ENTERPRISE.

VOL. XIV. NO. 5.

CASS CITY, MICH., JAN. 11, 1895.

BY A. A. P. McDOWELL.



TO THE PUBLIC:

I wish to thank you for your very lib eral patronage and to show that I appreciate it I will commence to-day the

Greatest Clothing Sale Ever Held

In the County. Come in and see the Largest and Newest Stock at unheard of Low Prices I will sell you an Overcoat, Ulster or Suit of Clothes cheaper than any man in this neck of the woods. A few dozen Men's Boots and Ladies' Fine Shoes at less than cost. To see is to believe. Come in and see.

J. D. CROSBY,

SHOES AND CLOTHING, CASS I TY.

Germs, Strictly Cash.



And see the new styles of

PIANOS, ORGANS and SEWING MACHINES.

We are better prepared than ever to satisfy you in anything in the music line and the nicest line of Organs and Pianos that has ever been shown in the Thumb. Call and see them. We are sure we can satisfy you in prices. Terms as low as \$3 per month on Organs, Pianos \$5 mouth in any style or make. Sheet music of all description furnished on short notice, and bear in mind we have the World Best, the gen uine SINGER SEWING MACHINE, You can get everything in our line at hard times prices. Give us a call and be convinced.

J. CLOAKEY & CO.

At this time of so much

sickness all should know

AND

MEDICINES CAREFULLY DISPENSED

Are necessary.

PRESCRIPTIONS A SPECIALTY

A full line of

PATENT MEDICINES.

Druggist Sundries,

Etc.

T. H. Fritz, - Pharmacist.

FANCY STATIONERY.

ENTERPRISE OFFICE.

MONEY LOANED.

LOCAL REPRESENATIVES WANTED

Our system affords an opportunity to borrow on

A fine line of new sam-

CASS CITY BAKERY IMPORTANT >>

AND RESTAURANT.

Having changed our locality to the Gamble building, we are now prepared to meet the demands

FRESH BREAD. RYE BREAD, GRAHAM BREAD.

BUNS, PIES,

WEDDING CAKES BAKED TO ORDER. 0000

Come and try our 15 cent Lunches

served at all hours.

M. L. Moore,- Prop Main Street, Cass City.

G. SPENGER.

The Canadian practical Watch maker is now ready with his new stock

HOLIDAY GOODS

Watches Clocks, Jewelry, Spectacles and notions at prices that defy com-

Fine Watch

Repairing a specialty.

Watch Cleaned. 75c
Main spring. 75c
Hair Spring. 75c
Hair Spring. 75c
All other work neatiy done ond aranted.

South Main St. Cass City

To monthly payments without bonus. with interest at 5 per cent. 9 per annum, it afforts absolute security to investors, with a reasonable guarantee of an Me desire to secure the services of energetic, represen attending the new position will be sufficiently remunerative to amply compensate for services. If you possess the above qualifications, write for particulars. Full information regarding our system of making loans as well as investments and agencies will be furtished by addressing S. S. Robertson, President, 1122 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.

12-7-13.

South Main St.

Cass City, . Mich.

≪Responsibility, \$40,000.≫

Accounts of business houses and individuals solicited.

Interest paid on time certificates of deposit.

E. H. PINNEY, Proprietor. H.L. PINNEY, Cashier.

I. B. Auten, Cass City John F. Seeley, Caro.

THE

AUTEN & SEELEY

(Successors to C W. McPhail.) Responsibility, \$50,000.00

We, the undersigned, have purchased the Cass City Bank, and desire the business to continue without interruption in the future as in the past. All notes in favor of said bank can be paid to, or arranged with us, and all deposits in said bank are guaranteed by us. and will be paid in usual course of business, and the certificates of deposit will be paid when due, or renewed on favorable terms. Mr. C. W. McPhail will continue to manage the business during the month of January, and Mr. W. S. Richardson will continue as

1. B. AUTEN,

JOHN F. SEELEY.

To My Friends and Customers: As will be seen by the above statements of Auten & S-eley, I have sold my banking business to them. I expect to remain in Cass City most of the time during the winter. I take this method of extending to you all my thanks for your custom and patronage during the 18 years that I have been engaged in business here; and hope to be favored with a call from each of you before my departure that I may personally thank you and bid you good by. While I regret that I am about to leave the county in which I was born; the village in which I have lived so many years with all its friendships and pleasant memories; I hope to again establish myself in a milder climate and larger place, where the natural advantages and facilities will

For a town of its size Cass City is equaled by few and excelled by none, and I look forward to the time in the not far distant future when it will be surrounded by one of the finest farmng countries in the United States. My successors are so well knonw as gentlemen with ample capital, ability and stricti ntegrity, that anything that I could say would not add to the high esteem in which they are held by the people of this locality.

As per statement above the deposits

oe better.

are assumed and guaranteed by them, and in their hands your money is safe. Again thanking you for many favors I have received, and wishing you all a happy and prosperous New Year, I am, Respectfully Yours, C. W. McPhail.

KINGSTON

Wm. Ross made a business trip to Caro on Friday last. John McCracken, of Deford, was in

town on Saturday. Born:-To Jack Gray and wife, a

baby boy, on Jan. 8th 1895. John Coltson and A. J. McAlpin have

moved into N. Adamson's house. L. E. Warner and wife visited Marlette friends on Sunday last.

John Millikin, of West Branch, has The Ladies Aid of the Baptist

church meet at M. C. Hemiter'l on Wedples just received at the

young people from here went to Hewported a good time.

Several from here went to Caro on Wednesday to attend the meeting of the Tuscola County Mutual Fire In either personal or real estate security. The plan is superfor to Building and Loan Associations. The amount borrowed may be returned in monthly payments without bonus, with interestat surance Co.

> Philadelphia, Pa., for samples copies. 1-11 4.

Subscribe for the Enterprise.

Caught On The Fly.

Whenever you fret and quarrel, Whenever you frown and cry, There's a line on your face that tells it And will tell it by and by. And when you fain would look pleasant,

The tell-tale marks will say, "She or he may try to be pretty, But have been cross in their duty." J. A. Waldon, of Ubly, was in town

Sunday last. Neil Livingston was in Gagetown on business this week.

John Leslie, of Freelton, Ont., is visit ing in this vicinity. Justice Brooker now has his office

ver Stevenson's store. Clark McKenzie has so far recovered

as to be able to be around. □N. L. Wales and Wm. Horton, of Elkton, were in town Sunday.

D. H. Clark, of Caro, did business in own the fore part of the week. C. W. McPhail left for Detroit and other points on Saturday morning.

Frank, Pierce formerly blacksmith part of the week.

signed to the waste basket this week. Cause—no signature.

M. M. Wickware left on Monday Detroit Medical College.

river by those having need thereof.

E. W. Keating returned on Saturday from his old home at Gananoque, Ont.. reporting a very enjoyable time. Are you a Canadian? If so you should avail yourself of our clubbing

clubbing list. Vol. 1, No. 2, of the Michigan Forester is at hand. It is printed at Columbiaville in the interest of I. O. F. of Michigan.

PRISE are needed to complete our files Nos. 6, 15, 17, 36, 48.

Correspondents will oblige us by always signing their names. We were obliged to omit one last week for the eason that no name was knew not who wrote it We neglected to mention last week

her home here, from Pt. Edward, Ont. has sufficiently recovered from her serious illness to undertake the journey. It seems hardly possible, but never-

theless it is true, that on an average every fifty-fifth person you meet wears W. L. Douglas Shoes. Did you ever realize what an immense undertaking it is to supply one article of wearing apparel to over one million people. On Monday of last week, while Chas.

Huble, son of Wm. Huble, of Ubly, was engaged in drawing wood from Greenleaf to Ubly, he in some way fell between the whiffletrees and horses. This caused the horses to run away and young Huble received serious, if not

The Enterprise has an item box in a conspicuous place in the post office. It was put there to receive items of general news and many take advantage of this. If you have friends visiting you or going to make a visit, or in fact know of any item of interest use our item box and we will appreciate it.

The Ladies and Knights of the Maccabees will hold public installation of officers on the evening of Jan. 16. Gt. Lady Com. Hollister and Gt. Com. Boynton will be present to install the officers. A short program consisting of music and addresses will be given. Refreshments will be served been visiting Kingston friends for a Bill 15c. All are cordially invited to Wednesday, two fine birds from the attend.

Something over a year ago some printing was done at this office for the Sons of Veterans. The bill has been A skating party of about twenty repeatedly presented to the Quartermaster and we have been credibly initt Lake on Monday evening and re- formed from another source that there is cash in the treasury and yet the bill is unpaid. If the members of the organization value their reputation this Jackson, is the secretary. The Partshould be looked after.

We will send the Enterprise and teresting sketch of the Rev. Dr. Henry by Felch and McClave, weight 14 lbs. subscription to this paper in advance terest of the reunion of Christendom. point bird. We feel safe in recomfor 1.10. Write to the Farm Journal, Dr. Lunn is about to pay a brief visit mending Mr. Champion's stock to anyrar has to say about him

Skating on the river.

Lost-Between this place and Mc-Connel school house a parcel of dress goods. Finder will please leave at

Extensive improvements are being made upon the interior of the Town Hall, for which credit is due to the push of the township clerk, H. S. Wickware. The hall has been newly papered throughout, two of the middle posts removed which have long been an eyesore and a truss rod run through the building in their stead. The painters are now engaged in putting on the fin-

ishing touches A very pleasant and profitable evening was spent at the home of P. A. Koepfgen on Wednesday, Dec. 26, with Mr. and Mrs. Huyser and a number of their friends ere their departure from Cass City. After tea wss served the ordinance of baptism was administered when all joined in singing "God be with you till we meet again," and the friends left for their homes O. Glendenning and family left for well pleased with the way the evening

a visit with relatives at Glencoe, Ont., was spent. We respectfully request our advertisers to bring in their changes on Wed for E. McKim, was in town the fore nesday. Not that we have to change them on that day, but if they are in by that time we know just what we have to Correspondence from Rescue con- do and can arrange our work accordingly. We cannot explain to you so you can appreciate the trouble it puts us to to have changes coming in Friday morning to resume his studies at the morning. Of course we know you can't always think about it, and "mistakes Ice of excellent quality and good will happen," etc., but if you will try to thickness is being secured from the co-operate with us in this particular

you will greatly oblige us. Robert McIntyre and Roy Smith were arrested Tuesday charged with having engaged in a fight last Sunday in this village. On being taken before Justice James Brooker, Sr., and ar offer with the Toronto Mail. See raigned, they each plead guilty, where upon the court gave them the option of paying \$3.50 each or ten days at the county jail. The money was paid and the boys were released, after which young McIntyre in the presence of the court expressed some little indigna-The following copies of the ENTER- tien which we infer caused the court to regert that the sentence bad been for which we will pay five cents each: made so light on the part of McIntyre. -Vol. XI, Nos 41, 42, 43, 44, 46; Vol. YII Look out young men for the second offense, for the punishment will be

Between Snnday and Monday an attempt was made to enter H. B. Faircitizens went to call Dr. McLean and standard. the return of Mrs. J. A. McDougall to he approached the building he saw three men standing between Fair-All will be pleased to know that she weather's and Howe & Bigelow's stores. They did not wait for him to get very near but separated, one going north on Oak street, and the other south on the same street and the other west on Main street. Upon examination next morning it was found that someone had been cutting at the rear door, evidently with the intention of unfastening the bolt so as to gain entrance. Doubtless the approaching footsteps frightened them away before any futher damage was done.

> The Farm Journal of Philadelphia is the leading monthly farm paper of the United States. It is boiled-down, and hits the nail on the head every time. It has over 200,000 subscribers scatterel from Maine to Washington and from Michigan to Texas. It is adapted to farmers' needs in all parts of the United States, and is devoted to stock raising, the orchard, the dairy, the garden, poultry, the household, the boys and girl, etc., etc. Its breezy, crisp pages contain as much information in the course of the year as many of the high-priced weeklies; while its earnest, manly tone and bright commonsense way of treating farm matters on Wednesday afternoon, the followleave a good and last taste in one's ing officers were installed: P. C., D. mouth. The subscription price is fifty P. Deming; Adjt., A. B. Durfee; Sergt. cents a year. S. Champion received by express, on

Concord Poultry club, of Concord, Mich. One was a light Brahma cockerel which took third prize at Ionia Poultry show recently and the other was a Partridge Cochin cockerel and as fine a bird as we have ever seen. This Club is considered by the poultry fraternity to be among the best breeders in the state. Jas. A. Tucker, Supt. of the Peninsular Poultry Show at Archdeacon Farrar contributes to which was winner of first prize at Char-American Review of Reviews an in- lotte and Ionia poultry shows, scored to the United States, and his many one wishing to improve their flock. He friends on this side of the Atlantic will also breeds B. Minorcas, R. C. Brown be glad to read what Archdeacon Far- Leghorns, S. L. Wyandottes and W

Have you paid your subscription? The Board of Supervisors are in ses-

ion at Caro. Dr. Chase, of West Bay City, was in own this week.

Mr. Chamberlain, of Dakota, is stopng at Mrs. Seeley's.

Mrs. S. Champion has been very sick out is now able to be around. J. McLellan transacted some legal

business in Gagetown on Thursday. Miss Edith Farrar visited her sister, Mrs. Purdy, at Gagetown, last week.

C. M. Webber & Co. have been reeiving large quantities of hay recently. We learn that a general store is to be pened in the Hitchcock block by a gentleman from Emmet.

Mrs. Wm. Patterson has purchased the Smithson property, west of town, and will move to town shortly.

Mrs. Wm. Gage, of Linkville, installed the officers of the Ladies' circle of the G. A. R. here on Wednesday.

Mrs. I. Waidley, Mrs. R. S. Brown, Mrs. C. F. Stearns and Miss Moody, of Gagetown, attended the G. A. R. here Wednesday.

The "Elkton Phythonic" has made ts appearance. N. L. Wales is the publisher. It is small, but if given a chance will grow.

Mr. and Mrs. W. I. Frost and W. H. Hebblewhite were called to Armada father of Mrs. Frost and Mr. Hebblewhite.

tween the Tennant House and S. Champion's, a meerschaum pipe Please return to undersigned. W. I- FROST.

Lost:-On Wednesday evening be-

Frank Delleree, of Detroit, formerly of Cass City, was shot in the hip while skating on the Detroit river by a man who knew of no other way to vent his rage than to commit such a cowardly act. He will probably recover. Semper Chapter, O. E. S., elected the

following officers for the ensuing year on Wednesday evening: W. M., Mrs. H. Stewart; A. M., Miss S. Leach; Sec., O. C. Wood; Treas., Hattie Wood; conductress, Mis. J. L. Purdy; A. C., Alice Wheeler. For the remainder of this week and

as long as special services continue in the churches, Mrs. E. K. Wickware and Mrs. H. S. Wickware will close their weather's grocery store by the rear millinery rooms at seven o'clock door. About three o'clook one of our standard time. Afterwards at 7:30

The public installation of the offi cers of the I.O.F. will be held at the rink on the evening of Thursday, Jan. 17th. High Vice Chief Ranger Collins. of Detroit, and Supreme Secretary Mc Gillvray, of Toronto, Ont., are expected to be present.

W. J. Campbell, Rev. Jas. McArthur I. K. Reid and W. T. Schenck attended the Farmers' Mutual Insurance Co. annual meeting at Caro on Wednesday. Mr. Campbell was re-elected as president, showing that his past services were satisfactory. The meeting was exceedingly enthusiastic and wil probably result in a complete revision of the by-laws and constitution.

The frontispiece of the January Re view of Reviews is a protrait of Robert Louis Stevenson; the same number contains another picture of the late novelist-a sketch drawn from life by that clever illustrator, Victor Gribayedoff. There are also potraits of Pro fessor Roux, Mackenzie Bowell, Sin John Thompson, Dean Hole, the Sul tan of Turkey, the Princess Bismarck, and other prominent personages.

At a regular meeting of Milo Warner post, No. 232, G. A. R., held here Maj, John C. Goodrich; S. V. C., Geo. Martin; J. V. C., O. C. Wood: Quartermaster; L. A. DeWitt: Quar. Sergt., D. M. Houghton; Chap., H. M. Marshall; Surg., H. H. Baxter; Officer of Day, John Atwell Comrad, R. S. Brown, of T. B. Myers Post, installed the officers with credit and satisfaction to the post and all

Stock Your Farm.

Stock your farm with fruit and orna mental trees. For the purpose of stimulating fruit growing in the vicinity of ridge Cochin is from a 931/2 point bird, Cass City, I will furnish fruit and ornamental trees next spring delivery at wholesale prices. Standard apple trees 12½ cts.; peach trees, 12½ cts., and all Farm Journal one whole year to every S. Lunn, the originator of the Grindel- The Light Brahma is of the Mammoth other stock at proportionately low subscriber who will promptly pay his wald Summer Conferences in the in- strain (non-setting) and from a 94 rates. All orders must be in before March 1st.

A. G. BERNEY.

Shelf papers, both narrow and wide white and colored for sale at the En-TERPRISE office.

Our Churches

BAPTIST CHURCH

The subject for the B. Y. P. U. Suu lay evening will be "The Midnight Call" (Matt. 22; 1-13). Leader. Mrs. J. S. Mc-

The chicken-pie supper at the parsonage last Friday evening was a decided success. Nearly \$12 was taken in.

METHODIST CHURCH. Rev. J. T. Gurney, of Grant, was a vistor at the Junior League Sunday after-

The subject for the Epworth League Sunday evening will be "The Altar."

Leader, A. A. P. McDowell. The election of Sunday school of ficers will take place this evening af ter the prayer services. If you have a

vote don't fail to be present. A very interesting feature of the service Sunday evening was the public installation of the newly elected Epworth

League officers, lead by Rev. Fenn. The union young people's meeting Sunday evening was largely attended and very interesting. Mrs. Seeley conducted the service, as representative of

the B. Y. P. U. Beginning Tuesday evening special services will be held by the pastor, Rev. J.W. Fenn. Let the members rally this week to attend the funeral of the at once to the work. All are cordially invited to attend. Bring your Gospel

> According to previous announcement the week of prayer is being observed here in union services, conducted by Revs. Anderson, Baxter and Fenn. They have been well attended and very interesting. To-night and tomorrow night they will be held in the

M. E. church. Wise and Otherwise

Its take a monkey a thousand years to make a man of himself, but a man can make a monkey of himself in a very few seconds.

"Dah ain' no doubt," said Uncle Eben' "'bout contentment bein' better'n ritches. But mos'ebrybody now'lays seems too p' lite ter want de bes' foh hisse'f."—Washington Star.

"Now tell me what the trouble is," said a mother to her little girl whom she had been obliged to take out of church because of a violent fit of weep ping. "He called me," said the child between her sobs, "a simple little crosseyed thing." The child was cross-eyed and the minister had just given out the

hymn: "Simply to Thy Cross I Cling." The following from an exchange may nterest some of our readers: "There s no use walking the floor with a felon" says a gentleman who has had some experience in that direction. "Wrap a loth closely around the felon, leaving he end open. Pour gun powder in the end and shake it down until the felon is covered, then keep it wet with camphor. In two hours the pain will

e relieved a perfect cure will follow." Horace Greeley was right when he said: "It is strange how close men will read the papers. We never say anything that men don't like but we soon hear about it and everybody tells about. If however we happen to say a good thing, we never hear of that -nobody seems to notice it. We may pay some man a hundred compliments or give him a dozen puffs, and he takes t as a tribute to his greatness—it never loes him any good. But if we happen to say anything this man don't ike, or something he imagines is a reflection on his character, see how quickly he flares up and gets excited about it. All our evils are charged to us, but we never, apparently, get any credit for what good we do."

Why is it that so many people read so called literature of inferior and infernal character? Is it because there are so many varieties of people whose aste vary as widely as the clothes they wear? Yes, this is the reason. Their very being demands such reading. This taste is cultivated and they grow worse and worse. Though literature of the highest character is placed at the disposal of every man, woman and child in America. Immense fortunes are made by the publishers of trash that blights the intellect and damns the soul. We see it printed usualy on poor paper, often on tinted paper, especially bright red. While the unfortunate reader of the trash is ruining his eyesight. Red is the worst of all colors to affect the eyes. Readable papers and periodicals are always published on pure white paper with good black ink.

Don't place your order for commercial printing until you get prices and see samples from the ENTERPRISE

THE Armenian press censors are adding insult to injury by urging in justification of their action that the koran forbids the reading of romance.

of emotional insanity as a defense of suffered intensely, but her end was crimes of different shapes and forms. peaceful. The variety of ways in which it can

cause the public fails to respond to the first insertion of a four-line advertisement, and think themselves both wise and courageous.

THE Boston Herald is too big a newspaper to continue to sneer and jeer at "the Borden girls." It says: 'At last the Rordens have ordered a \$2,250 monument to be placed in the cemetery where the few remains of was acquiesced in by all the attorneys their murdered parents now lie. Why present representing the different inthey have delayed so long is unknown." One seldom runs across a more contemptible paragraph in a respectable journal. The Herald is evidently not afraid of two poor girls alone and defenseless, and no big brother with a club handy.

Among the items charged in a Brooklyn lawyer's recent bill for services was, "Lying awake nights and thinking over the case." This attempt to put a price on insomnia is a new wrinkle in the practice of the science of law. Once the precedent is established of allowing such a bill, what is to prevent the charge "To an attack of dyspepsia, caused by worrying over the case," or To the crack in my conscience in taking the case,' or "To forfeiting my hope of the hereafter for winning the case." The field opened up for itemizing a bill by this Brooklyn lawyer is as expansive as space.

THE deaths from consumption in human beings are 25 to 35 per cent less than they were thirty to forty years ago. There has been no unnatural scare about the disease in human beings, no attempt to kill off the consumptives or even to imprison them. This gain in exemption from disease has been made by better observance of health laws. This same method will prove equally efficacious in lessening tuberculosis disease among cows, whenever it is applied. That will not be until the veterinar. ians who are pursuing their fad of stamping out tuberculosis by slaughter have been shown that their notions are impracticable as they certainly are oppressive.

TALK about Yankee versatility and ingenuity, the people of this country know nothing about it until they begin acquainting themselves with some of the mysteries of the American Pharmacopoeia. There have been discoveries made by the Yankee in the realm of mechanics that have reflected credit on the discoverer, and the Yankee lawyer has now and then acquitted himself before a jury in a fashion to swell the breast of a doting parent, while the pulpit has been filled by Yankees who were second editions of Whitfields, but all Yankee accomplishments in pulpit, at the bar or in mechanics pale into insignificance when compared with what chemical compounders have accomplished in the Pharmacopoeia.

Ir was found that of the 208 cancer cases treated in the Wellington hospital, New Zealand, not one was a Hebrew, and the immunity of these people from the disease is ascribed to their regulations regarding the slaughter of cattle. Their rabbis have to certify to the purity of the meat sold by Heand, as cancer and tuberculosis are knee. His leg was amputated. prevalent among New Zealand cattle, Mosaic ordinance comes in there with Omaha, Neb., was found unconscious a peculiarly protective force. The and half dead in a room in the Sherchildren of Israel do not enjoy like man house Flint. He blew out the immunity from this dreaded disease gas. ple, owing to the wisdom and rigor is on the warpath and is looking up the of their sumptuary and dietetic stat-liquor bonds of the various saloon-

QUICK to grasp the really sensa- port that the Lake Superior & Atlantic tional features in an occurrence, a railroad is to be built after all, and a Quick to grasp the really sensacontemporary publishes the news of line from Ottawa to the Sco will be the the arrival of some college students in first link. Chicago, and begins the report with The Prohibition state central comthe statement that "on arriving the mittee met at Lansing and decided to students made no noise."

Edison's neighbors have been getting much sport out of the fact that the electric bell on the Wizard's front

CASS CITY ENTERPRISE. STATE NEWS NOTES.

A CHAPTER OF THE DOINGS OF MICHIGANDERS.

Mrs. Mary T. Lathrap, Famous W. C. T. U. Leader, Dead-Ann Arbor Railroad to be Sold-Sad Suicide of a Port Huron Boy-Fire at Bay City-Other News

Mrs. Mary T. Lathrap Dead. Mrs. Mary T. Lathrap, wife of Dr. C. C. Lathrap, died at the family resi-

dence, at Jackson, of general neuralgia, aged 56 years and eight months. HYPNOTISM is now taking the place She had been ill many months and

The variety of ways in which it can be used suggests that somebody might yet be hypnotized into doing something good. It would be worth trying.

New Yorkers seem surprised that the Lexow investigation has at last touched Inspector Byrnes. This surprise seems strange. Byrnes must be the biggest fool on earth if he could hold his place and know nothing of the corruption that had honeycombed the whole department he controlled.

The general who, after discharging one volley into the ranks of the enemy and seeing no result, should thereupon immediately retreat or surrender, might justly be called a fool or a coward. Yet business men sometimes throw up the sponge because the public fails to respond to the first insertion of a four-line advertised.

