

President Diaz of Mexico is to be the guest of the French nation during his visit to France, and will be escorted from Vera Cruz to Marseilles by a fleet of French war vessels.

The German government is granting a subsidy of \$1,500,000 per annum to call companies, and, in conjunction with Dutch undertakings, cables are to be laid between Batavia, Saigon, Palembang, Makassar, Amborna, the Carolines and New Guinea.

In South Carolina there was hanged last week a negro convicted of assaulting a white woman. This is the first execution under the law making this offense a capital one. Now that the law is on the statute book, it is hoped that it will have a tendency to prevent lynching.

In the Georgia legislature a bill has been introduced to empower the State Commissioner of Agriculture to inspect proprietary medicines to see if they are wholesome or injurious. When the testers, or "tasters," are inspecting medicines of an alcoholic nature, it is likely that well-developed jags will result ere the inspectors will be qualified to report.

The great dam across the Nile at Assoua, which has just been completed, is designed to hold back the floods and provide for a system of regular irrigation. It is expected that some 600,000 acres of arid land will be made productive. The dam cost about \$1,000,000 and has required two years for construction—a comparatively short time, when the magnitude of the work is considered.

A young woman teacher of St. Louis tried to discourage tardiness by kissing the first pupil to arrive at school in the morning. On the day the system went into effect two boys of 16, only two years younger than the teacher, arrived several hours before school opened, and every boy in the school was on hand an hour ahead of time. The two big boys each got a kiss, but the system was abandoned.

The new Austrian parliament contains no less than twenty-six parties, with membership ranging from two up to sixty-four. No party has a majority. In elections the Anti-Semites and the Clerical parties suffered heavily, many of their seats being captured by Socialists or Nationalists. The German members outnumber the Poles, or Czechs, by thirty. It is not believed that any government can long continue to hold office.

A woman reformer recently pulled from the folds of her gown a soiled American flag and waved it before the audience, saying that she had waved it from public platforms in every country in Europe. "More's the pity!" murmured a much-loved general, who had lost his arm in fighting under that emblem. Those who see in our flag liberty and justice and moderation do not inessantly wave it above their heads; but perhaps they will sustain it longer after those who every day wrap themselves ostentatiously in its folds have dropped in the rear.

According to the statements of a former resident in the Klondike, the inhabitants of that region suffer much from snow blindness. Dark glasses seem to be of no value in the way of prophylaxis. That which afforded the most protection was wooden goggles, the patterns for which were taken from those worn by the Indians. These were whittled out of a piece of wood, fitting closely around the eyes, and with no glasses at all; but in the place of glasses were very small openings to see through, the inside being colored black. A projection like the visor of a cap extended over them, which was also colored black on the under side to shade the eyes.

The groups of coast-defenders on duty at life-saving stations are now having their most trying experiences. One of the force describes a sentinel tour along the shore in a terrific gale with a blinding snow. He was unable to keep his feet, but crawled to the outer limit of his beat, and returned in the same manner. The cold and fatigue made the night-watching an exhausting test of endurance and courage. His warning light was happily not needed, and no vessel came within the danger line; but the devotion was ready and the duty faithfully fulfilled. In the homes of comfort and security, when darkness and tempest bring no fear to the householder, let not the men whose service often means peril and privation be forgotten. Sympathetic thought, and whatever is needed to make their lives exempt from unnecessary suffering, ought to be a glad offering to the brave and patient men whose record is an honor to themselves and to their country.

Fishermen will be interested in the announcement that 200,000,000 whitefish will be distributed in the Great Lakes from the Michigan hatcheries during the coming season. In addition to these, the same hatcheries will distribute in the larger streams of Michigan 7,000,000 brook trout, 3,000,000 lake trout, 7,000,000 black bass and 100,000,000 wall-eyed pike. The work of planting fish is as interesting and about as important as any in the line of preserving an industry which is paid for out of public funds.

FAVORABLE WHEAT WEATHER

Was February Says Secretary of State Warner.

STABBING AFFRAY AT MIDLAND.

An Interesting Batch of Michigan Items Prepared for Quick Reading for Busy Michiganians—Amendments to the Constitution Must be on Separate Ballots.

