

# CASS CITY ENTERPRISE.

VOL. XXIII. NO. 51.

CASS CITY, MICH., AUG. 4, 1904.

BY A. A. P. M'DOWELL

## The Shoes of Society.

Fashions latest dictates in right styles.

AMERICAN GIRL \$2.50 SHOE.



"A Shoe As Good As Its Name."

### Irresistible

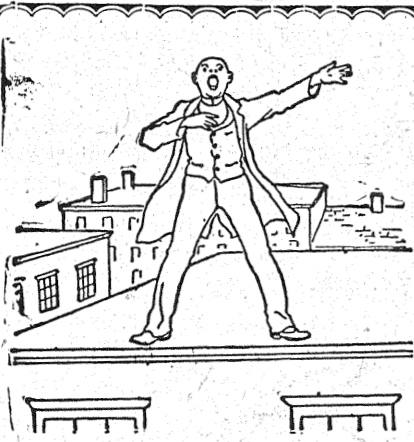
shall you be if the beauty of your gown and hat be cleverly enhanced by some dainty boots stamped

### "American Girl."

Beautiful, dainty and graceful are the new "1904" creations of American Girl Boots and Oxfords. Without the slightest fear of successful contradiction we hold up these boots as the most desirable in these United States for \$2.50 a pair. They are so distinctly high caste and so palpably genuine that they win success on sight.

We are sole agents in Cass City for the celebrated American Girl Shoes.

OSTRANDER'S UP-TO-DATE SHOE STORE.



## Opening Sale.

Saturday, July 30th

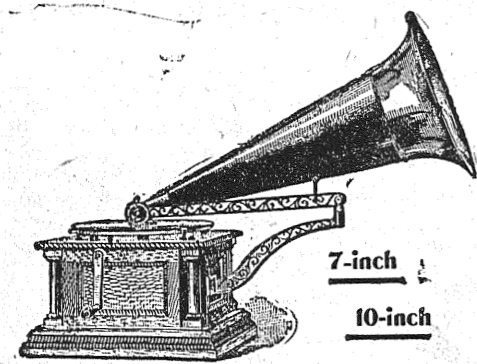
we open our new store in the Ale Building with a complete line of

## Furniture

and will have a Special Sale for 30 days. We have a few odd pieces of furniture that we will close out at a discount.

Call and see us in our new location, if you don't want to buy, and remember you can always get us by Telephone.

H. T. ELLIOTT, The Undertaker.



Get a TALKING MACHINE Either Disc or Cylinder in style

## "COLUMBIA"

In make, and be sure of high class entertainment at all times for yourself and visitors. The newest and best musical productions by the most famous musicians of the day.

For sale at

ENTERPRISE OFFICE, Seeger Street.

### LOSE TWO GAMES.

Cass City Ball Team Loses to Brown City and the Acme Quality.

Our base ball team went up against the Brown City nine at the Driving Park here on Friday and met defeat, the score standing 8 to 5. The ENTERPRISE reporter arrived on the grounds as Cass City went to bat in the last half of the second innings. Brown City already had one run scored. Henderson and McKenzie went down without reaching a base and R. Gifford fanned. Craven was first up for Brown City, but went out at first. Witt reached second but went down there; Lintz went out on a fly and Lister died on first. Hargraves went to bat for our boys and went out at second. Wilson made a good hit and made second safe but was run down between second and third bases. Duncanson made a two-bagger, followed by a safe play by Smith, and Duncanson scored. McLaughlin fanned.

In the fourth inning, Wise and McNair worked their way to third but both went out there. Morris and Fellwell made safe to first. Smith was hit by a pitched ball, but Craven went out at first. Knapp made safe to first but went out at second as Henderson went out on a fly and Gifford went down at the first bag. Witt started the next inning with a nice two-bagger, but Lister, Wise and McNair all made fatal flies. Hargraves and Wilson failed to make safe at first, but Duncanson and Smith did better and a good hit by McLaughlin, with some wild throws gave Cass City two scores before Knapp went down at first. In the sixth Morris made a good start but fell down at third. Fellwell made a two base hit. Smith went out, but Craven and Witt made safe plays and Fellwell scored. Lister couldn't make first. For Cass City, Henderson went down on a fly, McKenzie did better and reached first, but Gifford and Hargraves failed to follow up, and Brown City again went to bat.

This was the wild part of the game, when Lintz, Wise, Morris, Fellwell and Smith each scored. McNair made a two-bagger but went out at third. Craven was hit by pitched ball with all bases full, making a forced score. Witt made a fine hit and let two men in. Lister won a reputation by breaking the fourth bat in the one game. Cass City went in to even up and succeeded in finding home once, Smith making the score.

Up to this time Duncanson had been pitching for Cass City and had put up a good game, but it was thought best to put McLaughlin in the box. He was at his best and Lintz, McNair and Morris fanned, Wise dying on first. Henderson, for Cass City, made an elegant two-base hit and had a walk-away, but McKenzie went down on a fly and Gifford out at first. Hargraves made a good hit and allowed Henderson to score but went out himself in attempting to steal a base. In the last inning neither side scored, not a man reaching first base.

Our boys crossed bats again, yesterday afternoon, with the Acme Quality team, of Detroit, and were defeated by a score of five to one, the full nine innings being played. The batteries were: Cass City—Dalby and Knapp; Acme—Steiger and Harris.

The visitors went to bat first and Smith, Hess and Oswald fanned in quick succession. Duncanson went first to bat for our team and found the ball but failed to make first. Buckley and McKenzie went down on flies. Faatz went up for the Acme, and likewise fanned. Harris found the ball but made a fly; McLellan did a little better but failed to make a base. Knapp and R. Gifford each got bases on balls. Gale struck out. Knapp made an attempt at home but got out right at the plate. The side went out with a fly from Craven. In the third, Benoit fanned and Todd went down on a fly foul. Steiger made the first hit in the game, and Smith followed the example, but they both died on bases as Hess struck out. Dalby went out on a fly, but Duncanson reached first on a safe hit. Buckley struck a fly and by a double play Duncanson went out too. Up to this point the playing was fine on both sides but the fourth innings told the story the visitors crossing the home plate five times. Oswald struck a fly to Hargraves, and the latter has a reputation for holding everything of that kind, but the sun was fair in his eyes and he missed it. Faatz and Harris each made hits and Oswald scored. McLellan struck out. Benoit made safe to first on Craven's error and Todd did likewise on an error from Gale, letting Faatz and Harris home. Steiger made a hit, and

Smith got to first on an error by Knapp, Benoit and Todd both scoring. Hess and Faatz striking out turned the tide once more. McKenzie reached first on an error by Faatz and Knapp got base on balls, but R. and A. Gifford both fanned. Craven got base on balls but Hargraves went down at first.

In the fifth, McLellan and Todd struck out and Benoit was put out at first, Harris dying on third base. Dalby got base on balls but was put out at second. Duncanson made a hit, but Buckley went out on fly and McKenzie at first. Steiger went to bat for the Acme but fanned, Smith went down on a grounder to the pitcher. Hess made a safe hit but Oswald made a fatal fly. A fly foul put Knapp out and lively infielding put Roy Gifford out at first. A. Gifford got base on balls but Craven went down on a fly.

In the seventh, Faatz made a good hit but fell down at second. Harris did better, got around to third, and attempting to make home on a hit by McLellan, went out. Benoit and Todd got bases on balls but Steiger failed to make first. Hargraves went up for Cass City but fell short of first. Dalby and Duncanson made hits, but Buckley and McKenzie both struck out. Smith struck to center field and went out at first. Hess gave Craven a neat fly and Oswald was put out by pitcher Knapp and R. Gifford struck out.

In the last innings Faatz made a hit but only reached second. Harris got to first but McLellan got out on a fly. Benoit got base on balls but Todd didn't get to first. As Cass City went to bat their friends rallied to their rescue and cheered them wildly, with the result that by a lucky play or two Craven reached the home plate. Hargraves fanned. Dalby made a good play, but Duncanson and Buckley both went out on flies.

Dalby struck out twelve men for Cass City; Steiger seven for the Acme, Cass City got five hits off Steiger, and the Acme made ten off Dalby.

### Passed Away Peacefully.

Mrs. Eleanor McKim, who for many years has made her home with her son, Andrew McKim, south of town, passed quietly to rest at the home of her son, Elias McKim, at midnight of Monday. She had been in usual good health up to a very short time indeed before her death. About half past eleven she called some of the family and in about a half hour the golden bowl was broken and she gently fell asleep. She appeared to realize fully that the end had come and spoke cheerfully to those about her and joyfully of the release from earth's troubles and sorrows. Her maiden name was Eleanor Bourne, and she was born in Manchester, England, sixty-nine years ago. Forty-nine years ago she was married in Lanark, Ont., to David McKim, and it is nearly twenty-three years since they came to Michigan. Her husband only lived about two years after. Their home was blessed with nine children, six of whom are living, as follows: Mrs. Burquest and Mrs. Hull, of Maple Ridge; Mrs. Gould, of Pontiac; Mrs. Eymor, of Sault Ste. Marie; Elias, of this place, and Andrew, of Novesta. Deceased frequently spent some time with her son, Elias, in town. She was converted early in life and has been a loyal and consistent member of the M. E. Church, at which place the funeral services will be held this afternoon at two o'clock.

### Maccabee Jubilee.

The corner stone of the New Modern Maccabee Temple at Port Huron will be laid with imposing ceremonies on Thursday, Sept. 8th. In addition to that event, the annual picnic and jubilee of the St. Clair County Maccabee Association has been arranged for the same date. Among the attractions arranged for will be a balloon ascension, a high dive of one hundred feet into the St. Clair River, by Prof. Hogan, the champion high diver of the world, a prize game of lacrosse for a \$50 silver trophy, by crack teams from Elmhurst and Chatham, Ont.; slack wire walking, base ball game, uniform rank drills in fancy costumes, vaudeville attractions and various athletic sports, also addresses by Great Camp and Great Hive officers. All attractions will be absolutely free.

### Advertised Letters.

Unclaimed letters for the week ending July 30th, 1904:  
Miss Elsie Bearley.  
C. W. Burns.  
Elizabeth H. Forris.  
When calling for the above please mention advertised.  
H. S. Wickware P. M.

### Forester Gala Day.

The Independent Foresters and Companions will hold a basket picnic in Orr's Grove next Tuesday and invite all to come and spend the with them. Beginning at ten o'clock there will be a ball game between Kingston and Uby, for a \$30 purse; followed by the following program of games:

Standing broad jump—1st, \$1 mds. by H. L. Hunt; 2nd, 75c. mds. by J. Cornelius.  
Sack race—1st, 75c. mds. by G. W. Goff; 2nd, 50c. mds. by W. Fallis.  
Bun eating contest—1st, 75c. mds. by Mrs. G. W. Goff; 2nd, jack knife by J. B. Coates.  
Climbing slack rope—1st, \$1 mds. by C. O. Lenzer; 2nd, stirp of bacon by Young & Benkelman.  
Running broad jump—1st, \$1 mds. by F. Lenzer; 2nd, Tri-County Chronicle for 6 months.

Fat man's race—1st, \$2 mds. by J. D. Crosby & Son; 2nd, \$1 mds. by Laing & James.  
High kick—1st, \$1 mds. by A. Doerr; 2nd, \$1 mds. by H. T. Elliott.

Tug of war between teams chosen by J. M. Allen and J. D. Tuckey—1st, \$1 n horseshoeing by Hewson & Schneider; 2nd, 60c. mds. by N. Bigelow & Sons.

Hurdle race—1st, \$1.50 mds. by J. Maier; 2nd, 50c. mds. by E. F. Benkelman.  
Three-legged race—1st, 25 lbs. flour by C. W. Heller; 2nd, 50c. mds. by C. C. Harp.

Blindfold race—1st, \$1 mds. by A. A. Hitchcock; 2nd, \$1 mds. by G. L. Hitchcock.

To man wearing tallest plug hat—\$1 jardiniere by G. A. Stevenson.

To lady with smallest foot—Pair of Oxford shoes by The Model.

To best looking girl on grounds—Parasol by J. S. McArthur.

To Forester bringing family longest distance—ENTERPRISE for 6 months.

The Cass City Cornet band has been engaged to furnish music. After dinner there will be speaking by Hon. W. E. Brown, of Lapeer, High Chief Ranger for Eastern Michigan; and Rev. M. W. Gifford, Ph. D., Rev. Jas. W. Penn will officiate as chairman.

### Successful Contractor.

We are in receipt of a copy of the Evening Telegram, published at Portland, Oregon, giving an extensive description of a new theatre to be opened there, the contractor and builder of which was E. A. Lynds, formerly of this place. The Telegram says of him: E. A. Lynds, the contractor, worked steadily and without rest. He required 64 days in which to build and the contract was filled to the minute, and a better job could not have been done had he taken 164 days instead of the 64. Contractor Lynds worked his assistants from 10 to 14 hours a day, and at one time had as many as 98 men laboring on the structure. While the theatre was being put up there was one strike. Mr. Lynds was paying \$5.50 a day, and the union men asked for a raise of 50 cents more. In this emergency the contractor supplemented his force with independent workmen and thus overcame the strike difficulty. At one time Contractor Lynds paid as high as \$16.50 to individual plasterers for Sunday work. Mr. Lynds' experience in the building line was invaluable in completing the theatre in time. He has been a resident of Portland for the past twelve years, and for the past eight years has been in the building business. He built the Scottish Rite Cathedral, the Stearns building, the Russell and Blyth building, the Richardson building, the Portland Sanitarium, and many other of the largest and most prominent structures in the city.

