CASS CITY CHRONICLE.

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WOMEN NOMINATED FOR TWP. OFFICES

ELKLAND HAS TWO TICKETS FOR FIRST TIME IN SEVERAL YEARS.

List of Candidates Nominated in Several Townships in This Section.

For the first time in history, a woman presided at an Elkland township caucus Monday and women assisted in nominating township officers.

When J. D. Brooker called the Republican caucus to order Monday afternoon, he announced the decision of the Republican township committee to call a woman to act as chairman and asked Mrs. A. J. Knapp to come forward and preside. Mrs. Knapp handled the caucus in an efficient manner and received a vote of thanks, proposed by Supervisor Caldwell, for the able way in which the meeting was managed. J. C. Corkins was chosen clerk and R. D. Keating, Geo. Burg and Miss Lura DeWitt were appointed tellers.

For the first two offices, supervisor and clerk, there was no opposition and J. A. Caldwell and H. L. Hunt were nominated by acclamation to succeed themselves.

The first ballot was taken for the office of treasurer. G. H. Burke was successful, securing 125 of the 245 votes cast. Other candidates received votes as follows: M. B. Auten 71, H. R. Wager 33, O. Y. Schneider 8, Mrs. Belle Nash 6, scattering 2.

For highway commissioner, 211 votes were cast. Jacob Spencer received 129 and J. J. Gallagher 82.

For justice of the peace, Andrew Wilson received 56 and W. H. Murphy 40.

The remaining offices were filled by acclamation: Member of board of review, A. E. Goodall; constables, J. D. Tuckey, C. D. Striffler, S. H. Brown and Henry Ball.

The Republican township committee was enlarged for three to six members by the election of three women as members: Mrs. G. A. Striffler for three years, Mrs. Wm. Crandell for two years and Mrs. A. J. Knapp for one year. J. D. Brooker was elected to succeed himself as a member of this committee for a three-year term. The caucus voted to recommend to the township board the appointment of two women as members of the election board. About 50 women attended the caucus.

Elkland Citizen Caucus.

Edward Pinney presided as chairman of the Citizens' caucus of Elkland township on Monday evening L. I. Wood was chosen secretary and M. F. Rittenhouse and Mrs. Iva Mudge tellers.

On the ballot for supervisor, I. K. Reid received 22 of the 23 votes cast.

Mrs Iva Mudge was nominated for clerk by acclamation.

For treasurer, the ballot, resulted as follows: Mrs. Dora Fritz 17, scattering 5.

For highway commissioner, Jacob Spencer received 14 and Thos. Colwell 6 votes.

The remaining officers were elected by acclamation: Member of board of review, A. E. Summers; justice of the peace, John McLarty; constables, D. R. Graham, Guy Allen, Chas. Kosanke and R. D. Keating.

Jacob Spencer nominated on both tickets for highway commissioner has decided to make the run on the Citizen ticket.

Greenleaf Township.

At the Township caucus, the following were nominated: Supervisor, H. C. Spencer; clerk, James Dew; treas., Robt. A. Cleland; highway com., Stanley Jones; justice, John Wright.

Kingston Township.

Republican—Supervisor, John Retherford; clerk, Burton Lee; treas., Wm. Moulton; highway com., Ernest Cooper.

Union—Supervisor, John Jeffery; clerk, Walter Legg; treas., Cyrus Wells; highway com., Chas. Voff.

Grant Township.

Republican Ticket — Supervisor, Samuel Ricker; clerk, Herbert Maharg; treasurer, Lillian Edgerton; highway com., Andy Barnes; member of board of review Mrs. M. Vallance.

Elmwood Township.

Republican Ticket—Supervisor, N. A. Perry; clerk, J. Calley; treasurer, Charles Palmer; highway com., Thomas Ottawa; justice of the peace, Hiram W. Youmans; board of review, Geo. Williams; constables, Edmund Youmans, Stephen Moore, Emory Slough.

Union Ticket—Supervisor, Floyd Teller; clerk, Thomas Freeman; treasurer, Thomas Jackson; highway com., Arthur Rocheleau; justice, Neil McKinnon.

Brookfield Township.

Supervisor, August Gettel; clerk, L. J. Rapson; treasurer, Fred Pobanz; highway com., Wm. Hinton; Board of Review 2 yrs., Art Burden; justice full term, John Sunday; constables, Frank Farnum, Fred Finkbeiner, Jake Brown, Anthony Riskey.

Novesta Township.

Supervisor, Archie McPhail; clerk, Miss Alta McArthur; treasurer, John McArthur; justice of peace full term, Colon Ferguson; justice of peace to fill vacancy, John Coulter. Member of board of review, Geo. Spencer; highway com., John Pringle.

BAPTISTS CALL PASTOR.

Rev. Burr Schellenbarger of Owosso has accepted the unanimous call extended by the First Baptist church at Cass City and will commence his pastoral duties at the first services next Sunday. Rev. and Mrs. Schellenbarger arrived from Owosso Tuesday evening and are engaged in settling at the parsonage.

Rev. Schellenbarger is a graduate of the Moody Bible Institute at Chicago and the Bible School at Philadelphia. He is an earnest young man and comes with great enthusiasm for the work of the church. This is his first pastorate. Mrs. Schellenbarger is the daughter of Rev. and Mrs. E. J. Cross, who resided at Cass City about a year in the "nineties" while Rev. Cross was engaged in Sunday school work in this district. The family moved from Cass City to Cash, Sanilac county, where Rev. Cross was pastor of the Baptist church.

VICTORY FUND OF FORTY MILLION DOLLARS

Is to Be Raised by Presbyterians to Carry on Work Here and Overseas.

The campaign to raise forty million dollars to carry on the work of the Presbyterian church in this country and overseas was launched in all the churches of that denomination the first Sunday in March, and will be continued in a thoroughly organized way until Sunday, March 23rd, when 130,000 duly appointed canvassers will visit every Presbyterian in the United States during the hours of two to five to secure his pledge for this fund.

To help put across this first Victory Fund Campaign of the New Era Movement—as the Presbyterians call their "drive"—leading ministers all over the country have been released from their churches for sixty days, each man in charge of about half a dozen Presbyteries or local groups of Presbyterian churches. There are about three hundred Presbyteries in which there are nearly 10,000 churches.

The entire amount to be raised has already been apportioned among the churches of the country, and a systematic campaign has been inaugurated by Flying Squadrons, consisting of men and women of prominence in each community, to secure advance pledges from larger givers.

Many parts of the country are one hundred per cent organized—and it is expected that in some sections the churches will go "over the top" with a hundred per cent over-subscription.

Preliminary conferences and mass meetings already held in the principal cities of the United States have shown a keen interest in the campaign, men and women crowding the churches to receive instructions from the leaders sent out by headquarters in New York.

The Rev. William Hiram Foulkes,

Continued on third page.

COMING AUCTION SALES.

Thos. Murphy—March 27.

Mr. Murphy has sold his farms and will have an all-day sale 1½ miles west of Old Greenleaf on Thursday, March 27. Free lunch will be served at noon. R. N. McCullough will cry the sale and complete particulars are printed on page 6.

Warner-Elmhurst Farm—Mar. 28

Austioneer W. A. Schriber will conduct a sale at the Warner-Elmhurst Farm, 1½ miles east and 1 mile north of Owendale on Friday, Mar. 28. Complete details on page 7.

John Sugden—Mar. 29.

Mr. Sugden has sold his farm at Cass City and will sell his live stock and implements at auction on Saturday, Mar. 29. Full particulars are printed on page 6. R. N McCullough, auctioneer.

O. Klinkman Apr. 1.

Mr. Klinkman will have an auction at his farm 3 miles east and ½ mile south of Cass City on Tuesday, Apr. 1. Watch for adv in Chronicle next week.

TUSCOLA CO. MEN HOME.

Among the arrivals on Tuesday of Michigan men at New York from overseas are: J. Weiler, of Tuscola; C. F. Shumway, Vassar; F. S. Hamilton, Caro; and Earnie Brown, Bad Axe.

Buy War Savings Stamps.

Three Amendments for Consideration of Voters at the Election to Be Held Apr. 7

At the election to be held in this State on Monday, April 7, 1919, there will be submitted to the electors three proposed amendments to the Constitution of the state as follows:

A proposed amendment to Section 10, Article X of the Constitution, authorizing the State to borrow money to be used for highway purposes and issue bonds therefor, and to read as follows:

"Section 10. The state may contract debts to meet deficits in revenue, but such debts shall not in the aggregate at any time, exceed two hundred fifty thousand dollars. The state may also contract debts to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the state or aid the United States in time of war. The money so raised shall be applied to the purposes for which it is raised or to the payment of the debts contracted. The state may borrow not to exceed fifty million dollars for the improvement of highways and pledge its credit, and issue bonds therefor on such terms as shall be provided by law."

The effect of this proposed amendment, if adopted, will be to provide that the State may borrow money for highway purposes and issue bonds therefor.

A proposed amendment to Section 3, Article XVI of the Constitution, to prohibit the increase or decrease of salaries of Public Officers, and to read as follows:

"Section 3. Neither the legislature nor any municipal authority shall grant or authorize extra compensation to any public officer, agent, employe or contractor after the service has been rendered, or the contract entered into. Salaries of public officers except Supreme Court justices, circuit court judges, probate judges and judges of courts of like jurisdiction, shall not be increased nor shall the salary of any public officer be decreased after election or appointment."

The effect of this proposed amendment, if adopted, will be to prohibit the change of salaries of Public Officers after appointment or election, except those of justices or judges of courts of record.

A proposed amendment to Article XVI of the Constitution, by adding a section thereto to be known as Section 12, and to read as follows:

"Section 12. It shall be forever lawful in this State to import, transport, manufacture, use, buy, sell, keep for sale, give away, barter or furnish every kind of cider, wines, beer, ale and porter, and to possess the same in a private residence. So much of Section II, Article XVI of this Constitution as prohibits the manufacture, sale, keeping for sale, giving away, bartering or furnishing of vinous, malt, brewed or fermented liquors, is hereby repealed. The legislature by general laws shall reasonably license the manufacture of, and reasonably license and regulate the sale and keeping for sale of vinous, malt, brewed or fermented liquors: Provided, however, that the electors of each city, village or township forever shall have the right to prohibit the manufacture, sale or keeping for sale of vinous, malt, brewed or fermented liquors within such city, village or township."

The effect of this proposed amendment, if adopted, will be to provide for the manufacture, sale, keeping for sale, giving away, bartering or furnishing of cider, wines, beer, ale and porter in this State.

COLEMAN C. VAUGHAN, Secretary of State.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT LENIENT WITH TAXPAYERS

Will Not Prosecute Those Who File Income Tax Returns before May First.

Collector of Internal Revenue James J. Brady of Detroit, has received instructions from the treasury department that no person who voluntarily files an income tax return on or before May 1st will be liable to fine and imprisonment.

Twenty-five per cent will be added to the amount of the tax due in every case, however, and each delinquent may submit an affidavit setting forth the reasons for failure to file his return on or before March 15th, which affidavit will be submitted to the department, and if found to be a "reasonable cause," the commissioner will not assess the twenty-five per cent penalty. A "reasonable cause" is defined to be such a condition of fact that had the taxpayer exercised ordinary care and prudence it would have been impracticable or impossible for him to file his return in due time.

The same rule applies to corporations.

Individuals who delay making return until after May 1st will, in addition to the twenty-five per cent additional tax, be liable to a penalty of not less than $5.00 and corporations of $10.00, in cases where it appears by affidavit that there is no wilful intent to violate the law.

Every person or corporation who paid to individuals as wages, salaries, rents or interest during the year of 1918, sums of $1000, or more are required to file return of information not later than May 15th, and failure to do so renders them liable to the same penalty as an individual delinquent. These returns are required to be filed with the commissioner of Internal Revenue, sorting division Washington, D. C.

MRS. JANE GILLIES

Laid to Rest in Elkland Cemetery Sunday Afternoon.

The funeral of Mrs. Jane Gillies, whose death was briefly mentioned in the Chronicle last week, was held at the Presbyterian church Sunday afternoon, Rev. Donald Morrison, the pastor, officiating. Interment was made in Elkland cemetery.

Jane McEachren was born in Eckfrid township, Ontario, on March 3, 1841. On Feb. 15, 1861, she was united in marriage with Alexander Gillies at Strathroy, Ont. Early in their married life, they moved to Michigan, settling in Greenleaf township. They were among the earliest settlers of that section and the Gillies family was well known among the early residents of that community and their home never forgot the hospitable ways of the pioneer.

In 1896 Mr. and Mrs. Gillies moved from their Greenleaf township farm to Cass City to spend their last days. Mr. Gillies passed away in 1902. Mrs. Gillies left Cass City last November to spend the winter with her daughter, Mrs. F. H. Newberry, at Detroit. She had been ill about two months and passed away Thursday, March 13.

Mrs. Gillies was a member of the Presbyterian church and was much beloved by a large number of friends and relatives who cherish her memory. She leaves twelve children, John G. Gillies of Bemidji, Minn., Dougald Gillies of Oswego, Ore., Duncan Gillies of Arthur, Ont., Mrs. X. A. Boomhower and Mrs. Chas. McLean, both of Bad Axe, Mrs. F. H. Newberry and Misses Jane and Violet Gillies, all of Detroit, Mrs. John McCallum, Mrs. Dougald Brown and Archie Gillies, all of Greenleaf, and Mrs. J. J. Wallace of Evergreen township.

Relatives who came from a distance to attend the funeral Sunday include Mrs. Mary Symes, a sister of the deceased, of Glencoe, and D. Gillies, John Gillies and Duncan McLaughlan, nephews, of Glencoe, Ont.

SOCIAL EVENTS

The Friendship Club will meet at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Mead Thursday.

The Art Club met with Mrs. Wm. Weldon Wednesday. Light refreshments were served.

Little Irene Schiegel entertained four little girl friends Friday in honor of her fourth birthday.

The junior class of 1920 gave a party Thursday evening in honor of Miss Velma Ferguson, who leaves school soon.

The dancing party given at Doerr's hall Friday night was well attended. Everyone reports a good time and most excellent music was furnished by Pariseau's orchestra from Bad Axe.

The Night Hawk Club enjoyed a real St. Patrick's dinner at the home of W. Ohls Tuesday evening. The members came dressed in St. Patrick's style, and spent a very jolly evening.

Mrs. E. W. Jones entertained the Misses Mary and Isabel MacIntyre and Mrs. E. R. Hunter at a seven o'clock dinner Saturday in honor of her sister, Miss Pearl Graham, of Vassar.

W. T. Schenck had a birthday recently, which was joyously celebrated by the immediate family at the Schenck home. Those present were L. I. Wood and family, P. A. Schenck and family, Mrs. Catherine McCue and Mrs. Dora Fritz.

Bernice Hitchcock entertained seven of her little girl friends at a six o'clock dinner St. Patrick's day. The color scheme was the Erin shades of green and white. The evening was spent with music and games, Miss Bernice proving herself an ideal little hostess.

The members of the Priscilla club royally entertained their girl friends Monday evening at a St. Patrick's party in Doerr's hall. The evening's program consisted of games and local vaudeville talent. The fun began with a "conversation" stunt, each person was given a subject upon which to converse. And how they did chatter! Then appeared Tony and Marie, two lovesick wops from Italy, in the persons of the Mesdames McCoy and Rittenhouse, who sang with such dramatic fervor as only true Italians can. Responding to the hearty applause, Mrs. McCoy rendered a solo entitled "I'm Looking for a Situation," in the guise of an overdressed would-be rich girl, which caused peal after peal of laughter. "A Walk to Dublin" was the next stunt, in which all participated. Upon their return from Dublin, they were entertained by Schenck and Mead, comedians, in a character song and fancy steps, and as a side line introducing the latest in spring togs, who were applauded again and again, the second time escorting Miss McIntyre onto the stage, who gave "Lily of the Valley" as a nasal solo. A much fun-provoking stunt was "Chasing the Snakes out of Ireland," everyone making a good Irishman of themselves by giving the reptiles a chase. Even St. Patrick had nothing on them. The closing number of the program was a solo, "The Poor Working Girl," by Miss Caldwell, which was heartily applauded. The appointments were perfect. Punch and wafers were served throughout the evening. Favors were white paper caps decorated with the Erin harp and shamrocks. A delicious buffet luncheon of shamrock brick ice cream and angel food was served. At a late hour everyone departed, having spent an evening of amusement and laughter in the real Irish fashion, voting the Priscillas, as entertainers, the best ever.

FEAR APATHY AT POLLS IN ELECTION ON APRIL 7

Belief Is That Contest on Wine and Beer Amendment Will Be a Close One.

Political wise men who believed a few weeks ago that the drys in Michigan would "win in a walk" when the liquor interests bring up their proposed beer and wine amendment in April, are beginning to hedge upon their predictions. As a result of the wet victories in a number of Vermont and Massachusetts towns, the opinion is now being expressed that the contest over the saloon measure will be close and the outcome none too certain.

"Sentiment on the saloon question has not changed," declared A. P. Loomis of the Michigan Anti-Saloon League, "but there is unquestionably a certain degree of apathy in many quarters. This may keep voters away from the polls. We are still confident that the electors of Michigan—and especially the women—will defeat the beer and wine amendment, but the contest is likely to be much more closely contested than was first assumed."

WOMEN CHORUS, "NO! NO!"

Show Their Disapproval of Wine Amendment at Mass Meeting.

That women of this community are to seize the first opportunity to exercise their new right of suffrage seems assured if we are to judge by the indications expressed in the big women's mass meeting held under the auspices of the W. C. T. U. at the M. E. church on Sunday afternoon.

When Mrs. G. A. Striffler opened the meeting, the church was comfortably filled and after singing an appropriate hymn, Mrs. Robt. McInnes offered the invocation, following which was introduced F. A. Bigelow, township chairman of Tuscola Co. Dry Federation.

Mr. Bigelow briefly stated that the campaign against the new effort of the organized liquor interests to resist the sure destruction of their fiendish business would be conducted under the direction of the Michigan Anti-Saloon League with entire cooperation of the County Dry Federation which includes the W. C. T. U.

Hon. J. S. Crandell of Belleville was introduced by Mr. Bigelow as an "old war horse" in the Anti-Saloon reform and the audience had no occasion to doubt the fact as he hurled broadsides of invective and argument against the trenches and dugouts of the un-American champions of booze and Bolshevism.

Mr. Crandell was described as a "regular old General Joshua" by one woman who was up on her Sunday School lessons. If anyone went from the meeting with the impression that the proposed beer and wine amendment was any innocent attempt of liberty-loving citizens of Michigan to secure favorite beverages without endangering rights of others, he must

Continued on page eight.

PASS FALSE ADVERTISING BILL

UNANIMOUS VOTE WAS GIVEN COMPENSATION BILL BY HOUSE MEMBERS.

Senate and House Mix into Worst Parliamentary Tangles of Present Session over Bills.

By William Lee Calnon.

Lansing, Mich.

Farmer members backed up labor members in the house of representatives in the final passage of the amendments to the workmen's compensation bill and to a bill to prohibit false advertising to get workmen to plants where strikes or lockouts are in progress. The result is more good feeling than has prevailed in legislative circles in some years.

Rep. Evans, chairman of the house committee on agriculture, took the floor when the compensation bill came up for final action. It increases compensation of injured workmen from 50 to 60 per cent and raises the minimum and maximum weekly payments from $5 to $7 and $10 to $14, as well as giving more medical and hospital attention. Defeat of the 8-hour day bill, largely on constitutional grounds, rankled with some of the labor members, and Rep. Evans declared he had only friendly feelings towards every measure which would better conditions for industrial workers. He praised the work that had been done for the workingmen's cause by Rep. Carl Young, Rep. John Holland and Rep. Fred Kappler and asked for a unanimous vote of the house on the compensation bill. This was given, 97 to 0, the same vote by which the false advertising bill also was adopted.

Rep. Carl Young, who is president of the Michigan Federation of Labor, expressed his heartfelt gratitude for the vote and declared he could express the same sentiment for all Michigan workers as they had felt real grief two years ago when the same bill met defeat in the senate.

The house, after once defeating the

Continued on page two.

SUCCESSFUL GOSPEL TEACHER

Miss Grace Wilson Gives Excellent Discourses at M. E. Church.

Whatever may be said of the propriety of women taking up vocations formerly open only to men, it is a fact that while Sunday Schools could not run without lady teachers, preaching, which is only religious teaching in a larger sense, has never seemed to be a form of service to which women have felt the call.

After hearing Miss Grace Wilson in a number of excellent discourses at the M. E. church, one wonders if "let women keep silent in the churches," was not an injunction which slipped into the Epistles without Divine inspiration.

Surely the direct and winning way in which Miss Wilson urges the claims of God upon the life of each individual, savors nothing of the masculine yet is entirely effective and indisputable. Her voice is adapted ideally to her work and the logic displayed in the elaboration of her themes is scholarly. The usual anecdote is lacking and instead she uses most telling illustrations.

Her ability to sing the gospel as well makes her an entire evangelistic party in one personality. A service so manifestly sincere and complete makes her success assured.

ROYALLY ENTERTAINED

Local Basketballers Enjoying Stay at Mt. Pleasant.

The Cass City high school basketball team left for Mount Pleasant on Tuesday morning to battle with twenty-one other high schools for the championship of Central and Northern Michigan.

The boys are being royally entertained by Central Michigan Normal school. They are messed in the college mess hall, enjoy the swimming pool and elaborate shower baths and will be given a banquet and party Friday evening. Last of all they will be guests at the big game between the Camp Custer Officers' team and the powerful C. M. N. S. five which has decisively defeated every college in the Michigan Inter-collegiate.

The Cass City contingent who left Tuesday was composed of Arthur Walker, Ben Benkelman, James Brooker, Frank Dodge, Park Jones, Earl Gowen, Creighton Cathcart and Andrew Champion. The local team played with Midland Tuesday evening and were defeated 34-15.

Advertise it in the Chronicle.

PASS FALSE ADVERTISING BILL

Continued from first page.

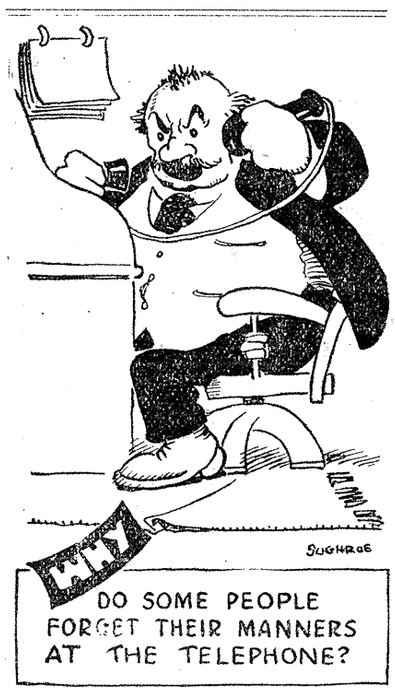
bill to give the state labor commissioner a four-year term, turned around and passed the bill. The winning argument for it was that this is the only big state department left on a two year basis. Another labor bill adopted by the house gives the state inspector of mines $2,200 a year salary instead of a per diem of $4.

Both the senate and the house on the same afternoon got into the worst parliamentary tangles of the present session over bills on which big fights were waging. Personal feeling ran high in each house. The senators got so angry that they almost locked themselves up from 6 o'clock in the evening until 2 the next afternoon, defeat of a motion to adjourn on a tie vote being all that saved them. A call of the senate, which causes the doors to be locked and no one allowed to leave, was on at the time, but overlooked when the adjournment motion was put. Had the motion passed the senators would have had to spend the night at their desks and wait until the regular meeting time the next day, 2 o'clock, to get a chance to vote themselves outdoors.

The fight was over the Baker bill to supplant the primary election corrupt practices act with the Oregon plan of having candidates for office allowed to advertise only in a booklet gotten out by the secretary of state and distributed to every voter. Senator Condon declared that the Warner bill in the house is a much better measure than Baker's plan and moved to refer the Baker bill back to committee. Baker opposed this and after several tie votes moved a call of the senate. This was adopted and two missing senators were sent for. Sergeants could not find them and the argument kept up. The senate voted in straight order not to adjourn, not to lift the call of the senate, not to proceed to business under the call and not to take a recess. As this got them nowhere they finally dispensed with the call and on a 14 to 13 vote sent the Baker bill back to committee, where it is apt to remain for some time.

The house parliamentary jangle came over the Lewis bill to "put teeth in the prohibition laws." It is aimed at possession of intoxicants and removes property rights to liquor. Rep. Lewis declared it necessary to stop whiskey running and declared that no delay should be had in pushing it through. Because of numerous amendments some other members objected to being in a rush and asked that it be reprinted before finally acted on.

The Penny bill to have the state highway commission and the state board of agriculture co-operate in the planting of ornamental trees along state highways now has passed both houses. The house has adopted the bill to require the collection of crop statistics by township supervisors and sent to the secretary of state. On these statistics the secretary of state will have monthly crop reports.



—HELP "FINISH THE JOB."—

The war in its larger sense is not over, and our duty to support our soldiers is not over until they are all home. The Victory Liberty Loan is to be used for the purpose of maintaining them overseas as an army of occupation and bringing them back.

The Germans, not the Americans, were the quitters, but our work is not finished until we have brought the victors home. Let's finish the job by oversubscribing the Victory Liberty Loan as we did all its predecessors.

We may speak of the Victory Liberty Loan as a peace loan or a victory loan, but in a sense it is a memorial loan to our soldiers who died on the field of battle.

Buy Victory Liberty Loan Bonds and help finish the job it took 10,000,000 lives to start.

Buy War Savings Stamps.

The eight-hour day bill struck a snag in the house of representatives after seemingly having won its way through the legislative shoals. In committee of the whole the house spent three hours debating the matter of hours of labor of workers, with a final consensus of opinion that industrial enterprises had better be left alone to work out their destinies. The fact that small manufacturers might be driven out of the state, with an 8-hour day in Michigan and not in neighboring states, was a winning argument.

The house committee let the 8-hour bill pass as it came from committee, applying only to public work. But between the passage of the bill in committee of the whole and its appearance on third reading there elapsed a week-end of the legislative session. Over that week-end appeared objections that the 8-hour day would apply to all state employes, including elevator men, clerks and others in the capitol itself who were making no objections to a 9-hour day and whose pay would go up under an 8-hour schedule, to the demoralization of the budget just completed.

The result was that when the house met again and the 8-hour bill came up for final passage there was considerable thought and very little oratory. Rep. Holland, of Gogebic, introducer of the original 8-hour bill, which, by the way, was the first bill introduced in the house in the present session, moved to amend the bill so as to include all industries in its scope. This amendment was defeated without division. Rep. Holland thereupon joined with others in voting against the bill in its application to public works only. Only 19 house members voted for the passage of the bill, while 58 registered themselves against it, thereby burying it for the present session.

Budget bills have been running the gauntlet in the senate because of "section five" which appears in each one of the new style appropriation bills. This section repeals all laws contravening anything in the budget bills. As the budget bills all set definite salaries for all department and institutional employes, Senator Baker held that it repealed the graded salary law. He wanted it knocked out and the senate did so, but later put it back in. Then Baker renewed the fight on every single appropriation bill that came up. Chairman DeLand, of the finance committee, however, lined up enough votes for the disputed section to have it held in each bill by a majority of two of three.

Assertion by Rep. Lewis that he had been told a concerted effort would be made to hold the bill back as long as possible angered the members who objected to any rush. They denied hotly that they knew anything about any concerted plan to clog the bill's passage. Then they got into a snarl as to the means of putting the bill over on a special order, the question being whether such action should be taken in committee of the whole or by the house itself. When everyone was tired of fighting the bill was allowed to pass the committee and go on to third reading, but as a special order and with an order to reprint it.

Both the senate and house have adopted resolutions aimed to remove a false impression that it reported to exist in some parts of the state in regard to the good roads bonding plan to be voted on in April. It is said some people think that the limit of $50,000,000 in bonds is to be issued at once. The senate and house resolutions describe the fact that not more than $5,000,000 will be issued in the next two years, this to match money to be put up by the federal government and which cannot be had unless the state does put up an equal amount.

A bill put in by Rep. Ward would prohibit the erection in the future of stump fences along highways in this state and compel the removal before November 1, 1921, of all such fences now located within 30 feet of highway lines. Rep. Pascoe put in a bill to compel dealers in wood and coal to give a certificate of weight with each purchase so that customers might have a come-back if short-weighted.

Rep. Byrum has introduced a bill to require the consent of the state inspector of apiaries to the transfer of any bees or bee products from points without the state or to points within the state, the idea being to prevent the spread of contagious diseases among bees. The bill would require the registration of all bee owners in Michigan.

The senate has passed the house bill to prohibit the importation or the running at large of diseased sheep. The Tufts motion picture censorship bill also got through the senate, but with the appropriation for salaries and expenses cut out and the only work allowed the censors being the ruling out of immortal pictures.

The house also had adopted the James bill to establish vocational schools in cities, minors under 18 who have ceased to attend regular schools and who have not graduated from high schools being compelled to attend the vocational school at least eight hours a week.

Senator Baker got one bill through that affects elections. It would permit a candidate for office to spend in his campaign an amount equal to one year's salary of the office sought.

ARGYLE.

Mr. and Mrs. Percy Starr are the proud parents of a young son.

James Stevenson and family have returned to their farm after spending the winter in Flint.

David Kitchen of Detroit has been in this vicinity recently renewing acquaintances among old friends and neighbors.

The ladies of this township are taking advantage of women's rights, as was evidenced by the large number who registered Saturday.

Robert McLean of Fernhill, Ont., Alfred Karr of Gagetown and Ward Law of Cumber were callers among relatives and friends in this community Sunday.

After practically a four months' vacation, the Willing Workers of the Austin Baptist church again resumed their duties on March 13 at the home of Mrs. Joseph Pettinger, the occasion being the annual election of officers and a formal farewell in honor of Rev. and Mrs. F. I. Osborne, who will soon leave for their new home at Morence. Mrs. Osborne was presented with a piece of silver as a slight token of their regard. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Mrs. Thad Patterson, president; Mrs. Wm. Starr, vice pres.; Miss Jennie McIntyre, treas.; Miss Blanche McLean, sec. Mrs. Bert Brooks, Mrs. Ed. Rose and Mrs. A. C. McLean were appointed on the work committee, Mrs. Lloyd Starr and Mrs. Fred Walker on the buying committee and Mrs. Dan McNaughton, Mrs. Wm. Starr Mrs. Jas. Palmer and Mrs. Percy Starr on the flower committee. Three new members were welcomed into the Circle: Mrs. John Brooks, Mrs. John Lowe and Mrs. Roy Marshall. This little band of workers have accomplished much good throughout the past year. Besides contributing liberally towards Y. M. C. A., Red Cross and W. S. S. funds, many nimble fingers were busy sewing for the Belgians and several boxes of clothing have been shipped from time to time. The sick were also cheered by fruit and flowers. After the business was dispensed with all wended their way to the dining room, where a very tempting luncheon was served consisting of salads, sandwiches, pickles, assorted cakes and coffee. All returned to their homes with the memory of a pleasant afternoon lingering with them. Next meeting will be held with Mrs. Fred Walker. All cordially invited.

CUMBER.

Miss Ona Foote spent Sunday at her home in Argyle.

Michael Schiestel is drawing his baled hay to Tyre.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam Lowe were callers in Cass City Friday.

Arthur Mardlin of Port Sanilac was a visitor in town last week.

Chester Pettinger is visiting at the home of his sister, Mrs. Nada Mills of Oscoda.

William Rogers is employed at the home of Frank Simpkins for the coming year.

Mrs. Jesse Hawksworth has a display of trimmed spring hats at Cumber store.

Robert MacLean of Canada was a week-end visitor at the home of his aunt, Mrs. McRiethen.

Mrs. Phil Sharrard was a visitor Saturday at the home of her niece, Mrs. Elmer Hawksworth.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Lowe returned home Thursday from a two weeks' visit in Port Huron and Flint.

Mrs. Dan Delong spent a week at the home of her parents, north of Cass City, returning Wednesday

Miss Iva Robinson of Cass City spent Sunday at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Sam'l Robinson.

Miss Mabel Hawksworth of Cass City is at her home now owing to serious injuries received from a fall while working at I. B. Auten's. She is recovering slowly.

William Gibbirds, who has been working very faithfully with a sick horse, is very glad to be able to report that the animal is slowly recovering from a severe case of distemper.

A very pleasant evening was spent at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Robinson Friday, March 14, when about thirty of their neighbors and friends tendered them with a surprise party before leaving for their new home in Cass City. The evening was spent in games and music after which an oyster supper was served.

RESCUE.

Joseph Mellendorf transacted business in Cass City Friday.

Earl Webster anl Raymond LaVigne left here Monday to work in Detroit.

Mrs. Burdette Webster returned home last Wednesday from Caro where she visited relatives a few days.

William Ashmore and Joseph Mellendorf are busy these days making the new booths, getting them ready before election day.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Quinn and son, James, of Bay Port visited their daughter, Mrs. Harvey Britt, and family for a few days.

Mrs. William W. Parker, jr., and daughter, Veta, visited the former's husband, William W. Parker, jr., in the hospital at Bad Axe Saturday. Mr. Parker was operated on last Tuesday for an abscess on his right lung. He is getting along nicely.

Advertise it in the Chronicle.

ELKLAND-ELMWOOD TOWN LINE.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Simmons visited at Fred Seeley's home one day last week.

Miss Edith Evans is sewing at Guy Allen's and Mrs. Predmore's homes this week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Bingham of Gagetown visited at B. Bingham's home one day last week

Little Mildred Lonsbury of Gagetown visited with her grandmother, Mrs. Lounsbury, last week.

Mrs. Wesley Walters visited at the homes of Mrs. P. Livingston and Mrs. T. Lonsbury last week before going to her new home in Imlay City.

Miss Irvin Loomis entertained for dinner Sunday, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Seekings, Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Davenport and Mr. and Mrs. B. Loomis.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Daus of Cedar Run visited at the E. A. Livingston home Tuesday. Maxine returned home with them for the remainder of the week.

The friends and neighbors of B. and I. Loomis gathered at their home Saturday evening and surprised them, it being their birthdays. The evening was spent in games. After a lunch of sandwiches, cake and ice cream was served, they all returned home wishing them many happy birthdays.

DEFORD.

Mrs. Wm. Kilgore and daughter, Ruth, were callers in Cass City Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Malcolm visited relatives in Cass City from Saturday until Monday

Ruth Kilgore returned from Chicago Wednesday after attending school there eight weeks.

Mrs. J. R. Lewis visited over the week-end with her daughter, Mrs. A. Koppleberger, of Kingston.

Mr. and Mrs. Harold Brock of Cass City visited over the week-end with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Pierce.

Mr. and Mrs. Scott Kelley returned from Pontiac Monday. They will move on the Osburn Kelly farm this spring

Mrs. Wm. Balch and daughter, Gladys, are visiting relatives and friends in Pontiac and Lapeer for a couple of weeks.

KINGSTON-NOVESTA TOWN LINE.

Clark Courliss has been on the sick list with a bad cold

Harold Holcomb spent last week with friends at North Branch.

The Leek ladies' aid had a special meeting Thursday at the home of Mrs. Whale to quilt.

Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Osburn are keeping house again on the Morley Palmateer farm.

Miss Ruth Thomas returned to Lansing last Friday after visiting at the home here for a couple of weeks.

A number from here attended the funeral of R. A. Moshier last week Wednesday at the Church of Christ.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Funk returned home Saturday from a week's visit with friends at Imlay City, Pontiac, Birmingham and Detroit.

Miss Nora Moshier has been in quite poor health and has been spending a number of days with her sister, Mrs. John Kitchen of Evergreen.

There will be preaching services at the Leek schoolhouse every Wednesday evening until further notice. Sunday school at 10:30 each Sunday.

BROOKFIELD.

Earl Webster and Ray LaVigne left for Detroit Monday.

Miss Elizabeth Farnum visited friends in Pontiac for the week-end.

Miss Grace Rapson of Filion is visiting her sister, Miss Mabel Rapson, for the week.

We are all glad to see Floyd Coulter home again from the navy. He has some great things to tell now.

A farewell party was given in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Guy Bailey at their home Friday evening. About sixty people were present. Pot luck was served. A good time is reported. Mr. Bailey has sold his farm and will move to Owendale for the summer.

ELMWOOD.

A temperance speaker will fill the pulpit at Sunshine next Sunday.

Arthur Ewald was called to Bay City one day last week on government business.

Miss Edith Evans and Arthur Ewald spent Wednesday with Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Morse.

George Evans of Oxford is visiting at the home of his brother, A. S. Evans, this week.

Miss Iva McKellar of Colwood spent Sunday at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. McKellar.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Kelly returned home Thursday from a week's visit with their son, Robert, of Saginaw.

Mr. and Mrs. Ezra Kelly have moved to their new home, east of Gagetown, where Mr. Kelly will work this summer for Bert Knight.

SOUTH NOVESTA.

The South Novesta Farmers' club will meet at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Howard Retherford on Friday, March 21.

Fertilizers

Grow better and bigger crops by using ROYSTER GUANO CO.'S FERTILIZERS. Don't pay soliciting agents from $1.00 to $2.00 per ton more than you can buy from your home dealer.

16% Acid Phosphate $31.75 per ton

Potash mixture for Potatoes and Beets - $34.25 per ton

Grain Guano for Grain and Beans - $37.75 per ton

Six to eight months time or $1.00 per ton Discount for Cash.

Grass Seeds

We have a full stock of Medium, Mammoth Alsike, Alfalfa and Pine Tree Timothy.

Feeds

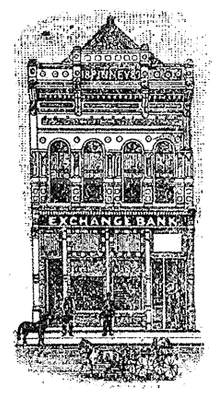
Unicorn Dairy Feed, Middlings, Bran and Cotton Seed Meal.

Coal

Have on hand Best Grade West Virginia Lump Coal $7.00 per ton.

The Farm Produce Company

WE would have you know that we look upon our association with our depositors as an opportunity to help in the solution of their problems and to aid in their march to success.



Exchange Bank

of E. H. Pinney & Son

The Purchase of Jewelry may be made here.

In full measure that no matter what the amount of your purchase (large or small) you will receive a corresponding value in your selection.

A. H. HIGGINS
Jeweler and Optometrist

KIDNEYS WEAKENING?

LOOK OUT!

Kidney troubles don't disappear of themselves. They grow slowly but steadily, undermining health with deadly certainty, until you fall a victim to incurable disease.

Stop your troubles while there is time. Don't wait until little pains become big aches. Don't trifle with disease. To avoid future suffering begin treatment with GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules now. Take three or four every day until you are entirely free from pain.

This well-known preparation has been one of the national remedies of Holland for centuries. In 1696 the government of the Netherlands granted a special charter authorizing its preparation and sale.

The housewife of Holland would almost as soon be without food as without her "Real Dutch Drops," as she quaintly calls GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules. They restore strength and are responsible in a great measure for the sturdy, robust health of the Hollanders.

Do not delay. Go to your druggist and insist on his supplying you with GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules. Take them as directed, and if you are not satisfied with results your druggist will gladly refund your money. Look for the name GOLD MEDAL on the box and accept no other. In sealed boxes, three sizes.

LOCAL NEWS

Dr. and Mrs. F. L. Morris were in Owendale Sunday.

S. Champion is transacting business in Croswell this week.

Little Stanley Ayres is visiting at the home of Jos. Frutchey.

Clayton McKenzie went to Detroit Wednesday to remain indefinitely.

W. T. Murray of Grand Rapids was a business caller in town Monday.

C. D. Striffler and B. J. Dailey were business callers in Caseville Friday.

Dr. S. A. Bradshaw spent several days in Detroit, returning Saturday.

Mrs. Wm. Balch of Deford was shopping in town between trains Friday.

Steve Tesho is assisting in Heller's Feed store during the illness of Mr. Heller.

Henry Nowland, our enterprising drayman, has purchased a new Ford truck.

A. H. Higgins leaves Monday to attend the optical convention and clinic at Detroit.

Leland Higgins returned to Detroit Monday after spending several days at his home here.

Thos. Graham of Peck, deputy state oil inspector, was in town on official business Monday.

Mrs. Geo. C. Hooper went to Caro Friday where she is visiting at the home of her mother.

Mrs. Henry Davis and son, George, of Hay Creek were guests at the Israel Hall home Saturday.

Miss Sylvia Wurtz of Pigeon was a guest at the home of Melvin Herford Sunday, returning Monday.

Mrs. A. A. Hitchcock came from Detroit Saturday and is greeting her many friends around town.

Miss Christie McRae of Greenleaf was the guest of the Misses Helene and Irene Bardwell Sunday.

Mrs. O. D. Hopkins returned to Twining Wednesday, called home by the illness of her son, Anthony.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Burkley of Detroit are visiting at the home of the latter's sister, Miss Sarah McDonald.

Miss Ersel Wallace of Deford spent the week-end at her home here, returning on the belated Monday morning train.

Miss Frances McGillvray of Detroit spent the week-end at her home here greeting her many friends. She returned on Tuesday.

Miss Mae Jones of Greenleaf left Saturday morning for Detroit for several weeks' visit at the home of her uncle, Stanley Waldon.

Mrs. C. M. Hemingway, who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. G. L. Moore, for several days, returned to her home in Detroit Thursday.

G. L. Moore spent several days last week with his family here. He returned to Detroit Monday to resume his studies in an automobile school.

Roy Ottaway and Clifton Champion drove a Ford truck and touring car from Detroit Thursday and found the roads in fairly good condition all the way.

Miss Iva Kolb is enjoying a ten days' vacation from her duties in the postoffice. She left Thursday for Lansing, St. Johns, Detroit and other points.

Mrs. Ella Gale returned this week from Flint where she enjoyed a week's visit with her daughter, Mrs. Dwight Goodrich, and son, Eber Gale, who is employed in that city.

Robert MacLean of Strathroy, Ont., who has been visiting the past week with his sister and brother, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Karr, north of town, returned to his home Monday.

An error crept into the report of the Cass City-Vassar basket ball game published last week. The score reported was 8-14. The first figure was correct, but Cass City's end of the tally was 94 instead of 14

Robert Brown returned to Detroit Saturday after spending the week at his parental home here.

The administrator's sale of the estate of Mrs. Mabel Helwig, deceased, was well attended Saturday and everything brought a good price. W. H. Murphy, administrator, feels very grateful to those attending, regardless of the bad weather, for the success of the sale.

Word has been received of Joy A. Tyo of the U. S. S. Alabama, that he has landed at Hampton Roads, Va., after a several weeks' cruise of the Alabama around Cuba. News of his discharge is still indefinite, though like all the rest, he is most anxious to get back home.

Mrs. Ida Geno spent Sunday at her home here, returning to Detroit where she is employed Monday afternoon. Her son, Harry, returned with her. Mrs. Geno has received word that son, Malvin, expects to return home soon from France. He is now at an embarkation camp.

VICTORY FUND OF FORTY MILLION DOLLARS

Continued from first page.

D. D., who made a record in the Presbyterian church by raising millions of dollars for the fund for disabled Presbyterian preachers, is the General Secretary of the New Era Movement, and Charles N. Wonacott, of Portland, Oregon, who put across the War Savings Stamp Campaign in that State, is Campaign Manager. Barclay Acheson, active in social and religious work on the Pacific Coast, is the Field Director.

These special posters have been prepared by Leone Bracker, of New York, the artist who made the famous "Keep Them Smiling" poster for the War Camp Community Service, used in their recent financial drive, and these posters will be displayed in all churches in the United States on Sunday, March 9, 16 and 23. A proclamation calling on all loyal Presbyterians to rally to the support of their country and their church, written by Dr. Frank Smith, of Dallas, Texas, Moderator of the Presbyterian church, was read in the churches on Sunday, March 2, and the proclamation has been printed in the form of a poster, and is now exhibited in all the churches.

Among the objects for which the forty millions dollars will be raised are the following:

Half a million dollars for use among returning soldiers and sailors, to whom assistance is also to be given in finding jobs and in getting a new start in life.

