

CASS CITY ENTERPRISE.

VOL. XXIII. NO. 29.

CASS CITY, MICH., MARCH 3, 1904.

BY A. A. P. M'DOWELL

Preparing to Build a New or Re-model the Old Store.

No raise on COTTON GOODS with us.

In the face of a 25 per cent raise in all Cotton Goods with the wholesale houses, we commence on Monday, Feb. 22nd, to close out our

Entire Stock of Dry Goods

at old prices on staple stuff and many things at greatly reduced prices. This is done to get the goods out of the way for above repairs.

Entire Shoe Stock

will go on sale at some time at

80 Cents on the \$

This means just what it says.

Groceries at the same old prices.

Laing & Janes

The Celebrated "Black Leaf" Sheep Dip.

An economical, harmless insecticide for Ticks, Lice, Mange and other insect pests on Sheep, Hogs, Cattle, Horses, Dogs, Chickens, Flowers and Fruit Trees

L. I. WOOD & CO. Druggists.

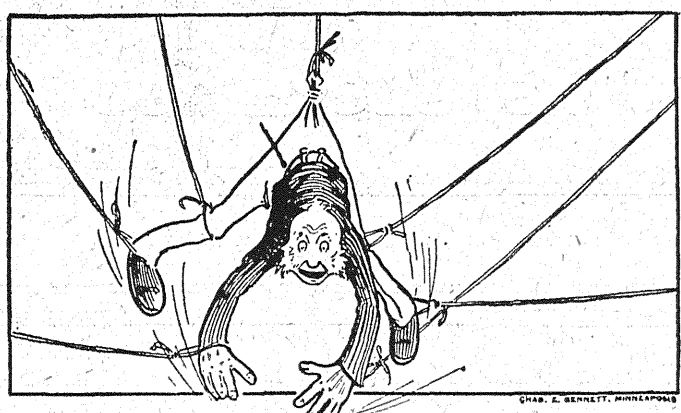
Cough and Distemper Cure.

Do not neglect your Horse's Cough; Heaves are easily contracted, but try

"Our Own Cure."

It has been tested by the best horse-men, and we FULLY GUARANTEE it.

T. H. FRITZ.



We're Not Tied Up

And we're not tied down to any old prejudice against blowing our own horn, either. We maintain that we have the best stock of

Doors, Windows and Glass

of any dealer in this vicinity.

There are a lot of things that we don't know—such as when the Panama canal will be finished—or who hit Billy Patterson—but when it comes to giving a price on the Doors, Windows and Glass you need for your house or barn we know how to figure.

We stick for quality every time, but— We never stick for fancy prices.

CASS CITY LUMBER AND COAL CO., Ltd.

Teachers' Examination.

Notice is hereby given of a Teachers' Examination for all grades of certificates to be held at the Court House at Caro on Thursday and Friday, March 10 and 11.

H. P. Bush, Com'r of Schools.

For Sale.

House and lot in Cass City two blocks from postoffice.

Farm of 100 acres one-half mile north of Cass City.

60 acres one and one-half miles from Cass City.

Two new houses in Grand Rapids valued at \$1800 each. Will exchange for property in or near Cass City.

24

O. K. JAMES.

PATTENGILL'S LECTURE.

"Made in America," The Subject of His Address.

Thanks to the efforts of the Baptist and Methodist church members, ex-Superintendent of Instruction, H. R. Pattengill gave one of his pleasing lectures in the M. E. Church on Thursday evening of last week. The attendance was much below what it should have been, so that the management had to go down in their pockets to the tune of over five dollars to cover expenses. Yet that did not detract from the interest in the lecture or the benefit to those who were present.

The subject chosen was "Made in America." While in Chicago, the speaker was surprised that the street car on which he was riding came to an abrupt stop. Had he been at home in Lansing, or on the P. O. N. R. R., it would not have occasioned surprise, but such an occurrence on a Chicago street railway aroused his curiosity and courted investigation. He found that a dray, to which was attached four horses, and which contained a huge piece of steel machinery, was stuck across the car track. The machinery was consigned to a Liverpool, (Eng.) concern and marked in great glaring letters, "Made in America." When he saw those letters the speaker felt like saying to the man who planned it "good for you," and then came the inspiration to gather material for a lecture on the subject he had chosen. He first investigated the iron and steel industries of our land and happened on a statement in one of the Chicago newspapers as to the amount exported in the "bob tailed month of February," so-called because made up of the odds and ends left over from the other months. In that short space of time were shipped to the Old Land: Six complete saw mills, five grist mills, four paper mills, engines, cars, steel rails and even railroad ties. The American locomotive was contrasted with the locomotive of the old country, and the former won, because it had the gumption to adapt itself to all conditions and could do anything except climb snow banks, while the foreign locomotive was built on a rigid frame and the road-bed must be built to suit it. It would be impossible for us, in this land of great distances, to grade our roads to suit such engines. Our engines must travel roads which follow winding streams to cross which would break a snake's back. During the railroad strike in England, they were compelled to send to America for engines and liked them so well their use has been continued, the claim being made by the English engineers that they were better for the money. They were built for banging through, after something the same fashion as the American man and woman. The history of the steel industry in our land was sketched briefly. To-day America turns out one-third of all the steel and one-half of all the iron made in the world. How can America in so short a time, come to compete with the Old World? There coal and iron are side by side. Here they are far apart, and we also pay higher wages than are paid in the old land. It is because the hand of the teacher has been on the heads of the children for years. Other nations—Germany, France, Belgium, Holland and England—found the necessity of giving a free education to their people. We began with the idea of education, and with our systems of district schools and colleges have been able to steadily move forward. What good would it do Tesla, Edison or other inventors to place their inventions in a country like China? An idea was given as to how rapidly the iron ore is handled at the mines, its rapid transportation, and methods of handling at the docks, so as to overcome distance, and bring the coal and iron together, all the outcome or result of education. American bridges are now built in Central Africa, Afghanistan, and many other foreign lands. American typewriters (machines), bicycles, automobiles, and farm machinery are the most popular. One of the tasks which the speaker had to perform when a boy was to "bug" potatoes with two shingles, now the work is done by machinery. Another back-breaking job was picking up potatoes, while the farmer of today may drive into his potato field with three horses and a modern machine, on which he sits with an umbrella over his head, while the machine digs the potatoes, picks them up, sorts them into three sizes, puts them into bags and ties the bags. The audience was next taken through a plate glass factory in Alexandria, Ind., and enlightened as to the process of

manufacture. Natural gas was used as fuel to furnish heat and 3,700 degrees of heat were necessary in the process. Standing twenty feet from the door of the furnace, Mr. Pattengill declared that he was obliged to "turn around to keep from season-checking." The large plates were passed along so rapidly—on and on—that he began to wonder where they went to and how long the machine was, reminding him of the Irishman who was pulling in the rope to find the end, and not being able to find it, because the boys had spliced the ends together purposely, concluded that "some fool had cut the end off it." The product of our plate glass factories have not only been able to compete with old world factories, but has taken first prize at three International Expositions. We are not educating our boys and girls just for the fun of it, but that they may be able to take their places in the world, not merely side by side with the world's best, but in advance. The speaker had attended the National Educational Congress at Washington and found himself in a building so beautiful that he had not adjectives fit to describe it, and if he had used words fit to describe it he would not want to ever use them for anything else. He expressed himself as being intensely American but not enough so to claim that America has the best of everything. "America—if she's right; if she's wrong, right her." In speaking of the literature of our land he said that the school boy today has a better idea of what literature means than had the college boy of a few years ago. Then were touched upon, our institutional life and our civil and religious liberty, and the assertions made in summing up, that no country under the sun comes as near Christ's idea, as touching the Fatherhood of God, and Brotherhood of Man. America has brought about more peaceful solutions of international questions than all other nations. We have the most glorious manhood and womanhood. Our men are an inch taller, can perform one-fifth more labor and are better fed. In England, 939 out of every thousand are paupers, while in America only sixty-one out of a thousand are so classed. We should be joyous and thankful to God that we are living in such a fair land. Here is commingled the best blood of all nations. We have more schools and churches than any other land, and those who are the most active in our schools are the most active in our churches. Ours is the first successful federal democratic government. The Spanish war opened the eyes of the world as to our navy—when we struck the Spaniards between the eyes and made them see stars—and stripes. But, again, when the Spaniards were dying, the Captain calls out, "Don't cheer, boys, the poor devils are dying," and the hand of the American soldier is proven to be as tender as that of a woman. Hereafter there will never be a great international question settled unless America has something to say in it. The lecture was brought to a most fitting close by the able rendition of J. Whitcomb Riley's apostrophe to Old Glory.

CONTEST

For New \$350 Brewer-Pryor Piano.

Any young lady residing in Cass City or within five miles of the village is eligible to enter the contest.

The popularity of the young ladies is to be decided by voting; the one receiving the highest number of votes winning the contest and the piano. The price of each vote is ten cents. The value of the piano being \$350, the winner of the contest must have at least 2000 votes.

No vote once registered for one contestant may be changed or transferred to another. The contest will close Monday evening April 18th, at 9:00 p. m. local time. The standing will be made up each week on Monday evening. The lady leading on a majority of Monday evenings at 6 p. m. will receive either a gold watch or diamond ring.

Each week the standing of the different contestants will be published in the ENTERPRISE and the Chronicle. Votes may be cast at either newspaper office.

REV. M. C. CROWLEY.

I am again ready to receive contract for beans for fall of 1904 delivery. 2-4-12 DAVID LAW.

Knapp and Watson, gunsmiths and general repairing, next door to City Hall, Caro, Mich. 9-25-tf

EVERYBODY COME

To The Town Hall on Saturday Afternoon.

In the Interest of a Canning Factory

Every one who is interested in the securing of a canning factory for Cass City is especially urged to attend a public meeting at the Town Hall, at two o'clock on Saturday afternoon, when it is hoped to bring the matter to a focus and proceed with the organization of an incorporated company.

All will be pleased to learn that Mr. Carpenter has succeeded in securing the promise of \$5,000 outside capital, besides the amount of stock taken by himself, and with this very liberal offer we should be able to easily raise the balance needed and get to work at once.

The executive committee, appointed some time ago to investigate the matter, held a special meeting yesterday afternoon, and by special request of E. H. Pinney, the acting chairman, appointed H. L. McDermott permanent chairman; and owing to the probable absence of A. H. Ale, secretary of the committee, selected O. K. James as permanent secretary. J. H. Striffler was chosen unanimously as chairman of the committee to solicit stock and give entire charge of that work.

The matter has been quite thoroughly discussed and every one seems agreed that a canning factory is what we want, that while there have been failures in other places, we have business men who are well able to start the venture here properly and conduct it on a paying basis, for the producer and the stockholder, and all that remains is to get right down to business, subscribe the stock and be ready for active work as soon as the snow is off and frost out of the ground.

Don't think, however, that it can be accomplished by a few. You have a part in the matter and can help greatly by coming right to the front and doing that part like a man. Up and at it!

VILLAGE CAUCUS.

Large Attendance and Keen Interest.

In response to a call for a village caucus at the Council Rooms last Monday evening, a large number of our citizens responded, and there was a lively interest throughout. President H. L. McDermott called the meeting to order, O. K. James was chosen as clerk, and J. S. McArthur and A. A. P. McDowell appointed as tellers. The first ballot taken showed seventy-four votes, H. L. McDermott receiving seventy three of as the nominee for president. The following is the ticket, as nominated:

President—H. L. McDermott.
Clerk—Chas G. Matzen.
Treasurer—M. L. Moore.
Assessor—O. K. James.
Trustees—J. H. Striffler, Wm. J. Campbell and Richard Clarke.

The keenest contest was on the nomination of the third trustee, E. W. Keating being the favored contestant with the winner. On the last ballot Rich. Clarke received fifty two votes and E. W. Keating forty-nine.

SCHOOL NOTES.

A. D. Gillis has been appointed transient officer.

Cassius H. Wood visited the High School room Friday.

Selma Diefenbach, of Pigeon, visited the High School room Friday.

Blanche and Floyd Hawes visited the second Primary Department this week.

Miss Ella Lee Pla lost a pair of glasses while going from school one day last week.

Mrs. Kate Miller and Mrs. J. E. Seod visited the High School room Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Audres and Chas. Anderson visited the High School room Tuesday.

The sixth grade had a sleighride and surprise party at the home of Clayton Schenck this week.

Mrs. Dora Fritz, teacher in the first Primary Department, returned to her work Tuesday morning after a week's illness.

At the usual Wednesday morning exercise, Prof. F. E. Sinclair gave us a very interesting talk on the derivation of our Calendar.

Hicks' Almanacs at this office.

Local Happenings.

Mrs. M. L. Gulick is quite ill. A. H. Ale made a trip to Uby on Saturday.

Miss Lucy Parker left for Detroit on Monday.

Elijah Fisher, of Wickware, was in town on Saturday.

R. Bolton, of Gageton, was in town on Monday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Weldon returned from Kingston yesterday.

R. Klein, of Port Huron, has been in town a part of the week.

Geo. H. Turner left yesterday morning for a brief visit at Port Huron.

Services will be held at the Baptist Church next Sunday at the usual hours.

Mrs. A. A. Jones has been numbered with the sick this week, but is recovering.

Ed. Flint has leased the A. A. Jones farm, southeast of town, for a term of years.

Miss Mabel Snarey has accepted a position in the dining room of The New Sheridan.

A company of our young people attended a leap year party at Caro on Monday evening.

Mrs. K. M. Morris, of Gageton, visited her parental home here the first of the week.

Miss Mary Zinnecker is visiting her sister, Mrs. W. D. Striffler, at Argyle, who is ill with the quinsy.

M. H. Eastman has purchased the thirty acres southwest of town, known as the C. D. Striffler farm.

Rev. Edward Collins, of Detroit, who has been so seriously ill here, is now able to get about a little.

Emerson Harp has moved into the west portion of the DeWitt Building, recently vacated by T. A. Powell.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Leek, of North-east Kingston, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. N. Bigelow on Saturday.

J. D. Crosby spent a few days at home last week but has returned to Mt. Clemens for further treatment.

The Epworth League is arranging for a public entertainment in about two weeks. Watch for announcement.

A. H. Ale left for Imlay City yesterday morning, to look after his recently acquired mercantile interests there.

The smokestack was taken down at the Power House on Monday, as it was discovered to be in danger of falling.

Mr. and Mrs. Jno. Clothier, of Koylton township, were the guests of the latter's sister, Mrs. J. N. Dorman, on Sunday.

Geo. S. Riker has been very seriously ill for the past week or more, and his friends fear it may terminate fatally.

The Epworth League held its monthly business meeting at the home of the secretary, Miss Lucretia Campbell, on Tuesday evening.

Dr. F. S. Shafer, who recently formed a partnership with Dr. A. N. Treadgold here, has decided to locate at his former home, Uby.

Spencer Hunt arrived here last Friday and will remain for a short time to straighten up business matters for his father, T. H. Hunt.

Rev. M. W. Gifford is again able to be around and hopes to be able to occupy his pulpit at the M. E. Church for both services on Sunday.

"Christ Stilling the Storms of Life," will be the topic for the Epworth League service next Sunday evening. Leader—Mrs. J. N. Dorman.

To-morrow is Voucher Day for the old soldiers, and the Ladies' Circle will serve the usual bountiful dinner at the G. A. R. Hall, to which all are invited.

Dr. A. N. Treadgold has been in Caro, on business, a part of the week. Dr. G. H. Healey, of Akron, has been looking after his practice here in his absence.

H. L. Hunt wishes the public to know that he has an abundance of good things to eat and would like a share of their patronage. See new advertisement.

Mr. and Mrs. A. A. McKenzie returned from Mt. Clemens last week, and Mr. McKenzie states that the treatments received have benefited his health considerably.

J. S. McArthur announces this week his Nineteenth Annual Sale of dry goods and groceries, including many desirable lines which are fully enumerated in his advertisement. This annual occasion has come to be counted one of the greatest opportunities of the year for bargains by the purchasing public.

L. E. Karr has been suffering from an attack of pneumonia, and Mrs. Karr has also been sick. Their daughter, Miss Ethel Karr, was called home in consequence.

John Davis expects to leave for the Canadian Northwest this week, and will locate on his homestead claim near Caron, Assa. He will take a carload of stock, implements, etc.

The service at the Evangelical Church next Sunday morning will be in English. Subject, "Choosing Wisely." Evening, Y. P. A. at 7 o'clock; topic, "How Christ stills the Storms of Life."

The following unclaimed letters remain in the Post Office at Cass City, week ending Feb. 27, 1904; Mr. Claud Brewster, Mr. O. Babcock, Mr. Charlie Henry, Mr. Jno. Secord. H. S. Wickware P. M.

Marc S. Wickware left on Monday for Big Rapids, where he will take a college preparatory course at the Ferris Institute. Percy V. Eno is taking a civil service course at the same institution.

Jesse Cooper has purchased the forty acre farm near his own in Kingston township, known as the Sole estate. He and A. P. Jeffery, executor of the estate, were in Cass City on Wednesday, closing the transaction.

The Columbia graphophones at this office are declared by all who hear them, "the very best yet." All styles and prices to suit your taste and pocket-book. Come in and see and hear them. They are the marvel of the age.

Elias Killins was called to Detroit yesterday to attend the funeral of his niece, Mrs. John Pardo, the eldest daughter of Geo. Killins, formerly of this place. Mrs. Pardo died in the west and the remains were brought back to Detroit.

An important real estate transfer has been effected here this week, whereby A. H. Ale becomes owner of a fine 200 acre farm in Bingham township, Huron county, transferred to him by Wm. H. Huehn, and Mr. Ale transfers 80 acres in this township, northwest of town, together with some village property, to Mr. Huehn. The latter gentleman hails originally from Heidelberg, Ont., spent twelve years in Iowa, and has been a resident of Bingham township for the past three years. As soon as matters can be arranged he expects to become a resident of Cass City.

WANTED.—Girl to learn millinery. 3-3-2 Mrs. C. M. SEELEY.

Girl Wanted.

A domestic is wanted in the home of the editor, whose wife is blind—otherwise in good health; must be ready for service March 12th. Apply at this office.

Cass City Markets.

Wheat No. 1 white	95
Wheat No. 2 red	41
Oats No. 3 white	41
Rye	70
Barley	70
Beans, Hand picked	1 50
Peas	1 50
Clover Seed	5 50
Hay, dressed, per ton	5 00
Eggs per doz.	15
Butter	12
Hogs, dressed, per cwt.	5 00
Live Hogs, per cwt.	4 50
Beef, dressed, per cwt.	4 00
Sheep, live weight, per cwt.	2 00
Lamb, per cwt.	4 50
Chicken, per lb.	7
Turkey, per lb.	10
Ducks	8
Geese, per lb.	8
Hides, per lb.	1 00
Potatoes per bu.	1 00

MARKETS AT HOLLER MILLS.

