

CASS CITY ENTERPRISE. BIG REVIVAL IS NEAR.

A. A. P. McDowell, Publisher.

CASS CITY. • - MICHIGAN

THE king of Siam being reported all right, we pause to ask what has become of the heir of the ankoond of Swat.

KAISER WILLIAM is working up his big armies to a high stage of discipline. He prescribes how and when soldiers shall have their teeth pulled.

THE locomotive of the next century may be covered with armor-plate, opened by a safety combination lock and armed with Maxim guns against train-robbers.

THERE are 50,000 poor people in St. Petersburg who would like to have a to pull away from the beach, and diczar die every day. They were served with the best dinner of their lives as a very soon the net is full of fishes, and part of the ceremony of burying a the sailors begin to haul in. So large dead czar.

of Napoleon's hair" at an auction; and now the person upon whose head the hair grew is willing to sell all the rest of his hair in Napoleonic locks at the same rate.

MRS. ALICE MARNER dreamed that she was the long-lost saughter of a sleep again and dream that she has got the money.

WHILE the body of William Sturges, the Chicago millionaire, was in process of incineration, the organist played a solemn dirge. The custom of having music at fires was started by Nero a good many years ago.

IF half the reports are true about six thousand Armenian Christians being butchered on account of their religion by the Turks, the European powers have an opportunity for united interference much nearer home than in China. The alleged atrocities on women and children are too horrible for easy belief.

OUR new treaty with Japan recognizing her right to be classed among the first-class powers is the graceful sequel to the intimation of Commodore Perry, in 1854, backed by seven Yankee warships that the Japs were taking undue liberties with Tankee sailors and in general were not up to date. But for that visit there would be no modern Japan.

As AN example of the possibilities of a spirit of enterprise, when carried into the domain of crime, the case of H. H. Holmes, the insurance swindler, promises to take a conspicuous place in criminal history. The ingenuity which has marked this individual's offorts was backed up by an emergy which, in a better cause, might kave won him fame and fortune.

BROOKLYN burghars have made ALL MANKIND IS TURNING TO-WARD ISRAEL Dr. Talmage Reads the Signs of the

Times in a Notable Sermon-Real Meaning of Electricity, Steam and Other Improvements.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Dec. 2.-Dr. Talmage chose for the subject of his sermon through the press to-day, the 'Objections to Religious Revivals,"

from the text: Luke v:6, "They inclosed a great multitude of fishes, and their net broke." Simon and his comrades had experi-

enced the night before what fishermen call "poor luck." Christ steps on board | lect that the American pulpit ever the fishing smack and tells the sailors rects them to sink the net. Sure enough, a school of fish was taken, that the hardy men begin to look red in the FIFTY dollars was paid for a "lock face as they pull, and hardly have they begun to rejoice at their success when

snap goes a thread of the net, and snap goes another thread, so there is danger not only of losing the fish, but of losing the net. Without much care as to how much

long as eternity.

theless have not words

their intellect and the holiness of

the boat tilts, or how much water is than the one 40 years of age. Why? splashed on deck, the fishermen rush | The one who professes at 40 years of man who lately died and left an estate about, gathering up the broken meshes of \$2,000,000. She had better go to of the net. Out yonder is a ship dancing on the wave, and they hail it: "Ship aboy! bear down this way!" The ship comes, and both boats, and fishing smacks are filled with the floun-

dering treasures. "Ah!" says some one, "how much at 10 years of age than the man at 40. better it would have been if they had stayed on shore, and fished with a as connected with certain men who hook and line, and taken one at a fostered them. People who in this

time, instead of having this great excitement, and the boat almost upset, and the net broken, and having to call for help, and getting sopping wet with the sea!" The church is the boat, the gospel is the net, society is the sea, and a great revival is a whole school brought in at one sweep of the net. I have admiration for that man who goes out with a hook and line to

fish. 1 admire the way he unwinds their lives make me think they would the reel, and adjusts the bait, and not have anything to do with that drops the hook in a quiet place on a which was ephemeral. Oh! it is easy still afternoon, and here catches one to talk against revivals. and there one; but I like also a big A man said to Mr. Dawson: "I like boat, and a large crew, and a net a your sermons very much, but the after meetings I despise. When the prayer mile long, and swift oars, and stout sails, and a stiff breeze, and a great meetings begin I always go up into the multitude of souls brought-so great a gallery and look down, and I am dismultitude that you have to get help to gusted." "Well," said Mr. Dawson, draw it ashore, straining the net to the "the reason is you go on the top of utmost until it breaks here and there, your neighbor's house and look down letting a few escape, but bringing the his chimney to examine his fire, and

great multitude into eternal safety. In other words, I believe in revivals. The great work of saving men began and sit down and warm?" with 3,000 people joining the church in one day, and it will close with forty or a hundred million people saved in twenly-four hours, when nations shall be born in a day. But there are obposed to them because the net might Ghost shall never be forgiven, neither get broken, and if by the pressure of in this world nor the world to come.

It is sometimes said that during re- ice smote on a table of ice calling the vivals of religion great multitudes of convention to order. But the sun children and young people are brought | kept growing in intensity of heat, and into the church, and they do not know the south wind blew stronger and what they are about. It has been my stronger, and soon all the ice field beobservation that the earlier people gan to flow away. The first resolution come into the kingdom of God the passed by the convention was: "Resolved, That we abolish the sun." more useful they are.

Rabert Hall, the prince of Baptist But the sun would not be abolished. preachers, was converted at 12 years The heat of the sun grew greater and of age. It is supposed he knew what greater until after awhile the very he was about. Matthew Henry, the king of the icebergs began to perspire commentator, who did more than any under the glow, and the smaller iceman of his century for increasing the bergs fell over, and the cry was: "Too interest in the study of the scriptures, | much excitement! order! order!" Then the whole body, the whole field of ice, was converted at 11 years of age;

Isabella Graham, immortal in the began to flow out, and a thousand Christian church, was converted at 10 voices began to ask: "Where are we years of age; Dr. Watts, whose hymns | going to now? Where are we floating to? We will all break to pieces." By will be, sung all down the ages, was this time the icebergs had reached the converted at 9 years of age; Jonathan gulf stream; and they were melted into Edwards, perhaps the mightiest intelthe bosom of the Atlantic ocean. The warm sun is the eternal spirit. The produced, was converted at 7 years of age; and that father and mother take icebergs are frigid Christians. The warm gulf stream is a great revival. an awful responsibility when they tell their child at 7 years of age, "You are The ocean into which everything melttoo young to be a Christian," or "You ed is the great, wide heart of the par-

are too young to connect yourself with the church." That is a mistake as doning and sympathizing God. But I think, after all, the greatest obstacle to revivals throughout Christendom to-day is an unconverted min-If during a revival two persons preistry. We must believe that the vast sent themselves as candidates for the majority of those who officiate at church, and the one is ten years of age sacred altars are regenerated; but I and the other is 40 years of age, I will suppose there may float into the minhave more confidence in the profession istry of all the denominations of Chrisof religion of the one 10 years of age tians men whose hearts have never been changed by the grace of God. Of course they are all antagonistic to reage has forty years of impulse in the wrong direction to correct, the child vivals.

Suppose by some extra prolongation has only ten years in the wrong diof human life, at the next fifty years rection to correct. Four times ten are you should walk around the world, forty. Four times the religious prosyou would not in all that walk find pect for the lad that comes into the one person that you recognize. Why? kingdom of God, and into the church All dead, or so changed you would not know them. In other words, if you I am very apt to look upon revivals postpone the redemption of this world for fifty years, you admit that the majority of the two whole generations day do not like revivals, nevershall go off the stage unblessed and unsaved. I tell you the church of express their admiration for the re-Jesus Christ can not consent to it. We vivalists of the past, for they were must pray and toil and have the rerevivalists-Jonathan Edwards, John vival spirit, and we must struggle to Wesley, George Whitfield, Fletcher. have the whole world saved before the Griffin, Davies, Osborn, Knapp, Nettlemen and women now in middle life ton, and many others whose names pass off. come to my mind. The strength of

"Oh!" you say, "it is too vast an enterprise to be conducted in so short a time." Do you know how long it would take to save the whole world if each man would bring another? It

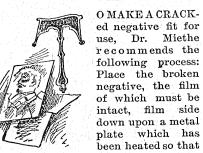
would take ten years. By a calculation in compound interest, each man bringing another and that one another, and that one another, in ten years the whole world would be saved. If the world is not saved in the next ten years, it will be the fault of the Church of Christ.

It seems to me as if God is preparing the world for some quick and universal of course you only get smoke in your movement. A celebrated electrician eyes. Why don't you come in the door gave me a telegraph chart of the world. On that chart the wires crossing the

Oh! I am afraid to say anything continents and the cables under the against revivals of religion, or against sea looked like veins read with blood. anything that looks like them, be-On that chart I see that the headquarcause 1 think it may be a sin against ters of the lightnings are in Great the Holy Ghost, and you know the Britain and the United States. In jections to revivals. People are op-Bible says that a sin against the Holy London and New York the lightnings are stabled, waiting to be harnessed That shows for some quick dispatch.

in its capabilities of any part of the THE WONDER WORKER body, is persistently misused and neglected. Is it any wonder that some day nature resents this treatment and NEWS AND GOSSIP OF SCIENCE leaves the offienders in total and per-AND INDUSTRY. petual darkness?

Some Recent Inventions in the Labor Saving Line-An Excavator for Use on River Banks-The Harmless Sm zer-



Notes

it can hardly be touched by the hand. An Excavator for Use on River Banks The break is then covered with Canada The illustration represents an apbalsam, which readily melts and fills up the cracks. To give the negative paratus of simple construction demore stability, a large piece of the signed to be especially effective in forming embankments along river, etc. Canada balsam is put upon the center The driving engine, on any suitable of the back of the negative, and a clean flatboat, is connected by gears and glass plate the same size as the negareadily operated clutches with two tive is laid over all. The melted drums on which wind the ends of a balsam spreads out evenly, the excess rope extending outward over pulleys being squeezed out. After cooling, the plates are still further fastened held in a suitable framework on the around the edges with strips of Sheplie rear of the boat, the arrangement being such that as the rope is wound gum paper. upon one drum it is unwound from

Dr. Miethe

The Formation of Coal.

Although scientists have for years made the formation of coal the subject of careful investigation, there is much yet remaining unexplained. The generally accepted theory is that masses of vegetable matter are subjected to slow decomposition, in process of which they lose oxygen and hydrogen much faster than carbon. As a natural consequence there comes in time to be an accumulation of carbon, which, gradually losing some of the water it contained, becomes lignite, or brown coal, or, as it is sometimes called, wood coal. This, after a time, passes into a state containing less moisture, and becomes bituminous, in turn changing its character, through some of the complicated chemical processes of nature's laboratory, and losing its

hydrocarbons, develops into a dry anthracite. There must have been immense accumulations of vegetable matter to produce the vast coal fields of the world, and it has been suggested that some convulsion of nature may have uprooted whole forests and flung them into some adjacent valley, where they remained slowly decomposing until the dust and debris of the air and the surrounding earth covered them. Location and environment may have had their influence, but just how and what no one has as yet been able to discover.

The Harmless Smoker.

The design shown in section in the llustration, which has been recently patented, has already been introduced

Use of Dulcin to a considerable extent, the object of Recent experiments with dulcin, a the device being to break off and cure new sweet, indicate that more than the tobacco habit. This is accomordinary care must be exercised in its

We can Collar and Cuff any man in America A suburban tram car line leading

A New Motive Power.

out of Paris, France, has been the

scene of some interesting experiments

in propulsion. Underneath the body

of the car are steel tanks or reservoirs

filled with air with a pressure of about

one hundred and fifty pounds to the

square inch. At starting the air has a

temperature of about 300 degrees

Fahrenheit. This passes into the mo-

tor that furnishes the power. The

consumption of air is about thirty-five

pounds per mile on grades, and twenty-

four pounds on level srack. The

weight of the reservoir is the main ob-

over pulleys in a suitable framework

held in place by anchor ropes, the

framework being of such description

that it may be shifted to new positions

along the embankment. On the up

and down runs of the rope are at

tached branch ropes connected with

shovels or scrapers, and when the

engine is running, the operator, by

means of shifting devices which throw

one drum out of gear and the other

into gear, causes one of the scrapers to

jection to this form of power.

and do it too in a way that he will like. Every man that wears collars and cutfs should know about the "CELLULOID " Interlined. A linen collar or cuff covered with waterproof "CELLULOID." They are the only Interlined Collars and Cuffs made.

They are the top notch of comfort, neatness and economy. They will go through the day with you in good shape, no matter how hot or how busy you get. You can clean one yourself in a minute, without dependence on busy wives, unskillful hired girls or uncertain and distant laundries. Simply wipe them off.

Every piece is marked as follows:



You must insist upon goods so marked the other. The rope extends from the and take nothing else if you expect boat up the embankment and passes satisfaction

If your dealer should not have them. we will send you a sample postpaid on receipt of price. Collars 25c. each. Cuffs 5oc. pair. Give size, and specify stand up or turned-down collar as wanted. THE CELLULOID COMPANY, 427-29 Broadway, NEW YORK.

What is this



anyhow



be drawn up the embankment and It is the only bow (ring) which automatically dumped, while the other cannot be pulled from the watch. scraper is being returned to be filled. To be had only with Jas. Boss Thus the scrapers travel in opposite Filled and other watch cases stamped with this trade mark. direction, and are alternately filled emptied and returned to their place of A postal will bring you a watch case opener.

Keystone Watch Case Co.,

PHILADELPHIA. CARSON & EALY

step toward performing the traditionally ultimate feat of carrying of a redhot stove. They succeeded in taking away, without waking its owner, a 400-pound safe containing cold cash. And the owner belonged to the antiburglarous sex, too. Are we really ripe for consolidation with so accomplished a criminal population?

LORD DUNRAVEN, who brought the Valkyrie across last year to sail the Vigilant, is anxious for some change of rules for the races for the America's cup. He would prefer that the races be sailed off Marblehead rather than in New York waters, and wishes that the yachts be measured with all weights on board. It is not likely that his wishes will be granted.

GARROTING continues to flourish in New York under Pantata rule. It may be necessary to apply to this purely British crime the purely Brit-ish remedy, whose efficiency was almost miraculous in its swiftness and thoroughness. It was fifty lashes with the "cat" for the first offense and one hundred for the second. There was no second on record-and very few firsts.

THE battle ships we are building are so big that no dock in the United States will receive them. Three large docks are under contract, but the deepest of these will not receive our biggest fighter until her coal has been discharged. The only dock at present capable of taking in a first class American battle ship is at Halifax, and belongs to our British neighbors, who are not always fond of us.

THE speaking tube on a fighting ship has never been the success the inventor promised for it. Sounds carried from the deck to the engine room have been drowned by the rattle of machinery and other extraneous influences. This difficulty can now all be overcome by a set of power' i telephone instruments. By their use the man in the engine room can hear the orders distinctly and that, too, without having his ear glued to the eartrumpet.

CATO learned to dance after he was 60, and there is a prospect that Cassius M. Clay, at 84, will follow his example, since he is the only man in the country with a wife of 15, a motherin-law of 35, and a grandmother-inlaw who is twenty years his junior.

A BATTLE between the Japanese and the Chinese telegraph operators would be of benefit to newspaper readers all over the world. We might get the truth if one side alone handled matters, whereas the present oscillation between the two is distressing.

souls it does not get broken, then they take their own penknives and slit the net. "They inclosed a great multitude of fishes and the net broke."

are an architect, and I speak against It is sometimes opposed to revivals a building you put up, do I not speak of religion that those who come into against you? If a revival be the work the church at such times do not hold of the Holy Ghost, and I speak against out; as long as there is a gale of blessthat revival, do I not speak against ing, they have their sails up; but as the Holy Ghost. And whosoever soon as strong winds stop blowing, speaketh against the Holy Ghost, says then they drop into a dead calm. But the Bible, he shall never be forgiven, what are the facts in the case? In all neither in this world nor in the world our churches, the vast majority of the to come. I think sometimes people useful people are those who are have made a fatal mistake in this brought in under great awakenings, direction. and they hold out. Who are the prom-Many of you know the history of inent men in the United States in Aaron Burr. He was one of the most churches, in prayer meetings, in Sabbrilliant men of his day. I suppose bath schools? For the most part they this country never produced a stronger are the product of great awakenings. intellect. He was capable of doing

I have noticed that those who are anything good and great for his counbrought into the Kingdom of God through revivals have more persistence and more determination in the Christian life than those who come in under a low state of religion. People born in an ice house may live, but they will ism and public immorality. never get over the cold they caught in the ice house. A cannon ball depends upon the impulse with which it starts for how far it shall go and how swiftly; and the greater the revival force with which a soul is started, the more farreaching and far-resounding will be

the execution. But it is sometimes objected to revivals that there is so much excitement that people mistake hysteria for re-

ligion. We must admit that in every revival of religion there is either a suppressed or a demonstrated excitement. Indeed, if a man can go out of a state of condemnation into a state of acceptance with God, or see others go, without any agitation of soul, he is in an

that revival?

The difficulty is that when a revival

unhealthy, morbid state, and is as repulsive and absured as as a man who should boast he saw a child snatched out from under a horse's hoofs, and felt no agitation, or saw a man vescued from the fourth story of a house on and spiritual rescue. fire, and felt no acceleration of the

begins in a church it begins at so many pulse. Salvation from sin and death and points, that while you have doused one hell into life and peace and heaven forever, is such a tremeudous thing that if a man tells me he can look on it without any agitation I doubt his Christianity. The fact is, that sometimes excitement is the most important possible oning. In case of resusictation from drowning or freezing the one idea is to excite animatica. Before conversion we are dead. It is the business of the church to revive, arouse, awaken, resuscitate, startle into life. Excitement is bad or good according to what it makes us do. If it makes us do that which is bad, it is

bad excitement; but if it make us agitated about our eternal welfare, if it make us pray, if it make us attend upon Christian service, if it make us ery unto God eer mercy, then it is a good excitement.

Now, if you are a painter, and I you that the telegraph is in possession speak against your pictures, do I of Christianity. not speak against you? If you

It is a significant fact that the man who invented the telegraph was an old fashioned Christian-Prof. Morse, and that the man who put the telegraph under the sea was an old fashioned Christian-Cyrus W. Field; and that the president of the most famous of the telegraph companies of country was an old fashioned Christian-William Orton, going straight to his home in heaven. What does all that mean?

