to itself. It has child!" And father and son held each Song of the Drunkards. That tune was powerful rivals in the intoxicants of other close, their shoulders shaking sung at least four thousand two hun- other nations; hasheesh, and arrack, with sobs, while Auguste and his wife dred and forty-three years ago, when, the deluge past, Noah came out of the mastic, and wedro. Every nation, barark, and as if disgusted with too much UNDER WATER FOR 18 HOURS. prevalence of water, he took to strong toxicant. This Song of the Drunkards drink and staggered forth, for all ages An Italian Inventor Has a Submarine the first known drunkard. He sounded the first note of the old music of in-An Italian inventor, named Corzetto, ebriacy. An Arab author of A. D. 1310, says La France Militaire, has con- wrote: "Noah, being come out of the structed an apparatus which he calls ark, ordered each of his sons to build "methydric sphere," and by means a house. Afterwards they were occuof which he professes to be able to pied in sowing and in planting trees, descend to any depth in the sea. In the pippins and fruits of which they his experiment at Spezzia he stored found in the ark. The vine alone was some two thousand cubic feet of com- wanting, and they could not discover. pressed air in his apparatus, which it. Gabriel then informed them that he entered with two friends and which the devil had desired it, and indeed was then lowered to a depth of some had some right to it. Hereupon Noah thirty feet. As after the expiration of summoned him to appear in the field, nine hours the "sphere" had not yet and said to him, 'O accursed! Why been seen to reascend to the surface, hast thou carried away the vine from a message was sent to the admiral in me?' 'Because,' replied the devil, 'it command of the naval department, belonged to me.' 'Shall I part it for who at once sent a diver to the spot. you?' said Gabriel. 'I consent,' said The "sphere" was found still resting Noah, 'and will leave him a fourth.' on the sea bottom, but the diver heard 'That is not sufficient for him,' said nothing in answer to his knocks. Gabriel. 'Well, I will take half,' re-Some barges having been brought to plied Noah, and he shall take the oththe spot by a tug, the "sphere" was er.' 'That is not sufficient yet,' rehauled up with ropes, and as soon as sponded Gabriel. 'He must have twoit emerged its door was opened, and thirds and thou one, and when thy the inventor appeared with a livid face wine shall have boiled on the fire unand half asphyxiated. His two com- til two-thirds are gone, the remainder panions were unconscious, but were shall be assigned for thy use." A quickly resuscitated. They had re- fable that illustrates how the vine has

The inventor explains that so far all Benhadad and thirty-two allied on this occasion when he intended to same bacchanal. Nabal was rendering return to the surface the air pressure that drunkard's song when his wife, at his command proved insufficient to beautiful Abigail, came back from her expel the water ballast, of about two expedition to save her husband. Herod tons weight, which had so far kept was singing that song when the daughhis appliance submerged, and hence ter of Herodias wheeled in the dance they had to remain where they were before him. Belshazzar and a thouuntil rescued. At any rate, three per- sand lords renewed that song the night sons were enabled to remain under the handwriting came out on the plaswater for eighteen hours, and this ex- tering of the wall and the tramp of he enters the front door and staggers, periment may not be without signifi, the besieging host was heard on the cance as regards the much discussed palace stairs. Ahasuerus sang that song when, after seven days of carousal. he ordered Vashti to come into the presence of the roaring guests without her veil on—a January storm trying to command a June morning. is an old song. Kink Cyrus boasted among the Lacedaemonians that Ly- under the starlight. * * * curgus had all the vines of the vine-Corinthians for turning the communa carousal. Isajah mentions too drunkards of Ephraim. So much were the tune and you keep it up. You have Athenians given to wassail that a law known a hundred men destroyed of was passed giving a man double pun- strong drink. You cannot mention five ishment for crime while intoxicated, the | who got fully started on that road and first punishment for the crime, and the stopped. The grace of God can do other for the intoxication. It was a anything, but it does not do everystuccato passage in that song when thing. Religion say gosome. Tem-

ers were compelled to wear what was a barrel with one end of it knocked the arms thrust through holes at the sides of the barrel. Samuel Johnson made merry of his own inebriacy. Oh, this old song! All the centuries have

