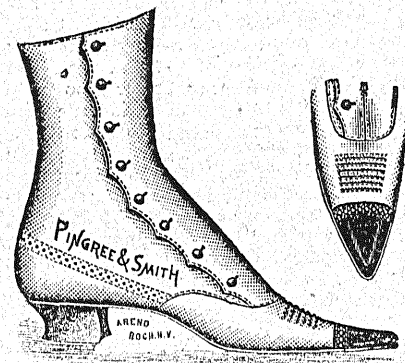


CASS CITY ENTERPRISE.

VOL. XV. NO. 42.

CASS CITY MICH., SEPT. 24, 1896.

BY A. A. P. McDOWELL.



Blackfast
TRADE MARK
WORSTEDS

AT COST
CLOTHING.

All Summer Suits at Cost.
Just received a new consignment of the famous Fast Black worsted.

Blackfast
TRADE MARK
WORSTEDS

J. D. CROSBY, THE SHOE and CLOTHING MAN

SHOES!
All the High Grade Low Cut Shoes at Cost.

New Goods.

Our Fall Stock is now Arriving.

—The Celebrated—

Happy Home Clothing

is better value this year than ever. We have an excellent line. Prices and quality can't be beat.

BOOTS AND SHOES

in the leading styles. All kinds and qualities. Hats and Caps in the new fall styles.

2 MACKS 2



When

you are thinking of purchasing an article you want the best.

That's Right.

Frost & Hebblewhite

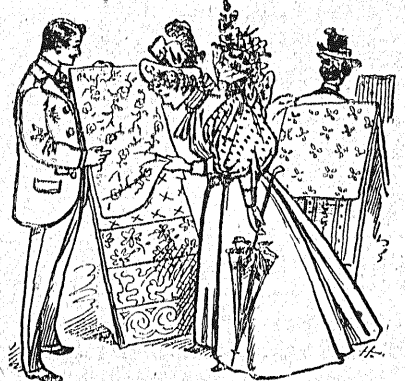
are to receive a large invoice

of

CAPES, JACKETS AND FALL GOODS

Saturday, September 26th. Call early and get a good article at a rock bottom price. Highest market price for Butter and Eggs.

FROST & HEBBLEWHITE.



A Chance

For Bargains in

Wall Paper.

5000 rolls to be closed out this fall to make room for next year's stock.

The fall is the best season of the year to paper.

A large assortment of the latest patterns to select from at prices that will pay you to take advantage of it.

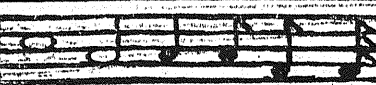
T. H. FRITZ'S, Pharmacist.

Brief but Expressive.

Ice cold—
Good as gold—
Cherry Ripe—
The story's told.

Smack your lips over the soda from our fountain. 5 cents a glass.

J. C. LAUDERBACH.



LENZNER gives 20 lessons on organ for \$8. One hour to one and one-quarter to each lesson. Pianos tuned. 5-15

Its value Recognized by Physicians.
As a rule I am opposed to proprietary medicines. Still I value a good one, especially when such is the source of relief from pain. As a topical (external) application I have found Chamberlain's Pain Balm the best remedy I have ever used for neuralgia of any kind. I have conscientiously recommended it to many persons. William Horne, M. D., Lancaster, Wis. Sold by T. H. Fritz, Druggist.

Caught on The Fly.

Read Hitchcock's new adv.
Fair Secretary's office first door west of 2 Macks.

Fred Hulbert is now employed at the Roller Mills.

L. J. Carroll, of Rescue, did business here Tuesday.

M. D. Mills, of Novesta, did business here yesterday.

Edward L. Teskey of Wilmot, was in town on Monday.

Miss Edith Bond visited friends at Fairgrove last week.

The Roller Mills began grinding buckwheat this week.

Mrs. Bert Tanner has been seriously ill, but is now improving.

J. W. Heller, of Charlotte, visited his brother, C. W., this week.

The new adv. of T. H. Fritz talks about wall paper. Read it.

Geo. F. Jones, of Ovid, is visiting his son, Orrin K., for a few days.

W. B. Predmore, of Kingston, called on friends here on Saturday.

Joe Reuter, of Pontiac, smiled on old friends here on Saturday.

Miss Gertrude Conley, of Caseville, is the guest of Miss Mary Edgar.

What's the matter with the Cass City ball team? They're all right.

Mrs. C. Tims now occupies the living rooms over Carr's furniture store.

Mr. and Mrs. Rich. Parr, Sen., of Beaufort, were in town on Monday.

Miss Annie Scripture spent part of last week with friends near Argyle.

J. D. Allen, of Novesta, was a pleasant caller at our office on Tuesday.

Clerk Learn, of Fritz's Pharmacy, spent Sunday at his home in Marlette.

Miss Lizzie Beach has returned from Saginaw to visit her home at this place.

Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Keating visited the latter's home near Uby on Sunday.

Mrs. J. C. Laing visited at Caro last week and also the Indian camp meeting.

London, Eno & Kesting have commenced work on T. H. Fritz's residence on Seegar street.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Stanley, of Leesburg, Ind., are visiting the latter's sister, Mrs. D. P. Deming.

Karr, the furniture dealer, tells you of some wonderful bargains in his line this week. See his adv.

The Epworth League will run a lunch counter and stand on the Fair grounds during the Fair.

The new feed grinder at the Roller Mills is now in running order and giving perfect satisfaction.

J. A. McDougall has been wrestling with an attack of rheumatism for some time but is now improving.

Printer's ink in good doses, and backed up by goods advertised will always bring merited success.

Pres. Wade, of the North Branch Fair Association, was here last Thursday in the interests of the Fair.

If you want nice clean stationery at moderate prices we are prepared to furnish it. None better can be procured.

A. J. Knapp has returned to town and may be seen in his former position at J. D. Crosby's shoe and clothing store.

The prizes to be given for the bicycle races at the Fair next week are on exhibition in the window of J. L. Hitchcock.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Zinnecker, and little daughter, of Owendale visited friends here the latter part of last week.

The first Union Silver meeting will be held in the Town Hall on Saturday evening. Good speakers will be present.

Get your membership ticket for the Fair of Treasurer Wickware, who has charge of that department. Come early, etc.

The Ladies' Reading Circle met at Mrs. Schooley's last Friday evening and Prof. Masselink gave his first lecture on astronomy.

Preaching service will be held at the Leech school house next Sunday at 3 p. m. Pastor C. D. Eldridge will conduct the meeting.

The ENTERPRISE will be published early next week. Advertisers wishing to change their advs. please hand them in Monday forenoon.

A. G. Purdy, living one and one-half miles north of Kingston has rented his farm and will sell his farm stock and implements on Tuesday, Sept. 29th, at one o'clock. A. A. McKenzie, auctioneer.

Themes for next Sunday at the Baptist Church. Morning, "Working out Salvation;" evening, "The Jailor Saved." All are cordially invited.

Harrison, the tailor, calls attention in his adv. this week to several important points to be considered in purchasing a suit of clothes.

Mrs. Amos Predmore, who now makes it her home with Mrs. W. Weydemeyer, at Turner, Mich., is visiting Hon. J. C. Laing and family.

Next Sunday evening the Y. P. A. will give another one of their entertainments at the Evangelical Church. A fine program will be given. All are invited.

M. Dew, of the Cass City Foundry, has secured an order from Roehm & Davidson, wholesale hardware dealers of Detroit, for a large quantity of sleigh shoes.

A movement is now on foot in Detroit to adopt the single standard time, instead of standard and local as now used. Why not make it general and do the same here?

During the warm season, the P. O. & N. R. R. have iced twenty-six cars at this place for perishable merchandise shipped from this point and two were iced for Pigeon.

Remember the cash prizes offered by C. W. Heller, of the Roller Mills, for the best sample of wheat at the Fair and the largest grist brought in next week. Mill open day and night.

Jas. B. Tindall has purchased the office building which stood just west of the planning mill on Main Street, and has had it moved to his property on Pine Street, to be used as a barn.

Secretary of the Fair, J. B. McGillray, has his office in the building on the north side of Main Street, formerly occupied by Jas. Reagh as a clothing store. Drop in and make your entries early.

When you patronize our merchants don't be afraid to tell them that you saw their adv. in the ENTERPRISE. By so doing you will confer a favor upon the merchant as well as upon the ENTERPRISE.

A special train runs to Bad Axe tomorrow to accommodate those wishing to attend the Fair. Fare, \$1; returning train leaves Bad Axe at six o'clock standard time. Starts from Cass City at 8:35 a. m.

Mrs. Wm. Wallace is having her Seegar Street residence raised and placed upon a more substantial stone foundation. Martin Anthes and crew are doing the work. Other improvements will also be made.

Rev. J. M. Bittner left on the Tuesday morning train for Toledo, O., where he will spend a week or ten days with his parents. He will also attend the ministerial convention of Monroe District, held at Ida, Mich.

The Junion Endeavor of the Presbyterian Church, assisted by some of the best musical talent in town, are preparing an entertainment to be given at the Town Hall on Wednesday evening, Sept. 30th.

On Friday evening last, a number of the relatives of Mrs. Ed. Eno gave her a very pleasant surprise, the occasion being her birthday. She was the recipient of several nice presents and a very enjoyable evening was spent.

Do you like the neighbor who is eternally borrowing tools and forgetting to bring them back? Of course you don't. Then why borrow their ENTERPRISE? Twenty-five cents will bring it to your address until January. Subscribe.

John C. Wheeler, of Evergreen, accompanied by his two daughters, Alice and Mrs. Kitchen, went to Capac Tuesday to attend the funeral of his oldest son, Willis, who died with typhoid fever at that place Monday.

Farmers will get down to the first table yet and don't you forget it. They are getting there as fast as anybody. But allowing the ENTERPRISE to stop is letting the scraps and crumbs fall on the floor. Come now, renew.

J. A. Waldon, who has been assisting in the ENTERPRISE office for some time took his departure for Rochester, N. Y., on Thursday afternoon last, via Detroit, where he will spend a few days with friends before proceeding further.

Prof. G. Masselink gave his second lecture on astronomy before the Ladies' Reading Circle on Monday evening, that society having changed their night of meeting from Friday to Monday. The ladies speak very highly of the lectures.

Postmaster Ale informs us that he will set aside a certain space in the postoffice building to be used for the posting of legal notices, political posters, irrespective of party affiliations, and such other advertising matter as may be in circulation.

The severe frost of Saturday evening changed the aspect of vegetation generally, and many a promising blossom was nipped in the bud. How extensive the damage we have not learned but it must have done considerable injury to the unharvested crops.

M. M. Wickware and N. C. Monroe left Monday morning for Detroit to resume their studies in the Detroit College of Medicine. Mrs. H. C. Edwards left the same day for the Michigan School of Medicine at Detroit to complete her medical course.

Printer's ink properly used, will get customers over the threshold, nothing more. When the customer is inside the store it is the duty of the proprietor to see that he is properly waited upon and that the statements made in the advertisements are carried out.

Owing to the disagreeable weather and the inability of Rev. Fenn to be present on account of illness, the entertainment at the Bethel church which was to have been given last Friday evening, was postponed one week, when it is hoped there will be a good turnout.

W. J. Albertson brought to our office on Friday two specimens of apples which were from the orchard of B. Webster, of Elmwood, and were of the Wealthian variety. The larger of the two was fourteen and one-half inches in circumference and the other was but a trifle less.

George Heberton, living on section 10, Evergreen, died on Monday, Sept. 21st, aged eighty-seven years and nine months. He was a native of New Edinburgh, Scotland, and came here in 1875. Four daughters and one son survive him. The funeral takes place to-day and the remains will be interred in the Evergreen cemetery. Rev. Davis officiated.

Rather unfortunately, the North Branch Fair comes on the same dates as our own—Sept. 29 to Oct. 2 inclusive. No one in particular is to blame therefore, but it is hoped that a repetition of the mistake may be avoided by forming a sort of a fair circuit, taking in at least Bad Axe, Cass City, Caro and North Branch, to arrange dates, etc. We are in receipt of the usual press courtesies from the North Branch association.

It will pay you to remember that when at the Fair you can drop in and subscribe for the ENTERPRISE and 'twill only cost you 25c. to Jan. 1st. We might also add that there are quite a number who have not yet paid up on the old score. We have not pressed the matter owing to the closeness of the times but we would esteem it a favor if you would call during the Fair and settle these small amounts and begin anew. 'Nuff sed.

Saturday was the birthday of Mrs. E. K. Wickware. In the evening a goodly number of her friends gathered and succeeded in gaining admission to her residence while she was busily engaged in the millinery rooms, making the surprise a complete one. However, it was none the less agreeable. The visitors had provided an abundance of good things to eat and the evening hours sped merrily away. May she have many happy returns of the day.

In some unconceivable way, the rumor has been set afloat that the T. H. & S. Fair Asso. would charge \$2 for a membership ticket this year, and even some of our own townspeople have believed the report without making any effort to ascertain its correctness. It is entirely without foundation, and anyone may obtain a membership ticket for the Cass City Fair for the usual fee of \$1. Secure your ticket early of the treasurer, H. S. Wickware.

Under the heading of "A new Danger to Public Health," the state board of public health has issued a circular urging physicians to guard mild cases of sore throat, in many of which, it is claimed, the Loeffler, or diphtheria bacillus, is present. A dangerous communicable disease, similar to diphtheria but in which the Loeffler bacillus is not found, is said to be known to physicians and bacteriologists. The board therefore urges upon the medical fraternity the necessity for carefully guarding all cases of sore throat.

Cass City sent a strong delegation to the Union Silver county convention in Caro on Monday. There was a large attendance and the following ticket was placed in nomination: For probate judge, T. J. Eveland, of Mayville; sheriff, Henry Dodge, the Elmwood post; clerk, Jas. McPherson, of Tuscola; treasurer, Jas. Colling, of Watertown; recorder of deeds, J. A. McDougall, of Cass City; prosecuting attorney, W. J. Gamble, of Caro; circuit court commissioner, Lloyd L. Axford; coroners, Drs. Clark and LeValley. We wish our townsman success in the contest.

The superintendent of Farmers' Institutes for Michigan, Kenyon L. Butterfield, has caused to be placed on our desk a copy of the authorized report for the winter of '95-'96. It states concisely the aims and objects of the institutes, gives reports of the various trips and is replete with valuable information on such topics as "Stock-feeding," "Fruit Culture for Profit," "The Silo and Ensilage," "Peppermint Culture," "Kitchen Economy," and many other subjects of vital importance to the farmer. It speaks in highly complimentary terms of the institute at Caro last winter.

At a regular council of the order of the Star of Bethlehem on Monday evening, the following officers were elected: Past com., S. Jamieson, com., Wilson Harrison; vice-com., Lady Perkins; scribe, Geo. E. Perkins; treasurer, Jos. Wallace; marshal, Jas. W. Armstrong; chaplain, Lady Sherman; I. S., Lady Hillman; O. S., Frank Herr. Past Commander Jamieson was chosen as a delegate to attend the Grand Council in Detroit and left on yesterday morning's train for that purpose. The order is one of the youngest in town and yet has a creditable membership and is in a prosperous condition.

On Saturday afternoon last, according to previous announcements, a Union Silver caucus was held in the Town Hall. Three sets of delegates were elected. First, six delegates to the Populist county convention, who were: I. K. Reid, J. S. McArthur, E. C. Beach, Rev. C. D. Eldridge, A. E. Bolton, Geo. Predmore. Second, six delegates to the Union Silver county convention: J. W. Gordon, Wm. Hebblewhite, J. B. McGillray, Geo. Perkins, J. W. Muma and John A. McDougall. Lastly six delegates to the representatives convention to be held Oct. 5th: M. Gulic, D. M. Houghton, O. C. Wood, Jas. Dillman, Alex. Gillies and D. Tyo. A township committee was appointed consisting of J. W. Gordon, E. Karr and E. A. McGeorge.

Shortly after noon on Monday the sad news reached town that the infant child of Jos. Pettinger, who lives on the Neil McLarty farm about two and one-half miles south of town, had been burned to death. The mother had put the little one to sleep and about ten o'clock went over to one of the neighbors. Mr. Pettinger, with two other men, were at work in the bean field some little distance from the house. Not long after, J. H. Ferguson, in driving past, noticed a smoke coming from the opposite side of the house and after watching it a while saw the flames burst through the siding. He at once gave the alarm to the men in the field and then drove to the adjoining farm of Mr. Jacoby for more help. When Mr. Pettinger reached the house it was so filled with smoke that it was well nigh impossible to enter at all, but with the help at hand quite a bit of the contents was saved. Not knowing that the child was in the house, but supposing it was with its mother, it was some little time before it was discovered and not until life was extinct. It is supposed, however, that it was suffocated and did not suffer to any extent, neither was it burned very badly. It is a sad affliction for the parents and they have the sympathy of all.

Yesterday morning, we were privileged with an interview with Herb Frutchey, of the firm of A. Frutchey & Co., wholesale dealers in eggs, and obtained some facts and figures regarding the extent of their business which we are certain will be of interest to our readers. Two wagons are kept on the road almost the entire year, the above mentioned gentleman and Wm. Kile having charge of that branch of the business. At the egg house, south of the depot, Chas. and Ben Hurr and Frank Kile are kept busy candling and preparing for shipment. By reference to the books at the depot we learn that since the first of March, this year, the firm have shipped from this point 6,100 crates of eggs. They have 1,100 on hand and expect to receive from 300 to 400 more before the end of the month. The crates used are of two sizes, one holding thirty dozens and the other thirty-six. This then will mean that for the seven months—March to September inclusive—they will have shipped from Cass City 235,000 dozens of eggs, for which they have estimated that they have paid out over \$25,000. They have also shipped some 400 crates from Gagetown, Dryden and other points, not included in the above reckoning. These figures look large but are authentic, as can be vouched for by Station Agent Edgar. Who said the egg industry was not valuable to our country?

Photo. Mounting Board for sale at the ENTERPRISE Office.

The first Republican rally of the campaign was held in the Town Hall on Tuesday evening. There was quite a large crowd in attendance, composed of voters from all parties and a large representation of ladies. Jas. D. Brooker was chairman of the occasion and introduced the speaker, Col. W. L. Visscher, of Chicago, who did his best to entertain and instruct his audience. His efforts, however, did not appear to be very thoroughly appreciated. While all were ready to concede that the Col. was a jolly good fellow and a genial conversationalist, he seemed somewhat out of his latitude on the public platform in discussing the issues of the day. At the close of the address a number of names were added to the McKinley club and the gathering broke up with cheers for McKinley, the speaker and Bryan, the latter proposed by one of the crowd. At a later hour, some in terchanges of views were made at the Tennant House, in which several took part, but everyone maintained their equilibrium and no doubt gained some knowledge on various points. We would respectfully suggest to our readers that they listen respectively to as many of the public speeches as it is possible for them to attend and endeavor to form unbiased and unprejudiced opinions. All turn out!

Huron county republicans Tuesday nominated a county ticket. Complete harmony prevailed. Although there was a spirited contest over the office of judge of probate, no ill-feeling resulted. The nominations were made unanimous. The following is the ticket: Representative, J. B. Madill, of Uby; sheriff, Charles McLean; clerk, E. H. Swain; treasurer, Henry Neuman; register of deeds, G. A. Flach; prosecuting attorney, H. L. Chipman; for the office of judge of probate, eight ballots were necessary, with seven candidates in the field. It resulted in the selection of Charles E. Thompson; circuit commissioners, D. W. McLean and William L. Doyle; surveyor, Duncan McFadden; coroners, Dr. Otto Frenzell and Dr. Fleckenstein.