Monthly Crop Bulletin. In the Michigan crop report for March, issued by Secretary of State Warner on the 8th, the statement is made that the fields of the state have been very generally covered with snow during the past month, and the temperature has been about 10 degrees below normal, making the month one of the coldest Februaries in many years. Only 12 out of a total of 678 correspondents reported that wheat was injured during the month from any cause, snow protecting the crop in the state for an average of 3.96 weeks during the month. Live stock throughout the state is thrifty and in good condition, the average for horses and sheep being 96, cattle 95 and swine 97.

Game Warden's Report for February. Game Warden Morse reports that the work of his department for February has been principally in the inland waters relative to alleged violations of the fish laws, most of which were for the illegal taking of trout and the spearing of black bass. A total of 88 complaints were investigated, and resulted in the instituting of 38 prosecutions, 11 being for violations of the game laws and 27 for violations of the fish laws. The result was 16 convictions, 1 acquittal, 10 dismissals and 11 cases still pending. Two jail sentences without the alternative of a fine were imposed, and fines of 42 imposed. There were nine seizures of property of the value of \$184.

Abandoned the Get-Rich-Quick Plan. For some years past the farmers of Wexford and the neighboring counties have gone in for potato raising to the exclusion of everything else, with the result that many of them have now abandoned their farms because of the loss through heavy overproduction and a consequent dead market and inability to sell their crops. The conservative ones are now advocating the abandonment of the get-rich-quick plan of potato raising, and the adoption of a system whereby a few acres of potatoes are planted ever year instead of planting an entire farm with the tubers, to the exclusion of crops that are sometimes more profitable than potatoes.

Village Officers' Association. The State Association of Village Officers met in Lansing on the 5th, but owing to the proximity of the elections in the villages of the state, there was a very light attendance. Secretary of State Warner is president of the state association, and W. H. Marvin, of Utica, secretary and treasurer. The few members present discussed methods of constructing cement walks, and paid some attention to measures introduced in the legislature affecting the provisions of the general village charter. Generally the officers approve the bill to increase to two years the term of office of presidents of villages.

Will Vote on Two Propositions. Two propositions which will be submitted to the electors of Pontiac at the coming April election will call for the expenditure of an even \$100,000. One will be for \$50,000 for water works extensions and improvements and the other, for a like amount, will be for new school buildings and improvement to school property. Both needs are considered of the most vital importance and every effort will be made to have them carry.

Republicans and Democrats Unite. The question of a water works bond issue, which has been the foremost of all matters of village government at Homer for the past six months, and the determination of the business men to effect something for the commercial good of the village, has changed the political situation in the village, this spring. The Republicans and Democrats united and nominated a non-partisan ticket at the caucus recently.

Fraternal Insurance in Michigan. During the year 1900, according to a compilation just completed by the commissioner of insurance, the fraternal insurance companies wrote 65,078 certificates in Michigan, covering insurance aggregating \$65,636,950, and at the close of the year had in force in the state 284,643 certificates, representing \$355,073,400 of insurance. The losses paid in Michigan last year aggregated \$2,384,865.22.

Stabbing Affray at Midland. As the result of an altercation over the right to drive on a bicycle path in Midland on the 8th, Gaylord Brimmer lies at the point of death from a knife wound in the right arm near the shoulder joint. The artery and large vein was severed. Arthur Hutchins is in jail, charged with the assault.

Free rural mail delivery will be established at Riga, Lenawee county, March 15. Bronson will soon erect a new \$12,000 school building. A \$22,000 Catholic school has just been completed at that place. Ironwood is to have a brewery. It will be thoroughly modern plant and will cost about \$18,000. Work upon it will begin at once. The Svesa society of Manistee is preparing to build a \$30,000 opera house to replace the one which was recently destroyed by fire.

Blocked by Ice. A dispatch from Ludington, dated the 6th, says the worst ice blockade known there in years now prevails and the entire fleet of the Pere Marquette steamers are icebound in Ludington channel. Strong westerly winds have driven great fields of ice upon the east shore of Lake Michigan, rendering navigation absolutely impossible. The imprisoned fleet consists of F. & P. M. steamers Nos. 2, 3 and 4, and the two powerful car ferries Muskegon and Pere Marquette. All the vessels are well supplied with fuel and provisions and every effort known to navigators is being made to free them.

A Queer Coincidence. On the 8th a daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Edward Kastead, and a son to Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Kastead, of Kalamazoo. Both babies weighed exactly 12 pounds, and were both born in the same house at precisely the same hour. The fathers are twins, as are also the mothers, and the couples were married a year ago last November, and have lived happily together in the same house ever since.