Magazines of all kinds at the ENTERPRISE office, Seeger Street.

Elmer E. Yakes has traded his forty acres two miles south of town for residence property in the Ale Addition, at the corner of Leach and Seventh Streets. Work is already in progress on his residence.

Young & Benkelman have sold the building they now occupy as a meat market to F. Sykes, who will move the same to his residence lot recently purchased on Pine Street, as soon as they can arrange for its removal. Young & Benkelman will build a new brick block on the site of the old market.

A business men's excursion to Bay Port is being arranged for Tuesday, 16th inst., to be participated in by the business men all along the P. O. & N. R. R. from Pontiac up. A game of base ball is being arranged between the Pontiac and Cass City nines and there will be an abundance of band music. It is expected that the rate from here will be fifty cents. Let's all go and have a pleasant day.

### A Pioneer Gone.

On Wednesday of last week there passed to rest another pioneer of this section in the person of Henry Leslie, who died at the home of his son, Davis, one mile east and two miles south of Shabbona. Deceased was born in the County of Fermanagh, Ireland, seventy-eight years ago. His father was an officer in the army of the British Army during the stay of the British Army in France. He then retired on half pay and emigrated to Canada, where he received a grant of six hundred acres of land from the British Government. Returning to Ireland to settle his affairs he was drowned on the return trip. Deceased being about five years of age at that time he was compelled to bear the trials incidental to pioneer life from early childhood. In 1852 he was married to Elizabeth Sinderman, of the township of Puslinch, Ont. After marriage he bought a farm in the township of Beverley, where he resided for twenty-three years. Chancing to visit the burnt district of Michigan during 1881, he was favorably impressed with Sanilac County as a farming section. He rented the old homestead and with his family moved to Michigan in the spring of 1882, onto the farm upon which he has since resided. A widow and five sons survive, the sons being Davis, John, Peter, Daniel and George. One daughter is deceased, John lives in town, George at Brutus, Mich., and the other sons near the old farm. The funeral service was held at the home on Saturday forenoon, Rev. M. W. Gifford, of this place, conducting the service. The interment was made in Elkland Cemetery.

### Sand Will Do It.

(From the Richmond, Ind., Register).  
I observed a locomotive in the railroad yards one day.  
It was waiting in the roundhouse where the loco. motives stay;  
It was waiting for the journey, it was coaled and fully manned.  
And it had a box the fireman was filling full of sand.

It appears that locomotives cannot always get a grip  
On their slender iron pavement, 'cause the wheels are apt to slip;  
And when they reach a slippery spot their tactics they command,  
And to get a grip upon the rail they sprinkle it with sand.  
It's about the way with travel along life's slippery track,  
If your load is rather heavy you're always slipping back;  
So, if a common locomotive you completely understand,  
You'll provide yourself in starting with a good supply of sand.  
If your track is steep and hilly and you have a load,  
If those who've gone before you have the rails quite slippery made;  
If you ever reach the summit of the upper table land,  
You'll find you'll have to do it with a liberal use of sand.  
If you strike some frigid weather, and discover to your cost,  
That you're liable to slip on a heavy coat of frost,  
Then some prompt, decided action will be called into demand,  
For you'll slip way to the bottom if you haven't any sand.

You can get to any station that is on life's schedule soon  
If there's fire beneath the boiler of ambition's strong machine  
And you'll reach a place called Flushtown at a rate of speed that's grand,  
If for all the slippery places you've a good supply of sand.

I-O-O-C-T-E-A-M—Joe Cream Soda—on tap at CANDY KITCHEN.

The household effects of F. J. Armstrong have been shipped to Port Huron, where he has decided to locate. M. C. Beach, who has spent some time in town recently, left last week for his home at Livingston, Montana.

The B. Y. P. U. meeting Sunday will be led by Miss Bessie Wright. Topic, "God's Guiding Hand in Our Lives."

Cass City Tent, K. O. T. M. M., has decided to use the Odd Fellow Hall hereafter, beginning the first Friday in August.

Archie Fredmore, employed at J. A. Kensler's, has taken up his residence on Fourth Street, next house west of John Leslie's.

Ernest Perkins left on Friday afternoon for Newberry, to accept a position as attendant in the Upper Peninsula Hospital.

H. B. Outwater has purchased a large residence lot of A. A. Hitchcock, from the Park lots, facing Seeger Street, and will build a modern residence at once.

## Paris Green!

We buy in bulk. Can supply any amount. Also

HELLEBORE and INSECT POWDER.

L. I. WOOD & CO.

## PARIS GREEN, INSECT POWDER, FLY PAPER

right in quality and price at the pharmacy of

T. H. Fritz.

### Cass City Markets.

Wheat No. 1 white	92
Wheat No. 2 red	88
Oats No. 3 white	35
Barley	59
Beans, hand picked	10
Peas	10
Clover Seed	50
Hay, pressed, per ton	10
Wool	17
Butter	10
Eggs per doz.	10
Hogs, dressed per cwt.	50
Live Hogs, per cwt.	50
Beef, dressed, per cwt.	50
Suep, live weight, per cwt.	40
Lamb, per cwt.	50
Chickens, per lb.	10
Turkeys, per lb.	10
Ducks	8
Geese, per lb.	8
Hides, per lb.	10
Potatoes per bu.	1.20

### MARKETS AT ROLLER MILLS.

White Lily, per cwt.	2.75
Graham Flour, per cwt.	2.50
Laurel, per cwt.	2.50
Bolted Meal, per cwt.	2.00
Feed, per cwt.	1.25
Meal, per cwt.	1.25
Bran, per cwt.	1.00
Middlings, per cwt.	1.10

### Fair Dates.

Michigan State Fair, Pontiac, Sept. 12-16.  
Armada fair, Armada, Oct. 5-7.  
Bay County fair, Bay City, Sept. 21-23.  
Capac fair, Capac, Sept. 27-29.  
Caro Farmer's fair, Caro, Sept. 20-23.  
Elkton fair, Elkton, Oct. 11-13.  
Northwestern Industrial, Flint, Sept. 6-9.  
Huron County, Bad Axe, Sept. 27-30.  
Imlay City fair, Imlay City, Oct. 4-6.  
T. H. & S., Cass City, Oct. 4-7.  
Tuscola County, Vassar, Sept. 27-30.  
Sebawaing fair, Sebawaing, Sept. 28-30.

### L. T. L. Notes.

Election of officers Friday, Aug. 11.  
Miss Nora Jones gave a solo last week.  
We are soon to organize a base ball nine.

### Organ for Sale.

In good condition and at reasonable price. Mrs. H. L. HUNT 6-9-

Ira Gale returned Tuesday evening from a visit at Port Lampton, Ont. He intends to resume his studies at the Ferris Institute at Big Rapids this fall.

At the Baptist Church next Sunday, both the morning and evening services will be taken up by "Echo" meeting, when the delegates to the B. Y. P. U. convention, recently held at Detroit, will report.

"Vernor's" Ginger Ale, cool and sparkling, at CANDY KITCHEN.

## Advice to a Girl

Never love unless you can  
Bend with all the faults of man!  
Men sometimes will be jealous;  
Though but little cause they see;  
And hang the head as discontent,  
And speak what straight they will re-  
pent.

Men, that but one saint adore,  
Make a show of love to more;  
Beauty must be scorn'd in none,  
Though but truly served in one;  
For what is courtship but disguise?  
True hearts may have dissembling eyes.

Men, when their affairs require,  
Must a while themselves retire;  
Sometimes hunt, and sometimes hawk,  
And not ever sit and talk—  
If these and such-like you can bear,  
Then like, and love, and never fear.

—T. Campion.

## The Man Down Cellar

BY SWEET FORD

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A man is liable to make mistakes during his honeymoon. Our was six months old when I made mine. Ruth and I had just come out of the West, where we had wooed and wedded, to settle down not many miles from her old home. It was a beautiful little New England town, just the place for a charming girl like Ruth to live in. Furthermore, we had taken an artistic little cottage and, to make everything complete, we were to have a jolly house warming that I might meet some of Ruth's friends and relatives, especially the members of her old

whist club. All the forenoon we had been in a whirl of preparation, for we were to meet the party on the five o'clock train, and there were the butcher, the baker, and the modern substitute for the candlemaker, to be urged into activity. Then about half past three Ruth discovered that a hand mirror was wanted, and posted off down town after it, remarking that Cousin Alice was most particular about her back hair, and never could get along without that glass.

Hardly had she turned the corner of the next street when a telegram arrived bearing her address. With that half-guilty feeling that a newly married man has on assuming such privileges, I opened it and read:

"Theodore coming four o'clock. Meet him. M. R. B."  
Mrs. "M. R. B." was Ruth's mother, but who the deuce was "Theodore"? Ruth would know, but here it was within fifteen minutes of train time and she was not in sight. Well, I finally decided that Theodore must be one of Ruth's numerous relatives, and that it was my bounden duty to go to meet him.

When I was half way to the station I remembered that I had not the faintest idea as to Theodore's looks. But on I went, determining to single out any stray man who might act as if he were looking for some one.

There was such a male. His narrow face with dark side whiskers vaguely reminded me of somebody. He acted like a stranger, too, so I rushed up to him.

"I am Mr. Crosby," said I. "Are you—or look—"  
He said he was looking for Mrs. Ruth Crosby.

"Then it's all right," said I, "for I am Ruth's husband."  
We chatted pleasantly until we reached the house. Then we sat down in the ample Shaker rockers on the piazza and proceeded to become acquainted. As if to facilitate matters, Theodore suggested smoking. Even then it was not until he had produced his cigarette case, and I noticed a yellow stain on two fingers of his right hand, that I suspected him at all. But at that point I thought of something that startled me. Hastily making a flimsy excuse, I rushed into the house and opened the big photograph album in which Ruth keeps a pictured catalogue of all her relatives, even unto the third and fourth degree of cousinship. Yes, there was his picture.

Going to the piazza, I studied Theodore thoroughly. I noticed a nervous contraction of his forehead, and a twitching of his fingers which convinced me that it was as I feared. This

causes. Some said it was because he had worked too hard in trying to untangle a set of books which had been hopelessly muddled by an absconding cashier. Others laid his mental dislapse to an enthusiastic study of whist problems while the doctors had ascribed his condition to excessive cigarette smoking. Anyway, he had, to put it bluntly, gone crazy.

I made up my mind to get him to a safe place and keep him there until Ruth arrived. "Let's take a look through the house," I suggested craftily.

Once we were inside I breathed easier, and led the way straight toward a door at the rear of the hall.

"The scimmage was on," I said with a wink. "Rare old wine, you know."  
"The cellar?" There was a queering in Theodore's voice as he said this. "I don't think I care to look at your cellar, Mr. Crosby."  
"Oh, but you must see it. This is an extraordinary cellar. There's not another one like it. I insist, now."

Whether Theodore read my thoughts or not, he drew back in haste. By a quick movement I jumped between him and the front door.

"What does this mean, sir?" he asked.  
"It means, my dear fellow, that you have got to go into that cellar and stay there until Ruth comes back."  
"You blithering idiot! Stand aside and let me out."  
"Not much."  
Then he made a rush to get past me.

who until now had stood spellbound with amazement at this strange reception.

"And it was my little brother Theodore that the telegram was about," chimed in Ruth.

"Then perhaps the man I've got in the cellar isn't your uncle at all!" I suggested feebly.

"Perhaps? Of course it isn't," said Ruth with fine scorn. "But who is it?"

"Look here," I said. "I'll show you who it is." Leading the way to the parlor, I opened Ruth's album and pointed out the photograph.

"Goodness! That's Mr. Webb," chorused half a dozen voices.

They all left me and rushed to the open cellar door.

"Has he gone?" came in a trembling voice from below.

"No, but it is all a—" began Ruth. "Tell him, then," interrupted the voice, "that I am armed. I have found the wood axe."

After they had assured him that it was all a mistake and that he would not be harmed Mr. Webb came up. Then it was I learned that he was a member of the whist club, and later, that he was engaged to Ruth's Cousin Alice, and had thus earned a place in the family album. His early appearance was explained by the fact that he had taken what he supposed was an accommodation train, with the idea of stopping for Alice, and had discovered too late that it was a through express.

Well, the tangle was straightened out after awhile, and I did my best to fix things up with Ruth's Cousin Alice's future husband. He said he didn't mind it a bit, but I noticed that he kept at a safe distance, and not once during the evening did "the man down cellar" happen to play at my table.

**Labor at Panama.**  
Recent figures from the census bureau say that there are now more than nine millions of people of the colored race in the United States. Gen. Peter C. Hains, who has had extensive experience in public works on a large scale and has been a member of the Nicaragua canal commission and later of the Isthmian canal commission, is earnestly in favor of the employment of thousands of the black men of the Southern states in digging the waterway at Panama.

He believes they can endure the climate and will be exceedingly useful in that enterprise, and he holds that more of the money paid for toll on that channel between the Atlantic and the Pacific will come back to the advantage of this country in one way and another if they are employed than if gangs of coolies or West Indian laborers were sent to the isthmus. His arguments will find many friends and supporters.—New York Tribune.

**Fatal Music.**  
Richard Mansfield is a stickler for every little point in the presentation of his plays, but now and then the unexpected happens in such a way as to provoke a smile from one who is not considered the most humorous of actors. In the final scene of "A Persian Romance" Mansfield, as Baron Chevrial, falls dead at supper, amid the talking and music. The doctor in the play calls out: "Stop the music. The Baron is dead!" and the curtain falls.