Half a million dollars for reconstruction work in building Prostestant churches in Europe devastated by the war

Four million dollars for overseas work, where last year Presbyterians conducted 175 hospitals and dispensaries in which 700,000 patients were treated and where educational institutions and religious services were maintained which were attended by many millions of natives.

Eighty thousand dollars will be used for temperance and prohibition work, especially in foreign lands in which American brewers and distillers are to begin operations as soon as their plants are closed down in this country.

Nearly a million dollars will be appropriated for disabled preachers, and another million will be used to increase preachers' salaries.

About three millions are needed for special work in American cities and among immigrant populations, lumberjacks, Indians, Mexicans and other depressed peoples, and for relief work in the sparsely settled sections of the country.

Presbyterian women are to raise nearly two million dollars for educational and social work in this country.

Half a million will be used for building new Presbyterian churches and another half million for educational and religious work among negroes.

Nearly a million is to be spent for general religious education and theological training, half a million for Sunday school work and religious literature, and about one hundred thousand for special men's work and general evangelism.

Twenty-five million dollars will be spent by the local Presbyterian churches for their general community work.

GREENLEAF.

Springlike weather at present.

Miss Johanna McRae has returned from Detroit.

Fred Rolston was a business caller in Palms last week.

Duncan McCall spent several days last week in Detroit.

Thos. Mardlin of Cumber was a business caller in town last week.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Powell entertained relatives from Pt. Huron recently.

Mrs. Mary McCall of Cass City was the guest of D. McCall and family last week.

Rev. E. G. Spade of Applegate will occupy the pulpit at the M. E. church Thursday evening, March 20.

Mrs. Jane Gillies, former resident of this place, passed away Thursday, March 13, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Newberry, in Detroit, where she had been spending the winter. The remains were brought to Cass City where funeral services were held Sunday and burial was in Elkland cemetery. She leaves 12 children, eight daughters and four sons to mourn the loss of a loving and devoted mother. The sympathy of the community is extended to the bereaved relatives.

CENTRAI GREENLEAF.

High water.

Roy McCaslin is working for Geo. Seeger.

The ladies' aid met at Mrs. W. Gilbert's last Thursday.

Howard Klinkman expects to move this week. Sorry to see them go.

Vogel's and Seeger's have tapped their sugar bushes and are very busy.

Christie McRae is staying a few days with Mrs. McLeod while the water is across the road.

Theo McCaslin arrived home from West Branch Monday where he has been spending the winter with his daughter, Mrs. Ed. Struble.

BINGHAM SCHOOL HOT LUNCH CLUB MENU

From February 24 to March 21.

1st week—Mon., baked potatoes; Tues., vegetable soup; Wed., creamed potatoes; Thurs., chicken stew, mashed potatoes; Fri., baked beans.

2nd week—Mon., baked potatoes, Tues., Shepherd's pie; Wed., potato soup; Thurs., mashed potatoes, white sauce; Fri., baked beans.

3rd. week—Mon., baked potatoes; Tues., tomato soup; Wed., scalloped potatoes; Thurs., corn soup; Fri., baked beans.

4th week—Mon., baked potatoes; Tues., creamed codfish; Wed., vegetable soup; Thurs., bean soup; Fri., baked beans.

This recipe is especially good and serves twenty.

Shepherd's Pie.

Two cups of cold meat, 6 cups or more of mashed potatoes, salt, pepper, 1 cup of drippings, ¾ cup of flour, 2 quarts of liquid, little onion.

Cut meat in small pieces, season, melt fat, add flour and gradually the liquid stirring constantly till it boils. Gravy can be used and flour omitted. Add meat and pour in the baking dish or casserole. Cover with mashed potatoes and brown in oven.

LEOLA BINGHAM,
President of the Hot Lunch Club.

The Heir in Motion.

"Another thing that I've noticed in my adventurous career," observed the almost philosopher, "is that a fellow who has a breezy way about him is usually pretty fresh."

Advertise it in the Chronicle.

Economize this year in decorating walls

Avoid the expense of re-decorating your walls so frequently. Paint them with

Mellotone

—the artistic wall paint with the dull finish. May be washed clean and fresh when soiled. The color is permanent. No re-decorating necessary until change of color is desired. A perfect background for furniture and pictures. Many colors to choose from.

Now is the time to have your walls done over. Call at our store and get a color card and booklet showing many delightful color schemes.

N. BIGELOW & SONS

CLOTHES SATISFACTION

begins with the selection of just the right kind of cloth for you. Then comes the accurate measure and good tailoring that gives you value. Made to your measure clothes cost you less than others.

Woolens in unlimited variation of weave and coloring permits you a satisfactory choice of fabric. You can have the suit made in any style you dictate. You get added satisfaction in the low price. In fact you sell yourself exactly what you want.

LOOK AT OUR LINES.

International Tailoring has stood the test and is making better every day.

FARRELL

Good Seeds and a Profitable Garden

Will help you reduce living expenses.

Everyone who creates or cultivates a garden helps, and helps greatly, to solve the problem of the feeding of the nation.

Now is the time to start planning for that garden.

We have a good assortment of the

S. M. Isbell and D. M. Ferry Seeds

Every Seed a Live One.

POULTRY FOOD

Don't forget our line of Poultry Food. Pratts Poultry Regulator will quickly and naturally put your birds in fine physical shape, able to lay lots of highly fertile eggs which will hatch. Then get Pratts baby chick food which will raise every chick.

WE ARE BUYING CREAM AND PRODUCE every day and paying the highest market price.

C. W. Heller

ARE YOU PROTECTED?

NATIONAL CASUALTY COMPANY
OF DETROIT, MICHIGAN.
PEERLESS POLICIES PROVIDE PERFECT PROTECTION.

Accidental Loss of

Life	The Principal Sum
Both Hands, Both Feet or Both Eyes	The Principal Sum
One Hand or One Foot	½ The Principal Sum
One Eye	1-3 The Principal Sum

Loss of Time from Accident

Monthly benefits for total disability for 24 months.
Half benefits for partial disability for 3 months.

Loss of Time from Sickness

Monthly benefits for house confining sickness for every day of sickness while under doctor's care for 6 months.
One half monthly benefits for 2 months while not confined to house but unable to work and under doctor's care.

Special Feature in Addition

Double indemnity for accidents of travel.
$50.00 extra expense allowance if illness results fatally.
Claims settled within 48 hours after receipt of proof.
Extra hospital benefits of 20 per cent while confined in hospital.
Principal sum increases 5 per cent each six months up to 50 per cent.
Annual premiums increase indemnities 10 per cent.

Guarantee Fund Life Association of Omaha, Nebraska.

The Guarantee Fund Life Association provides at a low and reasonable cost to the insured pure life insurance protection. There are no expensive side issues in our policies, the high cost of which prevent many from carrying insurance sufficient to protect their dependents.

The Best Policy

and one that will protect yourself in your declining years as well as to protect your dependents in case of death is one with the guarantee life association, that has now over six million dollars of business on its books in Michigan and its assets are over $2,300,000.00 and reserve fund over two million dollars.

Women as well as men, if you are thinking of life insurance

See **R. S. PROCTOR, Agent, Cass City, Michigan**

Shoes

All kinds high and low

Men's, Ladies', Boys', Misses', Children's and Baby Shoes.

LISTEN!

Until Saturday Inclusive, Mar. 29

we will give from 10 to 25 per cent off regular price.

25% Off On All Ladies' Shoes

Please bring your Eggs fresh and clean.

L. H. WOOD

I am agent for the

CHEVROLET AND MAXWELL AUTOMOBILES

The Chevrolet five-passenger touring car, fully equipped, is an excellent purchase at $1,075.00. The Four Ninety Chevrolet is priced at $760.00.

The Maxwell five-passenger touring car is another good buy at $935.00 and the Maxwell truck at $1,215.00.

These automobiles may be seen in the cement block building opposite the Elkland Milling Company.

I. WAIDLEY, Cass City.

Around Our Town

Mrs. F. E. Kelsey spent Saturday in Caro.

F. A. Kipp of Detroit was in town Monday.

Mrs. Kilgore and daughter, Ruth, of Deford were in town Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Townsend went to Detroit Thursday on a business trip.

Mr. and Mrs. Dalvin Schneider returned to their home in Detroit Monday.

Wilbur Bruce of Richmond was calling on friends here from Friday until Monday.

B. F. Benkelman is improving the interior of his store this week by a fresh coat of paint.

Nicholas Gable is carrying the mail on Route five for two weeks during the absence of G. W. Landon, who is in Akron, Ohio.

Supt. W. D. Riggs, who has been confined to his home through illness for several days, is much improved at the present writing.

Miss Caroline Keating left Thursday morning for a visit with her sister, Mrs. Geo. A. Bond, and H. F. Keating, of Detroit.

G. W. Landon left Saturday for Akron, Ohio, where he will take a two weeks' course in vulcanizing at the Goodyear Tire Co. plant.

Miss Pearl Graham, who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. E. W. Jones, since Friday, left Wednesday for her home in Vassar.

Mrs. Cora Deneen and daughter are moving from their residence on Garfield Ave. into the residence recently vacated by H. A. Williams.

Arthur Dean, the baby son of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Popham, has been very ill at the home of his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Seeger.

The annual meeting of Lynn Union, W. C. T. U., which was postponed because of stormy weather will be held next Wednesday afternoon, March 26, at the Church of Christ.

Miss Johanna McRae, who underwent a serious operation at Harper hospital, Detroit, is again able to be around and expects to be back at her duties in the Exchange Bank in a short time.

The many friends of Mrs. M. L. Moore will be glad to learn that she is recovering very nicely from a serious but satisfactory operation, which was performed in Grace hospital, Detroit, recently

Large and interested audiences attend the meetings of the Centenary revivals, being held at theM. E. church every night this week to hear Miss Grace Wilson, the gifted evangelistic speaker, who is assisting the pastor, Rev. J. D. Young.

Harold Riggs came Saturday from Camp Robinson, Sparta, Wis., where he is stationed, to visit his father, W. D. Riggs, who is in very poor health, returning Monday. Mr. Riggs expects his discharge so as to be able to return home the latter part of this week to assist his father.

T. L. Tibbals, the jeweler, received a letter from Mrs. A. J. Ratz, 94 Hogarth Ave., Detroit, formerly Tena Wettlaufer of this place, asking for the number of a watch that she had purchased from him some years ago. Mrs. Ratz writes that burglars had entered their flat and made a good haul, nearly $2,000 worth of goods being taken.

L. I. Wood received word of the death from the flu of his nephew, Kenneth Wood, at Vassar, 14 year old son of Mrs. Perry Wood, formerly of Cass City. The remains were brought from Vassar Tuesday and ritual services were held at the Elkland cemetery chapel attended only by immediate relatives, owing to the present strict regulations regarding the flu. Rev. J. D. Young officiated. The mother, Mrs. Lily Wood, and eldest son, LaMar, are both quite ill with the flu at Vassar.

Mrs. Lester Bailey received a letter from her nephew, Pvt. Leonard Zinnecker, in France. In speaking of the abounding mud and rain in France, he says, "I wouldn't trade my raincoat for a section of land. One of the boys told me that he had read in the paper today, that Uncle Sam had sold the French six million pounds of salmon. I do hope it's true for it means that much less goldfish that we'll have to eat before we get back home." Pvt. Zinnecker expresses the ever present soldier humor concerning army goldfish.

The local organization of the Y. M. C. A. held an important meeting in one of the rooms in the Wood & Schenck Bldg., Monday evening. Dr. Young was present and gave a most inspiring talk on his own experiences in his profession. Eldred Charles of Caro, county secretary of the Y. M. C. A., was also present and brought up the subject of the county conference to be held at Caro, Apr. 5, 6 and 7th, which will be on the same plan as the conference held at Jackson, the early part of December, that was attended by several members of this organization. The state conference of 1919 will be held at Flint. The local organization of the Y has for its members the best, red-blooded, clean-moraled, enthusiastic young men of our town, who are worthy examples of all that the Red Triangle stands for, and this organization should be made to flourish through the hearty support of the town people.

F. A. Bliss was in Bad Axe Tuesday.

F. M. Melette is on the sick list this week.

Elmer Jameson of Fairgrove was in town this week.

Miss Florence Bigelow was on the sick list last week.

Mr. and Mrs. N. Bigelow were visitors in Saginaw Wednesday.

Miss Beulah Morrison spent a few days in Gagetown last week.

Chas. Ricker of Owendale was a business caller in town Tuesday.

Miss Lydia McInnes spent Sunday at the Davis home in Hay Creek.

Mrs. M. P. Freeman of Gagetown was a caller in town Wednesday.

Mrs. W. T. Schenck and Miss Etta Schenck were in Detroit last week.

C. W. Heller is improving slowly after his serious illness of last week.

Little Everett Monroe is recovering from a severe attack of the croop.

L. M. Glick, division chemist of Chicago, was in town a few days this week.

Mrs. J. B. Tindale has rented her residence on Pine St. to Mrs. Cora Deneen.

Mrs. J. D. Young returned Friday from a few days' visit with friends at Henderson.

The W. C. T. U. will meet with Mrs. Jesse Cooper on Friday afternoon, March 28.

W. J. Wetters of Bay City was a guest at the home of J. A. Caldwell over Sunday.

Angus Mack and son, Hanley, of Atwater visited at Angus McGillvray's Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. M. F. Rittenhouse left Thursday on a business trip to Detroit and Chicago.

Jesse Harder of Detroit visited at the home of Clark Bixby Saturday and Sunday of last week.

Miss Edith Champion spent a few days at the Hoagland home, west of town, returning Friday.

Clarence Burt has accepted a position with Crosby & Son and starts on his new duties Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Hall are the proud parents of a daughter who arrived at their home March 9.

George Hicks and little daughter, Marjorie, are making their home with Mr and Mrs. Elmer Allen until they find a suitable place to locate.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Prasil, who have spent several weeks at the home of the latter's sister, Mrs. W. B. Monroe, returned to Detroit Monday.

Mrs. Christopher Schwaderer returned Friday from Newberry, Ont., where she was called to attend the funeral of her brother, Henry Blaine.

Born to Lieut. and Mrs. Preston Allen at the home of the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Krapf, a beautiful baby girl, Sunday, March 16.

The funeral of Mr. and Mrs. John Ricker's eight months' old baby boy was held at Owendale Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Ricker of Cass City attended the services.

Mrs. Joseph St. Mary and little daughter, Esther, of Caro are spending a few days this week with the former's aunt, Mrs. James A. Greenleaf, who is quite poorly at present.

Lieut. Preston Allen arrived Tuesday noon to greet his new little daughter at the home of Mrs. Allen's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jno. Krapf. Lieut. Allen has received his discharge at Camp Custer.

Local automobile drivers Saginaw-bound this summer to attend a movie or a vaudeville show will please cut out their 40 and 50-mile clips through Watrousville out of respect of the new township constables who will be elected to office at the April election. For the first time within memory of man all four candidates for the constable job in Juniata township of which Watrousville is the metropolis are women. The nominations are equivalent to an election because there is only one ticket in the field. The four constables to be are Mrs. Edith Toohey, Mrs. Margaret Sheppard, Miss Elizabeth Farnum and Mrs. Daisy R. Robinson. Another woman, Mrs. Margaret Leonard, is the candidate for township treasurer.

CHRONICLE LINERS

Rates—Liner ads 5 cents per line, each insertion. No ad accepted for less than 20c for first insertion; if less than four lines, subsequent insertions, without change, may be made at the rate of 5 cents a line.

The Presbyterian ladies will serve a supper at the church dining room on Wednesday, March 26, from 5:30 until all are served. Price, 25c. All are invited.

Wanted—To buy good saddle horse, 1,000 or 1,200 lbs. Dr. J. T. Redwine. 3-21-

Mule Hide Roofing—Is a combination of quality and service. Cass City Lumber & Coal Co. 3-21-2

Sweet clover for sale, home grown. Cass City Grain Co., Cass City and Greenleaf. 3-21-2

Found.

Plush robe one side brown, other side black, 5 miles east of Cass City. 3-21-

Black purse containing about 20c in change and souvenir from France with my name engraved thereon. Return to Lucile Anthes or Chronicle office. 3-21-1p

Easter post cards, booklets and novelties at Cass City Drug Co.

For Sale.

3-year-old colt, weight about 1400. Will take good cow in exchange. Robt. Milligan. 3-14-2

Be-Be-Ko—Straw hat dye. Make that old straw hat look like new with one application. Wood's Drug store.

Good second-hand riding plow in good condition for sale. Eugene Otis. 3-14-2p

For Sale.

2 pairs pillows, nice feather tick, 2 bed steads, extension table good as new, 2 stands, 28 yards ingrain carpet and several small articles. Mrs. Emma Murphy. 3-14-2

Cass City Drug Co. for fancy shelf papers.

House, barn and one acre of land situated just outside southern village limits of Cass City for sale on easy terms. Mrs. Anna Patterson. 2-14-

Spring line of Wall Paper on hand now. Wood's Drug store.

Leave your cream at Heller's Creamery. Highest market prices.

New wall papers and window shades at Cass City Drug Co. Prices low.

Mule Hide Roofing—Is a roofing of quality and service. Cass City Lumber & Coal Co. 3-21-2

All persons owing Dr. Treadgold on open account or by note are requested to make prompt payments at the Exchange Bank. 11-22-

Klenzo tooth paste "makes that breakfast taste better. Wood's Drug store.

The Tecktonius Silo— gives you a silo of permanency at a lower price. Cass City Lumber & Coal Co.

Men's all rubber, 4-buckle artics at Crosby & Sons, $4.50.

New stock of stationery just received at Cass City Drug Co.

Buy a better phonograph which never needs a single steel needle-which has the permanent. Buy a Pathe at Higgins.

Wood sells Flash Lights.

Tecktonius Silo absolutely takes care of all shrinking and swelling in dry and wet weather. Cass City Lumber & Coal Co.

Potatoes For Sale.

75c per bushel. Farm Produce Co. 2-7-

Get your horses in condition for spring work. Hess stock tonic will do it. For sale at Cass City Drug Co.

Nine-room house and lot on Garfield Ave. for sale on easy terms. Mrs. Mrs. Jessie Pettit. 2-28-

Cow turnips, carrots and mangles for sale. O. A. Withey. 3-21-1p

Farm For Sale.

Three miles west and 2 miles north of Cass City on Section 18, Elkland township. T. J. Auten, Cass City. 3-7-3

Fresh Car Portland Cement—make your odd repairs early. Cass City Lumber & Coal Co. 3-21-2

Soot Destroyer, 25c per pkg. at Jones.'

Highest market price for cream at Heller's Creamery.

Kimball organ for sale cheap. H. M. Willis. Phone, 36 J. 2-28-tf

All out-door calls "Kodak." Wood sells them.

Dry seasoned poplar wood cut from green timber for sale. J. D. Tuckey. 1-24-

Fresh Car Portland Cement—make your odd repairs early. Cass City Lumber & Coal Co. 3-21-2

Farm to Rent.

200-acre farm 2½ miles south of Owendale. For particulars enquire of Chas. Alexander, 145 Donnelly Ave., Royal Oak, Mich, or M. Bartholomy, Bach. 3-21-6

For Sale.

Dapple Gray stallion, "De Witt," Reg. number 55163. He is a splendid horse and a good buy; a money maker. Owing to being alone on the farm, I am unable to handle him and will sell him right. Will take stock, Government bonds or part cash or all cash, just to suit the buyer. Get busy if you want him. C. E. Hartsell, Phone 102 F. 3-21-3*

Wanted—Two single comb Rhode Island red cocks. J. J. Gray, Cass City, Mich., R. F. D., No. 3. 3-21-2p

Attention

Water rates for the quarter beginning April first, payable April 5 to 15. All lawn rates for season of 1919 due April 5 to 15.

Rates—Lawn service and garden sprinkling each 4 rod lot, water to be used one hour only between 6 and 8 a. m. and two hours between 6 and 8 p. m., $5.00 per season. Same not to exceed 8 hours a day between 6 a. m. and 8 p. m. during season from Apr. 1 to Nov. 1, $15.00. Garages $10.00 per annum. J. C. Farrell, Village Clerk.

For Sale.

Farm of 80 acres, 2 miles south and 2 miles east of Owendale or 4 miles northeast of Gagetown. Three acres timber, balance under cultivation. Samuel Ricker, R. D. 3, Gagetown.

Good eating potatoes for sale at 75c a bushel delivered. Claud Root, City Phone. 3-14-2

Conserve steel! Save records! Buy the phonograph that needs no steel needles and the records (guaranteed) that don't wear out. Get a Pathe Phonograph in your home now and play while you're paying. A. H. Higgins.

Work horse for sale. G. E. Krapf. 3-7-

We can save you DOLLARS in the purchase of a Tecktonius Silo. Investigate our Equipment and Price. Cass City Lumber & Coal Co.

Farm For Sale.

140acre farm, 95 acres cleared, balance timber and pasture; good buildings; on gravel road 7 miles from Cass City. You can have this farm at a bargain if you buy before April 1. Enquire at Chronicle office. 3-7-3p

Raise your calves, feed Blatchford's Calf Meal. Farm Produce Co. 3-21-

Wanted Man and Wife

To work on farm by the year; good home and good wages. Inquire C. A. Humes, Vassar, Mich. Phone 227. 3-14-2p

Notice to Public.

At the last regular meeting of Village Council a resolution was passed ordering a curfew to be rung at 8:00 o'clock p. m., eastern standard time. All children under 15 years of age must after that hour be in their homes unless accompanied by their parents. A. C. FARRELL, Village Clerk.

Missing Base Ball Equipment.

Anyone knowing of high school base ball equipment, please notify the Cass City high school 3-7-4

Well Bred Holstein For Sale.

Coming 4 years old, due in May, giving milk. E. W. Kercher. Phone

Saws gummed and filed and truck bodies built to order at Ferguson's Wagon Shop. Acetylene welding in connection. 2-7-

Why feed bran when you can purchase as equal a feed at $15.00 a ton less Cass City Grain Co., Deford, Mich.

Cows on Shares.

Two cows to let on shares. G. L. Brown, 494 No. Saginaw, Pontiac, Mich. 3-21-2p

155-egg incubator for sale. Alice Hudson, R. R. 5, Cass City. 3-21-

For Sale.

Duroc Jersey boar, 6 mos. old. Elson Russell, 8 miles north, ½ mile west of Cass City. 3-21-1p

Alsike clover seed is cheap compared with other seeds and you do not need to sow nearly as much to an acre. See Cass City Grain Co., at Cass City, Greenleaf, Deford, Decker and Gagetown. 3-21-2

For Sale.

Nice square 40-acre farm with 2 acres of timber 80 rods west of Cass City depot; also 22-acre farm just outside of Cass City on the south, with nice brick house, garage, barn, hen park and all kinds of fruit. B. F. Moon. 2-28-

Returned Soldiers.

Opportunity to make $500 per month. Fastest seller ever offered. "History World War," by Francis A. March. Introduction by Gen. Peyton C. March, Chief of Staff, Highest Officer U. S. Army. Authentic; complete; 750 pages, 200 official maps and illustrations. Sells $3.00. Act quickly—territory going fast. Wire or write for free outfit. Immediate deliveries. Also authentic "Life of Roosevelt;" 500 pages; introduction by Ex-President Taft. Liberty War Book Ass'n, 1828 Penobscot Bldg., Detroit. 3-21-2

Plays All Records.

Each Pathe Phonograph plays not only Pathe Records but all other makes of disc records and plays them perfectly. See them at Higgins' Jewelry Store.

Don't overlook our bargains in feed advertised in this issue. Cass City Grain Co., Deford, Mich.

Chevrolet Touring Car For Sale.

This automobile is at Cass City. It had good care, and is in most excellent mechanical condition. Paint and tires in good shape. Driven only about 6,000 miles. Price $425.00 for car and equipment. Rev. W. F. Zander, Harlan, Iowa. 3-21-2

Blatchford's calf meal. Farm Produce Co. 3-21-

Building lot on East Main St. for sale. Enquire of S. A. Striffler at L. H. Wood's store. 3-21-

Card of Thanks.

To the many kind friends who were so ready and willing to assist us at the time of the sickness and death of our father, we desire to express our sincere thanks. Jas. Gulick, Mrs. Geo. Collins, Mrs. Dan Hennesey.

Card of Thanks.

We wish to thank our friends and neighbors for their many acts of kindness during the sickness and at the death of our father, Reuben A. Moshier. Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Coulter, Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Allen. 3-21-1p

Notice—Annual Meeting of Elkland Township Board.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the Township Board of Elkland township will be held at the clerk's office in Town Hall on March 25, 1919 for the purpose of making the annual settlement. All persons having claims against said township are hereby notified to present the same to the undersigned on or before above named date. H. L. Hunt, Township Clerk. 3-21-1

Spring Merchandise in Splendid Assortment

NOW ON DISPLAY AT ZEMKE BROS.'

We now have a full line of Spring Merchandise. It is our desire to offer the people in Cass City and vicinity a class of merchandise in better assortment than can be found in any other store in this part of the county.

Ready-to-wear Department

Here is a department in which large selections seem to count more than in any other. Women do not like to see too many garments of a kind; in fact, each woman wants a different style.

Spring Coats

We have a large selection of the choicest coats here comprising everything that is new in style, colors and material, priced from

$18.50 to $55

You will find

Capes, Dolmans, Coats and Suits in all the newest styles, material and shades

The workmanship and materials are of the quality that make them indeed remarkable in value that can not be found in any other store outside of large city stores.

Ready-to-Wear Dept.

Here is a very important feature for the ladies to know, that we now have Miss Zemke with us, who has had years of experience in fitting and altering. We absolutely guarantee fitting and altering satisfactory.

CREATED BY Conde'

Capes

There is not anything that appeals to the young ladies as much as a cape with its latest style, color and material and you will find them at Zemke's. Prices from

$18.50 to $40.00

Spring Suits

are very pretty this year, and prices are very moderate considering the high price of labor and materials. We have a splendid selection from

$20.00 to $48.50

ZEMKE BROS., Cass City

Of Course We Do!

If you haven't given us the chance, that is not our fault. We have to please you and WILL please you in your trading with us. We will please you, regardless of the cost.

TRY US OUT.

WE WANT YOUR EGGS

and will guarantee you the top price (cash or trade) for strictly fresh eggs.

We have a fine assortment of egg crates in 6, 12 and 30 dozen sizes, also good line of baskets, the kind with the drop handles.

Yours for a "Big Hen's Nest."

Phone 86 **E. W. JONES**

LOCAL ITEMS.

Edwin Eno suffered a paralytic stroke Tuesday night and is seriously ill.

P. G. Gonzeles of Texas is assisting as chemist at the Hires Condensary during the illness of F. M. Melette.

F. A. Paige, division superintendent of the Hires Condensed Milk Co., is here from Chicago for a few days.

Chas. Ewing was a business caller in Gagetown Tuesday in the interests of the Hires Condensed Milk Co.

A. Frutchey is home from Alpena, where he has spent some time looking over the large Frutchey ranch at that place.

John Edward Nolty and Miss Mary Ann Hubble were united in marriage by Justice Isaac Cragg on Tuesday, Mar. 18.

Mrs. Chas. Lackey, who has been the guest of her mother, Mrs. Cleaver, left Thursday to join her husband in Virginia.

Mrs. Douglas Ferriby and Miss Sylvia Green of Gagetown will be the guest of Miss Hazel Mead over the week-end.

John Marshall and family, who have been sojourning in Orlando, Florida, for the winter months expect to leave tomorrow for the north and arrive at Cass City the following Saturday.

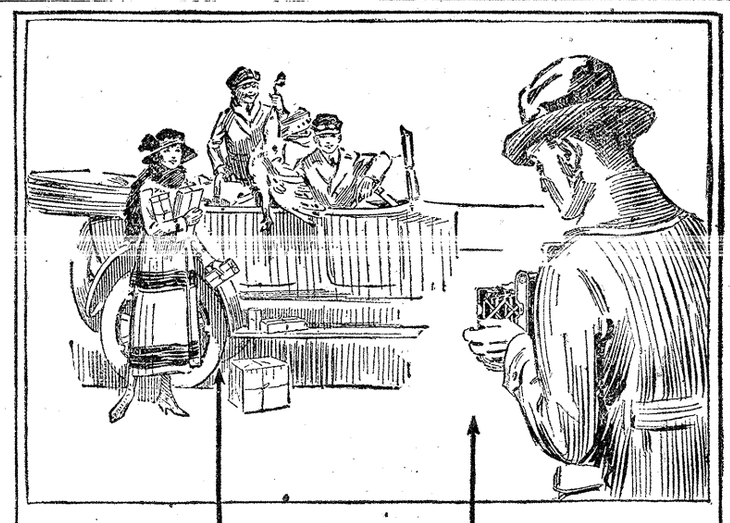
Thos. Murphy has sold his 80-acre farm 1½ miles west of Old Greenleaf to Henry Jordan and his 45-acre farm in Sec. 2, Elkland, to Colson Blair. Mr. Murphy expects to move to Cass City after his auction sale on March 27.

Chas. I. Cooke of Pingree is of the opinion that some guide posts should be set along the highway two miles east of town, just east of the Wagner corner. During the spring freshet, with water running across the highway at this place, one could easily leave the grade, especially on the north side. Posts set along the highway for 20 or 30 rods would prevent a serious accident.

The Woman's Study Club lecture course presented two excellent numbers within the past week. Friday evening, the Schumann Quintet presented a fine program of classical music made popular and easily understood. All five members are thorough musicians and comments of patrons at the concert are all complimentary. Wednesday evening, Chas. H. Plattenburg lectured on community problems. Loyalty to the home community was emphasized by the speaker who introducted much humor into his address.

Nearly everyone has his troubles some day or night. Wednesday night was B. L. Middleton's turn. With his picture machine in nice trim, he was congratulating himself on what fine service he would give the junior class at their show that evening. But the film was rotten as far as durability goes and 20 breaks resulted before the end was reached. Basil smilingly expressed his sorrow to patrons, but the film company realized the manager's real sentiments when they received the pepperv letter expressing them which was written Thursday morning.

Blanks for the purpose of registering soldiers and sailors have been received by Mrs. E. W. Jones, township director, and she earnestly requests every one to report, who has served either in U. S. or Canadian service. Historically the value of this work will increase with years. It is bringing back the names and records of our men who enlisted in Canada or under other allied flags, also our men who enlisted in other states, as well as the selected men. The completed record will be a living monument to all our men who served in this war, to those who lived and to those who have been sorely wounded, as well as to those who have paid the supreme sacrifice. Kindly call at E. W. Jones' store at your earliest convenience in order that Elkland's township may be complete.



Holiday gifts of candy, stationery or dainty toilet luxuries are always welcome, either to others or to yourself, and you will have your tastes interpreted more exactly here than anywhere else we know.

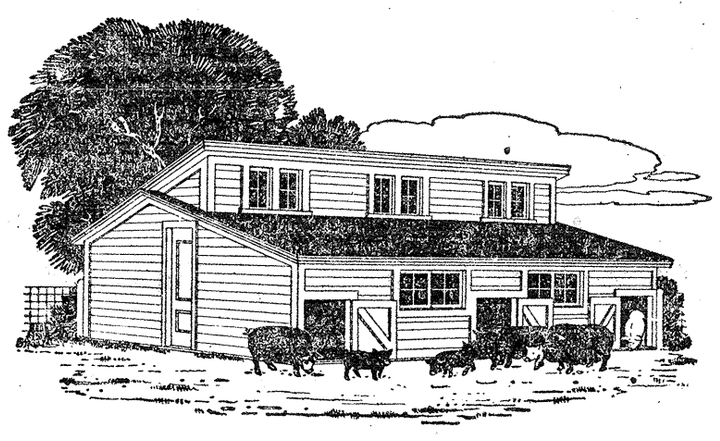
Although you have a grandfather's clock in the hall, a Dresden clock on the drawing room mantle and an alarm clock in your bedroom, you always wear a watch.

You may have other cameras, but you need a Vest Pocket Kodak. *You can wear it like a watch.*

FROM the kindergarten days up, there's wholesome fun for the children, and lasting joy for all the family, in the Kodak and Brownie pictures the children make—and Christmas day, with its home pictures, is an excellent time to start.

Come in and see our stock of Kodaks and Brownies. There's no obligation.

WOOD'S REXALL DRUG STORE



Hogs—and More Hogs!

THAT'S the cry of the nation to the farmers today. Every hog counts. It's criminal waste these days to let even one die from exposure or lack of proper care.

Be sure your hogs are properly housed—get the big profits that are coming to the farmer who answers the Nation's call.

Warm, dry, sunny hog houses mean healthier pigs—two litters a year as easy as one, and larger litters—maximum profits with less effort and less feed.

WHITE PINE assures warm, dry hog houses because the boards stay where you put them—the joints hold tight.

White Pine is the most economical wood for all outside uses because it does not warp, twist, split or rot—you don't have to make continual outlay for repairs. It's easy to work and easy on tools.

And the difference in cost between White Pine and the cheapest wood for the exterior of any farm building is negligible.

Practical working plans, specifications and bill of materials for the above Hog House or any other type of farm building are yours on request.

It takes little more than half as many hogs to buy this hog house now as it did three years ago. But don't delay. See us at once.

Cass City Lumber and Coal Company

COLWOOD.

Mr. and Mrs. Russell Hyde and daughter, Charlotte, spent ten days with Detroit and Orion relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Dubois of Cass City were callers here Saturday.

Mrs. Frank Seurynck, daughter Evelyn, and son, Thomas, visited last week with her parents, Mr and Mrs. Thomas McCarthy.

John Matt and Thomas McCarthy were at Caro Thursday on business.

Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Andrews, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Andrews of Caro, autoed to Saginaw Thursday to attend the auto show and also visited relatives there.

Chas. E. Smith, while working near Colling Friday afternoon buzzing wood, had the misfortune to get caught in the belt and had his leg broken, also other bruises were sustained.

About fifty neighbors and friends walked in on Mr. and Mrs. John McCarthy Tuesday evening with well-filled baskets. After music and games, a fine supper was served the crowd. Mr. and Mrs. McCarthy were presented with a beautiful electric reading lamp. They are moving to Caro where they have purchased a home. We are all sorry to have them leave the community.

Mr. and Mrs. Dan Hall and children of near Fairgrove are moving onto the farm purchased of John McCarthy. We welcome them in our community.

Mr. and Mrs. Urvan Cross and little daughter visited Sunday with Ellington relatives.

WICKWARE.

Mrs. Wm. Fulcher returned to her home after a two weeks' visit at Carsonville and Croswell.

Miss Sara Robinson of Cass City spent the week-end at her home here.

Miss Anna Gracey spent part of last week at the home of her aunt, Mrs. Wm. Gracey.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Johnson spent Tuesday at the home of Jos. Fulcher south of Cass City.

Miss Hazel Brown of Pontiac is spending a few weeks at her home here.

RED CROSS NOTES.

With millions of men, women and children refugees in Allied countries in sorest need of clothing, the American Red Cross has set the week of Mar. 24-31 for a nationwide collection of used clothing, shoes and blankets for the destitute. The collection, which will be conducted by the thousands of chapters, has been timed to the season when millions of Americans are changing from winter clothing to light, most of that laid aside being garments they will never use again. Through every possible agency the plight of the refugees in northern France, Belgium, Italy, Czecho-Slovakia, Rumania, Greece, Poland, Macedonia and Albania will be brought home to the American people, and a minimum of 10,000 tons of used clothing, it is hoped, will be donated. Even though the refugees had the raw materials, they would still be helpless because of the vandalism committed upon their industries by the Teutons. The first step toward helping them has been taken by the war council of the Red Cross arranging for an emergency shipment of 13,500.000 yards of textiles, valued at over $4,500,000.

The Red Cross drive for old clothing and shoes, bedding, etc., will start March 24 to 31. Boxes will be placed in the various places of business to drop bundles.

Another consignment of sheets and pillow cases have been received from headquarters. The chairman, Mrs. H. F. Lenzner, will be glad to give them out to all willing workers.

The Eastern Star purchased a quilt from the local Red Cross society.

HARBOR WILL BE DREDGED.

Newspaper reports indicate that the federal government intends to dredge the local harbor the coming summer and to close the north gap, the result being that large steamers will be enabled to enter the harbor in safety. The present depth and turning space is such that the large boats are now avoiding this harbor.—Harbor Beach Times.

CLOCKS TO BE SET AHEAD MARCH 30

Failure of Congress before final adjournment to take any action on pending bills, providing for repeal of the daylight saving act, made certain that the nation's clocks will again be advanced an hour during the period between the last Sunday in March and the last Sunday in October.

Opposition of farming interests to the daylight saving act on the grounds that it was of no benefit to the people of rural communities, led to the introduction of several bills providing for its repeal, but all of them failed.

McHUGH.

Grandma Harrington has been very ill but at the present is on the gain.

Mrs. Wm. Mitchell is visiting at Lapeer, Pontiac and Detroit for a short time.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bullock on March 12 a 13-pound baby boy, who will answer to the name of Ernest Mark. Mother and baby are doing finely.

THUMB NOTES

Spencer H. Blakely of Bad Axe has been appointed by Governor Sleeper to succeed himself as a member of the board of control of the Michigan's Soldiers' Home.

Miss Ethel Henry, a Lexington girl who has been in Frane the past twenty months as Red Cross nurse with the Harper unit of Detroit, is among those who reached New York Sunday.

Deckerville will soon have a new bulk or tank wagon station if the present plans of the Standard Oil Co. are carried out. The company has already leased a site from the Pere Marquette Railroad Co. just north of the Baird haysheds at the depot and as soon as the village council passes the necessary ordinance permitting the establishment of a station there the work will be started.

Perry Spencer of southeast Attica has discovered a new source of income. A year ago last fall he had a patch of less than a quarter of an acre of rutabagas. He pulled all that were large enough to f ed and intended to plow up the patch they were in but was was prevented by bad weather. Other work was pressing last spring and he left the baga patch alone. The small roots that had been left in the ground grew, went to seed, and were harvested in the fall. He tried several plans of threshing out the seed, finally trying out his wife's clothes wringer. This worked pretty well and he took off the handle, put on a pulley, belted on a one-horse engine and soon was able to clean up 65 pounds of seed. The seed was sold to a Pontiac firm for a dollar a pound.—Imlay City Times.

NOT A KICK IN A MILLION FEET

NO COAL TAR USED

NO COAL TAR USED

Prepared Roofing
Asphalt Shingles

Water Proof Building Paper
Roofing "Asphalt" Paint

Mule-Hide

as its name implies is tough and remains tough for an unusually long period of service. This is because, from the beginning, it has been the intention of the manufacturers of Mule-Hide to make the best roofing on the market, rather than to turn out a roofing at a low cost.

"The Sweetness of Low Price Never Equals the Bitterness of Poor Quality."

Cass City Lumber and Coal Co.

YOUR GOOD TASTE IS REFLECTED IN THE CHOICE OF

YOUR STATIONERY

latest ideas in fashionable stationery of all kinds.

We have endeavored to offer our patrons the very

Whether your taste calls for a gilt edge paper or tinted or white exclusive offering in linen lawn stationery, here you can find that particular package which appeals to your individual taste.

We have a very attractive display of our various stationery offerings and cordially invite you to inspect them.

NEW SHIPMENT JUST RECEIVED.

Cass City Drug Co.

WHAT IS THAT HIGHWAY AMENDMENT?

Governor A. E. Sleeper answers the questions Michigan Voters are asking in a categorical review of the Good Roads proposition to be submitted to the people at the Spring election, April 7.

(By Gov. A. E. Sleeper.)

What is the Good Roads proposal submitted to the voters of Michigan at the Spring election April 7th?

An amendment to the constitution of Michigan to authorize the Legislature to issue bonds from time to time for a state-wide system of main market highways and to assure Michigan of its full share of Federal aid money.

Then it is not a $50,000,000 bond issue which the people are asked to ratify?

No. Under the terms of the amendment, $50,000,000 is put as a limit beyond which the Legislature never must go.

Will the $50,000,000 in bonds be issued at once?

They will not. The State Highway Department is authority for the statement that about $5,000,000 will be issued the first year, another $5,000,000 the next year, but even this is under the control of the people through their representatives in the Legislature.

What assurance has the tax-payer that the whole $50,000,000 will not be issued at once?

The ratification of the amendment only gives authorization for the issue of bonds. After that, the Legislature must act and Michigan's legislators never will impose a greater burden than will meet with the approval of their constituents.

Why issue bonds? Why not raise money by a direct tax?

If Michigan is to have the some $7,000,000 the United States Government has set aside as the Wolverine State's portion of the Federal aid fund, we must match this sum, dollar for dollar. To do this by direct tax would impose too great a burden for only a two year period. By issuing bonds, the money can be had, the roads built at once and the burden of the expense spread over a period of twenty-five or thirty years.

Are there any other reasons?

Yes. We should bond for good roads because under this system of financing, we can use the highways and let them help pay for themselves. It's just like the deferred payment plan on farm machinery. Another reason is found in the fact that generations to follow will have the use and benefits from these permanent highways. Why should they not help bear the burden?

What assurance has Michigan that it will receive $7,000,000 in Federal aid for road building?

Congress has appropriated $200,000,000 and President Wilson has approved the bill. The United States Department of Agriculture has computed Michigan's share of the new and old Federal aid appropriation for the ensuing two years as $6,791,317.37. Michigan must provide a like amount.

What if Michigan fails?

The money then will be apportioned among other states and Michigan people, through their share of the burden of federal governmental expense will be helping other, more progressive states to build their highways.

Will there be more Federal aid for road improvement in Michigan?

Yes. The sum of $7,000,000 for the next two years is just a beginning. The war has opened Uncle Sam's eyes to the need for Good Roads. He recognizes his own responsibility in the development of highways such as won the war in Europe and made ordinary road traffic the most important factor in the up-building not only of the local community, but the nation.

Where will the money be spent?

Under the new Federal aid appropriation measure, the application is so broad that it may be used on any Michigan main market highway.

Who will be responsible for an economical expenditure of the money?

State Highway Commissioner Frank F. Rogers. His work will be under the supervision of the United States Department of Agriculture.

Will there be a large portion devoted to fancy salaries and overhead administrative expenses?

No. The State Highway Department has a record extending over a long term of years for having spent less than four per cent of its appropriation in administrative or overhead expenses. With a larger volume of work, this will be decreased to three per cent or less. Compare this with twenty-four per cent in New York and consider for a moment that no other state attempts to do the work for less than ten per cent.

Will the whole of the $50,000,000 maximum in road bonds ever be issued?

Yes, but not under ten years. The State Highway Department has announced that it will be impracticable to use more than $5,000,000 in any one year.

If the amendment is ratified, must Michigan begin paying interest at once?

No. There will be no interest charges until bonds actually are sold and the sale will be in only such sums as may be economically used.

What will be the cost to the tax-payers?

Between sixty-seven and sixty-eight cents on the $1,000 of valuation.

How is this figured?

On the basis of $5,000,000 in bonds each year for a period of ten years.

What would be the actual cost each year for interest charges and a sinking fund to retire the bonds as they fall due?

The cost of interest and sinking fund payments under this plan would be $2,876,364 per annum. This figures out to between sixty-seven and sixty-eight cents on each $1,000 of assessed valuation.

Are these cost figures accurate?

Yes, and no. They are based on the present valuation of Michigan. The assessed valuation will increase materially with each passing year with the result that the cost per $1,000 of assessed valuation will be materially reduced. It cannot be increased.

Will the proposed system of main market highways connect all large cities?

Yes.

Will it reach every county?

Yes.

What proportion of the state's highway traffic will this system care for?

Better than seventy per cent.

What type of pavement will be used?

The plan calls for permanent roadways. This means the type of paving will be determined by the traffic of the present and the needs of future development.

How will the program help the labor situation.

Half of every dollar spent will go to labor. Workmen, horses and equipment in the community where the work is proceeding will have first call.

Will the program help care for returned soldier boys who are out of employment and who have no regular trades?

Yes. This is the chief reason for the liberal Federal aid appropriation. The Department of Agriculture has asked for and received the assurance of the Michigan and other State Highway departments that the work will proceed without delay to help solve the problem of the unemployed.

Why is the U. S. Postoffice Department interested in road development?

Tests of postal express service has demonstrated its superiority over railway mail even for long hauls and experiments on a large scale over improved highways have shown such remarkable earnings that the department looks to the development of this service along eventually to put the Postal Department upon a paying basis. Good Roads also are needed for motor feeders in connection with the development of aerial mail service.