I do not suppose that the telegraph was invented merely to let us know whether flour is up or down, or which filly won the race at the Derby, or which marksman beat at Dollymount. I supposed the telegraph was invented and built to call the world to God.

try, or for the Church of God had he In some of the attributes of the been rightly disposed; but his name is Lord we seem to share on a small associated with treason against the scale. For instance, in his love and in United States government which he his kindness, But until of late, foretried to overthrow, and with libertinknowledge,omniscience, omnipresence, omnipotence, seem to have been ex-

Do you know where Aaron Burr clusively God's possession. God desirstarted on the downward road. It was ing to make the race like himself, when he was in college, and he became gives us a species of foreknowledge in anxious about his soul, and was about the weather probabilities, gives us a to put himself under the influences of species of omniscience in telegraphy, a revival, and a minister of religion gives us a species of omnipresence in said: Don't go there Aaron, slon't go the telephone. gives us a species of there; that's a place of wildfire and omnipotence in the steam power. Disgreat excitement; no religion about coveries and inventions all around that; don't go there." He tarried away. about us, people are asking what next? His serious impressions departed. He I will tell you what next. Next. a started on the downward road. And stupendous religious movement. Next. who is responsible for his ruin? Was the end of war. Next, the crash of it the minister who warned him against despotisms. Next, the world's expurgation. Next, the Christlike domin-When I am speaking of excitement ion. Next, the judgment. What be-

in revivals, of course I do not mean comes of the world after I care not. It temporary derangement of the nerves; will have suffered and achieved enough I do not mean the absurd things of for one world. Lay it up in the drywhich we have read as transpiring docks of eternity, like an old man-ofsometime in the church of Christ, but war gone out of service. Or, fit it up I mean an intelligent, intense, all like a ship of relief to carry bread to absorbing agitation of body, mind and some other suffering planet. Or, let soul in the work of spiritual esca 🖉 it be demolished. Farewell, dear old

world, that began with paradise and er-led with judgment conflagration.

Deer 'a Nuisance.

anxious soul with a pail of cold water, The protection of the deer in Verthere are 500 other anxious souls on mont will extend 'until 1900, but 'the fire. Oh! how much better it would be farmers say that if there were not a to lay hold of the chariot of Christ's little hunting the animals would so ingospel and help pull it on rather than crease as to be a nuisance before then. to fling ourselves in front of the They have been eating some of the crops this autumn, are often found in wheels, trying to block their progress. We will not stop the 'chariot, but we orchards consuming fallen fruit, and ourselves will be ground to powder. an agriculturist in Windsor county Did you ever hear that there was a complains that they are destroying his convention once held among the icecrop of buckwheat. Several of the bergs in the Arctic? It seems that the | fawns have been domesticated and are summer was coming on and the sun as tame as cows and sheep, not to say was getting hotter and hotter, and a good deal worse about geting into there was danger that the whole ice gardens. High fences wix keep cattle field would break up and flow away; out, but not deer.

so the tallest, and the coldest, and the The total value of the United States broadest of all the icebergs, the very of objects." And yet this wonderful mineral products last year was \$609 .king of the Arctics, stood at the head instrument, perhaps the most varied of the convention, and with a gavel of 821,670, being the smallest since 1889.

plished by means of a delusion which does not deprive the "user of the weed" of the pleasure of smoking, but does away with he evil effects of the habit. With it, one smokes a cigar without drawing any smoke into the mouth or down into the lungs, and is at first so deceived by the effect as not to distingnish the difference. A rubber bulb. C. is in free communication with a chamber. D in the base with which the stem F, is connected, and by drawing on the latter the suction causes sufficient collapse of the bulbwhich is shown in collapsed form

in the picture-to create a partial vacuum in the surrounding smoke chamber, B. This draws the smoke through the small end of the cigar, placed in the tip, A, and when the lips are opened in the natural way the expansion of the bulb forces the smoke out of a valve, E, immediately below the nostrils, but no smoke comes out

of the mouth. It is impossible to get F

B

any nicotine in the mouth by smoking

in this way and cancer of the throat

and similar troubles caused by smok

ing are simply out of the question .-

Scientific American.

use. Dogs upon which experim have been made die from blood destruction, and seem quite sensitive to the effects of the drug. Cats die from paralysis of the brain, as do frogs. Rabbits appear to be entirely unaffected by dulcin. As a medicine or an article of food it is, of course, taken in exceedingly small quantities. It is highly spoken of as sweetening for food for those who desire to reduce flesh, also for diabetic sufferers.

starting.—Scientific American.

A Curious Custom. For many years scientists were puz-

zled at the curious mutilation of the skulls of ancient Peruvians. It was at last discovered that the owners of these were in their lifetime subject to conditions that were attributed to evil spirits. The skulls were regularly and not unscientifically trepanned in order to let out the devils that possessed the sufferer. Whether the victims sur-

vived the operation or went out with the evil spirits probably mattered little to the surgeons or the friends.

Watching Race Horses.

A late invention, brought out in response to an imperative demand. is a trollev chair to run above a race track. In this sit two judges, who follow the horses, and are thus enabled the better to obtain their movements and keep track of the race at all points. The chair is suspended from a roller that runs on a heavy wire. Above this is another wire carrying the electric current. The motor is under the chair seat, and a brake is operated by the foot.

A New Use for Soap.

In a recent storm the officers of a ship found it necessary to take some protective measures, and, having no oil, they prepared a quantity of strong soapsuds and poured this over the troubled waters, with the most satisfactory results. The calming effect was not quite equal to oil, but as an

up far less room.

alternative it answered the purpose

very well. There are advantages in

soap as against oil in that it can be

carried with absolute safety and takes

A New Lampwick.

inventions is a lampwick made of clay.

To produce the necessary porosity,

vegetable fiber is thoroughly incorpo-

rated with the clay, which is after-

ward exposed to a high degree of heat

During the baking the fiber is entirely

consumed, leaving a multitude of tiny

One of the most interesting of small

Wonders of the Eye.

In an article on the human eye writ ten by Dr. Austin Flint, the following passage occurs: "Viewed as an optical instrument, the human eye may well be called perfect, for it is an apparatus contained in a globe less than an inch in diameter, in Which is produced an image, practically perfect in form and color, and which can be accrately adjusted almost instantly for every distance from five inches to infinity, which is movable in every direction. has an area small enough for the detection of the most minute details and at the same time large enough for the

appreciation of large objects, and which enables us to see all shades of color and to estimate distance, solidity and, to some extent, the consistency

John-Notee know. Maybee bigee rain makee bad runnee



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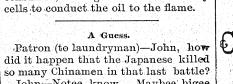
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CLEVELAND'S WORDS.

A CHARACTERISTIC MESSAGE SENT TO CONGRESS.

Discusses at Length the Issue of Bonds and Comptroller of the Currency Eckel's "Baltimore Plan."-Our Foreign and Internal Affairs All Serene.

To the congress of the United States: The assemblage within the nation's legislative halls of those charged with the duty of making laws for the benefit of a generous and free people impressively suggests the exacting obligation and inexorable responsibility -involved in their task. At the threshold of such labor now to be undertaken by the congress of the United States and in the discharge of an executive duty enjoined by the constitution, I submit this communication containing a brief statement of the condition of our national affairs, and recommending such legislation as seems to be necessary and expedient. The history of our dealings with other nations, and our relations with them at this time, additionally demonstrates the advantage of consistently adhering to a firm but just foreign policy, free from envious or ambitious national schemes and characterlzed by entire honesty and sincerity.

Our Foreign Affairs.

The president speaks of the firm neutrality of the United States in the Brazilian revolution as having prevented setious complications in that country and as having aided in an early ending of that war. Our negotiations with Chili regarding our claims against that government are still unsettled. A new treaty with China is only awaiting a ratification by that government. In regard to tion by that government. In regard to the China-Japan war but little is said by the president, except to remark that he had intended to exert his good offices at the beginning of the trouble in Corea, but the opening of actual hostilities defeated the purpose. Depioring the destructive war between the two most powerful of the eastern nations and anxious that our commercial interests in those countries may be preserved and that the safety of our clitzens there shall not be jeopar-dized, I would not hesitate to heed any intimation that our friendly aid for the honorable termination of hostilities would be acceptable to both beligerents. He refers to the relations with France and the death of Carnot and of the czar of Russia; the exclusion of meat and cattle from Germany and the German' protest against the provision in the customs tariff act which imposes a discriminating duty of 1:0 of a cent per pound on sugars com-ing from countries paying an export boun-ty thereon, and the claims that the ex-action of such duty is in contravention of articles five and nine of the treaty of 1823, with Prussia, and recommends the repeal of so much of the statute as im-poses that duty. Referring to the Berling agreement, the president says the United States will pay to Great Britan 425,000 in full satisfaction for all claims which may be made for damages growing out of the controversy. Only France and Portugal have signified a willingness to ablide by the regulations of the Paris tribunal. Pre-liminary surveys of the Alaskan boundary and a preparatory examination of the guestion of protection of food fish in the the China-Japan war but little is said by liminary surveys of the Alaskan boundary and a preparatory examination of the question of protection of food fish in the waters of the United States and the do-minion of Canada are in progress. The United States will endeavor to settle the boundary differences between British Guiana and Venezuela. In Hawaii the or contextion of a government in place of Guiana and Venezuela. In Hawali the or-ganization of a government in place of the provisional government which fol-lowed the deposition of the queen has been announced with evidence of its ef-fective operation. The recognition usual in such cases has been accorded the new government. Our relations with Japan could profitably be broadened, as the peo-ple of that empire are seeking closer in could profitably be producined, as the pro-ple of that empire are seeking closer in-tercourse with us. A new treaty of com-merce and navigation should be promulgated with MEXICO. Prominent among the questions of the year was the Bluefields incident, in what is known as the Mosquito Indian strip, bordering on the Atlantic Ocean and with-in the jurisdiction of Nicaragua. By the treaty of 1860 between Great Britain and bordering on the barrier of Nicaragua. By the treaty of 1860 between Great Britain and Nicaragua, the former government ex-pressly recognized the sovereignty of the latter over the strip, and a limited form of government was guaranteed to the Mosquito Indians. The so-called native government, which grew to be largely made up of aliens, for many years dis-puted the sovereignty of Nicaragua over the strip, and claimed the right to main-tain therein a practically independent municipal government. Early in the past year efforts of Nicaragua to maintain sov-ereignty over the Mosquito territory led to serious disturbances culminating in the suppression of the government and the atsuppression of the government and the at tempted substitution of an impracticable suppression of the government and the at-tempted substitution of an impracticable composite aninistration, in which Nicar-agua and the alien residents were to participate. Failure was followed by an insurrection which for a time subverted Nicaragua, expelling her officers and re-storing the old organization. This in turn gave place to the existing local gov-ernment, established and upheld by Nic-aragua. Although the alien interests ar-rayed against Nicaragua in these trans-actions have been largely American and the comherce of that region for some time has been and still is chiefly con-trolled by our citizens, we cannot for that reason challenge the rightful sovereignty of Nicaragua over this important part of her domain. He refers to the banishment of two Americans and their subsequent pardon, by reason of consular interven-tion, and regrets the failure of justice by which the nurderer of Wilson was permitted to escape from Nicaragua. The Nicaragua position. A modus vivendi has been arranged by which the scape from Nicaragua. The Nicaraguans have receded from their anti-canal position. A modus vivendi has been arranged with Russia regarding the sealing ques-tion, and Russia is urged to grant recip-rocal equality of treatment for our great life insurance companies whose opera-tions have been extended throughout Europe. Unreasonable and unjust fines imposed by Spain on the vessels and com-merce of the United States have demand-ed from time to time during the last twenty years, earnest remonstrance on the part of our government. In the imme-diate past exorbitant penalties have been imposed upon our vessels and goods by customs authorities of Cuba and Porto Rico for clerical errors of the most trivial character in the manifests or bills of lading. Turkey claims the right to ex-pel, as persons undesirable and danger-ous, Armenians naturalized in the United States, and returning to Turkish juriss-diction. Numerous questions in this re-lation have arisen. While this govern-ment acquiesces in the asserted right of expulsion it will not consent that Armen-ians may be imprisoned or otherwise pun-ished for no other reason than having ac-quired without imperial consent. American citizenship. The present government of Samoa has proved a failure, and is only maintained The present government of Samoa has proved a failure, and is only maintained in power by the American, British and German warships. Our participation in the establishment of this government agains: the wishes of the natives was in plain deflance of the conservative teach-ings and warnings of the wise and patrolitic men who laid the foundations of our free institutions, and I invite the judgment of congress on the propriety of steps by this government looking to the withdrawal from its engagements with the other powers on some reasonable terms not prejudicial to any of our exist-ing rights. **Uncle Sam's Money Matters.**

year, and the importations free of duty amounted to \$379,795,535, being \$64,748,007 less than during the preceding year. The total amount of gold exported during the feed year was \$6 \$98 bell as arging the total amount of gold-exported during the fiscal year was \$6,898,061, as against \$108,650,444 during the fiscal year 1893. The amount imported was \$72,449,119, as against \$21,174,381 during the previous year. The imports of silver were \$13,286,552 and the exports were \$50,451,265. The total bounty paid upon the produc-tion of sugar in the United States for the "local year was \$12,100,208 89, being an in-ise of \$2,725,078 01 over the payments ade during the preceding year. The amount of bounty paid from July 1, 1894, to August 28, 1894, the time when further payments ceased by operation of law, was \$966,185 34. The total expenses incurred in the payment of the bounty upon sugar during the fiscal year was \$130,140 35. It is estimated that upon the basis of our pres-

Syb6,185 34. The total expenses incurted in the payment of the bounty upon sugar during the fiscal year was \$130,140 35. It is estimated that upon the basis of our pres-ent revenue laws the receipts of the gov-ernment during the current fiscal year ending June 30, 1895, will be \$424,427,748 44, and its expenditures \$444,427,748 44, aresult-ing in a deficit of \$20,000,000. On the first day of November, 1894, the total stock of money of all kinds in the country. was \$2,240,713,888, as against '\$2,-204,651,000 on the first day of November, 1893, and the money of all kinds in circu-lation, or not included in the treasury holdings, was \$1,672,003,422, or \$24 27 per capita upon an estimated population of 65,557,000. At the same time there were held in the treasury gold bullion amount-ing to \$44,615,177 55, and silver bullion which was purchased at a cost of \$127,779,-938. The purchase of silver bullion under the act of July 14, 1890, ceased on the first day of November, 1893, and up to that time there had been purchased dur-ing the fiscal year 11,017,658,078 fine ounces at a cost of \$5,715,521 32, an aver-age cost of \$0,713,13 per fine ounce. The total amount of silver purchased from the time that law took effect until the re-peal of its purchasing clause, on the date last mentioned, was 168,674,682,53 fine ounces, which cost \$155,931,002 25, the av-erage price per fine ounce being \$0,9244. The total amount of standard dollars coined at the mints of the United States since the passage of the act of February 29, 1873, is \$421,776,408. Fifty national banks were organized during the year ending October 31, 1894, with a capital of \$5,255,-000, and seventy-nine, with a capital of \$2,-770,000, were placed in the hands of receiv-are the inter ord national banks Department of Agriculture. The secretary of agriculture reports a

\$10.475.000, went into voluntary liquidation. Twenty-one banks, with a capital of \$, 770.000, were placed in the hands of receiv-ers. The total number of national banks in existence on the 31st day of October last, was 3,756, being forty less than on the 31st day of October, 1893. The total resources of the banks at the date men-tioned amounted to \$9,473,922,055, against \$3,109,563,284 36 in 1893.

Condition of the Army.

30, 1894, amounted to \$628,363,038. Among new lines of research by the department has been grasses and forage plants. The weather service bureau has been a prom-inent feature. Its warnings of two tropi-cal storms in September and October re-suited in detaining safely in port 2,305 vessels, valued at \$36,239,313, laden with cargoes of still greater value. The special and scientific work of the bureau of ani-mal industry has been productive of much good in preventing and curing dis-eases of animals. The \$10,000 appropri-ated to enable the secretary to investi-gate and report upon the nutritive value of various articles and commodities used for human food, was well utilized, and he has prepared for distribution a discussion upon the subject. The promiscuous free distribution of seeds by congressmen is pernicious, and should be dispensed with at once.. The president says he is en-tirely convinced that we ought not to be longer without a national board of health officer, charged with no other duties than such as pertain to the protection of our country from tue invasion of pesti-lence and disease. The president refers to his appointment of a national commission to investigate the Puilman strike. He simply alludes to the fact of their re-port. He then passes to consideration of The New Tariff Bill. The secretary of war reports an efective force in the army of 2,135 officers and 25,.600 enlisted men, an apparent decrease from last year, but an actual effective increase of two regiments. Fifeen small posts have been abandoned by concentrating troops at large cities. Three-fourths of the army is stationed west of the Mississippi. The president recommends that the effective force of the army, now about 20,000, be made equal the army, now about 20,000, be made equal to the degal force, 25,000. The president recommends the authorization of the three-battalion formation of regiments, as economically providing an effective skeleton organization. The president only cursorily alludes to the use of troops during the railroad disturbances of 1894. The enrollment of militia is 177,333 officers and men, an increase of 5,343 over last year. The reports of the militia inspec-tions by regular army officers show a marked increase in interest and efficiency among the state organizations and a con-inuance of the policy of affording every practical encouragement possible to this important auxiliary to our military es-tablishment is recommended. The skill and industry of our ordnance officers and inventors have, it is believed, overcome the mechanical obstacles which have heretofore delayed the armament of our coasts, and this great national undertak-ing upon which we have entered, may now proceed as rapidly as congress shall determine. The total expenditures for the war department for the year ended June 0, 1894, amounted to \$56,390,009 34. Esti-mates for the next year call for appro-priations of \$52,318,629 55. The president suggests that the rank of lieutenant-gen-eral be restored in recognition of the services of Maj.-Gen. John M. Schofield to permit his retirement with rank be-fitting his merits. **The Realm of the Blind Goddess.** to the legal force, 25,000. The president sion of the congress needs important amendments if it is to be executed effectively and with certainty. In addition to such necessary amendments as very decidedly in favor of putting coal and iron upon the free list. So far as the sugar schedule is concerned, I would the sugar schedule is concerned, I would be glad, under existing aggravations, to see every particular of differential duty in favor of refined sugar stricken out of our tariff law. If, with all the favor now accorded the sugar refining interest in our tariff laws, it still languishes to the extent of closing refineries and thou-sands of discharged workmen, it would seem to present a hopeless case for reas-onable legislative alu. Whatever else is done or omitted, I earnestly repeat here the recommendation I have made in an-other portion of this communication, that the additional duty of one-tenth of a cent per pound laid upon sugar imported from countries paying a bounty on its export

The New Tariff Bill.