Mary Torrens Lathrap was born on a farm through her childhood was spent amid the hardships of the childhod was spent amid the hardships of packson. April 27, 1838, and her childhod was educated at Marshall, where she lived during her girlhood was. Mary Torrens Lathrap has educated at Marshall, where she lived during her girlhood days. Mary Torrens taught in the public schools of Detroit from 1862 until 1865, when she married Dr. Lathrap and they removed to Jackson. Dr. Lathrap being a member of the M. E. church, his wife united with that church. She felt that life would be a failure unless she could preach the gospel. Her ability was soon recognized and the quarterly conference of the Methodist church granted her a license to preach and she became prominent as a lecture. She felt that life would be a failure unless she could preach the gospel. Her ability was soon recognized and the quarterly conference of the Methodist church granted her a license to preach and she became prominent as a lecture. She felt that life would be a failure unless she could preach the gospel. Her ability was soon recognized and the quarterly conference of the Meth Mary Torrens Lathrap was born on a farm

The T., A. A. & N. M. to be Sold.

In the U.S. District court at Cleveland, the beginning of the end of the financial difficulties of the T., A. A. & N. M. Railroad company was inaugurated. A motion for the sale of the road for the benefit of all the interested parties was made before Judge Ricks by Attorney Clarence Brown, of Toledo. The making of this motion terests. Bondholders representing about 90 per cent on the bonded in-debtedness of \$7,000,000 have agreed apon a plan of reorganization, and this move was in conformity with the plan of the bondholders' committee. The road will be bid in by the bondolders' committee for the benefit of he holders' agreement. The reorganzation plan also contemplates the issuance of \$14,250,000 of stock and The Ashleys are not represented in this deal.

Liquor Causes a Young Man's Suicide. E. J. Twiss, aged 24, son of Alderman John Twiss, of Port Huron, committed suicide at Ann Arbor by taking six grains of morphine. Young Twiss was a member of last year's senior law class of the University, and while there became addicted to the use of alcoholic liquors. Since last June he has been living in Port Huron, but a few days ago went to Ann Arbor for a visit, stopping with his old landlady, Mrs. Hirsch. For several days he had been drinking hard, and it is thought

he took his life while recovering his head. \$25,000 Fire at Bay City.

There was a \$25,000 fire in the Baumgarten block at Bay City, Huyck & Ritchie, druggists, were the heaviest losers. It is supposed to have original inated in a furnace and spread throughout the basement before it was discovered. Several people had apartments in the second story and these escaped with barely their clothing. Huyek & Ritchie's drug stock was a total loss; Baumgarten Brothers stock of groceries was badly damaged

War Flags for Michigan Regiments. Arrangements are being made for a rally of old soldiers to be held at Lansing during the month of March. The occasion will be one of particular interest to survivors of the Seventeenth. Nineteenth and Twentieth regiments of Michigan infantry, as on the day to be selected the colors of these regiments, which were lost during the war, will be returned.

MICHIGAN HAPPENINGS.

Pontiac's charity ball netted \$250. The number of students at Olivet has passed the 400 mark. Menominee mills sawed 400,000,000

feet of lumber last year. Pontiac Baptists have decided to purchase a site and build a new church.

Mendon has voted to give Geo. F. Aves a five-year contract to light the place with electricity.

1Ball & Kent, of Council Bluffs, will furnish plans for the new \$70,000 court house at St. Joseph.

The C. & G. T. railroad are making their preparations for their annual ice harvest. It will be taken from Sunset Lake near Vicksburg.

Elmer Sharp, son of the St. Joseph county treasurer, accidentally shot his sister Blanche while cleaning a revolver. The wound is serious. Jake Eleenbass, of Zeeland, went

brew butchers to their co-religionists, hunting. His gun was accidentally and as cancer and tuberculosis are A man who registered as J. Hill, of

everywhere, but probably show a A social purity agitation is on the smaller average than most other peo- tapis at Pontiac. Mrs. Jane Dawson

keepers. The Soo is greatly excited over a re-

hold the state convention to nominate candidates for justice of the supreme court and regents of the University in Lansing, February 21.

C. E. Pipp, of Otsego, fell down stairs and one of his teeth penetrated door won't work, and has been on a his leg just above the knee, making strike for days. Another case of the an ugly wound. Inflammation has cobbler's son going around on his up- now set in and it is feared that the man will have hydrophobia.

Alpena feels very bad because she has lost the Detroit, Bay City & Alpena road and gained the Detroit & Mackinaw, in which the name Alpena does not appear.

The livery barn of Herrick & Palmer, of Big Rapids, was destroyed by fire with all its contents except the horses. The loss will amount to about \$3,000.

Schuyler S. Olds denies that he was offered the chairmanship of the national congressional committee. He says the rumor started either in Chicago or New York.

Thieves waylaid a Jewish peddler named Hynan Sacke, near Lake City, and stole \$400 worth of goods. Then the hyenas poisoned poor Sacke's horse out of sheer cussedness. A water well in Ogden Center, at 100

feet depth, developed a rush of gas, which the operators foolishly ignited, and three hours' hard work was required to extinguish it. Co. B and Co. E, M. N. G., will be consolidated at Grand Rapids. They

will use Co. B's armory, which will be enlarged. An independent company will take the vacant place. Stephen De Velve, a teamster, found in the snow at Jackson the body of a male child wrapped in newspapers and cotton cloth. Physicians think the

and that its life was taken by violence. The dwelling of Charles Freiberg, near Grand Rapids, was destroyed by fire, entailing a loss of about \$2,000. Mrs. Freiberg, who was ill at the time, was severely burned before being res-

child was seven or eight months old,

Gov. Rich announced his intention to appoint Chase S. Osborn, editor of the Sault Ste. Marie News, state game and fish warden to succeed Charles S. Hampton, whose term of office will shortly expire.

West Bay City has evolved a unique scheme for helping the needy. It is a bread-baking contest, the person who bakes the best to get a prize. All the bread is to be judiciously distributed among the poor. It has just leaked out that Congress-

man Weadock, of Bay City, has entered into matrimony. The bride was for-merly known as Miss Nannie Curtiss, and was at one time his housekeeper. Later she held a position in the post-

Thomas Newall, a resident of Fline and vicinity for more than half a century, was found dead at his home. The verdict of the coroner's jury was that he died from exposure. The deceased was the father of Capt. G. E. Newall, postmaster of Flint. Mrs. Louis Darragh, one of the most

prominent ladies of Monroe, fell down stairs and dislocated her hip. She was alone and lay on the floor until the next day before she was discovered She had suffered frightful agony. There are little hopes for her recovery. Battle Creek papers are abusing the

detectives who arrested Bodewig and other alleged train wreckers. The claim is that these Hawkshaws made a great amount of noise with but little foundation for it. The general opinion is that the bottom has fallen out of the

to provide for the sale of pine barren unless he had assurance from the govupon which there are delinquent taxes. ernor of Kentucky and from the judge of the trial court that Hampton would run until they have exceeded the value of the land. The sale to the highest bidder will put something into the state treasury.

Mrs. Terry poured kerosene oil over her clothing at Colon, and then set in form, but on the broader ground of fire to herself. Her screams awoke her son-in-law, E. A. Bower, who arose and extinguished the flames, but not before the woman had been ter ribly burned. She died from the effects of her injuries. Mrs. Terry was aged and demented.

Mrs. Cora Hasbrook, proprietress of the Ashley house, Ashley, publicly horsewhipped C. E. Armstrong, editor of the Ashley News, while the latter was getting his mail out of the postoffice. The reason for the whipping was the editor's continual editorials letrimental to the reputation of her notel, which have lately appeared in is paper. Many citizens witnessed the chastisement.

Donovan, of Bay, has a pet bill which he will shortly spring upon the legistature. As he is a privileged character it will probably go through It provides for a system of ventilation which shall by law compel owners to place it in every public building. He thinks that school buildings especially should have some better method be sides banging doors and rattling winlows. Mr. Donovan was formerly a school teacher.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

While a party of young people were skating on the river five miles from Toledo the ice gave way and two men named Scottville and Denny were drowned.

Corning mill No. 2 of the Miami Powder works at Xenia, O., exploded, ompletely demolishing the building and killing Adolph Kreble, Arthur Harris and Clifford Horney. The two first named were married and leave

families. The fertilizer works of Griffith & Boyd, the acid works of G. H. & C. L. Davidson and the stable, office and home trade warehouse in No. 1 yard of the Standard Oil company at Canton, Ind., were destroyed by fire. The total loss will run upward of \$200,000.

Leading officials of the southern seaboard railway lines are making a tour ver the system with a view to establishing colonies of farmers along their lines. They expect to bring farmers to the south from Ohio, Michigan, Massachusetts, Colorado and Pennsyl

A public loan office, which seeks to rescue poor people from the clutches of chattel mortgage sharks, will be established at Milwaukee, with a capital of \$50,000, subscribed by leading citizens. The interest rate to be charged will be about 2 per cent per month instead of 10 per cent, which the chattel mortgage men are now charging. A public pawnshop will also

In the New York state senate Sen ator Lexow will introduce a resolution extending the time of the investion tion of the Lexow committee, and giv ing it further powers, but allowing i to make a preliminary report.

HITHER AND YONDER

NEWS ITEMS OF MANY KINDS FROM MANY PLACES.

Cincinnati Judge Would Not Allow Colored Prisoner to be Taken to Kentucky for Fear of Lynching-Trains Collide in a Tunnel-Fire in Toronto.

Tremendous Floods

The Monongahela and Allegheny rivers in Pennsylvania were made mighty rushing floods of uncontrollable waters by the January thaws and rains which have visited that section. As a natural consequence the Ohio is also a torrent of water carrying destruction to the territory along its

In Pennsylvania, however, the most damage was done, so far. The docks at McKeesport and the boat bottoms tied up along the river gave way and went rushing down the river. A number of streets were submerged and on the river streets all the families had to flee for their lives. Dewee's mill was damaged \$10,000. The Howard Plate Glass works at Duquesne had to shut down and the Carnegie Steel works are knocked out. The water is four feet deep on the main street of Davisburg. The loss in McKeesport will reach \$40,000, including 50 coal barges. Several coal barges, a house boat and swinging ferry boat broke from their moorings at Morgantown, and went down with the current. The new government coffer dam just below Vanport was swept away causing a big oss. John McSweeney, a stone mason, who had gone out on the dam to get his tools, was caught in the crash and

his body was swept away. Jos. Ledlie was rescued with much difficulty.

The railroads entering Pittsburg were nearly all troubled by the high water, and at Ben Avon and Connellsville the Fort Wayne and the B. & O.

roads were delayed by landslides.

The situation was very alarming at Yowlerville on the Youghiogheny. The whole town was submerged and the citizens in the lower district had to leave their homes, several of which were swept away. Reports from Dawson, Dickerson's Run, Banninga and other towns down the Youghiogheny river state that they are at the nercy of the waters and great damage is being done. The slope mines along the river are flooded and work has been suspended; it will require at least several weeks to get the water pumped out of them.

At Cincinnati the Ohio river rose at the rate of 11% inches per hour for 12 hours and after that at the rate of three inches per hour for 12 hours, reaching 23 feet 4 inches. The weather became cooler and checked the rise which had become very threatening. Numerous Ohio towns report small lamages.

Feared He Would be Lynched. Judge Buchwalter, of Cincinnati,

delivered an elaborate opinion in the case of the extradition of the Rev. A. S. Hampton, colored, demanded by Kentucky for shooting and wounding Mr. Dunham in Green county. When A bill will be introduced at Lansing his honor had refused to deliver him be protected from mob violence and that he would be given a fair trial The court said no such assurance had been received. He found both the indictment and the requisition defective securing the rights of the prisoner, the court held that he was justified in refusing to surrender Hampton. The presumption that he would die without legal process if sent back had not been rebutted by proof of any kind. The court cited statistics of 19 lynchings in Kentucky within a comparatively short time and recalled the fact that one of the victims had been surrendered by this court. The court felt the obligation to perform a moral

duty in this case. \$1,000,000 Fire in Toronto.

The most destructive fire ever experienced by Toronto, Ont., caused a loss of over \$1,000,000, and in addition to loss of property two firemen were killed and six received most serious injuries, which in all likelihood will prove fatal to two or three more. The center of the fire was the office of the Globe newspaper, in the basement of which it originated and then it crept to adjoining stores, destroying among others the dry goods store of Nicholas Rooney, the new millinery building of S. F. Mackinnon & Co., the largest and ago, and created such a favorable immost magnificently furnished store in the city; the large building occupied by Harry Webb; the Toronto Lithographing Co., Brough & Caswell, printers and publishers; Haworth & Co.'s belting establishment and others. That the fire did not consume the entire center of the city was due to a heavy snowfall, reaching a depth of seven inches, followed by a drizzling, slushy sleet an hour before the fire began.

Big Fire at Toledo-One Man Burned. Elevator B. of the Dayton & Michigan railway company, burned at To-ledo, involving the loss of one life, Chris Dandelion, an old employe, who was in the top of the building when it caught fire and was unable to escape. The elevator contained 625,000 bushels of wheat and 40,000 of corn, worth \$416,800. The elevator building was valued at \$150,000. Total loss, \$566,800. on which there is \$350,000 insurance. The cause of the fire is unknown.

Ralph Bond, aged 27, of Philadelphia, became insane through cigarette smoking.

James G. Blaine's old home at Washington has been torn down to make coom for an opera house.

The girls employed at Corle & Son's oatmeal works at Kansas City, Mo., struck against a one cent cut and lost their jobs. 6Mrs. Dr. John Curtiss, aged 65, died at Marcellus while under the influence of merphia given hypodermically by

the attending physician, who was exonerated from all blame. The gulf schooner Helen Kellar, of Pascagoula, Miss., which has been missing since October 4, has been found complete wreck near Vera Cruz, Mexico. The crew was all drowned.

Jay Gould's estate has been appraised taxation at \$\$1,000,000

STATE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.-First day.-There was a large

audience in the louby and the galleries when Lieut.-Gov. Milnes called the Semate to order. Rev. Chas. F. Swift, of Lansing, delivered a short prayer, after which the members were called before the secretary's desk and were sworn in. Lieut.-Gov. Milnes then read his opening address, congratulating the members upon their election; calling attention to the peculiar fact that all of the members were of one party and therefore business should be executed without delay; the legislative session should not be longer than 100 days; strict economy is necessary as taxes have so increased as to become an absolute burden. The officers of the Senate, as decided upon by the Republican caucus, were confirmed, as follows: Secretary. D. E. Alward, of Clare: sergenut-atarms, W. M. Slosson: first assistant. Robert M. Kutter, Wayne: second, James B. Curtis, Shiawassee; engrossing and enrolling clerk. Cora. B. Weber, Bay; assistant, Frank W. Howe, Eaton. The rules of the last Sonate were adopted. The report of the joint committee recommending the appointment of James McKay, of Kent. as postmaster and E. A. Stimson, of Saginaw, as assistant, was adopted, and it was ordered to notify the House of the action. A committee of three was appointed to act in conjunction with a 'like committee from the House to inform the governor that both branches of legislature were organized. A resolution was adopted for sessions to be held at 2 p.m. After a recess the oath of office was administered to the officers of the Senate. A communication from the House announced that it had refused to concur in the nomination made by the Senate for postmaster and assistant, and a committee on conference was appointed. A resolution was adopted for sessions to be held at 2 p.m. After a recess the oath of office was administered to the officers of the Senate. A communication from the House announced that it had refused to concur in the nomination made by the Senate for postmaster and assistant, and a committee of the Detroit & Saline Plank Roud company. The presid

own assistants. A resolution was adopted for a committee of five to receive the report of the commission on municipal corporations, but a notice of a notion to reconsider was given. John N. Foster was chosen engrossing and enrolling clerk. Messrs. Fuller. Aplin and Hugget were made a committee to inform the Senate that the House was organized and ready for business. Messrs. Hilton, Ware and Donovan were made a committee to act with a similar body from the Senate to notify the governor that both houses were ready to receive any communication from him. Rep. Fuller's resolution for sessions beginning at 10 a. m. was adopted. Clerk Miller announced appointments: Journal clerk, Samuel F. Cook. of Alger; reading clerk. J. Estabrook: corresponding clerk, Morton L. Munson, Wayner, financial clerk, Norton J. Miller, Ingham: clerk's messenger, Geo. D. Hilton, Newaygo. Journal Clerk Cook appointed Seve.n Avery, of Marquette, as his messenger.

SENATE.—Second day.—Notices of bills to be introduced of the cook of the control of the cook of the coo

SENATE.—Second day.—Notices of bills to be introduced as follows: By Senator Jewell—To repeal the section of public acts of 1893. which provides that with each deed filed with registers of deeds there shall be a county treasurer's certificate that taxes on the land transferred have been paid for the five preceding years, before the deed may be recorded: to require the secretary of state and his deputies to file bonds for the faithful performance of their duties. Senator Jamison—A bill making the position of clerk of the superior court of Grand Rapids elective instead of appointive; to proide for the hearing of chancery cases in open ourt and settling case on appeal. The followcourt and settling case on appear. The trioning appointments were unnounced: Mailing messenger, Roy Marsh, Washtenaw; sergeantat-arms' messenger, Mark Wixom. Secretary Alward announced the following as his destroce: Assistant secretary. E. V. Chelson, Alward announced the following as his desk force: Assistant secretary, E. V. Chelson, Ingham; bill clerk, Robert P. Hudson, Genesee; imancial clerk, George S. Frost. Saginaw; messenger. Earl J. McLaughlin, of Wayne. House.—Rep. Fisk's motion of the previous day to consider the resolution for a special committee to receive the report of the Michigan municipal commission was defeated. The House agreed to the Senate's conferees selection of James McKay, of Kent, and E. A. Stimson, of Saginaw as postmaster and assistant, the Senate having already confirmed them. Joint Session.—When the time came for receiving the governor's message the members of the Senate went to Representative hall, the galleries soon filled up and when Gov. Rich appeared with the committees sent to escort him he was greeted by a crowded hall. Gov. Rich read his message himself and was listened to very attentively by everyone present and was appiauded when he had finished.

Companion to the North West Launched. In the presence of thousands of enthusiastic spectators the new palatial steel passenger steamship North Land was successfully launched at the Globe shipyards at Cleveland. The vessel is, with the exception of a few minor points, an exact duplicate of the steamer North West, which was launched by the Globe company a year pression all of last season. The two boats are the only ones on the great lakes ever built exclusively for the passenger trade, and are marvels of elegance in furnishings and general equipment. The North Land is 383 feet over all, 360 feet between per pendiculars, 44 feet moulded breadth. 26. feet depth and 34 feet 5 inches depth to spar deck. The vessel is built entirely of mild steel. The electric includes a powerful electric searchlight, of 100,000 candlepower. She will carry 442 cabin and 211 steerage passengers and a crew of 150 men. The North Land will run with her sister ship, the North West, between Buffalo, Cleveland, Detroit, Mackinaw

Rio Janeiro: A terrible accident resulting in great loss of life has occurred in the bay here. The boilers of the steamer Fort Nictheroy, which had quite a large number of excursionists on board, exploded, and the shock drove the red hot coals in the furnaces

and Duluth. She cost about \$750,000.

ire and a great number of those on her jumped overboard to escape the flames. Altogether 120 persons were drowned. Two miners were crushed to death oy a collabse in a Pennsylvania mine. Two men were arrested at Denver suspected as the "Strangler"

choked three fallen women to death.

Each accuses the other. Thunder Hawk, an Indian taken to Hot Springs, S. D., for his hearing on a charge of murdering a squaw named Her Good florse and seven-year-old son, at Rosebud agency, Dec. 13. hanged himself in the county jail with a towel. The recent execution of Two Sticks and the Inlian dread of hanging, was the cause. There was no doubt of his guilt.

CONGRESSIONAL NEWS.

SENATE.-Twentieth day.-The Hawaiian estion was again brought before the public a the Senate by the discussion of the resolution introduced by Mr. Lodge, of Mass., calling tion introduced by Mr. Lodge, of Mass., calling on the secretary of the navy for information as to why the United States buttleships had been withdrawn from Hr walian waters The debate. which was interesting throughout, consumed the greater part of the morning hour. The debate was listened to attentively by Senators and visitors. Senators Butter, Addrich, Morgan, Hawley, Hale. Sherman and Gray also spoke on the matter. At 2 o'clock Senator Morgan took the floor, to continue his speech on the Nicaragua canal bill. He read at some length from a report made by Major Dutton of the army to show that the construction of the canal was entirely practicable, and presented extracts from reports of the bureau of American republics to show that the climate of Nicaragua was agreeable and anything but unhealthy. The military academy appropriation bill was then passed. HOUSE.—The currency bill debate continues. The feature of the day's debate was the speech made in opposition to the measure by Mr. The feature of the day's debate was the speech made in opposition to the measure by Mr. Hendrix, who is a New York banker. He declared the bill would be inadequate as a measure of relief for the treasury and besides would provide an unsound currency. He suguested as the only measure of relief the passage of a bill to fund the greenbacks. The other speakers were Messrs. Hepburn, of Iowa; Dinley, of Maine, and Gresham, of Texas. Texas.

SENATE.-Twenty-first day.-A speech by Mr. Peffer (Pop., Kas.) in support of a service pension law for the benefit of soldiers and sailors of the late war and another by Mr. Mitchell (Rep., Ogn.) in behalf of the Nicaragua canal bill, occupied most of the time. The Senate adjourned early as a mark of respect to the memory of the late Representative Post, of Illinois. House.—The death of Gen. Post was announced by Mr. Henderson (Rep., Ill.,) and appropriate resolutions were adopted. Speaker Crisp appointed a committee to accompany the remains to Illinois, and the House adjourned. pension law for the benefit of soldiers and

A Train Dispatcher's Fatal Error. By a collision with a work train in the Altamont tunnel, nine miles from Livermore, Cal., the Los Angeles express was wrecked, its fireman killed outright and the engineer pinned by the wreckage against the boiler of his locomotive and fearfully mangled. He cannot recover. The disaster was caused by the train dispatcher at the Oakland Mole, who sent both trains towards each other on the same track Both trains had been informed they had the right of way. They met with a frightful crash in the center of the

	THE MARKET	s.	1.74	-		
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ı	Court to the Lork.					

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 1 75 @

 Lambs
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 Wheat, No 2 red
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 No. 1 white
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 Corn, No. 2 white
 33 ½ @

 Oats, No. 2 white
 33 ½ @

 Hay, No. 1 Timothy
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 Potatoes, per bu
 45 @

 Butter, dairy
 15 @

 Creamery
 24 @

 Eggs
 17 @

 Live Poultry, Chiekens
 0½ @
 Eggs... Live Poultry, Chickens..... Turkeys WEEKLY REVIEW OF TRADE.

NEW YORK .- Dun's weekly trade review says:

New York.—Dun's weekly trade review says: Failures for 1994 are fully reported, being 13,835 in the United States and 1,836 in Canada. Liabilities in the United States were 4172,992,856, and in Canada \$17,416,215. Neither the decrease of over half in this country, nor the increase of over half in this country, nor the increase of over 40 per cent in Canada is surprising, but the statement shows that most of the decrease in the United States is manufacturing liabilities while the entire increase in Canada is in liabilities of trading concerns. A few states, including New York and Pennsylvania, show more failures than in 1893, and in a few southern states the amount of liabilities is larger, but in central and western states very much smaller. The complete review of different branches of business places in a clear light the fact that prices of commodities are at the lowest level ever known. The fall since a year ago has been 5½ per cent, but very unequal in different branches. The condition of industries has been largely governed by the fall in prices, and while production is much greater than a year ago, it has been the controlling feature in almost every important industry that consumption has not kept pace with the output. The year has been especially noteworthy for the lowest price of wheat and cotton on record. Both suffer from wholly unprecedented accumulation of stocks, the crops being large. In other produce markets the year has been relatively less important. in every direction. The steamer caught

NEW YORK—Bradstreet's trade review says:
There has been no material improvement in general trade within a week. A tabulation of telegraphic reports from the more important trade centers does not reveal specially hopeful views as to an improvement in business in the near future. In many instances trade reviul is declared to depend on a settlement of the currency question. The most encouraging expressions of opinions are that merchants are hopeful. Among more favorable conditions are reports that stocks of goods of all descriptions in the hands of jobbers, manufacturers and retailers, west and northwest, are generally smaller than usual at this season; that the business in dry goods, hats, shoes, millinery and groceries has been fairly satisfactory, and that cold weather has stimulated the demand for coal and seasonable fabrics.

Why Price was from the death in

Wm. Price, was frozen to death in the woods near Seney.



COLLARS AND CUFFS that are waterproof. Never wilt and not effected by moisture. Clean, neat and durable. When soiled simply wipe off with a wet cloth. The genuine are made by covering a linea collar or cuff on both sides with "colluloid" and as they are the only waterproof goods made with such an interlining, it follows that they are the only collars and cuils that will stand the wear and give satisfaction. Every piece is stamped as follows:



If anything else is offered you it is an imitation. Refu-s any but the genuine, and if your dealer does not have what you want send direct to us, enclosing amount and stating size and whether a stand-up or turned-down collar is wanted. Collars 25c. each. Cuffs 50c. pair.

