

CASS CITY ENTERPRISE.

VOL. XIX. NO. 33.

CASS CITY, MICH., JULY 26, 1900.

BY A. A. P. M'DOWELL



GIVE YOUR MONEY A CHANCE

It takes money to make money. They say money is valuable so give it a chance to make all the money it possibly can for you.

Below I give you the

BEST POSSIBLE CHANCE

- Any Ladies' 3.00 Silk Vesting top Shoe 2.50
- " " " " " " " " 2.00
- " " " " " " " " 1.20
- All sizes in black or tan latest styles 1.20
- 14 pr women's 3.00 bright dongola, latest styles 2.50

All Men's and Boys' Light Suits at Big Reductions. Butter and Eggs wanted.

J. D. CROSBY, Cass City's Shoe and Clothing Man

We don't want the Earth

But we do want you to call and inspect our new line of Dry Goods and Groceries. We will make it a point to entertain you hospitably while here and will cheerfully show you through the place. Our stock of goods is New, Bright and Fresh, being selected with especial attention to the needs of our customers. We are at home every day in the week and will make you welcome ever hour in the day. If you like pretty things you will enjoy looking around. We await your own time to purchase.



Frost & Hebblewhite

Tremendous Cut Price Sale of

Summer Goods

AT

2 MACKS 2

SUMMER GOODS AT LESS THAN COST

- 25 pr Ladies' Oxfords worth \$1 to \$1.25 at 75c
- 43 pr Ladies' Fine Shoes worth \$2 to \$4 at 1.25
Sizes 2 1-2 to 3 1-2.
- 23 Men's 5 and \$6 Suits at 3.98
- 30 Child's 2 piece Suits at 1/4 off
- 24 Child's Knee Pants 3 to 5 years at 10
- Fine Straw and Crash Hats at 1/2 off
- 13 pr men's Congress Shoes worth 1.50 to 2.50 1.00
- 10 dozen Linen Collars, old style at 5c
- Ladies' Crash and Straw Fedora Hats 18
- Ladies Sailor Hats 18
- And all Odds and Ends at a Great Sacrifice.
- 5 and 6c Dimities 2 1/2 off
- 8 and 10c Dimities 31 in wide 5c
- 10c Percales 36 in wide 7c
- 12 1/2 and 15c Percales 36 in wide 9c
- 12 1/2, 15, 18, 20 and 25c saateen, fancy 9c
- 19c single fold Dress Goods 9c
- 20 and 25c Dress Goods, double fold 36 in 12 1/2 c
- 35c White Pique 18c
- 35c White Pique 22c
- 18c White Pique 12c
- 15, 18, 20 and 25c Thin Goods 11c
- Lace Curtains 1/4 off
- All Shirt Waists 20 per cent off
- Linen Skirts 1/4 off

For two weeks we will give 20 per cent off on all Carpet carried in stock. A lot of Carpet Remnants at a Great Sacrifice.

THE STREET WALKER.

Ever on the move.

Miss Laura Klump was at Caro on Monday.

Herbert F. Lenzner was in Caro the later part of last week.

Dell Dawson, of Sanilac Centre, was in town the first of the week.

Miss Anna E. Parr, of Detroit, is visiting friends in this section.

Miss Jane McKenzie, of Pigeon, was in town on Sunday and Monday.

Mrs. J. S. McNair and daughters, Lida and Mable, are visiting at Vassar.

John Wallace and Albert Dunham were at Pinney's summer resort on Sunday.

Mrs. Smith, of Lapeer, is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Chas. Fairweather.

Mrs. F. L. Morrison, of Minneapolis, Minn., was the guest of her sister, Mrs. W. Falls, a part of last week.

Some of our young people attended a baptismal service at the "Deadwaters" of the Cass on Sunday.

Franklin H. Johnson, late business manager of the Caro Advertiser, was in town on Monday and made us a friendly call.

Landon, Eno & Keating have secured the contract to erect a new brick veneer house for Murdoch Cameron, of Sheridan township.

Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Ellis, who recently moved from here to Detroit, rejoice over the arrival of a little daughter at their home on the 12th inst.

In our item last week regarding the A. O. G. picnic at Bingham's grove, it should have read Elkland and Vineyard Arbors instead of Elkland and Vigilant.

Messrs. H. Frutchey, E. A. McGeorge and S. Champion have also taken a fancy to Belgian Hares, and have just received three fine specimens from a breeder at Denver, Colorado.

Dana Losey has returned to tilling of the soil and E. McKim is once more managing his own shops at the corner of Oak and Main Streets. He is offering special inducements at present.

M. C. Cogswell, formerly of this place but latterly of Kingston, has secured the position of mail carrier on one of the rural free delivery routes from Caro, and will begin his duties August 1st.

W. R. Olin, the construction manager of the Moore Telephone System has been in town several days, re-arranging and extending the system here.

About fifteen new phones are being placed and a new switch board will be put in. The list of patrons will be given later.

Our town was left without electric lights on Tuesday evening. On Monday morning, J. A. Caldwell and helpers started to put up the new smokestack but the rain setting in prevented the completion of the job and it was thought best not to run the dynamo that evening.

While assisting in pulling stumps with a machine, at Andrew McKim's, on Saturday, Ernest Kirkpatrick had an arm broken in two places. The job was nearly completed, when the derrick fell and Earnest went with it with the above result. Dr. D. P. Deming reduced the fracture.

Ho, for Lake Orion! The excursion planned by the M. E. Sunday School of this place to that beautiful resort, Lake Orion, has been changed to July 31st, instead of August 1st, owing to the inability of the company to get sufficient cars on the desired date.

Remember the date, Tuesday, July 31. Everybody is invited. The assembly will meet at Orion at 2:30 in the afternoon, at which there will be a lecture by Col. P. E. Holp, of Chicago, on the subject, "Simon says, Thumbs up."

There will be boat riding and a most enjoyable time for everyone. The train will leave Cass City at 8:30 standard time. Watch for bills.

We were pleased to receive a few lines this week from A. J. McDermott, formerly of Grant township, but now of Nacozari, Sonora, Mexico, where he is connected with an extensive mining concern. He says mail that has to go through Mexico is very uncertain and never fast. They carry the mail like they do other things--lots of time to-morrow. In regard to the mining prospects he says that there are a number of good mines through the state but many others that are not even good prospects. The ore has to be first-class to pay for handling, as it has to be packed on burros, there being but few roads in the country.

S. L. Bennett was quite ill a few days this week.

Miss Lucy Parker is enjoying an outing at Orion.

H. J. Wilcox, of Deford, did business in town on Friday.

Mrs. W. M. Morris and son are visiting at East Jordan.

Martin Dew made a business trip to North Branch on Friday.

W. A. Fairweather has an interesting change of adv. this week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Seed are happy over the arrival of a little son.

J. C. Edgar and family, of Caro, were calling on friends here yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Ratz are enjoying a vacation with friends in Ontario.

Mrs. M. M. Wickware is enjoying a visit with her parents at Mahomet, Ill.

Ernest Hutton, of Caseville, is spending the vacation with friends at Ridgetown, Ont.

R. H. King and daughter, of Kingston, were in town on Friday, with a load of berries.

Pearl Schenck is assisting his brother at the Dell bicycle manufactory, for the time being.

Ostrander don't say much in his adv. this week, but it means a lot. Call at his store and see.

Mr. Fairweather, of Imlay City, was the guest of his sons here part of last week and this week.

The arrival of a little son is reported at the home of E. L. Toskey, Wilnot, on Thursday of last week.

Hugh Walters leaves to-day to assist in the office of the Bad Axe Republican.

J. D. Crosby, the shoe and clothing man, is transacting business in Detroit.

Insurance Agent Emery, of Detroit, was the guest of I. B. Auten a part of last week.

Ashton Tindale and Stanley W. McKenzie spent Tuesday and Wednesday in Saginaw.

M. D. Mills, the Novesta merchant and postmaster, did business here on Wednesday.

A little daughter arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. L. Robinson last evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Sol Bennett, and little daughter, of Cass City, returned home Wednesday after making Mr. and Mrs. Griffin Scriver a few days' visit.--Bad Axe Tribune.

S. Champion received a telegram this morning that his uncle, Wm. Cressor, of Toledo, O., was dead. He was a former resident of this place. Particulars are not at hand.

E. McKim intended to do some advertising this week but has been too busy to get the copy ready, doubtless the result of the two large new signs placed on the front and side of his shops. Watch for adv. next week.

Rev. C. H. Morgan, Ph. D., is home from Lake Orion for a part of this week and will conduct the services here next Sunday himself. Rev. John Sweet, D. D., the presiding elder will be here for the evening service on Sunday, August 5th.

Miss Fossie Brown, who has lately returned from Great Falls, Montana, where she has been engaged in dressmaking for the past year, is now prepared to continue dressmaking at the home of her mother, West Houghton street, or by the day.

Among those who recently renewed their subscriptions to the ENTERPRISE is Donald MacArthur, who holds a civil service position at the Haskell Institute, Lawrence, Kansas. We have a keen appreciation of the friendship of the old time boys.

The desirable residence property of Dr. J. M. Truscott's, at the corner of Seegar and Pine Streets, together with the doctor's practice have been purchased by Dr. A. N. Treadgold, of Kilmanagh, a stirring young physician of ability, who has acquired a considerable practice in his present location, but is won by Cass City's attractiveness and excellent surroundings and will locate here as soon as he can close up his business at Kilmanagh. Dr. Treadgold is a brother of Mrs. L. E. Karr, of this place. Dr. Truscott has not yet decided what he will do, but he and his wife will take a vacation trip to Orion, Farmington and other points in that section, before settling down.

H. L. Pinney left the first of the week for a trip through Benzie county.

We hear that Messrs. Sheffer & Snyder, who recently moved their laundry from Pigeon to Port Huron, have lost their plant by fire.

The Cass City Paving Company is putting down a cement walk for Calvin Ale on the West Street side of his Main Street property.

Still further improvements at the Cass City laundry! A large archway has been placed between the two front offices and both have been newly painted.

J. W. Gordon made a trip to Saginaw last week and in returning brought with him a fine specimen of the Norway pine which now adorns the office of his hotel.

At the regular meeting of Cass City Tent, No. 74, K. O. T. M., on Friday evening, a report was given of the Great Camp recently held at Grand Rapids. The representative was tendered a vote of thanks. The local Tent now has one hundred and thirty-one members and is in good healthy condition.

Fairweather's Big Removal Sale

Continued until

Saturday, Aug., 4th.

The last week of our sale will give you greater bargains than ever. Our entire line of Summer Goods must be sold at some price. We quote a few prices.

- Ladies' \$1.00 Shirt Waists.....65c
- 800 yds 15c Percale.....8c
- 1200 yds 10 and 12 1/2c Ginghams.....7c
- 400 yds 25c Dimities.....12 1/2c
- 500 yds 15c Lawn and Dimities.....5, 8 and 10c
- 500 yds 10c Lawns and Dimities.....6c
- 50 Ladies' and Gents' Ties.....1c each
- Summer Corsets.....20c pair

We have a number of remnants to close at a low price. Bargains all over the store. Butter and Eggs taken same as cash.

W. A. Fairweather.

PURE

Paris Green

AND

London Purple

AT

BOND'S

DRUG STORE.

To The Farmers

WE SELL.

The Champion, Milwaukee and Osborne Binders and Mowers.

The best Horse Rakes on earth. The largest stock and greatest variety to choose from. Hand dump \$12, self dump from \$16 to \$25.

The Empire, Superior and Buckeye Grain Drills with or without Phosphate attachment.

The American Cultivator which has no equal.

The American Woven Wire Fence.

The Paige Woven Wire Fence.

Sections for all kinds of machines throughout the State.

The Syracuse, Osborne and Buffalo Pitts spring tooth harrows.

The Nicholas and Sheppard, Westing House and Buffalo Pitts engines and separators.

Several

Horse Rakes

Will sell at reduced prices.

Bean Threshers

Westing House and Buffalo Pitts.

Can save you money on them.

TWINE BEST STANDARD 11c

Our Buggy Department

is filled to its utmost capacity. We sell the best Standard Twine for 11 1/2 cents per lb. We don't discriminate by charging the man that buys a small quantity 12 1/2c and selling to the other man a large quantity at 11 1/2c. Our prices is the same to each and every one, regardless of quantity. We are no Jonas.

J. H. Striffler & Co.

THE EARTH ROLLS ON

But I am still here. In time of need the presence of a practical undertaker is an absolute necessity. The old fashioned ways have disappeared and new methods have been adopted for the preservation of the human body. I am fully

PREPARED TO MEET

Those new requirements. I also carry a complete line of Caskets, Coffins, and Burial Robes. Two Hearses at the peoples' command. Branch offices at Argyle, John McPhail Gageton, D. Ashmore. Undertaking Rooms and residence opposite Opera House.

A. A. M'KENZIE
Cass City Mich.

Solid Comfort

may be enjoyed by getting one of our.....

New Hammocks

The finest line ever shown and prices are right.

Remember the place in the new store two doors west of the New Sheridan.

T. H. FRITZ.

From SAT. JULY 28 to

AUG. 4 Inclusive we

offer ALL Shirt Waists,

Men's Fancy Shirts and

Ladies and Misses Slip-

pers at Less than Cost.

LAING & JANES

With nine presidential tickets in the field the average voter ought to be able to pick out something that will harmonize with his complexion.

Intense heat never seems to be the slightest bar to smoking, though just why a man should want to carry a little fire with him is beyond most of us.

Mofakhamed-Dowleh, the new Persian representative at Washington, was born and bred a soldier. He entered military service at the age of eleven and did not take up diplomatic life until he was twenty-five years old.

What little reform gets into Turkey usually slips in by the back door. Report has it that the only dynamo now in Constantinople passes the customhouse as a washing-machine, and thus the feelings of the authorities were spared.

A rifle range of 1,100 yards is to be erected near Gettys station, Portsmouth, Va., on the Seaboard Air Line railroad. It is to be built expressly for the marines stationed at the navy yard, who will this summer take turns at the target. It is the intention to make expert marksmen of the men, so that they will become as proficient in the use of firearms as their brethren in the army.

The commercial treaty between the United States and Italy, just ratified by the Chamber of Deputies of the latter country admits into our ports from Italy, at the reduced rates provided in section 3 of the Dingley act, the articles therein enumerated, including brandies, wines and works of art. We look for a large increase in the importation of Italian works of art.

Charles Booth, a careful student of social conditions, says that "the unemployed are, as a class, a selection from the unfit; and on the whole, those most in want are the most unfit." Of course, no employer can afford to pay a man for doing poor work. Unfitness may be either a misfortune or a fault. In either case, society suffers, and must learn how to prevent the increase of defective members by making industrial training a part of general education.

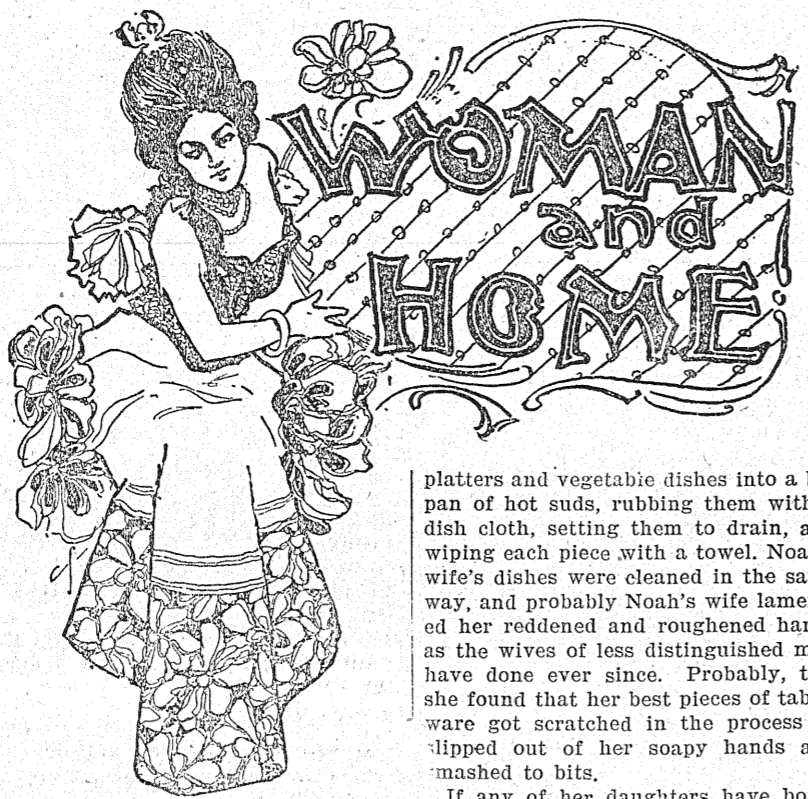
Russia's czarina has organized an association of Russian women in reduced circumstances, who are almost constantly employed for embroidery for ecclesiastical purposes or for court dresses. The czar generally buys the altar cloths and vestments to give to churches, and thus a market is created for this branch of needlecraft. Queen Emma of Holland has also a school of woman embroideresses, who wrought the young queen's coronation robe and also some of her evening dresses.

Before Jan. 1, 1907, France is going to spend \$95,367,200 in increasing her navy. The scheme proposes the construction of six 14,865-ton battleships, five 12,600-ton cruisers, twenty-eight 305-ton torpedo destroyers and an un-stated number of submarine torpedo boats, for which the sum of \$13,660,000 has been set aside. The French navy is the first to possess submarine boats really worthy of the name, that is to say, able under certain conditions to discharge successfully the torpedoes with which they are armed against hostile vessels, either anchored or in motion.

Milwaukee, famous for its beer, may now claim distinction as being the "German city" of the United States. There are more Germans in Milwaukee in proportion to its population than in any other city. The percentage of population is 66, and Hoboken is a close second with 57 per cent. New York has only 38 per cent and Chicago 37 per cent. Boston is at the bottom of the list, with a German population of only 7 per cent of the total. Detroit, Buffalo, Cleveland, Newark, Cincinnati, and Jersey City have larger percentages of Germans in their populations than either New York or Chicago.

One of the most honored and conspicuous figures in the public life of Great Britain during the last half century was Lord Playfair, of whom a sketch appears in the North American Review. The vast sanitary improvements which have taken place in England within thirty years and the evolution of the whole system of scientific and technical instruction are due to Playfair more than to any other man. He originally suggested the adoption of open half-penny letters, now known as "post cards," and he was largely instrumental in suggesting the basis of an equitable agreement between Great Britain and America when President Cleveland's Venezuelan message had brought the two countries into dangerous antagonism.

