OUR OWN OFFICE.

THE MAILS.

OUR CHURCHES.

PRESBYTERIAN.—Sabbath services at 10 A. M. and P. M., alternate Sabbaths.—Sunday School at 12 M.

BAPTIST.—Services every other Sabbath mornin; at the Methodist church. James McArthur, Pastor. Methodist Protestant.—Service every other Sabbath evening. C. England, Pastor.

LEGAL.

MANLY C. DODGE, Attorney & Councilor Office over Tuscola County Bank, Caro, Mich

URST & RANSFORD, Lawyers, Caro, Mich.

A TWOOD & MARKHAM, Attorneys, Councilor and Solicitors in Chancery, Caro, Mich.

N DANN, Notary public, Real Estate and Collection Agent, Gagetown, Mich.

MEDICAL.

W II. GREENE, M. D., Physician and Surgeon Cass City, Mich.

P. DEMING, M. D., Physician and Surgeon Office at Adamson & Fritz's drug store, Casty, Mich.

W H. SMITH, M.D. Physician and Surgeon, Cas

M. MORRIS, M. D., Physician and Surgeon Gagetown, Mich.

G. BERRY, Dentist. All work Warranted.
Office next door to
Main Street, Cass City, Mich.

MECHANICAL.

No. 14

CASS CITY, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1881.

ALL AROUND.

GLEANED FROM OUR EXCHANGES.

TUSCOLA COUNTY.

The new grain elevator at Millington is

Mrs. Boise the temperance evangelist has

There is to be a barber shop at Aldrick's

Mr. Henry Van Wagner, wife and four

children, of Millington are sick with the

The Jewell house of Vassar, is now light-

ed by gas, and a new lamp hangs over the

H. K. Crittenden, of Mayville, has bought

Mr. Rowe, of Juniata, talks of building up

his saw mill, which was burned down by

"Ol." Stevens has removed his livery

business from Mayville to Wassar, and open

The coal kilns at Reese are likely to

shut down soon, as they have no wood

Bad roads make wood hauling almost im-

Mrs. Cora Murdock, of Juniata who has

been sick for the past three weeks, is slow-

ly recovering, thanks to the medical skill of

C. R. Taylor, of Arbela, is under the

doctor's care, having the cancer on his lip

removed. There has been one taken out

L. H. Lee, George Shoens and L. Hart

A covered stage now runs the entire dis-

lance between Vassar and Clio, Mr. Bi ga

low having added a cover d rig between

Tuscola and Cho. This will be a valuable

Parties in Tuscola county holding pre-

mium tickets given by the Northeastern

Harris, who is presumed to be living in

addition for the traveling public.

Dr. Davis and faithful nurses.

He sufferers terribly.

ng the past season.

North & Co., Vassar.

ed a stable at the Campbell house barn,

the Dodd property and contemplates build-

ing a business place on it in the spring,

Millington has a singing school.

peen lecturing in Tuscola village.

corners in the Cranston block.

York on a visit.

ront entrance.

ter line of Fair Grove.

the big fire September 5th.

near his place lest week.

FIRST-CLASS.

The Enterprise is published every Thursday Morning, at our office in the Opera House block. It aims to be a live local paper, and is devoted to the advancement of the Agricultural, Commercial and Social interests of the people of Northern Tuscola. The subscription price is One Dollar and flity cents per year. We give ne paper covered books or other trinkets to induce people to read the paper, and we carry no dead head subscribers.

Advertising rates as low as any other paper in the county having an equalcirculation, and no lower. A new and thoroughly equipped Job Office in connection, in which we will have none but competent workmen. Business men intrusting their orders to us are pretty likely to be satisfied. Caro Route: Arrives at 11 A. M., Monday, Wednosday and Friday. Departs 12 M. Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

Bad Axe Route: Arrives at 12 M. Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. Departs at 2 M. Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

Marlette Route: Arrives Tuesday and Friday at 4 P. M. Departs Wednesday and Saturday at 7 P. M.

Tyre Route: Arrives at 6 P. M., and departs at 7 Thursday Morning.

Geo. Tennant, Prop

First-Class Accompdations for Travellers.

or horses, in connection.

Cass City, Mich.

7 P. M., alternate Sabbaths. Sunday School at 12 M. Prayer and teachers meeting every. Wednesday evening at 7. John Kelland, Pastor.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.—Services at 10.30 a. m. and 7.30 . P. M., every. Sunday evening. Class Meeting immediately after morning service, and every other Subbath evening. Subbath-school at 3 P. M. Prayermeeting. Thursday evening. Rev. Benj. Reeve, Pastor. Theo. Fritz, S. S. Superintendent. A General Banking Business Transacted.

Drafts sold on NEW YORK and DETROIT; also

and Europe.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FARM MORTGAGES, —CALL AT—

SEELEY'S NEW BLOCK, CARO, MICH. JOHN F. SEELEY,

I. McLachlan, M. D., Physician & Surgeon Graduate of the Michigan University. Office and residence over Post Office, Cass City, Mich. C. ARMSTRONG,

BURIAL CASES AND CASKETS

Which he is selling as reasonable as any ouse in the Saginaw Yalley.

Hearse in Attendance when Required. Sale Rooms 2nd door East of Post Office.

O SCAR LENZNER SEN., Manufacturer and Dealer in Cabinet Furniture, Cass City, Mich. Terms cash. All work waranted, and strictly one price. New Face in an Old Place,

II. Masters, Contractor and Builder, Gage town, Mich. Estimates furnished on shor

MICHAEL STEINHAUSER, Stone and Brick layer, Cass City, Mich. Come and see a full stock of

WEAL ESTATE.

J. S. GILLESPIE & SON, Name plates cut to order

REAL ESTATE Bave-troughing and Job Work a Specialty. Abstract, Notary and conveyance office.

Call in and see them.

Money Loans Procured on Improved Farms. State Street, Opposite Court House, Caro, Mich.

JOHN D. MC ARTHUR, Real Estate, Insurance and Collection Agent,

CASS CITY, MICH.

NELSON L. ROBERTS, REAL ESTATE BROKER East Saginaw, Mich.

ABSTRACTS FURNISHED OF THE Counties of uscola, Sanilac, Huron, Midland, Roscommon, Gladwin, Saginaw, Clare, Ogemaw, and Iosco.

6.000 Acres of Land in Tuscola, Sanilac and Muron Counties.

NOTARY PUBLIC & CONVEYANCER

JOHN STALEY, JR., Has the most perfect Abstract of Titles

IN TUSCOLA COUNTY.

--ATTEND TO--Buving and Selling Real Estate

LOANING MONEY.

Real Estate Agent and Abstract office. Office, Court House, Caro, Mich.

MSURANCE HUGH Mc ALPIN.

General Insurance.

First Class Companies Represented.

Estimates furnished on all classes of Risks

D. W. McLEAN, VETERINARY PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

---OFFICE AT---Cass City Hotel, where can be found at all hours and ready to attend to all calls.

MOTELS.

CENTRALLY LOCATED

FRANK H. THOMAS, PROPRIETOR

A full stocked Bar and good Stabling

TUSCOLA COUNTY BANK

upon Principal Cities of Foreign Countries.

Bank Drafts bought on all points in America

Proprietor.

THE UNDERTAKER,

Has a fine stock of

CASS CITY. - -

TIM, COPPER AND SHEET IRON WARE

Ovens lined on short notice,

Frank E. Austin.

A FINE LINE OF

FRANK HENDRICK

The Cass City

Jeweler.

WATCHES and JEWELRY, SILVER

PLATED WARE, SPECTACLES, etc.

CALL AND SEE.

W. L. PARKER,

CARO, MICH.

Manufacturer of Fine

AMERICAN AND ITALIAN MARBLE

-AND-

AMERICAN AND SCOTCH GRANITES

Executed in Plain and Ornamental Designs. Do not go abroad for your monuments and Tombstones before seeing our work and getting prices.

Samuel Dellaree,

IONSORIAL ARTIST

Next door Post-office, Case City, Mich.

o Ladies' Hairdressing.

MUNUMENTS

l'uscola county, Anyone knowing said Harris' addre s will confer a favor by sending same to the above firm at Bay City. TOWNSEND & ALPIN'S Passengers m ke irregular trips from CARO, MICH.

Reese to aginaw on the S., T. & H., ail road. They go on the gravel train most of the way, then on a hand car, if one comes along. The first part is cool and breezy, the second very comfortable.

The railroaders f om Reese will soon have the road ballasted to Saginaw and resume tracklaying. The "target" is here and will soon be in position. The wages were cut down the first of the month to \$1.25 per day, and some bolted, but work was resumed the next day. Has on hand a fine Stock of CLOCKS

The house of Samuel Sherman of Caro was entered by masked burglers on Tues day night week and Mr. Sherman compelled, at the point of a revolver, to open his Special attention given to fine Watch safe. The burglars obtained \$60 and a watch and chain, Mrs. Sherman was nearly smothered with a pillow and sustained other injuries from which she has not yet

> Mrs. Go. Wallace, living two miles south of Newbury, met with quite a serious accident about ten days ago. She and her husband, who are old people, were returning from Marlette after dark, when the ouggy ran out of the road, throwing Mr. encountered a stump, which upset the buggy and threw Mrs. Wallace out, cut several Ward. deep gashes in her head and face, broke her left arm, dislocated her wrist and bruised her severely.

The Union ticket office at Detroit has sing on sale for \$3.40, on account of the Tuesday and Friday's specially devoted turn up to the 17th. Reduced fares will also be offered to the state teachers conyention in Lansing, December 28.

HURON COUNTY.

Steps are about to be taken to raise money or a Catholic church at Sand Beach.

Congress has been asked for an appropriation of \$100,000 for the Sand Beach harbor John Warner, of Millington, shot a deer There should be a term of court for sure next month. The county has been as good as courtless for a year.

A young child of B. D. Harrison, druggist, of Sand Beach, swallowed a safety pin a week ago and is suffering severely from the effects.

Landlin Tschirhart, of Sherman, has just purchased a full complement of machinery for a saw mill to be erected upor his place. The plant cost him \$2,000 cash.

Judge Wixson has designated the first After Dec. 20th the mail route on the Tuesdays in January, March and June and P. H. & N, W. R. R., will be extended to the fourth Tuesday of September, as days upon which circuit court will be held in The fare from Vassar to Port Huron is Huron county during 1882-3. \$2.15. Uusal reduction on round trip

Charles W. Clark, of Port Hope, while walking through the packing house in the No more lawsuits in Arbela. Everything salt block, last Saturday evening week, fell s quiet and "yer honor" has gone to New from the car track, a distance of about twelve feet, striking his back just below the short The latest news is talk of a plank road der blade on the chime of a salt barrel. His from Bay City through Gilford to the cenlower limbs are paralyzed, and it is thought his back is brok n.

SANILAC COUNTY.

Spencer Warner has sold his interest in the Brown City grist mill to Joseph Griffin. Donaldsons, of Marlette, are running a telegraph line from the depot to their store. The Croswell relief agency will distribute hay on Mondays and lumber on Saturdays of each week, till further notice.

A hunting match took place in the vicinity of Marlette, on Tuesday last. There were ten hunters in a side, with John Hager and Orange Albertson for captains. Albertson's side came out ahead by 130 counts. The victors were feasted at the Exchange hotel at the expense of the vanquished.

On Monday of last week, Hiram Patterson, of Washington, while on his way home with a load of hay obtained of the relief agency at Croswell, broke his wagon and was obliged to leave part of his hay by the roadside. On his return he found that some scoundrel had set fire to it and it was and the doctor says there is yet another one. buined.

SLIGHTLY MIXED.

The brick work on the new depot a of Tuscola have grown and husked about Fenton is finished. 2,000 bu hels of ears of corn each dur-

The money for the railroad is all made up by North Branch and Burlington.

In the circuit court which convened Menday at Lapter there were 9 criminal 13 jury, 22 court, 2 law, and 5 chancery

It has been decided to locate the Union depot of the G. T. and C. & G. T. railroads at Port Huron instead of Fort Gratiot, The Agricult ral society can have them cash d trams will cross the river at the latter point on presentation at the banking house of T. the same as formerly, then run down the bank to the foot of Court street where the Anneke & Wilkins, of Bay City, are very building will be erected. desirous of finding the address of one Avritt

Henry Perkins, an aged man of Branch ounty, on Monday week, was knocked down on the C. & G T. railroad track in Port Huron, and robbed of \$40 and a watch and chain valued at \$60.

Burglars entered the boarding house of Mrs. D. J. Robinson, of Jackson, one night this week and took all the money the young men boarders had in their pockets, Joseph Schaefer, who was wanted to an-

swer to a charge of assault with intent to kill, did not show up when his name vas called in the Bay county court. He had thought it wiser to forfeit his \$600 bail.

Monday night the residence of Jacob Miller, in Lapeer was destroyed by fire and the old gentleman perished in the flames. Mr. Miller was aged 72. His wife was absent on a visit at Bay City at the time. Mr. M. formerly owned a house and several lots in Millington.

Ed. Maxwell of Richfield, Genesee county, built a stone cellar 18x28 feet and 61 feet high; two chimneys containing 900 bricks; plastered 718 yards, two coats, one a hard finish, and put in two center pieces, and built nine piers under the stoop in four teen days.

A new bank has been established at Port Huron, to be known as the Commercial bank. Its officers are as follows: President, C. A. Ward; vice-president, Wm. Hartsuff Wallace out and running over him, bruised attorney, E. G. Stevenson; assistant cashier, him quite severely. As he fell, he dropped Theo. R. Wright; teller, Will F. Vanderthe lines, leaving the horse without a driver. burgh. Directors, Wm Hartsuff, Silas L. The horse then ran some dis ance, when it Ballentine, John G. O'Neil, Alonzo N. Moffat, Otis Joslin, Dan. N. Runnels, C. A.

Coldwater is all excitement about the arrest of two prominent officers of the city fire department on charges of arson. There has long been reason to suspect that the ound trip tickets from Detroit to Lan- n any recent fires in that place were the work of incendiaries, and the arrest of meeting of the state grange. Tickets are Hemingway and Hathaway is alleged to be good to leave December 12 to 15, and to ret the result of the revelation of a plot to scare the city into the formation of a paid fire department and to increase its fire fighting force.

## MOVED

Mr. A. L. Keiff, the Caro Clothier, wishes us to announce to the people of Cass City and surrounding country, that he has moved into his elegant new store near the Medler House, where he is showing an Immense Stock of Ready-Made Clothing and Gent's Furnishing Goods at Prices Astonishingly Low. When you are in Caro drop in and see Kieff. He will be glad to see you, and show you through his new store, whether you wish to purchase or not. He is bound to do the Clothing trade of Tuscola County, if GOOD GOODS and LOW PRICES will do it. Don't forget the new location, next door to E.O. Spaulding & Co.

A. L. KEIFF.

DRY GOODS.

---0---SILKS, VELVETS,

CASHMERES, COTTONS

AND

DOMESTICS.

GROCERIES. TEAS, COFFEES,

SUGARS, CANNED GOODS, SPICES,

TOBACCO'S AND CIGARS,

TOILET SOAPS.

BOOIS and SHOES.

Gent's Sewed and Pegged Fine Boots. Ladies Fine Shoes. CASSCITY MICH ANGUS D. GILLIES

# LUCE & MOSHER,

-Jobbers & Retail Dealers In-

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, &c. PERA HOUSE DRUG STORE.

-Headquarters for-

SCHOOL BOOKS, WALL PAPER,

Stationery and School Supplies: We are Agents for the Pecenix Brand

And authorized to Guarantee every package to give entire

Caro, Mich.

Hemp Packing.

Luce & Mosher.

Crockery,

Nails, Glass, Putty, Paints, Oils, Brushes, Iron Stoves, Hardware, Powder, Shot, Lead. Rubber -and-

Glassware, Lamps, Brooms, Tubs, Pails, Bird Cages, Baskets, Mop Sticks. Washboards, Churns, wood

and stone,

etc., - - - etc.

Come and see our Stock, now Full and Complete. We are doing business on a cash basis, and our goods are marked low.

P. R. Weydemeyer,

Cass City, Mich.

CASS CITY, - - - -

## The President's Message

We present herewith the more striking and important passages from President Arthur's Message.

To the senate and house of reprepresentatives of the United States.

An appailing calamity has befallen the American people and their chosen representa-tive since you last met in the halls where you are now. We might else recall with analloyed content the rare prosperity with which throughout the year the nation has been blessed. Les harvests have been plenteous; its varied industries have thriven; the health of its people has been preserved; it has maintained with foreign governments undisturbed re latious of audity and peace. For these manifestations of his favor we owe to him who holds our destiny in his hands the tribute of our greatful devotions. To that mysterious exercise of will which has taken from us the exercise of will which has taken from us the loved and illustrious citizen who was but lately the head of the nation, we bow in sorrow and submission. The memory of his exalted character, of his hoble achievements and of his patriotic life, will be treasured forever as a sacred possession of the whole people. The announcement of his death drew from foreign governments and peoples tributes of sympathy and sorrow while before will record as air. and sorrow which history will record as sig-nal tokens of the kinship of nations and the federation of mankind. The feeling of good will between our government and that of Great Britain was never more marked than at present. In recognition of this pleasing fact I directed, on the occasion of the late centennial celebration at Yorktown, that asslute be given to the British flag.

CUSTOMS REVENUE.

The revenue from customs for the past fiscal The revenue from customs for the past fiscal year was \$198,159,676 02, an increase of \$11,637,611 42 over that of the preceding year; \$138,998,562 39 of this amount was collected at the port of New York, leaving \$60,061,113.63 as the amount collected at all the other ports of the country. Of this sum \$47,077,137 63 was collected on sugar, melado and molasses; \$27,285,624.78 on wool and its manufactures, \$21,462,334 34 on iron and steel and menufactures. \$21,462,334 34 on iron and steel and manufactures thereof; \$19,038,665 81 on manufactures of silks; \$10,825,115 21 on manufactures of of silks; \$10.825,115 21 on manufactures of cotton; \$5,459,643 '4 on wines and spirits; making a total of revenue from these sources of \$133,058,720 81. The expenses of collection for the past year were \$6,419,845 20; an increase over the preceding year of \$357,410 04. Notwithstanding the increase in the revenue from customs over the preceding year, the gross value of the imports, including free goods, decreased over \$25,000,000. The marked decrease was in the value of manufactured wool \$14,023,682 and in that of scrap and pig iron \$12,810,671. The value of imports of sugar on the other hand showed an increase of \$7,457,474. Of steel rails \$4,345,521, of b.rley \$2,154,204 and of steel in bars, ingots, etc., \$1,600,461. The value of bars, ingots, etc., \$1,600,461. \$2,154,204 and of steel in bars, ingots, etc., \$1,620,046. The exports contrasted with the imports were as follows: Domostic merchandise 5883,925,957, foreig merchandise \$18,451,399, total \$902,377,346. Imports of merchandise \$642,664,628. Excess of exports over imports of merchandise \$259,722,718, aggregate of exports and imports \$1,545,041,974. Compared of merchandise \$259,722,718, aggregate of exports and imports \$1,545,041,074. Compared with the previous year there was an increase of \$66,738,688 in the value of exports of merchandise, and a decrease of \$25,290,118 in the value of imports. The annual average of increase of imports of merchandise over exports thereof for the years previous June 30, 1873, was \$104,806,922; but for the last six years there has been an increase of exports over imports of merchandise amounting to \$4,180,668,103, an annual average of \$196,778,017. The specie value of the exports of domestic merchandise was \$376,616,473 in 1870, and \$883,925,947 in 1881; an increase of \$307,309,474 or 13.5 per cent. The value of imports was \$435.958,408 in 1870, and \$642,664,628 in 1881, an increase of \$206,708,220, or 47 per cent during each year from 1862 to 1879 inclusive. The exports of specie exceeded the imports. The largust excess of such exports over imports was reached during the year 1861, when it amounted to \$92,280,429, but dering the year ending June 30, 1880, the imports of coin and bullion exceeded the exports by \$75,891,391, and during the last fiscal year the excess of imports over exports was \$91,168,650.

ABOLITION OF INTERNAL REVENUE TAXES.

