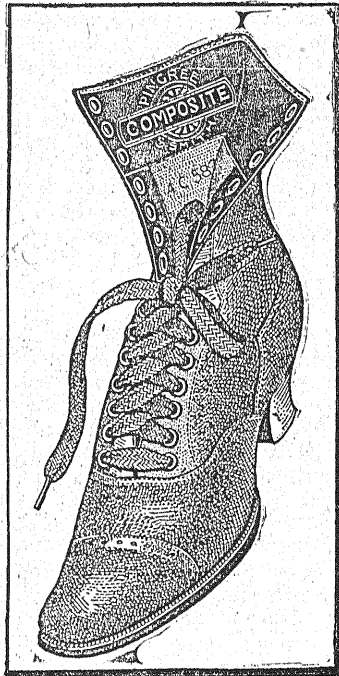


CASS CITY ENTERPRISE.

VOL. XIX. NO. 21.

CASS CITY, MICH., MAY 3, 1900.

BY M'DOWELL & WALTERS.



Pingree Shoe Talk.

The eyes are a sign Nature hangs out in every man's countenance and observing people have

Little Trouble

reading it. Shoes are much the same. Take Pingree Shoes for instance, there's realness to the quality which you cannot mistake. Everything about them impresses you as genuine and trustworthy

This Week

We show you a cut of the Composite \$3 We carry it in stock B C D and E. Call and see them. Our

CLOTHING STOCK

Never was so large as now

Butter and Eggs Taken.

J. D. CROSBY, Cass City Shoe and Clothing Man.

DO YOU EAT

Ice Cream? If you do you will surely enjoy some of our product. Everything is in readiness for the season's business.

ICE CREAM

And ICE CREAM SODA At all times. We have just added a new Olds' Gas Engine to our outfit and can supply parties and socials on short notice. Don't forget the Place.

CANDIES AND FRUITS

That will make your mouth water.

J. C. LAUDERBACH

LIGHTNING LOUSE KILLER.

...IN...

LIQUID AND POWDER.

Now is the time to get rid of lice on live stock and poultry. Guaranteed.

T. H. FRITZ.

PRICES TALK.

A good carpet for	15c yd
Ladies' black hose	5 to 25
Ladies' summer vests	5 to 25c
Children's summer vests	5 to 10c
Prints,	4, 4 1/2, 5, 6 and 7c yd
Cotton,	4 1/2, 5, 6 and 7c., unbleached
Cotton,	5, 6, 7, 8 and 9c., bleached
Percales,	6, 8, 10, 12 and 15c
Dress Goods from	15c to \$1.50 yd
Shirt Waists from	25c to \$2.00
Parasols from	50c to \$3.50
Night Dresses and Under Shirts	
a complete line from 50c to \$3.50	

Our Straw Hats

are on sale for low prices.

Our Clothing Stock

was never more complete. Call and look it over.

Nobby dressers are after our shoes for they are right style at right prices.

House furnishings a specialty. Get our prices on Carpets and Curtains. Window Shades from 10c to 50c. Produce wanted.

2 MACKS 2.

Local Happenings.

See P. S. Rice's new adv. Miss May London is on the sick list. P. S. McGogry is serving as juror at Caro this week.

Fred Richardson, of Caro, was in town on Tuesday.

The street sprinkler is again dispensing moisture.

A. G. Berney, of Detroit, was in town the first of the week.

E. F. Phetteplace will take the census of Evergreen township.

A. K. Hower has been appointed dog warden for Greenleaf township.

L. A. Fritz, our dentist, made a professional trip to Kingston on Tuesday.

Mr. Brown is very ill at the home of his son, John P. Brown, on Houghton Street.

Rev. F. Klump attended the Republican convention at Saginaw on Tuesday.

Mrs. Wallace Gilbert was taken to Detroit Monday morning for medical treatment.

Misses Anna and Laura Klump and Will McKulleigh spent Sunday with friends at Mayville.

Jas. Reagh has been making a delivery this week for Luko Bros, the Chicago nurserymen.

Hower Bros. have purchased sixty acres of J. H. Striffler, opposite Geo. W. Helwig's east of town.

The front of 2 Macks block is receiving a fresh coat of paint. Jas. Wright fields the brush.

A special program is being arranged for the promotional exercises during the last week of the school year.

B. H. Weaver, of Detroit, was the guest of his brother, Prof. Chas. S. Weaver, of this place, a part of the week.

A. W. Traver is placing a verandah along the north side of his residence at the corner of Garfield Avenue and West Street.

C. E. Fritz has leased the C. W. Heller residence at the corner of Pine and Sherman Streets, recently placed there and fitted up.

A little daughter arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Withney on Sunday evening and has been invited to remain indefinitely.

Mrs. Jamieson, of Marine City, conducted a school of instruction here on Monday for the Mary DeWitt Circle, Ladies of the G. A. R.

The L. O. T. M. held special meetings Monday and Tuesday evenings. Mrs. Mary Hammond, D. G. C., was present and assisted the ladies.