White Lily, per cwt.	2 30
Blue Wheat flour, per cwt.	2 25
Granum Flour, per cwt.	2 10
Lard, per cwt.	2 50
Boiled Meal, per cwt.	2 50
Feed, per cwt.	1 25
Meal, per cwt.	1 00
Bran, per cwt.	1 10
Middlings, per cwt.	1 40



All The Good Qualities

That can be put into faultless tailoring will find their way into your Suit or Overcoat, or anything you order here.

It's our plan to please our customers—to give all we can—to take as little as we can afford.

W. H. RUHL.

THE GIRL AT THE HALFWAY HOUSE

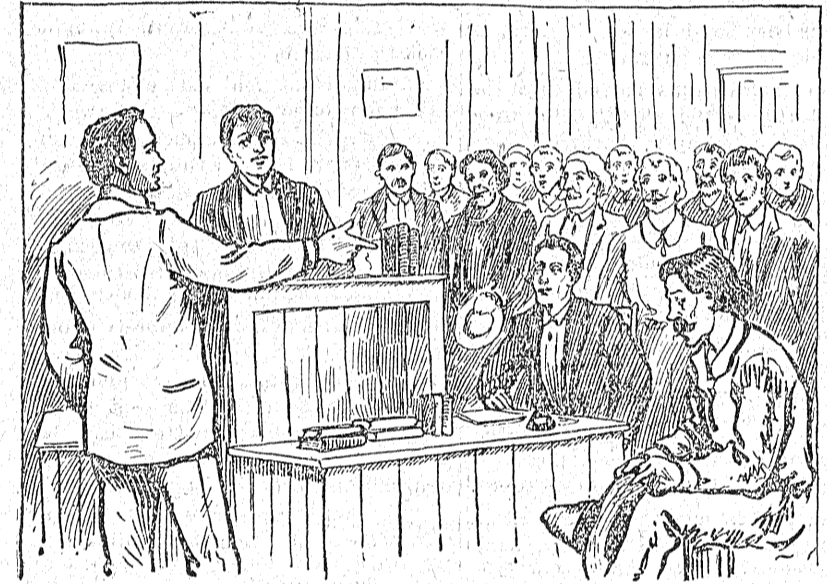
STORY OF THE PLAINS
BY E. HOUGH, AUTHOR OF THE STORY OF THE COWBOY
Copyrighted, 1908, by D. Appleton & Company, New York

CHAPTER XXI.—Continued.

"There must be some motive shown for the supposition of such an act as murder. What motive can be shown here? Certainly not that of robbery. The horse of the missing man came back alone, its lariat dragging, and we shall prove, if I had not been ridden since the lariat was broken. You all know, as we shall prove, that this man Juan was never known to ride a horse. We shall prove that he walked sixty miles, to the very spot where the horse had been tied, and that he scooped to touch a horse on his whole journey. He wanted no horse. He stole no horse. That was no motive.

"To be subject to the law, as you very well know, a man must be morally responsible. He must know right and wrong. I shall show to you that when this man was a child he was struck a severe blow upon the head and that since that time he has never been of sound mind, his brain never recovering from that shock, a blow which actually broke in a portion of his skull. Since that time he has had recurrent times of violent insanity, with alternating spells of what seems a semi-idiocy. This man's mind never grew. In some ways his animal senses are keen to a remarkable degree, but of reason he has little or none. He can not tell you why he does thus or so. This I shall prove to you.

"I ask you, gentlemen of the jury, you who hold this man's life in your hands, are you going to hang a man for murder when it is not shown that a murder has been done? And would you hang a man who is more ignorant than a child of right or wrong? Is that fair play? Gentlemen, we are all here together, and one of us is as good as another. Our ambitions are the same. We stand here together for the best interests of this growing country—this country whose first word has always been fair play.



"I say, first give him his chance."

Now, is it your already formed wish to punish this man? I say, no. I say, first give him his chance."

"As Franklin ceased and seated himself the silence was again broken by a rising buzz of conversation. This was proving really a very interesting show, this trial. It must go on yet a little further.

"Call William Haskins," said the prosecuting attorney, standing up, with his hands in his pockets.

"William Haskins, William Haskins, William Haskins! Come into court!" cried out the clerk from his corner of the store box. No immediate response was made. Some one nudged Curly, who started up.

"Who—me?" he said.

"Is your name William Haskins?" asked the judge.

"Reckon so," said Curly. "My folks used to call me that. I usually go under the road brand o' Curly, though." He took his seat on a stool near the store box, was sworn, with his hat on, and the prosecuting attorney began the examination.

"What is your name?"

"Why, Curly."

"What is your occupation?"

"What?"

"How do you make your living?"

"Punchin' cows. Not that I low it's any o' yore d—n business."

"Where do you reside?"

"Where do I live?"

"Yes."

"Well, now, I don't know. My folks lives on the Brazos, an' I've been drivin' two years. Now I take up a claim on the Smoky, out here. I low I'll go North right soon, to Wyoming, maybe."

"How old are you?"

"Oh, I don't know; but I low about twenty-four or twenty-five, along in there."

"Where were you last Wednesday?"

"What?"

"Were you one of the posse sent out to search for Cal Greathouse?"

"Yep; me and Cap Franklin, there."

"Who else?"

"Why, Juan, there, him. He was trailin' the boss for us."

"Where did you go?"

"About sixty miles southwest, into the breaks of the Smoky."

"What did you find?"

"We found a old camp. Hoss had been tied there and broke his lariat. Bushes was broke some, but we didn't see no blood, as I know of."

"Never mind what you didn't see."

"Well, now—"

"Answer my question."

A FOREST TRAGEDY.

LIVE IN SAVAGE STATE.

Mongolian Race Has Made Little Advance in Centuries.

Samoyeds, a race of Mongolians inhabiting the shores of the Arctic ocean, maintain themselves by hunting and fishing. They make use of the same implements in bone and stone, besides cherishing the same superstitions, as were current in the stone age among the inhabitants of western Europe. They clothe themselves in reindeer skins. In fine weather they wear the hair outside, and when it is wet the tunic is reversed. This interesting race is gradually dying out, owing partly to the scourge of smallpox which makes ravages among them, and also to their fondness for raw spirits, which leads them to degradation and misery, as the Russian merchants take advantage of this to cheat them when bartering for their furs, to such an extent do these traders dupe them that the Samoyeds sometimes are reduced to a state of famine and have recourse to cannibalism. This seems to account for the name Samoyed, which was given them by the Russians, and which signifies in their language self-eating. Every year in mid-Lent these queer-looking people travel down in their reindeer sledges from Archangel to St. Petersburg and take up their abode temporarily on the frozen river Neva, where they build themselves circular huts composed of a framework of poles, over which are stretched reindeer skins. Here they traffic for the products of civilization.

They wanted a change.

Elderly Ladies Were Tired of Their Lifelong Companions.

One of the tenets of modern scientific philanthropy is the provision of small private cottages for old couples whose destiny would otherwise be the poorhouses, where the sexes are separated. The belief has grown that the old persons would be much happier if they could live in their little cottages together and apart from the rest of the poorhouse inmates. In the poorhouses, as they have been conducted in the past, the old couples have only been permitted to call on each other during certain hours of the day.

But philanthropy, even of the scientific variety, rarely meets with the reception expected, and this rule proves particularly true in the case of one agent, who, armed with the new offer of the charities commission, went out in search of impoverished old couples eager to end their days in each other's company. When the agent returned he wore a dazed expression, which deepened when he made his informal report of the expedition.

"The old men said they didn't mind living with the old women," he announced, "but the old women kicked like steers. They said they'd lived with the same persons all their lives and they'd looked forward to a little change when they went to the poorhouse."—New York Herald.

Adieu to Girlhood.

When, waked on summer morn from I fold my hands and all quiescent lie. With beating heart, watching the cloistral sky A-tremble with the dawn, hearing the Of young, young birds, or trinkle of the sheep Beyond the hill, oh, then from far and high Des soft-winged presences, unscen, draw nigh. And tides of yearning wonder o'er me sweep.

But yesternow, before the soft wings came In the expectant dawn, wild music swept Within my soul; and, unthought, past Thy face, thine eyes, mid swif't tumultuous flame, Then, then, I could not pray, but long I burned and bewildered by a sudden shame.—Canon in February Century.

An Arab Spy Outwitted.

Once at least, in Egypt, the loss of his eye in an earlier campaign proved a great service to Lord Wolseley and his army. He could get no information from the enemy's strength of position, says the London Outlook. An Arab was captured prowling before our outposts and was brought before him. It was ten to one the sullen fellow knew everything. Lord Wolseley questioned him. The fellow answered never a word, standing stolid between the two soldiers. At last a happy idea struck the general. He said in Arabic: "It is no use your refusing to answer me, for I am a wizard, and at a wish can destroy you and your masters. To prove this to you, I will take out my eye, throw it up, catch it and put it back in my head." And to the horror and amazement of the fellow, Lord Wolseley took out his glass eye, threw it up, caught and replaced it. That was enough; the Arab capitulated, and the information he gave the staff led to the Arab's defeat.

Seattle's Trade.

The local vessels plying to Seattle during the year 1903, according to the figures in the annual report of the harbor master carried in the aggregate nearly 1,100,000 passengers in and out of that port, while that city shipped coastwise and to local ports merchandise to the value of \$32,171,735, and received merchandise to the value of \$23,244,687.

British Wheat Imports.

The importations of wheat at present into Great Britain amount to 170,000,000 bushels a year. Of that quantity 57,000,000 bushels come from her colonies. In Canada, South Africa and Australia there are granaries to supply the world of that 170,000,000 bushels. Australia sends now 32 per cent of her 57,000,000-bushel crop.

Reduces Liquor Consumption.

In 1829 Sweden had one saloon to every 100 inhabitants, and the consumption of pure spirits was 6.17 gallons per capita; in 1900 she had but one saloon to 5,000 inhabitants, and the consumption had fallen to 1.3 gallons per capita.

Mechanical Aids to Rapid Reading.

At the meeting of the French Academy of Sciences, held recently, M. Andre Broca and M. Sulzer communicated a paper on the subject of rapid reading. They showed that the different letters of the alphabet are not all apprehended with the same quickness. For instance, the time taken to recognize an E is nearly one-third longer than that taken to recognize a T. They consider that the alphabet is badly designed from a physiological point of view. It should be composed of very simply designed letters as T or L. Rapidity of reading would thus be increased and "brain lag" would be notably diminished. It would also be better to have the letters printed in white on a black ground than the system which obtains at present. The time taken to recognize a letter printed in black on a white ground was nearly ten times longer than white on a black ground.

An Interesting Girl.

Goldenrod—I'm quite anxious that you meet her.

Silverton—What sort of a girl is she—one with a past?

Goldenrod—No; but I don't think she'd object to having one.—Town Topics.

Clever Trick That Won.

Ambitious Youth Sold His Verses by a Ruse.

Many years ago, writes Mr. Thomas Bailey Aldrich in "Penknag Papers," a noted Boston publisher used to keep a large memorandum book on a table in his private office. The volume always lay open, and was in no manner a private affair, being the receptacle of nothing more important than hastily scrawled reminders to attend to this thing or the other.

It chanced one day that a very young, unfledged author, passing through the city, looked in upon the publisher, who was also the editor of a famous magazine. The unfledged had a copy of verses secreted about his person. The publisher was absent and young Milton sat down and waited.

Presently his eye fell upon the memorandum book, lying there spread out like a morning newspaper, and almost in spite of himself he read, "Don't forget to see the binder," "Don't forget to mail E. his contract," "Don't forget H.'s proofs," and so forth.

An inspiration seized upon the youth. He took a pencil and at the tail of this long list of "don't forgets" he wrote, "Don't forget to accept A.'s poem."

He left his manuscript on the table and disappeared. That afternoon when the publisher glanced over his memoranda he was not a little astonished at the last item, but his sense of humor was so strong that he did accept the poem—it required a strong sense of humor to do that—and sent the lad a check for it, although the verses remain to this day unprinted.—Youth's Companion.

The Lavender of Life.

The world goes all too fast, my love, I am tired of the restless race. And my heart has gone back to the roses. In a quiet garden, by the hedge, To the love at the lattice window. And the song at the spinning-wheel.

The world goes all too fast, my love, With its dance and revel and wine, And my heart has gone back to the hollyhock. And an oak-framed love of mine— Gone back, gone back for a hundred years. From a world of greed and strife, To the busy and the broilered tapestry And the lavender of life.—English Country Life.

DOCTORS FALL IN LINE.

Practicing Physicians recognize the unfailing reliability of Doan's Kidney Pills by Prescribing them for Backache, Kidney, Bladder, and Urinary Disorders—a tribute won by no other Proprietary Medicine. Four cases cited from "Notes of His Practice," by Dr. Leland Williamson, of Yorktown, Ark.

YORKTOWN, ARK., Mar. 1, 1904.

Gentlemen:—I have been engaged in the practice of medicine in this section for ten years. This is a very sickly climate, on the Bayou Bartholomew, near the Arkansas River. It is particularly malarious and miasmatic; we meet with many and various abnormal conditions of the human family, prominent among the cases in which I have been called upon to prescribe is kidney disease. Many of these disorders manifest themselves by pains in the back, often extending to other parts of the body; sometimes headache is present, caused by uramic or chronic uric acid poisoning, soreness in region of kidneys, cloudy, thickened and foul-smelling urine, discharges of pus or corruption; inflammation of the kidneys, extending to the bladder, is caused by excess of uric acid and decomposition of the urine. Hemorrhage is sometimes met with, caused by high state of inflammation or congestion.

There is no class of diseases a doctor is called oftener to treat than the variety of kidney diseases, in many of which the patient will have chills or rigors, followed by fever, a result of the kidneys failing to eliminate the uric acid poison from the system. Such cases require the kidneys restored to their natural functions, then the poison and foreign substances are removed—shock to the nervous system averted, and natural health restored.

I have, for some time, been using Doan's Kidney Pills in these many manifestations and with uniform success, curing most cases. I can further say that even in hopeless cases where they have waited too long, Doan's Kidney Pills afford much relief and prolong life. I can recommend the pills in conditions of excessive or deficient secretion of urine, as also in convalescence from swamp-fer and malarial attacks, as verified by the following cases in my practice.

CASE 1.

THOS. ORELL, Bear, Ark., age 60. Pain in back for several weeks, then chills, irregular sometimes, severe rigors followed by fever. Gave good purgative of calomel and padoph, and Doan's Kidney Pills. After taking four boxes of the pills, patient up and enjoying good health for one of his age.

CASE 2.

Mrs. SMITH, Tarry, Ark., age 29, mother of five children. Had female complaint and kidney trouble, manifested by pain in back and urine irregular; sometimes very clear, changing to cloudy, and with much sediment on standing in chamber. Gave local treatment for female complaint and prescribed Doan's Pills; after using six boxes she regards herself as cured.

CASE 3.

BROWN EAKS, Wynne, Ark., age 21. Had severe case of malarial fever, irregular, with rigors, and necessary liver medicine, calomel and padoph, and morph. sulph., to relieve pain, and ordered Doan's Pills for the high state of congestion and inflammation of the kidneys. Recovery resulted in two weeks. Prescribed Doan's Kidney Pills, to be continued until the kidneys were thoroughly strengthened and all pain in back subsided.

CASE 4.

ELIJAH ELLIOTT, Tarry, Ark., age 34. Pain in back and legs and headache. Uric acid poisoning. Prescribed Doan's Kidney Pills. After taking several boxes pain subsided—urine became normal, or natural, and patient able to resume his work.

These are a few of the typical cases in which I have used Doan's Kidney Pills. In a great many instances I use them alone with curative results, while with some others indicated remedies are associated.

I believe that by the judicious use of Doan's Pills many serious complications are arrested and many hopeless and incurable cases of Bright's disease prevented.

I have often found that one box of the pills is all that is required to effect a cure, but in some cases I continue their use until all symptoms are entirely absent and the cure effectual and permanent. Yours truly,

Dr. Leland Williamson,
YORKTOWN, ARK.

Salzer's Home Builder Corn.

So named because 50 ears produced so heavily that its proceeds built a lovely home. See Salzer's catalog. Yielded in 1903 in Ohio, 157 bushels, 1,000 bu. Pedigree Potatoes per acre. 14 tons of rich Billon Dol. Grass Hay. 60,000 lbs. Victoria Rape for sheep—acre. 150,000 lbs. Potatoes, the fodder wonder. 54,000 lbs. Salzer's Superior Podder Corn—rich, juicy fodder, per A. Now such yields you can get. Mr. Farmer, in 1904, if you will plant Salzer's seeds.

Just send this notice and 10c in stamps to John A. Salzer Seed Co., La. Crosse, Wis., and receive your great catalog and lots of farm seed samples. (W. N. U.)

Stops the Cough and Works Off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. Price 25c.

Some women can keep a secret easier than they can keep money.

The Editor Must Tell His Readers of this marvel. It originated with the largest farm seed growers in the world, John A. Salzer Seed Co., La. Crosse, Wis. It has stiff straw, stands up like a stone wall, is white, heavy, and has long ears, filled to the tip with fat, plump kernels. It is a great stoober, 39 stocks from one kernel.

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Remember this when you buy Wet Weather Clothing and look for the name TOWER on the buttons.

This sign and this name have stood for the BEST during sixty-seven years of increasing sales.

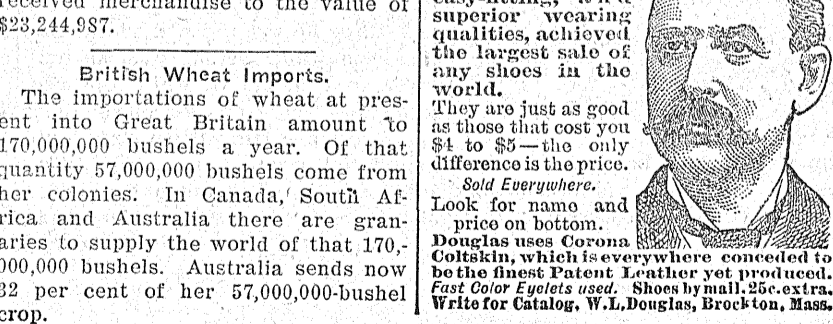
If your dealer will not supply you write for free catalogue of black or yellow waterproof oiled coats, slickers, suits, hats, and horse goods for all kinds of wet work.