It seems to me that the time has arrived

It seems to me that the time has arrived when the people may justly demand some relief from their present onerous burden, and that by due economy in the various branches of the public service this may readily be afforded. I, therefore, concur with the secretary in recommending the abolition of all internal revenue taxes, except those upon tobacco in its various forms and upon distilled spirits and fermented liquiors, and except, also, the special tax upon the manufacturers of and dealers in such articles. The retention of the latter It seems to me that the time has arrived an tax upon the manufacturers of and dealers in such articles. The retention of the latter tax is desirable as affording the officers of the government a proper supervision of these articles for the prevention of fraud. I agree with the secretary of the treasury that the law imposing a stamp tax upon matches, proprietary articles, playing cards, checks and drafts may with propriety be repealed, and the law also by which banks and bankers are assessed upon their capital and deposits. There seems to be by which banks and bankers are assessed upon their capital and deposits. There seems to be a general sentiment in favor of this course. In the present condition of our revenues the tax upon deposits is especially unjust. It was never imposed in the country until it was demanded by the necessities of war, and was never exacted I believe in any other country even in its greatest exigencies. Banks are required to secure their circulation by pledging with the treasurer of the United States bonds of the general government. The interest upon these bonds, which at the time when the tariff was imposed was 6 per cent, is now in most instances 3½ per cont. Besides, the entire circulation was originally limited by law and no increase was allowable. When the existing banks had practically a monopoly of the business there was force in the suggestion that for ness there was force in the suggestion that for the franchise to the favored grantees the government might, very properly, exact a tax on enment might, very properly, exact a tax on circulation, but for years the system has been free and the amount of circulation regulated by the public demand. The retention of this tax has been suggested as a means of reimbursing the government for the expense of printing and furnishing the circulating notes. If the tax should be repealed it would certainly seem proper to require the national banks to pay the amount of such expense to the comproder of the currency. It is perhaps doubtfur whether the Immediate reduction of the rate of taxation upon liquors and tobacco the rate of taxation upon liquors and tobacco is advisable, especially in view of the drain upon the treasury which must attend the payment of the arrears of pensions. A comparison, however, of the amount of taxes collected under the varying rates of taxation which had at different times prevailed, soggests the inti-mation that some reduction may soon be made without it material diminution of revenue. Without a material diminution of revenue. The tariff laws also need revision, but that a due regard may be paid to the conflicting interests of out citizens important changes should be made with caution. If a careful revision caunot be made at this session, a commission, such as was lately approved by the senate, and is now recommended by the secretary of the treasury, would doubtless lighten the labors of whenever this subject shall be brought to its consideratiou.

THE POSTOFFICE DEPARTMENT.

The report of the postmaster general is a gratic, ing exhibit of growth and efficiency of the postal service.

The receipts from postage and other ordina-

ny sources during the past fiscal year were \$36,-489,816 55; the receipts from the money order business were \$295,581 39, making a total of \$33,789,399 97. The expenditure for the fiscal year was \$69,251,736 49. The deficit supplied out of the general treasury was \$2,481,129 35, or 63 per cent of the amount. The receipts were \$3,469,918 63 in excess of those of the

previous year, and \$4,575,397 97 in excess of the estimate made two years ago, before the present period of business prosperty had fair-ly begun. The whole number of letters mailed in this country in the last fiscal year exceeded 1,000,000,000. The registry system is reported to be in excellent condition, having been remodeled during the past four years with good reau t. The amounts of registration fees collected during the last fiscal year was \$712,882.20, an increase over the fiscal year ending June 3., 1877, of \$345,443.40. The entire number of letters and packages registered during the year was £8,338,914, of which only 2,061 061 or lost in transit. Operations of the money order system are multiplying yearly. Under the impulse of immigration, of the rapid devel-opment of the newer states and territories and the consequent demand for additional means of inter-communication and exchange, during the past year, 338 additional money order offices have been established, making a total of 5,499 in operation at the date of this report During the year the domestic money orders aggregated in values 105,075,769 35.

A modification of the system is suggested, the system is suggested.

reducing the fees for money orders not exceedng \$5 from 10 cents to ave cents, and making the limit \$100 in place of #50. AN INDIAN POLICY.

For the success of the eff rts now making to

to introduce among the indians, the customs and pursuits of civilized life, and gradually to absorb them into the mass of our citizens, sharing their rights and holding their responsi-bilities, there is an imperative need for legisla-tive action. My suggestion in that regard will be chiefly such as has been already called to the attention of congress and have received to some extent its consideration.—(First) I recommend the passage of an act making the laws of the various states and territories applicable to the Indian reservations within them, and extending the laws of the state of Arkansas to the portion of the Indian territory not occupied by the five civilized tribes. The Indian should receive the protection of the law. He should be allowed to maintain in court his rights of person and property. He has repeatedly begged for this privilege. Its exercise would be very valuable to him in his progress toward civilization. Second, of even greater importance is a measure which has been urgently recommended by my predecessors in office and in furthurence of which several bills have front time to time beauty and the several bills. have from time to time been introduced in both nouses of congress. The enactment of a general law permitting the allotment in severally to such Indians at least as desire it of a reasorable quantity of land secured to them by pat-ent and for their own protection made inalien-able from 20 to 25 years is demanded for their present welfare and their permanent advancepresent welfare and their permanent advancement. La return for such consideration on the part of the government there is reason to believe that the Indians in large numbers would be persuaded to sever their tribai relations and to engage at once in agricultural pursuits if persuaded that their hunting days were over and that is now for their best interests to conform their manuer of life to the new order of things. By no greater inducement than the assurance of permanent title to the soil can they be made to engage in the occupation of tilling it. The well attested reoccupation of tilling it. The well attested re-ports of their increasing interest in husbandry justify the hope and belief that the enactment of such a statute as I recommend would be at once attended with gratifying results. A re-sort to the allotment system would have a direct and powerful influence in dissoving the tribal bond which is a prominent feature of savage life, and which tends so strongly to perpetuate it. Therefore I advise a liberal appropriation for the support of Indian schools, because of my confident belief that such a course is consistent with the wisest economy Even among the most uncultured Indian tribes there is known to be a general and un-gent desire on the part of the chiefs and older members for the education of their children. It is unfortunate, in view of this fact, that during the past year the means which have peen at the command of the interior depart been at the command of the interior department, for the purpose of Indian instruction have proved to be utterly inadequate. The success of the schools which are in operation at Hampton, Carlisie and Forest Grove, should not only encourage a more generous provision for the support of those institutions, but should prompt the establishment of others of a suitar character. They are doubtless of a smilar character. They are doubtless much more potent for good than the day schools upon the reservation, as the pupils are altogether separated from the surroundings of savage life and brought into constant contact with diviligation. with civilization.

POLYGAMYIN UTAH.

There are many other phases of this subject which are of great interest but which cannot be included within the becoming limits of this communication. They are recorded ably in the reports of the secretary of the interior and the commessioner of Indian affiles. For many years the executive in his annual message to congress has urged the necessity of stringent legislation for the suppression of polygamy in the territories and especially in the territory of Utah. The existing statute for the punishment of this odious crime so revolting to the moral and religious sense of Christianity has been peristently and contemptuously violated ever since its enactment. Indeed, in spite of commendable efforts on the part of the authorities who represent the United States in that terriwho represent the United States in that territory, the law has in very rare instances been enforced, and for a cause to which reference will presently be made is practically a dead letter. The fact that adherents of the Mormon chunch, which rests upon polygamy as its corner stone, have recently been peoping in large numbers Idaho, Arizona and other of our western territories is well calculated to excite the liveliest interest and apprehension. It imthe liveliest interest and apprehension. It imposes upon congress and the executive the duty of enlisting against this barbarous system all the power which under the constitution and law they can wield for its destruction. Refer-once has been frequently made to the obstacles which the United States officers have found to their efforts to punish violations of law. Prom-inent among the obstacles is the difficulty of inent among the obstacles is the difficulty of procuring legal evidence sufficient to warrant a conviction even in the case of the most notorious offenders. Your attention is called to the opinion of the supreme court of the United States explaining its judgment of reversal in the case of Miles, who has been convicted of bigamy in Utah. The court refers to the fact that the secrecy attending the celebration of marriages in that territory makes that part of polygamy very difficult, and the propriety is polygamy very difficult, and the propriety is suggested of modifying that law of evidence which now makes a wife incompetent to testiwhich now makes a wife incompetent to testifyagainst her husband. This suggestion is approved. I recommend also the passing of an act providing that in the territories of the United States the fact that a woman has been married to a person charged with bigamy shall not disqualify her from appearing here as a witness upon his trial for that offense. I further recommend legislation by which any person solemnizing a marriage. by which any person solemnizing a marriage in any of the territories shall be required, un-

der stringent penalties for neglect or refusal to file a contract of such marriage in the su-preme court of the territory, unless congress devise other practicable measures for obviating the difficulties which have hitherto attended the efforts to suppress this iniquity. I assure you of my determined purpose to co operate with you in any lawful and discreet measures which may be proposed to that end.

THE CIVIL SERVICE. In my letter accepting the Lomination for the vice presidency I stated that in my judgment "no man shoul be an incumbent of an office, the duties of which he is for any cause unfit to perform, or who is lacking in that abil-ity, fidelity, or integrity which a proper admin-istration of the office demands." But opinion has been widely divided upon the wisdom of various reformatory schemes which have been suggested and of certain proposed regulations governing the appointments to the public office. The efficiency of such regulations has been distrusted mainly because they have seemed to exalt mere educational and abstract tests above general business capacity and even special fittees for the perticular a row in hond. It cial fitness for the particular v ork in hand. It seems to me that the rules that shou debe applied to the management of public service may properly conform in the main to such as regulate the condition of successful private business. The original appointments should be based upon ascertained fitness. The tenure of office should be stable. Positions of responsibility should, so far as practicable, be filled by

the promotion of worthy and efficient officers.

The investigation of all complaints, the punishment of all official conduct should be expenditure of the public moneys. I earnest-prompt and thorough. The views expressed by recommend such appropriations as will acin the foregoing letter are those which will govern my administration of the executive of-fice. They are doubtless shared by all intelligent and patriotic citizens, however divergent in their opinions as to the best methods of put-ting them into practical operation. For ex-ample the assertior that original appointments should be based upon ascertained fitness is not open to dispute; but the question how in practice such filness can be most effectually ascertained is one which has for years excited interest and discussion. The measure which, with slight variations in its details, has lately been urged upon the attention of congress and the urged upon the attention of congress and the executive, has as its principal feature the scheme of competitive examination. Save for certain exceptions which need not be here specified, this plan would limit admission to the service only to its lowest grade, and would accordingly demand that all the vacancies in higher positions should be filled by promotion alone. In these particulars it is in conformity with the existing civil service system of Great aloue. In these particulars it is in conformity with the existing civil service system of Great B nain, and, indeed, the success which has at-tended the system in the country of its birth is the strongest argument which has been urged or its adoption here. The facts should not, lowever, be overlooked that there are certain features of the Eaglish system which have not generally been received with favor in this country among the foremest advocates ofe ivil seeraly reform.

FOREIGN RELATIONS. Save for correspondence, to which I shall refer hereafter, in relation to the proposed canal across the isthmus of Panama, little has occurred worthy of mention in the diplomatic relations of the two countries. Early in the year the Fortune Bay claims were satisfactorily settled by the British government paying in full the sum of \$15,000, most of which has been already distributed. As the terms of settlement included, compensation for injuries tlement included compensation for injuries suffered by our fishermen at Ashee Bay, there has been retained from the gross award a sum which is deemed adequate for those-claims.

By recent legislation onerous fines have been imposed upon American shipping in Spanish imposed upon American shipping in Spanish and colonial ports for slight irregularities in manifests. The tests on the case of hardships are especially worthy of attention. The bark Masonic, bound for Japan, entered Manilla in distress and is there sought to be confiscated under the Spanish revenue laws for an alleged theorem; in host transfer out. shortage in her transhipped cargo. Though efforts for her relief have thus far proved unavailing, it is expected that the whole will be

adjusted in a friendly spirit.
Our agents in Switzerland have been instructed to protest against the conduct of the authorities of certain communes in permitting the emigration to this country of criminals and other objectionable persons. Several such persons, through the co-operation of the commis-sioners of emigration at New York, have been sent back by the steamers which brought them. A continuance of this course may prove a more effectual remedy than diplomatic remonstrance.

Treaties of commerce and navigation and for the regulation of consular privileges have been concluded with Roumania and Servia since heir admission into the family of European

I regret that the commercial interests between the United States and Brazil, from which great advantages were hoped a year ago, have suffered from the withdrawal of the

American lines of communication between the Brazilian ports and our own.

A question has arisen in relation to the exercise in Japan of the judical functions confer-red upon our ministers and consuls. The indictments, trial, and conviction, in the consular courts at Yokohama of John Ross, a merchant seaman on board an American vessel, have seaman on board an American vessel, have made it necessary for the government to institute a careful examination into the nature and methods of this jurisdiction. It appeared that Ross, was regularly shipped under the flag of the United States, but was by birth a British subject. My predecessor felt it his duty to maintain the position that during his service as a regularly shipped seaman on board an American merchant vessel, Ross was subject to the laws of that service, and to the furisdicto the laws of that service, and to the jurisdic-tion of the United States consulate authorities. THE PANAMA CANAL.

The questions growing out of the proposed inter-oceanic water way across the 1sthmus of Panama are of grave national importance. This government has not been unmindful of dent and soverign mistress of the country crossed by the canal, and has sought to render them effective by fresh engagements with the Columbian republic looking to new practical execution. The negotiations to this end, after they had reached what appeared to be a mutually satisfactory solution were met In Columbia by a disavowal of the powers which its envoy had assumed and by a proposal for rehewed negotation on a modified basis. Meanwhile, this government learned that Columbia had proposed to the European powers to join in a guarantee of the neutrality of the proposed Panama and a guarantee which would be in direct tee of the neutrality of the proposed Panama canal, a guarantee which would be in direct contravention of our obligation as the sole guaranteer of the integrity of Columbian territory and of the neutrality of the canal itself. My lamented predecessor felt it his duty to place before the European powers the reasons which make the prior guarantee of the United States indispensable, and for which the interfection of any foreign guarantee might be rejection of any foreign guarantee might be re-garded as a superfluous and unfriendly act. Forseeing the probable reliance of the British government on the provisions of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty of 1850, as affording room for a share in the guarantees which the United states covenanted with Columbia four years before. I have not hesitated to supplement the action of my predecessor by proposing to her Majesty's government the modification of that instrument and the abrogation of such clauses thereof as do not comport with the obligations of the United States toward Columbia, or with the vital needs of the two friendly parties to the compact,
INTERNATIONAL RULES.

I invite your attention to the propriety of adopting the new international code of rules for the prevention of collision on the high seas and of conforming the domestic legislation of the United States thereto, so that no confusion may arise from the application of conflicting rules in the case of vessels of different nationalities meeting in tidal waters. These international rules differ but slightly from our own. They have been adopted by the navy department for the governance of the war ships of the United States on the high seas and in foreign waters and through the action of in foreign waters, and through the action of the state department in disseminating the rules and in acquainting shipmasters with the option of conforming to them without the jurisdic-tional waters of the United States they are now very generally known and obeyed. THE SIGNAL SERVICE.

The separate organization of the signal service is needed by the secretary of war, and a full statement of the arrangement of such per-manent organization is presented in the report

of the chief signal officer.

IMPROVEMENT OF RIVERS AND HARBORS.

The report of the chief of engineers furnishes a detailed account of the operations for the improvement of rivers and harbors. I commend to your attention the suggestions contained in this report in regard to the connection of our fortifications, especially our coast defences and recommend an increase of the strength of the efficiency of our torredo system would be the efficiency of our torpedo system would be improved. I call your attention to the remarks upon the improvement of the south pass of the Mississippi river.

NEEDS OF THE NAVY. The report of the secretary of the navy exhibits the condition of that branch of the service and presents valuable suggestions for its improvement. I call your special attention also to the appended report of the advisory board which has convened to devise suitable measures for increasing the efficiency of the measures for increasing the efficiency navy, and particularly to the report as to the character and number of vessels necessary to put it on a footing commensurate with the necessities of the government. I cannot too strongly urge upon you my conviction that every consideration of national safety, economy and honor imperatively, demands a thor-ough rehabilitation of our navy, with a full ap-preciation of the fact that compliance with the suggestions of the head of that department

complish in the end what seems to be so de eirable. Nothing can be more inconsistent with true public economy than the withhold ing of means necessary to accomplish objects intrusted, by the constitution, to the national legislature. One of these objects, and one which is of paramount importance, is declared by our fundamental law to be the provision for the "common defense." Surely nothing is more essential to the defense of the United States and all the people than the efficiency of our navy. We have for many our navy. We have for many years maintained with foreign gov-ernments relatious of honorable peace, and that such relations may be permanent is desired by every patriotic citizen of the republic. But if we read the teachings of history we shall not forget, that in the life of every we shall not forget that in the life of every nation emergencies may arise when a resort to arms can alone save it from dishonor. No danger from abroad now threatens this people, nor have we any cause to distrust the friendly professions of other governments, but for avoiding as well as repelling dangers that may threaten us in the future we must be prepared to face any policy which we think wise to adopt; we must be ready to defend our herto adopt; we must be ready to defend our har bors against aggression, to protect by the dis-tribution of our ships of war over the highways of commerce the varied interests of our foreign trade and the person and property of our citi-zens abroad, to maintain everywhere the honor of our flag and the distinguished position which we may rightfully claim among the nations of the world.

THE MERCHANT MARINE.

The continued decline of the merchant marine of the United States is to be greatly de-plored. In view of the fact that we furnish so large a proportion of the freight of the commercial world, and that our shipments are mercial world, and that our shipments are steadily and rapidly increasing, it is a cause of surprise that not only is our navigation interest diminishing, it is less than when our exports and imports were not half so large as now, either in bulk or in value. There must be some peculiar hindrance to the development of this interest or the enterprise and energy of American mechanics and capitalists would have kent this country at least abresst of our have kept this country at least abreast of our rivals in the friendly contest for ocean suprem acy. The substitution of iron for wood and or steam for sail have wrought great revolutions in the carrying trade of the world, but these changes could not have been adverse to America, if we had given to our navigation interes a portion of the aid and protection which have been so bestowed upon our manufactures. commend the whole subject to the wisdom of congress with the suggestion that no question of greater magnitude or farther reaching importance can engage their attention. PRESIDENTIAL INABILITY.

Questions which concern the very existence of the government and the liberties of the peo-ple were suggested by the prolonged illness of the late President and his consequent incapacity to perform the functions of his office. It is provided by the second article of the coasti tution in the fifth clause of its first section that in case of the removal of the President from office, or of his death, resignation or inability to discharge the powers and duties of his office, the same shall devolve on the Vice President. What is the intention of the constitution in its spec fication of inability to discharge the powers, and duties of said office as one of the contingencies which calls the Vice President to the exercise of Presidential func-tions? Is the inability limited in its nature to long continued 1 stellectual incapacity, or has it a broader import? What must be its extent and duration? How must its existence be established? Has the President, whose inability is the subject of luquiry, any voice in determining whether or not it exists or is the decision of that momentous and decision of that momentous and delicate question confided to the Vice Presi dent, or is it contemplated by the constitution that congress should provide by law precisely what should cons itute inability, and how and by what tribunal or authority it should be ascertained? If the inability proves to be tem-porary in its nature, and during its continuance the Vice President lawfully exercises the functions of the executive, by what tenure does he hold his office? Does he continue as President for the remainder of the four years' term, or would the elected President, if his in ability should cease in the interval, be empow ered to resume his office, and if, having such the Vice President b, thereupon empowered to resume his powers and duties as such? I cannot doubt that these important questions will receive your early and thoughtful consideration.

Deeply depressed with the gravity of the re sponsibilities which have so unexpectedly de velved upon me, it will be my constant purpose to co-operate with you in such measures as will promote the glory of the country and the

prosperity of its people.

CHESTER A. ARTHUR,
WASHINGTON, D. C., December 6, 1881.

A CHEAP AND SIMPLE ICE-HOUSE.

The cost of putting up a supply o ice will be more than saved every season in the saving of meat and vegetables, to say nothing of the luxury of cold milk for the table and a dish of butter which does not suggest oil. Butter-making is so much more profitable, too, when the milk can be cooled rapidly, as only ice will do it.