"Athletics are first-class as a pastime," Governor Roosevelt recently said to the boys of St. Paul's school, "but they are as poor a business as the world contains." Oliver Cromwell's statement of the same truth is two hundred and fifty years earlier. He wrote to his little sons at school that he did not grudge them "laudable recreation nor honorable carriage in their nor legitimate expense;" but that he did emphatically protest against "pleasure and self-satisfaction being made the business of a man's life."



Say, Sometimes the world is crazy, It's dizzy—so am I. My brain is twirling all around, And why? I know not why. Something makes me happy, What is it? I do not care, I know that I am happy And all the world is fair. Something brings me sorrow, Why is it I am not glad? I know that my heart is heavy— The world itself is sad. Now listen to my sadness, My soulful, sullen cry; But nature has its gladness, Its sympathizing sigh. Sweet nature's smiling with me, Sweet nature's sun has melt, Oh, say your smiling with us— Oh, say your soul has felt. —John Davenport O'Connor.

Ostrich feathers have been used for personal adornment from time immemorial, alike by savage and civilized man, both in battle and the courts of kings. At the present time, and for some hundreds of years probably, no court lady's toilet would be considered complete without the head-dress of nodding ostrich plumes. In the past ostrich feathers were a luxury that only the wealthy could afford, because the feathers could be obtained only by hunting the birds in their wild state.

But since ostriches have been reared artificially, the value of the feather has much decreased; at the same time the value of the feathers of the domesticated ostrich is much less than that of the feathers of the wild bird. Few wild ostriches now exist, and those only north of the Vaal and Orange rivers in South Africa. Ostriches belong to that genus of birds called struthio. The name struthio has reference to the fact that this order of birds have undeveloped or rudimentary wings, the wings being absolutely useless for flying. When running the ostrich spreads out its feathery stumps and uses them as sails to steady it. In this way it is able to greatly accelerate the rate at which it runs, and they are also of use in enabling the bird to twist and turn with extraordinary agility. The speed with which ostriches can run is almost incredible; they are able to overtake the swiftest horse.

Dishwashing. Few women have the courage after dinner, when the day is done, to wash dishes. That is drudgery. It means putting the cups and saucers, plates,

platters and vegetable dishes into a big pan of hot suds, rubbing them with a dish cloth, setting them to drain, and wiping each piece with a towel. Noah's wife's dishes were cleaned in the same way, and probably Noah's wife lamented her reddened and roughened hands as the wives of less distinguished men have done ever since. Probably, too, she found that her best pieces of tableware got scratched in the process or slipped out of her soapy hands and smashed to bits.

If any of her daughters have both-ered their heads much it has been to mighty little purpose, seeing that they have not greatly improved the process. Men that keep hotels, though, found that the bill for broken china was ruinous. Guests insisted upon being served upon fine porcelain, and refused to eat from slabs of ironstone, so some way out had to be found. A machine was invented, capable of being operated by anybody, and that could be trusted to wash thoroughly, rinse and dry the most delicate ware without chippage or breakage, all at the rate of 6,000 pieces an hour, says Ainslee's Magazine.

Think what an army of dishwashers such a machine must displace, and what an economy it must be! For not only is the hotelkeeper rid of the necessity of giving standing room and subsistence to that army, but of providing captains and generals for it, and of enduring the damage that it must inflict upon friend and foe alike, after the fashion of all armies.

BLOUSE OF SILK.



Blouse of white china silk handkerchiefs, with little tucked vest of the same color, and double collar with its sailor's knot giving distinction.

No Canned Goods for Him. "Your majesty," said the chief cook timidly to the cannibal king, "the new missionary is enveloped in a complete suit of armor from head to foot." "Then send him away," returned his majesty indifferently. "I never could bear tinned goods."

THE WELL-DRESSED SUMMER GIRL.



TALMAGE'S SERMON.

TALK ON ONE OF THE MISSIONS OF CHRIST.

Efficacy of Divine Power in Healing the World's Wounds and Deformities—The Intimate Relations of Surgery and Theology.

(Copyright, 1900, by Louis Kloppsch.)

In this discourse Dr. Talmage (who is now traveling in Europe) puts in an unusual light the mission of Christ and shows how divine power will yet make the illnesses of the world fall back; text, Matthew xi, 5, "The blind receive their sight, and the lame walk, the lepers are cleansed and the deaf hear."

"Doctor," I said to a distinguished surgeon, "do you not get worn out with constantly seeing so many wounds and broken bones and distortions of the human body?" "Oh, no," he answered, "all that is overcome by my joy in curing them. A sublimer and more merciful art never came down from heaven than that of surgery. Catastrophe and disease entered the earth so early that one of the first wounds of the world was a doctor. Our crippled and agonized human race called for surgeon and family physician for many years before they came. The first surgeon who answered this call were ministers of religion—namely, the Egyptian priests. And what a grand thing if all clergymen were also doctors, all D. D.'s were M. D.'s, for there are so many cases where body and soul need treatment at the same time, consolation and medicine, theology and therapeutics. As the first surgeons of the world were also ministers of religion, may these two professions always be in full sympathy! But under what disadvantages the early surgeons worked, from the fact that the dissection of the human body was forbidden, first by the pagans, and then by the early Christians! Ape, being the brutes most like the human race, were dissected, but no human body might be unfolded for physiological and anatomical exploration, and the surgeons had to guess what was inside the temple by looking at the outside of it. If they failed in any surgical operation, they were persecuted and driven out of the city, as was Archagathus because of his bold but unsuccessful attempt to save a patient.

The Surgeon in History. But the world from the very beginning, kept calling for surgeons, and their first skill is spoken of in Genesis, where they employed their art for the incisions of a sacred rite, God making surgery the predecessor of baptism, and we see it again in II Kings, where Ahaziah, the monarch, stepped on some cracked latticework in the palace, and it broke, and he fell from the upper to the lower floor, and he was so hurt that he sent to the village of Ekron for a man, and a scoundrel, who wrought such wonders of surgery, that he was deified and temples were built for his worship at Pergamos; and Epidauros and Podelirus introduced for the relief of the world plethorism, and Democedes cured the dislocated ankle of King Darius and the cancer of his queen, and Hippocrates put successful hand on fractures and introduced amputation, and Praxagoras removed obstructions, and Herophilus began dissection and Erasistratus removed tumors, and Celsus, the Roman surgeon, removed cataract from the eye and used the Spanish fly; and Heliodorus arrested disease of the throat, and Alexander of Tralles treated the eye, and Rhazas authorized for the prevention of hydrophobia, and Percival Pott came to combat diseases of the spine, and in our century we have had, among others, a Roux, and a Larray in France, an Astley Cooper and an Abernethy in Great Britain and a Valentine Mott and Willard Parker and Samuel D. Gross in America and a galaxy of living surgeons as brilliant as their predecessors. What mighty progress in the baffling of disease since the crippled and sick of ancient cities were laid along the streets, and that people who had ever been hurt or disordered in the same way might suggest what had better be done for the patients, and the priests of olden times, who were constantly suffering from colds, received in walking barefoot over the temple pavements had to prescribe for themselves, and fractures were considered so far beyond all human cure that instead of calling in the surgeon the people only invoked the gods!

But notwithstanding all the surgical and medical skill in the world, with what tenacity the old diseases hang on to the human race, and most of them are thousands of years old, and in our Bibles we read of them—the carbuncles of Job and Hezekiah, the palpitation of the heart spoken of in Deuteronomy, the sunstroke of a child carried from the fields of Shunem, crying, "My head, my head!" King Aah's disease of the feet, which was nothing but gout; deafness of teeth, that called for dental surgery, the skill of which, almost equal to anything modern, is still seen in the filled molars of the unrolled Egyptian mummies; the ophthalmia caused by the juice of the newly ripe fig, leaving the people blind by the roadside; epilepsy, as in the case of the young man often falling into the fire, and off into the water; hypochondria, as of Nebuchadnezzar, who imagined himself an ox and going out to the fields to pasture; the withered hand, which in Bible times, as now, came from the destruction of the main artery or from paralysis of the chief nerve; the wounds of the man whom the thieves left for dead on the road to Jericho and whom the good Samaritan nursed, pouring in all and wine—wine to cleanse the wound and oil to soothe it. Thank God

for what surgery has done for the alleviation and cure of human suffering!

Surgery Without Pain. But the world wanted a surgery without pain. Drs. Parre and Hickman and Simpson and Warner and Jackson, with their amazing genius, came forward, and with their anaesthetics benumbed the patient with narcotics and ethers as the ancients did with hushhush and mandrake and quieted him for a while, but at the return of consciousness distress returned. The world has never seen but one surgeon who could straighten the crooked limb, cure the blind eye or reconstruct the drum of a soundless ear or reduce a dropsy without any pain at the time or any pain after, and that surgeon was Jesus Christ, the mightiest, grandest, gentlest and most sympathetic surgeon the world ever saw or ever will see, and he deserves the confidence and love and worship and hosanna of all the earth and halleluiahs of all heaven. "The blind receive their sight and the lame walk, the lepers are cleansed, and the deaf hear."

I notice this surgeon had a fondness for chronic cases. Many a surgeon, when he has had a patient brought to him, has said: "Why was not this attended to five years ago? You bring him to me after all power of recuperation is gone. You have waited until there is a complete contraction of the muscles, and false ligatures are formed, and ossification has taken place. It ought to have been attended to long ago." But Christ the Surgeon seemed to prefer inveterate cases. One was a hemorrhage of twelve years, and he stopped it. Another was a curvature of eighteen years, and he straightened it. Another was a cripple of thirty-eight years and he walked out well. The eighteen-year patient was a woman bent almost double. If you could call a convention of all the surgeons of all the centuries, their combined skill could not cure that body so drawn out of shape. Perhaps they might stop it from getting worse, perhaps they might contrive braces by which she might be made more comfortable, but it is, humbly speaking, incurable. Yet this divine surgeon put both his hands on her, and from that doubled up posture she began to rise and the em-purpled face began to take on a healthier hue, and the muscles began to relax from their rigidity, and the spinal column began to adjust itself, and the cords of the neck began to be the more supple, and the eyes that could see only the ground before, now looked into the face of Christ with gratitude and up toward heaven in transport. Straight! After eighteen weary and exhausting years, straight! The poise and gracefulness, the beauty of healthy womanhood reinstated. The thirty-eight years' case was a man who lay on a mattress near the mineral baths at Jerusalem. There were five apartments where lame people were brought, so that they could get the advantage of these mineral baths. The stone basin of the bath is still visible, although the waters have disappeared, probably through some convulsion of nature. The bath, 120 feet long, forty feet wide and eight feet deep. Ah, poor man, if you have been lame and helpless thirty-eight years, that mineral bath cannot restore you. Why, thirty-eight years is more than the average human life. Nothing but the grave will cure you. But Christ the Surgeon, walks along these baths and I have no doubt passes by some patients who have been only six months disordered or a year or five years, and comes to the mattress of the man who had been nearly four decades helpless and to this thirty-eight year's invalid said, "Will thou be made whole?"

Christ the Chief Surgeon. The question asked not because the surgeon did not understand the protractedness, the desperateness of the case, but to evoke the man's pathetic narrative. "Will thou be made whole?" "Would you like to get well?" "Oh, yes," says the man. "That is what I came to these mineral baths for. I have tried everything. All the prescriptions have failed, and all the prescriptions have proved valueless, and I got worse and worse, and I can neither move hand nor foot nor head. Oh, if I could only be free from this pain of thirty-eight years!" Christ the Surgeon could not stand that. Bending over the man on the mattress, and in a voice tender with all sympathy, but strong with all omnipotence, he says, "Rise!" and the invalid instantly scrambles to his knees and then puts out his right foot, then his left foot, and then stood upright, as though he had never been prostrated. While he stands looking at the doctor, with a joy too much to hold, the doctor says: "Shoulder this mattress, for you are not only well enough to walk, but well enough to work, and start out by these mineral baths. Take up thy bed and walk!" Oh, what a surgeon for chronic cases then and for chronic cases now!

This is not applicable so much to those who are only a little hurt of sin and only for a short time, but to those prostrated of sin twelve years, eighteen years, thirty-eight years. Here is a surgeonable to give immortal health. "Oh," you say, "I am so completely overthrown and trampled down of sin that I cannot rise." Are you flatter down than this patient at the mineral baths? No. Then rise. In the name of Jesus of Nazareth, the surgeon who offers you his right hand of help, I bid thee rise. Not cases of acute sin, but of chronic sin—those who have not prayed for thirty-eight years, those who have not been to church for thirty-eight years, those who have been gamblers, or libertines, or thieves, or outlaws, or blasphemers, or infidels, or atheists, or all these together, for thirty-eight years. A Christ for exigencies! A Christ for a dead lift! A surgeon who never loses a case!

In speaking of Christ as a surgeon I must consider him as an oculist or eye doctor, and an aurist or ear doctor. Was there ever such another oculist? That he was particularly sorry for the blind folks I take from the fact that the most of his works were with the diseased optic nerves. I have not time to count up the number of blind people mentioned who got his cure. Two blind men in one house; also one who was born blind; so that it was not removal of a visual obstruction, but the creation of the cornea and ciliary muscle and crystalline lens and retina and optic nerve and tear gland; also the blind men of Bethesda, cured by the saliva which the Surgeon took from the tip of his own tongue and put upon the eyelids; also two blind men who sat by the wayside.

Unloosing the Barred Tongue. Our surgeon, having unbarred his ear, will now unloose the shackle of his tongue. The surgeon will use the same liniment or salve that he used on two occasions for the cure of blind people—namely, the moisture of his own mouth. The application is made, and lo, the rigidity of the dumb tongue is relaxed, and between the tongue and teeth was born a whole vocabulary and words flew into expression. He not only heard, but he talked. One gate of his body swung in to let sound enter, and another gate swung out to let sound depart. Why is it that, while other surgeons used knives and forceps and used probes and stethoscopes, this surgeon used only the ointment of his own lips? To show that all the curative power we ever feel comes straight from Christ. And if he touches us not we shall be deaf as a rock and dumb as a tomb. Oh, thou greatest of all artists, compel us to hear and help us to speak!

But what were the surgeon's fees for all these cures of eyes and ears and tongues and withered hands and crooked backs? The skill and the painlessness of the operations were worth hundreds and thousands of dollars. Do not think that the cases he took were all moneyless. Did he not treat the nobleman's son? Did he not doctor the ruler's daughter? Did he not affect a cure in the house of a centurion of great wealth who had out of his own pocket built a synagogue? They would have paid him large fees, and there were hundreds of wealthy people in Jerusalem and among the merchant castles along Lake Tiberias who would have given this surgeon houses and lands and all they had for such cures as he could effect. For critical cases in our time great surgeons have received \$1,000, \$5,000 and in one case I know of \$50,000, but the surgeon of whom I speak received not a shekel, not a penny, not a farthing. In his whole earthly life we know of his having had but 62½ cents. When his taxes were due, by his omniscience he knew of a fish in the sea which had swallowed a piece of silver money, as fish are apt to swallow anything bright, and he sent Peter with a hook which brought up that fish, and from its mouth was extracted a Roman stater, or 62½ cents, the only money he ever had, and that he paid out for taxes. The greatest surgeon of all the centuries gave all his services then and offers all his services now free of all charge. "Without money and without price" you may spiritually have your blind eyes opened, and your deaf ears unbarred, and your dumb tongues loosened, and your wounds healed and your soul saved. If Christian people get hurt of body, mind or soul, let them remember that surgery is apt to hurt, but it cures, and you can afford present pain for future glory. Besides that, there are powerful anaesthetics in the divine promises that soothe and alleviate. No ether or chloroform or cocaine ever made one so superior to distress as a few drops of that magnificent anodyne: "All things work together for good to those who love God." "Weeping may endure for a night, but joy cometh in the morning."

Healing the World's Wounds. What a grand thing for our poor human race when this surgeon shall have completed the treatment of the world's wounds! The day will come when there will be no more hospitals, for there will be no more sick, and no more eye and ear infirmaries, for there will be no more blind or deaf, and no more deserts, for the round earth shall be brought under arboriculture, and no more blizzards or sunstrokes, for the atmosphere will be expurgated of scorch and chill, and no more war, for the swords shall come out of the foundry bent into pruning hooks, while in the heavenly country we shall see the victims of accident or malformation or hereditary ill on earth become the athletes in Elysian fields. Who is that man with such brilliant eyes close before the throne? Why, that is the man who, near Jericho, was blind, and our surgeon cured his ophthalmia! Who is that erect and graceful and queenly woman before the throne? That was the one whom our surgeon found bent almost double and could in no wise lift up herself, and he made her straight. Who is that listening with such rapture to the music of heaven, solo melting into chorus, cymbal responding to trumpet, and then himself joining in the anthem? Why, that is the man whom our surgeon found deaf and dumb on the beach of Galilee and by two touches opened ear gate and mouth gate. Who is that ardent whom the crowds are gathering with admiring looks and thanksgiving and cries of "Oh, what he did for me! Oh, what he did for my family! Oh, what he did for the world!" That is the surgeon of all the centuries, the oculist, the aurist, the emancipator, the Savior. No pay he took on earth. Come, now, and let all heaven pay him with worship that shall never end and a love that shall never die. On his head be all the crowns, in his hands be all the scepters and at his feet be all the worlds!

Doing is the proper end of doctrine.

BRIG. GEN. CHAFFEE.

IN COMMAND OF THE AMERICAN FORCES IN CHINA.

His Career as a Soldier—Said to Be One of the Most Capable Organizers in the United States—Enlisted at the Age of Eighteen.

Brig. Gen. Adna R. Chaffee, who was recently appointed to the supreme command of the American forces in China, is one of the most capable military officers in the service of the United States. He is a native of Ohio, where he was born in 1842, and he has won his way from the ranks. Like Gen. Gallit, of France, Gens. French and Baden-Powell and others who have gained distinction in the South African war, Gen. Chaffee is a cavalryman. In modern warfare it is clear the mounted arm of the service has still a great part to play. The American commander has little to learn in that respect.

At the age of 18 the young Ohioan enlisted in the Sixth Cavalry Regiment of the regular army. As private, sergeant and first sergeant of Company K he made a mark early in the civil war, gaining a commission as second lieutenant in the regiment on May 12, 1863. Then came Gettysburg. On that terrible field "gallant and meritorious services" earned him his brevet to the



BRIG. GEN. ADNA R. CHAFFEE.

first lieutenant. A special mention for his services in the battle of Dinwiddie Court House brought him his captaincy. At Gettysburg and Chickamauga he was wounded, and years afterward he suffered the same penalty when before Santiago. After the great war there was work to be done in Indian warfare, and in the principal campaigns of thirty years Chaffee was conspicuous as a leader. Twice again he was brevetted by Congress for gallant feat of arms. Gen. Chaffee had command of the troops which captured El Caney. In the battle he fought in his shirt sleeves; and by reconnoitering himself, instead of trusting everything to scouts, he had made himself so well acquainted with the disposition of the enemy that his attack carried all before it. Gen. Lawton's report has been indorsed by the present appointment. "I consider," said Lawton, "Gen. Chaffee one of the best practical soldiers in the army, and I commend him for special distinction for successfully charging the stone fort mentioned in this report, the capture of which practically closed the battle."