the Parepa Rosas and Nilssons and the other renderers of elevated and divine solos received their thousands of dollars per night in coliseums and academies of music. Some of the people of small means almost pauperized themselves that they might sit a few evenings under the enchantment of these angels of sweet sounds. I paid seven dollars to hear Jenny Lind sing when it was not easy to afford the seven dollars. Very expensive is such music, but the costliest song on earth is the rushing of waters. When I anticipate drunkard's song. It costs ruin of good, let evil annoy me. When I look neutralizes the effect of a beam wind. body. It costs ruin of mind. It costs for light, let darkness come upon me. ruin of soul. Go right down among Let the terrors of death be ever before the residential streets of any city and | me. Do all this, but save me, merciyou can find once beautiful and luxu- ful God! Save me from the fate of a rious homesteads that were expended drunkard. Amen." in this destructive music. The lights have gone out in the drawing-room, the pianos have ceased the pulsation of their keys, the wardrobe has lost the last article of appropriate attire. The Belshazzarean feast has left nothing but the broken pieces of the crushed chalices. There it stands, the ghastliest thing on earth, the remnant of a drunkard's home. The costliest thing on earth is sin. The most expensive of all music is the Song of the Drunkards. It is the highest tariff of nations-not a protective tariff, but a tariff of doom, a tariff of woe, a tariff of death. This evil whets the knives of the assassins, cuts the most of the wounds of the hospital, makes necessary most of the almshouses, causes the most of the ravings of the insane asylum and puts up most of the iron bars of the penitentiaries. It has its hand to-day on the throat of the American republic. It is the taskmaster of nations, and the human race crouches under its anathema. The Song of the Drunkards has for its accompaniment the clank of chains, the chattering teeth of poverty, the rattle of execunounce to you the characteristics of tioner's scaffold, the crash of ship-He saw Camille with the scar on his that well-known cadence mentioned in wrecks, and the groan of empires. The Timid and embarrassed as a guilty of the Drunkards is an old song. Much which rum costs the country in a year in other years confronted me. At the is only a small part of what is paid for Again, this Song of the Drunkards is

baric as well as civilized, has its pet inis rendered in Chinese, Hindoo, Arabian, Persian, Mexican—yea, all the languages. All zones join it. No continent would be large enough for the choir gallery if all those who have this libretto in their hands should stand chorus. Other throngs are just learning the eight notes of this dreadful music which is already mastered by the orchestras in full voice under the batons in full swing. All the musicians assembled at Dusseldorf, or Berlin, or Boston Peace Jubilee, rendering symphonies, requiems, or grand marches of Mendelssohn or Wagner or Chopin or Handel, were insignificant in numbers as compared with the innumerable throngs, host beside host, gallery above gallery, who are now pouring forth the Song of the Drunkards.

Again, the Song of the Drunkards is a suggestive song. You hear a nursery refrain, and right away you think of your childhood home, and brothers and sisters with whom you played, and mother, long since gone to rest. You hear a national air, and you think of the encampment of 1863, and the still night on the river bank, and the campfires that shook their reflections up and down the faces of the regiment. You hear an old church tune, and you are which you were brought to God. Nothing so brings up associations as a song sung or played upon instrument, and the Drunkards' Song is full of suggestion. As you hear it on the street quite late some night, you begin to say to yourself, "I wonder if he has a mother? Is his wife waiting for him? Will his children be frightened when whooping, up the stairs? What chance is there for that young man, started early on the down grade? In what usiness will he succeed? How long efore that man will run through his property? I wonder how he got so far astray? Can any influence be wielded Oh, yes! The song of the drunkards to fetch him back? He must have got into bad company who led him off." that he could drink more wine than his | So you soliloquize and guess about this brother. Drunkenness was so rife man whose voice you hear on the street

Furthermore, the last characteristic yards destroyed. Paul excoriates the of the Drunkards' Song is so tremendous that I can hardly bring myself to ion of the Lord's supper at church into mention it. The Drunkards' Song is a continuous song. Once start that Alexander the Great arose from a ban- perance societies save some. The Bow-

quet and struck a spear through the ery Mission saves some. The Central heart of Clitus while putting up the Mission saves some. But one hundred curtains, and horrified at what was thousand who are annually slain by done, withdrew the sword from the strong drink are not saved at all. I dead body and attempted to take his have been at a concert which went own life. In the time of Oliver Crom- on for two hours and a half, and many well the evil was so great that offend- people got up and left because it was too long; but 95 per cent of those who called "the drunkard's cloak," namely, are singing the Drunkards' Song will to the last breath of their lungs and out and a hole in the opposite end, the last beat of their hearts keep on rendering it, and the galleries of earth and heaven and hell will stay filled with the astounded spectators. It is such a continuous and prolonged song that one feels like making the prayer sung was the Song of the Drunkards. which a reformed inebriate once made: Again, this Song of the Drunkards is "Almighty God! If it be thy will that an expensive song. The Sonntags and man should suffer whatever seemeth good in thy sight impose upon me. Let

the bread of affliction be given me to eat. Take from me the friends of my confidence. Let the cold hut of poverty be my dwelling-place and the wasting hand of disease inflict its painful torments. Let me sow in the whirlwind and reap in the storm. Let those have me in derision who are younger than I. Let the passing away of my welfare be like the fleeting of a cloud and the shouts of my enemies like the