On one occasion Mansfield was playing a one-night stand in a small country town where the music of the local orchestra was atrocious. At the supper scene Mansfield fell dead as usual, but the actor who was playing the part of the doctor cried out:

"Stop the music! It has killed the Baron!"  
Even Mansfield smiled.

**To Time.**  
O Time! who know'st a lenient hand to lay  
Soft on a sorrow's wound, and slowly  
Lulling to sad repose the weary  
The faint pang steal, unperceived  
away;  
On thee I rest my only hope at last,  
And think when thou hast dried the  
bitter tear  
Thy dews in vain o'er all my soul  
hold dear.  
I may look back on every sorrow past,  
And meet life's peaceful evening with  
a smile—  
As some lone bird, at day's departing  
hour,  
Sings in the sunbeam of the transient  
shower.  
Forgetful, though its wings are wet  
with  
white,  
Yet, ah! how much must that poor heart  
endure  
Which hopes from thee, and thee alone,  
a cure!  
—William Lisle Bowles.

**Ancient Specimens of Glass.**  
The oldest specimens of glass, says an authority on curious information, are traced back from 1,500 to 2,300 years before Christ. These are of Egyptian origin. Transparent glass is believed to have been first used about 750 years before the Christian era. It was introduced into Rome in the time of Cicero and reached a remarkable degree of perfection among the Romans, who produced some of the most admirable specimens of glass ever manufactured; an instance is the famous Portland vase in the British Museum. Glass was not used for windows until about A. D. 300.—Harper's Weekly.

**Culture of the Rose.**  
Rose culture's beginning goes back beyond records. The flower is mentioned in the earliest Coptic manuscripts. India's traditions take the rose to the times of the gods on earth. Egypt had roses, wild and tame, before the Roman occupation made it, in a way, Rome's commercial rose garden; yet, curiously enough, there is no reference to the flower in painting, sculpture or hieroglyphics. Japan, in our time, parallels Egypt. Roses flourish there, but do not serve as a motif for artists. There is this further likeness—neither Egypt nor Japan has a rose song, or a love song proper.

## THE RUSSIAN EMPIRE

Many Races, Speaking Different Languages, Acknowledge the Sovereignty of the Great White Czar.

The Russian empire has a population of 130,000,000, embracing forty distinct races, speaking more than 100 languages and dialects.

The main divisions of the people may be grouped as follows:

Slavonic—the people of Russia proper and the Poles. There are five territorial divisions among the Russian people (including the Cossacks) and two grouped with the Poles, the latter Servians and Bulgarians.

Lithuanians and Lettonians.

Wallachians (of the Latin race).

Four groups of Iranian peoples, namely, Armenians, Kurds, Persians and Ossetians.

Indo-European peoples, namely, Greeks, gypsies, Swedes, Germans.

Caucasian, namely, Georgians, Lesghi, Kistis and Tcherkess.

Tartar peoples, nine divisions.

Mongols, ten divisions, including the Ainus or "Hairy Kuriles," and all other people of oriental blood in Siberia and in the Pacific provinces.

Based on the last general census of the empire, the present estimated numerical strength of the principal divisions of population is as follows:

Slavonic people, including the Poles, Servians and Bulgarians, 90,000,000; Tartars, including the Uzbegs and eight other divisions, 10,000,000; Caucasian races, 7,000,000; Turkestan and Trans-Caspian people, 5,000,000; Jews, 4,500,000; Rumanians, including the Karakalpak and Serbs, 4,000,000; Lesghi, Georgians and Ossetians, 2,500,000; Armenians and other Iranian races, 2,100,000; Germans, 1,300,000; Mongolians, including the Ainus or "Hairy Kuriles," and all other people of oriental blood, 1,000,000; Swedes, 300,000; Gypsies, Persians, Kurds and Sarts, 270,000; Samoyeds, 30,000; all other races, about 1,000,000.

In 1839, before Russia had advanced to occupy Mongolia and Manchuria, Vladimir Holstrom of the St. Petersburg Viedomosti wrote the following for the New York Independent:

"The great czar of Moscow, Ivan the Terrible, who nearly 150 years before Peter the Great had sketched out for that Russian reformer his plan of action, fought Sweden and Poland in the west and subdued the Tartar kingdoms of Kazan and Astrakhan in the east. The name of Russia rang throughout the whole of Asia, and her chief princes and the khan of Siberia voluntarily acknowledge the supremacy of Russia, sending ambassadors to Moscow and paying tribute to the czar."

"After the conquest of the Tartar kingdom of Kazan, in 1552, the supremacy of Russia was acknowledged by the numerous tribes of Bashkirs dwelling eastward of the Volga and forming a link with the tribes toward the

Aral sea. Russia's possession of western Siberia was assured to her in less than half a century. In the same wonderful way Russia's progress across Siberia to the very shores of the Pacific was accomplished in little more than 50 years.

"About 1594 Russia entered into a mutually binding agreement with a powerful Mongolian khan of southern Siberia to keep open access to China. Soon afterward, in 1619, the emperor of China sent his first embassy to Russia. In 1638 tea was first introduced into Europe (in this matter Russia was before England). During the next twenty years all the regions to the north and northwest of Siberia, all its northern river system and the Arctic coast were explored.

"A Cossack expedition, 730 strong, dispatched from Yakutsk, reached the river Amur, and following its course, discovered, in 1643, the straits of Tartary and the sea of Okhotsk. Now the whole of Siberia was in Russia's hands; everywhere, on the principal rivers, up to the Arctic circle and beyond it, and the natives acknowledged Russian supremacy and paid tribute.

"An adventurous trader from Yakutsk conceived the idea of opening for Russia the region about the Amur and the Shilka rivers, and gathering together a following of 150 men with two cannons, accomplished in some two years the task. This took place

in 1654. The strengthening of the southern boundary of Siberia, the taking of Irkutsk, the building of Nertchinsk and attempts at establishing direct communication between central Siberia and the far east by way of the Amur and the Shilka soon followed.

"The work of subduing the Russian Kirghiz in central Asia, the Kalmuck and the Mongol tribes lasted until the end of the sixteenth century, and although the once-powerful kingdoms and empires of the Asiatic continent were completely broken up, yet constant strife with various tribes of the steppes continued through the seventeenth, eighteenth and well on into the nineteenth century. The Kazaks giving more trouble. These Kazaks are of Turkic (not Osmanli) origin and are nearly related to the Cossacks, on the one hand and the Russian Kirghiz tribes on the other.

"Their power was finally broken when in the second half of the present century the Russians subdued Turkestan, conquered the Khanate of Khiva, took Tashkent and Samarkand and brought under their sway the khanates of Bokhara and Kokan, thereby rounding out their possessions in central Asia.

"There was no special plan adopted for this wonderful progress through two continents. It developed itself under the pressure of circum-



stances and the influence of that best of guides—instinct. Cossacks, traders and settlers spread over the plains of Siberia and the steppes of central Asia by way of that river system which is Siberia's greatest opportunity and her best chance for the attainment of a wonderful degree of prosperity. The ultimate object of this expansion was that Russia was always seeking for an outlet to the open sea.

"During these hundred years Russia has devoted herself to developing the inexhaustible natural wealth of Siberia, but as yet with no great success, comparatively speaking. We are now in possession of a great empire which extends from the Ural mountains to the far East and covers an area of nearly 5,312,000 square miles, i. e., about forty-four times as large as Great Britain and Ireland. But it must be borne in mind that these figures are merely approximate. The population of Siberia includes many thousands of Catholics, Protestants and Jews, and a greater number still of Mahometans and heathens.

"Russia's Asiatic possessions have a splendid future before them. The country is well known to abound in mineral wealth. In the old days of undeveloped communications and a primitive state of industry the trade of Siberia with Russia amounted to some \$60,000,000 to \$70,000,000 annually.

"Practically, all the towns of Siberia are trading centers, but, after Vladivostok and Irkutsk, this is especially the case, in western Siberia. It is only now that, thanks to the railway, Siberia is coming into close material contact with European Russia. The natives, numbering nearly 2,000,000, the Russians, Poles, Finns and Germans enjoy the advantages of museums, schools and theaters built for their instruction; Tomsk prides itself on its university. In short, Siberia is in full swing and only needs more energetic men and more of the creative force of capital to attain to a marvelous development of her possibilities in the spheres of trade and industry.

"The conclusions we have arrived at are that in the past Russia has rendered enormous service to mankind in keeping in check the barbarians of Asia, and finally, through incessant strife, by breaking up their empires; and that Russia's expansion in Asia was and is an instinctive movement boding peace. It is a natural peaceful development, which besides Russia is to be found in two more cases only—China and the United States; that it is useless to oppose Russia in Asia and greatly preferable to associate oneself with her in her policy; obstacles may be raised in Russia's path at all points, but the force of circumstances will in the long run sweep them all away."

**Paradise for Hunters.**  
Get a party of ten or twelve and charter a steamer to go down the Colorado river for a three weeks' trip and you will have the hunt of your life.

You never dreamed of the number and variety of water fowl. Indians, who live along the banks, can be hired for a trifle to retrieve the birds, and they will make the average sportsman ashamed of himself.

## COSTUME FOR FAR NORTH.

Casper Whitney Soon Found What Was Most Valuable.

Casper Whitney writes in regard to his hunting expedition in the far north of Canada: "One of the first lessons I learned was to keep my face free from covering, and also as clean shaven as was possible under such circumstances. It makes me smile now to remember the elaborate hood arrangement which was knitted for me in Canada, and which then seemed to me one of the most important articles of my equipment. It covered the entire head, ears and neck, with openings only for eyes and mouth, and in town I had viewed it as a great find; but I threw it away before I got within 1,000 miles of the barren grounds. The reason is obvious: My breath turned the front of the hood into a sheet of ice before I had run three miles, and as there was no fire in the barren grounds to thaw it, of course it was an impossible thing to wear in that region and a poor thing in any region of low temperature. After other experiments, I found the simplest and most comfortable headgear to be my own long hair, which hung even with my jaw, bound about just above the ears by a handkerchief, and the open hood of my caribou-skin capote drawn forward over all."

**MISCHIEF BY CAPE JACKALS.**  
Yearly Loss from These Animals Estimated at \$7,500,000.  
During a discussion on jackals in the Cape house of assembly a few days ago Mr. Rubidge gave figures based on intelligent and recorded observation of the depredations caused by jackals.

In one year the losses caused by their stock amounted to 10 per cent. Estimating on the number of the flocks in 1895, he worked gradually up to a yearly loss of \$7,500,000, directly traceable to jackals. With that as a basis the Cape Argus works as follows upon Mr. Rubidge's figures: "Allowing for a loss of 5 per cent. instead of 10, the annual destruction of small stock would be \$50,000, equal to \$1,900,000.

"Next there came the estimate of loss caused to the veldt and to the flocks by the kraaling system. If there were no jackals the flocks would run free at night. Mr. Rubidge estimated the loss from the enforced kraaling at \$2,125,000. But that does not end the indictment against the jackal. The kraaling system has reduced the dropping of lambs from 90 per cent. to 60 per cent., and Mr. Rubidge estimated the loss from this cause at \$2,250,000.—South Africa.

**The Stupidest Nation.**  
The wanderer saves Corea with a feeling of having seen how the stupidest nation of created men can also be the happiest; or, could, were conditions only a trifle more propitious. By the evil star of the Coreans it has been arranged that their land is to be the Switzerland of the far east—a territory to be fought over forever, but one that no nation can either itself possess or allow any other to hold. Corea is the victim of her own geographical advantages. And the impressionist carries away with him the picture of a people indomitably patient, dumb with the callousness of despair, that yet has the secret of happiness in its power to extract joy from the most unsatisfactory material; a nation stunned by the oppression of the ages out of all moral and mental vigor—yet still stout, and capable, perhaps, of both a nation of sturdy, apathetic sheep whose silent indifference beneath the driving lash of the world may some day be found unexpectedly to have its limits or its possibilities.—The Living Age.

**What It Meant.**  
Samuel J. Elder's Yale stories are in demand at the reunions of the Yale alumni in Boston, and one which slipped by at a quiet everyday lunch recently is particularly good.

"A classmate of mine," remarked Mr. Elder, "has a particularly bright law now in the university, in whose progress I have been a little interested. His father and I lunch together quite frequently, and the father, before sending the son his quarterly allowance, always has the boy send in an estimate of the coming three months, the expenses of which are closely figured.

"A short time ago, while going over the items, the father read one which surprised him: 'Charity, \$45.'  
"What do you think of the rascal, Sam? What does he mean by that item?"  
"Oh, that's the charity that covereth the multitude of sins," I had to reply."

**Paradise for Hunters.**  
Get a party of ten or twelve and charter a steamer to go down the Colorado river for a three weeks' trip and you will have the hunt of your life.

You never dreamed of the number and variety of water fowl. Indians, who live along the banks, can be hired for a trifle to retrieve the birds, and they will make the average sportsman ashamed of himself.

The quail that inhabit the mesquite forests, a little way back from the river, are there by millions. Plenty of deer of the large 'mule' variety are here—their antlers being only second to the elk.

## CHIEF OF POLICE SAVED.

Newberry, S. C.—W. H. Harris, Chief of Police, of Newberry, says:

"I suffered for a number of years with kidney complaint. There was a dull aching across the small of my back that was worse at night and made me feel miserable all the time. The kidney secretions were dark and full of sediment, and lack of control compelled me to rise a number of times during the night. Between this annoyance and the backache it was impossible for me to get much sleep and my health was being undermined. I tried a number of remedies, but nothing helped me until I got Doan's Kidney Pills. The use of this remedy according to directions promptly brought about a change for the better. After using two boxes the backache all left me, the kidney secretions cleared up and the action of the kidneys became normal."