The Celluloid Company. 427-429 Broadway, New York.

What Can't Pull Out?

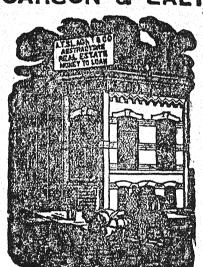


Bow on the Jas. Boss Filled Watch Cases, made by the Keystone Watch Case Company, Philadelphia. It protects the Watch from the pickpocket, and prevents it from dropping. Can only be had with cases stamped with this trade mark.

Sold, without extra charge for this bow (ring), through Watch dealers only.

Lots of watch cases are spoiled in the opening.
An opener to obviate this sent free.

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LADIES!

Leave your order for

-AT THE-ENTERPRISE OFFICE.

When talking to my wife it comes, this habit vile of mine,
Into my conversation with a rush as from the brine.

Do I wish to say "you're lovely," "you're precious," or "you're fair,"

I'let it go in Gallic-wise, and round up

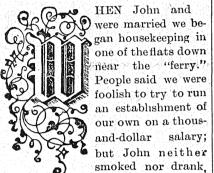
If I start to write of widows or of orphans I will say
All that I have to say, an add "hine illœ lachrime."
"Tout lui rit," I write, instead of "with him all goes well";

And "sije puis," for "if I can"; and salt is always "sel."

I've spent a day, a month, indeed all of one summer saison, In mad endeavor to eschew this fad sans rime et raison, But try as hard as e'er je puis, I say it to my shame, This dictionary lingo vile doth get there

-John Kendrick Bangs.

SAVED BY HER FINGERS.



and my mother had taught me all the little economies of housekeeping, so we managed to get along nicely, and every month something was added to our nest-egg in the savings bank.

Job Shultz, who for years had been works, occupied half of the flat we had taken, and though both he and his wife belonged to the uneducated, hardworking class of German emigrants. they were sober and honest, and proved to be very good neighbors indeed. By some strange freak of nature their twin children, Franz and Gretch- How are you getting along?" returned

en, were born mutes. When we formed their acquaintance they were about eight years oid, and seemed to enter into all the sports of childhood with as much zest as their more noisy companions. Still, it was pathetic to watch the little things going round so silently, and it was out of sheer pity for their forlorn condition that John and I undertook to plenished the fire, saying as he did

master the deaf aud dumb alphabet. so:-John learned rapidly but it was a long time before I could make my fingers speak so as to carry on a conversation intelligently. My final triumph gave as much pleasure to the little "Dutchies" as to myself, and, as I shall paid for all the pains I took to give bell; then, taking up his stand before people always disappointed, and who them enjoyment.

We had been married five years, and. in spite of the gloomy prophecies of some of our would-be advisors, John was junior member of the firm that had once employed him, and the suite of rooms in the flat had been exchanged for a pleasant residence in a very respectable part of the city.

John looked after the business interests of the concern, and as he was obliged to take many unexpected trips, I was often left for several days at a time with no other company than the servants. I protested a little at first. but I was reasonable, and soon became accustomed to the loneliness.

One cold, stormy night in February just after the shutters had been clos ed and the curtains drawn, John came in hurriedly, and, without speaking, went quickly upstairs. I was surprised, for he did not usually leave the store until eight o'clock, and it was then but 6:30.

When he came into the parlor a few minutes later I inquired anxiously if he was ill. Before answering me he closed the door leading into the living room, and then, drawing a chair close up to mine, he said in a low voice:-

"I did not mean to say anything to you about it, Marion, but you are such a brave little woman I am sure I can trust you.

"An attempt to blow the safe was made last night, and the adroit way in which the would-be burglar managed to cover up his work leads us to anticipate a repetition of the visit tonight; in order to thwart the gentlemen's designs I have brought the money and valuables home, and have put the box containing the treasure in the lower drawer of the secretary that stands in our room."

"How much money is there in it?" I asked, trying to speak in my natural

"Nearly fifteen thousand," answered John, in a whisper. "Why didn't you put it in the bank for sake keeping?" I asked, uneasily. "That was the arrangement; but Brown, the assisant cashier, whose business it was to attend to it, forgot his errand until the bank was closed. replied John. "Don't worry anything about it, dear. You are the only one outside of the firm who knows what disposition has been made of the money, and to-morrow it will be placed in

the bank." I was satisfied with the explanation, and thought no more about the box upstairs until after the clock had warned for nine, and it is not probable that I would have thought of it then had not John been ordered off on one of his midnight journeys. Just before he started he put the key in my hand,

"When Mr. Mowry calls for the money give him this. I will not be in time to look after it before the bank closes to-morrow."

I felt a queer fluttering in the region of my heart when John kissed me good-bye, but I made myself believe that I was very brave, and at my regular time for retiring went to my room, cautioning Abram, as usual, to see that the doors were all securely fastened. After I went upstairs I weakened a little, and was on the point of calling Betty to sleep in my room; but, fearing that John would laugh at my cowardice, I summoned all my courage to my aid and was soon sleeping as peacefully as a baby. I must have slept soundly, or would have heard the creak of the wardrobe door and the stealthy step of the tall, lank figure that emerged

therefrom. As it was, the first intimation that I had of the presence of an unwelcome guest was a hoarse whisper in my ear: "Where is that iron box which your husband brought home from the store this evening?

Opening my eyes, I was almost paralyzed to see bending over me a hide ous face, the most fiendish one I had ever seen. There was a bright fire in the grate, and I had a fair view of the villian; but before I could move or utter a cry, the cold muzzle of a revolver was pressed against my head, and the same voice hissed, "Stir or make a noise at your peril! You are in my power, but if you do as I tell you, I will not harm you in the least. I want the money in that box, and, fair or foul, I intend to nave it."

Fully realizing my helpless situation I told him where it was, hoping that in some way I might make my escape when his back was turned. I was just measuring the distance to the door with my eye, and wondering if it were possible for me to reach it unseen when a key turned in the hall door below, and my heart throbbed hopefully: for that light, quick step that came bounding up the stairs could belong to no one but John. In an instant the robber was back among the curtains at the head of my bed, and just as John opened the door he whispered: 'If you betray me in any way I will kill you both.

"I left my watch lying on the bureau, and as the train is an hour behind time I concluded to run back fireman down at the china pottery and get it," John said by way of ex- St. Mark's of Venice; and the spirits of planation. "If there is anything in all the great towers, great cathedrals, the world that a man hates when great mausoleums, great sarcophagi, traveling, it is to be without a time-

> "Did you find it?" I asked, huskily, hoping that he would request my assistance in the search.

"Yes, here it is, all right. Don't get out of bed, dear, you will catch a chill.

"The stupid fellow!" I thought. "Why will he not give me a chance?" but my lips faltered. "Very well." Then, as our eyes met, I said with my fingers: "For Heaven's sake, do

not leave me, John. There is a robber behind the curtains of my bed; but he will kill us both if we try to escape." Without seeming to notice what I had said, John turned round and re-

"You must keep a good fire all night, Marion. It will keep you from feeling lonely in my absence. Abram must bring another bucket of coal before he goes to bed."

With the poker in his hand he crossshow you, I was afterwards amply re- ed the room and touched the callfire, he said with his fingers 'Rest easy dear; "I'll not leave you alone for a moment.

Directly after, Abram made his appearance, and John sent him for the coal, calling after him to bring the heavy shovel, that the fire might be

securely covered. When the big, stout fellow returned, John said aloud: "Marion, please jump up and find that package you wished me to leave with cousin Marie. I may have time to run across the river when I am in Chi-

eago.' I did not wait for any other command, but sprang past John into the wardrobe, just as he said: "Seize the shovel Abram, and help me to brain that scoundrel who is hiding away behind the bed curtains.

Abram obeyed, and then John spoke again: this time to the man who was waiting among the shadows to despoil

our home. "Step out and show yourguilty face if you wish to leave the room alive,' he commanded, in a tone of authority. The next minute the wretch stood

before John, begging piteously for his worthless life. stepped back in amazement, for in the features of the outlaw he recognized the assistant cashier Henry Brown. He pleaded for mercy, and I, womanlike, added my tears to his petition,

but John said the law must take its course, and gave him into the hands of a policeman for safe keeping. The fellow had been on the alert, and so had kept trace of the disappearance

proceed to Chicago at once was a clever forgery, of which Brown knew more than he was willing to tell. It was a long time before I recovered from the shock I received that night, and to this day John has never asked me to stay alone during his ab-

On account of some blunder on the part of the State's attorney, Brown was not brought to trial, but he was wise enough to leave the city, and so far as I know he has never made his appearance in the neighborhood since. them.

An Editor's Advice.

Pompous Author, to veteran editor: What would you advise a man to do whose ideas are in advance of the

imes?" Veteran Editor, promptly-I would advise him to sit down and wait for the times to catch up. Drake's Magazine.

TOMB AND TEMPLE."

DR. TALMAGE WRITES OF HIS TRAVELS IN INDIA.

From India Even Unto Ethiopia" as the Text for His Sermon Through the Press-The Gilded Palaces of Eastern Idolatry.

N HIS SERMON Cthrough the press, dated Brooklyn, Jan. 6, Dr. Talmage writes as follows: In all the Bible this is the only book in which the word India occurs, but it stands for a realm of vast interest in the time of Esther as in our time. It yielded then as now spices, and silks, and cotton, and rice, and indigo, and ores of all richness, and precious

stones of all sparkle, and had a civilization of its own as marked as Egyptian or Grecian or Roman civilization. It holds the costliest tomb ever built, and the most unique and idolatrous temple ever opened. For practical lessons, in this my sixth dis- jab its jasper, and Persia its amethyst, course in "'round the world" series, I show you that tomb and temple of India.

In a journey around the world it may not be easy to tell the exact point which divides the pilgrimage into halves. But there was one structure toward which we were all the time traveling, and having seen that, we felt that if we saw nothing more, our expedition would be a success. That one object was the Taj Mahal of India. It is the crown of the whole earth. The spirits of architecture met to enthrone a king, and the spirit of the Parthenon of Athens was there; and the spirit of St. Sophia of Constantinople was there; and the spirit of St. Izaak of St. Petersburg was there; and the spirit of the Bapistery of Pisa was there; and the spirits of the Great Pyramid, and of Luxor Obelisk, and of great necropolises for the dead, were there And the presiding genius of marble smote the table of Russian malachite, and called the spirits to order, and called a vote as to which spirit should wear the chief crown, and mount the chief throne, and wave the chief scepter, and by unanimous acclaim the cry was: "Long live the spirit of the Taj, king of all the spirits of architecture! Thine is the Taj

Agra, and as we rode out in the early dawn we neard nothing but the hoofs and wheels that pulled and turned us along the road, at every yard of which our expectation rose until we had some thought that we might be disappointed at the first glimpse, as some say they were disappointed. But how can any one be disappointed with the Taj is almost as great a wonder to me as the Taj itself. There are some ows but that having entered heaven they may criticise the architecture of forehead straight to the floor of the the temple, and the cut of the white rock, and you divide this idol into masrobes, and say that the river of life is culine and feminine. Admired as this not quite up to their expectations, and idol is by many, it was to me about that the white horses on which the the worst thing that was ever cut into conquerors ride seem a little spring-

The building is about six miles from

Mahal of India!"

halt or spavined? My son said, "There it is!" I said. 'Where?" For that which he saw to be the building seemed to me to be more like the morning cloud blushing under the stare of the rising sun. It seemed not so much built up from earth as let down from heaven. Fortunately, you stop at an elaborated gateway of red sandstone one eighth of a mile from the Taj, an entrance so high, so arched, so graceful, so four domed, so painted very gradually upon the Taj, which structure is enough to intoxicate the eye, and stun the imagination, and entrance the soul. We go up the winding stairs of this majestic entrance of the gateway, and buy a few pictures and examine a few curios, and from it look off upon the Taj, and descend to the pavement of the garden When the mask was torn off John that raptures everything between the are eighty-four fountains that spout. | the in showers of pearl in basins of snowv almost everywhere the lotus; thickets and trees of such novel branch,

queen who, according to some was very the one God of the universe will be good, and according to others very acknowledged throughout India. bad. I choose to think she was very better to think that this commemorazation of virtue rather than vice. The

such a congregation of precious stones brightened, and gloomed, and blazed. and chastened, and clorified a building since sculptor's chisel cut its first curve, or painter's pencil traced its first figure, or mason's plumb line measured its first wall, or architect's compass swept its first circle.

The Taj has sixteen great arched windows, four at each corner. Also at each of the four corners of the Taj stands a minaret 137 feet high. Also at each side of this building is a splendid mosque of red sandstone. Two hundred and fifty years has the Taj stood, and yet not a wall is cracked nor a mosaic loosened, nor an arch sagged, nor a panel dulled. The storms of 250 winters have not marred, nor the heats of 250 summers disintre grated a marble. There is no story of age written by mosses on its white surface. Montaz, the queen, was beautiful, and Shah Jehan, the king, here proposed to let all the centuries of time know it. She was married at 20 years of age and died at 29. Her life ended as another life began; as the rose bloomed the rose bush perished. To adorn this dormitory of the dead at the command of the king, Bagdad sent to this building its cornelian. and Ceylon its lapis lazuli, and Punand Thibet its turquoise, and Lanka its sapphire, and Yemen its agate, and Punah its diamonds; and blood-stones. and sardonyx, and chalcedony, and moss agates are as common as though they were pebbles. You find one spray of vine beset with eighty and another with one hundred stones. Twenty thousand men were twenty years in building it, and although the labor was slave labor, and not paid for, the building cost what would be about \$60,000,000 of our American money. Some of the jewels have been picked out of the wall by iconoclasts or conquerors, and substitutes of less value have taken their places; but the vines the traceries, the barabesques, the spandrels, the entablatures are so wondrous that you feel like dating the rest of your life from the day you first saw them. In letters of black marthe Porcelain Tower of Nankin, and of | ble the whole of the Koran is spelled out in and on this august pile. The king sleeps in the tomb beside the queen, although he intended to build a palace as black as this was white on the opposite side of the river for himself to sleep in. Indeed, the foundathe throng with gavel of Parian tion of such a necropolis of black marble is still there, and from the white to the black temple of the dead a bridge was to cross; but the son dethroned him and imprisoned him, and it is wonderful that the king had any place at all in which to be buried. Instead of windows to let in the light upon the two tombs, there is a trellis work of marble, marble cut so delicately thin that the sun shines through it as easily as through glass. Look the world over and find so much translucency; canopies, traceries, lace work,

embroideries of stone. In these Elephanta Caves everything is on a Samsonian and Titanian scale. With chisels that were dropped from nerveless hands at least eight centuries ago, the forms of the gods Brahma, and Vishnu, and Siva were cut into the everlasting rock. Siva is here represented by a figure sixteen feet nine inches high one half man and one porphyry, perhaps because there is hardly anything on earth so objectionable as a being half man and half woman. Do be one or the other, my hearer. Man is admirable, and woman is admirable, but either in flesh or trap

rock a compromise of the two is hide ous. Save us from effeminate men and masculine women Yonder is the King Ravana worshipping. Yonder is the sculptured representation of the marriage of Shiva and Karhati. Yonder is Daksha, the son of Brahma, born from the thumb of and chiseled and scrolled that you come his right hand. He had sixty daughters. Seventeen of those daughters were married to Kasyapa and became mothers of the human race. Yonder is a god with three heads. The center god has a crown wound with necklaces of skulls. The right hand god is in a paroxysm of rage, with forehead of snakes, and in his hand is a cobra. The left hand god has pleasure in all its features and the hand has a flower. gateway and the eestasy of marble and But there are gods and goddesses in precious stones. You pass along a deep all directions. The chief temple of stream of water in which all manner this rock is 130 feet square and of brilliant fins swirl and float. There has twenty-six pillars rising to roof. After the conquerers and bend, and arch themselves to fall of other lands, and the tourists from all lands have chipped, and whiteness. Beds of all imaginable defaced, and blasted, and carflora greet the nostril before they do ried away curios and mementos the eye, and seem to roll in waves of for museums and homes, there are of the money, and naturally enough had followed it up. It afterwards came out that John's despatch to genius did when it did its best; moon down with some of the malarias which flowers, lilac, marigolds, tulips, and encompass this land, or get bitten with some of its snakes. Yes, I felt the of bewildering bloom; on either side chilly dampness of the place, and left trees from many lands bend their this congress of gods, this pandemon aborescence over your head, or seem | ium of demons, this pantheon of in with convoluted branches to reach out different deities, and came to the steps their arms toward you in welcome. On and looked off upon the waters which and you go amid tamarind, and cypress, rolled and flashed, around the steam and poplar, and oleander, and yew, yacht that was waiting to return with and sycamore, and banyan, and palm, us to Bombay. As we stepped aboard, our minds filled with the idols of the and leaf, and girth, you cease Elephanta Caves, I was impressed as Never a day passes that I do not to ask their names or nativity. As never before with the thought that think of our little silent German you approach the door of the Taj man must have a religion of some kind, friends, and of the blessing that came one experiences a strange sensation even if he has to contrive one himself, to us though the kindness shown to of awe, and tenderness, and humility, and he must have a god, even though and worship. The building is only a he make it with his own hand. I regrave, but what a grave! Built for a joice to know the day will come when

> That evening of our return to Bomgood. At any rate, it makes me feel bay I visited the Young Men's Christian association with the same appointtive pile was set up for the immortali- ments that you find in the Young Men's Christian associations of Europe and Taj is a mountain of white marble, but | America, and the night after that I adnever such walls faced each other with | dressed a throng of native children exquisiteness; never such a tomb was who are in the schools of the Christian cut from block of alabaster; never missions. Christian universities gather

under their wing of benediction a host of the young men of this country. Bombay and Calcutta, the two great commercial cities of India, feel the elevating power of an aggressive Christianity. Episcopalian liturgy and Presbyterian Westminster catechism, and Methodist anxious seat, and Baptist waters of consecration now stand where once basest idolatries had undisputed sway. The work which shoemaker Carey inaugurated at Serampore, India, translating the Bible into forty different dialects, and leaving his wornout body amid the natives whom he had come to save, and going up into the heavens from which he can better watch all the field-that work will be completed in the salvation of the millions of India: and beside him gazing from the same high places stand Bishop Heber, and Alexander Duff, and John Scudder, and Mackay, who fell at Delhi, and Monteieff, who fell at Cawnpore, and Polehampton, who fell at Lucknow, and Freeman, who fell at Futtyghur.and all heroes and heroines who, for Christ's sake, lived and died for the Christianization of India; and their heaven will not be complete until the Ganges that washes the Ghats of heathen temples shall roll between churches of the living God, and the trampled womanhood of Hindooism shall have all the rights purchased by him who amid the cuts and stabs of his own assassination cried out: "Behold thy mother!" and from Bengal Bay to Arabian ocean, and from the Himalayas to the coast of Coromandel there be lifted hosannas to Him who died to redeem all nations. In that Elephanta Cave will be one of the places where idols are east to the moles and bats. If any clergyman asks me, as an unbelieving minister of religion once asked the duke of Wellington, "Do you not think the work of converting the Hindoos is all a practical farce?" I answer him as Wellington answered the unbelieving minister: "Look to your marching orders, sir!" Or if any one having joined in the gospel attack Gen. Havelock said to a retreating regiment, "The enemy are in front,

during the mutiny of 1857, a fortress by Sir Colin Campbell and the army of are used in it. Britain. The Sepoys hurled upon the attacking columns burning missiles, and grenades, and fired on them shot and shell, and poured on them from the ramparts burning oil, until, a writer who witnessed it says, "It was a picture of pandemonium." Then Sir Colin addressed his troops, saying, "Remember the women and children must be rescued!" and his men replied. "Ay! Ay! Sir Colin! We stood by you at Balaklava, and will stand by you here!" And then came the triumphant assault of the battlements. So in this gospel campaign which proposes capturing the very last citadel of idolatry and sin, and hoisting over it the banner of the cross, we may have hurled upon us mighty opposition, and scorn, and obloquy, and many may fall before the work is done, yet at every call for new onset, let the cry of the church be "Ay! ay! Great captain of our salvation; we stood by thee in other conflicts, and we will stand by thee to the last!" And then, if not in this world, then from the battlements of the next, as the last Appolyonic fortification shall crash into ruin, we will join in the shout: "Thanks be unto God who giveth us the vic ory!" "Hallelujah! for the Lord God omnipotent

not in the rear," and leading them

again into the fight, though two

Indeed, the taking of this world for

Christ will be no holiday celebration.

but as tremendous as when in India

horses had been shot under him.

PROTESTANTISM IN SPAIN.

reigneth."

Liberal Sentiments Prevail, and the New Movement Will Be Free

Notwithstanding the strong pressure brought to bear upon the Spanish government by the powerful ultramontane and clerical party in the peninsula, the cabinet has announced its decision to abstain from any further interference with the Protestant church at Madrid, the consecration of which by the Protestant archbishop of Dublin about a year ago gave rise to a serious political crisis, says the New York Tribune. For a time the church was closed by order of the authorities; but more liberal views have since prevailed and in the cortes the other day the minister of justice declared that the government considered itself bound to respect that clause of the constitution which provided for liberty of conscience, freedom of divine worship, and religious toleration. The constantly growing Protestant element in Spain is, therefore, henceforth secure from molestation, so far as the civil authorities are concerned.

A Veteran Inventor.

"In a quaint old house at 609 Marshall street," says the Philadelphia Record, "lives Frank O. Deschamps who, although over 70 years old, has been inventing things all his life. Mr. Deschamps is as active as a boy of 20. lives all alone amid his models and contrivances; cooks his own meals, acts as his own housekeeper, and is as happy as the day is long. Mr. Deschamps' first invention of note was the artificial leg. It was over fifty years ago when Mr. Deschamps, then an apprentice, was asked by his master to see what he could do for a foppish Frenchman who had lost a leg. At that time only wooden pegs were known and the Frenchman was dissatisfied with this by no means elegant substitute. In two days young Deschamps had finished a complete model of an artificial leg, with every movement of the natural limb duplicated. His master had it patented and it yielded him a fortune. 'I got 50 cents out of it,' laughingly remarked Deschamps. 'The Frenchman gave me that and told me to go over to Smith's island and enjoy myself. And I thought I was in great luck at that."

THE U. S. Government Chemists have reported, after an examination of the different brands, that the ROYAL Baking Powder is absolutely pure, greatest in strength, and superior to all others.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER COMPANY, 106 WALL ST. NEW-YORK

In Germany the works of Sir Walter Scott are used as a school text

book. It is said that Hiram Maxwell has expended \$85,000 on his flying machine.

A Paris florist charged the emperor of Russia \$1,000 for a wreath ordered for the funeral of President Carnot. It is stated that Thomas A. Edison has already expended nearly \$1,000,-000 in his experiments to find a commercial method of reducing low grade

ores by electricity. Johns Hopkins, founder of the Johns Hopkins university, was a Maryland Quaker. He died a bachelor in 1873 at the age of 79, leaving for the institution \$3,000,000.

In a recent article on Coffee and Cocoa, the eminent German Chemist Professor Stutzer, speaking of the Dutch process of preparing Cocoa by the addition of potash, and of the pro cess common in Germany in which ammonia is added, says: "The only ammonia is added, says: result of these processes is to make the liquid appear turbid to the eye of the consumer, without effecting a real solution of the Cocoa substances. This artificial manipulation for the purpose of so-called solubility is, therefore, more or less inspired by deception, and always takes place at the cost of purity, pleasant taste, useful action, and aromatic flavor. The treatment feels like retreating, I say to him, as of Cocoa by such chemical means is entirely objectionable. . . . Cocoa treated with potash or ammonia would be entirely unsalable but for the supplementary addition of artificial flavors by which a poor substitute for the from a driven out into the air is offered to the consumer." The delicious Breakfast Cocoa made by BAKER & Co., of Dorchester, Mass., is and soluble. No Breakfast Cocoa made by manned by Sepoys was to be captured chemicals, or dyes, or artificial flavors

God will give abundance of light to the one who loves it.

In Olden Times People overlooked the importance of permanently beneficial effects and were satisfied with transient action; but now that it is generally known that Syrup of Figs will permanently cure habitual constipation, well-informed people will not buy other laxa

tives, which act for a time, but finally injure the system. Spiritual dyspepsia is harder to cure than any other kind.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, SS

LUCAS COUNTY. SS.
FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that can not be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY. Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D.

A. W. GLEASON, SEAL

Notary Public. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testicals, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO. Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills, 25c.

Some naturalists say that the whale was once a land animal that took to the water for safety.

Farming and Stock Raising in Nebraska A pamphlet containing valuable information about Nebraska, northwest ern Kansas and eastern Colorado, with a sectional map of that country, will be sent free on application to P. Eustis, General Passenger Agent, C. B. & Q. R. R., Chicago, Ill.

Although the eccentric and wealthy Wister brothers, who died in Philadelphia not long ago, never used tobacco, they left among their effects a costly and elaborate collection of smokers' articles.

A Cheap Trip South. A Cheap Trip South.