You see this sermon is not so much for cure as for prevention. Stop before you start, if you will forgive the solecism. The clock of St. Paul's cathedral struck thirteen one midnight and so saved the life of a sentinel The soldier was arrested and tried for falling asleep at his post one midnight: but he declared that he was awake at midnight, and in proof that he was awake he said that he had heard the unusual occurrence of the clock striking thirteen instead of twelve. He was laughed to scorn and sentenced to death; but three or four persons, hearing of the case, came up in time to swear that they, too, heard the clock has been utilized with fine results... strike thirteen that same midnight, and so the man's life was spared. My hearer, if you go on and thoroughly learn the Drunkards' Song, perhaps in the deep midnight of your soul there may sound something that will yet effect your moral and eternal rescue But it is a risky "perhaps." It is exceptional. Go ahead on that wrong road and the clock will more probably strike the twelve that closes your day of opportunity, than that it will strike thirteen, the sound of your deliverance. A few Sabbaths ago, on the steps of

this church a man whom I had known first glance, I saw that he was in the fifth and last act of the tragedy of intemperance. Splendid even in his ruin. The same brilliant eye, and the same courtly manners, and the remains of the same intellectual endowments but a wreck. I had seen that craft when it ploughed the waters, all sails set and running by true compass; wife, and of a mile. The underbrush that the children, and friends on board, himself ommanding in a voyage that he exnected would be glorious, putting into prosperous harbors of earth and at last and pulque, and opium, and quavo, and putting into the harbor of heaven. But now a wreck, towed along by low appetites, that ever and anon run him into the breakers-a wreck of body, a wreck of mind, a wreck of soul. "Where is your wife?" "I do not "Where are your children?" know." "I do not know." "Where is your God?" "I do not know." That man is coming to the last verse of that long cantata, side by side to chant the international that protracted threnody, that terrific Song of the Drunkards. But if these words should come-for you know the largest audience I reach

I never see at all-I say if these words should come, though at the ends of the earth, to any fallen man, let me say to him: Be the exception to the general rule, and turn and live, while I recall to you a scene in England, where some one said to an inebriate, as he was going out of church where there was a great awakening, "Why don't you sign the pledge?" He answered, "I have signed it twenty times, and will never sign it again." "Why, then," said the gentleman talking to him, "don't you go up and kneel at that altar, amid those other penitents?" He took the advice and went and knelt. After awhile a little girl in rags and soaked with the rain looked in the church door and some one said, "What are you doing here, little girl?" She said, "Please sir; I heard as my father is here. Why that is my father up there, kneeling now." She went up and put her arms around her father's neck, and said, "Father, what are you doing here?" and he said, "I am asking God to forgive me." Said she, "If he forgives you "Yes, my will we be happy again?" dear." "Will we have enough to eat again?" "Yes, my dear." "And will you never strike us again?" "No, my child." "Wait here," said she, "till I go and call mother." And soon the child came with the mother, and the mother, kneeling beside her husband said, "Save me, too! Save me, too!" And the Lord heard the prayers at that altar, and one of the happiest homes in England is the home over which that father and mother now lovingly preside. So, if in this sermon I have warned others against a dissipated life, with the fact that so few return after they have once gone astray, for the encouragement of those who would like to return, I tell you God wants you to come back, every one of you, and to come back now, and more tenderly and lovingly than any mother ever lifted a sick child out of a cradle, and folded it in her arms, and crooned over it a lullaby, and rocked it to and fro, the Lord will take you up and fold you in the arms of his pardoning love.

There's a wideness in God's mercy, Like the wideness of the sea. There's a kindness in his justice. Which is more than liberty.

WIND TO AID BICYCLISTS Will Develop High Speed.