A. J. TOWER CO., THE TOWER SIGN TOWER CANADIAN CO., TORONTO, CAN. LIMITED.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$2.00 & \$3 SHOES

W. L. Douglas shoes have by their excellent style, easy-fitting, and superior wearing qualities, achieved the largest sales in the world. They are just as good as those that cost you \$4 to \$5—the only difference is the price.

Sold Everywhere. Look for name and price on bottom. Douglas uses Corona Brand Scotch Grain, U.S.A. Golaikin, which is every where necessary to be the finest Patent Leather yet produced. Best Color Eylets used. Shoes by mail, 25c extra. Write for Catalog, W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.



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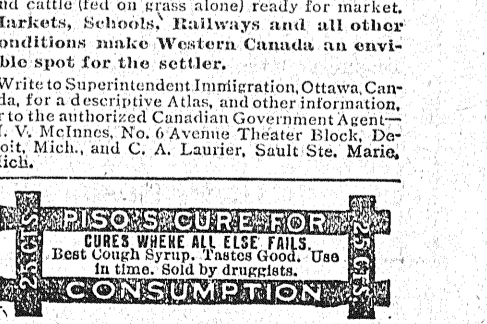
If your dealer will not supply you write for free catalogue of black or yellow waterproof oiled coats, slickers, suits, hats, and horse goods for all kinds of wet work.

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FREE Homestead Lands

cheaply accessible, while other lands may be purchased on Railway and Land Companies. The grain and grazing lands of Western Canada are the best on the continent, producing the best grain, and cattle feed on grass alone ready for market. Markets, schools, Railways and all other conditions make Western Canada an enviable spot for the settler.

Write to Superintendent Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, for a descriptive list of lands, and other information, or the authorized Canadian Government Agent—W. J. McNamee, No. 6 Avenue Theater Block, Detroit, Mich., and C. A. Laurier, Sault Ste. Marie, Mich.

DISPOSABLE FOR CONSUMPTION



Miss Nellie Holmes, treasurer of the Young Woman's Temperance Association of Buffalo, N. Y., strongly advises all suffering women to rely, as she did, upon Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Your medicine is indeed an ideal woman's medicine, and by far the best I know to restore lost health and strength. I suffered misery for several years, being troubled with menorrhagia. My back ached, I had bearing-down pains and frequent headaches. I would often wake from restless sleep, and in such pain that I suffered for hours before I could go to sleep again. I dreaded the long nights as much as the weary days. I consulted two different physicians, hoping to get relief, but finding that their medicine did not seem to cure me, I tried your Vegetable Compound on the recommendation of a friend from the East who was visiting me. "I am glad that I followed her advice, for every ache and pain is gone, and not only this, but my general health is much improved. I have a fine appetite and have gained in flesh. My earnest advice to suffering women is to put away all other medicines and to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."—MISS NELLIE HOLMES, 540 No. Division St., Buffalo, N. Y.

Miss Irene Crosby, prominent in Social Life in East Savannah, Ga., adds her testimonial to the value of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.



DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—"It always gives me pleasure to find an article of real value and unquestioned merit. I have found Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound well calculated to relieve and cure the various troubles arising from irregularities and menstrual pains. "Much suffering could be spared if we only paid more attention to proper living and diet, but as long as women do not do this, your Vegetable Compound has come to the front as a true friend in need. I have been very pleased indeed with the relief it has brought me. I find that I have perfect health now, and that my mind is also more clear and active since I used your Vegetable Compound. It has been of great benefit to me, and I gladly recommend it. Very sincerely yours, MISS IRENE CROSBY, 313 East Charlton St., East Savannah, Ga."

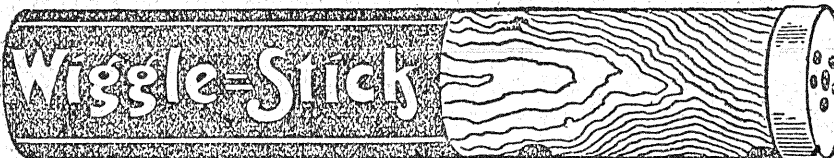
Remember that every woman is cordially invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham if there is anything about her case or symptoms she does not understand. Mrs. Pinkham's address is Lynn, Mass. Her advice is free, and is cheerfully given to any ailing woman who asks for it.

\$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness. Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., Lynn, Mass.

Wiggle-Stick

(Patented)

Laundry Blue



DIRECTIONS FOR USE.—Wiggle-Stick AROUND IN THE WATER. Wiggle-Stick LAUNDRY BLUE won't spill, break, freeze nor spot clothes. Costs 10c and equals 50c worth of any other bluing. If your grocer does not keep it send 10c for sample to THE LAUNDRY BLUE CO., 14 Michigan St., Chicago.

For Man For Over 60 years For Horses

Mexican Mustang Liniment

Has been the STANDARD REMEDY

for curing aches and injuries

For Cattle For Poultry

CAPSICUM VASELINE

OVER THE COLLAPSIBLE TUBES. A substitute for and superior to mustard or any other plaster, and will not blister the most delicate skin. The pain-killing and curative qualities of this article are wonderful. It will stop the toothache at once, and relieve headache and neuralgia. We recommend it as the best and safest external counter-irritant known, also as an external remedy for pains in the chest and stomach and all rheumatic, neuralgic and gouty complaints. A trial will prove what we claim for it, and it will be found to be invaluable in the household. Many people say "it is the best of all your preparations." Price 10 cents, at all druggists or other dealers, or by sending this amount to us in postage stamps we will send you a tube by mail. No article should be accepted by the public unless the genuine carries our label, as otherwise it is not genuine. CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO., 17 State Street, New York City.

The harder you cough, the worse the cough gets.

Shiloh's Consumption Cure

The Lung Tonic

is guaranteed to cure. If it doesn't benefit you, the druggist will give you your money back.

S. C. WELLS & CO., 2 Princes St., Toronto, Can.

ORIGIN OF ELEPHANT'S TRUNK.

Rudyard Kipling's Theory Fails to Bear the Light of Science. "My friend, Rudyard Kipling," said Prof. Ray Lankester to his young auditors at the Royal Institution on Saturday, "has advanced a theory that a young, trunkless elephant put his nose into the river in the hope of getting a mouthful of reeds. It was thereupon seized by a crocodile; a tremendous tug-of-war ensued, which resulted in the nose of the elephant being drawn out some three or four feet, and it never got short again."

Despite his great respect for Rudyard Kipling, the professor feared he must show such story to be without any basis. The elephant's trunk is not his nose, though his nose is at the end. It is really the upper part of his jaw drawn out into the paradoxical shape we know. How this gradually came about Prof. Lankester indicated by a number of photographs of skulls, which included those of the mastodon (whose remains have been found not only in America, but in England, France, Germany and Greece). The photograph of a baby elephant, on the principle that the young frequently revert to an ancient type, was also used to show that the ancestral face was protruded forward like that of the greyhound, but with clumsy exaggeration. Later the face has become pushed back, or "bull-dogged," with the exception of the upper jaw, which, so far from receding, has steadily grown longer. The picture of an African elephant with trunk uplified exemplified this statement, for one could see transverse ridges corresponding to the very beautiful ridged teeth of the earlier animals.

TURNED BACK FROM TIBET.

Sven Hedin Tells of Failure to Reach Forbidden City.

Sven Hedin, the Swedish explorer, thus relates how he and his party were captured in Tibet and turned back from their journey to Lassa: "We perceived a crowd of horsemen gallop out from among the tents and ride toward us. They consisted of Kamba-Bombo, governor of the Nakhchu, and Nanso Lama, accompanied by several other dignitaries besides officers and soldiers armed as if for a campaign—sixty-seven of them in all, each man mounted and dressed in handsome ceremonial robes. Kamba-Bombo was surrounded by his staff. He wore a costume of yellow silk, had a red head-dress and Mongol boots of green velvet and was mounted on a big gray mule with a costly saddle and had his saddle-cloth embroidered with silver and turquoise. "He was in the very best humor, now that he had us completely in his power, and declared categorically that no matter who we were we must retrace our steps if we did not wish to have our heads cut off, at the same time drawing his hand significantly across his throat. I found it was perfectly useless to argue with him; he had imperative orders from the dalai lama. Therefore he presented me with a couple of horses and a flock of sheep and appointed an escort of three officers and twenty men to accompany us as far as the river Satyu-Sanpo on our way back."

DO NOT SPOIL YOUR CLOTHES.

Use Red Cross Ball Blue and keep them white as snow. All grocers. 5c. a package. Don't growl at what you can help or what you can't help.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES produce the brightest and fastest colors.

SHATTERING OF A ROMANCE.

Girl's Answer Ended Lov's Young and Rosy Dream.

For several minutes the young man did not speak. His heart was too full. It was enough for him to know that this glorious creature loved him; that she had promised to share his fate.

His Patriotism Won His Freedom.

Representative Griggs of Georgia is a raconteur who doesn't mind telling a joke on himself.

"When I was prosecuting attorney of Bartlett county," said Mr. Griggs, "an old fellow, not of much account, but a great friend of mine, was indicted for larceny. He came to see me and protested, but I told him I must do my duty to the state.

"Well, the case came to trial and Jim had no counsel. The Judge looked at him severely, over his spectacles, and said:

"Mr. Brown, you are charged with a very grave offense. I think you had better secure an attorney."

"Old Jim got up with a preternatural gravity, and addressed the Court and me.

"Your honor," he said, "I love the old State of Georgia. On one of these old red hills I first seen the light of day, and when I die I hope to lay my three old bones down right here. For no consideration would I take advantage of the good old state."

"Here he looked hard at me, the State attorney.

"So, your honor, until the State of Georgia gets a lawyer, I don't expect to hire one," he added, and sat down. "Needless to say we rewarded Brown's patriotism with freedom."

Be Brave.

Be brave, O Heart! Throw not away your faith in God's love. Who made thee from thy mother clay Yet loves the clod!

What if thy way seems hard and long? It leads to Light! Nor e'er the craft of Hate or Wrong Prolong thy Night!

And if thou fall, and human arm Refuse thee aid, Trust Him who keeps His own from harm—"Be not afraid."

—Frank L. Stanton.

Wanted to Know. Representative Dwight of New York recalled an incident of his residence in Clinton, Iowa, when he heard Representative Littlefield's argument as to whether the present session of Congress is the second session or whether it is the first session by reason of the so-called extra session having continued up to the noon hour of Dec. 7.

"Right across the river from Clinton, Iowa," said Mr. Dwight, in the Republican cloakroom, "is the town of Fulton, Ill. The railroad crosses at that point over a big bridge. One day the train halted directly over the middle of the river.

"Mr. Conductor," inquired an Irish passenger, "are we in this state or Illinois?"—Rochester Herald.

GIGANTIC SPIDERS OF INDIA.

Spin Webs in Which Small Birds Become Enmeshed.

In the mountains of Ceylon and India there is a spider six inches long that spins a web like bright yellowish silk, the central net of which is five feet in diameter, while the supporting lines or guys measure sometimes ten feet or twelve feet. Riding quickly in the early morning you may dash right into it, the stout threads twisting around your face like a lace veil, while as the creature that has woven it takes up its position in the middle it generally catches you right on the nose and, though it seldom bites or stings, the contact of its large body and long legs is anything but pleasant. If you try to catch it, bit it will, and, though not venomous, its jaws are as powerful as a bird's beak, and you are not likely to forget the encounter. The bodies of these spiders are very handsomely decorated, being bright gold or scarlet underneath, while the upper part is covered with the most delicate slate-colored spots. So strong are the webs that birds the size of larks are frequently caught in them and even the small but powerful scaly lizard falls a victim.

The Most Common Disease.

Yorktown, Ark., Feb. 29th.—Leland Williamson, M. D., a successful and clever local physician, says:

"There is scarcely another form of disease a physician is called upon so often to treat as Kidney Disease. I invariably prescribe Dodd's Kidney Pills and am not disappointed in their effect for they are always reliable. I could mention many cases in which I have used this medicine with splendid success, for example, I might refer to the case of Mr. A. H. Cole.

"Age 31, greatly emaciated, some fever, great pain and pressure over region of Kidneys, urine filled with pus or corruption and very foul smelling and passed some blood. Directed to drink a great deal of water, gave brisk purgative and Dodd's Kidney Pills. The pills were continued regularly for three weeks and then a few doses every week, especially if patient felt any pain in region of Kidneys. Cured completely and patient performed his duties as farm laborer in four weeks."

"Dr. Williamson has been a regular practitioner for over twenty years and his unqualified indorsement of Dodd's Kidney Pills is certainly a wonderful tribute to this remedy.

A 16-year-old girl runs a grist mill at Little, Pa.

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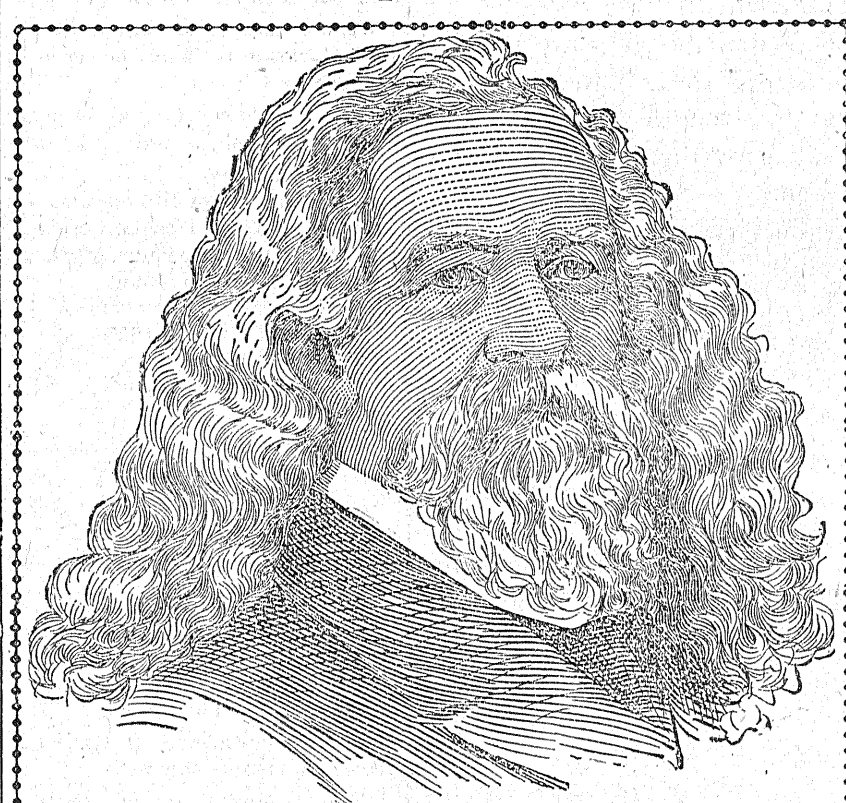
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A COMRADE OF GENERAL GRANT

Says: "I Do Not Believe Pe-ru-na Has a Superior for Catarrh."



BENJAMIN F. HAWKES.

Benjamin F. Hawkes, of Washington, D. C., is One of the Three Living Comrades of General Grant in His Cadet Days at West Point

Pe-ru-na is a Catarrhal Tonic Especially Adapted to the Declining Powers of Old Age.

In old age the mucous membranes become thickened and partly lose their function. This leads to partial loss of hearing, smell and taste, as well as digestive disturbances.

Pe-ru-na corrects all this by its specific operation on all the mucous membranes of the body.

One bottle will convince anyone. Once used and Pe-ru-na becomes a life-long standby with old and young.

In a letter to Mrs. E. L. Little, III., writes: "I can recommend Pe-ru-na as a good medicine for chronic catarrh of the stomach and bowels."

Pe-ru-na has been tried severely with it for over a year, and also for a long time. Now my cough is all gone, and all the distressing symptoms of catarrh of the stomach and bowels have disappeared. I will recommend it to all as a rare remedy. I am so well I am contemplating a trip to Yellow Stone Park this coming season. How is that for one 71 years old?"

In a later letter she says: "I am only too thankful to you for your kind advice and for the good health that I am enjoying wholly from the use of your Pe-ru-na. Have been out to the Yellow Stone National Park and many other places of the west, and shall always thank you for your generosity."—Mrs. E. L. Little.

Strong and Vigorous at the Age of Eighty-Eight.

Rev. J. N. Parker, Utica, N. Y., writes: "In June, 1901, I lost my sense of hearing entirely. My hearing had been somewhat impaired for several years, but not so much affected that I could hold converse with my friends; but in June, 1901, my sense of hearing left me so that I could hear no sound whatever. I was also troubled with severe rheumatic pains in my limbs. I commenced taking Pe-ru-na and now my hearing is restored as good as it was prior to June, 1901. My rheumatic pains are all gone. I cannot speak too highly of Pe-ru-na, and now when eighty-eight years old can say it has invigorated my whole system."—Rev. J. N. Parker.

Mr. W. B. Schneider, of Terre Hill, Pa., writes: "I got sick every winter, and had a spell of cold in February, 1899, I could not do anything for almost two months. In December, 1899, I saw one of your books about your remedies. Then I wrote to Dr. Hartman for advice, and he wrote that I should commence the use of Pe-ru-na, and have to take it for some time."

"I did not lose one day last winter that I could not tend to my stock. I am sixty-three years old, and I cannot thank you too much for what you have done for me. If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Pe-ru-na, write at once to Dr. Hartman giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis. Address Dr. Hartman, President of the Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O."

Pe-ru-na Used in the Family for Years.

Mrs. E. West, 137 Main Street, Menasha, Wis., writes: "We have used Pe-ru-na in our family for a number of years and when I say that it is a fine medicine for catarrh and colds, I know what I am talking about. I have taken it every spring and fall for four years and I find that it keeps me robust, strong, with splendid appetite, and free from any illness. A few years ago it cured me of catarrh of the stomach, which the doctors had pronounced incurable. I am very much pleased with Pe-ru-na. I am 57 years old."—Mrs. E. West.

In a recent letter from 611 G Street, S. W., Washington, D. C., this venerable gentleman says of Pe-ru-na:

"I have tried Pe-ru-na after having tried in vain other remedies for catarrh, and I can say without reservation that I never felt a symptom of relief until I had given Pe-ru-na the simple trial that its advocates advise. I do not believe it has a superior, either as a remedy for catarrh or as a tonic for the depressed and exhausted condition which is one of the effects of the disease."

—Benjamin F. Hawkes.