Differences in Official Salaries.

The retirement of Sir William White as head of the construction department of the British navy calls attention to the fact that his pay has been \$20,000 a year, while Rear Admiral Hichborn, who does the same work in the American navy, is paid but \$6,000. The salary in this instance is a good basis of comparison, and the same proportion holds true in many other branches of the service. The salaries of the officers in the higher ranks in England are greater than in America, and this argument is often made in favor of increasing the pay in this country, and probably will be made now that the comparison between the pay of the two naval construction chiefs is suggested. Yet it is forgotten that the pay of captains and officers of lower ranks in the navy is greater in America, as is the pay of seamen. This is the case in civil service as well, says the Chicago Tribune. The First Lord of the Treasury in England receives more than three times the pay that is given to Secretary Gage. Yet the clerks and heads of the various bureaus in the American treasury department receive two or three times as much pay as the men who do the same work in England. The American plan is, on the whole, better, though some clerks are overpaid.

The Pure Food Law.

The pure food law, which was enacted by the General Assembly last year, has gone into full force. The object of the law is to stop entirely the sale of food products which contain harmful ingredients, and to compel vendors of food products which are adulterated with ingredients which are harmless to brand or mark their goods so that the purchaser may know that that is the case and may govern himself accordingly. Certainly this is an excellent law, and consumers will be thankful for the promise which is made that it is to be enforced rigidly. It ought to be copied in every state, says the Chicago Tribune.

If a woman loses a nice lace handkerchief around where there are any other women, it is harder to find than a box of combings in a photograph of a girl's room taken by herself.

The Only Way

A Fascinating Romance by Alan Adair

CHAPTER IV.
"Do you mind, my dearest?"
"Yes, I wish I had been the first, Alan."

The two people who were speaking were sitting together on a boulder by the seashore of one of our prettiest watering places. It was early October, yet there was already a touch of coldness in the air, notwithstanding the brilliant sunshine. The sea was as blue as the sky, tossing and little disturbed by the wind, yet only enough to give it color and motion. The little town looked white and clean, smiling in the autumn sunshine. A thoroughly conventional English scene, just as the girl herself was a thoroughly conventional English girl. Her dark blue eyes were brown and of a soft texture; her face a perfect oval, with a little square chin, into which there had been pressed, as by some loving finger, the prettiest dimple in the world. A tall, slight figure, that gave promise of a fuller, ampler womanhood; a clear white skin, flushed rosy; and lashes and eyebrows many shades darker than her hair completed a whole that was very captivating. She was dressed, too, conventionally, although the blue serge dress and jacket fitted her as only a tailor-made gown can fit. A little sailor hat was perched upon her head in just the most effective manner possible.

But at this minute the dark blue eyes looked troubled, the pretty hands were clasped round her knees, and she was looking seawards and away from the man by her side. He, too, looked troubled. It had cost Alan Mackenzie a good deal to record the events of his life, and to speak of the young wife he had lost four years ago. He had wanted the past to be past; and although Veronica's memory was dear and sweet to him, and the girl herself had been loving and tender, yet it seemed to him hard to bring up the dead past. There was such a chasm between that life and this, such a difference between the dark-eyed, half-Spanish girl he had wooed under the brilliant Southern American skies and this girl whom he was wooing beside the tumbling English sea, that it often seemed to Alan Mackenzie that he must be an entirely different person.

He leaned forward and looked at her. She had her face turned towards the sea, so that he could just see the delicate profile outlined against the blue sky, could just see the pink ear nestling against the coils of her hair. It was not for her beauty alone that he loved Joyce Grenville. He felt that she was his equal in most, his superior in some, things. He and she together, he thought, could live the perfect married life. And now there was the shadow of poor Veronica to come and throw a gloom over their loving. Veronica, whom he had never loved like this girl; Veronica, for whom he had had the tenderest protective pity, but that was all.

And now he looked at Joyce, and felt to the full that if he lost her he would lose everything that made life worth living; that life without Joyce would be incomplete, and that all his success in life—and he was by no means disposed to undervalue that—would mean nothing to him without Joyce. She was so desirable, was Joyce, with her high-bred, British air, and with all the qualities that he knew her to possess, and with that fact staring him full in the face that he loved her, and her alone.

His voice trembled as he said: "Do you mind so much, Joyce, that it will be an insuperable bar? Do you mean that you cannot say 'Yes' to me?" She turned round and faced him, and he could see the trouble in her eyes and the twitching of her lips. "No," she said, in a low voice, "I don't mean that; I cannot give you, Alan, you have made me love you; I cannot change my love in a day. But it has cast a shadow over me. I cannot rejoice over my love for you as I did now I know this: That life cannot give the unalloyed happiness that I thought possible half an hour ago."

"Because you are not the first, Joyce? In one sense you are the first. I have told it you all quite truthfully—how first I felt nothing but pity for her, and then gradually I wanted to shield her from the hardships of life, and there was no other way. I married her."

"And she—did she not love you?" Alan did not hesitate, nor did he prevaricate. A less truthful man than he might have made light of Veronica's devotion, but he could not. The dead girl's passionate eyes, fixed upon him with an expression of undying love in them, rose up before him. "She," he said, in a low voice—"she loved me more than her life."

loved him for that very truthfulness, which would hide nothing from her. "I wish you had not told me," she said. For a moment she thought that this really was so, and that she would rather not have known; it was only momentary, however.

"Would you rather not have known?" he said, and looked at her reproachfully. "Joyce, I hate having to give you this pain; but I have always thought that the very essence of married happiness lay in the fact that husband and wife had no secrets from each other."

"Did you tell her everything?" asked Joyce, woman-like. "No, dearest. God forbid that I should wish to deprecate the girl who loved me so well; but she was not your equal. She was simply a pure, sweet, loving woman; but she would not have understood. She had pretty ways of making a house homelike and charming; but she had but very little education. I could not have told her everything. Joyce, you know all about our brief married life now. I don't believe that you—I don't believe that you would be jealous of the dead woman. Now tell me straight out if you will make me happy. I don't think you know or can guess what you are to me. How my whole life and soul are bound up in you, how empty my life would be without you. I think if you understood that you would forget all about the story I have told you, and give yourself to me, to hold and to keep as the dearest thing in the world."

The tears were standing in his eyes, he was so much in earnest. It seemed to him as if he were making or the marring of his life was in the slender girl's hands; and she was moved, too. "Of course I mind, dearest," she said. "If I did not mind so much I should not love you so much. Just think how would you like it if some other man had had my first kiss, my first words of love?"

"I should not like it at all; I should hate it, Joyce," he said, frankly. "I knew you would. I should have asked you to marry me a year ago if I had not had this past behind me. I have loved you well enough all the time. It is only now that I have been presumptuous enough to think that you love me a little that I have spoken; and if you do truly love me, Joyce, you will only be sorry for all that I have suffered in the past."

Joyce was not an ungenerous girl, and though there was a certain sting in the fact that Alan had suffered through another woman, yet she could feel it in her heart to pity the girl who had only been Alan's wife for four months, and who had died in so tragic a manner. She rose. "Shall we go in to the others, Alan?" she said, softly.

But he caught her hand. "Not before I have had my answer, Joyce. Oh, no! not before I have had my answer! Don't be cruel, darling! Put me out of pain!"

"Dearest," she said, "you know your answer. You know that I love you, and that I would never deny my love. This unhappy story of yours has been a surprise to me, and a little shock; but it does not really make any difference, does it, when two people love each other?"

happy time, but one evening Alan got rather a nasty shock. He had been seeing Joyce, and they had spent the usual happy time together. He was immersed in thoughts and dreams of her, and was not looking very much where he was going. Turning a corner sharply he ran up against a man who seemed a little unsteady in his gait.

"I beg your pardon!" Alan said. The man uttered an imprecation. At the first sound of his voice Alan thought that it was familiar to him. He gave a start. "Hutchinson!" he cried. The man looked up. A gleam of recognition lit up his drink-sodden eyes, and with the recognition there came, too, a gleam of hatred.

"It's you!" he cried, and he swore again. "Yes," said Alan, "and I am sorry to see you like this. Can I do anything for you, Hutchinson?"

"Do anything for me? You? I'll trip you yet!" cried the man, his hatred flashing like a knife. "Do you think I have forgotten how you got me turned out, how you ruined me? No! And I will be even with you yet if I hang for it! And there's that girl of mine, too! I always thought that you had a hand in her disappearance! I will be even with you yet, my fine young man!"

"Well," said Alan, coolly, "I would have helped you if you would have let me; not that I regard your threats. It was your own dishonesty and nothing else that was your ruin. And as for the girl, you are right there. I married her, and she was drowned; but she was no daughter of yours, and you know it."

Hutchinson's surprise got the better of his caution. "I brought her up," he said, "even if she was not my own. In a way she was mine. And so you married her, did you? And now you say she is dead."

"She is dead, poor soul!" said Alan. "Died in the wreck of the 'Valparaiso' four years ago; and I'm to be married again. I wish you would let me help you, Hutchinson!"

An evil sneer crossed Hutchinson's face. "Married again, are you? Soon? Well, I will wish you joy, you and your bride. You may have an unexpected guest at your wedding, although I am not quite sure. We will see what way things will go. Good-by, my fine gentleman!"

He left Alan with a curious sense that something untoward had happened, although the young man could not say what it had been.

HISTORIC ATMOSPHERE.

Motive Is the Ground Color for Historical Pictures. Unless an author can maintain, without deviation, from the first to the last pages of his book, the language of the period of which he writes, his work will be better, his pages will be more easily read; and whatever true atmosphere he may be able to create in other ways will be more convincing if he writes in the language of his own times. No books have a stronger flavor of their own period than the D'Arctagnan romances, well translated into modern English. It was as well for an English author to attempt to give German atmosphere to a story of German life by writing it in broken English, as to attempt to give old-time flavor to an old-time tale by writing in a tongue composed of both the old and the new. If I am right in my conclusions, atmosphere may be imparted by facts and language, subject to the conditions above stated. These two methods, although generally attempted, more frequently fail than succeed. Novels wherein old-time phrases and historical facts only are relied upon to give old-time color are accepted without question, perhaps, by those who do not know the period of which the novels treat, or do not care to analyze the question. But to an inquiring mind, knowing the period, such a novel as to its atmosphere is usually as disappointing as wet gunpowder. It is from the setting of the story and from the acts, motives, and methods of thought of the characters that true atmosphere may be imparted. What the characters are made to feel, do, and say give real atmosphere. What they say is the important matter; not how they say it. Motive is the ground color for all historical pictures. There is no period in history of which we have a complete view. At best we can only catch glimpses of the environment of men and women who have preceded us, and who have faded into the dim, hazy light of the past. We have but fragmentary pictures, that come to us in sections, like the picture-blocks of a child, with many parts missing. Those parts which we lack we try to fill in as best we can, guiding our hands, as we draw, by the parts we have.—Charles Major in the June Scribners.

Ingredients of Toilet Soap. The basis of the better qualities of toilet soap is generally curd or yellow soap, in the making of which special precautions are taken to insure absence of free alkali. This is most important, as otherwise the soap would be altogether unsuitable for toilet purposes, the free alkali being injurious to the skin. This is the reason why so many of the cheaper laundry soaps produce chapped hands and similar results when used for toilet purposes. If, on the other hand, there is an excess of fat, the soap is greasy and does not possess the cleansing properties of a good soap should. A laundry soap may be made without much difficulty by an amateur, but it is better to buy whatever toilet soap is required, for the reasons stated, and also because special apparatus is required to make a soap of first class quality.

HEALTHY WOMEN.

Mary J. Kennedy, manager of Armour & Co.'s Exhibit at the Trans-Mississippi Exposition at Omaha, Neb., writes the following of Peruna, as a cure for that common phase of summer catarrh known as indigestion:

"I found the curative effect of Peruna in a change of diet incidental to eight years' traveling completely upset my digestive system. In consulting several physicians they decided I suffered with catarrh of the stomach. Their prescriptions did not seem to help me any, so, reading of 'Summer Catarrh' sent free to any address, I decided to try it and soon found myself well repaid."

"I have now used Peruna for about three months and feel completely rejuvenated. I believe I am permanently cured, and do not hesitate to give unstinted praise to your great remedy, Peruna."

The causes of summer catarrh are first, chronic catarrh; second, derangement of the stomach and liver; third, impure blood.

The cause being the case anyone who knows anything whatever about the operations of Peruna can understand why this remedy is a permanent cure for summer catarrh. It eradicates chronic catarrh from the system, invigorates the stomach and liver, cleanses the blood of all impurities, and therefore permanently cures by removing the cause—a host of maladies peculiar to hot weather. The cause being removed the symptoms disappear of themselves.

'Summer Catarrh' sent free to any address by the Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio.

Resonance of Culture. A distinguished lecturer once told a story of an engagement he had made to deliver a discourse in one of the interior towns, on the subject of "The Beacon Lights of Civilization." "I reached the place," he said, "a little behind time, and went directly to the hall. A large audience had assembled. I was introduced in due form by the president of the literary society under whose auspices I was to appear, and laying my manuscript on the desk before me I opened it and waited a moment for the applause to subside. Imagine my horror when I found I had accidentally brought along the wrong lecture—one on the 'Wonders of Modern Electrical Science!'" "What did you do?" asked one of the group to whom he was narrating the incident. "I went right ahead," he replied. "The audience didn't know the difference."—Youths' Companion.

Supreme Court Sustains the Foot-Ease Trade-Mark. Justice Laughlin, in Supreme Court, Buffalo, has ordered a permanent injunction, with costs, and a full accounting in damages, to issue against Paul B. Hudson, the manufacturer of the foot powder known as the 'Foot-Ease' brand, and also against a retail dealer of Brooklyn, restraining them from making or selling the 'Foot-Ease' brand of foot powder, which is declared, in the decision of the Court, an imitation and infringement of the 'Foot-Ease' brand. The shoe into which shoes for tired, aching feet, now so largely advertised and sold all over the country, is the owner of the trade-mark 'Foot-Ease,' and he is the first individual who ever advertised a foot powder extensively over the country. He will send a sample free to any one who writes him for the 'Foot-Ease' brand of foot powder, and his trade-mark and renders all parties liable who fraudulently attempt to profit by the extensive advertising, in placing upon the market a spurious and similar appearing preparation, and putting 'Foot-Ease' on envelopes and boxes like Foot-Ease. Similar suits will be brought against others who are now infringing on the Foot-Ease trade-mark and common law rights.

A Curious Story of Complications. The marriage of Isaac Williams and Mrs. Lydia Ruby, at Oklahoma City, brings into print a curious story of complications which arose out of the lax administration of the territory's divorce laws. Some years ago Mrs. Ruby procured a divorce from Mr. Ruby in the probate court. She then married Mr. Williams, and they lived together happily for two years. At the end of that time it was decided by the supreme court that the probate judges had no jurisdiction in divorce cases, and that all decrees issued by them were null and void. Mr. and Mrs. Williams at once separated, and she brought suit in the district court for divorce from her former husband. In due time this was granted, and after the lawful time had elapsed, she was married again to Williams.

Best for the Bowels. No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. CASCARETS Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

Did You Ever Run Across an old letter—but all faded out to read what has been Carter's Ink for it doesn't fade. An honest man always keeps his credit a little better than his clothes. Many causes induce gray hair, but PARKER'S HAIR BALM brings back the youthful color. HANDSOME, the best cure for corns. 15c.

Lots of men get sick by helping other men make fools of themselves. Pilo's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of the throat and lungs.—WM. O. ENSLEY, Vancouver, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900. A tender feeling for the wife of another man isn't legal tender. When eyelids, take a bar of White's Yuccatan. You can ride further and easier. Ignorant men are a good while in finding out what all this means.

SEND 47 cts. SPECIAL OFFER: Cut this ad. out and send it to the publisher of this paper, and you will receive a copy of the book 'How to Make Money' absolutely free, and the most wonderful bargain you ever saw. Write for the express office and SPECIAL OFFER PRICE, \$2.57—less 10c or \$2.10—plus 10c for postage. The book is a complete model of a profitable business, powerful and practical. It contains the best instructions ever published in any book for making money, and is one of the best investments you can make. Write for the book today. It is yours for 47 cents. T. M. ROBERTS' SUPPLY HOUSE, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

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WISCONSIN'S CURE FOR RHEUMATISM. CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in Time. Sold by Druggists. CURE BY CONSUMPTION.

HEAT BREAKS THERMOMETER.

Arizona Has Summer Weather That Cannot Be Recreated. The cottonwoods have shed their caterpillars, there has been a thunder-storm, mesquite wood has fallen in price, Indians are selling bows and arrows, the rose and the oleander have long been out, oranges are in bloom, the umbrella tree is putting out its leaves, last summer's suit has been cleaned and pressed, the small boy has gone swimming in the canal, the wise man stays up nights and steals irrigation water from his neighbors, alfalfa is almost ready to cut, strawberries have been shipped, mulberries are nearly ripe, summer will soon be here and the Phoenix summer bedroom will soon be necessary. Phoenix sleeps out of doors in the summer and the bedroom is born out of that necessity. It is on stilts, is built of wire screen of fine mesh, for the Phoenix mosquito is microscopic in size. It is furnished according to the taste of the occupant, with interior curtains to keep out the morning sun, the gaze of the curious and the sand storm. The bed is a cot of canvas or woven wire, covered, perhaps, with a sheet, but even a sheet feels like a featherbed on a Phoenix summer night. The bed covering is the roof of the bedroom, and careless folks who consult their comfort only don't wear nightshirts. Phoenix is proud of its climate during eight months of the year, but it doesn't talk much in public about its midsummer. It is a right warm day when the government weather bureau doesn't know what the sun temperature is and is unable to determine it, and that is how hot it gets in Phoenix. I called on Observer Burns one day last July and asked him what the "official" temperature was in the sun. He said he did not know and that the government couldn't afford to experiment to that end. He said he had attempted to catch the sun temperature during the summer of 1893 and had broken a \$3 thermometer in the attempt. To please my curiosity he hung a thermometer in the sun, watched it until it registered 136 degrees, and then took it in, fearing it would break. The dryness of the atmosphere relieves this great heat of any terrors to all living things except women and cats.—Phoenix Graphic.