A new bicycle improvement makes the cyclist join hands with the wind, says the New York Journal. The combination, it is claimed, develops exeedingly high speed. The inventor, M. Demange of Commercy, France, delares that by his plan the cyclist may ride at a speed of from twelve to fifteen miles an hour with no exertion at all, except that required in guiding the machine. The contrivance is in form a sort of a turbine arrangement, something like a gourd hollowed out, cut in "gores," and the "gores" turned a little on their axes. This turbine is placed on dual rods, vertically attached to the forward wheel of the bicycle. A bar projects from the center of the handle bars outward, and to this is attached the top of the turbine. Then turbine revolves on its axis and catches: enough wind to give the forwardi wheel an added impetus. No matter from what direction the wind blows the turbine catches it, and by attachment with the hub of the front wheel communicates some of the force of the wind to the wheel. The turbine practically The twisting of the turbine in its rotary motion works on the rods that attach it to a ratchet wheel, which revolves about the hub of the front wheel. These rods work up and down like the piston rods of an engine, and in that way accelerate the motion in great degree. This invention is a marked departure from those designed to give motion to a bicycle without the rider's aid. Gasoline, electricity and petroleum have all been incorporated in the different ideas which have taken shape as bicycle impellers. The sailing bicycle is also an adaptation of the same idea, and has been fairly successful when under the control of a: skillful rider who is also a master of the art of handling a sail. On the western prairies where the wind blows: strong and steady the sail on a bicycle

N. Y. Board of Health on Wines Dr. Janes of the New York Board of Health

Dr. Janes of the New York Board of Health's says:
"I take great pleasure in testifying to the superior qualities of the Port Wine produced by Alfred Speer of New Jersey. After a prolonged trial I recommend it as a superior wine for the sick and debilitated."

It is kept in casks to a great age before bottling, and though higher in price is far superior and more reliable than other wines.

New Way to Catch Deer. A Wisconsin man recently undertook the novel feat of catching a deer by the tail. While hunting he espied and fawn at a water hole. After it had finished drinking it lay down by a log. The farmer resolved to capture

it alive if possible, and taking advantage of the noise made by the cattle going into the water hole to drink, he stole cautiously up and seized the fawn by its hind legs. In the struggle that ensued he lost that grip, but managed to obtain one on its tail. This he held during an exciting chase of a quarter fawn then ran into compelled him to relinquish his hold, and he had the satisfaction of seeing the animal rejoin the doe.

Grape and Bark Bitters for Malarix. Every one knows the value of the grape as-luscious and healthy fruit. Aunt Rachael's a luscious and healthy fruit. Aunt Rachael's Malarial Bitters is the ultimate of the Grape Juice; in its properties, mildly diuretie, suddorific and tonic. More than seven-eighths is the pure juice of the grape, simply made bitter by Peruvian Bark, Chamomile Flowers, Snake Root, etc., and will cure Malaria. Fever if used as directed.

American Women.

"We hear," says the London Athenaeum, "that between forty and fifty" ladies, mostly Americans, have inscribed their names in the register of the University of Berlin, although the Docenten do not countenance the admission of women to university lectures. At Zurich the number of studentinnen has risen to 150 and they have already begun to agitate for the acquisition of the same rights as belong to the studenten and the question has actually sprung up whether the latter term should not be considered as communis generis."

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c

Christ Schauer, Jr., treasurer of the National Bank for Savings, of Allegheny, Pa., was found dead, hanging

in the Allegheny gymnasium. Irue Hoods

Sarsaparilla Hood's Pills act harmoniously with Hood's Sarsaparilla. 25cz.







"Down in Dixie."

LL the available Thursday evening upon. to listen to the third lecture of Hon. H. R. Patten-

"Down in Dixie." It should be borne in mind that the two previous lectures were by two of the best and most pop ular lecturers in the state, having excellent subjects, and it would be a difnothing of surpassing them. The subent from the others that a just compar-

ison is hard to make. After being introduced by Prof. Masselink, the lecturer stepped to the front of the platform and-smiled. Not a meaningless smile, but one of those happifying, whole-souled smiles that make people feel at home with each other and melt all the icicles of

recognized the ladies and gentlemen of heart. but Young America as well, there being a goodly number of that element present. He then complimented our town very highly upon being able to sustain so well a lecture course and then proceeded to Dixie land.