A FREE TRIAL of this great kidney medicine which cured Chief Harris will be mailed to any part of the United States. Address: Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sold by all druggists; price fifty cents per box.

**Moor the First Inventor.**  
The first piece of genuine mechanism the modern world saw, a clock, was the invention of a Moor.

**\$100 Reward, \$100.**

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is a cure for that distressing disease, Catarrh, which has been able to care in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is a truly positive cure for a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment, and is a truly positive cure, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. The cure is guaranteed, and the patient is cured. The price is \$1.00 per bottle. Address: F. J. Drake, 1000 Broadway, N. Y. Sold by all Druggists, etc.

**Pipe Made of Bamboo.**  
A traveler in the Philippines writes: "You see that girl coming along the streets carrying a long cylinder of bamboo upon her shoulder? She is returning from the water works and is carrying home a good supply of clean drinking water. Yes, it is a big bamboo tube—surely eight feet long and twenty-two inches at least in circumference. The inside divisions have been forced out by means of a stick and the internal compartments all combined into one. It holds a lot of liquid."

**Oyster Bay Settled in 1653.**  
In 1642 a party of English adventurers direct from New England attempted to settle at Oyster Bay, and actually purchased the land from the Indians, but the Dutch drove them out. Eventually a compromise was made and the Dutch and English divided Long Island between them. The first permanent settlement on the site of the present village of Oyster Bay was then made in 1653.

**Generate Electricity by Water.**  
Even in Spain waterfalls are now being used as a source of electric power. In one case twenty-three small villages are supplied from the power station. In Italy the employment of innumerable waterfalls has enormously increased the output of manufactured silk. "Here," says an English writer, "is a form of power that will last longer than Great Britain's coal fields."

**BUNCH TOGETHER**

**Coffee Has a Curious Way of Finally Attacking Some Organ.**

Alls that come from coffee are cumulative, that is, unless the coffee is taken away new troubles are continually appearing and the old ones get worse.

"To begin with," says a Kansan, "I was a slave to coffee just as thousands of others to-day; thought I could not live without drinking strong coffee every morning for breakfast and I had sick headaches that kept me in bed nearly every month. Could hardly keep my food on my stomach but would vomit as long as I could throw anything up and when I could get coffee to stay on my stomach I thought I was better."

"Well, two years ago this spring I was that sick with rheumatism I could not use my right arm to do anything, had heart trouble, was nervous. My nerves were all unstrung and my finger nails and tips were blue as if I had a chill all the time and my face and hands yellow as a pumpkin. My doctor said it was heart disease and rheumatism and my neighbors said I had Bright's disease and was going to die."

"Well, I did not know what on earth was the matter and every morning would drag myself out of bed and go to breakfast, not to eat anything, but to force down some more coffee. Then in a little while I would be so nervous, my heart would beat like everything."

"Finally one morning I told my husband I believed coffee was the cause of this trouble and that I thought I would try Postum which I had seen advertised. He said 'All right' so we got Postum and although I did not like it at first, I got right down to business and made it according to directions, then it was fine and I told you it has worked wonders for me. Thanks to Postum in place of the poison, coffee, I am now in good health, have not been in bed with sick headache for two years although I had it for 30 years before I began Postum and my nerves are now strong and I have no trouble from my heart or from the rheumatism."

"I consider Postum a necessary article of food on my table. My friends who come here and taste my Postum say it is delicious." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Get the book, "The Road to Wellville" in each plug.



# Cass City Enterprise

An independent newspaper published every Thursday by A. F. McDowell, Seeger Street, Cass City, Mich.

**Advertisements.**  
All changes of advertisements must be sent to this office no later than Wednesday noon of each week, else they can be inserted only in the week's issue. Reasonable rates are charged for display advertisements. Local notices in our paid local columns are five cents per line for first insertion. Notices of festivals, lectures, concerts and all entertainments of a money-making character are charged at the rate of one dollar for each insertion. Cards of thanks are twenty-five cents for each insertion.

The wide circulation of the ENTERPRISE in the counties of Tuscola, Huron and Sanilac, makes it a valuable advertising medium.

**A. A. P. McDowell, Proprietor.**

## Professional Cards.

**J. D. BROOKER,**

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Reference: Exchange Bank and Cass City Bank. Office in Second story of City block, Cass City, Mich.

**HENRY BUTLER,**

ATTORNEY AT LAW and Real Estate agent. Office on north side of Main Street, Cass City, Mich.

**Dr. J. H. Hays**

Physician and Surgeon. Special attention given to the eyes. Offices and residence over 2 Macks' store, Phone 23.

**Dr. M. M. Wickware,**

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office over Auten & Seeley's Bank; residence one block north of Opera House. Office hours 10 a. m. to 12 m., 1 to 3:30 p. m., 7 to 9 p. m. Phone in house and office. Can also be found in office at other times unless engaged in outside calls.

**Dr. A. N. Treadgold.**

Offices above P. O. Residence Sugar St. Special attention given to diseases of children and old-age. Special office hours, 1:30 to 4:30 p. m. General office hours, 10:30 a. m. to 12 m., 7 to 9:30 p. m. Phone in house and office. Calls promptly attended.

**A. W. Truesdell, M. D.**

Physician and Surgeon, Sylvania, Mich. Special attention to surgery.

**Dr. John R. Foote**

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Calls attended promptly day or night, with an office when not making professional calls. Office at residence. Elmwood, Mich. 12-17-08

## DENTISTRY.

**I. A. FRITZ, DENTIST.** Office over Fritz's drug store. Assisted by F. L. FRITZ, D. D. S., graduate of University of Michigan.

**P. A. SCHENCK, D. D. S.**

DENTIST—Graduate of University of Michigan. Office in new Fritz block, Cass City, Mich. 19-31-01.

**John Walker**

PORTRAIT ARTIST—High class work of all kinds. Garfield Ave, Cass City, Mich. 4-27-08

## Societies.

**I. O. F.**

**COURT ELKLAND, No. 838, I. O. F.,** meets on second and fourth Tuesdays of each month in their hall in the Campbell block, at 7:30 p. m. Visiting brethren are cordially invited.

**J. A. P. McDowell Rec. Sec.**

**I. O. O. F.**

**CASS CITY LODGE, No. 203,** meets every Wednesday evening at 7:30. Visiting brethren cordially invited.

**K. O. T. M.**

**CASS CITY TENT, No. 74,** meets the first and third Friday evenings of each month, at 7:30. Visiting Sir Knights cordially invited.

**A. D. GILLES, Record Keeper.**

**Elkland Arbor, No. 31, A. O. O. G.** meets the second and fourth Thursdays of each month, in Oddfellows Hall. Visiting companions always welcome.

**A. D. GILLES, Sec.-Treas.**

## Church Directory.

**BAPTIST**—Preaching services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. on Sunday. Sunday school at 12 m. Young people's meeting Sunday evening at 6:30. Prayer meeting on Thursday evening.

**WANGELICAL**—Services begin with Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Preaching services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Y. P. A. meeting 6:30 p. m. English services every Sunday evening. All are invited. Rev. L. V. SODAN, Pastor.

**METHODIST EPISCOPAL**—Preaching services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday. Class meetings follow morning service. Sunday school at 12 m. Junior League at 3:30 p. m. Epworth League at 6:30 p. m. Prayer-meeting at 7:30 on Thursday evening. Rev. M. W. GIFFORD, Pastor.

**DREBYTERIAN**—Sunday preaching services, 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Y. P. S. C. E. C. Prayer meeting on Thursday evening at 7:30.

**PONTIAC, OXFORD & NORTHERN R. R.**  
PASSENGER TIME CARD.

GOING NORTH		STATIONS		GOING SOUTH	
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## Bring Us Your



Heating problems and we will solve them with the great Round Oak furnace. A comfortable temperature conduces to all that is good in the home. Too much heat one time or one place, and too little another is not comfort. The Round Oak furnace and our "know how" to put them in produces the real home atmosphere. We make plans and estimates any time—no trouble. Call in when ready.

**N. BIGELOW & SONS**

## Pres de Soie.

Our line of the popular midsummer fabrics is good, consisting of

**Mohair Suitings,  
Plain Colored Mohairs,  
Half-Wool Voils,  
in all shades. Also  
Shepard's Plaids, Etc.**

More to be prized than fine gold.—  
The JULIA MARLOW SHOE.  
Men's and Boys' Plow Shoes \$1.00.

**A. A. HITCHCOCK.**

Silks.

## Don't Waste Money

on experiments in Flour. Everybody who has used it will tell you that

# WHITE LILY FLOUR

is as good as the best.

No matter how critical you are, you can't find fault with anything made from it. Made at

## Cass City Roller Mills

C. W. HELLER, Prop.

Ask your dealer for it.

## NEW GROCERY.

Having placed an entirely new stock of STAPLE and FANCY GROCERIES, CONFECTIONERY, Etc. in the

### Fritz Block

we respectfully solicit a share of your patronage, and promise you fair treatment with the best goods on the market.

**J. CORNELIUS.**  
Highest Price for Butter and Eggs. Telephone 61.

## Sheet Music, All Kinds, at this office.

### Novesta Corners.

We think the correspondents must have gone on a strike the past few weeks.

A number from here went for a trip the fore part of this week. We hope they had a good time.

Mrs. Norman Barnard, of Armada, is the guest of her father, Chas. Ashby, the past two weeks.

Ben Hamilton and wife visited their daughter, Mrs. Otis Chambers, of this place, last Sunday.

The Messrs Elmer Allin and George Hicks and their wives were visitors on the county line last Sunday.

Mrs. Peters, of Deckerville, is visiting her parental home here, she being the daughter of Robt. Howey.

Miss Myrtle Clark is home from Detroit, where she had been for some time very sick, but is much better.

Mrs. Anna Handley and Miss Anna Handley were at Caro last Wednesday.

Mr. Leopold, of this place, is out again after a severe attack of appendicitis. He had the skillful treatment of Dr. Howell.

Somebody's dogs are making great havoc in this vicinity among sheep, killing four of Mrs. A. Handley's and wounding several others, some of which had to be killed. Somebody wants to look out for their canines or perhaps they may come up missing.

L. Palmateer and some others from here took a large drove of cattle to Kingston last Saturday to be shipped.

### Puts an End to it all.

A grievous ailment comes as a result of unbearable pain from over taxed organs. Dizziness, Backache, Liver complaint and Constipation. But thanks to Dr. King's New Life Pills they put an end to it all. They are gentle but thorough. Try them. Only 25c. Guaranteed at T. H. Fritz's Drug Store, Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston.

### Gagetown

Mrs. Geo. Young, of Beasley, and daughter, Olive, are visiting at the home of her brother, Jas. Danbo.

The comfort and appearance of the new church is enhanced by the cement walk and steps by Howell Bros.

Miss Nina Merritt, of Dryden, came back to visit friends for a few days and to participate in the services upon Dedication day of the new church.

Fred M. Warner, probable governor for next term, spent some time of last week among us looking after his factory interests here and near Owendale.

Our village now enjoys the cooling cleanly luxury of a street sprinkler with Archie Karr in control. It was brought into town and used for the first time last week.

The morning for the dedication of the First Methodist Episcopal Church was not auspicious, but later the sky cleared and the day was warm and bright. The building is a brick veneer with a basement and arched ceiling. It is in the form of a Greek cross with bell tower in the northwest angle. The inside finish is of Georgia pine varnished. The walls are papered with a rich green and the ceiling is light with a flower pattern. The appearance of the rostrum was much improved for the occasion by the plants and foliage furnished by Mrs. M. Conley. Rev. Leeson, of Caro, preached an inspiring sermon in the morning and the Caro choir rendered several fine selections in the morning and afternoon. It was thought desirable to change the announced order of service and the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper was observed by the Presiding Elder assisted by the visiting clergymen after Rev. Leeson's sermon. The afternoon and evening services were attended by more than the building could accommodate even after all available space had been utilized. The love feast under the leading of Rev. Cross, of Caseville, at 2 p. m. prepared the hearts of the people for that foreful, comforting sermon by Dr. Geo. F. Durgin, of Boston, which followed. At these two last services the \$1200 necessary to clear the church of debt was all subscribed and Dr. Stewart assisted by Dr. Durgin dedicated the house to the service of God. After it had been announced that all had been pledged the presiding elder told of Dr. Durgin's offer to present the church with a pulpit Bible if the indebtedness should be raised, and a day of thankfulness and gladness closed in Gagetown.

### Suicide Prevented.

The startling announcement that a preventive of suicide had been discovered will interest many. A run down system, or despondency invariably precedes suicide and something has been found that will prevent that condition which makes suicide likely. At the first thought of self destruction take Electric Bitters. It being a great tonic and nerve will strengthen the nerves and build up the system. It's a great Stomach, Liver and Kidney regulator. Only 50c. Satisfaction guaranteed by T. H. Fritz, Druggist, Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston.

### Wives Must Work in Japan.

As an example of the humble attitude of the Japanese wife Mrs. Hugh F. Adams has this incident: "A middle aged man on the upper floor was suffering terribly from heat, and his little wife seemed greatly distressed about him. All the screens had been opened, but it was a breathless day, and no breeze came to ring the little glass bells on the hanging fern wreath on the veranda. The man sat with his head in his hands groaning, while madam, kneeling on the mats behind him, fanned his back and from time to time rubbed him down with a blue towel, an expression of the deepest respect and sympathy on her face. When he seemed a little better she busied herself with preparing tea, which he drank eagerly and of course made himself frightfully hot again, when she went back patiently to her fanning and rubbing."