John Lennon has sold his farm opposite the cemetery to a party in Cass City, the purchaser to take possession this fall.—Mayville Monitor.

R. C. Halleck, of Grant township, and Chas. McLean, of Sheridan township, have been appointed census enumerators for their townships.

The man arrested at Pigeon some time ago, giving his name as Chas. Fuller, was given forty days at Bad Axe for larceny. Upon gaining freedom he went to Ohio and while stealing a ride on a freight train was killed. His remains were brought back to Saginaw where his father still lives. "Fuller" was an alias.

The season's work has commenced at Hall's brick yard.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Weldon Sundayed with the latter's mother at Wilmot.

The council proceedings in this issue contain items of more than usual interest and should be read carefully.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam. F. Biglow are happy over the arrival of another little daughter at their home on Tuesday.

W. Fallis, the new harness merchant, makes his bow through our advertising columns this week. Remember his location—the Gillies block—and give him a call.

The Senior Class of our high school has chosen the following officers: Pres., Stanley Schenck; vice pres., Hollis McBurney; sec'y, Frances Martin; treas., Ida Striffler.

The Review of Reviews for May publishes the announcements of 300 great conventions, congresses and other gatherings to be held during 1900 in this country and in Europe.

In the American Monthly Review of Reviews for May, there are interesting sketches of Generals Joubert, Cronje, Commandant Botha, and other military leaders of the Boers, illustrated from photographs.

Robt. Stitt returned from Detroit on Tuesday. He has spent several months there as the guest of his daughter and will spend the summer with his daughter here, Mrs. Maxfield, west of town.

The contract for furnishing the steam heating apparatus for the City Block has been awarded to Brown Bros., of Saginaw. They have also looked over the heating appliances at the school building and recommended some changes made.

J. H. Striffler & Co., report an excellent business in implements, last week's sales running over \$1000. They have a larger stock than ever before carried and yet the indications are that they were warranted in purchasing largely. See new adv.

Owing to delays which have been unavoidable, the Epworth League sub-district convention which was to have been held here on the 10th inst., has been postponed one week to Wednesday, May 3rd. An excellent program is being arranged and will be ready for circulation in a few days.

In place of his short monthly sermon to the children Mr. Morgan next Sunday morning is to give them the whole hour, speaking on the great missionaries of Africa from a large outline map. The Junior League will take part in the musical service. In the evening the first of two sermons to young men on "Failure" and "Success" will be given.

According to the U. S. Department of Agriculture, climate and crop bulletin of the weather bureau, Michigan section, for the week ending April 30th, in Tuscola county, wheat is slightly improved, oat seeding well advanced, early potatoes being planted, all fruit prospects good. In Huron county, oats and peas are being sown and vegetation growing slowly.

E. McKim returned the first of the week from Buffalo, N. Y., where he has spent several weeks, and reports a satisfactory sale of the right to manufacture and sell his patent hay, grain and stock rack in the states of New York and Ohio. Since returning home he has sold his business here to Dana Losey and leased him the shop and tools. Mr. Losey will retain the services of C. Dingman and will probably employ a wood worker as well. Mr. McKim will leave again shortly for the south eastern states where he expects to sell more territory.

Prof. Chas. S. Weaver, principal of our schools, informs us that as a result of special effort, our high school has been placed "on the list" of the Ypsilanti State Normal, the Agricultural College and Hillsdale College. This means that pupils going from our schools to any of these educational institutions may be admitted without an examination. It is expected that other colleges will grant the same favor in the near future. Prof. Strong, of Ypsilanti, is expected here this week to inspect the school.

Over fifty Oddfellows and Rebekahs went from here last Thursday to the Anniversary of the Tuscola County Association at Marlette and had a most enjoyable day. The weather was fine and the attendance was large. The degree team from here exemplified the initiatory degree and were highly complimented upon the manner in which the work was performed. It became necessary to abbreviate the program in order to allow visitors to catch the returning train. The Anniversary will be held at Vassar next year.

Prices talk! If you don't believe it read 2 Macks' adv.

Arthur Whitney, of Pinnebog, visited friends here last week.

Note what Ostrander says about Little Giant school shoes.

Stevenson's bulletin, No. 1, on last page is worthy your attention.

J. C. Lauderbach is again prepared to served ice cream soda. See adv.

Editor Shaw, of the Pigeon Progress, was in town Wednesday forenoon.

Miss Ora Wickware has been assisting at the post-office a part of this week.

W. Messner has a new adv. this week. He is making a specialty of harness to order.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Proudfoot, of Gageton, called on friends here on Monday.

H. L. Pinney attended the Democratic state convention at Port Huron on Tuesday.

Remember Wm. Spurgeon's auction sale on Tuesday, May 8th. J. H. Striffler, auctioneer.

The school board did not meet this week, owing to the absence from town of some of the members.

In his new adv. this week W. A. Fairweather talks of apron gingham, wash goods summer underwear and hosiery.