SAAC BROCK, a citizen of McLennan County, Texas, has lived for 114 years. In speaking of his good health and extreme old age, Mr. Brock says:

"Pe-ru-na exactly meets all my requirements. It protects me from the evil effects of sudden changes; it keeps me in good appetite; it gives me strength; it keeps my blood in good circulation. I

ALABASTINE The Durable Wall Coating, Won't Rub Off, WHY? Because it cements to, and is not stuck on the wall with decaying, animal glue, as are the various so-called "wall finishes," which are kalsomines sold under fanciful names. You can apply Alabastine.

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ALABASTINE

The Only Sanitary and Permanent Wall Coating

ALABASTINE is not a disease-breeding, hot water glue finish, furnished by a lodgment and harbor-ground for disease germs; it is a natural, rock-like composition, in white and many exquisitely beautiful tints; in powder form, ready for use by simply mixing with cold water. Anyone can brush it on.

ALABASTINE cements to walls, destroys disease germs and vermin, and never rubs off or scales. Other wall coatings, under fanciful names, and usually mixed with hot water, are unhealthful, and stain on the wall with glue, which soon rots, nourishes germs of deadly disease, rubs and scales, spoiling walls, clothing and furniture. When it is necessary to refresh, the old coats must be washed off—an expensive, nasty, disagreeable job, making the rooms damp and unfit to live in.

When walls are once coated with Alabastine, succeeding coats may be applied, year after year, without washing the walls, thus saving great expense and annoyance.

Hot and Cold Water Kalsomines Have No Merit

Some dealers try to sell them, buying them cheap, and trying to sell on Alabastine's demand until such time as their customers learn of the imposition.

THEY ARE WORTHLESS PREPARATIONS

If you cannot buy Alabastine of your hardware, paint or drug dealer, refuse all imitations, and write us. We will tell you where you can get Alabastine without delay, or sell it to you direct. \$50.00 GIVEN AWAY. Write for particulars.

Leaflet of dainty tints, hints on decorating, and our artists' up-to-date ideas on beautifying the home. Free. Buy Alabastine only in packages, properly labeled.

Alabastine Company GRAND RAPIDS, MICH. and 105 Water St., New York City.

Visitor—Well, Jack, and what are you going to be when you grow up? Jack—A bachelor. A Massachusetts farmer drives a team of cows.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures whooping cough, croup, and all other ailments of infants.

\$50 FARMERS and STOCKMEN. THE FARMER WHICH MADE BY AGENTS selling STEAM COOKERS and other novelties. FARMERLESS COOKER CO., Buffalo, N.Y.

NOTICE TO PATENTABLES. Notice in "Inventive Age" FREE. "How to obtain Patents" FREE. Charges moderate. No fee till patent is secured. Letters strictly confidential. Address: E. G. SIGGERS, Box 4, N. W. Wash., D. C.

When answering Ads. please mention this paper

"If to yourself some strength you'd take, Just start the day with Maple-Flake."

Maple-Flake

Crisp flakes of the finest white wheat, flavored with pure maple syrup. A food which satisfies the appetite and pleases the taste. Serve with milk, cream or fruit juices, and use just enough sugar to bring out that maple flavor.

It's Delicious. It's Healthful. It's Economical. ASK THE GROCER.

A Two (2) Cent Stamp will bring you one of our little "color barometers," by which you can foretell the changes in the weather. Also a little booklet telling many valuable things about Maple-Flake.

HYGIENIC FOOD COMPANY, BATTLE CREEK. Factories at BATTLE CREEK, MICH., and BUFFALO, NEW YORK.

W. N. U.—DETROIT—NO. 10—1904

Cass City Enterprise.

An independent newspaper published every Thursday by A. A. McDowell, Main Street, Cass City, Tuscola Co., Mich.

Advertisements.
All changes of advertisements must be sent to this office so latest than Wednesday noon of each week, else they can not be inserted in that week's issue. Reasonable rates are charged for display advertisements. Local notices in our paid local columns are five cents per line for first insertion. Notices of festivals, lectures, concerts and all entertainments of a money-making character are charged for at the rate of one dollar for each insertion. Cards of thanks are twenty-five cents for each insertion.

The wide circulation of the Enterprise in the counties of Tuscola, Huron and Sanilac, makes it a valuable advertising medium.

A. A. P. McDowell, Proprietor.

Professional Cards.

J. D. BROOKER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Reference: Exchange Bank and Cass City Bank. Office in second story of City Block, Cass City, Mich.

Dr. J. H. Hays

Physician and Surgeon. Special attention given to the Eyes. Office and residence over 2 blocks store, Phone 29.

Dr. M. M. Wickware,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office and residence over Auten's Bank, Cass City. Office hours—11 a. m. to 8 p. m. 7 to 12 p. m. hours will be observed as strictly as possible. Can also be found in office at other times unless engaged in outside calls.

Drs. Treadgold and Shafer.

Offices above P. O. Residence Seegar St. Special attention given to diseases of children and old age. Special office hours, 1:30 to 4:30 p. m. General office hours, 10:30 a. m. to 12 m.; 7 to 9:30 p. m. Phone in house and office. Calls promptly attended.

A. W. Truesdell, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon, Shabbona, Mich. Special attention to surgery. 6-12-02.

Dr. John R. Foote

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Calls attended promptly day or night, will be at office when not out making professional calls. Office at residence, Elmwood, Mich. 12-17-03

DENTISTRY.

I. A. FRITZ, DENTIST. Office over Fritz's drug store. Assisted by P. L. Fritz, D. D. S., graduate of University of Michigan.

P. A. SCHENCK, D. D. S.

DENTIST—graduate of University of Michigan. Office in new Fritz block, Cass City, Mich. 17-31-01.

Societies.

I. O. F.

W. O. B. E. KLAN. No. 823, I. O. F., meets on second and fourth Tuesdays of each month in their hall in the Campbell block, at 7:30 p. m. Visiting brethren are cordially invited.

J. A. M. ALLEN, C. R.

A. A. P. McDowell Rec. Sec. 8-11-97

I. O. O. F.

CASS CITY LODGE, No. 238, meets every Wednesday evening at 7:30. Visiting brethren are cordially invited.

A. D. GILLIES, N. G.

J. C. LAUDERBACH, Secretary.

K. O. T. M.

CASS CITY TENT, No. 74, meets the first and third Friday evenings of each month, at 7:30. Visiting Sir Knights cordially invited.

P. S. RICE, Commander.

A. D. GILLIES, Record Keeper.

Elkland Arbor, No. 31, A. O. O. G. meets the second and fourth Thursdays of each month, in Forester Hall. Visiting companions always welcome.

A. D. GILLIES, C. S.

JAS. REAGH, Sec.-Treas. 1-29-05.

Church Directory.

BAPTIST—Preaching services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. on Sunday. Sunday school at 12 m. Young people's meeting Monday evening. Prayer meeting on Thursday evening.

REV. K. WEAVER, Pastor.

EVANGELICAL—Services begin with Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Preaching services 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Y. P. C. E. meeting at 12 m. English services every Sunday evening. All are invited.

REV. L. V. SOGDAN, Pastor.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL—Preaching services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday. Class meetings follow morning service. Sunday school at 12 m. Junior League at 4:30 p. m. Epworth League at 6:30 p. m. Prayer-meeting at 7:30 on Thursday evening.

REV. W. W. GIFFORD, Pastor.

PRESBYTERIAN—Sunday preaching services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Y. P. C. E. at 6:30 p. m. Prayer meeting on Thursday evening at 7:30.

REV. S. P. JACKSON, Pastor.

Hospitality at Small Expense.
Entertainment—that is, pleasure to your guests—does not depend on the money you spend, but on your own knowledge of how to give and extend hospitality. Christine Terhune Herrick tells you all about it. Hospital, 12 cents.

E. J. CLUDE, Publisher, 156 Fifth Ave., 12-10-20

Insure
Your Live Stock and thus be protected from loss.

The Stockmen's Indemnity Co.
will carry your risk at small cost. See their Cass City agent,

D. R. GRAHAM,

12-10-13

CHICKEN CHOLERA.
Chicken Cholera can positively be cured. The most severe tests have proven this without a doubt. Hundreds speak in positive expression as to their delightful results in using Star Poultry Powder. Even when they are so far gone they cannot eat, nine out of ten can be cured by moistening the food and sprinkling it thickly with Star Poultry Powder, then feed it to them. Your poultry will not have cholera if you feed it, and besides the increase in amount of eggs will doubly pay for the powder. You can force production of eggs as you can work from a well cured horse. See that your poultry is healthy and fitted for their task by feeding Star Poultry Powder. It pays for itself. Put up in two sizes, 25c and 50c packages. You save 35c by buying the large package.

POULTRY.
Thousands die every year from vermin. It is impossible for poultry or stock to do well in this condition. STAR LOUSE KILLER is a sure killer to all vermin on poultry, cattle, horses, etc. One pound case 25 cents. Don't neglect this.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

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PROVERBS

"When the butter won't come put a penny in the churn," is an old time dairy proverb. It often seems to work though no one has ever told why.

When mothers are worried because the children do not gain strength and flesh we say give them Scott's Emulsion.

It is like the penny in the milk because it works and because there is something astonishing about it.

Scott's Emulsion is simply a milk of pure cod liver oil with some hypophosphites especially prepared for delicate stomachs.

Children take it naturally because they like the taste and the remedy takes just as naturally to the children because it is so perfectly adapted to their wants.

For all weak and pale and thin children Scott's Emulsion is the most satisfactory treatment.



We will send you the penny, i. e., a sample free.

Be sure that this picture in the form of a label is on the wrapper of every bottle of Emulsion you buy.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, 409 Pearl St., N. Y. Soc. and druggists.

Wickware.

School closed for Washington's birthday.

Thillie McPhail visited her parental home Sunday.

Vina McPhail is numbered with the sick this week.

Alex. and Cassie McPhail, of Argyle, passed through Wickware Saturday.

Miss Belle Burt, of Cass City, is visiting her brother, George, this week.

We are pleased to announce that John Jackson is much better at this writing.

Daisy Bigelow, who has been sick for the past week, is now able to attend school again.

Jacob Maxwell, of Illinois, and Wm. Maxwell, of North Dakota, were called to their home on account of the illness of their brother, John.

East Nevada.

Charlie Agar is reported on the gain.

James Brown was a caller at Deford Monday.

Louis Wheeler was a visitor at Marlette on Saturday.

M. E. prayer meeting at H. A. Williams' Friday evening.

David McKim is now a full fledged citizen of the United States.

George Warner was the guest of Miss Via Caswell on Sunday.

Robert Brown and David McKim were Caro visitors this week.

Johnnie Mudge expects to go to Pontiac soon to labor for the summer.

Miss Via Caswell returned to her home near Lamotte Corners on Saturday.

Louis and Claud Wheeler were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. George Young Sunday evening.

Miss Kate Ferguson returned from Pontiac this week, where she has had employment in the E. M. Asylum.

Miss Hollis McBurney returned to her school at Dist. No. 6, on Monday, after an absence of one week due to illness.

Quarterly meeting was conducted at the Greenbank M. E. Church on Sunday by Revs. Wallace, of Kingston, and Kyes, of Deford.

Lewis Holtz had the misfortune to fall on his axe, which was buried in the snow, cutting him badly. Dr. Truesdell was called and dressed his wounds. He is reported as resting easy.

Working Overtime.

Eight hour laws are ignored by those tireless little workers—Dr. King's New Life Pills. Millions are always at work, night and day, curing Indigestion, Bilemness, Constipation, Sick Headache and all Stomach, Liver and Bowel troubles. Easy, pleasant, safe, sure. Only 25c at T. H. Fritz's Drug Store, Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston.

Elmwood.

Wm. E. Davis, of Duluth, is visiting at E. S. White's.

Smith Hutchinson is getting material ready for a new barn.

John Fournier, of Gagetown, spent Sunday with friends here.

Miss Ida Compton, of Gagetown, visited her parents here Sunday.

Mrs. Thomas Jackson is receiving treatment at Saginaw Medical College.

Arthur Gerou and bride are house-keeping at their home near the church.

Protracted meetings are being held at the Elmwood M. P. Church with a good attendance.

Mrs. Geo. Compton is recovering from a severe attack of neuralgia. Dr. Foote is the attending physician.

Mrs. White and Mrs. Dean with their guest, Mrs. Rayner, visited Mrs. Paulina Bailey, at Ellington, March 1st.

John Baucus and wife have moved in with Mr. and Mrs. Manville Adams and will work for them the coming season.

Miss Hattie Simmons was given a very pleasant surprise party at her home in honor of her seventeenth birthday.

Thaduis Compton and wife were called to Caro Saturday by the serious illness of their granddaughter, little Beatrice Turner.

Mrs. John Spitzer, who has been very seriously ill, is improving under the care of Dr. J. R. Foote, our local physician.

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

T. H. FRITZ, L. I. WOOD & Co.

11-5-26

HEAVES.

The new discovery called HEVE-O for Heaves Distemper and Coughs is a big success. If you have occasion to use a preparation of that kind do not neglect getting HEVE-O. This new discovery is ONLY FOR HEAVES, COUGHS and DISTEMPER. Its remarkable results have proven its superiority. Price 50 cents.

Foley's Kidney Cure makes kidneys and bladder right.

Shabbona

Last week's correspondence.

Wedding bells are soon to be rung. The smallpox patients are convalescent.

Wm. Leach lost a valuable horse one day last week.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Herb. Bigham, on the 21st, a son.

Messrs. F. Brown and R. Raymond went to Yale Monday.

Dr. Truesdell says that the la grippe patients are too numerous to mention.

Mrs. Geo. E. Gotham has commenced repairing her residence on Main Street.

Mrs. Israel Palmateer, of Cass City, spent several days with relatives here last week.

Mrs. McCaughna and Miss Anna Handley are the latest addition to the L. O. T. M.

Miss Eliza Heronimus returned to W. F. Ehlers' Monday after an absence of three weeks.

There have been no services in the M. E. Church since Jan. 24th owing to the smallpox scare.

Miss Jackson closed her school and went home last week owing to the fact that but one pupil was present.

Dr. Truesdell was called to Argyle Monday to attend the little child of Arthur Hatson, who has smallpox.

Sam Wheaton, who has just recovered from an attack of erysipelas, last Friday had a slight stroke of paralysis.

Rev. N. Kitey has returned to his home at Snover having spent five weeks in revival work at the Menonite Church.

The children of the late Angus McLennan, who were so dangerously sick with pneumonia at the time of their father's death, are considered out of danger.

Thos. Brown and his daughters, Naomi and Belle, left Friday for Saginaw. Mr. Brown is one of Shabbona's oldest and most respected citizens and he and his family will be much missed.

George H. Waltensperger and William E. Bolles, who have been connected with the Detroit Free Press for many years, have resigned to take charge of the Twentieth Century Review, an illustrated monthly home magazine published in Detroit. Mr. Waltensperger is the advertising manager, and Mr. Bolles is the managing editor. The magazine is now completing its fourth year and has the largest number of subscribers among the publications of its class in Michigan, the monthly circulation being 100,000 copies. Mr. Waltensperger has been connected with the business department of the Free Press for twenty years. He is widely known as a hustling, wide-awake, progressive advertising man. Mr. Bolles has been a member of the editorial staff of the Free Press for seven years. He has published a number of popular short stories, and is the author of the amusing "Get Rich-Quick Club" burlesques.

Some more badly needed (?) snow came last Saturday and Sunday.

Chas. Stetcher has sold his farm, and goes to Oregon or Washington, in a short time.

Ben McAlpine is once more around. His hand is nearly well although very tender this cold weather.

Western fever, "Pike's Peak or Bust," has hit several of our residents hard and the exodus will soon begin. It is only to be hoped that the final "ousted," will not be their fate.

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Rescue.

The O'Rourke boys now own the Stetcher farm and it is a good one—sure of growing a crop as the sun is to shine.

Frank Britt has a barn frame hauled home and will soon have a new barn and will bother no more with stacks and loss of feed.

Through some mismanagement our customary Sunday blizzard failed to arrive on schedule time and people began to venture out.

It will seem as odd to walk on bare ground once more as it is for a sailor to step on land after a long trip. Sixteen weeks of snow is a long time.

A big crowd turned out to George Roberts' sale and prices went sky high. Oats found buyers at fifty-two cents and other property in proportion.

A social gathering at the home of Sam Heron, one evening last week, was attended by all the young folks in the neighborhood and a grand, good time was the result.

Bees keepers are in hard luck. Some people have lost their entire outfit—hives completely empty and bees starved. The excessive cold made it impossible to feed the little workers.

Spring election is near by and candidates are numerous. The past winter has not been any great burden to the tax payers. The Board has not met since last fall, no quarantine bills, no poor orders to

A Gentleman



selling paint for a Cleveland concern was at our store the other day and while telling us that he was to build a house next summer, said he would install a

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THE BATH AND THE SKIN.

Different Kinds of Baths and Their Effects. The Bath After Exercise and as an Aid to Keeping the Health

By CHRISTINE TERHUNE HERRICK, Author of "Cradle and Nursery," "First Aid to the Young Housekeepers," "Housekeeping Made Easy," "What to Eat," "In City Tennis," Etc.

(Copyrighted, 1904, by Christine Terhune Herrick)

In the first place, the bath means cleanliness,—when properly taken. For a poor bath is almost as bad as no bath at all. And when cleanliness is achieved a long step is taken towards health and a still longer towards good looks. No one can hope to be really attractive who has a poor complexion and no one can expect to have a good complexion who does not keep the pores of the skin open and free of matter which does not belong there.

Of course, any woman thinks she knows how to take a bath. Nearly every one labours under this impression until she has had a Turkish bath and learned what is meant by real cleanliness. After that she is of a different opinion. She may not be able to take Turkish baths constantly or even often, but she will come as near them, in the way of making herself clean, as she can possibly manage.

Not every woman can stand the regulation Turkish or Russian baths, with their hot air, their steam rooms, hard massage and cold spray or plunge afterwards. The home made im-



rubbing. It is true that the exercise has opened the pores and that a great quantity of effete substance has been sliced out with the perspiration. But the dash of cold water shuts them with a snap and whatever matter is left there is enclosed, to be re absorbed by the body.

So the first plunge must be into warm water. The soaking feels grateful after the tension of the exercise, and the relaxation of the muscles is likely to tempt anyone to remain too long in the tub. But the time for letting oneself go is not yet. There must first be a vigorous rubbing either with a flesh brush or a rough cloth or a bath mitten of Turkish toweling or some such material. This is perhaps the best, since the hand thus covered goes over the whole body with an energy it cannot gain when holding a washcloth.