### Kilkenny Cats.

During the rebellion which occurred in Ireland in 1798, or it may be in 1803, Kilkenny was garrisoned by a troop of Hessian soldiers who amused themselves in barracks by tying two cats together by their tails and throwing them across a clothesline to fight. The officer, hearing of the cruel practice, resolved to stop it. As he entered the room one of the troopers, seizing a sword, cut the tails in two as the animals hung across the line. The two cats escaped, minus their tails, through the open window, and when the officer inquired the meaning of the two bleeding tails being left in the room he was coolly told that two cats had been fighting and had devoured each other, all but the tails.

### O-PIKE SALVE cures PILES and nothing else. 50 cents

LONDON, ENO, & KEATING

### VILLAGE COUNCIL.

COUNCIL ROOMS, Aug. 1, 1904.

Regular meeting of council called to order by president. There being no quorum present, council adjourned to Tuesday evening, Aug. 2nd, 1904.

C. G. MATZEN, Clerk.

### COUNCIL ROOMS, Cass City, Aug. 2, '04.

Adjourned meeting of the council called to order by president. The following trustees were present: Elliott, Bigelow, Renshler and Clarke.

Minutes of previous meeting read and approved.

The following bills were read and referred to committee on claims and accounts.

A. A. P. McDowell, printing, etc.	\$ 4 25
Electric Supp. and Eng. Co. Inv. 7-19	10 30
Saginaw P. M. Coal Co. Inv. 7-16	22 30
Emerson Harp, Inv. 7-11	5 12
Cass City Fire Dept., salary 2-4, 1904	25 00
O. A. Withey, labor	14 25
Jesse Stocks	7 00
Adam Gellgey	16 50
Wm. Wilson	15 00
Mike Seeger	24 00
Will Schroeder	1 50
J. B. Coates sundries	16 41
B. F. Benkelman	4 55
Sag. P. M. Coal Co. Inv. 7-13	98 02
Elias Killins, salary	35 00
H. H. Mack, drawing, from Mar. 24	30 00
J. C. Epplette, salary	30 00
Fosteria Incan. Lamp Co. Inv. 7-13	8 16
H. L. McDermott, telephone	25 00
Emerson Harp, hauling coal	21 11
Cass City Grain Co., cement, etc.	122 50
Chris. Nolly, labor	15 00
Richard Pagan	15 00
Gib Koster	14 50
Jas. Outout	6 00
Angus McGilivray, salary	31 25
Henry Herr, labor	16 00

Committee reported favorably on all bills as read. Moved by Clarke, and supported by Renshler that report of committee be accepted and orders drawn on the treasurer for the several amounts. Carried.

Committee of building inspectors reported that they had examined stairway at rear of Opera House building and that they considered it safe.

Moved by Elliott, supported by Clarke that the report be accepted and placed on file. Carried.

Report of Commissioner Straube for month of June, 1904, was read.

Moved by Clarke, supported by Renshler that the report be accepted and placed on file. Carried.

The following bills for cement walks were read:

John Leslie	\$ 15 24
Samuel Lee Pla	10 00
John Murphy	25 00
John Setzer	19 84
John Gark	19 84
Robert Wilson	21 50
Wm. Spurgeon	19 28
Mrs. Hinkley	6 69
Wm. Campbell	6 00
Arthur Jones	12 80

Moved by Bigelow, supported by Clarke that the bills be referred to board of assessors for assessment. Carried.

Application of James Tennant for water supply to Lot 5, Blk. 7, original plat of village was read.

Moved by Bigelow, supported by Elliott that petition be granted. Carried.

Moved by Renshler, supported by Bigelow that all walks ordered be built except where expressly desired that they be not built. Carried.

On motion of Elliott, supported by Clarke council adjourned.

C. G. MATZEN, Clerk.

### A Fish With Hands.

Zoologists have long regarded the fish which remains for days out of water and climbs trees as one of the strangest departures from nature, but the most wonderful of these is the periphthalmus of the west African coast. It not only leapt much at home on land as in water, but climbs the mangrove roots and takes long journeys about the swamps on them and builds itself mud houses raised above the surface, with an opening at the top, from which its bulging eyes stare out at every alarm. For this life the fish is fitted with long arms, with elbow and wrist, while the fingers are separated and prehensile, instead of being flat and finlike. These hands in the African species hold the mangrove roots in climbing and are the means of propulsion through the mud. The round eyes project from the skull and can be turned in every direction; hence the Greek name, which may be freely translated "rolling eyes."

### Wellington as a Scout.

The Duke of Wellington, according to G. R. Gleig's reminiscences, was ignorant of most things and seemed incapable of learning. Once for instance, he asked Arbuthnot how turnips propagated, whether by seed or by cuttings like potatoes. But he was a scout! Once upon a time he and Croker beguiled a driver by guessing the nature of the country beyond the hills which they mounted. The duke's guesses were always correct, and Croker at last asked the reason. "The reason?" replied the duke. "Why, what have I been doing the greater part of my life except trying to make out from what I saw the shape of the country which I could not see?"

### Great Sunken Lake.

In the Cascade mountains, about seventy-five miles east of Jacksonville, Ore., the seeker of the curious will find the Great Sunken lake, the deepest lake in the world, so far as its situation is concerned, for it is said to average 2,000 feet down to the water on all sides. The depth of the water is unknown, and its surface is smooth and unruffled by the strongest winds. It is about fifteen miles in length and four and one-half wide. For unknown ages it has lain still, silent and mysterious in the bosom of the great mountain range, as though scooped out by the hand of a giant genie.

### Where's Woman is Heroic.

The determination to do her duty at all costs inspires the society woman of today as much as it did the defenders of the British flag at Trafalgar. She goes into action with a grim resolve to dance and die as all her friends expect. Though her back is aching, her head splitting and she knows she is grievously bored, she will heroically go through her day's programme, fortified by the consciousness of having done her duty.—Ladies' Field.

### Wounds Dressed With Burnt Straw.

At a cost of about 25 cents Japanese doctors can dress the wounds of 500 men. They use a finely powdered charcoal, obtained by the slow combustion of straw in closed furnaces. Sachets filled with it are applied to the wounds, and its antiseptic and absorbent qualities generally effect a rapid cure.

### Carlyle on Thackeray.

Of Thackeray Carlyle wrote: "Thackeray and his two girls were with us. I had never seen him so well before. There is a great deal of talent in him, a great deal of sensibility, irritability, sensuality, vanity without limit—and nothing or little but sentimentalism and play-acting to guide it all with."

### Eunuch's Trick.

Tom—That pretty Miss Wilkins seems to have quite a number of eligible young men in her train. Jack—Yes, and it's only a matter of time until there will be a smashup to that train, with only one survivor.—Illustrated Bits.

### His Invitations.

Daisy—Where my brother goes he's usually asked to bring me. Dolly—He must be very popular. Daisy—No. He's an abill doctor.

### Requiem for Loose.

"You smoked only ten cigars on your wedding trip, that's stone a day."  
"No. Ten on the last day."—Harper's Bazar.

### How He Saved Him.

Hewitt—That fellow saved me from bankruptcy. Jewett—How was that? Hewitt—He married the girl I was engaged to.

### De Foe's Story About England.

De Foe, the author of "Robinson Crusoe" traveled through the greatest empires of England in 1722. He records that in that "damp part of the world" it was common to meet with a man who had had from five to fifteen wives. Indeed he says that some had more. De Foe adds that a merry fellow, who had himself had about a score of wives, told him that the men of the marshes, being seasoned to the damp climate, took little harm from it, but that they went into the "hilly country" for their wives. "When they took the young lasses out of the wholesome and fresh air," they were healthy, fresh and clear and well. But when they came out of their native air into the marshes among the fogs and damp, there they presently changed their complexions, got an ague or two and seldom held it above half a year or a year at the most. "One wife was sacrificed, another was procured, and so the process went on. De Foe is careful to state that his merry informer "fibbed a little," at least concerning his own wives, but he declares that the general statement is perfectly true.

### Group Instantly Relieved.

Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Perfectly safe. Never fails. At any drug store.

### Canboro.

The well drillers are at H. Mellendorf's now.

Richard Jarvis was an Elkton caller one day last week.

Martin Hartsell was an Elkton caller one day last week.

John Parker, of Elkton, visited his parental home Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Rockwood were Cass City callers Tuesday.

Will Webster, of Elmwood, visited his uncle, B. Webster, Sunday.

Henry Wettlaufer, of Cass City, was a caller in this vicinity Sunday.

Some of the people of our burg have commenced ploughing for wheat.

Quite a few from here are taking their milk to the cheese factory west of here.

Henry Mellendorf, Sr., and son, Joseph, were business transactors in Elkton Monday.

The Misses Anna Jarvis and Lydia Parker called on Mrs. John Rickard Sunday afternoon.

### The Larger Half.

The Same in Michigan as Elsewhere.

The bigger half of worldly trouble. The greater part of mankind's suffering. Can safely be laid to the kidneys. Kidneys filter the blood, keep the human system healthy, but they can't do this when they're sick. Easy to tell sick kidneys. Look at the back for the note of warning. Most backache pains are kidney ills. Twitches, twinges, pains, and aches of a bad back. Should be treated promptly. Every day's delay means future trouble. Urinary complications set in, diabetes, Bright's disease. Doan's Kidney Pills are kidney specialists. Cure every form of kidney ills. Proof of this in the following testimony. Mrs. H. Sovill, of 501 Orchard street, Doughty, wife of the ex-mayor, says: "From my experience I can say that Doan's Kidney Pills are a reliable remedy. I procured a box at Sherwood & Burlington drug store, used it in my family and undoubted results followed the treatment. I have no hesitation in recommending Doan's Kidney Pills to any sufferer of backache or any of the incidents which follow in the wake of that far too prevalent annoyance, kidney complaint."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

## INDIGESTION

"I was troubled with stomach trouble. Theford's Black-Draught did me more good in one week than all the doctor's medicine I took in a year."—MRS. S. B. B. E. SHERFIELD, Ellettsville, Ind.

Theford's Black-Draught quickly invigorates the action of the stomach and cures even chronic cases of indigestion. If you will take a small dose of Theford's Black-Draught occasionally you will keep your stomach and liver in perfect condition.

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All druggists sell 25-cent packages.

"Theford's Black-Draught is the best medicine to regulate the bowels I have ever used."—MRS. A. M. GRANT, Sneads Ferry, N. C.

## CONSTIPATION

### Ellington

A nice shower of rain visited here last Saturday but more is needed.

Herman Oesterle is putting up an addition to his house for a kitchen.

James Adams started Tuesday for Oakland county and will be gone indefinitely.

Mrs. Purdy, from Birmingham, is now visiting Mrs. Knox Hannah indefinitely.

Ray Ellsworth is now visiting with his uncle, John Vanconet, on the Hartley farm, near the Sutton churoh.

Miss Daisy Hunt, who is working for James Sutton, across from the Sutton M. P. church, came over here Saturday night and visited with us until Monday morning.

### Notice.

Is hereby given that I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by my wife, Ann Eastman.

7-21-30  
JOSEPH G. EASTMAN.

### Cranboro.

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## CONSTIPATION

## Hair Splits

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# Roosevelt Has Been Notified.

## HE STANDS PAT ON REPUBLICAN RECORD AND INTENTION.

### Notified By Speaker Cannon At Sagamore Hill

President Roosevelt was notified formally Wednesday of his nomination for the presidency by the national Republican convention. The ceremony took place at his country home at Sagamore Hill, three miles from Oyster Bay.

**Cannon's Speech.**  
The formal notification was made on behalf of a committee representing every state and territory in the United States by Speaker Cannon, of the house of representatives.

Speaker Cannon, in formally notifying the president of the action of the convention, defended protection and other Republican policies from the attacks of the Democrats, who, he declared, were not to be trusted with the administration of these policies, which had produced such boundless prosperity, made much of the gold standard and currency questions, and imputed ulterior motives to Judge Parker in sending his belated telegram, after voting for free silver in 1896 and 1900.

The president, in accepting the nomination, said:

**Roosevelt's Acceptance.**

"There is nothing experimental about the government we ask the people to continue in power, for our performance in the past, our proved governmental efficiency, is a guarantee as to our promises for the future. Our opponents, either openly or secretly, according to their several temperaments, now ask the people to trust their present promises in consideration of the fact that they intend to treat their past promises as null and void. We know our own minds and we have kept of the same mind for a sufficient length of time to give to our policy coherence and sanity. In such a fundamental matter as the enforcement of the law we do not have to depend upon promises, but merely to ask that our record be taken as an earnest of what we shall continue to do."

**Trust Question.**

"In dealing with the great organizations known as trusts, we do not have to explain why the laws were not enforced, but to point out that they actually have been enforced, and that legislation has been enacted to increase the effectiveness of their enforcement. We do not have to propose to turn the rascals out, for we have shown in very deed that whenever by diligent investigation a public official can be found who has betrayed his trust he will be punished to the full extent of the law, without regard to whether he was appointed under a Republican or a Democratic administration."

"This is the efficient way to turn the rascals out, and it has the merit of sincerity. Moreover the betrayals of trust in the last seven years have been insignificant in number when compared with the extent of the public service. Never has the administration of the government been on a cleaner and higher level; never has the public work of the nation been done more honestly and efficiently."

"Assuredly it is unwise to change the policies which have worked so well and which are now working so well. Prosperity has come at home, The national honor and interest have been upheld abroad. We have placed the finances of the nation upon a sound and solid basis. We have done this with the aid of many who were formerly our opponents, but who would neither openly support nor silently acquiesce in the heresy of unsound finance; and we have done it against the convinced and violent opposition of the mass of our present opponents who still refuse to recant the unsound opinions which for the moment they think it inexpedient to assert."