We are great in many ways-not the the city after its capture by Admiral will land. Tuesday evening.-All on least of which is in territory. Our stretch of territory is so great that the touched on the slavery question and Moville at 12 o'clock tonight. Mr. sun is ever shining upon some part said the person enslaved degrades Armstrong just came in and says the thereof. Our school bells are heard labor. Any honest, decent work should Irish coast is in sight. We will stay up around the world, for ere the nine o'- be considered noble. Nobody has a and see the Irish people safely off. Mr. clock bell ceases to ring in for off Alas- right to live who is not willing to give Armstrong gives an interesting descripka it begins again upon the eastern of his brawn or brain, or both. The tion of the parting with their Irish coast of Maine. Our territory also south has made more advancement in cousins. Says it was an exciting time stretches so far north and south that the last fifty years than during one for some had even made love on so we have crops the year around—in fact hundred and fifty of slavery. we have an empire of our own. Pleas-

The lecturer left Michigan when the mencing their plowing. thermometer registered fifteen degrees deep, but soon the snow was left be- up with a steady front to settle the hind and upon reaching the vicinity of problems of the present, such as those Cincinnatti the farmers were seen of capital and labor, finance, etc., planting their first potatoes. Here, which should be settled on the prinwith the rest of the party, he took pas- ciples of "peace on earth; good will to sage upon an old fashioned river boat mer." The speaker concluded by re--built to draw very little water. The citing an excellent poem on "Amercaptain said she would run on a heavy ica-Mine and Thine." dew but anyway she was always overdue. She was flat bottomed and had three decks, the hold and first-deck containing the engines and cargo, and the upper deck being enlivened by 5,000 coops of live chickens. At the forward part was a moveable bridge to be utilized as a gang plank where there were no wharves or wharf boats. The wateer of the Ohio are very muddy but the banks are picturesque. The river has a uniform width of one-half mile and the current runs two or three miles an hour. Left Cincinnatti at ten p. m. and retired expecting to rise in the morning amid the beautiful scencry further down the river, but lo, the city was still in sight as they had run into a fog. The depth of the water is so uncertain that at times the warves might be sixty-five feet above the water and again many feet below.

The description of a roust-about was mirth provoking in the extreme, as were also several other incidents along the way, and the habits and costumes of the roust-abouts as they go about their duties in a jog-trot, sing-song sort of a way, or lay about the boilers steaming, frizzling etc., until again called to duty. The beauties of Louisville were touched upon, and the land is reached where lives "the mule in all its grandeur." Two and even three mules are driven tandem with only one line, but what is lacking in lines is made up in of health. I tried numerous remedies, swearing. The junction of the Ohio none of which did me any good, until I such case. Better far ascertain whether swearing. The junction of the Ohio and Tennesee rivers is mentioned as the loint to which the Michigan boys went to fight, expecting to get back in time to plant corn. Grant's victories at Forts Henry and Donaldson were spoken of and the speaker passed on to Cairo, the junction of the Ohio and Mississippi. The levee here erected to prevent the water flooding the land is twelve or fourteen feet above the regular surface of the land. We were taken from here, in thought, to the Rockies which were once said to be from three to five miles high but diminished by the wear of the mountain streams and the Missouri kept up the grinding process all along its course. The thought was advanced as far north as Cairo-before the war. of February, 1897. Otherwise the particular breed you wish?" Old lady stream and varies in width from one for collection. and a half to thirty miles. Its peculi-

arities were well described and the in- enough to cause merriment seeing one sand bar remained of what was known | boat not making very good headway, sitting room in the during the war as "Island No. 10." the highest run being 304 miles per day, M. E. Church was Vicksburg received due description down to 214, the engines being a little

journey from the land of snow and day. Temperature of water 48 degrees the Teachers' As- frost and we find peaches in blossom and air 42 degrees. You see it is not sociation course by and corn knee high. The river at very cold here. Still regretting Mr times, appeared to be running due Armstrong's inability to join them on gill on the subject north but its general course was south; deck. Mrs. A. and children still enjoy winter. so the world, although appearing to ing the innocent amusements and be wrong, has its general course in the healthful pleasures the voyage afforded right direction. The river had remov- and many amusing incidents. Thursed what was left of Carthage after the day evening and oh, so rough a sea. earthquake. Stops were made at Na- Hope I shall never see the like of it a ficult task to equal either of them, say poleon, at the mouth of the Arkansas. gain. Raining, snowing and blowing Helena and Natchez. At the latter all day and all night. No one resting place flowers were in full bloom and much, yet after all much merriment in descriptive nature and so vastly differ- palms, magnolias and spanish moss the music hall. Many fine people on Consequently he was immediately "at He had never known people more in night. Aheavy sea. We had to stop. home" with his audience. He not only clined to worship God in their purity Something wrong with the propellor. imitiation of a class of a

tival were interestingly described in on deck thought our time had come for its various phases and peculiarities. we could scarcely keep our seats by The Mississippi brings down enough hanging to them. Monday evening finds sediment every day to cover a town us here yet all anxious for land. To ship six miles square six feet deep. morrow night we expect to reach Mo Americans are a body of travellers. The speaker told how Ben Butler "run" ville, Ireland, when some passengers Farragut with his wooden boat. He deck looking for land. Expect to reach

Teacher's Reading Circle.

