

# CASS CITY ENTERPRISE.

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CASS CITY, MICH., JULY 18, 1901.

BY A. A. P. M'DOWELL

## Human Ingenuity

has failed to devise a means by which we can get something for nothing. The nearest we have heard to it is the



18 Pairs Ladies' \$3.00 Shoes for \$2.50  
37 " " 2.50 " " 2.00  
15 " " 2.00 " " 1.50  
17 " " 1.50 " " 1.25

The latest Toes, Button or Lace C, D, E.

All Men's, Boys', Children's Suits at big reductions. This is your opportunity. Butter and Eggs same as cash...

J. D. CROSBY & SON

Cass City's Shoe and Clothing Men

## HIS SOLDIER LIFE

Alex. W. Graham Tells a Little of His Experience in the Philippines.

"The brave man is not he who feels no fear; for that were stupid and irrational; but he whose noble soul is fearless and dares the danger nature shrinks from."



HAVING been most warmly welcomed home as previously reported, Alex. W. Graham, the son of Mr. and Mrs. D. R. Graham, has favored our sanctum with a call and in his own quiet way told us a little of his experiences since leaving home five years ago. In July, 1899, he was employed in the enameling department of a bicycle factory at Toledo, Ohio, when a strike occurred, just at the time when volunteers were being called for. Twenty-three of the boys made application and only nine of them passed the necessary examination. Alex. thought the examination very severe and by the time it was half over he didn't care much whether he passed or not, but he did, and became a member of Company D, 31st volunteer regiment, which was sent at once to Fort Thomas, and toward the end of August started for San Francisco, arriving there early in September. They were quarantined for small pox, and the quarantine lasted six weeks, after which they boarded the transport and sailed for Honolulu. Alex. declared that the trip was the most pleasant he has ever seen—the garden spot of the world. When midway between Honolulu and the Philippines, the transport Manuana, on which they were quartered, sprung a leak and to make matters worse the pumps failed. All hands had to bail water. Lt. Col. Webb Hayes taking his turn with the rest. Fortunately they were followed by the transport City of Pekin, containing the remainder of the regiment, and they were rescued by her in about thirty-six hours and transferred. The faulty transport was towed to Manila and became a tramp steamer. Upon arriving at the Philippines, the 31st was sent to Zamboanga, the principal city of the island of Mindanao. This island is the one upon which Magellan first landed when he discovered the Philippines in 1521, afterwards making his way to Cebu, where he was killed. The island is the largest of the Philippine archipelago, and is situated between the fifth and sixth degrees of latitude, the city of Zamboanga being near the southwestern extremity. The population of the island is not known, there having been but three expeditions to Misamis and Caragan—under Spanish control. These districts have a population of over 100,000.

The natives are called Moros, a Spanish word derived from the Latin "mauri" signifying dark. They are said to resemble the Africans or Hottentots of New Guinea, but differ greatly in disposition and occupation. It is evident that they are descended from the Moors of Northern Africa, with possibly an infusion of blood from some of the other north African tribes. It is also evident that they have degenerated, as they are inferior in mental ability, voluptuous and cruel and have lost even the scant friendliness and sociability of the African Moors. For dress the men wear a turban and a light shirt, made of a kind of linen, but never any head dress or shoes. The hair is never combed and they are far from cleanly. The business interests of the island are controlled by the Chinese or Malacca, which are mostly of Chinese fathers and native mothers. Their principal food is rice and salt-water fish. They have peculiar ways of adorning themselves, for instance when a young man arrives at the age of fifteen or sixteen his teeth are filed in a particular form and colored black by use of the beetle nut. This beetle nut is also used in connection with the leaves of a tree and a little lime to make what we would call tobacco. They build houses which are water proof and good boats, but never use nails, and their only tools are saw, hammer, adz and the bolo, the latter being a long curved knife. In Mindanao are numerous lakes, which expand during the rainy seasons into inland seas. Rain may be expected from May to December, and from June to November the land is flooded, and storms of wind, rain, thunder and lightning prevail. The weather is very fine, and heat moderate from December to May, when the temperature rapidly rises and becomes oppressive. The richness of vegetation is surpassed nowhere. Blossoms and fruit hang together on the trees, and the cultivated fields yield a constant succession of crops. Water buffaloes, or cariboo, are used for tillage and draught. The Moros are mostly Mohammedans in religion, and it is well known that this religion teaches that the more one believes they kill the greater will be their joy in the life beyond, and to die killing seems to be one of their greatest desires. So we read of a native "running amuck," which means that

he has decided to die and prepares himself by shaving his head, even to his eyebrows, and arming himself, runs amongst the heathen or unbelievers, killing as many as possible before he is cut down or shot. The religious leader of the island is an aged Arab who is highly educated and a great linguist.

Company D of the 31st was put on guard duty at Zamboanga as soon as they arrived and found it anything but pleasant, the line running along a swamp which afforded a splendid hiding place for the Moros. They avoid open fighting and resort more to the guerrilla fight or bushwhacking. They go armed with long knives which they handle most dexterously, one blow is easily sufficient to cut off a man's head or cut the body nearly in two. This was the greatest danger the guard had to contend with but that was certainly a great one, as on one of the first nights three of the boys lost their lives at No. 7 on the picket line. One Moro had killed all three by secreting himself in the mud until all was quiet and attacking his man so quickly and quietly that no one else knew of it until at the hourly call no response came from No. 7. The Moro was captured and severely dealt with. The boys had two hours on and two hours off for twelve hours of each twenty-four and found it necessary to be constantly on the alert, as the Moros would hide behind a tree in the dark and prove that they could reach an incredible distance with their knives or "kreases" and it took but a moment to spot their man. They used firearms also—the Remington and Mauser rifles—but were in reality afraid of rifles and consequently very poor marksmen. Many of them when obliged to use a gun would place the rifle against their hip, look the other way and pull the trigger. The company was sent out occasionally on other duty and at one time captured the city of Isabella on the island of Basilan, being aided by a gunboat. They also visited the ports of Prang Prang, Polloc, Cotoabato and made a trip or two into the interior, where the natives did not appear to know enough to be either hostile or friendly. They knew nothing of money but would quickly accept salt as a medium of exchange. Baskets are also used in barter. There appears to be an ancient form of religion amongst them differing from Moslemism, but very little is known about it. As far as can be learned there are no Christian missions of any kind in the island. Their language is more properly a lingo. They have a system of writing resembling our shorthand, used on barks of trees.

During the rainy season the boys found things very disagreeable indeed and were sometimes well nigh on the verge of despair. Everything was wet and at times they could not get enough dry wood to light a fire with and consequently had to go without cooked food. The water was not fit to drink and beer was used more in consequence of its being expensive, costing twenty-five cents per gallon. Alex. was confined to the post hospital for several weeks with the fever, but with the care of the Red Cross society made a very good recovery. He has nothing but good words to say for the representatives of the Red Cross organization and says they are doing the very best they can for the soldiers under the circumstances. The regiment, however, was without a chaplain the entire time, and only had religious services at two occasions when visited by the chaplain from another regiment.

In the same regiment were quite a number of Kentucky boys and Alex. was rather amused at their ignorance. While in Cincinnati they saw street cars for the first time, and one asked "where are they moving the house?" When starting homeward two brothers from Kentucky while discussing the route, evidenced plainly that they still believed the cars to be by horse. They took first place every time as good marksmen. Even when left to themselves the Moros are continually engaged in trial matches. They dislike work and Alex. thinks they would rather be out of a soldier's garb than work to earn it. He thinks they are altogether beyond civilization. The company had the privilege of seeing the Sultan of the Sulu Islands, who is considered the most powerful man in about ninety-five years of age, but intelligent and has been friendly toward Uncle Sam, so that there has been no disturbance on his islands. The "doto" who will succeed him is a young man, greatly infatuated with Americans, but is an inveterate gambler and it is thought he will soon spend the fortune to which he is heir. In February of this year it was thought safe to withdraw the troops from Zamboanga, or at least a portion of them, but a soldier was found decapitated, and it so stirred things up again that their return was delayed. It was not until May 15th they were able to leave Zamboanga, on the model transport of the world—the Hancock. They stopped at Manila, but were not permitted to land. Alex. had hoped to see his twin brother, John D., at Chicago when Alex. enlisted, and upon hearing of it left at once for Toledo and tried to get in the same company but could not. He enlisted anyway and was assigned to the 29th regiment. The Hancock proceeded to Nagasaki, Japan, and the boys had a chance to go ashore. The coast defenses of Japan are very modern, there being an abundance of the most modern appearing guns. The utmost caution is used when a boat makes a landing and no one is permitted to use a kodak as Alex. found out. Of course he was not aware of the prohibition and naturally enough took his camera in landing, but he had not gone far before he was accosted and made to send it back to the boat. There were soldiers from various parts at Naga-



ALEX. W. GRAHAM

## We Lead The Procession.

# OUR BIG MID-SUMMER SALE Is A Winner.

Great crowds of buyers are taking advantage of the low prices we are giving.

### Are You in the Procession? Getting Your Share?

The people tell us that never before in the history of Cass City have they attended a more genuine sale than this, our Annual Mid-Summer Sale, which will continue during the entire month of July. This gives you all plenty of time to secure a liberal share of the great bargains offered. Sale will last until July 31st. Come where the crowd is.

# Fairweather Bros.

Butter and Eggs as good as cash.

## JOHNSON & SEELEY'S BICYCLE HOUSE...

is jam full of Bicycles and Sundries which they are going to exchange for MONEY.

### The Cleveland

the leader of all wheels, is to be found in the 1st row. They have one that is a beauty, the first one of the kind seen in this section. It has every good feature of both Chain and Chainless—it must be seen and ridden to be appreciated.

SUNDRIES AND REPAIRING.

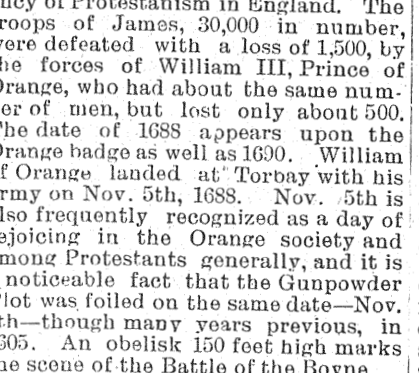
## JOHNSON & SEELEY.

saka, but all seemed to respect the American soldier more than any other. Here a hospital steward from Manila mistook Alex. for John, and it was learned that John had been mustered out at Manila.

The 31st arrived at San Francisco in due time and was discharged on the 18th of June, after which the boys lost no time in getting to their homes. A very few of the regiment remained in the Philippines, some engaged in business and others accepting government positions. Alex. has served faithfully and been discharged honorably, is thankful that his health has not been impaired, and will profit in the future by this experience of army life.

### Orange Day.

Last Friday, July 12th, was a great day at Bad Axe. That day is generally recognized throughout Great Britain and her colonies and in the United States as Orange Day, or the day celebrated by the Loyal Orange Institution, in commemoration of the Battle of the Boyne, which battle was fought in Ireland, near the river Boyne, at Oldbridge, July 1st, 1690 (new style, July 12th), and was fatal to the cause of James II and assured the ascendancy of Protestantism in England. The troops of James, 30,000 in number, were defeated with a loss of 1,500, by the forces of William III, Prince of Orange, who had about the same number of men, but lost only about 500. The date of 1688 appears upon the Orange badge as well as 1690. William of Orange landed at Torbay with his army on Nov. 5th, 1688. Nov. 5th is also frequently recognized as the day of rejoicing in the Orange society and among Protestants generally, and it is a noticeable fact that the Gunpowder Plot was foiled on the same date—Nov. 5—about many years previous, in 1605. An obelisk 150 feet high marks the scene of the Battle of the Boyne.



Although the previously mentioned occurrences are commemorated on July 12th, the first Orange society was not organized until 1795. Those were troublous times, and the association which began amongst the peasantry soon worked its way upwards, until in 1827 the Royal Duke Cumberland was proclaimed Grand Master for England. The organization was most complete and extensive. Emissaries were sent out to organize lodges not only in England, but in Scotland, Wales, in the Mediterranean, in Canada, and the work even reached into the Irish and English armies. The earlier history of the society was marked by much party animosity and deeds of violence, but in later years every effort has been put forth by the more sober minded to overcome such things and we believe such efforts have been most successful in the order as it now exists in the United States. It is a generally recognized fact that the member of the order who lives up to his obligations is a true Christian.

The celebration at Bad Axe was very largely attended, it being estimated that the town was called on to entertain about ten thousand people. Special trains were run over all the railroads and were heavily loaded. Several cornet bands were present and martial bands were too numerous to mention. Some of them furnished excellent music, while others made up in enthusiasm what they lacked in skill. The town did itself proud in its efforts to entertain. Able addresses were made at the park by noted speakers. The lovers of base ball were treated to two games, one in the forenoon between Bad Axe and Minden City juniors, with a score of 20 to 11 in favor of Bad Axe, and one in the afternoon between the first nines of Port Austin and Bad Axe, with a score of 10 to 0 in favor of the home team. A dispatch to one of the dailies says that the occa-

## A FEW WORDS

are as good as a WHOLE COLUMN when WE SAY we have a

### NEW LINE OF SAMPLE SHOES TO CLOSE OUT.

You know what that means if you want to buy a few pairs of shoes for future wear.

OUR LINE OF

## STAPLE GROCERIES AND DRY GOODS

Is complete at living prices ONLY.

# LAING & JANES.

sion yielded \$200 to pickpockets from one man, two purses were snatched in the railway station, and the cash box from the Methodist dining hall with \$200 in it was stolen. Not being a leg right to dispense liquor, and as a consequence there was no small amount of drunkenness, even some members of the order imbibing too freely, but it is doubtful if any order of the sort could assemble a large number with a smaller percentage of drunks. Taken all in all the day was a pleasantly spent and the members of the Loyal Orange Institution returned to their homes firmer than ever in their determination to stand for religious liberty at all times.

### TRAIN DITCHED.

Several injured in a Wreck Near Dryden.

Quite a serious wreck occurred on the Pontiac, Oxford and Northern Railroad, at a siding near Dryden, Wednesday forenoon. The south-bound train, in charge of Conductor John Hutton and Engineer R. Barber, had orders to meet the northbound train, in charge of Conductor E. Wickware and Engineer H. Parker at this siding. Train No. 1 (northbound) had orders to take the siding, but in attempting to do so a coupling gave way and allowed the three coaches to run back onto the main line. Before there was time to put things right the engine of the down train struck the coaches and capsized them in the ditch. Fortunately there were not many passengers aboard but what few there were got a severe shaking up and some were injured. Mrs. Wm. Underwood, wife of Conductor Underwood is said to have sustained the fracture of a limb. Mrs. David Law, who lives six and one-half miles northwest of this place, received a bad bruise on the face and had her dress badly torn. Her daughter, who was with her, escaped unhurt. Mrs. D. Bonesteel, of Inlay City, and a couple of traveling men were also hurt some. We understand that the company at once settled with those who were hurt as best they could. Traffic was delayed nearly five hours. A special reached here about five o'clock, in place of the regular noon train, and passed down again about 8:30. The evening train was only a few minutes late.

### Conclusive Evidence.

From 7 o'clock Friday morning until Saturday afternoon at 4, Dr. Morrison of the Detroit Clinic was busy examining, treating and operating on patients during his visit in Cass City. This is conclusive evidence that the people of Tuscola County improve their opportunity. The Doctor will try and arrange his time so as to spend another day here, as many were unable to see the Doctor at all. Remember to come if possible Friday or Saturday July 19 and 20, Gordon Hotel, Cass City.

## Hammocks, Base Ball Goods, Sporting Goods

Etc. in connection with our large line of . . . .

## Wall Paper and Window Shades

.....EGGS WANTED.....

## T. H. FRITZ, Druggist.

## SALE OF HORSES

Having just brought in a load of western horses I am prepared to sell the same at private sale at my farm, three miles west and two miles south of Cass City.

### Horses Weigh from 900 to 1200 Lbs. each and will be halter-broken.

Terms: 6 months at 6 per cent interest or 2 per cent discount for cash.

## L. E. DICKINSON

## IT IS RIGHT

That you should love, cherish and protect a dear one while life remains, but when the silver cord is loosed, you owe it to their memory to give them suitable burial. My line of

### Funeral Supplies

is always complete and strictly up-to-date in every respect. Three hearses always in readiness, and branch office both at Gagetown and Argyle, with capable managers. Telephone home office, 22--1 ring, and be sure of prompt service.

## A. A. MCKENZIE.

CASS CITY

## PURE PARIS GREEN at the right price also

### INSECT POWDER HELEBORE POISON and STICKY FLY PAPER and other articles used in destroying insect life at BOND'S DRUG STORE.

## That we have more genuine snaps to offer in the line of....

### Building Material

than any other concern in the Thumb?.....

Call and look over our stock. Get our Prices.

Special Prices on

## DOORS, SASH AND GLASS

## CASS CITY LUMBER & COAL YARDS.

# CASS CITY ENTERPRISE.

A. A. P. McDowell, Publisher,  
CASS CITY, MICHIGAN

The search for frozen birds in a New York city cold storage house, made by the state game inspector, is ended, and it appears that in its course nearly 49,000 birds, were discovered, all of which, it is alleged, were killed out of season. Criminal and civil actions are to be brought at once against several persons.

Eugene Field's first poem was discovered recently in the possession of Edgar White, a court stenographer at Macon, Mo. It is entitled "Bucephalus, a Tail," and is believed to have been written by the author in 1871, when he was a student in the state university. H. W. Burke, a St. Joseph justice of the peace, who worked with Field on the old St. Joseph Gazette, has pronounced the poem genuine.

The Pullman company is arranging to establish a pension system for its entire force of employees, numbering between 12,000 and 15,000 persons. Sixty years will be made the limit of service. For each year an allowance of 1 per cent of the average monthly pay for the last ten months is to be given. Thus, employees who have been with the company forty years, receiving \$50 a month, would get 40 per cent of \$50, or \$20 a month.

Tradition asserts that the Queen of Sheba gave Solomon an intricately pierced stone to thread. He solved the problem by forcing a worm, dragging a thread, to crawl through the winding passage. The modern version is on a manifold scale. To test the right of Chicago to call itself a seaport, the steamer Northman, loaded with western grain, timber and machinery, has made the voyage from Chicago to Hamburg by way of the Great Lakes and the Welland canal. The white thread of her wake can hardly fall to weave new and important patterns into the maritime commerce of nations.

A patriotic New Yorker, a member of the Sons of the Revolution, is preparing to give to each of the public school buildings of New York city, a copy of colossal size, of the famous Houdon bust of Washington. The model, made by Wilson MacDonald, one of the oldest sculptors in America, has already been accepted. The public spirited donor believes that love of country should be taught in the schools and that there is no better way of teaching it than by keeping the memory of the greatest patriots fresh in the minds of the pupils. Naturally the Father of his country comes first.

An Indianapolis correspondent calls attention to the part played by the telephone in a recent divorce case at Noblesville, Ind. A Mrs. Nagle brought suit for divorce. On the day appointed for the trial her attorney, Mr. Fippen, could not attend, and called up the Noblesville judge and explained the circumstances, suggesting that the case be tried by telephone. The judge consented the witnesses were sworn, and in answer to questions asked them by Mr. Fippen, thirty miles away, submitted their testimony to the judge after which Mr. Fippen delivered his argument, talking into the judge's ear by telephone. The divorce was granted.

Dr. N. S. Davis, of Chicago, is called the father of the American medical association, for it was in 1845, while a member of the New York state medical society, that he offered a resolution recommending that a national convention, representing all the medical societies and colleges in the country, be held in New York city in May, 1846. The purpose was to be the adoption of a concerted plan of action for the elevation of the standard of medical education in the United States. The convention resulted in the formation of the American medical society. Dr. Davis is 85 years old, and has been a resident of Chicago since 1849.

The remarks against kissing attributed to Professor Crook of Chicago, prompted B. B. Wilson, a merchant of Mount Hope, Kan., to form an anti-kissing league. A dozen married men were persuaded to become members. The wife of Secretary T. J. Cox, of the league, has revolted and is suing for divorce, after three weeks without kissing, but Cox boasts he has not kissed after his wife in many years, maintaining that it is unmanly. The pledge one has to take to join the league is that he will kiss no woman, no matter if she is his wife. "Kissing is for women only—the weaker sex," Wilson says. "Kissing is a weak manner of showing affection. We love our wives more than those men who are all the time kissing them every time they leave the house. Some wives may object, but that will not induce us to desert the cause. My wife is in favor of the plan and looks at it in the same manner as I do."

Paul Wayland Bartlett, the sculptor, who has established his studio in one of the eastern suburbs of Washington, has received a letter from the French government accepting his statue of Lafayette, which is the gift of France of 5,000,000 American school children. Mr. Bartlett's design was the successful one before the American jury, and he was required by the French government to erect his statue in plaster on the site allotted for it in the court of the Louvre, where the French jury finally passed on it.

## NEWS OF OUR OWN STATE.

### The Pingree Family Seek Rest and Quiet.

#### CROP PROSPECTS OF MICHIGAN

Wayne County Taxes—Death of O'Brien J. Atkinson—Murdered by His Old Pal—Principal Happenings in Michigan Summarized.