Must be on a Separate Ballot. Secretary of State Warner announces for the benefit of election commissioners throughout the state that all amendments to the constitution to be voted for at the spring election must be printed on a separate ballot and not at the bottom of the ballot containing the names of candidates.

MINOR MICHIGAN MATTERS.

Jackson has an anti-saloon league. The grand jury cases will be taken up April 1.

Mendon was visited by a \$1,200 fire on the 4th. There are 14 cases of smallpox reported at Saginaw.

Every cell in the Oakland county jail at Pontiac is filled.

The Rapid Railway Co. has removed its general offices from Detroit to New Baltimore.

It is getting about time for some one to start the report that the peach buds have been killed.

J. W. Martin, the Detroit telephone promoter, has been granted a franchise for a plant in Jackson.

A stock company is being formed at Holland for the establishment of a canning factory in that city.

Grand Rapids suffered a loss by fire on the night of the 6th, that destroyed \$20,000 worth of property.

The G. R. & I. has inaugurated a new fast freight line between Mackinaw City and Richmond, Ind.

Grand Haven's fine high school building was destroyed by fire on the night of the 5th, entailing a loss of \$70,000.

Philip Helma, of Imlay City, recently sold a porker which weighed 700 pounds, for which he received \$32.20.

Harry Houghton, of St. Joseph, was awarded \$90 damages against Deputy Game Warden Palmer for false imprisonment.

Ex-Gov. Pingree, with Col. Eli R. Sutton and H. S. Pingree, Jr., sailed from Southampton, Eng., for Cape Town, South Africa, on the 9th.

Hall & Dunville's lumber camp, near Menominee was quarantined one day recently, because of smallpox. Other lumber camps are also under quarantine.

Rumors are again in circulation in Calhoun county that renewed efforts will be made by Battle Creek to secure the removal of the county seat thence from Marshall.

The Central Normal school at Mt. Pleasant will re-open March 18 and the city schools a week earlier. The health officers believe the smallpox will be all out of the city in that time.

At the Prohibition state convention, held at Kalamazoo on the 5th, a resolution was introduced indorsing the work of Mrs. Carrie Nation in smashing saloons in Kansas, but it was almost unanimously voted down.

An unexpected run on the First National bank at Niles on the 8th caused that institution to close its doors. It is one of the best paying banking institutions in Berrien county, and will re-open very shortly. Had the run been foreseen ample cash would have been on hand to meet all demands.

An explosion which jarred the whole village of Plymouth and awoke farmers within a radius of two miles occurred in the Pere Marquette yards on the night of the 4th, blowing out one end of a car in which a number of Italian laborers were sleeping. As the force of the explosion was outward none of the men were injured.

The people of Newberry have long wanted a grist mill located there, and recently a southern Michigan firm took up the village's offer of a bonus. It was confidently expected that the long felt want was to be filled at last, but at the last moment the deal fell through and Newberry and her grist mill are apparently as far apart as ever.

A case of 13 being an unlucky number occurred at Sault Ste. Marie one day recently. There were 13 hoboes confined in the police station when another one was brought in for a night's lodging. Things had quieted down for the night when the newcomer gave a groan as if in pain, rose to his feet and then sank down on the floor dead. All trainmen employed on the upper peninsula division of the Chicago & Northwestern railroad have been ordered by the company to have themselves vaccinated at once. This action is taken in anticipation of the possible spread of smallpox from the northern woods when the spring movement of lumbermen from the camps starts.

Five cases of smallpox developed at Saginaw on the 8th, and many others are suspected. The talk of closing the public school grows. An assistant health officer has been appointed, as the cases now require the attention of two physicians.

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

Judge Adsit Nominated to Oppose Montgomery—The Platform.

At the Democratic state convention, held at Grand Rapids on the 6th, the following candidates were placed in nomination:

For justice of the supreme court—Judge Allen C. Adsit, of Grand Rapids.

For regents of the state university—Edmund C. Shields, of Howell, and Elmer R. Goldsmith, of Petoskey.