WILMOT.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Molton, a son. Born, to Mr. Zimpkey and wife, a son. Chas. Rolph returned home last week.

Addie Waldie moved to this place on Monday.

Miss Lily Ford started for Hadley Saturday.

Miss Ina Evert visited Frank Hart's folks last week.

Mr. Barnes folks are all getting better than they were.

Mr. Ronald and wife spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Roson.

Mr. Elliot has improved his place by building a fence around his lot.

Mr. and Mrs. Clothier visited relatives near Marlette on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Dubois returned Sunday evening from a short visit to Saginaw and vicinity.

Our new M. E. minister, Mr. Desjardins, preached his first sermon here on Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. Fred Green and Mrs. Evert drove to Caseville on Thursday and returned home on Monday.

Quite a number from this place went to the Indian camp meeting which was held near Caro on Sunday.

Mrs. Dodge returned to Marlette last Wednesday, after a week's visit with her parents Mr. and Mrs. Westerby.

The one-year-old child of Len Barnes died Wednesday about 12 o'clock. The funeral was held at the house on Sunday.

Mrs. Frank Westerby returned home Sunday from a week's visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Hulford, living west of Gagetown.

Bicycle For Sale.

One good 1896 pattern bicycle for sale. Enquire at this office.

Settle Up.

My customers having book accounts are hereby notified that I must have settlement either by cash or not on or before Oct. 1st. Prompt attention requested. 9-24-3 E. McKim.

NOTICE.

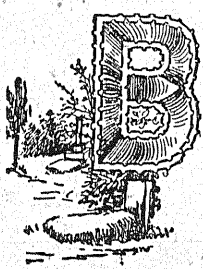
All bills for Twine will be due Sept. 20th. All other book accounts will be due Oct. 1st. I will expect settlement on or before said dates. Books will be closed Oct. 1st. All purchases after that date must be settled for at time of purchase by cash or note. 9-17-2 W. J. CAMPBELL

See the samples of Paper Napkins at the ENTERPRISE Office.

TEMPERANCE CORNER.

"LOOK NOT UPON THE WINE WHEN IT IS RED."

"The Hand That Rocks the Cradle Is the Hand That Rules the World"—Alcohol in the Sick Room—How Drunkards Are Made.



LESSINGS on the hand of woman—

Angels guard her strength and grace; In the cottage, palace, hotel, O, no matter where the place! Would that never storms assailed it; Rainbows ever gently curled; For the hand that rocks the cradle Is the hand that rocks the world.

Infancy's the tender fountain; Power may with beauty flow; Mothers first to guide the streamlet, From their souls unstringing grow. Growing on for good or evil, Sunshine streamed or darkness hurried.

For the hand that rocks the cradle Is the hand that rocks the world.

Women, how divine your mission Here upon our natal sod; Keep, O keep the young heart open Always to the breath of God! All true trophies of the ages Are from mother love imperiled; For the hand that rocks the cradle Is the hand that rocks the world.

Blessings on the hand of women! Fathers, sons and daughters cry, And the sacred song is mingled With the worship of the sky—Mingled where no tempest darkens Rainbows ever more are curled; For the hand that rocks the cradle Is the hand that rocks the world. —William Ross Wallace.

Alcohol in the Sick Room.

Sir Benjamin Ward Richardson, in a recent magazine article, puts forward a strong plea for the protection of the sick nurse from temptations to the use of alcohol. He backs his argument of the inutility of alcohol by an appeal to experience: "Over twenty years ago the experiment was tried of establishing a hospital in London where there should be no stimulants used by anybody—neither the nurse nor patient. The London Temperance Hospital was established, and has been maintained, with clearest evidence that for both patient and nurse alcohol is absolutely unnecessary. During the whole of that long period alcohol has only been administered to the sick of this institution seventeen times, and then with no benefit, while by the nurses who have been employed in attending the sick it has been utterly ignored; yet everything has gone on better than could have happened if a spring of alcohol had been near the hospital, and had supplied it, and if anybody connected therewith had been treated, at pleasure, as they might have been with the water. The sick have never suffered; on the contrary, the sick have been benefited largely by the abstinence. It would be a mere pretense to say that every sick person who has gone into the hospital has recovered or has benefited personally; that indeed would be preposterous for sickness is the same there as elsewhere—a severe scourge; but it is quite right to say that the balance in favor of the hospital is as evenly good as in any other place in which the sick have been, and it is a broad and steady fact that the nursing system has been exemplarily grand. Nurses in this institution are subject to the same anxieties as in any other. They work hard, they watch closely, they keep the same memoranda, they live in the same manner, they do the same thing as nurses do everywhere; and they undergo the same training. They never touch alcohol, nor lift themselves up to the duties that lie before them by the supposed benefits of it, but they do well, and perform soundly and accurately all the duties that are imposed upon them. I have been cognisant with these duties for some years past, and I have been cognisant of the duties of the sick nurse for half a century, and I am bound to say I never saw those duties so well performed as when the nurse was removed altogether from the stimulus of alcohol. The abstinent nurse is the best of all nurses."

How Drunkards Are Made.

How are drunkards made? In various ways. Here is one. "Now, you watch those children. They'll drink half that beer before they get home, and their mother will scold me for not giving a good pint, and I've given scarcely a quart," said the bar tender of a New York saloon the other day, referring to two little girls of six and eight, thinly clad, who came for a pint of beer. The reporter did watch the little ones. They had scarcely got outside the saloon door when the one that carried the pail lifted it to her lips and took a draught. Then her companion enjoyed a few swallows. A little further on they entered a tenement house half way, and both again took a sip. "I have lots of such customers," said the bar tender, when the reporter returned to the saloon to light his cigar. "Girls and boys and women form half our trade. We call it family trade. It pays our expenses. Our profits come from the drinkers at the bar. But I tell you what—half the children who come here drink. That's how drunkards are made. Their parents send

them for beer. They see the old folks tattle, and begin to taste the beer themselves. Few of the children who come in here for beer or ale carry a full pint home. Sometimes two or three come in together, and if you'll watch them you'll hear one begging the one who carries the pail for a sip. We must sell it, however, when their parents send for it. We are bound to do so. Business is business. We don't keep a temperance shop."—New York Herald.

Public Defence of Law.

In the following extract from an address by R. H. Patten, there is food for very serious thought on the part of all who love the land we live in and believe in the enforcement of its laws: "On a recent Sabbath, in Springfield, I saw opposite Reich's Brothers' brewery almost a hundred men wearing the uniform of the state of Illinois, gathered about beer kegs, drinking the contents, the sale of which was unlawful, in the presence of thousands of people passing by on the public street cars. When the boys in blue, who wear the insignia of the State of Illinois, and who are our last resort for law and order, are bold enough to publicly show complicity with the law defying sellers of beer, I ask how can we expect a healthy public respect for our laws to prevail? The liquor traffic is law defying, is rebellious and anarchistic, and is, in its school houses of infamy, educating the people in disrespect of law and all men who seek its enforcement. It gathers around it as its allies in crime the gambling den and brothel, both of which are tolerated and fostered in defiance of law, because of the political power of the three combined in municipal elections. This state of affairs has become so well recognized that we hear no excuse for its existence any more scarcely, except that it can't be prevented!"

Sobriety Means Long Life.

Day by day, week by week, here a little and there a little—now a trifling incident, and then a trifling illustration is afforded us of the tendency to outlive their fellows exhibited by those who have strength of mind enough to abstain from intoxicating drinks. If there be any strength whatever in evidence—unless we are to ignore altogether these influences which induce us to decide in other matters—the most bigoted must admit that the facts are all against the drink; and that the evidence has long ago reached such a point that those who continue to drink have no excuse except that they are fond of it; and that is no valid excuse whatever. The evidence increases daily and has long ago convinced all but those who obstinately adhere to the habit because they like the drink; and many even of them are sufficiently convinced, but do not follow their convictions in this any more than they do in other matters in which reason pulls one way, and degraded, perverted human nature pulls in the opposite direction.

A Liquor Advertisement.

The Mirror, a commercial journal published in Berlin, contains an advertisement, "Important to wine merchants, distillers, spirit dealers, etc., in which we read: 'For the production of all kinds of spirits and various wines, we beg to offer our highly concentrated extracts and carefully compounded essential oils, with which, and by means of which, excellent products can be made after our recipes in the most simple (cold) way, for which we undertake any guarantee, and mention in particular that rum, holland, whisky, brandy, gin, etc., made from our preparations, and after long storage, cannot be distinguished, or at least with great difficulty, from the genuine articles.'

The After Effects.

The immediate effect of a moderate amount of alcohol is, says a writer in the North American Review, a feeling of increased vigor. Ideas are increased in quickness, but lose in concentration. The system soon demands the stimulant more frequently. Abstinence is followed by suffering. The hand loses its steadiness, the brain its clearness. Insomnia adds to the drain on nervous forces, and the patient instinctively resorts for relief to the poison which is the direct cause of his condition. In time these symptoms become intensified, and evidences of chronic degeneration manifest themselves.

An Object in Life.

The aimless in life are to be pitied. They drift with the current. They are of little account to themselves or to society. A worthy object is essential to bring out the best that is in us. The man of high and useful ideals, intent upon their realization, is full of push and energy. He gets the most out of existence, and gladdens, enriches, inspires and helps as he has opportunity.

The Little Circle in Which He Lives.

Each one of us is bound to make the little circle in which he lives better and happier. Each one of us is bound to see that out of that small circle the widest good may flow. Each one of us may have fixed in his mind the thought that out of a single household may flow the influences that shall stimulate the whole commonwealth and the whole civilized world.—Dean Stanley.

Temperance Notes.

A Kansas City judge says that seven-tenths of the divorces are occasioned by whisky. "Six largest temperance societies in Japan have over 2,000 members each.

EDWARD J. PHELPS.

EX-MINISTER TO ENGLAND
TIRED OF DEMOCRACY.

It No Longer Represents His Views on the Leading Issues of the Age—Would Rob the Creditor With Free Silver Coinage.

Hon. Edward J. Phelps, ex-minister to England, has written the following letter, in which he urges all true democrats to join in defeating the candidates who stand on the un-democratic platform adopted at Chicago:

I regard the pending presidential election as presenting the most dangerous crisis that this country has ever encountered. It does not, in my judgment, involve any political controversy nor any question of the supremacy of party, for such considerations are lost sight of in the far greater gravity of the situation. The real issue is one upon which all patriotic men and all who are interested in the prosperity and welfare of the country should find themselves upon one side and opposed to a common enemy.

The attack that we have to resist is not upon the policy but upon the life of the nation, for they would take its life who destroy the means by which it lives—the business of many thousands and the industry of millions. On these we are all, whether rich or poor, high or low, alike dependent. These who are independently rich are very few in proportion to the 70,000,000 of American people, the vast majority of whom gain their living by some form or other of useful employment. That there should be prosperity in some of these employments and not in others, or among one class of people and not among others, is impossible, for they all rest among a common foundation and are affected by the same considerations. "Business" is a generic term and comprehends all lawful industries. When it is stimulated, all profit; when it is depressed, all suffer. No part of the body can escape the effect of a general paralysis or fail to get the benefit of general good health. When business flourishes, the laborer is in demand; when it declines, he stands idle in the market place.

Business of whatever sort in a country like ours, rich in resources, full of energy and vitality, with all harvests everywhere ready for the sickle, rests chiefly upon two factors—public confidence and a sound and stable currency. When either is—and much more when both are—impaired or even gravely threatened, business suffers, general depression comes, labor declines, and the wolf approaches many a door. Without confidence there can be no credit, no enterprise. Capital is hoarded, sent abroad, or lies idle, and all industries diminish or cease, and the surest way the world has ever seen to destroy confidence is to debase the currency and to make it uncertain from day to day how much a dollar is worth and how much it is going to count for in the near future—to take away, as is now proposed, one-half its value to begin with and to set the other half to fluctuating to an indefinite extent, with the rising and the setting of the sun and the approach of every storm.

There is, therefore, in my judgment, no man more criminal or who is more public enemy than he who engages in or countenances that infamous and destructive attempt, because the less a man has, or the less he earns, the more necessary it is to him that the value of that little should be maintained and made sure, and that the few dollars in his pocket should be as good dollars as there are. As well might the steerage passengers in a vessel in midocean, weary of their privations, be incited by some mischievous maker to scuttle the ship in order to drown the inmates of the more luxurious cabins, unconscious that they themselves must be equally the victims of the common calamity.

The party is already hopelessly disrupted on the issue presented. We cannot follow both its divisions at the same time, however desirable it might be, since they are moving in opposite directions. On the one side are the old time-honored principles of the party, under which all its great traditions have been generated, and which all its illustrious leaders have advocated. Chief and foremost among these principles always in times past has been the maintenance of sound and honest money, of dollars that are dollars, of a national stamp upon them that does not lie.

On the same side are its most trusted present statesmen and leaders, and a very large proportion at the least of its better and most instructed element. Which way shall we go, then, since we cannot go both ways? With its statesmen or with its camp followers? With its principles or with its organization stampeded and graded by its enemies? In which direction lies the future of the party if it is to have any future? And who are they who will control it hereafter, "when this tyranny shall be overpast"? Let no man be afraid to be right on this question, for it is the right that will triumph in the end, whether it reforms the party or destroys it.

"Free Coinage Problem."

"The Free Coinage Problem" is the title of a penny magazine or pamphlet, by Lewis N. Lembitz of Louisville, Ky. It contains one of the fairest and best discussions of the money question to be had at any price. It contains in very brief space and in simple language as much of the early history of money, especially in this country, as is necessary to understand the present situation. It discusses in a logical, unbiased and impartial manner the probable effects of the proposed free coinage legislation upon all classes

and especially upon farmers and wage-earners. It presents a vivid picture of the present hard lot of many farmers and shows what kind of money will be for their best interests.

This little 48-page magazine contains more of monetary history and facts and more of sound argument than many books which cost 100 times its price. It makes it possible for any intelligent laborer or farmer who can spare one cent to become well informed on the money question before he casts his vote. Ten or fifteen copies can be ordered at once for ten or fifteen persons. Otherwise it will cost two cents to send one cent. Address Present Problems Publishing Co., 57 Park Place, New York City.

Webster on Money and Wage Earners.

The very man, of all others, who has the deepest interest in a sound currency and who suffers most by mischievous legislation in money matters is the man who earns his daily bread by his daily toil. * * * His property is in his hands. His reliance, his fund, his productive freehold, his all, is his labor. Whether he work on his own small capital or another's, his life is still earned by his industry, and when the money of the country becomes depreciated and debased, whether it be adulterated coin or paper without credit, that industry is robbed of its reward. He then labors for a country whose laws cheat him out of his bread. I would say to every owner of every quarter section of land in the west, I would say to every man in the east who follows his own plow, and to every mechanic, artisan and laborer of every city in the country—I would say to every man, everywhere, who wishes by honest means to gain an honest living, "beware of wolves in sheep's clothing." Whoever attempts, under whatever popular cry, to shake the stability of the public currency * * * stabs your interests and your happiness to the heart.

Free Silver Doctors Disagree.

Presidential Candidate W. J. Bryan declared in his speech in New York City: "I am firmly convinced that by opening our mints to free and unlimited coinage at the present ratio (16 to 1) we can create a demand for silver which will keep the price of silver bullion at \$1.29 per ounce, measured in gold."

Judge W. S. McCain, of Little Rock, a free silver leader in Arkansas, differs from Mr. Bryan in his interpretation of the Popocratic platform. "I am sometimes asked," he says, "if I believe the remonetization of silver would increase its value so as to make the bullion in a silver dollar equal to the present gold dollar. I answer no. If I thought so, I would not waste time advocating the restoration of the unlimited coinage of silver. The sole object of remonetizing silver, as I understand it, is to secure a cheaper dollar with which to measure and regulate prices."

Here are two eminent financial doctors who agree in prescribing big doses of 16 to 1 pills, but widely disagree as to the results of the medicine. When the leaders of the free coinage agitation differ as to the effects of their scheme, how can they expect the people to believe that they know what they are talking about?

An Immutability Law of Trade.

It is not merely the money who like to buy things cheaply. No one cares to pay anything more for an article than he can help. Men who work for wages or on salaries naturally desire that their income should go as far as possible in the satisfaction of their wants. Farmers, too, in behalf of whom the plea for high prices is most frequently made, are not overfond of paying high prices for the things they buy. And they are buyers as well as sellers. The whole tendency of civilization is toward lower prices and higher wages.

The Gold Dollar and the Silver Dollar.

The value of every dollar earned by the wage-earner and paid to the farmer under the present conditions is 100 cents.

With the unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, the value of the dollar would sink to the price of the silver bullion in coin, containing 371 1/4 grains of pure silver, or about 51 cents.

Even if it were true that free coinage at 16 to 1 would raise the price of silver, how would that benefit the great majority of the American people? Not one person in a thousand owns a silver mine or has silver bullion for which he wants a higher price. But everybody wants to buy silver in the form of manufactured articles of use or ornament, and therefore wants it to be as cheap as possible. A scheme for making glassware or hardware dearer would not receive much favor from the consumers of those goods. Is it at all likely that the consumers of silver manufactures are anxious to pay more for them?

We cannot by law fix the value of either metal or coin or of any of the articles that enter into the wants of life. The great law of demand and supply affects the value as it does iron, copper or zinc. All have fallen in market value by means of new discoveries and improved methods of production.—Senator Sherman.

I hold sound, stable currency to be among the greatest encouragements to industry and business generally and an unsound and fluctuating—now expanding and now contracting, so that no honest man can tell what to do—as among the greatest discouragements.—John C. Calhoun, 1838.

IS OWNED BY HANNA.

M'KINLEY WILL NEVER BE OUR PRESIDENT.

He Endorsed Notes for \$118,000 While He Was Worth \$10,000 Only—Testimony from His Chief Organ in New York City.

Before the New York Sun became the slavish organ of McKinley and McKinleyism it had something to say of the man and his record. It frequently warned the republican party against the folly of nominating a candidate who was owned by a syndicate. On May 15 of this year the Sun gave the following summary of the situation, and of McKinley's subservience to Hanna, Kohlsaat and Herrick: "Most of the minor McKinley bosses who were sent here to protect McKinley is 'all right' on the money question went home yesterday. Their mission was fruitless, like the similar missions of John Sherman and Col. Charles H. Grosvenor. Neither has the callous clamor of H. H. Kohlsaat of Chicago that McKinley is sound on the currency had any weight here in New York. All that the minor McKinley bosses heard while in this territory was that the republicans of the great eastern states want a candidate for president 'who will be a safe man' was heard."

The minor McKinley bosses were disheartened over the result of their mission. They were chagrined also by a number of mighty awkward questions put to them as to the story concerning how McKinley's debts were paid.

McKinley while governor of Ohio was the silent partner of one Robert L. Walker of Ohio, and when Walker went to smash, on Feb. 17, 1893, McKinley, it was found, had indorsed \$118,000 of Walker's promissory notes. McKinley did this, although he was worth only \$10,000 in all this wide world. The eastern republicans could not understand such business methods, and they declared to the minor McKinley bosses that it was vitally essential this year to put up "a safe man," and they talked about "a safe man" until things were unpleasant for the minor McKinley bosses.