WANTED 500 Men, Women and Children to try the best and cheapest preparations ever offered the public. You don't take any chances in trying them, as your druggist guarantees KILL'S Kidney Pills for Pain, Fever and Weakness, the women's remedy of the day (the only genuine). KILL'S White Liver Pills, the great Liver Invigorator, System Renovator and Bowel Regulator. 25 doses, 25c. You can work while they cure. Never gripe or make you sick. KILL'S Blue Kidney Pills cure all Kidney Pills, Backache, etc. KILL'S Dyspepsia Tablets cure indigestion, constipation, flatulence, heartburn, acid eructations, make pure sweet stomachs and breasts. To do as advertised or money refunded. The only guaranteed preparations on the market. KILL'S Pills or Tablets cost 25c. Half price of others.

Deer Avenged Murder of Pawn. In the park of Lord Grantley, at Womersley, near Guildford, a fawn, drinking, suddenly was pounced upon by one of the swans, which pulled the animal into the water and held it under until drowned. This was observed by the other deer in the park. Shortly after this swan, which had hitherto never been molested by the deer, was singled out when on land and furiously attacked by a herd, which surrounded and killed it.—Weekly Telegraph.

Hill's Catarrh Cure Is taken internally. Price, 75c.

Most of the good jokes are old ones if you only knew it. The chronic kicker usually kicks himself out of joint.

To Cure Dandruff Quickly use Coko Dandruff Cure. Money refunded if it fails, so why not try it? It isn't fair to measure other people in your half bushel, but you probably do it. The scholar who cherishes the love of comfort is not to be deemed a scholar.

FITS Permanently Cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kille's Great Nerve Restorer. Examined by the U. S. Surgeon General, Dr. W. H. KILLE, Ltd., 501 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Some people have faith in odd numbers—and the favorite is number one. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Give the business man plenty of rope and he'll form a cordage trust.

Many causes induce gray hair, but PARKER'S HAIR BALM brings back the youthful color. HANDSOME, the best cure for corns. 15c.

Lots of men get sick by helping other men make fools of themselves. Pilo's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of the throat and lungs.—WM. O. ENSLEY, Vancouver, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900. A tender feeling for the wife of another man isn't legal tender. When eyelids, take a bar of White's Yuccatan. You can ride further and easier. Ignorant men are a good while in finding out what all this means.

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W.N.U.—DETROIT—NO. 30—1900

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OVARIAN TROUBLES.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Cures Them—Two Letters from Women.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I write to tell you of the good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me. I was sick in bed about five weeks. The right side of my abdomen pained me and was so swollen and sore that I could not walk. The doctor told my husband I would have to undergo an operation. This I refused to do until I had given your medicine a trial. Before I had taken one bottle the swelling began to disappear. I continued to use your medicine until the swelling was entirely gone. When the doctor came he was very much surprised to see me so much better."—MRS. MARY SMITH, Arlington, Iowa.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I was sick for two years with falling of the womb, and inflammation of the ovaries and bladder. I was bloated very badly. My left limb would swell so I could not step on my foot. I had such bearing down pains I could not straighten up or walk across the room and such shooting pains would go through me that I thought I could not stand it. My mother got me a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and told me to try it. I took six bottles and now, thanks to your wonderful medicine, I am a well woman."—MRS. ELSIE BRYAN, Otisville, Mich.

Motor Car for Warfare. A patent was issued recently for a "motor driven car for use in warfare." It is nothing more than a battleship on wheels, or an armored automobile full of guns and other terrifying weapons, and also adapted to be so charged with electricity that rash storming parties attempting to board it will instantly be electrocuted.

Counterfeiters are getting rich at Manila circulating spurious coin. Marquette, on Lake Superior, is one of the most charming summer resorts reached via Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway. Its healthful location, beautiful scenery, good hotels and complete immunity from hay fever, make a summer outing at Marquette, Mich., very attractive from the standpoint of health, rest and comfort. For a copy of "The Lake Superior Country," containing a description of Marquette and the copper country, address, with four (4) cents in stamps to pay postage, Geo. H. Heathford, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, Ill.

He who can stand the little trials is fitted for the great trusts. Indian Crows Railroad. The Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad is building a line in Montana down into the Big Horn Basin toward Yellowstone Park, and as the Crow Indian reservation is near at hand, a contract has been made with the red men for grading a section of roadbed. The managers of competitive lines threaten to enter a complaint to the Western Passenger Association, making the charge that the Burlington has made a deal with the "Scalpers."

The smarter a man is in fancy the more he will smart in fact.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY. Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills. Must Bear Signature of Brewster Good. See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below. Very small and so easy to take as sugar. CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION. CURE SICK HEADACHE.

FARM MORTGAGE LOANS. In amounts ranging from \$300 to \$10,000 on choice improved farms in the Western part of North Dakota. Write us if you have money to invest and we will be pleased to send you a description of loans, rates of interest, etc. Personal examination of all loans. We have invested nearly one million dollars in farm loans in North Dakota since 1881 without the loss of a dollar. NORTH DAKOTA LAND & LOAN CO., Rugby, N. D.

EDUCATIONAL. THE UNIVERSITY OF NOTRE DAME, NOTRE DAME, INDIANA. Classics, Letters, Economics and History, Journalism, Art, Science, Pharmacy, Law, Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering, Architecture. Through Preparatory and Commercial Courses. Ecclesiastical students at special rates. Rooms Free. Junior or Senior Year, Collegiate Courses. Rooms to Rent, moderate charges. St. Edward's Hall, for boys' under 13. The 57th Year will open September 4th, 1900. Catalogues Free. Address REV. A. MORRISSEY, C. S. C., President.

BOOK LETS FREE. BENNE PLANT. MAGUIRE'S EXTRACT. MAGUIRE'S MEDICINE CO'S. LODIS, MO.

BUY A DOUBLE BARREL BREECH LOADING \$15 SHOT GUN FOR \$7.77. NEW WINCHESTER RIFLES, \$3.07. NEW BREECH LOADING SHOT GUNS, \$4.47. NEW WINCHESTER SHOT GUNS, \$15.97. Winchester Shot Guns, \$1.77 per 100. Nitro Powder Loaded Shells, \$1.77 per 100. GET SHOT, GUNS AND AMMUNITION at wholesale prices to everybody. BREECH LOADING SHOT GUNS, \$4.47. Winchester Shot Guns, \$15.97. Winchester Shot Guns, \$1.77 per 100. Nitro Powder Loaded Shells, \$1.77 per 100. We sell more Sporting Goods than any OTHER HOUSE IN THE WORLD. Tents, Hunting Coats, Hats, Caps, Belts, Boots, Shell Boxes, Dog Whips, Collars, Belts, Knives and Game Bags and Fishing Tackle, all in our \$24.95, 24 page Paris Gun Catalogue. T. M. ROBERTS' SUPPLY HOUSE, 717-721 Nicollet Avenue, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

MONEY FOR SOLDIERS' HEIRS. Heirs of Union Soldiers who made homesteads of less than 160 acres before June 22, 1874 (no matter if abandoned). If the additional homestead right was not sold or used, should address, with full particulars, HENRY N. COPP, Washington, D. C.

PENSIONS. Get your Pension DOUBLE QUICK. Write CARP, OF FARRELL, Pension Agent, 1425 New York Avenue, WASHINGTON, D.C. When Answering Advertisements Mention This Paper.

Cass City Enterprise.

An independent newspaper. Published every Thursday by A. A. P. McDowell, Seegar Street, Cass City, Tuscola Co., Mich.

Advertisements. All changes of advertisements must be sent to this office no later than Wednesday noon of each week, else they can not be inserted.

The wide circulation of the ENTERPRISE in the counties of Tuscola, Huron and Sanilac, makes it a valuable advertising medium.

A. A. P. McDowell, Proprietor.

OUR MOTTO: PERSISTENCE, PROGRESS AND PATRIOTISM.

Village Officers:

Pres.—C. W. Healy. Clerk—W. H. Hobbwhite. Trustees—G. A. Stevenson, G. E. Perkins, E. W. Keating, J. D. Crosby, Ed. Brotherton, H. Fritchey.

Board of Education:

Pres.—W. J. Campbell. Sec'y.—F. Klump. Trustees—P. S. McGregory, A. Wainwright, O. K. James.

Cass City Improvement Association.

Pres.—J. D. Brooker. Sec'y.—O. K. James. Trustees—M. M. Wickware, M. D.

Eldland Township.

Supervisor—L. K. Reid. Clerk—E. P. Marr. Trustees—W. H. Hobbwhite, H. Y. Com, M. L. Gulick.

Professional Cards.

J. D. BROOKER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Solicitor in Cass City. Reference: Exchange Bank and Cass City Bank.

M. M. WICKWARE, M. D. General practicing physician and surgeon. Shurley appliances for treatment of sprains of nose, throat and lungs.

D. A. HATT, M. D. Physician and Surgeon. Special attention paid to diseases of children.

I. A. FRITZ, DENTIST. All work done equal to the best. It is my aim to make every job of work a blessing to those for whom it is done.

JOHN R. FOOTE, M. D. Physician, surgeon and accoucher, Novesta, Mich. Cells answered promptly night or day.

A. A. MCKENZIE, Auctioneer. Sales of all kinds promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed.

Societies.

I. O. F. COURT ELDLAND, No. 825, I. O. F., meets on the second and fourth Tuesdays of each month in their hall in the Campbell block.

I. O. O. F. CASS CITY LODGE, No. 213, meets every Wednesday evening at 7:30. Visiting brethren cordially invited.

K. O. T. M. CASS CITY TENT, No. 7, meets the first and third Friday evenings of each month, at 7:30. Visiting Sir Knights cordially invited.

Church Directory.

BAPTIST—Preaching services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. on Sunday. Sunday school at 12 m. Prayer meeting on Friday evening.

EVANGELICAL—Services begin with Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Preaching services 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL—Preaching services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday. Class meetings follow morning service.

PREBYTERIAN—Sunday preaching services, 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m.

Farm for Sale.

120 acres, two miles east of Gagetown, five and one-half miles from Cass City; all improved but 18 acres green timber; small frame house and two frame barns; good orchard; good well; opposite Winton school; soil principally gravel loam, well drained and fairly well fenced.

MARTIN DEW, Cass City, Mich.

OTHER TOWNS.

A BIRD'S EYE VIEW OF OTHER TOWNS VIA OUR CORRESPONDENTS.

Canboro.

John Wettlaufer was a caller in Cass City last Friday. Thomas Steyens, of Elkton, visited at Rob Burleigh's Sunday.

Miss Maude Osborn Sundayed at her parental home, Sunday last.

Miss Maria Sparling, of Ubyly, was out to church here Sunday evening.

Charles and Jane Stewart, of Ubyly, visited at Mr. F. Welsh's Saturday and Sunday.

Edward Dulmage, of Cass City, was at his mother-in-law's Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Cora Welsh is working for her grandmother, Mrs. Thomas Welsh, of this place.

George Rockwood was a pleasant caller at Elmwood Saturday evening and Sunday.

Bob and Stafford Connell, of Verona, were pleasant callers at R. Burleigh's Thursday.

Mrs. McDougald and daughter, Beatrice, of Waterloo, Ontario, visited her brother and sister, of this place, last week.

One Minute Cough Cure is the only harmless remedy that produces immediate results. Try it, Bond's Drug Store.

Linkville.

R. Hallock, of Gagetown was a town caller Monday.

John Link wheeled over to Cass City last Thursday.

Mrs. A. Schweitzer drove to Kilmanagh one day last week.

Mrs. A. Schweitzer was on the sick list the first of the week.

Erwin and Arthur Proper left for Lewiston, Mich. on Monday.

John Robinson, of near Gagetown, was in town on business Monday.

Mrs. Wm. Gage entertained her aunt, Miss Smith, of Toronto, Ont., a few days last week.

A sad and what may prove to be a fatal accident occurred at the home of Henry Rutbig, one and one half miles west of here, on Sunday. While his little boy about five years of age was playing in the barn he slipped and fell from the scaffold to the floor, a distance of about 11 feet, striking on his head.

He was picked up unconscious and did not regain consciousness until Monday morning. It was thought at first that he had fractured his skull. Dr. Treadgold was at once called and at this writing the boy is some better.

He Fooled The Surgeons. All doctors told Renick Hamilton, of West Jefferson, O., after suffering 18 months from Rectal Fistula, he would die unless a costly operation was performed; but he cured himself with five boxes Buchlen's Arnica Salve, the surest cure on Earth, 25 cents a box. Sold by T. H. Fritz, Druggist at Novesta.

WILSON. N. Vorhes' new barn is getting along finely.

Frank Stewart has commenced work on his new house.

A baby boy at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Teskey.

Miss Ethel Jeffery was calling on friends in Wilnot Saturday.

E. N. Hart and C. Chaffield are working on W. Wilson's new house.

Every body very busy—almost impossible to find time to write any letters.

W. Penfold and wife are settled in their new home recently bought of Fred Leech.

No preaching on Sunday afternoon on account of the illness of the Methodist minister.

Well, brother scribe of Deford, we did not get rain Sunday last as you prognosticated.

Mrs. Howard and son, of London, Ont., visited Mrs. Will Weldon, at Cass City, last week.

Mrs. John Thompson and baby have been spending the week with relatives here and returned to their home Sunday.

The Wilnots and Novestas played a game of ball Saturday afternoon in which Novesta was defeated. Score 25 to 4.

Efforts towards the construction of an electric road from here to Lexington and ultimately further into the Thumb and to Bay City, are still progressing and the right of way from the city limits to Lexington is all cined.

The work of construction, however, according to present calculations will be deferred until next season. English money, it is said, will back the enterprise.—Pt. Huron dispatch to Detroit Journal.

The law holds both maker and circulator of a counterfeit equally guilty. The dealer who sells you a dangerous counterfeit of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve risks your life to make a little larger profit. You cannot trust him. DeWitt's is the only genuine and original Witch Hazel Salve, a well known cure for piles and all skin diseases. See that your dealer gives you DeWitt's Salve. Bond's Drug Store.

Wesley Rowley, who for the past few weeks has been working at Lapeer, has returned to his home here.

We are glad to hear that Mrs. A. B. Peters is rapidly recovering under the care of Dr. D. P. Deming.

Robt. Lewis, who for the past few months has been working north of Cass City, has returned to his home.

Mrs. Jas. Forest of Chippewa Falls, Ill., writes: I had a running sore on my leg for seven years and spent hundreds of dollars in trying to get it healed. Two boxes of Buchlen's Arnica Salve entirely cured it. Buchlen's Salve is the best healing medicine in the world. T. H. Fritz, Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston.

35c, 35c, not 25c, not 50c, 35c, the price of Rocky Mountain Tea the world over. None genuine, unless made by the Madison Medicine Co. Ask your druggist.

Pingree. Sheriff Stone called on old acquaintances here on Friday.

Will Wilson and sister, Miss Emma, called on friends here this week.

Mr. and Mrs. John Fox called on friends near Marlette on Monday.

Miss Mabel Mark spent Saturday and Sunday with friends near Argyle.

WICKWARE.

Bon Keyser is on the sick list this week.

Mr. and Mrs. John Brown visited at Bud. Chase's Sunday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Russell, of Brown City, called on friends here Sunday.

Quite a number from here attended the baptismal services at McHugh's Sunday.

The Misses Jennie, Ida and Belle Burt visited Cass City friends one day last week.

Messrs Rogers and Cross, of Cass City, made this burg a pleasant call on Monday last.

Rev. Desjardins, of Kingston, conducted the services in the M. E. Church Sunday morning.

Miss Etta Marks, of near McHugh's, has been engaged to teach our school the ensuing year.

Mrs. Albert Wickware and sons, Morley and Ray, visited at Mrs. H. B. Burt's on Sunday last.

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On the third Tuesday evening in August there will be an open grange at the Quick school house in Novesta. At said meeting a number of the members will tell what invention of the past one hundred years has been the most benefit to mankind, in their opinion at least.

Frank McCracken has a moving machine, bought from Jake Striffler, of Cass City. If a man goes to Jake and says he wants anything in the machinery line mind he don't leave till he gets it.

The building of the potato store house will soon commence. When completed all tubers will be taken as fast as they come, cars or no cars.

Bert Lester drove twenty-five loads of hay off seven acres of ground and he says he can prove they were large loads. How is that for Novesta soil?

When Cass City boys go balling to Marlette or any other part, they should ball enough while there so they won't do any bawling on the road going home.

East Novesta correspondent to Cass City Chronicle thinks we are growing Orange because we went to Port Huron on the "Fwelfth." Well, if there was a Hibernian Walk we would go as readily if the R. R. fare was as low.

We are informed that it is a mistake about the daughter of the town line, and the son of the county line spoken of as joining destinies on the Fourth at Caro. But the maiden says she will let me know when it does happen so I can give it to the ENTERPRISE.

A week ago A. VanBlaricom bought a new Champion binder from Jake Striffler. Charley Striffler, who travels for the Champion firm, set things in motion and it works like grand-father's clock which makes Van loud in its praise. The boys, Jake and Charley have put out over seventy binders so far this season and more orders coming every day.

The Cass City Chronicle says, "Pat Innes, of Forrester township, Sanilac county, stands six and one half feet in his stockings and can lift 1000 pounds with ease." We would like to ask if Pat will be at the Cass City Fair and if so we have a man in the person of Jake Hilderbrand not quite so tall as Pat but ready to take a lift with any man that ever stepped on the scales. Come up, friend from Forrester, and we will see who has the most muscle.

We are told how the world advances. The job that it required days to do a few years ago is now done in hours and done much easier. We are forced to admit this is all true as far as road work is concerned, for we can have every man in the road district do his work in the same day and could have all do their statute labor in one half day if there was room enough on the grader for all to ride at the same time. The graders must be improved by more seats with springs and cushions.

It has been demonstrated by experience that consumption can be prevented by the early use of One Minute Cough Cure. This is the favorite remedy for coughs, colds, croup, asthma, grippe and all throat and lung troubles. Cures quickly. Bond's Drug Store.

Many fields of hay yet standing. Teachers are many, looking for schools. Roy Clark visited at Geo. O'Rourke's on Sunday.

Orrin Stowell is yet unable to labor on the farm.

Miss Lizzie Burton, of Clifford, visits her sister, Mrs. Wm. Schenck.

Geo. Pratt's hired man was ill last week. Much better at present.

Thomas O'Rourke and wife visited north of Cass City Sunday last.

Hinders are more plenty this season than when wheat was a good crop.

The threshing machine will be heard in our locality before this goes to press.

A woman is womanly only as she is modest and virtuous with a gentle heart.

Real estate moves in our burg. H. J. Wilcox seems to be the motive power.

We failed as a weather prophet, and "own the corn," without being wraithy over it.

Those that keep the record will discover July so far the hottest month of the season.

If we have cool nights for two weeks to come oats will be a heavy yield around here.