May women vote on the Amendment?

Those who have registered.

Who have indorsed the project?

President Wilson, the United States Post Office Department, the United States Department of Agricultural, Michigan's congressmen and United States senators, the Michigan Legislature, State Association of Supervisors, most of the Boards of Supervisors, State Federation of Womens' Clubs, State Federation of Labor, the governor, all state officers, the Republican and Democratic parties, boards of commerce in every city, the Rotarians, the farmer organizations, the Kiwanis clubs, automobile clubs, the steam and interurban railways, practically all city, county and township officers, the bench and bar of Michigan and practically every prominent man and woman in the state.

Will road work under the provisions of the amendment affect the improvement and maintenance operations on other than main market highways?

Yes. It will inspire greater activities and leave more money to be spent in local communities for the development of feeder highways. The plan involves increased state rewards both for construction and maintenance.

Are improved highways worth the investment?

A whole volume might be written on the direct benefits to be derived from highway improvement. They increase the land valuations not only on property abutting the highway, but at some distances removed. They cut the cost and time required for all hauling. They mean a railroad to the farmer's door. They mean reduced cost of living. They mean better living conditions. They improve the physical, moral, spiritual and educational conditions. They will bring into Michigan additional resort and tourist trade every year sufficient to cover the entire cost many times over. They provide labor for unemployed men, teams and equipment in every community. By cutting the time element in travel by road, they reduce the size of the state to less than one-half and bring the farmers two-thirds nearer the centers of population. They will open the way for the rapid expansion of the rural parcel post and bring city express service to every agricultural community.

What argument is there against good roads?

Not one.

PUBLIC AUCTION

Having sold my farm, I will sell the following property at auction on the farm known as the Henry Wettlaufer farm in Cass City

Saturday, March 29

COMMENCING AT TWELVE O'CLOCK SHARP

Matched span brown mares, 6 and 7 yrs. old, wt, 2800
Holstein cow, due Oct. 3
Holstein cow, due Oct. 11
Holstein cow, due Nov. 8
Holstein cow, due Oct. 11
Red cow, due Oct. 1
Red cow, due Oct. 11
Holstein cow, due Oct. 13
Holstein cow, due Nov. 7
Holstein cow, due Nov. 2
Red cow, due Oct. 1
Red cow, due June 24
Red and white cow, due April 14
Holstein bull
12 hens

Quantity of bean fodder
400 bu. oats
175 bu. barley
50 bu. corn
60 bu. potatoes
8 tons of hay
2 sets heavy work harness
4 good collars, 20 inch
Farm wagon
Beet box
400 cedar posts
Empire fertilizer drill
New Deering binder
New John Deere mower
New Steel roller
Syracuse riding plow
Oliver walking plow, 99

3-section spike tooth harrow
2 sets spring tooth harrows
Spring tooth double cultivator
Little Giant double cultivator
Set sleighs
Black Hawk manure spreader
Engine and buzz saw on wagon
Feed grinder
Open buggy
Dozen heavy eveners
Bean puller
Set street blankets
4 milk cans
Set stable blankets
Set platform scales
Forks and shovels

TERMS—All sums of $5.00 and under, cash; over that amount, 12 months' time on good approved endorsed notes at 7 per cent interest.

JOHN SUGDEN, Proprietor

R. N. McCULLOUGH, Auctioneer

AUCTION SALE!

Having sold my two farms, I will sell the following property, without reserve, 1 mile east, 5 miles north and 1 ½ miles east of Cass City, or 1½ miles west of Old Greenleaf on

Thursday, March 27

At 10 O'clock Sharp

HORSES.

Grey gelding 9 yrs. old, wt, 1700
Bay gelding 8 yrs. old, wt, 1700
Percheron gelding 5 yrs. old, wt, 1700
Clyde mare 10 yrs. old, wt, 1300
Sorrel mare 8 yrs. old, wt, 1200
Percheron colt 3 yrs. old, wt, 1200
Driving horse 5 years old
Percheron colt 9 months old

CATTLE

Thoroughbred Holstein bull 3 yrs. old
Holstein cow 8 years old
Holstein cow 5 years old
Holstein cow 6 years old
Holstein cow 8 years old
Holstein cow 5 years old
Holstein cow 5 years old, due Apr. 11
Holstein cow 3 years old
Holstein cow 3 years old
Holstein cow 6 years old
Holstein cow 5 years old
Holstein cow 6 years old
Holstein cow 5 years old
Holstein cow 6 years old
Holstein cow 4 years old, fresh milk
Blue gray cow 8 years old
Brown cow 8 years old
(These cows all giving milk.)
3 Holstein heifers 1 year old
3 Holstein heifer calves
Calf 2 days old
16 ewes with 3 lambs

IMPLEMENTS.

Wide tire wagon
Set of sleighs
John Deere hay loader
Dain side rake
John Deere corn binder, new
Deering grain binder, nearly new
John Deere cultivator
2 American cultivators
Little Giant cultivator
Hay tedder, nearly new
Superior grain drill
Land roller Hay rake
2 sets of spring tooth harrows
Set of spike tooth harrows
Oliver plow No. 99
Syracuse plow No. 31
Oliver riding plow
Long handle plow, new
Disc harrow, nearly new
Bean puller Walking cultivator
Kemps manure spreader
2 seated rig Top buggy
Road cart Light bobs
Spring cutter, nearly new
Field 4 h. p. gas engine
Hocking Valley cutting box, new
Stover feed grinder
Scukle grinder Stewarts clipper
Clipper grinder
Hand seed drill
Hand cultivator
Eclipse incubator, 200 eggs
Filo brooder
U. S. cream separator
2 churns Grain cradle
Scythe & snath 2 cauldron kettles
Sap buckets and spiles
Buggy pole 3 bbl. tank
Box and rack Bag truck
Wheelbarrow Slush scraper
Fanning mill
Northwestern grader
2 sets of work harness
Set of double driving harness
Set of single driving harness
Pacing hobbles Horse collars
2 sets of slings 2 hay forks
50-gallon oil tank
Pair Standard scales, 1000 lbs. cap.
Quality machine oil
100 bushels of crib corn
15 bushels of seed corn
About 8 tons of Clover hay
100 shocks of corn
40 White Leghorn hens
45 Plymouth Rock hens
4 geese
Whiffletrees and neck yolks

HOUSEHOLD GOODS

6 dining chairs 6 kitchen chairs
2 rocking chairs Armchair
Kitchen cabinet, nearly new
12-ft. dining table
Oil stove and oven
Hard coal burner
30-gallon crock 11 milk cans
Quality fruit cans
2—50-gallon barrels of vinegar
Refrigerator
Milk pails and strainers
Forks, shovels, hoes and other articles too numerous to mention

——FREE LUNCH AT NOON——

TERMS—All sums of $5.00 and under, cash; over that amount, 12 months' time on good approved endorsed notes at 7 per cent. interest.

THOS. MURPHY, Proprietor

R. N. McCullough, Auctioneer Edward Pinney, Clerk

From Millington McDonald.

Euville, France,
January 8, 1919.

My Dear Parents.

Was over to Vignot this morning for a shower bath and although 'twas a bit "shivery", I enjoyed it because a bath once in a while (when you can't get it more often) makes a fellow feel better as well as washes the cooties off for a few hours) until we get in bed again, cause they're in the blankets.

Just had dinner and came up here to run over my "number" I'm excused from afternoon drill while we're studying our parts for a play we're going to give here in the "Y." I have a book of songs in which is Harry Lauder's best one, "It's nice to get up in the mornin'. " When I have plenty of time I'll copy words and send it home for fear I'll not be able to bring this book along.

I'm inclosing a clipping from the "Stars and Stripes" which will give you a good idea of how the boys felt when the "Eleventh Hour" came. You may put it away 'till I come home. I heard Pedro, the famous Italian accordion "wizard," last night. He used to play for a big New York show, also Edison records. Must go; will write maybe tonight.

Your loving son,
PVT. MILLINGTON McDONALD,
Co. F, 139th Inf.,
American Exp. Forces,
A. P. O. 743, France.

From Gaylord McLaren.

Pvt. Gaylord McLaren who previous to his entry into the service was employed by Hoagg, Ball & Co., dredging contractors, writes as follows from Archangel, Russia, under date of Jan. 17 to Fred Ball of Deford, one of his former employers:

Dear Friend Fred.

Well, Fred, I suppose you thought that I had forgotten you all, but I have written to both Bill and Art, but have received no answer.

Russia doesn't sound much like France, does it? I am farther north north than Alaska and right in the Arctic Circle. I am writing from what they call block houses about 18 vires, or 17 miles from the front lines.

I have lost Charles' address. He was in Custer, then my company pulled out for New York. Was in Camp Mills, N. Y., for about a week and then set sail for overseas.

I have something nice to sleep in. It is made out of sheep skins with the wooley side in just like a bag.

Well, Fred, how is everything going? Suppose you're still ditching. If they send me back whole and all right, I will look the company up and ask for a job. They can talk about England and Russia being pretty countries but give me the land where the stars and stripes are floating, and let me stay there the rest of my life. When I see you and the other boys I can tell you a lot of truth and a lot of lies.

Hope to receive letters from you and Bill and Art and to spend the Fourth of July in the states. From

MACK.

Pvt. Gaylord McLaren,
Co. G., 339th Infantry,
American Exp. Forces,
Archangel, Russia.

From Ray C. Meiser.

Kripp, Germany, Feb. 12, 1919.

My Dearest Mother:

Well, will start another letter on the way as I have some time to write before retreat and mess. This is certainly a lovely day; almost gives me the spring fever although we have not had hardly any cold weather so far. The snow is about gone again. I guess I am missing some cold by being over here this winter. It has been about 10 degrees below here a few times and that is not bad. I hope when I am on guard again that it is a trifle warmer than it was the last time. I have guard now about once a week and that is for one day (24 hours), two hours on post and four hours off. Helps the time pass away.

Receeived your letters of Jan. 13 and 20 the other day, also two Cass City papers, Jan. 10 and 17, and papers from Will I sure do enjoy those papers and letters the boys have written. I get your mail all right and am sorry that my mail is being held up. I have written boco letters since the Nov. 24th letter that you received last. Undoubtedly by this time you have received some of them.

We hear a lot of stuff about our division going home and don't know whether it is true or not. Remains to be seen. However, will write you as long as we are here. I thought the last letter (as I said) would be the last one but have changed my mind again as you see. I also appreciate the gum that you enclose in envelope. Some of the other fellows get some the same way. We can buy some at the "Y" occasionally.

About 300 of our battalion walked over to Raemongen last week Friday and took excursion boat run by our Army of Occupation and went up river beyond Coblenz and back. It was rather a cool day for such a trip but we enjoyed it very much. Had the 166th infantry band along and we had some fine music and also corn-willie sandwiches and coffee. The first time have been away from company since joining them last August. Some of the fellows are away on 14-day passes, mostly all Paris bound.

Instead of taking our regular exercise this morning for the first hour and a half we (company) went chasing rabbits. We scared up about 25 but did not succeed in getting any. If I had my shot gun over here this morning I could have had enough for half the company. They sure did run. Drilling every day gets rather monotonous and this excitement helps the day go better. The Chaplain has called the talent of the battalion to a meeting tonight at the "Y" and see what we can do about a minstrel show. Three of the companies are originally from Georgia so you see we ought to have some real niggers.

Am glad to hear that some of the Cass City boys are getting home. They are sure lucky. Well, it will be soon time for retreat and I will have to close and get ready. Hope that this finds you all well at home, I am your

Loving boy as ever,
RAY

Love to all.

Pvt. Ray C. Meiser,
Co. D, 151st M. G. Bn,
A. P. O. 715., A. E. F.

Kripp, Germany,
February 17, 1919.

My Dear Mother:

They gave us some cards and thought I would drop you one. Am going back to France tomorrow on a baggage detail and I think we will soon be on our way home. We expect to be gone about 7 or 10 days and then may go out by Rotterdam via Rhine and North Sea. Gen'l. Pershing is expected here tomorrow for Review. Well, so don't be surprised if you don't hear from me for awhile, so by by. Lovingly, Ray.

From Joy A. Tyo.

Guantanamo Bay, Cuba,
U. S. S. Alabama,
March 6, 1919.

Mr. Herbert Lenzner,
Cass City, Mich.

Dear Friend Herbert:

Now, I am going to write you a few lines just to let the people of Cass City know that I have not forgotten them and that I would like to see them once more.

I won't write very much because it is 117 degrees in the shade here, so you know it isn't pleasant doing anything. Guantanamo Bay is about one mile square and between two mountains where we don't get the least bit of breeze.

We were out in the Caribbean Sea Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday and I never saw such beautiful water before. We anchored in a place where the water was 65 feet deep and so clear that we could see the white coral bottom quite distinctly and all kinds of fish, such as flying fish, jelly fish, all size of sharks and other kinds that I couldn't name.

I am sending you a write-up on our troop down here. I must close now as I have a little work to do.

Your friend,
JOY A. TYO.
U. S. S. Alabama,
c|o Postmaster,
Fortress Monroe, Va.

The New Yankee Doodle.

(Same old tune, only louder).

Old Kaiser Bill one summer day
Was feeling kind of breezy,
Says he, I guess I'll lick the world,
I think it will be easy.

Chorus.

Wallop him with peas and beans,
Paste him with potatoes,
Hammer him with sugar beets,
Soak him with tomatoes.

And then this chesty Kaiser Bill
Conceived another notion.
He built a thousand submarines

And thought he owned the ocean.
No ship with food, said Kaiser Bill,
May come across the water;
My submarines will send them down
To Davy Jones' Locker.

Friend Bill, said Uncle Samuel,
That's going pretty strong, sir,
And if you try a stunt like that
You'll surely get in wrong, sir.

Well, he did, and Uncle Sam did, and that ended it.

BEAULEY.

Mrs. Jane Heron is ill at this writing.

Grandma Gilchrist is feeling better at this time.

Miss Norene Heron was the guest of Canboro friends last week.

Rumor has it that wedding bells are ringing, but we are not sure yet.

Mrs. Lewis Maharg and son, Ralph, were guests of H. F. Martin last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Manley Fay are nicely settled in their new home on the A. P. Stirton farm.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Moore and daughter, Doris, are spending a few days in Troy and Saginaw this week.

The ladies' aid at Mrs. John McCallum's last week was well attended. The ladies expect to meet with Mrs. Arthur Moore on March 28. All are invited.

A son was born to Mrs. Frank Holshoe March 7, in Flint, who will answer to the name of Victor Frank. His daddy has not arrived home from France yet.

It was Mrs. S. Heron and son, Allan, who went to Lapeer last week instead of Mr. Heron, as stated last week. They returned Saturday accompanied by Stanley, who is much improved in health.

The friends of Mr. and Mrs. Amos Hoffman of Marine City formerly of Beauley, will undoubtedly be surprised to hear that they have given up their city life and have purchased a farm near Sandusky where they are moving this week.

Norman Lester, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Earl Beyette, passed away Tuesday evening, March 11. The little darling would have been three months old if he had lived till Monday evening, March 17. His short life here was only suffering, he being ill almost all of his life. Mr. and Mrs. Beyette have the sympathy of all in their bereavement

GAGETOWN.

W. Lafave of Detroit was in town one day this week.

Rev. A. H. Kauffman is spending the week in Detroit.

Rev. P. J. Dwan left for Detroit Tuesday morning.

Mrs. A. Kline of Unionville is spending the week at the Chas. Palmer home

The friends of Mrs. A. Freeman will be pleased to learn that she is on the gain.

Edgar B. Wood and Miss Maude Hendershot Sundayed at the Arthur Wood home.

Mrs. L. I. Neurd spent several days of the past week in Detroit, returning Monday evening.

Miss Mattie Babcock visited at the O. A. Rogers home while in Saginaw having her eyes treated.

Mrs. V. S. Calley and Mrs. J. Calley are spending the week in Detroit, combining business with pleasure.

Dr. and Mrs. E. I. Haight were entertained at six o'clock dinner Tuesday evening at the C. P. Hunter home.

Mrs. Margaret Spittler's granddaughter, Mrs. Fred Bauer, and little son of Saginaw spent the past week with her.

Miss Florence Comment, who has been employed in Rochester the past winter, returned home Monday evening.

The Lady Bees met at the home of Mrs. M. P. Freeman Wednesday evening last and enjoyed a social evening. A dainty luncheon was served by the hostess.

The ten-year-old son of Mose Rabideau was accidentally shot Sunday by a neighbor boy, the shot penetrating the left side of the face. He was taken to Bad Axe hospital Tuesday at which time the boy had not regained consciousness.

Pvt. Lenhard, who has been expected home for some time, arrived Monday evening. We expect Frank will be able to relate many thrilling experiences as he was in the thickest of the fight and was wounded twice. His many friends will be glad to hear of his safe return home.

Early Saturday morning our usually quiet town was startled by the fire alarm which proved to be in the Parochial school building. Owing to the call coming so early it was some time before many responded, but those who were there worked hard and shortly after quite a crowd gathered. The fire gained considerable headway on account of it being between the walls and was hard to locate. In a half hour's time the fire was under control. The damage amounted to $250 covered by insurance.

The program given by the pupils of St. Agatha's school St. Patrick's evening was fine. Those who could not be present on account of the stormy evening, missed a treat as the orchestra numbers were fine, also the "Nation's Need, or the Planting of the Gardens." About 20 little boys representing the rows of corn and drill given by them, then the dance by four little girls all in green representing the greens for salad, then the dance given by the girls dressed in red and green representing beets, then girls dressed to represent the sunshine and clouds, then the black gliding figures of the storm and lastly the drill by about 15 girls dressed to represent the rainbow which was followed by a tableaux. The Sisters deserve much praise for the costumes which they designed for use in this number.

NOVESTA.

Several in this vicinity are on the sick list with bad colds.

Mrs. John Wooley has been on the sick list for the past few days.

Howard Coulter of Pontiac attended his grandfather's funeral last week.

Cash Asher of Bay City is visiting his parents and other friends here for a short time.

John Race of Pontiac visited his mother and other friends the latter part of last week.

Master Russell Paul visited at the home of his aunt, Mrs. Arthur Anthes, from Friday until Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Kerr of Sandusky visited over the week-end at the home of their aunt, Mrs. Chester Hulburt.

Charles Doerr is visiting his sisters in Detroit and expects to meet his father there and will visit with him for a few days.

Mrs. Roy Hulburt of Bad Axe is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Talmadge, and other friends here for a short time.

Miss Ethel Charlton has been visiting friends here for the past week. She expects to return to her home in Detroit Monday. Charles McConnell expects to go back with her for a short visit.

The Deford Farmers Club was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Warner Tuesday, Marrh 11. A large crowd was in attendance. The following officers were elected for the year 1919: President, D. Livingston; vice pres., Norman Gillies; secretary, Mrs. Frank Hegler; treasurer, Mrs. Charles Kilgore. The Chronicle's report of the club's meeting, in its last issue, was rather misleading in that it reflected on the ability of the men to do the cooking. Probably the item was placed as a joke, but as the menu was a most satisfactory one, the men are to be complimented on their ability both as cooks and waiters. Clarence Quick superintended the preparing and cooking of the oysters and he deserves the many compliments that were bestowed. Mr. Quick has had eight years' experience as cook Two seasons he served as assistant steward on a lake boat and for six years he was employed as cook at the Pontiac Asylum. He knows how and has demonstrated his ability at several club "feeds" to the satisfaction of all who were so fortunate as to be included in the list of guests.

SHABBONA.

Very rainy and lots of mud.

Rhene Pike is visiting relatives and friends here.

Services at the M. E. church next Sunday evening.

Marvel Lorentzen had her tonsils removed last Thursday.

Albert Meredith of Caro is visiting his parents for a few days.

Amasa Brown has purchased the 40 acre farm of Mrs. Chas. Parrott.

Mrs. Henry Wooley and little son, Wayne, are visiting her aunt, Mrs. Frank Auslander.

Andrew Lorentzen of Cass City is visiting his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Lorentzen.

The services at the M. E. church Sunday afternoon were well attended and good interest was taken.

Mr. and Mrs. Emory Meredith have moved to their new home at Decker. He will work for Fred Neville this year.

The Willing Workers of Shabbona were the invited guests of the Argyle ladies' aid at the home of Mrs. Louis Travis Wednesday.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE STATE SAVINGS BANK

at Gagetown, Michigan, at the close of business March 4, 1919, as called for by the Commissioner of the Banking Department.

Resources	Commercial	Savings	
LOANS AND DISCOUNTS, viz:			
b Unsecured	29,692.71		
Totals			29,692.71
BONDS, MORTGAGES AND SECURITIES. viz:			
a Real Estate Mortgages		57,824.54	
d U. S. Bonds and Certificates of Indebtedness in Office		9,500.00	
Totals			$ 67,324.54
RESERVES, viz:			
Due from Banks in Reserve Cities	16,281.24	7,981.30	
U. S. Bonds and Cert. of Ind. carried as legal reserve		23,000.00	
Currency	3,210.00	5,000.00	
Gold Coin	305.00		
Silver Coin	692.40		
Nickels and Cents	125.87		
Totals	$ 20,614.51	$ 35,981.30	$ 56595.81
COMBINED ACCOUNTS, viz:			
Banking House			8,000.00
Furniture and Fixtures			1,500.00
Outside Checks and other Cash Items			548.18
Total			$ 163,661.24
LIABILITIES.			
Capital Stock paid in			25,000.00
Surplus Fund			3,100.00
Undivided Profits, net			2,977.60
COMMERCIAL DEPOSITS, viz:			
Commercial Deposits Subject to Check	29,149.54		
Demand Certificates of Deposit	32,824.04		
Total			$ 61,973.58
SAVINGS DEPOSITS, viz:			
Certificates of Deposit—Subject to Savings By-Laws	70,610.06		
Total			$ 70,610.06
Total			$163,661.24

State of Michigan, County of Tuscola ss.

I, Edith E. Miller, Cashier, of the above named bank, do solemnly swear, that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief and correctly represents the true state of the several matters therein contained, as shown by the books of the bank.

EDITH E. MILLER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12th day of March, 1919.

L. T. Hurd, Justice of Peace.

Correct Attest: J. L. Purdy,
Richard Burdon,
L. C. Purdy,

Private Sale!

As I am going into registered stock, I will sell 6 grade Durham and Holstein cows; also 2 brood sows.

V. CARPENTER,

4 miles north and ½ mile west of Cass City.

PUBLIC SALE

FRIDAY, MARCH 28

AT ONE O'CLOCK AT THE

Warner-Elmhurst Farm

1½ miles east and 1 mile north of Owendale.

STOCK REGISTERED HOLSTEINS

LIVE STOCK

20 Head of Cows, Heifers, Bulls and Calves 20

GRADE DURHAMS AND SHORTHORNS

30 Head of Cows and Heifers 30

WORK HORSES AND COLTS

10 Head 10

Pure Bred Hampshire and Durock Boars. Pure Bred Angus Bulls.

GRAIN

2000 Bus. Oats 1000 Bus. Rosen Rye 1000 Bus. Barley 100 Tons Hay

MACHINERY

FARM MACHINERY

As we expect to do most of our farming with tractors and power machinery, we will sell Walking Plows, Small Discs, Drags, Harrows, Wagons, Bob-sleighs, Rakes, Potato machinery, Beet tools, 2 small grinders with 1 and 3 h. p. gas engines, Ensilage cutter complete, Two 6 ft. mowers, Heavy harness and miscellaneous tools too numerous to mention.

TERMS---All sums of $10.00 and under, Cash; over that amount 10 months time on approved notes at 7 per cent interest.

W. A. SCHRIBER, Auctioneer R. O. SOLDAN, Clerk

SURVEY OF SCHOOL CONDITIONS IN MICHIGAN

Matters of Salaries Should Receive Serious Consideration of School Offices and Patrons.

The Michigan State Teachers' Association is conducting an agressive campaign that is designed to let the people know the present day conditions in the teaching profession.

The purpose of the work of the committee is to secure reliable data to be presented for the thoughtful consideration of the authorities and patrons of the public school and their findings have been published under the title of "Teachers' Salaries in Michigan."

The committee has the following to say to the various school boards of the state: "You have been chosen by your fellow citizens to do what you can to provide good schools for the children of the community.

Is not the teacher the biggest single item in the schooling of the child?

Are you paying enough to get and keep first class teachers?

Are your teachers properly trained? If so, what are you paying for that preparation?

Can a teacher live 12 months in your city for what you pay her for teaching one school year?

If she can live there without loss, can she save anything at all

Can you expect good professional services from underpaid servants, and would such persons have a beneficial influence on the children of the community?

Do you know the answers of these questions as applied to your own school system?"

The committee does not think it possible to arrive at a definite minimum of salary which could be recommended for all parts of the state, but asks school authorities, teachers, and parents to use the following method to formulate a fair minimum for each community:

First: Secure an exact estimate of the total monthly expenses of the average woman grade teacher for board, room, laundry and street car fare.

Second: To this amount add 45 per cent to cover expenses for clothing, insurance, church, charity, club dues, magazines, physician's bills, dentists' bills, railroad fare, entertainments, school philanthropy, expenses for teachers' conventions, etc.

(Note—The committee makes the following statement: "From dependable statistice it is known that the four items in No. 1 above constitute not more than 55 per cent of a teacher's expenses and that the miscellaneous expenditures in No. 2 constitute the other 45 per cent.)

Third: Multiply this monthly total by 12 in order to secure the amount of necessary expenses of the calendar year.

(It should be remembered that teachers are entitled to yearly salaries sufficient to cover their actual expenses for 12 months.)

Fourth: To the total expense thus secured add what you feel should be the percentage of savings. This should not be less than 10 per cent; in fact some communities should pay salaries sufficiently large to give a minimum saving of more than this."

It will be remembered that a city or village that accepts second or third-class qualifications in their teachers has a right to pay lower salaries than those places requiring first-class qualifications, and it follows also that in a school system employing first, second and third-class teachers, the first named should receive the highest salary.

It does not seem fair to pay equal salaries to the teacher who has taken an expensive course of preparation and to the one who has taken little or no training. Likewise it seems unfair to pay equal salaries to the teacher who is diligent in her professional duties and to the one who is careless in performing her work.

One chart in the report deals with the standard of qualifications demanded in 146 villages and cities and another with the average salaries paid to grade and high school teachers in 141 cities. There seems to be a definite relation existing between salaries and preparation as those places demanding a higher grade of preparation usually pay higher salaries.

It is apparent, however, that even the teacher with little or no professional training is entitled to an income that will meet the reasonable expenses of living and at least a small excess of profit. This does not seem to be true of many of the cities of Michigan. Of the 141 cities listed in the report, 115 pay their grade teachers less than the expenses of living. This deficit ranges from $1.99 at Cassopolis to $366.36 at Hamtramck, where the grade teachers are obliged to draw upon other sources to the amount of $366.36 in order to live for a year.

The average salaries paid in the grades of the various schools listed range from $455 at Vestaburg to $1,128.69 at Highland Park. Fifty-four schools pay more than $700 per year.

The total annual living expenses as ascertained by the above method range from $472.72 at Bannister and Hanover to $1,276.36 at Hamtramck.

In the high schools the situation both as to qualifications of teachers and the relation of living expenses to salaries is somewhat better. Of the 141 high schools listed, 37 pay less than the total annual living expenses. The deficit ranges from 91c at Trenton to $196.36 at Hamtramck.

WOMEN CHORUS, "NO! NO!"

Continued from first page.

have come in after or gone from the meeting before Mr. Crandell spoke. After putting the whole question in the true light, the speaker asked if they wanted that vile institution again fastened upon them and a chorus of "No! No!" showed that the amendment ballots voted by the women will show a cross in the square marked "No".

Aided by a blackboard and crayon, Mr. Crandell, who is a lawyer of repute gave some 15 minutes to careful explanation of the proper method of marking the ballots and by answering all questions, made it entirely clear.

Mrs. Striffler in closing the meeting stated that the W. C. T. U. would assist any woman to get to the polls on election or to the clerk's office for registration. Altogether it was a meeting of historic significance and untold value.

SCHOOL NOTES.

Maps illustrating the location of chief cities and their industries in eastern U. S. are being made by the sixth grade.

Keith Perry returned to school after being absent several days working.

Maurice Dailey and Alfred West brought pictures of scenery in different locations which the sixth grade are studying in geography

Plans for a junior high base ball team are under way.

Harry Geno of the eighth grade expects to spend the remainder of the year at work in Detroit.

Miss Marjorie Hicks of Caro has entered the eighth grade.

The tag day at the high school proved to be a great success.

The seniors have decorated themselves with class rings.

The first grade is enjoying to the fullest extent, their new "Young and Field Literary Readers."

The fourth grade is drawing outline maps of Michigan.

The fifth grade is studying hygiene taken from Cormly Manual Outlines.

Richard Schenck is on the sick list.

Kindergarten.

Our attendance is much better due to the beautiful spring weather.

Vera Rohrbach has returned to school after an influenza illness.

Phyllis Lenzner, Frances Middleton and Deloris Sandham have returned to school this week.

We are starting our indoor gardens this week.

Mr. Jameson was a visitor at the lower grades Wednesday forenoon.

CHURCH NOTES.

Baptist—Services Sunday morning at 10:30. Sunday school at 11:45.

Christian Science—Services are held every Sunday morning at 11:00. Subject for March 23, is "Matter."

Presbyterian — Donald Morrison, Minister. 10:30, morning worship; 11:45, Sunday School; 6:30, Christian Endeavor meeting; 7:30, evening worship. The topic for the sermon will be "Divorce." 7:30 Thursday evening, cottage prayer meeting. All cordially invited. Strangers welcomed.

Methodist — The meeting at the Methodist church is deepening and quickening. Large crowds are being attracted by the masterly sermon of Miss Grace M. Wilson. Come and hear this woman of marked ability. Souls are being stirred and finding their way to the altar. Next Sunday will be a big day at the Methodist church. You will be made welcome.

Evangelical — Sunday school at 10:00 a. m., Ed. Helwig supt. A splendid corps of teachers and classes for all ages. A large and interesting Bible class for middle aged and older pupils. Solomon Striffler, teacher of this class. If you think you have outgrown the Sunday school just visit this class. Divine worship with preaching at 11:00 a. m.; subject, "Dividing the Way." Y. P. A. at 6:45, Gertrude Cormany, leader. Subject, "The Art of Building Character." This is an interesting subject. Come and bring some thought to suggest. The usual evening devotions at 7:30. Good music at all services.

CASS CITY MARKETS.

Cass City, Mich., Mar. 20, 1919.

Buying Price—

Wheat	2.08 2.10
Oats	.59
Rye, bu	1.40
Barley, cwt	1.75
Peas, bu	2.00
Buckwheat	2.50
Beans	6.25
Eggs, per dozen	.38
Butter, per lb	.50
Cattle	5 11½
Fat sheep, live wt, per lb	5 8
Lambs, live wt, per lb	13 16
Hogs, live wt, per lb	15 16½
Calves, live wt.	10 15
Geese	.15
Turkeys	22 25
Hens	23 25
Broilers	23 25
Ducks	25
Hides	.15

ORDER FOR PUBLICATION.

Sale or Mortgage of Real Estate.

State of Michigan, The Probate Court for the County of Tuscola.

At a session of said Court, held at the Probate Office in the Village of Caro in said County, on the 17th day of March A. D. 1919.

Present, Hon. O. D. Hill, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of

Joseph H. Wood. Deceased.

John C. Corkins Administrator of said estate, having filed in said court his petition, praying for license to sell the interest of said estate in certain real estate therein described,

It Is Ordered, That the 15th day of April A. D. 1919, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition, and that all persons interested in said estate appear before said court, at said time and place, to show cause why a license to sell the interest of said estate in said real estate should not be granted,

It Is Further Ordered, That public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order, for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the Cass City Chronicle, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county.

O. D. HILL,
Judge of Probate.

A true copy.
O. D. HILL, Judge of Probate.
3-21-3

There's a Big Choice Now

The new things for Spring have been arriving every day and our showing now will delight you.

COATS, SUITS and CAPES

Choose your Favorite for the New Season

in Coats you'll have the choice of the "Cape Back" and belted front styles, the styles suggesting the Dolman effect, and the Dolma'ns themselves.

And those that prefer the more conservative lines will find a fine display too.

Suits were never prettier

the high waist and blouse models vie with the boxy styles awaiting your approval.

New Fancy Dresses, New Skirts, New Waists, and Everything in Ladies' Ready-to-Wear

— AT THE —

R & G Corsets

SHOES The T&M CLOTHING QUALITY STORE CASS CITY

Agents Cosendai Dye Works

Help Wanted

Skilled and Unskilled Labor

GOOD WAGES

FACTORY, CONSTRUCTION AND FOUNDRY HELP.

There is a Job for you now in Pontiac, Mich.

Manufacturers' Association
39 South Saginaw St.

Pastime Theatre

Friday and Saturday

Wallace Reid in

"RIMROCK JONES"

Rimrock Jones is a prospector and McBain, a miner, tries to steal his claim.

This is a western mining story worth going miles to see. Don't miss this as it is a thriller from start to finish.

15 and 20c.

Wednesday March 26

Anna Nilsson

"In Judgment Of"

This is a story of a young man's fight for a place in the world. A fight worth seeing.

15 and 20c.

Friday, Saturday Mar. 28 and 29

Wm. S. Hart in

"THE NARROW TRAIL"

This is a story of a gang of outlaws and hold-up men.

Ice Harding (W. S. Hart) is the leader of these outlaws and rides a very swift-running pony! The sheriff of the county knows it is useless to try and capture the outlaw leader as long as he rides this horse, but swears to get him some day.

DON'T MISS THIS.

SAT.—Matinee, 2:30—10 and 15c. Evening, 8 o'clock—20 and 30c.

Just the paint for floors

Do you own one of those comfortable old homes with good solid floors that have always been painted?

If so, repaint the floors this time with LOWE BROTHERS HARD DRYING FLOOR PAINT—made especially for indoor floors.

It is particularly adapted to the finishing of kitchen and bedroom floors.

A variety of attractive colors to choose from—colors that will harmonize with your rooms.

HARD DRYING FLOOR PAINT is an economical and lasting floor finish. Easy to use—dries hard and firm.

Ask to see the colors

N. Bigelow & Sons

Calling Cards.
Get them printed at the Chronicle print shop in 50, 100, or larger lots.

We Sell this Ditcher on the 10-Day Trial Plan

WE know how much time, money and hard labor this machine will save you. Bigger crops—better farms. That's why we offer 10 days' trial and a positive guarantee with every sale of

THE Martin

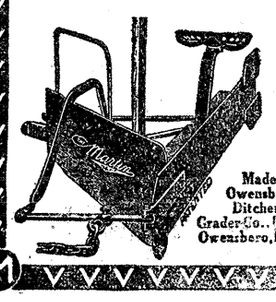
Farm Ditcher

Run some V-shaped ditches or throw up some terraces with it. You'll say it's one of the most useful implements on your farm.

It fills up gullies, levels bumps, grades roads. Lasts a lifetime, because all-steel. Adjustable for narrow or wide cut. Reversible—throws dirt to either side.

Try it 10 days—your money back if you want it, but you won't

J. A. COLE, Cass City



Made by Owensboro Ditcher & Grader Co., Inc. Owensboro, Ky.

FEED

WE SELL MORMILK DAIRY FEED

containing 20 per cent protein and 38 per cent carbohydrates at $3.00 per cwt.

CXX FEED

containing 15 per cent protein and 38 per cent carbohydrates at $1.90 per cwt., or in ton lots at $35.00.

This is an excellent feed for the place of bran as it is rich in milk elements, it being composed of wheat, wheat bran and molasses. With bran and middlings at $50.00 a ton, you can well afford to feed this bran substitute. Try a few sacks of this feed.

ALFALFA MEAL, good for young calves, $2.25 cwt.
WHEAT BRAN, $2.50 per cwt.
FLOUR MIDDLINGS, $2.50 per cwt.
CORN AND OAT CHOP, $2.85 per cwt.
COTTON SEED MEAL, 36 per cent protein, $3.50 per cwt.

BLATCHFORD'S CALF MEAL, 25-lb. sack $1.50.

Also will supply you with ground barley and Old Process Linseed Meal which will arrive in a day or so.

FLOUR

Don't forget us when you are in need of Flour. Sweet Cream Flour, $12.00 per bbl.

Cass City Grain Co.

DEFORD, MICH.

WHEAT GUARANTEE HELPS ALL CROPS

Acts as a Balance That Will Sustain Present Prices on All Farm Products.

PUT THE SURPLUS INTO BONDS

Federal Reserve Board Looks to Farmer for a Generous Support of the Coming Victory Liberty Loan.

The United States Congress has appropriated $1,000,000,000 to guarantee the American farmer $2.26 a bushel for his 1919 wheat crop, a price which is $1 a bushel more than he might reasonably expect if American wheat was thrown on the market to compete with Argentine, Australian and Indian wheat. The American farmer has responded to the government's guarantee by pledging the production of millions of bushels more wheat than he has ever grown before, according to officials of the United States Food Administration's Grain Corporation.

The American farmer has never been in better financial condition, the officials say. The report of the Federal Reserve Board shows that the 1918 farm crop added $17,000,000,000 to the wealth of the country. The corn crop alone put $3,528,313,000 in the farmer's pocket. Hay added $1,500,000,000 to the farmer's income. Apples brought him $230,000,000. Oats sold on the farm for something over $1,000,000,000.

The guaranteed price of wheat will not only assure the farmer a profit on wheat, but will also sustain the prices on other farm products, Food Administration officials point out. With the return of an abundance of labor, the farmer is assured a highly prosperous year.

With the surplus the farmer has from his last abundant harvest and with his present season's return in a large measure guaranteed, the Federal Reserve Board looks to the farmer for a generous support of the coming Victory Liberty Loan. The securities to be offered will merit his attention as first class investments, aside from their patriotic appeal.

"Sixty thousand American lads, many of them farmer boys, gave their lives for the freedom of democracy," said an official of the United States Food Administration. "Had the war continued throughout next summer, as our military chiefs believed it would, two hundred thousand Americans and many more hundreds of thousands of their compatriots would have been sleeping in Flanders' fields and beneath the sod of France and Lorraine.

"That these lives were spared was due in a large measure to the lavish expenditure of the United States government in assembling men and munitions to crush Germany. Most of the men and even less of the material of war was never used. Yet the mighty preparations of our government forced the Germans to cry 'Kamerad.'

"The American farmer's sons are coming home for the most part unscathed. For this the American farmer is duly grateful. From his abundance from the past year and from his assured prosperity for the coming season, he should and will set a new record, a Thanksgiving record, in his subscription to the Victory Loan."

——HELP "FINISH THE JOB."——

LET US STAND BY DEAR OLD UNCLE SAM.

Uncle Sam is asking for a Victory Liberty Loan to clinch the stupendous demonstration that moral force, not military force, is to rule the world. We must care for our army of occupation and bring it home; we must reconstruct and rehabilitate those who have been wounded and blinded in defense of the right. This is to be a Loan of Thanksgiving, and the response should be more hearty and joyous than the response to any of the preceding Loans. Uncle Sam has helped to save the world for Liberty and Civilization. Let us give him the wherewithal to complete the job.

——HELP "FINISH THE JOB."——

"Peace must be financed as well as war, and the initial stages of peace may be found even more expensive than war. Therefore, get behind the Victory Liberty Loan when it comes."
—Secretary Glass.

"IF" OR "SUPPOSING"

By GEORGE ADE.

On October 1, 1918, you, being a wise man and having read with care the opinions of military experts, knew:

1. That the great war was going to last until far into the summer of 1919.

2. That the casualties among the American soldiers would be increasingly heavy up to the final moment of fighting.

3. That, as a result of the growing magnitude of the world struggle, the government of the United States would call upon us for at least three huge bond subscriptions during 1919.

If you believed otherwise you were in the minority, for the cabinets of all the nations united against Germany, and the bankers, and the shipbuilders,

"Can You Be Patriotic When the Band's Not Playing?"—George Ade.

and the masters of food supplies thought they knew that Germany would stand out for many months.

Now then, to suppose a case. If some one had come to you on October 1 with a proposition to end the war within six weeks by a complete and overwhelming victory on condition that you would subscribe liberally for Victory bonds in the spring of 1919, you would have replied as follows:

"Say, end the war this fall and stop the killing and maiming of our boys, and put the kaiser out of business and compel Germany to accept our terms and let the American soldiers begin to head for home, and I'll pledge my last dollar for the loan that is needed to clean up expenses."

That's how you felt on October 1, 1918, and now that all the miracles have come to pass, are you going to be grateful or forgetful?

You are now asked to help finance (by merely lending on favorable terms and not giving) the final and gigantic expenditures which brought victory months ahead of the schedule.

If we had lost the war, what would you be paying this spring and to whom? How's your memory? Did you feel certain, just a year ago today, that Germany could be prevented from dictating terms to the whole world?

How about a loyal parent who refuses to pay a doctor bill because the child gets well instead of dying?

When you tackle a big job do you stick to the finish, or do you go fishing and permit some more dependable man to come in and put on the roof and chimney?

Do you experience symptoms of morality only when the doctor is seated at the bedside?

When you start to go somewhere, do you travel four-fifths of the way and then flop by the wayside?

Can you be patriotic when the band is not playing?

We are settling up a big job, so don't queer your war record at the eleventh hour by being a quitter.

——HELP "FINISH THE JOB."——

UNCLE SAM PAYING HIS DEBTS

Government's Credit Standing High, Because of Rapidity of Payment of His Obligations—Now a Creditor Nation.

If you were asked to lend money to a private citizen you would ask: "What are this man's prospects? Is his business showing a satisfactory growth? Is he paying off his debts and piling up a surplus?"

When you are asked to lend your money to Uncle Sam you can safely ask the same questions. The American government soon will ask for another great loan. Therefore, now is the time to satisfy yourself that Uncle Sam will be an A-1 debtor.

The first thing that will impress you, when you come to investigate the old gentleman's credit standing, is the rapidity with which he has been paying off his debts and becoming himself a creditor. In 1914, when the war broke out, the nation owed four billion dollars ($4,000,000,000) abroad and had to pay interest on that amount every year.

Now all but about one-fourth of this big debt has been paid off, and the government of the United States has lent abroad a total of ten billion dollars ($10,000,000,000). Instead of paying interest to Europe today, Uncle Sam is now in a position to ask and receive from Europe a total of at least five hundred million dollars ($500,000,000) a year in interest. That sum from across the water each year will pay more than half the interest the government will owe to its people on all the Liberty bond issues, including the fifth.

Uncle Sam certainly can show a good set of books. His credit is A-1 with every credit agency in the country.

WHICH ROAD DO YOU TRAVEL?

Here Are the Signposts: End of One Will Find You "Broke," Other Happy and With Funds.

There are two roads in life. One leads to a quagmire of nothingness. The other leads to success. Both are lined with signposts to show the wary traveler in which direction he is moving. But many people go along, their eyes on the skies, on the ground, or unseeing in dreamland, never noticing that they are advancing on the wrong highway. Do you know which road you are traveling? Here are the signposts. The end of one will find you empty-handed. The end of the other will find you with funds for a sunny opportunity—with War Savings Stamps and Liberty Bonds working for you at over 4 per cent interest.

Spendthrift Road.

"This is on me."
"One more of the same."
"Lend me five."
"Charge this."
"Here, boy."
"Where do we go from here?"
"Let's have another round."
"You can go home any time."
"Your money's no good."
"I can't be bothered with small change."
"The sky's the limit."
"I'm paying for this."
"Don't be a piker."
"It's all in a lifetime."
"More where this came from."

Thrift Road.

"What's the price of this?"
"One will do."
"The walk will do me good."
"No, thank you."
"I can't afford that."
"Give me your best price."
"I'll carry this."
"I promised my wife."
"I need the money."
"Let me pay my share."
"I can get along without this."
"I'll get it as I need it."
"Is it worth seeing?"
"A penny is as good in my pocket."
"This is what I got for my money."

ONE-THIRD OF WORLD'S GOLD

Back of Every Victory Liberty Bond—No Safer Guarantee Than Our Surplus Gold Possible.

Gold is the basis of all credit.