Our ice house was a cheap experi ment. We had a small building which was used to store shoes, spades and other small implements. It was merely a frame covered with clap boards. The floor was taken out of a part of this building, and the sides built up from the ground with planks, making a deep bin. The ground was covered with rough planks, which in turn were covered to the depth of six or eight inches with dry sawdust. The cakes of ice were laid in layers with a foot between the ice and the side of the building. Care was taken to fill all the interstic s between the cakes with broken ice, which was made solid by pouring water over it. When finished, the ice was a solid mass. The space between the ice and the walls was filled with sawdust, crowded down very hard, and about ten inches of sawdust was packed down hard over the top. The ice kept well, and with the exception of one year, when ice could not be obtained here. It has been used every season for ten years, and has never failed us yet.

If the drainage is perfect and the ventilation good over the ice, it is sure to keep as long as needed.

Care must be taken however, to

keep the sawdust firm over the top, and as the ice is taken out and the sawdust from the sides comes down it must be removed so that it may not become too thick over the top.

The visible supply of wheat increased 675,000 bushels and that of corn, 739,000 bushels during the past week. The supply of oats in sight decreased 708,000 bushes in the same Things to Remember.

Remember that mirrors should not nang where the sun shines upon them. They look misty, grow rough or granulated, and no longer give a correct picture. The amalgam, or union of tinfoil with mercury, which is spread on glass to form a looking-glass, is easily ruined by the direct, continued therefore, have the first and largest inexposure to the solar rays. Remember that lemons can be kept sweet and fresh for months by putting them in a clean, tight cask or jar, and covering with cold water. The water must be changed as often as once every other lay, and the cask kept in a cool place. Remember that a tablespoonful of plack pepper will prevent gray or buff linen from spotting if stirred into the irst water in which they are washed. It will also prevent the colors running when washing black or colored cambrics or muslins, and the water is not injured by it, but is just as soft as before the pepper was put in. Remember that one can have the hands in soapsuds without injury to the skin if the hands are dipped in vinegar or lemon juice immediately after. The acids destroy the corrosive effects of the alkali, and .make the hands soft and white. Indian meal and vinegar or lemon juice used on them, when roughened by cold or labor, will heal and soften them. Rub the hands in this; then wash off thoroughly and rub in glycerine. Those who suffer from chapped hands in the winter will find this comforting.

Bank Management.

In regard to the many losses accrung from bad management in banks, the Nation says:

There is good ground for believing that banking mismanagement of which several startling revelations have lately of it. Facilities for transportation are come to light, may work its own cure by the magnitude of the losses in which t has involved stockholders. Of course every improvement which experience suggests should be introduced in the ystem of examination and reports; but f a theoretically perfect law should be passed it would still be ineffectual without a faithful and thorough adminstration; and even with it a shrewd rascal by new tricks may elude the closest vigilance. Not only expert and ndustrious examiners are wanted, but ors who do something more than nod over official reports at regular meetings. No statute can take the place of good business management. Such management can be secured in the end only by the efforts of those to whom the business belongs, who divide its profits and bear its losses—the owners of the bank's long and painful illness of the late shares. If they do not take pains to President" Prince Leopold, Duke of appoint competent and trustworthy Albany, one of the vice-presidents of the Society, was appointed to communication of the society, was appointed to communications of the society. surely as will those of other neglected 'nicate the resolution.

business. The money stolen from the Mechanics' Bank of Newark, and the money loosely lent without sufficient security by the Pacific Bank of Boston, comes out of the pockets of the stockholders. Not only do they lose their capital, but they are responsible for an equal amount to make good the losses of the depositors. The stockholders terest in good management.

Tennesse Marble.

John J. Craig, of Knoxville, Tenn., says that the United States government is now working successfully a quarry of white stone in the immediate vicinity of that city, which is pronounced by competent judges to be superior to anything of the kind found elsewhere in the United States for building and all out-door purposes. It is a highly crystalized limestone marble—and as it comes from the hammer and chisel is almost perfectly white; when polished it shows a faint, pinkish blush, most delicate and beautiful; long exposure to the atmosphere seems to whiten and harden it; a sort of glass-like enamel forms over its surface and renders t almost impervious to dampness and stains of any kind. A column of this marble which has been standing in Knoxville more than thirty years, and which has never been touched with brush or soap, is as white and clean today as it was the day it was first exposed to storms and sunshine. The texture and working quality of the marble is unsurpassed. It is neither too hard nor too soft, but exactly soft enough to allow the sculptor to work it without force, and trace on it the finest lines of finished form, and yet hard enough to retain these lines in all their original delicacy, unimpaired by wind or rain, for generations to come. The quantity of the marble is unlimited-Knoxville is surrounded by mountains good. Carloads are being daily shipped to all sections of the country, and the

one of the most important industries. "Now you better let me put up a set of these weather strips on your doors," pleaded the agent in an insinuating voice; "they keep the house very warm." But the man said no, his wife's mother was stopping with them this winter, and he guessed it would nonest tellers and cashiers, presidents be warm enough without the strips, with their eyes wide open, and direct and the agent, being a sensible man, saw it that way too, and went out to hunt up another customer,

absence of capital alone prevents the

quarrying of it from developing into

Mrs. Garfield has been elected the first honorary member of the New Shakespeare Society of London, "as a slight tribute of admiration for the loving devotion shown by her during the

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Cold on the prairie lieth the snow, With a freely glow in the sunserlight For the summer, with flower, and bird, and rhyme,
Is treating the bowers of a southern clime, And here it is still and chill as night.

What thought to these fields, in the radiant

spring,
A message of life and joy shall come!
The v.o.ecs sleeping under the snow,
Are not the same that will bud and blow 'Mid the waving grass at nome, sweet home

Out on the hillside under the oak, my gold-haired baby sister will stand, Waist deep in a sea of clover bloom, That gathers a new and rare perfume From the touch of her tily, snow flake hand.

Lowly and slowly the shadows will fall, And the stars come forth in the quiet sky; And my father will sit in his wonted chair, While a soft, low wind just lifts the hair That shadows his forenead bold and high Silent and thoughtful my mother will sit, While a light in her earnest nazel eyes

Shines pure and clear as the pearis that sleep Far down in the sea's unrufiled deep, The same 'neath stormy or cloudless skies. Fly on the wings of this swift, cold wind-

iy, happy hours, till the wanderer come! Let the hearts that are dearer and truer to m Than the world beside could ever be, Be kept, O Father in heaven, by thee, homel

#### THE GREAT BAZAAR IN FREEVILLE.

They were going to have a bazaar in that town. There was a good deal of distress among the poor; for the panic came, and hard times came, and some manufacturers failed, and those who did not reduced their working force, and a great many operatives were out of employ, and were wanting help. Bryant walked off. Economy and retrenchment were the order of the day. The ladies, some of them, did their own sewing. Some did with but one servant: some did without of school to retrench school expenses, and the academy dismissed one teacher, a young lady with an invalid mother. The ladies who kept house managed very closely indeed, and deserved much credit. Mrs. Milly un concluded not to buy the ten-dollar silk But there were remnants of silk of she longed for, and took one for four. bright colors, of bobbinet lace, illusions, Even more, she got a friend to smuggle it from Europe, and it cost even

makes it easier for us to do it who are bill, and the face of the little old lady obliged to do it.

But Mrs. Jones, the dressmaker, missed the patronage of Mrs. Millyun, and thought that her work, which had always been good enough before, was good enough now. But there was no use to employ so many hands if she was not going to have the best custom, usual dull season; and even then it was the rent puzzles me. not easy, with her sick husband and hov. to bring her profit to the expense point, let alone saving anything.

Then Judge Rochester set an example of economy. His barn needed repairs; but although material was low overcoat, and staid out of school. It dress them. Can you do it? soon became obvious that something would have to be done for the poor to keep the wolf from their doors, and 'the bazaar' was the talk of everybody The tender glow of benevolence pervaded society. Judge Rochester gave fifty dollars, with a warm feeling around his heart, that did him credit. Mrs. Millyun gave a hundred toward paying expenses of getting it up; and so on through society.

The young ladies worked early and costumes in which they were to appear at the bazaar. The wisest economy was practiced. Everybody did everything herself that could be done by unprofessional hands; and when winter, and keep their cook too. necessity called in skilled labor, it was "Humph!" said Miss Rryant. always expected that a handsome deduction should be made, as it was a charity. Sometimes the employes grumbled, but dared not offend rich patrons; and so they did it, even though grudgingly.

'What a blessed thing it is,' said Mrs. Allen, her fine eyes suffused with moisture, that we are getting on so well with the bazaar! Everybody seems so willing. Thus, Mrs. Johnson finds time to help us, even with her seven children; and Mrs. Tribolite has lent us her grandmother's brocade for our 'Marie Antoinette;' and Mrs. Millyun has given much to bear our expenses. We shall not be obliged to hire any thing done scarcely!

'Humph!' said Miss Mary Bryant, who was Mrs. George Allen's single sister, and had five thousand a year of her own, and no questions asked. As I said before, 'Humph!' said Mary Bry- she may, for all that.

Who makes the coffee this year?

she asked. 'Oh, we are going to do that ourselves. Mrs. O'Lay asked us two dollars a night, and we are going to save that, and Mrs. Brown said she would

'I'll see to the coffee,' remarked Miss Mary Bryant, dryly.

'What! you make coffee? What did 'What! you make conseer what the you say about cooking yesterday?'
'Not at all. I'm going to pay Nora O'Lay two dollars a night for coffee serving they really are? Don't you see true?" and frying oysters. Her husband is that you take honest bread to give to out of work, and she has six children. possible impostors? For the four nights of the bazaar it will be quite a lift, and she will come 'in at the death' and help clear up.'

'Well, of course, if you pay out of yeur own pocket, it is nobody's business, but the Relief Society won't pay

'Generally speaking, I pay my own,' said Miss Bryant. 'What are the girls going to make, this afternoon, when they come here?

made on dolls, if you understand it. | yourselves, and make yourselves pretty | obedient .-- St. Nicholas.

If you dress them cheaply and showily, and sew on the clothes, you more than quadruple the cost in the profit. Don't you see?

'I understand. I was sacrificed to such dolls in my childhood. Flimsy tarletan and spangles, and to cut a stitch was to sacrifice a whole wardrobe. And the doll had on nothing to speak of during the rest of her natural existence. Do these young ladies propose to immolate the juveniles also on the alter of economy?

'What a queer girl you are! I don't know what you mean! Of course they want to make all they can for the it just as well, or better, who lives on bazaar. But here comes the first of them, while we are talking, and here money. is Mrs. Johnson's man with the dolls in a clothes-basket!'

In truth, it was a pretty, a kindly sight to see the girls gathered together in Mrs. Allen's pretty rooms. Girls are so pretty in themselves that it don't matter what they do; they are always the nicest of all things to look

at. But to-day they meant business. There were bright, experienced ones who cut, industrious ones who sewed, and ignorant ones who botched, and idle ones who shirked, and busybodies who inspected but did not work, as always in such affairs. Miss Bryant came in while they were the busiest, with her walking-dress on, and the brightest of smiles on her face.

Well, girls, how many have I got to dress? 'Just as many as you please. There,s

a hundred here, and each of us can dress one nicely this afternoon,' said the pretty dolls' chair girl. That's only twenty. Well, I'll dress

Fifty dolls! O Miss Bryant, you are too good!' And a buzz of approba-

tion ran through the crele.
'No, I'm not. Fifty dolls isn't much to dress for one's bleeding country Select fifty of the prettiest and largest Put them into the basket, and I'll call for them in an hour or so.' And Miss

The carriage was at the door, and Miss Bryant drove away in it. She drove a long way up Washington street, and got out at a droll little shop, out any. They kept their daughters kept by an old lady in a full-bordered

It would have done your heart good to have seen Miss Bryant tumble over the droll little piles of goods that had ain on the shelves so, long, some of them, that they were quite shelf-worn. edgings; summer silks in little checks, and small remnants of lining silks bright merinos and wool delaines, balls Everybody said: 'What a good exam- of narrow ribbons, odds and ends of all ple of economy Mrs. Millyun sets us! sorts and kinds. The shelves looked There it is not at all necessary, only it quite bare when Miss Bryant paid the grew lovely to behold.

'How comes on the winter, Mrs, Hazard?' asked Miss Bryant.

Preety bad, pretty bad. You see, I'd rented my upper room to Nelly Moore and her mother. And now she's out of work, owing to Mrs. Jones dismissing her extra help on account of and all of it, too. So two of her sew- hard times, and I expect they'll have ing-girls were paid off weeks before the, to move, and then what I'll do to pay

'I'll just step up there,' said Miss Bryant, just as if that was not what she intended to do.

'So, Nellie,' said Miss Bryant, 'you are not going to be as busy as formerly for a while. I'm ever so glad, for it helps me out of an embarrassment. and labor plenty, it was no time to I've got fifty dolls to dress for the bahave extra expenses; so he let it go. zuar. Of course I'm not so silly as to So poor Dufftale's little boy had no do it myself. Here's the material to

'In two weeks—yes, if mother will help on the plain things. It's all hand work mostly, and takes time.' Well, they are of all sizes; some of

them very handsome; some small and easy to dress. Now they must be honestly dressed, at least all the larger ones, with the clothes to come off and put oa, just as little girls love them best; and if you carnot do it all, tells me. Let Catharine Waters do up the clothes that need it—she is out of late over fancy work and the pretty work, too and tell her to send me the will.

> ·Well, it's hard enough on her,' said Nellie, 'but Mrs. Rochester says that they cannot afford a laundress this

> bring you round the dolls before dark.'
> 'When Miss Bryant came back she felt for a moment as if she had missed her way and got into a bee-hive, there was such a busy hum.

'I'm sure, I try to be economical,' said one young lady, a teacher of music. '1 save a dollar a week washing coll irs and handkerchiefs, and that's what I'm going to give to the bazaar. I feel as if I

had earned it, almost.' 'And the bazaar is to help the poor,' said Miss Bryant, with that old smile of hers.

'Of course.' 'What kind of a woman is your washer-woman?'

'Oh, she's a very respectable woman, assure you.'

'Likely to come on the Relief Society this winter?

'Certainly not, if she can help it. But

'Now, my dear girl,' said Miss Bryant, with her dancing smile, 'don't you think that dollar a week that you save, at, I am sure, some inconvenience to yourself, and I am equally certain, some annoyance to your landlady, would help the Relief Society more by keeping your washerman beyond the need of its help, by giving her honest pay for the only part of her work on which she makes any real profit, than to put it in-

'But, Miss Bryant, don't you approve of the bazaar? Don't you think the

soup-house is a good thing?" 'Yes, the strikers think so, feeling sure that their families will be helped while they fight their employers. The frontier towns think so when they have foreign invasions of needy adventurers. One who has depended on the souphouse will depend again; and you do much to encourage vice and idleness. 'Dress dolls. There's a great deal No, girls! Have your bazaar. Enjoy

and have a good time. God bless you all! But while you are doing it, don't discharge the music teacher and teach the little sisters, if you can afford to pay her, for she has a mother to support, or somebody else; nor do unsuitable work and make yourself ill, where the fee for one doctor's visit will be a generous, you can be honest and help others to be. If you economize, try to do it all yourselt; don't crowd another's place. Don't try to teach, and take the place of a poorer girl who could do

it, while you only buy ribbons with the

'But the example'who are needy don't want your example; they want your place. Your room in the army of teachers is far better than your company. Now there is a large class of people born and bred to better days, who will grow very cold and feel very hungry and never tel? anybody, who will also be decent and pinched and patient, and I hold it is the business of good christians to help these, and help them with honest pay for honest work, and with such timely help, delicately offered, as will confirm

them in their own self-respect.' This was quite a speech for Miss Bryant. But the result was seen; for although not nearly so many persons donated' work or articles, or were asked to do so, so much was paid out for such offices that there were not so very many poor folks to help that win-ter, for Freeville is only a small place, after all.

And the young folks had a glorious good time, and will talk of it for year's to come.—Harper's Baz r.

#### Farming in Dakota.

"Yes, sir," resumed the Dakota man. as the crowd of agriculturists drew back from the bar and seated themselves around a little table, "yes, sir, we do things on rather a sizable scale. I've seen a man on dne of our big farms start out in the spring and plough a straight furrow until fall. Then he turned round and harvested

"Carry his grub with him?" asked a Brooklyn farmer, who raises cabbages on the outskirts.

"No sir. They follow him up with a steam hotel and have relays of men to change plows for him. We have some oig farms up there, gentlemen. A friend of mine owned one on which he had to give a mortgage, and I pledge you my word, the mortgage was due on one end before they could get it recorded at the other. You see it was laid off in counties.'

There was a murmur of astonishment, and the Dakota man continu-

"I got a letter from a man who lives in my orchard, just before I left home, and it had been three weeks getting to the dwelling-house, although it had traveled day and night."

"Distances are pretty wide up there, ain't they?" inquired a New Utrecht agriculturist.

"Reasonably, reasonably,' replied the Dakota man. "And the worst of it is, it breaks up families so. Two years ago I saw a whole family prostrated with grief. Women yelling, children howling, and dogs barking. One of my men had his camp truck packed on seven four-mule teams and he was around bidding everybody goodbye." "Where was he going?" asked a

Gravesend man. "He was going half way across the farm to feed the pigs," replied the Da-

kota man. "Did he ever get back to his fami-

"It isn't time for him yet," returned the Dakota gentleman. "Up there we send young married couples to milk the cows, and their children bring home the milk."

"I understand that you have fine mines up that way,"ventured a Jamai-

ca turnip planter. "Yes, but we only use the quartz for fencing," said the Dakota man testing the blade of his knife with his thumb. preparatory to whetting it on his boot, It won't pay to crush it, because we can make more money on wheat. I put in eighty-nine hundred townships of wheat last spring."

"How many acres would that be?" "We don't count by acres. We count by townships and counties. My yield was \$68,000,000 on wheat alone, and I'm thinking of breaking up from eighty to a hundred more counties

next season." "How do you get the heip for such extensive operations?" asked the New

Utrecht man. "Oh, labor is cheap," replied the Da-

kota man. "You can get all you want for from \$29 to \$47 a day. In fact I never paid over \$38." "Is land cheap?"

"No, land is high. Not that it costs anything, for it don't; but under the laws of the Territory you have got to take so much or none. I was in luck. I had a friend at Yankton who got a bill through the Legislature allowing me to take 520,000 square miles, which is the smallest farm there, though it

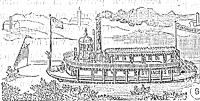
"Look here," said the barkeeper, as the Eastern husbandmen strolled out in a bunch to consider the last statement, "Is all this you've been telling,

"Certainly," responded the Western man; "at least it is a modification of what I saw in a Dakota paper that was wrapped around a pair of shoes last night. I didn't dare put it as strong as the paper did, for no one would believe it. You can slate that last round of drinks and I'll pay in the morning. I live right here on Myrtle avenue. -Brooklyn Eagle.

That was provoking, but still the Zula had been obedient,—perhaps too

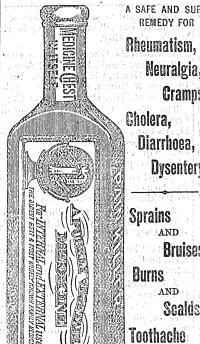
#### A FAIRY AFLOAT.

The following description of the fairy essel represented on this page is from the Cincinnati Commerciat: The hull is of the finest selected white oak, braced, bolted and riveted in the most skillful and workmanlike manner, and is 64 feet in length godsend to some poor woman glad of 14 feet breadth of beam, 24 feet depth of the job. If you are rich enough to be hold, and draws twenty inches of water. She carries a tubular boil cr, and two beauti ful little engines, made expressly for her, by the Ohio Machine Co., Middleport, O. The dining-room is situated between the boiler and engine rooms, and is artistically grained, with trescold ceiling. It is furrished in the Queen Annessiyle and the silver, china and table linen are of the finest character. The phot-house communain aton and Captain's office are on the saloon 'Fudge! as Burchell says. People deck and are luxurous in their furnishing



The saloon proper is and decorations. frescoed and gilded in Eastlake style, and the flooring is covered with Turkish carpet The furniture, in raw silk and walnut, of the Queen Anne pattern, like that of the. dining-hall, and rich curtains of damask complete the impression of a veritable floating palace. The four state-rooms contain ing paace. The four state-rooms containing two berths each, are also carpeted with Brussels and handsomely furnished. The boat belongs to and was built under the directions of Messas A. Vogeler & Co., Baltimore, Md., for their own exclusive use upon the Ohio, Mississippi and other Western rivers, and is run by a picked crew of officers and men in their employ. The object of this little steamer is to carry neither freight nor passengers. She was built for the firm above named, to be used exclusively by them for distributing their printed matter in the river towns for Sr. JACOBS OIL, the Great German Remedy for rheumatism and other painful ailments

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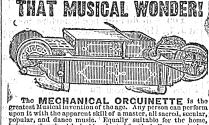
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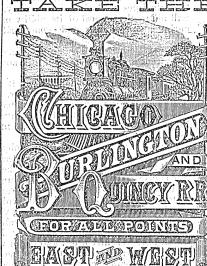
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1882

1882

THE DETROIT

### POST AND TRIBUNE

The Leading Newspaper of Michigan.