The convention was called to order by Mark Stevens, of Flint, in place of Mayor Perry, of Grand Rapids, who had been invited to perform the duties of temporary chairman. After the various committees were appointed the convention took a recess for a couple of hours. Up to this time there had been very little talk as to who would be named for the supreme court justiceship. Apparently only Judge O'Hara, of Benton Harbor, wanted the nomination, but the friends of Judge Adsit were determined that he should have it. Votes were not solicited, and delegates cast their vote without having pledged themselves to anybody. Considerable talk took place after the above gentlemen had been nominated, and before the ballot was taken, it looked as though the Benton Harbor man had a walk-away, as Judge Adsit had instructed a delegate not to allow his name to be used. When the vote was taken it was found that the Grand Rapids man was the choice of the convention by a good majority.

The convention then proceeded to nominate two candidates for regents. Dr. Welsh, of Denton Harbor, was a candidate, but was beaten out by Shields and Goldsmith. A long resolution of regret was adopted at the withdrawal of Chairman Campau, and several Democrats from various parts of the state said many kind things about him. Justin R. Whiting, of St. Clair, being the choice of the convention, will succeed Mr. Campau as chairman of the state committee.

The Platform. Sincerely believing in the principles of democracy as laid down in the "Declaration of Independence," the Democratic party of the state of Michigan, in convention assembled, solemnly reasserts its faith in a government by the people direct and its unalterable opposition to any other form of government.

Events have demonstrated that all reforms in financial, industrial and commercial fields are doomed to remain in a state of theory until our governmental machinery has been reformed so that the will of the people and no longer the self-interest of a privileged few shall enact the law.

As citizens of this commonwealth, we deeply deplore that the corrupting influence of those seeking special privileges has succeeded in convincing our government to such an extent that even the appearance of common decency has been dropped as being superfluous, and we have been confronted with the sad spectacle that the most exalted official in the state openly sided and abetted the thieves appointed by him and cast aspersions on a court accused of meeting out punishment for factional hatred under the guise of justice.

We remind our fellow citizens that corruption in Michigan in halls has become so apparent that a grand jury found it necessary to indict not only some of the members, but also the speaker of the house of representatives, and though the evidence against them was convincing, they did so far have escaped a trial.

We remind the electors of the commonwealth that a few individuals, who found their way into the senate, were enabled in protecting "vested rights" of wealthy corporations to defy the outspoken will of the people, and that "equal taxation" is nothing but a theory today; and we repeat our warning that unless the people obtain a direct control over the law which governs their welfare and the perpetuity of their remaining free institutions must inevitably suffer until all of liberty be lost.

In view of this impending crisis, we call upon our fellow citizens to set aside, as we do, all predilections and unite with us in the one demand that the constitution of the commonwealth be amended so as to provide that a reasonable number of people, say 5 per cent of qualified voters on statutory law, or 10 per cent on constitutional amendments, by filing a petition with the proper official, may demand that the matter petitioned for, shall be submitted to a vote of the people for adoption or rejection at the next election.

NEWSY BREVITIES. The Cubans are opposed to the Platt amendment to the army bill. Rear-Admiral Hichborn and Pay Inspector Colby were retired on the 4th on account of age.

There are known to be upwards of 1,000 cases of smallpox in Ontario, according to the latest reports. The Wabash Railway company recently placed an order for 70 new locomotives.

At the hearing on Rep. Navin's garnishee bill on the 6th, representatives of organized labor vigorously opposed the bill.

The foreign ministers have demanded the death of 12 additional high officials and the punishment of 90 provincial mandarins.

The gross amount of gold in the U. S. treasury on the 5th was \$489,412,158, the highest point ever reached in the history of the government.

Will Davis, alias Williams, said to be the Negro who outraged Mrs. Ataway at Blanchard, La., recently, was shot to death by a mob on the 6th after being fully identified by his victim.

The American preparations for departure are going actively forward at Pekin. All supplies, except enough for two companies, have been packed and marked for Manila.

While Emperor William was driving from Rathskeller to Bremen on the 6th, a workman threw a piece of iron into his majesty's carriage, striking him on the cheek. Only slightly injured the emperor continued his journey. No cause is assigned for the act.

Four fishermen living on a small island at the mouth of Rocky river, near Cleveland, were compelled to spend the night of the 3d in tree tops as a result of a sudden rise of water and the inundation of the island. Owing to the swift current and heavy ice they were unable to reach the mainland in their boats.

Five men were killed and two others seriously injured in a mine accident at the Engle-side zinc mine in Center Valley, eight miles east of Joplin, Mo., on the 4th. One of the men accidentally discharged an unexploded shot, setting off a box of powder.