The Gagetown Teachers' Reading Circle will meet on Saturday, Jan. 23, at 1:30 p. m. and the following program will be given: Song from Knapsack

Paper-Characterization of living Mr. Knapp Paper—Language Paper-Geography in first four grades, M. Ducolon Review of current events Reading Circle work... Masselink, Pres.

Notice. 1000 cords of Beech and Maple wood

wanted in exchange for woolen goods. Apply at

CASS CITY WOOLEN MILL. 1-14-

An exchange gives this advice: "In buying canned goods for table use always test the can. Press the bottom, and if it cracks like a spring oil-can reject it, decomposition has set in. No sound will be made if the contents are in good condition."

FROST & HEBBLEWHITE request a settlement of all accounts on or before your friend may inadvertently say

Not a few who read what Mr. Robert Rowls, of Hollands, Va., has to say below will remember their own experience under like circumstances: "Last winter I had la grippe which left me in a low state the fact would be more deeply hurt was induced to try a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. The first of it so far relieved me that I was enabled to attend to my work, and the second bottle ef-Eor sale at 25 and 50 cents fected a cure.' per bottle by T. H. Fritz.

A story, claiming to have its origin in the sacred press is going the rounds of the secular press about an Irishman and a Frenchman who were disputing over the nationality of a mutual friend. "I say," said the Frenchman, "that if he was born in France he is a Frenchman." "Begorra," said Pat, "If a cat should have kittens in the oven would you call them biscuits?"

Notice.

Parties owing me on book account

Jas. N. Dorman.

From Across the Ocean

Extracts from letters received from Mr. and

York December 12th, for Dumfries, Scotland.] Mrs. Armstrong reports a delightful teip, enjoying the ocean trip immensely most of the way. When about 500 miles out, children and herself still well and able for their four meals per day, her only regret being that Mr. Armstrong is not enjoying the trip as yet. Tuesday 14th, the sea rough but just formation given that only a small another trying to walk around. The occupied last and Grant's exploits again touched out of repair.—Should have gone 360 evening. miles per day, per record. Wednes-What a change! Only three days day 15th. Passengers on deck every

told of a new clime and yet we were board and some rough ones. Mr. A. under the stars and stripes. The sick again on account of the rough sea, colored schools and white teachers and missed dinner and supper again. An the difficulties connected therewith awful night, the boat heaving high out were ably dealt with and Booker T. of the water. A lot more sick and only Washington spoken of repeatedly in making 212 miles to day. Friday calhis excellent work among his fellows. mer. In the evening we attended a and a ten cent dinner will be served. OFFICE The common people seemed to possess concert given by a professor on board A cordial invitation extended to all. the nature of children as a proof of which was splendid. Many kinds of which they would purchase clocks and musical instruments and excellent evening from Deputy Great still be unable to tell time by them. playing and singing with piano Sunday of Port Huron, that he

There was such a swell that the the Maccabees and instan New Orleans and the Mardi Gras fes- boat tipped dreadfully and those of us cers.

short an acquaintance and no doubt the A hurried trip was then made across voyage was all too short for them. We ing reference was made to the old sol- to St. Augustine, Fla., back through were up before daylight next morning dier who had visited Dixie for his Georgia, Chattanooga and back to just in time to catch a glimpse of Ailsa Michigan where farmers were just com- | Craig, a huge rock, and as we sailed up the Clyde to Greenock the boat ceased The battle has been fought. We to roll and the scenery was grand, bebelow zero and the snow was five feet have no more slavery. Let us come youd description. Passing the custom house officer with on honorable "all right" we took a tug for Greenock, where the Anchor line had a train ready for the passengers for Glasgow. Arriving at Glasgow at noon and at Dumfries at 4:30, father being there to meet us, but missing him, we took a cab ar-

riving at New House first, finding my mother very much reduced and a great sufferer, but overjoyed to see us and it s "home, sweet home" although the ountry I see some changed in the past ifteen years and all the people say we Americans are ruining this country I find a great difference between the two countries in many respects. They will never be alike although having things in common to a considerable extent. Mrs. Armstrong is delighted with the change, for she left winter and

onjoys seeing the flowers growing here but thinks we cut too often for her comfort. A. Armstrong.