RADICALLY and CONSISTENT-LY REPUBLICAN.

THE DETROIT POST AND TRIBUND has an established reputation as one of the leading in wide particle great for two states and is the freme to exponent of ite ubilean principles in Michigan. During the coming team no effort with the spared to make tunning the coming team no come with the present of the present of the particle properties. The present of the particle acts is and the paper should be read in every family in the Stats.

the Stats.

The news department of The Post and Tribun's will be especially full a deemplete. Its large face of state correspondents, its section presentatives in New York, Washington, Cheage and other news centres of the county, and its large and evel organized force in to home office, leave it without arival in Michigan in its facilities for gathering and presenting the news of the day, whether local, state or national.

By the year of deconstruction of the present year the

Byther at ro-d construction of the present year the different's clions of Michigan are more closs y linked than ever before. I will be the aim of The POST AND TRIBUNE to familish full said time y informa is, or all industria movements at of all matter at progress made in every portion of the S attendants in the party of the progress of the progress

The editorial page of the papty will keep active the events of the day, and will discuss with candor and with the best information that can be obtained from every available source, all is used suggested by correct events. It will support zoalou by the principles of the Republican party, and will a dite the time of the substration of public affairs.

The companied assets the executive of the substration of public affairs. It commercial reports have been recently extended and will be kept full and accorate.

It commercial reports have been recently extended and will be kept full and acceptate.

In its miscolareous department it will furnish the choicest of reading matter, both it it will furnish the choicest of reading matter, both it it will furnish the choicest of reading matter, both it it will be kept the reader, elevated in tone and in sympathy with the best moral sentiment in the community.

The first it is and it is supposed by the best moral sentiment in the community.

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THE secretary of war urges upon congress, the necessities of the const defense, and an increase of the rank and file of the army to 30,000 men.

THE evidence which is now being taken in Guiteau's trial is somewhat dampening the insanity question and lessening the prisoner's chances of being able to spend the remainder of his days in an insane

THE British government in order to suppress the outrages in Ireland has taken the is the foremost exponent of Republican prin-Russian plan and is offering rewards of ciples in Michigan. During the coming from £90 to £50 and a promise of secresy, year no effort will be spared to maintain from £20 to £50 and a promise of secresy, for each information of contemplated vio-

THE Sarnia Observer says: What prospect is there for Canada and Canadians getting just treatment, while their interests are at the mercy of a politician who takes no pains to conceal his contempt for them as an independent power or people? The view we take of Sir John Mc Donald's declared preference for annexation over independence is, that the Tory leader has no aspirations in common with our native Cana-"loyal" to the United States; but for Canada, he has neither loyalty nor affection, and not an atom of faith in its future:

#### THE COUNTY CAPITAL,

The receipts at the donation at the Metho dist parsonage on Wednesday evening week

its location. There was quite a serious runaway in

town Friday morning, in which John Court was the victim, he was pretty well bruised furnish the choicest of reading matter, both Mrs. Medler has been in court again, this

time for selling liquor to a minor. She was sentiment in the community. found guilty, and sentenced to pay \$25.00 fine and costs and ten days in jail. She has appealed it.

Ben Harris took possession of the Cleaver mill last week. The "M. F. Club" gave the first of a series of parties last Friday evening, in the

basement of A. L. Keiff's store. L. A. Whitcomb occupied the pulpit in the Presbyterian church on Sunday last.

Mr. Bancroft, of Vassar, preached in the M. E. church Sunday last. A juvenile temperance meeting was held

in the Baptist church on Tuesday evening. The same that entered Mr. Sherman's residence) tried to enter old Mr. Stewart's residence, but were frield and a summer of the same that entered of the same that entered Mr. Stewart's residence, but were frield and a summer of the same that the same that entered on the same that entered Mr. Stewart's residence, but were frield and the same that the same that entered Mr. Stewart's residence that the same that the sam It was well attended.

dence, but were frightened away by the

S. P. Sherman had been robbed during the Sherman was awakened by the gleam of a lamp in her face, and rousing up, knocked it from a man's hand, and at the same time the northern states at that price. awakening Mr. Sherman. A pillow was TRIAL SUBSCRIPTIONS THREE MOS placed over Mrs. Sherman's face and held there while the bed was searched. Mr. Sherman, before he could fully realize what was taking place, was jerked from the bed by two more men, and a bunch of keys being found in the bed, he was obliged, with paper can t ke advantage of this offer, which a pistol on each side of his head, to go to applies only to new subscribers. the safe and open it. He tried to make the robbers think that the lock was broken, but by drafts on Detroit banks, money orders or that did not seem to go down very well, and in registered letters
he unlocked it after being threatened with

Eight hundred dollars in premiums to he unlocked it after being threatened with shooting. Some \$60 in cash was taken and a wassers. Send for agents' circulars specimen copies, etc. Address.

THE POST AND TRIBUNE, their escape through the kitchen door, by which they had gained entrance. "Uncle Sherman," as he is generally called, and wife are an aged couple, and the shock to them was so great that no alarm was given till daylight, when it was impossible to get any clue to the bold burglars. Mrs. Sherman is still sick from the fright and rough usage she experienced.

The Vienna Disaster. The most horrible calamity in the whole history of Vienna, and one which has plunged all Austria into indescribable gloom. occurred on the night of December 9th, in the burning of the Ring theater. To draw a picture of the terrible scene is beyond human power. At first no estimate of the loss of life could be made, but all night long nish music during the gay season which is and up to the present hour the ghastly work now approaching. of removing the charred and mutilated remains has been going on. At 6:30 o'clock on the above night the auditorium was filled to overflowing by people who were chiefly residents of the city, enthusiastic in their anticipation of the presentation of "Les Coutes de Hoffman," a very popular opera. Just before the hour as which the curtain was to rise, an attendant engage I in arrangang the scenery dropped a lamp. An explosion followed, and before the nature of Boxes, Handkerchief Boxes, Ladies and the catastrophe could be realized, the flames had communicated to the stage machinery. all of which was dry as tinder. In another moment they had burst forth into the auditorium, leaping from box to box with a wild fury. Stricken with a maddening terror, the audience in one great snrging mass rushed frantically toward the passages to the street. The younger and weaker were trodden under foot, and many who might otherwise have escaped were thus impris-oned, crushed and strangled At last accounts 470 bodies had been recovered from the debris.

1882.

### THE DETROIT Post and Tribune

The Leading Newspaper of Michigan.

Radically and Consistently Republican.

THE DETROIT POST AND TRIBUNE has an iestablished reputation as one of the leading newspapers in the great Northwest, and its proud pre-eminence. The year will be one of great commercial and political activ-ity, and the paper should be read in every family in the state.

plete. Its large force of state correspondents, its special representatives in New York, Washington, Chicago and other news centres of the country, and its large and well-organized force in the home office, leave it without a rival in Michigan in its facilities for gathering and presenting the national.

By the railroad construction of the prespirations in common with our native Cana-ent year t'e different ections of Michigan dians. He is first of all "loyal" to Great are more closely linked than ever before. It Britain; failing that, he is prepared to be will be the aim of the Post and Tribune to furnish full and timely information of all industrial movements and of all material progress made in every portion of the tate. formation that can be obtained from every

available source, all issues suggested by The editor of the Jeff. says that he has The editor of the Jeff. says that he has one of "Job's comforters." He did not state its location.

Let a be did not state its commercial reports have been recent-

ly extended and will be kept full and ac-

In its miscellaneous department it will in prose and verse, original and selected It will be kept pure in character, elevated in tone and in sympathy with the best moral

WEEKLY POST AND TRIBUNE is especially valuable. The Letter Box furnishes in the course of the year a vast amount of valuable information on immense variety of topics. The Hearth and Hall furnishes an admirable medium for exchanging views upon home subjects. The Agricultural Department and Farmer's Letter Box, which have recently been enlarged in their scope, a e invaluable to all tillers of the soil. In short, no effort or expense will be spared in making The Post and Tribune the most attractive, best arranged and nost plete Family newspaper ever published in Michigan, a state, the sterling worth of whose people it admires and in whose progress and prosperity it has shared.

TERMS; Six months. \$5 00 2 50 75

75 we will send the Weekly Post report of a pistol.

We were thrown into considerable excitement on Wedgesday morning last by the announcement that the residence of Mr.

For \$\frac{\pi}{2}\$ to we will send the week't Fost and Tribune for one year and a copy of the Biography of Zachariah Chandler with introduction by the Hon. James G. Blaine. The biography is a quarto volume of 432 pages, printed on heavy tined paper, professional time Boots and ton's Cough Baisam, a sure and speedy cult to shows. A. C. McGraw warrants his goods. Boots, Shoes and Stippers for the holiday sore throat, hourseness an inflammation. It will certainly benefit them also if troubled with asthma or bronchitis. Sample bottle 25 cents; large size 50 cents. Sold illustrated, and bound in cloth, gold S. P. Sherman had been robbed during the and black enamel. No finer specimen of previous night. At about one o'clock Mrs. the printers' and binders' art was ever issued in this country. The book has never been sold for less than \$2 50 and many thousand copies have been disposed of in

FOR 25 CENTS.

The Weekly Post and Tribune will be sent on trial to new subscribers three months for 25 cents. This offer is intended to introduce the paper to readers unacquainted with its merits, and no one now taking the

All postage prepaid. Specimen copies

agents, in addition to liberal terms for can-

We will club the POST AND TRIBUNE

Weekly) with the ENTERPRISE, furnishing the two papers for \$2 70.

### CHRISTMAS IS COMING.

## TO EVERYBODY!

We have made more extensive prepara tions for Christa as than ever before, and we invite everybody to come and see our stock. We hope to make our store as attractive as possible during the Holidays. We have purchased one of the finest Music Boxes to to be found in the market, which will fur-

Young ladies and gentlemen we invite your attention to our stock of fine Holiday Shippers, Autograph and Photo. Albums fine Toilet Sets and V ses, Comb, Brush and Hand Mirrors in cases fine Stationery in boxes, Sea Foam Nubias, Silk Handkerchiefs, Ladies and Gents Kid Gloves, Glove Gents Fine Pocket Books, Fine Oil Chro-

We have for the boys and girls, Toys by the bushel and Candies and Nuts by the barrel. We have provided extra help, so that all may be waited on with despatch. Come and See us.

Yours,

Wilsey & Mc Phail

-Barbed wire has been tried as a fence to keep cattle and horses in safety in the lot, but at all times has been attended with a deal of uffering and sometimes death, as a cause of animals running against or being has been seriously lacerated and torn all City. over the breast and shoulders, and rendered unfit for service for sometime, and not prices at J. L. Hitchcock's Call, examine unfrequently do we see cattle all scratched on the sides by coming in contact with the prongs of barb wire fence. The complaint of the sheep farmer is long and loud against the barb wire, as the sheep rub against the wire and the barbs tear off the wool and lacerate the sides, and margots are 1-red before the owner knows it. The past summer has been proof positive in that direction. Several cases of horse and cattle injuries have been reported in consequence of cattle trying to reach over the wire fence to get at ing some Toy. Fancy, or useful article, and the green corn, on account of scanty pasture, presenting it to some friend Clristmas the green corn, on account of scanty pasture, and some cases will not be fit for service for The news department of THE POST AND months to come. The barbed fence, when TRIBUNE will be especially full and com used near hors as an inclusive has been used near hogs as an inclosure, has been discarded, as dear-bought experience has induced every one that has used them, to abandon their use. The barbed wire costs on or about \$10 per hundred pounds, and is dangerous and troublesome to handle. on the 6th of December. news of the day, whether local, state, or One and one-half inch hoop will only cost cheaper and quicker, and makes as durable a fence as any k nd of wire, and if tarred. will last a life-time; if painted white, makes a beautiful light fence, besides a harmless one for any kind of stock, and as a scarcity of good fence is seen all over the The editorial page of the paper will keep a scarcity of good fence is seen all over the abreast of the events of the day, and will country, the hoop fence above all others abreast of the events of the day, and will country, the hoop fence above all others discuss with candor and with the best infills the bill. Old sound rails would be of Sea Shells of all sizes and shapes, which good for supports or standards. There is are selling like hot cakes, come early and no need for a farmer to risk his stock with hear the S.a roar. Frank Hendrick. current events. It will support zealously no need for a farmer to risk his stock with the principles of the Republican party, and will aid to the utmost of its ability in sign and blemshing every animal that ing and blemishing every animal that comes near them, while the hoop fence can ate attention, as neglect of the trouble often be adapted to sait any kind of stock, from a lamb to the largest ox .- New York Agriculturalist.

#### SOME STARTLING FACTS.

If you want to see a vice line of Silk Handkere iefs call at Lewenberg & Hirshberg's, Cass City. VanKeuren's Ointment, a sure cure for

Salt Rheum, Scalds, Burns, Old Sores, Itch, Chapped Hands, Chill lains, etc. Prepared

The finest line of Silverware to be Christmas presents.

on Parkhurst & Johnson, Ca o. Just received-a nice line of German

town and knitting yarns at the New York store, Cass City. Santa Claus has made Knickerbocker agent for Christmas presents, as usual, with

a larger stock than ever, at Caro J. L Hitchcock carries a full line of A.

ceived at J. L. Hitchcock's.

Just think! If you buy any kind of a present or have any repairing done to the amount of \$1.00, you wil receive a Ticket which may draw that beautiful Cuckoo clock at Knickerbocker's.

J. Staley Jr., well known to almost every body in this part of the county, is doing an Caro. immense abstract business. The reason for this is that real estate owners have found out that his abstracts are perfect.

York Bazaar, Caro.

A perfect and thoroughly reliable ab stract is a most important thing to owners Sold under a positive guarantee that if not of real estate, and the best place to get an entirely satisfact ry, on return of the emabstract of Tuscola county property is from pty bottles we will refund your mo ey. John Staley Jr. at the Court House, Caro. Sample bottles 15 cents; large size \$1, John Staley Jr. at the Court House, Caro. Tea Dust for 15 cents per pound at Wick

Say, friend! If you want a hat or a cap call at Wickware's cheap store. If you want calling cards they can be found at the ENTERPRISE office.

Sixteen cases of Boots and Shoes just re ceived at Wickware's. Call and see them We have a full line of Ladies and Gent's gloves and mittens which we are offering at low figures. Lewenberg & Hirshberg.

Something nice and warm for the ladies, at the Peoples Shoe House, Caro.

A fine line of new Bird Cages just re eived at J. L. Hitchcock's You will find the headquarters for wood kept in connection

at J. L. Hitchcock's store. He can supply

Call and see that new stock of Boots and Rubber Goods at Wickware's. A. D. Gillies beats the world for cheap Furs. Price from 60 cents up.

T. H. Hunt has a full line of every thing usually kept in a first-class grocery. Farmers, are you sure that you have a perfect title to your farms? Make assurance doubly sure by getting an abstra t from J. Staley Jr., at the Court House, Caro.

Fresh Oysters at Wickware's cheap store Sherman S. Jewett's stoves of every desscription may be found at J. L. Hitchcock's

Examine those A. C. McGraw Boots at J. L. Huchcock's. Wickware sells Boots and Shoes as cheap as anyone in Tuscola county.

Look at these Calf Boots for one doll r, at Wickware's. Do not forget that Knickerbocker has one of the finest lines of Jewelry and Watches

in this part of the country, at very low prices; Citizen's block, Caro. J Staley Jr. has the most reliable ab stract of lands in Tuscola county. When you want an abstract, call on him at the

Court House, Caro. If you want a nice line of Ladies and Gents' Neckties call at the New York store, Cass City.

Try one of those P. Mc. C. cigars at Jeffery and Anderson's Boston Restaurant, Oysters by the quart or gallon, at Jeffrey

Our stock of Hats and Caps are new and fresh and one price to all Lewenberg scratched by the cruel barbs. Many a horse & Hirshberg of the New York store, Cass

A good assortment of Stoves at the lowest

and buy. Broad Gauge Boots at Wickware's cheap

A. D. Gillies sells 61 lbs Tea for \$100. If you want to see the most elegant assortment of Napkin Rings in Tuscola county call at Johnson & Dyer's Jewelry

Our stock of Dolmans is new and com-plete. Lewenberg & Hirshberg.

True happiness can be obtained by all by stepping into the City Drug Store and buy

A good stock of candies and cigars, at Jeffrey & Anderson's.

#### Tenders Wanted.

Sealed Tenders, for the erection of a School House in the township of Greenleaf, district No. 2, will be received at the house of

The Committee reserve the right of ac-\$3 50 per hundred pounds, can be put up cepting or rejecting any or all of the bids. Tenders must be accompanied by names of

sureties. Plans and specifications may be seen at the house of Mr. Leich, and at the office

of J. D. McArthur, Cass City. A. CAMPBELL, Moderator. JOHN D. LEITCH, Director.

Sea Shells.

#### Worms? Worms?

Children having worms require immedicauses prolonged sickness. In children, worms are indicated by paleness, itching of the nose, gringing of the tech, starting in sleep, rregular apperite, bad breath, sweiled upper lip and other symptoms. Get a box of Parmelee's Worm Candies or Lozenges, The are a safe, pleasant and effectual ren edy. Price 25 cents per boz. Sold by Cass C.y druggists and Geo. Dann,

#### The Unfortunate.

We come to them with a well known remedy. Hamilton's German Bitters, that cases of dyspersia, acidity of the stomach, by Luce & Mosh r. Caro, Mich Sold by Adamson & Fritz, Druggists. Cass City. wenderful and almost universal succe s. I. found in the county is at Johnson & cases of disordered digestion, s'uggish cir Dyer's Caro. Their Cake baskets, Castors, culation of the blood, and exhausted vital Pickle dishes, Knives and Forks, Spoons energy it stands without a rival. It is a etc., will make just the most elegant most effectual tonic, imparting tone to the stomach and strength to the system. Price Cheap! cheap for cash. You will always find boots and sho s at a bargain if you call druggists and Geo. Dun, Greenleaf.

Notice. On and after Nevember 1st, I willposi tively not sell goods on credit.

J. L. HITCHCOCK.

Jewels in Your Crown, Do you desire to add a "jewel" to your "crown?" Do you desire to benefit suffering humanity? If so, tell them of Hamilton's Cough Balsam, a sure and speedy cu e by Cass City druggists and Geo. Dann Greenleaf.

### Just A Few.

Good Clocks which have the cases a little shop worn, which we warrant for one year, and are selling at cost. Good barganis at Knickerbocker's Jewelery and Book store,

## You Can't.

You can't do a great many things. But you can secure Parmelee's Great Blood Dolls of all sizes, shapes and forms may be seen and hall of J. H. Ellis, of the New recent and hall of J. H. E rheum, erysipelas, scrofola, boils, pimple, ulcers and all diseases arising from an impure and dis rdered state of the blood. Sold under a positive guarantee that if not Sold by Cass City druggists and Geo. Dann. Greenleaf.

Boston Restaurant

EUROPEANSTYLE.

Warm Meals at all Hours.

OYSTERS.

A first-class stock of Confectionery and Cigars JEFFREY'S ANDERSON,

(First door west of Town Hall) Cass City

FOR THE FINEST



-la the STAPE, ou lu-McKenzie & Duck,

We have just received a large assortment of

-Consisting of-Invitation Cards,

Envelopes, etc.

Visiting Cards

# MONEY SAVED!

# RY GOODS.

Notions, Hats, Caps,

## BOOTS AND SHOES,

## WICKWARE'S CHEAP STORE!

Where you can always get the Highest Market Price for Butter, Eggs, Onions, Potatoes, Corn, Oats, Timothy and Clover Seed, Wood and Lumber.

Our Stock is now Complete, New and Fresh, and we Guar. antee Prices to be as Low as any House in Tuscola Co

Cass City, Mich.

WM. WICKWARE.