Joseph Bonapart Daugherty traded horses with Lewis Goldberg, of Bay City, last Friday.

We observe that Novesta is having a fine job of stamping done in the road by Zeckler's and Henderson's.

H. H. Wilson has been engaged the past week in moving his house, lately purchased from William Bentley.

We will wager half of our kingdom that George Martin will work more farms with the least money invested in tools of any this side of Ireland.

The late rains have destroyed crops on low lands. Wherever water stood after the sun came out and made it scalding hot vegetation was cooked to death point.

On the third Tuesday evening in August there will be an open grange at the Quick school house in Novesta. At said meeting a number of the members will tell what invention of the past one hundred years has been the most benefit to mankind, in their opinion at least.

Frank McCracken has a moving machine, bought from Jake Striffler, of Cass City. If a man goes to Jake and says he wants anything in the machinery line mind he don't leave till he gets it.

The building of the potato store house will soon commence. When completed all tubers will be taken as fast as they come, cars or no cars.

Bert Lester drove twenty-five loads of hay off seven acres of ground and he says he can prove they were large loads. How is that for Novesta soil?

When Cass City boys go balling to Marlette or any other part, they should ball enough while there so they won't do any bawling on the road going home.

East Novesta correspondent to Cass City Chronicle thinks we are growing Orange because we went to Port Huron on the "Fwelfth." Well, if there was a Hibernian Walk we would go as readily if the R. R. fare was as low.

We are informed that it is a mistake about the daughter of the town line, and the son of the county line spoken of as joining destinies on the Fourth at Caro. But the maiden says she will let me know when it does happen so I can give it to the ENTERPRISE.

RAI'S CORNER.

Miss Florence Tanner is on the sick list.

Geo. Karr has purchased a new wind mill. The raspberry season is nearly at a close.

Master Anson, visited Lloyd Karr on Sunday.

Alex. Marshall visited at Geo. Charter's on Sunday.

Frank Maxfield visited at Warren Tuttle's on Sunday.

Selah Butler is a frequent caller at Geo. Karr's nowadays.

Mrs. Jas. Ward is visiting her sister, Mrs. Clayton, at Melvin.

Rev. and Mrs. Davis visited at John Munn's part of last week.

The heavy rains of last week stopped the harvest for a few days.

Little Miss Vera Karr was the guest of her cousin, Lillie Karr, on Monday.

Prof. Scott, of St. Louis, has been the guest of Miss Cora Martin this week.

Quite a number from here attended the street meeting at Cass City on Sunday.

Miss Bessie Tanner, of Cass City, was the guest of Miss Grace Karr on Sunday.

John Karr and family and Miss Bessie Tanner visited at Walter Marks, Jr. on Sunday.

John Karr and family and Miss Mammie Marshall visited at John Marshall on Thursday.

Miss Minnie McDonald, of Cass City, was the guest of Miss Gertie McDonald a part of last week.

Walter Marks, Jr. has traded his driver with Archie Laforge, of Gagetown, for a yearling colt.

There are crowds of folks going to the huckle-berry marsh every day and there are lots of berries. Quite a number of the pickers got wet on Friday.

C. A. Wilber feels proud of his three graduates who successfully passed the eighth grade examination in May and received their diplomas. They are Misses Maggie Russell, Mammie Marshall and Florence Tanner.

Was it a Miracle? "The marvellous cure Mrs. J. Stout of Consumption has created intense excitement in Canmack, Ind.," writes Marion Stuart, a leading druggist of Muncie, Ind. only weighed 90 pounds when her doctor in Yorktown said she must soon die. Then she began to use Dr. King's New Discovery and gained 37 pounds in weight and was completely cured. It has cured thousands of hopeless cases, and is positively guaranteed to cure all Throat, Chest and Lung diseases. 50¢ and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at T. H. Fritz's Drug Store.

Bargains in Bicycles. As our room is limited we have decided to go out of the bicycle business and will close out several wheels at greatly reduced prices.

6-29 LAING & JAMES.

Mrs. Thos. Jackson is on the sick list at present.

Earl Hammond returned to his home in Oxford Monday.

Stacks of wheat begin to put in an appearance now a days.

W. A. Lockwoods visited near Watrousville on Sunday.

Mrs. Geo. Poddie is visiting with a daughter in Midland at present.

Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Woolman visited at Elder Nichols' in Grant on Sunday.

Guy Woolman has secured the position as teacher in the school at Deford.

Several from here were hunting huckleberries near Gagetown last week.

Mrs. Thos. Collins, of Potrovia, Ont., was visiting last week at L. H. Huffman's.

T. D. Leach and Misses Rena Leach and Anna Spaven spent Sunday at Shabbona.

Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Huffman spent a day last week in the city, guests of M. H. Eastman's.

Mrs. Thos. Leach enjoyed a visit from relatives from North Branch the fore part of last week.

Clyde King had the misfortune to lose the end of one of his fingers while working about the piping of a well last week.

Bra. Deford's weather prognostication came to an untimely end in the third space. No rain in this part on Sunday. Try again, Bro.

Hugh Shea started to thresh his wheat Tuesday but rain stopped him. Jos. Perry's machine was doing the job. This was the first in the neighborhood.

After many intricate experiments, scientists have discovered methods for obtaining all the natural digestants. These have been combined in the proportion found in the human body and united with substances that build up the digestive organs, making a compound called Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. It digests what you eat and allows at dyspeptics to eat plenty of nourishing food without the stomach troubles being radically cured by the medicinal agents it contains. It is pleasant to take and will give quick relief. Bond's Drug Store.

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Prof. Scott, of St.

The Dollar Did it.

The saving of the dollar has turned many Customers our way

We can save you money every time. If you are in need of

SCREEN DOORS AND WINDOWS

Call on us before buying elsewhere. We have BINDER TWINE by the Carload. This warm weather cook on

Gasoline Stoves

We have them. A full line of CUTLERY and EDGE TOOLS.

N. BIGELOW & SON

High Grade.....

BUGGIES AND WAGONS

at low prices. Do not fail to see them before you buy elsewhere.

Horseshoeing a Special Feature.

All kinds of repair work given prompt attention. Give us your work and your orders for new goods.

H. S. WICKWARE.

LANDON, ENO & KEATING

MANUFACTURERS OF

Sash, Blinds, Doors, Flooring, Siding, Mouldings, Lath, Shingles, Etc. Bee supplies of all kinds.

OUR SPECIAL STONE SILLS

For Windows and Doors.

Contracting and Building given prompt attention. Cass City, Mich.

White Lily Flour

Makes Bread that is lightest, Rolls that are daintiest, Cake the Choicest, Pies that would Please a Dyspeptic, and pastry that melts in your mouth--All out of the same barrel. A thorough test will convince you. Made only at

Cass City Roller Mills.

C. W. HELLER, Prop

My Stock of....

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

For 1900 year business is now complete. Below I renumerate some desirable values.

Dry Goods Dept.

Ingrain all wool Carpets.....40 to 65 per yard Ingrain Cotton Carpet.....35 to 45 " Heavy Carpet.....20 to 30 " Velvet, Kidderminster and Tapestry Brussels at remarkably low prices. Carpet Trimmings.....\$1.00 to \$1.25 roll Oil Cloth, Ektex, Oil Cloth and Oil Cloth Linoleum at low prices.

New Spring Styles

In Coats, Caps, Wrappers, Skirts and Ladies' Underwear. My prices on Wrappers.....75c to \$1.00 Skirts.....\$1.00 to \$1.50

Shoe Department.

I have the celebrated Julia Marlowe Shoe, it fits the foot when all others fail. Men's Seamless Shoe.....\$2.00 to 2.50 Men's Flow Shoe.....1.00 to 2.00 Men's Rubber Boots with leather linings. They sell at sight.

Stove Department.

I have a few cast Cooking Stoves at the old price. Get them at once while they last.

J. L. HITCHCOCK.

Three Story Brick.

Kingston.

Willis Sibley made a business trip to Caro on Tuesday.

Mrs. Todd and family, of Pontiac, visited Mrs. E. Ealy last Saturday.

The union service will be held at the Baptist Church next Sunday evening.

W. L. Baker, our furniture dealer left for Detroit on business Tuesday morning.

A big dance is announced to take place at the Novesta hall on Friday, August 3rd.

L. A. Maynard left for Elsie on Saturday afternoon to spend a few days with friends.

Mrs. Wm. T. Lloyd, of Seaford, Ont., is the guest of her mother, Mrs. W. T. Swarthout, west of town.

The subject for the Sunday morning service at the M. E. Church will be, "Jesus, the precious corner-stone."

Wm. Ross is reported as slightly improved in health and his many friends hope for his speedy recovery.

McCarrick & McArthur are arranging for a harvest dance in Bufus' Hall on the evening of Friday, August 3rd.

The Epworth League held a social at Fred Arnold's, one and one-half miles west of town, on Tuesday evening.

Madison Moyer has started the mason work of the walls for O. M. Carpenter's produce cellar, near the depot.

The fourth quarterly conference of the Kingston charge of the M. E. Church will be held on Monday, August 6th, at 9:30 a. m.

Anthony Curtis, of Portland, Oregon, is visiting his brother, J. B. Curtis, of this place. The brothers have not met before in twenty-five years.

The breaking of the separator belt at the creamery on Tuesday morning caused some delay, but the boys all kept smiling and everything was soon put right again.

Dr. Geo. Bates contemplates taking a brief respite from his labors, beginning his vacation sometime this week, and has placed his practice in the hands of Dr. F. E. Wilson during his absence.

Rev. P. Desjardins spent last Sunday on the Shabbona charge preaching for Rev. C. W. Seelhoff at Wickware, Greenbank and Shabbona, and administering the rite of baptism at the close of the afternoon service.

If everyone manifested as practical an interest in the success of the creameries does our drayman, Sol Matthews, there could not be the slightest question as to its becoming an assured success, and that pretty quick, too.

We are in receipt of a copy of the Anacanda (Mont.) Standard, containing a portrait of the Butte tennis club, of which Rich. S. Fulford, formerly of this place, is the captain. The club is just in practice for a state tournament and Mr. Fulford is one of the crack players.

Owing to the funeral services of Wm. Sibley being held at the Baptist Church on Sunday morning, there was no service at the M. E. Church. Rev. J. N. McCready, of Deford, preached for Rev. P. Desjardins at East Dayton in the afternoon and at the union services here in the evening.

Mrs. Haines and Miss Allie Curtis entertained the Primary Sunday School class of the Baptist Church on Friday, July 20th from two to five p. m., at the home of Mrs. Haines. After the children were tired of games, ice cream and cake were served. The children all had a good time.

William Sibley, whose serious illness was recorded in our last issue, passed away shortly after ten o'clock Thursday evening of last week, after an illness of but three days. The direct cause of death was heart failure. Deceased had passed his seventy-first birthday and had enjoyed good health up to the last. He was a native of England but came to Kingston over thirty years ago and has made his home here ever since, plying his avocation as shoemaker industriously at all times, until some two years ago he added harness making thereto. He was ever his policy and everyone admired his frankness in manner of speech. His aged widow and three children survive him--George, who lives in Ohio; Mary, of Kalkaska, Mich.; and Willis, of this place. A brother from Ohio accompanied his son, George, here to the funeral which was held on Sunday morning, the services being conducted at the Baptist Church by the pastor, Rev. A. R. Harper, and the attendance being unusually large, as the deceased's long residence here had given him a very large circle of friends.

For Sale. A second hand Columbia bicycle in good condition. Will sell cheap. Inquire at this office.

"We have sold many different cough remedies, but none has given better satisfaction than Chamberlain's," says Mr. Charles Holzhauser, Druggist, Newark, N. J. "It is perfectly safe and can be relied upon in all cases of coughs, colds or hoarseness. Sold at Bond's Drug Store."

A WARM DISCUSSION.

JERICHO AGITATED ABOUT A SCHOOLHOUSE LIGHTNING ROD.

Pop Perkins, the Postmaster, Tells About the Points That Were Made on Both Sides and How the Building Itself Settled the Question.

[Copyright, 1900, by C. B. Lewis.]

It was a lightning rod man who started the schoolhouse discussion. He came along the other day and saw that the schoolhouse was without a rod, and he went to the town board and offered to put one up for so much. The town board wrestled over it all day without coming to a conclusion, and when it got to be known all over Jericho a big crowd assembled at the postoffice in the evening to talk the matter over. It was Deacon Spooner who called the crowd to order and said:

"As it appears to me and to a majority of the citizens of this town that an epoch in the history of Jericho has arrived, I call upon the lightning rod man to state his case."

"There ain't much to state," replies the man. "I've offered to put up two rods on the schoolhouse and warrant it a good job for \$40. Bein as a schoolhouse is an emporium of knowledge and bein as the cause of education may be said to be the bulwarks of liberty, I've knocked \$15 off the regular price. I take it that he's made a p'int," says the deacon as he tunks on the floor with his cane. "Emporium of ed-

ucation and bulwarks of liberty seem to come in jest right and hit the schoolhouse on all sides at once. I fur one am standin neutral in this business, and I'd like to hear both sides of the question. Mebbe-Silas Lapham, who lives next door to the schoolhouse, would like to make a few remarks."

"As fur me," says Silas as he rises up, "I'm ag'in the idea of a lightning rod. That there schoolhouse was built 15 years ago, and durin them 15 years we've had 72 thunderstorms. If she's dodged 72, why can't she dodge 200? Why can't she keep right on dodgin till she tumbles down of old age? Forty dollars fur a lightning rod means more taxation. Thar's s'ich a thing as an emporium of education, but thar's also s'ich a thing as an emporium of taxation. Jericho is out of debt and no one kicken, but let the hand of excessive taxation clutch her throat, and how long would it take to strangle the life out of her? I'm askin you to pause and ponder afore it is too late."

"Silas, you've made a p'int and a stronger one," says the deacon who the applause has subsided. "If the schoolhouse has dodged 72 thunderstorms, thar's no reason to think she won't keep up the record. Yes, it's a p'int, and mebbe the lightning rod man would like to answer it."

"I don't think much of the p'int," says the man as he gets up ag'in. "Thar's 80,000,000 people in these United States, and because none of 'em fell down stairs last year it don't foller that a heap of 'em won't tumble down this year. I've known a man to go on dodgin a mile's heels for 15 years and then git 'em both in the stomach at once. Mebbe your schoolhouse will dodge a hundred mere thunderstorms, and mebbe we will skassly hev sought our virtuous coaches this night before a thunderbolt as big as a bar'l will go drivin through her and leave nuthin but a heap of splinters to mark the spot where your emporium of education once reared its proud roof to the blue vaults of heaven. I said \$40 to the town board today, but in order to show my interest in the cause of education and to prove to you that my hand is ever stretched forth to uphold the prestige of a nation of freemen I'll make the price \$35."

"It's made a p'int, gentlemen--he's made a p'int," says the deacon as he leans on the stove and looks around. "Yicks, sir, when he talks about our schoolhouse rearin it's proud roof to the blue vaults of heaven he's made a p'int, and I'm more favorable to the lightning rod than I was. I think this crowd would like to hear from Enos Williams."

"I'm with Silas Lapham," says Enos as he shets up his jackknife and gits his feet under him. "I'm fur lettin sartin things dodge or bust. They wanted to insure the meetin house 24 years ago, but my advice was to let her dodge. She's thur yit. I've got a barn 30 years old, and she's never had a lightning rod or been insured--just had to dodge or bust all these years--and she's thur yit. Seventeen years ago, when I built my house, I put a bell on the front door. Nobody has rung that bell to this day. It would be the same if we put a lightning rod on the schoolhouse--you wouldn't see a thunderstorm around here fur the next 15 years. I'm all right on the emporium of education business, and I can see that thar schoolhouse rearin it's proud roof to the blue vaults of heaven as plain as if it wasn't 9 o'clock at night, but I don't see no ball to pay out \$35. Let her dodge or bust!"

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"I'm with Silas Lapham," says Enos as he shets up his jackknife and gits his feet under him. "I'm fur lettin sartin things dodge or bust. They wanted to insure the meetin house 24 years ago, but my advice was to let her dodge. She's thur yit. I've got a barn 30 years old, and she's never had a lightning rod or been insured--just had to dodge or bust all these years--and she's thur yit. Seventeen years ago, when I built my house, I put a bell on the front door. Nobody has rung that bell to this day. It would be the same if we put a lightning rod on the schoolhouse--you wouldn't see a thunderstorm around here fur the next 15 years. I'm all right on the emporium of education business, and I can see that thar schoolhouse rearin it's proud roof to the blue vaults of heaven as plain as if it wasn't 9 o'clock at night, but I don't see no ball to pay out \$35. Let her dodge or bust!"

"Thar's a p'int thar, Enos--thar's a

lightnin rod man who started the schoolhouse discussion. He came along the other day and saw that the schoolhouse was without a rod, and he went to the town board and offered to put one up for so much. The town board wrestled over it all day without coming to a conclusion, and when it got to be known all over Jericho a big crowd assembled at the postoffice in the evening to talk the matter over. It was Deacon Spooner who called the crowd to order and said:

"As it appears to me and to a majority of the citizens of this town that an epoch in the history of Jericho has arrived, I call upon the lightning rod man to state his case."

"There ain't much to state," replies the man. "I've offered to put up two rods on the schoolhouse and warrant it a good job for \$40. Bein as a schoolhouse is an emporium of knowledge and bein as the cause of education may be said to be the bulwarks of liberty, I've knocked \$15 off the regular price. I take it that he's made a p'int," says the deacon as he tunks on the floor with his cane. "Emporium of ed-

ucation and bulwarks of liberty seem to come in jest right and hit the schoolhouse on all sides at once. I fur one am standin neutral in this business, and I'd like to hear both sides of the question. Mebbe-Silas Lapham, who lives next door to the schoolhouse, would like to make a few remarks."

"As fur me," says Silas as he rises up, "I'm ag'in the idea of a lightning rod. That there schoolhouse was built 15 years ago, and durin them 15 years we've had 72 thunderstorms. If she's dodged 72, why can't she dodge 200? Why can't she keep right on dodgin till she tumbles down of old age? Forty dollars fur a lightning rod means more taxation. Thar's s'ich a thing as an emporium of education, but thar's also s'ich a thing as an emporium of taxation. Jericho is out of debt and no one kicken, but let the hand of excessive taxation clutch her throat, and how long would it take to strangle the life out of her? I'm askin you to pause and ponder afore it is too late."

"Silas, you've made a p'int and a stronger one," says the deacon who the applause has subsided. "If the schoolhouse has dodged 72 thunderstorms, thar's no reason to think she won't keep up the record. Yes, it's a p'int, and mebbe the lightning rod man would like to answer it."