The tariff act passed at the last ses-

During the last month the gold reserve

in the treasury for the purpose of re-

deeming the notes of the government cir-

The Realm of the Blind Goddess. Satisfaction is expressed by the pres

or Circuit Court of Appeals. The con-dition of the Indians is guite satisfactory, but better agents should be appointed. June 30, 1894, there were 960,544 persons on the pension rolls, a net increase of 3,522 for the year. Classified they are: Soldiers and saliors, survivors of all wars, 753,986; widows and relatives of deceased soldiers, 215,162; army nurses in the civil war, 414. Of these pensioners 32,039 are surviving soldiers of Indian and other wars prior to the late civil war, and the remainder numbering 937,505, are of the civil war. The amount expended for pen-sions during the year was \$139,804,461 05, leaving a balance of \$25,205,712 67. The sum necessary to meet pension expendi-tures for the year ending June 30, 1396, is estimated at \$140,000,000. The commission-er of pensions is of the opinion that the pension roll. The names dropped from the roll for all causes during the year num-bered 37,951. Among our pensioners are nine widows and three daughters of the soldiers of the revolution and forty-five survivors of the war of 1812. The bare-faced and extensive pension frauds ex-posed under the direction of the courage-ous and generous yeteran soldier now at the head of the bureau leave no room for the claim that no purgation of our pension rolls was needed, or that con-tinued vigilance and prompt action are not necessary to the same end. The ac-cusation that an effort to detect pension frauds is evidence of unfriendilless to-ward our worthy veterans and a denial of their claims to the generosity of the government, suggests an unfortunate in-difference to the commission of any of-fense which has for its motive the secur-ing of a pension, and indicates a willing-ness to be blind to the existence of mean and treacherous crimes which play upon demagogic fears and make sport of the actost \$10,000,000 up to date. It will fill twenty-five volumes and be all published by March 4, 1895. Department of agriculture reports a Banks and Currency. Questions relating to our banks and curency are closely related to the subject just referred to, and they also present some unsatisfactory features. Prominent among them are the lack of elasticity in our currency circulation and its frequent concentration in financial centers when concentration in mancial centers when it is most needed in other parts of the country. The absolute divorcement of the government from the business of banking is the ideal relationship of the government to the circulation of the currency of the country. This condition cannot be imme-diately reached; but as a step in that di-rection and as a means of securing a more elastic currency and obviating other bloctions to the procent averagement of objections to the present arrangement of bank circulation, the secretary of the treasury presents in his report a scheme modifying present banking laws and pro-viding for the issue of circulating notes by state banks free from taxation under certain limitations.

The Baltimore Plan.

The secretary explains his plan so plainly and its advantages are developed by him with such remarkable clearness that any effort on my part to present an argument in its support would be superfluous. I shall therefore content myself with an unqualified indorsement of the secretary's proposed changes in the law, and a brief and imperfect statement of their prominent features. It is proposed to repeal all laws providing for posed to repeat all laws providing for the /deposit of United States bonds as security for circulation; to permit nation-al banks to issue circulating notes not ex-ceeding in amount 75 per cent of their paid-up and unimpaired capital provided they deposit with the rovernment as a paid-up and unimpaired capital provided they deposit with the government, as a guarantee fund, United States legal ten-der notes, including treasury notes of 1890, a sum equal in amount to 30 per cent of the notes they desire to issue, this de-posit to be maintained at all times; but whenever any bank retires any part of of its circulation a proportional part of its guarantee fund shall be returned to it; to permit the secretary of the treasury to prepare and keep on hand ready for issue in case an increase in circulation is deaving of \$600.000, or 23 per cent of the sum appropriated. A seudy of the foreign markets of American exports leads to the belief that corn will advance, in imprepare and keep on hand ready for issue in case an increase in circulation is de-sired, blank national bank notes for each bank having circulation, and to repeal the provisions of the present law im-posing limitations and restrictions upon banks desiring to reduce or increase their circulation—thus permitting such increase or reduction within the limit of 75 per cent of capital to be quickly made as emergencies arise. portance and wheat diminish. Our agricultural exports for the year ending June 30, 1894, amounted to \$628,363,038. Among new lines of research by the department

cent of capital to be quickly made as emergencies arise. In addition to the guarantee fund re-quired, it is proposed to provide a safety fund for the immediate redemption of the circulating notes of failed banks, by imposing a small annual tax, say one-half of 1 per cent, upon the average circulation of each bank, until the fund amounts to 5 per cent of the total circulation out-standing. When a bank fails its guar-antee fund is to be paid into this safety fund; its notes are to be redeemed in the first instance from such safety fund thus augmented—any impairment of such fund caused thereby to be made good from the immediately available cash assets of said bank, and if these should be insufficient, such impairment to be made good by pro rata assessment

will not change rates of duty, I am still

assets of said bank, and if these should be insufficient, such impairment to be made good by pro rata assessment among other banks, their contributions to constitute a first lien upon the assets of the failed bank in favor of the con-tributing banks. As a further security it it contemplated that the existing provi-sion fixing the individual liability of stockholders is to be retained, and the bank's indebtedness on account of its cir-culating notes is to be made a first lien on all its assets. For the purpose of meeting the expense of printing notes, official supervision, there shall be im-posed a tax of say one-half of 1 per cent per annum on the average amount of notes in circulation. It is further provided that there shall be no national bank notes issued of less denomination than \$10; that each na-tional bank, except in case of a failed bank, shall redeem or retire its notes in the first instance at its own office or at agencies to be designated by it, and that no fixed reserve need be maintained on account of deposits. Another very important feature of this plan is the exemption of state banks from taxation by the United States, in cases where it is shown to the satisfac-tion of the secretary of the treasury and comptroller of the currency by banks claiming such exemption that they have not had outstanding their circulation notes exceeding 75 per cent of their paid-up and unimpaired capital; that their stockholders are individually liable for the redemption of their circulating notes to the full extent of their ownership of stock; that the liability of said banks upon their circulating notes constitutes upon the the individually liable for the redemption of their circulation notes to the full extent of their ownership of stock; that the liability of said banks upon their circulating notes constitutes How a Humorous Kentucky Dominie the redemption of their other other is to the full extent of their ownership of stock; that the liability of said banks upon their circulating notes constitutes under their state laws first lien upon their assets; that such banks have kept and maintained a guar-antee fund in United States legal tender notes including treasury notes of 1890 equal to 30 per cent of their outstanding circulating notes, and that such banks have promptly redeemed their circulating notes when presented at their principal or branch offices. It is quite likely that this scheme may be usefully amended in some of its details; but I am satisfied it furnishes a basis for a very great im-provement in our present banking and currency system. countries paying a bounty on its export be abrorated. With the advent of a new tariff policy, not only calculated to relieve the con-sumers of our land in the cost of their daily life, but to invite a better develop-ment of American thrift and create for us closer and more profitable commercial re-lations with the rest of the world, it fol-lows as a logical and imperative neces-sity that we should at once remove the chief, if not the only, obstacle which has urrency system. I conclude this communication fully ap-I conclude this communication fully appreciating that the responsibility for all legislation affecting the people of the United States rests upon their representatives in congress, and assuring them that whether in accordance with recommendations I have made or not, I shall be glad to co-operate in perfecting any legislation that tends to the prosperity and welfare of our country. GROVER CLEVELAND, Executive Mansion, December 3, 1894.

WILDE'S "HOT TOUCH" Impecuations Englishman's Clever Way

of Borrowing -?nabashed by Duns. Some young Americans who have recently returned from the other side were discussing the Englishman's genial and friendly habit of borrowing money from Americans at home and abroad, says the New York Recorder. The best specimen of the class by all odds," said one of the party, "is Willie Wilde, brother of the great Oscar, who figured here as Frank Leslie for a limited term. Willie-he is never called Bill or William, but always Willie-made a practice of 'touching' every American he was introduced to in London within a few hours of their meeting. I believe that he considered that he was doing the man a favor. He never thought of returning money, and, to do him justice, I don't believe that he considered that the man he borrowed it of expected it to be returned. One of his favorite methods of 'touching' was as follows: Wilde would see an American he had been introduced to in a restaurant, perhaps with a lady or with masculine friends, whom Wilde did not know. 'Willie' would enter that restaurant and order a drink at a table and then stride boldly over to his victim. He never called him aside, because that would look as if he were doing something he were ashamed of, and, in case the said victim had heard of his borrowing propensities, would give him a better chance to decline. " 'Ah, old chap,' Wilde would say

in the presence of all the table, 'so glad you happened to be here. I've ordered my dinner, and find that I've left my purse at home, and I don't happen to be known in the place, Just let me have a fiver, won't you?" "Wilde was absolutely imperturba-

ble undisturbed when he was dunned. I don't believe any creditor, from bootmaker to bookmaker, ever gave

him a moment's uneasiness. When William J. King, of Buffalo and New York, who has been living in London for the last five years, first took up his residence there Wilde did him the honor to borrow £5 of him. A year or so later King and Wilde, who were both members of the Pelican club, were on opposite sides of the ring at a boxing match in the club, and around the ring were gathered all the leading younger swells of London. in the silence before the fighters came in to the arena, King, who had 'been dining' called across the ring to Wilde: 'I say, Wilde, when are you going to pay me that fiver you borrowed a vear ago?' Wilde responded, with the utmost urbanity: Ah, Mr. King, I hope to have the pleasure of owing

vou that fiver for a very long time.' The assembled nobility and gentry of England applauded Mr. Wilde's sentiment enthusiastically."

POTATOES HIS ONLY WEAPONS

Brought the Code Into Ridicule. One way of combating an evil practice is to make it ridiculous. It was by this means that dueling was stopped in a certain district in Kentucky

Highest of all in Leavening Power .- Latest U.S. Gov't Report



A mean man invited the village preacher to dine with him, but placed before the preacher only a dish of greens and corn bread. "Will you say grace, parson?" asked the host. "I will," replied the parson. "Lord, make us thankful for greens and corn bread and put it into the heart of our brother to raise hogs next year" Harry-Some women do have a re-

markable faculty for invention. Will -For instance? Harry-The wife of a friend of mine has patented what she calls a "snore diverter." It is composed of a hood and a section of flexible pipe. When her husband's snores grow unbearable the hood is lowered over his head and the snore conducted into the cellar. Will-What then? Harry-There hasn't a rat been seen in the house since the diverter was used.

Don't Read This.

Don't Read This. The world famed Dr. Leslie E. Keeley of Dwight. Ill.. recommended Dr. Joseph Payne to use "Schrage's \$1,000,000 Rheu-matic Cure" because it cured people. He was right; it never (ails. "It is all you claim for it," says Wm. J. Schulte of 1214 Biddle street, St. Louis. Pleasant to take and does not injure the stomach. Never cuite Good scants wanted at once. Enorand does not injure the stollard. Novel fails. Good agents wanted at once. Enor-mous sales. Why? Write 167 Dearborn street, Chicago, for free testimonials. Reference, Hibernian bank of Chicago.

Certain parts of the hippopotamus' hide at-tain a thickness of two inches.

Deafness Can Not be Cured

by local applications, as they can not reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its nor mal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an in-flamed condition of the nucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free. F. J. CHENEY, Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills, 25c.

A whole bushel of notions don't weigh half as much as one little stubborn fact

	There is nothing like Dr. Thomas'
1	Eclectric Oil to quickly cure a cold or
	relieve hoarseness. Written by Mrs.
	M. J. Fellows, Burr Oak, St. Joseph
	Co., Mich.

The hog eats fewer plants than any other erb-feeding animal.

Clipped from Canada "Presbyterian," under signature of C. Blackett Robin-son, Prop'r: I was cured of oft-recur-ring bilious headaches by Burdock Blood Bitters.

"Hanson's Magic Corn Salve." sk vou lruggist for it. Price 15 cents. Baden owns 829 miles of railroad

Chili owns 670 miles of railroad.

Hegeman's Camphor Ice with Glycerine. Gurss Chupped Hands and Face, Tender or Sore Feet, Chillians, Files, &c. C. G. Clark Co., New Haven, Ct.

Ireland owns 2.691 miles of railroad

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth. Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for Children Teething-

China owns and operates all her railroad.

Piso's Remedy for Catarrh is the best medi-cine for that disease I have ever used.—L. C. Johnston, Iola, Texas, June 24th, 1891.

Wife-The price of the clock was \$10, but I got a discount, so it only cost me \$8. Husband-Yes, but you could have got the same thing at Beezle's for \$5. Wife-That may be, but then Beezle wouldn't have taken off anything.

PROGRESS.

People who get the greatest degree of comfort and real en-joyment out of life, are those who make the most out of their opportunities. Quick perception and good judgment, lead such promptly to adopt and make use of those refined and improved products of modern inventive genius which best serve the needs of their physical being. Accordingly, the most intelligent the most intelligent and progressive people CB. are found to employ the most refined and perfect laxative to regrulate and tone up the Stomach, liver, and bowels, when in need

of such an agent—hence the great popularity of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. These are made from the purest, most refined and concentrated vegetable extracts, and from forty-two to forty-four are contained in each vial, which is sold at the same price as the cheaper made and more ordinary pills found in the market. In curative vir-tues, there is no comparison to be made be-tween them and the ordinary pills, as any one may easily learn by sending for a free sample, (four to seven doses) of the Pel-lets, which will be sent on receipt of nameand address on a postal card ONCE USED THEY ARE ALWAYS IN FAVOR.

The Pellets cure biliousness, sick and bilious headache, dizziness, costiveness, or constipation, sour stomach, loss of appetite, constipation, sour stomach, loss of appetite, coated tongue, indigestion, or dyspepsia, windy belchings, "heart-burn," pain and distress after eating, and kindred derange-ments of the liver, stomach and bowels. Put up in glass vials, therefore always fresh and reliable. One little "Pellet" is a laxative, two are mildly cathartic. As a "dinner pill," to promote digestion, take one each day after diuner.

Uncle Sam's Money Matters.

The secretary of the treasury reports that the receipts of the government from all sources of revenue during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1894, amounted to \$376,802,498 29, and its expenditures to \$443,-805.758 87. leaving a deficit of \$69.803.260 38. 305,758 S7, leaving a deficit of \$69,803,200 38. There was a decrease of \$15,052,647 68 in the ordinary expense of the government as compared with the fiscal year 1893. There was collected from customs \$131,-\$18,530 62, and from internal revenues \$147,168,449 70. The balance of the income for the year amounting to \$33,815,517 07, was derived from sales of lands and oth-pr'sources. The value of our total dutaer sources. The value of our total duta-ble imports amounted to \$275,199,086, being \$146,657,625 less than during the preceding

dent because of the success of the Su-preme Court in overcoming the arrears in its business, as reported by the attor-ney-general. A recommendation is made for an additional judge in the Supreme Court and the Court of Appeals. Con-gress is asked to consider the abolition of the fee system in compensating fed-eral officers; the allowance of writs of error on behalf of the United States; the establishment of degrees of murder; a Federal Court for the Indian Territory; the reorganization of the Uniton Pacific Railway Co. on a basis equitable to all public and private Interests; an appro-priation for the erection of two or three prisons for the confinement of United States prisoners. The Postoffice Department. lent because of the success of the Su

The Postoffice Department.

The postmaster-general says: The re ceipts of the postoffice department for

sity that we should at once remove the chief, if not the only, obstacle which has so long prevented our participation in the foreign carrying trade of the sea. Our new tariff policy, built upon the theory that it is well to encourage such im-portations as our people need, and that our products and manufactures should ind markets in every part of the habit-able globe, is consistently supplemented by the avaptate paretible liberty to our by the greatest possible liberty to our citizens in the ownership and navigation of ships in which our products and man-ufactures may be transported. The mil-lions now paid to foreigners for carrying American passengers and products across the sea should be turned into American hands. The ancient provision of our law denying American registry to ships built abroad and owned by Americans appears in the light of present conditions not only to be a failure for good at every point, but to be nearer a relic of bar-barism than anything that exists under the permission of a statute of the United States. I earnestly recommend its prompt repeal. y the greatest possible liberty to our the fiscal year were \$75,080,479 04; expenditures, \$84,324,414 15. The postmastergeneral suggests the rearrangement of second-class rates so that none but le-gitimate newspapers and periodicals shall get the benefit of the rate. He also wants an amendment excluding government seeds from free transmission. With these changes the postoffice department can pay its way from its own resources. The to-tal number of postoffices in the United States on the 30th day of June, 1894, was 69,805, an increase of 1,403 over the preced-ing year. Of these 3,428 were presiden-tial, an increase in that class of sixty-eight over the preceding year. While 610 towns are provided with free delivery, 93 other cities and towns entitled to this ser-vice have not been accorded it on ac-count of insufficient funds. second-class rates so that none but leepeal. The Issue of Bonds.

ount of insufficient funds. The Navy Department.

culating as money in the hands of the The report of the secretary of the navy people became so reduced, and its further shows very gratifying progress in the depletion in the near future seemed so construction of ships for our new navy certain, that in the exercise of proper care All the vessels now building will probably for the public welfare, it became necesbe completed during the coming fiscal year. The estimates for the increase of the navy for the year ending June 30, 1896, are large, but they include practically the entire sum necessary to complete and equip all the new ships not now in com-mission, so that unless new ships are authorized the appropriations for the naval service for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1897, should fall below the esti-mates for the coming year by at least \$12,009,000. The secretary presents with much earnestness a plea for more torpedo boats. The secretary precommends the manufacture of a reserve supply of ord-nance and ordnance material for ships of the mavy, and also for the auxiliary fleet. Guns and their appurtenances should be provided and kept on hand for both these purposes. The president refers to the use of American ships to protect American interests in various parts of the world in the past year. Admiral Benham's ac-tion at Rio is commended. He recom-mends the transfer of the coast survey to the navy department, and suggests sary to replenish the reserve and thus year. The estimates for the increase of maintain popular faith in the ability and to the navy department, and suggests that some remedy be provided for the present stagnation of promotion in the navy. He wants the civil service system continued in navy-yard administration.

The Interior Department.

During the year there were 10,406,100 acres of public land sold, including 23,876 eres of Indian lands. The public domain now left amounts to 600,000,000 acres, excluding 60,000,000 acres in Alaska, and all

sary to replenish the reserve and thus maintain popular faith in the ability and determination of the government to meet, as agreed, its pecuniary obligations. It would have been well if in this emergency authority had existed to issue the bonds of the government bearing a low rate of interest and maturing within a short pe-riod; but the congress having failed to confer such authority, resort was neces-sarily had to the resumption act of 1876, and pursuant to its provisions bonds were issued drawing interest at the rate of 5 per cent per annum and maturing ten years after their issue, that being the shortest time authorized by the act. I am glad to say, however, that on the sale of these bonds the premium received operat-ed to reduce the rate of interest to be paid by the government to less than 3 per cent. Nothing could be worse or fur-ther removed from sensible finance than the relations existing between the cur-rency the government has issued, the gold held for its redemption and the means which must be resorted to for the purpose of replenishing such redemption fund when impaired. Even if the claims upon this fund were confined to the obligations originally intended and if the redemption of these obligations meant their cancella-tion, the fund would be very small. But these obligations meant their cancella-tion, the fund would be very small. But these obligations drawn the treasury. Thus we have an endless chain in opera-tion constantly depleting the treasury gold and never near a final rest. As if this was not bad enough, we have a statutory declaration that it is the policy of the government to maintain the parity be-tween gold and silver. Aided by the force and momentum of this exhausting process and added largely to the cur-rency obligations claiming this peculiar for redemption, our small gold reserve is thus subject to drain from every side. The demands that increase our danger al-so increase the necessity of protecting this reserve against depletion and it is military reservations and selected rail-road lands. Total cash receipts for land were \$2,674,285. Thirty-five thousand patents were issued, and 3,100 more to In-dians of lands in severalty. The Indians can't sell their lands for twenty-five years after allotment. The president recom-mends that there be more money spent on protecting the government lands, and that a comprehensive forestry system be adopted. He also urges a cessation of the policy of selling lands that ought to be kept as a source of permanent timebr sup-ply. He also recommends a charge in the method of hearing the cases growing out of contests for government lands, which are now practically decided upon testi-mony taken before the local register, who has not even power to issue a subpoena. The president favors a land court, with power to certify its cases to the Supreme military reservations and selected rail-

The demands that increase our danger al-so increase the necessity of protecting this reserve against depletion and it is most unsatisfactory to know that the protection afforded is only a temporary palination. It is perfectly and palpably plain that the only way under present conditions by which this reserve when dangerously depleted can be replenished is t.rough the issue and sale of the bonds of the government for gold.

ment.

the challenged party, and threatened Cast-iron blocks are being tried in some of the most frequented streets to denounce the fellow as a coward if of Paris, instead of the granite blocks he made further objections. Seeing usually placed alongside tramway no way out of the scrape the desperrails. ado at last consented.