**The Crop Prospects.**  
Secretary of State Warner reports that the wheat crop of Michigan this year will be very poor, the crop having continued to fall during the past month, many fields that promised well in the early part of the season, having been plowed up or pastured. The Hessian fly is mainly responsible for this condition, and had it not been for the cool weather of spring, this damage would have been much greater.

The average estimated yield in the southern counties, where three-quarters of the Michigan wheat crop is grown, is 9 bushels per acre; central counties, 14; northern counties, 12; state, 10. One year ago the estimate for the state was 7 bushels.

During the past month, the weather has been unfavorable for corn, much seed having rotted in the ground. At best, the stand will be thin, and uneven. The condition for the state is S4. Cool weather has retarded the growth of oats, which have headed out short, but may fill well. The condition for the state is S5.

Owing to the fact that so much wheat is plowed up, the acreage of beans is large. Condition is 94 for the state; condition of potatoes is 91 for the state.

#### Seeking Rest and Quiet.

Mrs. H. S. Pingree, accompanied by her son, "Joe" Pingree, and Miss Hazel Pingree, left for Houghton, Mich., where they will be the guests of Mr. and Mrs. R. R. Goodell. The Goodells are intimate friends of the Pingree family and have been in the city since Mrs. Pingree and Miss Hazel returned from New York. They expect to remain about a week, but it is possible that their visit may be prolonged for two weeks.

"Mrs. Pingree was as well as could be expected," said Frank C. Pingree last night. "Of course the strain has been something terrible and it was thought that the trip would be a relief. Then, friends here were killing the family with their kindnesses. So many came to the house that Mrs. Pingree could scarcely receive them. The trip will give them a rest and a much needed change. The Goodells are old friends of the family and Miss Goodell is a particular friend of Miss Hazel."

#### Wayne County Taxes.

City Assessor Louis Smith, of Saginaw, was in Detroit for a short time Tuesday, Smith, with assessors of Kalamazoo, have been hired by the state tax commission to investigate the assessments of Wayne county, the purpose being to show that assessments here are low. Ex-Tax Commissioner Smith made the following comment on this move:

"It might be well for some of the heavier taxpayers of Detroit to ask the state tax commission to appoint the city assessors of Detroit to investigate the assessments of real estate in the upper peninsula and to see how the figures in other Michigan cities are placed. That would relieve the tax commissioners of all responsibility."

The city assessors have set ten of their men at work to take the figures of which recent sales of real estate in this city were made, in order that it may be shown that Detroit property is assessed at almost market value. Five years ago the total equalization was fixed at \$146,242,398, and this year the amount is \$222,221,015, a jump of something more than \$80,000,000. The squallid valuation of the townships and the city of Wyandotte is only \$34,222,215.

#### O'Brien J. Atkinson Dead.

O'Brien J. Atkinson, one of the foremost attorneys of the state, died at his home in Port Huron, Tuesday morning, after a long illness. He was first seized with the attack that ended in his death soon after the last campaign. He then left for Florida, where he spent several weeks in an effort to recuperate his lost health. When he returned, however, he was weaker than ever before, and gradually his life ebbed away. Judge Atkinson was appointed circuit judge by the late Gov. Pingree, and had been a candidate several times for congress. He was the leader of the St. Clair county bar. He was born in Toronto in May, 1839, and came to Port Huron in his boyhood days.

#### The Tramp Killed.

Latest advices from Baroda seem to substantiate the murder theory of the hobo Henry Lyinger, who was picked up Sunday near the railway track. Lyinger was brought into the county jail last week badly bruised, and it is believed on his return to his old crowd that they deliberately murdered him for reporting the assault that had been committed by some of the tramps. One side of his head was crushed and the wound indicates that a coupling pin was the weapon used.

Grand Rapids expects to break all records in the sales of furniture this year.

Percy H. Green, aged about 40 years, dropped dead at Jackson. Heart disease is supposed to have been the cause.

Harry Vanzee, of Grand Rapids, aged 13 years, is suffering from lockjaw as a result of a toy pistol accident on July 4.

Miss Tillie Moran is the first woman in Muskegon county to be elected to office. She will serve as a member of the school board.

The Detroit Library commission has accepted Andrew Carnegie's proposition in regard to furnishing \$750,000 for public library buildings and will also ask the electors of the city to vote in favor of issuing bonds to the amount of \$500,000 for the purpose of complying with the conditions made by Mr. Carnegie.

#### Murdered While at Work.

Peter Smith, aged 35 years, a respected farmer of Balthridge township, and a tenant on the farm of Fred Baker, near Sister Lakes, was shot and killed Thursday while engaged in cutting wheat on the Jacob Wynn farm, a mile and a half from his home. The first known of the murder by the gun, the man having discharged himself behind a shock of grain. The report was heard, the sight of the smoke was noted and the nearness to Smith created a suspicion that murder had been committed. Smith was struck in the back and the ball passed under the shoulder. He lived but three hours. Behind the shooting of Smith there is some great secret, so the neighbors, who are in a position to know, declare. For years Smith and the man who is believed to have killed him have been the bitterest enemies. Nothing was too mean for either to do if it would bring inconvenience to the other. Before they were enemies the men were bosom friends, the neighbors assert. No one seems to know what caused the rupture in their relations.

#### Can't Get Tax It.

The assessor of Saginaw has assessed against Thomas Gordon as agent for Rogers \$100,000 on personal property. This sum was supposed to represent the money which had been loaned through Gordon in this state on notes and mortgages, and such money as Gordon might have had at the time in his custody belonging to Rogers. The circuit court held that the money was subject to taxation and that the determination of the board of review as to the amount was final and not reviewable, no fraud being charged.

The supreme court has reversed the case. The court says it is the policy in this state to tax credits owned by residents only, and the provisions of the law and decisions are quoted to that effect. "It is legally clear," says the court, "that the money in Gordon's possession was not assessable."

#### Adams on the U. of M.

Donoso Cortez, the great Spanish leader, was the subject of Henry Austin Adams' address before the Columbian Catholic summer school in Detroit. Incidentally Mr. Adams took occasion to make several remarks concerning the non-orthodoxy of Protestants, among which are the statements that "President Elliot of Harvard was an out-and-out agnostic; that Seth Low, president of Columbia university, is a rare type of the diluted form of tincture of an Episcopalian, and that the University of Michigan is anti-Christ in its whole spirit." Prof. Adams was formerly a Protestant.

#### MINOR MICHIGAN MATTERS.

St. Joseph is afflicted with tramps. Albin coal dealers have formed a combine.

Nearly \$10,000 has already been subscribed for the Saginaw auditorium project.

The hay dealers and shippers of central Michigan will hold a convention in Owosso July 16.

Burglars swiped \$40 cash and \$200 worth of stamps from the Flint post office Thursday night.

Theodore Williams, of St. Joseph, is dead of injuries received while driving a couple of weeks ago.

Three Rivers will vote next Monday on a proposition to bond for \$10,000 for a new school building.

Andrews' hotel barn and contents, including a horse, burned at Holly. Loss \$600; insurance \$200.

James Calvert of Reno, aged 35, was struck by lightning and instantly killed.

Miss Elizabeth McDowell, a Detroit milliner, took carbolic acid by mistake. She died in ten minutes.

The Alaska refrigerator works and Hamilton are rushed with work and have 2,022 unfilled orders on their books.

Maple Rapids has a flowing well rising 26 feet. The water has mineral properties, and may be utilized by the village.

Now Frank C. Pingree, brother of the late ex-governor, is being urged to run for mayor of Detroit. He declines to do it.

Detroit has been occupied by the National Educational Association and the Undertakers and Embalmers the past week.

Henry Mason, 60, is reported missing from Columbiaville. For some time he has been stopping at St. Mary's hospital, Detroit.

Ionia has been without electric lights in its resident streets for the past week owing to a breakdown of a part of the water main at Lyons.

The board of state auditors has contracted with A. A. Platt to heat the state capitol with steam from his central plant for \$6,000 a year.

The body of the unknown man found on the Lake Shore tracks near White Pigeon Sunday may be that of Julius Sonnenberg, of Lacrosse, Ind.

Col. C. V. R. Pond objects to the Washington dispatches intimating that Judge Daboll was retired from the rural mail service to make room for him.

C. P. Michelson, of Mason, has received a white deer which was shot last fall in Otsego county. The deer came finely mounted in a large glass case.

Commissioner Griswold has appointed Mrs. A. Whipple, of Jackson, a deputy factory inspector under the new law, which calls for one woman in this capacity.

Jennie Hammett, aged 15, convicted of attempting to derail a Grand Rapids & Indiana train at Kingsley, has been sentenced to the Adrian school for girls until she is 21.

Funds are being solicited from Niles business men to defray the expense of holding a carnival in August. It is intended that a grand fete shall be held for three days.

Sheriff Hammond reports that the Mason county jail received 300 prisoners during the past year, of which only 12 were women. The cost of maintaining the jail was \$3,320.

The body of Editor Frank M. Deane, of Hartford, who was drowned in Paw Paw lake, July 2, was recovered Sunday. The coroner's jury returned a verdict of accidental drowning.

James Harrison, of Cadillac, was found guilty of murder in the first degree for the killing of Lester Baker, Harrison's son, James, who was held as a participant in the crime, was acquitted.

Men on the main drive found a portion of the body of a woman, identified as the Menominee river. The head, one arm and part of one leg were missing. There are no means of identification.

Durant has a new system of water works lying idle. The council is in a deadlock and has not accepted the system. The taxpayers fought with a former council for five months when it was letting the contract.

Two Adrian girls, Clara Storms and Irene Hawley, were bathing in the river, but while thus engaged some thief stole their wardrobe, left on the shore, and they had to go home arrayed in their bathing suits.

It is said the Tontine Surety Co., of Detroit, must have taken in New York \$200,000 and \$400,000 and has paid out not over \$25,000 that any trace can be made of. The company removed to New York and now Manager C. B. Brown is in the Detroit jail.

The copper country Elks are going to Milwaukee and thereby hangs a tale. They have received from the Philadelphia mint one ton of bright new pennies which they will take with them, each man having vowed to pay for all his purchases in the brewery city with coppers while they last.

Albert Radley, the heir to \$30,000, and who has figured in the police courts of Muskegon repeatedly during the past year, will serve a 90 days' sentence in the Detroit house of correction. Radley was sentenced to the Detroit institution upon third conviction of being drunk and disorderly.

Rolla Spear, the denigrated young man who murdered his mother, Helen Mezzison, at Wayne, on the night of June 24, will be on trial in the morning, sleeping in his mother's case along and tripped over him. He would not allow anybody to trip against him in his sleep, he said, and therefore he killed her.

Miss Kate Kipp of Jackson, Mich., became the bride of David H. Clark, of Montclair, N. J. The owner of the house where the reception was held, James B. Pier, proved to be her long lost uncle. A crayon of the bride on the wall led to the discovery. The uncle is wealthy. The bride had not seen him since a child, when she went west.

The Grand Lodge of Michigan Masons is preparing for a trip. The members of the lodge, with a few friends, making a party of four, will leave for Hamilton, where they visit the Grand Lodge of Canada. The party will remain in Hamilton until next Thursday, when they will go to Toronto, and then across Lake Ontario to Buffalo, where they will take in the Pan-American exposition.

A. M. Palmer, civil engineer of the southern division of the Illinois Central Railroad, was shot and instantly killed in Androm, Miss., by W. K. Nolan, also an engineer of the same company, employed under Palmer. The two men, it is said, were rivals for the hand of a prominent young lady of Jackson, Miss., and the tragedy is the result of jealousy. Palmer was a Michigan man.

The most stable business in Berrien county is the marriage industry. During June, 1900, 188 marriage licenses were issued by the county clerk, while during the same month this year 196 licenses have been issued. For the first six months of last year 425 licenses were issued, and 478 for the first half of the present year. The average number of licenses issued for the first six months of this year is 18 per week.

Comptroller Dawes has published a list of national banks organized since March 14, 1900, arranged by states, those for Michigan are: First National of Marquette, capital \$25,000; First National of Durand, capital \$25,000; First National of Yale, capital \$35,000; Commercial National of St. Joseph, capital \$50,000; First National of Petoskey, capital \$80,000; Miners' National of Ishpeming, capital \$100,000; First National of Morenci, capital \$25,000; National Bank of Ionia, capital \$50,000. Total capital of the eight, \$350,000.

J. H. Hollander is en route to the United States and is said to have quit his post as treasurer of Porto Rico. He may go to Manila to frame tax laws.

The people of the middle west are praying for rain singly and in groups, but the entire stricken region, which includes Kansas, Missouri, Iowa and parts of Illinois and Indiana, is moving toward a year of more concentrated prayer day to bring rain to their burning crops. Unless rain comes soon to the parched crops in the immense corn and wheat belt, great loss and in many cases complete ruin will result.

## THE OHIO DEMOCRATS.

### Tom Johnson Made Them Adopt His Views.

#### J. KILBOURNE FOR GOVERNOR.

Bryan's Picture Trampled Under Foot and the Most Bitter Things Said of His Leadership—Russia and the Tariff—Other Events of the Week.

**The Ohio Democrats.**  
The Ohio Democratic state convention met in Columbus on Wednesday, the great fight being on the platform, which was won by Mayor Johnson, of Cleveland. The Johnson men won on their favorite views on state matters and the others on national issues. The three planks of the Johnson men—on franchises, steam and electric railways and corporation taxation—were adopted as amendments. The platform says:

The acceptance of free passes or other favors from railroads by public officers or employees shall be made adequate grounds for vacating the offices held by them. All public service corporations shall be required by law to make sworn public reports, and the power and duty of visitation and public report shall be conferred upon the proper state and local auditing officers, to the end that the true value of the privileges held by these corporations shall be made plain to the people.

Steam and electric railroads and other corporations possessing public franchises shall be assessed in the same proportion to their salable value as are farms and city real estate.

Powers granted the federal government were not meant to be used to conquer or hold in subjection the people of other countries. \* \* \* The Democratic party opposes any extension of the national boundaries not meant to carry speedily to all inhabitants full, equal rights with ourselves.

If these are unfitted by location, race or character to be formed into self-governing territories, and then incorporated into the union of states, they should be permitted to work out their own destiny.

Maintenance of the Monroe doctrine is demanded; a navy adequate to the protection of American citizens and property the world over; election of senators by direct vote; and the right of labor to combine for the assertion of its rights and the protection of its interests.

On "boss rule," etc., the party pledges itself to "rescue our government from the grasp of selfishness and corruption, and restore it to its former fairness, purity and simplicity."

The following nominations were made: Governor, James Kilbourne; Lieut. Governor, Anthony Howells; Judge of Supreme Court, Jos. Hidy; clerk of Supreme Court, Harry R. Young; attorney general, M. B. McCarthy; treasurer of state, R. P. Alsberg; member of board of public works, James B. Holman.

A striking feature of the convention was the treatment of W. J. Bryan. The most bitter things were said of his leadership in the committee on resolutions, where it was insisted that his name should not be mentioned and that there should be no reference to either of the national platforms on which he made his campaigns. After this plan had been agreed upon, one of the 21 members of that committee offered a minority report, reaffirming the Kansas City platform and expressing confidence in Bryan. He received only six votes from the 950 delegates on his substitute for the preamble.

A few minutes after the platform was adopted, one of these six delegates called attention to the fact that pictures of other Democrats were displayed in the hall, and none of Bryan, as heretofore. He started to carry a small banner, with Bryan's picture on it, to the platform. The aides were ordered cleared, but the picture did not reach its destination. It was trampled under foot and spoiled during the wild demonstrations when Kilbourne was escorted into the hall.

While it is generally believed that the "machines" club did not know they were walking over Bryan's picture, yet there was much comment after the convention that the picture was not treated worse than had been the old standard-bearer himself by the committee on resolutions and the convention. Members of the committee on resolutions said over an hour was spent in efforts to strike the word "saleable" out of the plank on railway taxation and several hours in denouncing the Chicago and Kansas City platforms, and the leader who stood on them.

**Russia's offer.**  
Another important exchange has occurred between the Russian government and the United States relative to the tariff. The Russian minister of finance, M. de Witte, has proposed that Russia will vacate all of the additional duties levied on American goods since the imposition of the sugar differential, if the United States will vacate its action on the sugar differential. To this Secretary Gage replied that the offer of the Russian government cannot be accepted, as the question of the sugar differential is now in the hands of the court, thus precluding action by the executive branch. These exchanges, although made nominally by the minister of finance and Secretary Gage, have gone through the medium of the Russian foreign office and the state department.

The state pardon board approved the parole of Cole and James Younger, who have been in the Stillwater, Minn., penitentiary 25 years, for complicity in robbery and murder during the raid of the James gang on the Northfield, Minn., bank.

After a quiet life of a score of years in Burleson county, Tex., Prince Hill has been taken back to prison to serve an uncompleted jail sentence. Hill killed a man in 1847, and when he had served three years of his sentence escaped from the penitentiary. He secured work on the farm where he was found, and made many friends.

## THE POOR, POOR PEOPLE.

### How They Are Taxed in the Great City of New York.

The surprising poverty of rich men and millionaires revealed in personal property tax lists is strikingly illustrated in the returns made by the tax board in New York. Pierpont Morgan has sworn that he has only \$400,000 for taxing purposes. Senator Depew said all he could call his own was \$25,000. Russell Sage solemnly swore he had only \$400,000. Seth Low was under suspicion for a while of owning property worth half a million, but he said he did not own a cent's worth, and so he was wiped off the lists. Helena Gould and Frank Gould are in the same impoverished condition as regards personal property. Bradley Marks' fortune is placed at \$200,000. John D. Rockefeller is taxed for \$1,000,000. Andrew Carnegie put the assessors in a kind mood and they let him off with an \$1,000,000 record. James Stillman, the Standard Oil bank president, doesn't save much of his salary, and when he was charged with being half a millionaire he proved that he had only \$50,000, in the usual way.

Judging from the personal property assessments the Vanderbilt family has a corner on that kind of wealth in New York. Between them, the various descendants of the old ferryman have cared well for the money he left. Frederick W. and George W. admit they both have \$2,000,000 worth of personal property. W. K. pleads guilty to owning \$1,000,000, and the others to about the same amount between them.

For the first time this year, Richard Croker allows his name to stand on the list for only \$25,000, though he lost \$62,000 on horse racing at Newmarket. John F. Carroll got his assessment of \$30,000 cut to \$5,000.

Corporation Counsel John Whalen has been reduced from an estimate of \$25,000 to \$5,000. Comptroller Cole has allowed his original assessment of \$20,000 to stand. J. Sergeant Cram, of the dock board, has acknowledged to \$1,000 out of an assessment of \$15,000, while Dock Commissioner Murphy gets a final figure of \$2,000 out of an assessment of \$25,000.

#### Won't Affect Real Newspapers.

Postmaster General Smith has taken up the question of reform in second class mail with Attorney General Knox. These two cabinet members agree that there is sufficient warrant in existing law for the rigid enforcement of orders against fake publications which have been admitted to the mails as second class matter. It is explained at the postoffice department that it is not the intention to retroactively second class rates to legitimate publications. They have not constituted a burden upon the postal facilities of the country. The department's action will be aimed against cheap publications which make offers of premiums evidently of more value than the publication itself.

#### THE NEWS CONDENSED

Gen. Dan Sickles is seriously ill in Pleasantville, N. Y.

Reports from all parts of the country show that the machinists' strike is over.

Christian Endeavor twentieth annual convention closed in Cincinnati Thursday night.

Ex-Lieut. Gov. Wm. Cumbach, 72 years old, was married in Lapel, Ind., to Miss Laura Wachstatter, a teacher. Corn states planted 400,000 acres less this year, and the average condition of the crop is poorer than last year.

Rev. E. A. Cantrell quits the pulpit of the First Christian church, Washington, announcing that he no longer believes the Bible.

Gen. Maximo Gomez has returned to Cuba from New York. Says he will never forget American kindness as long as he exists.

Alfred B. Kitteridge, of Sioux Falls, has been appointed United States Senator to fill the unexpired term of Jos. H. Kyle, deceased.

Rear-Admiral Bunce, U. S. N., retired, had most of his cancerous tongue cut out in a Boston hospital, but will not willingly lose the power of speech.

Mrs. John Edwards and her 15-year-old daughter, Mary, are in jail in Reading, Pa., accused of slaying John Edwards, husband and father, with a grubhoe. A 10-year-old son told on them. If convicted they may be hung.

According to information given out at the headquarters of the Nickle Plate road in Cleveland, nine men were killed as the result of a collapse of a bridge at Springfield, Pa., while a construction train was passing over the structure.

William Duploy, Boer prisoner who escaped from Bermuda and got to New York as a stowaway, told immigration officials that he came to this country to earn his own living and there was no chance of his becoming a public charge. He was sent back to the detention pen on Ellis island.

A cargo of granite will be shipped in August from Maine quarries to Liverpool. This will be the first cargo of American granite ever shipped to any European port, and will be laid down in Liverpool at \$1 a ton, or \$1.25 a ton less than Scotch granite can be supplied.

Every train brings extra coaches crowded with people coming to El Reno, Okla., to register for Kiowa lands. The hotels and restaurants are taxed to their utmost and as rapidly as needed churches and school houses and every available room will be given up for the accommodation of the crowds, and hundreds of tents dot the streets.

Predictions based on the census of 1890, that the negro population of the United States would gradually increase in proportion to the total population, are not borne out by the statistics of the present census. The negro population in the United States in 1890 was 11.93 per cent of the total, a decrease from 13.12 per cent in 1880. This year the percentage will be somewhat less than in 1890, though, until the compilation of statistics has been more nearly completed, it will be impossible to give exact figures.