## URNITURE FOR EVERYBOD

Having just received a large and elegant stock of Furniture, at my wareroom in Caro, I take this opportunity to invite my numerous friends in the northern part of the county to call and inspect it. The stock consists in ELEGANT PARLOR SETS, BED-ROOM SETS, SOFAS, CENTRE TABLES, EXTEN-SION TABLES, ROCKING CHAIRS, EASY CHAIRS, and everything usually found in a first-class establishment. Customers will find it greatly to their advantage to examine my prices before purchasing elsewhere. I would call special atten-

## Undertaking Dep't.

My stock of Coffins, Caskets and Burial Robes is the most complete in the county, embracing all styles, from the plainest to the most elegant. I have the most perfect facilities for embalming the dead; will turnish hearse and take entire charge of funerals when required. I extend a cordial invitation to every one, with their friends, to call and look through my establishment.

JAMES H. HOWELL, Caro, Mich.

-GO TO SHOETTLE'S-

# Drug Store

-FOR-

#### DRUGS, MEDICINES CHEMICLES, PERFUMERY. Fancy and Toilet Articles.

Prescriptions carefully Compounded, and orders by mail promptly filled at the

Lowest Prices.

G. F. SHOETTLE.

CASS CITY

Boot and Shoe Store. FINE SEWED FRENCH CALF,

and RIVFR BOOTS A SPECIALTY Repairing neatly and promptly done. As we have had 25 years experience in the busi-

FINE PEGGED FRENCH CALF,

ness and keep first class workmen we will guarantee THOS. ROWELL & Co.

R. A. LUTZE,

Horse Shoeing and Custom Work a Specialty

#### AGENT FOR FARMING IMPLEMENTS

of all discriptions. Call and examine my Stock before p u chasing elsewhere. Cass City, Mich,

## SPITLER & SON. CARRIAGE & WAGON SHOP.

-Next door East of Weydemeyers Hardware-

Horse Shoeing a Specialty.

Repairs on Woodwork done promptly All work warranted to give satisfaction,

Prices Moderate.

# Removed!

## New York Bazaar

To the store lately vacated by Ingersoll & Oldfield.

A COMPLETE STOCK OF

BERLIN ZEPHYR, GERMANTOWN WOOLS, LADIES KNIT JACKETS.

JAS. H. ELLIS. STATE STREET, CARO. MICH.

At N. A. Waugh & co.Gagetown

is the place to go for everything kept in a

GENERAL STORE. Our stock consists of Dry

> Goods, Ready Made Clothing, Millinery, Fancy Goods, Hats & Caps Gloves & Mittens, Boots

> > and Shoes,

Paints Oils, Patent Medicines.

School Books, Greceries, Hardware, Crockery & Glassware. Highest cash price paid

for Wheat, Oats, & all

kinds of Produce.

N. A. Waugh &co. Gagetown, Mich.

# BY BUYING YOUR

# Groceries, Millinery and Fancy Goods at

Yours Respectfully,

## THE TRAVELLERS GUIDE.

#### MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILWAY.

TR	AINS	sou	TH. TRA	IN	S	ΝO	RI	H.	3
am	nm	pm	1	D	m	D	m	l a	m
7 10	5 40	10 40	Lv. Bay City Ar.	1	40		15	6	45
7 38	6 08	11 27		1	05	8	43	5	45
8 100	6 30	12 10	Vassar	12	45	8	25	5	05
8 43	6 43	12 46	Millington	12	33	8	12	4	40
8 26	6 56	1.10	Otter Lake	12	19	7	58	4	20
8 36	7 06	1 40	Columbiaville	12	08	7	48	*4	00
7.55			Five Lakes	3	25			7	05
8 55	7 25	3 10	Lapeer	11	50	7	25	-3	10
8 57	7 35	3 20	c & G.T. R'y erg	11	46	7	21	2	55
10 50	9 50		Port Huron Ar.	7	15	4	15		
9 15	7 52	3 55	Metamora Lv.	11	30	7	04	*2	30
9 26	8 02	4 10		11	20	6	54		
9 36	8 10	4 25		11	11	6	45	*2	00
9 46	8 18		Orion	11	05		37		45
10 07	8 40	5 12			44		15	*1	10
10 26	8 55	5 33	Utica	10	26		00		45
11 25	9 55				25		00		

TRAINS NORTH	Ι.		
VassarDep. WatrousvilleWahjamega. Garo	8 35	1 15	9 02
TRAINS SOUTH			

SAGINAW BRANCH Leave Vassar at 5 10 a.m., 12 50 p.m. and 8 30 p.m., Arriving in East Saginaw at 6 30 a.m., 1 40 p.m. and 9 15 p.m.

Leave East Saginaw at 7 10 a. m., 5 40 p. m. and 10 40 p. m. Arriving at Vassar at 7 55 a. m., 6 25 p. m. and 12 00 m. Trains daily, Sundays excepted, and by Chicago

W. A. VAUGHAN, Division Supt. Bay City H. C. WENTWORTH, Gen'l. Pass'gr and Ticket Agent, Chicago, Ill.

#### PORT HURON & NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY

MARLETTE DIVISION. Time Table No. 10, Taking Effect Sept. 21, 1881. All Trains run by Port Huron Time.

GOING	NEST.	STATION	5.	GOING	EAST.
	p.m.	Port Huron.		a.m.	p. m.
7 30 3 12		farlette Juncti		10 26	6 25 5 40
9 05	6 33 1	Brockway Cente		9 05	4 55
10 25 10 45 †	7 40 7 59	Marlette. Clifford.	1	7 50 + 7 37	3 35 + 3 17
11 35	8 46 Ar.		Lv.	6 50	2 30
†Fla	g Station	ns—Trains stop	only o	n Sign	al.
SA	MD B	EACH D	IVI	ZIOL	٧.
GOING N	ютн.	STATIONS.	G	OING SO	UTH.

Lv. Port Huron. A
Marlette Junction.
Croswell.
Carsonville.
Deckerville.
Minden.
Ar. Sand Beach. I

†Flag Stations—Trains stop only on Signal. \*Stop for Dinner. ¿Stop for Supper. I. R. WADSWORTH, Superintenden HENRY McMORRAN, Gerneral Manager.

### THE ENTERPRISE

- -Wheat \$1.24.
- -Butter 25 cents.
- -Eggs 20 cents per doz. -Oats still bring 50 cents.
- -Hog killing still continues.
- -It is not safe to bet on points of law.
- "devil." -Oyster suppers seem to be the order of
- the evening. -Mr. J. D. Knight, of Caro, was in town
- on Tuesday.
- ing the village school.
- show up for this issue. -P. R. Weydemeyer makes a change in his advertisement this week.
- -Two barbers in town. Well we should keep our faces clean at any rate.
- -Prof. Frank Lenzner gave the band
- instructions last Saturday evening. -A number of oads of gravel have been distributed along Main street.
- -The Bresident's message may be found
- on the second page of this issue. -The striped rings of a barber pole
- made their appearance down street on Mon--Henry Wickware "took the cake" at
- the Odd Fellows supper on Wednesday night last. -Rev. Dr. Pierson, of Detroit, preached
- in the Presbyterian church last Wednesday -Rev. B. Reeve being absent again last
- ing as before -Mr. Oldfield of the firm of Ingersoll &
- Oldfield, clothiers of Caro, made us a pleasant call on Monday. -Many thanks, Brother and Sister Briggs, for the apples. They are a rare treat at this
- time of the year, -After sveral days freeze the weather has changed once more, and the roads have be-
- come almost bottomless. -- Miss Maggie Hern now graces the Christmas department of Wilsey & Mc-
- Phail's establishment. -Hay is being bought in large quantities from the farmers in this vicinity, by this agency, and given to the sufferers.
- -Messrs. Lewenberg & Hirshberg, of the New York Store, say something in this issue which they wish every one to read.
- -The majority of the papers in this and with the Citizen's railroad remarks of two
- -Mr. N. A. Waugh will give a social party and oyster supper at his hall in Gag town, on Friday evening, the 23rd inst.
- He invites everyone to come. -Messrs. Jeffrey and Anderson are under full swing in their Boston Restaurant, Take a look on their new advertisement.

-The hotel has been crowded the past veek. There seems to have been an extraordinary amount of travel through this

at Gagetown does not indicate, Ciro as the outlet of the Caseville road. Not much, Mary Ann.

-Trading horses is a rather bad business for professional men to be engaged in on the Sabbath, but such is the case and it happened last Sunday Several parties did not receieve their

ENTERPRISE last week through some mistake in the directing. We will see to it, it would take double that many employes to that this does not occur again. -Mr. Johnson, who has been in town for

his family here next week and will locate in the Scotch settlement for the present. -Mr. Parmelee, a nephew of J. F. Hen-

summer, is here on a visit and will spend the holidays with Mr. Hendrick. -It hardly seems to be possible that all the Christmas goods that have been brought into the village the past week could be disposed of. Every store has laid in a stock of

-The members of the ladies' aid society of the First Presbyterian church at Cass City, will hold their next society at Mrs. James. L. Hitchcock's, Dec. 22d. All ladies

one description or other.

and gentlemen are cordially invited to attend. -A citizen's remark upon observing the new street lamps: "One objection to the new street lamps is that persons cannot go around the corner and take a 'nip' without being seen " What perverted morals that gentleman must have.

-Owing to an error in the shipment of part of the glass for the town hall the work has been delayed several days. It was not thought advisable to plaster until the windows were in. However the work of finishing has been carried steadily on and soon the building will be completed.

-At the last regular meeting of Tyler Lodge No. 317, F. & A. M., the annual election of officers was held, with the following result: W. M., Seth Jillson; S. W., John Lenzner; J. W., Robert Tennant; Sec'v, S. C. Armstrong; Treasurer, D. P. Deming; S. D., R. A. Luize; J. D., Wm. E. Sherwood; Tyler, H. C. Downing; Stewards, R. Mosher and W. Bascom. Installation on the 27th.

-A gentleman from the country, weighing 240 pounds, in jumping out of his wagon to the platform in front of Wilsey & Mc-Phail's store, on Tuesday, broke through a plank and went to the ground. The accident brought some high flown language to his lips although no bodily harm was done anybody. The result is a new plank in the said platform.

-The grading goes on rapidly at Gagetown, commencing at the east and west road, running northwest across the two northerly roads. At the village two deep cuts are being dug which require consider east side, near the road, some forty rods from the corners. Mr. Waugh is accomodating forty of the parties who are engaged on the road, in his new hotel.

-Mr. Howard and his corps of assistants, -There are nine foreign scholars attend- having establis' ed the line of the railroad to and across the Cass river, left for Oxford on -The Gagetown correspondent did not Saturday morning where they will commence operations on that end of the line, working this way. The exact point at which the river will be crossed being positively known, Mr. Howard will order the iron to be used in its construction immediately.

> -How is it that we as a community of free country, are obliged to put up with such ing trees, and scaling rocks and everything a nuisance as having our mail delivered but which came in his pathway. We were three times a week? Oh, ye merchants brace much alarmed, until the secret of his chase up and look into this matter and try what was revealed in his returning with a cap-Uncle Sam can do for us. Important events tured rabbit. As Charles happened to be happen in the states, are published in the my chum in the march, he privately invit-Canada papers, and thence find their way to ed me to go to a house in sight, where we this village by some drummer traveling exchanged the rabbit for a good square overland, before our accommodating tri- meal. The rest of the crew turned their weekly mail can bring us the news. Just attention to another dwelling, but on arthink of the difficulty of printing a news- riving at the door found the inmates away. nothing of the inconvenience to a town that does the business of Cass City.

-We are in receipt of two communica and raw potatoes, which they found in the Sabbath, Prof. Beach officiated in the even- tions, which were, we understand, to be issued the same week, one party not to know the way of eatables they could lay their what the other wrote, on the subject of "The hands on, they amused themselves for Sabbath." One of these we should be willing some time by dogging several cats which to publish, as there is nothing therein which had been left to guard the building during could hurt any parties feelings, but the other the owners absence. On our way back to join it is impossible to put in print, as it refers our crowd, we came across a line which personally to parties who are or have been had been recently run by surveyors, and citizens of this township or vicinity. As about every four rods a marked stake had one was not to be published without the been placed. This to us was a mystery; other, we respectfully decline making pub- we made a close examination and informed lie the twain. We are willing and glad to our leader of what we had discovered. He receive communications and print them without any hesitation informed us that it when they are for our patrons profit, but was to mark a line of railroad which was when the subject of churches is brought up, supposed to be under construction by the

we positively decline to publish. membered by the Odd Fellows of this vil- Axe, or an air line from a point on Lake lage and vicinity as one of more than ordi- Huron forty miles north of Port Huron to nary interest. The only drawback in the Bay City, via Caro. We could not underevening's programme was the non-appear- | stand how it could be an air line and runance of the lecturer, Mr. H. H. Hoyte, of ning in that direction, however we were the adjoining counties do not seem to agree | Saginaw. However past-grand Sprague, de | compelled to submit to the decision of our livered an impromptu lecture relating to leader. We had gone, but a short distance the secret work of the order to a goodly num- when we fell in with a person who ber, after which an adjournment was made had held the position of supervisor for to Mr. S. C. Armstrong's residence, where many years. On interviewing this personan oyster supper had been prepared by the age in regard to the projected railroad, he ladies' aid society of the Presbyterian church | informed us that the line was supposed to Some seventy members of the fraternity with their ladies, sat down to the richly spread board. All express themselves as hunt. having enjoyed themselves thoroughly,

-The Gagetown school is closed, owing to the large amount of sickness in that pl ce.

-Relief agents Ale and Murphy left for Detroit on Monday, and will return via Port -The direction which the grading takes | Huron and Minden. They were accompanied to Detroit by Mr. F. D. Campbell. -In our list of soldiers last week we overlooked several, not being acquainted

very thoroughly with their past history, having been in this section of the country but afew months. -- Fort Gratiot is to have a cigar factory

that will employ twelve men. We should judge from what we have seen of F. G. that manufacture a sufficient number of cigars to keep the citizens of that enterprising place some time past, looking up land, will bring in that commodity.

-A number of the young people of this village, by mutual agreement, met at A. D. Gillies' store, on Tuesday evening, and from drick, who has been in Ohio during the past | thence proceeded in a body to the residence of Mr. O. A. Briggs, our accommodating miller, and made an overpowering raid upon their household. In the course of the evening a quantity of oysters disappeared, in connection with other delicacies Mr. Briggs and his estimable lady entered into the spirit of the occasion with the rest of the young folks, which greatly tended to make the very pleasant time all report as enjoying.

#### Our Street Lamps.

The majority of our street lamps are on hard and in position. On Monday evening the first four were placed upon standards trimmed and lit, in front of Weydemeyer & Predmore's drug store, A. D. Gillies dry goods and grocery, Wilsey & McPhail's general store, and P. R Weydemeyer's hardware. These, with Wm. Wickware's, which has been in front of his store for some time past, gave the s reet on that side, a very brilliant and city-like appearance. As the night was dark, no better time could have been had for a trial, and when the balance are in place, which will be probably before we go to press, Main and Seegar streets, will be thoroughly lighted.

#### A Bear Hunt.

CHAPTER II. At about noon we spied a farm house in the distance, and our leader very wisely came to the conclusion that we needed something wherewith to brace up our f tigued bodies, and to prepare ourselves for coming in contact with the bear. Of course we came to the same conclusion without much hesitation or discussion. The house was soon reached and our chief went in 'o make inquiries as to the prospects of our obtain ing nourishment for our inward man, but on approaching the door, he was met by a large black dog, which refused him admission. Some remonstrance was made with the animal, but to no purpose further than

the "boss" was obliged to beat a hasty re-

treat. The only thing which prevented a

"nip race" was the bold front made by our fourteen canines. Although our brave leader was compelled to surrender, our courage had able labor. The depot is to be built on the not yet failed us, neither had our confidence in him, so we allowed him to lead us through a large portion of the burnt district, where we encountered a large number of bear tracks, apparantly fresh and lately laid. Seeing such large quantities of these precious objects, created a feeling in us which it is impossible for the English language to express. We then for the first time began to realize our danger, and insisted upon a retreat, but owing to a previous arrangement we had made with our leader we marched on steadily, keeping our eyes pecled, expecting every moment to get a sight of the tear. All at once our attention was directed to Charles, a Caro lawyer, who was one of our gang, running at the enterprising business men and citizens of a rate of about forty-five miles per hour, leappaper under such circumstances, to say After considerable rambling around the premises, they made good their entrance, and contented themselves with corn beef cupboard. After devouring everything in And the people all over the editor of the Caro Citizen, either from that -Last Monday evening will long be re. | place to Port Austin, via Gagetown and Bad PARSONS & CROSS, which opens out this week in Keiff's old stand. Caro, will for the next thirty days make a specialty of Pure Confectionery. Their stock is large, well selected, and fresh, and it is just the place to lay in your stock of candies for the hol drop in and see us. It will pay you. have been first surveyed by a newspaper man in Caro, imagining he was in India running a boundry line for a wild-boar

[To be continued.]

# QUESTION OF MONEY!

They say that INGERSOLL & OLDFIELD got their Trade by "Breaking Down Prices," and they are right, and we intend to maintain the lead we have in precisely the same way We are not vain enough, nor foolish enough either, to suppose you will continue to trade with us when we cease to do the best we can and your trade is based on the fact that we Clothe You Better and Charge You less. We are now Offering Greater Inducements that ever in order to still increase our trade. Parents will find our

BOYS AND CHILDREN'S STOCK COMPLETE.

We have also taken the Lead in

And Parties Fitting out for the Lumber Woods will find our Stock the Most Compete in Town.

## INGERSOLL & OLDFIELD.

State Street.

Caro, Mich.

# ATTENTION FARMERS!

Having rented the Reynick Block I have opened out of a full stock of Agricultural Implements, Wagons, Buggies, etc., which I ask the farmers of Northern Tuscola to nall and examine. I will handle the Celebrated Jackson Wagons, Ovid Buggies and Cutters, Mason Spring Wagons, Corn Shellers, Wind-Mills, Pumps, Harnesses, etc.

All Goods Warranted as Represented and at the LOWEST LIVING PRICES!

W. S. COSSITT,

CARO, MICH.

L. A. DEWITT.

PLANING

Will say something in reference to his

-AND-

Furniture

In our next issue.

OMING!

country will be buying

their Confectionery.

This is to certify that the new firm of

# L. J. SPAULUMB & LU. NEW YORK STORE,

A GRAND HOLIDAY SALE OF

Cloaks, Dolmans, Circulars, Ulsters, Havelocks, Beavers, Mantle Cloths, FURS! FURS!

Single Wool Shawls, Double Wool Shawls, Moss Velvet Shawls.

Double faced Camel's Hair Shawls. Elegant Paisley Shawls.

Black Cashmeres-10 new packages, selling at old prices. Colored Cashmeres—New Shades.

Black and Colored Worsted Dress Fabrics. A large assortment, from 10 to 35 cents.

Silks Satins, Passementeries, Ornaments, Fringes, Laces, Plaids, and Stripes for trimming.

Gents, Ladies and Children's Underwear. Carpets, Oil Cloths and Curtains.

Goods shown with pleasure. Everybody come.

Respectfully,

E. O. SPAULDING & Co.

Parsons & Cross.

When you are in Caro, don't fail to

Flour and Feed Dealers, Caro

Respectfully,

A steam heat fruit evap orating company ha been organized at Charlotte, with a capital of F, T. Belcher, secretary and treasurer; and S. the new process.

The Bay City Press says that at the French settlement, five miles from Alpena, copper and silver have been found, it is thought in paying quantities. One farmer, a month ago, offered his farm of 40 acres for \$500, but could not sell it. Since the "find" he has been offered \$2,000, but refused to sell at any price.

The Battle Creek Journal says H. R. Kingman has just returned from the east with a car load of Jersey cattle, including two very valuable cows recently imported, which now gives him the finest herd in the state of Michigan. He also bought a full-blooded Holstein bull and cow for Jasper Adams of Battle Creek township.

Fred. S. Denman, a former wealthy resident of Battle Creek, is one of the bankers now under arrest in Kansas charged with conspiracy to defraud the depositors.

The propeller James Miller left Owen Sound November 23, for Meaford, Michaels and Providence Bay, since which no traces of her has boen found, except certain portions of wreck. There were about 25 persons on board, of whom 16 were passengers.

J. H. Hulbert, innkeeper of Grand Rapids, stabbed himself in the breast with a pair of scissors, Sunday night. He will probably re-

Frank Barber of Lansing, at work in the East Saginaw barrel factory, had his left arm cut off near the shoulder Monday, by falling into the machinery.