The United States is now about to enter a fifth great popular campaign for the sale of government bonds to the citizens of the nation. America has contracted more than $5,000,000,000 of debt since December 1 last in paying war bills, and this money must be raised by the people.

Every reader of this paper undoubtedly believes that United States government bonds are the safest investment on earth. But many of them do not, perhaps, know just how to explain their belief.

One of the reasons why United States government bonds are the safest investment on earth is that the United States now possesses one-third of the world's gold. This has come about as a result of the war. The nation had large gold holdings before the fighting began in 1914, but since then the nations of the earth have been forced to send us shiploads of gold in order to get needed supplies and maintain trade relations.

The Federal Reserve banks do not hold, probably, more than two-thirds of this nation's supply of gold, yet they have in their reserves more than one-half as much as the state banks of the next 14 most wealthy nations, and abroad the state banks have collected practically every gold piece that the people possessed.

The following table bearing this fact in mind, tells why the government bonds are the safest investment known:

Nations With Greatest Gold Holdings.	Total Gold Holdings.
Bank of France	$ 663,000,000
Bank of Germany	620,000,000
Bank of England (with note reserve)	505,000,000
Bank of Spain	430,000,000
Bank of Russia	400,000,000
Argentine conversion fund	378,000,000
Bank of Japan	325,000,000
Bank of the Netherlands	285,000,000
Bank of Italy	210,000,000
United States (Federal Reserve banks only)	2,060,265,000

Investing to the limit in Victory Liberty loan bonds is the best venture one can make.

——HELP "FINISH THE JOB."——

The proceeds of the Victory Liberty Loan are to be used to bring our soldiers and sailors back and restore them to the useful occupations of peace. Every true-blue 100 per cent American should have a part in this work.

UNCLE SAM'S BILLS MUST BE PAID

Up to America to Show World That It Does What It Promises to Do.

The argument, sometimes heard, that there should be no need of another Liberty loan, because the war is over, indicates there are some persons so short-sighted and unpatriotic that they are forgetting the grave dangers that not so long ago threatened civilization.

One of the terrors of the past struggle was the frightful havoc created by the enemy on the high seas, which may be illustrated by an incident, one of ten thousand similar ones. It was told by a stranded sailor, a lone survivor of a torpedoed ship. He related how a German submarine, after sinking the ship without warning, came to the surface and helped to "rescue" the few who were swimming or drifting about in the water. They were permitted to cling to the submarine—in fact, to find refuge on its deck. An empty rowboat floated by, and the commander of the "sub" ordered the survivors to avail themselves of it, because in five minutes the U-boat would submerge.

The rowboat had no oars. There were no provisions aboard, no shelter against storms in this unseaworthy shell. It was half-filled with water—salt water—which the survivors had to scoop out with their bare hands. The captain and his men descended into the interior of the "sub." The hatches were closed and gradually the instrument of destruction sank out of sight, leaving the craft, with its human cargo at the mercy of the waves. This happened in the middle of the Atlantic ocean.

There is only one thing that can save the world from an upheaval far more disastrous than that which we have gone through. That is for America and the American people to hold to law and order, to abide by free institutions, to rebuild, to succor and comfort those who have been bowed down by the terrors of organized intolerance. It is for us to give more, pay more, do more. It is for us to prove that a wrong acknowledged becomes an obligation and that America does whatever it promises to do.

This can be accomplished only by patriotically getting back of the Victory Liberty loan and backing it up to the very limit of our financial ability. Uncle Sam's bills must be paid and the boys brought home. Until then the job won't be finished.

——HELP "FINISH THE JOB."——

AN OPEN LETTER TO UNCLE SAM

By WILLIAM WALLACE COOK

Dear Uncle Sam:
I'm just a plain American whose heart
Has thrilled with pride as through this war I've done my modest part
To help Our Boys on land and sea. I could not tote a gun;
My hair is gray, my form is bow'd, my years are nearly run.
I could not march beneath the Flag, I could not face the foe—
As others faced him overseas—and give him blow for blow.
Old Time has worked his will with me; and so it was my fate
To have this Armageddon come some fifty years too late.
And yet I've helped! My dollars fought, if not my flesh-and-blood;
My dollars did their bit to stem the mad Teutonic flood.
And some I gave the Crimson Cross to bind the wounds that bled;
And some I gave the orphaned ones who cried aloud for bread;
And some I gave to comfort those who bore the battle's brunt
And, weary, sought a breath of home behind the fighting front.
An old man's pride is here, I trow; an old man's love, as well;
A dollar's bless'd of heaven when it cheers in war's red hell;
Yet here my duty could not stop; it ran to needs beyond;
Of ev'ry loan you issued, Sam, I bought a goodly bond.
I made myself this slogan, in the thought of duty done:
THE MAN BEHIND THE BOND'S BEHIND THE MAN BEHIND THE GUN!
You gave me, Uncle Samuel, what worldly gear I've got,
For here the chance to work and win is ev'ry person's lot;
In Freedom's cause our fathers wrought—those men of sterling worth—
A heritage of glory for the chosen of the Earth!
I fear that sometimes we forget, so keenly we pursue
Our individual destinies, the debt we owe to you.
No country can be greater than the citizens it holds;
No flag no better, brighter, than the faith that flag enfolds.
And freemen are not freemen when, the crisis bravely met,
They will not, if they must, give all to pay their freedom's debt.
And so this loan for Victory I'll make my proudest boast—
I'll lend my money to this Loan unto the uttermost!
I'll make another slogan and I'll fling it wide and far:
THE MAN BEHIND THE BOND'S BEHIND THE PEACE BEHIND THE WAR!

Kindergarten Helps for Parents

Articles Issued by the Department of the Interior, Bureau of Education and the National Kindergarten Association

REALITY FOR RUTH

By MRS. MARGARET STEEL HARD.

One morning a few months ago I was passing the playroom, my small daughter's domain, and stopped to glance in, but finding her absent I did not linger. However, an impression of the room did linger, and it finally grew to sufficient proportions to demand my conscious thought.

What was there about the charming, sunny room with its Mother Goose frieze and carefully chosen toys that vaguely troubled me? It was too orderly. That was it, orderly in the sense of being unused.

I paused and reflected how little time Ruth really spent in the playroom; she was always somewhere else. Where was she, in fact, at that particular moment? Brief search discovered her vigorously sweeping the back porch where some drifting leaves had collected.

"Why is it?" I said to myself as I poured the boiling water into the dishpan and swashed the soap-shaker up and down absent-mindedly. "Why is it that she prefers sweeping the back porch to playing with her doll's house? Why does she hang about the kitchen watching me cook instead of using that fascinating doll's stove of hers?"

Children Anxious to Help.

"It is because she craves the actual and real experience, I suspect."

Before I knew it I had brought my small cutting table, low enough for Ruth to reach, placed it beside the sink, covered it with a heavy towel and put the drain basket thereupon. Then calling to her I pointed to the dishtowels hanging in a crisply folded row and said: "Would you like to wipe the dishes for me after this?"

Perhaps you do not think six-year-old help very competent, but I assure you that mine has broken but one saucer in over half a year, and that the glasses and silver are not only wiped until they shine as brightly as the crystal and silver of the proverbial fairy palace, but that by the time I have hung my towels to dry, the last dish has been put safely away, by a little girl who must use the kitchen stool, deftly maneuvered, as a means to reach high shelves. Nor has the task ever become irksome. Indeed there has been only a demand for further duties, so that dusting, putting away laundry, making her crib, and greatest of all delights, cooking the cereal and apple sauce for her own and little brother's supper, have been added to the list.

Value of Comradeship.

And so the little duties grow and best of all so grows Ruth. She is finding her diminutive place in society and feeling herself a potent member of the family group. Through actual participation in the responsibilities of her home she is gaining the power to adjust herself to life as she finds it, which is the secret of comfort for a child as well as for "grown-ups."

This does not begin to cover the countless avenues for explanation and discussion opened up through the comradeship engendered by doing these tasks together, nor the numerous small problems of conduct which they solve.

But try it yourself. It is not at all new. In truth I suppose it to be one of the answers to the old question: "How could great-grandmother bring up a family of fourteen children with so little nerve-strain?"

THE KINDERGARTEN

By DR. LYMAN ABBOTT.

The kindergarten is more than a particular form of school. It is an essential principle of education—the principle that education is growth, not manufacture. The kindergarten is a child garden; the home and the school are the soil; bad habits are the weeds; the parents and the teachers are the gardeners; education is preparing and enriching the soil, planting the seeds, weeding the garden bed; the kindergarten plays and songs are garden tools; a cheerful spirit, a genial humor, a spirit of kindness and sympathy are the necessary sunshine; sorrow, trials, temptations, tears, discipline are the necessary rain. The primary school, the grammar school, the high school, the college, should all be child gardens in which the growing youth should be guided in his growth, but always encouraged to grow naturally, simply, healthfully into whatever flower and fruit his nature fits him for. The motto for the parent and the teacher, should always be: "Consider the lilies of the field how they grow;" and the model of the parent and the teacher should always be the divine model furnished by God's work in creation. "And God said, Let the earth bring forth grass, the herb yielding seed, and the fruit tree yielding fruit after his kind."

If we will plant the children of our immigrants in American soil, give them American companions, teach them in the American language, let them breathe American literature, discipline them in the American art of self-government, warm their hearts in the sunshine of American tendencies, sympathy and good fellowship, and always respect the nature which God has given them however it may differ from ours, they will grow up loyal, patriotic, devoted Americans.

FRENCH ROADS SAVE AMERICAN SOLDIERS

BRIG. GEN. COVELL, COMMANDING MICHIGAN HERO BRIGADE APPLIES WAR TEACHINGS TO PEACE TIMES.

LET UNCLE SAM HELP FAY BILL

State's Only General Officer in France Tells of Lessons Learned Under Boche Fire.

Grand Rapids, Mich., March 12.—That main market highways are an absolute necessity for the good of the community and that the State of Michigan needs, more than anything else, a properly built, properly maintained system of roads, is the unqualified statement of Brig. Gen. Louis C. Covell, the man who led Michigan's fighting brigade of National Guardsmen away in 1917 and led them through the earlier campaigning in France when the now famous 32nd. Division won a place immortal in the history of American valor.

Gen. Covell's words on the need for good roads comes at the psychological moment when the people of the state are preparing to ratisfy a constitutional amendment which will set in motion the machinery for a comprehensive system of main market highways that will touch every community in Michigan. A vote for this Amendment does not mean a $50,000,000 bond issue. It merely opens the way for the people to use the State's credit, from time to time, to meet Uncle Sam's dollar-for-dollar proffer of aid on Michigan roads and means that we, of today may have the roads and spread the cost, whatever it may be, over a period of thirty years or more.

War Makes Him Road Booster.

Gen. Covell has returned to his home State after being mustered out of the service at Camp Sherman, O. And the whole of Michigan has no more sincere, enthusiastic good roads booster than the man who led the 63rd brigade into the hell of machine-gun fire, shrapnel and high explosives in France. He went through the hottest kind of fighting during the earlier part of the participation of the United States in the war. Twice he narrowly escaped death. Once when a Boche shell burst amidst a group of German prisoners in a chalk cave at Tartierres, where the general was sleeping and again when 17 high explosive shells of large calibre literally peppered his headquarters. General Covell doesn't consider himself in the light of a hero. Except in singing the praises of his men, war is a trite subject with him. But he dearly loves to talk about roads and the need for an immediate betterment of Michigan's highways.

"Without French roads, this war might have had a very different and much less satisfactory conclusion," said the general, "If the State would take hold and build all the highways it would be the biggest possible thing for Michigan. Any plan for building good roads is absolutelyl worthless unless it embraces a plan for constant maintenance which, in the long run, is the only sure and economical plan for furnishiing the state with good highways. The automobile is no longer a plaything; it is a business proposition. It opens hitherto undreamed of breadths of vision and industry to the farmer and the free circulation of automobile passenger and freight traffic is more essential to life and growth of the community than the operation of steam railway trains and interurban lines."

Roads An Important Link.

"In the big war, the roads were as much a necessary part of the scheme of transportation as the railway and the steamship. The same argument applies with equal force to commerce and industry, except that it is farther-reaching and more permanent in its benefits. If you break down one link in a chain; the whole chain goes. The time is here when the roads must form a most important link in the chain of transportation."

Ashamed of Michigan's Roads.

"Take Michigan today. It is the center of the world's automobile industry, yet it is notorious for its bad roads. Tourists in the east will tell you they want to come to Michigan's greatest play-ground of the nation, but the pleasure would be more than offset by the trouble and expense of traversing endless mileage of roads that do not deserve to be dignified under that title."

"When I hit Michigan on the way home from war, it was a great shock to me to behold some of the black, muddy, impassable highways, after my experience with the hard, glistening, white highways of France. And after my experience and observations overseas, I am a booster for better roads for Michigan.

Not for war purposes, but for the upbuilding and growth of our great commonwealth. And I cannot but feel that others in Michigan who were not fortunate enough to get into the fight "over-there" will learn the lesson from their fighting men and begin the construction of a highway system, that will be maintained and properly and plainly marked and will meet with the approval of the Wolverine soldiers who fought over French roads and came to wish that they had something as good back home."

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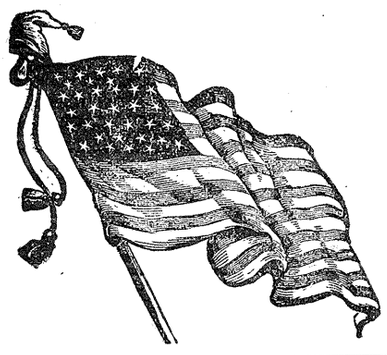


FERTILIZERS AND FOOD COSTS.

It is not surprising that food continues to sell at high prices, when you consider what the farmer pays for fertilizer. Before the war Chilean nitrate sold for $50, but now it is $90. The cost of nitrate is greatly increased by the high costs of freights. Also coal and all operating materials have to be shipped into the Chilean nitrate districts at an increased cost.

Before the war was closed plans were laid for the development of an American nitrate industry, making this country independent of Chile. These plants were only half done when the work was stopped. Many people feel that they should be pushed to completion.

Germany formerly believed her monopoly of potash would enable her to dominate the world. The recovery of Alsace-Lorraine with its rich potash deposits blocks that dream of aggrandizement. But the output will all be needed for the present to restore the devastated soil of France. Some have claimed that American potash would soon supply all the needs of American farmers. Yet the product last year was only one-fourth of the pre-war consumption.

It is claimed by the Country Gentleman, that the cost of fertilizer is needlessly increased by the making of a multiplicity of brands and grades, divided up and sold in too many combinations. One thousand brands are made by 50 different firms, where it is said 50 brands would supply all kinds of needs.

It would seem a practical proposition for the government and state agricultural bureaus, to call in the fertilizers makers and representatives of the farmers, to study this situation, and see if a program for standardizing and simplifying of fertilizer making and shipping would not reduce costs. The whole country is vitally interested in having the farmer get his plant food at bottom prices.

FOLLOWING PUBLIC SENTIMENT

A newspaper paragrapher once made the remark that the fact that everybody wanted to get a certain idea enacted in legislation, was sufficient to show that Congress wouldn't do it. Of course he didn't mean this literally. Everyone knows that politicians take a great deal of pains to ascertain public sentiment.

It is a fact, however that men who make a business of politics make serious mistakes in estimating public sentiment. There is a great mass of people who give little attention to public questions. On any question that they have not considered much, they are apt to be swayed by prejudices, misinformation, and by persons having a selfish interest.

At the same time the mass of the people are honest, sincere, and intelligent enough, when they give their settled attention to a thing. So it happens that the most astonishing reversals of public opinion take place within a short time.

Where the politicians make their mistake is in being swayed too much by the superficial opinions that are widely prevalent at the moment. They disregard too much the real merits of public issues. It is all very well for the politician to keep his ear to the ground, as the phrase goes. But let him listen to the people who are the real leaders of opinion and do the original thinking.

Every community has a certain minority of people, not always conspicuous, who do their own quiet thinking. They work things out in their own minds unaffected by any personal schemes. The influence these people exert on public sentiment is amazing. Errors tend to kill themselves, but a sound common sense opinion, but yesterday held obscurely, tends to spread and soon becomes the view of the mass. Then you see the politicians running for the band wagon after it has passed.

The girls who dance best get the most invitations, but the ones that can make those crisp breakfast muffins are likely to put in the order for the white satin dress with point applique lace and cut en train.

WHY PEOPLE SUCCEED

To win success in any calling, a person must make a study of it. He can not advance far if he simply does just what his boss or his shopmates tell him. Managers of businesses are very busy people and, and they haven't time to tell all they know. The majority of persons learn their work in a very superficial way, and know it just barely well enough to get by.

The ambitious worker, however, can learn far more about it. In almost any employment, there is a chance for one to perfert himself and gain useful information. If one is engaged in retail trade, he should study the goods he has to sell. He should read trade papers, learn all he can about the markets, and study the processes by which goods are produced.

Also he can learn a great deal by talking with traveling salesmen, who have to be intelligent about their goods in order to sell them. When a drummer visits the store, get a chance to talk with him if you can. Don't gossip about baseball or the theaters or politics. Quiz him about his goods. He will quickly enough respond, as he will think you may influence the boss to buy his stuff. You can learn a lot from him in a short time. Salespeople who can talk intelligently about their goods are worth twice as much as others.

Or if you are employed on some mechanical process in a shop, study every process you have to perform. Watch the materials you work with. Notice how they are affected by heat, cold, friction, moisture, dryness, or any other conditions they have to meet. Become very observant for small changes, and learn to size up different kinds of materials and see how they will act under all conditions. The worker who in these ways becomes a master of the materials he handles will not hold a subordinate position long. He is too valuable

The Debt

By RANDALL PARRISH.

A young fellow came back to our town the other day, struggling along on crutches; he had left one leg in France. A friend met him, and said sympathetically: "I'm mighty sorry, Fred, you lost your leg." The lad looked at him and smiled. "I didn't lose my leg, Charlie," he replied quietly. "I gave it."

That is just what they have been doing, those splendid lads of ours. They have been giving their legs, their arms, their eyes, their very lives, that we might have our homes, our shops, our farms; that we might live in peace, in prosperity, in freedom of thought and action.

Don't we owe them anything? Haven't we a debt unpaid to the dead in France, to the maimed and crippled, who are coming home from the battle front?

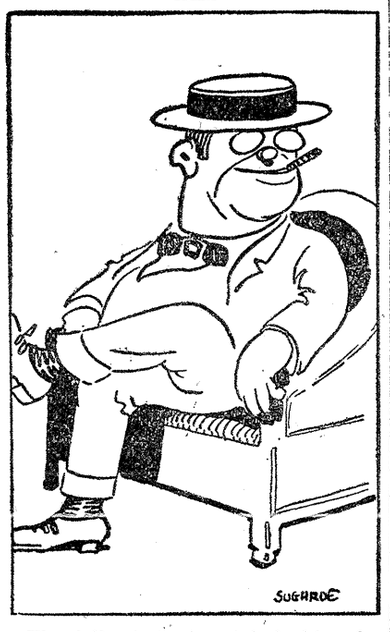
That is the appeal of the forthcoming Victory Liberty loan. It is a debt we owe—to the aviator, who went crashing down in flames; to the doughboy, who went cheering over the top through a rain of shrapnel; to the gunner, who fell with the lanyard in his hand.

We can never pay it—no! Money does not work that miracle. Just down the street from here a flag hangs in the window of a little cottage containing two golden stars. What is my money, or yours, balanced against the priceless gift of the heart-broken father and mother there? If every man in this town should throw his dollars into the scale, those lives would weigh the most.

Cheer and welcome those who return; honor their manhood, and thus pay to them, in a small measure, the debt you owe their service.

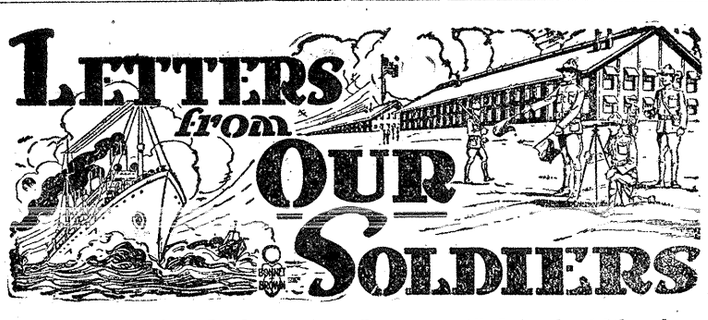
But do not forget those others, who will not return—the voiceless dead. You owe a greater debt to them. They died with faith in you.

LOOKING FOR A VICTIM



The jolly Auto Agent is looking for a Victim. If you want a nice, long Joy-Ride, ask him what kind of a Car he is selling. When you get back from the Ride, you will own the Car. The Auto Agent is a Public Benefactor because he Makes people spend their Money to show themselves a Good Time.

Buy War Savings Stamps.



From Srgt. Ora Luther.

An interesting letter comes from Sergeant Ora Luther who is in Germany with the army of occupation. For some time he has been in the hospital. With the majority, he prefers the U. S. A. for his country and will not be desirous of traveling in foreign countries once he ever gets home. He says:

I left the States the 29th day of March, 1918, and landed in Brest, France, the 7th day of April, where we remained only four days after a very enjoyable trip of nine days aboard the U. S. S. Mt. Vernon, a ship that was taken from the Germans at the very beginning of the war. After a stay of four days in Brest we boarded a train and proceeded farther into the interior of France. We traveled two days and two nights on a vehicle, the French call a train, but we could never make out what they really were, so, the way we remember them is by only 40 hommes and eight chevois. At the end of that time we had reached a small town by the name of LaTracy where we unloaded and hiked nine kilometers to our training area. The town in which we were billeted was a small town by the name of Arch in Borrows, which was about one hundred years behind, and of very old fashion. The house in which I was staying was built in the year of 1550, and ready to fall at any time, so we were ordered to move. Then I made my home with an old lady down by the old mill, which was a very pleasant one, as it sounded good to hear the old mill wheel turning. Our drill started the third day we were there. I was then with the first battalion as a Corporal and orderly to Colonel Louis, who then went by the name of Bolo Pete as he most always carried two pistols and a bolo. We trained hard, so as to be ready to meet the Huns when we were ordered to the front which was not long, for the 28th day of May, the orders came. We then again loaded on the train at La Tracy, and we left feeling happy, because we were now on our way to help our brothers, who were already on the front doing their bit. On the night of the 30th we had reached a small town called Ortanges where we were stopped, as trains dare not venture farther on account of drawing artillery fire. So, we proceeded to unload and in the distance we could hear the machine guns and the roar of the cannons. After we had all our belongings off the train, we started out on our hike in the dark to the front. We hiked about 10 kilometers and camped in a woods for the rest of the night near a little town called Courboin, which was only 5 kilometers from the front line. The rest of the night was spent in sleeping for we were all tired after our hike, but about three a. m. we were awakened by a gas alarm just to see what we would do in case of gas. Then we slept until about 8:00 p. m., when Fritz sent us over a few greetings for that day. A few of them lit close by, but no one was hurt. At about ten a. m. Col. Louis said to me, "Well, Corporal, get your pistol and we will take a stroll around and look over the positions we must take over tonight on the front." Well, I did. We went to the front and everything was very quiet. We returned back to the woods at about 4:00 p. m. and he said to me, "Have our horses ready to leave tonight at 7:00 o'clock, as we must have all the men in their positions before tomorrow at daylight." At daylight the next morning, everything was sitting pretty, when all of a sudden Fritz thought he saw something, and he sent over a barrage, which only lasted a few minutes, for, when Heinie sent over a shell, we most times sent back five in return.

Major Keeley came to the Battalion while the P. C. was at Blesmes, not far from Chierry and Chateau-Thierrey and within 500 yards of the river. There is where Col. Louis left us and went back to S. O. S. We remained there until about June 25, when we got relieved by the 3rd Bn. We had about 20 men killed and wounded during the 25 days we were there The second night before we got our relief I never will forget. I was sitting in the door of a barn, not far from the P. C. Fritz got uneasy, and sent over just three H. E's. The first one hit just behind the barn, the second one hit in the duck pond between me and the house, where the officers were busy eating their supper, but they did not wait to finish. Before they could get out, the third one hit the house and knocked one whole wing off. So, that night I lost my bread and milk, which I had worked so hard to get, as it was hard to catch the cows. When our relief came, we hiked back to a little town two kilometers from there, by the name of Viffort, where we remained five days when orders came to move up in support of the 2nd Bn., near Moulins, Paroy, Launoy and Crezancy. It was on this move that Capt. Merilett gave me orders stating I was made orderly sergeant and that I was to report to Col. McAlexandrie at the Reg. P. C. which was at that time in a farm house on the road from St. Eugene to Crezancy. Cpl. Galbraith relieved me at the Bn. and I reported to the Colonel for orders. He said "Son, you will stay right here with me." So I said I have a home now. It was, until July the 15th, when the Germans started their big drive for Paris, but, the 3rd Div. did not happen to be asleep when it started, as it was there and then, that this regiment won for themselves the name, "The Rock of the Marne," for they held the lines and fought on three sides, as the French retreated on our right leaving our right flank open near Varennes, right where the Germans crossed at daybreak the morning of the 15th, so Major Rowe had to place his men facing three different directions. The 2nd Bn, was on the bend of the river near Jaulgonne under direct fire from three days which cost the lives of many a poor mother's son. On the 17, 18 and 19th the opposing forces lay quiet, the artillery from both sides showed plenty of action. On the morning of the 21st. a general advance was ordered and we were off. At dark the night of the 21st the 38th Regiment were holding strong positions on the opposite bank of the Marne river.

Going back to the morning of the 15th, which I will never forget. The morning of the 15th will never be forgotten by any one, who was on the Marne, as it was one living hell, if there is such a thing, for all we could hear was the bursting of shells, the sound of cannons and the tat, tat, tat, of machine guns and of rifle fire. We were standing in a trench in front of the P. C. and the shrapnel was falling all around us, when a message came from Major Rowe by Pvt. Cross saying, that the Germans had crossed the river at day-light and that he could not locate any of the French troops on our right, but that they were holding the lines, and would until he received orders to fall back. He, also said, "Colonel, we are weary, but happy." And, from that time on I have thought of those few words many a time "I am weary, but happy" which has meant a lot to me in my travels. When I think of those few words it makes one forget all his fears and go on feeling happy. At about 1 o'clock the afternoon of the 15th, a German airplane came over and dropped a bomb in the trench right in front of the P. C. door, where I was standing, killing nine of our brave boys and wounding seven. How I missed being wounder, or killed, I cannot understand.

The Colonel said, "Well, they have us spotted, so we had better move." Which we did. The Colonel said, "We will move back to St. Eugene," So, the officers left me. I dressed a couple of the wounded boys and carried them into the dugout, and left them to be picked up by the Red Cross boys, whom I told, as I passed the Red Cross station, which was on my way to the new P. C. at St. Eugene. It was very nice there as they did not seem to have the range on that certain house in which we were, but they played all around it. On the morning of the 16th we received a message from the 2nd Bn. stating there were Germans still in the little town called Moulins. So about noon, the Colonel said, "Well, Sergeant, we will go down and see for ourselves." And, we did. After we had gone through artillery fire all the way through Crezancy and Paroy, where he got two more men to go with me, he said, "Now, we will find out." And, believe me, we did find out. As soon as we reached the old mill, in the very outskirts of town, we saw another patrol coming up on the other side of the creek, and, it was there, we got a German officer, and a private. As soon as the rest of them saw us, they opened machine gun and rifle fire on us, and when the Colonel saw this, he stood straight up on the railroad track and motioned for us to return, which we did, as we had gotten our day's ration of Germans, and, it was from this officer, we received valuable information. The Colonel said, "Well, boys, we know now that there are still Germans this side of the river, so we will proceed back to the P. C." which we did. When the Colonel called up the General, and told him of his trip, the General gave him a bawling out for taking the chances of going up there and getting killed, for he was a Colonel that one could not replace.

When orders came the 21st we started our drive. We did not stop at the Marne, but kept on going until there were no Germans this side of the Vesle river, but, it was gained after a very hard fight. It was on this river, that our relief came, and believe me, it was a time when we were happy, for we were pretty well tired out after our hard battle. We had to hold the banks of the Marne. We then went back to Crezancy where we stayed a couple of days until we received orders that we would go back to a rest camp which sounded good to us. So, then we loaded on a train and proceeded back for a good rest to a small town called Demange, which was a pretty little burg, but, when only there twelve days, we received orders to proceed again to the front, and it was when we were relieved from the Vesle, that we lost Col. McAlexandrie. So, now, Col. Adams was our commander, a man that this regiment would go through hell for. He is a man with men. When we started for the front this time, we hiked and it sure was some hike, too. It only took us about seven nights to make it. It was to the St. Mihiel sector on corps reserve.

The first night stop we made in a little town called Mitigney, rested one day and was off again at night, as all our hiking was done then at night, so, the Germans could not tell of our movements, and, we also had to remain under cover during the day. The next stop was made in a woods not far from Vaquellers and all the rest were made in woods up until the last day, when we received orders that the Germans were retreating. Then we hiked by day and camped in the open fields all the rest of the time we were at the St. Mihiel sector, which was only four days. Then we were ordered to the Argonne-Meuse on the Verdun front, which gave us another hike of seven nights. It was one that we did not enjoy, it rained nearly every night. But, at last, we arrived in the woods again, the same as usual, near a little town called Epicourt where we remained only two days, and then we were off for the front once again. We hiked for three nights and at last found ourselves in a valley, not far from Mt. Foulcon, and only three kilometers from the front. The next day we marched to the front in day light and before we had relieved the regiment that was on the lines, about twenty German airplanes came over and began throwing hand grenades out at us. Believe me, we sure hit the dirt but there were five of them that forgot to go back, as everybody opened fire on them, and brought down five to their credit. During the rest of the time at that front they steered high, for they saw they had a bunch that were not a bit afraid. But, when we started to advance, we had to fight for every inch of ground we gained, for all we could hear or see, was machine guns. But the machine guns did not stop this regiment.

I was sleeping in a little shack in the woods when Fritz opened up one night, and a shell hit about one hundred feet away, and the pieces flew through the side, and just went over me, leaving the splinters lying all over me. So I considered it about time to move while moving was good. It was a front where there was plenty of artillery fire and a lot of bombing during the nights, but we made our advances and reached our objectives.

On the 27 of October our relief came. So, we said to ourselves, "Here's where we get another rest." We then started hiking back which took us three nights until we reached a little town called La Bauchon where we remained until the 14th day of November, when we started our march to the Rhine.

It was a beautiful trip as the weather could not have been any better. We saw some very pretty sights and some that would bring sorrow to your heart. Every now and then we would hear boys say, "Oh, I am glad that my mother and sister never had to go through this war as some of the poor women and girls of France," who were held prisoners during the four years of war. We sure got a warm reception coming through the old French villages that had Germans in for so long. All along the hike, wherever we stopped we were treated fine. When we stopped in Luxemburg, in a little town called Ettringe, near Mondorf, the people treated us as though we were their sons or brothers, quite to our surprise, as the French all said, they would spit at us as we passed by. But we have that yet to see. When we left Luxemburg and crossed the border into Germany we could see no difference, and we have not up to this day.

The first stop we made for a rest in Germany was in a little town called Biebinhime near St. Goar, a very beautiful town on the banks of the Rhine river, and it also was a place that had history to it. There were castles built back as far as 1200, and to see the towns across the river all lighted up at night, was one grand sight, and to see the boats running up and down the river all lighted up. Believe me, it made me think of being back in the States again. We remained there only four days, when orders came to travel farther into Germany. So, we were off again. We hiked all one day along the Rhine river, which was a very pleasant day of hiking, for it was one grand scenery after another, so the day passed by very fast. We passed through a very pretty town on the banks of the Rhine and Mosel river, called Coblenz, where the 3rd Army Headquarters is located. We reached a small town that evening just six kilometers from Coblenz, called Reunbach, where we stayed that night, and then we were off again the next morning to our destination, which we reached after a twenty kilometer hike that day, and a place, which we were all glad to see. We had begun to feel pretty tired after our long hike from France, which took us about a month. But, it was a trip that I would not take anything for. I saw a lot, and also learned a lot. I saw things which I did think COULD NOT BE but there is nothing impossible now-a-days, over here. Things come up every day, which one would think could not happen. The town in which we are stationed is a very pretty place. It is surrounded by hills, and is of a fairly good size. The name of this pretty little place is Niedermending and the reason it is called Niedermending is that there is another little town about two kilometers from here, which is called, Obermending, and nieder means larger, so that is the reason they call it the name they do.

I am billeted in one of the finest homes in town with a woman by the name of Mrs. Von Olfen, who has a husband in the hospital. He received a wound at the front last April, and just the other day she received a letter from him stating that he had to have his leg taken off, which one can see a great deal of over here. It is either a leg, or an arm off, and some times we see them with both legs off, which sure looks hard. Many of our boys have received wounds, which they will never get over, but we must expect it in a time like this.

I spent my Christmas in this pretty little town, but it was not a very happy one, as most of us were thinking of home, and our loved ones in the States. We are living in hopes that by next Christmas we may be home. This is no place for me. Two days after Christmas I was taken down sick, and had to go to bed, where I had to remain for nine days, and I am not able to go out yet, and do not know when I will be able to go out again, but hope it is not long, for I sure get the blues lying around. The woman where I am staying sure treats me fine, and I surely appreciate all she does for me. I am afraid I never will be able to repay her for all she has done.

We have no idea when we will be returning for this happens to be a regular outfit, so we will be liable to stay here for some time yet. So, here is wishing the people at home, and the people of Unionville, the best of wishes and good luck, I remain, your son and friend with the Colors Somewhere in Germany,

SGT. ORA E. LUTHER,
Hdq. Co. 38th Infantry, A. E. F.
A. P. O. 740.

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There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and for years it was supposed to be incurable. Doctors prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Medicine, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is a constitutional remedy, is taken internally and acts thru the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. One Hundred Dollars reward is offered for any case that Hall's Catarrh Medicine fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

For Indigestion

Constipation, Sick Headache, Biliousness, Bloating, Sour Stomach, Gas on the Stomach, Bad Breath—you will find nothing better than that wholesome physic—

FOLEY CATHARTIC TABLETS

Never disappoint. Take one tonight and feel better in the morning.

George Jenner, San Antonio, Texas: "Foley Cathartic Tablets have proven to be the best laxative I ever have taken and I recommend them for constipation and biliousness."

L. I. WOOD & COMPANY

UNITED STATES WILL NOW TRY EXPERIMENT OF PROHIBITION

Astonishing Action of an Individualistic People With a Strong Sense of Personal Liberty Is Brought About by Lessons of the Great War—Additional Legislation Planned to Enforce New Law—Will "Wets" Contest?—Ratification Details.

The United States of America has entered upon the tremendous social experiment of national prohibition of the manufacture, sale and use of alcoholic drinks. There will be abundant time to give the experiment a fair test since the prohibition is by constitutional amendment. To all appearances this mandate by the American people against the use of alcohol is intended to be absolute and final. We have written it into organic law—into magna charta—in the form of the eighteenth amendment to the Constitution of the United States.

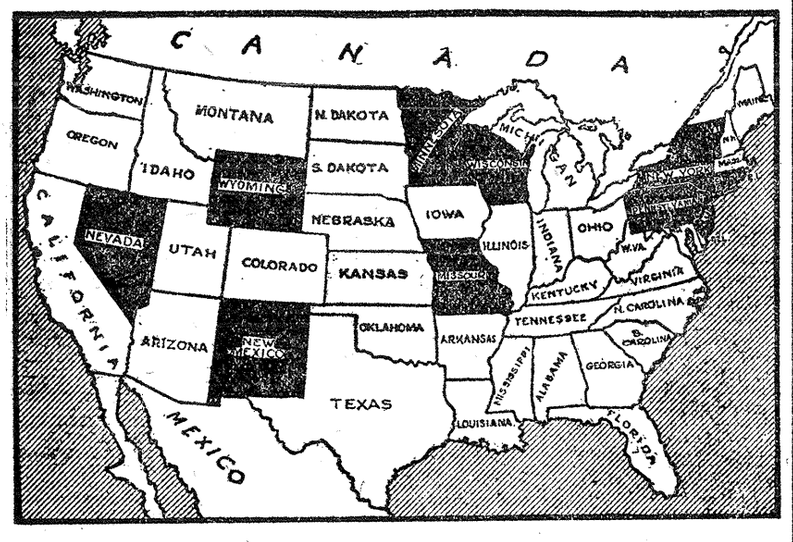
The experiment is a tremendous departure from previous tendencies of the American people. We are an individualistic people, with a strong sense of personal liberty. Yet here we have set out to regulate personal habit, not by statute, but by constitutional amendment.

And the manner of the passing of this constitutional amendment is quite as remarkable as the amendment itself. Action on the seventeen previous amendments to the Constitution has taken between nine months and forty-three months, an average of about two years. The resolution providing for this eighteenth amendment was passed by congress December 17, 1917. On January 16, 1919, its ratification by the states is accomplished.

What has brought about this ratification so quickly? Obviously the National Prohibition party has had practically nothing to do with its accomplishment. The answer evidently is that the war has brought it about.

Prohibition is both an economic question and a moral question. The war set the American people to looking at prohibition from both viewpoints. We got accustomed to the thought that grain was better eaten as food than swallowed as liquor, inasmuch as we were told that food would win the war. We saw what the enforced sobriety of military service did physically, mentally and morally for young men who had indulged in liquor in peace times.

Some of our allies got into the war in a hurry because they had to—Belgium and France to save their lives, Great Britain to save its national honor. America took its time—a long time—and gradually worked itself up to the determination to fight. Doubtless much consideration of prohibition was a part of this slow process. So that when the opportunity came the states of the Union went over the top just about as the American marines and doughboys did in the Argonne.



Map Showing in White First 36 States Ratifying Eighteenth Amendment.

Text of Amendment.

Following is the full text of the prohibition amendment on which state legislatures are voting:

JOINT RESOLUTION PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES.

Resolved by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America, in congress assembled, two-thirds of each house concurring therein, that the following amendment to the Constitution be, and hereby is, proposed to the states to become valid as a part of the Constitution when ratified by the legislatures of the several states as provided by the Constitution:

Section 1—After one year from the ratification of this article the manufacture, sale or transportation of intoxicating liquors within, the importation thereof into, or the exportation thereof from the United States and all territory subject to the jurisdiction thereof for beverage purposes is hereby prohibited.

Section 2—The congress and the several states have concurrent power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

Section 3—This article shall be inoperative unless it shall have been ratified as an amendment to the Constitution by the legislatures of the several states as provided in the Constitution within seven years from the date of the submission hereof to the states by the congress.

CHAMP CLARK, speaker of the house of representatives.

THOMAS MARSHALL, vice president of the United States and president of the senate.

I certify that this joint resolution originated in the senate.

JAMES M. BAKER, secretary.

The amendment was passed by the senate on August 1, 1917, and passed by the house on December 17 of the same year. It was passed by the senate with the house amendments on December 18. The vote in the senate was 65 to 20 and in the house 282 to 128.

Ratification by the States.

The next step was ratification of this amendment by the states through their legislatures. This called for affirmative action by thirty-six states within seven years. Mississippi was the first state to ratify, both senate and house taking action January 8, 1918. Three other Southern states followed in January—Virginia, Kentucky, South Carolina. Then came North Dakota. Other states followed in the order named, Nebraska being the thirty-sixth and completing the ratification.

Maryland.	West Virginia.
Montana.	California.
Texas.	Washington.
Delaware.	Indiana.
South Dakota.	Arkansas.
Massachusetts.	Illinois.
Arizona.	North Carolina.
Georgia.	Kansas.
Louisiana.	Alabama.
Florida.	Iowa.
Michigan.	Colorado.
Ohio.	Oregon.
Oklahoma.	New Hampshire.
Idaho.	Utah.
Tennessee.	Nebraska.
Maine.	

While the amendment under its provisions does not become effective until one year from the date of its ratification, it seems likely that the country will become permanently dry July 1 next. This is the date on which the special war-time prohibition recently enacted by congress goes into effect. That law prevents the manufacture and sale of intoxicants for beverage purposes and remains in force until the demobilization of the nation's war armies is completed. Doubtless that emergency war-time measure will be effective over the several months that will elapse after July1 until the constitutional bone dry act, now adopted, becomes effective.

Additional Dry Legislation.

During the year following ratification congress and the several states will be called upon to pass legislation to enforce the amendment and to provide penalties for violations. It is probable a large force of agents under the direction of the commissioner of internal revenue will have to be appointed to enforce the law. Each state will have to provide machinery for the enforcement of the law in addition to the machinery provided by the federal government.

It is likely this additional legislation will be pushed through as fast as the days can push it. In some parts of the country at least they purpose to take full advantage of their victory.

For example, in Illinois a forecast of the Anti-Saloon league is this: In addition to the "search and seizure act" an act rigidly restricting the handling of liquor for medicinal, manufacturing, sacramental and scientific purposes; legislation covering doctors' prescriptions, which must be issued by a bona fide physician in writing, dated, diagnosing the illness and the purpose of its use; all railroad records of liquor shipments must be kept; drastic legislation regulating sale by druggists, with heavy penalty for violation.

The drys presumably will not confine their efforts to enforcing the law. They will doubtless take the question into politics of all kinds and make it an issue. They announce, for instance, in Chicago that they will ask all candidates for mayor to declare themselves on the strict enforcement of dry legislation. They will make it an issue in the spring campaign and will oppose any aldermanic candidate who does not toe the mark.

Will the Wets Contest?

Will the wets contest the legality of the whole proceeding from the start? They may. January 14 in San Francisco a court order was secured temporarily restraining Gov. William D. Stephens from signing the ratification of the amendment. It was indicated that similar action might be taken in certain other states. It was said at the office of the California Grape Growers' association that such action is possible in 12 other states. The states, according to the association, are: Arkansas, Colorado, Maine, Nevada, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Oregon, Utah, Washington, Missouri and Nebraska.

In these states, it was said, all legislative actions can be, under the law, referred to the people, and that in many of them the people have 60 days in which to take a referendum.

Anti-Saloon League.

The dry side of this legal proposition is thus set forth by the Anti-Saloon league:

"Article V of the federal Constitution provides that the legislature or a state convention is the only body which can ratify an amendment to the Constitution. Congress is given the power to say which one shall have the authority. Congress had chosen the state legislatures as the bodies to ratify the federal prohibition amendment. A state referendum therefore would be illegal and void."

The Anti-Saloon League of America has probably had more to do with bringing about prohibition then any other one agency. It was founded in 1895 and is nonpartisan and nonsectarian. Its purpose is the extermination of the beverage liquor traffic. It is a coalition of the Anti-Saloon League of the District of Columbia, the Anti-Saloon League of Ohio and 45 other national, state and local temperance bodies. It has branches in all states. It is expected to have an active part in providing legislation for the enforcement of prohibition under the eighteenth amendment.

It is possible that the wets may also attack the legality of the action of congress. By some the view is held that the amendment was not properly submitted to the states by congress; that it was adopted by two-thirds of a quorum present and voting, whereas according to the Constitution it should have been adopted by two-thirds of all members elected. If the resolution submitting the amendment were to be declared unconstitutional it would lead to much questioning, for virtually all of the amendments to the Constitution have been adopted by a two-thirds vote of the members present rather than a two-thirds vote of all members elected to congress.

Amendments of the Past.

The first national prohibition amendment was proposed by Senator H. W. Blair of New Hampshire as early as 1876. It provided for the prohibition of the manufacture, sale, importation and exportation of spirituous distilled liquor for beverage purposes. He introduced such a bill nine times between 1876 and 1896; in 1886 he changed it to include all alcoholic liquors.

Senator John D. Works of California introduced into the senate in 1914 a bill providing for the prohibition of spiritous liquors, excluding wines and beers. It received no support from the national prohibition advocates.

December 19, 1913, Congressman Hobson of Alabama introduced the famous "Hobson resolution." The original resolution placed the enforcement of the law in the hands of the national government, but it was so amended as to divide the responsibility between the state and federal governments, in order to secure the support of certain advocates of "states' rights." The original resolution was amended eight times by Hobson himself and was finally voted on December 22, 1914, receiving 197 votes, 258 being necessary to carry through the house. It never came to a vote in the senate.

When Does Prohibition Prohibit?