Total receipts of Uncle Sam to May 31, 1898, were \$310,053,303.

## The Weekly Panorama.

### The Lorillard Family.

Pierre Lorillard was born in 1823. As the oldest son of Peter Lorillard, he inherited a fortune of a million dollars. Pierre bought out his brothers and sisters in the great tobacco works in Jersey City, and built up a colossal fortune. He was an enthusiastic yachtsman and horse-owner. He built Tuxedo. Then he bought Ochre Point, at Newport, and built the Breakers, now the property of the widow of the late Cornelius Vanderbilt. His Rancocas stud at Jobstown, N. J., has 1,600 acres



### THE LATE PIERRE LORILLARD.

of highly picturesque land and is among the most thoroughly equipped stock farms in America. In about eighteen years during his early history, Mr. Lorillard expended \$1,000,000 on the estate, his income then amounting to \$100,000 a year.

Mr. Lorillard was a first American to own a derby winner, the famous froquois. Later he followed up the victory by landing the St. Leger.

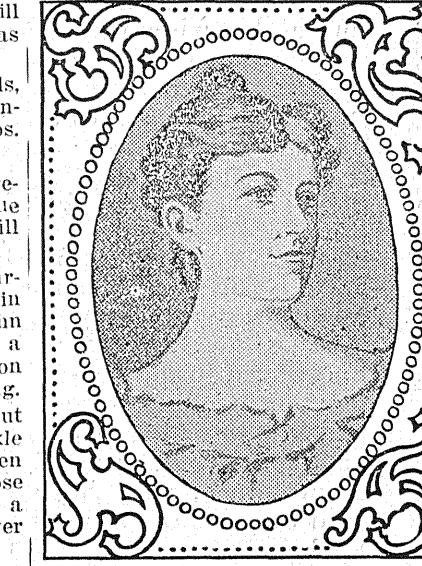
An estrangement between husband and wife took place several years ago. Mrs. Lorillard was the beautiful Emily Taylor, the daughter of a clergyman. Three children were born—Pierre, Jr., who married Miss Caroline Hamilton; Emily, who became Mrs. William Kent, and Maud, now Mrs. Tallier. The son and daughters were all grown when the differences between the parents arose. They never became reconciled. The dispatch telling of his death at the Fifth Avenue Hotel said:

"Three hours before his death Mr. Lorillard lapsed into a semi-comatose condition and thus died. At brief intervals he regained consciousness and recognized the members of his family. From one who had been unceasingly at Mr. Lorillard's bedside since his arrival from Europe on the steamer Deutschland it was learned that Mr. Lorillard realized that his days were numbered when he was carried to his apartments. This man said: 'The joy of seeing his children was a tonic to Mr. Lorillard. It served to prolong his life. He realized that he had not

many days to live, but he fought against the inevitable manfully.'"

"Mrs. Lorillard was not at her husband's death-bed."

Pierre Lorillard leaves a fortune of \$7,000,000 to be divided among his children.



### THE WIDOW LORILLARD.

many days to live, but he fought against the inevitable manfully."

"Mrs. Lorillard was not at her husband's death-bed."

Pierre Lorillard leaves a fortune of \$7,000,000 to be divided among his children.

### Pure Water and Thorough Drainage.

The most serious problem disturbing the centers of population is that of a pure water supply and sanitary drainage. New York city finds that even usable water can no longer be obtained from surface sources in the valleys of near-by mountains. Other cities drawing supplies from running streams meet a similar difficulty.

The Croton watershed has many springs in the mountain sides which supply the creeks and larger streams. The most of the water going into the aqueducts, however, comes from the surface. In dry times New York feels a water famine. With copious rains the famine ceases. The increased flow is the washings of the hillsides, contaminated with decaying vegetation or animal filth. New York is looking elsewhere for water. The same difficulty confronts Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington and all the cities supplied with water from

# MINE THOUGHTS

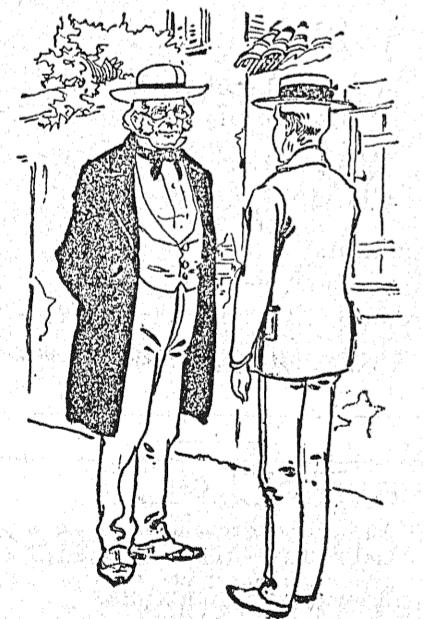


I love the day—the bright, the golden day—  
When Earth is fair on ocean and on land—  
When Sorrow smiles and Care is laid away  
And Heart and Hope go blithely hand in hand;  
When Summer's breath comes softly thro' the door  
And Love ascends the summit of its dream;  
When rippling waves roll lightly to the shore  
And Heaven's smile lies pictured in the stream;  
When Nature trembles with the power of song  
And lilies bloom—untrodden—by the way—  
God loves the day, so let the day be long,  
And in the eve—departing—let us say  
"Well was the day."

I love the night—the sea—the moonlit wave—  
The stars—the stillness and the haunted hour—  
When Melancholy, crouching by the grave,  
Receives response from every soulful bower;  
When Earth is dark and Time goes creeping by  
With silent tread, unmeasured by the shore;  
When Love lies mute, unconscious of the sight,  
And past and present are, unbridged, apart;  
When Nature sleeps and passion is at rest;  
When weary Fancy may forget its flight—  
Then, in the morn, calm on the Father's breast,  
May we look backward and behold the night  
Pure, perfect, bright.

## Days of Suspense.

BY FRANK H. SWEET.  
(Copyright, 1901, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)  
At fourteen Pierre was already dreaming and planning for his future. He would be a physician and surgeon, like his father, and he would own cotton and sugar plantations and be good to everybody, just as his father had been. Only he did not say much of this to his grandmother. One day when he had mentioned it, she had caught him to her with a wild, pas-



One day he met Pierre.

sionate "Now, now, my Pierre! My little one! Do not forget your father! You are all that I have left, little Pierre, my baby! You must never leave me. Surely the good God cannot ask more!"  
Since then, Pierre had kept his ambition to himself. He helped provide the necessities for the house, and bought little luxuries for his grandmother, and even after these expenditures, was able to save occasional pennies from his papers and errands and chores to purchase books on the science he loved. As he grew older, he longed for an opportunity to go away to the great medical schools, as his father had done. He worked harder, and began to store up dollars instead of pen-

nies, only, as his board increased, he would discover that his grandmother's clothing was getting shabby, or that there was some expensive food or cordial in the market that would please her; and then his money would melt away. But it did not matter, he would tell himself consolingly, his grandmother was getting old and needed these things; there was plenty of time.  
So he saved more money, and spent it for the grandmother, and he boarded again, and again lavished it on the grandmother. But all the time he was working and studying and thinking. He bought books when he could, and borrowed books and pamphlets from the free library, and from an old physician who was becoming interested in him. And this same old physician took him to the hospital and explained cases and occasionally even allowed him to assist in the work. At eighteen, Pierre had a general knowledge of hospital practice, and his untrained course of reading had been shaped and made useful by the advice and companionship of the old physician. But there was much yet for him to learn, and more and more he realized the necessity of spending a few years in a good medical college.

He was earning steady wages now as clerk in a drug store, but the grandmother was getting more feeble, and every day there were household expenses, and new things to be purchased for her comfort. The college was a long way off, but it would come, he told himself confidently. Some day the grandmother would see the future as he did, and then her strong, true self would be the first to bid him go. For the present he was young and could wait, he would not urge matters; the grandmother had suffered, ah! how she had suffered! Few women were called upon to sacrifice husbands, sons and brother in one short week. No, no, he would not urge matters. Every year there were rumors of yellow fever in the city, but only once or twice in a lifetime did it become the tidal wave of death which had desolated the grandmother's life. Pierre had been only a child then, but each year it was brought home to him by the mute terror which the rumors brought into the dear old eyes. At such times he would draw her close to him and promise never to leave without her consent.  
The old physician had been a classmate of his father's, and had always treated the grandmother with tender

deference and sympathy. One day he met Pierre on the street and told him that he must not go to the hospital any more; there were cases of fever just brought in, and it might not be safe. So Pierre waited, and a few days multiplied the cases to twenty; and then a few more days, and the city was hushed in the apprehension of a great terror. Business ceased, and those who were able fled to the hills, to the north, out to sea, anywhere to get away from the plague. The hospital was soon full, and there were not enough physicians and nurses to look after them—then new buildings were levied upon for the temporary use of patients, and then the whole city became a hospital. Pierre had been working day and night at the drug store, but that was not enough. He had a fair knowledge of medicine, and there was a woeful lack of help. An appeal had been made to the country at large, but it would take time for volunteers to arrive, and just now every moment was precious. He left the drug store and went home.  
"Thank God that you are come, Pierre," said the grandmother, fervently, as he entered; "I have been counting on you, and we have twelve dollars. It will take us back among the hills. We can get along some way, mon cher, and at least you will be safe."

But Pierre threw back his head and looked at her silently; and the grandmother after one swift, agonized glance at his set face, fell back into her chair with a low cry.  
"I feared it would be so, my little one! my poor little one!" she moaned. "The good God has dealt hardly with me, and I hoped that he would let this pass. No, no," as Pierre was about to speak, "I know what you would say. There are hundreds dying, and no one to minister to them. You would give your life. Ah, my God! I know it is right! I have been through it before, and gave all I had. But it was hard, my little Pierre. I am an old woman now, and not as strong as I was when your father and grandfather, and your two boy uncles, came and looked at me as you do now. Not one of them came back to me, little Pierre—not one!" She rocked to and fro, and obeying a sudden impulse, Pierre sprang to her side and threw his arm across her shoulders.  
"No, no," he whispered, tenderly, "I will never leave you. We will go back among the hills."

The grandmother shivered as though from a blow, and as she rose slowly from her chair, she came to her face the same strong, resolute expression which Pierre remembered to have seen far back in his childhood.  
"It is right that you should go, Pierre," she said, softly. "I know, but I was weak. May the good God overlook our frailties. Yes," in answer to his look, "you may go now. They need you more than I. But hold me close once more, little Pierre, we may never see each other again."

She was standing firm and erect when he looked back at her from the door; then he turned away and gave himself and his thoughts to the duty before him.  
The grandmother scarcely left her room during the terrible weeks that followed. Occasionally she heard hushed whispers along the sidewalk, and, more frequently, the dull rumble of the dead cart, stopping here and there to pick up its silent passengers. She did not listen for the footsteps of Pierre, she had given him up.  
Rumors reached her of physicians and nurses dying at their posts, and of the gradual extension of the plague to other coast cities, but she scarcely heeded. She had given up her future, and now she was gradually falling back into dreaming of the past.  
One day slow, uncertain footsteps shuffled along the sidewalk, and then



"I feared it would be so!"  
the door opened and Pierre stood before her, big-eyed and emaciated.  
"The plague has run its course," he said, wearily. "They have no further need for me."  
The grandmother look at him wonderingly, incredulously; then, as she caught him in her arms, a look of ineffable joy drove the expression of stony resignation from her face.  
"The good God has blessed me," she said, reverently, "even while I was cursing him. Let us not forget, my little Pierre."

Refer to Fernand's Story.  
According to correspondence issued by the London foreign office, 98 per cent of the slaves of Zanzibar and Pemba prefer to remain slaves. Fewer slaves applied for freedom in 1900 than in 1899, because, the British commissioner avers, most of the slaves know that they are not likely to gain much present advantage, seeing that those who were thrown on their own resources have a difficult time to make a living. The masters have been kinder since the slave legislation was enacted, and seek to make their service more attractive.

## THE WEST PRAYS FOR RAIN

Farmers See Crops Wither in Every Field.  
WANT, A DAY OF FASTING.

Governor Dockery of Missouri Asked to Fix Time for Humiliation and Prayer—No Mercy in Son's Rays—Above 100 Degrees.

Chicago, July 13.—The people of the middle west are praying for rain. They are praying singly and in groups, but the entire stricken region, which includes Kansas, Missouri, Iowa, and parts of Illinois and Indiana, is moving toward a huge, concerted prayer day to bring rain to their burning crops. Unless rain quickly comes to the relief of the great parched crops in the immense corn and wheat belt of the west great loss and in many cases complete ruin of the crops will result. For two weeks the hot winds and heat wave have been at their worst, with the thermometer soaring close to the 100 mark. The only way the farmers now hope to get relief is by asking more than human aid. Kansas is burning up. In 50 per cent of the counties the crops are entirely ruined. It has been 100 degrees or over in the shade for days upon days, and the grain is just at that point where it must have rain or die. The same condition prevails in Missouri, and other of the grain states. Today brought some relief, but the outlook is not yet such as to insure confidence. Already crops are damaged and vegetation withered and ruined in many parts of the middle and western states, which have felt the greatest force of the sun's fury. The scorching heat prevails also in Illinois, Iowa, Nebraska, Indiana, Ohio, and in other states contiguous to those there is little difference. A communication was sent from Macon to Governor A. M. Dockery of Missouri asking that he set apart a day in the immediate future, proclaiming a day of humiliation and prayer, requesting everybody to meet at some place of worship and join in prayer for rain, that the calamity of further drought may be averted. The suggestion for enlisting executive action was made by the Rev. George W. Sharp, a well-known preacher of North Missouri, whose home is at Kirksville. The Rev. Mr. Sharp is confident that this is the appropriate thing to do to secure relief in time. He cares nothing for weather prophets or the situation of planets. "All things are possible with God," he says.

Sons See Father Drown.  
Martinsville, Ind., July 13.—Rev. A. J. Cheeseman, a Methodist evangelist, while bathing with two sons in White river, was drowned. He told the boys the water was not deep enough where they were and waded farther, stepped over a log into swift water, and disappeared. Two men in a boat near by saw and led to have seen him struggling and said no aid. Rev. Mr. Cheeseman was of English birth. He leaves a widow and several children.

More Maine Claims.  
Washington, D. C., July 13.—Seven claims have been presented to the Spanish treaty claims commission. All grew out of the destruction of the battleship Maine. The petitioners claim \$10,000 each for the deaths of John J. Hardy, John Bookbinder, James C. Clark and Ed. A. Gordon. Otto Rau claims \$10,000 for injuries sustained.

Newport News Strike Ended.  
Newport News, Va., July 13.—The strike of the machinists came to a sudden end, when the strikers met and decided by a unanimous vote to return to work Monday at the old wages. Lack of funds and the ability of the shipyard to fill the places of the strikers are responsible for the defeat of the strike. The men will all be given their old positions.

F. R. Thorpe's Bankrupt.  
New York, July 13.—Francis R. Thurber of 145 Chambers street and 90 West Broadway has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with total liabilities of \$315,061, of which there is secured on nominal security \$125,814; unsecured, \$187,749. The nominal assets are \$876,414. The indebtedness was incurred chiefly previous to 1894.

Two Killed by Falling.  
Chicago, July 13.—With a cake of ice on his shoulder shutting off his view, Albert Bergeron, 40 years old, stepped into an elevator shaft on the third floor of the building at 180-182 Monroe and was instantly killed. Patrick Neveck of South Chicago fell down a hatchway at the Illinois Steel works and was killed.

Ocean Liner Aground.  
Philadelphia, Pa., July 13.—The big trans-Atlantic line steamship Eagle Point, from Philadelphia for London with a general cargo, grounded at the Horseshoe in the Delaware river about ten miles below this city. She failed to float at high tide and tugs have been sent to her assistance.

Player Breaks Collar-Bone.  
Tuscola, Ill., July 13.—In a hotly contested game here between the local team and the Broadlands Reds, Paul McKee, shortstop on the home team, accidentally fell and broke his collar-bone. The final score of the game was: Tuscola, 16; Broadlands, 14.

Shot by a Stranger.  
Alton, Ill., July 13.—Edward Webber, a farmer living near Mitchell, in the American bottoms, was shot to-day by a stranger whom Webber had refused to give employment. Webber is dying.

## The Death List Grows.

The death list of the Chicago & Alton collision near Norton, Mo., grows hourly. Thursday morning 17 persons had died, 3 were dying, and the hospital physicians state that others who immediately met their death. Not all of the other 24 patients in Kansas City hospitals are out of danger. Indeed, all of those scalded about the head are probably injured internally by inhalation of steam, and the physicians and attendants say that many of the cases are serious. A passenger says of the wreck: "The train was making fine sprint and everybody feeling pleasant and happy, when all of a sudden there was an awful crash and it seemed as though a tremendous fist had struck the train in the face. In an instant the air was filled with cries and screams; the train was smashed into splinters, while several hundred people, the huge embankment. In an instant that splendid train was reduced to a mere mass of debris, with human bodies crawling, screaming or lying in mangled heaps on the ground. Fire immediately broke out, and the horror to the scene, and above all the terrible cries of our train were heard the almost human cries of the burning cattle of the freight train."

TURKEY PAID UP.  
The state department has received the money for the American military claim against Turkey, \$95,000, through the American legation at Constantinople. The money was paid by the Turkish government to Mr. Leshman, our minister at Constantinople, was by him returned to the American legation and drafts remitted for the amount. These drafts have just reached Washington. As is always the case, the claims in the aggregate considerably exceed the amount of the indemnity actually paid, but our government has expressed itself satisfied with the payment. It assumes full responsibility for the distribution, the Turkish government paying down a lump sum of \$95,000 and leaving it to the state department to distribute this among the claimants at its discretion, and after its own fashion. It is stated that as soon as the department officials can prepare their list, they will communicate directly with the claimants.

BASE BALL.  
Below we publish the standing of the American and National league clubs up to and including the games played on Friday, July 12:

AMERICAN LEAGUE			
Club	W.	L.	Per. ct.
Boston	41	31	.568
Chicago	39	34	.530
Baltimore	34	36	.500
Detroit	34	31	.527
Washington	33	30	.523
Philadelphia	25	39	.441
Cleveland	25	39	.441
Milwaukee	22	45	.328

NATIONAL LEAGUE			
Club	W.	L.	Per. ct.
Pittsburg	38	30	.559
St. Louis	38	30	.559
Philadelphia	37	31	.543
Brooklyn	32	37	.463
Boston	29	32	.481
Cincinnati	28	38	.424
Chicago	22	49	.310

DETROIT: About average supply of cattle. Light receipts of hogs and sheep. Good, \$4.60; fat, \$3.75. Sheep—Very light supply. Prices: Best, \$2.85 to \$3.75; common, \$2 to \$2.75. Hogs—Prices range from \$8 to \$9.05 per cwt. Light sales.  
Chicago. Cattle—Nominally steady; good to prime steers, \$2.25 to \$2.60; poor to medium, \$1.90 to \$2.10. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, \$5.70 to \$6.00; choice heavy, \$5.50 to \$5.75; rough heavy, \$5.00 to \$5.50. Light, \$5.70 to \$6.00. Bulk of sales, 5,500. Sheep—Good to choice, \$3.00 to \$3.50; mixed, \$2.50 to \$3.00. Choice mixed, \$2.00 to \$2.50; west range, \$1.50 to \$2.00; yearlings, \$3.00 to \$3.50; native lambs, \$3.00 to \$3.50; western lambs, \$2.50 to \$3.00.  
Buffalo: A bunch of good 1,500-pound steers sold at \$5.00, with some light stock heifers at \$2.25 to \$2.50, and good fat bulls at \$4.00 to \$5.00. Hogs—Choice heavy, \$5.50 to \$5.75; fair, light to fairly good weight, \$5.10 to \$5.25; mixed packers, \$4.75 to \$5.00; medium heavy, \$4.50 to \$4.75; light, \$4.25 to \$4.50; choice heavy, 250 lbs. up, \$5.10 to \$5.15. Sheep—Offerings light; wethers, \$3.75 to \$4.00; choice to extra mixed, \$3.50 to \$3.75; fair to good, do, \$3.00 to \$3.40; culled and common, \$2.00 to \$2.50; yearlings, fair to best, \$3.50 to \$4.00; heavy export sheep, 4,000 to 4,500.  
Cincinnati: Heavy steers, choice to extra, \$4.00 to \$4.50; normal fair to good, \$3.50 to \$4.00; oxen, \$2.50 to \$3.00; butchers' stock, extra, \$4.00 to \$4.50; cows, choice to extra, \$3.50 to \$4.00; common to fair, \$2.50 to \$3.00; mixed packers, \$2.00 to \$2.50; hogs—Factors and butchers, \$5.50 to \$5.75; mixed packers, \$5.00 to \$5.50; stags and heavy fat sows, \$4.50 to \$5.00; light shippers, \$4.00 to \$4.50; pigs, 100 lbs. and over, \$3.50 to \$4.00. Sheep—Extra, \$3.50 to \$3.75; good to choice, \$3.00 to \$3.50; common to fair, \$2.50 to \$3.00; lambs—Extra, \$3.50 to \$4.00; good to choice, \$3.00 to \$3.50; common to fair, \$2.50 to \$3.00; culled, \$2.00 to \$2.50.  
New York: Steers, \$3.50 to \$4.00; stockers, \$3.00 to \$3.50; hogs, \$5.00 to \$5.50; sheep, \$3.50 to \$4.00; mixed, \$3.00 to \$3.50; lambs, \$3.00 to \$3.50; calves, \$2.50 to \$3.00; market easier; quotations, \$3.00 to \$3.50.  
Pittsburg: Cattle, heavy and prime, \$4.00 to \$4.50; good, \$3.50 to \$4.00; mixed, \$3.00 to \$3.50; fair, \$2.50 to \$3.00; hogs—Heavy, \$5.00 to \$5.50; roughs, \$4.50 to \$5.00; mixed, \$4.00 to \$4.50; \$3.75 for mixed, and \$3.50 for 250 lbs. up for common.  
GRAIN, ETC.  
The price of wheat in the Detroit market ranges as follows: Cash No. 2 red, \$1.15; No. 3 red, \$1.10; mixed red, \$1.05; No. 2 white, \$1.10; No. 3 white, \$1.05; No. 2 yellow, \$1.05; No. 3 yellow, \$1.00; Oats—Cash No. 2 white, \$1.00; No. 3 white, \$0.95; No. 2 yellow, \$0.95; No. 3 yellow, \$0.90; Corn—Cash No. 2 white, \$1.00; No. 3 white, \$0.95; No. 2 yellow, \$0.95; No. 3 yellow, \$0.90; Oats—Market stronger, 25c for July, 30c for September, 35c for December.  
In New York July wheat sold at 70c, September 65c, October 70c, December 75c; Corn—July 51c, September 50c, December 50c; Oats—No. 2, 35c; No. 3, 30c; No. 2 white, 35c; No. 3 white, 30c; No. 2 yellow, 35c; No. 3 yellow, 30c; No. 2 white, 35c; No. 3 white, 30c; No. 2 yellow, 35c; No. 3 yellow, 30c.  
Cincinnati quotations are: Wheat—No. 2, 75c; No. 3, 70c; No. 2 white, 75c; No. 3 white, 70c; No. 2 yellow, 75c; No. 3 yellow, 70c; Corn—July 51c, September 50c, December 50c; Oats—No. 2, 35c; No. 3, 30c; No. 2 white, 35c; No. 3 white, 30c; No. 2 yellow, 35c; No. 3 yellow, 30c.  
Toledo—Wheat, cash and July 67c, September 65c, December 65c; Corn—July 51c, September 50c, December 50c; Oats—Cash and July 35c, September 35c, December 35c; No. 2 white, 35c; No. 3 white, 30c; No. 2 yellow, 35c; No. 3 yellow, 30c.  
Pittsburg prices: Cash wheat 65c, July 65c, mixed red 65c, mixed white 65c, No. 1 white 67c, No. 2 white 65c, No. 2 yellow 65c, Oats—Cash 35c, September 35c.  
Buffalo prices range 1 cent lower than Pittsburg quotations.  
The condition of the market for corn and oats is attracting attention away from wheat. The crop failures in those grains are sending prices up, just as the good crop reports about wheat are causing that market to decline.