The use of soap is open to discussion. It is generally taken as a matter of course and yet I have known competent physicians who claimed that it did no good. The skin that has first been stimulated, as by the bicycle, horse back ride or other vigorous exercise, and then coaxed into more work by the application of warm water does not need soap in order to make it clean. The rubbing I have described will suffice for that. The waste matter is removed by the friction without the use of soap. Yet there is no objection to this if a good plain toilet soap is used,—one that is not highly perfumed or too drying in its effect. Every bit of this should be washed from the skin before the cold spray is used to close the pores and brace the system after the relaxation of the warm tub.

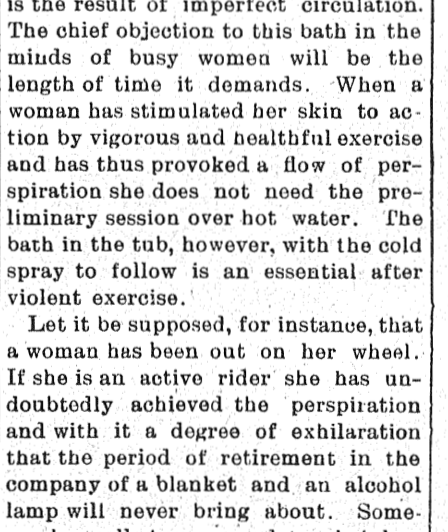
The cold spray seems a rather heroic measure, but it is only for a while that it impresses the bather as a trial. In a short time she craves it and feels no shrinking from the tingling of ice cold water, even after a very hot bath. The spraying need not last long,—only a minute. It is a mistake to continue it until one becomes chilled and loses the bracing effect. As a matter of course, there are some bathrooms where a spray cannot be used, because of the arrangement of the faucets or for some other reason. This is a pity, but it need not oblige one to renounce the douche. The pitcher to which I have already referred can be used or one can adopt the simple expedient of a man I knew who used the common or garden variety of watering pot as a means of attaining a cold spray.

The stimulation of the skin is pursued by friction with a rough towel. The ordinary towel will not serve. Sometimes even the Turkish towel gets soft and in such cases it is well to pass it through a little starch water before drying it. It should never be ironed, of course.

The ideal method is to take half an hour's rest after the bath and if the ride has been a long and hard one or if the course over the links or the contest in the tennis courts has been unusually fatiguing, it is worth while to give half an hour to repose. But the healthy active woman does not need it unless she has rather overdone.

"But," I hear a woman say, "It may be all very well to talk about taking time to bathe and to rest for the woman who has been playing golf or tennis, but it is out of the question for the woman who rides a wheel. Her machine has to be cleaned before it is put away!"

Not at all, my dear girl or madam. In the days before the chainless bicycle came into service this might have been the case. With the driving mechanism neatly encased and amply protected from mud and dust and even from rain, there is no more trouble after a return from a ride than there is in hanging up a racket or setting the bag of golf sticks in the corner.



Always following a bath there must be some precautions adopted against cold. Even the cold spray and hard rub have not done every thing and the woman who sits in a draft when she has just dressed after her bath runs a great risk. This is especially the case after exercise, but it is true also when one has taken the bath without preceding it by the ride, the walk or the game. Sometimes one marvels what has become of the common sense that was presumably dealt out to all mortals when they came into this world.

"I have such a mean headache," said a woman to me the other day. "The only way I can account for it is

that I forgot how soon after dinner it was last night, and as I was tired I took a hot bath before going to bed early. I have felt rather queer all day."

And she was a sensible woman,—old enough to have known better! Yet from sheer carelessness she did a thing which might have had a fatal result.

The frequency with which such a bath as I have described may be taken is a mooted question. There are some persons to whom it is as regular an every day function, barring ill health, as is their breakfast or their dinner. I have known those who bathed morning and night as well,—a rather foolish thing to do, according to the doctors.

Some persons cannot stand a plunge bath oftener than every other day. It is all a matter of physical condition. To those who have formed the daily bath habit it is a privation to give it up.

"When can I have a bath, Doctor?" queried a woman who was just emerging from a dangerous illness. "It seems an age since I was in a tub."

"My dear Madam," returned the physician tartly, "I have known patients as sick as you have been who have not had soap and water come near them for six weeks. And you have really been kept very clean!"

The assurance that one is clean does not take the place of the tub and spray to one who has the habit of these. Least of all can one give it up when the hard ride, the fiercely disputed game has brought one into a perspiration that causes the whole being to cry out for a tubbing. The woman who does her wheeling or her playing later in the day must deny herself the morning bath for the sake of the one that will follow exercise.

In the March number of the Review of Reviews there are "thumb nail" sketches of the Russian and Japanese commanders on land and sea, with photographic portraits. Interesting details in the lives of Admirals Alexieff, Skridloff, Togo, and Uriu are here presented. It is recalled that Admiral Uriu, who commanded the Japanese fleet at Chemulpho, is a graduate of Annapolis and has many friends among the officers of our own navy.

The remarkable victory at the polls achieved by the Social Democratic party in Germany last summer, in the face of the opposition of the Emperor and the moneyed interests, turned the attention of the world to the growth in Europe of the rational socialistic movement. To The Cosmopolitan for March, Max Nordau contributes an interesting article on "Socialism in Europe," illustrated with photographs of the greatest leaders, from Karl Marx and Lassalle to John Burns and Bebel.

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HEALTH

"I don't think we could keep house without Thedford's Black-Draught. We have used it in the family over two years with the best of results. I have not had a doctor in the house for that length of time. It is a doctor in itself and always ready to make a person well and happy."—JAMES HALL, Jacksonville, Ill.

Because this great medicine relieves stomach pains, frees the constipated bowels and invigorates the torpid liver and weakened kidneys

No Doctor

is necessary in the home where Thedford's Black-Draught is kept. Families living in the country, miles from any physician, have been kept in health for years with this medicine as their only doctor. Thedford's Black-Draught cures biliousness, dyspepsia, colds, chills and fever, bad blood, headaches, diarrhoea, constipation, colic and almost every other ailment because the stomach, bowels, liver and kidneys so nearly control the health.

THEDFORD'S BLACK-DRAUGHT

Foley's Honey and Tar

heals lungs and stops the cough.

OYSTERS—fat ones—cooked or raw.
KANDY KITCHEN.

Colds

"I had a terrible cold and could hardly breathe. I then tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral and it gave me immediate relief."
—W. C. Layton, Sidell, Ill.

How will your cough be tonight? Worse, probably. For it's first a cold, then a cough, then bronchitis or pneumonia, and at last consumption. Coughs always tend downward. Stop this tendency by taking Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. 25c, 50c, \$1.

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DYSPEPTICIDE

The greatest aid to DIGESTION.

The Duchess of Norfolk is receiving no congratulations from American heiresses.

In the case of an important dispatch there is always room at the top for the headlines.

Butter is reported firm on the Chicago produce exchange. Doubtless some of it is strong also.

Mr. Schwab's visit to Europe will not cost the newspapers nearly so much in cable tolls this time.

Lucien Lyne, the famous jockey, is going to become a doctor of medicine. Hasn't he been in enough killings?

Tsi An, with a war in the neighborhood and a new automobile, is one of the most worried people in the Orient.

A Louis XV (pronounced Cans) snuff-box has been purchased for \$10,000. Now, wouldn't that make you sneeze?

A western railroad has ordered its employees to take physical exercise daily. Does this include the baggage smashers?

A man 50 years old has just been admitted to the bar. With fair luck he hopes in time to be able to build up a good practice.

Korea's emperor has hundreds of wives; almost as foolish as Solomon, who was wise enough until he acquired the marrying mania.

Japan will practice on the Russians with a new variety of explosive, but from all accounts the original package was a fairly salty dose.

"Tall American girls," says an exchange, "are very popular in Europe." And the same authority might have added that short ones are, too.

A French dancing master has been making chorus girls more graceful by hypnotizing them. Usually it's the girls who attend to the hypnotizing.

An effort has been made to get John L. Sullivan into the Carrie Nation theatrical company, but John won't stand for the saloon-smashing scene.

Mme. Sarah Grand not only smokes fourteen of the nasty things in a day, but inhales the smoke. Which may account for several of her peculiarities.

Kunzite, the new gem, is described as coming under the head of spodumene, otherwise known as triphtane. That makes it clear to the merest child.

The Cramps and the Krupps are no doubt looking forward to a brisk trade as soon as the present trouble is over and Japan and Russia can negotiate new loans.

It is to be hoped that the Massachusetts minister who officiated at thirty-five funerals last year, with a net total profit of \$2.69, had better luck with weddings.

Plans are being made to have a first-class baseball team in Washington during the coming season. Such plans are regularly made at about this time of the year.

It is said the names of Russian warships are frequently changed. This may explain why Russia sometimes loses a fleet of ten or a dozen vessels out of a possible four.

Baltimore is to be greater and grander than ever. There's nothing like a setback to make the average American grit his teeth and decide to show the world what he can do.

The name of the capital of Korea might appropriately be changed from Seoul to "Sheol." At least, some of the foreign residents are likely to think so before "this cruel war is over."

The old saying that lazy folks always take the most pains is not complete. They do for a while, and then they sit down in peace and comfort, and watch the contrivance while it does their work.

The real estate dealer who is to sue a bookmaker for \$75,000, lost at Saratoga and other racetracks probably wouldn't have soiled his fingers with the money of the bookmaker if he had won. No, Oh, no.

The Chicago banker who in letters to his love told her: "You are a veritable frozen moonlight to me—so beautiful and yet so unresponsive," also addressed her as "Mon cher." Evidently he has much to learn.

Lieut. Peary, discussing his projected dash for the North pole the other day, said the long Arctic night is all he's afraid of. He doesn't mind the cold a bit. But then it was a Boston audience to which he was speaking. Perhaps he felt acclimated.

A verdict of \$500 for the alienation of a husband's affections may be said to satisfy all reasonable requirements in the majority of such cases. It is more than the affections of some husbands are worth, especially when there is a horsewhipping thrown in.

Important News From All Parts of Michigan

Happenings of the Week Chronicled Briefly For Busy Readers

A Duel for Life. John Huddy, a Michigan Central switchman, shot and killed his wife, Anna, at the home of her sister in Jackson Saturday and then, turning the revolver to his own head, killed himself. Mrs. Huddy made a brave fight for her life and fired two shots at her husband, one of which inflicted a slight wound in the left arm, before she received her death wound. The tragedy has its cause in Huddy's jealousy of his young and handsome wife. She was 25 years of age and he 36. January 2 last a quarrel occurred because Mrs. Huddy wanted to attend the theater, while Huddy preferred staying at home. Trouble culminated in Huddy striking his wife a heavy blow in the face, breaking her nose. Mrs. Huddy left him for this and went to live with her sister, Mrs. Arnold. The next day she swore out a warrant against Huddy for assault and battery.

Cannot Be Done. Relative to a story to the effect that the big railroad tax cases, now pending before Judge Wanty, of the United States court at Grand Rapids, may be settled by agreement between Gov. Bliss and Atty.-Gen. Blair, representing the state and the railroad attorneys, the attorney-general's assistants declare such a proceeding is impossible, for the simple reason that the state officials in question have no authority to make a settlement in the way of compromising the state's claims. Only the legislature, they emphatically state, has any such authority. It is known that this is Atty.-Gen. Blair's opinion. Of course, if the railroad people would pay the full amount assessed against them in 1902 taxes under the new ad valorem tax law and the costs of the litigation to date, the suits could be dismissed.

To Be Sentenced Soon. Judge Newham, of Grand Rapids, says he will pronounce sentence on the thirteen convicted water scandal bootleggers before the end of the present term of court, which is the 12th of next month. He declines to say just when the convicted men will be called before the bar, however. The trial of ex-Ald. Charles T. Johnson, the next on the docket, will not be reached before the March term.

Crews Coming Out. Logging operations were finished earlier this season than for several years past. The camps of Adam Dobry on the Peshtigo river have been abandoned, the season's cut having been put in. Mr. Dobry reports the winter a good one for logging, as there is no difficulty in keeping up ice roads. The camp of the late J. B. Longrie, near Koss, has broken up and the crew came down this week.

Killed the Baby. During the absence of the mother the 3-year-old son of Clarence Nadell, who lives one mile east of Eaton Rapids, caused the death of his infant brother by pouring carbolic acid down his throat. As soon as the mother discovered what had been done medical aid was summoned, but the child died in terrible agony a few hours later.

Horrible Death. Edward Breitritz, who had charge of the beaches in the Northern Extract works, Alpena, met death in a peculiar manner. He was repairing a leak in one of the doors when it is supposed he struck a latch with his hammer, and it flew open, allowing a column of boiling live, nine feet deep, to flow over him. His burns were of such a nature as to cause death in a short time.

MICHIGAN NEWS NOTES. Muskegon faces water famine. Nezamee will have a \$50,000 Carnegie library. Bellevue will have an \$800,000 cement plant. Vesper is a new postoffice in Menominee county. A sugar beet factory is advocated for the Soo. Merchants complain of dull season at St. Joseph.

Lack of coal caused Buchanan schools to close. Exposure from cold killed an Italian near Hancock. In 1903, 35,000,000 tons of freight passed through the Soo. A Lake Odessa man had 30 tumors removed from his neck. Commerce schools are closed because of a fuel famine. Diphtheria caused the closing of schools at Grand Marais.

Ingham county farmers fear the wheat crop has smothered. A Troy woman swallowed washing fluid by mistake, but survived. Stamborough will have a \$17,500 school building in the spring. The largest paper mill in the world is being constructed in Munising. A Lansing man stole a blanket to cover a horse and was arrested. A Port Huron youth stole \$20 from his mother's pillow while she slept. Mormons will hold a semi-annual conference at Battle Creek Feb. 27. John Koons, Gladwin, has a crushed arm as a result of being wound up in belting. Because of lack of transportation facilities, St. Johns hay buyers are losing money. Mabel Fitzgerald, of Port Huron, was badly burned by swallowing carbolic acid by mistake. Girls and wild ducks have become tame by starvation, and eat with chickens at St. Joseph.

The burned business district of Coleman will be rebuilt with brick and cement structures. Chocora has a two-pound baby girl, and Watson has a 10-year-old youngster weighing 135 pounds. Because he couldn't have beefsteak, Jos. Broschky, a man with a broken jaw, left Menominee River hospital. The 2-year-old child of Mr. and Mrs. William Barnett, of Lansing, is in a critical condition as the result of having drunk a quantity of concentrated lye. The scarcity of coal last winter stimulated the business in Michigan so that during the past year more coal has been mined in this state than ever before. Miss Gertrude Valley, a teacher in Hill township, had her foot and leg frozen while walking over a mile to school. She kept at her school work for nearly two weeks afterward. It is feared amputation may be necessary.

Field mice are destroying fruit trees at Benton Harbor.

The five-year-old son of Frank Lebb, who lives near Deerfield, was blinded in the eye by a cake of ice, and may lose the eye.

The Emery flouring mill, Three Rivers, was destroyed by fire Monday with contents. Loss, \$40,000, with about \$17,500 insurance.

John A. Harriman, for many years county clerk and register of deeds for Antrim county, is dead. He leaves a widow and two daughters.

Neighbors who broke into the Traverse City home of E. R. Van Valkenburg, who lives alone, found him helpless in bed, partially paralyzed and nearly frozen.

Quail and partridge are practically extinct in Grayling vicinity owing to the severity of the weather. Dead birds are found in the woods, but no live ones are seen.

Richard Jackett and John Gardner, giving their address at Michigan City, Ind., were apprehended in a Monroe saloon, having a quantity of silverware on their persons.

Surveyors on the new Ionia & Owosso electric line have completed the survey. What is known as the north route and began to go back as far as Ovid on the south route.

Albert Whortley, the young porter, who was supposed to have lost his life in the St. Clair Hotel fire a year ago, appeared alive and well on the streets of Port Huron last week.

For 50 years John Bell and his wife, of Muskegon, lived together. Then they died together, and Friday afternoon heading the sad procession.

Joe Ance, an Indian of the Pshawabtown settlement, who wandered away in the snowstorm and got lost while on his way to Traverse City, was found frozen to death in a field.

Gov. Bliss has granted a requisition for Dale Finney, who is wanted at Ionia for stealing a gold watch and other articles of jewelry, worth about \$200. Finney is in jail at Fitzgerald, Ga.

Prominent citizens of Niles have circulated petitions, praying the city council to submit to the voters of the city at the coming spring election the question of the abolition of the board of public works.

The highest salary which is paid a woman employe in the government department at Washington is \$2,000, paid a young lady from Kalkaska, Miss G. A. Smith, a law clerk, in the office of the comptroller.

The naval training station for the great lakes is liable to go up in wind, as the several lake region members of the house committee on naval affairs each wants the district for his own portion of the lakes.

Mrs. Richard Budd, of Durand, aged 82, is dead at the home of her daughter. A month ago she was deserted by her 82-year-old husband, and an effort is now being made to find him and inform him of her death.

Reports from Lake Superior are that there is more ice on that body of water than for many years past. A person could make his way over the frozen Marquette to Sault Ste. Marie, 180 miles down the lake shore.

The pitiable condition of a sick girl in Detroit, who has been in the settlement south of Danville, Va. being investigated by the authorities. It is claimed that no physician has been allowed the patient, prayers being relied upon.

The residence of Martin Johnson at Traverse Beach was burned to the ground at 2 o'clock Wednesday morning. Martin was awakened by his dog, who jumped upon his bed while he was asleep. The family barely succeeded in getting out alive.

At the funeral of Edrick Scott, who died at his home in Trowbridge last week of dropsy and heart disease, at the age of 68 years, there were 22 of his nephews present. Six of that number acted as pallbearers. He leaves a widow and one brother.

Antoine Solem, a wealthy farmer of Sutton's Bay, has been missing for a week. He started for Traverse City with the intention of buying hogs and had a considerable sum of money with him. His friends fear he became lost in the snow and perished.

For the first time in a quarter of a century the boats of the Detroit, Belle Isle & Windsor Ferry Co. have been compelled to abandon the work of providing regular and frequent service between Detroit and Windsor at the foot of Woodward avenue.

The state military board has decided that the next encampment of the state militia will be held in Michigan. The board are sore on the government camp in Kentucky, the general sentiment being that the maneuvers there were not of such a nature as to prove instructive to the state militia.

Conservative estimates made by Detroit business men and public officials show that the extraordinary severity of the present winter has cost the citizens of Detroit almost \$1,000,000 more than cold weather in average years on account of the use of an extra amount of coal at higher prices, and the greater use of provisions at higher prices.

At the wedding of her granddaughters, Mrs. Esther Kleinbaum aged 107, of Brooklyn, N. Y., danced with the groom a Polish cotillon and claimed to feel no fatigue.

President and Mrs. Roosevelt observed the annual Washington's birthday custom of planting trees on the White House grounds. Each planted a fern leaf beech along Executive avenue.