"We know what we mean when we speak of an honest and stable currency. We mean the same thing from year to year. We do not have to avoid a definite and conclusive commitment on the most important issue which has recently been before the people, and which may at any time in the near future be before them again. Upon the principles which underlie this issue the convictions of half of our number do not clash with those of the other half."

**Money Issue Settled.**

"So long as the Republican party is in power the gold standard is settled, not as a matter of temporary political expediency, not because of shifting conditions in the production of gold in certain mining centers, but in accordance with what we regard as the fundamental principles of national morality and wisdom."

"Upon the financial legislation which we have enacted there is now ample circulation for every business need, and every dollar of this circulation is worth a dollar in gold. We have reduced the interest-bearing debt and in still larger measure the interest on that debt. All of the war taxes imposed during the Spanish war have been removed with a view to relieve the people and to prevent the accumulation of an unnecessary surplus. The result is that hardly ever before have the expenditures and income of the

government so closely corresponded. In the fiscal year that has just closed the excess of income over the ordinary expenditures was nine millions of dollars."

"This does not take account of the fifty millions expended out of the accumulated surplus for the purchase of the isthmian canal. It is an extraordinary proof of the sound financial condition of the nation that, instead of following the usual course in such matters and throwing the burden upon posterity, by an issue of bonds, we were able to make the payment outright and yet after it to have in the treasury a surplus of one hundred and sixty-one millions. Moreover, we were able to pay this fifty millions of dollars out of hand without causing the slightest disturbance to business conditions."

"We have enacted a tariff law under which during the past few years the country has attained a light of material well-being never before reached. Wages are higher than ever before. That whenever the need arises there should be a readjustment of the tariff schedules is undoubted; but such changes can with safety be made only by those who are as much interested in the principle of a protective tariff as beyond question; for otherwise the changes would amount not to a readjustment, but to repeal. The readjustment when made must maintain and not destroy the protective principle. To the farmer, the merchant, the manufacturer, this is vital; but perhaps no other man is so much interested as the wage-worker in the maintenance of our present economic system, both as regards the finances and the tariff."

**Protection Needed.**

"The standard of living of our wage-workers is higher than that of any other country, and it cannot so remain unless we have a protective tariff which shall always keep as a minimum a rate of duty sufficient to cover the difference between the labor cost here and abroad. Those who, like our opponents, 'denounce protection as robbery,' thereby explicitly commit themselves to the proposition that, if they were to revise the tariff, no heed would be paid to the necessity of meeting this difference between the standards of living for wage-workers here and in other countries. Their antagonism to our position is fundamental. Here again we ask that their promises and ours be judged by what has been done in the immediate past. We ask that sober and sensible men compare the workings of the present tariff law, and the conditions which obtain under it, with the workings of the preceding tariff law of 1894 and the conditions which that tariff of 1894 helped to bring about."

"We believe in reciprocity with foreign nations on the terms outlined in President McKinley's last speech, which urged the extension of our foreign markets by reciprocal agreements whenever they could be made without injury to American industry and labor. It is a singular fact that the only great reciprocity treaty recently adopted—that of Cuba—was finally opposed almost alone by the representatives of the very party which now states that it favors reciprocity. And here again we ask that the worth of our words be judged by comparing their deeds with ours. On this Cuban reciprocity treaty there were at the outset grave differences of opinion among ourselves; and the notable thing in the negotiation and ratification of the treaty, and in the legislation which carried it into effect, was the highly practical manner in which without sacrifice of principle these differences of opinion were reconciled."

**Justice to All.**

"There was no rupture of a great party, but an excellent practical outcome, the result of the harmonious cooperation of two successive presidents and two successive congresses. This is an illustration of the governing capacity which entitles us to the confidence of the people not only in our purposes, but in our practical ability to achieve those purposes. Judging by the history of the last twelve years, doubt to this very month, is there justification for believing that under similar circumstances and with similar initial differences of opinion, our opponents would have achieved any practical result."

"We have already shown in actual fact that our policy is to do fair and exact justice to all men, paying no heed to whether a man is rich or poor; paying no heed to his race, his creed, or his birthplace."

"We recognize the organization of capital and the organization of labor as natural outcomes of our industrial system. Each kind of organization is to be favored as long as it acts in a spirit of justice and of regard for the rights of others. Each is to be granted the full protection of the law, and each in turn is to be held to a strict obedience to the law; for no man is above it and no man below it. The humblest individual is to have his rights safeguarded as scrupulously as

those of the strongest organization, for each is to receive justice, no more and no less. The problems with which we have to deal in our modern industrial and social life are manifold; but the approach their solution is simply the spirit of honesty, of courage, and of common sense."

"Ever since this continent was discovered the need of an isthmian canal to connect the Pacific and the Atlantic has been recognized; and ever since the birth of our nation such a canal has been planned. At last the dream has become a reality. The isthmian canal is now being built by the government of the United States. We conducted the negotiation for its construction with the nicest and most scrupulous honor, and in a spirit of the largest generosity toward those through whose territory it was to run. Every sinister effort which could be devised by the spirit of faction or the spirit of self-interest was made in order to defeat the treaty with Panama and thereby prevent the consummation of this work. The construction of the canal is now an assured fact; but most certainly it is unwise to intrust the carrying out of so momentous a policy to those who have endeavored to defeat the whole undertaking."

**Foreign Policy.**

"Our foreign policy has been so conducted that, while not one of our just claims has been sacrificed, our relations with all foreign nations are now of the most peaceful kind; there is not a cloud on the horizon. The last cause of irritation between us and any other nation was removed by the settlement of the Alaskan boundary."

"In the Caribbean sea we have made good our promises of independence to Cuba, and have proved our assertion that our mission in the island was one of justice and not of self-aggrandizement; and thereby no less than our action in Venezuela and Panama, we have shown that the Monroe doctrine is a living reality, designed for the hurt of no nation, but for the protection of civilization on the western continent, and for the peace of the world. Our steady growth in power has gone hand in hand with a strengthening disposition to use this power with strict regard for the rights of others, and for the cause of international justice and good will."

"We earnestly desire friendship with all the nations of the new and old worlds; and we endeavor to place our relations with them upon a basis of reciprocal advantage instead of hostility. We hold that the prosperity of each nation is an aid and not a hindrance to the prosperity of other nations. We seek international unity for the same reasons that make us believe in peace within our own borders; and we seek this peace not because we are afraid or unready, but because we think that peace is right as well as advantageous."

"American interests in the Pacific have rapidly grown. American enterprise has laid a cable across this, the greatest of oceans. We have proved in effective fashion that we wish the Chinese empire well and desire its integrity and independence."

**The Philippines.**

"Our foothold in the Philippines greatly strengthens our position in the competition for the trade of the east; but we are governing the Philippines in the interest of the Philippine people themselves. We have already given them a large share in their government, and our purpose is to increase this share as rapidly as they give evidence of increasing fitness for the task. The great majority of the officials of the islands, of a native and appointive, are already native Filipinos."

"We are now providing for a legislative assembly. This is the first step to be taken in the future; and it would be eminently unwise to declare our next step will be until this first step has been taken and the results are manifest. To have gone faster than we have already gone in giving the islands a constantly increasing measure of self-government would have been disastrous. At the present moment to give political independence to the islands would result in the immediate loss of civil rights, personal liberty and public order, as regards the mass of the Filipinos. The majority of the islands have been given these great boons by us, and only keep them because we vigilantly safeguard and guarantee them. To withdraw our government from the islands at this time would mean to the average native the loss of his barely won civil freedom. We have established in the islands a government by Americans assisted by Filipinos. We are steadily striving to transform this into self-government by the Filipinos assisted by Americans."

"The principles which we uphold should appeal to all our countrymen, in all portions of our country. Above all they should give us strength with the men and women who are the spiritual heirs of those who upheld the hands of Abraham Lincoln; for we are striving to do our work in the spirit with which Lincoln approached his. During the seven years that have just passed there is no duty, domestic or foreign, which we have shirked; no necessary task which we have feared to undertake, or which we have not performed with reasonable efficiency. We have never pleaded impotence. We have never sought refuge in criticism and complaint instead of action. We face the future with our past and our present as guarantors of our promises; and we are content to stand or fall by the record which we have made and are making."

**Smallpox in County Jail.**

The Saginaw county jail is under a smallpox quarantine and the other morning the prisoners were lined up for vaccination.

**Paris Green for Ginger.**

A color-blind farmer of Conkling took Paris green the other day, thinking it was ginger, but is still alive.

**Old-Fashioned Pole Raising.**

An old-fashioned pole raising will be the feature of a Republican campaign rally at Star City July 29.

**Belding Board of Trade.**

Belding business men have organized a board of trade, in order that their work for the city's good may be done on a systematic, organized basis.

**Son Succeeds Father.**

F. R. William, Jr., has been appointed prosecuting attorney of Antrim county to fill the vacancy caused by the recent death of his father.

**New Church for Milford.**

A fine new Catholic church is being built at Milford.

**Gasoline Engine Explodes.**

By latest reports it is learned that the explosion in the Williamson barber shop was due to a gasoline engine in the rear room.

**Paving Street at Lapeer.**

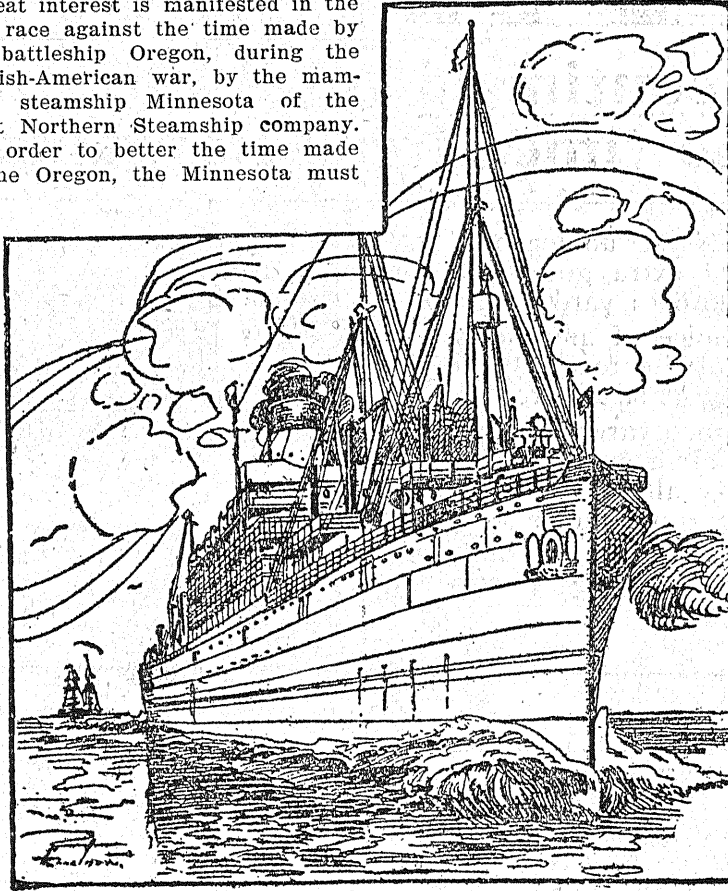
After months of special elections and citizens' petitions the paving contractors have started work on Napping street, Lapeer.

**City Hall for Alpena.**

Work on a new \$50,000 city hall for Alpena will be started at once.

## STEAMSHIP MINNESOTA TO TRY TO LOWER OREGON'S TIME

Great interest is manifested in the long race against the time made by the battleship Oregon, during the Spanish-American war, by the mammoth steamship Minnesota of the Great Northern Steamship company. In order to better the time made by the Oregon, the Minnesota must



THE MINNESOTA

make the 14,000 miles to San Francisco to Key West in sixty-five days. Allowing for the time to New York from Key West, seventy-two days would beat the Oregon's record.

The Minnesota is one of the two largest ships ever built in the United States. Her gross tonnage is 20,713; net tonnage, 13,323; length, 626 feet; beam, 73 feet.

### VALUE OF THE RAILROADS.

Investment Placed at \$12,000,000 by Interstate Commission.

Railway statistics for the year ended June 30, 1903, are announced by the interstate commerce commission. They show that the par value of the railway capital then outstanding was \$12,599,990,258, which represents a capitalization of \$63,150 a mile. The number of passengers carried was 694,891,535, an increase of 45,013,030 over the previous year; freight carried, 1,304,394,323 tons, an increase of 104,078,536 tons.

The gross earnings from the operation of the total of 205,313 miles of railway line, which is the aggregate single-track mileage, were \$1,900,846,507, an increase of \$174,466,640; operating expenses, \$1,257,538,852, an increase of \$141,290,105; net earnings, \$643,308,655, an increase of \$33,176,535; income from other sources than operation, \$205,687,430; net income, available for dividends or surplus, \$296,376,045.

Total casualties, 86,393, of which 3,840 represented the number of persons killed and 76,553 those injured. Aggregate number of locomotives in service, 43,871, increase 2,646; cars in service, 1,753,889, an increase of over 113,000 during the year.

### AMERICA IN THE LEAD.

Educational Institutions of This Country the Best.

United States Consul Diedrich at Bremen, Germany, has been making a close study of German universities as compared with those of the United States. Mr. Diedrich, who was long a college professor in this country, declares most emphatically that in his judgment the "United States offer to-day facilities for collegiate, academic and postgraduate studies equal in quantity and quality to those offered by any country in the old world." American attendance at German universities is growing smaller continually. There is less potency to-day than there used to be in the expression "He was educated abroad." American students have learned to appreciate the advantages offered by American educational institutions.