Senator Morris Sheppard of Texas, author of the amendment, holds that national prohibition will go into effect

Senator Morris Sheppard.

January 16, 1920, certification and announcement of ratification being merely a matter of form. It is needless to say that the wets do not accept this view and that effort to delay the formal proceedings will be made, preliminary to contesting the legality of the ratification.

At any rate, it is formally announced that such a contest will be made. It is likely that the wets rely more on the referendum proposition than on the question of vote

PUT MICHIGAN IN THE LEAD

Put Your Money in War Savings Stamps and Place State Where It Should Be Among the Leaders.

Michigan occupies a paradoxical position among middle western states in the War Savings campaign.

In the past five years its thrift habits, as shown by savings deposits in banks, have grown faster than any other state in the great middle valley. The year 1918 showed the total savings had increased 65.4 per cent over those of 1914. No other middle western state comes close to this figure of remarkable gain in wealth.

From this position—a just cause of pride—Michigan slips away to the foot of the ladder when a showing is made of the sale of War Savings stamps. According to figures compiled by the American Banker, a publication of standing in its field, the holding of stamps in Michigan is only $5.75 per capita, as against $14.54 for Ohio, $12.40 for Indiana, $12,32 for Iowa, $11.50 for Missouri, $10.42 for Wisconsin, and smaller totals for Illinois and Minnesota.

Michigan's total savings in 1914 were $96.18 per capita, and in 1918 $150.47.

"This shows," says Luman W. Goodenough, state chairman of the War Savings committee of Michigan, "that there is no field which offers so exceptional an opportunity as our own state. This state not only has prosperous farms and factories where the good wages paid are proverbial, but it has the saving instinct.

"Once the people of the state realize how good a medium of thrift War Savings stamps are, I have no doubt that our totals will show a gain that will be the surprise of the 1919 campaign. All we need is to get the current of public support with us."

Stamp Machines in West Michigan.

Grand Rapids.—War stamp selling machines, which worked so successfully in Detroit last year, are being distributed through western Michigan. They are similar to the cash boxes on the pay-as-you-enter street cars. The purchaser drops in a 25-cent piece, turns a crank, and the stamp drops out. Placed in stores, restaurants and banks, these machines pick up a surprising amount of coins. One department store in Detroit, at the campaign's height, averaged $700 a week per machine. Grand Rapids stores and other business concerns are putting them in rapidly.

Factory Societies Forming.

Detroit.—Probably the best organized industrial plant in the state for the war savings campaign is the Hudson Motorcar Company, with twenty-eight active War Savings societies in operation. Growth of the membership in these societies has been rapid. The Hudson campaign has been conducted with emphasis on the fact that not one is asked to join unless he does so of his own free will. Detroit's other industries—of which there are 1,000 employing over 100 men each—are swinging into line.

High School Campaign Going Well.

Lansing.—Lansing High school, which sold the largest per capita number of stamps last year, is going right after the prize again. It has in its auditorium a replica of the Atlantic ocean with ships bringing back American boys from Europe. Each division has a ship, and when one club gets its own ship in, it starts on its way back to tow in a smaller-powered sister ship. The rivalry spirit has been a winner.

New District Leaders.

Grand Rapids.—Western Michigan this year will be under new leadership in the War Savings campaign. Carroll F. Sweet, vice president of the Old National bank of Grand Rapids is at the campaign's head. He is co-director of the state with Luman W. Goodenough, state chairman. Carrol M. Emerson is assistant to Mr. Sweet. Western Michigan already is probably better organized than it was at the end of 1918.

Prohibition's Saving.

Lansing.—State officials believe the coming of prohibition will aid the sale of War Savings stamps. While Michigan is "dry," there has been a great deal of rum-running. It is interesting to note that the national liquor bill—$2,000,000 annually—would more than cover the year's quota of War Savings stamps, which is $1,600,000,000. With July 1st coming on, it is believed much of this cash will turn stampward.

Interurban Lines in Game.

Detroit.—The Detroit railway street car and interurban lines have undertaken the organization of their 4,500 employees into War Savings societies with unusual vigor. The street car men's union is co-operating, and there is a general "happy family" spirit about the campaign. The unit of organization is the car barn and its department.

Thousand Limit Club Grows.

Detroit.—You simply can't drive the Thousand Limit members away. A dozen or so of last year's members applied for re-membership this year before the committee could get around to invite them. The high interest and non-taxability of the stamps make them ideal investments for men and firms of large means.

Barry County Going Good.

Hastings.—Kellar Stem, the chairman who put Barry county in so prominent a place on the War Savings map last year, has started his campaign this year with characteristic energy. He has much the same working force.

WOULD REPLACE "HOME RULE" WITH CONTROL BY STATE LEGISLATURE

Amendment Proposed By Wets Aims to Deprive Counties of Voice On Liquor Question.

Lansing, Mich.—A number of new and novel features in the wine and beer amendment to be submitted by the wets to the voters of Michigan on April 7 have been brought to light at the capital by individuals who have been scrutinizing the proposed measure. It has been discovered that if adopted, the amendment, in addition to making saloons legal again, would also deprive counties of the right to vote upon the liquor question as was their privilege in the old days of local option.

"If the wine and beer amendment is adopted, local option will be repealed," declared Attorney Walter S. Foster.

"Saloons will be permitted after May 7 for the sale and keeping for sale of beer, wine, ale, porter and fermented cider. Breweries will be legal.

"The legislature will be deprived of the right to pass a new local option law giving a county a right to prohibit such liquors, and the people could not initiate such a law by petition.

"The legislature would be forbidden also to pass a home rule act giving cities or villages the right, even by popular vote, to prohibit the giving away, furnishing, importing or transporting of such liquors. The people would not be permitted, either, to initiate such a home rule act by petition. The only alternative is for the voters to defeat this proposed amendment when it comes up in April."

"DEMOS" AND G. O. P. IN HARMONY NOW FOR FIRST TIME IN YEARS

Both Line Up For Prohibition—"Demos" Swat Wine and Beer Bill.

Lansing, Mich.—Politicians who can remember the day when anything that was approved by the G. O. P. was damned by the Democrats, and vice versa, are marvelling at the spectacle presented to their gaze in the current campaign. For the first time within the memory of party patriarchs, the rival camps are in agreement upon some one issue—and the issue is prohibition.

Campaigners for the G. O. P., wherever opportunities offer, are pointing with much ostentation to the resolution endorsing prohibition enacted by the last state convention, while the democrats, with equal gusto, are swatting the proposed wine and beer amendment to be submitted in April by the wets. If the efforts of party workers count for anything, according to observers, the wine and beer bill is due to receive short shrift at the polls in the coming election.

"SPEED UP" TIP TO WOMEN WHO WOULD VOTE THIS SPRING

Lansing Officials Point Out That Time for Registration Will Be Ended in Few Days.

Lansing, Mich.—"Speed up!" This is the advice officials who have their habitat in the capitol building are offering these days to women of Michigan who desire to make their votes count on April 7, election day. While information is on tap that fair folk of the state by the tens of thousands have already had their names properly inscribed in the election books, it is being pointed out that there are still many women qualified to use the ballot who have not yet registered. Officials are reminding these individuals that only a few days are left in which to register.

"A woman may be registered by any city or township clerk on any day excepting Sundays and holidays up to and including March 22," declared Andrew B. Dougherty, deputy attorney general, quoting the law. "Provided, however, that in any city or township of less than 10,000 population, the clerk may receive such registrations up to March 29. Women should find out just what the time limits are in their community to be on the safe side.

"On Saturday, March 15, and on Saturday, March 22, and on such other days, not exceeding five, as shall be publicly designated by the city, village or township, board or council, the clerk will be at the place designated from 8 a. m. until 8 p. m. on each of said days for the purpose of making registrations. Public notice of the hours and places will be given.

When Marble Breaks.

To mend broken marble, mix some Portland cement with water to a very stiff paste. See that the edges of the marble are quite clean. Then put some cement on both sides, press together very lightly and tie until the cement has dried.

Truth Above All.

Truth is the secret of eloquence and of virtue, the basis of moral authority; it is the highest summit of art and of life.—Amiel.

Like to Be an Alligator?

Alligators have to be fed on meat, but they need no food from September 1 to May 1, for that is their hibernating season, when they do not eat at all. Alligator skins are used for making bags, suitcases, purses, belts, cushion covers, etc., and the teeth and bones are made into cuff links, paper knives, whistles and many forms of cheap jewelry and ornaments. It has been said that the state of Florida receives more than a million dollars a year from trade in alligators.

Cass City Bank....

of I. B. AUTEN
Established 1882

Capital, $30,000.00

Pays 4% Interest

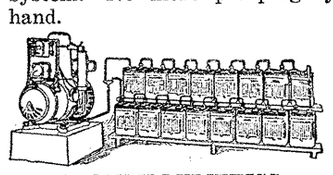
Money to loan on Real Estate.

Safety Deposit Boxes for Rent.

G. A. TINDALE, Cashier

DELCO-LIGHT
The complete Electric Light and Power Plant

Operates a complete pressure system. No more pumping by hand.



A. MUELLERWEISS,
Sebewaing, Mich.

NEW HOME SEWING MACHINES
MODELS OF PERFECTION.

PERFECTLY SIMPLE
SIMPLY PERFECT.

Needles, Oil, Belts and all kinds of Sewing Machine supplies, Repairing a specialty.

C. D. STRIFFLER, CASS CITY

Ambition

TIRED MEN and WOMEN who "feel old before their time," who are languid, have no energy and lack ambition—these are often sufferers from kidney trouble.

Weak, overworked or diseased kidneys are indicated by ambitionless, always tired, nervous condition, by sallowness of skin and puffiness under eyes, backache, stiff joints, sore muscles, or rheumatic pains.

Foley Kidney Pills

get right at the cause of suffering and misery, regulate the kidneys and bladder and restore to sound and healthy condition.

N. R. Reese, Dublin, Ga., writes: "I want to say I am better. Before I started to take Foley Kidney Pills I could not turn over in the bed I had such severe pain in my back and hips. I was so stiff I could not bend over and I had to get up at night five to six times. By taking Foley Kidney Pills I am up and able to go to work."

L. I. WOOD & COMPANY

RUSH TO REGISTER AS ELECTION NEARS

Women Give Evidence of Intention to Be At Polls In Force On April 7.

Lansing, Mich.—The nearness of March 22, the last day on which women will be permitted to register in towns and cities of more than 10,000 population, has witnessed a rush of fair folk to registration booths all over the state. The final pre-election flourish in cities and townships of less than 10,000, where registration will be permitted until March 29, is expected to take place during the coming week Almost a maximum registration of women is counted upon by leaders of the political parties who have been keeping tab upon the activities of the state's petticoated electors.

The reports gathered by these observers indicate that in most communities the women have signed up in force. At Pontiac the number who have registered is estimated at 90 per cent; in Charlotte 80 per cent; in Jackson 60 per cent; in Alma 90 per cent; in East Lansing 90 per cent; in Adrian approximately 2500; in Marshall 65 per cent; in Battle Creek 50 per cent; in Big Rapids 90 per cent; in Ann Arbor 70 per cent; in Lansing 50 per cent; in Kalamazoo 4,308; in Ypsilanti 75 per cent; in Belding 75 per cent; in Greenville 60 per cent; in Wyandotte 65 per cent; in Ionia 70 per cent; in Mt. Clemens 75 per cent; in Manistee 65 per cent; in Ludington 10 per cent; in Iron Mountain 65 per cent; in Menominee 75 per cent; in St. Joseph 60 per cent; in Sault Ste. Marie 80 per cent; in Albion 70 per cent; in Hillsdale 80 per cent and in Mt. Pleasant 75 per cent.

In all cases the moving force has been reported to be the desire of the women to register votes against the wine and beer saloon amendment to be submitted by the wets on April 7.

MAKE FARMER "GOAT" IN WET AMENDMENT

Wine and Beer Measure Would Require Makers of Cider to Procure License.

Lansing, Mich.—Complications are forseen for the Michigan farmer who has made a practice of pressing his apples into cider if the wine and beer amendment is accepted at the polls in April. Attorneys who have been inspecting the proposed amendment in the hope of finding "a nigger in the woodpile," declare they have located the Etheopian in the form of a clause in the amendment which would make it necessary for the farmer, if the wine and beer amendment is approved, to obtain a license if he would manufacture cider.

"Although nicely covered with verbiage, a brief examination reveals an apparent attempt of the wets to get even with the farmer for his heavy dry vote of two years ago," asserts Attorney Walter S. Foster, "for the passing of the wine and beer amendment would be of great financial advantage to the brewers as curtailing competition with cider as a beverage

"By natural processes, cider soon becomes a fermented beverage within the legal meaning. The supreme court long ago laid down the rule that it need not be intoxicating to be fermented. Everybody knows that cider turns into vinegar by fermentation.

"The proposed wine and beer amendment says the legislature shall license the manufacture and license and regulate the sale of fermented liquors. Hence every person who makes cider in the least fermented, and especially if extensive fermentation is permitted for vinegar purposes, even for home use, will be required to obtain a license, and probably give a bond. Compliance would have to made also, in all probability, with rules laid down by the legislature for the sale of cider and vinegar."

CATHOLIC CHURCH NOT FOR WINE AND BEER

Correction Is Made of Reports Circulated Through State By Liquor Interests.

Lansing, Mich.—Reports, said to have been circulated by emissaries of the liquor interests, which attempt to convey the impression that the Catholic church in Michigan is giving its support to the wine and beer amendment, have been branded as falsehood by clergy of the Roman denomination.

"The Catholic church is not giving its support to the wine and beer amendment," declared a representative of the denomination, who preferred that his name be witheld. "In fact it is taking no part whatsoever in the campaign. There is no truth in reports which would have the public believe otherwise."

It was found before the denial was issued that liquor interests promoting the wine and beer amendment were endeavoring in many sections of the state to secure support for their measure by capitalizing religious prejudices.

AMERICA NO PLACE FOR THE PESSIMIST

Secretary of the Treasury Glass Says These Should Be Days of Rejoicing, of Confidence and High Resolve.

"A thing difficult of understanding is the reactionary spirit which, in some quarters, seems to have seized hold of American business," declared Secretary of the Treasury Glass in a recent interview on the coming Victory Liberty Loan. "It manifests itself in a gloomy and pessimistic view of the future in no way justified by conditions, present or discernible, and in a disposition to cavil at the further expenditures the government is under the necessity of making in order to liquidate the war."

Secretary Glass declared he saw no reason whatever for dark foreboding. On the contrary, he was firm in the belief that these should be days of rejoicing, of confidence and high resolve.

"America is the least injured of any of the nations which took active part in the death grapple with autocracy on the soil of France and Flanders," he continued. "Except for the 60,000 who gave up their lives and the thousands who are returning, maimed or wounded, the United States has made no real sacrifice.

"Is the American spirit less courageous than the spirit of the French or the Belgians? France, sorrowing but undaunted, has set about to repair the wreck the ruthless invaders wrought, and refuses to view the future darkly. Belgium, stripped of all save honor, looks forward to the day when a greater nation will arise on the ruins of the old. Shall America, then, bend and groan under the imaginings of a burden which it should bear lightly, if felt at all?

"The coming issue of government bonds has been designated the Victory Liberty Loan. It seems to me that it might well be termed also the Thanksgiving Loan, for if people had cause for Thanksgiving, we are that people.

"Those Americans who today are among the carpers and quibblers are not worthy of the name of Americans. They are not worthy the boys they sent forth to make, if need be, the supreme sacrifice that liberty might live.

"Now that the coming of peace has restored their sons to them, will they tighten up their purse strings and adopt an attitude which seems to say, 'The war is over; I did my part while the fighting was in progress, and now let the government go hang.' I do not think so. I believe that when the next loan is offered they will understand its necessity and will gladly meet its requirements."

——HELP "FINISH THE JOB."——

LET US DO OUR SHARE

Put the Finishing Touches to the German Dream of World Conquest—It Takes Money to Hold the Obsequies of Kaiserism.

Here is a good answer for the fellow who says: "I bought the bonds of the previous loans, but why should I save and buy more?"

The answer is concerned with sickness and death. Fortunately, the disease is the German dream of world conquest, and the funeral is that of the kaiser's ambitions.

Now, in the average American home, where sickness and death befall, the head of the family first pays for physicians, medicines and nurses. But when he has gone thus far, he does not stop. He cannot. He must go on and call in the undertaker. He must finish the sad business.

And so it is in the family of nations. We have been stricken with war—and now we must pay for it. Happily, the corpse, as has been said, is the German ambition. The United States and our allies must pay for the funeral.

The first, second and third Liberty loans brought together and trained the army of physicians and nurses that was to combat the disease. The fourth loan transported them to the house of sickness and carried them through to the deathbed of Prussian autocracy. But we still have to pay the last bills of imperialism's passing and the laying away of that dread corpse has been an unavoidable expense.

The man who says: "I bought the other bonds but I'll be darned if I'll save now to buy more," is as illogical as a father who would say: "I paid for the doctor and nurses and the medicines, but I'll be darned if I'll have a funeral."

Let us do our share in helping along the obsequies of kaiserism. It will be the best investment any of us can make.

——HELP "FINISH THE JOB."——

IS THERE A DOUBTING THOMAS?

Is there any man in this country who is afraid to buy Victory Liberty bonds? Is there anyone who fears that he may not get his money back?

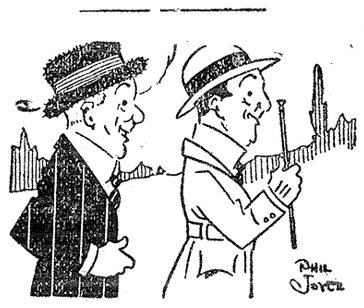
If there is, he would do well to peruse the following table, which Uncle Sam has prepared for him, showing the worth of each of the important nations in the war, together with the total of their natinal debts:

	Estimated national wealth.	Present national debt.
Great Britain	$80,000,000,000	$36,675,000,000
France	65,000,000,000	23,000,000,000
Russia	40,000,000,000	25,400,000,000
Italy	25,000,000,000	7,000,000,000
Japan	28,000,000,000	1,300,000,000
Germany	80,000,000,000	33,000,000,000
Austria-Hungary	25,000,000,000	20,000,000,000
United States	250,000,000,000	18,000,000,000

Any Doubting Thomas after reading that table, will readily appreciate that United States governments bonds offer the safest investment in the world.

Historic Spot for Wounded.

Where Revolutionary soldiers stood looking across the Hudson and watched the British evacuating New York in 1783; where Robert Fulton worked on a screw propeller for steam vessels in 1807; where leading royalists and their ladies, and later the forefathers of the nation gathered in many a brilliant social mansion at Castle Point, Hoboken—American soldiers wounded in the great war will be nursed back to health. The beautiful old home was offered to the government several months ago by Richard Stevens, and military authorities have just taken it over formally. William Bayard, familiarly known as "Weeping Willy," a royalist, owned the land and Castle Point when the Revolutionary war started. He retired from the country and the property was confiscated. In 1784 John Stevens, who had served as a colonel in Washington's army, bought it. Since that time Castle Point and the mansion have been in the hands of the Stevens family.



SOMETHING MORE.

"The staff of life is all very well."

"Well?"

"But most of us want a swagger stick now-a-days."

Jazz Music Gets Recruits.

"Do you know what gets recruits?" asked Commander W. T. Conn of the U. S. S. Recruit, the wooden battleship in Union square, the other day, according to Karl K. Kitchen's New York letter in the Cleveland Plain Dealer. "I'll tell you in one word—jazz. I have watched a good many recruiting meetings and I have found that the young men are more stirred by the jazz music of our ship's band than they are by the 'Marseillaise' or 'The Star-Spangled Banner.' They will stand with bared heads during the playing of our national anthem, but 'The Strutters' Ball' or 'The Shimmie Schnabble' will send them scurrying up the side of the ship to our recruiting officers. There is something about jazz music that gets under their skin. It seems to have a greater effect upon their emotions than any other kind of music."

The World Has Moved On.

There was once a pathetic ballad in which the lines "It was ten years ago when the belle of the village gave her hand to the young millionaire" were the presage to much future misery. If it were written today the prophecy would be for the belle to be in the munition factory and the young millionaire doing heroic deeds for the safety of democracy. Such is the forward movement of the world.—Seattle Post-Intelligencer.

The Once Over.

Life is a book. Read it carefully, for you can only read it once.—Boston Transcript.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

(Official).

Regular meeting held on the 6th day of January, 1919.

Meeting called to order by President Schenck.

Roll called and Trustees Pinney, Dailey, Tindale, Sandham and West present.

Minutes of previous meeting read and approved.

Report of Committee on petition to place street lamp at north end of Downing state that placing of lamp at north end of Downing street is not feasible and recommended that lamp be placed at Main and Downing Sts.

Moved by Tindale seconded by Sandham that report of committee be accepted and adopted. Carried.

The following bills and accounts were read and referred to committee on bills and accounts:

W. R. Kaiser, salary 12-15 to 12-31	$ 35.00
William Davidson, salary 12-15 to 12-31	35.00
Basil Hartsell, salary 12-15 to 12-31	35.00
Mat Gulick, labor	12.38
W. N. Straube, salary Dec.	125.00
Mike Seeger, labor	21.25
John Kline, labor	7.50
A. C. Farrell, salary 12-15 to 12-31 $12.50; postage 54c	13.04
Cass City Chronicle, stmt 12-31	1.80
Robert Gage Coal Co., car of coal	187.30
A. T. Knowlson Company, Inv. 12-27	21.80
F. H. Hainert & Son, Inv. 11-26	4.51
Fabric Hose Co., Inv. 11-18	162.98
McMaster Carr Supply Co., Inv. 1-2 19	5.29
The Electric Supply Co., Inv. 12-26	3.70
Travelers' Insurance Co., advance premium	161.48
Total	$833.03

Finance Committee report favorably as bills as read.

Moved by Pinney seconded by Dailey that bills be allowed and orders drawn on Treasurer for same. Carried.

Clerk requested to present bill to Gordon Hotel for $62.50 as refund for quarter's rent paid for rest room.

Trustee West excused.

Moved by Pinney seconded by Dailey that bill of Geo. L. Hitchcock be reduced from $100 to $40. Carried.

Moved by Dailey seconded by Pinney that water rate for garages be $10.00 per annum.

Rate for 8-hour lawn service between 6 a. m. and 8 p. m. be $15 per annum.

Rate for refrigerator service be $5 per annum. Carried.

Moved by Sandham seconded by Tindale, that advance premium for Travellers' Insurance for indemnity insurance be paid. Carried.

Moved by Sandham seconded by Tindale Council adjourn.

A. C. FARRELL,
Village Clerk.

P. A. Schenck, Village Pres.

Special meeting held on the 10th day of January, 1919.

Special meeting called by President Schenck to consider ways and means of caring for influenza.

Meeting called to order by President pro tem Pinney

Roll called and Trustees Pinney, Dailey, Schiedel, Tindale, Sandham, and West present.

Health officer, Dr. F. L. Morris, was present and stated that several cases of influenza existed in the Village of Cass City and advised quarantine as directed by State Board of Health be enforced.

Moved by Dailey seconded by Tindale that the schools, churches, theaters, and pool rooms be closed and that all public gatherings be prohibited until Monday, Jan. 20, 1919.

Moved by Pinney seconded by Schiedel that the above motion be amended, that the schools be opened under the supervision of a nurse to report cases of influenza

Vote on amendment. Ayes—Pinney, Sandham, Schiedel. Naes—Tindale, West, Sandham.

Vote on original motion. Ayes—Tindale, Dailey, West. Naes—Pinney, Sandham, Schiedel

Moved by Dailey, seconded by Tindale, that the schools, churches, theaters and pool rooms be closed and all public gatherings be prohibited until Monday, Jan. 20 unless otherwise ordered by Council. Motion Carried.

A. C. FARRELL,
Village Clerk.

P. A. Schenck, Village Pres.

Adjourned special meeting held Jan. 17, 1919.

Adjourned special meeting called to order by President Schenck.

Roll called and Trustees Pinney, Tindale, Dailey, West present.

Village Marshal Kaiser reported that only (1) one case of influenza had been reported on Jan 17 and that many of the quarantined families would be released Jan. 18.

Moved by Pinney, seconded by Tindale that ban be lifted Jan. 20.

Ayes—Pinney, Tindale, West.

Naes—Dailey.

Motion carried.

Moved by Pinney seconded by Dailey Council adjourn. Carried.

A. C. FARRELL,
Village Clerk.

P. A. Schenck, Village Pres

Regular meeting held on the 20th day of January, A D. 1919.

Meeting called to order by President Schenck.

Roll called with Trustees Pinney, Dailey, Schiedel and Tindale present.

Minutes of previous regular and special meetings read and approved.

Trustee West took his seat.

Mr. Reip, representing the Standard Oil Co. spoke in favor of oiling streets with road oil.

Moved by Tindale seconded by Pinney that Trustee Schiedel be a committee to investigate use of road oil in other towns. Carried.

The following bills were read and referred to committee on claims and accounts:

W. R. Kaiser, salary 1-1 to 1-15	$ 35.00
Wm. Davidson, salary 1-1 to 1-15	35.00
B. Hartsell, salary 1-1 to 1-15	35.00
Wm. Glasby, labor	9.26
A. Brackenbury, labor	.75
A. C. Farrell, salary 1-1 to 1-15	12.50
Grand Trunk, fgt.	117.70
Grand Trunk, fgt.,	148.89
Electric Appliance Co., Inv. 1-14 19	3.48
General Electric Co., Inv. 1-9 19	4.90
Standard Oil Co., Inv. 1-14 19	16.70
Indian Run Coal Co., Inv. 1-18 19	113.58
Alert Pipe & Supply Co., Inv. 11-20 18	.52
Total	$533.28

Committee reported favorably on bills as read.

Moved by Pinney seconded by Dailey that bills be allowed and orders drawn on treasurer for same. Carried.

Clerk's report of collections of lights, supplies and water for month of November presented with treasurer's receipts for $1449.55 attached.

Moved by Dailey seconded by Pinney report be accepted and placed on file. Carried.

J. C. Corkins applied for electric light for residence known as Brooker property west of Village limits; he to assume all expense outside of city limits.

Moved by Pinney seconded by Tindale that same be referred to committee on lights and water. Carried.

Moved by Dailey seconded by Pinney Council adjourn. Carried.

A. C. FARRELL,
Village Clerk.

P. A. Schenck, Village Pres

Meeting held on the third day of February A. D. 1919.

Meeting called to order by President Schenck.

Roll called, Pinney, Dailey, Tindale, Sandham present.

Minutes of previous meeting read and approved.

The following bills and accounts were read and referred to Committee on finance:

W. R. Kaiser, salary 1-15 to 1-31	$ 35.00
Wm. Davidson salary 1-15 to 1-31	35.00
Basil Hartsell, salary 115 to 1-31	35.00
W. N. Straube, salary 1-1 to 1-31	125.00
M. Seeger, labor	4.13
John Krapf, labor	.90
M. Gulick, labor	1.50
S. Dodge, labor	6.00
Thos. Wilson, labor	4.50
Wm. Glasby, unloading coal	6.60
A. C. Farrell, salary 1-15 to 1-31 $12.50; postage 87c	13.37
Cass City Chronicle, stmt 1-30	8.39
Cass City Telephone Co., stmt 1-30	48.15
N. Bigelow & Sons, stmt 1-20	13.59
E. E. Dewey, fgt and ctg.	3.50
Lansing Co., Inv. 1-21	7.67
Standard Oil Co., Inv. 1-17	22.32
The Electric Supply Co., Inv 1-17 and 1-18	9.38
The Pittsburg & Ohio Mining Co., Inv 1-11	114.27
Total	$494.27

Committee reported favorably on all bills.

Moved by Pinney, seconded by Dailey that bills be approved and orders drawn on treasurer for same. Motion carried.

Moved by Pinney seconded by Tindale that village caucus be held Friday evening, February 14, 1919, at Council rooms for nominating village officers for ensuing year. Motion carried.

Moved by Pinney seconded by Sandham, that clerk purchase flag about 7-10 ft. Motion carried.

Clerk's report of light and water collections for December with treasurer's receipts for $1180.21 presented.

Moved by Tindale seconded by Dailey that report be accepted and placed on file. Motion carried.

Committee on furnishing lights for J. C. Corkins asked for more time. Granted.

Moved by Pinney, seconded by Sandham Council adjourn. Motion carried.

A. C. FARRELL,
Village Clerk.

P. A. Schenck, Village Pres.

Meeting held on the 17 day of February A. D. 1919.

Meeting called to order by President Schenck.

Roll called with Trustees Pinney, Schiedel, Dailey and Tindale present.

Minutes of previous meeting read and approved.

Clerk reported that a flag had been purchased. Report accepted.

H. Hyde appeared for Elkland Milling Co. to question amount of power bill for month of January. No action

Trustee West took his seat.

The following bills and accounts were read and referred to committee on finance:

J. H. Schultz Co., Inv. 1-23	$ 3.57
Grand Trunk R. R. system, fgt. Pro a 65	159.44
W. R. Kaiser, salary 2-1 to 2-15	35.00
Basil Hartsell, salary 2-1 to 2-15	35.00
Wm. Davidson, salary 2-1 to 2-15	35.00
A. C. Farrell, salary 2-1 to 2-15	12.50
Stanley McKenzie, unloading coal	3.44
Wm. Glasbury, unloading coal	11.18
G. W. West & Son, Inv. 2-17	14.60
Cass City Lumber & Coal Co., stmt 1-21	10.40
E. E. Dewey, fgt and ctg.	14.87
Grand Trunk R. R. system fgt.	106.45
Electric Appliance Co., Inv. 1-27	5.96
Frank C. Teal Co., Inv. 2-1	53.21
Burlingham Coal Co., Inv. 1-31	103.20
Indian Run Coal Co., Inv. 2-5	94.74
Frederic B. Stevens Co., Inv. 2-10	46.00
Total	$744.56

Committee reported favorably on bills as read.

Moved by Dailey seconded by Schiedel that report be accepted and orders drawn on Treasurer for same. Motion carried.

Committee on furnishing electric light for J. C. Corkins for residence outside of village limits asked to report.

Committee on proposition of oiling streets reported that cost of oiling streets had proven favorable in nearly all cases and that State Highway Commissioner recommended calcium chloride for gravel streets as more satisfactory than road oil.

Moved by Pinney seconded by West that committee on general improvement draw a document and present same to the people who will be directly benefited, stating estimated cost and asking those directly benefited to contribute 50 per cent of entire estimated cost, the balance to be spread as general tax. Motion carried.

Moved by Tindale seconded by Dailey that the question of furnishing electricity at the village limits for persons living outside village limits be submitted to a straw vote of the electors on March 10, 1919.

Yeas—Dailey, West, Tindale.

Nays—Pinney, Schiedel.

President Schenck appointed H. D. Schiedel, H. F. Lenzner and L. I. Wood to act as election commissioners for village election March 10, 1919.

Moved by Pinney seconded by Dailey that village purchase a suitable road float to use on streets of village. Motion carried.

Moved by Dailey seconded by Pinney that Council adjourn. Motion carried.

A. C. FARRELL,
Village Clerk.

P. A. Schenck, Village Pres.

OFFICIAL PROCEEDINGS OF BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

OCTOBER SESSION, 1918.

Court Room, Caro, Mich., Oct. 14, 1918. 10 A. M.

The Board of Supervisors of Tuscola County, State of Michigan, met at the Court House, in the Village of Caro, in the said County of Tuscola, pursuant to the statute in such cases made and provided.

Board was called to order by Clerk F. W. Bowles, and the following members responded to roll call:

Akron—W. W. Briggs.
Almer—E. J. Darbee.
Arbela—C. W. McNeal.
Columbia—Wm. Hahn.
Denmark—Conrad Mueller.
Dayton—Andrew Haley.
Elkland—John Caldwell.
Ellington—John Hayes.
Elmwood—N. A. Perry.
Fairgrove—James Arnold.
Fremont—D. Stewart.
Gilford—Guy Hill.
Indianfields—J. H. Beckton.
Juniata—James Kirk.
Kingston—John Jeffery.
Koylton—Andrew Millikin.
Novesta—W. B. Hicks.
Tuscola—James McPherson.
Vassar—H. B. Tibbits.
Watertown—E. C. Robertson.
Wells—Jonathan Berry.
Wisner—George Whitfield.

Absent—Lewis McComb, on account of illness of son.

Moved by Sup. McPherson, supported by Sup. Darbee, that Sup. Beckton be chosen for Chairman of the Board of Supervisors; which motion carried unanimously and Sup. Beckton took the chair.

Moved by Sup. McNeal, seconded by Sup. Perry, that the meeting be adjourned until 2 o'clock this afternoon. Motion prevailed.

Afternoon Session.

Meeting called to order by Chairman J. H. Beckton with the quorum present.

Moved by Sup. Robertson, seconded by Sup. Haley, that the rules of the last meeting be adopted for this present session.

Motion prevailed.

Chairman Beckton announced the appointment of the committees as follows:

Ways and Means—E. C. Robertson, N. A. Perry and Lewis McComb.

Claims and Accounts—E. J. Darbee, John Jeffery and James McPherson.

Equalization—C. Mueller, James Kirk, E. J. Darbee, W. B. Hicks, E. C. Robertson, Guy Hill, Geo. Whitfield, John Caldwell, James Arnold.

To Settle With the County Clerk and County Treasurer—W. W. Briggs, C. Mueller and H. B. Tibbits.

State and County Taxes—James McPherson, Wm. Hahn, John Hayes.

Rejected Taxes—Geo. Whitfield, A. Millikin, D. Stewart.

To Settle With the Drain Commissioner—Guy Hill, Andrew Haley, Jonathan Berry.

Roads and Bridges—James Arnold, E. J. Darbee, John Hayes.

To Settle With the Superintendents of the Poor—W. B. Hicks, John Jeffery, D. Stewart.

County Buildings—Wm. Hahn, N. A. Perry, Andrew Haley.

County Printing—N. A. Perry, Wm. Hahn, A. Millikin.

County Officers' Salaries—C. W. McNeal, John Caldwell, James McPherson.

To Apportion Auto Taxes—James Kirk, John Hayes, A. Millikin.

After some discussion as to taking advantage of the good weather to take care of the crops it was moved by Sup. Kirk, seconded by Sup. McNeal, that the Board adjourn until 10 o'clock a. m., on Thursday, October 24.

Motion prevailed.

J. H. BECKTON,
Chairman.
F. W. BOWLES,
Clerk.

Court Room, Caro, Mich., Oct. 24, 1918.

The Board of Supervisors for Tuscola County met per adjournment of the 14th inst.

Meeting was called to order by Chairman J. H. Beckton.

Roll was called and the following were present:

Sups. Briggs, Darbee, Hahn, Haley, Mueller, Caldwell, Hayes, Perry, Arnold, Stewart, Millikin, Beckton, Hicks, McPherson, Tibbits, Robertson, Berry, Whitfield.

Absent—Sups. McNeal, Kirk, Jeffery and McComb.

Minutes of the last meeting were read and approved as read.

The following agreement was submitted and after an explanation by Mrs. V. M. Bristol, a representative of the Michigan Children's Home Society, it was moved by Sup. McPherson, seconded by Sup. Haley, that this agreement be entered into and that the Clerk be instructed to draw an order for the stated amount, $300.

Agreement entered into between the Board of Supervisors of Tuscola County, Michigan, and the Michigan Children's Home Society:

Whereas, the Michigan Children's Home Society, a Michigan corporation, with its principal office at St. Joseph, Michigan, is now at its own expense, caring for children who might otherwise be a public charge on this County, and

Whereas, the said Society agrees to continue taking care of such children so that the same will not be a public charge on the County, and

Whereas, the said Society is engaged in caring for children so that the same will not be a public charge on this County, and

Whereas, the said Society is engaged in taking care of children temporarily dependent, and for taking for adoption and permanently placing homeless children, in the event that the said children are under the full age of 12 years and not feeble-minded, which children might become public charges in this County;

Now, therefore, in consideration that the said Michigan Children's Home Society, continue to care for the children of this County which is now being cared for by it, and in consideration that the said Society takes for adoption such children as are herein mentioned, for the period of one year without expense to the County,

Be it Resolved, that as a partial payment for the expense incurred by the Michigan Children's Home Society, that this County pay to the said Michigan Children's Home Society the sum of $300.

Dated this 24th day of October, 1918.

J. H. BECKTON,
Chairman.
F. W. BOWLES,
Clerk.

MRS. V. M. BRISTOL,
Chairman of the Michigan Children's Home Society.

Motion prevailed by yea and nay vote as follows:

Yeas—Sups. Briggs, Hahn, Haley, Mueller, Caldwell, Hayes, Perry, Arnold, Stewart, Beckton, Millikin, Hicks, McPherson, Tibbits, Robertson, Whitfield. —Total yeas, 16.

Nays—Sups. Darbee and Berry. Total nays, 2.

Sups. McNeal, Hill, Kirk, Jeffery and McComb, absent.

Moved by Sup. Haley, seconded by Sup. Darbee, that the Board take a recess until 1 o'clock this afternoon.

Motion prevailed.

Afternoon Session.

Meeting was called to order by Chairman J. H. Beckton, with quorum present.

After instructing the committees as to their work it was moved by Sup. Robertson, seconded by Sup. E. J. Darbee, that the Board adjourn until 10 o'clock tomorrow morning.

J. H. BECKTON,
Chairman.
F. W. BOWLES,
Clerk.

Court Room, Caro, Mich., Oct. 25, 1918.

The Board of Supervisors for Tuscola County, Michian, met per adjournment of yesterday.

Meeting called to order by Chairman Beckton. The following Supervisors responded to the roll call:

Sup. Darbee, Hahn, Haley, Mueller, Caldwell, Hayes, Perry, Arnold, Stewart, Hill, Beckton, Kirk, Jeffery, Millikin, McComb, McPherson, Tibbits, Robertson, Berry, Hicks and Whitfield.

Absent—Sup. McNeal.

At the request of the Clerk the minutes of the last meeting were postponed until the afternoon session.

Report of Drain Commissioner.

The annual report of the Drain Commissioner was read by the Clerk as follows:

To the Board of Supervisors of the County of Tuscola:

Gentlemen—In compliance with the provisions of Sec. 7 of Chap. 11, of Act No. 254 of the Public Acts of 1897, I have the honor to submit my annual report as County Drain Commissioner of said County of Tuscola, covering the period from the first day of October, A. D. 1917, to the first day of October, A. D. 1918.

The following named drains were unfinished at the date of my last report, viz.: Krapf, O. C. Smith, Satow, F. B., V. C. C. M. S., Cedar Run, Fremont, S. O., Parks, Maxam, Hundley, White & Branch, Spring Creek, Flint River, Reid, Rounds, Spears, Reid Branch, Martin, Singleton Clg. (Cheboygan Creek and Joy Drains, joint with Saginaw and Bay Counties, also the Shebeon joint with Huron County), the Allen Ext. Impvt., McArthur and Daytona.

Of the above named drains the following is the condition of each at date of this report: Krapf, completed except a small portion on upper end; O. C., not quite completed; Smith, Satow and F. B., completed; V. C. C. M. S., almost done, Cedar Run, completed; S. O. and Parks, not quite done; Maxam, Hudley, completed; White and Branch and Spring Creek, not completed; Flint River, nothing done; Reid, Reid Branch and Rounds, completed; Spears, almost done; Martin, completed; Singleton Clg. and Hecht Clg., completed; McArthur, completed; Allen Ext. Impvt., about two-thirds done; Daytona, about one-third done; don't know much about the condition of the Cheboygan Creek, Joy and Shebeon drains, as they are located in the adjoining counties, and are under construction now. Fremont Drain, not accepted.

The following named drains were let during the year and their condition is about as follows:

Brand and Branch Drain in Arbela Township, not quite completed.

U. S. A. Drain, in Townships of Akron and Sebewaing, completed except R. R. culvert.

N. W. Drain, in Townships of Wisner, Gilford, Fairgrove, Denmark and Juniata, about one-quarter done with five dredges at work.

Partlo, in Akron Township, not completed.

Conger, in Wisner Township, completed but not yet accepted.

McDonald, in Townships of Wells and Dayton, completed.

Latimer, in Akron Township, not quite done.

Downing, in Akron Township, not completed.

Southgate Impvt., in Townships of Wisner, Akron and Fairgrove, about one-third done.

Butternut and Branches, Townships of Ellington, Wells and Kingston, about onehalf done.

Tracy Impvt., in Townships of Ellington and Novesta, about one-half done.

Norrington, in Township of Akron, not yet completed.

Frent, in Township of Akron, not yet completed.

M. H. C., in Townships of Koylton and Marlette, no work done yet.

The following applications were received during the year and were submitted to the several Township Boards, but were declared not necessary:

For locating a drain in Township of Akron, by John E. Covey and three others.

For locating a drain in Township of Fremont, by W. J. Williams and two others.

For extending, deepening and widening the Calkins Drain in Arbela Township, by J. G. Picket and 16 others.

For locating a drain in Tuscola Township, by Loren Van Cleve (Highway Commissioner), sent to Township Board; no return made by Board.

For locating a drain in Akron and Columbia Townships, by I. J. McCoy and 19 others.

For locating a drain in Fairgrove Township, by Frank Hinson and four others.

For locating a drain in Vassar Township, by John Baxter and eight others.

For locating a drain in Akron Township, by Theo Knickerbocker and six others.

For cleaning out the Weiss Drain in Denmark Township, by Fred Wirth and four others.

For the extension of the drain known as the extension of the Southgate Drain in Fairgrove Township, by James McAlpine and 13 others; sent to Township Board; return not made yet. (Later—Approved by Township Board.)

The following applications have been received and approved by the Township Boards.

For locating a drain in Columbia Township, by Joseph Comment and nine others; approved by Township Board and survey ordered.

For extending, straightening, etc., of the Wait Drain, joint with Sanilac County, by G. E. Krapf and four others: approved by County Drain Commissioners; nothing further done.

For deepening, widening, etc., of Wilson Drain, Township of Denmark, by Geo. Wilson and three others; no action taken on account of there not being a proper outlet until the N. W. Drain is completed.

For locating a drain in Koylton and Marlette Townships, by Alonza Spencer and two others. This is a joint drain with Sanisac County; no artion taken.

For locating a Drain in Township of Wells, by John V. Dykes and seven others; approved by Township Board; survey made and is now reany for letting.

For locating a drain in Township of Dayton, by A. A. Hunt and four others; approved by Township Board and survey made.

For locating a drain in Townships of Dayton and Fremont, by H. M. Underwood and six others; approved by Township Boards and survey made.

For deepening, widening, etc., of the Soper Drain in Township of Fairgrove, by D. C. Shreeve and seven others; approved by Township Board; survey made and nearly all the releases obtained.

For cleaning and extending the Rossman drain in Township of Kingston, by Jas. W. Rossman and four others; approved by Township Board; survey made and ready for letting.

For locating a drain in Township of Ellington, by H. L. Hiser and others; approved by Township Board; survey made and is now in Probate Court.

For Improvement of the Albertson Drain in Township of Fairgrove and Village of Akron, by Chas. Stacy and others; approved by Township Boards; survey made and is now being probated.

The following is an itemized statement of the estimated cost of the several drains let during the year.

Daytona Drain.

Survey and help	$ 50.00
Printing	16.80
Construction	2,018.40
Bridges	645.00
R. R. culvert	450.00
Per cent added	159.80
Total	$ 3,340.00

U. S. A. Drain.

Survey and help	$ 65.00
Printing	61.55
Condemnation and awards	654.20
Construction	3,840.20
Bridges	3,489.00
Per cent added	390.05
Total	$ 8,500.00

Partlo Drain.

Survey and help	$ 34.75
Printing	30.00
Construction	1,060.00
Per cent added	75.25
Total	$ 1,200.00

McDonald Drain.

Survey and help	$ 60.00
Printing	16.00
Construction	1,976.40
Bridges	345.00
Per cent added	102.60
Total	$ 2,500.00

Downing Drain.

Survey and help	$ 28.35
Printing	26.70
Construction	1,224.80
Bridges	240.75
Per cent added	79.40
Total	$ 1,600.00

Butternut and Branches Drain.

Survey and help	$ 952.40
Printing	93.85
Construction	45,189.60
Bridges	17,419.50
Per cent added	1,844.65
Total	$ 65,500.00

Brand and Branch Drain.