Joe Pawloske, who has been working in Wood's camp, near West Branch, was injured by a falling tree. His abdomen was cut open, allowing his intestines to protrude, and while bringing him to town he became so chilled that he died after a few hours. He leaves parents and brothers and sisters in Bay City and was 28 years old.

All municipal and newspaper records have mysteriously disappeared at Skagway, Alaska. It is rumored that it is to the advantage of certain utility companies to have the past blotted out to get rid of certain franchise restrictions.

KOREANS TO JOIN THE JAPS.

RUSSIANS DID RECEIVE ASSISTANCE FROM THE VICKSBURG.

FEELING AT ST. PETERSBURG IS HOSTILE TO AMERICANS--COMPLAINTS OF ILL TREATMENT BY JAPANESE WOMEN--VARIOUS REPORTS AND RUMORS.

The Korean government has decided to order the Korean troops to join the Japanese in the field. The standing army now consists of about 17,000 men with European methods. In 1896 it was taken in hand by a Russian colonel with three commissars and ten non-commissioned officers, who retired, however, in 1898. A royal body guard of 1,000 men was formed and has been well drilled and periodically a draft of well-trained men is transferred from it to the other regiments of the standing army.

The following message has been received from the navy department from Commander Marshall, of the Vicksburg: "Took the initiative by sending medical assistance to the Varig as soon as possible after learning that they were abandoning vessel. Sent three boats and assisted taking off the Russian crew, putting them on board the British and Italian vessels. The Varig remained afloat over five hours, filling slowly. Our boats were instructed not to bring the Russian sailors to Vicksburg, offering the Zadrif temporarily, but offer was declined."

The news that the United States had assented to the extension of the Pacific cable to Japan with the reasons therefor assigned in the dispatches from Washington, still further aggravates the popular belief that the United States is siding with Japan against Russia. The few Americans in St. Petersburg have all remarked upon the changed demeanor of their Russian friends. Formerly they were treated with the greatest cordiality, but now the Russians greet them with the question: "Is America our secret enemy, and will we have to fight her, also, before the war comes to an end?"

In a dispatch from St. Petersburg, the correspondent of the Echo de Paris writes that the Russian general staff is saying that complete reports of the latest Port Arthur attacks have not yet been received, but that a consideration of the information already in possession of the government shows that in the bombardment of the night of February 22-24 three Japanese vessels were sunk in addition to the transports. An official dispatch shows that one Japanese torpedo boat destroyer was sunk, and the best information at Chefoo indicates that three such vessels were lost.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Times telegraphs that the Russian cruiser Dmitri Donskoi has captured three steamers lying the British flag which were conveying 15,000 tons of coal to Nagasaki.

The correspondent further asserts that Russia's plan of campaign contemplates the retirement of Russian troops without opposition to the Japanese landing, and when sufficient reinforcements arrive, the offensive will be taken and Port Arthur will be relieved.

The feeling in Russia that the United States is unfriendly to her seems to become daily more prominent, especially since the Vicksburg incident at Chemulpo, when the commander of American gunboat is said to have refused to unite with the commanders of other foreign warships at Chemulpo to protest against the fighting which has been going on.

The fact that the Japanese have renewed the attack on Port Arthur is interpreted in St. Petersburg to mean that they are determined to bottle up or destroy the Russian fleet in order to give themselves freedom for maneuvers to cut off or invest the city, or as a feint to cover a movement elsewhere.

At about 1 o'clock Wednesday morning the Japanese made a desperate attempt to block the entrance of the inner harbor and dock. With this object four merchant steamers, accompanied by torpedo vessels, were sent from two sides towards the entrance of the channel. The movement was perceived by the Retvizan, which has been lying in the channel since being disabled by the Japanese attack of February 8, and she opened fire immediately. At the same time the guns of the forts on Tiger peninsula, Golden Hill, and Electric cliff, were turned upon the enemy and a furious cannonade ensued, lasting until 5 o'clock in the morning. Then the fir-

ing slackened and became desultory. The Japanese had failed to effect their purpose. All four steamers were sunk and are now lying in the following positions: One behind Golden Hill, one near the Retvizan, two between the entrance of the channel and the Liao-Thie-Shan peninsula. The cruisers Bayan and Novik pursued the Japanese torpedo flotilla, and it is said that one of the torpedo boats was sunk. At about 9 in the morning a Japanese squadron of considerable size approached Port Arthur and the Bayan and Novik were ordered to face the Japanese ships, which, however, did not open fire and afterwards steamed away in the direction of Port Dalny.

Reliable reports from northern Korea indicate that the Russians have not yet crossed the Yalu river. Their scouts have, it is rumored, penetrated into the country south of Wiju, but the main force, estimated at 20,000 to 40,000 men, remains north of the river. From Seoul it is reported that the Russians are keeping communication between Wiju and Anju, Korea, open. Otherwise no advance to the southward has yet been made. Russian spies, however, are reported to be in the vicinity of Ping-Yang.

Cabling from Chee Foo on Feb. 23, a correspondent of the London Post says 40,000 more Japanese troops have landed at Chemulpo and that he has received confirmation of the report that some Japanese have landed at Pigeon bay, others at Talien-Wan, and that an engagement occurred the night of Feb. 12. The correspondent of the Daily Mail reports a panic at Ping-Yang, Korea, which is regarded as heralding the approach of the opposing armies. In a dispatch from Tokio a correspondent of the Times says some hundreds of Cosackes reached Chonju, 30 miles south of the Yalu river, the afternoon of Feb. 20. Thirty troops crossed the river at Kazan the same evening, thus arriving within 45 miles of Ping-Yang, Korea.

Secretary Hay has received information that Japan has negotiated a treaty with Korea, whereby she guarantees the independence and integrity of Korea. This is regarded as one of the cleverest of the many startling diplomatic moves that have been made in connection with the whole eastern question. The effect is to place Japan on a high moral plane, for it is understood that this treaty is an announcement to the world that even if she prevails in her struggle with Russia, involving military occupation of Korea, Japan will still maintain the independence of the Hermit Kingdom.

On the other hand, the Russian note complaining of the violation of Korean neutrality by Japan is believed to be intended to pave the way for future heavy reclamations, indeed involving the seizure of Korea by Russia and its annexation for violation of neutrality in the event that Russia triumphs in the present struggle.

Contrasting the two positions, an official pointed out that the attitude of Japan toward Korea was very similar to that of the United States to Cuba.

A St. Petersburg correspondent asserts that negotiations are going on for the passage of the Dardanelles by the Russian Black sea fleet, Russia is determined to get her ships through, the correspondent avers, even if it is necessary to adopt the subterfuge of altering their appearance, disguising them as merchantmen. The porte is almost willing, and if England makes any objection, the dispatch continues, "it will be the signal for an immediate advance toward India."

Admiral Alexieff's retirement to Harbin with his staff is interpreted to mean that he is convinced the Japanese will besiege Port Arthur. The fleet has received instructions not to engage in any fight at present, but to remain on the defensive until the beginning of July, when a half of the whole Baltic fleet will be dispatched to the far east. It is hoped also by that time that part of the Black sea fleet will be also on the way. Work on all the ships under construction is being speedily pushed forward.

The London Daily Mail correspondent cables from Seoul: "Russians have crossed the Yalu in force and are advancing steadily southwards. The crossing continues mainly at Wiju and Yungpo Jin. Six hundred Siberian rifles are reported to have occupied San Chiu. Anjo is occupied by a strong Russian force and scouting parties have been reported well to the southward of that place. The Japanese division, consisting of probably 20,000 men, has begun to advance on Anjo from Wonson. A general advance has been ordered."

Mr. Hale declared in the senate Friday that for this session, at least, the issue of a general ship subsidy was dead.

Cincinnati surgeons are marveling at the feat of Dr. Von der Berg, a Berlin savant, visiting in Covington, Ky., who has restored sight to Frank Garrity by the removal of his paralyzed eye, the rearrangement of dislocated arteries, and the replacement of the orb.

Jewel cases, owned by daughters of some of the wealthiest families in the east, were despoiled by a clever burglar who obtained entrance to a select school for young ladies at Pelham Manor, near New York. The robber made off with property worth more than \$3,000.

Hanna's Last Letter. Senator Hanna's last letter, pencilled to the president a few days before his death, and which is to be preserved by the president, after copies have been made for the senator's family, was as follows:

"My Dear Mr. President--You touched a tender spot, old man, when you called personally to inquire after this morning. I may be worse before I can be better, but all the same such 'drops' of kindness are good for a fellow. Sincerely yours, 'M. A. HANNA.'"

The next day a reply was received from the president with a note stating that it was to be shown to the senator when Mrs. Hanna thought best. Senator Hanna never saw the reply, which was as follows:

"Feb. 6, 1904.--Dear Senator--Indeed, it is YOUR letter from your sick bed which is touching, not my visit. May you very soon be with us again, old fellow, as strong in body and as vigorous in your leadership and your friendship as ever. Faithfully yours, 'THEODORE ROOSEVELT.'"

The Treaty Rostfled. President Roosevelt, Friday, signed the proclamation putting into effect the treaty with Panama regarding the isthmian canal. As soon as the proclamation was signed it was returned to the State Department, where the exchange of ratifications already had taken place between Secretary of State Hay and Minister Bunau-Varilla, of Panama. This exchange marks the close of diplomatic negotiations looking to the acquisition by the United States of canal rights on the isthmus, running back to the first quarter of the last century. What remains to be done now is nothing more than the adjustment of certain legal questions by the law officers of this government.

Rochester Loses \$5,000,000. A great fire broke out in the business district of Rochester, N. Y., Friday, which became so violent that Buffalo and Syracuse were wired for assistance, and dynamite was used to check the conflagration. An estimate of the probable loss places the amount at \$5,000,000. During the afternoon the firemen seemed to have complete control over the fighting. The extreme cold made fire fighting difficult and hazardous, as the ladders were coated with ice.

A movement is on foot to double the capacity of the Grand Trunk shops in Port Huron.

AMUSEMENTS IN DETROIT. Week Ending March 5.

DETROIT--Wm. H. Crane at 2; Evenings at 8--Wm. H. Crane. Lyceum--Madame, Wed. and Sat. 8. Evenings 10. 30, 50, 75.--'Foxy Grandpa.' WITNEY--Madame 10, 15, and 25. Evenings 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 55, 60, 65, 70, 75, 80, 85, 90, 95, 100. TEMPLE THEATRE AND WOODWARD--Evenings 2:15, 10 to 12; 5:15, 10 to 10:30. 4:15, 5:15, 6:15, 7:15, 8:15, 9:15, 10:15. 4:15, 5:15, 6:15, 7:15, 8:15, 9:15, 10:15. 4:15, 5:15, 6:15, 7:15, 8:15, 9:15, 10:15.

Live Stock. Detroit--Choice steers, \$4 60 @ 4 65; good to choice butcher steers, 1.00 to 1.20, lbs. \$2 85 @ 4 25; light to good butcher steers, \$4 00 @ 4 25; best fat cows, \$3 25 @ 4; mixed butchers' fat cows, \$3 60 @ 5; canners, \$4 @ 2; common feds, \$3 60 @ 5; good feds, \$4 25 @ 5; light to good stockers, \$3 25 @ 4; mixed cows, good quality, \$2 50 to \$5. Veal calves, best grades, \$5 75 @ 6; light to good butchers, \$5 00 @ 6; pigs, \$5 20 @ 5 50; light Yorkers, \$5 50 @ 6; heavy, \$5 80 @ 6 50; mixed, \$5 50 @ 6; best western lambs, \$5 90 @ 6; fair to good lambs, \$5 45 @ 5 75; light to common lambs, \$4 75 @ 5; fair to good butcher sheep, \$3 50 @ 4; culls and common, \$2 50 @ 3.

Chicago--Good to prime steers, \$4 90 @ 5 65; poor to medium, \$3 50 @ 4 60; stockers and feeders, \$2 50 @ 4 20; best milkers, \$15 00 @ 20 00; medium, \$12 50 @ 15 00; bulls, \$2 64 @ 3 50; 60 @ 25; Texas fed steers, \$4 64 @ 6 50; mixed, \$4 75 @ 5 50; good to choice heavy, \$5 60 @ 6 75; heavy, \$5 35 @ 5 55; light, \$4 40 @ 20; bulk of sales, \$4 50 @ 5 50. Sheep--Good to choice wethers, \$4 25 @ 5 00; fair to choice mixed, \$3 65 @ 4 25; western sheep, \$4 15 @ 5 25; native lambs, \$4 50 @ 5 25.

Best Buffalo--Best export steers, \$4 75 @ 5 25; best 200 to 1,500 spring steers, \$4 55 @ 4 80; good 1,000 to 1,100 butcher steers, \$4 15 @ 4 55; 900 to 1,000 butcher steers, \$3 85 @ 4 25; best fat cows, \$3 50 @ 3 75; fair to good, \$2 75 @ 3 00; common cows, \$2 00 @ 2 25; trimmers, \$1 50 @ 1 75; 100 @ 60 00; medium, \$3 00 @ 3 20; medium heifers, \$3 00 @ 3 20; light fat heifers, 700 to 1,000, \$3 50 @ 3 75; best yearling steers, \$3 25 @ 3 50; common stockers, \$15 00 @ 20 00; export bulk, \$4 00 @ 25; little Jersey bulls, \$2 50 @ 2 00; bologna bulls, \$2 25 @ 3 50; cows, best milkers, \$15 00 @ 20 00; medium, \$3 00 @ 3 20; common, \$17 00 @ 22 00. Calves--Best, \$3 25 @ 3 50; fair to good, \$3 50 @ 4 75. Hogs--Yorkers, \$5 70 @ 5 75; mixed, \$5 80 @ 5 90; heavy, \$5 80 @ 5 90; pigs, \$5 40 @ 5 50. Sheep--Best western lambs, \$5 40 @ 6 00; best natives, \$5 75 @ 6 85; fair to good, \$5 00 @ 5 75; light to medium, \$5 50 @ 6 00; mixed sheep, \$4 60 @ 4 85; fair to good, \$4 25 @ 4 50; culls and bucks, \$3 25 @ 3 50; fat hogs, \$4 50 @ 5 00; wethers, \$4 75 @ 5 00; yearlings, \$5 50 @ 5 75.

Grain, Etc. Detroit--Wheat--No. 1 white, \$1 12; No. 2 red spot, 2 cars at \$1 11, 2 cars at \$1 12, 2 cars at \$1 13; best and at \$1 14, close \$1 12 nominal; May, 2,000 bu at \$1 11, 5,000 bu at \$1 11 1/2, 10,000 bu at \$1 11 1/2, 5,000 bu at \$1 11 1/2, 10,000 bu at \$1 12 1/2, closing nominal at \$1 11; July, 5,000 bu at \$1 09, 10,000 bu at \$1 09 1/2, 5,000 bu at \$1 01, 5,000 bu at \$1 01 1/2, 5,000 bu at \$1 02; No. 3 red, \$1 10 per bu. Corn--No. 3 mixed, 4c; No. 2 yellow, 1 car at 4 1/2 c; No. 2 do, 2 cars at 4 1/2 c; No. 1 do, 2 cars, 4 1/2 c per bu. Oats--No. 3 white spot, 3 cars at 4 1/2 c per bu. Rye--2 1/2 spot, 80c bid. Beans--Spot and February, \$1 95; March, \$1 95; both nominal.

Chicago--Wheat--Cash sales, No. 2 spring, 93c @ 1 07; No. 3, 92c @ 1 03; No. 2 red, \$1 06 @ 1 10. Corn--No. 2, 5 1/2 c; No. 2 yellow, 5 1/4 c. Oats--No. 2, 4 1/2 c; No. 2 yellow, 4 1/2 c. Common No. 3 white, 4 1/2 @ 4 5/4 c. Barley--Good feeding, 42 @ 42c; fair to choice malling, 48 @ 55c.

Dick Succeeds Hanna. Gen. Chas. Dick was nominated by acclamation for both the unexpired and regular terms for United States senator to succeed the late Senator Hanna, at the caucus of the Republican members of the Ohio legislature. Gen. Dick was the only one presented. As the Republicans have a large majority in both branches, Gen. Dick's election is assured and the balloting on March 1 will be only a formality.

Paris advises state that an arbitration treaty is likely soon to be signed by France and the United States.

SUCCESS IN OBSCURITY.

There's a song for the man who is lucky and bold,
For the man who has fate on his side;
There are cheers for the folk that are jingling the gold,
And are drifting along with the tide.
But the man who is striving to get to the land
And facing the hungry wave's crest,
We quite overlook, for we don't understand
The fellow that's doing his best.
But he has his rewards when the story is done,
Though we smile as he plods on his way,
For his own self-esteem is the prize he has won.
And securely he's stood in the fray,
And he knows the affection of home and of friends,
And the pleasure of honest-earned rest;
There are peace and good will, as the twilight descends,
For the fellow that's doing his best.
—Washington Star.



A REPORTER'S GOOD FORTUNE

By CHARLES AUSTIN HARTLEY
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I was kneeling on a carpet of forest leaves, dropping twenty-dollar gold pieces into my hat, as an officer of the law checked them off. While in the midst of this unusual occupation I heard a slight rustle at my side, and, looking up, beheld Rollin Pemberton gazing down at me. I had not seen him for five years, and at parting our relations were not cordial, but he addressed me in a tone of voice which indicated that whatever ill-feeling he may have borne me had disappeared in the lapse of time. I returned his salutation and went on dropping gold into my hat, followed by other metals and paper currency to the amount of five thousand dollars. Then I arose to my feet, brushed the leaves from my clothing and calmly surveyed my audience, which consisted of a man in shackles, two officers and Mr. Pemberton.

Five years before I had left Mr. Pemberton's presence after a rather stormy interview, in which his daughter Maude and myself were principally interested. I had sought his consent to our marriage. He stormed and raged until I feared that he would topple over from heart failure. "You are too young to think of such a thing as marriage!" he exclaimed. "It is preposterous! Go away and stay five years. You are both mere children!"

Well, I went away after an understanding with Maude. We were to remain faithful though the heavens fell. We half way admitted, however, that the old gentleman was right. I joined the staff of a progressive city daily, and in the course of time reached a place where I could count on good assignments, requiring penetration and perseverance. One night a brief telegram came in from a town fifty miles away. It was from a friend of the paper, and said: "Send a man to Bowlington at once. Good story for right man. Sensational!"