The dead body of an aged Indian was found in a shanty on the outskirts of Grand Rapids Monday. Weariness and exposure are supposed to have killed him.

Northland was commissioned postmaster at Cedar Creek. Star service is discontinued at Buss from December 1.

Michael Engleman of Manistee recently sold \$220,000 worth of pine lands.

Sisson & Lilly of Spring lake have sawed 2,-000,000 feet of lumber and built 1,900 feet of tramway since the burning of their lumber

A three-inch hole 75 feet deep, just completed on the Marvin farm, in the northwest part of the city, passed through a coal vein 29 inches

thick. Another hole is to be bored immediately. In Rives the Michigan coal company is boring for mineral on the premises of a farmer named Spencer.-Jackson Patriot. The trial of Lambertus Voscamp for the

murder of Lyman H. Cady began at Kalamazoo Wednesday evening.

William A. House, an old and prominent citizen, was killed instantly at Kalamazoo Thursday evening by a kick of his horse.

An Italian bearing a printed circular issued at Buffalo asking help, giving his name as Stophen Cassassar, was arrested at Kalamo Wednesday for stabbing Larry Jones, a young farmer, dangerously.

The diphtheria is prevalent in Flint and vi-

A new stock company, with \$500,000 capital under the name of Jackson Carriage Company has been formed in Jackson to manufacture, carriages; Geo. W. Baker, president; Milton F White, secretary and treasurer.

A. B. Hemingway and G. W. Hathaway of Coldwater, both connected with the fire department of that city, have been arrested on charge of firing buildings.

The Regents of the University, after investigating the charges against Prof. Franklin, acquit him on the first two, namely, (1) that on the 16th of April he knowingly issued to How ard Skeels, a false certificate of attendance upon the homeopathic college, and (2) that in defending himself against the above charge at a previous meeting of the board, he introduced to the medical committee false and manufactured test mony to exculpate himself from said charge. On the third charge, that, in violation of express rules and action of the board. he published in an Ann Arbor paper a personal attack on Prof. Donald Maclean, of the department of medicine and surgery, they ask more time for consideration.

Lawson W. Barrett has been arrested on a charge of bigamy at Greenville.

Ira McDonald, brakeman, Tuesday, while coupling cars at Clyde station, got his right hand badly bruised, but continued on the trip when, at Highland station, he had his left arm crushed and broken in two places while coupling.

postmaster, commissioned December 3.

### MISCELLANEOUS.

By a fire which broke out in the Pillsbury flouring mill in Minneapolis on Sunday a loss of \$450,000 was occasioned. The fire soon communicated to the Excelsior and the Minneapolis mills, where a vigorous effort was made to stop it, but it was defeated by a tremendous explosion of accumulated gas or flour dust which leveled the walls of the last named mil and crushed the elevated railroad in front o the mill to the ground. Assistant Chief Engineer Neil Fredericks, and a fireman named Hury were killed by the explosion, two citizens by the falling railroad track, another by a flying missile, and quite a number were more or less seriously injured. A fearful panic followed the explosion, and before the department got fairly to work again the fire had reached the engine mill, owned by L. F. Watson, which with the others, was wholly destroyed. The further progress of the fire was prevented at this point, but flying embers ignited the cotton mill of Dorillus Morris, and it also was consumed.

President Arthur is reluctant to take the stand in the Guiteau case, and will probably be excused.

Several distinguished witnesses were called Saturday, Emory Storrs, of Chicago among the rest. Had known Guiteau in Chicago as a young lawyer, and seen him at the Republican committee rooms in New York. Never saw him do anything there but read the papers. April last saw him in Washington, when he told witness he was going to have the Aus trian mission. Witness told him that was in Mr. Blaine's line, when the prisoner said he was "solid with Blaine." Thinking that Gui toon was driving to get him to influence Blain. behalf, he forestalled by saying that he r ... tions to Blaine were such that he could not possibly aid him. Witness had formed an

to his sanity or insanity. He has an ill-balance ed mind, is taking in common sense, but neversaw in him anything to indicate that he does not know the difference between guilt or innocense or that he would not be responsible for \$200,000. Judge F. A. Hooker is president, crime. David Davis was asked as to his knowledge of divisions in the Republican party W, Lowell, superintendent, and patentee of last spring. Had no personal knowledge as he did not go into the Republican caucuss, but thought there had been no causes which seriously threatened the "disruption of the

Hon. W. E. Niblack of Vincennes, Ind., Judge of the Supreme Court of Indiana, and ex-member of Congress, was seriously hurt by falling through a stable loft yesterday morning.

The present Cabinet slate is: Hunt, James, James, Lincoln, Kirkwood, Frelinghuysen and Brewster.

A suit was instituted Wednesday in the superior court against the Raymond & Ely Mining Company of California to have assessment No. 16 rescinded: also for the recovery of \$337-000. The suit was instituted on the ground of mismanagement in the affairs of the company.

The Michigan delegation in Congress have decided to recommend the re-appointment of S. M. Cutcheon as United States District Attornoy for the Eastern District of Michigan, and Samuel Post as Pension Agent at Detroit.

The total am unt of 3.1-2 continued bonds received for redemption under the 105th call to date is \$13,734.200. Crown jewels of France to the intrinsic val-

ue of 12,000,000 francs, but possessi g no historical value, are likely to be sold by the advice of a committee of the legislative cham-

The franking privilege has been unanimous ly accorded to Mrs. Garfield by the senate.

The government service for the next fiscal year, it is estimated, will call for \$310,462,507. Secretary Blaine wishes to retire from the Cabinet next Wednesday.

John W. Forney, the journalist, is at the point of death and, on Thursday sent for speaker Randall, to whom he wished to make some

The Metropolitan street railway stables in Boston were burned Thursday night. The flumes were confined to the building used as a stable for 150 work horses and storehouse for hay, etc. The horses were all removed. The building and the other contents were destroy-

A nitro-glycerine explosion at Eagle Lake, on the Thunder bay division of the Canada Pacific railway, Tuesday, killed foreman Dunc in McMillan and one of his men, Win. Con-

Ex-Chief Justice Barbour, of the supreme court of New York, died very suddenly (hurs-

day morning of heart disease. By the explosion of a vat of heated varnish at No. 61 Beekman street, New York, Wednesday morning, the two upper stories were wre ked and damage of \$35,000 caused the various tenants by fire and water. Gaylord & Watson and John Metz suffered the greatest

the theory of insanity, as set up by the defense in the Guiteau trial, has had slim support. ford and in the brotherhood possessed arms Many witnesses have testified to their belief that the assassin is in some sort crazy, but a £200. majority of this class consider him responsible for his crime. C. B. Farwell, of Chicago, said he never thought Guiteau a ssne man, but on cross-examination that he was not so insane | Freiheit, was convicted of inciting to murthat he could not distinguish right fromwrong Scoville, s brother, of California, says that, from long and intimate personal acquaintance with the assassin he regards him as "cold blooded seifish, and thoroughly disreputable" and withal perfectly sane. Guiteau is persistent in his demand to have Arthur, Conkling, Platt, and Grant, his "personal friends," "who were so down upon Garfield that they would not speak to him on the street, and would not go the White House," put on the stand. The court orders that written questions be put to President Arthur, to which he may return answers. Witnesses were examined as to the char cter of Guiteau's father, but none said they had ever thought him insane. Testimony in rebuttal of the insanity witnesses of the defense will be offered by the government, of which there is plenty in reserve, but Mr. Corknill expresses the opinion that the trial will not last more

than a week longer.

CONGRESS. HE SENATE-December 5.—Senator Davis formally convened the chamber at noon. Res olutions for committees of notification of the A new postoffice has been established at A large number of bills were introduced Munson, Lenawee county, Levi Blanchard, among them the following: By Mr. Garland (Ark.), for the appointment of a commission to investigate questions of tariff and revenue laws; by Mr. Beck (Ky.), for retiring trade dollars and recoining them into standard silver dollars; by Mr. Miller (Cal.), treaty stipulations relative to Chinese; by Mr Conger (Mich.), to promote the efficiency of the life saving ser vice; by Vr. Windom (Minn.), to incorporate the Garfield memorial hospital; by Mr Logan (Ill.), to place Gen. Grant upon the retired list of the army, by Senator Sherman, authorizing the issue of 3 per cent bonds, not to exceed \$300,000,000, the proceeds of the sale, to go to for the redemption of 3½ bonds. Mr. Latham introduced a bill for the punishment of attempts to take the life of the President of the United States or others charged with the du- ed all were dead; sc. also, at the secties of the office of President of the United ond, where 54 deau bodies were count-States, prefers as punishment upon conviction, ed, nearly all full-grown males. At imprisonment for life, such imprisonment to another place 150 persons—men, wombe by solitary confinement or hard labor in the

discretion of the court. The House met at 11 a. m. and proceeded to the election of Speaker. Nominations being in order. Mr. Keifer was put in nomination by Mr. Robeson (N. J.), Mr. Randall by Mr. House (Tenn.), and Mr. Ford by Mr. Murch, Me.), Messrs. Burrows (Mich.), Holman, Mc-Cook and Ladd were appointed tellers. The roll was called and the result was as follows: Whole number of votes 285. Necessary for a choice 143. For Mr. Keifer 148, Randall 129. Ford 8. All the members whose seats were not con'e ted were sworn in, and the Repubcan caucus nominees of the House elect-

December 6.-The second day of the session n the house was devoted principally to the rawing of seats, although the first hour was con mid by a general discussion of a point of order made by Frost of Missouri on Haskell's resolution of the previous day on continuing the rules of the last house. Frost made the point that the present house had no rules. The hou e will adjourn over till Friday to enable epinion as to Guiteau's mental size but not Speaker Keifer to make up his committees. and a stake of from \$1,000 to \$5,000.

The Michigan delegation held a conference Tresday night and agreed to indorse Hon. J. W. Stone of Grand Rapids for commissioner of patents. They also endersed Samuel Post for pension agent in place of Gen. Hartsuff, declined. The annual meeting of the Michigan association for the election of officers resulted n the re-election of Z. Moses for president, and the election of R. H. Thayer, for vice president F. B. Conger, for secretary, and John W. Green for treasurer. The executive committee for the coming year are W. H. Barton, Hon. W. B. Thompson, Colonel D. B. Ainger, D. T. Pierce and A. F. Dinsmore.

In the senate yesterday when Mr Edmunds alled up his resolution providing for the continuance of the committees as at the close of just session the President pro tem , Mr. Davis, made a speech defining his position. He said he intended to support the present administration as long as its course continued the same as now, reserving the right, however, to critici e it at any time he should see fit. He would therefore vote to continue the present formation of committees to enable the Republicans to have a fair show. He would not vote, however, to remove any of the present officers of the senate, so Sergeant-at-arms Bright will continue in his office unless Senator Mahone can find a way of removing him independent of the vice-president's vote.

DECEMBER 7.—Speaker Keifer and his advisers have been at work to-night arranging committees, which are to be announced next Tuesday. The Republican senators held a short caucus this morning to arrange for making some changes in the Republican membership of the senate committees in order to meet the personal convenience of senators and to provide suitable committee positions for Windom. A committee was appointed by the caucus to confer with individual senators and report hereafter. The President has approved the recommendation of the Secretary of the Interior and accepted the additional twenty-five mile section of the Northern Pacific Rullroad. The new section lies in Idaho. On Tuesday bills were introduced: To estabish the territory of North Dakotah, and providing temporary government therefor. For the establishment of the United States ocean mail service and the revival of foreign commerce in American steamships; authorizing a mail steamship service between New Orleans and Mexican ports; for the establishment of a mail steam Service between the United Statss and Brazil; for the opening and keeping unobstructed navigation of the Red river, Louisiana; to authorize the Baritavia ship canal company to construct and operate a ship canal from New Orleans to the Gulf of Mexico over the lands and wa ers of the United States. By Mr. Windom to enable the people of Dakotah to form a state government and for their admis sion as a state.

FOREIGN. London Dec. 6, Tobin arrested at Bradford, will be tried on the charge of treason and felony. The government proposes to identify Tobin with Fenian and Irish brotherhoods. Papers seized at Tobin's house show that 257 men were enrolled the neighborhood of Bradto equip them and had a fund of over

A Berlin dispatch says; The man who pla carded Frankfort with a copy of the article for which Johann Most, editor of the London der, was sentenced at years penal servitude and the loss of civil rights.

At the Cork assizes thursday, in empaneling a jury, 35 jurors were ordered to stand down the crown council stating that this course was adopted because it was presumed that they were prepared to violate their oaths.

DETROIT MARKETS.

J	APPLES—choice, \$\frac{13}{12}  bbl\$2 75 (@\$3 25)
1	—common " 1 00 @ 2 00
	BEANS—good un'sorted, \$\mathcal{P}\$ bu 2 25 \$\overline{\pi}\$ 2 50
	BEESWAX—# 1b
	CHEESE-Chio & Mich., \$1b 14 @ 15
	COAL—Stove and chestnut 6 75
	—Egg 7 00
'	CORN-#8 bu
	DRIED FRUIT—Apples P. D. 61/60 7
	— " evapor'td 12 @ 12½
	—Peaches 23 @ 25
	EGGS-# doz 20 @ 23
	FLOUR—White wheat brands. 6 75 @ 700
	—Seconds 5 00 @ 5 25
	—Buckwheat 9 50 @10 00
i	HAY—Choice timot'y newcrop16 00 @17 00
1	-Clover, new crop 10 00 @12 00
1	-Baled, choice timothy. 16 50 @18 00
	HIDES—Green 6 @ $6\frac{1}{2}$
	—Cured

-Saginaw 1 30

-Saginaw 1 30

TALLOW-₩ Ib. 6 @ 7

WHEAT—No. 1 white. 1 34 @ 1 35

-No. 2 white. 1 34

-No. 2 red 1 36

WOOD—₩ cord, hickory 6 00 @ 6 50

Receipts of wheat during the week amounted only to 39,800 bushels, and the shipments to 21,700 do; one year since for the corresponding period they amounted to 405,500 bushels for receipts, and 35,328 do for shinments.

SIX HUNDRED VICTIMS OF WHISKY. -The Corwin landed on St. Lawrence sland, having orders to investigate the wholesale starvation of the natives. At the first village at which they landen and children-were dead. At the next settlement 12 dead bodies, and at the following 30 were found. All the inhabitants on the north side of the island, where the whisky traders sold liquor, are dead—not one escaping. The general starvation occurred two years ago last winter. Since then the presence of the Corwin in the Arctic has broken up the inhuman whisky trading. The empty whisky kegs were seen strewn all about. The total number of dead bodies found on St. Lawrence island was over 600. The survivors say that white traders from Honolulu sold whisky which the natives bought and gotdrunk upon, remaining so during the season not laving in their winter supply of walrus and seal Photographs of these groups of dead bodies as they lie about, frozen stiff, were taken by the party.—Alta Cali-

Boyd, the English oarsman, has accepted the challenge of Hanlan to row on the Thames for the championship

ber 19, 1881, by fifty observers o show causes of sickness as follows: DISEASES, IN ORDER OF

82 76 68 66 64 Neuralgia.... Consumption (of lungs)... 50 50 50 46 44 Remittent fever ..... Tonsilites.... Pneumonia..... Influenza Diphth-ria  $\begin{array}{c} 42 \\ 22 \\ 16 \\ 14 \\ 12 \\ 10 \\ \end{array}$ Carlet fever
Whooping cough Inflammation of Bowels.
Cholera morbus..... Dysentery..... Membranous Croup..... Cholera infantum..... Inflammation of Brain.... Puerperal fever...... 27 Pharyngitis.....

there was a considerable increase in the area of prevalence of bronchitis, pneu at Harbor Springs.

Special reports state there has been 33 cases of smallpox, with 18 deaths in Bingham township, and one death from small-pox in Kasson township, Leelanaw county, and that the disease is present in Elk Rapids, Antrim coun-

HENRY B. BAKER, LANSING, Mich., Nov. 26, 1881.

Cited by the Washington (Ind.) Gazette is the fact that the colts in that locality have a sort of lameness in the ioints. J. F. Myers cured his by anointing it with St. Jacobs Oil.

refute it, and it will outrun you.

An Elkton, Md., paper mentions the case of Mr. T. Deenen, of that place, who suffered severely with rheumatic pains until he tried a bottle of St. Jacobs Oil, which completely cured him.—Indianapolis (Ind.) Journal.

If you are languid, constinated or generally debilitated from lack of rich blood, try James' Tonic Pills. They are the greatest blood en-

Important to Travelers.

VEGETABLE COMPONED is the best remedy for female weakness that they ever heard of, for it gives universal ratisfaction. Send to Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, 233 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass., for pamphlets.

used in testing drugs generally. Their reliability therefore depends solely on the character and reputation as to probits of those preparing and putting them up. It is therefore of paramount importance that the public satisfy themselves that the homeopathic medicines they buy are obtained from a house of recogni nized standing and reliability. Bosticke & Ta-fel's Houceopathic Pharmacy is established since 1835. Send for their descriptive price current of family and of Veterinary Medicine cases and books to 35 Clark St., Chicago, Ill.

BROWN TO SECURIZE HEE ALTEN. It seems strange that anyone will suffer from the many derangements brought on by an impure condition of the blood, when SCOVILL'S SARSAPARILLA AND STILLINGIA, or BLOOD AND LIVER SYRUP will restore perfect health to the physical organization. It is indeed a strengthening syrup, pleasant o take, and has proven itself to be the BEST BLOOD PURIFIER ever discovered, effectually curing Scrofula, Syphilitic disorders, of the Kidneys, Erysipilas, Malaria, all Nervous disorders and Debility, Bilious complaints, and all diseases indiating an impure condition of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys, Stomach, Skin, etc., and coryou its merits as a health renewer, for it CTS LIKE A CHARM, especially when the complaint is of an exhaustive nature, having tendency to lessen the natural vigor of the

HENRY'S CARROLIC SALVE.

The BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Tetter. Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and alkinds of Skin Eruptions, Freekles and clunded. Be sure you get HENRY'S CAR-BOLIC SALVE, as all others are but immitations and counterfeits. Price 25 cents.

JAS. DAVIS & CO., Wholesale Druggists, Detroit, Mich., Agents.

## Piles | Piles!! Piles!!!

Sure Cure Found at Last. No One Need Suffer.

A S re cure for the Blind, Bleeding, Itching and L.cerated Files has been discovered by Dr. Williams (an Indian r medy), called Dr. Williams' Indian Ointmen A single box has cured the wors chronic coss of 25 and 30 years standing. No one need suffer five minutes after applying this wonderful soothing medicine. Lotions, Instruments, and Electuaries do more harm than good, Williams Ointment absorbs the tumors, allays the intense itching (particularly at night after got tense itching (particularly at night after gotting warm in bed), acts as a poultice, gives in stent and painless relief, and is prepared only for Piles, itching of the private parts, and noth

ing else.

Read what the Hon. J. M. Coffinberry, of Cleveland, says about Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment: "I have used scores of pile cures, but it affords me pleasure to say that have never found anything which gave such immediate and permanent relief as Dr. Wil liam' Indian Ointment."

For sale by all druggists, or mailed on receipt of price \$1.00.

F. S. HENRY & CO., Proprietors, Cleveland Ohio

ARRAND WILLIAMS & Co., Agents Detroit Mio

#### HEALTH IN MICHIGAN.

Detroit Live Stock Market

Choice shipping steers, per cwt... \$3 75@4 5

Choice butchers' steers 4 CC@4 0
Mixed butchers' stock 3 00@3 35

 Feeders.
 2 75@3 0

 Coarse stock.
 2 40@2 80

The cattle market at the Central yards was

quiet, there being but little stock on hand and

but few buyers. Prices were 10@15c per cwt.

less than last week. Sheep were about the

same as last week. Hogs were active, the

quality being better, but no change in prices

MRS. LYDIA E. PINKHAM, OF LYNN, MASS.,

Lydia E. Pinkham's

VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

Is a Positive Cure

for all those Painful Complaints and Weaknessen so common to our best female population. It will cure entirely the worst form of Female Com-

plaints, all ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulcero

tica, Falling and Displacements, and the consequent Spinal Weakness, and is particularly adapted to the Change of Life.

It will dissolve and expel tumors from the uterus in an early stage of development. The tendency to can-cerous humors there is checked very speedily by its use.

It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving

for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach. It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indi-

gestion.

That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use.