Survey and help	$ 121.71
Printing	25.00
Construction	4,236.84
Bridges	1,426.75
Per cent added	289.70
Total	$ 6,100.00

N. W. Drain.

Survey and help	$ 6,565.19
Printing	1,241.90
Construction	163,298.40
Bridges	116,841.25
Awards of damages	16,647.00
Per cent added	15,406.26
Total	$320,000.00

Conger Clg. Drain.

Survey and help	$ 99.47
Printing	40.00
Construction	1,500.96
Bridges	300.00
Per cent added	115.39
Total	$ 2,000.00

Latimer Drain.

Survey and help	$ 51.55
Printing	32.40
Construction	2,289.00
Bridges	160.00
Per cent added	131.05
Total	$ 2,664.00

Southgate Impvt. Drain.

Survey and help	$ 99.47
Printing	93.55
Construction	29,132.40
Bridges	11,929.00
Awards and exp.	335.69
Exp., Bd. of Review	46.70
Old orders and int. due	400.00
Per cent added	1,963.19
Total	$ 44,000.00

Tracy Improvement Drain.

Survey and help	$ 73.10
Printing	57.00
Construction	4,398.40
Bridges	2,023.00
Awards and exp.	122.95
Per cent added	325.55
Total	$ 7,000.00

Norrington Drain.

Survey and help	$ 34.24
Printing	32.55
Construction	2,520.00
Bridges	100.00
Per cent added	113.21
Total	$ 2,800.00

M. H. C. Drain.

Survey and help	$ 52.26
Printing	35.00
Construction	2,575.20
Bridges	650.00
Per cent added	287.60
Total	$ 3,600.00

Frent Drain.

Survey and help	$ 32.00
Printing	30.45
Construction	2,280.00
Bridge	50.00
Per cent added	107.55
Total	$ 2,500.00

Annual Report of the County Drain Commissioner.

The following is a financial statement of the several drains mentioned at this date:

	Bal. on Hd. Oct. 1, 1917	Cost of Drain	Amount Paid Out	Bal. on Hd. Oct. 1, 1918
Allen Extension Cleaning	$ 19,192.08	....	$ 9,873.50	$ 9,318.58
Brand and Branch	....	$ 6,100.00	141.82	5,958.18
Butternut and Branches	....	65,500.00	9,359.04	56,140.96
Center Line Improvement	393.28	....	91.54	301.74
Callan	94.45	250.00*	281.25	63.20
Cedar Run	2,101.30	600.00	2,505.20	196.10
Colts Creek	282.07	....	50.00	232.07
Conger Cleaning	....	2,000.00	92.20	1,907.80
Daytona	....	3,340.00	659.50	2,680.50
Downing	....	1,450.00	68.55	1,381.45
Fremont	7,127.53	....	5,442.20	1,685.33
F. B.	255.52	....	246.36	9.16
Frent	....	2,500.00	80.45	2,419.55
Gowing	454.00	....	342.00	112.00
Hack and Branch	154.50	....	54.50	100.00
Hundley	2,142.30	....	1,062.80	1,079.50
Hover	49.38	....	6.12	43.26
Hecht Cleaning	2,585.00	....	2,388.56	196.44
Kaven	61.47†	100.00*	....	38.53
Latimer	....	2,664.00	98.86	2,565.14
Martin	2,841.60	....	2,684.00	157.60
Maxam	402.71	....	315.39	87.32
Mathews, bal. in Tuscola Co.	334.56	....	330.00	4.56
McArthur	3,040.70	....	2,392.66	648.04
McDonald	....	2,500.00	2,219.40	280.60
M. H. C. (Tuscola)	....	1,260.00	33.40	1,226.60
N. W.	....	320,000.00	37,874.74	282,125.26
Norrington	....	2,800.00	84.79	2,715.21
O. C.	412.40	....	154.00	258.40
O. H. R.	23.00	....	7.50	15.50
Parks	735.67	....	395.00	340.67
Partlo	....	1,200.00	80.60	1,119.40
Reid	1,078.62	....	818.00	260.62
Rounds	2,973.21	....	2,788.96	184.25
Reid Branch	1,495.20	....	1,354.11	141.09
Southgate Improvement	....	44,000.00	11,015.76	32,984.24
Spencer	179.82	....	120.18	59.64
Satow	102.50	....	80.00	22.50
Smith	3,526.35	....	3,313.55	212.80
S. O.	13,664.85	....	7,506.80	6,158.05
Spring Creek	3,662.79	....	3,474.00	188.79
Spears	1,009.81	....	611.18	398.63
Singleton Cleaning	1,595.65	....	1,527.60	68.05
Tracy Improvement	....	7,000.00	595.45	6,404.55
U. S. A. (Tuscola)	....	4,250.00	3,796.15	453.85
V. C. C. M. S.	20,608.14	....	12,971.39	7,636.75
White and Branch	1,991.90	....	1,743.06	248.84

† Overdrawn: * By Re-assessment.

Dated this 23rd day of October, A. D. 1918.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

GEORGE HALL.

County Drain Commissioner of the County of Tuscola.

Moved by Sup. McPherson, seconded by Sup. Briggs, that the report of the Drain Commissioner be accepted and spread upon the records of the Board of Supervisors, which motion prevailed.

Report of Auditor General.

Reports of the Auditor General as to the apportionment of the State and County taxes was submitted.

AUDITOR GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Lansing, Mich., September 26, 1918.

To the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors of the County of Tuscola:

Sir—You are hereby notified that a State Tax has been apportioned to the Counties of the State according to the last returns of the aggregate valuation of taxable property therein made to this office, and as equalized and determined by the State Board of Equalization at their session in August, 1916.

The amount of State Tax apportioned to your County under various acts of the Legislature is as follows, to-wit:

	Col. No.	
University of Michigan—Sec. 1, Act 303, 1907	Col. No. 2	$ 9,150.00
University of Michigan—Sec. 2, Act 203, 1897	" " 3	26.14
University of Michigan—Sec. 29, Act 105, 1915	" " 4	117.64
University of Michigan—Sec. 3, Act 96, 1917	" " 5	1,525.00
Michigan Agricultural College—Sec. 1, Act 114, 1915	" " 6	4,880.00
Michigan Agricultural College—Sec. 5, Act 246, 1895	" " 7	8.71
Michigan State Normal College—Sec. 6, Act 204, 1913	" " 8	871.43
Michigan State Normal College—Sec. 4, Act 115, 1917	" " 9	2,052.22
Central Michigan Normal School—Sec. 5, Act 378, 1917	" " 10	897.57
Northern State Normal School—Sec. 4, Act 381, 1917	" " 11	732.00
Western State Normal School—Sec. 5, Act 107, 1915	" " 12	697.14
Western State Normal School—Sec. 4, Act 371, 1917	" " 13	1,633.93
Michigan College of Mines—Sec. 4, Act 374, 1917	" " 14	633.53
Kalamazoo State Hospital—Sec. 4, Act 380, 1917	" " 15	78.85
Michigan State Prison—Sec. 4, Act 57, 1917	" " 16	1,045.72
Michigan Reformatory—Sec. 5, Act 202, 1917	" " 17	871.43
The Industrial School for Boys—Sec. 5, Act 108, 1917	" " 18	1,324.57
The State Industrial Home for Girls—Sec. 4, Act 377, 1917	" " 19	871.43
Michigan Soldiers' Home—Sec. 3, Act 56, 1917	" " 20	1,960.71
Michigan School for the Blind—Sec. 4, Act 386, 1917	" " 21	557.72
Michigan Employment Institution for the Blind—Sec. 4, Act 363, 1917	" " 22	305.00
Michigan School for the Deaf—Sec. 5, Act 385, 1917	" " 23	915.00
State Public School—Sec. 4, Act 124, 1917	" " 24	566.43
Michigan Farm Colony for Epileptic Persons—Sec. 4, Act 383, 1917	" " 25	671.18
Michigan Home and Training School—Sec. 4, Act 372, 1917	" " 26	575.14
State Sanatorium—Sec. 4, Act 376, 1917	" " 27	348.57
State Board of Fish Commissioners—Sec. 5, Act 119, 1917	" " 28	508.12
Upper Peninsula Fish Hatchery—Sec. 4, Act 248, 1917	" " 29	21.78
Michigan State Library—Sec. 5, Act 81, 1917	" " 30	87.14
State Board of Library Commissioners—Sec. 3, Act 242, 1917	" " 31	47.93
Michigan State Library—Sec. 6, Act 120, 1917	" " 32	21.78
Michigan State Library—Sec. 3, Act 283, 1917	" " 33	13.07
Michigan Historical Commission—Sec. 10, Act 192, 1917	" " 34	130.71
State Board of Health—Sec. 5, Act 247, 1917	" " 35	65.36
State Board of Health—Sec. 5, Act 164, 1915	" " 36	34.86
State Board of Health—Sec. 5, Act 293, 1909	" " 37	175.80
Mackinac Island State Park Commission—Sec. 4, Act 382, 1917	" " 38	51.85
State Office Building—Sec. 4, Act 241, 1917	" " 39	1,742.86
Industrial Accident Board—Sec. 7, Act 235, 1917	" " 40	610.00
Rural Agricultural Schools—Sec. 18, Act 226, 1917	" " 41	87.14
County Schools of Agriculture—Sec. 10, Act 12, 1913	" " 42	69.71
State Board of Geological Survey—Sec. 4, Act 361, 1917	" " 43	217.86
State Board of Geological Survey—Soil Survey—Sec. 9, Act 373, 1917	" " 44	392.14
State Highway Department—Sec. 19, Act 177, 1917	" " 45	305.00
State Highway Department—Sec. 2, Act 169, 1917	" " 46	6,100.00
State Highway Department—Federal Aided Roads—Sec. 8, Act 99, 1917	" " 47	1,960.71
War Loan Sinking Fund—Sec. 7, Act 97, 1917	" " 48	2,178.57
Department of Labor—Sec. 37, Act 98, 1917	" " 49	566.43
Food and Drug Commissioner—Sec. 15, Act 263, 1917	" " 50	502.30
Salary of Superintendent of Public Instruction—Sec. 2, Act 9, 1909	" " 51	34.86
Salary Dept. Supt. Public Instruction and Assistants—Sec. 2, Act 22, 1917	" " 52	58.39
Public Domain Commission—Sec. 16, Act 151, 1917	" " 53	1,241.79
Michigan National Guard—Sec. 78, Act 157, 1915	" " 54	1,591.76
Michigan National Guard—Sec. 2 Act 7, 2nd Extra Session of 1912	" " 55	261.43
Michigan Naval Brigade—Sec. 36, Act 149, 1917	" " 56	489.77
Flint Armory—Sec. 4, Act 197, 1917	" " 57	261.43
Agricultural Fair Commission—Sec. 3, Act 140, 1917	" " 58	435.71
Salaries and Exp. Inheritance Tax Examiners—Sec. 19, Act 336, 1917	" " 59	86.97
Salaries and Exp. Secy. of Senate, Clerk of House—Sec. 3, Act 367, 1917	" " 60	57.52
Salaries of Supreme Court Clerks—Sec. 47, Act 375, 1917	" " 61	91.25
Salary of Supreme Court Crier and Assistant—Sec. 44, Act 314, 1915	" " 62	25.27
Joint Penology Commission—Sec. 15, Act 265, 1913	" " 63	17.43
Salaries and Exp. State Tax Commissioners—Sec. 2, Act 331, 1913	" " 64	104.67
Michigan State Training School for Women—Sec. 16, Act 259, 1917	" " 65	435.71
Michigan Budget Commission of Inquiry—Sec. 7, Act 193, 1917	" " 66	87.14
Tax for Prisons—Current Expense—Sec. 2, Act 150, 1917	" " 67	732.00
Tax for State Hospitals—Current Expense—Sec. 2, Act 30, 1917	" " 68	12,822.87
Tax for General Purposes—Sec. 1, Act 29, 1917	" " 69	11,527.48
Total State Tax		$79,371.63

You will cause the above to be laid before the Board of Supervisors of your County at their session in October, 1918.

Please acknowledge immediately the receipt of this notice.

Very respectfully,

ORAMEL B. FULLER, Auditor General.

Moved by Sup. Darbee, seconded by Sup. Mueller, that the report of the Auditor General be accepted and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Motion prevailed.

Moved by Sup. Haley, seconded by Sup. Hill, that a recess be declared until 1:30 p. m.

Motion prevailed.

Afternoon Session.

Called to order by Chairman Beckton. Quorum present.

Minutes of yesterday's meeting were read and approved as read.

Communications from the State Association of Supervisors as to meeting in February, was submitted and on motion by Sup. Hill, seconded by Sup. Jeffery, same was laid on the table until the January session.

Moved by Sup. Berry, seconded by Sup. McPherson, that the Board adjourn until tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

Motion prevailed.

J. H. BECKTON, Chairman.

F. W. BOWLES, Clerk.

Court House, Caro, Mich., Oct. 26, 1918.

The Board of Supervisors for Tuscola County, Michigan, met per adjournment of yesterday.

Called to order by Chairman J. H. Beckton.

The following Sups. were present

Briggs, Darbee, McNeal, Hahn, Haley, Mueller, Caldwell, Hayes, Perry, Stewart, Hill, Beckton, Kirk, Jeffery, Millikin, McComb, Hicks, McPherson, Tibbitts, Robertson, Berry and Whitfield.

Absent—Sup. Arnold.

Reading of the minutes was postponed until the afternoon session.

Report of Committee to Settle With the Drain Commissioner.

Report of the Committee to Settle with the Drain Commissioner was submitted by Sup. Hill as follows:

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors:

Gentlemen—Your committee to settle With the Drain Commissioner, begs leave to report that it has examined the books of that office and found them in good condition and correct according to the Commissioner's report.

GUY HILL,

ANDREW HALEY,

J. F. BERRY.

Moved by Sup. Darbee, seconded by Sup. Hicks, that the appointment of the Superintendent of the Poor, one School Examiner and three County Canvassers be made a special order for next Thursday a. m.

Motion prevailed.

Moved by Sup. Haley, seconded by Sup. Mueller, that a recess be taken till 2 o'clock.

Motion prevailed.

Afternoon Session.

Called to order by Chairman J. H. Beckton.

Quorum present.

Minutes of yesterday's meeting were read and approved as read.

Report of Committee on Claims and Accounts.

Claims and Accounts Committee reported as follows:

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors:

Gentlemen—Your Committee on Claims and Accounts beg leave to report that they have had under consideration the following claims and recommend that they be allowed as follows: Claims 1 to 17, except 15, held for further investigation.

Moved by Sup. Briggs, seconded by Sup. Arnold, that the report of the Committee on Claims and Accounts be accepted and that orders be drawn for the amounts as recommended.

Motion prevailed.

Certificates for bounties on hawks, weasles, owls, foxes, etc., from 2 to 226, were presented by the Clerk for investigation and it was moved by Sup. McNeal, seconded by Sup. Hayes, that the said certificates be allowed and that the County Treasurer be authorized to pay such certificates when presented.

Motion prevailed.

Moved by Sup. McPherson, seconded by Sup. Mueller, that the Board adjourn until Monday the 28th, at 10:30 a. m.

J. H. BECKTON, Chairman.

F. W. BOWLES, Clerk.

Court Room, Caro, Mich., Oct. 28, 1918.

The Board of Supervisors for Tuscola County met per adjournment of the 26th inst.

Meeting was called to order by Chairman J. H. Beckton.

The following answered to roll call:

Sups. Briggs, Darbee, Hahn, Haley, Mueller, Caldwell, Hayes, Perry, Arnold, Stewart, Hill, Beckton, Jeffery, Millikin, Hicks, McPherson, Tibbits, Robertson, Berry and Whitfield.

Absent—Sups. McNeal, Kirk and McComb.

Minutes of the last meeting were read and approved as read.

Report of Committee on Equalization.

The report of the Committee on Equalization was submitted by Sup. Mueller as follows:

Report of the Committee on Equalization.

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors of Tuscola County, Michigan:

Gentlemen—Your Committee on Equalization beg leave to report as follows:

Townships.	Acres	Assessed	Added	Equalized	Personal	Total
Akron	31,966	$ 1,802,150	$ 50,000	$ 1,852,150	$ 147,200	$ 1,999,350
Almer	21,972	1,401,230	......	1,401,230	100,520	1,501,750
Arbela	22,331	716,675	33,000	749,675	71,250	820,925
Columbia	22,680	1,756,400	......	1,756,400	176,300	1,932,700
Dayton	22,915	755,725	35,000	790,725	65,165	855,890
Denmark	22,338	2,122,620	......	2,122,620	217,350	2,339,970
Elkland	22,000	1,660,340	......	1,660,340	274,950	1,935,290
Ellington	23,800	711,570	......	711,570	31,890	743,460
Elmwood	22,961	1,391,450	......	1,391,450	124,600	1,516,050
Fairgrove	22,808	1,871,015	20,000	1,891,015	180,400	2,071,415
Fremont	22,529	842,730	4,000	846,730	167,685	1,014,415
Gilford	21,529	1,412,150	......	1,412,150	78,025	1,490,175
Indianfields	20,669	2,319,690	......	2,319,690	371,620	2,691,310
Juniata	22,661	1,048,200	......	1,048,200	78,800	1,127,000
Kingston	22,267	849,890	......	849,890	83,130	933,020
Koylton	22,618	901,410	......	901,410	85,650	987,000
Millington	22,284	1,227,950	......	1,227,950	100,800	1,328,750
Novesta	22,650	662,110	......	662,110	53,620	715,730
Tuscola	20,286	1,251,740	......	1,251,740	124,390	1,376,130
Vassar	22,938	962,050	......	962,050	210,940	1,172,990
Watertown	20,948	874,900	......	874,900	79,850	954,750
Wells	22,416	454,885	......	454,885	32,075	486,960
Wisner	11,935	651,197	......	651,197	26,940	678,137
Totals	510,701	$27,648,077	$142,000	$27,790,077	$ 2,883,150	$30,673,227

Signed by Committee:

CONRAD MUELLER,
GUY HILL,
JAMES KIRK,
W. B. HICKS,
J. A. CALDWELL,
E. J. DARBEE,
J. W. ARNOLD,
E. C. ROBERTSON,
GEO. A. WHITFIELD.

Moved by Sup. McPherson, seconded by Sup. Hill, that the report of the Committee on Equalization be accepted and spread upon the minutes.

Motion prevailed by yea and nay vote as follows:

Yeas—Sups. Briggs, Darbee, Hahn, Haley, Mueller, Caldwell, Hayes, Perry, Arnold, Stewart, Hill, Beckton, Jeffery, Millikin, Hicks, McPherson, Tibbits, Robertson, Berry and Whitfield. Total yeas, 20.

Nays—None.

Sups. McNeal, Kirk and McComb were absent.

Sheriff Brainerd suggested that a steel flag pole be erected in the front Court House lawn owing to the condition of the roof of the Court House, caused by strain of the present flag pole from which the flag floated.

The Chairman referred the matter to the Committee on County Buildings.

Moved by Sup. Hill, seconded by Sup. Darbee, that a recess be declared until 2 o'clock p. m.

Motion prevailed.

Afternoon Session.

Called to order by Chairman J. H. Beckton.

Quorum present.

The following preamble and resolution of the Good Roads District of the Townships of Almer, Ellington and Indianfields, and the Village of Caro, was read by the Clerk and there being no objections they were referred to the Committee on Roads and Bridges.

"At the meeting of the Good Roads District Commission comprising the Townships of Almer, Ellington and Indianfields, and the Village of Caro, in the County of Tuscola, Michigan, held at the office of Henry Herman, Chairman of that Board, on the 24th day of September, 1918, at which all Commissioners were present, on motion of Commissioner Beecher, seconded by Commissioner Park, the following resolution was duly adopted, viz.:

We, the Good Roads Commissioners epresenting the Good Roads District comprising the Townships of Almer, Ellington and Indianfields, and the Village of Caro, would recommend to the Board of Supervisors of Tuscola County, at its October session, 1918, that it authorize the raising of three-fourths of one mill tax and that the same be spread upon the several rolls of the several Townships comprising the Good Roads District, viz.: The Townships of Almer, Ellington and Indianfields, and the Village of Caro, for the year 1918; said taxes to be used for the repair of good roads already constructed.

ROBERT BROWN, Clerk Pro Tem.

After listening to a very clear explanation from W. S. Wixson of litigation pending with regard to drain known as the Flint River Drain, and his suggestion that the Board appropriate a contribution to continue in behalf of County Drain Commissioners of Counties of Sanilac, Lapeer and Tuscola, said litigations, it was moved by Sup. Hill, seconded by Sup. Stewart, that this matter be taken up at the session of this Board on Wednesday afternoon.

Motion prevailed.

Moved by Sup. Robertson, seconded by Sup. Briggs, that Board adjourn until tomorrow at 10 o'clock.

J. H. BECKTON, Chairman.

F. W. BOWLES, Clerk.

Court Room, Caro, Mich., Oct. 29, 1918.

The Board of Supervisors of Tuscola County met per adjournment of the 28th inst.

The meeting was called to order by Chairman J. H. Beckton.

The roll was called and the following members responded to roll call:

Sups. Briggs, Darbee, McNeal, Hahn, Haley, Mueller, Caldwell, Hayes, Perry, Arnold, Stewart, Hill, Beckton, Jeffery, McPherson, Tibbits, Robertson, Berry and Whitfield.

Sup. Kirk, absent.

Report of Committee on Claims and Accounts.

Report of the Committee on Claims and Accounts reported as follows:

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors:

Gentlemen—Your Committee on Claims and Accounts beg leave to report that they have had under consideration the following claims and that they recommend that they be allowed as follows:

Claims 15 and 18 to 34, inclusive, except 22-33, held for O. K.

Moved by Sup. ———, seconded by Sup. Mueller, that the report of the Committee on Claims and Accounts be accepted and that orders be drawn for the amounts as recommended.

Motion prevailed.

Mr. McVittie, agent of the County Farm Bureau of Tuscola County, gave a very interesting report on the work done in the past year by the said Bureau which was followed by a report by the Secretary and Treasurer, H. P. Bush which showed that the expenditures somewhat exceeded the receipts. The amount of money necessary to continue the work of the Bureau was estimated by its members to be $3,500 to provide for its overdraft and to provide for an assistant during the ensuing year.

Moved by Sup. Hill, seconded by Sup. Arnold, that the sum of $3,500 be appropriated as a contribution to the Tuscola County Farm Bureau during the ensuing year.

Motion prevailed by yea and nay vote as follows:

Yeas—Sups. Briggs, Darbee, McNeal, Hahn, Haley, Mueller, Caldwell, Hayes, Perry, Arnold, Stewart, Hill, Jeffery, Millikin, McComb, Hicks, McPherson, Tibbits, Robertson, Berry and Whitfield. Total yeas, 22.

Nays—None.

Sup. Kirk, absent.

Moved by Sup. Darbee, seconded by Sup. Robertson, that the Board adjourn until 1:30 this afternoon.

Motion prevailed.

Afternoon Session.

Meeting called to order by Chairman J. H. Beckton.

Quorum present.

Report of Committee on Roads and Bridges.

Committee on Roads and Bridges reported as follows:

The Committee on Roads and Bridges to whom was referred the resolution and reuest of the Good Roads District of Almer, Ellington and Indianfields Townships and the Village of Caro, relative to three-fourths of one mill tax to be spread upon the above named Districts to be used for repairing State Reward roads, the said Committee reports as follows:

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors:

Gentlemen—Your Committee on Roads and Bridges beg leave to report that they have had under consideration the resolution of the Good Roads District, comprising the Townships of Almer, Ellington and Indianfields, and the Village of Caro, as follows:

"Moved, supported and carried that we recommend the Board of Supervisors to authorize the raising of three-fourths of one mill tax in the aforesaid district," and would recommend that the following amounts be spread on the respective Townships, viz.: Indianfields, $2,010.50; Almer, $1,116.95; Ellington, $556.35.

Signed:

J. W. ARNOLD,
E. J. DARBEE,
JOHN HAYES.

Moved by Sup. Haley, seconded by Sup. Millikin, that the report of the Committee on Roads and Bridges and the part pertaining to the amount to be spread upon the different Townships, be referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Motion prevailed by yea and nay vote as follows:

Yeas—Sups. Briggs, Darbee, Hahn, Haley, Mueller, Caldwell, Hayes, Perry, Arnold, Stewart, Beckton, Jeffery, Millikin, McComb, Hicks, McPherson, Tibbits, Robertson, Berry and Whitfield. Total yeas, 21.

Nays—None.

Two absent.

Committee on Rejected Taxes.

Committee on rejected taxes reported as follows:

Report of Committee on Rejected Taxes.

Committee on Rejected Taxes reported as follows:

See tabulated form at top of next page.

Moved by Sup. McPherson, seconded by Sup. Perry, that the report of the Committee on Rejected Taxes be accepted and spread upon the records of this Board.

Motion prevailed.

Moved by Sup. Haley, seconded by Sup. Mueller, that this Honorable Body adjourn until 10 o'clock tomorrow.

Motion prevailed.

J. H. BECKTON, Chairman.

F. W. BOWLES, Clerk.

Court Room, Caro, Mich., Oct. 30, 1918.

The Board of Supervisors met per adjournment of the 29th inst.

Meeting was called to order by the Chairman, J. H. Beckton.

Roll was called and the entire membership of the Board was present.

Reading of the previous meeting was postponed.

The Committee on Claims and Accounts reported that they had had under consideration the following claims and recommended that they be allowed as follows: 35 to 55, inclusive, also 22 and 23, except 35, which was referred to the Board of Supervisors.

Moved by Sup. Mueller, seconded by Sup. Berry, that the report of the Committee on Claims and Accounts be allowed and that orders be drawn for the amounts as recommended.

Motion prevailed.

After some discussion it was moved by Sup. McNeal, seconded by Sup. Briggs, that the claim No. 35 be referred to Sup. Tibbitts for investigation.

Motion prevailed.

Report of County Poor Commissioners.

Annual report of the County Poor Commissioners submitted by R. L. Ducolon was as follows:

Annual report of the Superintendents of the Poor of Tuscola County for the year ending October 3, 1918:

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors of Tuscola County:

Gentlemen—In compliance with the law, we, the undersigned Superintendents of the Poor of said County, do hereby submit our annual report for the year ending October 3, 1918. The amount provided for the Poor Fund by your Honorable Body at the October session for the year 1917 was twelve thousand dollars ($12,000); balance on hand from previous year was four thousand and fifty-seven dollars, eighty-three cents ($4,057.83); cash paid County Treasurer by the Superintendents of the Poor was three thousand three hundred eighty-three dollars and twenty-four cents ($3,383.24), making a total amount of Poor Fund of nineteen thousand four hundred forty-one dollars and seven cents ($19,441.07). Orders drawn on the Poor Fund the last year were for the following purposes: Temporary relief, medical attendance and medicine, and funeral expense. The amount furnished the different Townships were as follows:

	Med At. and Med.	Temp. Relief	Total
Akron	$160.65	$246.82	$ 407.47
Almer	63.75	52.71	116.40
Arbela	12.00	89.82	101.82
Columbia	42.45	91.00	133.45
Dayton	4.25	40.55	44.80
Denmark	167.00	165.95	332.95
Elkland	46.00	605.92	651.92
Elmwood	290.25	343.97	634.22
Ellington	6.00	32.01	38.01
Fremont	13.00	274.80	287.80
Fairgrove	94.00	284.62	378.62
Gilford	383.85	154.82	538.67
Indianfields	161.31	361.88	523.19
Juniata	16.00	56.50	72.50
Kingston	129.20	121.38	250.58
Koylton	....	30.50	30.50
Millington	112.10	108.90	221.00
Novesta	110.00	137.99	247.99
Tuscola	....	44.73	44.73
Vassar	133.10	466.01	599.11
Watertown	40.00	7.83	47.83
Wells	3.00	92.38	95.38
Wisner	64.75	180.10	244.85
			$6,043.85

Supervisor's call for service from the different Townships; total, $190.66.

COUNTY FARM EXPENSE AND KEEPER'S SALARY.

Med. Attendance and Medicine	$ 730.76
Funeral expenses	157.00
Merchandise	1,340.69
Fuel	1,024.61
Clothing	757.12
Hardware	167.58
Blacksmithing	49.30
Repairs on County buildings	34.67
Keeper's salary	1,000.00
Labor on Co. farm and in house	1,027.75
Feed, County	317.33
Livery	113.50
Thrash bill	61.09
Gasoline and oil	155.28
Laundry goods and disinfectants	154.13
Mrs. Marilla Fox	359.76
Telephone and postage	46.68
Seeds and fertilizer	145.40
Transportation and nursing	297.58
Repairs on tools	5.25
Veterinary service	4.00
Miscellaneous	294.60
Railroad expenses	95.58
Paid to other Counties	86.46
Saw bill	8.50
Barn rent	6.21
	$8,441.23

Balance on hand Oct. 3, 1918..$4,765.33

Products of the farm the present year were as follows:

Wheat, number of bushels	214
Barley, number of bushels	178
Oats, number of bushels	825
Corn, number of bushels	600
Beans, number of bushels	100
Potatoes, number of buhels	312
Hay, number of tons	35
Silage, number of tons	75
Cabbage, number of heads	600
Syrup, number of gallons	40

The stock on the farm consists of 4 work horses, 11 cows, 2 one year, 3 young calves, 1 bull (a good one) 21 months old, 20 sheep and 1 bucn, 2 brood sows, 1 boar, 14 shoats, 11 young pigs, 150 hens.

Farm tools consist of 2 lumber wagons, 1 one-horse wagon, 1 spring wagon, 1 set sleighs, 1 cutter, 1 grain drill, 1 grain binder, 1 mower, 1 hay loader, 1 side delivery rake, 1 dump rake, 1 set pulverizers, 1 two-horse cultivator, 2 one-horse cultivators, 2 walking plows, 1 riding plow, 1 shovel plow, 1 roller, 1 corn sheller, 1 bean harvester, 1 hand drill, one-half interest in silo filler, 2 sets work harness, 1 heavy single harness.

Whole number of inmates October 3, 1917, was 50; whole number during the year was 75; present number, 40.

Whole number of deaths during the year was eight, four men and four women:

Archibald Robinson, of Vassar; died October 22, 1917.

Mrs. Elizabeth Long, of Fairgrove; died October 24, 1917.

Mrs. Mary Garves, of Dayton; died December 9, 1917.

Thomas Hopkins, of Akron; died April 29, 1918.

Mrs. Cornelia Johnson, of Millington; died April 30, 1918.

Mrs. Ruth Covey, of Columbia; died May 20, 1918.

James Riley, of Akron; died July 9, 1918.

August Giesler, of Columbia; died July 19, 1918.

The farm is under a good state of cultivation; 130 acres under improvements, 12 acres sown to wheat.

We would recommend that your honorable body raise the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000) as a Poor Fund for the ensuing year.

All of which is most respectfully submitted.

Signed:

G. S. GRAHAM,
JOHN GRAF,
R. L. DUCOLON,
Supts. of the Poor.

Moved by Sup. Darbee, seconded by Sup. Briggs, that the report of the Superintendents of Poor be accepted and the part pertaining to the raising of money be referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Motion prevailed.

Report of Committee to Settle With the Superintendents of the Poor.

Committee to settle with the Superintendents of the poor reported as follows:

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors of Tuscola County:

Gentlemen—Your committee appointed to settle with the Superintendents of the Poor beg leave to submit the following report: So far as pertains to moneys received and orders drawn, we find them to correspond with the Superintendents' report. All of which is respectfully submitted.

Signed:

W. B. HICKS,
D. STEWART,
JOHN JEFFERY.

Moved by Sup. Hill, seconded by Sup. Robinson, that the report of the Committee to Settle With the Superintendents of the Poor be accepted.

Motion prevailed.

Report of Committee on Co. Printing.

Report of Committee on County Printing was submitted by Sup. Perry as follows:

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors:

STATEMENT OF LANDS UPON WHICH TAXES FOR YEAR 1917 WERE UNPAID ON MARCH 1, 1918.

Year's Tax	DESCRIPTION	State Tax	County Tax	Town Tax	Road Repair Tax	School and 1-Mill Tax	Highway Improvement Tax	Sinking Fund	Good Roads Tax	Cemetery Tax	Drain Tax	Total Taxes	REMARKS
TOWNSHIP OF COLUMBIA—													
1916	S E ¼ of SW ¼, except R. R. land and Michigan Sugar Co. land, Sec. 10, T 14, N R 9 E, 36 acres	$ 5.77	$ 4.93	$ 1.09	$....	$ .45	$ 7.06	$ 7.28	$....	$....	$....	$26.58	Indefinite. Correct and Re-assess.
TOWNSHIP OF ELMWOOD—													
1916	N 40 acres of W ½ of NW frl. ¼, Sec. 30, T 14,, N R 10 E, 80 acres	5.77	4.93	6.69	5.32	3.64	7.36	....	....	....	....	33.71	Acres on description wrong. Correct and re-assess.
TOWNSHIP OF FREEMONT—													
1916	Parcel commencing 27 rods 12 feet S of S R on E line of N W ¼ of N W ¼; S to SE corner of NW ¼ of NW ¼; W to ⅛ line; N to a point 20 rods S of center of S Road; E 4 rods N to S Road; E to a point 31 rods ; W to E line of NW ¼ of NW ¼; S 27 rods 12 feet E with St. Road to beginning, Sec. 30, T 11, N R 9 E, 19 acres	.58	.48	.34	.56	.77	.84	.11	....	.04	1.22	4.94	Indefinite. Correct and re-assess.
1916	N one-fifth of lot 2, blk 1 Fox addition	.06	.05	.04	....	.21	.09	.01	....	.01	.13	.60	Caption wrong. Correct and re-assess.
	Fox Third addition; lot 2 and N ½ of lot 3, blk. 2	2.16	1.85	1.25	....	7.43	3.13	.42	....	.16	4.60	21.00	Caption wrong. Correct and re-assess.
	Lots 9 and 10, blk. 3	1.24	1.06	.71	....	4.25	1.79	.24	....	.09	2.63	12.01	Caption wrong. Correct and re-assess.
	Lots 2 and 3, blk. 2, Woodside annex	.16	.14	.10	....	.57	.24	.03	....	.01	.35	1.60	Caption wrong. Correct and re-assess.
TOWNSHIP OF INDIANFIELDS—													
	Village of Caro. The Lothrop & Montague Sub.												
1912	Lots 4 and 5, blk. 3	.16	.16	.05	....	.54	.10	....	....	....	....	1.01	Owned and used for railroad purposes.
1913	Lots 6 and 7, blk. 7, Charles Montague Sub	.58	.40	.18	....	1.06	.14	....	.11	....	....	2.47	Col. from Twp. Treasurer. Twice assessed and once paid.
1916	Pa. SW ¼ of SW ¼, com. 45 rods 10½ E of intersection of Gamble street with W line of Sec., N 10, E 60 feet, S 10 rods, W 60 feet to beginning	.31	.26	.14	....	.97	.23	....	.20	....	....	2.11	Indefinite starting point. Correct and re-assess.
1916	Com. 27 rods E of intersection of Logan street and W Sec. line, S 8 rods, E 6 rods, N 8 rods, W 6 rods to beginning	.25	.22	.12	....	.78	.18	....	.16	....	....	1.71	Indefinite starting point. Correct and re-assess.
1916	Lots 1 and 2, block 2, Daniel Kinyon's Addition	2.06	1.94	.96	....	6.47	1.51	....	1.34	....	....	14.28	Caption wrong. Correct and re-assess.
1916	Pt. lot 1, blk. 2, Charles Montague's Sub., com. at NW cor. S 28 feet, E 60 feet, N 28 feet, W 60 feet to beginning	1.44	1.23	.67	....	4.53	1.06	....	.94	....	....	9.87	No block 2 in plat. Correct and re-assess.
1916	Lots 16, 17, 20 and S ½ lot 21, blk. 3, Charles Montague's Sub	2.88	2.46	1.34	....	9.06	2.11	....	1.88	....	....	19.73	No block 3 on plat. Correct and re-assess.
1916	Lot 31, blk. 3, Charles Montague's Subdivision	.21	.18	.10	....	.65	.15	....	.13	....	....	1.42	No block 9 on plat. Correct and re-assess.
1916	S. 10 feet lot 4 and entire lot 5, blk. Wm. E. Sherman's addition, and lots 2, 3, 4, 5, blk. 1, Montague and Wilson's addition, except W 131½, measuring from center of Gardner avenue	1.03	.88	.48	....	3.24	.76	....	.67	....	....	7.06	Erroneous description. Correct and re-assess.
	Part of SE ¼ of SW ¼, com. on NE side of Congress street, 46 rods	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	.....	
1916	SE from W cor. of blk. 4, SE 9 rods, NE 12 rods, NW 9 rods, SW 12 rods to beginning, Wm. E. Sherman's addition	1.03	.88	.48	....	.32	.76	....	.67	....	....	7.06	Indefinite. Correct and re-assess.
1914	NE ¼ of SE ¼, Sec. 13, T 12, N R 9 E, 40 acres	.89	1.12	.31	1.30	2.06	.54	....	.47	....	....	6.39	Paid County Treasurer. Col. from County Treasurer.
1911	That part of S ½ of NE ¼ of	.30	.30	.07	.25	.66	.20	....	.20	....	....		
1912	NE ¼, com. NE cor., S 10 rods, W	.33	.51	.09	.25	1.08	.19	....	....	....	....		
1914	13½ chains, NW 9 875/1000 to	.33	.42	.12	.30	.95	.20	....	.18	....	....		
1916	Sucker Creek Road, NErly 14 88/100 chains to beginning	.40	.55	.18	.30	1.29	.30	....	.27	....	....	9.83	Indefinite.
1916	That part of NE ¼ of SW ¼, beginning E of highway, Sec. 20, T 12, N R 9 E 20 acres	.33	.42	.12	.30	1.02	.20	....	.18	....	....	4.73	Twice returned. Col. from Twp. Treasurer.
		33	.28	.15	.25	.67	.25	....	.22	....	....		
1916	N ½ of that part of NE ¼ lying E and N of highway, Sec. 20, T 12, N R 9 E	.21	.18	.10	.15	.42	.15	....	.13	....	....	1.34	Twice returned. Charge to Township.
1916	Com. at a point on S side of State Road 34 rods N, 13½ rods W of the SE cor. of SW ¼ of SE ¼, S 32 rods, E 20 rods to beginning, 3 acres owned by Elion Brock, Sec. 22, T 12, N R 9 E	.21	.18	.10	.15	.78	.15	....	.13	....	....	1.70	Indefinite. Correct and re-assess.
TOWNSHIP OF JUNIATA—													
1914	N ½ of SW ¼, Sec. 27, T 12, N R 8 E, 80 acres	1.71	1.61	1.23	1.00	4.69	2.09	....	....	....	....	12.33	Paid to County Treasurer.
1916	All that part of W ½ of SE ¼ lying N of M. C. R. R., except S. Miller's land, Sec. 14, T 12, N R 8 E, 30 acres	1.26	1.06	.39	.48	1.95	.61	....	1.35	....	....	7.10	Ex. indefinite. Correct and re-assess.
TOWNSHIP OF KOYLTON—													
1916	NE ¼ of NE ¼, less 6 acres on W side, Sec. 6, T 11, N R 11 E, 34 acres	2.47	2.11	2.88	3.00	7.73	6.06	....	....	....	....	24.25	Indefinite. Correct and re-assess.
1916	SW ¼ of SW ¼, less 7 acres in SW corner, Sec. 25, T 11, N R 11 E, 33 acres	5.73	4.93	6.72	7.00	5.63	11.14	....	....	....	....	44.19	Indefinite. Correct and re-assess.
2916	Stephen's Addition; lots 4 and 9, blk. 2, less 22x80 feet in NE cor. of lot 4, Village of Kingston	2.06	1.76	2.40	....	6.44	5.05	....	....	....	....	17.71	Indefinite. Correct and re-assess.
TOWNSHIP OF NOVESTA—													
1916	South ½ of lots 1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8, blk G	.21	.18	.47	.30	.74	.43	....	....	....	1.50	3.83	Description erroneous. Correct and re-assess.
1916	Two stone cellars on NW ¼ of NE ¼, E of P., O. & N. R. R., Sec. 32, T 13, N R 11 E	.62	.53	1.41	....	2.22	1.23	....	....	....	.60	6.66	Indefinite. Correct and re-assess.
TOWNSHIP OF VASSAR—								Brd.	St.	Labor			
1916	N ¾ of NW ¼, also E ½ of NW ¼ of NW ¼, except 1½ acres of NE corner, 20 rods N and S, and 12 rods E and W, Sec. 11, T 11, N R 8 E, 60 acres	1.54	1.26	.74	.63	3.78	3.50	.74	....	....	....	12.19	Indefinite. Correct and re-assess.
1916	W ½ of NW ¼, Sec. 12, T 11, N R 8 E, 80 acres	1.54	1.26	.74	.63	3.78	5.50	.74	2.45	....	....	14.64	Twice assesed and once paid. Paid Twp. Treasurer. Canceled.
1916	W 13½ acres of NE ¼, except commencing 26 rods S of NW ¼ of NW ¼ of NE ¼, except 15 R S 39 W, 15 R N to beginning, Sec. 15, T 11, N R 8 E, 10 acres	.16	.13	.08	.06	.19	.35	.08	.25	....	....	1.30	Ex. Indefinite. Correct and re-assess.
	Parcel commencing 6 rods S of N line of Sec. on center of Goodrige street, S 4 rods, E 10 rods, N 5 rods, W 2 rods, S 4 rods, W 8 rods to beginning; also commencing 68 rods S of NW corner of E ½ of NW ¼, S 12 rods, E 26 rods, N 12 rods, W 26 rods to beginning. Sec. 18, T 11, N R 8 E	1.10	.90	.53	.45	3.10	2.50	.53	....	....	....	9.11	Indefinite. Paid County Treas Correct and re-assess.
	Merrill's Addition.	.09	.07	.05	....	.25	.20	.05	....	....	....	.71	Erroneously returned.
1916	S ¼ of lots 1 and 2, blk. 4												
	T. North's addition, blk. 2. Parcel commencing 222 68/100 ft. W of intersection of Grand and River streets, Sly 112 feet to River street, Wly along River street 4 rods, Nly 148 feet, Ely 4 rods to beginning	.08	.05	.03	....	.16	.13	.03	....	....	....	.48	Indefinite. Correct and re-assess.
TOWNSHIP OF WELLS—													
1916	NW ¼ of NE frl ¼, Sec. 6, T 12, N R 10 E, 31 acres	.98	.84	2.65	1.15	1.13	2.67	....	....	....	....	9.42	Indefinite. Correct and re-assess.
1916	NW ¼ of SW frl. ¼, Sec. 6, T 12, N R 10 E, 34 acres	1.03	.88	2.79	1.21	1.19	2.82	....	....	....	....	9.92	Indefinite. Correct and re-assess.
1916	N on ½ of SW ¼ of SW frl ¼, Sec. 6, T 12, N R 10 E, 17 acres	.82	.70	2.23	.97	.95	2.25	....	....	....	....	7.92	Indefinite. Correct and re-assess.

Gentlemen—Your Committee on County printing has had the same under consideration and would recommend that the proceedings of the October, 1918, session, and if any special session in January, 1919, of the Board of Supervisors be published in The Tuscola County Advertiser, Cass City Chronicle and the Tuscola County Pioneer-Times, on or before February 1, 1919, the same to be paid for at one legal rate and that the said named publishers decide the rate for each paper, and that the said named publishers publish in book form seven hundred fifty (750) copies of the aforesaid proceedings of the October, 1918, esssion, and if any special session in January, the same to be printed on good paper and properly bound. The bound proceedings to be delivered at the County Clerk's office on or before the first day of February, 1919. The total cost of the bound proceedings to be thirty-six dollars ($36) That the County Clerk send 12 copies to each Supervisor, the balance to remain in his office; that the Clerk be instructed to furnish said publishers with a copy of the proceedings of the October, 1918, session, and of any special session, January, 1919, at the expense of the County; that the journal must not be taken from the Court House; that the bill for copying of the proceedings and bills for printing be audited and paid by the Auditing Committee.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

Signed:
W. A. PERRY,
WM. HAHN,
A. G. MILLIKIN.