For a pain in the chest a piece of flanel dampened with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bound on over the seat of the pain, and another on the back between the shoulders, will afford prompt relief. This is especially valuable in cases where the pain is caused by a cold and there is a tendency toward pneumonia. For sale by T. H. Fritz.

It is not a mark of culture or good breeding to become offended on trival provocations. It is not well to take of fense unless offense is intended. Often 12.24 things that are displeasing to you and yet be entirely innocent of the fact. In deed did he know it he would not entertain the thought for a moment, and did he afterward become cognizant of the word that grieves was intended to injure and better still cover the hurt with kindly words and happy thoughts Life is too short to stumble over every unevenness in its pathway.

> She (ironically, as her steady company opens the door after a lingering session)-"Is the light out, George? He-"No, but that's what it would be if the governor should happen on the scene about now."—Boston Courier.

All parties owing me on book ac count and past due notes are earnestly requested to settle same at once, as and Chimneys will must have settlement.

12 24-tf Yours Truly, E. McKim.

Dog fancier-"Yes, madame, I have that the Gulf of Mexico once reached must settle on or before the first day all kinds of dogs here. Is there any The Mississippi became a drainage accounts will be put in lawyers hands (who reads the papers)-"Oh, anything that's fashionable. Lemme see an ocean greyhound."-New York Weekly.

James Quinn is home from the Do minion

Clare Purdy Sundayed at his parent-

al home, Caro. The Foresters initiated 9 applicants

Saturday night. M. F. Denyes, of Caro, was in town Monday on business.

John Palmer Sundayed at home in Caro, returning Monday. A hop was held at the Washington

House Tuesday evening.

Masonic Lodge at Cass City Saturday The Foresters served supper after their installation Thursday evening at

Quinn & Co's saw mill started Wed nesday cutting cedar shingles and perhaps will cut two million during the

The M. P. Church in the Heron district was dedicated Sunday and placed out of debt. The choir from here went to their assistance.

A whole lot of the lady Bees "and some drones" from here attended the installation of officers of the Cass City Hive Tuesday evening.

Shell Kinyon and wife, of Ellington, and R. S. Brown and wife, of Gagetown, were the guests of I. Waid-

ley and wife, of Elmwood, Sunday. The Episcopal Ladies' Aid will meet OAK AND BIRD'S EYE maple logs wanted first quality. 1-14 H. L. PINNEY. with Mrs. Geo. Wald, Sr. next Thursday

A telegram was received Sa+ Saturday evening to

We have many kinds, but only one-Brant's Cough Balsam—that we can conscientiously recommend.

"It is the best I ever used." Charles K. Farmer, Pipestone, Mich. We warrant it—25 cents. Sold by T. H. Frltz, druggist.

All Persons owing me are requested to settle up at once

J. H. STRIFFLER. CASTORIA.

Fresh Stationery at this office.

All persons owing me on account, are requested to call and settle by cash or note at once. E. F. MARR.

CASTORIA.

New supply of Photo Mounting board just received at the Enterprise office.

WANTED-FAITHFUL MEN OR WOMEN TO WANTED—FAITHFUL MEN OF WORLD TO travel for responsible established house in Michigan. Salary \$78 and expenses. Position permanent. Reference. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. The National, Star Insurance Chicago. 11-25-26

Renew your subscription.

Cass City Markets.

CASS CITY, Jan. 14, 1897. Rye....Barley, per 100 lbs.....

Apples per bu..... gs per doz.... Lambs, live weight Tallow, per lb.... per lb. sed, per lb.

MARKETS AT ROLLER MILLS. White Lily Flour.....\$ 2.35 cwt Feed...... Meal....

BURNS without

GLOBE CHIMNEY at a cost of ONE CENT for TEN HOURS' Light

38 The saving on Oil in one year pay for a Lamp. Send for Catalogue. Please mention this paper.

Address

HITCHCOCK LAMP CO. Watertown, N. Y.

GAGETOWN.

BUY YOUR

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES

FAIRWEATHER.

There will be no degree work at the where you get everything at LOW PRICES, You will find it pays. We have a few of those Penny Handkerchief's left. In DRESS GOODS AND SILKS we know we can suit you all. Our Hosiery and Underwear Department for Ladies' and Children can't be beat. Our Draperies and Linens are "out of sight." Do not fail to look over our Notion Depart-

W. A. FAIRWEATHER.

3-CENT COLUMN.

Advertisements will be inserted under thin heading for three cents per line each week.