## COMBINE YIELDS TO MEN

Every Demand Except Unionizing Mills Is Agreed To.  
UNIFORM WAGES IS ASSURED.

Compromise Is Likely—Workers Refuse Proposal Made at Pittsburg Conference, Concessions May Soon Be Made—Shaffer Says Magnates Were Friendly.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 13.—A conference of three constituent companies of the United States Steel corporation and the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers, held at the Hotel Lincoln, is believed to have resulted in a decided victory for the workers and a compromise agreement ending the strike is expected before the week ends. It was authoritatively stated after the session that the companies represented offer to sign the Amalgamated scale for all the plants and make the wages uniform for the various kinds of work in all mills that have been operated for years as non-union. They declare it would be unfair to the men to force them into the organization if they do not desire to join. They also are willing to concede the right to the Amalgamated officials to enter the mills and organize the men, but will object to compulsion.

Proposal Refused by Workers.  
This proposition of the manufacturers was discussed most of the day, the representatives of the workmen, however, flatly refusing to entertain it, and they insisted on their old demand that the companies sign the scale for all their mills, union and non-union. The conference adjourned this evening and will meet again tomorrow morning. It is not believed that the union will adhere to its position, and a compromise is looked for by Saturday night. While representatives of only three of the combines were actually present at the conference, President C. M. Schwab, president of the United States Steel corporation, and W. E. Corey, president of the Carnegie company, were in constant communication by telephone with their associates and were kept posted on every proposition.

Shaffer Talks of Conference.  
"We did not come to any conclusion," said President Shaffer, when the conference adjourned for the day, to meet again at 10 o'clock in the morning. "Both sides stated their position and then we talked. The only question discussed was the unionizing of the mills. Our position was the same as it has been. The combine officials treated us pleasantly and met us in a spirit of friendliness. I don't know whether we will reach a settlement at the next meeting and don't want to predict anything. We want to avoid a general strike if it is possible to do so."

## ONE MORE VICTIM OF WRECK.

Miss Lottie Still, Injured in Alton Accident Expires.  
Kansas City, July 13.—Another death was today added to the list of victims of the Chicago and Alton wreck near Norton, Mo., Wednesday, Miss Lottie L. Still, aged 26 years of Hornellsville, N. Y., died at University Hospital at 4:30 this morning. She was badly burned about the arms, face and shoulders, and had been unconscious for nearly forty-eight hours. Leslie S. Colburn of Paw Paw, Mich., who was not expected to survive the night, was alive at 10 o'clock this morning. Miss Lottie M. Hayslip, Chemora, Ill.; Mrs. Annie Morrison, Valparaiso, Ind.; Miss Ora E. Talman, Valparaiso, Ind., and Mrs. C. W. Snyder, Jasper, Ill., the other most seriously injured, were all slightly improved today, with better chances of recovery.

Saved Crew of the Brig.  
New York, July 13.—The Morgan line steamer El Rio, Capt. Mason, arrived today from New Orleans, and reported that on July 9, in latitude 25-50, longitude 84-58, she fell in with the wrecked brig L. F. Munson, from Mobile for Sagua, and took off Capt. C. A. Watt and seven men. The next day a Key West pilot boat was sighted. Capt. Watt, his mate and three seamen were transferred to the pilot boat, which was bound home. The other three men were brought to this port. The L. F. Munson was built at East Machias in 1871 and hailed from New York. Her tonnage was 357 net.

Body Found in Calderon.  
San Jose, Cal., July 13.—The body of Lee Wing, a Chinese who was murdered last March by highbinders, was bolted in an iron casket last night by order of the county authorities. This process was considered necessary in order to obtain the sixteen bullets which were fired into the man. They will be used as evidence in the trial of Look Lee, alleged to be one of the assassins.

Constable Ends His Life.  
Peoria, Ill., July 13.—Shouting "Good-by, mamma," Robert C. White, who was elected constable last April, sent a bullet crashing through his brain, dying instantly. He was 39 years old and leaves a widow and two children. He had been on a two days' shirk. He was a son-in-law of former Sheriff Stalter of Tazewell county.

Will Be Sent to Kansas City.  
Springfield, Ill., July 13.—Governor Yates today honored the requisition of the governor of Missouri for the extradition of Walter Kavanagh and Daisy Wheeler, under arrest at Chicago and wanted at Kansas City for stealing \$1,200 from Mrs. Mary Jane Wheeler.

## The Goat Business.

The common conception of the goat business is doubtless derived from the comic papers which depict the festive animal masticating tin cans and theatrical posters or butting furiously in life or pictured upon a buck sign. But there is a serious side to the business and it is, of course, that phase of the question in which the Farmers' Review is interested. Great regions once covered with dense forests of pine, fir and hemlock—denuded of their wealth of trees by man or the ravages of forest fires—are fast being settled by pioneers from abroad whose arduous duty it is to clear such lands from second growth scrub and weeds after the remaining timber has been removed. To such men the goat now "comes as a boon and a blessing." It supplies him with milk that doctors consider the very best substitute for mother's milk for infants, so rich yet easily digested is it; it reveals in green herbs and tender twigs thus utilizing as food the very things the pioneer desires to get rid of; it produces annually three or four pounds of silky mohair which sells for two or three times the price of wool, does not require washing and is ready to spin without special preparation; its skin is in demand for mats and rugs and furnishes the choicest of lap robes for the haberdashery trade; its flesh is nutritious and wholesome, as tender as spring lamb; it is docile and wonderfully tame when hand fed; it is much more healthy than any other domesticated animal; it does not suffer from tuberculosis, hence there is no fear in using its milk for infants; it usually brings forth two kids each year and is cheaply and easily raised and fed. So it will be seen that the goat is bound to have its place in the agricultural industry of the country and already it has taken an important position in California, Mexico and southern sections of our country. At the present time there is a widespread desire for information upon this subject from men who are settling the lands of northern Wisconsin and are investigating the virtues of the goat as a brush clearer while at the same time breeders of Angora goats in other parts of the country are looking for cheap feed on rough lands for the maintenance of their flocks for the production of pelts and mohair. It can readily be understood that for poor families settling in wild districts where cows cannot well be bred, and indeed having scant funds for the purchase of cows, the goat, capable of picking up its living, costing but from \$6 to \$15, and producing from two to four pounds of cream-like milk per diem, to say nothing of valuable mohair and tender kid flesh, must be considered a most suitable and desirable animal. So great has the demand for goats already become in the west that buyers are now collecting large flocks in California and Mexico for shipment to Iowa, where states where dealers have engaged in the goat supply business and there is good reason for predicting that for many years to come there will be real profit in the business of local production of goats for the express rates are so high that shipping from California makes the price of the animal somewhat too high for the purses of poor folk. The Angora goat is strong of constitution and absolutely healthy and we consider the business to have a healthy, sensible foundation and excuse. Taking everything into consideration we are therefore free to advise the breeding of goats on all suitable lands and think that many a farm boy would find pleasure and profit from embarking in the business on a small scale. If after further investigation of the subject he agrees with us then let him go!!!

## Improving the Seed Corn.

The Illinois Seed Corn Breeders' Association takes pride in pointing to its record of one year from its primary organization. From the moment of its first meeting it has constantly kept before the farmer everywhere and in every way the importance of improving the Seed Corn of the state. By presenting the matter before the various Farmers' Institute meetings and at all gatherings of the Live Stock men the interest in this respect has been greatly awakened and today no subject is more strongly fixed in the mind of the corn growers than the necessity for the improvement in seed corn. We believe there is no matter of greater importance before us than the breeding of corn for seed and feed purposes. Since it is well known that all the available corn land is now under cultivation, that we have not in ten years materially increased the yield and have not at all increased the quality, and that against this fact that in ten years corn products have greatly increased and exports of corn from 31,000,000 bushels in 1891 to 210,000,000 in 1900. We must raise more bushels and better quality per acre if we are to keep up with the onward march of progress.—F. A. Warner, Secretary-Treasurer.

In his efforts to grow crops the intelligent farmer must ever try to conserve and add the stock of available plant food in the soil. The fertility of a soil is measured by its power to produce crops. A soil may have many hundreds of pounds of plant food per acre, and still be infertile, while another may contain little plant food, but may have that little in an available form and thus be productive, i. e., fertile.

A favorite way of applying wood ashes is as a top dressing to mowing or pasture lands. This encourages the growth of clover and some of the better grasses with a tendency to crowd out inferior kinds of grasses, weeds and moss.

Kangaroo skins to the value of over a million dollars a year are imported from Australia to the United States.

# Cass City Enterprise.

An independent newspaper Published every Thursday by A. A. P. McDOWELL, Main Street, Cass City, Tuscola Co., Mich.

**Advertisements.**  
All changes of advertisements must be sent to this office no later than Wednesday noon of each week, else they can not be inserted in that week's issue. Reasonable rates are charged for display advertisements. Local notices in our paid local columns are five cents per line for first insertion. Notices of festivals, lectures, concerts and all entertainments of a money-making character are charged for at the rate of one dollar for each insertion. Cards of thanks are twenty-five cents for each insertion.

The wide circulation of the ENTERPRISE in the counties of Tuscola, Huron and Sanilac, makes it a valuable advertising medium.

A. A. P. McDOWELL, Proprietor.

## Professional Cards.

**J. D. BROOKER,**  
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Exchange Bank and Cass City Bank. Office in Second story of Exchange Bank block, Cass City, Mich.

**W. A. Wellemeyer, D. D.**  
Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon; Graduate of Chicago Homeopathic Medical College. Office and residence in Bay Block, over post-office. Regular office hours 2 to 4 and 7 to 9 p. m. 11-1-22-1900.

**Drs. Wm. Morris & L. King.**  
Physicians and Surgeons, Offices in new Alle Block, Dr. Morris's residence, Seeger street, four doors south of New Sheridan.

**Dr. G. M. Livingston.**  
Physician and Surgeon. Graduate of the University of Michigan. Special attention given to diseases of women and children. Office over Cass City Bank. Telephone 21-2 rings.

**Dr. A. N. Treadgold.**  
Physician and Surgeon. Will faithfully serve those who may employ him. Office at Dr. Treadgold's former residence, Seeger St. 10-20-01

**I. A. FRITZ,**  
DENTIST. All work done equal to the best. It is my aim to make every job of work a blessing to those to whom it is done. My prices are reasonable. No charge for examination. Office over Fritz's drugstore. Not at home Tuesdays.

**A. A. McKENZIE,**  
AUCTIONEER, Cass City, Mich. Sales of all kinds promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed. Sales solicited from all points. Terms reasonable. Arrangements can be made at the office of the advertiser. 4-3-94

**Jas. M. McKenzie,**  
Auctioneer, Cass City, Mich. Sales promptly attended at reasonable terms. Your patronage solicited. 10-11-01

## Societies.

**I. O. F.**  
COURT ELKLAND, No. 826, I. O. F., meets on the second and fourth Tuesdays of each month in their hall in the Campbell block, at 7:30 p. m. Visiting brethren cordially invited.

**WILLIAM MESSNER, C. R.**  
A. A. P. McDowell Rec. Sec. 8-1-97

**I. O. O. F.**  
CASS CITY LODGE, No. 239, meets every Wednesday evening at 7:30. Visiting brethren cordially invited.

**K. O. T. M.**  
CASS CITY TRUMPETS, No. 74, meets the first and third Friday evenings of each month, at 7:30. Visiting Sir Knights cordially invited.

**H. L. PINNEY,** Cashier. **C. G. MATZ,** Ass't. Cashier.

## EXCHANGE BANK

Cass City, Mich.

Loans Money on approved notes and real estate.

In Partial Payment Terms if desired.

Pays Interest on Time Deposits.

**E. H. PINNEY, PROP.**

**CASS CITY BANK.**

AUTEN & SEELEY, Props.

J. F. SEELEY, I. B. AUTEN, Caro, Mich. Cass City, Mich.

Established 1882.

A General Banking Business Transacted.

Foreign Exchange Bought and Sold.

Drafts issued payable in any Country in the World. Money loaned on Real Estate. Collections a Specialty.

**C. W. MCKENZIE,** Cashier.

## Koolaid

### Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

This preparation contains all of the digestants and digests all kinds of food. It gives instant relief and never fails to cure. It allows you to eat all the food you want. The most sensitive stomachs can take it. By its use many thousands of dyspepsias have been cured after everything else failed. It is unequalled for all stomach troubles.

It can't help but do you good

Prepared only by E. O. DeWitt & Co., Chicago. The 51, bottle contains 2 1/2 times the 50c. size.

## DOCTORS

"Consumption can be cured." Nature alone won't do it. It needs help. Doctors say

### Scott's Emulsion

is the best help. But you must continue its use even in hot weather.

If you have not tried it, send for free sample. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, 109-115 Pearl Street, New York. 50c. and \$1.00; all druggists.

## Hay Creek.

Haymaking is all the go about Hay Creek. Rev. McMillan returned from Bay City Saturday last.

Jas. Palmer was the guest of Miss Nellie McCool Sunday.

Belle Douglass was the guest of Merle McMillan Sunday.

Miss Josie Cole, of Saginaw, is the guest of Gould Bradley this week.

S. Ostrander and wife, of Cass City, were callers on the Creek Thursday.

It is easier to keep well than get cured. DeWitt's Little Early Risers taken now and then, will always keep your bowels in perfect order. They never gripe but promote an easy gentle action. A. Bond, Cass City; F. A. Francis.

Any advertised dealer is authorized to guarantee Banner Salve for tetter, eczema, piles, sprains, scalds, burns, ulcers and any open or old sore. Sold at T. H. Fritz, Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston.

If young ladies think sores, pimples and red noses look well with a bridal veil and orange blossoms, it's all right. Yet Rocky Mountain Tea would drive them away. 35c. Ask your druggist.

Dr. Caldwell's syrup Pepsin cures Stomach Troubles. Sold by A. Bond, Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston.

## Karr's Corners.

Jas. Maharg had a barn raising Monday.

Jno. Anyon, of Gagetown, is working at Wm. Ritchie's.

Quite a number from here attended the 12th at Bad Axe.

Robert Mark and family visited at Geo. Karr's Sunday.

There are a number from here attending the conference at Lake Orion.

Miss Mary McLellan was the guest of Maggie and Florence Tanner last week.

The piles that annoy you so will be quickly and permanently healed if you use DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Beware of worthless counterfeits. A. Bond, Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston.

Thos. W. Carter, of Ashboro, N. C., had kidney trouble and one bottle of Foley's Kidney Cure effected a perfect cure, and he says there is no remedy that will compare with it.

Fat Lady—Don't sleep too much; exercise; don't eat fat and sweets. To reduce flesh rapidly take Rocky Mountain Tea. Act directly on the fatty tissues. 35c. Ask your druggist.

Stops the Cough and Works off the Cold. Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

## Canboro.

Walla Winger is working for Chas. Young.

W. F. Webster, of Elmwood, visited at D. Webster's Sunday.

Quite a number from here attended the 12th at Bad Axe Friday.

Geo. W. Parker transacted business in Elkton one day last week.

H. Mellendorf and family did business in Cass City Saturday.

Charles Hinzle visited his father and mother at Kilmanagh Sunday.

Miss Minnie Keillor, of Marlette, visited her paternal home Sunday.

The Ladies' Aid Society meets with Mrs. Alex Finkle next Thursday.

A baby boy brightens the home of Mr. and Mrs. Cyrus Lown, born July 13th.

Rev. King leaves this week for Ohio on a short visit, as his wife is visiting there.

Joseph Ricker, of West Grant, was a pleasant caller on Miss Lizzie Ballantyne Sunday last.

Thomas Jerome, of Beulah, Benzie county, visiting his uncle, C. P. Jerome, of this place.

An ice cream social at Geo. Myers', July 23rd, for the benefit of Rev. King. Everybody invited to come.

The Misses Burleigh attended the funeral of Mrs. Robt. Connell, of Kinde, last Sunday at Bad Axe.

R. F. Parker's berry pickers picked thirteen bushels of berries Friday. Pretty good for the first picking.

A bad complexion generally results from inactive liver and bowels. In all such cases, DeWitt's Little Early Risers produce gratifying results. Sold at T. H. Fritz, Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston.

If you want some "just as good" "I made it myself" Remedy, try an imitation Rocky Mountain Tea. 'Twill make you sick and keep you sick. Ask your druggist.

Druggist Takes Customers' Advice. Mound City, Kans., Oct. 22, 1901. Dear Sir:—I wish to add my endorsement and recommendation as to the merits of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. I have sold it as a druggist and it always gives satisfaction, and my customers are loud in its praise. I myself had been troubled with my stomach, and hearing so many of my customers speaking of Syrup Pepsin, I tried it, with the result that it cured my trouble. I unhesitatingly recommend Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin as a laxative and stomach remedy. Yours truly, J. M. HAWKINS, sold by A. Bond, Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston.

## Pingree

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Agar visited at Dr. Foot's Sunday.

Emon Cook, of Inlay City, is visiting at Chas. Cook's.

Mr. Summers, from Huron county, is visiting his daughter, Mrs. J. Fox.

Mrs. Sam Walden, of Greenleaf, is calling on old neighbors this week.

Percy and Anna Todd, of Pontiac, are visiting relatives in this vicinity.

Miss Rose Towle, of Ann Arbor, is spending a vacation at her parental home here.

Mr. and Mrs. Ogden Atwell, who have just returned from Virginia, attended church at McHugh's Sunday.

Our school meeting went off very quietly this year, and Miss Edna Dean from near Sanilac Centre was engaged as teacher for the coming year.

Mr. John Tippis, Colton, O., says: "Foley's Honey and Tar cured my little girl of a severe cough and inflamed tonsils." Sold at T. H. Fritz, Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston.

"I am indebted to One Minute Cough Cure for my present good health and my life. I was treated in vain by doctors for lung trouble following lagrippes. I took One Minute Cough Cure and recovered my health." Mr. E. H. Wise, Madison, Ga. Sold by A. Bond, Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston.

Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin cures Sick Headache. Sold by A. Bond, Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston.

## Ellington.

Thomas Brown, of Caro, was a caller here Monday.

C. J. King and his son, Jesse, drove down to Caro Saturday afternoon.

William Landon has bought a new binder and is cutting grain with it for his neighbors.

The Western Brother's big new show will exhibit at Ellington Thursday night of this week.

Henry Osterle, of Bellair, Ohio, and F. W. Osterle, of Caro, brothers of Mrs. Peter Shaver, visited with her over Sunday.