### MADE THE AUDIENCE GASP.

Paper Favoring Vivisection Read Before Its Opponents.

The British Anti-Vivisection society was thrown into spasms at its recent annual meeting through the indiscretion of Lord Liangatock, a member, who asked permission to read an interesting letter from a military officer whose name he did not give. In the course of the communication the writer said: "My views as regards anti-vivisection are these; that all the animals in God's creation should suffer the excruciating torture of hell for millions of years, provided that by doing this they saved humanity from a pain in its little finger for five minutes." The paper was excluded from the society's report and Lord Liangatock was politely requested to familiarize himself with his correspondence in future before laying it before the august body.

### Duchess Likes Fast Traveling.

The duchess of Marlborough is constantly in trouble over the rapid driving of her automobile. She is absolutely reckless about traveling at a high speed, with the result that her chauffeur is about half the time before some English magistrate on charges. She will not have a driver unless he can get the top speed out of the machine. The duchess contends that motors were made to run, not to crawl. When the duke is along, however, she has the car kept at a moderate speed.

### PROVED THE EARTH IS ROUND.

Simple Demonstration Showed Truth of Ancient Belief.

Although it was demonstrated more than 2,000 years ago that the earth is globular in form, there are certain persons who maintain that it is flat. About thirty years ago a controversy on the subject waxed so hot that it was determined to put the matter to direct experiment in order to settle the question once for all.

The place chosen was near Bedford, England, where there is a straight six-mile stretch of water. At both ends and in the middle of this water posts were erected, each of the same definite height above the water level. Upon looking with a telescope along the tops of these three posts it was clearly seen that the center one overtopped the others by about six feet, owing to the curvature of the surface of the earth.

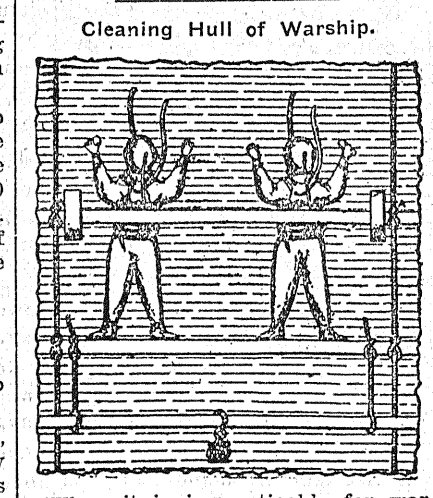
These experiments were recently repeated in a more scientific manner by H. Yule Oldham, who read a paper on the subject before the Glasgow meeting of the British Association. The same results were obtained, with the important difference that by the employment of a tele-photographic lens and camera the six foot prominence of the middle post was recorded in an unmistakable manner.—Philadelphia Record.

### Think Quagga Is Extinct.

An interesting correspondence on the disappearance of the quagga from South Africa has been proceeding for some time in the Cape Times. Mr. Selater, director of the South African museum, confirms the statement that this interesting species is now extinct. Though frequently confused with it by hunters and sportsmen, it can be recognized at a glance from the fact that only the front half of the barrel and the hind half of the barrel are a very light brown or almost white. This animal formerly ranged over the plains of the Orange River Colony and the northern and central parts of Cape Colony; apparently it never extended north of the Vaal or east of the Kei. It was very numerous in the days of Harris and Gordon Cummins and apparently soon after that became scarce in the colony, where it probably was finally exterminated about 1870. It survived a good many years later in the Orange River Colony, probably until 1873 at least.

### Cleaning Hull of Warship.

When it is impracticable for warships to go to dry dock for cleaning, divers work on staging to scrape the bottom.



### First White Man to See Okapi.

Major James Harrison has just returned to England after a prolonged journey through the dense forests of central Africa, during the course of which he saw the okapi in its natural habitat. This is particularly dense forest, the trees being thickly interwoven with creepers and tangled undergrowth. On the sixth day his party encountered the spoor of the okapi. This was followed for several hours, when suddenly the party came upon the animal fifteen feet in front of them. Before the major could obtain his rifle from one of the natives accompanying him the okapi had escaped in the thick undergrowth. It stood between ten and eleven feet in height, was of a general tawny color about its body and was striped over the loins. The natives say Major Harrison is the first white man who has seen the animal in its native wilds.

### Dog Traps 70 Miles to Old Home.

A remarkable instance of a dog's love of home is reported from Cromleight, Dunblane, Perthshire. A collie dog was given to Mr. Hunter of Herriethall, Berwickshire, by his brother-in-law, Mr. Gilholm of Cromleight, and was sent by train to the borderland. The animal worked among the sheep for two days and then suddenly disappeared. It afterward turned up at its old home, having done the seventy mile journey in forty hours.—London Telegraph.

### Walking Stick.

Residents of the North Side of Chicago can have walking sticks for the picking up. The woods are full of these strange insects that look exactly like jointed twigs.

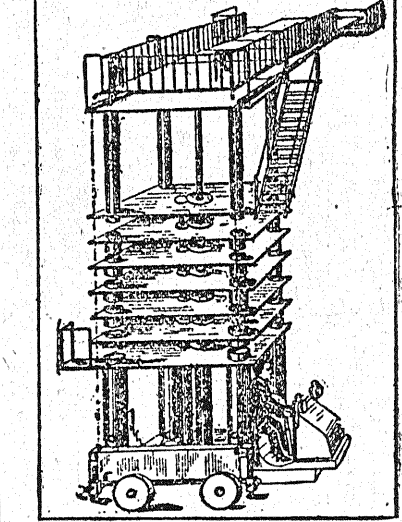
### Walnut Logs Well Preserved.

Workmen excavating for a bridge over Big Walnut Creek at Columbus, Ohio, found walnut logs perfectly sound, although, estimated from the size of the trees growing on the ground above them, buried for at least 200 years.

## SCIENCE AND INVENTION

### Automobile Fire Escape.

The most important thing for a fireman to do in case of an alarm is to get his apparatus on the ground and working just as soon as he can. No matter whether he has a chemical extinguisher, a hose cart, steamer, water tower or a hook and ladder, his particular apparatus may come into play just as soon as it can be got into service. In the case of the hook and ladder truck it may be that even in the inclemency of the blaze some persons have been cut off from escape and unless the apparatus arrives early they are forced to jump from the building or are suffocated in the smoke and flames. The illustration



### Extends Vertically to the Windows.

shows a new use for the automobile as applied to the fire service, transporting an extensible fire escape through the streets to the scene of the fire. This apparatus is designed to be elevated to a considerable height and brought into contact with the windows to permit persons in any of the upper stories to make their way in safety to the ground. At each corner of the carriage is a bracing post, which is dropped to the ground as soon as the truck is in position to prevent the apparatus from weaving about on the spring trucks.

Victor Jetley of London, England, is the designer of this apparatus.

### A Unique Power Plant Location.

Cost of water-power development depends in large measure on the location of the electric station that is to be operated. The form of such a station, its cost, and the type of generating apparatus to be employed are much influenced by the site selected. This site may be exactly at, or far removed from, the point where the water used is diverted from its natural course.

A unique example of a location of the former kind is to be found near Burlington, Vt., where the electric power house itself forms the dam, being built entirely across the natural bed of one arm of the Winooski river at a point where an island divides the stream. The river at this point has cut its way down through solid rock, leaving perpendicular walls on either side. Up from the ledge that forms the bed of the stream and into the rocky walls, the power station, about 110 feet long, is built. The upstream wall of this station is built after the fashion of a dam, and is reinforced by the downstream wall, and the water flows directly through the power station by way of the water wheels. A construction of this sort is all that could be attained in the way of economy, there being neither canal nor long penstocks, and only one wall of the power-house apart from the dam. On the other hand, the location of a station directly across the bed of a river in this way makes it impossible to protect the machinery if the dam, should ever give way. Again the peculiar natural conditions favorable to such a construction are seldom found.

### The Life of Machinery.

Although the rapid improvement in electrical devices makes apparatus apparently out of date in a very short time, a good deal of electrical machinery is still in use and giving a good account of itself after prolonged years of operation. Some of the early Edison dynamos are still doing good work, and the material of the original Siemens-Halske electrical road is still used for a trolley line near Chillon, Switzerland, though it was developed twenty-three years ago.

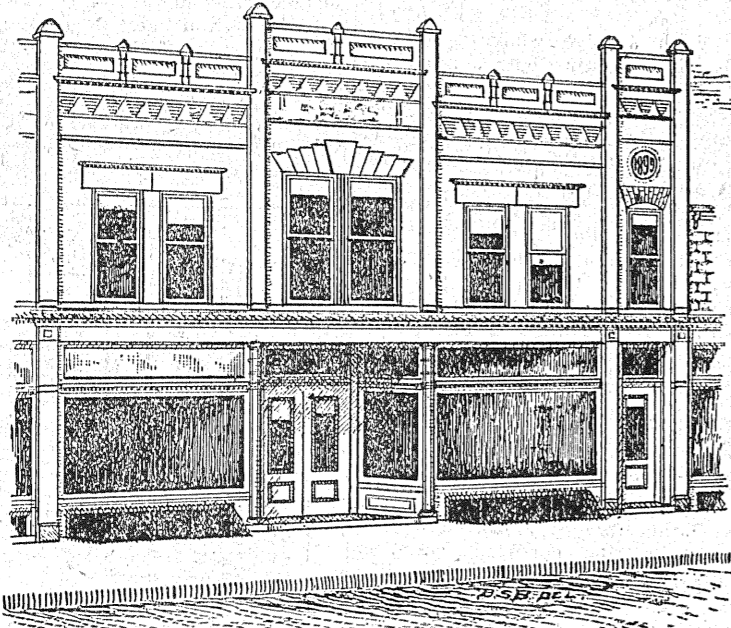
On the other hand, a great deal of old machinery has been worked over. The managers of a steel plant at Hamilton, Ontario, say that they have worked over into steel the iron of the original Niagara suspension bridge, that of the Victoria bridge at Montreal, the hull of the once-famous Atlantic steamship City of Rome, and the framework of the Great Eastern.

### Foundation for Machinery.

Making the foundations for machinery elastic so as to minimize or prevent the vibration present when it is operated is a subject which has attracted considerable attention of late. A felt is now being used in many parts of Germany for this purpose. This felt comes in sheets of ranging thicknesses—from 1/8 inch to 1 1/2 inches—and is impregnated with mineral fat to make it moisture proof. It was intended for insertion beneath rails, girders and machine beds, but its use has been extended to steam hammers, railway cars, stationary engines, and it has even found a place on shipboard to separate the machinery from the decks and bulkheads.

# W. A. FAIRWEATHER'S

Big Clearing Sale will be continued until Saturday, Aug. 13th. During the balance of the time Great Bargains will be offered.



1500 yards 8c unbleached cotton quality extra good, sale price will be 6c a yard.  
Your choice of any fancy Gingham of the 10c, 12½c, and 15c quality at 8c a yard.  
About 1000 yards Fancy Lawns, good assortment of styles and colors, all 10, 12½ and 15c goods; your choice during sale at 8c a yard.  
All our 25c Fancy Lawns 15c a yard.

All our 50c Fancy Lawns 35c a yard.  
Your choice of any 10c Percales at 7c a yard.  
All 15c Percales 10c a yard.  
75 yards Fancy Lawn, a special number, 50c quality, 3 patterns, new goods, sale price 25c yd.  
1000 yds. Prints at 4c a yard.  
Ask to see the Print we offer at 4c a yd.  
100 men's Straw Hats at 3c each.

**Our Grocery Specials.**  
8 bars Jaxon Soap 25c  
8 bars Queen Anne Soap 25c  
12 bars Ark Soap 25c  
Salt Pork 7c a pound  
10c can Syrup 8c  
30c bottle Salad Dressing 20c  
20c bottle Mint Sauce 10c  
Pepper Sauce 10c a bottle  
Celery Salt 10c a bottle  
No. 1 Peanuts 10c a pound  
Grapenuts 2 for 25c  
Cream Crisp 2 for 25c

Cream of Wheat 2 for 25c  
Ralston Breakfast Food 2 for 25c  
**Tobacco Specials.**  
3 plugs Eden 25c  
3 plugs Town Talk 25c  
3 plugs Standard Navy 25c  
3 plugs Spear Head 25c  
3 plugs Jolly Tar 25c  
3 plugs G. T. W. 25c 3 J. I. C. 25c  
3 plugs U and I 25c  
Odds and ends of Smoking, 25 different kinds, 5c a package, 3 for 10c

Yours for Bargains,

## W. A. FAIRWEATHER.

Goods delivered in town.

Butter and Eggs taken same as Cash

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**Still in the Lead**  
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the line of Dishes. See our  
new open stock Pattern we  
have just opened up.

We can do you some good in the  
**Grocery Line**  
Fresh goods at right prices.  
Prompt Delivery.  
**H. L. HUNT.**

Mr. and Mrs. M. Ryan, of Gageton, were in town on Monday.  
Hugh McColl has been driving the street sprinkler this week.  
Miss Ruby Taggett, of Caro, is the guest of Miss Lucy Fritz.  
Mrs. O. Ware, of Deford, called on friends here on Monday.  
G. W. Seed is again in the employ of Landon, Eno & Keating.  
C. W. Heller made a business trip to Romeo the first of the week.  
Roy Hill returned last week from a visit at Detroit and Pontiac.  
Hugh Woolman, of Sanilac Centre, did business here on Saturday.  
I. A. Fritz was in Kingston professionally Tuesday and yesterday.  
W. E. Freeman has accepted a position at W. A. Fairweather's store.  
Wilson Harrison, of Gageton, made a business call in town on Saturday.  
Chas. S. Seed, of Rochester, spent a part of last week with relatives here.  
Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Martus left for Orion on Saturday, for a brief outing.  
Jos. Ryan and L. C. Purdy, of Gageton, were in town on business yesterday.