An hour later I was on my way to Bowlington by rail, and by daylight I was at the city prison, the most likely place, I thought, to pick up the scent of the story I was after. Just as I arrived two officers were in the act of bundling a man in irons into an express wagon. After a few guarded inquiries I learned that an old gentleman had been robbed of five thousand dollars the night before in the principal hotel of the town, and that two suspects had been arrested ten miles away and brought back. They had nothing on their persons to fasten the crime on them, but nevertheless, they were thrust into prison at the county seat. Finally, one of them weakened and offered to conduct the officers to the place where the money was secreted. This they were on the point of doing when I arrived. I managed to join the party with the expectation that I would get back in time to gather the town end of the story and

used it as a cane for some distance. I had not gone a hundred yards before I noticed a broken weed with the top lying in the direction I was going. A little further along a severed limb, and brain, and health and passion furnished evidence that some human being or a lower animal had passed along that way shortly before. I followed the direction of these signs. A heavy shower had fallen late in the night, and had obliterated any evidence of overturned leaves. I had not proceeded one-fourth of the distance through the timber when I noticed a peculiar looking hump beside a cluster of bushes. I had been jabbing my stick into hollow logs and other places likely to be chosen by the thief. The hump which I have mentioned did not seem to invite investigation; the rain had beaten the leaves down and they looked as if they might have been undisturbed for a year, but as I passed, I poked at the little elevation in a mechanical sort of way. I felt something spongy; I scraped the leaves away and there lay a canvas bag! I at once called the other members of the party to my side before I removed the bag from its hiding place. Then at the direction of the officers the bag was opened and the money counted. The value of each piece being noted in a small vest pocket book by one of the officers. The full amount of five thousand dollars was there.

This was the money I was dropping into my hat, piece by piece, when Rollin Pemberton came up. I did not know that he was interested in the matter and had no idea how he came to be on the scene—that place being a thousand miles from his home. The officers took charge of the money and we turned back toward the highway. Mr. Pemberton fell in at my side and we walked away together. "Ralph," he said—Ralph Walton is my name—after an embarrassing pause, "that was well done."
"By the merest accident," I assured him. "I had no more idea of finding that money than I have of flying to China this moment."
"Well, I feel easier over it, at any rate," he went on. "That was about the size of my pile of ready money." Then came my turn to be surprised. "Yours," I exclaimed. "How does that come about?"
"I am the old party who was robbed."
Then came the explanation. Mr. Pemberton and his daughter had started for a distant part of the country to purchase some property. He had carried that money with him in order to pay cash. He had been traced by two robbers and his money stolen. He had heard of the attempt to recover the money and together with his daughter had followed in a carriage. Maude had remained at the roadside in the carriage which was drawn up under an apple tree, while

but I know that it was left in this forest," waving his hands in no particular direction.

You can realize that this was very indefinite information. However, we started out, one officer and the prisoner going in one direction, the second officer took another course and I strolled away by myself. I had but little faith in the story of the alleged penitent prisoner and less hope of locating the stolen money. I had made up my mind that the prisoner was attempting to play a sharp trick—seeking an opportunity to escape. I picked up a stick as I started and



Maude had remained at the roadside in the carriage.

er and thither, often from friendliness, often for diversion, and sometimes for mere curiosity.

In 1788 Burns married Jean Armour and cut off his last ties with Edinburgh, purchased a small farm at Ellisland and accepted the office of exciseman. Burns himself has left on record that this time and the few succeeding years was the happiest period of his life. He had friends, with whom he kept up a constant correspondence; he had a wife and children who loved him; he was secure upon his farm, with his commission as exciseman to fall back upon.

Here at Ellisland, in the full tide of health and spirits, Burns dashed off that incomparable poem, "Tam O'Shanter." Here in the "Tam O'Shanter" tavern, as it is now called, Burns tells us:

"As market night,
Tam had got planted uncop right;
Past by an ingle blazing finely,
Wi' reaming swats, that drank divinely."
And so on, through the entirety of that famous poem, with its swing and its dash, on until we remember now how we trembled as a child when, pursued by all the witches and elves and devils, poor Tam dashes wildly on, "well mounted on his gray mare Meg," until they come to the "Brig o' Doon."

The farm at Ellisland turned out badly, and Burns lost considerable of his splendid health and spirits. He sold the farm and removed his family to Dumfries.

At this time Burns wrote the unfortunate reasonable verses at the inn of Stirling, on the window pane. Dumfries began to regard Burns with a dark lower. The political times were troublous; religious affairs were in deep commotion. And we finally hear of Burns, at a dinner party, when the health of Pitt was proposed, jumping upon his feet and quickly proposing the health of "George Washington—a better man," and of

the advice, therefore, met with his consideration. And it is indeed a curious historical fact that the poems that Scotland now regards as the most precious in her possession should have been published in order to raise money sufficient to enable their author to flee the country.

FAMED BOBBY BURNS

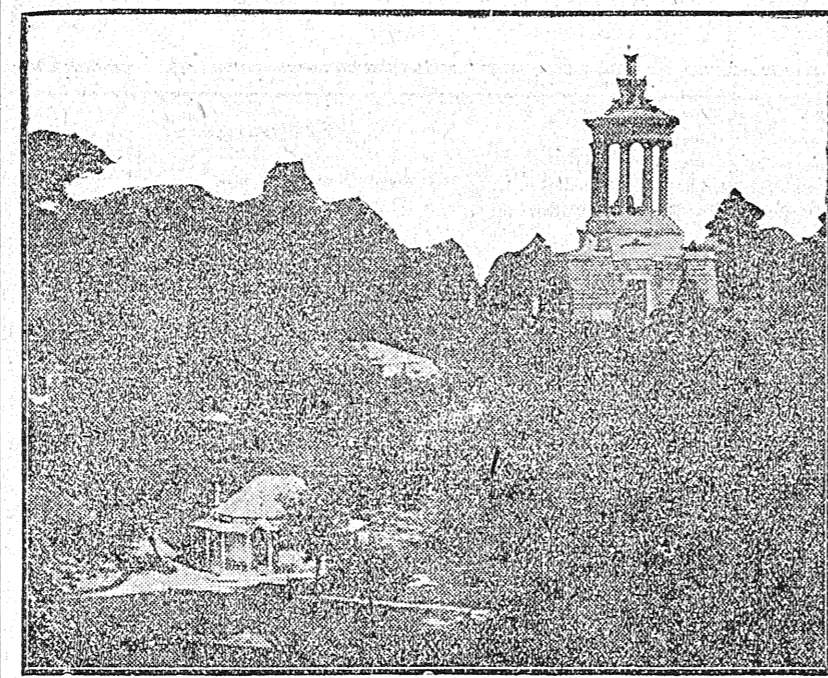
EVENTS IN LIFE OF SCOTIA'S GREAT POET.

Dark Times in His Career the Result of Unfortunate Environments—Was Once on the Point of Leaving His Native Land Forever.

(Special Correspondence.)

The poet of Scotland, Robert Burns, was born two miles south of Ayr, in the neighborhood of Alloway kirk and the old bridge of Doon, on the 25th of January, 1759. The cottage was a clay one and had been constructed by his father.

William Burns, the father, who spelled his name with the extra e, was an admirable type of Scottish yeoman, and much superior to the people with whom he dwelt in daily contact, for peasant he never was. Thus the poet,



Burns' Monument, Ayr.

Robert Burns, and he was first born, inherited a general superiority, a sensitiveness and brain quality from his father, and from his mother a love for song and ballad and a most excellent memory.

When Burns was 16 his family removed to Lochlea. Here Burns attended dancing school and his brother Gilbert tells us that his brother Robert was almost constantly in love. In his 19th year Burns, still attending dancing school and still falling in love, still becoming acquainted with the inside of jolly taverns, seems to have met (and liked) various smugglers who frequented his rugged coast and to have been attracted by their lawless ways. Just at this time too, he had been jilted by a sweetheart, and the reckless life of the smugglers afforded ample opportunity for his feelings and morbidness to work themselves off. About this time Burns became an enthusiastic Mason.

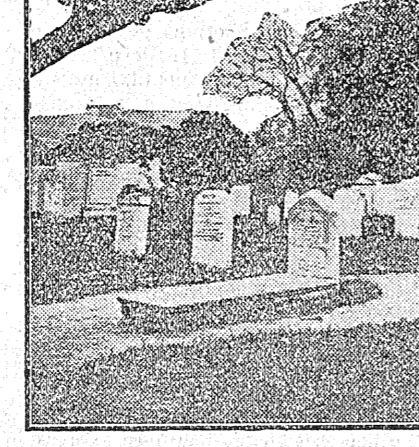
After the death of their father in Ayr, Burns and his brother Gilbert bought a farm and removed to Moss-giel, Burns being now 24 years of age, and came to his full strength of limb, and brain, and health and passion.

The fortunes of the young man at this time were intricate and rather bad. The farm was paying but poorly or not at all, and his unfortunate relations with Jean Armour were at a crisis. Burns resolved to leave the country and made arrangements to act as bookkeeper in Jamaica.

But, difficulties still increased, Burns had insufficient money to pay his passage to Jamaica. Upon the advice of his friends and acquaintances he resolved to publish his verses, written from time to time and read or sung in merry company or to his brother and sisters. Burns knew the poetry possessed merit, and

his being sulky that his toast was not received with favor.

He was in a chronic state of irritation against himself and against the world in general at this period, although we are glad to know the period was short. This is the darkest hour of Burns' life, and we like to think how quickly the sky cleared. In 1795 he wrote and published the patriotic song, "Does Haughty Gaul Invasion Threat?" This song immediately became popular, and showed at once to the world that the heart of the writer was sound to the core, and that he wished to steer a firm but cheerful middle course during those troubled times.

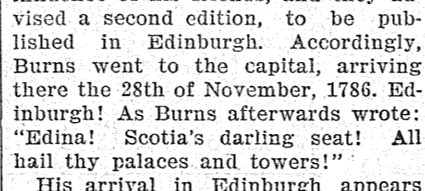


Alloway Kirk. In the quiet churchyard here many members of the Burns family are interred.

The following is from a circular sent out by the Kansas Experiment station:

Rabies does not occur most frequently during hot weather, as is generally believed, the greatest losses occurring during the fall and spring, but it may occur at any season of the year. The disease seems to appear periodically, some years no outbreaks being reported, and other years the losses are frequent and severe. Rabies is a disease of the nervous system that is transmitted from one animal to another by direct inoculation through a wound, usually a bite from a rabid animal. It is possible that food or water contaminated by an animal affected with rabies may infect animals having sores in the mouth or digestive tract, or the infected saliva being deposited upon an open wound or irritated mucous membrane may cause the disease.

LIVE STOCK



Rabies.

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Rabies does not occur most frequently during hot weather, as is generally believed, the greatest losses occurring during the fall and spring, but it may occur at any season of the year. The disease seems to appear periodically, some years no outbreaks being reported, and other years the losses are frequent and severe. Rabies is a disease of the nervous system that is transmitted from one animal to another by direct inoculation through a wound, usually a bite from a rabid animal. It is possible that food or water contaminated by an animal affected with rabies may infect animals having sores in the mouth or digestive tract, or the infected saliva being deposited upon an open wound or irritated mucous membrane may cause the disease.

The disease as observed during the year 1902 was among cattle, except in one instance, where two horses died. The loss to twenty-seven head. In one herd of sixteen head, eleven died from rabies. In four out of the seven outbreaks reported, a dog supposed to be rabid was known to have bitten or been among the affected cattle. The disease usually occurs in from five to ten days after the animals are bitten, and, among cattle, they may continue to develop the disease for from eight to ten weeks after the first case occurs.

The symptoms vary considerably even among cattle. The affected animal becomes nervous and excited, in many cases vicious, attacking persons and smaller animals, particularly. In some instances they will dash at a person but suddenly stop a few feet away. There is a peculiar wild or vacant stare. Affected cattle will often push and maul other animals in the herd, and there is a tendency to lick the genital organs of other cattle. As the disease progresses they become more excited and will often emit a hoarse bellow frequently or almost continuously. In many cases there is often violent straining as if to pass dung, the rectum often being everted. Paralysis often occurs, and is first noticed in a wobbling, uncertain gait, and later the hind quarters give way and the animal is unable to rise. In a few cases the animals will fall in convulsions. In all cases animals will eat and drink water until paralysis of the throat makes it difficult or impossible. There is frequent shaking and swinging of the head and opening of the jaws, with dripping of a rosy or frothy saliva from the mouth. There is a tendency for rabid animals to eat dirt, dung, stocks, etc.

Post-mortem examination shows no signs of disease, although the body is unusually stiff and rigid and the stomach contains dirt and other foreign material. There is no treatment for rabid animals, as death always occurs. Affected animals should be isolated, or destroyed at once to put them out of misery, and to prevent possible infection of others. Water tanks and mangers should be emptied and thoroughly disinfected by using a strong solution of concentrated lye, or a five per cent solution of carbolic acid. Food contaminated with saliva should be burned. Suspected dogs should be destroyed. Persons should exercise utmost caution to avoid being bitten or infected through wounds on the hands while caring for infected animals.

Consumption of Water by Horses.

In a number of feeding experiments carried on with horses at the experiment stations in the United States the amount of water consumed has been recorded. In tests at the New Hampshire station, in which the ration consisted of different grain mixtures, with timothy hay and corn fodder, it was found that the quantity of water consumed varied from 70.94 pounds to 90.4 pounds per horse per day. It was observed that both the ration consumed and the amount of work performed influenced the quantity of water drunk, although the individuality of the horse had the most marked effect. The amount of water consumed by horses on rations of timothy hay and alfalfa hay (with oats) was studied at the Utah station. It was found that on an average larger amounts were consumed with the latter than with the former, the average amounts per day being some 78.51 and 88.85 pounds, respectively. The greater consumption of water on the alfalfa ration induced a greater elimination by the kidneys, but so far as could be observed this was not attended by any bad results nor was it found inconvenient. At the Oklahoma station a pair of mules during hot summer weather, drank 113 pounds of water per head daily, and on one day the pair drank 350 pounds. On an average a pair of mules and horses, each weighing 2,130 pounds, drank 107 pounds of water per head per day while at moderate work. In these tests the grain ration consisted of kafir corn, maize, oats and bran.—Bulletin 125, Department of Agriculture.

The Growing Lambs.

A. G. Gamley of Manitoba, in an address to farmers said: By the time the lambs are a month old the spring will have come; and if all has gone well with the shepherd and his flock, it ought to be in good shape to commence the summer operations. For a week or two feed them a few oat

INTERESTING TO AMERICANS.

Western Canada Will Soon Become the Supply Depot for Wheat for Great Britain.

During the past year about 50,000 Americans went from the United States to Canada. Most of these settled upon farm lands, and the writer is informed by agents of the Canadian Government that the greatest success has followed the efforts of nearly all. To their friends on this side of the boundary line the fullest assurance is given of the prosperity that is in store for them. There will always be a splendid market for all the grain, cattle, and other produce that can be raised in Western Canada, and with the advantages offered of a free homestead of 160 acres of land, and other lands which may be bought cheaply, an excellent climate, splendid school system, educational advantages of the best, what more is required. The husbandman gets more return for his money than in any other country in the world.

On the occasion of Sir Wilfred Laurier's visit to the Corn Exchange, London, England, Colonel Montgomery, V. D., made several important statements. "The function," he said, "which you have just been assisting in connection with a kindred association has doubtless shown you the importance of the provision trade of Liverpool in its relationship with the Dominion, and the enormous possibilities of the future development of that trade. Well, the grain trade of Liverpool has interests with Canada no less important than those of the provision trade. When it is borne in mind that 80 per cent of the breadstuffs of this great country has to be brought from abroad, you will readily appreciate with what great satisfaction we view the large and steadily increasing supplies of grain which are annually available for export from Canada, and I challenge contradiction when I say that of the wheats we import from Russia, India, the Pacific, and the length and breadth of the United States, none gives more general satisfaction, none is more generally appreciated than that raised in the Province of Manitoba. We cannot get enough of it, and it is no exaggeration to say that there are before us dozens of millers who hunger for it. This is not the time to enter into statistical questions, but we look forward with confidence to the time at which, with the present rate of progress, the Dominion of Canada will have a sufficient surplus of wheat to render this country independent of other sources of supply. I think I may, with justifiable pride, remind you that this is the chief grain market of the British Empire, and through its excellent geographical position, as well as through the enterprise of its millers, it is now the second milling center in the world." Send to any authorized Canadian Government agent for copy of Atlas and information as to railway rate, etc.

Meat as Seen by the Butcher.

At the last meeting of the Illinois Live Stock Breeders' Association, held at the Illinois Agricultural college, several hundred people gathered in the animal judging room to witness the meat-cutting demonstration. Mr. Samuel White, a Chicago butcher, made the demonstration. The standard rib roast (including seven ribs) is the part that is injured most by being too fat. Much of the tenderloin used in hotels and restaurants is taken from "canners," as the butcher can't afford to sell the tenderloin from high-priced meat, as it forms the best part of the porterhouse. In America the choice cuts sell at a high price because there is little demand for the rest of the carcass. Porterhouse and sirloin can be bought cheaper in England than in the United States because there is a greater demand for the other parts of the carcass. Chuck brings about 6 cents per pound in Chicago and 15 cents in London, while porterhouse brings 25 cents in Chicago and from 15 to 20 cents per pound in London. The American butcher has to make his profits from a small part of the carcass, while the English butcher makes his profits from all parts of the carcass. Porterhouse steak is an American term and is not generally known in England.

Room for the Litters.

A swine breeder says that in raising pigs one should have a house and separate lot for each sow and her litter. This may be demanding a little too much, but it may be that the best results can be obtained only in this way. If one cannot give a separate lot to each sow, he can at least give a separate house. Fortunately a hog house need not cost much. Some of our experiment stations have a house for each brood sow, but give them only one large lot, in which to run. While the pigs are so young that they take only their mother's milk it is better to keep the litters separate, but when the pigs have become old enough to eat slop made of milk, ship stuff and the like, the litters may be allowed to run together.

How Nature Prunes.

While the trees are pushing up most rapidly, the side branches are most quickly overshadowed, and the process of natural pruning goes on with the greatest vigor. Natural pruning is the reason why old trees in a dense forest have only a small crown high in the air, and why their tall trunks are clear of branches to such a height from the ground. The trunks of trees grown in the open, where even the lower limbs have abundance of light are branched either quite to the ground or to within a short distance of it. But in the forest not only are the lower side branches continually dying for want of light, but the tree rids itself of them after they are dead and so frees its trunk from them entirely. When a branch dies, the annual layer of new wood is no longer deposited upon it. Consequently the dead branch, where it is inserted in the tree, makes a little hole in the first coat of living tissue formed over the live wood after its death. The edges of this hole make a sort of collar about the base of the dead branch, and as a new layer is added each year they press it more and more tightly. So strong does this compression of the living wood become that at last what remains of the dead tissue has so little strength that the branch is broken off by a storm or even falls of its own weight. Then in a short time, if all goes well, the hole closes, and after awhile little or no exterior trace of it remains. Knots, such as those which are found in boards, are the marks left in the trunk by branches which have disappeared.—Gifford Pinchot.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury.