Moved by Sup. McPherson, seconded by Sup. Stewart, that the report of the Committee on Printing be accepted.

Motion prevailed.

Report of Committee on County Buildings.

Report of the Committee on County Buildings reported as follows:
To the Honorable Board of Supervisors of Tuscola County, Michigan:

Gentlemen—Your Committee on County Buildings wish to report as follows: We would recommend that the Sheriff have charge of buying a steel flag pole and flag and place it in some suitable place in front of the Court House, and County Clerk be instructed to draw an order upon the County Treasurer for the amount necessary to cover the cost.

Your committee would also recommend that there be a set of 72 steel file boxes, fireproof, 14 inches deep and 9 in diameter, as submitted by Doubleday Brothers, Kalamazoo, Mich., or some other firm, wherever they could be bought the cheapest, to be installed in the Judge of Probate's office, at the estimated cost of about $245, F. O. B. Caro, and the County Clerk to draw order on the County Treasurer for the amount of cost.

We would recommend that the pipes be taken up on the County Farm, and if they are no good to buy new ones and layed from the cook house to some small house to cook feed for the hogs as seems necessary, work to be supervised by the Superintendents of the Poor, and that County Clerk be instructed to draw an order upon the County Treasurer for the amount necessary to cover the cost.

All of which is respectfully submitted.
WM. HAHN,
W. A. PERRY,
ANDREW HALEY.

Moved by Sup. Darbee, seconded by Sup. Briggs, that the report of the Committee on County Buildings be accepted.

Motion prevailed.

Report of Committee on Soldiers' Relief Commission.

Report of the Committee on Soldiers' Relief Commission was read as follows:
To the Board of Supervisors of Tuscola County, Michigan:

Gentlemen—Having been appointed by the Judge of Probate to succeed b. H. Burgess as Secretary of the Board of Soldiers' Relief Commission, it becomes my duty to make the following report to you:

The County Treasurer's books show there was on hand to credit of the Soldiers' Relief Fund on October 1, 1917, $323.21, and that the following disbursements were made:

October 13, 1917	$ 38.50
October 27, 1917	10.00
October 30, 1917	10.00
October 31, 1917	10.00
March 4, 1918	15.00
October 9, 1918, O. B. Randall, for services	10.00
October 9, 1918, b. L. Meyers, for services	5.00
Total	$ 98.50
Leaving balance on October 9, 1918, of	$224.71

We think this amount will be sufficient for the ensuing year.

O. B. RANDALL,
Secretary.

Moved by Sup. Haley, seconded by Sup. Robertson, that the report of the Committee on Soldiers' Relief Commission be accepted.

Motion prevailed.

Upon motion by Sup. Haley, seconded by Sup. Arnold, a recess was declared until 1:30 p. m.

Afternoon Session.

Meeting was called to order by Chairman J. H. Beckton with quorum present.

The reading of the minutes of yesterday's meeting was postponed until the next session.

Under special order of the day in re the matter of the Flint River Drain litigation, the following resolutions were submitted by Sup. Robertson:

Whereas, a certain verbal communication has been presented to the Tuscola County Board of Supervisors from the County Drain Commissioner of Lapeer County, through their Attorney, W. S. Wixon, in reference to the Flint River Drain, which is now being held up by an injunction by Saginaw, Michigan, and

Whereas, did said Drain Commissioner, through his attorney, explain to this Board, which has already been done, which in his judgment should be done in order to have said injunction set aside, and

Whereas, said Lapeer County Drain Commissioner did, through his attorney, ask the Board of Supervisors of this County for an appropriation of money to be used in employing legal talent, taking of expert testimony and such other means as are in their judgment necessary in setting aside said injunction; now, therefore,

Be it Resolved, that we accept the communication from the Lapeer County Drain Commissioner and that the same be placed on file for future reference.

Moved by Sup. Robertson, seconded by Sup. Perry, that the foregoing resolution be adopted.

Motion prevailed.

The matter of raising funds for the maintenance of a County Headquarters for carrying on war activities of this County, was presented by J. D. Brooker and H. P. Bush. It was estimated that $2,000 was required to properly maintain such headquarters.

It was moved by Sup. Mueller, seconded by Sup. Caldwell, that the Board appropriate $2,000 for the purpose of maintaining headquarters for the war activities of this County.

Motion prevailed by yea and nay vote as follows:

Yeas—Sups. Briggs, Darbee, Hahn, Haley, Mueller, Caldwell, Hayes, Perry, Arnold, Stewart, Hill, Beckton, Kirk, Jeffery, Millikin, McComb, Hicks, McPherson, Tibbits, Robertson, Berry and Whitfield. Total yeas, 23.

Nays—None.

It was recommended by Superintendent of the Poor that an engine be purchased for use on the County Farm.

Moved by Sup. Briggs, seconded by Sup. Darbee, that the communication of the Superintendent be referred to the Committee on County Buildings. And to report not later than Friday morning.

Motion prevailed.

Moved by Sup. Haley, seconded by Sup. Perry, that the meeting be adjourned until 10 o'clock tomorrow morning.

Motion prevailed.

J. H. BECKTON,
Chairman.
F. W. BOWLES,
Clerk.

Court Room, Caro, Mich., Oct. 31, 1918.

The Board of Supervisors for Tuscola County met per adjournment of the 30th.

Meeting was called to order by Chairman J. H. Beckton.

Roll was called and the entire membership of the Board was present.

Minutes of the 29th and 30th were read and approved as read.

Committee on Claims and Accounts reported as follows:
To the Honorable Board of Supervisors:

Gentlemen — Your Committee on Claims and Accounts beg leave to report that they have had under consideration the following claims and recommends that they be allowed as follows: 56 to 83, inclusive, except 62, 65, 66 and 70, disallowed, and No. 73 to be referred to the Superintendents of the Poor.

Moved by Sup. Perry, seconded by Sup. Briggs, that the report of the Committee on Claims and Accounts be accepted and that orders for amounts be drawn as recommended.

Report of Committee to Settle With County Clerk.

Committee to Settle With the County Clerk reported as follows:
To the Honorable Board of Supervisors of Tuscola County, Michigan:

Gentlemen—Your committee appointed to Settle With the County Clerk and County Treasurer, beg leave to submit the following report:

We have checked the bills paid by the Auditing Committee and find them correct, the amount paid being $13,673.59.

Your committee would further submit the following report:

We have compared the books of the County Clerk and County Treasurer and checked the amount of the vouchers as entered on the books, from October 1, 1917, to October 1, 1918, and find them to agree.

The amounts of the receipts and disbursements are as follows:

RECEIPTS FROM OCTOBER 1, 1917, TO OCTOBER 1, 1918.

Balance on hand Oct. 1, 1917	$ 55,451.31
Poor Fund	3,383.24
Contingent Fund	187.43
Inheritance Taxes	2,657.56
Duplicate Tax Receipts	12,347.34
Redemption Certificates	599.20
Fines	547.00
Jury Fees	60.00
State of Michigan	560.89
County Drains	82,117.32
Good Road Fund	5,952.46
Auto Tax	16,571.18
Tax Sales	1,030.67
Mortgage Taxes	4,153.00
Teachers' Institute Fund	76.00
State and County Taxes	138,522.91
Estates	1,542.62
Interest on County Money	2,716.41
Rejected Taxes	269.13
Primary School Money	74,736.51
	$403,482.18

DISBURSEMENTS FROM OCTOBER 1, 1917 TO OCTOBER 1, 1918.

Contingent Orders paid	$ 25,465.86
Poor Orders	12,692.74
County Officers' Salaries	10,331.14
Circuit Court Stenographer's Salary	692.04
Drain Orders	88,569.17
Jurors' Orders	2,136.15
Mothers' Pensions	8,428.50
Witness orders	181.40
Sparrow and Rat Orders	663.72
Soldiers' Relief Orders	83.50
Probate Orders	227.88
Tax and Int. paid Townships	3,545.13
Good Road Orders	4,068.57
Game Warden	36.25
School Exam. Fee	586.02
Inheritance Tax paid State	2,476.01
Birth and Death Warrants	624.25
Teachers' Institute Fund	220.32
Farm Bureau	2,500.00
State of Michigan	6,503.55
Janitor's Salary	100.00
State Tax paid	82,224.38
Primary School Money	74,736.51
Library Money paid	253.55
Auto Tax paid	10,303.64
Owl Bounty paid	1.00
Circuit Court Orders	153.00
Money in bank	60,554.37
Certificate of deposit for estates	2,105.01
Cash on hand	3,018.52
	$403,482.18

Moved by Sup. McPherson, seconded by Sup. Stewart, that the report of the Committee to Settle With the Clerk and Treasurer be accepted.

Motion prevailed.

The County Treasurer made recommendations as follows:
To the Honorable Ways and Means Committee of the Board of Supervisors for Tuscola County:

Financial conditions of the several Funds on October 1, 1918:

Poor Fund.
Balance on hand $5,758.75

Births and Death Fund
Balance on hand $265.65

Court Stenographer's Salary.
Balance on hand $303.42

Juror and Witness Fund.
Overdraft $1,494.58

Contingent Fund.
Balance on hand $8,981.30

County Officers' Salary.
Balance on hand $1,548.31

Soldiers' Relief Fund.
Balance on hand $239.71

Eastern Michigan Asylum.
Overdraft $338.45

The requisitions necessary for the pursuance of the business of the several departments of the County for the ensuing year are as follows:

Poor Fund	$ 12,000.00
Birth and Death Fund	600.00
Circuit Court Stenographer's Salary	750.00
Juror and Witness Fund	2,500.00
Contingent Fund	31,500.00
County Officers' Salary	12,500.00
Eastern Michigan Asylum	1,200.00
Janitor's Salary	400.00
	$ 61,450.00

W. C. SANSON,
County Treasurer.

All of which is respectfully submitted
W. W. BRIGGS,
CONRAD MUELLER,
H. B. TIBBITTS,
Committee.

Moved by Sup. McNeal, seconded by Sup. Briggs, that the recommendation of the County Treasurer be accepted and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Motion prevailed.

Report of Committee to Apportion Auto Taxes.

The Committee to Apportion Auto Taxes reported as follows:
To the Honorable Board of Supervisors, Tuscola County, Michigan:

Gentlemen—Your Committee to Apportion Auto Tax Money among the different Townships, beg leave to submit the following report:

	Apportioned by Co. Treas.	Apportioned by Com.
Akron	$ 658.92	$ 390.96
Almer	303.34	298.74
Arbela	271.09	161.31
Columbia	654.46	388.17
Dayton	289.45	172.17
Denmark	789.64	468.18
Elkland	640.72	380.05
Ellington	249.98	148.81
Elmwood	510.93	303.23
Fairgrove	699.79	414.98
Fremont	337.08	200.36
Gilford	500.13	296.84
Indianfields	907.18	537.74
Juniata	382.14	227.01
Kingston	214.18	186.80
Koylton	332.69	197.70
Millington	443.27	263.19
Novesta	240.63	143.29
Tuscola	463.62	275.23
Vassar	401.53	237.91
Watertown	321.69	191.23
Wells	164.54	98.25
Wisner	226.63	134.99
Bal. not apportioned		3.48
	$10,303.64	$ 6,120.63

Signed:
JAS. KIRK,
JOHN J. HAYES,
A. G. MILLIKIN.

Moved by Sup. Hicks, seconded by Sup. Darbee, that the report of the Committee to Apportion Auto Taxes be accepted.

Report of Committee on Ways and Means.

The report of the Committee on Ways and Means was as follows:
To the Honorable Board of Supervisors of Tuscola County, Michigan:

Gentlemen—Your Committee on Ways and Means beg leave to report that they have under consideration and have examined all copies of certificates, statements and papers and records certified by the Clerks of the several townships of the County as provided by law and on file in the office of the County Clerk of this County authorizing or directing the raising of money by taxation on and in the said Townships of the County, for the year of 1918.

We therefore recommend that the following mentioned sums of money purposed to be raised by taxation in the year of 1918, in the several Townships of this County as appears from said statements, certificates, papers and records be spread upon the rolls of the several townships in the County for the year 1918, to-wit:

Akron.

School Tax	$ 9,080.44
Contingent tax	1,000.00
Highway Improvement Tax	5,000.00
Road Repair tax	4,462.00
Drain tax	18,638.25
Good Roads Bond and Interest	5,350.00

Almer.

School tax	$ 2,269.95
Contingent tax	1,000.00
Highway Improvement tax	1,000.00
Road Repair tax	2,088.00
Good Road District tax	1,116.95
Drain tax	288.74
Cemetery tax	300.00

Arbela.

School tax	$ 2,864.27
Contingent tax	1,000.00
Highway Improvement tax	2,035.00
Road Repair tax	1,528.25
Drain tax	3,812.50
Gravel tax	930.00
Bond and Interest	2,200.00

Columbia.

School tax	$ 4,611.28
Contingent tax	2,000.00
Highway Improvement tax	9,663.50
Sinking Fund	4,000.00
Drain tax	79.45
Rejected tax	26.58

Denmark.

School tax	$ 5,530.39
Contingent tax	1,500.00
Highway Improvement tax	5,179.94
Road Repair tax	2,054.75
Drain tax	20,228.72

Dayton.

School tax	$ 9,360.00
Contingent tax	1,000.00
Highway Improvement tax	2,000.00
Road Repair tax	1,511.45
Drain tax	725.00
Cemetery tax	.....
State Reward Road	4,500.00

Elkland.

School tax	$ 8,982.31
Contingent tax	1,200.00
Highway Improvement tax	5,100.00
Road Repair tax	1,000.00
Drain tax	4,065.22

Elmwood.

School tax	$ 6,280.00
Contingent tax	1,400.00
Highway Improvement tax	4,800.00
Road Repair tax	2,400.00
Drain tax	894.50
Rejected tax	33.71

Ellington.

School tax	$ 3,995.76
Contingent tax	650.00
Highway Improvement tax	2,230.38
Road Repair tax	1,486.92
Drain tax	4,150.23
Good Road District tax	556.35

Fremont.

School tax	$ 7,506.96
Contingent tax	1,200.00
Highway Improvement tax	3,000.00
Road Repair tax	1,558.10
Interest and Sinking Fund tax	1,000.00
Cemetery tax	200.00
Rejected tax	39.15

Fairgrove.

School tax	$ 7,530.58
Contingent tax	1,000.00
Highway Improvement tax	14,900.00
Road Repair tax	3,000.00
Survey tax	12.56
Drain tax	34,303.97

Gilford.

School tax	$ 2,432.17
Contingent tax	1,000.00
Highway Improvement tax, 20c per 100	2,980.35
Road Repair tax, 15c per 100	2,235.26
Special Road tax	200.00
Cemetery tax	1,000.00
Good Road tax	4,200.00
Drain tax	31,380.20

Indianfields.

School tax	$15,138.63
Contingent tax	2,500.00
Highway Improvement tax	3,000.00
Road Repair tax	1,814.19
Good Roads District tax	2,010.50
Cemetery tax	.....
Drain tax	322.28
Library tax	750.00
Rejected tax	90.71

Juniata

School tax	$ 3,438.35
Contingent tax	900.00
Road Repair tax	2,254.00
Good Roads tax	2,700.00
Drain tax	17,600.00
Rejected tax	19.43

Koylton.

School tax	$ 4,181.96
Contingent tax	1,000.00
Highway Improvement tax	4,855.00
Road Repair tax	1,974.12
Drain tax	810.00
G. A. R. tax	10.00
Rejected tax	68.44
Special Bridge tax	1,000.00

Kingston.

School tax	$ 3,188.16
Contingent tax	1,000.00
Highway Improvement tax	2,000.00
Road Repair tax	2,402.18
Drain tax	9,484.39

Millington.

School tax	$ 9,023.12
Contingent tax	1,600.00
Highway Improvement tax	3,321.87
Road Repair tax	972.50
Bridge tax	500.00

Novesta.

School tax	$ 5,131.43
Contingent tax	800.00
Highway Improvement tax	2,500.00
Drain tax	3,272.50
Rejected tax	10.49

Tuscola.

School tax	$ 4,607.49
Contingent tax	1,000.00
Highway Improvement tax	4,825.00
Road Repair tax	2,752.26
Special Good Roads tax	8,310.29
Drain tax	1,055.15

Vassar.

School tax	$18,830.98
Contingent tax	1,200.00
Highway Improvement tax	3,500.00
Road Repair tax	1,500.00
Drain tax	7.22
Rejected tax	37.98
G. A. R. tax	40.00

Watertown.

School tax	$ 6,117.31
Contingent tax	1,200.00
Highway Improvement tax	1,929.00
Road Repair tax	2,410.00
Good Roads tax	3,500.00
Cemetery tax	350.00

Wisner.

School tax	$ 1,445.90
Contingent tax	1,000.00
Highway Improvement tax	6,950.00
Road Repair tax	1,319.11
Drain tax	12,839.60
Cemetery tax	100.00

Wells.

School tax	$ 2,202.06
Contingent tax	1,100.00
Highway Improvement tax	1,000.00
Road Repair tax	1,200.00
Drain tax	25,905.73
State Reward Road	1,500.00
Rejected tax	27.26

Your committee further recommend that we have estimated the amount necessary to defray the expense of the County for the ensuing year to be $61,450, and therefore recommend that the sum of $61,450 be apportioned and spread upon the several rolls of the several Townships, according to their equalized valuations.

The items from which estimates are made are as follows:

Contingent Fund	$31,500.00
Birth and Death Fund	600.00
Circuit Court Stenographer's Salary	750.00
Juror and Witness Fund	2,500.00
Poor Fund	12,000.00
County Officers' Salary	12,500.00
Eastern Michigan Asylum	1,200.00
Janitor's Salary	400.00
	$61,450.00

All of which is respectfully submitted.
E. C. ROBERTSON,
N. A. PERRY,
L. A. McComb.

Moved by Sup. Briggs, seconded by Sup. Jeffery, that the report of the Committee on Ways and Means be accepted and spread upon the records of this Board.

Motion prevailed.

Moved by Sup. McPherson, seconded by Sup. Perry, that the appointment of the Superintendent of the Poor, one School Examiner and three County Canvassers be laid over until Friday afternoon session of the Board.

Motion prevailed.

Sup. Briggs's request to be excused from the afternoon and tomorrow morning sessions was granted.

Moved by Sup. Haley, seconded by Sup. Darbee, that a recess be taken until 1:30 p. m.

Motion prevailed.

Afternoon Session.

Called to order by Chairman J. H. Beckton.

Quorum present.

Report of the Committee on County Officers' Salaries.

The report of the Committee on County Officers' Salaries was submitted as follows:
To the Honorable Board of Supervisors of Tuscola County:

Gentlemen—Your Committee on County Officers' Salaries beg leave to report that they have had the same under careful consideration and would make the following recommendations:

Office of County Clerk—The County Clerk shall receive a salary of $1,650 per year and all office expenses, except clerical help.

The County Prosecuting Attorney shall receive a salary of $1,300 per year and all office expenses and shall have an assistant prosecutor whose salary shall be $400 per year.

The County Drain Commissioner shall receive a salary of $1,200 per year and actual expenses, which shall include the pay for his automobile at the rate of 10 cents per mile when he uses the same in place of livery. The Drain Commissioner may have three deputies, who shall receive $3.00 per day and actual expenses when working outside of the office; all expense accounts shall be fully itemized.

The Sheriff shall receive in addition to the fees as prescribed by the statute, compensation as follows: For investigating and when other work performed where a fee is not fixed by law, he shall receive $3.00 per day and actual expenses; he shall receive pay for his automobile at the rate of 10 cents per mile when he uses his machine in the place of a livery.

School Commissioners shall receive a salary of $1,500 per year and actual expenses; he shall receive pay for his automobile at the rate of 10 cents per mile; he shall receive $400 for clerk hire.

County Treasurer—The County Treasurer shall receive in addition to the fees allowed him by the statues, a salary of $2,150 per year and all office expenses except clerical help.

The foregoing arrangement in regard to the several county officers shall take effect January 1, 1919.

All of which is respectfully submitted.
C. W. McNEAL,
J. A. CALDWELL,
JAS. McPHERSON.

Moved by Sup. Robertson, seconded by Sup. Hill, that the report of the Committee on the County Officers' Salaries be adopted as read.

Motion prevailed.

Report of the Committee on Claims and Account was submitted as follows:
To the Honorable Board of Supervisors:

Gentlemen — Your Committee on Claims and Accounts beg leave to report that they have had under consideration the following claims and recommend that they be allowed as follows:

Claims 84 to 112, inclusive, except 84-91, 95, 101, being held for further information.

E. J. DARBEE,
J. J. JEFFERY,
JAMES McPHERSON.

Moved by Sup. Hill, seconded by Sup. Stewart, that the report of the Committee on Claims and Accounts be accepted and that orders be drawn for the amounts as recommended.

Motion prevailed.

Moved by Sup. Haley, seconded by Sup. Robertson, that we adjourn until tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

J. H. BTCKTON,
Chairman.
F. W. BOWLES,
Clerk.

Court Room, Caro, Mich., Nov. 1, 1918.

The Board of Supervisors for Tuscola County met per adjournment of yesterday.

Board was called to order by Chairman J. H. Beckton.

Roll was called and all the members of the Board were present except W. W. Briggs.

Report of Committee on County Buildings.

The Committee on County Buildings report that they have had under consideration the purchase of an engine for use at the County Farm and that the style of engine which they have considered would cost $450.00, and the other style which they looked at with more modern improvements would cost $770.00 and that they preferred that the Board should decide as to which one should be purchased.

After some discussion it was moved by Sup. Berry, seconded by Sup. McPherson, that the Poor Commissioner be instructed to buy the cheaper grade of engine. There being no vote taken on this motion, it was decided to put the matter over until the afternoon session.

Motion prevailed.

Communication from Ealy & Company was submitted as follows:

Caro, Mich., October 30, 1918.
To the Board of Supervisors of the County of Tuscola, State of Michigan:

Gentlemen—On January 2, 1917, we agreed with your Honorable Body to make a slight reduction in the charge for abstract work, to-wit: Where the former charge had been 50 cents each for the first four entries, the same was reduced to 50 cents for the first two entries. Under normal conditions we are of the opinion that a set of abstract books could be maintained at those rates, but in view of the fact that we are not getting the usual amount of work during these war times that is customary under normal conditions and also on account of the increased cost for labor and material and other expenses. It is necessary that we make a slight increase in the cost for abstract work by charging 50 cents each for the first four entries instead of 50 cents each for the first two entries as now charged. All other charges to remain the same as heretofore. If we find that we cannot afford to operate and maintain the abstract books under the price named we will then advise your Honorable Body at some future meeting of the Board.

Respectfully,
EALY & COMPANY.

Report of Inspectors of Jail.

Reports of the Inspectors of the Jail were submitted for February and September as follows:

Report of Inspectors of Jails for the County of Tuscola, of inspection made February 13, 1918.
To Honorable Board of Supervisors and the State Board of Corrections and Charities:

The undersigned Inspectors of Jails for the County of Tuscola, in compliance with the provisions of law (Sections 2537-2542, Compiled Laws 1915), respectfully report:

That on the 13th day of February, 1918, they visited and carefully inspected the County Jail of said County, and found as follows:

1. That during the period since the last required report and the date of this examination, there has been confined at different times 73 prisoners charged with offenses as follows:

Offense.	Male	No.
Drunks	10	10
Tramps	39	39
Violation Game Law	3	3
Desertion	1	1
Larceny	4	4
Awaiting Admission to Home for Feeble Minded	1	1
Juvenile	1	1
Insane	1	1
Vagrancy	4	4
Slackers	2	2
Bastardy	1	1
Assault and Battery	1	1
Statutory Rape	3	3
Rape	1	1
False Pretense	1	1

2. There are now in jail detained for trial, 4; there are now in jail serving sentence, 4. Number now in jail—male, 8; total, 8. Number of above who are under 17 years of age, none. Prisoners detained for trial have been held in jail the following number of days each: Charles Reed, 28; Amandus Rau, 4.

3. Number usually confined in one room by day, not more than 6; number usually confined in one room at night, not more than 2. (See Section 2527, Compiled Laws 1915).

4. Employment, none.

5. Condition of bedding, good; condition of cells, good; condition of halls, good; condition of water closets, good.

6. What distinctin, if any, is made in the treatment of prisoners? (Between those only held for trial and those serving sentence, etc.), none.

7. Are prisoners under 16 years of age at any time, day or night, permitted to mingle or associate with adult prisoners in violation of Section 7224, Compiled Laws 1915? No.

8. Are prisoners arrested on civil process kept in rooms separate and distinct from prisoners held on criminal charge or conviction, "and on no pretense whatever put or kept in the same room," as required by Section 14762, Compiled Laws 1915? Yes.

9. Are male and female prisoners confined in separate rooms as required by Section 14763, Compiled Law 1915? Yes.

10. Is there a proper Jail Record kept and is it kept properly posted and does it comply with Section 2551, Compiled Laws 1915 Yes.

11. What, if any evils, either in construction or management of jail are found to exist? None.

O. D. HILL,
Judge of Probate.
JOHN GRAF,
G. S. GRAHAM,
Superintendents of Poor.

Report of Inspectors of Jails for the County of Tuscola, of inspection made September 28, 1918.
To Honorable Board of Supervisors and the State Board of Corrections and Charities:

The undersigned nspectors of Jails for the County of Tuscola, in complianie with the provisions of law (Sections 2537-2542, Compiled Laws 1915), respectfully report:

That on the 28th day of September, 1918, they visited and carefully inspected the County Jail of said County, and found as follows:

1. That during the period since the last required report and the date of this examination, there has been confined at different times 76 prisoners charged with offenses as follows:

Offense.	Male	Female	No.
Tramps	21	..	21
Vagrancy	5	..	5
Larceny	15	1	16
False Pretense	1	..	1
Drunk	2	..	2
Statutory Rape	2	..	2
Violating Game Law	2	..	2
Slackers	5	..	5
Not Registered	2	..	2
Abandoned	1	..	1
Deserter	4	..	4
Breaking and Entering	2	..	2
Trespass	5	..	5
Assault and Battery	3	..	3
Bastardy	1	..	1
Evading Draft	1	..	1
Insane	..	1	1
Truant	..	1	1
Juvenile	..	1	1

2. There are now in jail detained for trial, none; there are now in jail serving sentence, none; there are now in jail awaiting sentence, none; there are now in jail awaiting commitment, none.

3. Number usually confined in one room by day, not more than 8; number usually confined in one room at night, 1. (See Section 2527, Compiled Laws 1915.)

4. Employment, none.

5. Condition of bedding, good; condition of cells, good; condition of halls, good; condition of water closets, good.

6. What distinction, if any, is made in the treatment of prisoners? (Between those only held for trial and those serving sentence, etc., none.

7. Are prisoners under 16 years of age at any time day or night, permitted to mingle or associate with adult prisoners in violation of Section 7224, Compiled Laws 1915? No.

8. Are prisoners arrested on civil process kept in rooms separate and distinct from prisoners held on criminal charge or conviction, "and on no pretense whatever put or kept in the same room," as required by Section 14762, Compiled Laws 1915? Yes.

9. Are male and female prisoners confined in separate rooms as required by Section 14763, Compiled Laws 1915? Yes.

10. Is there a proper Jail Record kept and is it kept properly posted and does it comply with Section 2551, Compiled Laws 1915? Yes.

M. H. STEPHEN,
County Agent.
G. S. GRAHAM,
R. L. DUCOLON,
JOHN GRAF,
Superintendents of Poor.
O. D. HILL,
Judge of Probate.

Under special order of the day it was moved by Sup. McPherson, seconded by Sup. Berry, that we now proceed to elect a Superintendent of the Poor, one School Examiner, and three County Canvassers.

Motion prevailed.

Moved by Sup. McNeal, seconded by Sup. Stewart, that we proceed by ballot and that the chair appoint two (2) tellers.

Motion prevailed.

Chairman appointed as tellers, Sups. Whitfield and Hill.

For Superintendent of the Poor the name of Warren W. Briggs was offered by Sup. McPherson and the name of David Buhl was offered by Sup. Haley.

Total number of ballots cast were 21, of which Warren W. Briggs received 12 and David Buhl received 9.

Warren W. Briggs, receiving the majority of votes cast, was duly declared elected by the Chair for the ensuing term of three years.

For School Examiner the name of J. K. Osgerby was offered by Sup. Tibbitts.

There being only one nominee it was moved by Sup. Perry, seconded by Sup. Mueller, that the rules be suspended and that the Clerk be instructed to cast the unanimous vote of the Board for J. K. Osgerby for School Examiner for the ensuing term of two years.

Motion prevailed.

The ballot was cast by the Clerk and the Chair declared J. K. Osgerby elected as School Examiner.

For first member of the Board of County Canvassers the name of Frank St. Mary was offered by Sup. Berry.

There being only one nominee it was moved by Sup. McNeal, seconded by Sup. Berry, that the rules be suspended and that the Clerk be instructed to cast the unanimous vote of the Board for Frank St. Mary as the first member of the Board of County Canvassers.

Motion prevailed.

The ballot was so cast and the Chair duly declared Frank St. Mary elected as first member of the Board of County Canvassers.

For second member of the Board the name of E. W. Ellis was offered by Sup. McPherson.

There being only one nominee it was moved by Sup. Hicks, seconded by Sup. Darbee, that the rules be suspended and that the Clerk be instructed to cast the unanimous vote of the Board for E. W. Ellis for the second member of the Board of County Canvassers.

Motion prevailed.

The ballot was so cast and the Chair duly declared E. W. Ellis elected second member of the Board of County Canvassers during the term of two years.

For the third member of the Board of County Canvassers the name of John Rutherford was offered by Sup. Hicks.

There being only one nominee it was moved by Sup. McPherson, seconded by Sup. Berry, that the rules be suspended and that the Clerk be instructed to cast the unanimous vote of the Board for John Rutherford for third member of the Board of County Canvassers.

Motion prevailed.

The vote was so cast and the Chair duly declared John Rutherford elected as third member of the Board of County Canvassers for the ensuing term of two years.

Moved by Sup. Berry, seconded by Sup. Hill, that a recess be taken until 2 o'clock this afternoon.

Motion prevailed.

Afternoon Session.

Called to order by Chairman J. H. Beckton with the quorum present.

Minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved as read.

Report of the Committee on Claims and Accounts was submitted as follows:
To the Honorable Board of Supervisors:

Gentlemen — Your Committee on Claims and Accounts beg leave to report that they have had under consideration the following claims and recommend that they be allowed as follows: Nos. 113 to 134, inclusive, except 35 and 66, disallowed, and 101, which was previously reported as pending is recommended as being allowed. Claim No. 126 was referred to the Board of Supervisors.

Moved by Sup. Hicks, seconded by Sup. Arnold, that the report of the Committee on Claims and Accounts be allowed and that orders be drawn for the amounts as recommended.

Motion prevailed.

Claim No. 126, referred to the Board of Supervisors was taken up for consideration.

Claim No. 126, E. C. Brainerd for excess pay for janitor hire, $233.38. After some discussion it was moved by Sup. Haley, seconded by Sup. Mueller, that the Claim be allowed.

Motion declared lost.

Report of Committee on State and County Taxes.

Report of Committee on State and County Taxes was submitted as follows:
To the Honorable Board of Supervisors of Tuscola County, Michigan:

Gentlemen—Your committee to apportion State and County Taxes beg leave to submit the following report:

	State	County
Akron	$ 5,173.66	$ 4,005.50
Almer	3,886.04	3,008.61
Arbela	2,124.29	1,644.64
Columbia	5,001.22	3,871.97
Dayton	2,214.77	1,714.69
Denmark	6,054.37	4,687.90
Elkland	5,007.89	3,877.16
Ellington	1,923.84	1,489.45
Elmwood	3,923.04	3,037.25
Fairgrove	5,360.14	4,149.87
Fremont	2,624.98	2,032.28
Gilford	3,856.09	2,985.42
Indianfields	6,964.22	5,391.77
Juniata	2,916.31	2,257.83
Kingston	2,414.34	1,869.21
Koylton	2,554.20	1,977.48
Millington	3,438.37	2,662.02
Novesta	1,852.09	1,433.89
Tuscola	3,560.98	2,756.94
Vassar	3,035.32	2,349.97
Watertown	2,470.59	1,912.74
Wells	1,260.11	975.58
Wisner	1,754.81	1,358.58
Excess	.64	7.54
	$79,871.67	$61,450.75

JAS. McPHERSON,
WM. HAHN,
JOHN J. HAYES,
Committee.

Moved by Sup. Mueller, seconded by Sup. Millikin, that the report of the Committee on State and County Taxes be accepted and that the amounts apportioned be spread upon the records of the Board of Supervisors.

Motion Prevailed.

Committee appointed to receive bids from the banks of Tuscola County for the deposits of County funds, reported as follows:
To the Honorable Board of Supervisors for Tuscola County, Mich.

Gentlemen—Your special committee which was appointed for the purpose of recommending the bank or banks as depository for the County funds for the ensuing two years, beginning January 1, 1919, beg leave to report as follows:

Your committee has had under consideration propositions from different banks and respectfully recommend that we accept the joint proposition from the three Caro banks, which said proposition is attached hereto and is part of this report.

Proposition of Caro Banks.

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors of Tuscola County, Mich.

Gentlemen—Pursuant to Act No. 212 of the Public Acts of the State of Michigan for the year 1911, we the undersigned banks, all located in the Village of Caro and incorporated and doing business under the banking laws of the State of Michigan, do hereby jointly make the following proposal in reference to and for the deposit of all public funds received by the Treasurer of said County for the two years from and after the 31st day of December, 1918; said deposits to be made pro rata by said Treasurer during the entire term of said two years, to each of the undersigned banks and the daily balance therein to be kept equal as near as practicable.

For all moneys so deposited we jointly and severally agree to pay interest at the rate of three per cent per annum; said interest to be computed upon the average daily balances and to be placed to the credit of said County on the 31st day of December and 30th day of June in each year.

We further agree to furnish good and ample security for the safekeeping and reimbursement of said deposits whenever called for, in such amount and kind of bond and the class and character of the surety executing the same, as shall be fixed and determined by your Honorable Body.

We further agree to loan to said County of Tuscola any and all sums of money that said County may desire to borrow, at rate of four per cent per annum and collect all checks and drafts of the County without charge.

Should your Honorable Body accept this foregoing proposition, this proposal and the acceptance thereof shall be regarded as a contract between said County of Tuscola and the undersigned banks for depositing said funds during the time above mentioned and payment of the interest upon the same.

Dated at Caro, Michigan, this 26th day of October, 1918.

State Savings Bank, Caro, Mich.
By Louis Wean, Cashier.
Peoples State Bank, Caro, Mich.
By Samuel R. Park, Cashier.
Commercial Savings Bank, Caro, Mich.
By Lewis G. Seeley, Cashier.

All of which is respectfully submitted.
E. C. ROBERTSON,
C. W. McNEAL,
GUY HILL,
Committee.

Moved, by Sup. Hicks, seconded by Sup. Berry, that the report of the Committee to receive bids from the banks of Tuscola County for depositories of the County funds be accepted and adopted.

Motion prevailed.

The following resolution was offered by Sup. Darbee:

Resolved, That the State and County taxes for the year 1918 as apportioned by the Board of Supervisors for that purpose be the same and is hereby ordered spread upon the several rolls of the several Townships of Tuscola County, that the amount of the rejected taxes is hereby ordered spread on the tax rolls as recommended by the Committee on Rejected Taxes for the year 1918.

And that the several sums as recommended by the Committee on Ways and Means be raised by the several Townships of said County for Drains, School, Thistles, G. A. R., Cemetery, Survey, Good Roads District, Gravel, Contingent, Road Repair, Highway Improvement, Bridges and all other taxes be and is hereby ordered spread upon the roll of each Township.

Adoption of the above resolution was moved by Sup. Darbee, seconded by Sup. Robertson.

Adopted by yea and nay vote as follows:

Yeas—Sups. Darbee, McNeal, Hahn, Haley, Mueller, Caldwell, Hayes, Arnold, Stewart, Hill, Beckton, Jeffery, Millikin, McComb, Hicks, McPherson, Tibbitts, Robertson, Berry and Whitfield. Total yeas, 20.

Nays—None.

Sups. Briggs, Kirk and Perry, absent.

Moved by Sup. Berry, seconded by Sup. McPherson, that the Superintendent of the Poor be instructed to purchase the more cheap grade of engine for use in pumping, etc., on the County Farm.

Motion prevailed.

Moved by Sup. Arnold, seconded by Sup. McPherson, that we adjourn until tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

J. H. BECKTON,
Chairman.
F. W. BOWLES,
Clerk.

Court Room, Caro, Mich., Nov. 2. 1918.

The Board of Supervisors met per adjournment of yesterday.

Meeting was called to order by Chairman J. H. Beckton.

Roll was called and all members of the Board were present except Sups. Kirk and Briggs.

Minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved as read.

Mrs. Johnson, representing the Michigan Hospital of Farmington, Michigan, addressed the Board of Supervisors, explaining the work of this institution for treating and caring for crippled children.

Moved by Sup. McPherson, seconded by Sup. Stewart, that this Board appropriate $100.00 for a contribution for the Michigan Hospital School and that the Clerk draw an order for the same.

Motion prevailed by yea and nay vote as follows:

Yea—Sups. Darbee, McNeal, Hahn, Haley, Mueller, Caldwell, Hayes, Perry, Arnold, Stewart, Hill, Beckton, Jeffery, Millikin, McComb, Hicks, McPherson, Tibbitts, Robertson, Berry and Whitfield. Total yeas, 21.

Nays—None.

Two absent.

Moved by Sup. Hill, seconded by Sup. Haley, that the Board adjourn until 2 o'clock this afternoon.

Afternoon Session.

Meeting called to order by Chairman J. H. Beckton, with quorum present.

Report of the Committee on Claims and Accounts was submitted as follows:
To the Honorable Board of Supervisors:

Gentlemen — Your Committee on Claims and Accounts beg leave to report that they have had under consideration the following claims and recommend that they be allowed as follows:

Claims Nos. 135 to 161.

All of which is respectfully submitted.
E. J. DARBEE,
J. G. JEFFERY,
JAS. McPHERSON.

Moved by Sup. Hicks, seconded by Sup. Hill, that the report of the Committee on Claims and Accounts be accepted and that orders be drawn for the same.

Motion prevailed.

Communication from the Register of Deeds, Henry Beecher, relative to unsigned records and incomplete indexes in his office, was read and there being no objections action on the same was postponed until the January session, 1919.

Upon the motion of James McPherson a rising vote of thanks was extended to the Chairman, J. H. Beckton, for his many courtesies and assistance to committees and members during this session of the Board.

Minutes of today's meeting were read and approved as read.

Sup. Haley said that he hated to do it, but he did move that the "Honorable Body" adjourn until the January session, 1919, which motion was seconded by Sup. Robertson and carried unanimously.

J. H. BECKTON,
Chairman.
F. W. BOWLES,
Clerk.

Bills Audited by Committee.