These minor bosses ascertained also that the eastern republicans knew how McKinley's debts were paid and by whom. Here it is in brief: Chief contributors to McKinley's debts. Chief bosses of McKinley's campaign.

Marcus A. Hanna, H. H. Kohlsaat, Myron T. Herrick, Myron T. Herrick.

In other words, the minor McKinley bosses learned on every hand that their candidate was spoken of as the "mortgaged candidate," mortgaged not only in untold promises of federal patronage, but mortgaged in other ways and by every tie of business and friendship to his three chief managers and syndicators, Hanna, Kohlsaat and Herrick, and to others. McKinley is the first aspirant for a presidential nomination to stand before the country loaded down with obligations, which after some fashion even he is bound to meet. The coterie of manufacturers and others who chipped in to pay his debts; the trio, Hanna, Kohlsaat and Herrick; their satellites, all do not live by bread alone. They must have their pound of flesh in return for past favors, even unto the finest grain. McKinley remains silent and docile in their hands; he is their creature, and after all the wanderings of the minor McKinley bosses in New York and elsewhere in the east, solid business republicans said yesterday that they were amazed at the audacity of Hanna, Kohlsaat and Herrick in springing such a candidate upon the country.

A candidate with a fortune of \$10,000 to indorse his silent partner's paper for \$118,000!

The eastern republicans naturally wanted to know what return is McKinley, if nominated and elected, to give Hanna and the others for their aid in paying his debts. It is as well known as anything on earth that Ohio politicians, and especially those in the republican camp, do not lift their little fingers for a soul without some promise of reward immediate or in the near future. Indeed, McKinley was spoken of as the "mortgaged candidate" for the reason that no candidate for president, not even McKinley, can in honor accept gratuities to the amount of \$118,000 from a set of men dependent upon federal legislation for further additions to their fortunes.

The eastern republicans declared it to be a detestable situation from beginning to end, and one that, to a certain extent, reflected on the whole party. But McKinley accepted the \$118,000 in gratuities, and there he stands in Canton to-day loaded down with these and a thousand other obligations which must be met if by accident he should be boosted into the white house chair. Thousands of business men have met with disaster within the last ten years. They displayed nerve and set to work to repair their fortunes. McKinley put himself in the hands of Hanna, Kohlsaat, Herrick and the others, and they hauled him out of the mire—not gratis. They lugged him to dry land, and with their eyes on the obligations under which he rested to them they set to work to boom him as their candidate for the presidential nomination.

War Veterans and Silver.

I am an ex-soldier and veteran and get a pension, which I deem a badge of honor. I am also a laborer, and of this I am not ashamed. Now, I wish to relieve these financiers' minds; they need not worry about our hardships if we come to free coinage and in consequence the free use of silver. I recognize in them the same gang that

worked night and day to depreciate greenbacks, the kind of money paid the soldiers, so they could get more bonds for their gold and silver. While the confederates were bombarding our front at Atlanta and other places they were firing into our rear to keep the war going; this meant more bonds for them. McKinley says in his letter of acceptance that silver is legal tender but we will stick to the gold standard. Prophet Sherman and others say our bonds are payable in gold. I ask when such bonds were issued. Harrison boasts in his speech of the great things that he and Grover did in paying gold and issuing \$280,000,000 of bonds. Bryan says we will use both metals, at 16 to 1. This, I think, is right. Then the gold standard fellows say this will drive out gold and make a premium on it. All right; this suits me. The higher the premium is the more our farmers and manufacturers are protected, as our great trade is with gold-standard Britain. I have always voted the republican ticket and would like to vote for Maj. McKinley, but he is in the wrong boat. I am for Bryan and honesty, against two kinds of dollars—one for the rich and one for the poor man. Comrades, come with me and vote as you shot from 1861 to 1865 and we will win. H. A. M. Company E, 12th Wisconsin Volunteers, Kilbourn City, Wis.

A Low Rate of Interest.

We are asked: "What reply would you make to a man who says that money loans for lower interest to-day than ever before? Does it loan for 4 per cent in England?"

The answer would be that it is not true except at financial centers, where money is congested, and that fact is conclusive evidence that the aggregate supply is too small.

When the volume of money is insufficient for the requirements of trade, prices always decline. With a decline of prices, profits of productive enterprise either diminish or entirely disappear. Then money is withdrawn from such enterprises and flows to the great cities, where it seeks permanent investment at low rates. Men having money would rather lend it on gilt-edged security at 3 or 4 per cent than to invest it in the operations of a factory, a mine, or a farm, on a falling market. In short, he will loan it at a low interest rate, where there is no chance of losing it, when he will not "sell" it at all. That is, he will not put anything with his money. He will hold it for the small interest he gets, and the rise in value of the principal which is returned to him. Plenty of money is loaned in England at 4 per cent, or less, for the reason given.

A Promise to Pay in Gold.

Still asked a question: If free silver triumphs would a man lose anything if he borrows \$10,000 to-day and agrees to pay two years from date in gold?

Certainly not. He could get the gold far more easily than he can now. This matter was quite fully explained in No. 29. The adoption of free coinage by the United States would make gold cheaper—its exchange value would be less. It would take a smaller quantity of other things to procure a gold dollar. This would be true whether gold and silver remained at a parity or not. At the present time our entire demand for coinage is concentrated upon gold. If the whole or any portion of that demand is withdrawn, gold must of necessity get cheaper.

Even though it should all retire from circulation, leaving us nothing but silver and paper as currency, this would still be true. Indeed if we stopped using gold altogether it would make it cheaper than if we only partly stopped.

Leagued Coercion.

It is very significant that few, if any, of the contributors to the Journal's campaign fund for the democratic party sign their names to the letters which accompany the contributions. This adds some corroborative evidence to the already convincing proof that the anti-Bryan forces, including most of the employers of labor and most of the bankers, have used their power over men's livelihoods and over men's finances to suppress free expression of conviction. Probably there was never before a campaign in which terrorism was so generally employed. The bankers and the employer join in giving "object lessons" and the man who dares speak his mind discovers suddenly that he has alienated two classes of men whose good opinion is necessary to his well being.—New York Journal.

Railway Men Charge Coercion.

Tonia, Mich., Special.—For three weeks the railroad shops in this city have been flooded with gold literature sent out by a railway publication. In addition to this they have received official circulars emanating from Master Mechanic Rupert's office of the Detroit, Lansing & Northern. These circulars advise the men to organize clubs. The railroad men say they will not be coerced into joining any club unless it is actually necessary to hold their jobs.

James G. Blaine:

"I believe gold and silver coin to be the money of the constitution. No power was conferred on congress to declare either metal should not be money. Congress has, in my judgment, no power to denigrate silver any more than to denigrate gold."

Democratic Federal office-holders who are dismissed from the service because of their loyalty to the party will make fine drawing cards on the stump. A cause that resorts to the suppression of free speech is in desperate straits.

Great Hood's

Sales naturally result from the great merit which makes the thousands of wonderful cures by

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. \$1. Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills. 25 cents.

"I was run over by a lumber wagon. Did not expect to live. Was terribly bloated. My friends bathed me with Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, and I was cured. We have great faith in Thomas' Electric Oil." Mrs. Wm. F. Babcock, Norvell, Jackson Co., Mich.

"I always recommend Dr. Fowler's Ext. of Wild Strawberry in cases of summer complaints and have never known it to fail. You may use my name." C. A. West, Druggist, Rainsborough, O.

A cheap summer trip—on a banana skin.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth. Be sure and use that old and well-remembered, MRS. WISLAW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for Children's Teething.

The fish which escapes from the hook seems always the largest.

WE WANT TO TELL YOU

Why Your Back is Lame—Why it Aches and Pains, and How to Cure it.

Do you know what it is to have a back that is never free from aches and constant pain, a lame back, a sore back, an aching back, in fact, a back that makes your life a burden? What have you done for it? And does it still keep you from the happiness that perfect health brings to all? We know full well if such is your condition a cure for it will be a blessing you no doubt desire. Plasters won't do it, but may assist in bringing strength. Liniment won't do it, for, while it may give temporary relief, it does not reach the cause. The cause, there's the point; there's where to make the attack. Most backaches come from disordered kidneys, therefore you must correct their action if you would be cured. Read the following from D. D. Cook, whose address is No. 18 Michigan Street, Grand Rapids. He says:—

"I have used Doan's Kidney Pills and wish to say it is a truly great medicine. Thirty years ago I had nervous prostration while in the army, where I served for over four years. I think it was during this service that the seeds were sown which have caused all my trouble. Severe bilious attacks bothered me, and at such times my kidneys were worse. It is almost impossible to describe the pain which so often lamed me. I have been so lame that to stand up after I had been sitting down required a great exertion. Walking was at times an impossibility, even at night I could not rest, being obliged to get up during the night. I heard of Doan's Kidney Pills and wondered if they could make an almost lame man well. I got some, and soon after taking them began to feel their good effects. I used them for some time, my lameness all left me and I have not felt it since. Doan's Kidney Pills have done me an inestimable amount of good." For sale by all dealers, price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

It a dog howls when some one leaves the house it indicates rain.



Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—rational efforts—made in the right direction. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the only remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

Featherbone

Edge S. H. & M. REGISTERED TRADE MARK

Ask for it the next time that you buy a BIAS VELVETEN SKIRT BINDING.

The featherbone fares and stiffens—the bias velveteen wears as only an S. H. & M. can wear. Especially suited for silk or wool petticoats.

If your dealer WILL NOT supply you we will.

Samples showing labels of materials mailed free. "Home Dressmaking Made Easy," a new 72-page book by Miss Emma M. Hooper, of the Ladies' Home Journal, tells in plain words how to make dresses at home without previous training; mailed for 25c. S. H. & M. Co., P. O. Box 609, N. Y. City.

We are the Print Dealers!

3,500 yards just received to-day, (Aug. 4th) from
4 cts. to 9 cts. per yard.

22 lbs dark brown Sugar.....	\$1.00	shipment of it coming soon we have
15 lbs granulated Sugar.....	1.00	about 1000 lbs of 30c and 40c teas on
10 lbs best Oatmeal.....	.25	hand that we will sell at greatly re-
3 cans Tomatoes.....	.25	duced prices.
4 lbs cleaned Currants.....	.25	30 cts for 18 cts lb or 6 lbs for \$1.00
7 bars Soap, (4 cts bar).....	.25	40 cts for 23 cts lb or 5 lbs for 1.00
1 lb Carmel Cereal, (makes 100		
cup fine coffee).....	.15	
3 packages Mince Meat.....	.25	
36 lbs Rice.....	1.00	
2 bottles mixed Pickles.....	.25	
6 packages Pearlina.....	.25	
3 " Ryana.....	.25	
Spices per lb.....	.25	
1 lb War Chop Tea 25 cts, 4 1/2 lbs 1.00		
(equal to any 40 cts tea on the		
market.)		
Our tea trade has been confined		
largely to War Chop for the past year		
and as we will have another large		

Bargains in Shoes

We are selling our goods as cheap as any one possibly
can and we simply ask an opportunity to prove it.

CASH, BUTTER and EGGS SOLICITED

LAING & JAMES.

THE BEST BARGAINS ON RECORD.

A Cook Stove weighing nearly 300 lbs.
Size of oven 21 x 22 inches.
will accommodate 6 to 10 inch
pie plates. Price \$10. I
have only a limited number.

HEATING Stoves for Parlor use, \$3.00 to
\$40.00. I carry the larg-
est and best line of stoves in Tuscola County, see them.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED—
3,000 Yds. of Stapel Cotton Factory.
See it before buying elsewhere.

Ten dozen suits of Men's Underwear at 50 cents a suit.
Bed Blankets 10-4 wide, 50 cents a pair.
Cash paid for butter and eggs.

3 STORY BRICK. J. L. HITCHCOCK.



UNDERTAKING

Receives our personal attention and we will do our
outmost to please you. A full line of Coffins. Cas-
kets, Burial Robes, etc., always on hand. Night calls
receive prompt attention. Showrooms north side of
Main Street. Residence south end of Seegar Street.

Luther E. Karr,

Martin Anthes.

WHITE

BICYCLES

Speed, Strength and
Sterling Worth

Characteristics of the "White"

NONE SO STRONGLY APPEAL TO THE EXPERIENCED
WIDER AS MEETING EVERY REQUIREMENT
OF THE PERFECT CYCLIST.

THE ENDOWMENT OF BEAUTY, GRACEFUL DESIGN,
LIGHTNESS AND DURABILITY

FOUR PRICES—\$175 and \$100.

EXCLUSIVE TERRITORY
PROTECTION ASSURED.

OUR RANDOME CATALOGUE, YOURS FOR THE ASKING.

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White Sewing Machine Co.
CLEVELAND, OHIO.

MANUFACTURED BY
THE
WHITE SEWING MACHINE CO.
CLEVELAND, OHIO.

A Full Line of Stationery
At the ENTERPRISE Office.

CASS CITY ENTERPRISE.

An independent newspaper. Published ever-
Thursday at the ENTERPRISE STRAM PRINT-
ING HOUSE, Seegar Street, Cass City, Tuscola Co.,
Michigan.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION: One year, \$1.00; six
months, 50cts; three months, 25cts, strictly in
advance.

Advertisements.
All changes of advertisements must be sent to
this office no later than Wednesday noon of each
week. They can not be inserted in that week's
issue. Reasonable rates are charged for display
advertisements. Local notices in our paid local
column are five cents per line for first insertion.
Notices of festivals, lectures, concerts and all en-
tertainments of a money-making character are
charged at the rate of one dollar for each in-
sertion. Cards of thanks are twenty-five cents
for each insertion.

The wide circulation of the ENTERPRISE in the
counties of Tuscola, Huron and Sanilac, makes it
a valuable advertising medium.

A. A. P. McDOWELL,
Proprietor.

OUR MOTTO:
PERSEVERANCE, PROGRESS AND PATRIOTISM.

HAPS AND MISHAPS!

As Told by the Enterprise's
Corps of Correspondents

All the Chit-Chat From the Coun-
try Round About Briefly Told
For Busy Readers.

ELLINGTON TOWNSHIP.

Rather cool.

Mrs. J. M. Allen is quite seriously ill.

Bean harvesting is nearly over for this year.

George Wald, Jr., has a full crew
picking grapes.

Mrs. E. D. Bickford visited with Mrs.
McConkey on Thursday.

I. K. Reid attended the convention
which was held in Caro on Monday.

Miss Jessie Allen returned home
Saturday on account of her mother's
illness.

We venture to say that if Doc. would
start canvassing for the family "fire
protector" he would do a rushing busi-
ness.

The young people of this neighbor-
hood gathered at the home of Elijah
Tanner on Friday evening of last week,
where they were treated to a sample of
Mr. Tanner's melons which were very
fine. All departed feeling that another
evening had been well spent.

RESCUE.

We are all coming down to the Fair.

John Finkle contemplates building a
new house this fall.

The heavy frost of last week fin-
ished the corn crop for this season.

Seeding is about finished. A large
amount of wheat has been sown this
fall.

Miss Lucy Thompson has returned
to her old position as assistant in the
post-office.

Mr. and Mrs. Walker, of Bad Axe,
were callers at the home of John
Carroll last Sunday.

The Pilgrims were holding services in
the school house the latter part of last
week. The school house was full to
overflowing every night by a crowd
from all parts who assembled from
curiosity to hear the Pilgrims explain
their peculiar belief.

The faithful followers of the G. O. P.
held a caucus last Saturday night in
the Town Hall to elect their delegates.
To judge from the light attendance
one would think men don't believe as
their fathers did a century ago. Be-
lief is born of conviction now, not
"somebody told me so."

NORTH ELLIAND.

Fairs and politics are all the go.

Colon Ross, North Burns, Sundayed
with friends in this vicinity.

Miss Maul Smith teaches the Car-
lin School, having commenced on Mon-
day of this week.

Hillside and Maple Grove stock
farms exhibit stock at Caro and Bad
Axe respectively this week.

Master Johnnie Davis had the misfor-
tune of getting his fingers badly smash-
ed in the cogwheels of a fanning mill.

D. McGilvary is shoving his house
fast towards completion which makes
a big improvement on Highland Cor-
ners.

Blair reports business steadily im-
proving at the cider mill since the gold
has commenced returning to this
country.

Duncan Crawford is busy vacating
his house which we expect will soon be
occupied by Mr. and Miss ———. Well
we hope to mention particulars later on.

Norman Karr, our genial horse trad-
er, made two exchanges this week, the
latter being with Chas. Young. Can't
say as to how you made out, Charlie,
as Norman declares he never deals a
hand without winning.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts
Sores, Bruises, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Tetter,
Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and
all skin eruptions, and positively cures
Piles, or no pay required. It is guaran-
teed to give perfect satisfaction or money
refunded. Price 25c. For sale by T. H.
Fritz, druggist.

NOVISTA.

Elder McCroody called on friends
here Monday.

John McLarty, of Kalamazoo, visited
friends here a couple of days last
week.

A. A. Livingston transacted business
at Caro Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Quick attended a
wedding at Clio last week. They report
a good time.

D. McLarty returned to the Newberry
asylum last week, after a short visit
with his family and other friends here.

Farmers are hustling in their beans
every fine day that comes. Quite a
large number of the beans have been
badly colored.

Large crowds are attending the re-
vival meetings conducted by Elders Har-
per and Allen in their Tabernacle on
section sixteen, Novesta. They are
meeting with some success as some
have started out on that new way.
Hope the good work will go on.

Monday about ten o'clock a. m. the
residence of Neil McLarty's was dis-
covered to be on fire. It was occupied
by J. Pettinger. Mrs. Pettinger left her
child asleep in the house and went to
one of the neighbors for a few minutes.
While she was gone the fire was noticed
but as no one knew that the child was
in the house it was burned to death
before it was discovered. Mr. and Mrs.
Pettinger have the sympathy of all
their neighbors in this sad believe-
ment.

ELLINGTON.

A hard frost came Sunday morning.

We had the pleasure of meeting some
old friends in Cass City last Friday.

In calling at Orlando Strickland's
last Friday we found him very sick.

A large amount of corn still stand-
ing uncut was badly hurt with the
frost Sunday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Bailey went over
to their summer resort below Sebawa-
ning Saturday. They returned Monday.

The silver club of Ellington will meet
at the house of S. H. Gould on Friday
night with A. N. Hatch as chairman of
the club.

Rev. Thomas Nicols has returned to
Ellington and Deford circuits and
preached at the Ellington M. E. church
Sunday.

Wm. F. Seed, of Cass City, who taught
the school in Dist. No. 1. last spring,
commenced teaching the fall term
Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Osterle, Mr.
and Mrs. Charles R. Hutchinson, of Ak-
ron, were visiting with relatives here
last week.

C. A. Fish has been hauling cement
from Caro the past week to build the
abutments for the new bridge for T.
Dixon, the builder.

A number went to Caro Monday to
attend the combination convention to
nominate a county ticket to be support-
ed by the combine.

Miss Maud Wickware will commence
teaching school in the Dist. of Colum-
bia Corners, near Mr. Brack's store, two
weeks from last Monday.

Miss Ella Smith expects to commence
the fall term of school in the district
in which she taught last spring in No-
vesta, commencing Oct. 1st.

A speaking contest will take place at
the M. E. Church of Ellington by the
Epworth League on Friday evening
Oct. 2nd, for a medal. All are cordial-
ly invited.