Tickets will be sold at one fare round trip to points in Tennessee, Kentucky, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Florida, on the line of the Louisville & Nashville, and Nashville, Chattsnooga & St. Louis railroads, on Jan. 8, Feb. 5. March 5. April 2 and 30, 1895. Ask your ticket agent about it, and if he can not sell you excursion tickets write to C. P. Atmore, General Passenger. Agent, Louisville, Ky., or Geo. B. Horner, D. P. A., St. Louis, Mo.

Chief Engineer Louis Robinson, who had charge of the machinery department at the world's fair, has sailed for Montevideo to assume the duties of fleet engineer of the South Atlantic squadron.

Apple Finest in the world in the sunny Ozarks of Missouri and Arkansas. Fertile lands for sale cheap on new road from Kansas City to Gulf of Mexico. Write to James Donohue, 5th and Delaware Sts. Kansas City, Mo., for FREE copy of the Missouri and Arkansas Fruitman and Farmer containing lists of lands and all information. Secure valuable lands quick while they are cheap in rich country not infested with blizzards nor drouths.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Dec. 31.-Congressman Breckinridge of Kentucky had but thirty-six men in the opera house last night to hear him lecture on "Eras of American Development When Answering Advertisements Please and Their Great Men.'

California has a state fruit union

Coe's Cough Balsam Is the oldest and best. It will break up a Cold quick er than anything else. It is always reliable. Try it

Chestnuts grow wild in all temperate climes "Hanson's Magic Corn Salve."

Warranted to cure or money refunded. Ask your gruggist for it. Price 15 cents. Japanese farm animals are shod with straw

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth.

Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teethin

Colorado has 3,000,000 acres under artificial

Piso's Cure for Consumption has saved memany a doctor's bill.—S. F. HARDY, Hopkins Place, Baltimore, Md., Dec. 2, 1894.

Norwegians are the most temperate people in the world.

S. B. Durfey, mate of steamer Arizona, had his foot badly jammed. Thomas' Eclectric Oil cured it. Nothng equal to it for a quick pain re-

The Rev. Wm. Stout, Wiarton, Ont., states: After being ineffectually treated by seventeen different doctors for Scrofula and blood disease, I was cured by Burdock Blood Bitters. Write him for proof.

A Louisville lawyer, one of the ablest men at her bar, who served on the bench and is a brother of one of the United States supreme court justices went to the city alms-house lately as a last hope of curing himself of the liquor habit.

Dr. PIERCE'S Golden Medical

Cures Ninety-eight per cent. of all cases of Consumption, in all its Earlier Stages.

Although by many believed to be incurable, there is the evidence of hundreds of living witnesses to the fact that, in all its earlier stages, consumption is a curable disease. Not every case, but a large per-centage of cases, and we believe, fully 98 per cent. are cured by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, even after the disease has progressed so far as to induce repeated bleedings from the lungs, severe lingering cough with copious expectoration (including tubercular matter), great loss of flesh and extreme emaciation and weakness. Do you doubt that hundreds of such cases reported to us as cured by "Golden Medical Discovery" were genuine cases of that dread and fatal disease? You need not take our word for it. They have, in nearly every instance, been so pronounced by the best and most experienced home physicians, who have no interest whatever in misrepresenting them, and who were often strongly prejudiced and advised against a trial of "Golden Medical Discovery," but who have been forced to confess that it surpasses, in curative power over this fatal malady, all other medicines with which they are acquainted. Nasty cod-liver oil and its filthy "enulsions" and mixtures, had been tried in nearly all these cases and had either utterly failed to benefit, or had only seemed to benefit a little for a short time. Extract of malt, whiskey, and various preparations of the hypophos phites had also been faithfully tried in vain.
The photographs of a large number of those cured of consumption, bronchitis those cured of consumption, bronchitis, lingering coughs, asthma, chronic nasal catarrh and kindred maladies, have been skillfully reproduced in a book of 160 pages which will be mailed to you, on receipt of address and six cents in stamps. Address for Book, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

Pain-Killer BRUISES & SPRAINS. **BOTTLES NOW DOUBLE SIZE.** Price, 25 and 50 Cents.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, O. C. Successfully Prosecutes Claims. Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau 3 yrs in last war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since

TREES of GOLD plum. SPLENDOR prune, Van DEMAN, quince—choics of Burbank's 20 Million "new creations." STARK Trees PREPAID everywhere. SAFE ARRIVAL quaranteed. The "great nurseries" save you over HALF. Millions of the best trees 70 years' experience can grow; they "live longer and bear better."—Sca. Morton, STARK, B32, Louisiana, Mo., Rockport, Ill.

WE WILL TAKE YOU TO CALIFORNIA

Cheaply, Quickly and Comfortably on the Phillips-Rock Island Tourist Excursions.

CHEAP, because the rate in Sleeping Car is but \$6.00. QUICK, because you travel on the fastest trains that run. COMFORT, because you have a through Sleeper.

Fourteen years' record. Over 100,000 already carried, and all like the service. Car leaves Chicago every Tuesday, via the beautiful Indian Territory and the Sunny South Line, and every Thursday through Colorado over the famous Scenic Route. A special manager goes each trip to care for the many wants of patrons en route. We can't tell you half the benefits in this ad., but for your California trip you should post yourself.

Acid. ess, JNO. SEBASTIAN, G. P. A.,

C. R. I. & P. R'y, Chicago.

W. N. U., D .-- XIII--2. Mention This Paper.

FOR ALL THE ILLS THAT PAIN GAN BRING ST. JA60B3

-& BIGELOW.

That looks odd. Well it simply means Howe has gone to the land of sunshine and o ange blossoms while



BIGELOW is left to face the cold facts an I realities of life, so please call and get our prices on anything you want in general

-HARDWARE!

We have an elegant line of COOK STOVES and HEATERS both coal and wood which we offer at as close a price as any dealer in the Thumb.

J. P. Howe.

N. B gelow.

LOAKS

Ladies', Misses and Childrens at lowest prices.

Fur Caps.

New styles at hardtime prices.

Large and complete line of Mens' Ladies' and Children's

NDERWEAR At Cost.

Butter and Eggs Wanted

EXCLUSIVE HIGH GRADE

Builders of the Great World's Fair Pipe Organ'in Festival Hall.

Main Office and Works Detroit, Mich.

We have the sole agency and will sell you cheaper than any one else in the State. Get our prices and be convinced. We take all kinds of Produce, Stock. Etc., for anything in our line.

Sewing Machines at special low prices to reduce Stock Come and see our mammoth dis play of

PIANOS, ORGANS AND SEWING MACHINES and you will see we will save you money.

G. W. KEMP & G., Sebewaing.

WICKWARE

VEHICLES

H. S. WICKWARE

Best Equiped Blacksmith Shop in the Thumb.

A. McKENZIE





down on their knees, weeding out the UNDERTAKER - FUNERAL DIRECTOR, beets, a row to each to ler. At this

A complete stock of Coffins, Caskets, and Undertaker's supplies on hand. Two Hearses always in readiness. First door west of McDougall & Co.'s, CASS CITY, MICH.



CASS CITY ENTERPRISE.

An independent newspaper. Published ever Friday morning at the Enterprise Steam Print-ING HOUSE, Segar Street, Cass City, Tuscola Co.,

TERMS of SUBSCRIPTION: One year, \$1.00; six nonins, 60cts.; three months, 30cts., strictly in

Business locals, 5cts, per line first insertion ects. per line each insertion thereafter.

Cards of Thanks, 25tcs. each. Resolutions of Condolence, Etc., 21/2cts. per line Items announcing Entertainments, Etc., where noney is to be derived, 5cts per line. When bills re ordered a notice will be given free.

Notices for Chairtable Entertainments, FREE. A reasonable amount of space granted to citiens for the discussion of matters of public in

Rates on display or standing advertisement can be obtained at the office The wide circulation of the ENTERPRISE in the countles of Tuscola, Huron and Sanilac, makes

A. A. P. McDOWELL,

Proprietor.

OUR MOTTO: ERSEVERANCE PROGRESS AND PATRIOTISM

A Nebraska Letter.

Editor ENTERPRISE

Believing a few lines would be acceptable from me, would say that a reat many, myself included in years gone, have had the idea that Nebrasspreading plains upon which nothing flourished save buffalo grass, prairie hen and cow boys. This is far from the real appearance of the state in least. Farther west the condition is Electric Bitters has proved to be the very any locality within its borders. As different. Not having as good a start best. It effects a permanent cure and Bluffs the first thing that greets your have been compelled to sell at a sacri- aches yield to its influence. We urge all eyes is a magnificient city, filled with fice in order to mvoe east for the win enterprise, people and stock yards. ter. A good many in the western part habitual constipation Electric Bitters Omaha as a business center is of course somewhat stagnated at present by drought which has so stricken the country, from which it so largely draws its support. Traveling west on the Union Pacific the road runs from South Omaha to Valley, where it crosses the Elkhorn and winds in and out through the hills on the west side of the Missouri river. From Valley west the U.P. follows the course of the Platte clear into Coiorado, sometimes miles from its banks and again running so close that the opposite and far-reaching bank bluffs are plainly discernable and present a magnificient scene from the car window. Between Valley and Freemont the track on either side is lined with numerous stacks of hemp hay to be used by the Fremont twine factory where a large portion of the binding twine used in the state is manufactured. West from Fremont for many, many miles the Platte river on either side is covered with hay stacks, in ordinary years, so numerous as to show the excellent producing qualities of the land from which it was taken. The work of load ing and hauling this furnishes thous allos of men and teams with employ mont during the otherwise idle months or winter. Schuyler has been for years considered the centre of this great hay industry in the state and fully a dozen firms are engaged in this traffic alone, one company employing by the year about forty men and nearly is many teams. A few miles west of remont is located the Stan ar . Cattle Company's Ranch, and in the last lew ears there business has been so exensive that a station was built there and a town is now growing up aroun it bearing the mark of Ames. . h past two years the company has been experimenting successfully in the curture of sugar beets and have so far suceeded that this year they custivated over two hundred acres on a leve peice of land joining the R. R. track. last summer (or fall) when passing this extensive beet field it was interest ing to notice the army of men, women, boys and girls to the number of everal hundred scattered over the "patch"

but for some distance could do nothing more than to ride at breakneck speed and "keep out from under." As the train passed, the madness of the cattle subsided and I could see that the herds checked their flight after some hard riding and probably some having the lucky number. hard language, although, of course the latter is merely surmised. Schuyler is a town of about 4,000 inhabitants lo- house he is going to erect next spring. cated on the main line of the U.P. R. R., seventy-six miles west of Omaha. The population is composed of about but they expect to resume operations one-third each of Americans, Germans and Bohemians. The town owns a system of water and electric lights, the two plants being operated together. Four banks are doing a thriving business while the three ably edited newspapers barely making a living for there sorely worried and often-dunned proprietors. The streets of Schuyler always prove strange to me every time I return to the city. Lined on either side with neatly trimmed shade trees. grading or change in their natural condition, in fact the entire Platte valley has the same characteristic. As far as the eye can reach, east or west the land stretches out in one vast rich productive plain covered with well improved farms with nicely built, neatly painted houses and barns. Prehaps state, or any where in the west, is located in Schuyler and the employment to the city in which it is located. It who pay up. is owned by Messrs. Well & Neiman, men of practical business experience and it was largely through the in fluence of this firm that the United States beet sugar experimental station occuping twenty acres of their extensive ranch two miles north of town, was located here. The expermental station is interesting in every particular, but I am now occupying too much space and must stop my thinking machine or I will necesitate printing a supplement. Our farmer friends, in reading the letter will of course wish to know of the crops in this vicinity A few words will describe the situation. For the first twenty years, or since the "grasshopper year," this section suffered from a crop failure. There are endless number of dog towers, wie but the average will scarcely yield ten bushels. The tending has been to dishearten the farmers, yet it has not caused the lowering of the land in the of the state have merely deserted there cures by giving the needed tone to the homes for the winter and will return bowels, and few cases long resist the use next spring and perhaps be rewarded bottles only Fifty cents at T. H. Fritzs. by a big harvest in 1895.

stampeded by the noise of the cars

They followed their leader in a wild

course for the banks of the Platte river.

The cow boys having them in charge

were between the herd and the river

GEORGE HOAGLAND.

GREENLEAF.

Will Sinclair is on the sick list. Miss Kate Campbell is home from

Miss Lizzie Roblin is home from Bay City.

Jim Dew speut a very pleasant Sunay at Mr. Baxter's. Miss Christie McColl is visiting her

parents here for a few weeks. Angus McCleod is erecting a new store. He expects to occupy it about

G. M. Livingsten and sister, Miss laggie, left Saturday after spending

he holidays here. Miss Anna Mahon returned from Minden Sunday and resumed her

duties in the schoolroom Monday. The young people will give an oy er supper and entertainment here ednesday night, Dec. 16 the pro toes to go towards repairing the aurch. A fine time is expected.

BEZERENHE.

Freezing.

Sol. Schwalen Sundayed in Pigeon. Jos. Schluchter was in Caseville urs ay last.

Henry Gould, of Bay Port, was in own Tuesday. William Schwalln, Sr., has moved in

wn, from Elktou. E. Paul and Thos. Roberts were in Elaton Monday on business.

G. Glasser, of Pigeon, was seen on our streets last Wednesday. Carl Schrader, of North Dakota, is a

guest of F. Daunn this week. Jas. Schluchter and Ed Bundscho were in Caseville Sunday.

Dave Horlocher, of Sebewaing, was visiting at E. Wideman's last week James McColl, of Yale, was in town Saturday looking after his interests

place I noticed an exciting chase of here. which we have all read but which I Mrs. J. W. Leipprandt, Mrs. E. Paul saw then for the first time. It was a and Miss Hogart were in Pigeon Monlarge heard of steers frightened and day.

E. C. Leipprandt contemplates making a visit to Stockbridge in the near rush over the prairie, directing their future.

> A. H. Murdock returned to New Hudson, Mich., after spending his holidays

> Joel Neuber, of Elkton, passed through town Monday on his way to

R. G. Moore drew the silver sugar bowl at J. Schluchter & Co's, store, he

drawing brick from Elkton for a new The flax mill has stopped for a few days to make some repairs on a brake,

H. Domino, Sr., had a bee on Friday

Wednesday. Died, the child of Mrs. H. Schluch ter, Sunday morning; and was interred in the cemetery at Caseville on Tues day. The deceased was five months and two days old. We extend our sympathies to the afflicted.

What might of been a serious ac cident was narrowly averted on Mon day. Otto Draher's team got frightened at a snow man some boys had rink floor and this too without any

The team was stopped after they had Ladies' woolen shawls from 1.00 to 6.00 Ladies' Beaver shawls from 2.00 to 7.00 run about a mile.

Our Clubbing List,

We have made arrangements with the publishers to club the following 40 pair horse blankets from 1.00 to 6.00 publications with the Enterprise at 40 pair of bed blankets from 50c to 4.00 the very low prices named and our excellent opportunity of procuring a supply of good reading. These prices given to its many laborers is a benefit are to new subscribers and old ones

ENTERPRISE and Detroit Weekly Tribune..... \$ 1.50

ENTERPRISE and Michigan

Farmer..... ENTERPRISE, Toronto weekly Mail and Farmers Fireside.....\$1.60

Enterprise and Detroit semi-weekly Journal.....\$1.60

The Discovery Saved His Life. Mr. G. Caillouette, Druggist. Beaversrille, Ill., says: "To Dr. King's New Discovery I owe my life. Was taken with LaGrippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail, and was given up and told I could not live. Having Dr. Kirg's New Discovery in the store I sent for a bottle and beganits use and from the first dose began to get betka, the Prairie Dog state, was one vast wilderness covered with sand hills, will reach twenty bushels to the acre without it. "Gat a free bottle at T. H. ter, and after using three bottles was up without it. "Get a free bottle at T. H.

Cure for Meadace. As a remedy for all forms of Headache pross the river from Council as the farmers of eastern Neb., they the most dreaded habitual sick headwho are afflicted to procure a bottle, and

> Bucklens' Arnica Salve THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblams, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfac tion or money refunded. per box. For saleby T. H. FRITZ.



HEART DISEASE!

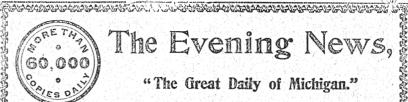
Fluttering, No Appetite, Could Not Sleep, Wind on Stomach.

"For a long time I had a terrible pain at my heart, which fluttered almost incessantly. I had no appetite and could not sleep. I would be compelled to sit up in bed and belch gas from my stomach until I thought that every minute would be my last. There was a feelling of oppression about my heart, and I was afraid to draw a full breath. I could not sweep a room without resting. My hus-band induced me to try

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure and am happy to say it has cured I now have a splendid appetite and sleep well. Its effect was truly marvelous."

MRS. HARRY E. STARR, Pottsville, Pa. Dr. Miles Hear's Cure is sold on a positive marantee that the first bottle will benefit. Il druggists sell it at \$1, 6 bottles for \$5, or by the Dr. Miles Medical Co, Elkhart, Ind.

DATENTS OFTENSEASY. OBTAINED Thirty-five years experience. Examina fions and Reports free. Prompt attention. Send Drawing and description to L. BAGGER & Co., Atty's. Washington, D. C. 11-23-1 yr 11-23-1 yr though. Send for catalogue.



The Evening News,

"The Great Daily of Michigan."

You take your home paper! of course you do, but it is a mistake not to read "The Great Daily of Michigan," the leader in every branch of news, as well as thought and literary merit. If you find any or all other State papers profitable, yet THE NEWS should and will find a place in your hands and your families. Tens of thousands of other citizens of this great State have found its worth.

2 GENTS PER COPY.

THE EVENING NEWS,

TO GENERAL WEEK V FOR S WONTHS BY MAIL

DETROIT.

and he wery village, town and city in the State of Michigan

Consists of

50 Woolen Fascinators from 25c to 1.00 20 pair ladies woolen mitts from 20c to 1.00 side with neatly trimmed shade trees, they present a beautiful appearance in the summer time, but the beauty is in the summer time, but the beauty is in thrown off the wagon, one wheel passing over his side, but he was not hurt.

Mens mufflers at all prices. Ladies mackintoshes from 2.50 to 10.00 Mens' water proof Duck coats from 2.00 to 3.50 Several pieces of all wool cassimere goods 40 inches wide at 35c to 40c per yd

The best values ever offered Home made varn 45c to 60c a pound.

one of the largest flouring mills in the readers should avail themselves of this I have a complete line of worm goods in Ladies' and Gents' footwear and the best wool boot and rubber combination for 2.00, in the county. Call for them. This combination I also hrve in boy's wear.

My stove department consists of over 100 cook and parlor stoves. See them before you purphase.

3 STORY BRICK.

J. L. HITCHCOCK.

HAPPY ARE THEY WHOSE CLOTHES ARE WASHED WITH LAS SOAP.

"How it Cleans!" "How it Lasts!" "How Cheap it is!" SO SAY ALL USERS. Try it and you will always buy it. Boautiful Prizes for Wrappers.

HENRY PASSOLT, Manufacturer, SAGINAW. MICH.

For Bargains In

Sash Doors, Blinds, Frames. Washing Machines, Moldings b Ironing Boards, Brackets and GENERAL PLANING MILL WORK

≪LANDON, ENO ₩ KEATING, >>

Saginaw, Tuscola & Huron R. R.

PASSENGER TIME CARD.

In Effect November 18th, 1894. Saginaw, E. S Fairgrove Akron Unionville Sebewaing

At Saginaw—With F. & P. M. for Detroit and Toledo, Bay City, Ludington, and Mainstee.
With D. L. & N. for St. Louis, Alma and Grand Rapids;—With M. C. for Owosso, Lausing, Jackson and Chicago and with C. S. & M. for Lansing and Chicago and with C. S. & M. for Lansing and Chicago.

At Reese. With M. C. for Bay City, Lapeer and On all Trimmed Hats Bonnets, Undertoit. At Pigeon-With P. O. & N. for Caseville, Cass City, Pontiac and Detroit.

CONNECTIONS.

City, Pontine and Detroit.

At Bad Axe—With F. & P. M. for Port Austin, Sand Beach, Minden City and Pt. Huron.

Trains leaving Bad Axe at 7:10 a.m. and Detroit at 4:05 p.m. are through express, via P. O. & N. and D. G. H. & M. Railways, delivering and receiving passengers at depot of latter company in Detroit, foot of Brush street.

M. V. MEREDITH. Superintendent.

Douglas \$3 SHOE IS THE BEST. And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the Best in the World. See descriptive advertise-ment which appears in this Take no Substitute.

> Insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS' SHOES, with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by J. D. CROBBY.

DEVLIN'S BUSINESS BAY CITY, MICH.

There are many just as good, but none better. Our terms are lower



trimmed Felt Shapes until March 1st A good assortment to choose from Yours Respectfully,

Mrs. E.K. Wickware.

Mearly opposite Hitchcock's.

It is well before legvin for business or pleasure, hotel and thereby avoid of When you visit betro-pleased o have you of Franklin Elonse, and lease Ste. where you and Bates Sts., where you will remeal and a clean bed at mother The house has been renovated for H. H. JAMES Meals, 35c. Lodgings, 50. Per Day, \$1.50.

ELECTRIC TELEPHONE

tome, snop, soor and omee. Greatese convenence and best seller on earth.

Agents make from S5 to S50 per day.

One in a residence means a sale to all the clickhors. Fine instruments, no toys, works, now works, and the sale of the convenence of the seller of the seller

Great Clothing Sale

-OF-

MCDOCICIA

*THE & CLOTHIERS

STILL CONTINUES.

 $\times\!\!\times\!\!\times\!\!\times\!\!\times\!\!\times\!\!\times$

DON'T MISS THS SALE

 $\times\!\!\times\!\!\times\!\!\!$

Come and be convinced that you can do better here than at any other store in the city.



Will grind buckwheat on Tuesday's and Faiday's of each week until further notice. If you want the best roller buckwheat flour on earth,

Bring us Your Grist.

If you have some nice buckwheat to sell we want it. Simon pure buckwheat four is what we make and noth

We are in the market for Red Wheat If you want anything in the milling line, come and see us. We can

supply you.

Remember we grind feed every day. We will have a new power corn

sheller ready for business soon, then we can grind you out in a 4 + + + + + +

We are exchanging WHITE LILY flour for from 150 to 300 bushels of wheat per day. If you want the best flour made and the most of it,

BRING US YOUR WHEAT. We will do the rest come any time, always open.

HELLER BROS



A LEEDLE OUT

For the adv. of

HENDRICK & ANKER,

Next week.

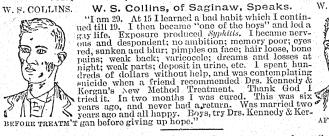
Varicocole, Emissions, Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, Gleet, Stricture, Syphilis, Unnatural Discharges, Self Abuse, Kidney and Bladder Diseases Positively Cured by

A The New Method Treatment-A Wonderful Biscovery

You can Deposit the Money in Your Bank or with Your Postmaster to be paid us after you are CURED under a written Guarantee!

Self Abuse, Excesses and Blood Diseases have wrecked the lives of thousands of young men and middle aged men. The farm, the workshop, the Sunday school, the office, the processions—all have its victims. You g man, if you have been indiscreet, beware of the future. and intention of the state of t

VARICOCELE, EMISSIONS AND SYPHILIS CURED. W. S. COLLINS.



国面

S. A. TONTON.

96

Seminal Weakness, Impotency and Varicocele Cured. **P**

"When I consulted Drs. Kennedy & Kergan, I had little hope. I was surprised. Their new Method Treatment improved me the first week. Emissions ceased, nerves became strong, pains disappeared, hair grew in again, eyes became bright, cheerful in company and again, eyes became a strong sexually. Having tried many Quacks, I can strong sexually. Having tried many Quacks, I can heartily recommend Drs. Kennedy & Kergan as reliable heartily recommend Drs. Kennedy & Kergan as reliable heartily recommend and skillfully." A FERR TREATM'T. EFORETREATM'7 Specialists. They treated me honorably and skillfully." A Nervous Wreck-A Happy Life. T. P. FMEDSON.

T. P. Emerson Has a Narrow Escape. T.P. Emerson Has a Narrow Escape.

"I live on the farm. At school I learned an early habit, which weakened me physically, sexually and mentally. Family Doctors said I was going into "decline" (Consumption). Finally "The Golden Monitor," edited by Drs. Kennedy & Kergan fell into my hands. I learned the Truth and 'ause. Self abuse had sapped my vitality. I took the New Method Treatment and was cured. My friends think I was cured of Consumption. I have sent them many patients, all of whom were cured. Their New Method Treatment supplies vigor, vitality and man-

READER! Are you a victim? Have you lost hope? Are you contemplating marriage? Has your Blood been diseased? Have you any weakness? Our New Method Treatment will cure you. What it has done for others it will do for you Cures Guaranteed or nopay 16 Years in Detroit, 160,000 Cured. No Risk.

Consultation Free. No matter who has treated you, write for an honest opinion to of charge. Charges reasonable. Books Free—"The Golden Monitor" (illusted), on Discases of men. Inclose postage, 2 cents. Scaled, PRINO NAM S USED WITHOUT WRITTEN CONSENT. PRINTE. No medicine sent C.O.D. No names on boxes or envelees. Frerything confidential. Question list and cost of Treatent, FREE.

DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN, No. 148 SHELBY ST. DETROIT, MICH.

JAS. TENNANT.

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS

---AND---

BAZAAR GOODS.

Goods delivered free.

HAPS AND MISHAPS!

As Told by the Enterprise's Corps of Correspondents

all the Chit-Chat From the Coun try Round About Briefly Told For Eusy Renders.

KARRS, CORNERS.

John McKenzie is very sick at this writing.

Alex Marshall spent New Year's with his brother John.

Several of the boys spent Saturday evening on the lake.

Wm. McCauley is talking of buying the Walter Richards' farm.

The funeral of Mrs. Moore, of Grant vas held in the church last Sunday. Mr. Philips got his foot and leg badly

Mr. Auten was through this vicinity ouying cattle last week. He bought several fine head.

Rumor has it that there is joing to be a double wedding a little south of here in a few days.

A sudden slip of the tongue often causes a mistake in speech, and a sudden slip of the pen causes a mistake in writing so you folk will ex cuse us if we make many.

ELMINOOD.

A Miss Hait, a neice of R. Webster visiting them at present.

Thos. Leach's brother, of Shabbons

visited him on New Year's Mrs. L. Lockwood received an organ as a present from her father in

Bay City. Jos. Dodge returned to Toronto on Tuesday to resume his studies, after a shot vacation.

Mrs. Jas. Whitsell and Mrs. Jas Spittler returned from their visit in Canada on Wednesday last. Mrs. L. H. Huffman's brother, F

Zavitz and family, of Millington, also Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Eastman, of Cass City spent New Year's with them.

Our Sabbath school was adjourned on last Sabbath until the last Sunday in March on account of the poor attendance. It is to be hoped that by that time there will be more interest taken in the work so it will be reorgan ized with a large attendance

The debate in the school house on Saturday evening was quite well attended and the question, "Resolved that foreign immigration should be prohibited in the U.S." very abley discussed. The debaters in the affirmtive were A. E. Hendrick, Hugh Coop er, and Frank Woolman. In the negative, Fred Topping, J. Miller and E.

C. Thomas. The judges decided in favor of the affirmative by a score of 3

Carlton Cornwell, foreman of the Gacette, Middletown, N. J., believes that hamberlain's Cough Remedy should be n every home. He used it for a cold and t effected a speedy cure. He says: "It is ndeed a grand remedy. I can recommend t to all. I have also seen it used for vhooping cough, with the best results. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by T. H Fritz, Druggist.

NOVESTA.

Mrs. D. McIntyre is sn the sick list at present with the grip. F. C. Lee, of Kingston, visited at D.

Mickle's one day last week. Miss Leona Paul is visiting friends in Oakland county at present.

Every thing is rather dull now after holidays. There is not much news.

Mrs. Jas. McGilvray visited friends n this vicinity Saturday and Sunday Mrs. Angus Leitch and family are visiting friends in this vicinity of Dutton, Ont., at present.

The youngest child of Mrs. and Mrs Segar is very low at this writing Dr. Edwards is the attending physican. John McLarty, of Ontario, visited his uncle, Angus McLarty, of this place, and other friends in this vicinity

Mrs. McPhee was unable to find a house in Cass City that see could rent so she rented the Hefflebower house and will live there tor the pres-

John Justin traded horses with parties in the vicinity of Deford last week. If John had got the bag of corn to boot he would have made a good trade but as he got no boot we think he got beat a little, but hope he will be more successful next time.

The dance at J. Livingston's Tuesday night was well attended and a good time was reported until a couple of smart Alex's got into a dispute and hal a clinch but that was all there was to it. Such fellows as that ought to stay at home until they can learn how to behave themselves as they interfere with others in having a good time.

Many stubborn and aggravating cases of rheumatism that were believed to be incurable and accepted as life legacies have yielded to Chamberlain's Pair Balm, much to the surprise and gatification of the sufferers. One application will relieve the pain and suffering and its continued use insures an effectual cure. For sale by T. H. Fritz, Druggist.

OWENDALE.

Justice Hughes is on the sick list at the present writing.

John Gettle, of Kilmanagh, was in town Saturday on business.

Thomas Campbell, of Elkton, was in this part Wednesday last on business. J. Farber, of Chandler Tp., was in town locating a mill site Saturday

Geo. McCross is doing a job of siding on the residenc of R.A. Ballagh east of

Pat Bliss was over to Elkton Thursday, returning via the evening train Saturday.

Geo. Grier is nursing a sore jaw, the effects of tooth pulling from one of our country dentists.

Thomas Brown, of Elkton, and T. Cahlin, of Caseville, were the guests of Jas. Shoefelt and family Friday of the nurt the other day by a log falling on past week.

> Alex McDonald visited his family Sunday, arriving home from Caseville Saturday evening, returning Monday and reports a sleigh haul at the above point.

> Owen & Crawford are hustling in the logs at the rate of ten car loads per day. If the weather still continues solid they will soon bank a million feet of elegant timber.

John Ballagh, of Caseville, was in town Thursday and pulled the tapes of a handsome pair of horses upon his returning to the above place for the lumbering firm here the following day.

Justice Hughes had a libel suit on docket Saturday afternoon last. The principal offender being Geo. Lenox, of Linkville, while the plaintiff was Ed. Owen, of this burg, in which Lenox was convicted and confessed his guilt and wished to be pardoned, never to be caught in such a scrape again Under the circumstances Justice Hughes let the prisoner off.

WICKWARE.

H. M. Sansburn called in Ubly Sat urday.

A hop was held at Sam Brown's New Year's night.

John Barwick has moved on his farm near Tyre. John Waldon returned from London,

Ont., last Tuesday. Frank Sansburn was in Minden City Monday on business.

Jas. I. Fisher has returned from Bay City, after a week's visit. Spencer Gale called in Sanilac Cen

tre on business Monday. Miss Violet Nicol visited with rela

tives in this vicinity last week. W. V. Rockiefellow's father, of Gage-

town, visited with him Sunday. Our Presbyterian minister, of Ubly, called on friends in this vicinity las

The Free Methodists closed their meeting last Wednesday night without

W. V. Rockifellow's wife, who has been visiting in Canada, returned last Wednesday.

Jud Quick is on the road now-a-days selling toilet soap, perfumes, etc

Chas. Sacket has a crew of men working in his black ash swamp. He intends to put it all in the mill yard

Last week's correspondence.

John Wheeler is visiting in Sault St. Marie.

Spencer Gale exchanged teams with

Ed. Flint last week. Edwin Bond visited with his brother Amos Bond, in Fairgrove, last week.

John Ahearne, of Big Rapids, visited with friends in this vicinity last week. Mrs. David Hefflebower went to Deroit last Monday to visit with her sis-

A watch meeting was held in the Gospel hall last Monday evening. Quite a crowd was in attandance.

A social hop was held at John Haggerty's last Friday night. A good crowd was in attendance and every body enjoyed themselves.

Advertise.

Advertise to-day; Advertise to-morrow;

for a wife:

Advertise to make a loan:

Advertise to borrow; Advertise if you want a room, or in surance on your life. Advertise for a boy or girl, or even

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INAUGURATION.

THE MEN WHO ARE TO CON-DUCT MICHIGAN AFFAIRS.

Chief Justice McGrath Administered the Oath to All the State Officia's-An Impressive Ceremony-The Governor's Reception Largely Attended.

Heretofore it has been the custom to take the state officers before some notary at Lansing, swear them in and then let them wander at their sweet will to the state capitol and take possession. Last year a trifle more ceremony was observed. when Gov. Rich and several state officers congregated in the executive office and were administered the oath of office in a bunch. But this year the spectacle was an unusual and impressive innovation. Representative hall was the scene of the ceremonies, and every available space was filled by interested spectators. Members of the legislature occupied the chairs at each side of the platform erected in front of the speaker's desk, and upon the platform were Gov. Rich, Chief Justice McGrath, Gen. Alger, president of the day; ex-Gov. Alpheus Felch, the elective state officers, the governor's staff, Senator Patton, Representative Chamberlain and Joseph Belanger, French; Theophile Francois, Belgian, and Herman Freud, Colombian consuls at Detroit. The hall had been made bright with flags and flowers, and the scene was still further enlivened by the glittering uniforms of the governor's staff and the foreign consuls and the costumes of the ladies who composed one-third of the audience. It was 2 o'clock in the afternoon

when Gov. Rich and his retinue entered the hall, and shortly after Gen. Alger called the assemblage to order. He referred to the fact that never before had any public ceremonies attended the induction of the servants of the people of Michigan into office, and said the good to come from such a scene was the impression upon the officers that it was no light thing to take oath for the performance of the great duties devolving upon them. He hoped not only to see the custom perpetuated here, but to see the militia turn out in the future to add a further glory to the day. After congratulating governor, the other officers and the people on the occasion, and on the conditions under which they were gathered together, he called upon Rev. Clarence F. Smith, of the First Congregational church, Lansing, to offer prayer. A song by the Lansing Male Quartet followed. Judge McGrath then delivered a splendid address, which was listened to with deep in-Some of the best points Justice McGrath's speech were as fol-

Mr. President and Fellow Citizens: It is Mr. President and Fellow Citizens: It is eminently litting that the officers elect of this great commonweath be introduced into office, not with pomp and extravagant ceremonial, but in a public manner, indicative of public concern in the administration of the duties assumed. These officers-elect are here not by reason of the accident or incident of birth, but by virtue of the suffrages of the people of a great state. We come together as citizens of a great state, with the sentiment vox populi, vox det, upon our lips, tendering to these officers, in all that pertains to the administration of the affairs of state, our hearty co-operation. in all that pertains to the administration of the affairs of state, our hearty co-operation.
We are not convened in a spirit of exultation, but rather in a spirit of exaltation. We would exalt official character and dignify official function. These officers are to-day assuming public trusts. They are not, it is true, to administer affairs of the nation, but to us, these local affairs are vastly the more important. We are too apt to lose sight of our own provincial concerns. We cannot too often be reminded of our duty of local government, to the basic elements of our national structure, to the integers of our national entity. Our public school system upon which rests in such

reminded of our duty of local government, to
the basic elements of our national structure,
to the integers of our national entity. Our
public school system, upon which rests in such
large measure our hope for the future, is the
child and creature of the local entity, and we
should bestitate long before we substitute for
that hope a reliance upon measures which are
repressive only. Of public officers we demand
not a mere perfunctory discharge of the duties,
but a faithful discharge of those duties in the
interests of the public. The highest, largest
development of a people must be sought for
under the purest democracy. "Equality is
equity." It is De Tocqueville who says that
"Elected magistrates do not make the American democracy flourish; it flourishes because
the magistrates are elective." Eternal vigilance is still the price of liberty. Within
every schoolhouse, over which floats the
American flag, should be written in letters of
gold that truism, and with it should be taught,
as a part of the curriculum the theory of
representative government and the duties of
American citizenship.

I believe it was Dr. Parkhurst who said, in
substance, that it is as much a man's duty to
attend the primaries and to vote on election
day as it is to attend the prayer meetings and
pray. With us it is in the power of the people
to correct whatever of evil creeps into our
system of government or exists under it. The
panacea for those ills of which complaint is
made is individual activity in the direction of
reform, and first of all the reformation should
begin with ourselves. The perpetuity of this
republic will not be seriously imperiled until
either the great masses of our people become
corrupt. or good citizens surrender their rights
and duties. Disreputable citizens are in the
minority in every community, and in every
party. If they have in any locality obtained
control it has been with the active or passive
assent of good citizens, or those who profess
to be such, who hold the actual power in their
hands. What our countr but a duty; and to prepare ourselves for giving Our confidence in Republican institutions

should not be shaken by occasional resorts to violence, or by here and there an instance of political corruption or official perfidy. The core of the nation is sound and firm. The masses of the people are honest and law abid ing. The recent election in our own state has demonstrated that the people commend and uphold an executive who has the fearlessness to insist upon a complete and careful discharge of public duties by the people's servants; the moral stamina to rebuke negligence in office, and sufficient courage and regard for law and and sufficient courage and regard for law and order to call into service the police power of the state, to suppress riot and protect persons and property from the consequences of disregard of law. However much the people may sympathize with wrongs growing out of private relations, the sentiment that remits parties to peaceful methods for the redress of their grievances, and condemns resort to violence, is predominant. The great heart of the people is right. There may be moments when they rush to the larboard or starboard and endanger the safety of the ship of state, but they are quick to discover the danger and soon right the ship.

Let each of us so administer the affairs of our several trusts that the people will be reinspired with confidence in our institutions, and let the fair name of our Michigan, so free from blot or stain, again stand as the synonym for faithfulness and integrity in official station.

One by one the candidates were sworn in, the governor first. In a firm, emphatic tone of voice the governor repeated the words slowly after the chief justice. It was the general verdict that his excellency appeared to Miller called the members to order, great advantage on the occasion. hen the oath had been administered the justice took the governor by the arm in a fraternal manner and remade unanimous. Lewis Miller was arm in a fraternal manner and remarked: "Ladies and gentlemen, bemade unanimous. Lewis Miller was made secretary. The selection of a applauded vociferously, and the gov-Then followed Washington Traverse, presenting him. Rep. Fer-

Gardner, secretary of state; James M. Wilkinson, state treasurer; Stanley W. Turner, auditor-general; William A. French, commissioner of the land office; H. R. Pattengill, superintendent of public instruction: Fred A. Maynard. attorney-general, and Perry F. Powers, member of the state board of education. All of these gentlemen, after the administration of the oath, were introduced to the audience by the chief justice, and were cordially greeted.

The president of the day then made a few more remarks, referring to the fact that with great majorities came great responsibilities. He added that in the administration of affairs the flame of contention should not be fanned between capital and labor. Turning then to the venerable ex-Gov. Felch, Gen. Alger added: "Nearly 50 years ago, Gov. Felch, you took the oath of office as executive head of this then infant state, and from that time to this there has been for you a warm place in the hearts of the people of Michigan. Long may you live to enjoy their esteem. Gov. Rich, to you, to your associates and to all who are here today, I wish all the joys that can come in this happy new year; that brighter skies may soon be over us all, and that no shadow may come over

our homes. In closing, he called upon ex-Gov. elch, whose name was greeted with rolonged cheering, which rose again as the venerable patriot advanced to the front of the platform. "It was my fortune," said he, "to be connected with Michigan's affairs ever since she became a state, and to have lived within her borders for some years while she was yet a territory. It is to this spot that my affections are most deeply rooted, and this is the people that I love more than any other people. I was here when the first governor took the oath, and had the honor to grasp his hand after that oath had been administered." He closed in an eloquent manner, extending to everyone the greetings of the day and prophesying prosperity and advance-ment for the republic through all the ages to come, for its growth in the past

was a guarantee for the future.
Gov. Rich was then called upon. He said that if the audience was unpre pared for a speech from him, which as not on the program, it must charge the affliction to the president of the day. He thought it seemly and proper that the officers of the state should take their oaths of office in the presence of the people and that the chief justice should induct them into office. The effect might be a good one, both upon the officers and upon the people. No man was fit for office who did not recognize the responsibilities attaching to his position, but the people should also realize them. If the people recognized the value of fit officers they would first make possible and then require the discharge of the duties of the offices by the men elected to fill them. It is unfair to place great responsibilities upon a man and then ask him to turn the work over to another who was paid to do it. Power with responsibility was one thing, power

without responsibility quite another.

This pointed reference to the salaries amendments was received with vigorous cheers. Gen. Alger indorsed the governor's sentiments and declared it absurd to ask any man to assume the duties of a great office for less than the salary of a third-class clerk. Lieut.-Gov. Milnes said his speech had been turned over to the secretary of state and that gentleman would read it. Mr. Gardner created some merriment by reading a portion of the speech after the manner of a school boy, but he soon changed his tactics and made some stirring remarks upon the high honor. lignity and glory of true citizenship as shown in the life and career of Gov. A song by a quartet and the benediction by Rev. Swift ended the ceremonies.

The Governor's Levee.

The governor's reception and levee, given in the gabernatorial chambers, was attended by a great throng of people. Lansing City Band, stationed in the lower rotunda of the capitol, furnished the music. Gov. Rich received each visitor with a warm shake of the hand and had a pleasant word for all. Then they passed down the line and were introduced in turn to Mrs. Rich, ex-Gov. Alpheus Felch, Senator Patton, Lieut.-Gov. and Mrs. Milnes. Congressman Burrows, Treasurer and Wilkinson, Land Commissioner French, Aud.-Gen. and Mrs. Turner, chuyler S. Olds, Att.-Gen. and Mrs. Maynard, Perry F. Powers, Supt. of Public Instruction and Mrs. Pattengill, Adj.-Gen. and Mrs. Eaton; Gen. and Mrs. Devlin, Col. and Mrs. Latta and Capt. and Mrs. Corns. The full bench of the supreme court, were also present. The governor's staff appeared in full uniform. The reception was continued until 10 o'clock and was entirely informal, no invitations being issued, and was attended by all classes of citizens.

ORGANIZATION CAUCUSES. Judge Wm. D. Gordon, of Midland, Named

as Speaker of the House. The organization caucuses of the Republicans of both houses of the legslature were held in the evening. The Democratic caucus was postponed because Mr. Donovan, of Bay county,

lid not arrive in time. The senate caucus was held behind losed doors, with Senator Wheeler, of Manistee in the chair. Three names were presented for sergeant-at-arms-W. L. Slosson, of Reed City; Grant, of Utica, and Crotty, of Muskegon, and after a warm fight the first named was chosen. The contest for postmistress was between Mrs. Adele Hazlett, of Lansing, and Mrs. A. G. Mosher, of Grand Rapids, and the latter was nominated. Secretary D. E. Alward was renominated by acclamation. Robert L. Rutter, of Detroit, was named as first assistant sergeant-at-arms, and James B. F. Curtis, of Corunna, second assistant. Cora B. Weber, of Bay City, was nominated for engrossing and enrolling clerk and Frank M. Howe, of Olivet,

for assistant. The house caucus was peaceful and quiet considering that it was of the most general interest. Clerk Lewis and Rep. Chamberlain, of Gogebic, immediately moved that Rep. Matthews, hold your governor." The audience candidate for speaker was at once taken up. The name of Judge Wm. D. ernor bowed his thanks. Alfred Gordon, of Midland, was the only one lieutenant-governor, came presented, Rep Covell, of Grand

guson, of Wayne, seconded the nomination. Upon motion of Rep. Waite, of Menominee, the nomination was made unanimous. G. W. Partridge was named speaker pro tem. Lewis Miller was unanimously chosen clerk of the house. Two candidates for sergeantat-arms were presented—P. G. Stover, who served the last legislature, and A. G. Butler, of Bellevue-the latter being successful. Mason county furnished the candidate for engrossing and enrolling clerk—John N. Foster. caucus appointed a conference commit tee on the postmistress contest and then adjourned.

SENATORIAL CAUCUSES

Hon. James McMillan, of Detroit, the Unanimous Choice for the Long Term. The Republican caucus of the state long-term senatorship was held in Representative hall, which was crowded Senator Barnard, of Kent, was chairman and Clerk Lewis Miller secretary. McMillan's more intimate friends oc cupied positions near the speaker's stand, and were pleased and enthusiastic witnesses of the compliments and high honors showered upon the favorite son of the Republican party in Michigan. The scene was impres sive for the party was absolutely of one mind in their choice. The mere routine of deciding upon the candidate for the long-term senatorship could have been settled in a few moments but it was thought fitting by the leaders to compliment their esteemed chieftain by giving the orators an op-portunity. And it was a splendid chance for them, and they certainly made the most of the occasion. Not one speech, but many, and various sections of the state were heard from in the addresses indorsing the nomina-Senator McLaughlin made the nomi

nating speech. He began by stating that the secred rights of the people are reposed in the senators upon whom a great responsibility falls. For more than 100 years the United States senate has been a cherished institution: its deliberations have been of a conservative character; its name is synonymous with stability. The senate of the U. S. should be composed of men of breadth of character, well poised, sound and brainy. Wisdom is a prime factor for a good senator. It was an agreeable duty to present the name of such a man. It was a name which stood for honesty, integrity, leadership and wisdom. Since the days of Zachariah Chandler he has been the leader of Republican ism in Michigan. The wheels of industry sing his praises. While America is America men of his type will be respected and honored. Senator Mc-Laughlin then presented the name of Senator McMillan, and the announcement was received with the wildes enthusiasm. William D. Gordon, speaker of the

house, arose to support the nomination of Senator McMillan, and objected to Senator McLaughlin saying "Senator McMillan, of Wayne." It should be "Senator McMillan, of Michigan." Other seconding speeches were made by Senators Pratt, of Calhoun; Shaw of Newaygo; Preston, of Lapeer; Kilpatrick, of Shiawassee; Jamison, of Kent, and by Representatives Covell, of Grand Traverse; Partridge, of Wayne; Chamberlain, of Gogebic; Waite, of Menominee; Campbell, of Ingham, and Waldo, of Wayne. A rising vote was then called for and it was unanimous. A committee then escorted Senator McMillan to the platform, and after the applause had ceased he thanked the caucus for the

tendered Senato McMillan at the Hotel Downey, and he in turn gave a "spread" at the Downey in the evening.

BURROWS WON EASY.

The Contest for the Short-Term Senator ship Favorable to the Kalamazoo Man. The fight to secure the short-term enatorship of Michigan was the most hotly contested and interesting event of the opening week of the Michigan legislature. The candidates were John Patton, of Kent, who was appointed by Gov. Rich to fill the unexpired term of the late Senator Stockbridge; Hon Julius Caesar Burrows, of Kalamazoo who has represented his district in the national house of representatives for several years with distinguished credit, and Schuyler S. Olds, a prominent politician who became best known rom his services as the right hand man of Gov. Luce.

At 8 o'clock p. m. Secretary Alward, of the Michigan senate. called the Republican caucus to order in Representative hall, Lansing. Speaker Gorlon, of the house, was made chairman and Alward secretary.

Senator Barnard, of Kent, opened the ball for John Patton in a strong speech. Senator Clapp, of Calhoun, named J. C. Burrows as his choice. Representative T. J. Campbell, of Ingham, suggested Schuyler S. Olds as the man for the place.

The upper peninsula at this point urnished two candidates who had furnished never had the least chance of winning -Congressman Samuel Stephenson and Jay A. Hubbell.

Then came a storm of seconding

speeches which would have continued until every one present had voiced their candidate's name had not a call been made for a vote. The balloting was secret and the interest was intense until the result was announced as fol lows: Burrows, 64; Patton, 23; Olds, 32; Stephenson, 7; Hubbell, 5. This was greeted with tremendous cheers.

GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE

A SPLENDID PAPER, BRIMFUL OF GOOD IDEAS.

Favors Convict Labor-Roasts Ionia Prison Management-How to Prevent Strikes -Salaries of State Officers Should be Increased-Opposed to Special Municipal Charters.

Gov. Rich's message to the legislature was read before a joint session of that body, both the senate and house being almost fully represented. The document is remarkably clear and concise, and the egislature to name a candidate for the chief executive goes directly to the heart of each and every item he touches upon The message is as follows:

Senators and Representatives: In accordance with the provisions of the constitution of this state, I submit the following information in relation to the condition of the state and recommenda-tions in relation to measures deemed ex-

As to Financial Matters.

On Nov. 1, 1893, after the apportionmen of the primary school fund was made, for the first time in many years, Michigan confronted an empty treasury. This was not caused so much by increased expenditures as it was by the failure of the legis lature of 1891 to levy taxes sufficient to meet what might reasonably have been contemplated would be the needs of the state, and while there was no direct authority for hiring money, the railroads were offered an inducement of 6 per cent discount from Nov. 1 to Jan. 1 following, discount from Nov. 1 to Jan. 1 following, to advance their taxes due in January. This was done by the Michigan Central and Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroads to the amount of nearly \$200,000. Through the First National Bank of Detroit an additional \$150,000 was obtained Owing to this, on Nov. 1, 1894, a similar condition of affairs presented itself, except that only \$250,000 was then needed to bridge over. Section 3, of article 14, of the constitution provides that the state shall not contract debts to meet deficits in revenue to aggregate more than \$50,000 at any one time. Under this provision of the constitution perhaps the obligation entered into may not have been strictly legal, but it was a necessity in order to carry on the state institutions and general branches of the state government, and was paid out of the first money received. This provision of the constitution was adopted more than forty years ago, when \$50,000 represented more than five times that amount does to-day. It would seem to me advisable to provide for so amending the constitution as, with proper restrictions, to put it within the power of the state to borrow money in cases of necessity, rather than carry large balances, to be loaned at a low rate of interest when not needed to meet the expenses of government. to advance their taxes due in January

to be loaned at a low rate of interest when not needed to meet the expenses of government.