The Prussian government expends The contest took place on the outover \$50,000 a year in support of the skirts of the town, and almost everylaboratories connected with the medbody in the place turned out to see the fun. The seconds arranged the ical department of the university of Berlin. This is exclusive of the salatwo men in position, by the side of ries paid to professors. each being a half-bushel measure

Amateur photography is pursued filled with good-sized potatoes. under difficulties in Russia. One has Bowman threw the first one. It struck his opponent in a central spot to have a license, and even then if he and fell in pieces. A shout of delight is so careless as to take a view near a fortress he stands a good chance of went up from the crowd, which flurried the desperado and his potato flew taking a trip to Siberia.

wide of the mark. Bowman watched The unrolling of an Egyptian mumhis chance, and . every time his oppomy, supposed to be that of a princess, nent stooped for a potato another one disclosed a curious cheat. The priests hit him in the side, leaving a wet spot who did the embalming probably hit him in the side, leaving a wet spot on his clothes and then scattering on all sides. The follow was hit in this spoiled or mislaid the body entrusted all sides. The fellow was hit in this to them and for it substituted that of way five times; then the sixth potato an ordinary negro man. struck him in the short ribs, and he

The new Koch treatment for diphlay on the grass doubled up with pain theria by inoculation of blood serum and groaning "Enough." is being tried at the Vienna children's The bystanders went wild with dehospital upon all patients who have light, but Mr. Bowman looked very been given up. with a measure of suc-

sober. The desperado was taken cess. The remedy is as yet too exhome and put to bed, and there he pensive for general hospita; treatstayed for more than a week. And when he again appeared he was greet-The government of Madrid has

ed with so many jokes that life was made a movement toward the formaalmost a burden to him. That was tion of an association of wine exportthe end of dueling in that region. ers to introduce into this country

such Spanish wines as will find sale. Only Allowed 3,333 Wives It has, in addition; promised financial In Ashantee no man is ever allowed support, possibly in the way of a to see one of the king's wives, and bounty on all goods shipped to the should he happen, through accident, United States. to get a glimpse of one of the "sacrod

The trans-Siberian railway, which creatures" he is forthwith put to is to be the longest in the world, has death. The law of that country alnow been opened as far as Omsk; and lows the king to have 3,333 "helpone may go there from St. Petersmeets" and no more. These wives burg, 2,200 miles; in less than five all live on two long streets in the city days. The difficulties encountered of Coomasie, the Ashantee capital, have been prodigious; and in drainthe quarters occupied by them being ing a bog sixty miles wide enpineers locally known by a word signifying and men had to live in huts built on 'heaven." piles and accessible only in boats.

Four thousand masks were bought to keep off the venomous main tos.

some forty years ago. At that time : traveling preacher named Bowman, a The flesh of the boa constrictor is eaten by the aborigines of Brazil. strong, muscular man, was conducting

a series of religious meetings in Ken tucky. At one of them a well-known CURE FOR CROUP.-Use Dr. Thomas' desperate character created a disturbance, and being publicly rebuked by Bowman sent him a challenge to fight. tion, and injuries. The preacher's first thought was to treat the matter with silent contempt. Then he reflected that dueling was all too common in that region, and he de-

cided to accept the challenge. As the challenged party Bowman

had the choice of weapons. He selected a half-bushel of large Irish potatoes, and stipulated that his opponent must stand fifteen paces distant, and that only one potato at a time should be taken from the measure.

The desperado was furious, but Bowman insisted upon his rights as

> axative effect of a gentle remedy than by any other, and that it is more acceptable to them. Children enjoy it and it benefits them. The true remedy

California Fig Syrup Co. only. The strongest muscle in a monkey's body is cound in his prehensile tail.

GIVE

WEBSTER'S

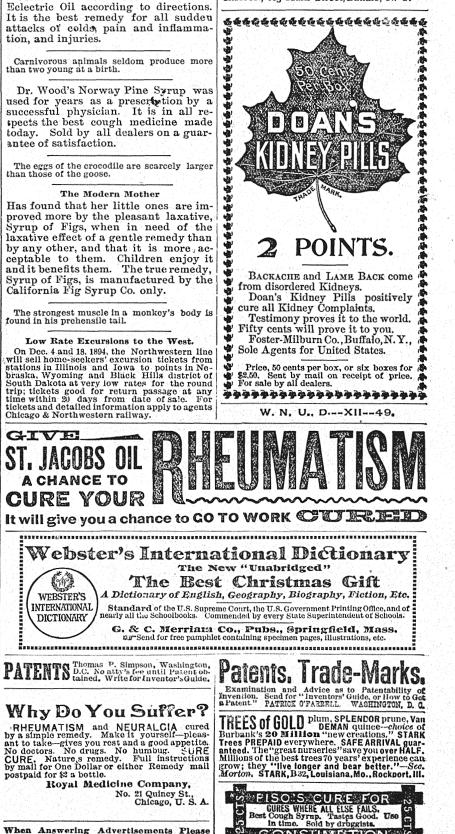
INTERNATIONAL

DICTIONARY

Low Rate Excursions to the West.

On Dec. 4 and 18, 1894, the Northwestern line will sell home-seekers' excursion tickets from stations in Illinois and Iowa to points in Ne-braska. Wyoming and Black Hills district of South Dakota at very low rates for the round trip; tickets good for return passage at any time within 20 days from date of sale. For tickets and detailed information apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern railway. Chicago & Northwestern railway.

beller for the dealer, because of paying him a better profit, but he is not the one who needs help. Address for free sample, WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSO-CIATION, 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y



CONSUMETION

In Java the bride washes the When Answering Advertisements Please groom's feet as a token of subjection. Mention This Paper.



STATE NEWS NOTES.

A CHAPTER OF THE DOINGS OF MICHIGANDERS.

Flint Loses One of Her Industries by Fire -Train on the C. & W. M. Kills a Farmer

-Two Drunken Men Frozen to Death -Murder at Iron Mountain-Brieflets.

A Brute Kills Himself.

Paul Hohner, held in the city jail at Calumet on the charge of criminal as sault, committed suicide. He was discovered by the janitor hanging with a wire about his neck near the door of the jail. Hohner is 40 years old, and was arrested on complaint of his daugh-ter Mary, a girl of 15. He denied the charge, but was held under \$2,000 bond, which he could not furnish. It was reported that he had been guilty of the charge at different times since June. The girl was ashamed to tell any one of her secret until he began to whip her, when she confided to his wife. It is reported that Hohner left wife in Germany by whom Mary is his daughter.

Miser Murdered for Money.

Michael Goyt, aged 82, who lived alone in Locke, northwest of Williamston, was found lying on his bed with his head crushed in. A club covered with blood and hair was found near by and was evidently the instrument used by the murderer. Goyt worked a small farm and was fairly successful and was reputed to be worth a considerable sum of money. As he never deposited in the banks it was always supposed that he kept it about the This fact was the probable house. motive for the crime as no money was found after a strict search by the meighbors.

Flint Mill Burned a Third Time. For the third time in its history the Thread flouring mills at Flint went up in smoke. The fire was discovered in the second story of the building and two hours later the structure was a mass of blazing ruins. The building was completely gutted and the new machinery with which it was equipped found lodgement among the ruins in the basement. The grain elevator which formed part of the structure contained ten carloads of wheat all of which was roasted or ruined by fire and water. About 50 barrels of flour were saved. Two men were severely injured.

Frozen to Death While Drunk. The remains of Harry Johnson, a Finlander of Ludington, were found in a rowboat at the southeast corner of Pere Marquette lake. The body lay across the seat in the boat with the face down. The boat was half full of ice, and the head and legs of the man were frozen in this. It is supposed that he started to cross the lake. but having done a little drinking, lost his way and died from exposure.

Farmer Killed by a Train David Zoll, a farmer of Monterey, Allegan county, with a load of potatoes, was struck while crossing Seventeenth street, at Holland, by the Chicago & West Michigan fast mail: his skull was crushed and his shoulder broken. He died at the depot

Musk rat breeding is said to be the latest scheme of Maple Rapids capitalists cut all to pieces. Louisa Hahn is under arrest at Flint charged with using cancelled postage Herb. Colby's barn and all its constamps tents, including grain, hay and farming implements, The young ladies of Plymouth have port. Loss about \$1,000. organized themselves into a minstrel troupe. George Mussen, a hunter from Saranac Lake, N. Y., slipped on a log. His rifle was discharged, sending a bul-The state league of building and loan associations will meet in Albion on let through his thigh. He may re-December 12 and 13. cover.

The Peninsula mine, near Hancock, St. Ignace minors who are found on is being pumped out, preparatory to a the streets alone after 8 o'clock at resumption of work. night will spend 20 days in the city William Dungill, an 18-year-old col-

ored boy, was drowned at Dowagiac while skating on the pond. S. H. Durent, an architect from Beldstances, took some morphine at Adrian. ing, was sandbagged at Lakeview and robbed of \$157 and his watch.

The lifeless body of August Kindler, a German living alone near Sebewaing, was found hanging in his house.

Kalamazoo celery shipments are aggregating 70 tons a day. The total value of the crop will exceed \$50,000.

Kalamazoo has purchased the plant of the Kalamazoo electric company, and will hereafter do her own lighting.

A burglar entered the house of Seymour Devereaux at Muskegon and stole a carpet. Nothing else was touched

Ford, of Albion college, are arranging an expedition for the exploration of The Ann Arbor Women's Relief the country north of Lake Superior in Corps have raised \$3,000 for the erecthe direction of Hudson Bay. It will tion of a monument in memory of G. be for scientific purposes. A. R. veterans.

Lucius Sweet, a well-known business Mr. and Mrs. George Armstrong. man, and a pioneer of Battle Creek, of Hillsdale, have celebrated their over 70 years old, while driving in the golden wedding. They have lived country had his horses run away. He there since 1845. was thrown out and badly injured on the frozen ground, but may recover.

Lansing claims to be one of the Notton, the labor agitator who had healthiest towns in the state, her death rate being less than 10 per annum for much to do in causing the strike of the each 1,000 inhabitants. miners at Ironwood last summer, and who was arrested at the time and

There is quite a mystery at Battle locked up, has just been released with-Creek over the whereabouts of George out anything being done toward trying W. Davis, a well-known lawyer, and him. his strange disappearance.

The trial of Mrs. Marion Davis, losco county this year by hunters who of Big Rapids, charged with murderuse dogs that it has been suggested ing her baby last August by giving it carbolic acid, resulted in acquittal. Charles Olson died at Ludington as

the result of being run over by a in the county. switch engine. At the time of the accident he was under cars picking up coal.

Rev. W. A. Welcher, D. D., late pastor of the First Baptist church of Niles, has been convicted of practising at the rate of 25 miles an hour. with medical appliances without a license.

assed a resolution bonding the vil-The county clerk issued a call for a lage for \$2,000 as a bonus to M. O. special session of the board of super-Walker, of Mecosta, to erect a \$5,000 visors to fix a date for the special elecgrist mill, which will have a capacity tion of the electors of Eaton county to of 30 barrels of flour per day. The building of the mill will begin at once. vote on the repeal of the local option law.

Going home from a Polish dance at Grand Rapids, Albert Wosinsky was This lodge was the first founded in the attacked by two men. He drew a restate of Michigan, and, it is said, the volver to defend himself and shot himfirst west of the Allegheny mountains. self in the leg. His assailants escaped None of the original charter members unharmed. are living. A banquet was served, and

There is a scarcity of laborers in the a large number of visitors were present apper peninsula, and it is said that the from neighboring lodges. lumber operators are finding it difficult to get all the men they want. State Teachers' association discussed a Considerable work will be done this proposed law requiring all teachers, winter in the pineries.

county commissioners and county ex-Ray Ackerman, brakeman on the aminers in Michigan to be citizens of Grand Trunk, was terribly crushed at the United States. Another recom-Richmond while coupling cars. His mendation is that no person be granted

summer.

J. H. Beard, an old soldier living in NEWS OF ALL KINDS. Grand Rapids, was struck by an elec-tric car and instantly killed. He was

was burned at Spring

to secure a divorce.

there was a coal stove, which gener-

The village council of Lake City

The legislative committee of the

Buchanan, and who is wanted in South

Dakota for murder, recalls the strange

disappearance of Isaac Kahn, of South

A Canadian customs officer name

ated gas, causing suffocation.

EVENTS OF GENERAL INTEREST AND IMPORTANCE.

Li Hung Chang, Viceroy of China, Said to be a Traitor-Japan Refuses to Negotiate Peace With Detering - Inhuman

Butchery of Prisoners of War.

China's Peace Envoy Unsuccessful. London: Dispatches from Shanghai lock-up as a preventative against their doing so again. and Tokio say that the mission of Mr. Dietering, the Chinese customs official Mrs. Ed Hayes, in destitute circumwho was sent to Japan to sue for peace, has been a failure. In explanation the Japanese claim that Dietering but her life was saved. Her husband was not from the emperor of China, is in the Ionia prison, and she is trying but had been sent by Li Hung Chang or others who were not in a position to make a binding offer of a stipulated The 16-months'-old daughter of W. E. Cowden, at Galien, was suffocated indemnity, etc. by being left in a close room where

The Russian Bear Growls.

St. Petersburg: The Novoe Vremya The body of an unknown man was China's peace proposals renders it in-cumbent upon the powers to demand found on the railroad tracks near Bronson. Life was extinct and the body was horribly mutilated. The man explanations in regard to Japan's ultihad evidently been struck by the cars. mate objects.

Prof. Delos Fall and Prof. R. C. Horrible Barbarities at Port Arthur. London: Chinese fugitives who have arrived at Che Foo state that the Japanese sacked Port Arthur, shooting everyone, old and young, and that pil-lage and murder were supreme for

three days. They add that the dead are barbarously mutilated, their hands, noses and ears being chopped off, and say that other nameless atrocities were committed. No resistance was offered by the people. An explanation of this frightful work by the hitherto humane

Japs may be found in the fact that when the Japanese captured Ping Yang and Port Arthur they found the bodies of their comrades who had been previously made prisoners, chopped, hacked, mutilated and burned, and from the dead and wounded vanquished others. So many deer have been killed in

that the board of supervisors offer a bounty for every deer hound killed while on the track cf a deer anywhere Charles Wright, a trusty escaped recently from Ionia prison, and was captured at Chase. The sheriff attempted to take him back. Wright necessary to exterminate them. The mass of flesh with jumped off the train near Gowen and Japanese were further excited by find- semblance to human forms. escaped again. The train was moving ing the mutilated remains of Japanese prisoners. Some of these prisoners

had been burned alive. Japs Win Another Battle

Hiroshima: A detachment of the first Japanese army defeated a large force of Chinese in the viciuity of Motien mile and a half above Milan, Ill., four Lien, on the road to Moukden. The Japanese are said to have lost 40 killed Berrien county lodge No. 6, I.O.O.F., and wounded, but the Chinese loss was has celebrated its fiftieth anniversary. very large.

More Rumors of Peace.

Washington: An official who is in a position to know the facts, says that lapan has made a reply favoring China's peace proffer presented through United States Minister Denby. It still emains, however, for China to make it plain that she can and will execute what she has proposed, and until this is done there will be no cessation of

hostilities. Japan has augmented her navy by the purchase of the crack Chilean cruiser Esmeralda. The purchase price was over \$1,000,000 in gold, cash. Li Hung Chang Impeached as a Traitor.

sonn main will Rule or Ruins

Panama: Advices from Mangua indicate a grave situation in the Mosquito reservation. The British minister, Gosling, has notified Nicaragua that Great Britain refuses to recognize palate. The trouble arises from the highly adulterated state of the materials they have to work with, par-

used to raise or leaven the food. Cream-of-tartar and soda that are now procurable for domestic purposes contain large quantities of line, earth, alum and other adulterants, irequently from 5 to 25 per cent, and consequently vary so much in strength that no person can tell the exact quantity to use, or properly combine them, to insure ain is disposed to insist upon its protectorate over the reservation in order to base a claim of jurisdiction over perfect results. From using too nuck or too little, or because of the saulterthat part of the old reservation which ants in them, bitter, salt, yeilow or heavy biscuits or cakes are frequently they have contended extended as far mode. These adulterants, are also insouth as the eastern mouth of the Nicaragua canal. Should the claim be jurious to health.

maintained it would, of course, operate to prevent the United States from con-(semi-official) declares that the irrecon-ciliable attitude of Japan in refusing canal, if, indeed, it should not cause the abandonment of the project. LATER. - Dispatches from London say: The Bluefields incident has been settled, Great Britain having, upon the representations of the United States, admitted that Mr. Gosling, the British minister, exceeded bis authoremployed. ity. The affair may lead to his recall. Gen. Barrios, the special envoy, from Nicaragua to Great Britain, has received a dispatch from Managua sayfully tested, and so exactly propor-tioned and combined that it never fails ing that the convention of the Mosquito Indians has spontaneously resolved upon reincorporation with Nicaragua. This removes all grounds to produce the best and uniform results. An additional advantage in its for Great Britain's claim of a protectemployment comes from the fact that bread or other lood made with it may orate.

Three Foot Ball Players Killed

Southbridge, Mass., was the scene of a calamity resulting in the instant death of three young men, fatally injuring one and seriously injuring 12 The Southbridge foot ball they cut off the heads, mutilated them eleven was to play the Worcester in various ways and strung them to- Polytechnic Institute eleven, and gether with a rope passed through the was passing over the tracks of the mouth and gullet. The Japanese have New York & New England road on seen these ghastly remnants of their the way to the grounds in a large comrades. A barrel full of the muti- barge, when the vehicle was struck by lated remains were found by the Jap-a passenger engine. The wagon was anese after the battle of Ping Yang. demolished and its occupants scattered At Port Arthur the Japanese reported in every direction, three members of the that civilians fired upon them from the eleven being killed outright, and were houses, and they therefore deemed it ground into a mangled and bleeding but slight, re

ong and 52 feet high. First Section of Hennepin Canal Openeo Although a whale's mouth, when A large crowd attended the formal opening of the completed portion of the Hennepin canal. The gates of the wide open, is about 12 by 18 feet in the Hennepin canal. dimensions, its throat is so small that

a hen's egg might choke it. According to Gray, Michelet and and one-quarter miles from the Mississippi, were opened and the canal partly filled with water. The dam at guard Dobby, three eminent botanists, there is not a single known species of marine plant containing vegetable lock makes the channel of the Rock river navigable for 10 miles above and poisons. leaves 15 miles of canal ready for use A Spokane theater has just been

next year. The completed section pierces the rich Illinois coal fields, and will be used, it is understood, as soon as navigation opens in the spring.