Cyrus V. Gould and George Brock
are at work removing the dirt on the
north side of the river preparatory to
building the abutment on that side of
the river when the other is finished.

Something to Know.

It may be worth something to know that
the very best medicine for restoring the
tired out nervous system to a healthy
vigor is Electric Bitters. This medicine
is purely vegetable, acts by giving tone
to the nerve centres in the stomach,
gently stimulates the Liver and Kidneys
and aids these organs in throwing off
the impurities in the blood. Electric
Bitters improves the appetite, aids di-
gestion, and is pronounced by those who
have tried it as the very best blood puri-
fier and nerve tonic. Try it. Sold for
50c or \$1.00 per bottle at T. H. Fritz's
Drug Store.

The Scientific American gives the
following recipe for the whole world to
know: At the first indication of diphe-
theria in the throat of a child, make
the room close; then take a tin cup
and pour into it an equal quantity of
tar and turpentine; then hold the cup
over the fire so as to fill the room with
the fumes. The patient in inhaling the
fumes will cough and spit up the mem-
braneous matter and the diphtheria will
pass off. The fumes of the tar and
turpentine lessens the trouble in the
throat and thus affords the relief that
has baffled the skill of physicians.

The Discovery Saved His Life.

Mr. G. Caillouette, druggist, Beavers-
ville, Ill., says: "To Dr. King's New Dis-
covery I owe my life. Was taken with
LaGrippe and tried all the physicians for
miles about, and was given up and told
I could not live. Having Dr. King's New
Discovery in my store I sent for a bottle
and began its use and from the first dose
I began to get better, and after using
three bottles I was up and about again.
It is worth its weight in gold. We won't
keep store or house without it." Get a
free trial at T. H. Fritz druggstore.

ARGYLE.

Tally another boy for John McLean.

Mrs. Nye, who has been very sick, is
convalescent.

Miss Mary Striffler has returned to
her home near Cass City.

Yes, we'll yoke up "Buck and Brin-
dle and we'll goe-haw to the Fair."

Mrs. Demorest and Flora McPhail,
of Bay City, is visiting home and
friends at Argyle.

The Ladies' Aid will next meet at
Mrs. W. D. Striffler's, Tuesday, Sept.
20th. Let every member be present if
possible.

Mrs. N. Vatters, who is visiting at
Berlin, Ont., has been quite sick with
rheumatic fever, but is better and will
soon be home again.

A Republican convention was held at
Vatters' Hall last Saturday afternoon
and Hon. Richard Pearson was again
nominated representative for Sanilac
County to the state legislature by ac-
clamation.

Our school did not open last Monday
as was reported. Miss Kipper has
been very ill from typhoid fever, but is
much better, and writes she will be
able to commence her duties next
Monday morning.

A Republican rally was held at Ar-
gyle last Saturday evening. Hon. R.
Pearson, of Urban, and Lawyer Bab-
cock, of Sanilac Centre, were the
speakers and entertained a full house
with the topics of the day.

The Ladies' Aid will have a church
fair and New England dinner at
Vatters' Hall in the near future. The
ladies have worked faithfully and the
result will be a good display of their
factory work. The exact date is not yet
decided upon. Good speakers will be
in attendance and a grand time is an-
ticipated.

One Weeks Treatment Free.

Every invalid who visits the British
Medical Institute, 106 South Washing-
ton Ave., Saginaw, and begins a course
of treatment, will, till further no-
tice, receive 20 days treatment, includ-
ing all medicines, free of charge. The
object in making this liberal offer is to
convince the public of the superiority
of the system of practice pursued by
British Medical Institute.

If ordinary treatment has failed to
relieve you, or if you are tired of being
humbly and maltreated by quacks
and impostors, consult us. We have
made the treatment of all chronic dis-
eases the study of our life. If you are
in need of honest treatment we will
give it to you. Our staff consists of
seven eminent specialists and their
combined wisdom is brought to bear
all complicated, difficult and doubtful
cases. Consultation free either at in-
stitute or by mail. If you cannot call
send stamp for question blank.

Our charges for treatment vary from
\$5 to \$30 per month either by mail or
at institute. Only curable cases are
accepted, and a cure is guaranteed in
every case undertaken.

P. S.—Send 10 cents for our little il-
lustrated booklet on Steam, Alcoholiz-
ation, showing the only rational and
successful treatment of Catarrh, Cas-
tarth, deafness, Bronchitis, Asthma
and Consumption.

Rheumatism

AND NEURALGIA CURED BY
AR-THRO-PHON-I-A

You can try before you buy.
Sample bottle mailed FREE on receipt of 2c stamp and
name of doctor. W. H. Hill Co., Detroit, Mich.

If you Cure the Piles

your back won't hurt.

Dr. Handy's Pile Cure

cures piles because it reaches the

sore spot.

At druggists or by mail.

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ceived from readers of this paper are entitled
to ONE YEAR'S subscription FREE.

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Vegetable Preparation for As-
similating the Food and Regula-
ting the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS - CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerful-
ness and Rest. Contains neither
Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER

Pumpkin Seed -
Rochelle Salt -
Ginger -
Syrup -
Castor Oil -
Sage -
Cinnamon -
Mint -
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Wintergreen -
Sassafras -
Cloves -
Nutmeg -
Allsop's -
Sage -
Peppermint -
Wintergreen -
Sassafras -
Cloves -
Nutmeg

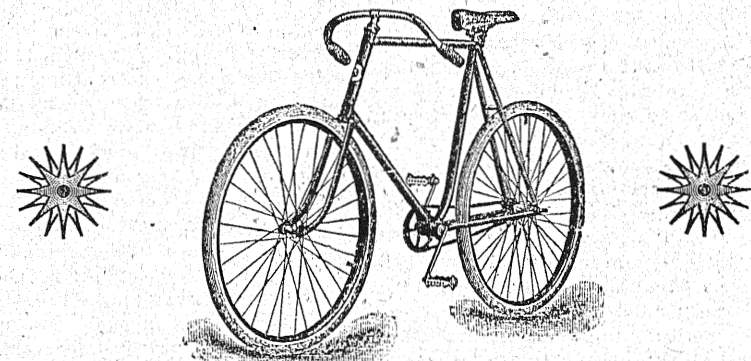
A Perfect Remedy for Constipa-
tion, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea,
Worms, Convulsions, Feverish-
ness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 Doses 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

LOOK BELOW. READ BELOW.

SPEED BELOW. STRENGTH BELOW.



See That Curve
The wheel with no temper ruffles. None of the little
breaks and bothers to ruffle a rider's mind. Don't think all
wheels are alike. Sample the Keating fascination.

Send 4 cents for Art Catalogue.

Keating Wheel Co., Holyoke, Mass.

YERINGTON'S COLLEGE, St. Louis, Mich.,

will open the last Monday
in September. Where you can get the most education for the least money. We are safe
in saying this, for we have everything the student wants here, at convenient hours, and for
less money than it can be had at any other institution in the United States, and the instruc-
tion is professional. EQUIP COLLEGES: COMMERCIAL, ENGLISH, GRAMMAR, ARITHMETIC, PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL
PENMANSHIP, MUSIC, ELOCUTION AND PHYSICAL CULTURE; ALL FOR FIFTY CENTS PER WEEK. Only think
one private lesson a week on either Piano, Organ, Cornet, Violin, Guitar, or in Voice Culture,
Elocution and Physical Culture; with Reading, Spelling, Grammar, Arithmetic, Plain and Ornamental
Penmanship, Letter-writing, Type-writing, Composition, Debating and free class drills in Music, Elocu-
tion and Physical Culture, for 50c a week. All the studies after the above session may be omitted,
and any one of the following substituted for the same price: Book-keeping with Actual Business,
Short-hand with Type-writing, Commercial Law, Geography, U. S. History, Civil Government, Physi-
ology, School Law, Theory and Art, Orthography or Mental Arithmetic. All studies in the College
without private lessons in Music, Elocution and Physical Culture, 50c a week. Can you beat it?
When you have finished our English Course, if you have proven that you are honest and diligent, we
can furnish you good general employment. Our instructors have taught Penmanship since 1881;
Book-keeping and Short-hand, since 1886; Teachers' Course, since 1876; Music, a lifetime. The student
may educate for teaching, and pay for it afterwards. We also offer FREE TUTORING. You can get
points from \$1.00 to \$2.50 per week. We are advertising in 175 daily and weekly papers, and expect a
large school next year. Don't fail to send for our beautiful illustrated catalogue, to C. W. Yerington.
Our new book "Tom, Dick and Harry and their Dog Leo" will be out by December 1st, 1896.
Price, \$1.00. Send for book, or for agents' rates, to the author, C. W. Yerington.
Send to Chicago Music Co., Chicago, Ill., for "Laughing Water Waltz," "Tempest and Sunshine
March," 5c each. Composed and arranged for Piano by C. W. Yerington.

The COAST LINE to MACKINAC

—TAKE THE—
D & C
TO CLEVELAND
MACKINAC.

Central Meat Market.

Meats of all kinds nicely served.
Stock bought for eastern markets

Schwaderer Bros., Props.

Groceries, Fruits and Confectionery

We are headquarters for these goods.
Get our prices on Oranges, Lemons,
Bananas and Dried Fruits of all kinds.
We can't be beat in prices.

Try Our

Pork, Lard, Bacon,

Dried Beef, Bologna, Hams, Halibut

and Dried Herring. We also carry
line of Salt Fish. Get 25c worth of
Rolled Oats, Rice, Peaches or Pickles
and be convinced. Highest market
price for butter and eggs.

H. B. Fairweather.

Goods delivered.

THE SAGINAW WEEKLY NEWS

Is sent to any address for 75 cents a year.
This price includes any of its premiums.
Complete telegraphic news service. Reli-
able foreign and local markets. Full ac-
counts of all local happenings. A cor-
respondent in every town in this section.
307 TUSCOLA ST., SAGINAW, MICH.

Beautiful Dolls FREE.



Five beautiful dolls, lithographed on cardboard, eight inches high. Can be cut out and put together by the children—no pasting. Each doll has two complete suits. American, French, Spanish, Russian, Chinese, Japanese, German, Swiss, Turkish and Indian costumes. All parts being interchangeable, many combinations can be made, affording endless amusement and instruction. A high-class series of dolls, patented and manufactured for us exclusively and not to be compared with the numerous cheap paper dolls on the market.

How To Get Them.

Cut from five outside wrappers of *None Such* Mince. Send the head of the girl holding pie. Send these with ten cents in silver—wrapped in paper—and your full name and address, and we will send the dolls postpaid. Or we will send them free for twenty heads of the girl. Send only the heads to avoid extra postage.

MERRELL-SOULE CO., SYRACUSE, N. Y.

A NEW DEPARTURE.

Call at A. A. McKenzie's and see the

NEW FUNERAL CAR.

One of the Finest in The Thumb.

Caskets and Coffins at from \$2.00 to \$200.

A. A. McKenzie, Undertaker.

CHEAP HOMES

—IN THE—

THUMB OF MICHIGAN.

(Sanilac, Tuscola and Huron Counties.)

3,000 Acres OF CHOICE FARM LANDS.

We give below a few of the many CHOICE FARM LANDS which have been listed with us for sale to which we respectfully call your attention:

120 Acres, 108 acres well improved and well fenced. Good bank barn 36x52, outside granary 16x24, fair house, two good wells of water, good young orchard. 1/4 mile from school, general store, post office, church and blacksmith shop. Seven miles from railroad and good market. \$25.00 per acre. \$1,500 down, balance to suit purchaser.

40 Acres of land, 5 miles from Cass City. Good location, good soil. Price \$15.00 per acre.

120 Acres, 90 acres improved, new bank barn, 40x56, fairly well fenced, good comfortable frame house, good well of water and windmill, also good orchard. \$25.00 per acre.

40 Acres of land, 3 1/2 miles from Cass City, some green timber, good soil and easily cleared. Price \$8.00 per acre.

160 Acres, with 50 acres improved, frame barn 34x50, comfortable house and only eight miles from two good markets. At a bargain.

80 Acres of land all improved. Good bank barn 36x60, good frame house. Six and one-half miles from railroad and market. Close to a good school. At a bargain.

160 Acres of land, 120 acres improved. 2 good frame barns, comfortable house, good orchard. Eight miles from railroad and market. \$25.00 per acre.

80 Acres of land, with sixty improved. Comfortable house, stable, good young orchard. \$20.00 per acre.

120 Acres of land, with 90 acres well improved, 40 acres of green wood, 2 frame barns, comfortable house, large orchard, good school just across the road, 1 1/2 miles from railroad and good market. \$25.00 per acre.

40 Acres, with 15 acres improved. Price \$8.00 per acre.

80 Acres, 5 miles from Cass City, 1/2 hardwood land, 1/2 black ash. Price \$650, 1/4 down, balance to suit purchaser.

40 Acres, 4 miles from Cass City, partly cleared, balance easily cleared, new house, good well of water, good road, convenient to school. Price \$700, \$200 down, balance to suit purchaser.

80 Acres, 6 1/2 acres cleared. House, barn, orchard, well, good soil. Within 1/2 mile of school and church. Eight miles from Cass City. Price \$1,600; terms \$600 down, balance to suit purchaser.

Parties desiring to inspect any of these bargains will be given free transportation from Cass City.

REFERENCES—Exchange Bank, Cass City; Cass City Bank, Cass City.

A. A. McKenzie,

REAL ESTATE DEALER. CASS CITY, MICH.



Mrs. Leitch is with friends at Greenleaf.

The towns were all deserted last week. Everybody was at the Elkton fair.

O. P. Kuapp, of Owendale, was a pleasant caller on Saturday while on his way to Rescué.

Messrs. Fred Hintz and C. A. Lamb made a business trip to Gaytown Saturday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Parker were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. David Teller, of Owendale, on Sunday.

Mrs. Lown and Mrs. Henry Wettlaufer attended Roger Patterson's funeral at East Grant on Friday.

Miss Sarah Doty went Friday to Benlah, Benzie County, to be with her brother and attend school there.

Would it not be very cowardly to tell all we know about people when we know they cannot defend themselves?

A. C. Kerr, James Brackenbury and Archie Leitch were delegates to the Republican convention Tuesday at Bad Axe.

Bills are up in the most public places in town for the Cass City Fair and all good people will attend without further notice.

We have no desire to encroach upon the rights of anyone by doing as we please. Our aim in life has been to please and to help those we came in contact with; but, alas! how far short of our object we came. In nine cases out of ten we have failed to please, and have been misrepresented in the bargain. Our hopes have been blighted, heartaches and disappointments have followed each other in quick succession. For consolation we have been told over and over again "such is life." More likely, such is selfish human nature. We have, like the government, learned wisdom from experience at an immense cost.

CASEVILLE.

Miss Tot McKinley is visiting in Bad Axe.

No danger of melting at the Fair this week. Mrs. Wm. Orr returned Tuesday from Bay Port.

Will Schele showed his smiling face in town Monday.

Miss Mabel Libby spent Sunday with friends in Elkton.

Old Sol make quite a breeze when he jumped over the line.

Mrs. John McKinley left Tuesday morning for Saginaw.

Mrs. L. S. Johnson returned from her trip to Ohio on Monday night.

Mrs. Neil Conley went to Cleveland on Monday to visit friends there.

Mrs. Mat. Fogle is still ill no one being allowed to see her but the attendants.

James McConbra is very low with cancer. The doctors give two weeks as the longest he can possibly last.

A number of those belonging to the G. O. P. went to Bad Axe to attend the County Convention. Men must have their tongues and throats insured for they never let them rest day or night now. Gold, sound money, and free silver is all you can hear. Begin to talk on any subject you wish and it ends in politics. Talking over such matters is all well enough but when men so far forget themselves as to call each other hard names and curse over it, then it is time to quit.

Rev. Millar preached a very eloquent and practical sermon last Sunday as the first of the year after conference. The text was "The sword of the Lord and of Gideon," one of the principal points being that Gideon alone could not have created a panic and conquered the Midianites except by miracle but by having followers that were eager and willing to obey, they accomplished the work before them. Likewise a leader in the church or any society may be ever so earnest and eager to work if his followers do not also do their part of the work his efforts will not accomplish much and how many feel as if the whole work must depend on the officers and themselves stand back and look.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Peanut sandwiches are made by chopping freshly roasted peanuts, mixing with mayonnaise dressing and spreading between slices of bread.

If the hair is thin and dry rub well two or three times a week with a mixture of sixty grains of quinine to an ounce of vasoline. For cleanliness wash it once or twice a month with good tar soap, and wipe occasionally with a damp towel.

Renew your subscription.

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS.

Imlay City Fair Oct. 7, 8 and 9.

Crowwell can now boast of having as fine an electric light plant as any town in Michigan.

Cassville has a population of 472 and will make application to the Board of Supervisors for incorporation.

Jesse A. Rapley, of Yale, has been admitted to practice as an attorney for claimants before the interior department at Washington.

Thousands of visitors attended the Indian camp meeting the other side of Caro. Rev. W. A. Elias and an Indian band were present from Walpole Island.

M. R. Truesdell has purchased the Medler House property at Caro for \$5,000, will take possession October 1st and next spring will thoroughly remodel the premises.

Grant Whitmore has been called higher by the P. O. & N. Co. He is now traveling passenger and freight agent. Sam Truscott is now agent at the P. O. depot.—[Oxford Globe.]

Michigan star mail service has been established from Noko to Shabbona, four and one-half miles and back, three times a week, by a schedule not to exceed one and one-half hours running time each way; from October 7th.—[Free Press.]

While hunting Thursday Wm. Dupee and Joseph Molasso killed the largest wild cat ever seen by the inhabitants of Pt. Austin. It measured 42 inches from nose to tail, 60 inches from fore paw to hind foot, 18 inches around the body and was 22 inches tall. It looked more like a young lion than a cat. Farmers have lost lambs, pigs, ducks, etc., and they now believe this animal has been preying upon their flocks.

Wednesday, Judge Smith, of Lapeer, sentenced Wm. H. Johnson, of Columbiaville, well known in Tuscola county police circles, to the state prison for gagging, outraging and robbing widow Deline, near Fostoria, some time ago. Mrs. Deline was 78 years of age, and was one night bound, gagged and chloroformed and left all through the cold night and part of the next day with hardly any clothes on, and was found in that condition by the neighbors next day.—[Vassar Pioneer.]

A quiet wedding occurred at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Bope Wednesday, at noon. The contracting parties were Miss Nettie E. Plowe, of Butler, Ind., and Mr. Allison L. Wright, of this place. Rev. J. W. Campbell performed the ceremony in the presence of the immediate relatives of the bride and groom. The bride is a sister of Mrs. W. T. Bope and is well known in this place, where she has a large circle of warm friends. The groom has been a resident of this place for a number of years and is one of our most popular and leading business men and enjoys the respect and esteem of all.—[Bad Axe Democrat.]

Marlette Leader: A heavy thunder shower passed over this place early Saturday morning, causing all the dormant fears of cyclones and lightning to be revived. A bolt struck the Baptist parsonage, tearing a hole through the roof and coming out at the northwest corner of the building where a section of the stone wall was knocked out. A little stray lightning made its way along the joists, came out through the plaster in the sitting room, made a black streak on the paper to the door casing, part of which it knocked off, and passed into the door sill. The latter being of stone it was too much for the rambling and only a small chip was knocked out. During the same storm a large section of plaster fell from the ceiling in R. W. Cooley's dining room, presumably from the jar, as no trace of lightning entering the roof could be found.