"I don't think much of the p'int," says the man as he gets up ag'in. "Thar's 80,000,000 people in these United States, and because none of 'em fell down stairs last year it don't foller that a heap of 'em won't tumble down this year. I've known a man to go on dodgin a mile's heels for 15 years and then git 'em both in the stomach at once. Mebbe your schoolhouse will dodge a hundred mere thunderstorms, and mebbe we will skassly hev sought our virtuous coaches this night before a thunderbolt as big as a bar'l will go drivin through her and leave nuthin but a heap of splinters to mark the spot where your emporium of education once reared its proud roof to the blue vaults of heaven. I said \$40 to the town board today, but in order to show my interest in the cause of education and to prove to you that my hand is ever stretched forth to uphold the prestige of a nation of freemen I'll make the price \$35."

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"Thar's a p'int thar, Enos--thar's a

Phis' says the deacon as he hits a cracker bar'l with his cane. "Yes, sir, thar's a good deal in your theory about dodgin. When all the cows around here was hev'in the lump jaw, a feller offered to protect mine ag'in it fur \$3. I said I'd let her take her chances, and she come thur all right. I observe Moses Forbush through the audience, and, as Moses built the fence around the schoolhouse, mebbe he's got sunthin to say."

"I ain't ag'in lightnin rods," says the deacon, "but nobody expected you to. I take it, however, that you go in fur an emporium of education, bein you got the job of buildin the fence and hev seven children goin to school."

"Yes, I think I do," replies Moses. "I've allus felt that it was my duty to uphold the Magna Charta of liberty, and when it comes to boostin the wheels of progress and civilization I'm good to lift a ton."

It was then suggested that the lightning rod man might want to say sunthin more, and he went at it and made a regular Fourth of July oration. He pictured George Washington, John Hancock, Thomas Jefferson and half a dozen more goin to school to learn how to spell such words as "liberty," "freedom" and "bulwarks." He pictured them schoolhouses bein struck by lightning fur the want of rods, and he had tears in Joab Warner's eyes in less'n five minits. Then he pictured the happy children of Jericho crowded into the schoolhouse on a summer's day. Among them was future lawyers, doctors, editors, statesmen and poets. They was drinkin in deep drafts of education when a black cloud appeared over Jim Taylor's barn, a rumble of thunder was heard, and a minit later a thunderbolt shot out and struck the schoolhouse, and thar was a tragedy to convulse the world. The town had saved \$35 on a lightning rod, but what was the schoolhouse, the schoolm'am and 44 scholars? Some was shoutin and some was wipin their eyes when the man sot down, and after Deacon Spooner had declared it the strongest p'int he ever heard he made ready to put the question to a vote. Jest then in comes Lish Billings, and the deacon turns to him and says:

"Lish, we are hev'in a meetin about that lightning rod on the schoolhouse. As you painted the buildin mebbe you'd like to say sunthin. Are you fur it or ag'in it?"

"Neither one," answers Lish after awhile. "Are you standin neutral?"

"Not exactly."

"Then, how do you make it out?"

"Why, the durned old buildin fell down about an hour ago of its own self, and I don't reckon thar's any call to waste any breath about the matter."

M. QUAD.

Talismans In China.

The belief in the potency of charms, etc., is very widespread among the lower class Chinese and the Shans in parts of Yunnan. The latter in particular have all kinds of amulets to ward off evil, the form of their collection being one which confers invulnerability on the wearer. This useful quality may also be obtained, I was informed, by undergoing a very painful process of tattooing. During my trip I was shown a "dragon's nest," which looked like a bit of the horsehair stuffing from a foreign saddle, guaranteed to render the purchaser's house safe from fire, and a "female deer's horn," which would enable the fortunate owner to walk a great distance without fatigue.

Not being a landed proprietor or a professional sprinter, I had no use for these things, and though I entered into negotiations with several people for the talisman which would render me invulnerable none of them was willing to stand the test of western skepticism--a revolver at 30 paces--even though I offered them an enormous sum and a handsome funeral in case of accident.--Geographical Journal.

The First National Convention.

What may be called the first national convention was not held by either of the great parties. It was conducted by what was known as the Anti-Masonic party and was held in Baltimore in September, 1831. Delegates attended from every state (not chosen, however, on a basis of electoral strength), a president and vice president were nominated, and a platform was adopted. The Democrats held their first national convention in Baltimore in May, 1832, 313 delegates being present. As this year, the only contest was over the vice presidency, General Harrison having a walkover for first place. His opponents convened in Washington and named Henry Clay, 17 out of 24 states being represented. Since then nominating conventions have been the rule.--New York Sun.

Living on the Bylaws.

Rufus Chouteau once by overwork had shattered his health. Edward Everett expostulated with him on one occasion, saying:

"My dear friend, if you are not more self considerate, you will ruin your constitution."

"Oh," replied the legal wag, "the constitution was destroyed long ago. I'm living on the bylaws."

Some of the greatest fishing grounds of the great lakes are in the Georgian bay district. From the cold, deep and clear waters of Georgian bay thousands and thousands of rocky islets rise.

DOES IT PAY TO BUY CHEAP?

A cheap remedy for coughs and colds is all right, but you want something that will relieve and cure the more severe and dangerous result of throat and lung troubles. What shall you do? Go to a warmer and more regular climate? Yes, if possible; if not possible for you, then in either case take the ONLY remedy that has been introduced in all civilized countries with success in severe throat and lung troubles. "Boschee's German Syrup." It not only heals and stimulates the tissues to destroy the germ disease, but allays inflammation, gives a good night's rest, and cures the patient. Try ONE bottle. Recommended many years by all druggists in the world, sample bottles at T. H. Fritz's.

Nelson Phelps, one of the pioneers of Dayton township, and the oldest Mason in Tuscola county, died at his home in Dayton, on Friday, July 13th. The funeral was held at the Baptist Church in Dayton Sunday, conducted by the Masons. Rev. Harper, of Kingston, preaching the sermon. Deceased leaves a wife and nine children, besides numerous other relatives and friends to mourn his loss.--Mayville Monitor.

A gentleman recently cured of dyspepsia gave the following appropriate rendering of Burns' famous blessing: "Some have meat and cannot eat and some have none that want it; but we have meat and we can eat.--Kodol Dyspepsia Cure be thanked." This preparation will digest what you eat. It instantly relieves and radically cures indigestion and all stomach disorders. Bond's Drug Store.

H. L. PINNEY, Cashier. H. W. SEED, Asst. Cashier.

EXCHANGE BANK

Cass City, Mich.

Loans Money on approved notes and real estate.

In Partial Payment Terms if desired.

Pays Interest on Time Deposits.

MR. CONGER CABLES HOME.

The State Department Receives a Cipher Message.

BEING SHELLED BY BOXERS.

Says Only Quick Relief Can Prevent a General Massacre of All Foreigners—Great Joy at the Capital—President at Canton Again.

Washington, D. C., July 21.—The Chinese minister today received a cipher cable message from Minister Conger. The dispatch is in the state department cipher and was transmitted through the tsung-li-yamen and the Shanghai taotai. It contains 18 words and is signed in English with the name "Conger." The minister took it to the state department.



EDWIN CONGER.

(United States Minister to China.) Mr. Conger's telegram is as follows: "British legation under continued shot and shell from Chinese troops. Quick relief can only prevent general massacre."

The message is not dated, but it is understood to be sent from Peking July 18. As soon as the cablegram from Minister Conger had been translated at the state department it was sent to the white house and transmitted to the president. Owing to the fact that his train did not stop during the morning he could not be reached before he arrived at Canton. He reached there at 9:30 (central time), and the message was handed to him five minutes afterward.

As soon as Minister Conger's cablegram had been translated a cabinet council was called in the office of the secretary of state and all of the cabinet ministers accessible met in session. The council between Secretaries Hay, Root and Long lasted about fifteen minutes. The postmaster general and secretary of the treasury did not attend. No statement was given out after the conference.

In reply to a question Adjt.-Gen. Corbin said it was impossible now to say what effect the receipt of Mr. Conger's dispatch would have on the military operations in China, or on our preparations here. He said he did not know but that increased military haste might precipitate matters in China.

Canton, O., July 21.—The president's first news of Minister Conger's dispatch was handed him the instant he left the train. Scanning the bulletin, he gave evidences of pleasure at the news. Later, when the state department's statement first reached him, adding strength to the genuineness of the news, he was more visibly gratified. Those near the president have known for days past that he has never given up hope that Minister Conger was alive.

After the president had read all the news which followed the first bulletin, he started for a drive with Mrs. McKinley over the country roads.

London, July 21.—Minister Conger's message to the state department at Washington is not regarded here as justifying overmuch optimism, but, on the contrary, is generally accepted as a further Chinese attempt at mystification. Some think the fact that the message is undated and that the similarity of its contents to Sir Robert Hart's message of June 24, suggest that it was sent off about the same time, but intercepted by the Chinese.

PEKIN IS HEMMED IN.

Heavily Armed Force of 300,000 Boxers Surround City.

Chofoo, July 21.—Native Chinese here report that there are in and around Peking at least 300,000 Chinese troops, and that the Boxers are armed with the best and most modern weapons. From all sources come the same tidings that the Boxers have enormous supplies of modern rifles and ammunition. Boxer leaders had organized plans for massacring foreigners in all the treaty ports as well as in the interior, and a heavy reward was promised for each white head brought in. Rich loot was promised to all. Especial stress is laid by Tuan's generals on the opportunity the troops will have of seizing white women. The story receives the full credence of the Europeans here. It is reported that after the allied armies recaptured the native city of Tientsin last Saturday their shells set fire to the town. The Chinese were about three months old and had been about a week. The police have been unable to make any progress on the case.

Alps Climbers Killed.
Berlin, July 21.—The annual chapter of Alpine accidents has begun unusually early this year. Within a week seven citizens of Berlin, including two ladies, have met death in the Alps. The latest case was reported yesterday. William Weigand, a well known Alpinist and a teacher of gymnastics in a number of Berlin institutions, fell with Moser, the most famous guide in the Tyrol, while climbing Koening's Peak. Both were killed.

Chauteauquans Meet at Alton.
Alton, Ill., July 21.—The eleventh annual assembly of the Chauteauquans Association began at Alton yesterday. The first day was devoted to a reunion of people from Jersey county. The speakers were Judge A. A. Goodrich of Chicago, and S. V. White of New York city.

Drowned While Bathing.
Princeton, Ind., July 21.—Otis Bryan, aged twenty-two years, a glass blower, was drowned while bathing in Webster Lake yesterday. He lived at Red Key, Ind.

Increasing number of armed Chinese are arriving from the north. The troops in the Wosung forts are being reinforced daily and a number of new guns have been placed in position. The foreign consuls today presented a united protest against these offensive preparations. Viceroy Li Kun Yih replied that he had ordered the work of strengthening the forts to cease immediately, but the local commander still persisted in the operations and refused to heed the viceroy's remonstrances. These forts completely command Shanghai and the guns already mounted are capable of blowing the foreign settlements to pieces in twelve hours.

RUSSIANS ARE IN A TRAP.

Hard Pressed Near New-Chwang, Says London Paper.

London, July 21.—The Daily Express publishes a dispatch from Che-Foo, which says that the Russians are hard pressed around New-Chwang and have been expelled from Tien-Chwang-Tai, the scene of the great fight during the sustained heavy losses. They have also been compelled to abandon Tachichau by a large body of "boxers" and armed peasants. Here again the Russians lost heavily, but it is reported that they succeeded in killing 700 of their assailants. The Chinese have completely demolished the railway north of Tachichau. The Russians are now moving on New-Chwang. The Russians, according to the latest news from St. Petersburg, have completely defeated the Chinese and have occupied Blagovetchensk, capital of the Amur government, with a large force. Since Gen. Gribski, chief of staff at Port Arthur, has taken over the supreme command in Manchuria, re-enforcements have been rapidly pushed up, and the general situation has been improved greatly.

TROOPS TO CROSS THE PACIFIC.

War Department Plans for Transport Service from West Coast.

San Francisco, Cal., July 21.—Plans for the redistribution of United States forces, in order to have as many troops as possible available for service in China, grow daily more definite. The Meade and Hancock, whose sailing dates will be about Aug. 1, will carry the remaining troops of the 15th infantry, the 3d cavalry and 3d artillery and 500 marines. The 9th cavalry will also go from here early in August. The 1st cavalry, comprising eight troops, will go direct from Seattle, on the transport Glenogle, which has been chartered to carry them. The horses of the 3d cavalry will be shipped from here on the Aztec Aug. 5; 750 horses of the 9th cavalry will go on the Strathege on Aug. 7 and the remainder will be shipped from Seattle. The horses of the 1st cavalry will probably be sent out from Seattle on the Athenian.

JAPAN STILL SENDS TROOPS.

Growing Sentiment Against Extended Operations, However.

Yokohama, July 21.—The leading papers still urge the dispatch of more troops to China, but there is a growing sentiment against Japan's engaging in extended operations. The decision of the government in the matter is not known, but another division from Sendai is on its way to embark at Ujima. Many refugees from China are arriving in Japan.

Paris, July 21.—The foreign office has received information from a Chinese source in which, however, absolute reliance may be placed, that the foreign ministers at Peking have not been massacred. According to this information on July 7 the ministers were attacked, and the legations burned, but the foreigners succeeded in crossing the city to Prince Ching's palace, which was then barricaded, and the Europeans were holding their own up to the time the news left July 9. Since then nothing has been heard from Peking.

Body Found in Sachel.

Milwaukee, Wis., July 21.—A ghastly find was made by one of the clerks of the Spiegel drug store last night. Last Monday a stranger left a satchel in the store, promising to call for it in a short time. It was noticed that a stench was arising from the satchel, and on opening it the drug people found the body of a child wrapped in a towel and a newspaper. The infant was about three months old and had been dead about a week. The police have been unable to make any progress on the case.

Severe Electrical Storm at Battle Creek.
Battle Creek was visited by a severe thunder storm on the 20th, when two storms, one from the west and one from the east, came together. The streets were covered with water from curbs. Telegraph, telephone and trees were leveled to the ground and considerable other damage was done.

Ernest Drake, of Mt. Clemens, who cut his throat a month ago in a fit of insanity, is dead.

The Republican convention for the 12th congressional district has been called to meet at Calumet on July 26.

Farmers around Middleville say the grasshoppers are cleaning up more pasture land than are all their live stock.

Marshall has refused to accept 1,080 feet of the new sewerage system just completed, and a lawsuit will probably be the result.

The postoffice at Sister Lakes was robbed of \$40 in cash and \$40 in stamps. The hotel safe was also blown open and \$200 taken.

The curfew ordinance at Alton has been repealed. The ordinance was passed several years ago, but was never enforced.

OUR PUBLIC SCHOOLS

HAVE A TOTAL ENROLLMENT OF NEARLY 500,000.

The Weekly Crop Bulletin Says Rain Interfered Considerably With Hay—Grand Jury Cases Will Go Over to the September Term of Court.

The superintendent of public instruction has prepared a summary of statistics from the reports for the last school year, which includes interesting and important data relative to the extent, cost of maintenance, etc., of the public schools of Michigan, as well as to the number and wages of teachers, etc. The more important of the statistics are as follows: Number of townships and cities reporting, 1,280; number of graded school districts, 692; number of ungraded school districts, 6,469; number of township unit districts, 115; school census of graded districts, 416,109; total number of pupils in census, 297,521; total number of pupils in census, 713,690; enrollment in graded districts, 293,953; enrollment in ungraded districts, 304,733; total enrollment, 498,686; average duration of school in months, 8.17; estimated number of pupils attending select schools, 45,568; total number of teachers necessary to supply all schools, 12,399; total number of men teachers employed, 3,471; total number of women teachers employed, 12,093; total number of teachers employed in all schools, 15,564. The total wages of all the teachers for the year were \$4,316,036.11.

Grand Jury Cases Go Over.

Nothing more will be heard of any of the grand jury cases until the September term of court, Judge West having on the 18th adjourned court until Sept. 4. Between that time and the regular term will commence, the court will look after matters left over from the present term. It has not yet been decided which of the state cases will be tried first, but there is no doubt whatever that either the case against Speaker Adams or that against Land Commissioner French will be tried at the next term.

Rains Interfered.

The weekly crop bulletin, issued by the Michigan weather bureau on the 17th, says that the mean daily temperature for the past week was 6.3 degrees below normal, the average precipitation 0.13 above normal, and the sunshine an average of 52 per cent of the possible amount. Frequent showers have interfered considerably with haying. The nights have been cool and have somewhat retarded the growth of corn. Otherwise the weather conditions have been very favorable to crop growing.

A Ball of Fire Fell at Big Rapids.

During a heavy rain and electrical storm at Big Rapids on the 16th a ball of fire fell and two brothers, Hugo and Chas. Martz, aged 23 and 17 respectively, under an umbrella 30 feet distant, were felled to the sidewalk. Hugo was killed instantly; Charles, knocked insensible, but half an hour later showed signs of life. Both were more or less burned. Rain fell in torrents.

Stabbing Affray at Port Huron.

A neighboring row between two Port Huron families, Isaac Peiffer and Noah Miller, occurred on the night of the 17th. The row had raged more or less fiercely for the past two weeks, and culminated on the above date in a stabbing affray. Mr. Miller is in the hospital with a slash in his head which may result fatally, and Peiffer is in jail.

Disease in Michigan.

Reports to the state board of health show that rheumatism, diarrhoea, tonsillitis, neuralgia and bronchitis, in order named caused most sickness in Michigan, during the past week. Cervical spinal meningitis was reported at 4 places, smallpox at 2, whooping cough at 16, diphtheria at 22, typhoid fever at 44, scarlet fever at 52, measles at 60 and consumption at 168.

Order May be Modified.

The recent order of the military authorities that no member of the national guard whose name was not on the rolls June 30 can draw pay from the state while attending the state camp, may be modified so as to admit to camp soldiers who have been attending drills for several weeks before June 30.

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MICHIGAN NEWS ITEMS.

The new bank at Kinde will be ready for business Aug. 1.

The Hillsdale Screen Door Co. will remove to Adrian. The firm employs 50 men.

The basket factory at Cadillac was destroyed by fire on the 18th. Loss, \$17,000; covered by insurance.

During a thunder storm on the 14th, lightning killed seven fine cows and a registered bull owned by Scott Waldo, of Williamston.

Clarence Levern and Chas. Darling lost their lives in Phipps lake, south of Metamora, while on a fishing expedition on the 16th.

For the year ending June 30 the Marshall postoffice sent out over 2,500,000 letters, and the gross receipts for the year were \$58,840.46.

The rolling mills of the Champion Iron & Steel Co., at Muskegon, have been closed for an indefinite period, throwing 350 men out of work.

One farmer near Hart has his entire farm of 240 acres planted to potatoes. It consists of one large field, as he has removed all the division fences.