The Body residence, occupied by W. N. Straube, on Houghton Street, has been re-painted.  
Wm. Kelley, of Dayton township, is visiting his sons, Wm. and Hiram, of Novesta township.  
Mrs. Geo. Cridland, of Wickware, has been visiting relatives at Kingston and North Branch.  
The Blind Boys from the Lansing School for the Blind sing at the Opera House here to-night.  
W. T. Leonard, of Norwood, N. Y., proprietor of the Elkton creamery, was in town on Saturday.  
A butcher named Galloway, hailing from Owosso, has been engaged by Young & Benkelman.  
Bert Wilber has been appointed R. F. D. carrier for Gageton, with R. S. Brown as substitute.  
Miss Gertrude Bouck, of Elkton, has been the guest of Miss Lottie Hall a part of this week.  
Ashton Tindale and Neuman Frost were among those who spent Sunday and Monday at Oak Bluff.  
L. I. Wood has moved to his recently purchased residence, corner of Main and Brooker Streets.  
Miss Mildred Fairweather, of Imlay City, was the guest of her cousin, Miss Lena Fairweather, last week.  
G. A. Stevenson has purchased building lot of F. J. Hendrick, just west of the latter's residence.  
Geo. H. Turner has been assisting in taking inventory of the J. L. Hitchcock & Sons' stock of goods.  
Chas. Matzen left yesterday morning for a two weeks' vacation at Port Huron, Detroit and resort points.  
Miss Dora Wallace left yesterday morning to spend a couple of weeks with friends at Plint and Saginaw.

D. A. Freeman is now representing the Morris Automobile Company, of Saginaw, and has been showing one of their cars here the past week.  
The Misses Edith and Marguerite LaFave, from west of Gageton, and Miss Zetta Hobart, of Detroit, visited friends here the first of the week.  
Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Hull, of Maple Ridge, and Mrs. Gould, of Pontiac, are in town to attend the funeral of Mrs. Eleanor McKim, mother of the ladies.  
Miss Mary McPhee returned last week from Colorado. With her mother, Mrs. Mary McPhee, she is now visiting at Wm. C. McWebb's in Elmwood.  
The P. O. & N. R. Co. have been placing a new siding at Deford, for the convenience of the new stock yards and hay sheds to be erected this season.  
A. H. Ale has sold the residence on Main Street west, recently purchased of H. B. Fairweather, to O. K. Janes, who expects to occupy the same in the near future.  
Friends of Benj. McConkey will regret to learn of the loss of his house and other property, by a cloudburst, at Kibbey, Montana. None of the family were injured.  
A new cement approach has been laid from the sidewalk to the M. E. Church door, which is a great improvement. The Epworth League paid the bill.  
On Saturday, Mrs. M. Seeger and her brother, M. Steinhauser, Jr., of Seattle, Wash., presented their father, M. Steinhauser, north of town, with a fine Morris chair.  
New cement walk has been placed along the S. Lee Pla lot, east side of Seeger Street. A new cement crossing has also been placed at the intersection of Seeger and Huron Streets.

Benj. Keyser, the eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. H. Keyser, north of Wickware, has been very critically ill for sometime, and at a consultation held recently between Dr. A. N. Treadgold and Dr. Herrington, of Bad Axe, they decided that his recovery was very doubtful indeed. However, the third day after, a change came for the better and it is hoped he may yet regain health.  
Mrs. G. Masselink and children, who have been the guests of the former's father, James MacArthur, for some time, left Monday morning for Big Rapids, where the Professor has recently secured a desirable position. She was accompanied by her sister, Miss Mima MacArthur, who will probably remain with her until the opening of the fall term of school, when she goes to Ithaca as principal of the schools there.  
On Wednesday of last week, Wm. Hamacher, of Oxford, was acting as supply agent at the depot here, and there appeared to be a mystery regarding the whereabouts of the regular agent, Leo Challis. It has since been learned that on that day he was united in marriage to Miss Lizzie Grunewald, of Kingston, the ceremony taking place at Caro. The bride has been a teacher in the Kingston schools and is very highly respected in her native village.

**BIG LEGS**  
CAN BE QUICKLY REDUCED WITH  
**HEVE-O**  
From various causes, horses are troubled more or less with swollen or puffed legs, which if neglected will cause stiffness, clumsy action and an unsuitable condition. There is no occasion for this trouble to exist as the new discovery called HEVE-O will, with a few doses, remove this very prevalent trouble. HEVE-O, the new discovery for heaves, coughs, distemper and kidney troubles, is meeting with remarkable success. Its action is quick and decisive. Heaves usually start from distemper, colds, or musty hay or grain; in either case the stomach becomes impaired and must receive treatment as well as the other organs. HEVE-O is prepared for just such cases. Kidneys—a few doses will show marked improvement on any kidney trouble (which makes it a thorough blood purifier), as a few doses inhibit cough. Sleep and cattle frequently have bad coughs. HEVE-O is equally good for them. A trial will prove its superiority. One pound packages, 50c. Sold by all druggists. Remember the name, HEVE-O and also nothing else.

Cass City-Caro  
**STAGE LINE.**  
A. D. MEAD, Prop.  
Leaves Cass City 7:00 a. m.  
Leaves Caro 2:00 p. m.  
Every day except Sunday.  
Fare—one way \$1.00; round trip same day, \$1.50.

**Local Happenings.**  
N. Karr, of Kingston, is in town today.  
Pearl Parker has returned from Lansing.  
Sheriff Daugherty was in town yesterday.  
H. L. Hunt made a trip to Detroit last week.  
Miss Lola Fritz spent Sunday at Oak Bluff.  
H. L. Hunt has a new advertisement in this issue.  
Notice the announcement of The Model this week.  
Fred Purdy, of Caro, was in town on business Monday.  
Mrs. W. Weldon has been entertaining a sister, Mrs. J. Thompson, of Caro.

A. H. Ale made a business trip to Pontiac yesterday.  
T. H. Fritz and family have returned from Oak Bluff.  
Mrs. Leo Challis is visiting her home near Kingston.  
John Austin now lives over Lenzner's Furniture Store.  
H. S. Wait, of Sanilac Centre, was in town on Saturday.  
Glen and Fred Montague, of Caro, were in town yesterday.  
Rich. Jarvis, of Canboro, did business in town on Friday.  
Ted Snelling, of the Kingston Hotel, was in town on Friday.  
Rev. L. V. Nash, of Howell, Iowa, is the guest of J. C. Laing.  
Mrs. E. Collins, of Detroit, is the guest of Miss Marry A. Murphy this week.

W. J. Campbell made a business trip to Caro and Vassar the first of the week.  
Chas. H. Schenck has accepted a position at the Griswold House in Detroit.  
The school property is being improved by the laying of some cement walks.  
Bad Axe has secured another rural route, No. 4, service to begin September 1st.  
A. H. Ale and O. K. Janes made a business trip to Kingston on Monday evening.  
J. W. McCain and A. L. Bruce, of Deford, were in town on business on Monday.  
Miss Ethel Meredith, of Shabbona, was the guest of Miss Elva Phillips last week.  
Mrs. E. McKim has been in quite poor health, but we understand is now improving.  
Frank Henry is building a large addition to his residence on Houghton Street west.  
Messrs Reid and Barrie, of Saginaw, were in town on Friday, on an automobile trip.  
Miss Irene Martin, west of town, gave a party to a number of her friends last evening.  
The excavations for the Mrs. McGilvray Block were started on Tuesday afternoon.  
Several of the young men from Grant township left on Monday for the Northwest.  
Mr. and Mrs. Kemna, of Marlette, have been visiting the latter's brother, J. N. Dorman.  
Mrs. J. N. Dorman left last week for a visit with her sister, Mrs. A. Decker, at West Branch.  
Postmaster John Ashmore and wife, of Rescue, were the guests of Wm. Russell on Monday.  
Mrs. J. H. Wooley and daughter are enjoying a three weeks' visit with friends at Bay City.  
R. J. Lavrack has disposed of his Elkton residence property to A. H. Ale, and the latter has started a new residence on the south side of Seventh Street for Mr. Lavrack.

Mr. and Mrs. R. R. Harper, of Cleveland, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Quick, south of town.  
Miss Orvie Titus and Miss Richardson returned on Saturday from spending a week with friends in Detroit.  
Lawrence Clements has rented residence rooms over the ENTERPRISE office and will begin housekeeping.  
The next meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held at Mrs. W. I. Frost's on the afternoon of Friday, Aug. 12th.  
The residence of I. A. Fritz, corner of Seeger and Houghton Streets, has been treated to fresh exterior paint.  
G. S. Farrar, of the Heasty House, Pigeon, was in town yesterday, looking after his farming interests near here.  
"God's Guiding Hand in Our Lives," will be the Epworth League topic Sunday evening. Leader, Miss Myrtle Orr.  
A marsh mallow roast was given, on Monday evening, by the Misses Zinnecker, in honor of several out of town guests.  
Mrs. Grey, who has been visiting her relatives at Shabbona, took train here Monday morning for her home at Pontiac.  
Mrs. H. H. Gay, of Bay City, and the Misses Graham and Campbell, of Dutton, Ont., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Herr.  
Ask for special rates on the Detroit Journal—either daily or twice a week, and learn how to get a rural mail box at a low price.  
The three little daughters of Mr. and Mrs. I. A. Fritz made a trip to Deford on Tuesday and were the guests of Mrs. D. H. Kyes.  
The Baptist Sunday School picnic in Orr's Grove on Tuesday was very well attended and proved a very enjoyable time to all present.

Chris. Schwaderer is improving the residence property on Seeger Street bought some time ago of Chas. Rogers. The house has been turned and an addition will be added. H. Landerbach is doing the foundation work.  
H. Frutcher returned on Friday evening from an auto trip to Saginaw and Bay City, upon which he was accompanied by F. D. Hemerick, of Gageton. The ride from Bay City to Saginaw was made in four hours.  
The five-year-old son of John Caister, eight miles southeast of town, was operated upon last Friday by Dr. M. M. Wickware, assisted by Dr. J. H. Hays, of this place, and Dr. K. M. Morris, of Gageton. A quantity of pus and bone was removed from the right thigh. The little fellow has been critically ill but is now on the mend.  
Yesterday morning, A. H. Muck dis posed of his draying business and outfit to Chas. B. Young, who has for some time been in the employ of the Alpena Ranching Company, near Alpena, and who was here on a visit. Mr. Young took immediate possession. Mr. Muck will take a much needed rest before engaging in any other business.

**CASTORIA.**  
The Kind You Have Always Bought  
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Little*  
Spend Money.  
You can't spend money and have it too, but unless you spend it nobody will think you've got it.—Puck.  
Cheerfulness is health; its opposite, melancholy, is disease.—Halliburton.

**BANNER SALVE,**  
the most healing salve in the world.

**LINER COLUMN.**  
Advertisements will be inserted under this heading at the rate of one-half cent per word for each insertion; no charge less than 10c.

FOR SALE—Eight good dairy cows. Poor health of owner reason for sale.  
7-25-14 DAVID McQUEEN, Argyle.

FOR SALE—Complete stock of millinery and fixtures. Mrs. C. M. SHELLEY. 7-14-14

FOR SALE—Three Brood Sows.  
7-25-14 A. A. HITCHCOCK.

FOR SALE—Two houses and lots; also four village lots.  
7-25-14 A. A. HITCHCOCK.

FOR SALE—Old gelding for sale.  
7-7-14 JOHN SCHWADERER.

FOR SALE—Three brood sows—all with calf; 2 brood pigs; 2-year-old; 2 horses.  
6-9-14 GEO. L. HITCHCOCK.

FOR SALE—25 desirable village lots; 120 acre farm. To rent—120 acre farm. For sale—2 horses. Inquire of  
8-24-14 GEO. L. HITCHCOCK.

MONEY TO LOAN—On real estate security, without any bonus. Will receive partial payment at the end of any year. E. B. LANSOW. 1-2

SPAN of heavy horses for sale; weight about 3000; suitable for use on threshing machine. Enquire at this office. 7-11-14

**THE LAST  
...WEEK...**

If we have any Summer Suits left that will fit you, we ask for a chance to save you DOLLARS.

Fair enough, eh?  
**The  
MODEL.**

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**Foley's Kidney Cure**  
makes kidneys and bladder right.

**TRAVELERS RAILWAY GUIDE**  
25 CENTS  
158 ADAMS ST. CHICAGO

**O. A. STOLL**  
Wholesale and Retail Florist. All out flowers and potted plants in season. Funeral designs artistically made and shipped to any part of the state.  
Telephone, telegraph and mail orders promptly attended to. Oxford, Mich.

**Central Meat Market**  
Fresh and Salt Meats of all kinds.  
CASH FOR HIDES.  
John Schwaderer.  
Old Sheridan Stand.

**EDWARD PINNEY, C. G. MATZEN,**  
Cashier Asst. Cashier.

**The  
EXCHANGE BANK**  
has  
\$10,000.00  
to loan on Real Estate Mortgages, on partial payment terms of repayment if desired. No commission required.  
**E. H. PINNEY  
Banker.**