Another reason why this power should be given is that none of our state institutions are insured, nor should they be, but in cases of fire there ought to be provision made for some authority, under proper restrictions, to meet emergencies. Authority might be given the boards of control of the several institutions, with the approval of the board of auditors and the governor, to borrow money on the credit of the state and repair or rebuild their respective institutions. This would not only save calling the legislature together, but would guarantee a prompt restoration of property destroyed. In other respects the financial affairs of the state are in good condition.

There have been no calls for a change in the tax laws of the state, the one passed in 1833 proving very generally satisfactory to all interested. It is thought hardly probable that cur people desire to change the manner of disposing of specific taxes arising from railroads, insurance companies and other corporations. The present apportionment proves of inestimable benefit to the poorer sections of ourstate, and provides for the maintenance of schools of better quality than would otherwise be the case, and it goes to support the only school of which all the children of the state can have the benefit.

Under the head of railroad taxation the governor sets forth that the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern is paying under its charter provisions instead of under the general law, but as the state is not a loser by this, no action has been com-

menced against them. The Michigan Central has been placed under the general laws in the matter of taxation and the governor repeats his recommendation of two years ago that if possible some means be devised for the abrogation of all special charters so that all railroads may be placed upon the same basis so far as tax-

ation, supervision or other legislation is oncerned. University of Michigan, Etc. Our state university stands not only at the head of our own educational institutions but is well up in the front rank of universities in this and other countries. By providing the one-sixth of a mill tax by providing the one-sixth of a military two years ago the university has been placed beyond the need of further legislative aid for years to come. He urges the generous support of the State Normal school, and the Agricultural College, and recommends in regard to the Michigan Mining school that in view of the additional burden it imposes upon the tax. tional burden it imposes upon the tax-payers of the state and the fact that a portion of its students are from other states, those who attend the school shall bear a part of the expense necessary to its maintenance

its maintenance. Insane Asylums, Etc. After showing that the Michigan asylum

for the insane, the Northern Michigan asylum, the Eastern Michigan asylum, the Michigan asylum for dangerous and criminal insane have a combined capacity of 3,719 beds, while they now have 3,684 inmates, the governor concludes that existing accommodations will prove inadequate by the close of the next six months, but thinks that the emergency can be met through the completion of the mew asylum at Newberry, the enlargement of the Home for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic at Lapeer, and the provision of a separate asylum for epileptics. For the institution named at Lapeer the governor asks for an appropriation for furnishings and the provision of additional accommodations. inal insane have a combined capacity of Prisons-Maintenance-Convict Labor

The state prison at Jackson, state house of correction and reformatory at Ionia, ind branch prison at Marquette, constituting the prisons of the state, continue to be a heavy burden upon the taxable property of the state. The total cost of keeping the 1,306 prisoners, which was the average number for the past two years, was greeted with tremendous cheers. Stephenson's name was withdrawn in favor of Burrows, and as the first ballot was not decisive a second was taken which resulted: Burrows, 70; Olds, 32; Patton, 25; Hubbell, 4.

"Ja; "S Caesar Burrows is the nominee of this caucus," announced Speaker Gordon. Rep. Chamberlain moved that the nomination be made unanimous. The wildest excitement prevailed. Handkerchiefs were waved, and men stood up in the galleries yelling and waiving their arms, while the members on the floor waved and yelled back at them, Speaker Gordon whirling his gavel above his head. When quiet had been partially restored, Messrs. Chamberlain, Waite and Campbell, of the house, and Barnard and Kent, of the senate, were appointed to escort Mr. Burrows before the caucus. When he arrived there was listened to attentively as he tendered his thanks for the honor. Messrs. Patton and Olds, the defeated, congratulated Mr. Burrows and promised firm allegiance. It was 1 o'clock a. m. when the caucus adjourned. average number for the past two years, was \$644,258 30. The cost over and above

same yard, and in the first instance the nmate is supposed to be earning a large portion of his keeping while in the latter portion of his keeping while in the latter he earns nothing. The former warden of this institution was removed for cause. Since the change in wardens there has been a marked reduction in the prices of articles bought, but it is not probable that all the reforms needed have yet been adopted. The state accountant has been ordered to conduct an investigation, and he reports verbally that the system of keeping accounts is imperfect, and

of keeping accounts is imperfect, and that many of the practices there should be changed.
This brings up the question of contract labor. In Jackson prison, where most prisoners are on contract, the result is such as to show that had all the men been such as to show that had all the flict been employed the prison would have been self-supporting, and possibly a little more, and it can hardly be said that there was any serious interference with free labor there. All the food, all the clothing, and all the material for manufactured articles purchased there, were the products of free labor. The goods produced there were not to any considerable extent sold below the market price. It is clearly shown that contractors of prison labor do not usually make larger profits than those who employ free labor, so that the competition cannot be very severe. This is illustrated by the fact that the Austin, Tomlinson & Webster Co. engaged in the manufacture of wagons have surrendered 125 out of 150 men, preferring to have free labor. At Ionia where the state account system and piece price plan have been practiced, the result has been a severe burden on the taxpayers of the state. It cannot be said that competition with free labor has been less. In the experience of prisons in this and other states where business is conducted on state account, it has universally shown disastrous results financially. This is in accordance with fixed business principles. No warden, however competent he may be, is capable of carrying on successfully, in all their details, anywhere from ten to twenty-five different branches of business. Then, the number of prisoners employed on productive labor compared with the number engaged in free labor is infinitesmal, and the only way in which their labor can seriously injure free labor is by putting the product of convict labor upon the market value of goods produced by free labor. This, I think, statistics clearly prove, is not the case. On the other hand it is not the wealthy person alone who pays the taxes, but the home of every farmer and laboring man has to contribute to the support of these men engaged in unprofitable industries or entirely idle. It is needless to call your attention to the fact that it is not practicable or reformatory to keep prison

Pardon and Reprieve. The governor thinks the chief executive should have more freedom in granting reprieves and pardons. He says there are many cases where it would seem proper and wise to permit prisoners, and especially some young men, to be liberated up-on certain conditions, notably that of abstaining from the use of intoxicating liquors, provided that in case of violation of this they may be returned to prison of this they may be returned to prison without the expense of another trial. There is no doubt that men liberated upon these conditions would be much less likely to enter upon a career of crime, and would be able to get a start in life before this restraint was removed. It would materially increase the chances of returning these men to the industrial pursuits of life, and to good citizenship, and at the same time relieve the state of the burden of their support. It is hoped that some action will be taken to bring about this same time relieve the state of the burden of their support. It is hoped that some action will be taken to bring about this result. It is also desirable that some provision be made, in cases of persons sentenced for a term of years, by providing either for the filing of the testimony complete, or of a history of the case, with any aggravating or mitigating circumstances connected therewith, in the executive office, to be used in cases where after years have elapsed an application for pardon is made. Anyone connected with pardon is made. Anyone connected with pardon matters to-day realizes that many times it is almost impossible to get at the real facts in the case, and many times it is made to appear that the most hardened criminals serving a long term of imprisonment for crimes committed really deserve reward at the time instead of punishment. The statement of the case is all the argument needed.

Contracts With Prison Officers.

Contracts With Prison Officers.

The section of the public acts of 1893 relating to contracts with prison officers should be so amended as to clearly and inequivocally forbid the warden of any prison acting for the prison under his charge, dealing in any manner, except to pay in the regular way in cash for services rendered, with any member of the board of control, or any officer connected with the prison, or with himself, either directly or indirectly. Officers should be paid their salaries and purchase what they need as other people do.

State Institutions-State Officers. In discussing the state charitable and reformatory institutions the governor says the school for the deaf at Flint, school for the blind at Lansing, state public school at Coldwater, industrial school for boys at Lansing and the industrial home for girls at Adrian are filling the purposes and objects for which they were created, and are under the control of competent boards The appointive state officers—commissioners of railroads, insurance, labor, state banking and state inspector of oils-have proven very efficient and have given good satisfaction in their respective offices. In discussing the dairy and food commissioner the governor calls attention to the fact that Maj. C. E. Storrs, of Muskegon, was not given sufficient power under the act to prosecute the violators of the law and that therefore he has not accomplished as much as he otherwise would, but a large amount of information has been secured which will be placed before the legislature, enabling it to provide means for successfully carrying on the work. There is no more important measure to be considered at this time than the question of pure food. Under the head of factory inspection the governor says that the act to regulate the employment of women and children has proved a good one; that the commissioner of labor has appointed factory inspectors who have inspected more than 400 factories and caused a large number of improvements to be made in machinery, fire escapes, etc., and has had a tendency to keep children, who formerly had been employed in various factories, when they should have been in school, in their proper places.

In taking up the removal of state officers the governor says it was his unpleasant duty to cause the removal of the secretary of state, state treasurer and commissioner of the state land office for gross neglect of duty in connection with the canvass of votes. Fraud has also been discovered in canvassing the vote increasing the salary of the attorney-general in 1891. That in trying these various cases it was necessary to engage the legal talent for which bills amounting to \$2,500 40 have been paid by the state board of auditors. He recommends that an extra expense of \$5,765 85, which was incurred, was incidental to these cases and should be assumed by the state rather than paid by Ingham county alone. The legislature is asked to provide in some manner for the paying of all or such portions of this amount as shall be deemed equitable. He also refers to the defalcation of the deputy secretary of state. discussing the dairy and food commissioner the governor calls attention to the fact

Salaries-Bonds. I cannot too strongly urge that you

again submit to the people an amendment to the constitution increasing the salaries of state officers. The officers comprising the board of state auditors also hold the important positions of secretary of state, state treasurer and commissioner of the state land office, respectively, two of whom receive only \$800 per annum, while the other, the state treasurer, receives but \$1,000. Owing to the meager salary and the impossibility of compelling a man of ordinary means to leave his business and live at the capitol, or even of attending habitually to his duties, it has made it necessary to employ deputies who are competent to do the work of the principal, and paying them a liberal salary. Then a chief clerk has been appointed who has had general supervision of the office, and who has usually done the work which the deputy would do in case the principal were present attending personally to the duties of the office. The men who have occupied the position of deputy have been good men, and have with few exceptions done their work well, but there is a difference between power and responsibility. It cannot be doubted that the interests of the state of Michigan would be greatly benefited by requiring all the state officers to attend personally to the duties of their offices. If this were done enough would be saved in salaries of deputies and clerks about the offices to largely compensate for the increase, but even if this were not done, the important duties which devolve upon these officers, as members of the board of canvassers and especially as members of the board of state auditors, all requiring personal attention, would justify it. It is not just to those holding these important offices that the pay should be so meager that they must turn over the most important as are the officials above mentioned, the case of the attorney-general is none the less so. He is only paid the insignificant salary of \$800 per annum, and he is expected to be the legal adviser of all the state officers, elective and appointive, and the legal adviser to the prosecuting attorneys of the state, and various other officials, a of state officers. The officers comprising the board of state auditors also hold the important positions of secretary of state, state treasurer and commissioner of the

both of these officials should be required to give adequate secrity for the faithful performance of their responsible duties, and for the safe payment of all moneys coming into their hands. He would also require that a bond be given by the person receiving notary public fees and that the clerk of the state board of auditors, who handles considerable money, should be required to give a security for the performance of his duties and the safe custody of money and property intrusted to his keeping. The same recommendations are made in the case of the engineer and superintendent of buildings and grounds.

Some method of protecting the state in the provided.

The Supreme Court.

During the legislative session of 1893 sev ral plans were proposed for the relief of the Supreme Court. The one finally adopted required the judges to reside at Lansing, and an increase of salary was given them in consideration thereof. At the time of the adjournment of the legislature there were upwards of 100 cases ready for hearing, but which could not be reached. In the eighteen months since that time the calendar has been cleared, and the court feels that under the present condition of affairs they will be able to keep up with the work. The judges have been where they could constantly consult together, and I am fully satisfied that the relief granted has been the most practicable that could have been given, and that it cannot help but improve the character of the decisions, in giving the opinions of the full court to a greater extent than ever before by being where they can at all times consult together and have access to the state library. If further relief is needed it seems to me the most practicable plan would be to limit the cases which may be appealed to the supreme court under some proper safeguard. Should an intermediate court be created, litigants would be no better satisfied when their cases are decided than they are now sing, and an increase of salary was given Should an intermediate court be created, litigants would be no better satisfied when their cases are decided than they are now in the circuit court, and would not be content with anything short of a decision by the highest judicial tribunal in the state. Some provision might be made creating some authority to decide whether a case raises questions that should be passed upon by a higher court. It might be urged that this would be a denial of justice in cases where the amount involved is small, but there is little doubt that litigants are more times deprived of justice by vexatious appeals than by a denial of the privilege of going to the supreme court, and some cases are now taken there which involve so small an amount that the court should never be compelled to devote any time to it. It tends to belittle the court and is not conductive to the just determination of results.

Strikes—The Labor Problem.

Strikes-The Labor Problem.

"Labor strikes" is the caption under which the trouble of last summer is discussed. The governor states that it is undoubtedly the fact that the greatest sufferers were those engaged in the strike, but that fortunately little damage was done by the wanton destruction of property. He trusts that the persons responerty. He trusts that the persons responsible for the one serious wreck which occurred, causing the loss of two lives, will be punished. Great praise is given the First Regiment of the Michigan National Guard for the promptness with which they responded to the call for duty. The good behavior of the companies of the Fifth Regiment that were ordered to Ironwood during the troubles last July, is also commended, and suitable recognition is made of the excellent judgment that was displayed by Col. Lyon, and the soldierly qualities of the troops during that trying time. In discussing these two events the governor takes the opportunity of saying that it clearly demonstrates that the Michigan National Guard is under good discipline and can be relied upon in any emergency in which the interest of the state or its people is in danger.

is under good discipline and can be relied upon in any emergency in which the interest of the state or its people is in danger.

The strikes mentioned above, and others in this and adjoining states, causing incalculable damage to many interests, and some damage to all interests, raises the pertinent question, what can be done to prevent them in the future? Is there not some way in which the differences between canital and labor can be adjusted without the disastrous resort to strikes? Capital is sensitive, and it may be questioned whether the very means used by labor organizations to increase wages and get other concessions to better their conditions does not in the znd have the opposite effect in causing capital to seek investment in some other line which does not require the employment of labor. Labor organizations have done much in educating and aiding each other in times of need. By their organization they have wielded a power which has compelled concessions from employers which individually they could not have obtained. No matter how orderly the managers of a strike start in, or how strong the resolutions passed to preserve order and refrain from violence or damage to property, it almost invariably happens that before a settlement is effected there is more or less violence used. In any event it is a place where the lawless element congregate ready for the first opportunity for violence and plunder. Among all the numerous sufferers from strikes none suffer so severely, and in the end so disastrously as those engaged in the strike. There also find it much more difficult to recover from its effect than any others. Arbitration, compulsory and voluntary, are proposed as a remedy for the existing evils, but neither of these seems to meet the requirements. Voluntary are proposed as a remedy for the existing evils, but neither of these seems to meet the requirements. Voluntary are proposed as a remedy for the existing evils, but neither of these seems to meet the requirements. Voluntary are proposed as a remedy fo

ties can be settled. In case one party to the disagreement should invok the aid of this new court he must she violation of contract and an infring ment of personal or property rights, or the court would have no jurisdiction. If any of these things have been done, then the courts now existing have jurisdiction and can furnish the remedy. It will be found impossible under our form of government to compel any corporation or individual to employ men or to pay them any particular wages. Men of means will suspend or abandon business if its management is taken from their control. It will be found equally useless to try and compel men to work unless it is for their interest to do so. In the end there must be mutual agreement between the employer and employe, such as will be mutually beneficial, or such relation cannot long exist. Any agreement of this character must also be based on principles of equity and justice. The demands of civilization have made the creation of artificial persons a necessity, and much as corporations are condemned, modern civilization cannot get along without them. Laws have been enacted providing for the association of capital to carry on large operations which would be impossible for an individual to do, and many times the investment is of such a character that no prudent man would be willing to invest his all in it, but is willing to venture a fixed amount which if lost will not ruin him. Thus corporations are given certain powers and privileges and upon them is imposed certain limited liabilities and responsibilities. On the other hand labor has been left to fight on single handed so far as law is concerned. The necessities of labor have, however, caused them to organize among themselves, but in order to accomplish their object they have been led to do many things not authorized by Jaw, and in some instances in direct violation of law. Undeem to be the part of wisdom and justice to provide for the organization of corporations of labor, with as much power and no greater liability than is imp

Michigan Municipal Commission. By the provisions of act No. 169, public acts of 1893, the governor was authorized to appoint a commission to prepare and report a general municipal corporation report a general municipal corporation bill, under which all municipalities may become incorporated, and Hon. William Hartsuff, hon. Gerrit J. Diekema and Hon. Edwin F. Conely were appointed as such commissioners... Soon after appointment Hon. William Hartsuff resigned, owing to press of other business, and Hon. Mark S. Brewer was appointed in his piace. This commission has worked faithfully and earnestly to accomplish what the act imposed upon them. It is my understanding that they have not attempted to introduce any new or startling provisions into the municipal law, but it has been their aim to introduce only well-tried and tesued provisions, those which have been tound after years of use to be satisfactory. It is hoped that this report will be such that without material amendment or alteracion, it may be passed early in the session and become a law. I would also urge that an amendment to the constitution be early submitted to the people, provicing that the legislature shall hereafter not be permitted to enact special municipal charters. It is hardly necessary to call your attention to the great saving of time, litigation and annoyance that would be gained if all villages and cities of the same class were brought under the same provisions of law. A bill providing for the incorporation of villages and one for the smaller cities is already prepared and in print, and will be found upon your desks. If these bills are passed early in the session it will save a great deal of work on proposed amendments to various city and village charters throughbill, under which all municipalities may deal of work on proposed amendments to various city and village charters throughout the state.

is certain.

Election Laws. There is very little, if any, complaint with reference to the present election law, but in the interest of accuracy and to avoid any change in the returns I renew the recommendation of two years ago, that provision be made for counting the vote at intervals during the day by a sep-arate board. As fast as the result is rate board. As fast as the result is known it should also be posted in at least one public place, and signed by the board, and further results should be added to it during the day. With this arrangement, the result of elections in most cases would be known and the returns made out as early as 6 or 7 o'clock in the evening, and as boards usually receive pay for two days, there would be no increase in expense, but there would be a guaranty of greater accuracy because the men would be tresh and would have ample time to count the votes and declare the result.

Miscellaneous Matters. The Michigan National Guard and the Michigan Naval Brigade are also sub-

jects which the governor treats on. He says that the former has snown great mprovement in maintaining order and itscipline, and that the latter, in cases their services should ever be required, would be of incarculable benefit to the state and nation. At present the brigade, both infantry and naval, from adjutant general to corporal, is well-officered and the men are the equals of any like organization

general to corporal, is well-officered and the men are the equals of any like organization.

The number of building and loan and similar associations in the state, the large amount of money which they have loaned and on deposit, and the number of people who are interested in their management, would seem to demand that the state should require reports to be made from these associations, and that they should also be subjected to some state supervision. You are respectfully urged to give this important matter your careful consideration.

The governor recommends that the state appropriate annually, in accordance with the request of the State Grange, the sum of \$5,000, or such amount as will be sufficient to hold a two-day institute in every county in the state where the agricultural interests, are sufficiently important to warrant it.

portant to warrant it.
The needs of the State Horticultural
Society are discussed, and in view of the
good work it is doing and its importance,

he recommends that the needs of the so-ciety when presented, will receive the at-

ne recommends that the needs of the society when presented, will receive the attention they deserve.

The appropriation asked for by the
Chickamauga commission, \$20,000, he
thinks should be made, to mark with
monuments the positions of Michigan
regiments and batteries on that famous
battlefield; also that an act pass providing for the expensess of the Antietam
commission in surveying, locating and preserving the battle lines at Antietam.

The report of the state geologist, which
is the second made in the past fourteen
years, is said to be a valuable addition
to the reports heretofore made.

The good work of the State Pioneer
Society is set forth, that their work is
one of love for the object in which they
are engaged and that the usual amount
of \$1,000 will be needed for the ensuing
two years.

The present method of cenyassing yotes two years.

The present method of canvassing votes by the board of county canvassers is expensive, and no better done than it could be by a much smaller board. This is a matter well worthy of your consid-

And in Conclusion. You are charged with vast responsibilities. You are to legislate for two and a ities. You are to legislate for two and a quarter million of people, with as great a variety of interest as any equal number of people in the world.

You are to provide for institutions which have cost the state more than \$10,000,000, and the maintenance of which costs a vast amount every year. Every institution, every interest, and every class of our people demand careful consideration at your hands. The same rules in expenditures should govern you that governs expenditures should govern you that governs expenditures in private business affairs. What is worth doing at all is worth doing well. The more promptly and thoroughly your work is done, the more hearty will be the welcome and approval of your constituents.

JOHN T. RICH.

Intense Headaches

"For four years I have been a constant sufferer. My head ached from morning till night. After trying everything I could think of, the only thing that gave me any relief was



was the cause of my trouble, and I had it cut off; but this gave me no relief. Reading about a lady similarly afflicted who was cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, I began to take it. Defore I had taken one bottle I felt greatly im-

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proved, and at the end of three bottles was entirely well. I now weigh 240 pounds, which is a gain of 10 pounds in three months." MRS. MARY A. WHITE, Franklin, Indiana. Hood's Pills do not weaken, but aid diges.

tion and tone the stomach. Try them. 25c.

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APPLEDORE.

Bright glow her flowers in Appledore, The waves are glancing free, But mute she lies with folded hands, The singer of the sea.

War inland, through her ma de verse, We heard the curlews cry, And watched (the reen hills all around) The fishing-boats go by.

Now on the breakers, white with foam, The fierce storm seemed to ride: And now, upon the shinin; sands, Crept, murmuring the tide.

Not lost! The singer and her son; Shall live forevermore Her memory speaks in every wave That breaks on Appledore! -Harper's Bazar

Lady Latimer's Escape.

BY CHARLOTTE M. BRAEME.

CHAPTER VII—CONTINUED. "I never knew before," she said to me one morning, "what a lovely month September is. The red and gold, the russet brown and deep crimson of the trees, are even more beautiful than on to the sea, of the moon that shone their green leaves; and I like September flowers better than those which come in spring; there is nothing so lovely as the white chrysanthemum."

Poor child! I knew afterwards why she found September the fairest of months. Again, we had driven one noon to Ashton Firs, taking with us | her golden head bare, and her lovely luncheon for the sportsmen. stood for some minutes watching the sunlight on the valley, and the blue haze on the distant hills. She turned to me suddenly, her eyes filled with

"Oh, Audrey," she said, "what a peautiful world it is! I never knew until now. I seem to have slept through my life, and to be just awakening. Do you see the green of the grass and the lovely blue of the sky? Why, Audrey, I never knew how much music there was in a bird's song, I never knew what the brook sung about, or the wind told to the trees,

intil now." Ah, my dear, my dear! neither you nor I was wise enough to know what

was teaching you. One evening—it was the month of September and the moon was shining right as day in the midst of a darkdue sky—the gentlemen sat longer than usual over their wine. The night and these were the words that he vas warm and pleasant.

"Audrey," said Lady Latimer, "let is go as far as the white gate just to ook at the river."

I wrapped a black lace shawl round her golden head and white shoulders, and we went out together, leaving the shining lights that streamed from the great windows, and the dim, soft shadow of the old house behind us, down past the lime trees, to the white gate that was canopied with trees. "Open it, Audrey, and let us go

down to the water's edge," said Lady Latimer. We went, and I remember as though

t were yesterday, our shadows on the ong grass, and the wooing sigh of the wind in the fast-dying lime leaves. The moon shone full over the river, every wavelet seemed to catch a ray

of silvery light; the sight was beautiful as fairy-land. Lady Latimer stood silent for some minutes then in a low. soft voice she began the lines:

"I passed without the city gate, I lin sered by the way, The palm was bendin: to her mate,

And thus I heard her say: "The arrow to the quiver, The stream to meet the river,

And the river to the sea
The waves are wedded on the beach,
The shadows on the lea And like to like—and each to each, And I-to thee. "The cedar on the mountain,

And the bramble in the brake The willow by the fountain. And the lily by the lake: The serpent coiling in its lair, The eagle soaring free. Draw kin to kin. and pair to pair,
And I—too thee.

"The palm was bending to her mate, I marked her meaning well: And passed within the city gate, The old fond tale to tell

"I can remember, Audrey," said, "when I read those lines, and they were so much Greek to me. Now I understand them perfectly. They mean that everyone must have love, that like will seek like, that the young seek youth, the beautiful seek others as fair. Everything in nature loves, even to the butterfly who loves the bluebell, and the bee which is betrothed to the bloom: and if flowers and birds, bees and butterflies, all love, how much more we— I think nay, I am sure, that I have been blind

all my life until now," "And what has given light and sight to your eyes now?" I asked. I could not resist the question, al-

though I knew it would have been so much better left alone; but she looked at me with calm, sweet eyes. "I do not know," she answered. "It

seems to me that the eyes of my soul are just open, and that they see infinite light-infinite brightness. Ah

I knew, though she did not, what had taught her, and my heart went out to her in great loving pity. She went on, a perfect rapture of happiness shining in her face.