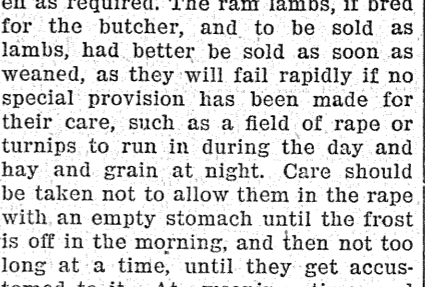
As mercury will surely destroy the system and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is too great for you to possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Buy Hall's Catarrh Cure, be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials gratis. Sold by Druggists. Price, 75c. per bottle. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

For 61-65 Money Order.

The John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., mail postal 15 trees, consisting of Apple, Apples, Crab Apples, Cherries, Plums, Peaches and Pears, just the thing for a city or country garden, including the great Bismark Apple, all hardy Wisconsin stock, are sent you free upon receipt of \$1.65. AND FOR 16c AND THIS NOTICE.

you get sufficient seed of Celery, Carrot, Cabbage, Onion, Lettuce, Radish and Flower Seeds to furnish bushels of choice flowers and lots of vegetables for a big family, together with our great plant and seed catalog. (W. N. U.)

GOOD HOUSEKEEPERS Use the best. That's why they buy Red Cross Ball Blue. At leading grocers, 5 cents.



Indispensable For all aches from head to foot

St. Jacobs Oil

has curative qualities to reach the

PAINS and ACHES

of the human family, and to relieve and cure them promptly.

Price 25c. and 50c.

Good Food Means Strength.

You need the Best that can be bought for your table and

We Provide the Best

You can buy.

Large shipments received this week.

Everything Fresh.

H. L. HUNT.

Local Happenings.

The Social Workers of the Baptist Church will meet with Mrs. C. M. Seeley, in the Fritz Block, next Wednesday afternoon. Tea served at the usual hour to which all are most cordially invited.

We are informed that matters pertaining to the projected Lovejoy railroad through this section are moving along nicely, and we hope within thirty days to give our readers some very definite information regarding the same. Keep your ear to the ground!

Mrs. G. A. Striffler returned last Thursday evening from an extended visit at her parental home at Manitowoc, Wis., leaving her mother much improved in health. Owing to the delay in the train that day, Mr. Striffler thought best to drive to Clifford for his wife, but the train made better time than was expected, so he only went as far as Kingston.

Sheet music of all kinds can be had at this office. We have the complete McKinley edition of ten cent music and the McKinley folios which sell at fifty and seventy-five cents, for piano, violin, mandolin and guitar. We can also furnish the latest and best in higher-priced sheet music and have just arranged to handle orders for band and orchestra music. Ask for catalogue.

The Baptist Church was well filled last Sunday evening, the occasion being the farewell sermon of Rev. Rich. Weaver, who chose as his text the last verse of the last book of the Bible, "The grace of the Lord Jesus Christ be with you all." The reverend gentleman, with his wife and daughter, go to Williamston this week, and take with them the warmest good wishes of a large number of friends here.

One of the neatest and most attractive window displays seen here for some time was completed yesterday for Fairweather Bros., by their head clerk, F. A. Ellis. It is a grocery display in their west window, made up of canned, bottled and boxed goods, and speaks not only of the skill and taste of the window trimmer, but of the large and varied stock carried by the firm. See their new advertisement in this issue.

Notwithstanding the disagreeable evening, a large number attended the tea given by the M. E. Ladies' Aid Society, last evening at G. W. Seed's, corner of Pine and Grant Streets. The supper was an excellent one and all felt well repaid for their slight inconvenience in making the trip through the slush. These social occasions are seemingly becoming very popular and bringing our people to closer touch with each other.

Mrs. D. A. Freeman was most agreeably surprised on Monday evening, when about twenty members of the Lady Maccabees called on her. It has been eight long years since Mrs. Freeman has been able to celebrate a birthday, the anniversary of that event coming on Feb. 29th, and the members of the order thought it unfitting to let the occasion go by without being duly observed. During the evening a fine easy chair was presented to the hostess, upon whom the surprise was so complete as to render her well nigh speechless.

The mild weather which has prevailed for several days, up to last evening, led many to think that we were going to have a general break up, and this belief was strengthened when during last evening a heavy downfall of rain came, accompanied by thunder and lightning, but during the night there came a sudden cold wave, and actually—the thermometer which hung in front of this building has entirely disappeared. We don't know where it's gone to. The P. O. & N. R. has put forth every effort to keep its trains moving and has done well. In spite of all that could be done, however, the ice which has in many places covered the rails, on Tuesday threw the front trucks of an engine and two coaches off the rails near Deford, but they were replaced without serious trouble. Further trouble was encountered this side of Gagetown, so that the Tuesday evening train could not go beyond Cass City, and the engine was obliged to back down from here yesterday morning. The high winds and drifting snow of last night will make further trouble. There is some consolation, however, in this cold wave, as had the rain continued there would have been much danger from floods.

It Saved His Leg.

P. A. Danforth, of LaGrange, Ga., suffered for six months with a frightful running sore on his leg; but writes that Bucklen's Arnica Salve wholly cured it in five days. For Ulcers, Wounds, Piles, it's the best salve in the world. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c. Sold by T. H. Fritz, Druggist, Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston.

A SURE CURE

For Piles in Electric Ointment. Send 50c. by mail to E. J. H., 331 Woodbridge St., Detroit, Mich.

O-PINE SALVE cures PILES

and nothing else. 50 cents. Guns repaired at Knapp and Watson's, Caro.

"Mother's Bread." Try it. KANDY KITCHEN.

Northeast Kingston,

Rev. Peters, of Henderson, Mich., is assisting Mr. Wallace with his meetings here.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Stevenson spent Sunday with their daughter, Mrs. Will Wood.

Mr. Stevenson has secured the assistance of Harvey Wilcox for the coming summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lester are the proud parents of another daughter, which was born Wednesday, Feb. 24th.

Mr. Bland, who is one of the owners of the mill, moved here the other week, brought his family here last Saturday and will remain during the sawing season.

A sleighload of young people from here attended the Gleaner's social at Novesta last Friday evening. A fine program was furnished and then all proceeded to secure their suppers. All seemed to enjoy themselves.

Last Thursday night, about 11 o'clock, Lester Day awoke to find the roof of his house on fire. He at once set to work to extinguish it, and with the assistance of the neighbors soon had it put out. Mrs. Day, while helping, wrenched her ankle quite badly.

Last week's correspondence

Mrs. D. Ashley is numbered with the sick.

Geo. Ashcroft visited near Wickware Sunday.

Jesse Cooper is on the sick list at this writing.

Elli Leek made a business trip to Kingston Tuesday.

Clayton Lee made a business trip to Cass City Saturday last.

Miss Mary Osburn spent Sunday at her home near Marlette.

The meetings that were postponed a couple of weeks ago, began Wednesday evening.

The Misses Vera and Belle Schell, of Wilmot, spent Saturday and Sunday in this neighborhood.

Tragedy Averted,

"Just in the nick of time our little boy was saved" writes Mrs. W. Watkins, of Pleasant City, Ohio. "Pneumonia had played sad havoc with him and a terrible cough set in besides. Doctors treated him, but he grew worse every day. At length we tried Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, and our darling was saved. He's now sound, and well." Everybody ought to know, it's the only sure cure for Coughs, Colds and all Lung diseases. Guaranteed by T. H. Fritz, Druggist, Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston. Price 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles free.

His Satanic Majesty.

During the American Revolutionary war the colonists had great trouble with women who were determined royalists. "The sex," wrote the rebellious governor of New Jersey, "are mistresses of infinite craft and subtlety, and I never read of a great politician who did not employ petticoats to accomplish his designs. Certain it is that the greatest politician on record (I mean the devil) applied himself to a female agent to involve mankind in sin and ruin."

Dean Pigou tells in his book of anecdotes the story of the little girl who was much upset by a maiden aunt and posted in a hole in the garden a letter in these terms:

Dear Mr. Satan—Will you kindly come and take away Aunt Jane? She is a very fussy person and does worry me so. Yours affectionately, ALICE.

—WATERGATE.

He (whose wife has been reading some of his old love letters to her)—What is the use of keeping all those old things? —She—Lest we forget—lest we forget.—Brooklyn Life.

Power is a fretful thing and hath its wings always spread for flight.—Wallace.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

New Spring Goods.

We are showing this season the greatest assortment of spring goods ever shown. No pains have been spared in making our line complete.

New line Wash Goods in Colors and White, New line Suitsings, New line Prints, New line Gingham, New line Corsets, New line Embroideries, New line Laces, New line Ladies' Wrappers, New line Ladies' Skirts, New line Dress Goods, New line Dress Trimmings, Complete line Notions.

We come to the front this season with 1200 pair of Men's Overalls at 50c a pair. Best Overall in the state for the money. Also 1200 Men's Work Shirts 50c each. New line Men's Ties, New line Men's Fancy Shirts, New line Men's Collars, New line Men's Pants.

Floor Oilcloth and Carpets, just arrived complete new line.

No trouble to show goods.

You are invited to call and look over our line.

FAIRWEATHER BROS.

Gagetown

Miss Mabel Snarey, of Cass City, visited at the home of W. W. Bender last week.

Miss Nina Merritt did not return to her school in Grant last week on account of ill health.

The Gleaner social given at John Higgins' on Thursday evening was a gigantic success. Seventy persons said "excellent."

Will Wilson, north of town, had a fork stuck into his hand last Tuesday. Blood-poisoning set in and he has been unable to work since.

On Tuesday the remains of Donald Alexander were laid to rest in Elmwood cemetery. Deceased was an old and honored resident of Brookfield township.

On Wednesday morning Mrs. Jas. L. Purdy left for the Sunny South. She goes to Mt. Dora, Fla., where she will remain until spring, returning with Mrs. C. T. Purdy and a party of others who are now resorting there.

The coffee social at Jas. Dando's, given on Friday evening for the benefit of the M. E. society, was a splendid success. It was an enjoyable event for everyone present. Such an effort to afford desirable social gatherings is altogether commendable.

On Sunday afternoon, Mrs. Hugh J. McDonald was most agreeably surprised by the arrival of her oldest brother, Jonathan Parr, from Cardston, Alberta, N. W. T. He had not been home for nineteen years and scarcely recognized his younger brothers and sisters. Much of his time during his absence has been spent in Montana but at present he is engaged on a contract of grading several miles of railroad in Alberta. The weather at present renders operations impossible.

The body of Melvin Deneen arrived from Washington on Tuesday's train. It was interred in Williamson cemetery in Grant on Thursday. The young man went to the West fifteen years ago and is said to have owned some stock and 160 acres of land near Orting, south of Tacoma. Information sent to his brother, Arthur, states that the deceased was found in a woods, dead, having been missed from his ranch for about six weeks, but the red mark on the forehead and the fact that the body though discolored was not decayed in that humid atmosphere, suggests doubts of the faithfulness of the information given. Jas. L. Purdy who left Monday on a business trip to the west coast, goes prepared to investigate what property he owned and will probably ask the probate judge there to act as administrator. Unreasonable charges, amounting to over four hundred dollars, for embalming, undertaking and expressage were paid by the relatives.

—WATERGATE.

He (whose wife has been reading some of his old love letters to her)—What is the use of keeping all those old things? —She—Lest we forget—lest we forget.—Brooklyn Life.

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Freiburgers.

Last week's correspondence. A. Hunt did business in Ugly Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Pollard were in Ugly on Saturday.

Robt. McLaren was a business caller in Tyre Monday.

Johnston Hunt transacted business in Cass City on Friday.

Hiram Bradshaw, of Tyre, did business in town on Wednesday.

Eph. and Hiram Hunt transacted business in Ugly on Saturday.

Jerry McCarty, of Argyle, was a pleasant caller in town Tuesday.

Mrs. Chris Nolly and family, of Cass City, are visiting relatives in town.

Mrs. Joseph Brown, of Cumber, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. A. C. Graham, of this place.

Miss Ethel Hunt, who is teaching the McConnell school, east of Cass City, spent Saturday and Sunday at her parental home here.

There was a pleasant surprise party at the home of Jonston Hunt, north of town, on Friday evening. An enjoyable time was had by all.

Canboro.

Last week's correspondence.

Mrs. Frank Sweet is very low.

Guy Putnam has returned from the woods.

Jas. Parker lost a valuable horse one day last week.

Miss Minnie Hintze, of Linkville, is visiting friends here.

No school Monday because it was Washington's birthday.

No Sunday school Sunday on account of the snow storm.

Thos. Parker is doing chores for Jas. W. Brackenbury while he is away.

Perry Parker and Burdette Webster went to Sebawing after coal one day last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Mellendorf and Mrs. Leroy Caryl were Cass City callers Saturday.

Richard Jarvis and Miss Fannie Baskin visited the latter's home at Ugly over Sunday.

The Misses Anna Jarvis and Lydia Parker spent a pleasant afternoon at John Connell's last Friday.

Mrs. C. G. W. Parker celebrated her seventy-ninth birthday last Wednesday. She is quite smart for her age.

James W. Brackenbury left here Saturday for Canada, where he will work getting out timber for the Match Company of Detroit.

Three sleighloads from around here attended Fred Abbott's farewell party last Thursday evening. They intend to go west before long.

Names For Peanuts. Like the American flag, the American peanut is circling the globe, and it is acquiring some queer names in foreign countries.

In England and Scotland peanuts are called "monkey nuts." In Peru, where they are becoming very popular among the natives, they are termed "cacachatas." In Jamaica, West Indies, the local name is "pindars," and the pindar seller as he goes his rounds sings:

"Pindar dyah, young gentleman; Pindar dyah, young lady; Pindar dyah, young gentleman. Now call you 'pindar bwoy.'"

In West Virginia the country folk call peanuts "gubba peas" and in South Carolina "ground peas."

—WATERGATE.

Lawlessness in Chicago. An outspoken member of the board of aldermen in Chicago has been expressing his convictions with a freedom and earnestness which are highly refreshing. He talks in this wise: "Chicago is the most lawless city of the country, and a wave of anarchy and outlawry seems to be going over it at present. No one respects the law; no one respects the courts. A few hangings are what Chicago needs. There are policemen enough to patrol the city if they were active. Without more respect for law it would be impossible to preserve order if there were a policeman for every thug."

CASTORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

Greenleaf.

Last week's correspondence. Lagrippe is prevalent.

The roads are bad again. Monday was Washington's birthday.

Dan McRae was a caller in Cass City Saturday.

Mrs. Greene is very low at this writing of consumption.

Hector Livingston and Jas. Robertson were Ugly callers Friday.

Mrs. McDonald, of Gagetown, visited at A. Livingston's Tuesday.

A. Boomhower recently returned from a trip to Ohio—his native state.

Rev. A. B. Smith will deliver his farewell sermon next Sunday, Feb. 28th.

K. McRae was around Monday collecting the remainder of the minister's salary.

Wm. Wilkinson disposed of one of his horses to Mr. McDonald, of Austin, for \$140.

Aroh. Livingston made a trip to Brookfield and Owendale the last of the week.

L. McConnell will have an auction sale of farm implements and stock March 10th.

Mrs. E. McCauley and Miss Sarah McGilvray were callers at A. Livingston's Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Duncan Livingston are also rejoicing over the arrival of a little daughter.

Prayer meeting will be held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. Hempton Thursday evening.

The sweetest little lady in town has taken up her residence at the charming home of Mr. and Mrs. Duncan Gillies.

More Riots.

Disturbances of strikers are not nearly as grave as an individual disorder of the system. Overwork, loss of sleep, nervous tension will be followed by utter collapse, unless a reliable remedy is immediately employed. There's nothing so efficient to cure disorders of the Liver or Kidneys as Electric Bitters. It's a wonderful tonic, and effective nerve and the greatest all around medicine for run down systems. It dispels Nervousness, Rheumatism and Neuralgia and expels Malaria germs. Only 50c, and satisfaction guaranteed by T. H. Fritz, Druggist, Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston.

Resemblances.

"Everybody says the baby looks like you. Doesn't that please you?"

"I don't know," replied Popley, "but I tell you what—I'm glad nobody thinks of saying I look like the baby."—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

Novesta Corners.

Mrs. Geo. Scott has been wrestling with la grippe a few days.

Clayton Howard, of Capac, is visiting relatives in this vicinity.

John Hicks returned home from the north woods a short time ago.

Mrs. E. Francis was the guest of Mrs. Anna Handley last Tuesday.

George Heberton, of Shabbona, was a caller in this vicinity last Tuesday.

Mesdames Howey and Snover visited at Mrs. Frank Benidiot's last Tuesday.

Chas. Ashby and daughter, Miss Hellen, were callers in Cass City last Saturday.

Mrs. Wm. Churchill, who has been so very ill the past few weeks, is much improved at this writing.

Mrs. John McCaughna returned home last week from a brief visit with friends at Bancroft.

The Gleaners held a foot social last Friday night at the hall here. The proceeds were six dollars.

Lorren Weeks and wife were the guests of the former's parents, Walter Weeks and wife, last week.

Miss Mary Zinnecker, who has been caring for Mrs. Wm. Churchill the past three weeks, returned to her home in Cass City last Saturday.

—WATERGATE.

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19th Annual Clearing Sale 19th at J. S. McARTHUR'S.

Nineteen years ago we came to Cass City. It has been our custom to have a sale every year in March. Each sale has proved better than the previous one. So we expect that by placing on the market a much larger stock than ever before, to make this the banner sale of them all.

Our Entire Stock Will be Included in this Sale.

Notwithstanding the enormous advances in cotton goods we have an abundant stock, bought early last fall, at prices it will pay you to take advantage of. This sale will take in a big line of

Dress Goods, Linings, Gingham, Prints, Outings, Ladies' Tailor-Made Suits, Shirtwaists in silk and cotton, Underwear, Blankets, Quilts, Hosiery, Gloves Linens, Carpets, Oilcloth, Linoleum, and Everything in our Grocery Department.

Sale Begins Saturday, March 5th, Continues till Saturday, April 2nd. Come early and secure the best.

J. S. McARTHUR.

Telephone No. 34 for your Meats Oysters and Game. Butter and Eggs. YOUNG & BENKELMAN Cass City Meat Market.

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