Wei

drives.

he fell on. Some Prospects of Peace in China.

Princess Bismarck is Dead.

he has been able to resume his daily

It is officially announced that Japan Frost bells are tolled in some disecognizes that the United States min tricts of France when frost is threatster at Tokio, Mr. Dun, is a suitable ened Immediately the inhabitants channel through which China can open place quantities of tar between the up negotiations for peace. The powers will not take any part in the negotia-tions. They will simply remain specrows of vines. The tar is lighted and

Housekeepers frequently wonde why it is that they cannot make bis cuit and cake that are light and palatable and that taste as delicious as the biscuit and cake made by their mothers and grandmothers, the delightful memory of which even to this day creates a sensation of pleasure to the

be eaten while hot without Sour of in

digestion or any unpleasant results,

while being equally sweet, moist and grateful to the palate when cold.

FACTS AND EVENTS.

The New York Herald was starte

Harvard distributes \$20,000 in

scholarships among her undergradu-

An instrument at Rome registered

Japanese earthquake, nearly a

fourth of the earth's circumference

The celebrated sphinx, the figure of

the crouching monstrosity near the

great pyramid, is 172 feet and 6 inches

mulcted in \$800 because of the fall of

an acrobat from a lofty trapeze. It

was not the acrobat who got the

money, but the man in the audience

in 1835.

ates.

away.

Perfection in Cake-Making.

on the subject indicates that the point is well taken. Freeman and Gester are mining prospectors whose habits are migratory. They arrived in San Francisco recently after a long and winding scout for precious metals in the mountains of San Bernardino and Inyo counties. Mr. Freeman volunteered the information that he had passed through an experience which, in suf-

THE BURROS DIED

But the Prospectors Who Crossed the

Desert Managed to Survive.

than a burro. That is the conclusion

that Henry Freeman and Jacob Gester

have reached, and their story bearing

A man can stand more hardships

fering, outdid anything that he could expect to find in the infernal regions during twice the length of time. "Gester and I had been knocking around the mountains and canyons for

several weeks," said Mr. Freeman. 'We had four burros, two to ride and All this trouble may be avoided by two to carry our packs of tools and the use of the popular Royal Baking provisions. The burros are dead: Powder. Where this preparation is Gester and I are alive, but mighty employed in the place of cream-of-tarshaky. We had poor luck and struck tar and soda, its perfect leavening power alw lys insures light, flaky, nothing with color in it for a long ligestable kiscuit, cakes and pastry, time. Finally, we decided to strike that are perfectly wholesome and free from the impurities invariably present out for a locality where few, if any. white men had ever gone before. We when the old raising preparations are crossed the desert country south of Death Valley about-I can't remem-

The Roval Baking Powder, we are ber dates, because I didn't know informed by the most reliable scientists, is perfectly pure, being made from highly refined ingredients, care-Wednesday from Sunday. "Well, then we headed for the

Funeral mountains, east of the borax beds. There was some game to be had, and our supply of provisions held out very well, but the further east we went the scarcer the water became, and what there was of it was rank poison. In one of the gulches of the Funeral range we found a running spring with water as clear as crystal. Gester and I drank with great gulps, and so did the burros. This was about two hours before sunset on a day that was as hot as hades. Well, sir, five minutes after we drank that water my partner and I and the burros began to suffer agonies worse than leath. My insides seemed to be on fire, and I felt as if some lusty fireman was dragging out my intestines with a fire hook. It was nip and tuck between Gester and me and the burros as to which could squirm and kick and make the most horrible noise. Before the sun set two of the animals were dead. The other two partially recovered.

"After a couple of days' rest-having in the meantime discovered a scant quantity of dirty, but less poisonous water-we set to work again, and very soon discovered some very rich gold-bearing quartz. It carried free gold, at least \$300 to the ton, and we lrove stakes on the claims. But we might as well have saved ourselves the trouble, because, so far as I am concerned-and I know Gester is of the same mind-I wouldn't go back to that accursed region for a million. No, sir! It's death, death everywhere. Poison in the water, burning death in the sunlight, annihilation in the scorching winds. There is no water with which to work the ore or quench the thirst of man or beast. It would be next to an impossibility to cart the ore to a place

the Nicaraguan government at Bluefields. After an exchange of views, Minister Gosling telegraphed to Port Limon for a British warship to come at once to Bluefields. It is reported that the Nicaraguan canal project is at the bottom of the matter, and serious trouble is feared. Washington: The United States

ticularly the cream-of-tartar and soda steamship Columbia, which has been lying at Kingston, Jamaica, has gone directly to Bluefields. The mention of the Nicaragua canal as being the real cause of the British action goes to confirm the suspicions that Great Brit-

while being transferred from the train to the platform.

An Old Soldier's Sad Death.

Angus McConachie, an inmate of the 'Soldiers' Home, was found dead on the river bank, near Grand Rapids. He was drunk when last seen at a road house, and it is supposed fell into the river, which is only three feet deep, and was able to pull himself to shore only to perish from exposure.

Murder at Iron Mountain.

John Treglorn and Samuel Daniels got into a row over a rooster fight at Iron Mountain which finally resulted in Treglorn shooting Daniels. The bullet entered over Daniels's right eye, and he died a few hours later. Treglorn was soon after arrested and confined in the city prison.

MICHIGAN HAPPENINGS.

A poultry show will be held at Ionia, December 25-28.

Six weeks ago Herman Schwartz was killed in a Bay City sawmill, and now his widow has married again.

Roy Ewing, of Tustin, was dragged, kicked and bruised by runaway horses, and his recovery is doubtful.

Owen McManus, of Iron Mountain, went for a walk and in an hour returned with his feet frozen. Amputation was necessary.

Chicago parties have purchased the old Niles fair grounds and will turn them into a racing resort of the first class. The track will be ready for next season.

Prosper C. Johnson, of Girard, imported 30 hogs from Nebraska. They seemed to do well for a season, but latter began to sicken and die. Of the 30 but three remain.

Edward Pfister, farmer near Harbor Springs, stole two of a neighbors sheep, was arrested, mortgaged his farm to pay the fine and ended his fun by marrying an Indian woman.

The Marshall school board has appointed two truant officers to canvass the city in order to ascertain how many children are out of school in vio lation of the compulsory school law.

Officers arrested five tramps south of Vicksburg, on suspicion of being the parties who burglarized F. J. Bauer's hoe store at Schoolcraft of 20 pairs of ladies' shoes. Two of the men answered the descriptions.

The celebrated Crouch murders occurred in Jackson county just 11 years ago. In settling the estate the homestead fell to Jud Crouch and constituted a fortune of more than \$50,000. Rumor says it is all dissipated and a mortgage is now foreclosing on part of the famous old property.

Chicago officers tried to arrest William G. Gill, an Albion student, on the charge of robbing W. T. Robinson at the Windsor hotel in August last. The evidence was very slim, consisting only in a cell boy's statement. and Gov. Rich refused to issue a requisition. Gill still denies the story and is be-lieved at Albion.

left leg was smashed to a pulp and his a certificate to teach in this state who arm badly mangled. He is a single uses tobacco in any form. man and resides at Owosso.

James A. Way, of Marshall, prominent as the bookkeeper in the First Na-tional bank for years, returned to his home after eating Thanksgiving din-ner with the family of Mrs. J. C. Frink, and in a few moments was dead. Rev. Joseph St. John, the alleged

despoiler of young girls, of Bay City, has written a letter to his wife from Montreal, where he now is, asking for

forgiveness and some money. The lat-ter request was not complied with. Joseph Gordon, a colored man of Ypsilanti, tried to hold up a saloon-keeper at Adrian and failed. Being

arrested, he tried to shoot the officers and failed because his cartridges were center fire and his weapon rim fire.

snag when they arrested Antoine Rivard near Grand Rapids for shipping Freeman Gardner, of Hudson, had an attack of vertigo while carrying a lighted lamp. He fell to the floor and the blazing oil was poured over his clothes. But for timely assistance Indian hailing from Fort Wayne, Ind., and claims that under an old statute he must have been burned to death. One of the saddest deaths that ever occurred at Kalamazoo was that of rights under this old law. little Willie Ern who was homeless Smooth and intellectual-looking and almost penniless. Under his pillow

was found \$2.50 which he had saved up. It took \$2 of it to dig his grave. Martin Meddaugh, a farmer near

Yale, committed suicide by cutting his throat. He was found by his son on the back part of the farm. He had used a large pocket knife and nearly severed the head from the body. No cause is given for the act. up as promissory notes.

The '95 lits of the University at Ann Arbor have decided to purchase a pronze bust of President Angell and place it either on the campus or in the art gallery. The unveiling ceremony will commemorate the 25th year of President Angell's administration.

The Haslett Park association deny that they have any idea of removing their spiritualist headquarters from market for their potatoes. Haslett Park, at Lansing, to Island The many crimes now being laid at Lake, and ask the supreme court to the hands of Geo. Swearenger, who so dissolve the temporary injunction recruelly assaulted his son-in-law near

cently obtained by Frank J. Haslett. A '95 student from Indiana, giving his name as Edwin Dewitt, was arrested at Ann Arbor on a charge of Bend. Ind., about 20 years ago. Kahn stealing \$400 worth of instruments and Swearenger started for Chicago from the physical laboratory. They were found in his room. He claims he with a lot of hogs. Kahn disappeared and while the case was being looked was only holding them for another into Swearenger dropped out of sight person.

and the affair was always a mystery. What may prove to be one of the most valuable coal finds of recent J. B. Sutherland, for many years resident of Detroit, but who has lived years near Saginaw has been discovin a small shanty near Copemish, died ered in Albee township. It is on the property of the Albee Coal company and was buried in the Cleon township cemetery. The deceased, who was about 70 years of age, was at one time quite well off, and held the position of master mechanic on the Michigan and the work of developing the find will begin at once. It was struck 55 feet below the surface.

Central railway. He had several mar-ried children, who are in good circum-Edward Fairbothers, Guy, Custer, Al Barnes and Henry Root, all young stances. His request was that they be oys, were arrested at Hastings, for not informed of his death until after olding up Robert Hubbard last Aurust and robbing him of \$2, a silver he was buried. watch and a quart of whisky. The watch was pawned at Grand Rapids Howe. of Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., fell and the pawn ticket lead to their under the cars near Trout Lake, and one of his arms was cut off.

1The records and paraphenelia neces London: According to a dispatch from Shanghai, a sensation was caused sary to make St. Joseph the county there by a memorial to the throne. seat of Berrien county was removed from Berrien Springs amidst a great jubilation. Thirty wagons containing the goods formed a procession, with a band at the head, from the old county seat to the new. Every citizen of the latter participated in the celebration. The city council at Grand Rapidshas granted the Harrison Telephone company a franchise to establish an ex-change in that city. The maximum charges are to be \$24 for residences and \$36 for business places. The company will be organized at once, and it

signed by over 120 high officials, impeaching L1 Hung Chang and charging him with corruption, peculation and deception. The memorial also says that Li Hung Chang rejoiced at the Japanese victories, and prevented the Chinese from achieving success. He is said to have represented that China was prepared for war when he knew the contrary was the case. Li Hung Chang is also said to be implicated with Prince Kung, the emperor's uncle, and president of the Tung Li Lamen and president of the admiralty,

s expected the exchange will be in who was recently appointed dictator, and with the Tatoai Wu and the comoperation with 1,000 subscribers next mander of the Chinese forces at Port The game wardens ran against a Arthur. These three officials are said by the signers of the memorial to be

guilty of high treason and of selling state secrets and war material to the venison out of the state. He is an enemy. They are further charged with investing money in Japan, with Indians can shoot deer and do as they harboring treasonable designs against pleased with the carcases. Rivard is quite intelligent and will fight for his the Chinese empire and with conspiring to procure the overthrow of China.

Nebraska Farmers Starving.

The destitution in those western Nebraska counties devastated by the swindlers are working country school directors in Kent. Ionia and adjacent counties. They claim to represent H. M. Pattengill, state superintendent of drouth is growing daily, notwithstanding efforts to aid the suffering farmers. public instruction, and that they are Mayor Bemis, of Omaha, has issued an sent out to introduce uniform text appeal in which he says; "Information" books. They visit the directors singly has come to me from the most reliable sources that the suffering among the farmers in the drouth stricken districts and ask them to sign orders for the new books and the orders later turn of our state is exceedingly severe.

Families are on the verge of starva-Another industry has been added to tion; mothers have nothing in which Saginaw's manufacturing institutions to wrap their babes and have no clothin the shape of the American Potato for themselves, except dresses ing Flour company, which recently burned out at Fostoria, O., the stockholders of made from gunny sacking; underwear and shoes are almost unknown, and which reside in Detroit. This winter employment will be given to 50 l ands, fuel is a luxury only to be dreamed of. and next fall it is expected the number will be increased to 150. This factory constitute the only food. will give the farmers an excellent

jured in a runaway.

crude implements.

ferences were arbitrated.

Father Rossignoli, an Italian who seven stores, the Methodist church and has been imprisoned by the Mahdists several dwellings and barns. for 10 years, has escaped by the aid of a native Christian.

Six Sailors Drowned. Robert Earnest, steward of Witten-The fishing schooner Gracie H. Benberg college, Springfield, O., was in-stantly killed and his son badly inson was sunk in a collision with the steamer Reading, of the Philadelphia & Reading line, at the entrance of The New York shirtmakers will ac- Boston harbor. Six of the Benson's cept a 10 per cent reduction and return crew were drowned.

to work rather than strike. Their dif-Dr. Francis J. Whittemore and Geo.

H. Bastley, of New York City, were An unusually rich gold find has been killed by an elevated train at the struck in the Okonogon district, Wash-ington, in the Cascade range. In a claims that one of them deliberately veek two men cleared up \$12,000 with jumped in front of the locomotive, and that the other fell on the track while Czar Nicholas, of Russia, issued a attempting to save his friend.

manifesto of clemency remitting ar-A woman tramped five miles to Ft. rears of taxes and modifying sentences, Gibson, I. T., to flag the eastbound on the occasion of his marriage to train on the Kansas & Arkansas Valley Princess Alix of Hesse. railway. Twenty-five members of the

Peter Schumacher, of the Cleveland Athletic Club, and Tom McMahon, of Detroit, wrestled for the middleweight championship at Cleveland, O. Schu-macher lost the first full but was the macher lost the first full, but won the give the alarm, and the robbers fied. .ast two and the match

volumes of dense smoke protecting the vines. tators. It is considered that China is

in a position to pay the Japanese de-A New York notary public who mands, if the war ceases now, Japan to hold Port Arthur until her demands took an acknowledgement from a person he did not know, to an order are satisfied. The destination of the for money deposited in a bank, was third Japanese expedition which is now afloat is supposed to be Wei-Haisued by the real depositor for the money thus abstracted and now has to make good the whole amount. The Indians about Wenatchee,

Wash., have been expressing their Berlin: Princess Bismarck, wife of disapproval of what they consider a Prince Bismarck, died at Varzin. She great act of sacrilege on the part of was in poor health for a long time. the Great Northern railroad com-Her illness became pronounced two months ago. All the family were at her bedside. Count Herbert Bismarck pany. The cause of the complaint is that the Great Northern railroad has was present when his mother passed occasion to blast out some large rocks away. Although it is feared that the effect of his wife's death upon the which are covered with hieroglyphics. These rocks the Indians regard as saprince will be serious, it is satisfactory to add that the great chancellor has been in better health lately and that cred, the hieroglyphics being a record of the Wenatchee Indian tribe, their

battles, deaths, etc.

CHEAP AND DEAR CLOTHING. The coronation robes of Napoleon New Rules for Diagnosing Lung Diseases An edition of 100,000 copies of Prof. cost \$4,000.

A Greek hat in the time of Pericles "Juter in South Africa. cost ten cents. Mary, queen of Scott, once paid

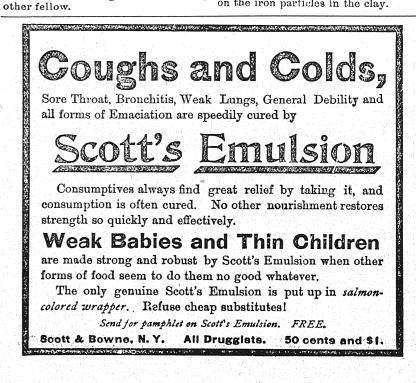
\$2,000 for a dress. Patron, pushing his cup away-You've made a mistake, waiter. I didn't order tea; I ordered coffee. Waiter, examining the beveragethat's coffee, bring me a cup of tea. Quericus-How and such a place ever get the reputation of being a great health resort? Cynicus-Two or three prominent men died there. First Man-That woman used to be my wife. Second Man-She's mine now, sir. First Man - Well, you needn't get huffy about it. You'll

where life could be sustained for any length of time. I am satisfied there are thousands of great fortunes in those hills and gulches, but it's my opinion they will remain there a long ime."

Mr. Freeman then gave a graphic account of the retreat toward civilization and habitable regions. For nearly two days and nights he and Gester and the two burros had not one drop of water. The men were on the verge of madness, because the heat was intense. The mules tottered and groaned, and hung their tongues out of the corners of their mouths. When almost within sight of a little mountain stream of pure water, not far from the Santa Fe railroad, the burros lay down and died, almost in the same breath. But Freeman and Gester reached the railroad, flagged a freight train, and left the land of orrors; with a pledge to each other never to return. Freeman says he will seek a cooler climate and better

Lightning Makes a Ball of Iron

A remarkable discovery was recently made while workmen were tearing down a building at Pesth, Hungary. When they removed the lightning rod, which had been erected some That is coffee, sir. Patron-Well, if fifteen years previous, a large mass of pure iron was found firmly attached to the lower end. The lump was porous as a sponge, but pure and very heavy, the piece, which was not more than twice as large as the average man's head, weighing forty-six pounds. There is but one way of accounting for the peculiar position of this ball of iron-it had been brought together have a chance to get back at some and shaped by the action of lightning other fellow



N. R. Amick's new treatise on lung diseases has just been sent out to physicians by the Amick Chemical

ompany, of Cincinnati, O, compounders of Dr. Amick's Chemical Treat ment. Old practitioners say the book contains the most complete set of rules for diagnosing consumption ever pub-lished. The disease is divided into listinct phases and stages, enabling the least experienced to determine the condition of the patient's lungs. Indications for treating complications re given, together with many valuble prescriptions. The company will distribute from Cincinnati a large free

the country.

Metamora, O., Nearly Destroyed. fael is a luxury only to be dreamed of. Metamora, a village in the northeast Among these farmers the greens of corner of Fulton county, O., was almost potato tops and mouldy bread often completely destroyed by fire. Fanned

by a strong gale the fire burned the entire business section, embracing

addition to consumptives throughout

Great Clothing Sale!

Ceg y

-OF-

≪THE & GLOTHIER≫ CONTINU STIL

 \times

DON'T MISS THIS SALE

 \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times

Come and be convinced that you can do better here than at any

other store in the city.

A DEG Y L.DC.