Albert Levi was shot Monday morning at 6 o'clock by Samuel Livergood, two and one-half miles south of Roseburg, Sanilac County. Levi and wife have been keeping house for the past year, Levi renting Livergood's farm and the latter boarding with him. For some time they have not been on friendly relations. This morning the men got into a quarrel over Levi leaving a gate open in a field which Livergood had reserved for his own use. Livergood flew into a passion and pulled a revolver and shot Levi in the breast, the ball striking a rib and glancing off. Levi then turned to run, when he was again shot, this time in the right hip. Neither shot will prove fatal, and the doctors are probing for the bullet in the hip. Livergood ran away, but was captured in Yale and taken to Port Huron and lodged in jail. Both parties are quiet, hard-working farmers, well respected in the community.

Fresh Stationery at this office.

My little boy, when two years of age, was taken very ill with bloody flux. I was advised to use Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and luckily procured part of a bottle. I carefully read the directions and gave it accordingly. He was very low, but slowly and surely he began to improve, gradually recovered, and is now as stout and strong as ever. I feel sure it saved his life. I never can praise the remedy half its worth. I am sorry every one in the world does not know how good it is, as I do.—Mrs. Lina S. Histon, Grahamsville, Marion Co., Florida. For sale by T. H. Fritz, Druggist.

In a recent letter to the manufacturers Mr. W. F. Benjamin, editor of the Spectator, Rushford, N. Y., says: "It may be a pleasure to you to know the high esteem in which Chamberlain's medicines are held by the people of your own state, where they must be best known. An aunt of mine, who resides at Dexter, Iowa, was about to visit me a few years since, and before leaving home wrote me, asking if they were sold here, stating if they were not she would bring a quantity with her, as she did not like to be without them." The medicines referred to are Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, famous for its cures of colds and croup; Chamberlain's Pain Balm for rheumatism, lame back, pains in the side and chest, and Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for bowel complaints. These medicines have been in constant use in Iowa for almost a quarter of a century. The people have learned that they are articles of great worth and merit, and unequaled by any other. They are for sale here by T. H. Fritz, Druggist.

Farmers Attention.
Cheap reliable insurance at low rates. 4-24-11 E. B. LANDON.

Societies.

I. O. O. F.

CASS CITY LODGE, No. 225, meets every Wednesday evening at 7:30. Visiting brethren cordially invited. GEO. PERKINS, N. G.

A. MCKENZIE, Secretary.

K. O. T. M.

CASS CITY TENT, No. 74, meets the first and third Friday evenings of each month, at 7:30. Visiting Sir Knights cordially invited. SA. F. BIGELOW, Record Keeper.

L. O. L.

CASS CITY LODGE, No. 224, meets on the first Tuesday evening of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Visiting brothers cordially invited. GEO. W. SEED, Secretary.

Professional Cards.

C. F. MILLS, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Graduate of Michigan University. Special attention given to diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat. Eyes tested and glasses accurately fitted. Office hours: 10 to 12 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m., 7 to 8 p. m. Office over Fritz's drug store. Residence, the James Tennant residence on Horton Street, Cass City, Mich. 1-10-16

I. A. FRITZ,
DENTIST. All work done equal to the best. It is my aim to make every job a blessing to those for whom it is done. My prices reasonable. No charge for examination. Office over Fritz's drugstore. Not at home on Tuesdays.

A. A. MCKENZIE,
AUCTIONEER. All work done equal to the best. Sales of all kinds promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed. Sales solicited from all points. Terms reasonable. Arrangements can be made at the office of the ENTERPRISE. 3-3-94

J. D. BROOKER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW. Solicitor in Chancery. Reference: Exchange Bank and Cass City Bank. Office in Second story of Exchange Bank block, Cass City, Mich.

FLINT & PERE MARQUETTE R. R.
TIME CARD.
In effect June 21, 1896.

GOING NORTH				GOING SOUTH			
First Class, No. 5, No. 10-1.				First Class, No. 2, No. 6			
A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.
4:05	6:55	8:10	10:20	Port Huron, Dep.	10:20	4:20	
4:45	7:35	8:50	11:00	Crosswell, Dep.	11:20	6:30	
4:55	7:45	9:00	11:10	Cassville, Dep.	11:30	6:40	
5:05	7:55	9:10	11:20	Sanilac, Dep.	11:40	6:50	
5:15	8:05	9:20	11:30	Bad Axe, Dep.	11:50	7:00	
5:25	8:15	9:30	11:40	Port Austin, Dep.	12:00	7:10	
5:35	8:25	9:40	11:50	Port Huron, Arr.	12:10	7:20	
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HISTORY OF A WEEK.

THE NEWS OF SEVEN DAYS UP TO DATE.

Political, Religious, Social and Criminal Doings of the Whole World Carefully Condensed for Our Readers—The Accidents Record.

Marshals arriving at Perry, O. T., from Osgo County bring news of a fight between United States marshals and a robber gang near Ralston yesterday. Buck McGinty, leader of the gang, was fatally shot and four others were wounded.

Past Commander H. B. Shively of the Department of Indiana, Grand Army of the Republic, was formally presented with the gold badge, which it is customary for the order to present to retiring commanders.

The Bollingbrook Club of London offers a purse of \$3,000, and \$1,000 for expenses for each man, for the Corbett-Fitzsimmons match.

A semi-official announcement at Berlin justifies the belief that as an outcome of the Russian tariff measures, the German government will forbid the Reichsbank to lend money on the securities of Russian government bonds.

Early Friday morning a heavy charge of dynamite was exploded under the saloon of Mrs. Matty Westbrod, of Sardinia, Brown County, Ohio, the building being totally wrecked. Several persons were injured. Anti-saloon workers are suspected, having failed to secure passage of a local option ordinance.

The banking house of S. H. Watson & Sons, at Vinton, Iowa, established some forty years ago, made a general assignment to Matt Gassch for the benefit of all creditors. The liabilities are estimated at \$250,000 and assets at \$350,000. All depositors and other creditors will be paid in full.

John Murphy, who, under the name of George Albert Whitehead, served thirteen years in English prisons, having been convicted of having dynamite in his possession, and who was released some weeks ago, arrived at New York on the steamer Lucania Friday.

General Horace Porter has resigned as first vice-president of the Pullman Palace Car Company to accept the chairmanship of the St. Louis and San Francisco board of directors.

Vice-President Stevenson has informed Secretary Gardner of the Association of Bryan Clubs that he will accept the association's invitation to preside at the club convention at St. Louis on Oct. 3. The club officials now count upon an attendance of 10,000 delegates.

The long-expected transfer of troops has been ordered by the war department. The Fifteenth Infantry, now at Fort Sheridan, Illinois, is ordered to relieve the Twenty-fourth Infantry, now at Ft. Bayard and other points in New Mexico and Arizona. The Fourth goes to Chicago, taking the place of the Fifteenth Infantry.

Among the arrivals at New York from Europe Friday on the St. Louis were Postmaster-General William L. Wilson and Henry Watterson.

At a government caucus at Ottawa, Ont., it was decided to dismiss all officials of the public service who had taken an active and offensive part in politics.

Additional re-enforcements of 2,500 troops have embarked at Barcelona for the island of Cuba.

It is rumored that Captain-General Weyler will soon take command of the Spanish forces in Pinar del Rio, with the intention of expelling Maceo from the province. If this be true, hard fighting is expected on account of the strong position held by the insurgents.

The pope in an apostolic letter proclaims that the Anglican ordinations are absolutely invalid and his holiness invites the Anglicans to return to Catholic unity.

Robert Moran was fatally shot at Laramore, N. D., by William Mills, in whose restaurant he tried to force his way into a back room, where a "blind pig" was alleged to be located.

Paul Olson, charged with forgery at Milwaukee, gave bail in \$500 at Manitowish, Wis., where he was arrested, and was immediately rearrested on a warrant from Green Bay on a similar charge.

The farmers of Charles Mix County, South Dakota, have formed a co-operative association to conduct a dairy business in which each will have an interest proportionate to the amount of raw material he contributes.

The county commissioners at Wabash, Ind., fixed the county tax levy for all purposes at 41.1-3 cents on \$100 valuation. This includes all local taxation outside the school, road and township taxes, and is a reduction from the levy of last year of 4 cents.

McBee & Co., dry goods and notion dealers at Knoxville, Tenn., have assigned. Liabilities \$11,000, assets \$18,000.

St. Wendelin's Catholic church at Fostoria, Ohio, was robbed, chalices and valuable books being taken, while the vestments were strewn over the rooms and yard. A monstrosity was taken to the yard, where a golden cross was broken from it and the remainder left under some bushes.

The Southwestern Soldiers' association met at Arkansas City, Kas., with a large attendance. John J. Ingalls, Corporal Tanner and others were among the speakers.

The city council at Leadville, Colo., adopted resolutions instructing the mayor to employ an unlimited number of police, and if he finds they cannot preserve the peace, then to call upon the governor for troops.

E. H. Murray, dealer in dry goods at Wabash, Ind., whose store was closed on an attachment for \$2,000 by a Chicago firm, has satisfied the claim and resumed business.

CASUALTIES.

David Whitney, a farmer of Oxford, Ind., was killed to death by a horse. Hasley Pettit and Charles Walters, children of Bonner Springs, Kan., were suffocated by gasoline.

Daniel McLeod and Frank Ledbetter were killed by an explosion in the Independence mine at Victor, Col. Two small children of Mr. and Mrs. John Edwards of Shanner, Ok., were burned to death while locked alone in the house.

George Rohrer and Alvin Steffey, boys living near New Roe, Ky., fell from a tree into a sink hole and had their necks broken.

James Feenan, a well borer of Oakland, Cal., was all but cremated during a fire in his cabin. His pet dog dragged him out.

Vest Newton, aged 15 years, son of Frank Newton, and named in honor of Senator Vest, was fatally injured while riding a race at Association park, Sedalia, Mo. The saddle turned, throwing him to the ground, injuring his brain and spine.

A large unknown vessel, bottom up, is reported to be drifting about Placencia Bay, Newfoundland.

At a prearranged railway collision near Crush, Texas, nine of the spectators were badly injured by falling wreckage, two probably fatally. Fifty thousand persons witnessed the collision.

The Little Rock cotton compress, stored with 5,000 bales of cotton, took fire and was totally destroyed. The Lesser Cotton company of St. Louis is a large owner of the stock of the company. The loss is estimated to be \$300,000.

By the collision of a street railway dummy engine with a horse car at Valencia, Spain, thirty persons were injured. The wounds of nineteen are serious.

Two men and twenty-five horses lost their lives at Milwaukee in a fire which partially destroyed Albert Manger's livery stable.

A train on the Mad River and Arcata road went through the Mad river bridge near Eureka, Cal., Sunday. Six cars loaded with passengers dropped thirty feet into the dry bed of the river. Annie Roll, Sandy Cameron, Miss Kirk of Riverside, and an unknown child were killed, and ten others were injured, some fatally.

FOREIGN.

The corporation of the city of Lima, Peru, has approved a contract with an American electric lighting and tramway company, to which is accorded valuable concessions to the amount of 50,000 sols per annum.

The captain-general of Cuba, General Weyler, authorizes the correspondents of the Associated Press in this city to deny, as entirely false, the statement contained in a Madrid dispatch circulated by the United Press to the effect that he (General Weyler) had called to Madrid that fifty-one insurgents confined in the Cabanas fortress and Morro castle had been shot.

Mrs. Della Parnell, mother of Charles Stewart Parnell, denies that she knows who assaulted her with murderous intent in New Jersey last year.

At the closing session of the British Trades Union congress it was decided to send two delegates to the American Labor congress and it was also resolved that the British Trades Union Congress meet at Birmingham in 1897.

CRIME.

Joseph Thatcher of Baraboo, Wis., committed suicide by shooting himself with a revolver.

George Walker of Columbus Junction, Iowa, while temporarily deranged, committed suicide by drowning.

Mrs. Eva Wilhelm, aged 67 years, of Traverse City, Mich., drowned herself in Silver lake. She was expecting to go to Chicago to undergo an operation for removal of cancer, from which she had long suffered.

T. J. Johnson of Minneapolis alighted from a car in St. Paul her husband shot her through the neck and then shot himself through the head. She will recover, but he will die.

W. B. Kennett, formerly chief of police of St. Louis, who killed Detective Lawson in Los Angeles, Cal., a year ago, has been sentenced to fifteen years in prison.

Lum Warren, a negro who assaulted Mrs. John Bass, has been lynched in Terrell county, Ga., but whether by burning at the stake or by shotgun or noose is not known.

C. E. Adams is under arrest at Arcata, Ill., on the charge of robbing Vincent Moore of \$150.

David K. Muncie, Ind., where he has been confined since June 8 on the charge of embezzlement.

Lawrence A. Culver, who was indicted at Logan, O., June 30, 1892, for wrecking the People's bank, of which he was president, and converting to his own use \$30,000 of its funds, was captured at Terre Haute, Ind.

The first fatal encounter of the campaign in Joliet, Ill., has occurred. Thomas Rogers and Charles Rice became involved in a political discussion and Rogers crushed Rice's head in with a store. The latter is dying and his assailant has escaped.

Miss Ada Buchanan of Hannibal, Mo., shot herself because of ill health. She was to have been married soon.

Christopher Wills, a farmer, living near Constantine, Mich., drank hard and quarreled with his family and hanged himself.

James Uzzell, the 15-year-old son of Edgar Uzzell, residing at Newport, west of Carrollton, Ill., shot his 11-year-old sister yesterday in the face with a shotgun, tearing off her nose, upper front portion of the jaw and the end of her tongue. He shot her purposely, having become angered at her. The girl died to-day.

TWEEN THE LAKES.

MICHIGAN NEWS RECORDED IN BRIEF ITEMS.

Sensational Story of an Abducted Boy, an Alleged Murder and a Missing Farmer—Michigan Superintendents of the Poor in Annual Convention.

A Mysterious Case.

Sheriff Vosburg, of Kalamazoo, received a letter from Sheriff E. T. Clansmeyer, of Fort Wayne, Ind., stating that he had Joseph Watson under arrest on a charge of refusing to care for a boy he had with him. The boy claimed he was stolen from his home at Midland, and forced by the man to go with him. The boy says Watson killed a man near Vicksburg and buried his body in the woods and threatened to kill the boy if he told of the crime. The boy's name is Geo. Bowen.

A telegram from Midland says that the parents of Geo. Bowen knew the boy was with Watson (alias Stivers) but supposed the man was taking good care of him. The Bowen family is in poor circumstances.

Another light is thrown on the matter by a dispatch from Vicksburg which says: Myron Reese, who lived about three miles southeast of Vicksburg, started a week ago for Parkville with a load of peppermint oil to sell. He received in payment a check on the Mendon bank for \$60.75. He then drove to Mendon, put his team into a barn, went to the bank, drew his money and has not been seen since. It is thought that Reese was the man killed by Watson, as related by the boy.

Later—The Vicksburg murder sensational has completely fallen through. George Bowen, the 11-year-old Midland boy who was brought from Fort Wayne to locate the place where the body of the supposed victim was buried, now admits that he was lying, and that he did not see Watson, alias Stiver, kill anyone, but says that Watson told him he had killed a man there. As to Myron Reese, who disappeared, it transpires that he was heavily in debt, had mortgaged his farm and having obtained money left the country. The Bowen boy will probably be sent to the reform school.

Superintendents of the Poor.

The twenty-third annual convention of the Michigan superintendents of the poor was held at Mt. Clemens. The opening session was devoted to routine business, and the reports of the superintendents. At the second session Charles Holman, of Corunna, and an interesting paper on "Tramps," and it was followed by an earnest discussion. Judge Robinson, of Lenawee county, made a strong plea for the tramp, and Dr. Jenks, of Detroit, talked about the causes of that well-known character, and urged the bettering of a great class of children who became criminal because of contact with crime. He also urged the necessity for a law to compel the state to care for all slightly diseased and crippled children. Eli Bidelman, of Lansing, talked upon the subject of "Municipal Charities." He was followed by A. J. Murray, of the State Public school, at Coldwater on "Poverty's Children." The evening session, after an address of welcome by the mayor, listened to a paper by Prof. F. D. Clarke on "What Our State Does for the Blind," and Mrs. Lucy M. Sicks, of the Industrial Home for Girls, took as her subject "The Michigan Girls in Blue."

The second day's sessions included the reading of several papers, discussions and the annual election of officers. One address was by Mrs. A. L. d'Arcambal, "mother" of the Industrial Home for Discharged Prisoners, at Detroit. Officers elected: President, Dr. F. F. Finch, Lenawee county; vice-president, G. W. Teeple, Livingston county; secretary, G. W. Robertson, Macomb county; treasurer, Oscar Fenn, Montcalm county. Coldwater was selected as the place for holding the next meeting.

Gloomy Prospect in the Gogebic Range.

Unless the ore trade picks up at once, so the mines can dispose of their surplus stocks before the close of navigation, there is little prospect of the resumption of mining operations on the Gogebic range in the upper peninsula until next spring. This means at least six months of idleness for a majority of the population. Some of the miners, however, profiting by their sad experience during the winter of 1893-4, have saved up their money, and will be able to tide over the winter. Scores are leaving for the farms and mines of the west. Only six mines on the range, the Sunday Lake, Palms, Newport, Aurora and Montreal, are running, and they have reduced forces.

Tried to Kill His Wife and then Suicided.

Hommer Chase, a young farmer of Rollin, Lenawee county, quarreled with his wife while they were attending the street fair at Hudson and ended the matter by shooting his wife twice and then sent a bullet through his own head. He died a few hours later, but Mrs. Chase will probably recover. The young couple were evidently happy and were well liked, but Chase had been drinking considerable lately.

Joseph Rudler, an old veteran living five miles east of Shepherd, was found dead on the road near his home. Dr. J. Wetmore is held without bail for trial in the alleged circuit court for complicity in the murder of Enos Lawrence at Holland last spring.

The Twenty-third Michigan infantry held its annual reunion at Oliville. There were 120 veterans of the regiment present.

During horse races at Elsie, Ray Dourne, aged 17, tried to cross the track but was knocked down and perhaps fatally injured.

The Saloons Must Go.

The first convention under the auspices of the Michigan Anti-Saloon league was held at Lansing. The sessions were presided over by W. R. Fox, of Grand Rapids, who explained the object of the congress to be the consideration of means and lines of work which had for their object the ultimate suppression of the saloon. He explained that the anti-saloon league was entirely non-political and non-sectarian, its only participation in politics being to support the candidate of any party provided he was in sympathy with the objects of the league. On the contrary no one who is hostile to these objects will be supported for any office, no matter to what party he belongs.

Rein, Howard H. Russell, of Columbus, O., the father of the anti-saloon movement and national superintendent of the work, spoke at length on the origin, purpose and methods of the league. A number of other speeches were made. A permanent state league was organized with the officers: President, W. R. Fox, Grand Rapids; secretary, H. S. Jordan, Lansing; treasurer, C. W. G. Everhart, Grand Rapids; trustees, Bishop W. X. Ninde, Detroit; A. M. Brodie, Manistee; L. R. Fiske, Albion; John L. Jackson, Dan. F. Bradley and W. D. Fuller, Grand Rapids; D. E. Barnes, Ionia; John Robinson and C. B. Blood, Lansing; Geo. F. Mosher, Hillsdale; J. J. Slaine, Owasco; C. C. Fuller, Big Rapids; A. Gaylord Slocum, Kalamazoo; W. A. Frye, Traverse City.