H. G. Comstock who lives in Evergreen was visiting Saturday night and Sunday with William Landon and family. He returned home Sunday night.

Those famous little pills, DeWitt's Little Early Risers come only your liver and bowels to do their duty, thus giving you pure, rich blood to reanimate your body. Are easy to take. Never gripe. A. Bond, Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston.

What Two Cents will Do. It will bring relief to sufferers from asthma or consumption, even in the worst cases. This is about what one does of Foley's Honey and Tar costs. Isn't it worth a trial? Sold at T. H. Fritz, Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston.

Science has found that rheumatism is caused by uric acid in the blood. This poison should be excreted by the kidneys. Foley's Kidney Cure always makes them well.

When you want a modern, up-to-date Physic, try Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. They are easy to take and pleasant in effect. Price, 25 cents. Samples free at Bonds, Cass City, F. A. Francis, Kingston.

## Novesta

Mr. and Mrs. Kite, of Bay City, are visiting at J. Riddle's, of this place, at present.

C. Tallmidge has just completed Ed Knobel's barn. It is one of the best in town.

Miss Ethel Warner is home after visiting friends in the north part of the state for some time.

Mr. and Mrs. N. Hamilton rejoice over the arrival of a ten pound girl at their place Monday.

M. H. Quick is also busy building his house. Landon, Eno & Keating, of Cass City, are doing the carpenter work.

Drain Commissioner Harp is looking over the Deer Lick drain at present and intends letting the job before long.

Novesta is booming at present. J. Paul has built a house. He intends to veneer it with brick. Hall and Delong are doing the carpenter work. James Ferguson intends building his house this week.

She Didn't Wear a Mask. But her beauty was completely hidden by sores, blotches and pimples till she used Bucklen's Arnica Salve. Then they vanished as well as all Eruptions, Fever Sores, Boils, Ulcers, Carbuncles and all other skin diseases. Infallible for Cuts, Corns, Burns, Scalds and Piles. Cure guaranteed. 25c at T. H. Fritz, Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston.

A Postmaster Writes. "I wish to add my testimonial to the genuine merit of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. I have tried many remedies but have found your Syrup Pepsin superior to all other laxatives and stomach medicines. My wife and I both use it and know it does all that you claim for it. Yours sincerely, C. O. Kinne. Sold by A. Bond, Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston.

## Deford.

Quite a few went to Bad Axe on the "12th."

Hay is lighter than usual in this locality.

D. Croop is erecting a cellar to store vegetables.

Mrs. Albert Honesholt, of Dryden, spent the past week here.

"Big" and Bert Lester have gone to Capac to labor in harvest.

"This certain now that oats will be a short crop in this locality. All fields of wheat suffer from the insect, some slightly, others greatly. The potato crop shows the most

spindling vines this season we have ever seen.

Fred Floyd Wills has gone to Detroit on account of sickness at Mrs. Wills' home.

John O'Rourke and wife, of Grand Rapids, visited in this locality for the past two weeks.

Word comes to us that Effie Wills, formerly of this place, is very sick at her mother's home in Detroit.

Help seems to be scarce this season and of course that puts a certain amount of independence into the wage workers.

There are twin babes of the female gender at the home of Jacob Hilderbrand. They are more than a week old at present and are well.

We have been attending the debate at Shabbona and are chuck full of ideas but are allowing them to settle before we shoot them out to the public.

When the Farrell Drain was let over at Wilcox the clubs were open the petition for the cleaning out bid of 160 rods and then sneaked out of town without giving security for performance of the work. He is now trying to work the insanity dodge.

Thomas G. Thompson has George O'Rourke's barn frame ready for raising. While speaking of barns I think it safe to say that Henry Holz is the only man in the county that has built a large barn on a state homestead that came into the market in the 70s.

## White Man Turned Yellow.

Great consternation was felt by the friends of M. A. Hogarty of Lexington, Ky., when they saw he was turning yellow. His skin slowly changed color, also his eyes, and he suffered terribly. His malady was Yellow Jaundice. He was treated by the best doctors, but without benefit. Then he was advised to try Electric Bitters, the wonderful Stomach and Liver remedy, and he writes: "After taking two bottles I was wholly cured." A trial proves its matchless merit for all Stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles. Only 50c. Sold by T. H. Fritz, Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston.

## Woman's Rights.

Woman's first inalienable right is freedom from headache, nervousness and constipation, that so often make her life miserable. The chief cause of these troubles is stomach disorder. Dr. Royal Ford's Depesicure is the new and perfect cure for these ills. Sold at T. H. Fritz, Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston.

## Elkton.

Elkton is well represented by the shirtwaist man.

Miss Lydia Adams, of Caseville, visited in town last week.

Miss Lena Stiff is employed in C. L. Hall's supply house.

Edgar Merry is painting the house occupied by Rev. Fraser.

Monday the thermometer registered 107 in the shade at this place.

The portico of the Opera House is receiving a fresh coat of paint.

The Roller Mills are closed down this week and next for repairs.

The elevator opposite the depot will be run next fall by H. Magidsch.

Dr. A. A. Coruell was very ill this week but is better at this writing.

Sam Weber, of Detroit, returned to the city last week after a visit here.

J. Linde & son sold their meat market to Geo. Kerr, of Inlay City, last week.

Miss Walker, of Marlette, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Robt. Lavaraeh, this week.

Work will soon commence on the fair ground and race track for the fall exposition.

Miss Myrtle Arthur left last week for Crosswell where she will visit for several months.

Mrs. Frank Forester, of Toronto, Ont., is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Walker.

It is rumored on good foundation that the M. C. R. R. will be extended to this place next fall.

The young son of Meno Weiss ran in front of a moving binder and had his foot nearly severed.

A society of the Modern Woodmen of America will be organized here next Monday evening, July 21st.

Tabernacle meetings are being held two miles east of this place by Rev. K. A. Norton, Free Will Baptist.

Mrs. Inerman and grand-daughters, Miss Lena and Emelia Helman, of Bay City, are visiting with H. Magidsch.

C. F. Nash left last week for Big Rapids where he will attend school for six weeks. The other boys will miss him for he plays solo alto.

M. A. Honeywell left last Sunday for Buffalo, N. Y., where he has been appointed to serve on the police force. His family will follow later.

Rev. Alex. Pieters, a Presbyterian missionary from Korea, delivered a very able lecture on "Korea, and For eigh Missions," on Tuesday evening last.

A C. M. A. Society, for boys, has been organized here under the name of "Star of the Thumb Lodge," No. 2,327, C. M. A., with Emanuel Stake, Pres.; John Smith, vice pres; Joseph A. Magidsch, Sec'ry; Norman A. Arthur, treas.; Johnson Smith, direct. James Whalen, sentinel; and N. L. Wales, speaker. They meet every Tuesday evening in the oquauil rooms.

It Dazzles the World. No Discovery in medicine has ever created one quarter of the excitement that has been caused by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. It's severest tests have been on hopeless victims of Consumption, Pneumonia, Hemorrhage, Pleurisy and Bronchitis, thousands of whom it has restored to perfect health. For Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Croup, Hay Fever, Hoarseness and Whooping Cough it is the quickest, surest cure in the world. It is sold by T. H. Fritz, Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston, who guarantee satisfaction or refund money. Large bottles 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles free.

# Tricks of the Piano Trade

Not wishing the public to bank merely on our opinion, we refer to the following article from "Music Trades," a high-class journal published in New York.—ROBB & COON, dealers in pianos, organs and sewing machines.

A PROMINENT official of the National Piano Manufacturers' Association has written me to say that he thinks the articles which have so far appeared in Music Trades on "Tricks of the Piano Trade," and which had special reference to the habit of some dealers of obtaining the instruments of their competitors for the purpose of injuring these competitors, have hit the nail squarely on the head. The tricks of some of the dealers are not confined, however, to the obtaining of one or more instruments of the makes handled by their competitors, and on the strength of their possession, offering them at wholesale prices or even less.

There are dealers who endeavor to make the public believe that the claims made for certain instruments, that they are of superior value, are entirely unfounded, and that, as a matter of fact, one piano is practically as good as another, and consequently a commercial instrument, which can be sold at a low figure, is just as good as a high grade piano, only that you do not have "to pay for the name" and the expensive selling methods of the high-grade maker.

A good instance of this comes to me through a prominent Michigan house, which has sent me the following, which is part of a circular which has been distributed at Cass City and vicinity:

## MONEY SAVED IS MONEY GAINED

Buy Direct from Factory at Wholesale Prices

There is an old title saying that the proof of the pudding is in eating it. So the proof of honest business methods and reliable goods is in the test of years. The proof of where you can get the best musical instruments for the money is in investigating the merits of the goods and getting prices. There is no greater system of extortion and robbery than that often employed in the sale of musical instruments. Pianos that cost \$150 to make are often sold from \$400 to \$600. There is no piano that should be sold for more than \$350. A good organ costing about \$100 to manufacture is consigned to the wholesale jobber at \$175 (who pays city rents and sends out travelers on salary and expenses) and it is again consigned to the retailer at \$275 to \$300, then gets \$265 to \$270 for the note at the bank. The same is true in the piano business, only more so. The dealer that knows his business and sells direct, can sell for about two-thirds of the price usually paid. A good first-class piano costing not more than \$175 to manufacture it. The manufacturer, presuming on the weakness and vanity of human nature to wish for something that only the few can have and to think it must be better if it costs more, the price is fixed at \$200, and by establishing a trust of state and county, and by controlling the trade, he makes a \$200 profit on it and the state agent \$200 more. (What fools we mortals be.)

From nearly twenty years experience, I know whereof I speak when I say you can buy the very finest highest grade pianos made from \$200 to \$350 with the finest melodeon and best without cases, with the highest and best grade actions or works made in the world that took first premiums at world's fairs both in America and Europe, namely, "Vessell, Nichol & Cross," "Memorial at Dunster's," Bad Axe, you can buy from medium high-grade pianos to the very highest best made from \$175 to \$350. Cheap pianos from \$75 to \$140. Best organs \$30 to \$80. Cheap organs \$18 to \$35. Sewing machines \$10 to \$30. It pays to buy the best.

This circular is evidently gotten out with the deliberate intention of misleading the purchasing public. The concern using this circular is very ignorant of the piano business, as it does not know how to correctly spell the name of such a distinguished manufacturing house as Wessell, Nichol & Cross.

It is my experience that when a man wants to be dishonest, the first thing he does is to start out by calling attention to his own honesty, to the wonderful friendship which he has for the public and to his anxiety to protect them from the "extortion" and "robbery" practiced by all of his competitors.

It may be taken as a pretty sure proof that any business man who starts in to defame his competitors is an unscrupulous man and a man who would not hesitate, for an instant, to rob a customer if he had a fair opportunity.

The dealer who uses this circular makes the bold statement that there is no piano that should be sold for more than \$350. This is ridiculous on the face of it. There are plenty of high-grade instruments that cost considerably more than that at wholesale. How can they, therefore, be sold at retail, at a profit, for less than the wholesale figure?

The statement in the circular that there are piano manufacturers who make \$200 profit on a piano, while the dealer makes another \$200 profit, is wholly unfounded. A great majority of pianos, to-day, are being sold, at wholesale, at a margin of profit of less than ten per cent, and as far as the dealers are concerned, it is safe to say, after they have paid all expenses, that the average profit of nearly every musical concern is certainly not more than from fifteen to twenty per cent.

I mean by this net profit, after all expenses have been paid, for rent, for advertising, for salesmen, for insurances, after losses have been allowed for, after allowances have been made for deterioration of stock and for pianos that have to be taken back after they have been only partly paid for.

Now, let us see what this Michigan dealer who abuses his competitors has himself to offer.

He says that in his store the very best pianos can be bought from \$175 to \$350.

Now, what are the best pianos that he has? I am informed that the reliable authority, that the highest grade instruments in his store are those made by the Schiller Piano Co., of Oregon, Ill.

Now, I have not a word to say against the instruments made by this company, when they are sold for what they really are, but it is ridiculous to claim that these commercial pianos, which are neither better nor worse than dozens of others, can be, for a moment, compared with the many first class, reliable makes which are to be found in the market to-day. If the dealer in question is selling these Schiller pianos for \$350, as being typical of the best that can be made, he is getting far more profit on them than the average dealer does on a Steinway, or on pianos of the highest rank and most exceptional workmanship and tone quality.

I am quite willing to admit that Schiller pianos should not be classed with the cheap stenciled instruments, which can be bought below \$100, but how much more than \$100 are the Schiller pianos sold for, at wholesale?

I do not desire to give away wholesale prices, which is a course I have myself deprecated right straight along, but in justice to the trade at large, which this particular dealer who handles the Schiller instruments, is trying to deceive and misrepresent, it is but fair to say that the instruments which he himself has by no means come up to the claims which he makes for them. That he should attempt for one moment with such instruments to meet the competition of the first-class, high-grade makes made

by his competitors is entirely ridiculous.

WE have all heard about Hot Times, but we don't offer experience as hot a one as we are having just now. As a help to this condition of the atmosphere we ask you to consider the question of an

## Oil or Gasoline Stove.

We have a good line of goods and the price is right. We also sell the best GASOLINE we can buy.

Call and see the best

## ICE CREAM FREEZER

on the market.

N. Bigelow & Son.

## Better Bread

Bread with a sweet flavor and tender fibre is what all housewives want. This is the kind we all want. The kind children want and the kind we can all have if we use . . . . .

## White Lily Flour

from the

Cass City Roller Mills, C. W. Heller.



### DON'T

you know that there are Lumber Sharks as well as water sharks? Of course you do. But you have not given this much thought. The fellow that tells you that you can

--GET--

your bill filled in a retail yard at wholesale prices will bear watching. We have never under-

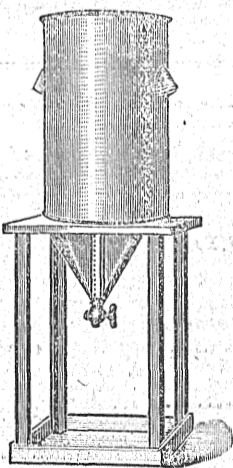
TAKEN

this method of doing business. We are not IN it for our health. Our motto is: Never Promise More Than We Can Fulfill. All we ask is a chance to figure with you. Get our prices before placing your order for Lumber, Lath and Shingles, Sash, Doors and Fancy Glass Front Doors, Mountings, Turned and Scroll Work, Interior Finish in Yellow Pine, Ash and Oak.

ALL STOCK KILN DRIED.

Remember the place - CASS CITY PLANING MILL. Headquarters for Bee Keepers' Supplies.

Landon, Eno & Keating.



### THERE ARE OTHERS

but none as good as

### THE FITCH AQUATIC CREAM SEPARATOR.

It will separate one gallon as well as twenty. Nature does its work. You make the profit. No crank to turn. No tubes or valves to clean or get out of order. A child can operate it. Is light, compact and easy to handle and clean.

At the following prices:

\$3.50, 4.50, and \$5.00.

Large quantity of Machinery Oil, Screen Doors and Windows.

J. L. Hitchcock & Sons, Opera House Block.

### Freiburgers.

A. Hunt and C. Pollard did business in Uby Monday.

Paul Freiburger, of Argyle, was a caller in town Friday.

August Rehl and Fred Pollard transacted business in Uby Friday of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Brown, of Cumber, called on friends in town Saturday evening.

George Peter, who has been working near Cass City, visited at his parental home here Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. D. R. Graham and family, of Cass City, visited at A. C. Graham's Thursday.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve should be promptly applied to cuts, burns and scalds. It soothes and quickly heals the injured part. There are worthless counterfeits, be sure to get DeWitt's, A. Bond, Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston.

The Best Liniment for Strains  
Mr. F. H. Wells, the merchant at Deer Park, Long Island, N. H., says: "I always recommend Chamberlain's Pain Balm as the best liniment for strains. I used it last winter for a severe lameness in the side, resulting from a strain, and was greatly pleased with the quick relief and cures it effected." For sale at Bond's Drug Store, Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston.

### Wilmot.

C. Green, of Detroit, was in Wilmot one day last week.

Mrs. M. Soles is still so lame she can scarcely get around the house.

Wm. Wilson is visiting his daughter Mrs. Ben Graves, for a few days.

W. Penfold has gone to Pontiac to work in a planing mill for the summer.

Nelson Louks is home from Wisconsin. He is laid up with a bruised hand.

Miss Nora Moshier has returned from Dryden where she has been visiting.

Mrs. J. Legg, who has been ill for the past week, is now much better again.

Geo. Ewo is on the sick list and the mason work on F. Hart's house is at a standstill.

One of the heaviest rains of the season visited this locality on Tuesday forenoon.

John Constable visited at his old home Saturday and Sunday last, returning to his business Monday.

Our town was made quite lively last Friday by a band of Gypsies or Mexicans (they claimed to be). They gave a show in the evening and took their departure Saturday for Kingston.

Ja. G. Amherst, Della, O., writes: "I had an obstinate sore on my face which everything else failed to heal. After one application of Banner Salve it began to heal and after three applications it was entirely healed leaving no scar." Sold at T. H. Fritz, Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston.

The same Old Story  
J. A. Kelly relates an experience similar to that which has happened in almost every neighborhood in the United States and has been told and retold by thousands of others. He says: "Last summer I had an attack of dysentery and purchased a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, which I used according to directions and with entirely satisfactory results. The trouble was controlled much quicker than former attacks when I used other remedies." Mr. Kelly is a well known citizen of Henderson, N. C. For sale at Bond's Drug Store, Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston.

CONSOLING  
How They Keep the Fourth at Cass City—1901.

We have our jubilation, 'tis held from year to year. July the Fourth—the nation's day—a time of general cheer.  
It may be had one meaning once, as held 'twas long ago.  
Sure, it has many uses now—a hundred more or so.  
We glory in progression the skies would fill with smoke,  
And 'tis independent we scarcely two can yoke;  
The 'ant's rail and cannons boom 'tis only meant for noise,  
A snarl of lions is ours—freerackers and small boys.  
True, at the grand oration few gathered to be fed,  
Yet, patriot hearts have many ways to show their  
For some would see the elephant, "the showman's  
The "educated pig," so cute—so let us not up-braid.  
Tho' sentimental still, we know that threadbare  
cross the stars  
And were we manna fed we'd soon cry out  
The prophet, with the modern fads, to other  
things give way.  
For sternly have the fates decreed "To every dog  
his day."  
How well 'tis to remember whatever comes or  
goes,  
There but few who follow not wherever points  
their nose;  
And some have different scents, all equally as  
keen;  
So, 'tis not always best to ask, "Brother where  
are you?"  
But loyally the Fourth was "kept" until it all  
was spent,  
Just as some "keep" their money 'till gone is  
And none must dictate, in our day, to any soul on  
earth.  
Proud of his independence, which way he must  
go forth.  
Mac.

Weary Women  
Nothing is more reprehensible and thoroughly wrong than the idea that a woman fulfills her duty by doing an amount of work that is far beyond her strength. She not only does not fulfill her duty, but she most signally fails in it, and the failure is truly deplorable. There can be no sadder sight than that of a broken-down, overworked wife and mother a woman who is tired all her life through. If the work of the household cannot be accomplished by order, system, and moderate work, without the necessity of wearing heart-breaking toil that is never ended and never begun, without making life a treadmill of labor, then, for the sake of humanity, let the work go. Better to live in the midst of disorder than that order should be purchased at so high a price as the cost of health, happiness, and all that makes existence endurable. The woman who spends her life in unnecessary labor is by this very labor unfitted for the highest duties at home. She duty by doing an amount of rest to which both husband and children turn for peace and refreshment. She should be the careful, intelligent advisor and guide of the one, the tender, confident and helpmate of the other. How is it possible for a woman exhausted in body and as a natural consequence in mind also, to perform either of these offices? No it is not possible. The constant strain is too great. Nature gives way beneath it. She loses health and spirits and happiness, and more than all, her youth.

Summer complaint is unusually prevalent among children this season. A well developed case in the writer's family was cured last week by the timely use of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy one of the best of patent medicines manufactured and which is always kept on hand at the home of ye scribe. This is not intended as a free pill for the company who do not advertise with us, but to benefit little sufferers who may not be within easy access of a physician. No family should be without a bottle of this medicine in the house, especially in summer time.—Lansing, Mich. Journal, For sale at Bond's Drug Store, Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston.

A lady reader, says her ideal is a man who takes pride in his home and pays his honest debts; speaks well of his neighbor, takes his home paper and pays for it; who does not squeeze every 25 cents piece until the agonized scream of the eagle can be heard a mile down the valley. He is measured 22 inches to the foot every way, but he and change his shirt once we'll, and will see that the woman he loves doesn't have to use a hedge fence for a clothes line or break up ash barrels for fuel.

To Cure a Cold in one day  
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Druggist's signature on each box. 25c.

CELESTINE  
WING  
NATURE'S CURE

If You "Fagged Out,"  
Have HEADACHE,  
BACKACHE,  
POOR APPETITE,  
BAD COMPLEXION,  
and would like to feel and look well, let us recommend CELESTINE to you.