It will at all times and under all circumstances act in

armony with the laws that govern the female system

For the cure of Kidney Complaints of either sex this ompound is unsurpassed.

LYEMA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COM-

MIND is prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, 19mp, Mass. Price 31. Six bottles for \$5. Sent by mail in the form of pulse case in the form of lozenges, on

receipt of price, 31 per box for either. Mrs. Pinkham

(reel; answers all letters of inquiry. Send for pamphet. Address as above. Mention this Paper.

No family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S

CIVER PILLS. They cure constipation, bilious and torpldity of the liver. 25 cents per box.

Far and Williams & co., Agents Detro Michigan

ACENTS MAKE THE MONEY SELLING Astory and Household THE Text-Book Combined. Tells How to Keep THE House, Cook, Bress, Care for Sick, Manage Calidren, Treat Accidents, Entertain Company, make Home Beautiful and Happy, and OFFILE TEXT IN EXCEPTION OF THE MACHINE HOUSE HOUSE HAPPY, and TEXT IN EXCEPTION OF THE HOUSE HAPPY, Scholars, the Press, and thousands of Practical Housencepers, 25 ON 12 Engs, Low Price, Scientiful House House Happy, and thousencepers, 25 ON 12 Engs, Low Price, Scientiful House Happy, Beautiful House Happy, and thousence Happy, Beautiful House Happy, and thousence Happy, Beautiful House Happy, and thousence Happy, Beautiful House Happy, Beautiful House Happy, Beautiful House Happy, Beautiful House Happy, and the Happy, Beautiful House Happy, and the Happy Happy, Beautiful Happy, and Ha

J. C. MCCURDY & CO. Chicago.

Detrict Mon.

Detrict Mon.

Detrict Mon.

John S.

John S

D. D. MALLORY & CO

Plain and Ornamental Penmanship
Book-keeping and Business Practice,
Telegraphy and Shorthand.
Open days the entire year; evenings from October to April. Three courses of study. Eight Teachers. Chamber of Commerce Building, 15 Jefferson Avenue. Board of Trade entrance and elevator. Call or write for l'amphiet Circular Address at Detroit, M.ch.

M. R. 1'.--362.

E. C. FITZPATRICK,

36 Vegetable Market and Store 107 Grand Rive Ave., DETROIT, MICH., dealer and shipper of all kinds of L.VE and DRESSED

POULTRY.

GAME OF ALL KINDS IN ITS SEASON.

Consignments solicited. Correspondence promptly

IRA MAYHEW LL D., President

gestion.

from those given in the previous report:

[BULLETIN 7]

Reports to the State Board of Health, Lansing, for the week ending Novemdiseases in different parts of the state, Number and per cent. of observers by whom each disease was re-

ported. Number. Per cent. PREVALENCE. 

monia, influenza and diarrhea; and a marked decrease in that of typhoid fever. Smallpox (one case) was reported

Sec'y State Board of Health.

The proper way to check slander is to despise it; attempt to overtake and

Publish your joys, but conceal your

Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure. richer of the age, and when used the above troubles are ucknown.

James E. Davis & Co., Wholesale Agt's,
Detroit, Micb.

JAMES' COUGH PILL CO. Buffalo, N. Y.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS are offered you by the Burlington Route. It will pay you to read their advertisement to be found elsewhere in this issue. Druggists say that LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S

Homocopythic Medicines as a rule, are not menable to the chemical tests and analyses

rain and nervous system.

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THE SUN for 1863 was a newspaper of a new

kind. It discarded many of the forms and a multitude of the superfluou, words and phrases of ancient journalism. It undertook to report in a fresh, succinct, unconventional way all the news of the world, omitting no event of human interest. and commenting upon affairs with the fearlessness of absolute independence. The success of this experiment was the success of THE SUN II officed a p rmanent change in the style of American news papers. Every important journ 1 established in this country in the dozen years past has been mod-elled after THE SUN. Every important journal already existing has been modified and bettered by the force of THE SUN'S example. THE SUN of 1882 will be the same outspoken, truth-telling, and interesting newspaper.

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By a it eral use of the means which an abundant prosperity affords, we shall make it better than ever before. We shall print all the news, putting it into reauthle shape, and measuring its importance, not by the traditional yard stick, but by its real interest to the people. Distance from rinting House square is not the first consideration with 'IHE 'UN. Whenever anything happens worth reporting we get the particulars, whether it happens in Brooklyn or in Bokhara.

In politics we have decided opinions; and we are a cust med to express them in language that can be understed. We say whit we think about men and event. That habit is the only secret of The SUN's political course.

The weekly edition of The SUN gathers into loght pages the best natter or the seven daily issues. An Agricultural Department of unequaled merit, full market report, and a iberal proportion of literary, scientific, and domestic intelligence complete The Weekly and domestic intelligence printed. prosperity affords, we shall make it better than ever

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Who does not know and read and like, THE SUN-DAY SUN, each number of which is a Golcoma of interesting literature with the bos poetry of the day, prose every line worth reading, news, humor— matter enough to fill a good-sized book, and infinite-ly more varied and entertaining than any book, big or little? If our idea of what a newspaper should be pleas

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The price of the Weekley Sun, eight pages, fifty-six columns, is \$1 a year, postaxe paid.

For a be of ten sending \$10 we will send an extra

Address I. W. ENGLAND. Publisher of THE SUN, New York city

A daughter of G. Bame, of Briscoe, N. Y., was sent on an errand, and in crossing a meadow she was attacked by a buck sheep and butted to death.

An indignant Lockport man, who, with his family, has been made sick through drinking the milk from cows fed by glucose refuse, wants the milk pedlar red on it.

Plants prepared for the greenhouse and the win gardens should be kept to harden them, as long in the open eeps off, but at night as the fros' they show the either brought into the house or protected from the chilly

Plants potted for winter flowering should have fresh, rich soil, and be cut back sharply if they have bloomed in the summer. Sand is needful to keep the soil from becoming soggy and sour; it also helps to the growth of the

California papers are now able to report a surplus of the present year's crop amounting to 16,000,000 bushels, and there is left over from last year 12,860,000 centals of wheat to be exported this fall and winter to Europe of 37,000,000 bushels.

The walnut crop in the town of Shawangunk and throughout that section is very large this year. The crop is early, as the pickers are already out. In places which have dropped-from the trees. Shawangunk is famous for its groves of hickory trees.

The Charleston, S. C. News does not take much stock in the report of the officer who was sent by the Agricultural Department to investigate Mr. Le Duc's tea farm, and hints that "that he would not have been satisfied if a crop of cups and saucers already filled with the tea had been in full bloom when he arrived there.

There is probably no crop that leaves the ground in better condition for succeeding crops, than Indian corn. Grass does very much better after it, than after potatoes, cabbage, or roots of any kind, and while the crop of grain is growing, the fodder grown with it is equal in value to a heavy grass crop, and much more valuable than the hav grown upon an average field.

The Whisky manufacturing season in Kentucky (says the Cynthiana Democrat) is opening with a prospect for about half the run of last season. There are now over 10,000,000 of gallons in dressing the arms and lower limbs, or bonds in this district, and nearly 43,-000,000 in the state. Three-year-old over a hot register; from the chilling bond enactment of Congress went into effect from 1879. All the whisky, a portion only of one's clothing—; in therefore, that was placed in bond at that time must now be taken out and

According to the figures of the census the vast estates which existed at the south before the war are being broken up at a rate that in the course of ten years will give the south almost as large a number of landed proprietors as any other portion of the country. In Georgia, for instance, there were at the beginning of the war only 62,000 landed proprietors. To-day there are more than twice that number. The same is true of Alabama, Arkansas, Fiorida and Virginia.

The debris problem in California has been resolved into figures. The total damage to farming lands by the sand and graves washed from the mountains by the hydraulic miner is estimated at \$16,000,000. This represents 40,000 acres of land rendered entirely worthless, and 270,901 acres made partially so. In addition, must be reckoned the speculative losses and the losses from non-production, as well as the depreciation of the valuation of the city of Marysville nearly \$2,000,000 in the past 25 years. Per contra, the loss to the miners by an injunction on their operations, calculating on the basis of the market value or the half-dozen mines involved, would be \$8,250,000. One of these mines has produced \$11,000,000 in gold during its working exis-

### How to Save Your Bacon.

For more than thirty years past the Germantown (Pa.) Telegraph has published the following recipe for making a brine to cure hams, bacon and meat designed to be permanently kept in pond relieves pressure upon a weakenpickle: To one gallon of water add one and one-half pounds of salt, onehalf ounce of saltpetre, and one-half ounce of potash. If pure potash can good food, or a simple tonic like quinot be obtained omit it altogether. In this ratio the pickle can be increased to ing a cathartic, is the worst possible any amount desired. Let these be boiled together until all the dirt from the to increase the congestion,—American sugar rises to the top and is skimmed off. Then put the pickle into a tub to cool, and when cool pour it over the meat. The meat must be well covered with the pickle, and should not be put down for at least two days after kill- striking, either from its brilliancy of ing, during which time it should be color or any other cause, should be sprinkled with powdered saltpetre, adopted only by a woman who has the pickle, and find it answers well, of it becomes a bore, even if at first it it by throwing off the dirt always The woman who has many dresses can found in salt and sugar.

This recipe for curing has been extensively circulated: For every six-while the unobtrusive dress easily lends teen pounds of meat take one pint of itself to some different adjustment pure salt and one ounce of saltpetre. which gives it an entirely new aspect. Pack the hams in a tight cask, shanks downward, and sprinkle the salt be- can "wear it with a difference," like tween them. Dissolve the saltpetre in the rue Ophelia offers to her brother, water and pour it over them. In the so as to make it suitable to many occacourse of twenty-four hours add suffi- sions, especially if she have two waists, cient water to cover the meat. Let the or "bodies" as the English call them. hams remain in the brine for six weeks the smoke-house let the shanks be suppose that there be but one waist, or downward. By so doing the juices will the dress be made all in one piece (than considerably injured by the recent

ounces of saltpetre, and two gallons of water. This will cure as much meat with bows or flowers, and a bit of lace home use, the meat is never placed in pression is lost. brine, but is rubbed and kept covered jected to the action of dry air and smoke for several weeks. The meat loses much in weight, but has fine may dress very beautifully. Without where much bacon is put up for the but there is choice even here. market, it is the common practice to cure the meat in common salt brine. ferior to those to which the salt and atmosphere slightly charged with smoke for several weeks.

#### THE HOUSEHOLD.

#### Catching Cold—Remedies.

While it is easy to take cold in midsummer, colds are usually more prevalent when low temperature prevails, though less in clear, steady winter than culation of the blood. At the place where this disturbance occurs, "congestion" arises, that is, a rush of blood to is carried off by the chilled blood vessels in the other direction, and this produces serious results if not speedily remedied. This diseased condition may extend over the whole body, affecting most severely any organ already

Thus a cold may come from damp or chilled feet; from even a slight draft of air blowing through a crack, upon one side or portion of the body and coolling it; from standing near a fire or stove, and heating one side while the other remains comparatively cold; from warmer clothing on one part of the body than on another; from lightly leaving them naked; from standing evaporation of water or moisture, from general, from any cause producing in-

equality of temperature. The causes of a cold, named, indicate how to avoid one. Maintaining general vigor by nourishing, well digested the first stimulating effects, leaves one more subject to take cold than if the stimulant had been omitted.

Simple remedies will usually remove a cold, if taken promptly, before the congestion has produced serious disorganization. When struck with a sense of chilliness, 15 to 30 drops of Aromatic Spirits of Ammonia, in half a tumbler of water, will often start a uniform circulation all through the body. as this quickly enters the whole blood and is stimulating. Soaking the feet in warm water, gradually adding warmer water as long as it can be borne, draws off the blood from all the rest of the body, and often relieves congestion in any local part. Smart friction upon any part or the whole of the skin surface. or a uniform surface sweating, produces like result. But in these cases, special care must be taken to prevent after-chilling of the feet, or any other part. After the feet heating, wipe dry quickly and cover them warm-

The best remedy we have found for a recent cold is a moderate movement of the bowels with castor oil, or caustic or other mild cathartic magnesia. This produces a flow of fluid, drawn from the blood to the alimentary canal, and thus reduces the pressure upon any one congested point, just as drawing off part of the water from a flooded ed dam or embankment, This is to be followed by keeping the body warm and comfortable, and toning it up with nine. "Feeding a cold," prior to taktreatment. It is only adding material Agriculturist.

## Economy in Dress.

A dress that is so peculiar as to be which removes the surface blood, leav- many changes of raiment, and so may ing the meat clean. Some omit boiling wear it only occasionally, or the sight though the operation of boiling purifies is interesting from its novelty. afford also to give it away or convert

A woman who has but one best gown One skirt will easily outlast two waists, and then smoke. In hanging them in and therefore this is a real saving. But remain in the meat and give it a de- which there is no prettier fashion), and frost.

licious flavor. An English recipe for at should be worn one day high in the making brine is as follows: Four neck, with collar and cuffs, on another pounds of salt, one pound of sugar, two day with the neck turned in, and a lace as can be covered by the pickle. It is at the wrists, a pair of long gloves, and difficult to tell how much salt and oth- a more elaborate dressing of the hair, er antiseptics to employ or how long to it will be scarcely recognizable. But employ them without knowing how the the dress must be of a very general meat is to be smoked. In the south character, like black silk, or some dark where most excellent bacon is made for color, or the pleasure of the new im-

The wise person with a small capital with dry sugar and salt till the meat is well flavored, and is then transferred thing. Each year she adds one or two to the smoke-house, where it is sub- really solid possessions to her wardrobe. keeping qualities, although it contains a capital one is often obliged to buy but a small amount of salt. In places what can last but for a few months;

There is certainly a great economy in a woman's adopting for occasions of letting it remain in it till it is wanted ceremony one dress from which she for sale, and then to subject it to a never diverges. It becomes her chardense smoke just long enough to give acteristic, and there is even a kind of it a brown color and a light flavor of style and beauty in the idea. The material, active as the finger work, and Hams, shoulders and side ba- changing fashions in color and material con cured in this way, are greatly in- pass without affecting her. She is never induced to buy anything because it other antiseptics are applied in a dry is new. She is always the same. The dress in this case must have a certain simplicity. It costs her little thought and little time, and when the old edition, becoming worn, gives way to the new, the change is not perceived, nor is it noticed when the new in its turn becomes old.

Such dresses as this must of course lie within certain limits. Suppose it parts of the body, especially adjacent season or two; and then, dyed, he turnparts. which disturbs the uniform cir- ed into a walking dress to last two seasons more.

If a dress is put on with grace, its owner alone is aware of its defects, and a part from one direction faster than it it is a kindness to the spectator if she will keep her own secret.

In France, and I believe also in Italy, they have a poetic fashion of dedicating for a certain number of years (five, ten or twenty years, according to the parent's fancy), young girls to the Virgin. Lado not know in what way they demonstrate this dedication except in the color of their dress, which is always, for all occasions, summer or winter, blue or white, or white and blue mixed. This affords more variety than at first thought it would seem to be eapable of, for any shade of blue may be used.

There is a great economy in decidng on a few becoming colors in their several shades, and confining one's dress to these. Choosing colors that harmonize with each other, like gray, black, purple, blue, yellow, white, and never buying any other colors, one may, in making over garments, use one with nother so that nothing is wasted.

It is also important to know what point of dress to emphasize. For instance, one may expend a large sum on food, gives the power to resist an at- a gown, and if the shoes are shabby or When to be especially exposed, ill made, the gloves worn, and the bon-performed, no widening made when a little tonic, as a grain or two of qui- net lacks style, the gown may be no nine, taken in advance, may be useful. longer new; it must now be carefully economy is to be preserved, neither Stimulants, like alcoholic liquors, are brushed and well put on, the collar and seaming nor narrowing where truth temporary aid: the reaction after cuffs, or other neck and wrist trim- and generosity are in question. mings, must be in perfect order, the boots well made and well blacked, even if not new, the gloves faultless, and the bonnet neat and stylish. The effect is of a well-dressed woman; no man, and very few women, perceive that the dress is not a new one.-Harver's Magazine.

### Idiosyncrasies of Men of Genius.

Most geniuses and men of great talent have been known for some peculiar habit or striking idiosyncrasy. Napolean would tremble for fear at the sight of a cat. General Elliott, of Gibraltar fame, was always accompanied by a number of them. Johnson liked to imbibe floods of tea or wine, and yet be none the worse for it. Porson drank everything that came in his way. Visiting once a friend's house, when even ing came they desired to feed the lamp, but the bottle was empty. Porson had drank the spirits on the sly, not knowing it was intended for the lamp. Douglass Jerrold could not bear the smell of apples. Cavendish hated women. If he met one of his own female servants by accident in any part of the house, she was instantly dismissed. Garrick was vain almost to the degree of insanity. Rosseau was vain, and could not write except when dressed as a fop. Bulwer Lytton, it is said, could write best when dressed in a court suit. Marlborough was a miser, mended his own stockings to save paying for it and would walk home ever so late at night rather than pay for a "chair." Napoleon did his "thinking" and formed his plans for conquest while pacing in a garden, shrugging his shoulders now and then, as if to help and "compress" thought. When Thiers was engaged in his long and his oratorical displays he always had beside him a supply of rum and coffee. The coffee he got direct from Mecca. Gibson dictated while walking in his room, like Scott and many others. Moliere wrote with his knees near the fire, and Bacon liked to study in a small room, which, he said, helped him to condense his thoughts. George Stephenson used to lie in bed for two or three days, the better to "think out" his plan. It would be better if many people do this who have much thinking to do, as rest favors abstraction and thought, and those who have not a vigorous circulation find the supply of blood to the brain assisted by a recumbent position. -London World.

Fruit trees have blossomed this fall ribbon." in many localities. A man on Staten Island, has a cherry tree with a second crop of cherries on it nearly ripe.

FOR THE CHILDREN.

Now, where's the baby gone? All gone away Underneath the handkerchief— Sweet little May,
Sweet little May,
Baby's eyes are big snd blue—
Almost I can see them through—
While we're playing "Peek a-boo,"
May and I.

Somebody stirs the corner white! Out creeps the ringlets bright! Baby's lips of rosebud hue Bubble o'er with laughter too, While we're playing "Peek-a-boo,"

THE MORAL OF A PAIR OF STOCK-INGS.—The following letter was written by a distinguished literary lady to a learned judge on the eve of his marri-

DEAR COUSIN: Herewith you will receive a present of a pair of stockings knit by my own hands; and be assured dear coz, that my friendship for you is as warm as the generous as the donation.

But I consider the present as peculiarly appropriate on the occasion of

your marriage. You will remark, in the first place, that there are two individuals united in one pair, who are to walk side by side, guarding against coldness, and giving comfort as long as they last. The thread of their texture is mixed; and so alas! is the thread of life.

In these, however, the white is made to predominate, expressing my desire to be a black velvet; it would last with and confidence that thus it will be with care, at least five or six years. Suppose the color of your existence. No black during the variable spring and autumn. it to be a white cashmere—a dress of "Catching cold," is usually the result of inequality of temperature in two or two and then dred he true with and jealousy. The darkest color here is blue, which is excellent when we do not make it too blue.

Other appropriate thoughts rise in my mind regarding these stockings. the most indifferent subjects, when viewed by the mind in a suitable frame, may furnish instructive influence, as saith the poet:

"The iron dogs, the fuel and tongs, The bellows that have leathern lungs, The firewood, ashes and smoke, Do all to righteousness provoke."

But to the subject. You will per ceive that the top of these things (by which I suppose courtship to be represented) are seamed, and by no means of seaming are drawn into a snarl, but after comes a time when the whole is made plain, and continues so till the final toeing off. By this I wish to take occasion to congratulate you, that you are now through with seeming and have come to plain reality. Again, as the whole of these comely stockings was not made at once, but by the addition of one little stitch after another, put in with skill and discretion, until the whole presents the fair and equal piece of work which you see, so life does not consist of one great action, but millions of little ones combined and so it may be with our lives-no stitch dropped when duties are to be bad principles are to be reproved or

Thus every stitch of life made right and set in the right place—none either too large or too small, too light or too loose; may you keep on your smooth and even course, making existence one fair and consistent piece, until together having passed the heel you may come to the very toe of life, and here is the final narrowing off, and dropping off the coil of this emblematic pair of companions and comforting associates, nothing appears but white, the token of innocence and peace, of purity and light. May you, like these stockings the final stitch being dropped, and the work completed--go together from the place where you were formed, to a happier state of existence, a present

Hoping that these stockings and admonitions may meet a civil reception, I remain in the true-blue friendship, seemingly without seaming, yours from

from earth to heaven.