W. G. Guiles, a prosperous merchant of Orionville, has a beard that measures exactly seven feet in length and when he is standing drags on the floor.

Emma, the pretty 5-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Fritz Breneck, of Muskegon, died of hydrophobia on the 18th. She was bitten by a small dog last April.

The first rural mail delivery from Alma started operations on the 16th. It entails a drive of 26 miles and covers 49 square miles, giving mail service to 729 people.

A severe electrical wind and hail storm passed over a section in the vicinity of Eaton Rapids on the 20th, doing considerable damage to corn and other crops.

At Dowagiac, right in the heart of a beautiful farming country, dealers in oleomargarine paid \$144 for licenses to do business this month. The six months' bill amounts to \$715.

Detroit has established means whereby poor sick children and their mothers can enjoy free rides on the water, where such a recreation is deemed advisable by the attending physician.

Lightning struck the house of F. W. Bradley at Manelona on the 18th, tearing the shingles from the feet of Mrs. Bradley and burning one of her feet badly, but not injuring her otherwise.

Special census agents have begun work in Lansing, Charlotte and Eaton Rapids, securing figures in regard to manufacturing. The special agents in Pontiac and Flint have completed their work.

Arthur Taylor, a colored pugilist of Marshall, on the 20th shot his sweetheart, Mrs. Lillie Green, and then put two bullets in his own brain. She will recover but it is feared his wounds will prove fatal.

The Beaufort iron mine in Baraga county will be reopened on a large scale by Ogilbey, Norton & Co., of Cleveland. It is the most wealthy mine in Marquette county and has been idle 10 years.

Gov. Pingree has pardoned John Caslin, sent from Lake City, June 11, 1900, to the Detroit house of correction for 60 days for being drunk and disorderly. His father is dying.

Sneak thieves entered the home of ex-Supervisors C. L. Tuomey, a short distance east of Ann Arbor on the 17th, and secured about \$500 worth of plunder—mostly diamonds.

Marshall and Battle Creek youngsters are persistent hunters. They have drawn \$800.02 out of the county treasury for sparrow heads, in spite of the fact that the appropriation was but \$800.

During a terrific electrical storm which swept over Sheridan on the 17th four barns were struck by lightning and burned. A house in the village was struck by a bolt of lightning but was not badly damaged.

The Blue Ribbon races at Detroit during the week ending July 21, drew out the largest crowd in the history of the association. The weather was fair, with the exception of one day, and the races were all on the high order.

Fire broke out at Weidman in J. S. Weidman's lumber yard on the 15th and raged for six hours, burning over 5,000,000 feet of lumber. A heavy downfall of rain saved the mills. The loss will reach \$80,000, with insurance for half.

The big power dam belonging to the Kalamazoo Light & Power Co., four miles south of Allegan, is in danger of going out, the constant rains having slowly undermined the structure. Workmen are strengthening it as fast as possible.

The Masons of Athens are planning to build a new hall for their lodge, which they propose to make an ornament to the village. It is to front 46 feet on Main street and have a depth of 80 feet, and will be built of common field stone.

Additional rural free delivery service will be established at Caro, Tuscola county, on Aug. 1. The length of the route will be 26 miles; area covered, 45 square miles; population served, 810; number of houses on the route, 180; carrier, Jas. Pattison.

Petitions are being extensively circulated by prominent ladies of Three Rivers, asking the city council to pass a curfew ordinance, prohibiting boys and girls under the age of 16 from being on the streets after 9 o'clock in the evening, unless accompanied by their parents.

The creditors of the First National bank of Ithaca, Gratiot county, will now be paid in full. The comptroller of the treasury on the 16th declared a final dividend of 22 8-10 per cent in their favor, making in all 100 per cent, and interest in full, to June 30 last, on claims amounting to \$59,861.55

W. J. Raymond, the alleged embezzler wanted at Port Huron, was recently arrested at Welland, Ont.

Chas. Billingshurst has 10 acres of muskatoes growing on his farm near Albion. If frost does not come too early he expects to market between 1,000 and 2,000 bushels. How he proposes to keep the small boys away from them he has not disclosed.

At a special action held at Pinckney on the 16th, the question of bonding the town for fire protection was lost by a large vote. The business men will probably form a company and establish a water works system, as the town is entirely without fire protection.

The grasshopper plague in Florence seems to be growing worse, many pastures and meadows are ruined, some promising fields of hay were unfit to cut, and pastures are cleared up in a few days. The corn has been affected some, but as yet no serious damage in that line.

Harvest hands in the state are scarce and it is no trouble to get \$1.50 per day, and on some occasions more. At no time for several years were hands so much sought after as now. The large hay crop and the uncertain condition of the weather contributes to bring this about.

The speed and force of a bird when flying were forcibly shown on a Muskegon county farm recently, when the farmer observed a quail flying through the air strike a wire fence and fall to the ground. The bird's head had been severed by its sudden collision with the wires as smoothly as if done with a sharp knife.

Port Huron has a bicycle ordinance which imposes a license fee of \$1 on riders, upon payment of which permission is granted to ride under certain restrictions on nearly all the sidewalks in the city along unpaved streets. The council has now ordered that all moneys received from bicycle licenses shall be placed in a special fund, to be used exclusively for the construction of side paths along such streets as the council may determine.

BRIEF NEWS PARAGRAPHS.

The gold Democrats will decide upon placing a third ticket in the field at Indianapolis, July 25.

According to recent dispatches from the famine districts of India a more cheerful outlook is in sight.

For the fiscal year ending June 30 last, there were 26,540 patents granted, including re-issues and designs.

Methodists have 142 American missionaries in China, Presbyterians, 209, and the American board of commissioners for foreign missions, 110.

The strike at Rotterdam is extending and over 12,000 men are now involved. There are 170 vessels in the Mass river awaiting discharge.

Gen. Shafter on the 18th notified Capt. Humphreys of battery D, 3d artillery that his battery has been selected for immediate service in China or the Philippines.

Thirty-five cases of heat prostration, five of which proved fatal, were reported at New York on the 17th. During the day the mercury registered from 92 to 106 degrees in the shade.

The excessive heat caused the death of six persons in Philadelphia and two in Camden, N. J., on the 18th. Over 40 cases of prostration were treated at the hospitals on the above date.

More than 70 persons succumbed and many more were fatally prostrated by heat in New York city on the 18th. About half of the fatalities occurred among babies and little children.

Indians hunting on the east coast of Hudson bay recently found three bodies and a vast quantity of wreckage. It is believed by officials that it was the remains of Andree and party, who were trying to reach the north pole by balloon.

In the preliminary examination of Jesse Morrison, at Eldorado, Kansas, on the 18th, charged with the murder of Mrs. Olin Castle, interest centered in the testimony of Olin Castle, whose young wife was slain a week after her wedding.

Capt. Mercer, Indian agent at Solway, Minn., says that the Blanket Indians have withdrawn their opposition to the building of a school house on their reservation, and everything is now amicably settled.

The Rio Grande railroad has been incorporated at Denver, Col., with a capital stock of \$2,000,000. The new company proposes to construct a road through the West Mountain valley, and build several other lines, all of which will become part of the Denver & Rio Grande system.

The little town of Long Run, two miles west of Mt. Pleasant, O., with a population of about 1,000 people, was visited by the most severe wind and rain storm on the 19th that has been experienced in that section for the last 30 years. Three lives were lost in the flood that followed.

Torrid heat continues throughout Europe. The mercury indicated 85 degrees in the shade at London on the 18th. The hospitals are busy caring for victims of heat prostrations. Nine fatalities were reported for the day, and laborers are obliged to knock off work during the hottest hour of the day.

Edward W. Green, of North Judson, Ind., is becoming the subject of much interest and study among physicians, who declare that his body is gradually turning to bone. His body began to ossify to a perceptible degree about two years ago and the process of ossification was so rapid that his entire system became affected.

During the progress of a funeral at Chatfield, O., on the 19th, lightning struck a church wherein the funeral was being conducted, and more than 25 persons were injured. The house was packed to the door, but little damage was done to the building.

THE GOEBEL LAW

WILL BE THE ISSUE IN KENTUCKY THIS FALL.

Proceedings Have Been Commenced to Revoke the Charter of the Street Railway Companies in St. Louis—Other Events of the Week.

Chicago Visited by a Wind Storm.

Hail, heat and hurricane struck various portions of Chicago on July 15th, and gave the city one of the most fantastic days from a meteorological point of view that the local weather bureau has ever encountered. There were many heat prostrations during the day, but at midnight only one death had been reported—Paul Suelkan. Of those prostrated, five are in a serious condition. In the evening the hot wind which had been blowing from the west all day increased in violence. It tore down signs, destroyed shrubbery and shade trees, made sport with porch furnishings and played havoc with buildings under course of erection. In Lincoln park many of the small boats were driven ashore before the blast and their occupants compelled to wade to the land. None of the boats capsized, although there were many narrow escapes.

Tien Tsin Casualty Report Confirmed.

The navy department on the 16th received official confirmation from Admiral Remy of the reverse of the allied forces at Tien Tsin on the morning of the 13th. The dispatch was dated Che Foo, July 16, and says: "Reports that allied forces attacked native 9th infantry and marines on the left. Losses allied forces large—Russians, 100, including artillery colonel; Americans, over 30; British over 40; Japan, 58; including a colonel; French, 25. Col. Liscum, 9th infantry, killed; also Capt. Davis, Marine Corps. Capt. Lemly, Lieut. Butler and Leonard wounded. At 7 in the evening allied attack on native city was repulsed with great loss. Returns yet incomplete; details not yet confirmed."

Goebel Law the Issue.

John W. Yerkes, of Danville, was nominated for governor by the Republican convention held in Louisville on the 17th. A platform was adopted declaring the issue of the election to be the Goebel election law. The speakers very unsparsingly denounced the present Democratic state administration, and the Democratic legislature, thus indicating a purpose to welcome into the Republican party all Democrats who are opposed to the Goebel election law. There was no nomination to be made by this convention except for governor to fill a vacancy.

The St. Louis Street Car Situation.

Atty.-Gen. Crow on the 17th filed in the supreme court quo warranto proceedings against the St. Louis Transit Co., the United Railways Co. and the National Railway Co., asking that their charters be revoked, on the ground that they have not conformed to their charters and that a street railway monopoly in St. Louis has been created. The petition alleges further that the companies have violated the state law in capitalizing for more than is allowed under the state law. The suit is against all the companies embraced in the St. Louis Transit Co.'s system.

Cholera and Famine in India.

The governor of Bombay telegraphs to the secretary of state for India that there were 9,928 cases of cholera in the famine districts during the week ending July 7, of which 6,474 were fatal and that in the native states there were 9,526 cases, of which 5,892 were fatal. The total number of deaths on the relief works was 5,780, which was 3.9 per 1,000. There has been a good rainfall in Surat, Khandeish and the western part of the Deccan, and rain has begun on parts of northern Gujarat, where the number demanding relief continues to increase.

Americans Molested in Japan.

Oriental advisers by the steamer Empress of India say that the American mission at Nagoya has been attacked by a Japanese mob and the missionaries so severely beaten that they were left for dead, although they subsequently recovered. The prime cause of the trouble was the interference of the missionaries in the trafficking in young girls, who it is said, have been openly sold. A mob surrounded the mission station and would have destroyed all the buildings but for the somewhat tardy arrival of the native police.

Friends Fear for Their Safety.

A special from Austin, Tex., dated July 18, says: Three hundred families from Austin, San Antonio, Fort Worth, Houston and other towns of the upper courses of the Llano, Guadalupe, Nueces and Colorado rivers, when the series of water sports occurred in that region two days ago. But few of these outlying parties have been heard from since the terrible floods, and friends of the missing ones are alarmed for their safety.

Decision Affecting Banks.

The commissioner of internal revenue has held that if any part of the surplus of a bank is set over to the account of "profit and loss" or "undivided profits" it must still be taken into account in reckoning the special tax of the bank. Even actual undivided profits, if they are by formal action of the bank authorities ordered to be employed in the banking business instead of being divided among the stockholders, must be included in estimating the amount of special tax which the bank is required to pay.

CHINA WAR NEWS.

The decision of the administration at the end of a most eventful day on the 16th was that the U. S. government is still not at war with the government of China. The happenings at Tien Tsin, coming on top of the stories of the last struggles at Peking, have not affected the attitude of the administration on this point; the U. S. and China are technically at peace. But this statement should not be accepted as indicating a purpose on the part of the U. S. government to hold its hand in the administration of swift and adequate punishment upon the Chinese, without regard to station, who may be responsible for the outrages of the past few weeks. It means simply that the government of the U. S. feels that it can best achieve that purpose by regarding the status officially as one of peace. To hold otherwise would seriously cripple the government in its efforts to obtain satisfaction for the outrages the Americans in China have suffered. We should find the ports of China, now open to us, closed, and all sorts of impediments upon the Chinese, without regard to station, who may be responsible for the outrages of the past few weeks. It means simply that the government of the U. S. feels that it can best achieve that purpose by regarding the status officially as one of peace. To hold otherwise would seriously cripple the government in its efforts to obtain satisfaction for the outrages the Americans in China have suffered. We should find the ports of China, now open to us, closed, and all sorts of impediments upon the Chinese, without regard to station, who may be responsible for the outrages of the past few weeks. It means simply that the government of the U. S. feels that it can best achieve that purpose by regarding the status officially as one of peace. To hold otherwise would seriously cripple the government in its efforts to obtain satisfaction for the outrages the Americans in China have suffered. 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SOME SHORT STORIES ABOUT CHINA AND THE CHINESE.



The Religion of China.

Buddhism is the principal religious faith of the Chinese. Long as this religion has existed, it is little understood by Americans. Its founder, Buddha, was born 623 years before the Christian era. His theory of deity embraced a trinity, known as the Three Precious Ones. The moral code of the religion contains ten prohibitions—killing, stealing, lying, selling wine, charging interest on loans, speaking false of others, self-praise and back-biting, parsimony and scoffing, uncorrected anger and reviling the Three Precious Ones.

The Buddhist church in Tibet has its pope, its cardinals, its bishops, priests and nuns, exactly as has the Roman Catholic church. And more, it has infant baptism, confirmation, candles, sacred water and processions.

The teachings of Buddha were reduced to writing 93 B. C. The entire canon of the faith was compiled in A. D. 400. In this Buddha is described as coming from heaven, being born of a virgin, welcomed by angels, received by an old saint, presented in a temple, baptized with water and later by fire. He is described as astonishing the doctors with his understanding, was later led into a wilderness, where he was tempted by the devil, and thereafter he went about doing wonders, and preaching. He was a friend to the poor.

It seems doubtful when Buddhism was introduced into China. It is recorded, however, that in the year 63 A. D. the emperor, Han-Ming-Ti, had a vision wherein he saw a great golden image around whose head was a halo, and it was believed it meant truth. The emperor's brother, Prince Tsp, having heard of Buddhism from India, said the vision was nothing but the great Buddha. A mission was sent forth, which returned after some years, bringing back a wooden image, a counterpart of the golden one, one book and a Hindu priest.

The great temple at Peking, called the Yung-Ho-Kung, or the Lama temple, is a Mongol Buddhist monastery, in which there are some 1,200 acting priests. Here the dogmas of Buddhism are taught under the control of a Gagan, or living Buddha.

The studies comprise a course of instruction in metaphysics, ascetic duties, astrology and medicine. Many Chinese are Confucians. These follow the teachings of Confucius, which are the worship of ancestors. One of the provisions of this creed is that no son shall live more expensively than his father or mother.

Chinese Deities.
Contrary to general supposition, the deities of the Chinese are not mythical. Each of them is supposed to be

patterned after and to embody the noble traits of some man who has lived in the past. Confucianism is now well understood, and both Buddhism and Taoism have been so thoroughly explored that it is hard to believe that anything of importance relating thereto is to be discovered. At least one more book upon this topic, however, remains to be compiled—namely, a Chinese mythological dictionary. Such a work should contain an account of all the principal divinities actually worshipped by the Chinese, with authentic details of such as are historical, together with a record of the steps by which many of them have been promoted in the Chinese pantheon, until, like Kuan-Ti, the god of war, from very humble beginnings they have become "adjuvant of heaven." The number of these divinities is very large and includes many that have been continuously worshipped for over 1,000 years. Whether the Chinese have ever at any time in their long history had perception or conception of one true God, "Father and Creator of all things," is a question that has been long and learnedly discussed by scholarly students of their classical writings. It is still an open question. But there is no doubt at all that for many centuries past they have worshipped the sun, the moon, the stars and a host of ancestral deities. All the gods of China may be said to have been dead men, and, by the right of ancestral worship, it may be affirmed that in a sense all the dead men of China are gods. Temples are constantly erected, by the consent of the emperor, to men who, while living, have in various ways distinguished themselves. It is impossible to say that any one of these men may not, in the slow evolution of ages, rise to the highest place among the national divinities. There can, therefore, be no doubt whatever that as a nation the Chinese are polytheistic.

Chinese Superstition.
Similar in some respects to the celebration of Christmas in Christian countries is the observance of the devil's birthday in China. On this anniversary many costly gifts are laid upon the altar of the evil one. There are many other superstitions current. In sending the kitchen god to heaven every year, the Chinese housekeeper has to burn it and let the fumes ascend. It reports on the good deeds of the family for the year and brings good luck. Before burning it the housewife dips her finger in a jar of molasses and smears the upper and lower lip of the idol, so that when he arrives at the peary city he may tell a sweet tale on the family and thus insure benedictions. A family, when gambling, will cover the eyes of the idol until the card playing is through.

Cessions to Foreign Powers.
Each conflict in which China has engaged has resulted in a loss of territory. The principal cessions made by the Mongol government as the price of peace have been the following: The island of Formosa was ceded to Japan in 1895, after the war with China. In 1897 Germany seized the port of Kiaochow on the east coast of the Shantung peninsula, her excuse for so doing being a massacre of missionaries which had taken place there. Two months later she received from China a ninety-nine year lease of the port and district. In 1898 Russia obtained from China a twenty-five-year lease of Port Arthur, Taicow and their adjacent territories and waters. The lease can be extended by mutual agreement. The same year the Chinese government gave permission for Great Britain to occupy Wei-tai-wei as long as a period as Russia shall hold Port Arthur. To compensate France for the concessions given to Great Britain and Russia a ninety-nine-year lease was given her of the bay of Kwang-Chau-Wan, on the coast opposite the island of Hainan, and last year two islands at the entrance of the bay were definitely ceded to her. Hong-Kong was ceded to Great Britain in 1841.