Serious Fire at Traverse City.

The factory of the Oval Wood Dish Co., at Traverse City, caught fire and the departments devoted to the manufacture of oval wood and wire and butter dishes was totally destroyed, including 35 machines of various kinds. The engine room, however, was saved with all the engines. The value of the machines was about \$30,000; building \$5,000, and stock in the factory valued at \$2,000, was also destroyed. Besides other valuable apparatus, making a total loss of about \$50,000. The saw mill and clothes pin and washboard factories were saved by hard work, also the warehouses, which contained \$30,000 worth of finished stock. This is the largest factory of the kind in the world and employs 300 hands, 200 of whom will now be thrown out of employment until the factory can be rebuilt. The loss was covered by insurance and the company will rebuild at once.

German Catholic Societies Meet.

The forty-first annual convention of the German Roman Catholic Central society met at Detroit. The first feature was the celebration of pontifical high mass by Rt. Rev. Bishop Richter and a sermon on "Catholic Citizenship" by Rev. Bernard J. Wermers. At the opening business session President Adolph Weber, of Racine, Wis., delivered his annual address which showed the society to be in a first-class condition. Among the other features was a grand sacred concert and one of the largest parades of the year in Detroit. Officers reported showed a total membership of 47,500. The reserve fund is now nearly \$1,000,000. During the year \$295,000 was paid out in sick and death benefits. The Michigan band held their annual meeting at the close of the larger convention.

Fatal Freight Collision at Fowlerville.

Two freight trains came together on the D. L. & N. railroad at Fowlerville in a head-on collision. The eastbound freight stood on the main track at the station, the understanding being the westbound train was to pass on the siding. The latter did not do this, however, but came along at the station of 20 miles an hour, and crashed into the standing train. Engineer Frank Frost, of the eastbound freight, whose home was in Ionia, was killed. His fireman, Fred Williams, jumped, but his leg was broken in two places, and he was seriously injured about the hips. Engineer Henry Bailey, of the westbound train, living in Grand Rapids, and his fireman, W. Arnold, of Howell, were quite badly injured, but will recover. Both locomotives and two cars were badly wrecked.

A Depraved Man Suicides.

Some time ago J. G. Bragg, a wealthy citizen was jailed at Haver Springs, charged with criminal intimacy with a little German girl. During his incarceration Bragg has made no attempt to get bail, although he was abundantly able, but has remained in a stupor bemoaning his condition. Finally, while the jail officers were setting up a stove in the main corridor, Bragg slipped by them and passed through the village to the dock, less than half a mile away. He tied one leg to the railing of a pleasure yacht, in order to be sure of hanging head downward and jumped into three feet of water. He was not missed till locking up time, and then when found at 1 a. m. he had been extinct several hours.

NEWS FOR MICHIGANERS.

Fire destroyed the Galema house at Baraga with a loss of \$1,000. The entire town was threatened.

Fire in Fletcher's restaurant at Traverse City threatened a large section of the city, but a rain helped the firemen to get it under control. Loss \$1,500.

A seafool broke down at the central school building at Allegan throwing three men from the stable to the ground. Jan Verhey had his arm broken twice.

The annual encampment of the soldiers and sailors of the Northwestern Association of Michigan was held at Shepherd and the attendance was large.

The officials at the Lake Angelina mine at Ishpeming have been advised by the board of directors at Cleveland to close down the mine Oct. 1. This will throw out over 500 men. The inability of the company to raise money is given as the cause.

Christopher Wills, a farmer near Constantine, drank hard cider, quarreled with his wife, and then hanged himself. He leaves a widow and three children.

Fred B. Read, 19 years of age, hanged himself in the woodshed of his father's house, 33 Linden street, Detroit. He had quarreled with his father and brooded over this.

The twenty-fifth annual reunion of the Eighth Michigan cavalry and Battery H. of First Michigan Light artillery was held at Holly, with about 100 members in attendance.

A. S. Boyd, a stranger who arrived at Saginaw from Cincinnati two months ago, died suddenly at his boarding place. His home was Macomb, Ill. It is thought to be a suicide.

Macomb and St. Clair county soldiers and sailors marched "on to Richmond" (Mich) where they held their annual reunion and had a fine time. A dress parade by 200 vets was a feature.

Lansing is now without street car service. The city insisted that the company pave between their tracks, but the company preferred to forfeit its franchise and stopped the cars.

The Ingham County Soldiers' and Sailors' association held their twenty-second annual reunion at Mason. The city entertained the "boys" in splendid style. Ex-Gov. Luce made a speech.

The Battle Creek guards were inspected by Inspector-Gen. Walsh and Adj.-Gen. Green who complimented the members on their appearance and accepted the company as Co. D, Second regiment, M. N. G.

The latest attempt, which was by Milwaukee parties, to find the steamer Devault, which sank in Thunder bay off Alpena with a valuable cargo of copper during the war, has been abandoned after spending a large amount of money.

On Grand Encampment creek, about 45 miles southeast Rawlins, Wyo., A. H. Huston and Ben Cullen, at a depth of 12 feet, have, it is claimed, found a pay streak of gold 23 inches wide, which assays from \$200 to \$10,000. The vein has been traced for several miles. There is great excitement.

An Ohio Southern freight jumped the track at Limestone street, Springfield, and six cars of merchandise were telescoped, and several cars crashed into the N. Y. & P. O. freight house and Mr. Scott, a clerk escaped with his life by jumping out of a second-story window. No one injured.

The new D. & M. railroad sent its first train out from Bay City with Railroad Commissioner Billing, the Passenger Agents' association and a number of newspaper men on board. They reached Alpena in 4 hours and 30 minutes. The party was well pleased with the trip and with the road.

The steam barge Lizzie Madden, with consorts Noquebay and Mantinee, of Bay City, lumber laden, and Duluth to Tonawanda, ran in at L'Anse for shelter. The Matinee lost her foremast and 200,000 feet of lumber; also her forward bulwarks, off Copper Harbor. She is water-soaked, and will be unloaded and taken to the drydock. The fleet with cargo is owned by Capt. Thomas Madden.

The was a bad smash-up on the D. L. & N. railroad at Okemos. The westbound freight, a long train, took the siding, but two cars trailed back on the main track. These were run into by the eastbound freight, running at a high rate of speed. The fireman and engineer jumped and escaped injury, but the locomotive and two freight cars were demolished, and several other cars badly wrecked.

After deliberating five hours, the jury in the James Appleyard murder trial at Cheboygan returned a verdict of murder in the second degree and recommended the prisoner to the mercy of the court. When the final arguments were given many of the audience shed tears. Appleyard shot Dan Gahan for wronging a woman whom Appleyard afterwards married, and consequently he has much sympathy.

The four weeks' work of the quinquennial session of the Michigan State board of equalization for the valuation of all of the property of the state for the purpose of taxation, has been completed. The board has reduced the valuation of most of the upper peninsula counties, and particularly the lumbering and mining counties, making a total reduction of \$50,300,000. Wayne county, however, is increased \$15,000,000; Kent, \$2,500,000, and several other counties smaller amounts, making the total increase \$25,400,000, leaving a net decrease in the state of \$24,900,000.

The men of a Mennonite colony in Indiana, hitherto bound by its creed to abstain from voting, have revised their creed and decided to participate in the coming election.

The annual report of the Maine Bible society shows that ninety-five towns in the state have no place of worship, that of 20,000 families visited last year, 10,000 are outside Christian influences. The society has distributed 5,400 copies of the scriptures.

Two men and 25 horses lost their lives in a fire which partially destroyed Albert Manger's livery stable at Milwaukee. The flames spread so rapidly that that only three men a few horses were able to get out of the building.

U. S. Consul Read at Tientsin, China, has secured a victory for American enterprise by obtaining the acceptance of the tender of the Baldwin Locomotive works, of Philadelphia, to furnish all the engines for the Tientsin and Peking railway.

Union coal miners in the Pittsburgh district have voluntarily lowered the scale from 70 cents to 54 cents to meet non-union competition and now Ohio operators demand that their men work for 45 cents. The Ohio miners will probably refuse and trouble may follow.

When we do not give according to our means we do according to our meanness.

FROM MANY POINTS.

NEW ITEMS OF VARIOUS KINDS BRIEFLY RELATED.

British-Egyptian Troops Make a Successful Attack upon the Khalifa's Followers and Take Possession of Every Point Including Dongola.

The city of Dongola, the stronghold of the dervishes, against whom the British-Egyptian expedition was started down the Nile, has fallen. The river forces of the British-Egyptian expedition, pushing up the Nile from El Hafir, landed a force at Dongola and occupied that place before the dervish forces retreating from El Hafir and reached that place. El Hafir and Dongola are therefore both in the hands of the expedition, while the dervish forces are somewhere between seeking a refuge.

Gen. Sir Herbert Kitchener's expedition, consisting of 15,000 men, headed for Dongola and Khartoum, met with no opposition and did not meet the dervishes until Kerma, 30 miles from Dongola, was reached. Several halts were made at points above Kerma, as it was thought the dervishes would give battle at that place, which is just above the third cataract of the Nile. However, the dervishes evidently became alarmed at the strength of the British-Egyptian force and retired from Kerma after only feeble resistance. The British river gunboats did good work and the field batteries continued to force the dervishes from one position to another until they fled to El Hafir. The British gunboats, however, steamed rapidly for Dongola, hoping to arrive there before the dervish forces. The program that worked so well at Kerma was repeated at El Hafir and the dervishes retired under cover of night, having suffered heavy loss. News was soon received that the steamers and gunboats had reached Dongola and had landed a force which immediately occupied the treasury and the grain store, the principal stronghold of the town. The news was received by Gen. Kitchener's force, with a great deal of pleasure, as the enemy is supposed to be marching between there and Dongola in a much hampered condition by reason of the number of their wounded and their retreat along the river bank threatened by the steamers, which can destroy at any moment the food supplies stored at Dongola, if they cannot hold that place against the retreating forces of dervishes until land forces of the expedition have advanced to co-operate with them. The engagement at El Hafir seems to have altogether dismayed the dervishes, who placed great confidence upon the fort at that place.

The native residents of El Hafir welcomed the appearance of the British and Egyptian expedition and seem to regard their advance as assurance of a deliverance from the rule of the khalfas and the Baggaras, the khalfas' native tribe, who have exercised a cruel dominion over the Nile tribes. Wad Bishara, the dervish commander, was wounded at about noon during the fight at El Hafir and was immediately carried out of range of the fire and repeatedly exclaiming to those who surrounded him: "Allah is against me." He was able to remove his guns but he was forced to leave behind a great quantity of ammunition for both the artillery and the rifles. A dervish steamer was sunk by the expedition's horse battery, and was said to have also been loaded with ammunition and guns.

It is the general impression that the dervishes will not make any further stand. It is evident that Wad Bishara had brought up all his effective force from Dongola, intending to make a stand at El Hafir. Even if he is able to recover Dongola from the river force of the expedition which has occupied it, it is not considered possible that he should make a stand there against the advance of the combined land river forces.

New York Silver Democrats.

The state convention of New York Democrats held at Buffalo, endorsed the Chicago silver platform and nominated a silver ticket, thus making it certain that the gold standard Democrats will hold another convention and nominate a sound money ticket. Chairman Rockefeller in his opening speech, talked for silver and then roared M. A. Hanna. The report of the committee on resolutions was an unqualified endorsement of the Chicago platform, and pledges unwavering support to Bryan and Sewall. After a furor created by Delegate Purroy, who cried out against gag law, the platform was unanimously adopted. The Albany county delegation presented the name of John Boyd Thatcher for governor. Allegheny county presented Congress-Sulzer. Jefferson county presented Wilbur F. Porter. On call of the roll, Thatcher was nominated, and it was made unanimous. Elliot Danforth moved the nomination of Wilbur F. Porter for lieutenant-governor. Judge Porter was immediately nominated by acclamation. Robert G. Titus was unanimously nominated for judge of the court of appeals. Presidential electors were chosen and the convention adjourned sine die.

Ex-Congressman Ashley, of Ohio, Dead. Hon. James Ashley, of Ohio, ex-congressman, and territorial governor of Montana, died at the sanitarium at Alma, Mich. He has been lying very low for several days. He was one of the most prominent congressmen during the war and was a personal friend of President Lincoln. He was a prominent railroad magnate, being long connected with the Ann Arbor railroad.

Four Killed in a Week.

Four men were killed and several others badly injured in a wreck on the C. H. & D. near Connersville, Ind.

THE TURKISH SITUATION.

All Europe in a Nervous Condition Over the Probability of a War.

Only a short time ago it looked like a certain prospect of England playing a lone hand in deposing Abdul Hamid II, "the sick man of the east," the semi-idiot sultan of Turkey, the bloody infidel butcher of innocent Christians, or whatever title one may desire to bestow upon the reigning monarch of the Turkish empire. But the horizon has changed now and the Russian bear may be seen in the distance interposing his ugly bulk between the British lion and its intended prey. The situation may be summed up something like this: The announcement was made that Great Britain intended to prevent any further massacre of Armenians by the Turks and would take steps alone, if none of the powers would support her, to depose the sultan. Not one of the powers signified their desire to help in the project, so Great Britain gathered a great fleet of war vessels at the mouth of the Dardanelles ready to execute her threat and the Turks seemed thoroughly cowed for the time being; the sultan's party being so completely alarmed that a portion of the guard at the Yildiz palace, who had evidently been awaiting a chance to foment a rebellion, thought it their opportunity and attacked the palace. After a hard fight during which 200 persons were killed the rebels were forcibly disarmed in the presence of a large body of troops and were replaced by five Seraskier battalions. Then Redran Pasha, governor of Constantinople, was dismissed and the sultan's brothers were arrested. The Young Turk revolutionary party took advantage of the disturbed situation and covered Constantinople with cards inciting the people to dethrone the sultan. Serious trouble seemed certain and it was considered as soon as settled that the sultan's reign was about to be ended. In England the press and people seemed pleased at the prospect, but on the continent there was an ominous silence.

Suddenly all this was changed. Rumors of Russian support of the sultan became rife and soon the whole continental press was turned against England, and finally a semi-official announcement was made that Russia while not outspoken in her defense of the sultan, will resist any attempt to depose Abdul Hamid II. At the present time the Russian fleet in the Black sea is preparing for active work, so as to be ready at a moment's notice to proceed to the Bosphorus. The Turkish forts on the Dardanelles are to be placed in a better state of defense under the direction of Russian officials.

In this emergency the influential London papers, particularly the St. James Gazette and the Chronicle, propose a new remedy for the trouble—a new triple alliance. The St. James Gazette says: "We are openly threatened with joint, hostile European action if we interfere (in Turkey) against the will of the powers. But, there is one combination which British statesmanship might effect. Two states which have little to gain from Russia could act with us and end the tension. The United States and Italy are both understood to be friendly to Russia. Nevertheless, neither is yet too deeply involved to be able to assume an independent attitude under British inspiration. Why should not England, the United States and Italy form a new triple alliance?"

Also of the nations of the earth, the people of the United States can understand, the impulse which would drive Englishmen to war in order to suppress tyranny or rescue the oppressed. Plenty of Americans would regard with enthusiasm the spectacle of the Union Jack and the Stars and Stripes floating side by side in the Bosphorus to back up their joint demand. It might be expected that the Russian combination would go to pieces at the mere aspect of this genuine league of peace, and that the new dreadnought might lead to a final grouping of the powers, and the delivery of Europe both from Turkish misrule and the dangerous thralldom of Russia into which it is sinking.

THE MARKETS.

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THE MISADVENTURES OF JOHN NICHOLSON

BY ROBERT LOUIS STEVENSON.

CHAPTER VIII.

N front of Donaldson's Hospital, John counted it good fortune to perceive a cab a great way off, and by much shouting and waving of his arm to catch the notice of the driver. He counted it good fortune, for the

time was long to him till he should have done forever with the Lodge; and the further he must go to find a cab, the greater the chance that the inevitable discovery had taken place, and that he should return to find the garden full of angry neighbors. Yet when the vehicle drew up he was sensibly chagrined to recognize the port-wine cabman of the night before. "Here," he could not but reflect, "here is another link in the Judicial Error."

The driver, on the other hand, was pleased to drop again upon so liberal a fare; and as he was a man—the reader must already have perceived—of easy, not to say familiar, manners, he dropped at once into a vein of friendly talk, commenting on the weather, on the sacred season, which struck him chiefly in the light of a day of liberal gratuities, on the chance which had reunited him to a pleasing customer, and on the fact that John had been "as he was pleased to call it visibly 'on the randan' the night before."

"And ye look dreifal bad to-day, sir, I must say," he continued. "There's nothing like a dram for ye—if ye'll take my advice of it; and bein' as it's Christmas, I'm no saying," he added, with a fatherly smile, "but what I would join ye myself."

John had listened with a sick heart. "I'll give you a dram when we've got through," said he, affecting a sprightliness which sat on him most unhand-somely, "and not a drop till then. Business first, and pleasure afterward."

With this promise the jarvey was prevailed upon to clamber to his place and drive, with hideous deliberation, to the door of the Lodge. There was no signs as yet of any public emotion; only two men stood not far off in talk, and their presence, seen from afar, set John's pulses buzzing. He might have spared himself his fright, for the pair were lost in some dispute of a theological complexion, and with lengthened upper lip and enumerating fingers, pursued the matter of their difference, and paid no heed to John.

But the cabman proved a thorn in the flesh. Nothing would keep him on his perch; he must clamber down, comment upon the pebble in the door (which he regarded as an ingenious but unsafe device), help John with the portmanteau, and enliven matters with a flow of speech, and especially of questions, which John thus continued: "He'll no be here himself, will he? No? Well, he's an eccentric man—a fair oddity—if ye ken the expression. Great trouble with his tenants, they tell me. I've driven the family for years. I drove a cab at his father's waddin'. What'll your name be?—I should ken your face. Baigrey, ye say? There were Baigreys about Gilmerston; ye'll be one of that lot? Then this'll be a friend's portmanteau, like? Why? Because the name upon it's Nicholson! Oh, if ye're in a hurry, that's another job. Waverley Brig? Are ye for away?"

At the station his spirits rose again; another stage of his escape was fortunately ended—he began to spy blue water. He called a railway porter, and made him carry the portmanteau to the cloak-room; not that he had any notion of delay; flight, instant flight, was his design, no matter whither; but he had determined to dismiss the cabman ere he named, or even chose, his destination, thus possibly balking the Judicial Error of another link. This was his cunning aim and now with one foot on the roadway, and one still on the coach-step, he made haste to put the thing in practice, and plunged his hand into his trousers pocket.

There was nothing there! Oh, yes; this time he was to blame. He should have remembered, and when he deserted his blood-stained pantaloons, he should not have deserted along with them his purse. Make the most of his error, and then compare it with the punishment! Conceive his new position, for I lack words to picture it; conceive him condemned to return to that house, from the very thought of which his soul revolted, and once more to expose himself to capture on the very scene of his misdeed: conceive him linked to the moldy cab and a familiar cabman. John cursed the cabman silently, and then it occurred to him that he must stop the incarceration of his portmanteau; that, at least, he must keep close at hand, and he turned to recall the porter. But his reflections, brief as they had appeared, must have occupied him longer than he supposed, and there was the man already returning with the receipt.