T. H. Stevenson, James Starr, and H. H. Patterson were in Deckerville Sun

A number from this vicinity attended the sale of Samuel Brown on Saturday.

Striffler were in vicinity of Cass City on Thanksgiving. Rev. McKive will preach at the M. E. church Sunday. Services will com-mence at eleven o'clock a. m.

The ball on Thanksgiving night was a complete success. A large crowd was present and all enjoyed themselves. Boys keep your whips and robes locked up when you come to town and

tie your cart wheels fast to the barn. Especially on Sunday evening. The marriage of A. J. McLachlin was quite a surprise to everybody. He was married last week to Mrs. E. C. Holman, of Kansas City. A. J. is one of the oldest settlers of the vicinity

and he has the best wishes of the community for a happy journey through ife.

WICKWARE.

H. N. Sansburn started for Virginia Monday. John Hudson called near Marlette,

Monday. Sam Brown had an auction sale last

Saturday. Mrs. A. Wickware was on the sick last week

John Wheeler is threshing his clover this week H. Kivel is rushing the store build-

ing these fine days.

D. Heffelbower is laid up with a lame back this week. N.V. Rockiefellow, of Gagetown, is our

call.

new blacksmith. Stop and give him a A. Wickware has been appointed sup-

prvisor in place of James McNeil, re-Henry Gordon haa returned from last.

the north, and reports good success hunting. H. B. Burt and family will start for

Ryno, Mich,, Friday where they will stop this winter.

EAST GRANT.

Jim Quinn is home from the woods. E. A. Knight returned from Canada on Friday. A social at the Heron church or Tuesday evening. Prayer meeting at Mr Reader's on Thursday evening. Frank Reader is suffering from a felon on his finger. DIED:-On Nov, 25th, youngest child of Mr. and Mrs. Harrison.

Mrs. H. Horbal is quite ill at presen. Dr. Deming is attending her. Mr. Walters' baby, who has been quite ill the past week, is improving.

Rev. Pollard, of Ubly, preached in the Heron school house Sunday evenciety

Mr. and Mrs. David Murphy, of Cass | empty one.

City, visited friends in this vicinity on Miss Anna Battel visited with her sister, Mrs. Parr, of Rescue, on Thurs-day and Friday.

A small boy recently made the re-mark that he believed the boys in the school he attended used all the swear-John McPhail and Miss Christiana ing words there was

Mrs. Davidson returned from Canada, Saturday, where she has been vis-iting relatives and friends the past two months. She was accompanied home by her father.

MARRIED :-- On Thanksgiving, at the home of the bride, by Rev. Fenn, of Cass City, Luther Carrol to Miss Alice, youngest daughter of Marvin Moore. We wish the happy couple a pleasan journey through life.

ELLIN GTON Colto Mantana Chas. Wickware has returned from his huut up North.

Ben Southworth, Jr., has returned from his visit at Maple Ridge. Mr. Barraga bought the Stull forty of J. F. Seely vacated by S. P. Jones. Clarence S. Quick has been visiting with a cousin from outside for the past

two weeks. Mrs. B. McKenney spent a few days the past week visiting with her daugh ter, Mrs. Bailey.

Simon P. Jones has finished moving his family to the Silas Brumley place that he will work the ensuing year.

Rev. and Mrs. Wm. Hutchinson par took of a Thanksgiving dinner with Mrs. Martha May and family Thursday. Rev. Wm. Hutchinson started last Friday for Jackson county where he will aid in revival meetings for several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Hollister, Mr. and Mrs. B. Hollister, and others enjoyed a thanksgiving dinner with Levi Whipple and family last Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Travis Leach, Mrs. and I. B. Kenney ate Thanksgiving dinner with Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Bailey, and Miss. Sarah McKenney on Thursday

There will be a social entertainment at the school-house in District No. 1 of Ellington on Friday evening, Dec. 14th. Proceeds to go to purchase a District school library.

Levi Whipple went to Canboro last Sunday to see his wife and Mrs. Whipple's daughter, Mrs. J. Brackenbury, who is blessed with a young daughter. He returned home Monday night.

Died at the home of her mother, Mrs. Rondo, on Satuaday Dec. 1, Mrs. Sar-ah Hutchinson, wife of O. R. Hutchinson, of consumption. The deceasedhas been sick for about a year from that complaint and has been a great sufferer for several months past until death came to her relief on Saturday last. She leaves a husband, two children, a mother, three brothers and two sisters to mourn her loss. She was 34 years 9 months and 17 days old at her Buy Carpets of us. death. She was buried in the Elling-

ton cemetery on Dec. 3rd.

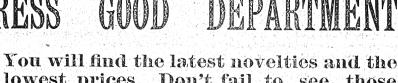
An old bachelor is the tramp of so-

MICHICAN



You are by this time racking your brain to know what yov will buy for your friends for a Christmas present. We want to help you out by calling your attention to our line of substantial goods which will make servi-

cible as well as appropriate gifts. If you want to beautify your home and can't find anything to please like our line of



IN OUR

lowest prices. Don't fail to see those new patterns.

 \times **

TLOAKS

Our Ladies' and Children's cloaks are in big demand because we have the best fitting, finest material and lowest price. Don't fail to see what you can get for \$5.

See Special Drive in Dress Goods.

->-0-64C

 \times

Buy our "nibs" 35c tea.

REAT CLOSING OU

CHARLES MONTAGUE & CO.,

One great avalanche of goods that must be cleared away. High prices will be swept away in this our closing out sale. We are determined to close the en tire stock by 26th Jan. '95, and goods will be slaughtered regardless of cost.

SPECIAL SILK SALE.

This is the store for the people to buy Silks in, if they only want to pay a small amount of money for silk. We will give you the best that money can buy in the market at the price, or the latest novelty at closest cut price. 18 inch China silk, extra heavy closing out price 19c. 18 inch fancy China silk suitable for waists to close 29c.

- 18 inch fancy Jaffeta sflk former price 75c to clear 39c. 20 inch fancy checks desirable coloring former price 95c now to clear 59c.
- 22 inch fancy striped silks regular 1.25 quality to clear 69c. 22 inch fancy silks and Rhadames sold regularly at 1.35 our
- closing price 79c. 22 inch Swivel silks and satins worth 1.25 to close 1.09.

CLOSING OUT DRESS GOOD SALE

There is nothing in the world like it, everybody says our Dress Goods are the most complete, and at the lowest ever offered in Tuscola county. We would not for a moment cast any reflections upon the small retail houses in the county, but when it is a question of cut in prices and also giving quality, We are the house to give the close cut prices. 36 inch Heavy Suitings former price 20c our closing price 11c.

36 inch Fancy Cheorons cheap at 25c our closing price 15c. 36 inch Reversible Suiting always sold at 25c our closing

price 17c. 36 inch Silk finished Henrietas former price 25c to clear 19c. 50 inch Wicot cloth worth 40c to closs 25c. 36 inch all wool Henriettas our 35c quality to clear 20c.

42 inch Silk finished Henriettas our 50c quality to close 35c. All our 46 inch Serges and Henriettas our regular 75c lines to clear 55c.

46 inch silk finished Henriettas our 6oc. quality to close 4oc. All our 1.00 Henriett2s in black and colored to clear 69c. Fancy German dress patterns our former price 1.00 per yard to clear 75c. 50 inch all wool mixed suitings sold this season at 75c sale

price 5oc. yd.

All our Scotch Tweed dress patterns that were 3.75 and 4.00 now to clear 2.75. All our Covert cloth dress patterns former price 3.50 now to

clear 2.50. 36 inch all wool fancy plaids our 50c quality sale price 35c.

CLOAK DEPARTMENT.

The remarkable success that has attended our Cloak Sales, attests the facts that quality and style are important factors in our selections of cloaks. We have decided to make a wide swath in our stock, and with this in view we will make prices to suit the most economical buyer. All our 25.00 coats to close at 12.50. All our 20.00 coats to close at 10,00. All our 15.00 coats to close at 7.50. All our 12.00 coats to close at 6.00. All our 10.00 coats to close at 5.00. Black coney capes at 2.25. Black Sable capes at 5.00. Black Astrachan capes from 7.00, 9.75, 12.00 up. All these capes are from 30 to 36 inches long and wide sweep, and very desirable goods at the lowest prices.

DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT.

AS. MONTAGUE &

30 yds yard wide unbleached cotton for 1.00. Best Henriettas former price 8c yd sale price 4 cents.

Heavy dress ginghams formerly 8 and 10c now to clear 4. 25 yards heavy Canton flannel for 1.00. Heavy tickings for 5c a yard. Extra quality towling for 3c a yard. All our 7 and 8c Flannellettes to close at 5c. a yard. Heavy Shirtings that were 8 and 10c to close at 6c. All our linen towelling former price 8 and 10c a yard now 6. Peerless carpet warp 85c a bunch for colored. Heavy linen towls at 20c pair. Ladies' heavy all wool hose in black or grey 16c. Ladies Heavy fleeced Vests regular 50c quality sale price 25c.

TEAS.

Have you tried all sorts of Teas and failed to get the one that always suited? Some were good only part of the time and some were only fairly good all of the time, were they not? BUT—Our teas are always good all the way through the chest, all of the time. Its always new the qual-ity uniform. We guarantee every pound of it. We will give you 6 lbs 20c quality tea for 1.00. We will give you 5 lbs 25c quality tea for 1.00. We will give you 4lbs 30c quality tea for 1.00. We will give you 3lbs 40c quality tea for 1.00.

COFFEES.

Are you a lover of high grade coffee? Something that is pleasant to the taste, add free from adulteration. Then try a pound of our celebrated Chase & Sansborn's Java & Mocha. We sell more coffee than any 2 houses in the county as its quality that we give, and our reputation for high grade coffees is established. We solicit a trial from you.

GARDENS.

The wide fair gardens, the rich lush gardens, Which no man planted, and no man tills, Their strong seeds drifted, their brave bleon

Near and far o'er the vales and hills: Sip the bees from their cups of sweetness, Poises above them the wild free win; And night and morn from their doors are borne

The dreams of the tunes that blithe hearts

The wavin gardens, the fragrant gardens That toss in the sun by the broad highway, Growing together, gorse and heather, Astor and golden-rod all the day. Poppies sark with the wine of slumber, Daisies bright with the look of dawn. The gentian blue, and the lon (year through The flowers that carry the seasons on

And the dear old gardens, the pleasan gardens Where mother used to potter about.

Tying and pullin; and sparin(ly culling. And watching each bud as its flower lau theo

Hollyhocks here, and the prince's feather, Larkspur and primrose, and lilles white Sweet were the dear old fashioned gardens

Where we kissed the mother, and said "Good-night." -Harper's Bazar. Lady Latimer's Escape. BY CHARLOTTE M. BRAEME. CHAPTER I. Fate is Against Some People From the

Cradle to the Grave. "Change is the law of wind and moon and

lover -And yet I think, lost Love, had you been true, Some golden fruits had ripened for your You will not find in gardens that are new "

Many years have come and gone in devoted to one another. There was my life since this eventful one of which no quarreling, a terrific fight among my story tells. My name is Audrey the boys did not always mean a quar-Lovel, and I am the eldest daughter rel. There was no selfishness: there of the Reverend Archibald Lovel, and is no such school for learning self-de-Millicent, his wife. The Reverend nial and self-control as a large family. Archibald has been for many years About two miles from the vicarage stood the grandest mansion in the vicar of St. Hubert's church at King's Lorton. He lives in a beautiful, oldcounty, the residence of Lord Latimer. the greatest man in the county, and it fashioned vicarage, just outside the town of King's Lorton, a house such was called Lorton's Cray. It was the wonder of our childish lives. A magas you see in illustrated Christmas annificent mansion, with thick, gray, nuals, with gable ends and great stacks of chimneys, and great winivy-covered walls. It had been built dows with pleasant seats in the deep in the reign of Queen Elizabeth, and bays. Tangle of roses and jasmine held every beauty of the architecture cover it in the summer; in the winter of that period. The rooms were all there is a wealth of green holly. A large and lofty, with great windows; large, old-fashioned garden surrounds the floors and staircases were all of polished oak; the ceilings painted, the where every kind of tree grows it. and flower blooms. A bright, sunny entrance hall a marvel of stainedorchard lies beyond that, the gates of glass windows, with a magnificent which lead into the clover meadow, and groined roof.

at the foot of the meadow runs the clear, deep, beautiful river Linne, the loveliest river in England, and the great torment of my mother's life, for the boys were always coming to grief | days afterward. The picture-gallery over it, either skating when the ice was not an inch thick, or swimming held some priceless paintings. The when the current was too strong rowing when the wind was against them-fishing and falling head-first fine collection of modern paintings. into the stream. That river was the one blot on my mother's otherwise happy life.

My father, not being by any means a rich man, was blessed with the usual large number of children. He was heard to say, despairingly, that he should cease to count them after the number of seven was reached.

We were nine in all. Six hearty, | ered with gold; chairs, couches, healthy, hungry boys, and three girls. | lounges the same. From the large I was the eldest. Then came the

My father took life very easily-the oys seemed to look upon him as a be-The news of Lord Latimer's mareved friend and a natural enemy; no riage and return spread like wild-fire kirmishes were indulged in in his over the country; nothing else was spoken of. presence, no practical jokes. When hey had misbehaved themselves to "It will be good for us and good for the poor," said my father. "Lord a ny great extent, they were very wary in turning corners, lest he should Latimer is very generous. spring upon them suddenly, and a pe-But I noticed one thing-my father culliar shrill whistle was the signal for

clearing the coast; it meant that he was coming, and that summary justice might be expected. My father was a well-bred gentleman, and a splendid scholar; he spent the greater part of his life in writing and reading. His income was a small one, but my mother managed it.

My mother was one of the sweetest and most gracious of women, loved by everyone, the soul of generosity and kindness. She never maised her voice, even to the boys. She was essentially a motherly woman, and the boys were the prides the delight, the torment, and joy, of her life. She was wellborn, well directs a lady in every sense of the well. She could make puddings and cakes, darn stockings, al.1 yet in the drawing room she had all the graces and sweet stateliness of an accomplished lady. I may mention that the boys' wardrobe was something fearful to behold, but my mother un-

derstood it There was no affluence, no luxury in our house; and, indeed, there was a difficulty in making both ends meet. But we were very happy, very loving,

ualities. Our children were all on the qui

vive to see the new lady of Lorton's Cray. We heard that the old lord had suddenly returned without having given one moment's warning, bringing with him his young wife and her lady's-maid. She was beautiful, they

CHAPTER II.

said, as an angel, her hair glittered dawn of the morning. She wore rich jewels. Some said she was proud and capricious, others that she was most loving and gentle. Every one gave a different opinion of her, and she had made a different impression on every

person who had seen her-from which fact my father argued that she must be a wonderful woman. Lord Latimer rode over to see my of atten ion which delighted him. He behaved most generously-he gave him a check for the poor, a check for

the church; he promised to assist with some alterations on which my father had set his heart; he inquired after the number of children at the vicarage, smiled when he heard there were six bors; he was-and we all liked him best for that-most amiable and agreeable to our dear mother; he spoke of his wife, said the journey had tired her, and that she was not quite well-but there was a curious tightening of the lips as he spoke of her.

The next day was Sunday, and we were all interested, knowing that we should see Lady Latimer at church. I need not say that our family pew was sight to be remembered. Nine healthy, happy faces ornamented it. am sorry to add that the conduct of the inmates was not always above suspicion. If Bob looked particularly devout, or Archie collected and calm, I knew that a dire catastrophe impended. It is not in boys' nature to remain quiet for more than ten min-

Once or twice in our lives we had utes, if for so long. been allowed to go through this house. I am ashamed to confess with what It produced such an impression on the longing of impatience we awaited the boys that they were silent for some coming of the Lorton's Cray party to church. Bob, who excelled himself ran the whole length of the house, and in wickedness that morning, was busy, could see, making a caricature on portraits of the Latimers for many one side of the leaves of his prayergenerations past hung there, with a book. Archie was making a desperate effort to become possessed of it. Mil-The drawing-room was a magnificent lie, seated between the two belligerapartment; we held our breath as we ents, had a terrible time of it, and stood on the threshhold; even Bob and looked ready to cry. Archie collapsed-they were speech-I had just restored order when they

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

Swimming Cavalry.

He Was a Villain.

Eliza-You know he was a widower

Friend-Well, I wouldn't mind it.

First Discovery of Coal in America.

There are strong reasons for believ-

they were courting.

less. It was all white and gold. came. I saw something that looked There was no color except the rich to me like a vision of grace and lovelibloom of the rare flowers that stood in ness floating up the aisle of the old the jardinieres; the hangings were of church. I saw rich silk and velvet white velvet and white satin embroidsweep the ground, priceless lace fall

ROGER AND I.

sailed, I wrote a line to Roger Der-It is a very simple story. My name is Marian Ray, and I was twenty years had found awaiting me. I told him that old when I first met Roger McDermott he was free; our engagement was at at Cohassett, where I was passing the an end. And with quiet scorn I warned him not to write to me, for if he did, I would burn his letters unopened. summer. We-my mother and I, who never spoke of any other quality of composed our entire family circle-had And Roger Dermott knew that I never the earl. He was generous, and he strayed to this quiet place because we broke my word. I slipped the ring inte attended church regularly-two fine knew that her lease of life was not for the envelope, and so, it was all over,

very long, and I grasped at any suggesin New York; and there the fever seized tion of possible relief to her, even as the me. I went down to the gates of death drowning catch at straws, forgetting but my feet were staid at the portals; how frail they are. And it was terriso I and stern realities. ble to me to think that I must be left alone in the great, wide world-alone and poor.

We were always together-my mother like gold, and her face was fair as the and I-for she was more like an elder sister than a parent, and we clung closdresses of strange texture, and rare er now, for we felt that the time was short.

Therefore, I made her life as pleasant and easy as possible, and her only anxiety was for my lonely, unprotected future, when we must leave her out ever now! under the flowers and the dew, and I the poor woman who has that to say would be friendless. of herself, and with a woman's precar But I, feeling very brave and confi-

dent, as the young are prone to do, smiled back courageously into her face. ather the day after his arrival, an act | and at last, when my future began to be discussed, changed the subject of conversation. And so we lived on at the seaside. and our two lives were very gray an. uneventful, until the time came when a ray of sunshine slipped in; but, ah! when the sunshine goes again, I notice it is always darker than before it came. We were strolling along the beach one divine June morning, my arm around rection of my work. my mother, in a tender, protecting way, It was in the beginning of winter. when she suddenly started from my side, advanced a few steps, and with and glad was I of the employment which would secure me from want dura flush upon her pale face, held out her hand in a cordial greeting. Glancing up in surprise, I met the laughing ing that inclement season, and I was ready for the hardest most irksom

brown eyes of Roger Dermott. He satask. luted me with a courteous bow, insisted upon taking my place beside mother, and together we resumed our morning walk. That was the beginning of many pleasant days. Days no longer lonely, for he was ever with us; no longer now was my heart filled with gloomy forebodings for the future, for Roger and were betrothed.

It is wonderful what great strides hearts will make toward each other when isolated from society and surrounded by the wealth which dear Mother Nature loves to lavish upon her children.