A DISGRACEFUL AFFAIR.

That's What is Said About the British House of Commons

TROUBLE WITH THE IRISH

Members in Refusing to Obey the Speaker's Orders—They had to be Dragged Out of the House by the Police—There Were 10 Distarbers in All.

Dragged From the House of Commons. There was a scene of unexampled violence and disorder in the British house of commons on the night of the 5th, when 10 Irish members, who had refused to obey the speaker's order to leave the house, were dragged out by police. The vote on account of the civil service for £17,000,000 (\$35,000,000) had been closed, after a single night's discussion, devoted wholly to English education. There had been an understanding that if the evening was given to English education other questions would be discussed at a subsequent sitting. John Redmond, Mr. Dillon, and other older hands of the Irish party had left the house, understanding that no further business would be done, and some of the younger, less experienced Irishmen became desperately excited over Mr. Balfour's attempt to overreach them. There was no time for deliberate counsel, and it was decided that they should refuse to go into the division lobby when called upon by the chair to do so. Speaker Gully was called in, and the names of 10 Irishmen who had disobeyed the chairman's orders were taken down and they were named for suspension. At this a terrific tumult arose and the services of 20 policemen were required to remove the Irish members from the house.

Unlawful to Treat Friends. An ordinance has been passed by the city council of Topeka, Kas., which it is believed will make it almost impossible for the "jointists" to do business in that city. The ordinance makes it unlawful to treat a friend to a drink of liquor in a private house. A man is declared to be guilty of violating the ordinance if he is found in a place where liquor is sold. The ordinance does not require that an actual sale shall be proved. Heavy fines and imprisonment of 30 to 100 days in jail are the penalties for violations of the ordinance.

Bubonic Plague Still Spreading. A special board from Cape Town, dated the 3d, says that bubonic plague is spreading there. Five corpses, all colored persons, were found on that date. Ten colored persons and one European woman, believed to be affected by the disease, were removed to a hospital. Numerous persons who had come into contact with suspected cases have been isolated.

Carried Out on the Ice. Twenty-one fishermen were carried out on Lake Erie, off Silver Creek, N. Y., on the 3d on floating ice, but 17 of them were rescued. The other four have probably perished. The 17 who were rescued were taken off the floating ice with great difficulty. They said that their comrades probably perished as they were in perilous positions.

TRANSVAAL WAR ITEMS. A dispatch from Colesberg, dated the 4th, says the blame for Gen. DeWet's escape is placed on the system, rather than on the commanders pursuing him. It has been impossible to direct the operations by telegraph, and the feeling is that greater discretion should be allowed commanders in the field. Gen. DeWet marched five miles a day faster than the swiftest British column. Although the Boers are now demoralized, it is believed they will quickly recover if allowed a few days' rest.

Fifteen hundred Boers, with whom it is alleged were Gen. DeWet and former President Steyn, found a spot at Lilliefontein, near Colesburg bridge, where the Orange river widens and the current is slow, and they all crossed on the 28th, both men and horses swimming.

It is reported in British circles that Commandant Botha contemplates surrendering very shortly.

CHINA WAR NEWS. A crisis has arisen in Chinese affairs which, in the opinion of the British government, is graver almost than the troubles which originally turned the eyes of the world toward the orient. In this crisis secret negotiations are going on between the U. S. and Great Britain with a view to thwarting what both governments appear to consider a determined attempt on the part of Russia to plant herself permanently in one of the richest tracts of the Chinese empire. It is expected that Japan will side with the U. S. and Great Britain, while Germany's stand is doubtful.

According to Chinese papers received by the steamer Empress of India, the people in Sian Fu, because of the famine, are eating human flesh.

It is reported that other generals consider Count von Waldersee to be high-handed as regards his plan of evacuation of Chinese territory.

The next general meeting of the powers at Pekin will consider protests of the Chinese plenipotentiaries regarding the legation quarters now established in Chinese public buildings. The British and Russians have taken the board of works, board of revenue and board of ceremonies. The Italians have taken the emperor's personal temple of worship. Fire has destroyed the greater part of the temple of a Thousand Years, in the summer palace, was not injured.

Smallpox has broken out among the allied troops.

CONGRESSIONAL NOTES.

One of the most notable occurrences in the history of congressional legislation marked the closing hours of the last session of the senate of the 56th congress. Senator Carter, of Montana, signalled his retirement from the senate after six years of brilliant service, by talking the river and harbor bill to death. He occupied the senate floor for nearly 13 consecutive hours, although in the aggregate about three hours of that time were devoted to other business.