Sold by Druggists. Price 25c and 50c. 1

the last thing that a woman should allow to slip from her: for no matter how old she is in years, she should be young at heart and feeling, for the youth of age is sometimes more attractive than youth itself. To the overworked woman this green old age is out of the question; old age comes on her serene and yellow before its time. Her disposition is ruined, her temper is soured, her very nature is changed by the burden which, too heavy to carry, is dragged along as long as wearied feet and hands can do their part. Even her affections are blunted, and she becomes merely the machine, a woman without the time to train and guide her children as only a mother can, a wife without the time to sympathize with and cheer her husband, a woman so overworked during the day that when night comes, her sole thought and most intense longing is for the rest and sleep that very probably will not come, and even if it should, that she is too tired to enjoy. Better by far let everything go unfinished, to live as best she can, than to entail on herself and family the curse of overwork.—"Sanitary Magazine."

"I wish to truthfully state to you and the readers of these few lines that your Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is without a doubt the best and only cure for dyspepsia that I have ever come in contact with and I have used many other preparations John Beam, West Middlesex, Pa. No preparation equals Kodol Dyspepsia Cure in the relief of indigestion. It will digest all kinds of food and can't help but do you good. Sold by A. Bond Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston.

Something New  
A new graphophone for \$25, which uses both large and small cylinders is the latest development in the talking machine field. This new instrument has been provided to supply a demand which has manifested itself ever since the large cylinder model appeared. Its possessor, while having only one instrument, costing considerably less than any previous machine capable of using the large cylinder, may now enjoy a large variety of selections at the nominal cost of small records and is also enabled to avail himself of the great volume and superior reproduction of the Grand record whenever desired, at no additional cost other than that of the records themselves. Besides its other advantages this instrument is provided with an entirely new feature which has never before appeared on any graphophone. This is a dial speed indicator which by the position of a pointer, enables the operator to tell at a glance, the speed at which the machine is running and to adjust the speed by merely moving the pointer.

The Columbia Phonograph Co., No. 83 Wabash Avenue, Chicago, handles the best records. They also supply the best graphophones and talking machine supplies of every kind, will send you catalogues on application. 2

You can never cure dyspepsia by dieting. What your body needs is plenty of good food properly digested. Then your stomach will not digest it, Kodol Dyspepsia Cure will. It contains all of the natural digestants hence must digest every class of food and so prepare it that nature can use it in nourishing the body and replacing the wasted tissues, thus giving life, health, strength, ambition, pure blood and good healthy appetite. A. Bond, Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston.

The Detroit, Pontiac, Lapeer & Northern Electric Railway has asked the City Council for a franchise to operate cars on the Ridge road, Trumbull, second and a number of other streets. The petition was referred to the ordinance committee. The surveyors of the city, who are catching Quannicasse, eleven miles east on the way to Bay City from Pontiac.

A couple of crooks are going about the county selling a new "process" for making butter out of fresh milk, claiming to be able to make a pound of butter from a quart of milk. They are catching an occasional sucker, and one farmer recently paid them \$5,000 for the state right of the "process." He is now trying to recover the hard-earned dollars he parted with so readily.

Postmaster General Smith has decided to defer from second-class mail privileges the large and periodical publications which depend largely on gift enterprises, guessing contests or nominal subscription rates for their circulation. This sweeping reform, designed to put the postal service on a business basis, is to be ordered next week by a modification of the postal regulations under existing law.

A few days ago representatives from the Somers Coal Co. of St. Charles, were in Tuscola county, their mission being to look over the coal lands of Montague & Graves, situated in the townships of Almer and Columbia. After looking over the situation thoroughly they left for home, being very favorably impressed with the outlook and it may be possible that a deal will be closed whereby operations will be commenced shortly in this locality.—Caro Journal.

DOES IT PAY TO BUY CHEAP?  
A cheap remedy for coughs and colds is all right, but you want something that will relieve and cure the more severe and dangerous result of throat and lung troubles. What shall you do? Go to a warmer and more regular climate? Yes, if possible; if not possible for you, then in either case take the ONLY remedy that has been introduced in all civilized countries with success in severe throat and lung troubles, "Boeche's German Syrup." It not only heals and stimulates the tissues to destroy the germ disease, but allays inflammation, gives a good night's rest, and cures the patient. Try one bottle. Recommended many years by all druggists in the world. Fritz's Drug Store, Cass City; or Francis' Drug Store, Kingston, Get Green's Prize Almanac.

The Stock Markets.  
Michigan Central Stock Yards, Detroit, July 16.—The demand for live cattle is fairly active this week; receipts have been moderate of late. The following prices are being paid at the Detroit Live Stock Market:  
Prime steers and heifers, \$1.75 @ 5.25; handy butcher's cattle, \$1.00 @ 4.00; common, 2.75 @ 3.50; cubs, 2.00 @ 3.00; calves, 2.00 @ 3.00; cows, 2.00 @ 3.00; stockers and feeders, dull but steady at \$2.75 @ 4.00.  
Milk cows, active at 25 @ 50; calves active at 5.00 @ 7.50.  
Sheep and lambs, active: Prime lambs 6.00 @ 6.50; mixed 5.75 @ 6.00; cubs 2.00 @ 2.50.  
Hogs are the leading feature in this market light red pig. Trade is active at the following prices: Prime mediums, 6.00 @ 2.00; Yorkers, 6.00 @ 6.00; pigs, 6.00 @ 6.00; roughs, 5.00 @ 5.00; stags, 1/2 off; cripples, 1/4 per cwt. off.

Vassar's national bank will go out of business August 1, and will be reorganized under the state banking laws as the "Bank of Vassar."

The operators in Yuma, Arizona, have struck a rich vein of gold, Chas. Montague, of Caro, and Fred W. Neely, of Bad Ays, and Neely, of Yale, are stockholders.

John McKinley has been elected president of the Caseville Sugar Co., Paul Wideman, Detroit, vice president; B. H. Rothwell, Detroit, secretary; M. I. Schloss, Detroit, treasurer.

Wild strawberries have been unusually plentiful around Forester this year. The youngsters of the place have picked large quantities, the berries being of excellent size and flavor.

A Poor Millionaire  
Lately starved in London because he could not digest his food. Early use of Dr. King's New Pills would have saved him. They strengthen the stomach, aid digestion, promote assimilation, improve appetite. Price 25c. Money back if not satisfied. Sold by T. H. Fritz, Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston.

Rev. James A. Roberts a former minister of Port Sanilac, has accepted a position in the schools in the Philippines and sailed from San Francisco for there on the 10th of this month. His family will follow him later.

The bond issue of \$5,000 for the new Decker school house was sold to T. J. Anketell at par with interest at 4 1/2 per cent to run for ten years. The estimated school tax for the ensuing year was placed at 80 cents on the 1,000.

Frank Miller is putting down a deep well at his elevator on the west side. At a depth of about 100 feet from the surface, a vein of soft coal was struck, thirty-seven inches in thickness. Another small vein was struck still further down.—Vassar Pioneer.

The trial of F. H. Marvin for libeling Jos. Dowe in the Search-Light beam of before Justice of the Peace Wednesday afternoon. He was found guilty and let off with a fine of \$25 and costs or 30 days at Sanilac Centre. Prosecuting Attorney Farr appeared for the People and Attorney W. H. Arthur for the defence.—Deckerville Record.

F. A. Beard, of Abbottsford, says there is considerable excitement at Carosville over the finding of an eightfoot vein of iron on the Dwight farm. Dwight has been disappointed and an effort is being made by some speculators to purchase a joining property. A proposition has been made to purchase the property of the Mills' estate.—Pt. Huron Times.

Dr. Geo. Ewing, a practicing physician of Smith's Grove, Ky., for over thirty years, writes his personal experience with Foley's Kidney Cure. "For years I have been greatly troubled with a weak, trouble and enlarged prostate gland. I used everything known to the profession without relief, until I was induced to use Foley's Kidney Cure. After using three bottles I was entirely relieved. I now describe it now daily in my practice and heartily recommend its use to all physicians for such trouble, for I can honestly state I have prescribed it in hundreds of cases with perfect success." Sold at T. H. Fritz, Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston.

The Detroit, Pontiac, Lapeer & Northern Electric Railway has asked the City Council for a franchise to operate cars on the Ridge road, Trumbull, second and a number of other streets. The petition was referred to the ordinance committee. The surveyors of the city, who are catching Quannicasse, eleven miles east on the way to Bay City from Pontiac.

A couple of crooks are going about the county selling a new "process" for making butter out of fresh milk, claiming to be able to make a pound of butter from a quart of milk. They are catching an occasional sucker, and one farmer recently paid them \$5,000 for the state right of the "process." He is now trying to recover the hard-earned dollars he parted with so readily.

Postmaster General Smith has decided to defer from second-class mail privileges the large and periodical publications which depend largely on gift enterprises, guessing contests or nominal subscription rates for their circulation. This sweeping reform, designed to put the postal service on a business basis, is to be ordered next week by a modification of the postal regulations under existing law.

A few days ago representatives from the Somers Coal Co. of St. Charles, were in Tuscola county, their mission being to look over the coal lands of Montague & Graves, situated in the townships of Almer and Columbia. After looking over the situation thoroughly they left for home, being very favorably impressed with the outlook and it may be possible that a deal will be closed whereby operations will be commenced shortly in this locality.—Caro Journal.

DOES IT PAY TO BUY CHEAP?  
A cheap remedy for coughs and colds is all right, but you want something that will relieve and cure the more severe and dangerous result of throat and lung troubles. What shall you do? Go to a warmer and more regular climate? Yes, if possible; if not possible for you, then in either case take the ONLY remedy that has been introduced in all civilized countries with success in severe throat and lung troubles, "Boeche's German Syrup." It not only heals and stimulates the tissues to destroy the germ disease, but allays inflammation, gives a good night's rest, and cures the patient. Try one bottle. Recommended many years by all druggists in the world. Fritz's Drug Store, Cass City; or Francis' Drug Store, Kingston, Get Green's Prize Almanac.

The Stock Markets.  
Michigan Central Stock Yards, Detroit, July 16.—The demand for live cattle is fairly active this week; receipts have been moderate of late. The following prices are being paid at the Detroit Live Stock Market:  
Prime steers and heifers, \$1.75 @ 5.25; handy butcher's cattle, \$1.00 @ 4.00; common, 2.75 @ 3.50; cubs, 2.00 @ 3.00; calves, 2.00 @ 3.00; cows, 2.00 @ 3.00; stockers and feeders, dull but steady at \$2.75 @ 4.00.  
Milk cows, active at 25 @ 50; calves active at 5.00 @ 7.50.  
Sheep and lambs, active: Prime lambs 6.00 @ 6.50; mixed 5.75 @ 6.00; cubs 2.00 @ 2.50.  
Hogs are the leading feature in this market light red pig. Trade is active at the following prices: Prime mediums, 6.00 @ 2.00; Yorkers, 6.00 @ 6.00; pigs, 6.00 @ 6.00; roughs, 5.00 @ 5.00; stags, 1/2 off; cripples, 1/4 per cwt. off.

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We are prepared to sell you binder twine at Chicago prices.

Standard Twine  
8 1/2 c Per Lb., Cash

DON'T FORGET  
that we also have a full line of Implements and Repairs.

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If you intend building let us figure with you.  
FIRST CLASS WORK GUARANTEED  
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How to be well dressed in 1901  
"Toilettes" is the leading fashion journal of America. Its colored plates are original, practical and by far the best authority for dress-makers. Over 20,000 dressmakers use "Toilettes."  
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\$30 National Bicycle for . . . \$22

Sundries lower than the lowest.

Call and be convinced.

Yours respectfully,  
G. W. GOFF.

A DURABLE AND BEAUTIFUL MONUMENT

Is the most seemly token of regard for loved ones claimed by death. We'd like to erect the monument at a moderate price.

HILL & PARENT  
under Town Hall, Cass City.

Window Sills now on hand.

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## Troubles of Bird Housekeeping

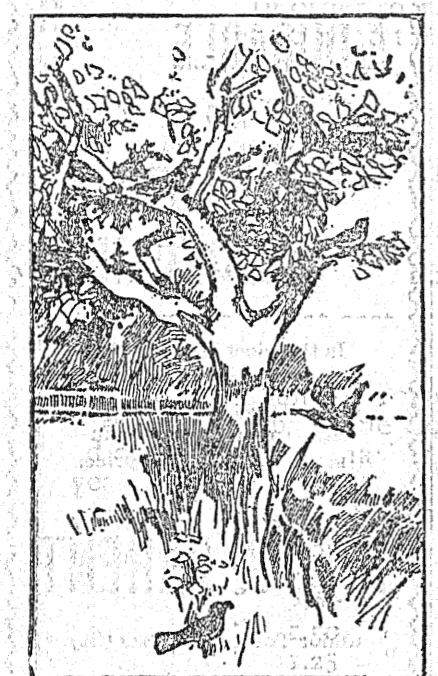


If the average small boy knew what a hard time birds have to rear their families under the best conditions he would hesitate to disturb their nests, even if there was no law to threaten him with punishment if he did so.

There was a patient pair of robins, for instance, who built their first nest more than six weeks ago in a low apple tree in the orchard. Presently there were two blue eggs in the nest. Then came the first catastrophe. Next morning the nest was empty. On the ground under the tree lay one of the eggs with two holes picked in its shell. That was the work of a big, sneaking bluejay, if one may judge by the fact that the same afternoon the robins were seen chasing a scolding jay about the orchard and that the picture of the jay has long been in the birds' rogue gallery.

Immediately after the destruction of their eggs the robins set about building a second nest on another limb of the same tree. They got so far as to have three blue eggs in this prospective cradle when a red squirrel came down one afternoon from the oaks adjoining the orchard and made a robins' egg omelet of what he found there.

Then a third nest was built and on that the old mother bird has now been sitting for two weeks. Perhaps she will succeed this time in rearing an in-



THE ROBINS.

teresting family, but there is an old white cat with three kittens under the hay mow stairs, who spends hours standing motionless, all but the tip of her tail, in the tall orchard glass and who thinks that a dinner of young robins would do her own children much good.

There is a little yellow warbler who built down in the pasture wood lot and who had equally hard luck in a different and really peculiar way.

The yellow warbler's nest was in itself an exquisite thing. It was built near the top of some thick bushes, about five feet from the ground. It was lined with soft, silky gray mosses and threads of vegetable tissue and it looked like the inside of a spun siver cup. It was built so artfully that leaves and branches hid it on all sides, and it took hard work and good luck to find it even after one knew it was there. It was found the day it had been completed, when the mother bird was just ready to begin laying her eggs.

But there was another bird out that day, sneaking through the bushes like a pickpocket, looking for a chance to leave one of its eggs in a newly built nest. The sneaker was a cowbird, which never builds a nest of its own and dismisses the whole subject of maternal responsibility from its mind when it has left an egg in some other bird's nest. One of these big brown and black cowbirds found the yellow warbler's dainty little nest and laid one of its big spotted eggs there. Then it flew back to the pasture again, and got down on the ground, among the cattle, with others of its sneaking kind.

Sometimes when a yellow warbler finds a cowbird's egg in its nest it will build a false bottom over the egg and proceed to make its nest above it on the second floor. But this poor warbler got no such opportunity. This has been a cold, late spring, and the warblers and other similar birds have been slow in building. Also there were many cowbirds about, looking for a chance to saddle off the hatching and rearing of their young on their betters, and before the yellow warbler mother could get a chance to lay one of her own eggs in the nest she had built it was actually filled almost to overflowing with four big cowbird eggs. This is believed to be the record in the way of cowbird greediness. Of-

ten two cowbird eggs are found in the same nest, but rarely if ever have four been found.

The greed of the cowbird in thus completely occupying the warbler's nest brought its own punishment with it. The warbler, disgusted, abandoned



COWBIRDS STOLE THE WHOLE NEST.

the nest completely. A day or two later something—boy or beast—had discovered the deserted nest and sto on all four of the eggs.

If the yellow warbler builds another nest and succeeds in raising its brood where the cowbirds cannot find it the first catastrophe may be all for the best. Even when only one cowbird's egg is laid in a nest and is hatched out with three or four young warblers the latter are likely to get far the worst of it. The young cowbird from the moment it breaks the shell is bigger and greedier than its foster brothers and sisters. It will crowd them to the side and insists on eating much more than its share of the food which the yellow warblers bring for their young.

Across the barbed wire and rail fence from the warbler's nest is a big woods pasture. Close to the fence grow thick clumps of hazel brush and wild crab and plum trees. In some places the thicket is so dense that a man has hard work in forcing his way through it. High up in these tangled, six or eight feet from the ground, two pairs of catbirds have built their nests. They are apparently safe from all but other bird enemies, for the long, sharp thorns and the interlacing branches protect them from attack from the ground. This is evi-



MOURNING DOVE BROODS ON THE GROUND.

dently a favorite nesting place of theirs, for in the branches there are the ruins of nests evidently two or three years old.

Close to the catbird's tangle and lying on the ground in a poor apology for a nest were found a recently hatched mourning dove and a white egg from which the little bird had not yet picked its way. This nest was close to the stalks of some close growing bushes and would never have been discovered if the old mother bird had not gotten up and flown away in a terrible fright when the nestseeker was four or five feet away.

With the instinct of most of the ground building kind the old bird went off with an apparently broken wing and did her best to decoy danger away from her helpless little ones. It is a wonder how these little doves escape the prowling cats which hunt in the

## Oldest Church in the Country

The oldest Protestant church in the United States is St. Luke's, at Smithfield, Va., writes William E. Curtis in the Chicago Record-Herald. St. Luke's was erected in 1632, and was restored in 1894 as nearly as possible to its original condition and appearance. It is a beautiful old structure of early English gothic, with mullioned windows and a stately tower, and has been used for public worship almost continuously for two centuries and a half. The original church erected on Jamestown island by the first English colonists

in North America under Captain John Smith—the church in which Pocahontas was baptized and married—has all disappeared, except a picturesque, ivy-clad tower of brick, surrounded by a grove of trees.

## How Many Dikes in the Netherlands?

There are at present about 1,000 miles of sea dikes in the Netherlands. The total length of dikes is difficult to estimate, and even if it could be estimated would mean but little, for it must be remembered that the dikes have for the most part in the course

of time been destroyed and rebuilt repeatedly. It has not been so much a question of building them as it has been of maintaining them and keeping them where they were. Besides protecting the country from the invasions of both fresh and salt waters, the dikes have served to reclaim no less than 210,000 acres, nearly all of which are good, fertile land.—National Geographic Magazine.

The man who has never written a foolish love letter has not yet taken all the degrees.

## BOY TOOK 10,000 VOLTS.

Resuscitated and in a Fair Way to Get Well.

Walter Budds, 9 years old, had a current from an electric cable carrying 10,000 volts of electricity pass through his body recently. That he was not killed is considered miraculous, but the physicians at the Hartford hospital, where the boy is now suffering from the effects of the shock say that he will recover, says the Hartford Courant. Young Budds started out with Johnnie Farrell and Willie Cosgrove, young chums of his, to see the circus parade. They went to Main street near the tunnel and after waiting for some time without the parade's coming in sight, they got uneasy. On Albany avenue, just above the Main street junction, the Hartford Electric Light company has a terminal tub through which the cables that bring the electric current in the underground system of the city pass into the open air.

One of the boys suggested that they climb upon the roof of the terminal tub to see if the parade was coming down Albany avenue. They made a run for the tub. A ladder stood in the rear of the tub, and the tub is built several feet above the surface of the ground. Young Budds was in advance of the others. He was the first to mount the ladder and as he climbed up the rounds he turned to the other boys and said that he could get to the top first. The parade was not in sight and that he might have a better view of the surroundings he reached from the top of the tub to one of the cables with the heavy voltage for the purpose of pulling himself onto the pole which carried the cables down through the tub. In taking hold of the cable he instantly connected himself with the electric current. His feet were jerked from beneath him, his body became rigid and blue flames shot out from the cables underneath the boy's hands. What appeared to the big crowd to have been a dead boy was brought back to life, and then the little fellow was taken to the Hartford hospital in an unconscious condition.

He was very weak on being revived at the institution, but during the afternoon he gained more strength and had a long sleep. Both his hands were badly burned and the index finger of his left hand was burned off.

## TO FOIL CHECK RAISER.

New Scheme for Preventing Any Alterations in Checks.

More than 20,000,000,000 of checks are used annually in the United States, and of this amount something like 18,000 are "raised," the loss falling on the drawer, for the drawer of a check is chargeable with the amount paid on it, provided his signature is genuine, no matter for what amount he has previously filed it in. Many devices have been planned for foiling the check raiser, but the security check is the most perfect proposed. The ingenuity of man has yet unfolded. The check has been briefly described as follows: "On the left of the check is printed its safe-guarding schedule. The words directing the payment of money are qualified by the following printed into the body of the paper: 'Provided amount does not exceed that expressed in words and figures at end of schedule.' After the drawer has written in the amount of money to be paid he adjusts a small paper cutter to the lines of the upper half of the schedule which binds the maximum amount of to be paid in dollars, tens, hundreds, or thousands, and tears off the check down as far as the small ring in the center of the schedule. Then he revolves his ruler, adjusting it to that line of the lower half of the schedule which bounds the number of dollars, tens of dollars, hundreds or thousands, to be paid, and then completes tearing the check from the stub along that line. This leaves in the hands of the drawer the check absolutely safe-guarded from alteration, for the 1 1/2 inch margin expresses in words and figures the amount not exceeding which it has been drawn."

The device is used by scores of banks and by hundreds of prominent firms, although it has been before the public but a short time. It is used not only on checks but also notes, receipts, drafts, bills of lading, and other papers, and is suited for use of many orders and tickets.