Looking back upon that past, after a lapse of years, "I think my eyes grow wet, as some where within my breast Stabbed a faint and slothful pang never

wholly laid at rest."

Somehow, that secluded spot has even been to me as the graveyard in which all I ever loved lies sleeping; and yet, there is no dust there to which I have a claim. There are graveyards in the memory sometimes, and there it seems to me we always lay our bravest and best.

Roger was a sailor, and it was strange how soon I learned to take an interest in all that pertained to the ocean. We passed hours by the salt sea wave, while he unfolded to me the mysteries that lay hidden in its shining, deceitful in perfumed folds, jewels gleam here depths. I loved the sea, then; oh, and there; in the breathless silence how I loved it! But now, when I walk

80,000 TO 100,000 SLAIN. too ill to see kim, on that, the last, The Frightful Slaughter of Armenians by

The next morning before the ship Turks-Cholora Results From Carnage. Boston: Further information relamott, and returning a book which I tive to the massacre of the Armenians near Bitlis, Turkey, has been received by Secretary Gulesian, of the United Friends of Armenia. In the region back of Moosh, 48 villages are said to have been wholly blotted out Another letter states that from Moosh has been received information of the outbreak of a virulent form of After that, we returned to our home cholera which was killing from 25 to 35 persons daily. It is caused, it is said, by the stench of carnage which has taken place. The number of mascame back to life with its duties sacred will reach between 80,000 and 100,000.

One blow followed another in quick The government tried to get the succession. Hardly had I regained my people there to sign a petition to the strength, when my mother set forth sovereign, expressing satisfaction with upon that last lonesome journey that we all must take alone. With her dear his rule and disclaiming sympathy with the Armenians who have "stirred hand in mine, I watched her as she matters up." The people have refused "fell in sleep." She died unconscious to sign the address. The massacre oc-curred in the early part of September. It was the result of an affair between of what had come between Roger and me, and our two names were the last upon her lips. Died! And we, who had some Kurds and Armenian villagers always been together, were parted forwhom the Kurds had stolen from. The sultan ordered infantry and cav-I stood alone in the world. God help alry to the scene to put down the

Armenian rebellion.

ious chances of earning an honest live-Big Bicycle Works Burned at Toledo. lihood. But, I was fortunate in finding The extensive bicycle factory of the a friend, and just at the blackest hour Lozier Manufacturing company in of my night (the hour before the day Foledo, said to be the second largest lawn), just when my heart had failed of the kind in the world, was com-pletely destroyed by fire, which began in the "assembling" room and was caused by the explosion of a large tank of enameling fluid. The loss is about me, and desolate and alone I felt 'hedged in" by all the pitiless world, a kind hand was stretched out to save me from despair. An old-time friend of my father offered me the charge of \$500,000, with insurance of \$350,000. a circulating library, and too thankful The destruction of the factory comes or words, I wrung his hand in gratiat the busiest season. The company tude, and turned my face in the dihad, it is said, 2,000 wheels under way for next year's trade.

Union of Farmers' Alliance Unions.

The leading members of various farmers' alliance unions met at the Commercial hotel in Chicago to perfect plans for the federation of all farm societies and associations into "The Farmers' Union." A supreme council of the farmers' union has been formed, consisting of officers of the National Grange, National Farmers' Alliance and Industrial Union, National Farmers' Mutual Benefit association and the National Patrons of Industry.

The Czar is Wed.

Czar Nicholas II, of Russia, has been married to Princess Alix, of Hesse Darmstadt. Large crowds of people assembled on the Newsky prospect in order to secure places along the route of the royal wedding procession. From the Antichoff palace to the Winter palace the whole avenue was lined with troops. The procession and the cere monies were very imposing. The rites of the Greek church were used.

THE MARKETS.

Toledo-Grain.
 Wheat, No 2 red.
 55
 0

 Corn, No 2 mixed.
 45
 0

 Oats, No 2 white.
 321/2
 0
 Buffalo-Live Stock.

Pittsburg

Cincinnati.

New York.

Chicago.

Detroit.

Cattle, best steers.....

Common.... Sheep Lambs

TO AID EMPLOYES.

A NEW SCHEME OF THE W. L. DOUGLAS SHOE CO.

Will Furnish Their Help With Medical

Attendance.

William L. Douglas, the president of the world-famed W. L. Douglas Shoe Co., has always had a great personal interest in the army of men and women who inhabit the great fortew at Montallo during the working hours of the day, and who make the greatly adver-tised \$3 shoe. He is a great believer in the idea that manu-

It is a great believer in the idea that manu-facturers should have this pers "al interest im the condition of their employes ad feels that if the idea is carried out to the extent that is possible, that it will result ultimately in the breaking down of the barriers which have been will unbetween a statements of the statement will unbetween the statement of the built up between employers and those whom they employ, as it would convince the work-ingmen that their employers were not their enemies, as some of them seem to think now, but their friends, with a desire to do all for them that we in their power them that was in their power.

Having strong feelings upon this point, it is only natural that Mr. Douglas should give the matter some study and acquaint himseif with the result of the trials of similar plansin other places. He is satisfied that the scheme he has originated is a good one, and he has now put its

to practical test. He has handed to every person in his employ —and they form a small army—a card which will enable them to secure free medical attend-

mee. This is a practical illustration of Mr. Douglas

This is a practical illustration of Mr. Douglas' idea. and will surely be appreciated by the hundreds who receive the cards. The plan is a good one. Speaking of the W. L. Douglas Shoe Co. it may be said that their factory is the only one in Brockton where the principle of arbitration is recognized and has full sway. Mr. Douglas is a firm believer in the principle and has been since the establishment of the state board of arbitration. He claims that labor troubles would not be as frequent as they are if manu-facturers and help would recognize this great principle and adopt it.

Some 181 miles of railroad is owned by Ceylon.





Mr. Lee, my employer, was a genial old gentleman, a perfect "book-worm," and I soon found my labors engrossing. Among books I could not be very lone ly; and so the days wore away, and at last I grew quietly happy. Some three years had elapsed since my mother's death, when one day, going into an unused room. I stumbled over a small wooden box.

evening we were to be together!

"Bless me!" exclaimed Mr. Lee, "if there isn't that box of second-hand books which I purchased two weeks ago! They comprise valuable works

and are worth something!" So saying he removed the lid from the box. I assisted him in assorting the contents. Almost the first volume I touched, was a copy of Longfellow's poems, with Roger Dermott's name on the fly-leaf. Well did I remember the book—which he had sent me the day before he had sailed for the Indies.

As I opened it, a folded paper fluttered from between the leaves to the floor. It was a letter addressed to me. in Roger's well-remembered hand. Trembling like a leaf, I read these words:

"Darling Marian:-Forgive me if I do not come as early as usual to-night. Little Milly Dean has begged me to do her a favor. The poor girl has a lover, an honest, steady fellow, but her father, who is a hard-hearted old man, is opposed to the marriage; and, as I have some influence with him, I have consented to try and induce him to

consent. I send this note darling.

with the copy of Longfellow that I

promised you. Please await patiently

tle room where I sat, staring my own

mad folly in the face. Bowing my

head upon my clasped hands, I wept

Two weeks later, I came back to the

old home by the sea. Almost the first

person I met was Roger Dermott,

who had just returned from his voyage.

I went swiftly up to him, and sturdily

trampling my pride under foot, in a

low, trembling voice, I told him the

whole story, and begged him to forgive

Standing there in the sunset, with

"Darling," he said, softly, "of course

the waters of old ocean at our feet,

The spring sunlight stole into the lit-

Roger.'

the coming of your

blindness, had done it all.

Roger took my hand in his.

boy in the world. My mother used to green of the rich foliage beyond. say of him, "Bob is all a boy," and so. Willie, the third, was a quiet, well-behaved boy, who lived in continual fear of his two elder brothers. Then came a sweet, fair-haired little maiden; it was rest for one's eyes to look upon her. She was called after our mother, Millicent. Then three more boys, the sole object of whose existence seemed to be eating and noise, varied with skirmishes of all kinds, carried on in all places and at all times — skirmishes that almost | the place there was a perfect wealth made my hair stand on end. Then | of ornaments, the accumulated treascame the last, sweetest, fairest, and best, a wonderfully fat, lovely baby girl, named Trottie; the roundest,

prettiest baby ever seen, worshipped by the family, adored by the boys. "The boys!" Does any sympathetic reader know what that means? If you suddenly hear a tremendous crash like the roar of artillery, or a great up-

heaval like a tropical earthquake, and you ask in alarm, "What is it?" the inevitable answer is, "The boys." If there is a rush up and down the staircase, followed by sudden shrieks, unearthly noises, succeeded by silence even more terrible, and you ask, "What is it?" "The boys." Any unexpected explosion, any unforseen accident, any unthought-of hap, had but one source. "the boys."

Yet how we loved them, and what fine, manly fellows they were. But they were the very torment of our lives. How they enjoyed luring that unhappy little maiden, Millie, into the most unheard-of situations. The only one they held in supreme awe was Baby Trottie, who ruled them with a rod of iron.

A large, happy, healthy family, and at the time this story opens I was just eighteen. I had, thanks to my father's insistence, received an excellent education, and was now supposed to be helping my mother.

Being the eldest daughter I had certain privileges. I had a dear little room of my own, the window of which overlooked the green meadow and the lovely brimming river! I had the entry to my father's library, a privilege which "the boys" most virtuously shunned. Altogether I loved and enjoyed my life, with its simple duties and pleasures. I had thought little of love and lovers. The boys absorbed be impossible; that must be untrue; all my leisure time-to save them from drowning, to keep them from breaking their necks by sliding down | tiously enough, considering the boys the great carved balusters, exhorting were all round him: "but then he is a them as much as possible not to climb | very well-preserved man." the very tallest trees in search of from throwing stones quite close to "well-preserved" man was, and then than 200 years ago."-St. Louis Rethe windows.

eldest son, certainly the most terrible | the square of fountains and the deep Incre was a spacious banquetingthat means a great deal. Archie, the | hall, a cozy dining-room, a library second, was not quite his equal in mis- that was unequaled for its size, a chief, but he had every desire to be morning-room opening on a rose garden. The great state apartments were in the eastern wing. There were innumerable pretty little rooms, innumerable pretty nooks and corners

windows there was a superh view

in the old house. It was a house full of surprises; where it was least expected one would find a large window with comfortable seats, a lonely little room, a door opening on to a quaint staircase that led to the grounds. Then, all over ures of long generations-and the Lat-

imers had always been very wealthy. never be forgotten. The grounds were magnificent; the fine old trees, the beautiful, undulating. park, the lovely fairy dells where violets and cowslips grew, the matchless Some very interesting exercises in terraces, the broad marble steps that swimming cavalry took place lately on led from one to the other-it was all the Cabul river at Peshawur. The Thirteenth D. C. O. Bengal lancers beautiful.

When we came from our last visit, have been practicing their horses in a large tank in their lines and on the my young brothers looked at me with river for some time. One squadron contemplative, solemn eyes. took cover along the river bank and

"Andrey," said Bob, "you will be, I think, good-looking. I hope you will remember your brothers, and marry

"A brother-in-law with a house like conducted their horses into the water. that would suit me," said Archie em-Some horses seemed to thoroughly enphatically.

well."

"Of course, as your brothers, we should be offered the run of the house," said Bob. "In fact, it would doubtless be thrown open to us." How little I thought, while they teased me and enjoyed themselves over this future brother-in-law-how

little I dreamed of what was to be! Friend-Well, Eliza, how do you Lord Latimer had not been to King's Lorton within my recollection. The like your husband? Eliza-He is a villain house was beautifully kept. There was a faithful old housekeeper, Mrs. Friend—All men are; but what has

Heath; an ancient butler, who seemed he done? to be part of the place; and plenty of servants. Everything was kept in Well, I found out that all his love letreadiness; no matter when or how the old lord might return, he would have found everything prepared for him at any moment. For some years there was no mention made of Lord Lat-He will never send you any more.imer's return; all at once we heard Texas Siftings. that he was coming back, and bringing with him a young wife.

"A young wife!" cried my mother, when she heard it. "Why, that must French missionaries for the first discovery of coal on this continent. In he is over 60." "Yes," replied my father, incau-

markable fact that the first discovery And the boys spent the remainder birds'-nests, and preventing them of the day in trying to find out what a as Illinois, by Father Hennepin, more

I making caricatures of him. public.

the soft frou-frou of the rich silk was along the beach it talks to me of partdistinctly heard. ings, and all dreary things, and the I did not see her face until she was sound of its tumultuous roaring comes

seated in the pew and all the exciteto my ears like the cries of a soul in ment incident upon their coming was despair.

One gloomy afternoon in September, over; then I looked at her. I loved with the sky threatening and dreary, her that first moment; I have loved and the sun red and sullen, sinking in her ever since, and I shall love her tears of bitter grief. So, we were sep-arated forever, and I, in my mad a crimson ball behind the mass of until I die. clouds lowering in the west, I walked In what words can I tell the dainty,

upon the rocks beside the sea. Roger marvelous beauty of that fair young was to meet me these-for he was to face, the perfection of its features, the sail on the morrow for the Indies, leavloveliness of its coloring? It was the ing me, with a heart like a lump of lead, to await his return. 1 could not perfection of fair and brilliant beauty. endure the thought of this parting. A low, white brow, round which But he would be captain of the vessel golden rings of hair clustered, shining when he came back, he said, and he rings of rich, rare gold; delicate. level would not lose his chance in the world. brows, dark, beautiful eyes, a mouth He would have taken me with him as that seemed at once all good and all his wife, but there was mother, too sweetness, a delicate chin, perfectly frail to undertake the journey, and so frail to undertake the journey, and so molded-a face that, once seen, could I would stay behind. But no matter how much is to be gained by the voy-

you are forgiven. Be my wife at once, age, there never was a woman yet that and never doubt me again, Marian, nevcould feel, at such a time, the value of any gain; and I suppose I was like the er while you live!" And standing there together, a happy

And so I paced up and down the ocks in the sunset, with my heart all choked like, and my voice full of tears. But my eyes were dry-quite dry-for Roger must not see my weakness. When he was gone there would be days and nights to cry in, and then my tears need not be restrained.

kept up a steady fire to protect the So waiting bravely for his coming, I watched the offing, where the ships rocked, lazily to and fro, with the rispassage of the other squadron, who placed their arms, accoutrements, and clothes in large country boats, and ing wind,. The surf lines came booming up at the foot of the rocks, frothing and foaming angrily; the gulls whiled above my head, shricking and dipping joy themselves in the water; others beinto the white-capped waves. And came unmanageable through fear. then, watching the sun go down. I be-However, the opposite bank was gan to wonder at Roger's delay. We reached and war paint resumed, and had walked upon the beach every the squadron was with most creditable leasant evening, and never before had rapidity taking measures to protect I awaited his coming at this spot. And theircomrades, crossed in like manner. thinking how pleased he would be to find me so much nearer than he anti-

cipated, I smiled to myself as I mark ed at last his familiar form moving along the beach. But-where was he going? He directed his steps to a little nook or cove on the shore, which I had never visited, for he had warned me

of its danger when the tide was in. As he entered the sheltered nook, I perceived that the place was occupied ters to me were copied verbatim from for there was the gleam of a gay dress the ones he wrote to his first wife when and then I saw a slender form. It was Milly Dean, the daughter of a fisher-

man, living near, and my heart gave a great, angry bound, as I saw that Roger evidently expected her. I saw her turn to meet him, and flinging back her

long, dark hair from her pretty face, she seized his hands with a passionate ing that we are indebted to the early gesture.

But I waited to see no more. Down from the rock I dashed, and turned to ward home. Then, I composed myself, McFarland's "Coal Regions of Ameri- and walking quietly to the hotel I ca" I find the following: "It is a re- sought my own apartments. My mother-gentle soul-attributing my agitaof coal in America, of which an ac- tion to my parting with Roger, tried to count has been preserved in a printed | soothe me, and I was too heart-sick to book, was made so far in the interior explain. In a short time, I heard his voice asking the servant if we were engaged, and regardless of consequences. I sent down word that I was evil.



Buttons-No game to-day, sir? Doctor-No, James: I didn't kill hing.

Buttons-There wuz nine patients ere to-day. You might better 'ave stayed home, sir - Judge.

Wild Fowls' Eggs.

and in Canada 36, against 48 last year.
NEW YORK: Bradstreet's trade review says: Phere is no general or radical improvement at the south, the southwest, or the northwest.
But in the central western states and particu-arly at some important cities in the old middle and northeastern states, the reverse is true, a material gain in the demand for many season-the south of the southwest is the reverse is true, a material gain in the demand for many season-the states in the volume of goods itstributed on orders for future delivery. A tharp revival in prices is shown by quotations rom sone grades of lumber, but more partic-larly for cotton, wheat, cats and lard. Decreases in prices of steel rails and bars, with, hogs, Indian corn and naval stores are eported, but quotations for structural iron, ice, whisky, tobacco, pork, coffee and sugar tre steady. Speculation in the New York stock narket displays little response to the success of the government bond issue, the influence of he large oversubscription being overcome by he failure of foreign interests to obtain any onsiderable share of the new issue. Thousands of wild fowls' eggs are used by the New York confectioners. Duck eggs and goose are very valuable for this purpose. Many of these eggs come from the far north of British America, where some of the finest wild fowls of this country go to breed. It is believed by some persons that the scarcity of wild ducks in parts of the country where they were once plentiful is owing less to the havoc wrought by sportsmen than to the destruction of the eggs by the confectioners. Only international counity could prevent the



common council of the village of Cass Citv Meeting called to order by the Presi-On motion of Trustee Striffler, Trustee McDougall was appointed Recorder The Epworth League served oysters for the evening pro tem. at M. R. King's hall Wednesday even- Roll call: Present, pro-Roll call: Present, president Wick-ware and trustees, Bentley, Brother-ton, Hebblewhite, Frutchey, McDougall and Striffler. Minutes of last meeting read and ap roved. The following bills were then read and referred to the finance committee.

Council Proceedings

Common Council Rooms,

cott Brotherton hauling dirt off street, ott Brotherton draying. m. Smithson hauling engine to fire. The committee recommended the

meeting.

ommittee.

limits were taken from the table.

president, which motion prevailed.

ELMWOOD.

Miss J. Ibbitson, of Gagetown, visit-ed relatives on Sunday. der for the same. Trustee Hebblewhite suggested that Quite a number from this place have joined the lodge of "Gleaners" in El-

A pleasant party was held at the referred to the committee on ordinan home of Jas. Wilson on Tuesday of ces with instructions to report at next It seems that the weather at present s fine enough to suit nearly everyone. Still some people will complain. Jas. Walters moved Tuesday to Oliv-

er township, Huron country to begin lumbering on the land he recently pur-der, A. D. 1894 and that the recorder

The social dance held at Jas. Whit-sell's on Thanksgiving night was quite well attended and all had a good time. Willey & Hopkins furnished music. There has been no preaching in the Our social "sports" all started on a hunting expedition Thanksgiving day but game was scarce and the snow

GAGETOWN

John Williams is having his house Mrs. Thos. Watson has been on the sick list the past week. R.S Brown has some dandy Birkshire pig five weeks old to part with. Lire pig five weeks old to part with. James Masters has purchased the generally under the instruction of the Frank Martin farm in Cumber, Sanilac Our snow storm had symptoms of fever, Friday, and November went out

A J. Palmer and wife were the guest f Will Morris and wife, of Cass City Suuday.