HOUSE TO RENT-Four rooms, Houghton Street east. Apply to F. HULBERT, at Roller Mills.

ss City Bank.

SALE—Well bred horse. Must go DANA LOSEY. ls' livery barn R WOMEN TO

ory.

LYANGELICAL—Services. .n with Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Pre. ching services 10:30 a. m. and 7:00 p. m. Y. P. A. meeting 6:15 p. m. English services every Sunday evening. All are invited. REV. J. M. BITTNER. Pastor.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.—Preaching services at 10:30 a.m. and 7:00 p.m. Sunday. Class meetings follow morning service. Sunday schoo at 12 m. Junior League at 5:00 p.m. Epworth League at 6:00 p.m. Prayer-meeting at 7:30 or Thursday evening. Rev. J. W. Fenn, Pastor,

PRESBYTERIAN.—Sunday, preaching services 10:30 a. m. and 7:00 p. m. Sunday school a 12 m. Junior Endeavor at 3 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E at 6:00 p. m. Prayer meeting on Thursday even ing at 7:30. Rev. B. J. Baxter, Pastor.

PAPTIST—Preaching services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:00 p, m. on Sunday. Sunday school at 1: m. Prayer meeting on Thursday evening.
REV. C. D. ELDRIDGE. Pastor.

See our Line of

JEWELRY, SILVERWARE, WATCHES, CLOCKS, OPTICAL GOODS,

ETC. Before buying.

J. F. ____ HENDRICK

WEST END MEAT MARKET has opened up under new management

and solicits your trade. Fresh Meats, Sausage, Bologna, Oysters, Etc., Etc.

BROWNLEY

Tea! Tea!

Of all Teas we have the

25 and 30 cent Tea

in the Thumb and Oh! that elegant 10 and 15c Dust Tea it can't be beat. Try a 1b or 1/2 lb and be convinced. We guarantee all of our goods to give satisfaction.

H. B. FAIRWEATHER. Goods delivered in town

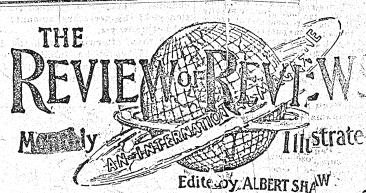
Dry Goods and Notions.

Ladies' and Gents' Silk, Lawn, and Linnen Handkerchiefs, Gents' Silk and Wool Neckscarfs, Ladies' and Children's Fascinators and Hoods, Table Napkins, Gents' Ties, Ladies' Belts, Side Combs, Table Spreads, Bed Spreads, Ladies' and Gents' Gloves and Mittens.

CUTLERY.

Pocket Knives, Scissors, Shears, Steel Knives and lorks, (nickle plated); Aluminum Spoons and Pocket Knives. Skites for IMen, Boys and Ladies, Boy's Axes, Graniware, Revolvers and Guns.

Lumber, Shingles and we bought and sold. Ber Eggs Wanted.



"If only one magazine can be talk, we would suggest than REVIEW OF REVIEWS, as vering more ground any other magazine."-Board Library comm oners of New Hampshire, 1896.

HIS magazine is, in its contributed and a artmental features, what its readers, who include the inost noted mames of the English-speaking world, are pleas to call "absolutely up to date," "thoroughly abreast of the mes." "invaluable," and "indispensable." It is profusely illa trated with timely portraits, views, and cartoons. Its original ar icles are of immediate interest, by the best authorities on their respecttve subjects. The Editor's "Progress of the World" gi a clear, rightly proportioned view of the history of the human race during the current month. The "Leading Articles of the Month " present the important parts of the best magazine articles that have been written in every part of the world. The newest and most important books are carefully reviewed. Indexes, chronological records, and other departments complete the certainty that the reader of the Review or Reviews will miss nothing of great . Send to Cents significance that is said or written or done in Stamps for Specimen Copy throughout the world

THE REVIEW OF REVIEWS CO., 13 Astor Place, New York. Single Copy 24. 1 Tea. June months, \$1.00 , Year, \$2.50.



We Will Send You

THE MICHIGAN FARMER

and

THE CASS CITY ENTERPRISE BOTH ONE YEAR FOR ONLY \$1.60.

You can find no Agricultural paper that will give you as much solid, practical matter devoted to the farm as The Michigan Farmer with its 20 pages filled each week with article from the most practical and successful farmers in the

The market reports are as complete and reliable as

time and money can make them. Send direct to The Michigan Farmer, Detroit, Mich., for a free sample copy.

Address all orders for subscription to Cass City Enter-