"Even the moonlight is different to me. I thought it cold and capricious. Now I see the light is tender and full of poetry; now I see-'

But the words were never finished. Quite suddenly the white gate opened, and we heard a voice that made my heart beat, say:

"You are here, Lady Latimer. Philip said you would be here by the river.

Ah me! the light on her face—the tender, beautiful blush—the rapt expression when she turned to Colonel North, and said, with a smile: "How aid you know that I should

be here?" "I felt quite sure of it. You love the moonlight, and you love the river. heart in his eyes, and that every ten coupons cut from our paper will When we found the drawing-room night, while the harvest moon was entitle a starving person to the use of empty, I said to Lionel, Lady Latimer shining, he should ask her to go down a key .- Truth.

and Miss Lovel have gone to look at the moonlight."

"I, of course," interrupted Lionel, 'said at once, 'Let us find them.' And we have found you."

There was one moment of delicious silence, when it seemed to me that the very moonlight throbbed and thrilled on the air.

"We need not hurry in," said Colonel North. "Several of them are coming. A stroll by the river on this moonlight night will be much better than sitting in a drawing-room by the light of lamps!

Then came half an hour that was like time stolen from Paradise. It seemed quite natural that Captain Fleming should walk by my side, even more natural that Colonel North should walk with Lady Latimer. Others joined us, but no one broke up these little groups; no one came to

me, no one joined Lady Latimer. We talked about everything bright and beautiful; of the river that rolled in the sky, of the wind whose whispers were those of a lover among the leaves Then I perceived that Colonel North and Lady Latimer were standing by the rustic bridge which spanned the river. The black lace shawl had fallen, leaving face all washed by the moonlight. She looked wondrously fair. Captain Fleming was looking at them.

"What a beautiful pair they would make," he said, suddenly. "Colonel North is my ideal of a soldier, and Lady Latimer is one of the fairest of

Indeed, the dark, soldierly face and the side of the fair and radiant woman. We remained out-of-doors nearly an hour. I went with Captain Fleming to the square of fountains. They were indescribably beautiful under the light of the harvest moon, and I am afraid we forgot every one else. I did. It was the night of nights to me. But when we came back to the drawingroom Lady Latimer was there. The beautiful tenor voice of Colonel North was ringing through the room, and

"Not much I sou ht. I had my dream-Dear love, your very words I quote—A rose, the ripple of a stream, A blue sky and a boat

she stood by the window listening,

with a dreamy smile on her fair face,

But roses fade as roses blow. And summer skies can lower and frown The stream runs deep and dark, and so This boat of ours went down

She smiled as she listened to the words, then, lightly touching a yellow rose that she wore on her breast, she

"Roses fade as roses blow, but this one will never die." "Who gave it to you?" I asked.

"Colonel North," she answered; and saw all heaven in her face as she uttered the words. Then—then I knew

CHAPTER VIII.

I then knew all. I knew that she had found the something missing in whispered to blossom and leaf, what the waves said when they broke on the shore. She had learned the great secret of life, which was love; but she did not know it—ah! thank God for that.

She would not have looked so happy, so bright, so innocent, if she had known what had happened to herself. She did not know; that was my chief cause for gratitude. The knowledge might come to her, but it had not done so yet, and I vowed to myself that if I could I would guard her from it. She had entered fairyland, but she was all unconscious that she had passed the golden gate. She had listened to the songs of Paradise, but shedid not know they had sounded in her ears. She had drunk of the chalice which is all foam, but she had not recognized its flavor. She saw suddenly, and as she had never seen it before, all the beauty and brightness of the world, but she did not know what had opened her eyes. I prayed heaven she never might.

She was so innocently happy, the expression on her face was one of glad content; even Lord Latimer noticed it

at last. "It seems to me, Grace," he said to

her one morning, "that you have grown better looking." I thought to myself, "Oh, blind of eyes, blind of heart, not to understand." Surely, any one who loved her might have seen the danger she was in; so young, so fair, with such a passionate, loving heart, and left entirely to her own resources—for Lord Latimer spent very little time with his guests. He had grown older and more feeble lately, and as life slipped away and he lost his grasp of its pleasures, he grew morose and more stern. He liked Lionel Fleming, and he spent a great deal of time in talking to him; but he never went out with the sportsmen, he never joined the luncheon parties. He dined every evening with his guests, but he never appeared in the drawing room after dinner. She was left, then, to herself, to the influence of the sweet, sad music and the harvest moon. There was no one to say, "Do not let Colonel North sing your heart away;" no one to say, "Do not go out every evening while the harvest moon is shining; no one seemed to notice anything but. me. Lady Latimer was mistress of the house, Colonel North the most important guest in it. It was natural that he should walk and ride by her side, that he should be her escort, that he should make her the especial

object of his attentions; but it was not

have spent with Captain Fleming in sitting beside her, trying to take some little of her attention from Colonel North. I might as well have tried to fly over the moon; but, thank heaven! no one saw it except me. The boys loved Colonel North. He

and look at the river with him; nor

was it quite natural that he should

gather all the flowers she wore, and

talk so much poetry to her. I thought

often of her simple words to me,

··How nice it must be to have some

one to say loving words to you and

I tried my best to take care of her.

I often sacrificed the time I might

bring you nice flowers!"

both now-flowers and words.

gentleman, and a "man who had no nonsense about him," which was Bob's them half an hour with the colonel, and they were quite happy. "He knows how to treat a boy; there is no make-believe about him," they said. cepted theories regarding this most interesting of animals. To my wonder, astonishment, indignation and dismay, they preferred him to the heir of Lorton's Cray. They all wanted to be "tall as the colonel, handsome as the coionel, and just as upright." In fact, the colonel was the hero of the hour. Captain Fleme ing came next, but, as Bob irreverently expressed it, he was not "real

During this happy month of September, Lord Latimer did not forget my father and mother. Every day there was a dispatch of game from the hall to the vicarage, and every week, at least, they joined us at dinner. They saw nothing of what troubled me so greatly; my sweet mother would figure showed to great advantage by not have understood such a thing. They considered Colonel North a king among men-so brave, so gallant, so courteous; they quoted him and admired him. He was a Chevalier Bayard in their eyes, but they preferred Captain Fleming.

One night, when they dined at Lorton's Cray, I sat next to Captain Fleming at dinner. We talked, as usual, laughed and amused ourselves; a rose that I had been wearing was transplanted to the buttonhole of his coat. After dinner he talked to me again. We had dancing that evening and he danced with me. I am not quite sure whether I remembered the existence of any other person. When the evening ended I saw an expression of anxiety on my mother's face She called me to her side in the great entrance hall, and, raising her face to mine, she looked straight into my eyes. "Audrey," she said, "for the first time in my life I am anxious over you. I am not quite sure if I have dons a wise thing in letting you come to live here. My dear, the heir of Lorton's Cray is a very handsome young man."

"He is as good and brave as he is handsome, mother," I replied. Her face cleared a little; this open praise disarmed her.

"He seems to like talking to you, Audrey," she continued; "but, of ing the muzzle of my rifle over the course, my dear child, you always skarm, my body caught his eye, and bear in mind the difference in your before I could place the piece to my positions. You have too much sense, shoulder, he swung himself round, Audrey, to let your mind get filled and with elevated trunk and ears with absurd ideas. I-I should not spread, desperately charged me. her life, that she had learned what like you to be made unhappy because It was now would imbitter my whole life."

I smiled. I had never hoped. I had never thought of hope, so that I could safely look in my mother's face and smile

I took her to the great hall window, whence we could see the stars shining in the sky. I pointed to the brightest and the largest. "Do you see that star, mother?" I

asked. "Yes," she answered. of filling my mind with foolish ideas

about Captain Fleming." [TO BE CONTINUED.]

A Mustache Over Seven Feet Long. The people of Bellington W. Va.. are proud of one of their citizens. whose only claim to greatness is his enormous beard and mustache. His name is Brown-plain James Brownbut nature could not hide his identity even in the Virginia mountains, especially after bestowing on him such an enormous beard. Brown is six feet and one inch in height, but even his great stature does not hinder his chin beard from trailing on the floor when he stands erect. The mustache is even a greater curiosity than his beard, being nearly seven feet and four inches "from tip to tip."

How They Do it in Paris. There is to be a lawn tennis club established in Paris upon a grand scale. It will have eight courts, two of which will be covered and available for winter play; there will also be dining-rooms, dressing and bath rooms. It is the intention of the club to hold two tournaments each year, to which English players will be invited, and an English professional has been engaged who will look after the lawn and instruct players when necessary. The subscription is fixed at 150 francs for the first 100 members, after which it will be raised to 200 frames.

He Knew His Business. "You wish to join our staff as proofreader?"

Applicant—Yes, sir. "Do you understand the requirements of that responsible position?" "Perfectly, sir. Whenever you make any mistake in the paper just blame 'em on me and I'll never say a word."-London Judy.

Philanthropic. Editor-What are you going to do

with these iron boxes.

Enterprising Publisher—Sh. I have natural that he should look at her, a scheme. Into each of these boxes I when he was singing, with his whole | am going to put a loaf of bread, and

THE GREAT MYSTERY.

EXCITING ADVENTURES WITH ELEPHANTS.

Shooting From a Skarm-Saved by Hair's Breadth From Instant Death-After Six Years One of the Brutes Avenged a Grievance.

S. Hampden Porter's study of the character and habits of the elephant, lion, leopard and other animals is more than usually accurate because he takes nothing for granted and does was their beau-ideal of a soldier, a not rely upon legendary fictions.

The elephant is the great mystery of mysteries which, of course, he does favorite description of him. Give not solve, but he gives us new phases of its character and endeavors to combat a good many of the popularly ac-

Baldwin, Harris and a few other authorities report that elephants are sometimes attacked by the black rhi noceros, but otherwise they have no enemies except man. In Sir James Alexander's account ('Excursion into Africa') of the manner in which these beasts attempt to defend themselves against the charge of an enemy of this kind, it is implied that the trunk is habitually used offensively. 'In fighting the elephant, he observes, the two-horned rhinoceros, for no white rhinoceros ever does this, 'avoids the blow with his trunk, and the thrust with his tusks, dashes at the elephant's pelly and rips it up.'

"Apart from the question whether this kind of combat ever takes place, or what the result would be if it did, so many reasons exist why the trunk should not be used like a flail, as here represented, that good observers have failed to recognize the fact that it sometimes is so employed. At all events, in face of various assertions to the effect that it never strikes with its trunk, we find Anderson nearly killed in this manner. He was shooting from a 'skarm,' that is to say, a trench about four feet deep, twelve or fifteen long, and strongly roofed except at the ends. This hiding place and fortification occupied a narrow neck of land dividing two small pools' the water holes of Kabis in Africa. 'It was a magnificent moonlight night,' and the hunter soon heard the beasts coming along a rocky ravine near by. Directly, an immense elephant, followed by the towering forms of eighteen other

bulls,' moved down from high ground toward his hiding place, 'with free, sweeping, unsuspecting step.' In the luminous mist their colossal figures assumed gigantic proportions, but the leader's position did not afford an opportunity for the shoulder shot,' and Anderson waited until his enormous bulk' actually towered above his head late too

"I should sooner think of asking it the same instant the enraged animal's formed the front of my skarm, as if they had been pebbles. In another Anderson supposed, by his cries, and elephant swerved to the left, and mon swindler. went off with considerable rapidity."

"D'Ewes ('Sporting in Both Hemisoheres') relates one of the many reliable incidents illustrative of animal's implacability when aggrieved. A friend of his, a field officer stationed at Jaulnah, owned an elephant remarkable for his extreme docility. One of the attendants—not his mahout—ill-treated the creature and was discharged in consequence. This man left the station; but six years after he, unfortunately for himself, returned, and walked up to renew his acquaintance with the abused brute, who let him approach without giving the least indication of anger, and as soon as he was close enough trampled him to death.

"A rogue who infested the Balaghat district is described by Baker as a captured elephant who, after considerable detention, escaped to the forest again. 'Domestication,' he remarks, 'seems to have sharpened its intellect and exaggerated its powers of mischief and cunning. There was an actual love of homicide in this animal.' He continually changed place, so that no one could foretell his whereabouts, and approached those whom he intended to destroy with such fatal skill that they never suspected his presence until it was too late. He made the public roads impassable. By day and night the inhabitants of villages lying far apart heard the screams which accompanied his attack, and immediately the monster was in the midst of them, killing men, women Bloomfield, aided by the whole popuhe lowered his trunk when closing, a it. I have one for every day in the heavy rifle ball struck him in the de- | week, but none for Sunday."

pression just above its base, and he fell dead.

"Cunning as this animal was, his actions displayed a lack of invertiveness which Sanderson charges against the race, and this defect saved the lives of many who would otherwise have been killed. If any one was out one who gets one secures "a thing of of reach in a small tree the rogue beauty." Indeed, in the novelty of the never thought of getting at him by design and the exquisiteness of the shaking its trunk."

MANNA EATERS.

rhe People of Arabia and From Persia Make It From Tamarisk Branches.

In some of the Eastern countries, notably Arabia and Persia, a manna have always been charming feaanswering closely to that mentioned tures of Hood's calendars. in the scriptures is still naturally produced in some considerable quantity, duced in some considerable quantity, with light brown eyes peeping out says Good Housekeeping. It comes from the tender branches of the tama-flakes are falling all about. The face risk, and is known to the Persians by on the left is a picture of "Summer," the name of "tamarisk honey." It and is lighted with blue eyes and the consists of tear-like drops, which ex- head covered with bright flowers. The ude in consequence of the puncture of an insect during the months of June and July, in the cool of the morning it is found solidified, and the congealed tears may be shaken from the limbs. That, in fact, is one of the methods of gathering manna. Herodotus alludes to the same nutritaious product, so that there is no doubt it has been known in those regions from the earliest ages. It is easy to see how it might be produced in wonderful quantities without any special manifestation of the supernatural. It is a sweetish substance, pleasant to the other concern has ever undertaken to taste and highly nutritive.

Some students of the bible have supposed the manna there mentioned to have been a fungus growth; but while the explanation would be a natural one, the modification which it would require is an unnecessary one. There are numerous interesting things, nevertheless, about the various kinds of fungi, which modern experimentation has decided to be edible; and not only that, but highly palatable and nutritive. What country boy of an imaginative nature but has frolicked in mimic warfare with imaginary foes, getting the smoke for his artillery and infantry from the numerous "puffballs" which a convenient pasture afforded, while his own lung power furnished the "crash and roar and cheer" for the inspiring contest! Yet science has demonstrated that those very puffballs were once good to eat-in fact, capable of furnishing the most dainty nourishment.

WEAKNESSES OF FAMOUS MEN Many Geniuses Have Been Deficient in

Mental and Moral Health. Dr. James Weir observes that mechanical geniuses, or those who deal mainly with material facts, do not, as a rule, show any signs of mental degeneration. In proof of this, says the London Public Opinion, one need only instance Darwin, Galileo, Edison, without firing. 'The consequence Maxim, Watt. Rumsey, Howe, etc. It was,' he says, that in the act of raisis only the genius of estheticism, the is only the genius of æstheticism, the genius of the emotions, that is generally accompanied by unmistakable signs of degeneration. Swinburne's poems show the mental bias of their author, who is described as peculiar and eccentric. Many of the men to who have aided in making the birds sung about and the wind I am not here to look after you; it think of flight, much less the world's history, were vicof slaying the savage beast. My own times of epilepsy, as was Julius life was in the most imminent Caesar, military leader, statesman and jeopardy; and seeing that if I remained author. Many men of genius have partially erect he would inevitably suffered from choleric and spasmodic seize me with his proboscis, I threw movements, notably Lenau, Montesmyself upon my back with some vio- quieu, Buffoe, Dr. Johnson, Thomas lence, in which position, and without Campbell, Napoleon and Socrates. shouldering the rifle, I fired upward at | Suicide, essentially a symptom of menrandom toward his chest, uttering at tal disorder, has carried off many a the same time the most piercing shouts | man of genius, including such immorand cries. The change of position in tals as Chatterton, Blount, Haydon, all probability saved my life, for at Clive and David. Alcoholism and morphinism are now regarded as evito come down from heaven to me than trunk descended precisely upon the dences of degeneration, and have had spot where I had previously been as victims Coleridge, Sheridan, Steele, crouched, sweeping away the stones, Addison, Hoffman, Charles Lamb, many of them of large size, that Burns and many others. In mon of genius the moral sense is sometimes obtunded or absent. Sallust, Seneca moment his broad forefoot passed and Bacon were suspected felons; directly over my face.' Confused, as Rousseau, Byron, Foscola and Caresa were grossly immoral, and Casanova, by the wound he had received, the the gifted mathematician, was a com-

In Darkest Africa.

Newly Arrived Missionary-My poor friend. I don't see how I am to start to enlighten you. You apparently know absolutely nothing!

The Cannibal King-Hi, yi! Know noting, hey? Yo' tink I was in museum fo' year fer noting? Listen: "Mamie, come kiss your honey boy!"-Texas Siftings.

FLASHES OF HUMOR.

"Mrs. Snobby has a great deal of style." "She has? Mercy, I wonder whose it is?"

have believed it if you had not told

Mamma, disappointed-I thought Mr. Plunkley was going to propose last night? Daughter-So did Mamma—Why didn't he? Daughter -He did. Mamma-Oh!

Weeks-I wouldn't stay at Mrs. Slimdiet's if the table linen wasn't so nice and clean. Day-She must be very particular? Weeks-She never puts enough on the table to spot the cloth.

"The insurance company is unwilling to pay the loss on Muddle's house that burned." "Why?" "There is a suspicion that he started the fire himself." "Pooh, how absurd; he can prove he didn't; he's a married man."

"Great Scott-another hat!" cried Mr. Harlem Flat, when his wife and children. At length Colonel threw out a hint. "You are the most extravagant woman in this part of lation, succeeded in hunting the beast town. I believe you have a different down. Maddened by pursuit and hat for every day in the week." wounds, he turned to charge, and as "Why, of course I have! That's jusHOOD'S ON TOP.

A Mammeth Edition of Beautiful Calendars for 1895. [From the Lowell, Mass., Morning Mail.]

Hood's calendar for 1895 may now be

obtained at the drug stores and every coloring, the calendar surpasses all previous issues, just as Hood's calendars have for many years surpassed all others. The calendar is formed in the shape of a heart and is ornamented with two beautiful child faces which the right is a representation of "Winter," the sweet little face shades are perfectly blended, and the whole picture is surrounded by a tasty border. The design was made by Miss Maud Humphrey, one of the most gifted and celebrated water color artists in the country. The calendar gives the usual information concerning the lunar changes, and upon the back is printed a table of astronomical especially calculated for C. I. events Hood & Co.

The calendar is issued to advertise Hood's Sarsaparilla, Hood's Pills and the other preparations of the firm, and is regarded as most difficult to manufacture, its novel shape being such as no produce in large quantities. It was necessary to purchase several additional machines especially for this job, so that there was a very large amount of machinery and a whole regiment of people employed in this branch of the extensive business at the big laboratory in Lowell. During the five months when the calendars were being made there were actually employed every day in this part of the work at the laboratory six printing presses, one prouzing machine, four eye letting machines. seven wire stitchers, eight large paper cutters and 162 persons. At the beginning of the work this large force was able to produce about 100,000 calendars a day and for several the daily

weeks toward the close the daily

production amounted to 140,000 calen-

dars. The edition of Hood's calendars for 1895 was 10,500,000, or about 2,500, 000 more than last year. This, of course, is an immense number, but the general reader has only a faint conception of its magnitude until he is reminded that the little 500,000 added to the ten millions is considered an enormous edition by many of the largest advertisers in the world. If the calendars were laid down in a single line, they would reach almost one thousand miles, and if the different pieces in the calendar pads were laid in this way they would extend almost three thousand miles, or from New York to Liverpool. For the past eight years, Hood's calendars have exceeded in number every similar publication, but it was hardly dreamed that they would ever come up to the mam-moth edition which was demanded this year. Lowell has long been proud of this great industry which has given her almost a world wide reputation, and it is a matter of no small importance that so many of her people find pleasant and profitable employment in the work of making and advertising the great blood purifying medicine, Hood's Sa saparilla, whose actual cures in every

gratitude. Those who are unable to obtain Hood's Sarsaparilla Calendars at the drug stores should send six cents in stamps for one, or 10 cents for two to-C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

part of the country have been the won-

der of the medical profession and have

caused many hearts to overflow with

Kossuth's eldest son has put on his father's mantle and returned to Hungary to take up the dead patriot's work on new lines. He says the next revolution will be peaceful.

Some Michigan references for "Schrage's \$1,000,000 Rheumatic Cure:" Geo. H. Higgs, 220 Washington avenue, Lansing; L.H. Chisholm, Lansing: T. A. Auberlin, 243 Catherine street, Detroit; F. F. W. Hoggner, 105 Gratiot avenue, Detroit: W. R. Cutter, Ionia; D. E. Prall & Co., Saginaw; J. H. Passage, Greenville; Henry Kremers, M. D., Holland and many others. It must be good or doctors would not pre-scribe it. Mrs. John A. Logan (widow of scribe it. Mrs. John A. Logan (whow of the famous Union general) uses it. It has received the highest indorsements on earth; is harmless and pleasant. We have 10,000 truthful testimonials. Cures where all eise fails. \$1.50 a bottle. No less for 1,000. Take nothing else "just as good" on which your dealer makes twice as much. Write.

to-day. Costs nothing to investigate. SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE Co., 167 Dearborn street, Chicago.

Henry Irving is decidedly popular in Ireland. For his recent Dublin engagement a rush was made to buy seats at the box office, whi h resulted in a scrimmage of approv American football pattern.

FOR BURNS, SCALDS, BRUISES and all pain and soreness of the flesh, the Staylait—I'm a man with a good grand household remedy is Dr. deal of go. She, wearily—I shouldn't Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Be sure you get the genuine.

> The natural life of an elephant is said to be 120 years. It is, however, greatly shortened by captivity.

The world is always interested in the cure of consumption; yet its prevention is of far more importance. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup is guaranteed to cure coughs and colds. Sold by all dealers on a guarantee of satis-

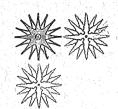
The man who hates the Bible has something

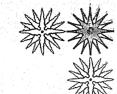
Going to California? The Burlington route is the only railway running "personally conducted" excursions via Denver to Colo-

rado Springs, Salt Lake, Ogden, Sacramento, San Francisco, Stockton, Merced, Fresno, Bakersfield and Los Angeles at the lowest rates. Pullman tourist sleeping car through without change. Leave Chicago every Wednesday. Write or call on T. A. Grady, excursion

manager, 211 Clark street, Chicago.

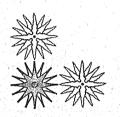
The first painting, so far as known, was done in Egypt, B. C. 21 to by command of the E Osywandyas, to commen trate his exploits.

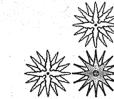




Our Prices Advertise!!

LAING & JANES.





Professional Cards.

DR. H. C. EDWARDS,

GASS CITY, MICH.
Graduate of the University of Michigan. Was hospital assistant to chairs of Otology and Ophthalmology at University Hospital during 1892. Special—EYE, EAR, NOSE, THROAT, CANCERS AND TUMORS. Cancers and Tumors treated by entirely new and advanced methods. No cutting, no blood lost. Cures guaranteed to cases taken. Careful sight examinations made. Glasses and artificial eyes properly fitted and made. Office over postofilce.

I.A. FRITZ,

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UCTIONEER, Cass City, Mich. Sales of all
kinds promptly attended to and satisfaction
guaranteed. Sales solicited from all points.
Terms reasonable. Arrangements can be made
at the office of the ENTERPRISE. 8-3-94

J. H. STRIFFLER, UCTIONEER, Cass City, Mich. Sales of all kinds promptly attended to and satisfaction uaranteed. Sales solicited from all points. at the office of the ENTERPRISE.

J. D. BROOKER, A TTORNEY AT LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, A Reference: Exchange Bank and Cass City Bank. Office in Second story of Exchange Bank block, Cass City, Mich.

Societies

(OURT ELKLAND, No. 826, I. O. F., meets on second and fourth Tuesdays of each month at 7:30 p. m. Visiting brethern are cordially inted. I. K. REID, C. R.

UASS CIT 1 LODGE, No. 203, meets every Wednesday evening at 7:30. Visiting brethern

G.A. STEVENSON, N. G.

H. A. PIERCE, REC. SECRETARY.

CASS CITY TENT, No. 74, meets the first and third Friday evenings of each month, at 7:30. ing Sir Knights cordia E. W. KEATING, Commander. A. D. GILLIES, Record Keeper.

L. O. L. CASS CITY LODGE, No. 214, meets on the first Tuesday evening of each month, at 7:30 o clock. Visiting brothers cordially invited.

E. W. KEATING. W. M. GEO. W. SEED, Secretary.

3-CENT COLUMN.