The Hay-Pauncefote treaty, intended to replace the Clayton-Bulwer treaty, relative to the construction of isthmian waterways, died at noon on the 4th. The death was caused technically by the fact that the last clause of the treaty allowed only the period of time up to March 4 for its ratification. Neither the government of the United States nor of Great Britain appears to have made any formal effort to extend that period.

President McKinley affixed his signature to about 100 bills passed by congress while he was at the capital on the 4th. The greater portion of them were of a private character.

The total appropriations of the 56th congress amounted to \$1,440,062,545, but of this amount \$30,000,000 may not be spent.

CUBA AND PHILIPPINE NEWS.

A dispatch from Manila, dated the 4th, says Protesio Montejar, leader of the insurgent forces, on the island of Panay, with several officers, 45 men and 35 rifles, have surrendered to Capt. Barker of the 26th. Fifteen ex-insurgent leaders and 500 followers took the oath of allegiance to the United States at Concepcion, Island of Panay, and 200 more promise soon to swear fealty. This extinguishes the rebellion in that district. Four thousand five hundred insurgent prisoners are now held at Manila. The new prison on Grande island, in Subig bay, 60 miles west of Manila, has been completed, and 1,000 prisoners will be sent there from Manila on March 7. The provincial officers of the provinces of Bulacan and Bataan have taken the oath of office before the commission.

A dispatch from Manila, dated the 5th, says a wagon train and a detachment of the signal corps, together with six Macabee scouts, were attacked by the insurgents about midway between the towns of Silang and Dasmariñas in Cavite province. Three Americans were killed and two of the Macabee scouts wounded while one man is missing. Four horses and one mule were killed. Capt. Mair, with detachments of infantry and cavalry from Silang arrived at the scene of the surprise too late to intercept the enemy's retreat.

The character of some of the measures which the commissioners are privately considering indicates their expectation of the early establishment of the general civil government. Whether President McKinley and Secretary Root are in full accord with them regarding this important point is not known at Manila; but if the situation continues to develop favorably it is believed that a Philippine government will be created in the course of a few months.

Capt. Draper, commandant at Olongapo, scouted along the west coast of the province of Bataan, with 180 marines, capturing 2 insurgent officers and 14 men, taking 26 rifles and destroying 14,000 bushels of rice and 104 carabaus. The insurgent colonel, Cristobal, has surrendered at Naic, province of Cavite, with 2 officers and 12 men. He handed over 12 rifles to the Americans.

Gen. MacArthur has informed the war department of his action in the case of Mariano Dren, a lieutenant-colonel of insurgents, who was convicted by a military commission at Manila of robbing unfortified natives, and of violations of the laws of war, and sentenced to confinement at hard labor for 15 years.

A public demonstration was held in Manila on the 3d. After a torchlight procession in the evening, the people taking part, 5,000 in all, marched to Gov.-Gen. Wood's palace, where a delegation presented him with a petition to President McKinley urging absolute independence to Cuba.

The 35th U. S. volunteer infantry arrived at Manila on the 3d from the province of Bulacan, and will probably sail for home March 25 on the transport Thomas.

American troops are scouting for Agni-aldo, who is supposed to be in hiding on the eastern coast of Luzon. The battalion of the 5th cavalry stationed at Fort Myer, Va., will soon leave for San Francisco to embark on the transport Meade for the Philippines.

Plans Ball in Posthouse. Preparations are making for a house warming at the new addition to the posthouse at Kansas City one night next week. Captain Thomas Phelan has charge of the ninety-four small-pox patients in the hospital, and he has decided that the housewarming shall take the form of a grand mask ball. Captain Phelan was at the city hall issuing verbal invitations to his "evening at home," and he requested that everybody bring all their friends. The general public is invited.

Captures Violator of Law. Deputy Revenue Collector H. A. Hart of Knoxville, Tenn., with a posse from Cleveland, Tenn., raided a moonshine still six miles from Benton, in Polk county, and captured Garrett Henden, alleged to be one of the most noted moonshiners and desperadoes in the south, together with 1,600 gallons of mash, a large quantity of whisky and twenty-five gallons of beer. The posse traveled all night to reach the place and found Henden at work when they arrived, and his surprise was complete.