W. W. Kelley, salary expense	$ 63.00
E. C. Brainerd, board, etc.	438.40
E. C. Brainerd, Janitor salary	100.00
J. P. Westfall, Court officer	54.00
Mrs. Henry, office cleaning	2.00
R. J. Hutchinson, Dep. Sheriff	219.91
L. B. Deming, frt. and dray	.89
Moore Telephone System, rent and tolls	93.90
B. H. McComb, expense	35.17
Burroughs Mach. Co., repairs	3.92
Tuscola Elev. Co., coal for Jail, etc.	270.20
J. P. Westfall, Court officer	6.00
C. & J. Gregory, bill for supplies	2.80
W. C. Sanson, clerk hire	200.00
C. & J. Gregory, Register of Deeds	1.55
L. B. Deming, dray delivery	39
B. H. McComb, expense	29.00
Valley Telephone, bills rendered	84.60
R. J. Hutchinson, services	126.74
F. W. Bowles, clerk hire	300.00
Mrs. Henry, Janitor work	2.00
W. W. Kelley, salary	90.60
Robert Brown, salary	83.00
Philip Eckfeld, salary	88.27
Geo. Hall, salary	58.54
E. C. Brainerd, services, etc.	225.22
L. V. Cameron, lettering office	1.50
B. H. McComb, office expense	12.00
Moore Telephone, tolls and rent	29.35
Caro L. & P. Wks., bill rendered	50.39
B. H. McComb, County Normal	30.00
E. C. Brainerd, service, etc.	150.28
The Sheppard Co., sub. for Prosecuting Attorney	6.00
Robert Brown, salary and expenses	84.87
Mrs. Henry, Janitor work	2.00
Philip Eckfeld, salary and expense	83.45
R. J. Hutchinson, services	132.77
Geo. Hall, expense	69.40
Purdy Bros., bill rendered	20.47
E. C. Brainerd, cleaning jail	4.00
H. S. Myers, dry cell	.35
W. W. Kelley, Drain Commrs.	77.90
B. H. McComb, office supplies	14.28
Wm. Shipman, cleaning	1.50
F. W. Bowles, issuing warrant	3.00
Snover & Lafrantivise, rubber stamps	1.00
B. H. McComb, supplies	18.54
Harry George, fees	50.00
Tuscola Co. Farmers' Insurance Co., premium	4.25
Morley Bros., dishes for jail	24.20
Chemo Co., disenfectants	47.50
W. Pub. Co., N. Y. Reporter	5.00
Fairgrove Enterprise, adv.	1.45
Reese Review, Sheriff notice	1.30
Mayville Monitor, auto notice	1.40
B. H. McComb, office work	20.00
L. B. Deming, frt. and dray	.84
E. C. Brainerd, Janitor work	100.00
J. P. Westfall, Court officer	42.00
E. C. Brainerd, expense	24.00
Caro L. & P. Wks., bill rendered	169.81
David McKinley, cleaning toilet	1.75
Tuscola Elev. Co., coal, etc.	181.01
Valley Tel., tolls and rent	11.90
Geo. Hall, expense of office	37.94
W. A. Forbes, bill rendered	32.35
Robert Brown, salary	67.25
Philip Eckfeld, salary	58.19
W. C. Sanson, mortgage fees	26.40
R. J. Hutchinson, fees	139.11
E. C. Brainerd, board, etc.	374.26
Millington Gazette, auto notice	1.40
Fred Drake, Mich. Digest	5.00
Courier Pub. Co., bills rendered	16.00
B. H. McComb, office expense	29.92
Burroughs Mach. Co., repairs	1.00
Callaghan Co., Mich. reports	14.72
Mrs. Henry, cleaning	2.00
Moore Tel. Co., bills rendered	15.15
L. H. Watrous, sewer tax	4.00
Ed Bliss, wood for Jail	15.75
B. H. McComb, office expense	13.89
Carl Palmer, pencils	1.00
Chas. Kenyon, fees	18.00
Robert Brown, salary	56.00
Philip Eckfeld, salary	36.71
Geo. Hall, expense	41.13
R. J. Hutchinson, services	92.15
Frank Dyer, repair on clock	1.00
B. H. McComb, office expense	36.08
Malsbury & Worthington, livery	4.00
Wm. Klea, wood for jail	15.75
Z. J. Putnam, wood for jail	18.75
Valley Tel. Co., rent and tolls	63.20
E. C. Brainerd, services	235.18
Courier Pub. Co., bill rendered	26.56
Moore Tel. Co., bill rendered	23.95
J. P. Westfall, services	6.00
R. E. Lawrence, keys	1.00
B. H. McComb, expense	38.30
Caro L. & P. Wks., bill rendered	119.13
E. C. Brainerd, board, etc.	592.26
Tuscola Elev. Co., coal, etc.	252.73
R. J. Hutchinson, services	82.06
Philip Eckfeld, expenses	48.28
Robert Brown, salary	65.00
Geo. Hall., salary	34.00
Watrous Hdwe. Co., bill rendered	7.36
H. P. George, services	5.00
J. P. Westfall, officer	12.00
Courier Pub. Co., bill rendered	.50
Watrous Hdwe. Co., bill rendered	20.71
Vassar PioneerTimes, letter heads	2.75
L. B. Deming, bill rendered	.50
B. H. McComb, expense of office	24.05
Mort Myers, taking message	1.50
Moore Tel. Co., tolls	9.65
W. W. Kelley, salary	6.67
Mrs. Henry, cleaning	6.00
Burroughs Co., attention to machine	3.92
Ernest Luder, wood for jail	140.93
Tiscola Elev. Co., coal	291.70
B. H. McComb, office expense	10.84
Philip Eckfeld, salary and expense	34.52
Robert Brown, salary	73.00
Geo. Hall, salary	37.73
R. J. Hutchinson, services	130.02
Mrs. Henry, cleaning	3.00
E. C. Brainerd, services	125.82
Philip Eckfeld, expense	107.91
B. H. McComb, expense	21.94
Zemke Bros., bill rendered	18.10
Courier Pub. Co., bill rendered	12.00
W. C. Sanson, mtg. fees	37.35
Moore Tel. Co., tolls and rent	31.15
Herman Co., wall paper	4.95
C. E. Tennant, labor	1.25
Valley Tel. Co., rent	39.00
B. H. McComb, expense	46.90
Oscar O'Kelley, work at jail	7.00
Deming Dray Line, drayage	1.69
Hiram Howell, bill rendered	2.95
Cummins Bros., material	41.10
Caro L. & P. Wks., bill rendered	228.20
C. D. Naramor, work on County Farm	39.60
Wm. Hall, mason work	8.00
J. P. Westfall, officer	15.00
Vassar Pioneer-Times, bill rendered	2.20
S. Montague, drawing ashes	15.00
Wm. Shipman, labor	1.00
Robert Brown, salary	86.37
Philip Eckfeld, salary	104.27
R. J. Hutchinson, services	134.38
Deming Dray Line, ice at jail	3.00
E. C. Brainerd, services	186.50
Geo. Hall, expenses	71.20
Courier Pub. Co., bill rendered	4.00
Kingston Enterprise, bill rendered	7.00
B. H. McComb, office expense	50.17
Purdy Bros., bill rendered	18.97
Wm. Hall, labor	14.10
A. J. Packer, bill rendered	20.05
Smith & St. Mary, Ins. prem.	109.51
J. H. Beckton, ins. premium	33.00
H. S. Myers, ins. premium	67.35
R. E. Lawrence, repairs	6.25
J. P. Westfall, officer	27.00
Valley Tel. Co., tolls	6.45
Moore Tel. Co., tolls	24.05
Caro L. & P. Wks., bill rendered	163.66
B. H. McComb, office expense	13.90
Bryan Greenfield, labor	22.23
David McKinley, bill rendered	5.60
Philip Eckfeld, expense	114.13
Geo. Hall, expense	68.93
R. J. Hutchinson, services	152.25
Robert Brown, salary	83.27
E. E. Gurney, ins. premium	92.47
Watrous Hdwe. Co., bill rendered	5.99
Smith & St. Mary, ins. prem.	8.84
Mrs. Henry, cleaning Court House	4.00
Alfred Bennett, cleaning	3.25
L. B. Deming, ice at jail	3.00
L. G. Seeley, ins. premium	57.00
Courier Pub. Co., Liberty Loan	47.60
B. H. McComb, expense	22.83
Mrs. Henry, cleaning	3.00
Alfred Bennett, labor	1.25
Valley Tel. Co., tolls and rent	63.00
E. C. Brainerd, services	211.28
L. B. Deming, ice for Jail	3.00
Philip Eckfeld, salary	108.77
B. H. McComb, office expense	20.22
Geo. Hall, salary	78.20
Robert Brown, salary	92.27
R. J. Hutchinson, services	160.63
L. G. Seeley, expense	300.00
Mich. Children's Home, gift	150.00
E. C. Brainerd, services	182.36
C. Randall, hauling ashes	1.50
Mrs. Henry, cleaning	3.00
David McKinley, work on jaid	3.70
Moore Tel. Co., tolls and rent	33.65
B. H. McComb, expense	13.46
Caro L. & P., bill rendered	31.45
J. H. Beckton, ins. premium	53.90
L. B. Deming, ice at Jail	3.00
Robert Brown, expense	88.67
Philip Eckfeld, expense	95.80
Geo. Hall, expense	65.40
Robt. Hutchinson, services	108.37
John Callen, County Canvasser	14.40
E. W. Ellis, County Canvasser	15.60
J. P. Westfall, services	45.00
Frank St. Mary, services	20.00
Alfred Bennett, cleaning	3.00
J. P. Westfall, services	21.00
David McKinley, Dep. Sheriff	19.50
E. C. Brainerd, services	195.92
Watrous Hdwe., bill rendered	15.95
Forbes Stamp Co., rubber stamps	2.55
C. W. McNeal, expense	2.00
J. W. Quinn, agent	56.05
E. E. VanSyckle, labor and mat	207.43
Vassar Pub. Co., bill rendered	74.27
Mrs. Henry, cleaning	4.00
Moore Tel Co., rent	9.45
B. Greenfield, labor	1.60
Cass City Chronicle, printing	79.90
B. H. McComb, office	8.90
H. P. George, service	5.00
Burroughs Mach. Co., attention to machine	5.10
County Clerk, Saginaw, probation fees	12.00
J. P. Westfall, officer	15.00
Total	$13,673.59

BILLS AUDITED BY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

NAME	Nature of Claim	Amt. Claimed	Amt. Allowed
Hiram Howell	expenses	$ 330.00	$ 330.00
C. E. Murray	services	4.00	4.00
Norris Stilson	expenses	110.00	110.00
A. G. Houghton	expenses	55.00	55.00
Geo. Bates, M. D.	attention sick	11.50	11.50
H. S. Faust	expenses	55.00	55.00
A. G. Houghton	expenses	55.00	55.00
James Parsons	expenses	55.00	55.00
D. A. Gifford	expenses	55.00	55.00
Chas. Gulliver	expenses	55.00	55.00
James Hiki	expenses	55.00	55.00
Elmer Jamison	expenses	55.00	55.00
B. Conlee	expenses	55.00	55.00
Perry Johnson	expenses	110.00	110.00
E. C. Brainerd	services	1,409.54	1,409.54
Tuscola Advertiser	printed matter	59.25	59.25
Philip Eckfeld	services	509.12	509.12
Wilsey & Cathcart	merchandise	5.73	5.73
H. J. Miller	drugs	9.50	9.50
Geo. Hall	services	392.10	392.10
Geo. Burgess	services	328.20	328.20
F. C. Kennedy	drugs	12.50	12.50
U. G. Spohn	attention to patients	46.00	34.00
Chas. Sellers	liveries	7.00	7.00
A. McComb	merchandise	10.22	10.22
W. W. Kelley	services	90.92	90.92
Robert Brown	services	482.25	479.25
Office Supply Co.	goods	3.23	3.23
Elliot Fischer Co.	merchandise	4.25	4.25
H. H. Merriman	attention to sick	44.00	44.00
R. J. Hutchinson	salary	757.53	757.53
S. Montague	livery	10.50	10.50
N. Karr	livery	8.00	8.00
Hiram Howell	merchandise	17.59	17.59
Rudolph Kowitz	merchandise	20.50	Disallowed
Rienke & Wolfe	merchandise	6.45	6.45
Burrington Pharmacy	merchandise	9.20	9.20
Moore Telephone Co.	Liberty Loan Comm	37.94	37.94
W. W. Moore	merchandise	15.71	15.71
Hub Clothing Co.	merchandise	6.36	6.36
Geo. Piercy	livery	15.00	15.00
Frank Shepard Co.	books	7.00	7.00
Courier Publishing Co.	printing	127.25	127.25
Geo. Moore	merchandise	15.80	15.80
Chas. Howe	annotations	6.00	6.00
Palmer Bros.	merchandise	18.37	18.37
Cass City Grain Co.	coal	5.22	5.22
Arthur Rochleau	wood	11.25	11.25
P. L. Campenter	drugs	17.15	17.15
M. P. Freeman	merchandise	38.81	38.81
Chas. Striffler	services	20.00	20.00
A. W. Gaul	services	39.10	39.10
Wm. Robertson	for filing cases	100.00	100.00
J. W. Quinn	rent	100.00	100.00
D. G. Buhl	services	2.10	2.10
Ignatz Lahner	case	5.00	5.00
Expense account	County officers	548.40	548.40
Coad Bros.	drugs	6.00	6.00
John Roberts	drugs	6.26	6.26
Dr. Treadgold	cases	18.00	18.00
C. S. Forbes	services	12.00	12.00
Geo. Campbell	merchandise	33.07	Disallowed
A. G. Houghton	services	2.00	2.00
Jefferson Pharmacy	merchandise	7.00	7.00
J. W. Bullock	merchandise	54.80	Disallowed
Sherk & Son	merchandise	7.75	Disallowed
T. E. Dodds	merchandise	21.75	8.00
F. J. Taggart	merchandise	3.25	Disallowed
L. C. Carpenter	drugs	5.75	5.75
J. H. Vandecar	drugs	13.00	Disallowed
State Saving Bank	for rent	100.00	100.00
R. G. Lyon	services	46.18	46.18
N. W. Mfg. Co.	merchandise	38.00	38.00
Dr. Handy	examination	50.00	50.00
C. W. Clark	examination	15.00	15.00
D. M. Graham	merchandise	18.67	18.67
Mrs. E. C. Brainerd	matron services	200.00	200.00
J. H. Shultz Co.	merchandise	42.67	42.67
Welsch Company	merchandise	64.00	64.00
Seeman & Peters	merchandise	63.43	63.43
Harry George	services	156.10	156.10
Gregory, Mayer & Thom	merchandise	120.85	120.85
J. D. Holcomb	supplies	36.95	36.95
W. W. Welsh	merchandise	64.00	64.00
Edward Humes	services	663.46	663.46
Richmond-Backus Co.	merchandise	9.51	9.51
Ihling Bros. Co.	merchandise	130.69	130.69
Cass City Drug Co.	drugs	25.60	25.60
Zemke Bros.	merchandise	2.20	2.20
Jefferson Pharmacy	drugs	12.50	12.50
Remington Typewriter	merchandise	7.00	7.00
Doubleday Bros.	merchandise	1,430.50	1,430.50
Clark Randall	services	2.00	2.00
Doubleday Bros. Co.	merchandise	339.00	339.00
Chas. Murray	services	2.00	2.00
Chas. Murray	services	2.00	2.00
Drake Company	books, etc.	19.50	19.50
Vandemark Drug Co.	drugs	11.70	11.70
Noble Bliss	rent for Drain Comm	240.00	240.00
E. E. Jamison	expenses	15.00	15.00
Doubleday Bros.	merchandise	174.45	174.45
Vandemark Drug Co.	services	83.35	83.35
R. A. Townsend	services	5.85	5.85
R. L. Ducolon	services	269.74	268.74
Caroline Stevens	nursing sick	70.00	70.00
Jeffery Pharmacy	drugs	8.25	8.25
Orson Randall	Justice of the Peace	49.50	49.50
Perry M. Johnson	undertaker	110.00	110.00
Geo. Bates, M. D.	attention to sick	134.15	134.15
Zemke Bros.	merchandise	10.45	10.45
John Graf	services	197.00	197.00
Henderson Drug Co.	merchandise	10.45	10.45
C. P. Hunter	services	12.00	12.00
B. H. McComb	services, etc.	424.45	424.45
Chemo Company	merchandise	47.50	47.50
Zemke Bros.	merchandise	13.78	13.78
W. J. Sugnet	medical attention	29.90	29.90
F. P. Wilcox	nursing	30.00	30.00
Ella Maynard	nursing	1.00	1.00
James Maynard	medical calls	30.00	30.00
Callahan & Co.	books	5.00	5.00
Jeffery Pharmacy	disenfectants	1.80	1.80
J. J. Gies	Justice fees	22.60	22.60
E. C. Brainerd	excess janitor hire	233.38	Disallowed
G. S. Graham	Supt. of the Poor	472.00	472.00
Robert Brown	salary and expense	157.20	157.20
Philip Eckfeld	salary and expenses	138.82	138.82
Dr. Treadgold	medical work	95.00	95.00
Tuscola Advertiser	printing	756.15	756.15
Tom McLiesch	medical attention	42.28	*
H. W. Smith	arresting deserter	7.00	7.00
R. L. Ducolon	services	48.83	48.83
C. W. Clark	medical attention	12.80	12.80
B. H. McComb	School Commr's. expense	8.80	8.80
John Graf	Poor Commissioner	35.00	35.00
G. S. Graham	Poor Commissioner	33.00	33.00
John Hayes	Supervisor's pay	41.20	41.20
James McPherson	Supervisor's pay	42.64	42.64
J. A. Caldwell	Supervisor's pay	41.90	41.90
E. J. Darbee	Supervisor's pay	40.24	40.24
Conrad Mueller	Supervisor's pay	42.52	42.52
H. B. Tibbitts	Supervisor's pay	40.72	40.72
James Arnold	Supervisor's pay	40.72	40.72
W. W. Briggs	Supervisor's pay	41.20	41.20
Wm. Hahn	Supervisor's pay	42.04	42.04
John J. Jeffery	Supervisor's pay	41.80	41.80
L. A. McComb	Supervisor's pay	42.40	42.40
Wm. Hicks	Supervisor's pay	43.00	43.00
C. W. McNeal	Supervisor's pay	43.00	43.00
E. C. Robertson	Supervisor's pay	42.16	42.16
D. W. Stewart	Supervisor's pay	40.96	40.96
James Kirk	Supervisor's pay	41.28	41.28
J. H. Beckton	Supervisor's pay	40.00	40.00
Guy Hill	Supervisor's pay	41.68	41.68
Geo. Whitfield	Supervisor's pay	42.40	42.40
Andrew Haley	Supervisor's pay	41.80	41.80
N. A. Perry	Supervisor's pay	41.56	41.56
A. G. Millikin	Supervisor's pay	41.92	41.92
Jonathan Berry	Supervisor's pay	40.96	40.96

*Referred to Superintendent of the Poor.

JANUARY SESSION OF THE TUSCOLA COUNTY BOARD OF SUPORVISORS.

Court Room, Caro, Mich., Jan. 6, 1919.

The Board of Supervisors for the County of Tuscola, met in the Court Room, in the Village of Caro, Michigan, on the above date per the adjournment of November 2, 1918.

Meeting was called to order by Chairman J. H. Beckton.

Roll was called and the following Supervisors were present:

Sups. Hover, Darbee, Hahn, Haley, Caldwell, Hayes, Arnold, Stewart, Hill,

Beckton, Kirk, Jeffery, Millikin, Hicks, Robertson, Berry and Whitfield.

Absent—Sups. McNeal, Mueller, Perry, McComb, McPherson and Tibbitts.

Chairman Beckton appointed a commitee of three on County Officers Bonds as follows: Sups. Robertson, Kirk and Hill.

After committees having work to do were requested to make reports as soon as possible, it was moved by Sup. Robertson, seconded by Sup. Hahn, that a recess be taken until 2.50 o'clock.

Motion prevailed.

Afternoon Session.

Meeting called to order by Chairman Beckton, with quorum present.

Sups. Mueller, McPherson and Tibbitts, who were absent at the morning session, were present.

Certificates for bounties on weasles, foxes, hawks and owls, numbers 267 to 356, inclusive, except numbers 288 and 289, which were cancelled, were presented by County Clerk.

Moved by Sup. McPherson, seconded by Sup. Mueller, that the Treasurer be, and is hereby, authorized to pay same when presented.

Motion prevailed.

Moved by Sup. Hicks, seconded by Sup. Hill, that the election of Superintendent of the Poor be made a special order of the day for tomorrow, Tuesday afternoon.

Motion prevailed.

Messrs. Nealson and Dennis were present, as representatives for good roads, Mr. Nealson giving a talk explaining the County System Law.

Moved by Sup. Hill, seconded by Sup. Darbee, that meeting be adjourned until tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

Motion prevailed.

J. H. BECKTON,
Chairman.
F. W. BOWLES,
Clerk.

Court Room, Caro, Mich., Jan. 7, 1919.

The Board of Supervisors for the County of Tuscola, Michigan, met on the above date per adjournment of yesterday afternoon.

Meeting was called to order by Chairman J. H. Beckton.

Roll was called and the following Supervisors were present:

Sups. Hover, Darbee, Hahn, Haley, Mueller, Caldwell, Hayes, Arnold, Stewart, Hill, Beckton, Kirk, Jeffery, Millikin, Hicks, McPherson, Tibbitts, Robertson, Berry and Whitfield.

Absent—Sups. Perry, McNeal and McComb.

The Committee on Claims and Accounts, by Sup. Darbee, requested that the Board of Supervisors consider the claims of Drain Commissioner and Deputy Drain Commissioner on account of amounts claimed for expenses were more than that claimed previously.

After reading of resolution pertaining to same by Sup. McPherson, and considerable discussion, it was moved by Sup. Hill, seconded by Sup. Berry, that the Committee on Claims and Accounts invite the Drain Commissioner and his Deputies to come before the Board of Supervisors at this afternoon's session and explain their position in the matter of expense claimed, to clear up the misunderstanding regarding same.

Motion prevailed.

A communication from W. C. Sanson requesting that a new typewriter be purchased for the Treasurer's office, was read by the Clerk.

Moved by Sup. Darbee, seconded by Sup. Jeffery, that the Treasurer be, and is hereby, authorized to purchase a suitable typewriter for his office and to dispose of the old one to the best possible advantage.

Motion prevailed.

A communication from Henry Beecher, Register of Deeds, regarding the record in the Register's office unsigned by previous Register and incomplete indexing, was read by the Clerk. Action on same was deferred until the afternoon session.

Afternoon Session.

Called to order by Chairman Beckton, with quorum present.

Sup. McComb present at the afternoon session.

Ex-Sheriff Brainerd reported with regards to flag staff, that he had made inquiry and found that the same would cost about $200.00 at this time and suggested that it being late, that the purchase of the same be postponed at least until spring, when perhaps the cost may be considerable less on account of reduction in cost of steel. Mr. Brainerd also gave his reason for filing claim for excess cost of Janitor hire and requested a re-consideration of the same.

Sup. Darbee submitted the report of Committee on Claims and Accounts as follows:

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors for the County of Tuscola:

Gentlemen—Your Committee on Claims and Accounts beg leave to report that they have had under consideration the following claims and recommend that they be allowed as follows:

Claims 1 to 33, inclusive, except Nos. 7, 9, 17, 26 and 27.

Nos. 7, 9, 26 and 27 held for further investigation, and No. 17 referred to the Superintendents of the Poor.

E. J. DARBEE,
JAS. McPHERSON,
JOHN J. JEFFERY,
Committee.

Moved by Sup. Hicks, seconded by Sup. Millikin, that the report of the Committee on Claims and Accounts be accepted and that orders be drawn for the amounts as recommended.

Motion prevailed.

Moved by Sup. Hill, seconded by Sup. Mueller, that we now proceed with the election of one Superintendent of the Poor.

Motion prevailed.

Moved by Sup. Robertson, seconded by Sup. Hicks, that the Chair appoint two tellers, which motion prevailed, and the Chair appointed Sups. Berry and Hill as tellers.

The name of Andrew Haley was presented by Sup. McPherson and the name of David Buhl was presented by Sup. Hahn.

Ballots were prepared and cast and the tellers reported as follows:

Total number of votes cast 21, of which David Buhl received 15 and Andrew Haley 6.

David Buhl receiving the majority of votes cast was declared elected by the Chair, as Superintendent of the Poor for the ensuing term of three years.

The committee appointed on County Officers' Bonds, submitted report as follows:

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors:

Gentlemen—Your Committee on County Officers' Bonds beg leave to submit the following report:

That they have had under consideration the matter of the bonds and the sureties thereto of the several county officers hereunto named and would recommend that the said bonds and sureties be accepted and approved by your Honorable Body.

First—The bond of William C. Sanson, as Treasurer of County of Tuscola, in the penal sum of seventy thousand dollars ($70,000.00) with the National Surety Company of New York as sureties.

Second—The bond of William M. Morris, as Sheriff of Tuscola County, in the penal sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000.00) with the following sureties, who do each justify to the amounts opposite their respective names, viz.: Charles O. Blinn, $10,000.00; D. K. Hannah, $10,000.00; J. D. Brooker, $10,000.00.

Said bond and sureties having been heretofore approved on the 30th day of December, by Hon. O. D. Hill, Judge of Probate.

Third—The bond of James D. Brooker, as one of the Circuit Court Commissioners of Tuscola County in the penal sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000.00) with the following sureties, who do each justify to the amount set opposite their respective names: W. S. Wixson, $3,000.00; Henry Myers, $3,000.00.

Fourth—The bond of William J. Spears as one of the Circuit Court Commissioners of Tuscola County in the penal sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000.00) with the following surity, who does justify to the amount set opposite his name: H. H. Smith, $3,000.00.

Fifth—The bond of Carroll W. Clark as one of the Coroners of Tuscola County in the penal sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000.00) with the following sureties, who do justify to the amount set opposite their respective names, viz: Joseph Beckton, $10,000.00; Wm. C. Sanson, $10,000.00.

It appears that Dr. Sugnet, the other Coroner elected at the election held in said County on November 5, 1918, has failed to qualify by neglecting to file bond for approval by your Honorable Body.

Sixth—The bond of Frank W. Bowles as County Clerk in the penal sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000.00) with the following sureties, who do each justify to the amount set opposite their respective names, viz.: Louis Wean, $2,000.00; Henry P. Bush, $2,000.00.

Said bond and sureties being approved heretofore on the 31st day of December, 1918, by the Honorable O. D. Hill, Judge of Probate.

Your committee wishes further to report that the bonds of the county officers, viz.: Register of Deeds and Surveyor, under the law, are approved by the County Treasurer, and that the bonds of Henry W. Beecher, Register of Deeds, and Warren Leonard, Surveyor, have been filed in the office of the County Clerk and have been approved by William C. Sanson, County Treasurer of said County.

Your committee further beg leave to report that the bond of George Hall, as County Drain Commissioner, approved by the County Clerk, Judge of Probate and County Treasurer, under the law, and that bond of said George Hall as County Drain Commissioner, has been filed in the office of County Clerk and approved by the County Clerk, Judge of Probate and County Treasurer.

We would further recommend the approval of the bonds of the State Savings Bank of Caro, Michigan, the Peoples State Bank of Caro, Michigan, and the Commercial Savings Bank of Caro, Michigan, heretofore designated as depositories for County funds, each in the penal sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000.00) with the following sureties, who do justify to the amount set opposite their respective names, viz.:

Henry Parker	$30,000.00
Henry Bush	4,000.00
Charles Seiland	10,000.00
Robert Park, Jr.	10,000.00
Wm. A. Forbes	25,000.00
Louis Wean	4,000.00
Joseph Beckton	10,000.00
Albert Purdy	10,000.00
John Seeley	50,000.00
John Knight	20,000.00
J. McNair Ealy	75,000.00
Samuel Park	10,000.00
Alfred Purdy	10,000.00
Lewis Seeley	25,000.00

We further report that said above mentioned depository bonds have been approved by John W. Quinn, Prosecuting Attorney of said County, as required by law. All of which is respectfully submitted.

E. C. ROBERTSON,
JAMES KIRK,
GUY HILL,
Committee.

Moved by Sup. McPherson, seconded by Sup. Berry, that the report of the Committee on County Officers be accepted and adopted.

Motion prevailed.

Moved by Sup. Berry, seconded by Sup. Hill, that we adjourn until 10 o'clock tomorrow morning.

Motion prevailed.

Court Room, Caro, Mich., Jan. 8, 1919.

The Board of Supervisors for Tuscola County, Michigan, met in the Court Room in the Village of Caro on Wednesday, January 8, 1919, per adjournment of yesterday p. m.

Meeting was called to order by Chairman Beckton.

Roll was called and the following members were present:

Sups. Hover, Darbee, Hahn, Haley, Mueller, Caldwell, Hayes, Perry, Arnold, Stewart, Hill, Beckton, Kirk, Jeffery, Millikin, McComb, Hicks, McPherson, Tibbitts, Robertson, Berry, Whitfield.

Minutes of the previous meetings of this session were read and approved as read.

Report of the Committee on Claims and Accounts was read as follows:

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors:

Gentlemen—Your Committee on Claims and Accounts beg leave to sumbit the following report: That they have had under consideration the following claims and recommend that they be allowed as follows:

Claims Nos. 34 to 66, inclusive, except 39, which has been referred to the Superintendent of the Poor. No. 7, which was held for further investigation, is also allowed. No. 9, disallowed for balance due on same. Nos. 26 and 27, referred back to claimant for O. K.'d itemized bills.

Also claim No. 65, J. W. Bullock's claim of October, 1918 session, $54.80, is recommended for payment and balance of claim No. 67, F. E. Dodd's claim in October session, $13.75, has been recommended for payment.

Moved by Sup. Mueller, seconded by Sup. Stewart, that the report of the Committee on Claims and Accounts be accepted and orders be drawn for the amounts as recommended.

Motion prevailed.

Upon a verbal request by Sheriff Morris that certain repairs be made in the jail barn and that some rooms in the jail be repapered, it was moved by Sup. Hill, seconded by Sup. Hahn, that the Sheriff be authorized to make necessary repairs on the barn and jail.

Motion prevailed.

The following resolution was submitted by Sup. Robertson:

Whereas, it appears that from the communication from the present Register of Deeds that a considerable amount of indexing was left undone and a considerable number of records unsigned, causing much inconvenience and rendering it impossible to produce complete and certified copies of certain records,

Therefore, Be it Resolved, That Joseph Walton, former Register of Deeds, be requested to have indexing completed and all records signed, same to be done before the first of March, 1919.

Resolved further, That the County Clerk be instructed to notify said Joseph Walton as to action taken in reference to this resolution.

Adoption of the foregoing resolution was moved by Sup. Robertson, seconded by Sup. Berry.

Motion prevailed.

The following resolution was submitted by Sup. McPherson:

Be It Resolved, That the Deputy Drain Commissioner, while acting as Clerk in Drain Commissioner's office, shall receive for his services, four dollars per day and no further expenses be allowed said Deputy. This resolution to be effective on and after January 1, 1919.

Moved by Sup. McPherson, seconded by Sup. Berry, that we adopt the foregoing resolution.

Motion prevailed.

Minutes of today's meeting were read and approved as read.

Moved by Sup. Perry, seconded by Sup Arnold, that the Board adjourn without date.

Motion prevailed.

J. H. BECKTON,
Chairman.
F. W. BOWLES
Clerk.

BILLS AUDITED BY COMMITTEE IN JANUARY SESSION.

Claimant	Nature of Claim	Amt. Allowed
E. C. Brainerd, bal. for services.		$254.92
E. C. Brainerd, repairs to jail...		4.50
E. C. Brainerd, lockage.....		107.10
E. C. Brainerd, board and washing, prisoners		679.65
Mrs. Brainerd, matron.....		50.00
R. J. Hutchinson, bal. services..		188.42
Philip Eckfeld, Dep. Drain Com., service		31.90
Geo. Hall Drain Commr. salary and expense		107.55
Robt. Brown, Dep. Drain Commr., salary and expense.....		*.....
John W. Gollan, Justice of the Peace		11.75
E. T. Peblow, Soldiers' burial...		165.00
Doubleday-Hunt-Dolan Co., supplies		45.80
Doubleday Bros. Co., supplies...		185.60
Seeman & Peters, supplies.....		4.10
J. H. Schultz Co., supplies.....		32.71
Loren Elliott, Dep. Sheriff.....		5.58
E. S. Bankert, burial expenses..		‡.....
H. A. Bishop, services, ordered by Sheriff		5.00
Chas. Striffler, Constable fees...		6.00
W. W. Moore, supplies.....		6.30
John Phillips, nursing.....		10.00
Isaac Cragg, Justice of the Peace		8.55
N. Karr, livery		5.00
Harry George, Justice of the Peace		21.85
A. W. Gaul, Constable fees.....		10.00
A. W. Gaul, quarantine work....		§.....
John Honeywe , quarantine wk.		§.....
Dr. Kaven, services rendered....		18.25
Lowthian's Pharmacy, formaldehyde, Akron		21.06
Burrington Pharmacy, formaldehyde ,etc.		17.40
H. J. Miller Pharmacy, formaldehyde ,etc.		21.00
E. Humes, Dep. Sheriff services		107.81
Fred Drake, law book.....		3.00
S. Montague & Son, livery for Sheriff		21.00
H. J. Miller, drugs.....		3.20
Vandemark Drug Co., drugs.....		44.50
B. H. McComb, traveling expense		98.20
Cass City Chronicle, printing..		19.85
F. L. Morris, M. D. services and medicine		‡.....
John Graf, Supt. of Poor.....		47.50
G. S. Graham, Supt. of Poor....		105.00
John J. Jeffery, Supervisor.....		13.80
Wm. Hahn, Supervisor.....		13.92
C. P. Hover, Supervisor.....		13.44
Geo. Whitfield, Supervisor.....		14.40
H. B. Tibbitts, Supervisor.....		13.56
Leo. F. Haley, Supervisor.....		13.68
Conrad Mue er, Supervisor.....		14.50
D. J. Darbee, Supervisor.....		12.24
D. W. Stewart, Supervisor.....		12.96
James Kirk, Supervisor.....		13.08
Guy Hill, Supervisor.....		13.68
James McPherson, Supervisor...		14.52
W. B. Hick , Supervisor.....		14.04
J. A. Caldwell Supervisor.....		13.92
J. W. Arnold, Supervisor.....		12.72
Lewis McComb, Supervisor.....		14.10
Jonathan Berry, Supervisor.....		13.96
John Hayes, Supervisor.....		13.20
J. D. Beckton, Supervisor.....		12.00
E. C. Robertson, Supervisor.....		14.16
Tuscola Advertiser, printing....		110.50
N. A. Perry, Supervisor.....		13.56
C. W. McNeal, Supervisor.....		15.00
V. G. Millikin, Supervisor.....		.....
October Session 1918.		
J. Bullock, reconsidered.....		§.80
F. E. Dodd, reconsidered, bal....		13.

‡ Disallowed.
* Referred to Supt. of Poor.
§ Referred back for itemized O. K.'d bills.

REGISTRATION NOTICE.

For Election Apr. 7, A. D. 1919.

To the qualified electors of the Township of Elkland, County of Tuscola, State of Michigan.

Notice is hereby given that in conformity with Act 126, Public Acts of 1917, I, the undersigned Township Clerk, will, upon any day except Sunday and a legal holiday, or the day of any regular or special election or official primary election, receive for registration the name of any legal voter in said Township not already registered who may apply to me personally for such registration, except that I can receive no names for registration during the time intervening between the second Saturday before any general or special election or official primary election and the day of such election.

March 29, 1919,—Last Day for General Registration for Said Election.

All electors not already registered and intending to vote at said election, should make personal application to me on or before the 29th day of March, A. D. 1919.

Notice is further hereby given that I will be at my office at Greenhouse on Mar. 15 and Mar. 22 A. D. 1919, from 8 o'clock a. m. until 8 o'clock p. m. on each said day for the purpose of reviewing the registration and registering such of the qualified electors in said Township as shall appear and apply therefor.

The name of no person but an actual resident of the precinct at the time of registration, and entitled under the constitution, if remaining such resident, to vote at the next election shall be entered in the registration book.

Registration of Absentee by Oath.

If any person whose name is not registered shall offer and claim the right to vote at any election, and shall, under oath, state that he or she is a resident of such precinct and has resided in the township twenty days next preceding such election, designating particularly the place of his or her residence and that he or she possesses the other qualifications of an elector under the constitution; and that owing to the sickness or bodily infirmity of himself or herself or some member of his or her family or owing to his or her absence from the township on public business or his or her own business, and without intent to avoid or delay his or her registration, he or she was unable to make application for registration on the last day provided by law for the registering of electors preceding such election, then the name of such person shall be registered, and he or she shall then be permitted to vote at such election. If such applicant shall in said matter wilfully make any false statement, he or she shall be deemed guilty of perjury, and upon conviction, be subject to the pains and penalties thereof.

Provision in Case of Removal to Another Precinct.

Any registered and qualified voter who has removed from one election precinct of a township to another election precinct of the same township shall have the right, on any day previous to election day, on application to the Township Clerk, to have his or her name transferred from the registration book of the precinct from which he or she has removed to the registration book of the precinct in which he or she then resides. Such elector shall have the right to have such transfer made on election day by obtaining from the board of inspectors of election of the precinct from which he or she has removed a certificate of transfer and presenting the said certificate to the board of election inspectors of the precinct in which he or she then resides

Women Electors.

All women who possess the qualifications of male electors will be entitled to registration provided they make proper application to the Township Clerk, within the time limit above designated. All registration of women prior to Dec. 5, 1918, is null and void.

H. L. HUNT,
Clerk of said Township.
Dated March 7, 1919. 3-14-

HOW TO VOTE BY MAIL AT ANY AND ALL ELECTIONS.

Who Are Entitled to Vote by Mail.

(Excerpts from Chapter XII, Act No. 203, Public Acts of 1917.)

The term "absent voter" shall be taken to mean any qualified elector, who is absent or who expects to be absent from the township or ward in which he resides, on the day of any election or official primary election, and who is

(1). A person in the actual service of the United States, or of this State. or

(2). A student, while in attendance at any institution of learning, or

(3). A regularly enrolled member of any citizens' military or naval training camp, held under the government of the United States or the State of Michigan, or

(4). A member of the Legislature while in attendance at any session of the Legislature, or

(5). A commercial traveler, or

(6). A person employed upon or in the operation of railway trains in this State, or

(7). A sailor engaged or employed on the great lakes or in coastwise trade.

The term "commercial traveler" shall be taken to mean a person engaged in soliciting the sale of goods, by the exhibition of samples, or by catalogue or other device, for the purpose of effecting such sales and taking orders for goods to be subsequently shipped by his employer.

How Voter Should Proceed.

Any voter coming within the provisions given above, expecting to be absent from his ward, township or village, on the date of any election and desiring to vote by mail at said election must make application either in person or by mail to the undersigned Clerk for a blank form to be filled out by said voter so as to constitute an application in proper form, for ballots to be voted at said Election. If this request be made by mail, it may be in the following form:—

To the Clerk of the Township of Elkland:

Please mail to my address given below, a suitable blank form for use in making application for ballots to be voted by myself in the.....
(Give name of township, village or city as the case may be).
State of Michigan,.....1919, under the provisions of Chapter XII, Act 203, Public Acts of 1917.
My name .....
Address .....

When to Make Application to Clerk for Ballots.

Application for ballots on the form provided by the Clerk can be made at any time within thirty days prior to the date of election, provided it reaches said Clerk not later than the second day preceding the election.

Upon receipt of the blank application form, the voter must fill it out fully and completely and mail same to the Clerk at the address given below, or deliver in person to said clerk.

Clerk to Mail Initialed Ballots to Applicant.

As soon as the ballots are printed the Clerk will mail immediately to said applicant, the ballot or ballots to be voted by said applicant at said election, or deliver the same in person, provided the applicant is duly registered.

How Voter Should Prepare Ballot.

Upon receipt of such ballot or ballots, the absent voter shall mark it or them in accordance with the printed instructions and shall fold and enclose it or them in the envelope provided therefor, and after sealing the envelope, he shall fill out, sign and swear to the affidavit printed on the back thereof before a notary public, or other person authorized to administer oaths. The absent voter shall then place on the envelope the necessary postage and deposit it in the postoffice or in some government receptacle provided for the deposit of mail matter. This must be done sufficiently early so that the ballot will reach the Clerk in time to be delivered by him to the Board of Election Inspectors before the close of the polls on election day.

When Absent Voter, Returning, can Vote in Person.

No absent voter returning to his place of residence, will be prohibited from voting in person within his precinct, notwithstanding that he may have made application for an absent voter's ballot or ballots and the same may have been mailed by the said Clerk: Provided, That such voter has not availed himself of the privilege of an absent voter, as provided by this act, and voted the ballot or ballots mailed him by the said clerk, and provided he return such ballot, or ballots, if received, to the board by whom same shall be marked "cancelled" and placed in the regular ballot boxes with other ballots.

Any voter voting at any election both in person and by means of an absent voter's ballot, or who shall attempt so to vote, shall, on conviction, be deemed guilty of a felony.

H. L. HUNT,
Clerk of the said Township of Elkland.

My P. O. address is Cass City, Mich.

My office is located at Greenhouse.
Dated March 6th, A. D 1919.
3-14-

ORDER FOR PUBLICATION.

Appointment of Administrator.

State of Michigan, The Probate Court for the County of Tuscola.

At a session of said Court, held at the Probate Office in the Village of Caro in said County, on the 4th day of March A. D. 1919.

Present, Hon. O. D. Hill, Judge of Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of

Arthur Helwig, Deceased.

Thomas Murphy, father-in-law of said deceased, having filed in said court his petition praying that W. H. Murphy be appointed administrator de bonis non to complete the administration of said estate,

It is Ordered, That the 31st day of March A. D. 1919, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition.

It Is Further Ordered, That public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order, once each week for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the Cass City Chronicle a newspaper printed and circulated in said county.

O. D. HILL,
Judge of Probate.

A true copy.
O. D. HILL, Judge of Probate.
3-7-3

ORDER FOR PUBLICATION.

Appointment of Administrator.

State of Michigan, The Probate Court for the County of Tuscola

At a session of said Court, held at the Probate Office in the Village of Caro in said County on the 30th day of January A. D. 1919.

Present, Hon. O. D. Hill, Judge of Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of

John Schwaderer, Deceased.

Helen G. Schwaderer, widow of said deceased, having filed in said court her petition praying that the administration of said estate be granted to Helen G. Schwaderer or William Schwaderer or to some other suitable person,

It is Ordered, That the 31st day of March A. D. 1919, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition.

It Is Further Ordered, That public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order, once each week for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the Cass City Chronicle a newspaper printed and circulated in said county.

O. D. HILL,
Judge of Probate.

A true copy.
O. D. HILL, Judge of Probate.
3-7-3

Default having been made in the payment of money due on and secured by a mortgage, dated November 20th, 1916, made and executed by Samuel Igram and Sarah Igram, his wife and Nasak Nicked and Sarah Nicked, his wife to "State Savings Bank of Gagetown, Michigan, (a corporation) and recorded in the register of deeds' office for the county of Tuscola, Michigan, November 21st, 1916, in liber 140 of mortgages, on page 422 and upon said mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of Five Hundred Ninety-two dollars and Forty-eight cents.

That by reason of said default said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises in said mortgage described, at Public vendue, at the front door of the Court House, in the village of Caro, in Tuscola county, Michigan, to the highest bidder, on the seventh day of April, 1919, at one o'clock in the afternoon.

The said mortgaged premises are described in said mortgage substantially as follows, to-wit: Commencing at a point eleven rods north of the quarter stake on the south side of section one, in township fourteen north range ten east, running thence west one hundred thirty feet, thence north one hundred sixteen and one half feet, thence east one hundred thirty feet, and thence south one hundred sixteen and one half feet to the place of beginning, and being in the village of Gagetown, Tuscola county, Michigan, and being a part of block nine of said village.

The said premises will be sold as aforesaid to satisfy the amount due on said mortgage and the costs of foreclosure.

Dated January ninth, 1919.

State Savings Bank of Gagetown, Mich.,
Mortgagee.

J. D. Brooker, Attorney for Mortgagee.
Business Address,
Cass City, Michigan. 1-10-13

Coming Soon

UNITED DOCTORS SPECIALIST

will again be at

CASS CITY, MICHIGAN

GORDON HOTEL

Thursday March 27, 1919.

One Day Only—9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Remarkable Success of Talented Physicians in Treatment of Chronic Diseases.

Offer Services Free of Charge

The United Doctors Specialist, licensed by the state of Michigan for treatment of diseases of the stomach, intestines, liver, blood, skin, nerves, heart, spleen, rheumatism, sciatica, tapeworm, leg ulcers, weak lungs. Those afflicted with long standing deep seated diseases that have baffled the skill of the family physician should not fail to call, for so great and wonderful has been their results that many former patients state it is hard to find the dividing line between skill and miracle.

According to their system no more operations for appendicitis, gall stones, goitre, tumors, piles, etc., as all cases accepted will be treated without operation or hypodermic njection, out operation or hypodermic injection, the name of "Bloodless Surgeons" by doing away with all pain in the successfull treatment of these dangerous diseases.

If your case is incurable they will give you such advice as may relieve and stay the disease. Do not put off this duty. A visit at this time may help you. It costs nothing.

Married ladies must come with their husbands and minors with their parents.

Laboratories—Milwaukee, Wis.

R. N. McCullough

Auctioneer

Make date and arrangements for farm and other sales with the Chronicle at Cass City.

Buy War Savings Stamps.
Buy War Savings Stamps.

WOMEN OF MICHIGAN TO BE AT POLLS IN FORCE ON APRIL 7

Reports Compiled At Lansing Tell of Heavy Registration Throughout State.

Lansing, Mich.—Reports that within the last few days have come flooding in upon officials here tell of political activity among the women of the state on a scale that not even the most astute of republican and democratic party leaders were able to foresee. Only a smattering of women was expected by these observers to avail themselves of the opportunity to register and vote at the election in April, but of late tales of heavy feminine registration, substantiated by authentic figures, have come in from every section of the state. The fair folk of Grand Rapids are credited with setting tht pace.

On February 23, according to a report from Kent county, 23,000 women had signed up in the furniture metropolis. The masculine vote in former years has averaged only about 20,000 in Grand Rapids—meaning that at the election in April more than twice as many ballots will be marked and deposited in the poll boxes than at any time in the past.

A similar rush upon the registration clerks is declared to be in progress in Detroit, where a few days ago more than 70,000 women had registered.

The unexpected outpouring of women, both in Detroit and Grand Rapids is attributed by Fred G. Dewey, chairman of the G. O. P. in Wayne county, to their desire to take a whack at the proposed beer and wine amendment when it comes up on April 7. The women are so keen in this ambition he declared, that the defeat of this measure, fathered by the wets, is almost certain.

In Grand Rapids feminine representatives of women's clubs and civic organizations made a house-to-house canvass to encourage the women of the city to register and vote. The canvassers in the Kent district in addition to telling women where and when they could register, left behind them pamphlets condemning the beer and wine amendment and instructing women to vote "no".

But while the cities are leading in point of numbers registered, reports from the smaller cities and towns, and from the rural districts, indicate that just as large a percentage of women are registering there as in the metropolis. On February 21, two-thirds of the eligible women of Monroe—the rum-runners port of entry—had registered. In Bergland township in Ontonagon county, at the other end of the state, 62 per cent of the women had registered on February 21. The percentage at Beulah, in Benzie county, was 75; at Port Austin 75 per cent of the women have registered; in Columbia township, Tuscola county, 50 per cent of the women had registered on February 14; at Ceresco, in Calhoun county, 81 per cent have registtred; in Coldwater, 50 per cent have registered already; at Manistee, 1200 have registered. These reports, chosen at random from among many others of similar portent have convinced the political pilots of the various parties that the woman in politics is a factor that must be counted in—and counted in by the tens of thousands.

"We can't tell just yet what these new voters will do to party lines", declared Arthur P. Loomis, one of the most experienctd of campaign managers, "but we haven't any doubt what they will do when a moral issue, such as the beer and wine amendment, must be decided. The beer and wine amendment will be defeated by a good round majority."

NO BAN ON WINE FOR USE IN CHURCH RITES

Wine and Beer Amendment Not Necessary to Secure Beverage For Sacramental Uses.

Lansing, Mich.—A widely circulated report to the effect that unless the wine and beer amendment is adopted wine for sacramental purposes will be unobtainable in the future, was branded as an untruth today by the Michigan Anti-Saloon League.

"It is lawful, under our present statute, for pastors to purchase wine for sacramental uses," declared Grant M. Hudson. "The law says:

" 'Every registered druggist or pharmicist keeping a drug store, who is permitted to do so as herein provided, may, by himself or his clerk, who is a registered pharmicist or a registered druggist, sell intoxicating liquors in the following cases:

" 'Wine for sacramental purposes to any clergyman having charge of a church, or to any recognized official thereof upon the sworn, written, signed and dated application of such clergyman or such official.'

"Advocates of the beer and wine amendment have been stating that unless the amendment is approved wine for sacramental purposes will be forbidden. The aim of this, of course, has been to obtain church support for the beer and wine measure.

"If this amendment is defeated, the present law will continue in force, and as above indicated, there is under this law no ban upon sacramental beverages. Unless we desire the return of the saloon, the wine and beer amendment should be defeated."