\$1.50 will buy a 2 foot long box stove at Lenzners Brothers.' 1-4-1 ARGE four-year-old cow for sale at a bargain.
1-11 tf.
W. J. CLOAKEY. OR SALE-A good Double-box wagon with seat,

trees and neck-yoke. OUND, two pairs of Ladie's shoes. Loser can have the same by calling at Charles L. Karr's

improved known as the Doyingtarm. DARM FOR SALE—So acres with 65 acres

HAY WANTED—Parties having hay to sell will find to to their interest to call on me. 8-31-tf CHAS. M. WEBBER, MONEY TO LOAN on real estate Forfurt Mer hiormation address O. K. JANE

REGISTERED Leicester ram for sale at a bar gain; also cook stove and heating stove

PONTIAC, OXFORD & NORTHERN R. R PASSENGERS TIME CARD.

In Effect Nov. 19th 1894 GOING NORTH. GOING SOUTH. EZCITITE F PAS MIX. No. 5. No 3 No. P.M. DGH&M Mich Cent. 00 10 40 PONTIAC Eames* Cole* Oxford 28 10 05 Shoup* Imlay City 10 32 Kings Mills 10 40 Kings Mills 10 55 N. Braich Linkvite Grassmer

Farmer.....\$1.75

School Report

Report of school taught in district number 2, Elkland, for the month beginning Dec. 3, 1894 and ending Jan.

The following have been present every day during the month:-Archie and Byron Law, Bennie Schwegler, DENTIST, All work done equal to the best. It is my aim to make every job of work a blessing to those for whom it is done. My prices are reasonable. No charge for examination. Office over Fritz's drugstore. Notat home on Tuesdays. Lizzie Marshall, Viola Martin, Maggie wig, John Jaus, Rov Martin. Absent two days:-Birdie Marshall, Mary Schwegler, Mary McDonald and Ora Bird. JENNIE WATSON, Teacher.

> Report of school taught in Dis. No. Brookfield.

Number days taught Number pupils enrolled

Average daily attendance..... The following are the name of pupils who were promoted during the term. From the 1st to 2nd Geo. Rock, Thomas Karr, Samantha Ibitson, Mary McKimmon, Florence Mosher nventor of Banjo Guitarina and King Davids I Harp, manufacturer of Concert size Guitars, Banjos B Guitarinas, Zithers, K. D. Harps, etc. with perfect Secal Relative Victims, Banjos, Accordeons, etc. Organ meaning. Tuning and repairing a speciality, Anna Freeman, without examination. By examination subject to the approval of Co. Com., from 3rd to 4th, Lyda Henderson, Alplionics Chartrand. Wood, and Latie McKimmon From 4th to 5th, Bertha McCullough, Edna Rock, Chauncey Burton. From 6th to 7th, Alice McArthur and Del

phine Chartrand BELLE TAYLOR, Teacher.

Report of school taught in district No. 4, Eikland, for the month beginning Dec. 3, and ending January 4: No. of days taught.....

Those not absent during the month: David Striffler, Frank Striffier, Ray and Stanly Hulburt, Channey Boulton, Minta, Lillie and Effie Wallace, George, Emma and Ethel Cole. Alice Striffler, Lizzie Yoos, Esther and Lizzie Blades, Martha and Lula Wright and Clarence Prestage. Absent one day: Dora Wallace, Frank Crinick, Eber Folson and John

EDITH WILKINSON, Teacher.

CANBORO.

Mr. and Mrs. Burgess have a new Mrs. H. Wettlaufer is

friends in Canada.

Miss Anna Abbot is learning the mysteries of Postoffice work.

An old fashioned hoe-down at Mike Stokes place on Wednesday evening. Mrs. D. C. Forman, who has been visiting in Bad Axe, returned home on Bay City.

One of Tom Swaggarts mill hands had the misfortune to get his hand and arm badly hurt in the cir-

cular saw. An oyster supper was given at Mat Smith's on Monday evening in honor of the departure of Robert Stephson

who is about to leave for Canada. The Maccabees are initiating new members every evening. They have

an oyster supper on the evening of the sixteenth. Mr. Knapp was at Canboro school house to organize a singing class There was not enough present so the

meeting was postponed. K. O. T. M. officers elected. Com. F Hintze; L. C., Peter Auderson; R. K. C. A. Lamb in; F. K., S. O. Sharrard; Chap, R. Howey Sarst., J. Snider; Phy., Dr J. McColl; M. A., C. Serome; 1st M

A., Joseph Welsh; Sen., J. A. Easton;

Picket, John Lown; installed by T.

REV. JAS. T. GURNEY, Pastor. GRANT: Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and Public worship 2:80 p. m. DICKHOUT: Public w

WEST GRANT.

Edith Crea returned to Cass City

M. R. King and D. Burton traded horses last week.

Lapeer this week.

John Riker gave his farewell visit to O. Preumore Sunuay.

John Barns runs the engine for Frank Martin now-a days.

Jno. Doerr, is making preparatins to Andrew St. John, of Gagetown, was

in our burg Monday on business. E. and K. Harp, of Capac, returned home Monday after a lew days visit

with friends here. forty acres of green timber in this

residence lately purchased by Jas. Junn, known as the old Wilson farm. David Teller, formerly of this place who has been living in Lapeer the past two years is again in our vicinity. We velcome our friend back again.

EGLAINGTON

Sarah Mallory is some better. Rev. G. L. Manly is very sick at

Mrs. Euphenia Gould seems to be ittle better at this writing.

Farmers are and have been for sever aldays past engaged in filling their ice

houses with ice. Fred Smith left Monday to go to Floyd Allen, three miles west of Caro

for the purpose of engaging for work. James Gould, of Jackson county, was called here on account of the severe ill neas of his mother and will remain indefinitely.

It is now expected that Sarah Mallory will be taken next week to her father, Nelson Mallory, in Genesee county.

On our return from our visit to Fairgrove last week we were sorry to find Mrs. Floyd Allen quite sick, but she is some better now.

We had the pleasure of visiting with a number of our old friends and pionveek, some of whom we had not seem

Mr. and Mrs. James Hodgman, of Saginaw county, spent their time in a with relatives and friends. Miss Lizzie Smith, sister of the bride ac trip, James Van Warner being her es-

Well, surprises will never cease. We met with one Tuesday night when a Mable McCullough, Mary McArthur, number of our friends and neighbors came pouring into our house and spent leaving presented us with a handsome present which was gratefully received. Fnanks to all.

School report of district No. 1, of Ellington for the fall term ending Dec

No. of days taught..

ROBERT A. WALMSLEY, Teacher.

GREETS GO EN IN

1. Waidly, of Elmwood, was in town Tuesday on business.

Fredrick Wurst, of Linkville, was town Tuesday on business.

Mrs. S. S. Campbell returned to he home at Greenleaf Monday.

The roads are excellent and it is a good time to put up ice.

A J. Palmer and wife were in Al

ron Monday, calling on friends. Mrs. H. J. Comstock is visiting re latives at St. Johns, Mich., this week

her sister, Mrs. Jas. L. Purdy, last week H. Freeman and wife returned Mon day from their trip to Saginaw and

Geo. and Edith Purdy, of Caro, were Sunday.

Chas. Gray, Unionville's hustling stock buyer, was in town Monday or Neil Livingston, of Cass City, was in

town Tuesday shaking hands with his many friends. The P. O. & N. R. R. has been make ing some track improvement near the

elevator the past week. Stove wood in this market has taken drop of 15 to 20 cents a cord on ac

count of open winter so far. Mrs. C. F. Stevenson and Miss Jennie Moody attended the Ladies' Circle. G. A. R. at Cass City, Wednesday.

I. Waidly, Frank Hayes, Theo. Burden and C. F. Stearus were in Caro Wednesday on insurance business. Miss Lizzie Dompeir, who has been

under the skilful treatment of Dr. Ly

er left Wednesday for Plymouth, one Kane, a logging foreman, at Seney, the South are in effect upon the Ohio of Bethel appointment for sympathy Theodore Burd n's father and moth-Wayne county, to remain for the Schoolcraft county, Mich, did it in self Central Lines. Consult O. C. L. Agts.

Mrs. I. Waidley and Mrs. R.S. Brown attrocious one after all, as it would the Ladies Circle, G. A. R. at Cass cused, is a one time resident of this vic-City, Wednesday.

her guests New Year's day why Mr | line, about a mile from this city. They R. E. Mathews is visiting friends in Fuller did not pass wings to those pre are respectable and honest people. It fering them. "They were wingless tur-

Wm. Gage, commander of T. B. Myers Post, G. A. R. of this place, presented O'Neal Circle, Ladies of the G. A. R. with a nice lamp and shade, Sat urday evening last, at the installation

band in due time Saturday night and brought their hunting outfit to school. installed the officers with neatness and Guns and ammunition were stacked in A. E. Hebblewnite is lumbering his dispatch. After the installation all a corner, while a couple of yelping, floppartook of a sumptuous supper and eared hounds howled and held pitched then we had music by the Gray Glee battles as they struggled to break Club and then by a unanimious call loose from the stove legs they were tied Dr. Deming gave us a very interesting to. About recess the practical looking talk a part of which was a good temperance lecture. Father Krebs being and hunted rabbits till the middle of present was called on and made some very appropriate remarks and promised us more on the 30th of May next. Every thing passed off very pleesantly and the G. A. R. boys are well pleased, out of doors and out of a job. She re-They realized them eight dollars.

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS.

Farmer's Institute in Bad Axe. Jan

Abe Harris, of Minden township, has been divorced from his wife about a year. He worried over the matter so much that he went crazy and is now in the Pontiac asylum.

The county drain commissioner of state. Sanilac county has superintended the letting and construction of more than seventy miles of drain during the past

Hugh Hill, of Freiburger, caused the arrest, of Ches. B. Rehl, on the charge of sheep larceny recently, and on trial of Mr. Simons, of Vassar, charging \$1 the latter was convicted and fined \$12 admission. Everything was satisor 30 days in the county jail. Mr. Rehl factory to Messrs. King and Lawn and preferred paying the fine.

Arthur Foster met with a painful accident last Saturday morning. He was engaged in stropping a razor and making a false stroke cut a gash about two inches long in the back of his left handeers of the township of Fairgrove last Dr. Jackman found it neccessary to take nine stitches in sewing the wound up.-[Bad Axe Democrat.

While Wm. Rapson's family were on their way to church last Sunday, Irwin marriage trip to Ellington visiting his young son who was riding in the back part of the buggy fell out and striking his arm on the hard frozen companied them on their wedding ground sustained a compound fracture of his wrist. Dr. Dixon was summoned and reduced the fracture and the little fellow is getting along nicely.- [Bad

> There are some very bad kids in Pt arrested a lad only twelve years old who shamefully treated a little girl before a crowd of admiring companions Another lad named Hayes was sent to the reform school for stealing his living from neighbors. His parents allowed him to run wild and he lived in hay stacks and wood sheds.

Sheriff Dawson passed through here Saturday night accompanied by Lud wig Throde aged about fifty five year who was arrested at Fort Gratiot town ship by dectective Britt Clark Friday ou a charge of incest. He is said to have been criminally intimate with his fourteen-year-old step-daughter, who resides with her mother at Argyle, this county. He is now awaiting further proceedings at the county seat a guest of Sheriff Dawson.-[Carsonville Jour

On Saturday evening, while cutting hay and straw with a Swiss feed cutter for his stock, a sad accident occurred to the little eight 8-year-old daughter of Herman Berstein, a farmer living about one and one half miles west of Forestville. An elder sister was turn-Miss Edith Farrar, Cass City visited ing the feed cutter and the younger sister feeding tue hay and straw to be cut, when one of her mittens became fast in the hay. She reached for her mitten with her left hand and it was caught between the rollers and before the guests of Jas. L. Purdy and wife the knives could be stopped they severed her hand from her arm above the wrist. The little girl is doing as well can be expected.

Deputy Sheriff Macklem was kept busy last Saturday in his official duties. Armed with the proper authority, he started for Wilmot, Tuscola county. where he arrested a man by the name of Patterson, from Argyle, with a niece of Patterson's wife. Arriving at Sanilac Centre, he drove his prisoners with their attorney, H. O. Babcock to Minden Gity, where they had a hear ing and gave bonds to appear in the Centre Jan. 9. The arrests are at the instigation of Patterson's wife and are of a serious nature. Matt Seder, of Argyle, was also ar-rested for attempting to aid Paterson to escape. He gave bonds to appear before Justice Dawson on January 4, sick for some time is now convalescing for examination.-[Carsonville Journal.

It is now reported that Ike Stitcher. who on the night of Christmas last, quarreled with and stabbed to death the Carolinas, Mexico, California and present bereavement. Also the people defence and the killing is not such an

attended the installation of officers in first appear. Ike Stitcher, the acinity. His mother and brother are now Mrs. H. Fuller did not explain to residents of Huron Co., just across the is also reported that Senator McGinley

will have charge of the defence of Stitcher. This will at least assure him of all the advantages of an able defence for which class of cases Mr. McGinley has a more than State reputation as an able astute attorney .- [Minden Herald Dr. D. P. Deming, of Cass City, Post, district school had lots of trouble with by what was pronounced consumption but Thomas was a deaf mute, and as it who was invited to install fhe officers half a dozen big bearded scholars who and repeatedly friends and neighbors was required that promises should be exof T. B. Myers Post G. A. R. was on undertook to run the school. They have watched over her thinking the changed in spoken words nobody knew

they were out of order and a few seconds afterwards the schoolmarm was signed. A sturdy young auctioneer living in the vicinity was hired to teach. The smart Alecks undertook to eldest, being nine years old and Hester funeral bell.—Pittsburg Dispatch. thrash the auctioneer, but he knocked them down like second hand truck at an auction. *turpentined the hounds, fired the ammunition out of doors and several of the big scholars had to employ a dentist to probe for their "snoots" and pull those battered nasal organs back on their faces again. Now this is one of the most orderly schools in the

Joseph King, of Benton Harbor, and his manager, E.W. Lawn, have been for some time going through the state giv ing materializing seances to large crowds of people. On Wednesday eve ning they gave a seance at the residence the former went into the cabinet After the lights were turned down forms soon began to appear representing friends of those that were present and handshaking was indulged in with the spirits. After things got warmed up spirit known as "Happy Charley" came out and danced a good old-fash ioned jig. This was too much for some of the citizens who had been drawn there out of curiosity and E. J. Harry Dr. LeValley, M. C. Graves and Officer Terry prepared to attend the next entertainment that was announced to be glven the following evening at the residence of Clark Appleby, and have a little fun themselves. Things went along all right at the Thursday evening seance until "Happy Charley" began to do his ig act when the conspirators sprang from their seats and captured the dantime. It was Joseph King, the medium After things had quieted down some

the two men were lodged in jail. Stub Ends of Thought.

Marriage is not heaven, any more than heaven is marriage. Nature christens the flowers with

drops of dew. A man's heart has many entrances. No night was ever yet so dark that

morning did not come. Honesty has a disposition to swag down in the middle if too much gold is loaded on it.

The longest pole won't knock the persimmons unless the right kind of a man has hold of it

Molasses may catch flies, but it won't

Money is a slim diet for a hungry

There is good reason for the popularity or Chamberlain's Cough Remedy Davis & Buzard, of West Monterey, Clarion Co., medical attendan e, to Uudertaker Mc-Pa., say: "It has cured people that our physicians could do nothing for. We persuaded them to try a bottle of Chamber ain's Cough Remedy and they now recommend it with the rest of us.' 50 cent bottles for sale by T. H. Fritz,

Poet-"Has the editor read the poem I left here yesterday?" Office boy -"I guess so,sir; he's sick abed today."

-Boston Bulletin. A bright Alpena young man guyed the waiter girls at an Alpena hotel. It was such fun! He! He! He drove several girls nearly crazy, but when he told a girl to "drive in the cow," meaning the milk pitcher, it was too much. Taking the joker by the ear, she exclaimed: "Come along, Aleck; its easier to trot the calf to the cow than to drive the cow in."

A Vernon wife has a new method of reating a drunken husband. As he fell prostrate on a nice clean bed she dlsrobed him and then poured a liberal supply of turpentine over his prostrate form. Then she threw pepper sauce in his eyes. With a whoop the less than half-clothed man ran yelling down the street, followed by a hilarious mob. It was the best temperance lesson Vernon has had in many days.

Every Day

Excursion rates to Virginia, Florida

Obituaries.

Victoria Elizabeth McKim, whose in Elgin county, Ontario, where she resided with her parents on the old homestead until she was married to Elias McKim, of Cass City, on Oct 8th 1883, in Aylmer, Ont., by Rev. Clement. They came from ther to Cass City and took up their residence. The deceased The teacher of an Oakland county has been sorely afflicted for some time end had come. During all her suffer ings she exhibited a true Christian spirit, having been converted in early life and uniting with the M. E. Church upon coming here. For a few days previous to her death she had not nuptial ring on her finger. He then laid spoken above a whisper but shortly be- his right hand significantly on his heart, students decamped with their outfit fore the end came she rallied and bid and afterward, putting their palms toan affectionate forewell to her hus- gether, extended both his hands toward the afternoon. Upon their return the band and children and gave a clear teacher mildly informed them that testimony as to her readiness to enter the pearly gates.

Mrs. McKim passed away on Monday, Dec. 31st, aged 28 years. Four as though he wished to make a hole in small children-three girls and the ground and then moving his arms ne bo y-are left behind, Cecil, the and body as though he were tolling a E., the baby, sixteen months.

The funeral services, which were largely attended, were held Thursday morning, the L. O. T. M. of which she and on January 15, to the west and was a member, having charge at the southwest. See agents Ohio Central house and cemetery and Rev. Fenn Lines. officiating at the church.

Mr. McKim wishes hereby to express his heartfelt thanks to the Lady Maccabees and the friends and neigh bors who have shown such practical sympathy in this severe trial.

Mrs. Addie S. Meredith, whose maid en name was Dyer, was born in Oak land Co., Michigan, Jan. 25th, 1846, and died in Cass City, Tuscola Co., Mich. Dec. 31st 1894, aged 48 years 11 month and 5 days. At the age of 17 she wa united in marriage at Tecumseh, Len awee, Co. to Wm. Meredith who, with three daughters grown to womanhood live to mourn her loss. They came to Elkland some seventeen years ago and to Cass City six years ago.

Some three years ago she professed faith in Christ and united with the M

E. Church in this village. Her health had not been the best for some years and about a year ago she began to be afflicted with stomacl disease, which finally developed into cancerous tumor, being the immediat cause of death. On October 29th she was compelled to take her bed. When told by her physician that her disease was fatal, she was not disappointed or alarmed. In speaking to her husband she said "Life is sweet cer, turning on the lights at the same and family ties strong, but if it is God's Her sufferings were often intense still she did not murmur or complain claiming Gods promise, "That all things work for good." Before death she called her family to h r bedsid bade them an affectionate farewell calmly made arrangemets for her funeral, which she desired to be held in the Presbyterian church and the discourse preached by pastor S. G. Anderson of the Baptist Church Once she called some neighbors and friends and bade them join hands and told them that in heaven we would be

thus all joined together. She died in peace and in full hope of eternal glory The funeral was largely attended The discourse was by Rev. S. G. Anderson from 1st Thess 4, 13, Rev. Fenn, of the M. E. Church and Baxter, of the

Presbyterian, Church participating. The thanks of the family are given Generosity thrives best in poor soil. to all kind friends who assisted so kindly through her sickness, to Drs. McClinton and Edwards who gave her Kenzie and the clergymen who gave their services

> Died at her home in Grant on the evening of Jan. 2nd, Mary, beloved wife of William Moore, Sen., in the seventy-fifth year of her age. Mrs Moore was born in the township of Dumfries, Ontario; married her husband, who survives her, Oct. 17th, 1838; lived in her native and adjoining townships till Feb., 1869, when they came west to the township of Alsboro, Ont. where they resided until the spring of 1890 when they moved to the place where she died. She leaves three children, eleven grand children and eight great grand children

> She was converted to God,in girlhood and for about 60 years her aim has been to follow in the foo steps of her Master. There is a vacancy caused by her death in the hearts of her friends which never can be filled, as well as a chair in the home. The funeral was held in Bethe

> sembly of people, by Revs. Gurney and Stirton, the remains then being laid to rest by Undertaker McKenzie in the Elkland cemetery. We hereby desire to sincerely thank the many neighbors and friends who showed us such kindness during our

Church on Sunday before a large as-

WILLIAM MOORE, and Family.

"I know an old soldier who had cit diarrhoea of long standing to have lhin's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoen Remedy," says Edward Shumpik, a prominent druggist of Minneapolis, Minn I have sold the remedy in this city for over seven years and consider it sumaiden name was McGuigan, was born perior to any other medicine now on the market for bowel complaints." 25 and 50 cent bottles of this remedy for sale by T. H. Tritz, Druggits.

A queer marriage ceremony was that in Queen Elizabeth's reign, before the deaf and dumb alphabet was invented, between Thomas Filshy and Ursula Bridget. Ursula could talk fast enough, how to manage the thing. Finally the bishop of London helped to devise a service by signs, and Thomas proceeded

Having first taken Ursula in his arms, he took her by the hand and put the heaven. Having thus sued for divine blessing, he declared his purpose to live with Ursula till death should separate them by closing his eyelids with his fingers, digging the earth with his feet

ginia, North Carolina and other states,

Home Seckers' Excursion. January 15 and February 5, to Vir-

1-11-4

DI A IR HE H BE ED. WITHEY-PETTIT—At the home of the bride, Tuesday, Jan. 8th, by Rev. J. W. Fedu, V W. Withey to Miss Chelessa Pettit, ali of C

Cass City Markets

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MORTGAGE SALE.

mortgage sale.

Default having been made in the payment of money due on and secured by a mortgage, dated the 4th day of December 1888 made and executed by Harvey Weaver, (an unmarried man) to Elljah H. Pinney, and recorded in the Register of Deeds' office for Tuscola county, Michigan, on the 7th day of December, 1888, in Liber 53 of Mortgages, on page 229 and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of six hunded eleven dollars and three cents (\$\$il.03). village of Caro, county of Tuscoia, and state of Michigan, (that being the place of holding the, circuit court for Tuscola County.) on the 18th day, of March, 1895, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon said mortgaged premises are described in said mortgage substantially as follows to-wit: The north ast quarter of the north-west quarter of section fifteen, township fourteen north range eleven east, containing 40 acres according to the Government survey, and being in the township of Elkiand, county of Tuscola and state of Michigan, said premises will be sold as aforesaid to satisfy the amount due on said mortgage, the costs of foreclosure and the interest that may accrue thereon between the date of this notice and the lay of sale above mentioned.

hereon between the lay of sale above mentioned.

Dated, December 20th 1894.

ELIJAH H. PINNEY.

Attributes

MI ODERGACK SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of y Harvey C. Weaver, (an unmarried man) to E. Pinney, and recorded in the Register of Deeds office for Tuscola county, Michigan, on the lath day of March, 1894, in Liber 75 of mortgages, on age 424, and there is claimed to be due on said cents (\$485.95). Now therefore notice is hereby given that said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises, at public ven-due, to the highest bidder, at the front door of the court house in the village of Caro, county of Puscola and state of Michigan (that being the ontaining 160 acres according to the nent survey and being in the township said premises will be sold as aforesaid to satisfy he amount due on said mortgage, the costs of oreciosure and the interest that may accrue lay of sale above mentioned Dated, December 20, 1891,

Attorney for Mortgages.

MIORE SEADANDED TO A E. IC.

Default having been made in the payment of money due for interest on a certain mortgage, bearing date the 22nd day of December, 1891, made and executed by Mary L. Parks and Leonard R. Parks, to Orrin K. Janes, and recorded in the Register of Deeds office for the county of Tuscola. Michigan, on the 24th day of December, 1891, in Liber 71 of mortgages, on page 557, and on the 12th day of December, 1894, duly assigned by Orrin K. Janes, to Curtis W. McPhail, which assignment was on the 13th day of December, 1894, recorded in the Register's office aforesaid, in Liber 88 of mortgages, on page 66; that by reason of said default the whole sum, secured by said mortgage has become due and payable and is by the said Curtis W. McPhail declared due and payable, and there is claimed to be due upon said mortgage has become due and payable and is by the said Curtis W. McPhail declared due and payable, and there is claimed to be due upon said mortgage has become due and spayable, and there is claimed to be due upon said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premses, in said mortgage described, at public venue to the highest bidder at the front door of the court house, in the village of Caro, Tuscola county, Mich., (that beling the place of holding the circuit court for Tuscola county of the 18th day of March, 1895, at one o'clock in the afternoon. The said mortgage appendises are described in said mortgage substantially as follows, to wit: The west fractional half of the morta-east quarter and the orth-east fractional quarter of the north-west fractional half of the north-east quarter and the north-east fractional quarter of the north-west quarter of section five township number 12 north range 11 east, containing one hundred eleven and seventy-eighth hundredths acres, according to the Government anneal states the section of the construction of Government survey, being the township of King-ston in Tuscola county, Michigan. Said premises will be sold as aforesaid to satisfy the amount due on said mortgage, the costs of foreclosure and the interest that may accrue thereon between the late of this notice and the day of sale above

mentioned.
Dated December 20, 1894.
J. D. BROOKER,
Attorney for \ssignee
of Morbgage. CURTIS W. MCPHAIL.