Well, that was settled; he had lost his portmanteau also; for the squire with which he had paid the Murrayfield Toll was one that had strayed alone into his waistcoat pocket, and unless he, once more successfully achieved the adventure of the house of crime, his portmanteau lay in the cloak-room in eternal pawn, for lack of a penny fee.

And then he remembered the porter, who stood suggestively attentive, words of gratitude hanging on his lips. John hunted right and left; he found a coin—prayed God that it was a sovereign—drew it out, beheld a half-penny, and offered it to the porter.

The man's jaw dropped. "It's only a half-penny!" he said, startled out of railway decency.

"I know that," said John piteously.

And here the porter recovered the dignity of a man.

"Thank you, sir," said he, and would have returned the base gratuity. But John, too, would none of it; and as they struggled, who must join in but the cabman?

"Hoots, Mr. Baigrey," said he, "you surely forget what day it is!"

"I tell you I have no change," cried John.

"Well," said the driver, "and what then? I would rather give a man a shillin' on a day like this than put him off with a derision like a babbee. I'm surprised at the like of you, Mr. Baigrey!"

"My name is not Baigrey!" broke out John, in mere childish temper and distress.

"Ye told me it was yourself," said the cabman.

"I know I did; and what the devil right had you to ask?" cried the unhappy one.

"Oh, very well," said the driver. "I know my place, if you know yours—if you know yours!" he repeated, as one who should imply grave doubt; and muttered inarticulate thunders, in which the grand old name of gentleman was taken seemingly in vain.

Oh, to have been able to discharge this monster, whom John now perceived with tardy clear-sightedness, to have begun betimes the festivities of Christmas! But far from any such ray of consolation visiting the lost, he stood bare of help and helpers, his portmanteau sequestered in one place, his money deserted in another and guarded by a corpse; himself, so sedulous of privacy, the cynosure of all men's eyes about the station; and, as if these were not enough mischances, he was now fallen in ill-blood with the beast to whom his poverty had linked him! In ill-blood, as he reflected dimly, with the witness who perhaps might hang or save him! There was no time to be lost; he durst not linger any longer in that public spot; and whether he had recourse to dignity or to conciliation, the remedy must be applied at once. Some happily surviving element of manhood moved him to the former.

"Let us have no more of this," said he, his foot once more upon the step. "Go back to where we came from."

He had avoided the name of any destination, for there was now quite a little band of railway folk about the cab, and he still kept an eye upon the court of justice, and labored to avoid concentric evidence. But here again the fatal jarvey outmanoeuvred him.

"Back to the Lodge?" cried he, in shrill tones of protest.

"Drive on at once!" roared John, and slammed the door behind him, so that the crazy chariot rocked and jingled.

John's portmanteau, the cab into the Christmas streets, the fare within plunged in the blackness of a despair that neighbored on unconsciousness, the driver on the box digesting his rebuke and his customer's duplicity. I would not be thought to put the pair in competition; John's case was out of all parallel. But the cabman, too, is worth the sympathy of the judicious; for he was a fellow of genuine kindness and a high sense of personal dignity incensed by drink, and his advances had been cruelly and publicly rebuffed. As he drove, therefore, he counted his wrongs, and thirsted for sympathy and drink. Now, it chanced he had a friend, a publican, in Queensferry street, from whom, in view of the sacredness of the occasion, he thought he might extract a dram. Queensferry street lies something off the direct road to Murrayfield. But then there is the hilly cross-road that passes by the valley of the Leith and the Dean Cemetery; and Queensferry street is on the way to that. What was to hinder the cabman, since his horse was dumb, from choosing the cross-road, and calling on his friend in passing? So, it was decided; and the chariot, already somewhat mollified, turned aside his horse to the right.

CHAPTER IX.

JOHN, meanwhile, sat collapsed, his chin sunk upon his chest, his mind in abeyance. The smell of the cab was still faintly present to his senses, and a certain leaden chill about his feet; all else had disappeared in one vast oppression of calamity and physical faintness. It was drawing on to noon—two-and-twenty hours since he had broken bread; in the interval, he had suffered tortures of sorrow and alarm, and been partly tipsy; and though it was impossible to say he slept, yet when the cab stopped, and the cabman thrust his head into the window, his attention had to be recalled from depths of vacancy.

"If you'll no stand me a dram," said

the driver, with a well-merited severity of tone and manner, "I dare say ye'll have no objection to my taking one myself!"

"Yes—no—do what you like," returned John; and then, as he watched his tormentor mount the stairs and enter the whisky shop, there floated into his mind a sense of something long ago familiar. At that he started fully awake, and stared at the shop-front. Yes, he knew them, but when? and how? Long since, he thought; and then, casting his eye through the front glass, which had been recently occluded by the figure of the jarvey, he beheld the tree-tops of the rookery in Randolph Crescent. He was close to home—home, where he had thought, at that hour, to be sitting in the well-reverberated drawing-room in friendly converse; and, instead—

It was his first impulse to drop into the bottom of the cab; his next, to cover his face with his hands. So he sat, while the cabman toasted the publican, and the publican toasted the cabman, and both reviewed the affairs of the nation; so he still sat, when his master condescended to return, and drive off at last down hill, along the curve of Lynedoch Place; but even so sitting, as he passed the end of his father's street, he took one glance between his fingers, and beheld a doctor's carriage at the door.

"Well, just so," thought he; "I'll have killed my father! And this is Christmas-day!"

If Mr. Nicholson died, it was down this same road he must journey to the grave; and down this road, on the same errand, his wife had preceded him years before; and many other leading citizens, with the proper trappings and attendance of the end. And, now, in that frosty, ill-smelling, straw-carpeted, and ragged-cushioned cab, with his breath congealing on the glasses, where else was John himself advancing to?

The thought stirred his imagination, which began to manufacture many thousand pictures, bright and feeble, like the shapes in a kaleidoscope; and now he saw himself, ruddy and comforted, sliding in the gutter; and again, a little, woe-begone, bored urchin tricked forth in crape and weepers, descending this same hill at the foot's-pace of mourning coaches; his mother's body just preceding him; and yet again, his fancy, running far in front, showed him his destination—now standing solitary in the low sunshine, with the sparrows hopping on the threshold and the dead man within starting at the roof—and now, with a sudden change, thronged about with white-faced, hand-uplifting neighbors, and doctor bustling through their midst and fixing his stethoscope as he went, the policeman shaking a sagacious head beside the body. It was to this he feared that he was driving; in the midst of this he saw himself arrive heard himself stammer faint explanations, and felt the hand of the constable upon his shoulder. Heavens! how he wished he had played the manlier part; how he derided himself that he had fled that fatal neighborhood when all was quiet, and should now be tamely traveling back when it was thronging with avengers!

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

TRAINED ALLIGATOR.

Col. Ben Carson Talks About His Training of Pet Alligator.

"Do you know," said Col. Ben Carson, leaning back in his chair and talking to a New Orleans Times-Democrat man, "that alligators are the most affectionate creatures on earth? It's a fact. And the sense they have! They're wonders. They've got more sense than a dog. How do I know? Haven't I educated 'em? Ain't there an alligator 110 years old in Des Allemand bayou that would work his tail to the bone for me if I asked him to? Say—do make me tired. What are you laughing at? You get a gallon of molasses and a long-necked bottle and I'll show you how to tame alligators. It's the easiest thing on earth. They're so affectionate. On June 23, 1885, I went to Des Allemand bayou fishing. A negro named Baptiste Fortier had just caught an alligator 100 years old. I could tell by the rings around him. You can't train a young alligator. That's funny, ain't it? I asked Baptiste to sell him to me. I paid him \$4.95 and Jim—that's the alligator's name—was mine. I put a chain around his neck. Then I got me a long-necked bottle, filled it with molasses and walked up to him. He opened his jaws to nab me. That was my chance. I shoved the neck of the bottle in his mouth, just back of his ears, where an alligator has no teeth. I tilted the bottle up. Jim tasted the molasses and began wagging his tail. He broke Baptiste's leg, but that was an accident. He was as gentle as a setter dog from the minute he tasted the molasses. I taught him a lot of pretty tricks—how to catch flies, how to stand on his tail, how to chew tobacco. Finally I harnessed him up to a boat. He looked around at me to see what I wanted. I reached over the side of the boat and pushed him a little. Then he understood. Off he went. When I pulled on the rope I had around his neck he was nonplussed for a minute but he soon caught on, and now when I go to Des Allemand I never have to hire attendants to paddle my canoe. Jim attends to carrying me anywhere I want to go. Say, do you know Jim is as glad to see me whenever I pass that way as if he were a relative of mine? What's that? Of course it's the truth. Ask Baptiste. He takes care of Jim for me while I am in New Orleans."

When one loses his self respect he is sure to lose his credit.

WON BY A DREAM.

APA, I have dreamed three times in succession that Frank rode Flash and won the gentleman's cup."

It was one of the fairest and most bewitching of Kentucky's daughters that the chivalrous old general turned to as he answered: "You know the accepted tradition in regard to dreams, Jo, and of course there is not a Payton in this enlightened age who retains the faintest trace of superstition. I have forbidden that Yankee lover of yours the privilege of coming here and the mere phantasies of a dream are not going to restore him to my good graces."

But Jo had sown the seed and the look of confidence in her great brown eyes told that she anticipated a satisfactory harvest. The general walked toward the stable thinking it passing strange that Jo's repeated vision coincided so exactly with his own, for he himself had thrice been in dreamland to see that dashing young fellow from the north ride the magnificent black filly to victory. There was another surprise in store for him when he came upon Tom rubbing the satin coat of the clean-limbed mare and talking to her as though she comprehended every word and sentiment.

"Youse gwinter get dat cup suah, Miss Flash, kase I done dream free times dat Mistah Frank him down heah an' you took him roun' dat cowse so fas' dat he had no bref lef'. Dey hain't noffin' on foah hoots kin keep in sight ob you, honey, de way I seed, dat man ridin' you. Dat's honest, ole gal."

The handsome old general threw back his shoulders and knitted his brows as he turned away, thinking he had not been seen by the industrious rubber and failing to note the roll of the cunning eyes that followed him.

Superstition may have run out in the blood of the Paytons but here was one of the older generation in troubled doubt. It was more than his common sense could accept and everybody about the place seemed to be dreaming the same thing as a mere coincidence. He would not go back of the strange fact in search of its inspiration for that would confess a weakness he would not admit; but it was forced upon him as an irresistible conviction that unless Frank Fielder was astride of Flash, the local race of the year and the coveted cup would go to Maj. Slickton. And the thought of this was not to be endured. To the general the major was an upstart, an unworthy rival, a man of questionable reputation on the turf and utterly unprincipled where his interests were at stake. Besides this animus of dislike the general was moved by the consideration that he had been shrewdly goaded into posting \$10,000 on the outcome of the race and to lose it meant disaster to the prospects of Jo as an heiress. It was this thought that had most troubled the proud old Kentuckian, and before he slept that night he had written Frank to come at once.

The surprise of that young gentleman was not diminished by the hospitable welcome that he received, but almost became a panic when he was told by Jo that he must ride for the cup and win it as the one sure way of overcoming personal objection to an event which was the crowning hope of his life.

Fielder was a thoroughbred American. He had nerve, pluck, quick perceptions and an iron will. "Jo," he answered, "I'll take the chance and if I fail you know that I'll be far the heaviest loser of the day."

The height of Factory Chimneys.

The notion that the greater the height of a chimney for a boiler plant the greater will be its draught-producing power is responsible for the existence of many chimneys of impossible size, and at the same time unnecessary expense. A very tall chimney, well proportioned, and gracefully outlined, may be a striking architectural adjunct to a factory, but it is also one that costs considerable money, without doing any measurable amount of good. Where chimneys are intended to carry off noxious fumes from chemical works there is, of course, some method in providing unusual height, since the aim in such a case is to insure as complete as possible a diffusion of the vapors and prevent their coming back with the air of the lower strata; but for boilers simply unusual height, as stated, is rarely based upon a good reason.

As a matter of fact, the draught-producing capacities of chimneys having flues of the same size are in proportion to the square roots of their heights, so that if one were to have double the power, it may be so called, of the other, it would have to be four times as high and not merely twice as high, as many would suppose. A height of 150 feet may be considered, on good authority, as the maximum necessary in any case for producing the requisite draught, providing, of course, that the area of the flue has been properly proportioned. This latter should be made to bear a pretty nearly direct ratio to the combined areas of the boiler flues connecting with it. A chimney much beyond 150 feet is generally suggestive of misspent money—Cassier's Magazine.

Cholly: "Where are you going?"

Jack: "To call on a girl."

Cholly: "What—on a hot night like this?"

Jack: "The girl's from Boston."—Philadelphia Record.

houses. The major's playing a fool game, Jo, and I leave it to your woman's wits to uncover it. We'll keep our own counsel but you fathom the plot while I'm getting acquainted with Flash.

"What a beauty! She's fit to run for a kingdom," were the comments with which Fielder captivated all the stable boys, and when they saw the gallant mare taking hedges, fences and ditches like a greyhound, never breaking her pace or checking her terrific speed, they were dancing, singing and making quaint speeches in their ecstasies.

"I've solved it, Frank," whispered Jo, excitedly on the morning of the race. Wimple is an English jockey and is to have \$2,000 if he wins for the major. But that is not the meanest part of the conspiracy. Sam Gunn, who owns and rides the big grey, has a small farm on which the major holds a mortgage. It is arranged for Sam to make sure of beating Flash by crossing her at the first fence, no thought being taken of your precious life in this arrangement. They met down at the creek last night to make sure that each man understood his part, and I was a listener. All may not be fair in horse racing, Frank, but it is in love, you know. Wimple made the major pay \$1,500 on the spot. Sam tried to beg off, but was threatened and cajoled into keeping his agreement. When they separated I followed Sam and before I left him he was so ashamed he wanted to shoot the major. I pitied him so that I—well, I assumed that mortgage."

"Then the major's sole advantage is in his imported jockey?"

"I'm sure of it."

The familiar scene at the track need not be described. All the people of the county were there for a holiday and many guests from other sections enlivened the scene. Before the saddling bell rang for the call of the race for the cup, nearly every one had risked something on the outcome, Flash and Witch carrying the money, for it was accepted that one of them must win. The general chanced some more on the stretch of those dreams and the major plunged because of his "sure thing," for Sam Gunn had mentioned no change in the program.

After the preliminary canter it was not the general's words: "You will win," or the exaggerated assurances of the stable boys, but the flaming eyes of Jo that caused Fielder to set his teeth like a man fighting for his life.

"They're off," went up the shout, and there followed the breathless silence of suspense. For three fields the horses ran bunched, Flash and Witch back, with their riders watching each other like hawks, but as they neared the fourth jump, an ugly ditch and hedge, Sam imperceptibly pulled his gray until hardly a length ahead of the favorites, the Witch coming to his left and Flash to his right. Over went the leaders, but Sam's horse apparently refused, and swerved to the left. There was no time for Wimple to stop. Following the crash, the crowd saw the two horses and a man in a confused mass, Sam having gone from his saddle to the other side of the hedge with the ability of a circus rider. All Fielder had to do now was to guide Flash over the course, winning the race, the cup and one of the loveliest of all the lovely women of Kentucky.

Ever since the general has been an implicit believer in dreams, though he scoffs at everything else which has a flavor of the supernatural. He did dream of Flash and Fielder because they were the chief objects of his thought, but he never knew that Jo heard him confiding the vision to his old friend Col. Buckler, that the dreams she reported were all evolved from her imagination in broad daylight and that she had been instrumental in having Tom, the rubber, make the speech to Flash which was meant solely for the ears of her owner.

Are you a sufferer from that terrible plague, Itching Piles? Doan's Ointment will bring you instant relief and permanent cure. Get it from your dealer.

Portugal has 2,800,000 people in her colonies.

Hall's Catarrh Cure Is a constitutional cure. Price, 75c.

There is no library like a cultivated mind.

Skin and blood diseases, causing all sorts of dire disasters to human happiness are easily and quickly cured by Burdock Blood Bitters.

Love's language is the speech of action.

FITS stopped free and permanently cured. No return first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Free \$1 trial bottle and treatise. Send to Dr. Kline, 283 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Steep salt fish in sour milk to freshen.

I know that my life was saved by Pilo's Cure for Consumption—John A. Miller, Au Sable, Michigan, April 21, 1885.

No crapo is worn in heaven.

That Pleasing Paralyzing Pie!

How good it looks! How good it is!..... And how it hurts. Why not look into the question of Pile after Pie? Eat your pie and take Ayer's Pills after, and pile will please and not paralyze.

AYER'S Cathartic Pills CURE DYSPEPSIA.



"Protection." BattleAx PLUG

If you want protection buy "Battle Ax." It is man's ideal tobacco. It protects his purse from high prices. It protects his health from the effects of injurious tobacco. It's the biggest and best there is—nothing less, nothing more. An investment of 5 cents will prove this story.

Columbia Bicycles

GIVE GREATEST SATISFACTION.

The acme of cycling comfort and delight is in store for the purchaser of a Columbia Bicycle. It has no equal. Its speed on track and road has been proved.

\$100 TO ALL ALIKE.

Standard of the World.

The Columbia Catalogue free by calling on the Columbia agent, or by mail for two 2-cent stamps.

POPE MFG. CO., HARTFORD, CONN.

Branch Stores and Agencies in almost every city and town.

EDUCATIONAL. BUSINESS University DETROIT, MICH. The Leading Business Training Institution of America. Educates young men and women for successful life. There are five departments viz: Business, Stenography, Penmanship, English, and Mechanical Drawing. Students can enter at any time. Catalogue free. 11-19 Wilcox St., Detroit. W. F. JEWELL, Pres., P. R. SPENCER, Secy.

Tells Your Fortune With pen picture of your future husband or wife. Send the (self-addressed) date of birth, to ASTORIA, Box 177, Boston, Mass.

AVOID BUCKET SHOPS! TRADE WITH A RESPONSIBLE FIRM. BANKERS AND BROKERS, 122, 123 and 124 Rialto Building, Chicago, Ill. Members of the Chicago Board of Trade in good standing, who will transact business with their clients. Book on statistics and reliable information regarding the market. Write for it and their Daily Market Letter, to be FREE. References: AM. EX. NATIONAL BANK CHICAGO.

W. N. U., D. --XIV--39.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

BRIGHT PROSPECTS.

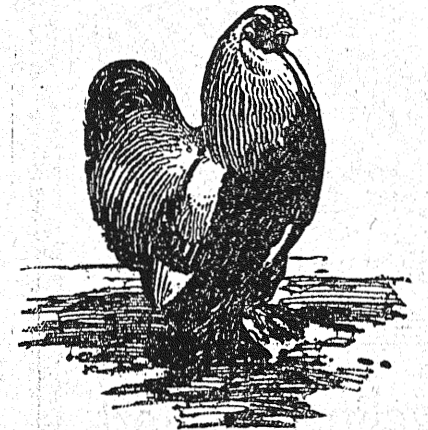
Everything Favorable for our Approaching Fair Next Week.