The Chinese Treaty.
The treaty between the United States and China negotiated in 1858 and proclaimed in 1860 provided that the Chinese government should guarantee protection to the American minister in his journeys to and from Peking, and should protect him and his suite while in Peking. The treaty of 1868, negotiated by William H. Seward and Anson Burlingame, provides for the protection of American citizens, American property, and American trade. In article 1 it is declared: "Nothing in this article shall be construed to prevent the United States from resisting an attack by any hostile power or party upon their citizens or their property."

Technical Training.
One of the best testimonials to the value of technical training as fitting a young man to become a successful wage-earner immediately is found in the report of the Georgia School of Technology. The school, which is in

Atlanta, was established in December, 1897. The legislature appropriated \$10,000 on condition that friends of the school would add \$10,000 more. This was easily raised, and in 1898 about \$20,000 worth of machinery and \$13,500 of material was given it. The textile department, which is said to be one of the best in the country, was a new feature of education in Georgia, and one that became popular at once. Instruction is given in manufacture of all grades of cotton goods, in manual training, chemistry, dyeing, designing, and engineering. The report of the institution states that all but nine are employed in pursuits for which they have been fitted by their training at the school. They are mechanical engineers, superintendents of cotton mills, in machine shops, chemical factories, oil mills, and other establishments of the same kind, nearly all being in positions of authority and commanding good wages. No better evidence of the practical value of practical training could be asked than this.

The Late Senator Gear.
The late Senator Gear was one of the most familiar figures at the capital, having been a member of the Fifty-first, Fifty-second and Fifty-third Congresses, and a senator for the last six years. He was re-elected to the Senate by the Iowa legislature last winter, but the present term will not expire until next March. He was also assistant secretary of the treasury under President Harrison, after he was defeated for re-election to the Fifty-second Congress. In the House of Representatives he was one of the most industrious members, and also one of the clearest-headed business members. He was a member of the ways and means committee in the Fifty-first Congress, which framed the McKinley tariff bill, and his knowledge of business affairs made him one of the valued advisers of Chairman McKinley, who intrusted to him the framing of the free-sugar clause in that work. The sobriquet of "Old Business" given to Mr. Gear while governor of Iowa followed him to Washington, and in the House and in the Senate he was familiarly called "Old Business."

The franchises of nearly 1,000 corporations in Texas have been revoked because of their failure to pay the state taxes.

heart not only goes free in the sight of the law, but glories if she will in her gule and in the magnitude of her deed. Whether the bonds of opportunity had shackled Hanora Ryan or whether she had preferred maiden triumph to the exultation of matronhood deponent sayeth not. Anyhow, to get back to the truth about Tobias. On one memorable midsummer eve he devoured lemon pie without protest. Hanora knew he loathed lemon pie. On the following morning he meekly ate the French toast she set before him, instead of his regulation potato and rasher. This was her second test. For Tobias had frankly declared only two weeks ago that he would eat no more French, or Flemish, or—no, be-gorrah—Boer toast, that was made of stale bread dipped in egg and fried! So there! She began to feel suspicious. He was a good brother, but alarmingly docile when presented with vands for which he possessed an aversion.

She was like the parrot which its owner declared "said little but" done a devil of a heap of thinkin'!" She thought a good deal in those days. When Tobias suggested bringing a friend home with him to dinner she thought more than ever, albeit she possibly said less.

"To be bringin' a man here for a male!" quoth she. "What kind of a man might he be now, Tobias?" "Straight as they make 'em!" promptly responded Tobias. "He drives the 'rush' bus. He's a good wan. He'd relish one of your raspberry rolls—that he would, Hanora!" Whereat Hanora blushed in a wintry sunset sort of way and said he might bring his friend.

He did bring his friend. And—to tell the truth—Hanora looked exceedingly well. She had given her old black skirt a "dip," whatever that mysterious phraseology may mean. And she wore with this a shirt waist of softest lawn, which she had bought at quite an absurd figure because it was one of the smaller sizes. This she had duly and delicately laundered. Not that "The household art was the only dower She would bring for a gift to him she wed."

But the household art shone up in residence on that particular night. Never, thought treacherous Tobias, with a glow at his heart, had any man such a sister, and if it were not for the—here he broke off in an agony of deception which made him temporarily oblivious of the merits of the raspberry roll.

"You ain't eat a bite!" avowed Hanora. Tobias made a sweeping gesture across his Adam's apple. "Clear to here!" he declared with delicious mendacity. After supper they went into the par-

lor. Hanora played on the organ-yes, and sang, too, in a sweet thin little voice. She sang "The Meeting of the Waters" and "The Kerry Dancing" and the "Wearing of the Green." No rag-time for Hanora.

"She's a jewel!" commented Dennis Maguire, addressing Tobias Ryan, when they parted on the sidewalk. "Ain't—ain't—timidly, 'thers any wan a-coortin'!"

"Niver a guin!" returned Tobias. He felt so guilty upon his return he could hardly make the proper responses to the "decade" which Hanora was "giving out." He did not come home until 10 o'clock the following night—not yet the next. He explained his absences by mysterious allusions to "caucuses" and "primaries," there- cool down hour in which he arose to go forth and drive the team for Twist & Taffeta, of which firm he was trusted collector, until his return at 6:30 to the modest flat where his sister—and supper—awaited him, his life was a clean and every casual or interested glance. His nights, if less exposed to the arc lights of public scrutiny, might as well have been so. For, after eating heartily of the food Hanora had prepared and referring to the same in admiring terms, he was wont to remove his shoes as unnecessary impediments, place his feet in their well-darned hose upon the chair "beyond," light his pipe, drink the solitary bottle of beer which Hanora permitted him, and read the mighty accumulation of the autocratic spinsters who ruled his abode suggested "a decade," and turned the lamp low by way of a gentle but quite sufficient hint.

Tobias was 40—plus five. He had a brickdust skin, pale brows, a pug-nacious nose, and a smile of such sudden, suffusing, apologetic radiance it explained his love for his fellowmen in general and for Hanora in particular. Indeed, his was the only love that had ever come Hanora's way. She had never been guilty of that form of highway robbery known as coquetry. Not that she was unsophisticated. She knew that a woman quick of perception and adroit of finger may appropriate the purse of one who walks her way and suffer incarceration. And she knew also that one who possesses herself of an unappropriated maseuline

The Truth About Tobias.

"I kissed my sister, for she is kind And loves me, but as we reached the gate I turned and told her I had a mind, Nevertheless, to try my fate!"

—Anonymous.

It took Hanora quite a time to find out the truth about Tobias. Not that Tobias could ordinarily be considered a mysterious individual. Indeed, he was precisely the reverse. From the cool dawn hour in which he arose to go forth and drive the team for Twist & Taffeta, of which firm he was trusted collector, until his return at 6:30 to the modest flat where his sister—and supper—awaited him, his life was a clean and every casual or interested glance. His nights, if less exposed to the arc lights of public scrutiny, might as well have been so. For, after eating heartily of the food Hanora had prepared and referring to the same in admiring terms, he was wont to remove his shoes as unnecessary impediments, place his feet in their well-darned hose upon the chair "beyond," light his pipe, drink the solitary bottle of beer which Hanora permitted him, and read the mighty accumulation of the autocratic spinsters who ruled his abode suggested "a decade," and turned the lamp low by way of a gentle but quite sufficient hint.

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For the flat into which she let herself with her latch key was altered, decorated, illuminated. There were curtains of rosy swissing at the windows. There were a lot of flowers on the table. A canary sang in a gilded cage, and—what was that? A parol in the corner—a hat on the sewing machine! Such a frivolous hat—all chiffon and daisies! Hanora turned quite faint. Could Tobias—

"O," cried a radiant little creature fluttering out of one of the Pullman car apartments which serve as bedrooms in the modern flat, "I did not know any one was here. Take this chair. You are Mrs. Larch, I know. Tobias said the wife of his friend in the shipping department would call. We are not really fully settled yet. Our wedding was quite a surprise to our friends, but really we had been considering it for some time. I was in the ribbons, you know, and became acquainted with Mr. Ryan while at the store. But it seems he had an old maid sister living with him, and having a girl's natural distaste for relations-in-law—though doubtless some of them are kind enough, I suggested to Tobias that it would be better to marry her off if possible before—why—what—"

For Mrs. Dennis Maguire had risen in agast and stately discomposure. "I am his sister," she said.

"Dear, O, dear! I'm so sorry! I didn't know—nor suspect—I wish I had kept still! Take off your things! Stay to supper! There—there! You're sweet as you can be—and I'll love you if you let me—indeed, I will."—Chicago Tribune.

Snakeskin Belts as Trophies.
Glenwood Springs (Colo.) special to Denver Times: The lady guests at the Hotel Colorado have the snakeskin belt fad. Daily members of the fair sex are seen near the electric light company's plant, where a very beautifully marked species of bull snake has chosen his abode, hunting for the reptiles. Some of the ladies are timid and go on this escapade accompanied by gallant and brave escorts. Others go alone, and should the reptile in fear run into his hole they quickly pull him out by the tail, and in less time than it takes to relate it he is their victim. Miss Hamberger and Miss Bessie Curtis, both of Chicago, are among the large number of ladies who are now wearing these snakeskin belts as trophies of an enjoyable pastime.

Proposed 100 Apostles.
The report that Charles Frohman may attempt to produce the Passion Play in this country recalls a good story that Eugene Field used to tell, says the Indianapolis News. An enterprising American manager once saw the Passion Play and was so impressed by it that he determined to duplicate it in America. However, he proposed to improve upon it. Instead of contenting himself with twelve apostles, he was going to have a hundred!

Superintendent of Squirrels.
Gov. Nash, of Ohio, has appointed F. M. Marriott, of that state, who is 9 years old, superintendent of squirrels. The chief duty of the newly created officer will be the wearing of a blue uniform with big brass buttons on it.

The semi-official Militairn Wochenblatt asserts, from alleged authentic figures, that the number of allied troops now in China is 43,000. Of these, however, 20,000 Russians are located in Liao Tung peninsula and Kwang Tung province and 1,600 Germans with 16 field guns, 12 heavy guns and 6 machine guns, at Kiao Chou. Now on the way from Germany, France and England there are about 15,000 men. Arrangements have been made for the departure of 57,000 with 144 guns, and altogether there will be, from present arrangements, in China by September 16,000 Germans, 12,000 English, 65,000 French, 50,000 Russians, 21,000 Japanese, 7,000 Americans, 2,000 Italians and 170 Austrians, together with 311 guns and 36 machine guns. Gen. Von Boguslawsky, a high military authority, said it was quite possible that this force of 115,000 men would prove insufficient to bring China down.

To add to the gloom occasioned by the extremely serious import of news, showing the daily developing strength of the anti-foreign movement in the south of China comes a report from Shanghai on the 20th that 50 missionaries and 100 native converts have been massacred by "Boxers" at Tai Yuan. Tai Yuan is a fortified and populous city in the province of Shan See on the Fuen Ho, an affluent of the Hoang Ho, 250 miles southwest of Peking.

Secretary of War Root on the 20th made the statement that the U. S. had not ordered any more troops to China, and added: The chief effort of our government just now must be directed to aiding the friendly Chinese officials. It is evident from the dispatch that the imperial government has been acting in good faith, and on July 18 was still using its best efforts to protect the legations. We must do everything we can to second their efforts.

The casualties of the allies in the three days' fighting before the native city of Tien Tsin exceeded 1,000. It is now certain that there were several Russians and Frenchmen fighting on the Chinese side. The Chinese killed their own women wholesale to prevent them falling into the hands of the Russians. On the 17th the whole native city was in flames, and the stench of the burning thousands of corpses was unspcakably horrible.

A cablegram was received from U. S. Minister Conger from Peking on the 20th stating that two days previous to that date he was alive and that the foreigners were fighting for their safety.

Elections in Cuba.
It is understood that the President and Gen. Wood have agreed on September 15 as the time for holding the election in Cuba for delegates to the constitutional convention that is to be called for the purpose of formulating a constitution for an independent government for Cuba. On the return of Gen. Wood to Cuba he will confer with the leaders of the Cuban people as to the details of the election and as to what restrictions, if any, should be placed on universal suffrage in the island.

For the next four months a monthly shipment of \$2,500,000 in gold will be shipped from Australia to the United States for coinage purpose.

J. C. W. Deekham, acting governor of Kentucky, was placed in nomination as the Democratic candidate to fill the unexpired term of Wm. Goebel on the 20th.

BASE BALL.

Below we submit the official standing of the clubs of the National and American leagues up to and including Friday, July 20th:

Club	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.
Brooklyn	46	26	.639
Philadelphia	39	34	.531
Pittsburg	49	25	.662
Chicago	38	35	.521
Cincinnati	33	38	.466
Boston	32	39	.451
St. Louis	21	38	.353
New York	26	43	.377

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Club	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.
Chicago	45	33	.576
Indianapolis	41	32	.561
Milwaukee	44	36	.550
Cleveland	38	36	.514
Detroit	39	41	.488
Kansas City	37	46	.446
Buffalo	35	44	.443
Minneapolis	35	45	.438

LIVE STOCK.

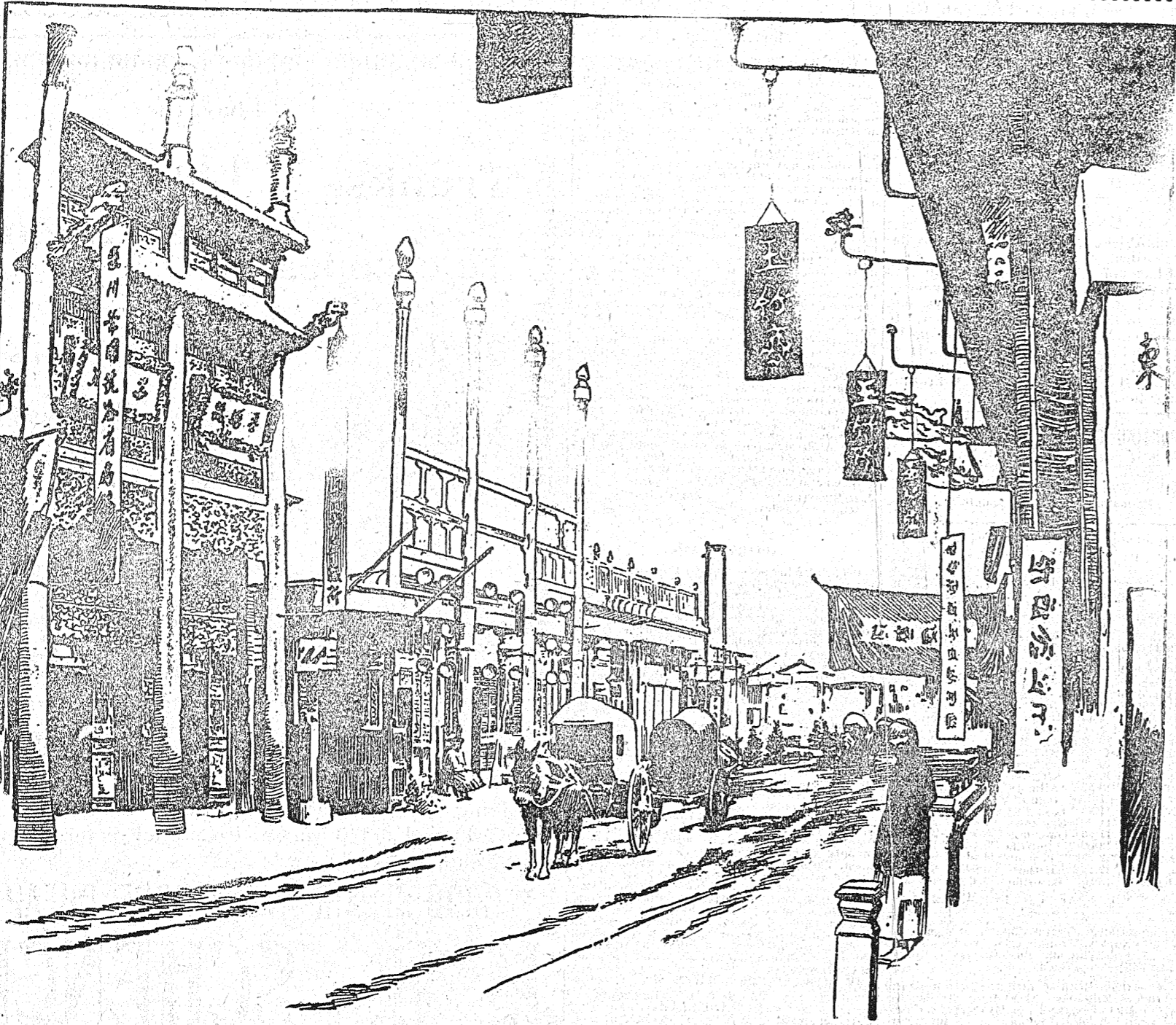
City	Cattle	Sheep	Lambs	Hogs
New York	84 000 00	87 000	87 000	87 000
Best grades	3 000 25	3 25	5 00	6 00
Lower grades	3 000 25	3 25	5 00	6 00
Chicago	5 1025 70	4 10	6 25	5 45
Best grades	4 250 00	3 10	5 00	5 20
Lower grades	4 250 00	3 10	5 00	5 20
Detroit	3 750 00	4 75	6 00	5 45
Best grades	3 500 00	3 50	5 00	4 50
Lower grades	3 500 00	3 50	5 00	4 50
Buffalo	6 250 00	4 60	6 75	5 65
Best grades	4 000 00	4 00	4 50	4 80
Lower grades	4 000 00	4 00	4 50	4 80
Cincinnati	5 1025 35	4 00	6 15	5 35
Best grades	4 250 00	2 65	5 00	5 10
Lower grades	4 250 00	2 65	5 00	5 10
Pittsburg	5 250 00	4 40	5 50	5 55
Best grades	3 000 15	4 00	4 50	5 00
Lower grades	3 000 15	4 00	4 50	5 00

GRAIN, ETC.

City	Wheat	Corn	Oats
New York	840 000	400 000	No. 2 white
Chicago	800 000	400 000	No. 2 mix
Detroit	810 000	400 000	No. 2 white
Toledo	820 000	400 000	No. 2 white
Cincinnati	830 000	400 000	No. 2 white
Pittsburg	840 000	400 000	No. 2 white
Buffalo	850 000	400 000	No. 2 white

Trouble Expected.
A large force is being armed at Red Lake, Minn., in anticipation of trouble with the Blanket Indians across the lake. They were given until the 17th to desist in their war dance, but it is reported they did not do so. If an uprising follows it is feared the Canadian Indians will join the Blanketers.

James J. Corbett and "Kid" McCoy have been matched to box at Madison Square garden, New York. Articles of agreement have not been signed, but the date is fixed for Aug. 25.



ONE OF THE STREETS OF THE NATIVE QUARTER OF PEKING BURNED BY THE MOBS OF FANATICAL CHINESE.