## Portugal's Pie-hors of Money.

Portugal is suffering from a plethora of money just now. Not gold, of course; nor silver; but copper. So vast is the supply of this inferior metal that ordinary people are exceedingly chary of changing such few gold coins which may come into possession of them. The copper coinage is big and cumbersome, and it is also depreciated, so that, in order to avoid being burdened with it, it has become the custom, in the larger cities at all events, to use street car tickets as currency. Made to serve a similar purpose. Meanwhile the government at Lisbon goes on serenely minting the obnoxious coins— which nobody will use—at the rate of some 80 tons a month.

## America's Circle the Delaware.

The Delaware is the river of great ocean shipbuilding in the United States. From Philadelphia to Wilmington there are seven great canals and several smaller ones. Within the past few months these yards have had under construction more than seventy vessels, representing a tonnage of over two hundred thousand and a combined cost of something like \$30,000,000. The Cramps had considerably more than one-half of this, but there were enough millions left to keep the other concerns busy and prosperous.—Saturday Evening Post.



## WOMAN AND HOME.

### CAUTION ON ACCOUNTS.

The question of cash or accounts is one that is debatable in the mind of the modern woman, particularly the city woman. Distances in a large city are so inexorable that the conveniences of mail or telephone shopping is very tempting. It is possible nowadays, indeed, to take advantage of bargain counter attractions at long range. Many women, knowing their shops well, will unhesitatingly telephone for a marked down article on opening the morning paper to find it advertised, some shoppers holding an account at different stores for no other purpose. Sometimes, indeed, these purchases can be sent C. O. D., but often they cannot.

In the matter of exchanges, too, the charge customer has an advantage in the ease and celerity with which she can manage these transactions. Against, however, this saving of time and strength and of opportunity must be set the objection, obviously important, of a temptation to extravagance, says Harper's Bazar. When an article is to be charged it seems much easier to make the purchase. One of the phrases common among women hesitating at this point: "It will only make a little larger check, and a few dollars one way or the other will make no difference," and it rarely fails to tip the scale in favor of the purchase, yet it is just here that the danger of an account lies in the establishment of moderate means, and the woman who finds herself slipping along this, easy, dangerous road can find safety only in stern repression, or to permit the account to lapse. An every day balancing of accounts is a wonderful safeguard for a housekeeper, and seldom occurs with the woman who charges things.

### DE SOIE BATHING SUIT.

Made with bolero tucked-over blouse of white pearl de soie. Collar and bands of white duck, with bands of dark blue duck.



With embroidered lace ruffle and white lace insertions. Yellow and black hat.

### WORK FOR WOMEN.

Science and art open their treasure houses and offer new realms of exploration and pursuit. Life is full of fascination and enchantment, and this finer inflorescence of culture, this true development of the individual comes from insight and energy. The Norse heaven had seven floors, each of which was entered after conquering the one preceding. Life has its many floors, and after conquering the materials there is the

### THREE STYLISH SUMMER DRESSES.



1. Green and white figured muslin, trimmed with white lace and black velvet ribbon; closed at the left side of the front.
2. Gray linen, with gored skirt and tucked blouse. The band about the neck, the cuffs and the belt are of white linen, with French knots done in yellow. The narrow braid which

### OUR COOKING SCHOOL.

**Raspberry Vinegar.**  
Make this by the recipe for raspberry vinegar, only putting in five and a half pounds of sugar to every three pints of the juice and water mixed.

### Cherry Fruit.

Boil together a cup of sugar and a cup of water, and when the sirup threads remove it from the fire and beat until it is cool. Now beat in a pint of whipped cream, a cup of half candied cherries, a cup of blanched

### spiritual to be conquered, and this needs all the strength, and all the time; and all the powers of the individual. "Progress is the realization of Utopias." "You have built your castle in the air," said Thoreau; "now put your foundations under it." No dream can be too far for realization, and life is a period in which to realize these highest individual possibilities.

and the woman who finds herself slipping along this, easy, dangerous road can find safety only in stern repression, or to permit the account to lapse. An every day balancing of accounts is a wonderful safeguard for a housekeeper, and seldom occurs with the woman who charges things.



Made with bolero tucked-over blouse of white pearl de soie. Collar and bands of white duck, with bands of dark blue duck.

### NEED A MORE SIMPLE LIFE.

In writing of the boasted progress of the last century. "An American mother" asks in the Ladies' Home Journal for June, "What has the 19th century done to the woman herself? Are her school training, her colleges and her work in art and literature making her a more womanly woman, more fit to be a wife and mother? If not, they are losses to her, not gains. The chief change which the last century made in the American woman was that it tempted her to give up for the new occupations of art, reform and money making, her own real work as a homemaker, wife and mother. The 19th century has dragged our women from their natural base. It has given them noble surroundings for their lives; literature, art, social power. But they are not content. They are nervous and restless beyond any former race of women. The food given them is too light. They look out on the world with starved eyes. The wiser among them are finding out that what they want is not show and public work and applause, but a simple life, repose and the homely affections of home."

### MODERN HAIR COLORING.

Fashionable hair in Paris now is dark mahogany shade. It is said to be far more beautiful than anything hitherto accomplished in the way of changes from the natural hue, says the New York Press. Nor is the process of transformation so difficult as was the yellowing hair. Probably because the mahogany hue now in vogue is so much more nearly resembles the natural dark coloring of at least the Frenchwoman's hair, the little irregularities in the working of the chemicals are not noticed.

### Ladies Can Wear Shoes.

One size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It makes tight or new shoes easy. Cures swollen, hot, sweating, itching feet, ingrowing nails, corns and bunions. All druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Trial package FREE by mail. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

### Carnegie Invites Johnston.

John Johnston is in receipt of a personal letter from Andrew Carnegie, in which the multi-millionaire invites the Milwaukee Scotchman to visit him in Scotland. Mr. Carnegie writes that he will give Mr. Johnston a "genuine Highland welcome."—Milwaukee Wisconsin.

### Laundering Thin Dresses.

To launder the exquisite creations of muslin and lace in which this season abounds has become quite a problem, yet the most delicate materials will not be injured if washed with Ivory Soap and then dried in the shade. But little starch need be used. ELIZA R. PARKER.

### Lemonade Poisons Hundreds.

Several hundred persons were poisoned at Ada, I. T., by drinking lemonade. Three children are reported dead and many seriously ill.

### No family, shop, ship, camp or person should be without Windex Oil for every painful accident or emergency.

### Even if he has nothing, every man likes to say he has made his own way in the world.

### Hall's Catarrh Cure

Is taken internally. Price, 75c.

### When a man disposes, he feels badly three times longer than he has a good time.

### Turn the Rascals Out

We are speaking of the grip microbes. The well and strong can resist their poison, the sickly and weak are their prey. Baxter's Mandrake Bitters are nature's remedy for expelling all poison from the system. At druggists, in liquid or tablets at 25 cents per bottle or box.

### If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

### THOMPSON'S EYE WATER

Free. A Full Size \$1 Treatment of Dr. O. Phillips Brown's Great Remedy for Eye Diseases, Catarrh, Sties, etc. Address O. PHILLIPS BROWN, 35 Broadway, Newburgh, N.Y.

### When answering Ads. please mention this paper

### PHILIP'S CURE FOR

Consumption. Best Cough Syrup. Cures Croup. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

### CONSUMPTION

# The Scourge of Damascus

A Story of the East...  
By  
SYLVANUS  
COBB, JR.

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## CHAPTER III. Love in Danger.

A bright, beautiful morning, with a gentle breeze sweeping down the fragrance of flower and shrub from the mountain slope, Ulin had eaten her breakfast, and with Albia by her side, sat upon an open window, gazing out upon the park of fountains. As she thus sat, the slave woman Calypso entered the apartment and announced that the robber wished to see the Lady Ulin.

"What robber?" asked the princess. "The same one that came yesterday."

Ulin did not stop to think whether the visit would be pleasant or otherwise. The man had signified his purpose, and as he was master in the palace, she had no idea of opposing him. Calypso withdrew, and presently Albia came in with the same noble step and bearing; the same pleasant, genial face; and with the same look and salute of reverence and respect.

"I trust that the Lady Ulin has passed a quiet night," he said, in deep sincerity.

"I have rested well, sir," she replied.

"Good. I am glad that I feared you might have had dreams."

"Not many, sir."

"Ah—and did you have any such?"

"Not—many."

"You dreamt that Julian was a demon, eh?"

"No, no, sir—my dreams were not of him."

"I hope, sweet lady, that you dreamt not darkly of me."

"No, sir. It was of—"

The maiden hesitated, and seemed troubled; but her visitor came to her assistance.

"Never mind, lady. I meant not to inquire into the secret twinges of your mind. I only hoped that I had not been unfortunate enough to excite the apprehension of your slumbering fancies."

He smiled as he spoke, at the same time moving a step nearer, and then adding:

"I am glad you have not suffered from our coming; for I have the more courage to ask you if you will see Julian."

"You said you would accompany him, sir."

"Yes."

"Then I may as well see him at once as another. You may inform him that the lady Ulin rests her safety and honor in his manhood."

"He has been so informed, fair lady."

"Then, let him come."

"Gentle lady, pardon me if I have led you upon a fanciful way of thought. I am Julian. I am he whom men call the Scourge of Damascus."

And now I crave your indulgence; but still I shall bow most humbly to your commands. At your word I leave the apartment; yet, I should like to speak a little further. I should like to explain more fully why I am here."

Was Ulin frightened? Not at all. She was startled when she first knew that the man before her was the dreadful Scourge of whom she had heard so much; but it was an emotion of astonishment. At first she could hardly believe that she had heard the truth.

"You—Julian?" she murmured, gazing into his face.

"Aye, lady." And then he added with a smile, "I suppose you expected to find me black and ugly, like the foul giant whom Solomon imprisoned in the sea. Am I right?"

"I did not think you were Julian," the maiden said, after some hesitation. As she spoke she seemed to gain new confidence and composure; and presently she added, "I had heard so much of your terrible deeds, that I expected to find a—"

"A monster," suggested Julian, helping her out.

"Not exactly that," returned Ulin, with a smile, "though I am free to confess that I should not have been so much surprised as I have been, if I had seen a worse looking man."

"Thank you," cried the robber laughing, "I shall take that as a compliment, and lay it up among the most precious of my recollections. I understand you; so, upon this point, I need only assure you that I am Julian, and that I must own the somewhat dubious title which has been bestowed upon me. And now, lady, may I sit here for a few moments, and speak with you further?"

The very thing Ulin had been upon the point of suggesting. She did not like to see him standing before her; nor was she anxious that he should leave her. She had a strong curiosity to hear him speak further. There was something in the appearance of the youthful adventurer that deeply interested her. She bade him be seated, and then, without intending to be heard, she murmured:

"So young!"

"Aye, lady," he said, catching the whispered words. "I am young—youthful; perhaps, than I look. Only three-and-twenty years have cast their shadows upon me. At that age the youth of the city just breaking from the bonds of parental restraint, as a child; but with me it has been different. A parent I never knew. A kind, generous woman, who was my nurse, took the place of a mother during my earliest childhood; and a white hair, d-

old man, who lived apart from the world, gave me my first lessons of life, and led me up till I could protect myself. A father's fostering care I never knew. A mother's love I never realized. The cruel blow which shattered the cup of my joys, killed my poor mother ere my tongue could 'isp her name. As I grew to manhood I knew that I was an orphan, and that my misfortune was the work of the King of Damascus. Oh! how the iron settled into my soul. I had grown strong and resolute, as though heaven would enable me to work retribution upon the tyrant. Do you ask me if I enjoy the life I have led. I answer—I have made enjoyments for myself. I have felt a peculiar satisfaction in knowing that the king feared me. When I have heard my name spoken by the rich and powerful with fear and trembling, I have liked it; and when I have known that Horam dreaded my approach, I have felt that my labors were not without their result. But these have not been my joys. In Damascus the name of Julian is a terror; but there are other places where that name is spoken with love and gratitude. Upon the plains of Abilene, and in the mountain passes of Lebanon, where the busy craftsmen prepare timber for Jerusalem—there Julian is hailed as a friend and benefactor. The grim satisfaction of torturing the cruel King of Damascus is tempered and softened by the calmer atmosphere of these friendly regions."

Why did Ulin sit so still and listen with such rapt attention to the words of the speaker? She bent her head as though soft music were stealing over her senses; and she gazed upon the man before her as though a grand, inspiring picture had been unfolded to her vision. His words carried truth in their very sound, and all her sympathies had been aroused. She was a woman whose nature had not been warped by art; and the avenues to her soul were guarded only by the pure instincts of virtue and humanity. Not always the safest guard; but still the happiest when surrounding influences are not evil.

"And now, lady," pursued Julian, "I must tell you why I am here; and in doing this I speak only those words necessary to the truth. On my way from the plains I met a messenger, who informed me that a fair maiden had been shut up in the Palace of the Valley. I could not believe that a beautiful young virgin had willingly given herself to the desires of Horam. I thought she had been shut up thus against her own pleasure. With this belief I resolved to release her. The result you know. I have heard your story from the lips of the black slave who attends upon you, and she informs me that you are affianced to the king by your own consent, and without any desire on your part to the contrary. Is it so?"

"The slave told you truly, sir," replied Ulin, bowing her head, and speaking in a very low tone.

"And you came here to this place of your own free will?"

"Yes, sir. My period of mourning was not passed, and the king brought me hither that I might be more ready."

"And but for the death of your mother you would have been the king's wife or this?"

Ulin replied in the affirmative; but she shuddered at the thought thus presented.

"Lady," said Julian, showing some emotion, which he evidently did not mean to show, "for my seeming wrong I most humbly beg your pardon. I had thought to wrest from the grasp of the king one who was an unwilling captive; but since I find myself mistaken I will do all I can to make amends. A—"

"And," said the robber, rising to his feet, "it is better that I should leave you at once."

He stopped, and swept his hand across his brow, and when he resumed, his speech was very low, and his voice tremulous:

"This has been a most strange adventure; and as I now look upon it, it seems as though some mischievous spirit had planned it. As I live I thought when I came hither but such as I have told you of. I have met you, lady, and for the first time in my life I have felt my heart drawn warmly towards my native city. Henceforth there will be something in Damascus towards which my thoughts will turn with other sentiments than those of bitterness. Lady Ulin, we may never meet again. In this moment of our strange companionship, may I not take you by the hand?"

She could not have refused had she wished; but that she had no wish so to do was evident from the free and friendly manner in which she arose to meet him. She gave him her hand, and suffered him to raise it to his lips.

"Dear lady, should we never meet again, I trust that you will bear one kindly thought of Julian. If you are forced to think of the wrongs he has done, let a memory of the wrongs he has suffered be some extenuation. Bless you, lady! All good spirits guard and protect you; and peace be thine forevermore! Farewell!"

He turned and was gone. Ulin felt a warm spot upon her hand—a drop of moisture—a tear! She gazed upon it, and knew that it came not from her eye. It fell there with the kiss. A

strange tribute from the Scourge of Damascus!

"Albia, I think I shall never see that man again; but I shall remember him with emotions far removed from fear or terror."

"You will remember him as little as possible, my mistress," said the slave girl, taking a seat close by Ulin's side, and resting her hand upon her arm.

"What mean you, Albia? Why should my memory be narrowed or shortened?"

"Because you are to have a husband who will demand your every thought and feeling. Horam is deeply versed in all the secrets of the female heart, and his eyes will not sleep while you have a thought which he does not understand."

"Indeed, Albia," cried the princess, with a look of amazement, "you misunderstand me."

"If such be the case," replied the girl, very quietly, "you will forgive me for what I have said; and of Julian we will think no more."

"Ah—was it so? Had Ulin been misunderstood? Had the keen-eyed Albia been mistaken? Would there be no more thought of Julian?"

The day passed away, and towards evening Aswad returned from the mountains. He said he had not fled from fear of the robbers; but that, when he saw that defeat was inevitable, he had sought safety from capture so that he might communicate with Damascus. Perhaps he told the truth. At all events, he resumed his command, and once more posted his guards about the valley; and then came to assure the princess that she was safe.

It was in the evening, just as the last gleams of day were fading out, and before the lamps had been lighted—that that season when the thoughts are most apt to wander and strange fancies visit the mind.

It was not to be that Ulin should spend the allotted time at the Palace of the Valley. The king had heard of the attack of Julian, and he came with a large army to bear the princess away from a place which was no longer safe. He was somewhat surprised when he found that the Scourge of Damascus had been within the palace, and had withdrawn again; and when he had heard the story from Calypso, he ordered one half the palace guardsmen to be executed within the valley.

The maiden had heard from Calypso of the bloody deed which had been done by the king's order, and when she knew that he was coming, she declared her intention of refusing to see him. But Albia persuaded her to a different course.

"As you value your future welfare," plead the bondmaid, "so must you behave before the king. If you would live in peace, let him have no occasion to mistrust your real feelings. He is coming. Beware!"

The warning was most seasonable; and Ulin, by obeying it so conducted herself that Horam thought she only suffered from the dreadful fright occasioned by the appearance of the terrible Julian. He spoke to her words of cheer and assurance, and announced his purpose of carrying her back to Damascus.

"We will rest tonight, sweet love," he said, "and on the morrow you shall find a safer shelter."

Ulin gazed upon the wrinkled face, and upon the quaking limbs, and upon the sparse gray hairs; and she could not repress a shudder. She looked upon the thin, hard hands of the monarch, and they seemed covered with blood. She watched him as he departed with her father; and when he had gone she sank down, and leaned her head upon Albia's bosom.

"O," she murmured, "I fear that I have undertaken more than I can accomplish. I cannot be that man's wife! I never knew him until now. He will kill me!"

"Peace!" whispered the bondmaid. "But she whispered in vain.

(To be Continued.)

## ECCENTRIC WILLS.

Benjamin Franklin Left a Small Sum Which he Never Allowed.

When Benjamin Franklin died, in 1790, he left a small sum of money, which was not to be used until the twentieth century. His gift is at last available, and the sum now amounts to \$375,000, having been invested at compound interest, says the Pittsburgh Press. The trustees of the Franklin fund have decided to use the money for the erection of a Franklin institute in Franklin square, Boston. Curious provisions made by will are more common than one would suppose. Within the last few months, there have been several examples of eccentric bequests of property. To one young woman has been left \$25,000 by her brother under the express condition that she neither marries nor becomes a nun. If the conditions are not fulfilled, the money is to be distributed among other relatives. To his three daughters an Italian who recently died left \$500 a year each if they remained single and \$2,500 each a year if they married. A late member of the English parliament left by will to his two daughters \$720,000, with the provision that the money is only to be payable if they attain the age of 35 years, without marrying either a citizen of the United States or a Hebrew.

A new claimant for the fortune left by the composer Verdi has appeared. He is a farmer named Verdi, living near Athens, Greece. He says that the Verdi family came originally from the east, one branch establishing itself at Athens, and the other going on to Italy, and that he is the closest surviving relative of the deceased composer.

## Baseball.

### WESTERN TROUBLES.

The Western League intends pushing the case against Outfielder Bradley, who deserted the Denver club to go to Salt Lake City. The suit will be instituted purely for the purpose of testing the new contracts of the leagues drawn up by the lawyers under the watchful eye of Mr. Tebeau, with the special object of meeting the objections urged against the National League contract. When the Philadelphia National League management tried to enforce the reserve clause of its contracts, taking LaJolie as the man to be the defendant, the courts decided that the contract did not hold, for the reason that it took something without giving consideration; therefore, it was a document that was one-sided. The team management had all advantages and received something for nothing. It was not in the agreement for mutual advantage Tebeau had a contract drawn up which gave the player a definite price for the option on his services for next year. This contract the players have signed. There are two reasons for the Western League to test the contract, the first that it wishes to ascertain if the contract is binding, and the second that the National agreement will expire next year. The expiration of the agreement is likely to throw baseball affairs into chaos and cause a reconstruction of the whole baseball map. If the Western can get an agreement that will hold its players over the crisis it is likely to come out in pretty good shape.

**MAKING A RECORD.**  
John F. Zalusky, the man's'ay of the Louisville Club of the Western association behind the bat, was born at Minneapolis, Minn., on June 22, 1875. This is his first season as a professional and his consistently good work has attracted attention in major league circles. The young collegian is making a good record in all departments of the game and if he does not meet with illness or injury, will make the season's

**SELBACH AS A BATTER.**  
The batting performance of Selbach at Cincinnati is the best individual record of one game so far this season. He made six hits. A number of players during the campaign have made four hits in one game, and Van Haltren has twice made five. Heidrick, of St. Louis, one of the finest batsmen that ever broke into the game, has a wonderful record. Three times he has made four hits in one game, one of these quadruples including two triples and a double. That is a total of 10 bases and is the best in that line of the season. Hickman made four hits, including a triple and a home run, which represents nine bases. Eight times Heidrick has made three hits in one game. Strange has made three hits in one game seven times to date. Keeler has made four hits three times and three hits three times. Four hits in one game have also been made by Delehanty, Wallace, who has done it once, had a triple and a home run in the bunch. Davis, Burkett, Doyle, Ritchey, Donovan and Crawford have had four hits twice, the latter having eight total bases, including a homer and two-bagger. Sheekard made three triples in one game, which is most total bases for number of hits. Beckley hit for a home run, a double and a single in one game. All this shows there has been some picturesque hitting, notwithstanding the foul strike rule.