At Cass City, on Tuesday morning next, will open the seventh annual Fair of the Tuscola, Huron and Sanilac Fair Association, at the Driving Park. As far as we have been able to learn, every arrangement is now complete, unless it be the closing of the contracts with the Weather Bureau for the proper behavior of the elements. Inquiries for premium lists began showering in even before they were ready for distribution, and although the society provided five hundred more than formerly only enough are left at the present time to supply the demand at the opening of the Fair. More enthusiasm is expressed than for several years before and an unusually successful exposition is expected by all connected therewith in an official capacity, who of course, are in the best position to judge. Secretary McGillivray opened his office in the Pinney building on the north side of Main Street on Monday and since that time entries have been coming in at an astonishing rate. A larger supply than ever of entry tags and blanks has been provided to accommodate the large list of entries which is assured.



It is expected that the show of live stock will be unusually large as many of our prominent stock raisers have expressed their intention of showing some fine animals and others from a distance have similar intentions. Thoroughly capable superintendents have been selected and exhibitors are assured of fair treatment and proper attention. The poultry department has received especial attention this year, thanks to the untiring efforts of S. Champion, of the Tuscola Poultry Yards, and there promises to be the best exhibit in this line ever made in the Thumb. A professional judge has been employed and all birds will be judged according to the American Standard of Perfection. Some excellent special premiums are offered and the winner of any of these will be well repaid. Fetch on your birds!



Do not fail to make the Fair a success. It is not only an inspiration to the farmer to renew his efforts to produce the best but an advertisement of the town and surrounding country. Many people who think of locating near by, first visit our Fair to ascertain the productiveness of the soil. The speed program, under the management of Jas. D. Brooker, has been carefully prepared and some interesting races are promised. Below is the program:

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 30.
Farmer's trot or pace, \$ 25.00
2:40 pace or 2:35 trot, mixed, 125.00

FRIDAY, OCT. 2.
3:00 trot or pace mixed, \$ 100.00
Free-for-all trot or pace mixed, 150.00
The committee placed in charge of the chief attractions have been successful in arranging for a base ball tournament in which a great amount of interest is being taken by the citizens of the surrounding country. On Thursday, Oct. 1st, the first game will be called at 10 a. m., between Unionville and Elkton. The second game at 4 p. m., of the same day between Bad Axe and Caro. The two winning clubs will play the deciding game for the championship of the Thumb on Friday, Oct. 2, at 10 a. m.

Then on Thursday, Oct. 1st, an excellent program of bicycle races has been arranged. There will be a one-mile novice, a one-mile open, a three-mile lap and a two-mile farmers' race with various prizes valued at from three to twenty dollars. A goodly number of cyclists have already signified their

intentions of being on hand for the races. We must not neglect to mention that the Caro Cornet Band has been secured to furnish music and it is not necessary to say anything about their ability. They are well known and appreciated. The superintendents of grounds privileges, Wm. Fairweather, is securing a number of minor attractions, including the Ocean Wave merry-go-round, and there will be the usual refreshments stands, etc.

It is to your interest to attend the Fair, though you may not find it exactly convenient to do so, as you will learn much that will be of value to you and you will return to your vocation with renewed inspiration to overcome hindrances and make a success of life. Everybody come!

COMMUNICATION.

The editor will not hold himself responsible for any opinions expressed or statements made in articles published under this head.

A REPLY.

Editor ENTERPRISE.

In your paper of Sept. 17th, in your Deford items, I see your correspondent states that a certain fat doctor sent to Chicago for a fire escape and got a family Bible for one dollar. Now, Mr. Editor, I am the only fat doctor in Cass City. All the rest are very lean—perhaps as lean as your Deford correspondent—and I have four family Bibles, so I will attempt to show your Deford correspondent what I find in my "fire escape," for his benefit and that of all Christians in the county. Now, Mr. Correspondent, please open your "fire escape"—if you have one; if not, borrow one, and the next time you come to Cass City I will give you one—and do precisely what I ask you to do. Take from your table that book, the Holy Bible, seat yourself and listen. Before me there is opened the same Holy Bible. In it is recorded the name of my dead father. Before its open pages I cannot find it possible to say a trifling or untruthful word. Open the Book and turn to Leviticus xxv: 35-37. What do you find? Does it not read, "And if thy brother be waxen poor and fallen in decay with thee—become a sort of a tramp—then thou shalt relieve him; yea, though he be a stranger or a sojourner; that he may live with thee. Take thou no usury of him, or increase; but fear thy God, that thy brother may live with thee. Thou shalt not give him thy money upon usury, nor lend him thy victuals for increase?" Who was it said this? The first verse of the chapter says that it was the Lord who said it, and that he said it to Moses on Mount Sinai. Turn the leaves of the Book again. Read verse twelve of the twenty-second chapter of Ezekiel. "In thee have they taken gifts to shed blood; thou hast taken usury and increase, and thou hast greedily gained of thy neighbors by extortion, and hast forgotten me, saith the Lord God." This is one of the things enumerated in the catalogue of Jerusalem sins. Turn again the pages of the book. Turn back this time, to the twenty-third chapter of Deuteronomy and the nineteenth verse and read these words: "Thou shalt not lend upon usury to thy brother; usury of anything that is lent upon usury." And, finally, turn to the New Testament—a new "fire escape"—and from Matthew xxi: 12, 13, read: "And Jesus went into the temple of God, and cast out all them that sold and bought in the temple, and overthrowed the tables of the money changers, and the seats of them that sold doves, and said unto them, It is written, My house shall be called the house of prayer; but ye have made it a den of thieves." Do you believe these things? If to-day the same God stood face to face with Moses on Sinai, would he not utter the same words? If to-day he should speak to the world through another Ezekiel, or another Nehemiah, think that He would say the same things? Has he changed? Have the fundamental principles by which man's acts toward his fellow man are governed, been changed? and if to-day the same Jesus, whose bare feet trod the stony roads of old Jerusalem, should visit this world and find the money changers within the temple of God, within the church and schoolhouse where you pray, would he not cast them out?

Again, while you very glibly talk about my "fire escape," do you not think it is time you done something besides ridiculing honest men who come to your locality to buy potatoes? Do you not think you had better read your "fire escape" and teach men in your locality how to vote. Tell them that a vote for McKinley is the same as a vote for Grover the great Did you ever stop to think of that one word—usury? In reading your "fire escape"—the Holy Bible—have you not discovered that usury is classed with the sins of idolatry, theft, perjury

and other similar crimes? You ought to know that the word usury as used in the Bible means any rate of interest on money, however small, although it is a fact that Dewitt Talmage, Bishop Newman and modern Christianity have become accustomed to the pretense that usury is excess of the legal rate of interest. You know better. They all know better. They are scholars and have studied the law of the Bible. Do you know that usury is the virtue that is to-day gnawing at the vitals of this great republic? Which do you fear most? God, who says thou shalt not take usury? or the usurers themselves? If you have a mortgage on your farm, you fear the latter most. In conclusion, let me repeat Mrs. S. M. Smith's poem:

There are ninety and nine that live and die
In want and hunger and cold,
That one who may revel in luxury,
And be wrapped in its silken fold.
The ninety and nine in their hovels bare—
The one in a palace with riches rare.

They toil in the field, the ninety and nine,
For the fruits of our Mother Earth;
They dig and delve in the dusky mine
And bring its hidden treasures forth;
But the tenth released by their sturdy blows
To the hands of the one forever flows.

By the sweat of their brows, the desert blooms,
And the forest before them falls;
Their labor has built humble homes
And cities with lofty halls;
But the one owns city and homes and lands
And the ninety and nine have empty hands.
But the night so dreary, and dark and long,
At last shall the morning bring,
And over the land the victor's song
Of the ninety and nine shall ring;
And echo afar from zone to zone,
Rejoice, for labor shall have its own.

Providing, Wm. J. Bryan and Thos. E. Watson are elected president and vice-president this fall. Now, Mr. Correspondent, I think my admission that I have a "fire escape" and that I have studied it will recommend it to others. Remember that there is no darkness in this county but that all is ignorance. I am, D. P. DEMING, The Fat Doctor with a Fire Escape.

FARMERS! I WILL BUY ALL CHICKENS AND DUCKS that come on Wednesday, Sept. 30. A. FRUTCHEY.

R. S. Brown is on the sick list. Our school has over fifty on the register.

Miss Jennie Moody is home from Bad Axe.

I. Wadley and wife visited friends in town Sunday.

The Episcopal Ladies' Aid meets next Thursday.

C. H. Cleaver, of Burlington, Ont., is here on business this week.

Norm. Morrison, of Cass City, was seen on our streets Tuesday.

Mrs. John Wilson is on the sick list and under the doctor's treatment.

When, oh, when are we going to have a grist mill. The delay is expensive.

The board of school inspectors were in session Monday at the clerk's office.

Rev. Alene and wife are now here and nicely settled in the M. P. parsonage.

L. A. Cooley, of Marlette, has been here buying stock during the past two weeks.

Job Shapell, of Owendale, has moved to this town and thinks he will remain here now.

Mrs. Hugh Leonard, of Bad Axe, has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Tom Toohey, the past week.

Elmwood has 622 children of school age. Dist. No. 3, Gagetown, has 103 that draw public monies.

The Episcopal society swelled their treasury some \$8 by their Harvest Home and entertainment.

The cider mill is under the management of Shapell & Lemunyon. Jack has a finger in the pie this time.

Miss Lizzie Donpere left Monday morning for Ortonville for a few weeks' visit among relatives and friends.

Dr. G. A. Frasier is now owner of the old Moo farm east of Mr. Ottaway's, having bought out the interest of Joseph Markel.

R. S. Brown has secured a pension for Mrs. J. R. Moo, a guardian for her daughter, Adella Winton, \$12 as guardian and \$2 for minor child.

The Republican campaign in Elmwood was opened up by an eloquent speech by Hon. Willis Geo. Emerson, of Chicago, Monday night. Mr. Emerson is a fine speaker and he talked two straight hours and held his audience with surprising attention.

A. Klein, who purchased the green house east of his elevator has had a force of carpenters and painters at work for the past ten days and when his plans are fully completed will have the most imposing dwelling in town and it will be an ornament to the village and a credit to the owner.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Beauley, Pigeon and Karr's Corner's items crowded out this week.

The Fair at Elkton



INDUCEMENTS of various kinds were made for the citizens of the district surrounding the village of Elkton, fifteen miles to the north of Cass City, to attend the Fair held there last week, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, and attend it they did. The weather was at times a little unpleasant, but on the whole was quite favorable. The grounds have been considerably improved since last year and some new sheds, etc., etc., erected. The ladies of the M. E. Church served meals and were well patronized. Lunch counters, soft drink and fruit stands abounded and the pop corn and peanut vender was on hand as usual. There was also the dancing bowery, the Ocean Wave merry-go-round, the graphophone, striking board, chance games of various kinds and last, but not least, S. Champion's Comedy Co. The latter, while furnishing considerable entertainment, were on hand for the purpose of introducing the disinfectant known as Chloro naphtholeum and some good sales were made.



A LUNCH PARTY.

The live stock exhibit was quite large and not behind in quality. The poultry exhibited was also good, S. Champion, of this place, being the largest exhibitor and capturing a goodly number of premiums. The managers received many complimentary remarks regarding the excellent and tastily arranged display of fruits, which with grains and vegetables were shown in large tent. In the main building was a fine showing of ladies' work, canned fruit, plants, sewing machines, organs, etc.

There were quite a number of horse races which were closely contested and was eagerly witnessed by a large crowd, the spacious grand stand being filled. The greatest attraction, however, seemed to be the games of baseball which had been arranged. On Thursday afternoon Bad Axe players defeated a team from Soulestown by a score of seven to one. On Friday morning an exciting game was played between Cass City and Elkton nines, the former being the victors. The score was fifteen to nothing. But the best game of all had been reserved until the last, when in the afternoon the F. & P. M's and the Neros, of Bay City, crossed bats. The game was watched with intense interest and many came purposely to witness the game. It was evident ere many innings had been played that the Neros were a trifle too slow for their opponents but they put up a good game nevertheless and made some excellent plays. They were not able to play the full nine innings, as they had to catch the afternoon train, but when the game had ceased the F. & P. M's had scored fifteen and the Neros seven.

Elkton is to be congratulated upon the success of her second annual fair and their prospect of future prosperity.

My customers will please bear in mind that Binder Twine and other accounts are due and payable Oct. 1st. 9-17-3 J. H. STRIFFLER.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Several years ago I was taken with a severe attack of flux. I was sick in bed about ten days and could get nothing to relieve me until I used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, which cured me and has been a household remedy with us ever since. J. C. Marlow, Decaturville, Mo. For sale by T. H. Fritz, Druggist.

Order of Hearing. State of Michigan, county of Tuscola, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for said county, held at the Probate office in the village of Caro, on the twenty-second day of September, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety six. Present, John C. Loring, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Charles M. Weber, deceased. On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Lora Weber, the administratrix of said estate, praying that she may be licensed to sell certain real estate of said deceased and described in said petition, for the purpose of paying the debts of said deceased and the charges of administering said estate. Thereupon it is ordered, that Saturday, the 12th day of October next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, the heirs-at-law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be held in the Probate office, in the village of Caro, and show cause if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. It is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice of the hearing of said petition, and of the estate of the pendancy of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Cass City Enterprise, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing. JOHN C. LORING, Judge of Probate.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Beauley, Pigeon and Karr's Corner's items crowded out this week.

From all accounts Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is a Godsend to the afflicted. There is no advertisement about this. We feel just like saying it.—The Democrat, Carrollton, Ky. For sale by T. H. Fritz, Druggist.

Subscribe for the ENTERPRISE.

Cass City Markets.

CASS CITY, Sept. 24, 1896.

Wheat, No. 1 white	62
Wheat, No. 2 red	62
Corn, per bu.	25
Corn Meal, per cwt	1 03
Oats, per bu new	11 to 17
Rye	28
Barley, per 100 lbs.	30 40
Beans	25 to 30
Peas	63
Clover Seed, per bu.	3 75 to 4 00
Potatoes per bu.	8 to 12
Apples per bu.	12 to 15
Eggs per doz.	12 to 15
Butter	10
Hogs, dressed	4 1/2
Live Hogs, per cwt	2 to 3
Best live weight, per lb.	2 to 3
Lamb, live weight	25 to 30
Turkeys—live, per lb.	18 to 20
Chickens—dressed, per lb.	10 to 12
Chickens—live, per lb.	10 to 12
Hay, new	5 00 to 6 00
Wool, washed	14 to 18
Wool, unwashed	6 to 10

MARKETS AT ROLLER MILLS.

White Flour	\$ 1.30 cwt
Crescent	\$ 1.50 cwt
Graham Flour	1.30 "
Best Meal	1.20 "
Feed	.75 "
Meal	.70 "
Brans	.60 "
Middlings	.70 "

Church Directory.

EVANGELICAL—Services begin with Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Preaching services 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Y. P. C. E. meeting 6:45 p. m. English services every Sunday evening. All are invited. Rev. J. M. BYRNER, Pastor.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL—Preaching services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday. Class meetings follow morning service. Sunday school at 12 m. Junior League at 3:30 p. m. Epworth League at 5:30 p. m. Prayers meeting at 7:30 on Thursday evening. Rev. J. W. FENIS, Pastor.

PRESBYTERIAN—Sunday preaching services, 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Junior Endeavor at 3 p. m. Y. P. C. E. at 6:30 p. m. Prayer meeting on Thursday evening at 7:30. Rev. B. J. BAXTER, Pastor.

BAPTIST—Preaching services at 10:30 a. m. on Sunday. Sunday school at 12 m. Prayer meeting on Thursday evening. Rev. C. D. ELDRIDGE, Pastor.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

3-CENT COLUMN.

Advertisements will be inserted under this heading for three cents per line each week.

FOR SALE—Twenty swarms of live bees for sale. Enquire of Chas. S. Karr, east and north of Cass City. 9-24-96

HOUSE and barn to rent, known as the Mrs. Freeman house on Oak street. 8-13 LAING & JAMES.

LATEST STYLES in Wedding Invitations at ENTERPRISE Office.

PAMPHLET WORK of every description, clean and quick at the ENTERPRISE Job Department.

POSTERS, all styles. Hangers and Dodgers, at the ENTERPRISE Job Department.

ROOMS TO RENT over Laing & James' store. 4-17-H.

SCHOLARSHIP in the Fenton Normal School for sale at this office.

SHIPPING TAGS—At close prices—ENTERPRISE Office.

TO RENT—A part of the Edwards' livery barn. Apply at once to Dr. EDWARDS. 8-10.

WANTED—Fifty farmers to use Homestead (Mich.) Fertilizer to increase their crops and improve the condition of their land. Address me at Cass City or inquire one mile north and one-half mile east of McConnell's school house. A. D. MEAD, Agent. 8-20

WANTED—To exchange cow giving milk for yearling steers. 8-14 O. K. JAMES.

YOUNG team for sale; weight about 3,000. 15 mile west of Cass City. 9-17-3 O. C. WOOL.

YOU MAKE THE SALE by advertising in the ENTERPRISE, the best advertising medium.

A Spread

that all should see; an exhibit crowded with furniture novelties; a display that challenges admiration on sight, are the opinions expressed by those who have looked over our stock. Handsome furniture never was produced than is manufactured now, and the finest of up-to-date ideas are presented in our assortment. Home enjoyment is largely a furniture creation, and our bright array of unique ideas for the parlor, bedroom, and dining room indicates the easy possibilities in this direction.

To make room for fall stock will sell Couches and Lounges at cost for 30 days.

L. E. KARR.

PATENTS

QUICKLY SECURED. Trade-marks and Copyrights registered and patented. Inventions of every description promptly and skillfully conducted at lowest rates. No success no fee. Send model, sketch or photo. Of invention, with explanation, and we will return whether patentable or not, free of charge. OUR FREE PAMPHLET WHEN FASTER ANSWER. 25 years experience. 200 inventions wanted mailed to inventors free upon request. This is the most complete little patent book published and every inventor should possess it. H. B. WILLSON & CO., Patent Solicitors, 10 Desk Bldg. WASHINGTON, D. C.

I WILL SELL

LUMBER WAGONS

For The...

NEXT SIXTY DAYS

at greatly reduced prices.

Those intending buying can

save money by purchasing of

me during next two months.

I sell No. 1 Wagons fully

warranted. Call and see me.

W. J. Campbell.

Political Center

At G. A. Stevenson's

Because you can see people of all parties there

trading every day. The reason is

DEMOPOPS say that's the place to buy.

POPODEMS won't go anywhere else.

PROHIS know where things are cheap.

REPUBLICANS are not slow to catch on.

GOLD DEMOCRATS go where their dollars buy

the most. And so they come,

LOAD UP AND GO HOME HAPPY.

G. A. Stevenson.

Corn Huskers

And Sweaters

A Few More Grain

Drills to close out.

ALL KINDS OF FARM IMPLEMENTS.

J. H. Striffler.

Accounts payable October 1st.

GOLD AND SILVER.

To any of our customers who wish to know

whether we want Gold or Silver, we respectfully

reply

BOTH.

And Paper Money too. Bring it along, we

will take any of it. We have just opened a

complete line of

HORSE BLANKETS

which we are selling at very low prices. Also

Plush and Fur Robes, the finest line we

ever had and cheaper than ever.

We still make our Standard farm team har-

ness, only better than ever. Single buggy

harness from \$5.00 up.

Everything pertaining

to the horse and carriage.

W. D. SCHOOLEY

Cass City and Caro STAGE & LINE. J. S. DUNHAM PROP.

GOING WEST:

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Arrives at Caro, 9 "

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