### The Wrong Ashes.

He was a jolly-looking man, with a cound corporation, a burgundy-tinted nose, and the general exterior of a contented mind, and as he entered the editorial den he offered us a good cigar, lit another, and said:

"How about this local cremation scheme?"

"Well, how yourself?" "The fact is," said the stranger, reflectively, "I had a pretty tough experience with one of these cadaver roasting concerns once, and I thought mebbe you might like to make an item of the facts so as to warn the people

here in time." "Fire away." "Well, you see, it was in New Oreans. My wife died there, and as a cremation company was having a good deal of a boom there just then, she made me promise to have her spirit sent up through their flue, as it were. Said she thought it would be nice and melancholy for me to carry her ashes around with me wherever I went-in a

vase you understand." "And you complied?

"Wny, yes. It was her last wish, you know, and besides I thought it might be useful in kinder preparing her for the here—but never mind that, now. I sent the remains round to the company's office in a push-cart, got a receipt, saw Marie touched off, so to speak, and two days after that they refull of ashes, scented with forget-me- no petter as I can.' not, and the stopper tied in with pink

"That was pretty."

"Yes, I was very much pleased at first but I had to keep the bottle out of man, contemplatively; "but I dell you sight after a while, though, because vat it is-dat shtorm would have come people were all the time opening the yust de same if it had not been brear, under the impression that it con- dicted."

tained preserved ginger or chow-chow, or something."

"That must have been unpleasant." "Unpleasant-well, I should smile-I mean, I should weep. Why, actually, one day while I was living in New

"But, what I was going to say was New Orleans again, and I happened to that it would bother you some to dismeet the superintendent of the re-ractory ore—I should say the corpse-burning furnace—at a banquet, and he got so full that I had to see him home. On the way we stopped in a place or two for a steadier—you know how it is —and the result was that he got very communicative about his company—in fact gave the whole business away." "Did, eh?"

"Yes, sir; he squarely owned up that tel bill, and he who endeavored to out-they didn't burn the bodies at all. He wit them is invariably headed off." said they just dropped 'em through a But nevertheless he bethought himself hole in the bottom of the furnace, took of a poker game which was that night em out the back way at night, and sold 'em to the medical students.'

"Gracious! And the ashes." "Mule ashes, sir; nothing but mule ashes! They would just cut up some old mule carcass, the superintendent approaching him, said: said, pitch in enough to make a bad smell, and then sell the ashes to the grief-stricken relatives at \$25 a bottle. Terrible cheeky, now; wasn't it?"

"And all this time you had-" "Had been carrying that old jar of mule ashes all over the country. Just

imagine how mean I felt."
"You threw it away then?"

"Well no," said the widower, as he winked a tear out of his left eye; "the more I studied over the matter the more I concluded that mule ashes weren't so much out of the way after all. You see, poor Maria was an awful stubborn woman—t-r-e-m-e-n-do-u-s stubborn—and—yes, I kinder thought mule ashes would do mighty near as well, all things considered."

smiled softly, lit another cigar, and walked out.—Derrick Dodd.

#### Relished by the Wisest Men,

You can tell dog-wood by its bark. Possesses great healing power—the

The mean temperature is what disgusts a man with every climate. Boston is trying to replace its bad water, with well water.—Lowell Cour-

Train up a child in the way you

should have gone yourself.—Plainfield It is a little singular a man will bolt

Transcript."In Nantncket there are sixteen wonen to every man." Happy man!— Boston Transcript.

"Pay as you go" is good advice, and does very well for the man who does not go much.—Lowell Citizen.

An elephant in a North Carolina cus recently draik a pailful of whiskey. The trunken beast.—Hawkeye. The man who hesitates is lost. That

is why Charley Ross hesitates about coming back .-- New Orleans Picayune. Now will the lone and homesick oyster take his annual hot bath in soup at the church festival. --- Waterloo Observ-

"Hands wanted on boys' pants" is the daily advertisement in the newspapers. 'Twas always thus from child-

nood's hour. Cause and effect are not well balanced. A man with a good cause of-

ten makes little or no effect.—New Orleans Picayune. The new coroner has appointed a

will be handy for blackburying parties. -San Francisco Post. Wicked New York men want to be

buried in Greenwood, because it won't burn up so quickly as the dry.—Cincinnati Saturdag Night.

Norway has discovered that telegraph lines scare the wolves away. They are probably afraid of the extortionate rates.—Free Press.

It is useless for physicians to argue against short-sleeved dresses. The Constitution of the United states says: hand which cannot be overcome. It "The right to bear arms shall not be interfered with.'

because her name could not be found in the Bible, says: "Never mind; I will compass him about with a cold deck, be such a good girl that if ever another is written my name shall go into it."

A clergyman in Scotland preached a few Sundays ago from the text. "If ye do not repent ye shall likewise perish." The wife of a farmer who was present went home and told her husband that the text was, "If you don't pay rent you shall leave the parish."

Impartial new minister (who wished to know all about his parishoners:)
"Then do I understand you that your aunt is on your 1ather's side or on your mother's?" County lad: "Zometimes on one and zometimes on the other, 'ceptin' when father whacks 'em both, sir."

It was in the smoking-room of a Cunard steamer that a worthy Teuton was recently talking about weather predictions.

"Look here," said he, "I tell you vot it is. You petter don't dake no shtock in dem weader bredictions. Dose beoturned to me a beautiful majolica jar ble don't know noding. Dey can't tell

> "But, my dear sir," said a person present, "they foretold the storm which we have just encountered."

"Vell, dat ish zo," replied the Ger-

#### A Game of Draw Poker.

A certain man went down from Chicago to Ohio, taking with him a return ticket, lest he fall against a Cincinnati wheat speculator and be robbed York, I came home and found a new servant girl polishing knives with the remains—just think of it.

"Terrible, sir, terrible!"

The wheat spectrator and be followed for that wherewith he would fain buy flour and gum shoes for his family in the season of cold which cometh upon those who live in Chicago from the tenth to the fourth month, and finds this. About a year after my wife was himself among sinners and publicans, kindled—I mean cremated—I was in whose mercy is strained even so fine

And when he had reached Cincinnati he went to an inn and gave to the landlord thereof three pieces of silver, saying: "No monkey business with me Charlie; I am from Bitter Creek." And he who kept the inn marveled greatly and said unto himself: "These be strange men that come from Chicago; never are they to be bilked by a hotel bill, and he who endeavored to outin the inn, and laughed to himself with exceeding great joy. Then arose the landlord and went unto the place called Bar, where of a certainty he should find the man from Chicage, and

"There be in this inn, even in the third story thereof, a small party of prominent citizens which do play at a game called poker. Perchance thou might, after much ravail, secure a seat

among them." And when the host of the inn had spake these words a bewitching smile played around the lips of the Chicago man, and he answered, saying: "I am yet young, and of a certainty far from mine home and family, and fearful lest I should fall among thieves."

But the landlord rebuked him, saying: "In this party whereof I speak are only business men, two being colonels and one judge. Would you not deem it an honor to play with these?" And the Chicago man was And having the resigned sigh of one who had succeeded in bracing up under great sorrow, the anti-cremationist means that he should blush to gig-

So they went up in that which is called elevator, until three stories were below them, and the landlord knocked softly on the door of a room in which a light gleamed brightly.

And the door opened.

And when the Chicago man had seated himself and bought of chips an hundred shekels' worth, he spake not, but drank heartily. And it came to pass that after many deals one of the colonels did bet seven shekels; whereupon bet also the Chicago man a like amount and did vauquish the colonel, who had that which is called two pair. And when this had occured thrice the colonel said unto the judge: "He is playing them close unto his stomach."

ticket he cunnot swallow.—Boston And it was so. But presently there came to the colonel a hand of exceeding beauty and strength, being four aces. And he who held them was filled with glee and knew not fear, placing in the centre of the table great quantities of shekels. And when it came to that which is called the draw the Chicago man took not of the cards, saying that he was content. But the colonel drew one with great boasting, telling, with intent to deceive the others, of how he would bet if perchance he made a full, which is a hand of great strength, and capable of overcoming threes or even a flush, but which cannot prevail against fours. And having said these words he wagered heavily of silver and gold, all of which the Chicago man did cover, and even betted more; whereupon put the colonel also his watch and diamond on the table, and wagered them freely. And when all had been betted the Chicago man said: "Straight flush," even as he spoke gathering unto himself all the treasures which the table held. And when he had placed in his pocket colored man as one of his deputies. He all the shekels, and in his shirt front the diamond, and had adorned himself

> sleepy and said: "I am too full to play well to-night. [ will go to my bed.

> with the watch, he became suddenly

And he went.

But those who were left did beat their breasts and cry out, saying: "How are we knocked around and paralyzed by this stranger who cometh from Chicago and dresseth not in fine raiment, but who has of money great store and will wager it lavishly on a were better we had remained this night with our wives and children. To-mor-The little girl who was disappointed row night, however, we will again play with him at a game called poker, and so that he shall be overthrown and cast down in spirit."

But they wist not what they said: For in the morning the stranger departed from out their gates and came back to his wife, who fell upon his neck and kissed him. And he did kiss her on the cheek, saying: "Mary, you can order that sealskin.

And she made answer, and said: 'Charlie, you're a darling; kiss me again."—Murat Halsted in Chicago.

·Five hundred thousand boxes of peaches were freighted to Baltimore last ear by the Chester River Steamboat Company. This year the number of boxes by the same line will foot up only about 30,000. About the same proportion was taken by the other carriers. The price last year ruled from 30 cents to \$2 per box; this year from \$1 to \$4—netting last year, on an average, about 55 cents per box, this vear \$2.50.

Peach trees are now living bearing in Northampton county, Va., that were planted in 1816, and the vicinity is believed to have the best soil for peach culture in the world.

A Kansas City dealer has just bought 35,000 cattle of one Colorado breeder. He paid \$625,000.

J. C. Laing, General Merchant.

Is still to be found at the old store, where he is offering to the further to test the easterly current. trade a full and complete stock of

## DRY GOODS Ladies' Dress Goods, Alpaces, Cashineres, Gingherms,

And the endless variety needed to supply his large-trade. In addition to a large stock of the celebrated

Plannels, Cassimeres, and Satinets, AT MANUFACTURERS PRICES.

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A large line of Mens' and Youths' Clothing, Underwear, and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

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I have a large stock of Custom and Sale Work from the kers already quite gray." well known establishment of A. C. McGraw & Co., embracing a complete line with styles and qualities to suit all

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A Full Line, comprising everything needed in the line of a complete stock of Groceries and Provisions will be kept constantly on hand, with a line of CROCKERY and GLASSWARE. quite adequate to meet the demands of the trade. No trouble to show goods

Produce bought for Cash and taken in exchange for Goods

First Class Mill, lately reand other grain. 69 Price given to of meet

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The oldest Hardware House in central and north Tus cola, still "holds the fort" and offers his large and varied stock of Merchandise for

## CASH

What have you got Sir? I would Respectfully invite you to come and see.

Respectfuly Yours.

J. L. HITCHCOCK.

Cass City, Mich., Oct. 6, '81.

### A Word or two to the Public.

We cannot help but extend our most hearty thanks to the people of Cass City and vicinity for their liberal patronage and support, and now We offer our new and complete stock of

Dry Goods, Fancy Goods

at prices that will astonish all who will visit our store. We have a thousand and one articles of useful Holiday Presents, which we will sell lower than the manufacturing price. Remember we keep ONE PRICE to all, and a child five years old will be served as an aged and experienced person,

Hoping to see you again, and thanking you for what you have done, we remain

Respectfully yours,

New York Store,

#### MISCELLANEOUS.

-Baron Rothschild left \$400,000,000. —In England they are just beginning to use the word "caucus," imported from America.

-General Burnside's estate was so heavily encumbered that his heirs will will get nothing.

-A man was made in an instant bald

headed forever, in Mobile, by the explosion of a firecracker in his hat. It was the work of his playful son. —A Nashville paper is responsible for the statement that the people of Ten-nessee pay \$1,000,000 per annum for snuff, an article which is used by all classes of society in the South. Our

Nashville merchant sold \$300,000 worth of snuff last year. understands that a Gloucester lady who, while in Boston some years ago, found and restored to its owner a pocketbook

-The will of Gerhart Bechtel, of Berks County, Pa., just filed, contained this remarkable provision: "That I further disinherit and prohibit from participation in the distribution of my estate such of my male descendants as

persist in wearing moustaches." —Lionel S. Sackville-West, the new-ly appointed Minister Plenipotentiary of Great Britain, is described by the Phila-delphia Times "as a medium sized, English looking gentleman, with a partial-

—A veteran watchmaker at Vouvry, Switzerland, claims to have invented a process by which watches will run for years without winding up. A scaled box containing two watches intrusted to the municipal authorities on January 19, 1879, has just been opened and the

watches were found going.

—A number of Governors were weighed the other day at Atlanta, Ga., Governor Hoyt, of Pennsylvania, weighed 248 pounds: Governor Bigelow, of Connecticut, 1831; Governor Colquitt, of Georgia, 176; Governor Blackburn, of Kentucky, 2231 and Governor Vance, of North Carolina, 203.

-A Philadelphian's scheme for enriching himself was to secretly marry an heiress who was almost idiotic, charge her to tell nobody of the occurrence, and wait until she should die, when he would claim a share of her estate. She told her mother of the marriage, however, and, by means of a legally appointed commission, the contract has been declared void by reason of her mental disability.

-The St. James Gazette, in an article on Scotch shooting, asserts that "Mr. Winans, an American sportsman who slaughters deer on scientific principles, pays Lord Lovat \$25,000 for the forests of Glenstrathferin and Culegrain, in addition to which he hires eight neighboring shootings in this and the adjacent county-which makes the largest game preserve in the country, and brings his annual rent up to \$50,000."

-The famous spring of boiling water in the Yellowstone region, has lately become still more wonderful as a gey ser. Four or live times every twentyfour hours it discharges a great column of water, freighted with stones and obscured by a dense volume of steam. The hollow formation for hundreds of yards around the orifice trembles under the upheaval, and the water is thrown to a height of a hundred feet.

—A line man, putting up a telephone wire in Meriden, Conn., a few days since, and when at the top of a tall pole, was seized with a fit, and fell over backward. The spur on his boot was fixed firmly in the pole, and held him fast, although a heavy min, from falling on a sharp picket fence. He hung head downward until his companions who ware popular parallel. who were nearly paralyzed at the frightful spectacle, got a rope with which to help him down.

—A man had a curious race for life near Meriden. Conn. He swallowed a large dose of morphine, intending suicide, but quickly changed his mind and started for the nearest physician, who was two miles away. He felt the dan-gerous drowsiness stealing over him, and ran with all his might. The exerand ran with all his might. The exercise kept him awake, but his mouth became parched, his eyes filmy and his strength less. He stopped to pray, but an instant of delay warned him that, unless he depended on miraculous help, there was no time to be lost on his knees. He at length stumbled into the doctor's office and fell senseless on the floor, but was saved by energetic treat-

-A project for establishing a coffeehouse in Boston, long discussed, has at last taken form, and such men as Governor Long, James Freeman Clark, Bishop Paddock, Philip Brooks and Edward Everett Hale have united with a number of prominent and wealthy business men to establish the enterprise upon a secure basis. It is the intention of the projectors to make the coffeehouse more attractive than any grog shop in the city by means of handsome furniture, reading, smoking and billiard rooms, and thus to light the enemy on his own ground, hand to hand, with the weapons which he uses most effect-

—An Italian professor has just issued a ghastly volume on suicide. In all this world it seems Calabria stands lowest on the scale of those who are weary of breath. Norway stands third and Ireland fourth. England and America are very high, and the recklessness and misery which make life insupportable reach the maximum in the center of Europe, from Geneva to Paris, and through Saxony, Baden, Prussia and the Austro-Hungarian provinces. The small German States are the very highest. Suicide has increased everywhere for the last forty years, even in Ireland, where the figure is so low, from ten in the million to eighteen in the million of population, while England and America have mounted from sixty-two to sixtyeight. Prussia from seventy-four to 142, France from fifty-four to 150 and Saxony rushes on with an average of 264. Childless widowers are by far the largest number on the sorrowful list.

#### Father Greatpipe and His Curious Will.

The Hollanders are more given to smoking than any northern people-"dreaming with their eyes open." The boatmen of the Treschkrit, the aquatic diligence of Holland, measures distance by smoke; from one place to another, not so many miles, but so many pipes. Some go to steep with pipes in their mouth, relight it on wakening in the night, and in the morning before stepping out of bed. Diderot says: "A Dutchman is a living alembic." The cigar is not the companion of indolence, but the stimulant and aid to labor. Smoke is called their second breath, and the cigar the sixth finger of the hand. A Frenchman tells the story of a rich gentleman of Rotterdam, Van Klaes, surnamed Father Greatpipe, being old, fat and a great smoker. As a merchant in India he had amassed a of snull last year.

The Cape Ann (Mass.) Advertiser are near Rotterdam, in which he armaderstands that a Clausestandal with ranged, as in a museum, all the models of pipes from all countries and of every and restored to its owner a pocketbook time. This was open to strangers to containing valuable papers, has just been left \$100,000 by the will of the gentleman in question. of cigars and tobacco. Mynheer Van Klaes smoked 150 grammes of tobacco per day, and died at ninety-eight; from eighteen years of age he smoked 4,383 kilogrammes—making an uninterrupted black line of tobacco of twenty French leagues in length. When but a few days remained to complete his ninety-eighth year, he suddenly felt his end approaching and ent for his notary, a smoker of great merit, and said, "My good notary, fill my pipe and your own; I am about to die." When both pipes were lighted Van Klaes dictated his will, celebrated over Holland.

ebrated over Holland.

After the disposal of the bulk of his property to relatives, friends and hospitals, he dictated the following articles:

"I desire that all the smokers in the country shall be invited to my funeral, by all possible means, newspapers, private letters, circulars and advertisements. Every smoker who shall accept the invitation shall receive a gift of ten pounds of tobacco and two pipes, upon which shall be engraved my name, my arms and the date of my death. The poor of the district who shall follow my body to the grave shall receive each man, every year, on the anniversary of my death, a large parcel of tobacco. To all those who shall be present at the funeral ceremonies. I make the condition, if they wish to benefit by my will, that they shall smoke uninterruptedly during the ceremony. My body shall be inclosed in a case lined inside with the wood of my old Havana eigar boxes. At the bottom of the case shall be deposited a box of French tobacco, so called caporal, and a parcel of our own Dutch tobacco. At my side shall be laid my favorite pipe and a box of matches, because no one knows what may happen. When the collin is do-posited in the vault, every person present shall pass by and cast upon it the ashes of his pipe."

The will was carried out. The funeral was splendid and veiled in a thick cloud of smoke. The poor blessed the memory of the deceased, and the country still rings with his fame.

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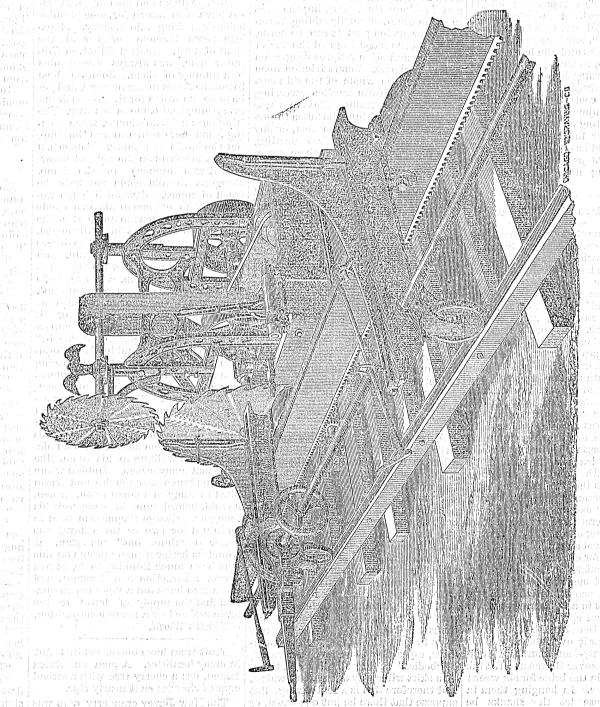
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