**A VETERAN PITCHER.**  
Jimmy Callahan, one of the crack pitchers of the Chicago American league team, leaders in the race for the pennant in that organization, was for several years one of the pitching corps of the Chicago National League team. Besides being a clever twirler Calla-

han is a good infielder and has been invaluable to the Chicago as a utility man. He has recently come into the game again, after being laid up for some time by a broken arm. "Jimmy" is one of the most popular ball players in the profession, and is well known to base ball fans throughout the country. This is his first year with the American leaguers.

**THE WRESTLING ROOM.**  
Tom Jenkins' defeat of Sharkey in a wrestling match has not done so much for the ex-sailor. The sturdy boxer and his friends are confident that Sharkey will make a fine wrestler after a few trials with a good man like Jenkins. He is an ideal specimen of physical manhood, built more on the lines of a wrestler than of a boxer, and his rugged frame and broad shoulders make him no easy mark for any man to handle. He is not without cleverness and has some tricks that his friends never suspected him of possessing. Bob Fitzsimmons may next take a crack at Jenkins. It may not be known that Fitz is something of a wrestler, having been under the guidance of Ernest Rober for several years.

**NATIONAL LEAGUE YIELDS.**  
Soden, Conant, and Billings have surrendered to the American League after a vain struggle for patronage,

and cut the price of admission to the Boston National league grounds to 25 cents. Besides that, in their desperate efforts to retain prestige, they have resorted to playing double-headers, but are still playing to empty benches, while across the way Somers' American league team is packing the grounds. At Philadelphia Colonel Rogers has put on double bill's in his fight against the American league, and only Hart holds out against the new organization.

The American league is claiming victory over the National already. Johnson affirms that the National league treasurer is depleted to an alarming extent. Whether that be true or not, the National league has suddenly awakened to the fact that its "public-be-damned" policy has crippled it in Boston and Philadelphia, and is resorting to desperate measures.

**MR. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP.**  
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle. His bark is preferable to his bite—and his bark is preferable just the same.

Pink's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'BRIEN, 322 Third Ave., N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

Singers should be above climatic influence; it is easy for them to change the air.

W. N. U.—DETROIT—NO. 29—1901

**COLLINS' FIND.**  
Manager Collins has a visitor in a young man named Winters, who is to be tried out as a pitcher. He was pitcher for the club Y. M. C. A., of York, Pa., and pitched against the Baltimore League team and the Maryland Athletic club team when they played there this season. Winters also pitched for the Gettysburg college club and is the second pitcher of that team to join the league this season. The other is Plank, who is aiding the Athletics to recover lost ground. Winters was highly recommended to Mr. Somers. Mr. Somers is also after Ed High, the star pitcher of the Virginia-North Carolina League. The player is said to be a wonder. He belongs to the Newport News club May 27 he held Portsmouth down to one run and five hits, and May 30 shut out Wilmington, allowing five hits and striking out seven men. June 1 he again pitched and Wilmington made one run and five hits off him—Boston Post.

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Never in the history of professional baseball has there been such a rainy season during the spring campaign as the clubs in the different leagues encountered this year. Especially have the eight clubs of the National League suffered, and to a very costly extent, in the heavy loss of gate receipts.

"Bergen," says Joe Kelley of the Cincinnati catcher, "is in a class by himself. They talk about the snapping of Buck Ewing, and the rapidity with which Mike Kelley could get the ball away, but neither of these men had their tricks down as well as Bergen has. He can throw to any base with no effort whatever, and the base runner must be wily, indeed, who can get away from him if he plays any distance off the base."

**JOHN F. ZALUSKY.**  
record for consecutive games. His batting has been of great value to his team and Manager Wilmoat and his players, many of whom have had experience in the National league, predict that Zalusky will advance in his profession and become one of the game's greatest catchers.

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# BARGAINS

DOUBLE STORE

PHONE NO. 8.

## that beat all

You will find the prices of our goods lower than the lowest.....Our Bargain Counter is now filled and REFINANTS at half their value.....Other SUMMER GOODS and SHIRT WAISTS going at a Big Sacrifice.

Get our prices before buying

Yours for trade,

# GEO. MATZEN

# Hunt's Grocery

Profitable inducements for grocery buyers.

- Mocha and Java Coffee.....23c per pound
- Fancy Domestic Sardines 6 cans for.....25c
- Potted Ham, Chicken and Ox Tongue.....10c
- 1/2 pound can Best Red Salmon.....10c
- English Boneless Herring per can.....10c
- 1/2 pound can Chipped Dried Beef.....15c
- 1/2 pound cans Veal, Beef and Ham Loaf.....12c
- Vienna Sausage per can.....10c
- Luncheon Olives large bottles.....15c
- 2 1/2 pounds boxes Best Layer Eggs.....25c
- Light House and Rub-No-More Soap 8 bars for.....25c

Buy a 25c can of Baking Powder and get a draw on the sewing machine.

# PROMPT DELIVERY H. L. HUNT

# CLEARING CASH SALE

In order to reduce my stock of shoes and furniture to the lowest point possible before the arrival of our fall goods, I have decided to conduct a clearing sale commencing on

## SATURDAY, JULY 13th

and continuing through the month of July. Below are some of the bargains:

Postage stamps at cost.

20 per cent discount on Couches. 15 per cent discount on Bedroom Suits. 10 per cent discount on all other furniture. Our Acme Couches are the best constructed of any on the market and are guaranteed for five years.

- All our \$3.00 Shoes for.....\$2.40
- " " 3.50 " ".....2.90
- " " 2.50 " ".....2.00
- " " 2.00 " ".....1.65
- " " 1.50 " ".....1.15
- " " 1.25 " ".....1.00

Men's Patent Leather Shoes and some that are out of style at almost any price.

This is a genuine sale and what we advertise we will strictly live up to. Butter and Eggs will be taken same as cash. All goods charged will be sold at the regular price.

# S. OSTRANDER.

### Local Happenings.

L. Robb made a trip to Deford on Wednesday.

Miss May Tye visited friends at Caseville last week.

Rod. Daw is now employed in the factory at Bad Axe.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Parent visited Bad Axe friends last week.

Be sure and note the contents of the new adv. of Geo. Matzen.

S. Champion is treating his tonsorial parlors to fresh paper and paint.

The Epworth League had its monthly business meeting on Tuesday evening.

Mrs. G. A. Stevenson and daughter, Fern, are visiting at Vassar and Saginaw.

Mark S. Wickware is ill with scarlet fever, but is doing as well as can be expected.

Mrs. W. T. Schenck is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. L. I. Wood, at Port Huron.

W. A. Fairweather and daughter, Lena, are spending a few days at Orion and Detroit.

Mrs. D. R. Graham and son, Alex. W., left yesterday to visit friends at Rodney, Ont.

John Schwaderer and Will Miller returned from Alma College last week for the vacation.

Mrs. Wm. Jackson, northeast of town who has been seriously ill for some time, died on Sunday.

Lost—On Monday, 15th, gold watch chain with fob attached. Returned to John W. Ball at the Barber shop.

L. E. Morningstar, of Caro, was in town last week, delivering his recently published directory of the county.

Fred Meiser returned last week from Buffalo, where he has been visiting a sister. He was taken quite seriously ill while at the Pan-American and has not yet recovered. He arrived home in a very weak condition.

John Brumm, who is home from college for the vacation, spoke to the Junior League on Sunday afternoon.

Dr. A. N. Treadgold has been appointed Court physician for the Independent Order of Foresters at this place.

There will be services at the M. E. Church next Sunday at the usual hours, and the pulpit will be well supplied.

Mrs. Timerson and babe, who have been visiting here for some time, returned on Saturday to their home at Pontiac.

Mrs. W. J. Thomas and four children, of Detroit, who have been visiting the former's sister, Mrs. D. K. Graham, returned home this week.

The Knights of the Maccabees have purchased a plot at the cemetery whereon to erect their Mystic Mound for Decoration Day services.

W. I. Frost announces an auction sale to take place in front of the Cass City Bank at three o'clock on Saturday afternoon, July 20th. See bills.

Rev. Geo. F. Smith, of Grant, filled the M. E. Church pulpit here on Sunday in a very creditable manner, and the people will gladly hear him again.

The entire stock of merchandise belonging to Frost & Hebblewhite was purchased this week by Ryan Bros., of Gagetown, who have moved the same to Gagetown.

Fine samples of brick have been received from Bucyrus, O., made of the shale clay found near here. They can be seen at the Roller Mills or at the Cass City Bank.

The magnetic healing institute of Battle Creek, with Dr. J. E. Batdorf, as its head, has been denied the use of the mails, so don't send any more locks of hair and four cents in stamps.

The last issue of the Gagetown Times says: "In a recent letter from Miss Nelson she says that Hugh Walters is becoming quite strong again, and is now treating with a specialist at Spokane."

Monday was what might well be called a "scorching" day. At an early hour the thermometer registered 92 and we are credibly informed that at least one instrument registered 112 during the day.

Fred Meiser returned last week from Buffalo, where he has been visiting a sister. He was taken quite seriously ill while at the Pan-American and has not yet recovered. He arrived home in a very weak condition.

Paster E. Rushbrook, of Port Huron, was in town on Monday, having been called to officiate at the funeral of Mrs. Wm. Jackson, at the Tanner schoolhouse that day. His little daughter came with him and they returned home next morning.

C. E. Pryor, of Saginaw, the piano

manufacturer, was in town this week. He appears to be a whole encyclopedia on pianos, having spent many years in their manufacture and the product of the company with which he is now connected is rapidly coming into favor.

E. A. Jones sometime ago made application for a patent on an improved animal poke, and last week received word that his patent had been allowed. He feels certain that he has a good thing, but has said nothing about it, as he preferred to secure the patent first.

The following letters remain unclaimed in the P. O. at Cass City, Mich., for the week ending July 13:

Dan Gillies, Frank Roblin, Alfred Gown, Antone Guinn, D. J. Gier and Rev. P. C. Wood. H. S. Wolkware, Postmaster. When calling for the calling please mention advertised.

Postmaster Wickware is making still further improvements in the already well-equipped and conveniently arranged postoffice. The stamp window is being placed on the east side, necessitating the moving to the north of the boxes and delivery windows. It will mean a little more walking for the clerks but added convenience to the public.

Our base ball team went to Caro on Monday, and despite the intense heat put up a most creditable game. At the close of the sixth inning the score was even, one on each side. At the close of the ninth they had two each. Two more innings were played and in the last half of the eleventh innings Caro succeeded in getting another run, making the score three to two in their favor. Caro batters were Moore, Jim McKay, Cass City battery Buckley and McKenzie.

The churches of this place have decided to join in an excursion to Orion on Tuesday, July 23rd, that being the day when Rev. G. Campbell Morgan, of London, Eng., a most successful evangelistic worker of wide repute, is to speak there. A special train will be provided and the fare has been placed at \$1 for adults and 50c. for children, making it possible for nearly everyone to enjoy the day's outing as well as hear this wonderful speaker. Don't miss the opportunity.

George Stone, of Alpena, arrived here on Monday and effected the purchase of the stock of notions, etc., of C. E. Fritz & Co. He is to add thereto an extensive stock brought from Alpena, as he has been engaged in the same line of business there, and has leased the new Fritz block. The business will be carried on in the present stand until the fittings of the new block are in place. Mrs. Stone has been delayed in joining her husband through the spraining of her arm.

Cass City Camp, No. 2884, Modern Woodmen of America, was organized here on Wednesday evening, by Deputy Head Consul Thos. Angus. The following officers were duly elected and installed: Consul, Wm. Messner; advisor, Otta Klinkman; clerk, Christian Fritz; banker, Robt. M. Moore; secretary, Martin Starn; watchman, Albert Dunham; sentry, Samuel F. Benkelman; phys., Drs. Wellemeyer and Livingston; board of managers, Jas. W. Macomber, John Benkelman and Isaiah Fritz.

Mrs. J. B. McGillivray last week effected the purchase of the millinery stock and business of Mrs. F. C. Lee and at once took possession. Our readers will remember that she was associated with Mrs. M. Wickware for several years in this line of business, so that she will be perfectly at home, and she will be pleased to welcome her customers of the old time as well as new ones. Mrs. Lee is enjoying a well earned vacation at Toledo, after many years of close attention to business.

The funeral of Alex. Ferguson, of Novesta, took place on Saturday. Elder R. B. Brown officiating. Deceased was a little over seventy years of age and was born in Aldboro township, near Rodney, Ontario. He was married in February, 1856, to Catharine McIntyre, who died thirteen years ago. Their union was blessed with five children, four of whom survive. Deceased came to Novesta in 1880 and has been a resident there ever since. He was for many years a member of the Church of Christ.

A union Sunday School excursion is announced to take place next Tuesday at Lake Orion, by the P. O. & N. E. R. M. C. R. E. which will afford an excellent opportunity to spend a pleasant day at that popular resort and to hear the celebrated English divine, Rev. G. Campbell Morgan. The special train will leave Cass City at 6:30 a. m. standard time; Deford, 6:41; Wilmot, 6:51; Kingston, 7:00. The fare is the same from all these points—\$1.00 for adults and only 50 cents for children. There will be no charge to enter the grounds and no charge to the lecturers, and a reduced rate on the lake launches. The return train will leave Orion at 6:00 p. m. standard time. Don't miss the treat.

### Kingston.

John Crocker was at Wilmot on Tuesday.

Mrs. John Roy called on Cass City friends on Friday.

J. B. Beverley has had the front of his office re-painted.

W. R. Hamilton is enjoying a visit with friends at Harrisville.

Grover Ross is now assistant at the drug store of F. A. Francis.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. McGeorge are enjoying an outing at Oak Bluff.

Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Thomas, of Imlay City, are spending a few days in town.

L. A. Maynard left for Elsie on Wednesday, to spend a few days with friends.

Dennis Kelley expects to move his photograph car from Kingston about August 1st.

The council met on Tuesday evening and went through the usual routine of business.

Mrs. H. Young and her two daughters, of Tuscola, are visiting with friends here.

Fred Clark is reported a little better and the doctor thinks there is a chance for his recovery.

Mr. and Mrs. John D. Kelley, of Owendale, spent Sunday with the former's parents here.

Geo. E. Hopps and two sons expect to leave for the Pan-American exposition on Saturday.

Earl and Vera Haskins, of Imlay City, are the guests of their grandmother, Mrs. A. D. Moyer.

F. J. Gifford, of Caro, was in town on Wednesday. He finds it impossible to get brick layers to go ahead with his block.

A tonsorial artist named Fisher, who hails from Fowlerville, has been secured to do the work here during Fred Clark's illness.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the M. E. Church met with Mrs. Alf. Moyer on Wednesday and served tea to a goodly number.

Quite a few from here took advantage of the special train to Bad Axe on Friday and helped the Orangemen to celebrate the 15th.

Rev. G. W. Gordon is spending a few days at Orion. There will be no services in the M. E. Church here next Sunday in consequence.

Improvements are still being made at the elevators of McGeorge & Nettleton. Several new elevators and a new hopper have been put in.

D. H. Griffin stumbled and fell in the hotel stables on Wednesday and thought he had broken a limb, but it proved not as serious as that.

Rev. J. Q. Towner, of Mayville, will deliver a temperance lecture in the Baptist Church at Kingston on Friday evening, July 19th. All come.

James McCormick has signified his intention of serving the public as an auctioneer and it is evident that he has the qualities to make him successful.

Monday was pay day at the creamery and every patron seemed well satisfied with the amount paid them. The amount of milk received during the month of June was 54,082 lbs., and the amount of butter made 2,330 lbs. The average test was 3.3, which was raised by the overrun to about 4.3 or a little better. The price received has been good and the patrons received \$14.31-10c cents per pound net for their butter. This showing will compare very favorably with the statements made by other creameries if made correctly. A statement has just been made that the patrons of the Caro creamery received over twenty cents per pound for June, which must be an error, as that is higher than the best market price at New York. Hadley has one of the best creameries in the state and the butter is put up in prints which always bring an increased price, yet the patrons here received but 15 cents, with the cost of hauling to be deducted from that. We wish the Caro creamery success, as that will help our country to success as well, but they should be cautious in publishing such statements as it gives patrons of other creameries an opportunity to find fault at home, when in reality there is no cause. The creamery here has given the best of returns this season for the patronage received, and with a reasonable increase will finish the season in good shape, or better still if the patronage will warrant it, the officers will be happy to continue operation during the winter months.

### Take Notice.

Notice is hereby given that those owing the firm of Frost & Hebblewhite, either on book account or note, must arrange the same at once.

W. I. Frost.

### 3-CENT COLUMN.

Advertisements will be inserted under this heading for three cents per line each week.

FOR SALE—Registered Berkshire Boar, 7 months old. Inquire of JOHN F. COPPELAND, One mile west and two miles north of Cass City, 2-21-17

ORGAN for sale cheap. MRS. GEO. APLIN, 5-23

REGISTERED Jersey bull for service. One mile north, one-half mile west of Cass City 4-16 SAIGEON & SON.

Money to Loan On farm property in amounts of \$200 to \$2,500 from 2 to 10 years. Will take partial payments. See J. C. LAING for particulars. 8-4

Foley's Honey and Tar heals lungs and stops the cough.

Cass City Markets.

Wheat No. 1 white.....64

Wheat No. 2 red.....61

Rye.....48

Beans, Hand picked.....1.50

Peas.....45

Hay, pressed, per ton.....7.00

Eggs per doz.....17

Butter.....12

Hogs, dressed per cwt.....6.75

Beef, dressed.....6.00

Suop, live weight, per lb.....3.25

Lamb,.....5.00

Turkey.....6.75

Ducks and geese.....6.75

Hides.....4.50

Wool, unwashed, per lb.....11 to 15

MARKETS AT ROLLER MILLS.

White Lily.....4.00

White Best.....4.00

Pillsbury's Best.....4.80

Graham Flour.....4.00

Feed.....1.00

Brans.....1.00

Middlings.....1.00

Wheat.....2.00

B. W. Flour.....3.00

# Central Meat Market

Fresh and Salt Meats of all kinds.

CASH FOR HIDES.

John Schwaderer.

Old Sheridan Stand.

# DYSPEPTICIDE

The greatest aid to DIGESTION.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE



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A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$3 a year; four months, \$1. Sold by all newsdealers.

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# PONTIAC OXFORD & NORTHERN R. R.

PASSenger TIME CARP.

Trains run on Central Standard Time.

GOING NORTH

GOING SOUTH

GOING NORTH

GOING SOUTH

GOING NORTH

GOING SOUTH

GOING NORTH

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GOING SOUTH

# JULY SALE

AT

# 2 MACKS

WILL BEGIN

## JULY 10 AND CLOSE JULY 31

This sale will outrival all former sales as we will place every \$3 worth of goods in our big double store in the sale—all must go. We quote you prices on some goods to give you an idea what we are going to give you on the whole stock.

### CORSETS

Our 25c summer corsets 19c Best 50c corset.....45c Anything in our line of \$1.00.....85c

### HOSIERY

10 doz Black Cat worth 15c for 11c 5 doz good 2 for 25c for.....1.00 One lot of goods worth 10c for 7 1/2

All our best prints worth 7c at.....5c All our skirt drill 12 1/2c to 15c for.....9c All our 6c, 7c, and 8c outing for.....8c All our 10c outing for.....5c All our 10c, 12 1/2c and 15c percales.....8c

### SKIRTS

Tan white duck skirts \$1.25 and \$1.50 your choice for.....\$1.00 Twenty-five denim skirts, tailor-made, \$1.25 for.....75c Fifteen black, brocade and plain for.....1.25

### CLOTHING

A lot of \$5.00 and \$6.00 suits for.....\$3.50 Job lot of men's and boys' suits at.....2.50 Children's suits.....50c to 3.00 A lot of knee pants, regular 25c to 35c goods, sizes 4 to 7 at.....15c Overalls worth 40c at.....25c

### HATS AND CAPS

Fine straw hats 1/2 price Seventy five wool hats from 75c to \$1.25 at.....50c Job lot light caps worth 25c at.....15c

We handle the Celebrated Carhart Pants and Overalls.—Best in America. Job lot Shoes to close out at 1/4 off. 245 pairs regular 10c Cotton Socks at.....5c

The above prices are only a sample.

Come and see the Record Breakers.

.....Where did you get that.....

# Pretty Shirt Waist

At McDonald's?

He is selling his large stock of Shirt Waist Patterns at cost. Just look them over. No two alike.

All our Summer Dress Goods at reduced prices

Our Grocery Department is full of new and up-to-date goods.

Goods delivered in town. Phone 33.

1,000 Dozen Eggs and 500 Pounds Butter Wanted.

Yours for business,

# GEO. McDONALD.

# Tuscola County Directory

A book containing the List of Business Firms and occupations, and residents of all the townships with P. O. addresses; also large folding sectional map (which is alone worth the price of the book) giving the new road ways, the new M. C. Extension, etc.

Fill out this Blank at once and send in with 55c

.....1901. L. E. MORNINGSTAR Caro, Mich. Please send me.....copies of Tuscola County Directory, for which find 55c enclosed. Name..... Enterprise. Post Office.....

The best Book you ever Bought for the Money.

# Magazines and Dailies

for sale at the

# ENTERPRISE OFFICE

Agency of the Detroit Daily Free Press and Detroit Daily Tribune.

In magazines—Ladies' Home Journal, Saturday Evening Post, Success, McClure's, Cosmopolitan, etc.