H. A. Wilson, of Galesburg, was the guest of his cousin, Mrs. A. A. Young, the past week.

School Reports.

Report of school taught in District Aug. 14, '94 Adjourned regular meeting of the No. 1 Elkland for the month beginning Nov.2. and ending Nov. 30.

Those not absent during the month; Chancey Boulton, Minta, Tillie and Ef-tie Wallace, Lizzie and Ester Blades, Luke Wright, Dora Wallaco and Martha Wright. Those absent one day are: Henry Hildie, George, Emma and Frank Cranick, Ethel Cole and Lizzie Yoos.

EDITH WILKINSON, Teacher.

Report of school taught in District No 6, Elmwood for the month begin-ning Oct. 22 and ending Nov. 16, 1894. \$5.20 Number of days taught Number of pupils expolled the The following have been present bills allowed as read except the bill of Wm. Smitson which they referred back to the council without recommend-Roy McDougall, Mary and Roy Jackation. The bills recommended by the committee were allowed and recorder instructed to draw orders for the same. Wolf.

GRACE KARR, Teacher On motion of trustee Striffler the bill of Wm. Smithson was allowed and

Report of school taught in District the recorder instructed to draw an or-No. 3 for the month ending Nov. 23, 94 Number of pupils enrolled.....

a resolution with reference to drawing engine to a fire be offered. On motion Average daily attendance. The following pupils have not beca absent during the month; Mab/ Ander-son, Neil Bayley, Emma Bry ey, Mag-gie Freeman, Nellie McPhail, Maggie McArthur, Sarah McArthur, Lorn Mc-Arthur, Rollie Kilgore and Chas, of trustee McDougall the matter was Trustee Striffler moved that the tax Anderson. Those not tardy during the month are; Mabel Anderson, Neil Bay-ley. Emma Bayley, Walter Quick Genevery Quick, Johnie Gillies and Murry Smith. roll be accepted and placed in the hands of the treasurer with the warrant of the president and recorder at-tached, instructing him to collect fhe

IDA JAMIESON, Teacher.

charge the amount of taxes on said Report of school taught in District No. 2 Elkland, for the month begin-ning Nov. 5, and ending Nov. 30, 1894.

Number of pupils enrolled Number of days taught Total days attendance Nerage daily attendance

linances relative to nuisances and fire imits were taken from the table. The ordinances relative to nuisances, vas read by the recorder and passed and adopted as ordinance No. 6. by a reta of vers and narse as follows: Yeas The following have been present every day this month; Alex and Liz-zie Marshall, Vernon Young, Mary and Bennie Schwegler, Ora Bird, Ethel Martin, Christie Karr and Vernon ote of yeas and nays as follows: Yeas-Bentley, Brotherton, Frutchey, Mc-Dougall and Striffier. Total 5, nays gie McDonald.

Trustee Striffler moved to table the JENNIE A. WATSON, Teacher ordinance with reference to fire limits which motion did not prevail.

The following is the school report of chool district No. 4, Grant, for the Trustee Bentley moved that said or-

dinance be adopted as ordinance No. 7 which said motion was withdrawn and on motion of trustee Striffler said

ordinance was referred back to the Trustee McDougall moved that the month are: Hannah Barnes, Joe Quinn action of the president in appointing a Herbert M. Harg, Aggie Quinn, John night watch be ap proved and that John Gark be continued as such night lie Thompson, Fred Knight, and Lucy Thompson were absent one day. FRANK SHAVER, Teacher.

Did You Ever

On motion council adjourned. J. A. McDougall, Recorder. Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been Common Council Rooms, Sept. 4, 1894. Regular meeting of the common found to be peculiarly adapted to the re-lief and cure of all Female Complaints exerting a wonderful direct influence in ouncil of the village of Cass City. Meeting called to order by the presi giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have Loss of Appetite, Constipa-tion, Headache, Fainting Spells, or are Nervous. Sleepless. Excitable, Melan-Roll call. Present, President Wick-vare and trustees Hebblewhite, Mc

choly or troubled with Dizzy spells, Elec-

D. W. Fuller, of Canajoharie, N. Y.

says that he always keeps Dr. King's New

MA ICHER BEED.

ARROL-MOORE-At the residence of the bride's

Nov. 1, 1894, by Rev. Jas. W. Fenn, La-ther J. Carrol to Miss Alice Victoria Moore,

To Young Ladies of Michigan! We intend to make you a present! We have bought from a Reliable Wholesale Dealer of New York,

100 GOLD WATCHES.





_386866666666666666666666

V/here the



50 Woolen Fascinators from 25e to 1.00 20 pair ladies woolen mitts from 20c to 1.00 100 pair Men's woolen mitts 25c to 1.00 100 pair Men's flannel lined gloves from 25c to 1.25. 10 pairs of Men's Moca gloves from 1.25 to 1.75 50 suits of Ladies fleece lined underwear from 45c to 1.00 Ladies' woolen shawls from 1.00 to 6.00 Ladies' Beaver shawls from 2.00 to 7.00 Mens mufflers at all prices. Ladies mackintoshes from 2.50 to 10.00 Mens' water proof Duck coats from 2.00 to 3.50 Several ni

OURT ELKLAND, No. 826, I. O. F., meets on second and fourth Tuesdays of each month t 7:30 p. ni. Visiting brethern are cordially in-HELLER BROS I. K. REID, C. R. H. A. PIERCE, REC. SECRETARY. CASS CITY LODGE, No. 203, meets every Wed-cordially invited. Will grind backwheat on Tuesday's and Faiday's of each week until further uotice. If you want the best roller buckwheat flour on carth James L. Purdy has traded his stock of stove wood with the Pontiac Buggy G.A. STEVENSON, N. G. GEO. W. SEED, Secretary Bring us Your Grist. state road. If you have some nice buckwheat to sell we want it. Simon pure buck-wheat flour is what we make and noth K. O. T. M. CASS CITY TENT, No. 74, meets the first and third Friday evenings of each month, at 7:30. Visiting Sir Knights cordially invited. E. W. KEATING, Commander. A. D. GILLIES, Record Keeper. sister. ing else. quite ill for some time past. ----Samuel Ramsey and Miss Grace We are in the market for Red Wheat. L. O. L. CASS CITY LODGE, No. 214, meets on the first Duesday evening of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Visiting brothers cordially invited. E. W. KEATING, W. M. Beach, his step daughter, left Monday If you want anything in the mill- for East Jordan, where Mr. R. expects to secure work for the winter. ing line, come and see us. We can supply you. ***** GEO. W. SEED, Secretary. Remember we grind feed every day. We will have a new power corn M. E. Church - Grant. too mildly altogether. sheller ready for business soon. REV. JAS. T. GURNEY, Pastor. then we can grind you out in a GRANT: Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and hurry. more particular about than their letters. 7:30 p. m. DICKHOUT: Public worship 2:30 p. m. All are cordially invited, and at the same time many of them are "We are exchanging WHITE LILY our for from 150 to 300 bushels of wheat per day. If you want the best flour made and the most of it, **3-CENT COLUMN**. convinced that the above is a fact. BRING US YOUR WHEAT. We will do the rest come any time, Kins; J. V. Com. Frank W. Burn-BARGAIN:-Small house and lot conveniently located in Cass City. Inquire of J. D. BROOLalways open. ham Wm. Moody; O. D. R. S. Brown; O. G. F. W. Burnham; Q. M., Theo. Budron; Delegates to dept. encampment, R. S. FOR SALE—Young driving mare, weight 1050 Ibs. perfectly sound, kind and gentle, Will give time if wanted. Laing & Janes. HELLER BROS Brown; alternate, Wm. Proudfoot. Their hour of meeting was changed from 2 p. m. to 10 a. m. 1st and third FARMFOR SALE-S0 acres with 65 acres The Silver Dollar's Centennial. Saturdays and they will have a public installation of officers and a supper Jan. The silver dollar of Uncle Sam will J.C.LAING celebrate the centennial anniversary of HAY WANTED—Parties having hay to sell will find it to their interest to call on me. 8-31-tf CHAS. M. WEBBER, its birthday upon Oct. 15 next. On July 5th evening. 18, 1794, the Bank of Maryland de-We are informed by the Lady Mac posited at the Philadelphia mint French abees of this place that Mrs. James coins of the value of \$80,715 for coinage Gage formerly of this village had a narrow escape from being killed on the 20th of Oct. It appears Mrs. Gage was into silver dollars under the act of 1785. OLD PAPERS for sale at this office. The first lot of these finished coins was assisting her husband in puting out his team after dark and was holding delivered on Oct. 15, 1794. There were REGISTERED Leicester ram for sale at a bar gain; also cook stove and heating stove 1.758 of them in all. and they were the the lantern and in passing behind one precursors, the first waves of the vast of the horses he kicked her, making an flood tide of silver dollars that has poured 10-19 ugly wound just above the temple and W, J. CLOAKEY out upon the country during the hunrunning back theee or four inches frac-SOME Fine Black Minorca. Cockerels also fine breeding pen of S. L. Wyandotts for sale. S. CHAMPION. dred years that have elapsed. Truly the turing the skull and making a gash sherman purchasing act repeal has been that you could lay a broom handle in. a timely bill and a proper celebration of She was unconscious for four days and S ECOND hand Champion Binder for sale chea or will exchange for stock 11-23-ti. J. D. TUCKEY the centennial of "the dollar of our daddies."-Philadelphia Record. THE undersigned hereby forbids anylperson ne-gottating for a note drawn in favor of Walter Henderson, as vilue has not been received. 12-7-2. DAVID MCQUEEN In the Newspaper Line. in the real estate business, but owing to the panicy times and the dropping of Banks (in the newspaper line)-H'mph! Here's a squib credited to the Perkins Junction Banner that I wrote BIDS WANTED For stone for placing foundation under Bean warehouse. Inquire of 11-30-2. D. LAW six years ago for The Daily Bread. Rivers (fellow laborer)-Do you remember everything you have ever writton? A Chance For Hustlers. and his unfortunate wife. We want several live, wide-awake canvassers to represent the ENTER-PRISE in this and adjoining counties, Boys and girls from four years of age up play about town nightly. Parin connection with the National Newspaper Union. The work is new, popu-lar and very profitable, requiring nei-growing up in the street corner school attending school regularly or are they

vices. If you possess the above qualifications, wite for particulars. Full information regard-ing our system of making loans as well as invest-ments and agencies will be furished by address-ing S. S. Robertson, President, 1122 Walnut Streat Pultadentia ing S. S. Robertson. Street, Philadelphia. 12-7-13.

THE NATIONAL CO., 6. St. Louis, Mo. 11-16-6.

ther capital nor previous experience. It is worth looking after, and if you want a real good thing in the way of light, pleasant and profitable employ-ment it will pay you to investigate this at once. There is money in it for Write for full particlars to vice "Sew one end to your hat and vice "Sew one end to your hat and ther capital nor previous experience. of vice?

fasten the other behind one of your · lears."

On motion council adjourned. HENRY STEWART, Recorder.

W.C. SANFORD, Gen. Superintender

fine assortment of hair ornaments, of the latest designs Mrs. E.K. Wickware.

Yours Respectfully,

To the ladies of Cass City and

vicinity. We are prepared to show you a nice assortment of Fall and

Mr Nearly opposite Hitchcock's.

DORMAN & SON. Of the Marlette Woolen Mills, have opened a Branch Office in the building now occupied by A. A. McKenzie, in Cass City. A large and well-selected stock of Woolen Goods to trade for Wool or to sell cheap for cash. We are also prepared to do Spinning and Manufaci turing in the best possible manner and at reasonable prices.

We take the wool in here, at A. A. McKenzie's, next door east of W. D. Schooley's harness shop, and deliver it here at the prices quoted below :

To Card, Spin or Manufacture into

Fulled Cloth. Satinett, Plain or Fancy

Checked Flannels (all wool or union), Bed Blankets, Horse Blankets, or yarns,

(single or double, all colors), or to ex-change for any of the above articles.

PRICES:

We quote the following prices for the

you a nice assortment of 1'all and Winter Millinery, at reasonable prices. HATS and BONNETS, also childrens Caes. Fancy FEATHERS, BIRDS, TIPS, BUCKLES, JET EDGES and PIQUETS. RIB-ONS, SILK VELVETS, VELVETEENS, SATIN and LACES and all that pertains to a first class Millinery store including a

clean washed wool.

Please call early with your wool, make our acquaintance, examine our stock, and we will use you well. Remember our motto-"Fair dealing, good work or no

Jas. Dorman, Manager,

pay.'

Atlas Soap, CLEANS RAPIDLY, HOROUGHLY ECONOMICALLY. Best for General Laundry and Family Washing. Ask your Grocer for ATLAS, and Take No Other. BEAUTIFUL PICTURES GIVEN FOR WRAPPERS. HENRY PASSOLT, Manufacturer, SAGINAW, MICH. MILLINERV





Absent trustees Brotherton, Bentley, Co., for cutters and a road wagon. and Frutchey. Dr.G. A. Frasier and his wife are Minutes of the last meeting read and stopping for the present with their

approved. The following bills were then read daughter, Mrs. Henry Monday, on the and referred to the finance committee. Miss Jennie Watson has been in Se-bewaing the past week caring for her Mrs. Donovan, who has been

Dougall, and Striffler.

The committee recommended the Discovery in the house and his family has always found the very best results bills allowed as read and on motion of trustee Hebblewhite they were so alfollow its use; that he would not po withlowed, and the recorder instructed to out it, if procurable. G. A. Dykeman draw orders on the treasurer for the Druggist, Catskill, N. Y., says that Dr. several amounts.

Kings New Liscovery is undoubtedly the On motion of trustee Hebblewhite best Cough remedy; that he has used it in in his family for eight years, and it has Miss May Brown's associates here and from Cass City made her a sur-The recorder's bond in the amount and from Cass City made her a sur-prise party Thanksgiving night, and to of \$200 never failed to do all that is claimed for

There is nothing that people are blewhite same was approved and orand \$1.00. lered filed with the treasurer. On motion of trustee McDougall the committee on ordinances was instruct

very careless about addressing them. See the letters pinned up over the deed to draft an ordinance with reference livery window in our post office and be to fire apparatus. Trustee McDougall moved an amend

DARLING-HEFFLEBOWER.-At the residence of the bride, on Segar St., on Wednesday, Nov. 28, 1894. by Rev. J. W. Fenn, Joseph Darling to Mrs. Clara Heffelbower. The newly elected officers of our G ment to ordinance No. 5, it being an R. Post are:-Commander, Wm. ordinance with reference to the con struction and maintainance of side walks and the duties of the street com-Surgeon, John R. Body; Chap. missioner and others in relation there CHRISTMAS OFFER.

On motion of trustee Striffler the matter was referred to the committee on ordinances with instructions to report at the next meeting. On motion of trustee McDougall the recorder was instructed to purchase ten keys for the council room doors.

On motion the meeting adjourned. H. STEWART, Recorder.

Common Council Rooms. Sept. 18, 1804

Regular meeting of the common uncil of the village of Cass City. Meeting called 10 order by the presi

Roll call. Present, President Wick ware, trustees Bentley, Brotherton, Hebblewhite and Striffler. Absent, McDougali and Frutchy.

The committee on ordinance - submit a report with reference to fire at last report she was not out of dan-ger. Mr. Gage moved from here a year limits, which said report was not adopted by a note of yeas and nays as fol-lows: Yeas, Bentley, Brotherton and ago last spring to Detroit and engaged Hebblewhite,--3. Nays, Striffler and the president, 2.

real estate transactions Mr Gage ex-The resignation of A. Frutchey as changed his Detroit property for some real estate at Superior, Mich., and movtrustee was then offered and same ac cepted.

ed there and engaged in fruit culture. The quaint old saying "that reverses never come singly," seems as trite as ever, and there goes out much sym-The following bills were then read and referred to finance committee.

pathy from this community to Mr. Gage

The committee recommended All bills allowed as read and on motion of trustee Bentley they were so allowed

ents do your duty. Are your children and the recorder instructed to draw orders for the several amounts.

On motion of trustee Striffler, the 6 40 9 12 12 2 7 10 9 25 1 00 . M. P M PM.

 $\begin{array}{c} 9 \ 53 \\ 9 \ 46 \\ 9 \ 32 \\ 9 \ 19 \\ 9 \ 59 \\ 8 \ 50 \\ 8 \ 50 \\ 8 \ 50 \\ 8 \ 50 \\ 8 \ 50 \\ 7 \ 59 \\ 7 \ 47 \\ 7 \ 20 \\ 7 \ 20 \\ 7 \ 15 \\ 7 \ 00 \\ \end{array}$ Wilmot* Deford* Cass City Gagetown Owendale Linkvile

Pigeon

Elkton

Grassmere Bad Axe

Berne Caseville

PONTIAC Eames* Cole* $\begin{array}{c} 8 & 10 \\ 8 & 30 \\ 8 & 55 \\ 9 & 15 \\ 9 & 28 \\ 9 & 46 \\ 10 & 02 \\ 10 & 12 \\ 10 & 12 \\ 10 & 139 \\ 1 & 47 \\ 2 & 02 \\ 1 & 11 \\ 1 & 39 \\ 1 & 47 \\ 2 & 02 \\ 2 & 25 \\ 2 & 29 \\ \end{array}$ Oxford Shonp* Leonard Dryden Imlay City Lum Kings Mills N. Branch Clifford Kingston Wilmot*

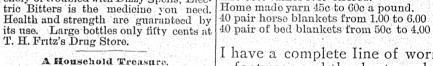
9 10

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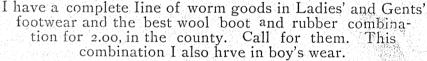
PASSENGERS TIME CARD. Standard time GOING SOUTH. STATIONS Mix Fass. Frg't No. 6 Frgt'. PAS. Mix. No. 5. No 3 No. 1 Р м Р. М. Р.М. 9 25 11 50 D G H & M Mich Cent.

12-7-2 PONTIAC, OXFORD & NORTHERN R. R In Effect Nov. 19th 1894 GOING N ORTH.



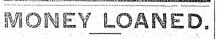


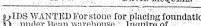
The best values ever offered.



improved, known as the Doyingtarm. Sasytdrins Applyto 9-12-tf

MONEY TO LOAN on real estate Forfurth erintormation address O, K. JANES





LOCAL REPRESENATIVES WANTED.

Our system affords an opportunity to borrow or either personal or real estate security. The plan is superior to Building and Loan Associations. The amount borrowed may be returned in monthly payments without bonus, with interest at 5 per cent, per annum, it affords absolute security to toward and the security to be absolute security to investors, with a reasonable guarantee of an annual dividend of from 8 to 10 per cent. We desire to secure the services of energetic,

represen ative men in every community to act as Local Secretaries. The position will be suffic ently remunerative to amply compensate for ser