W. C. Janks & Co., of the Cass City Meat Market, have a new adv. this issue, quoting prices on all kinds of meats.

John Irvine, three miles south of Wickware, will have an auction at one o'clock on Tuesday, May 8th. A. A. McKenzie, auctioneer.

Johnny Keller, of Omand, Sanilac county, is only 13 years old, but he tips the scales at 222 pounds and is five feet nine inches in height.

J. D. Graham writes home from Minilla that he has just recovered from the fever, having spent two months in the hospital, and is again ready for duty.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Duggan arrived here last evening from Colorado, where Mr. Duggan went hoping to regain his failing health. We regret to state that this hope was not realized.

Grand Master Hardenburg, of the Loyal Orange Institution, gave a public address at the Town Hall on Tuesday evening. Quite a number of Orangemen from neighboring lodges were present but the attendance was not as large as the speaker deserved.

Austin Freeman, a married man with four children in Tuscola, was arrested Tuesday night near Murphy's lake on complaint of Miss Anna Kassick, of Tuscola, a pretty girl 16 years old, by Officer Burgess. The girl worked for the Freeman family. He was arraigned before Justice Lyon and \$500 bail given.

Dr. and Mrs. McClinton and Mrs. Post were called from here on Saturday morning to the bedside of Mrs. Nelson F. McClinton, of Alma, finding her very low and with seemingly no chance of recovery. Although the best of medical aid had already been procured Dr. Alex. Hugh Ferguson of the "Post Graduate Medical College" of Chicago was sent for, arriving there at midnight Sunday night. He gave to the waiting relatives and friends slight hopes of recovery. Dr. and Mrs. McClinton returned home Monday evening.

Miss Nancie MacArthur has just accepted the position of high school assistant in the Tawas schools at a salary of \$100, the position having been tendered her by a unanimous vote of the Board of Education. During the past four years she has held a similar position in our schools and by her untiring zeal has done much to maintain a high standard in the schools. She is one of the few teachers in our county who hold first grade state endorsed certificates and the people of Millington have been fortunate in having been able to retain her service so long. Her high educational qualifications accompanied by strong intellect and spirit of improvement and her talent as an instructor makes her a power in any circle. The Board of Education in Tawas is to be complimented upon their selection of a teacher. Miss MacArthur is an exemplification of the adage—teachers are born not made.—Millington Gazette.

Notice.

Having disposed of my property and intend to leave here by May 15, I wish all indebted to me by book account or notes due to call and settle the same by May 10th and oblige

4-26— N. McCLINTON, M. D.

Apron Gingham

At W. A. FAIRWEATHER'S are going at a low price. We have just received 1400 yards MILL REMNANTS of Apron Gingham. We bought them cheap and we offer the entire lot as long as they last at per yd. 3 1/2c We have a complete new line of

Wash Goods

To show you at reasonable prices. We offer 800 yds Scotch Plaid Dress Goods per yd. 3 1/2c

Summer Underwear

and Hosiery. Now is the time to bur your supply for the season. We have an entire new line. You will find our store well filled with a choice new line of

Up-to-date Goods

In every department. A liberal share of your trade is solicited.

W. A. Fairweather.

Larger Stock of Shoes

than ever before means a greater effort for more of your shoe trade. We have one and want the other. If you have not for the past eight years tried our shoes please do so now as we feel quite sure you will then be our steady customer, as many others have done. Of course every pair of shoes can not be perfect any more than can every person. But we try to correct any dissatisfaction.

WE CAN PLEASE YOU IN HOSEIERY.

As we have an elegant new line. All prices from 10c. to 75c per pair. See our children's fancy plaid and striped hose. Men and women's three pair for 25c. All kinds of staple Dry Goods at lowest prices. All kinds of staple groceries at lowest prices. White Star Coffee still leads 17, 25, 30, 35, and 40 cts.

LAING & JANES.

A Rare Opportunity

To buy Wall Paper and Window shade. Choice patterns of New Striped White back paper at 8c per double roll. Remnants still lower.

Gilt Paper

With one and two band border at 10c per double roll and other bargains which you cannot afford to miss. Call and get prices at

BOND'S

DRUG STORE. A. A. MCKENZIE,

Eggs Wanted.

I Am Still On Earth

and doing business in the same Practical wayheretofore conducted by me. I am prepared to attend calls and funerals at any hour. My stock of Caskets, Coffins and Burial Robes is complete. Embalming scientifically executed. Two Hearses always in readiness Branch offices: Argyle, J. McPhail; Gageton, D. Ashmore. Office opposite Opera House.

Just Received

A New Stock of

Embroideries and Laces

Also Lace Curtains from 50c to \$5.00 pair. Call and see them

Frost & Hebblewhite.

One man's faults may be another man's virtues.

The source of many a large river is but a small spring.

It's an easy matter to take a cheerful view of the troubles of other people.

It's foolish to worry about the things you can help or the things you can't.

A woman has to be a lightning thinker if she thinks before she speaks.

A grate many men never pay wit they owe too tharself, let alone the det they owe too otherz.—Grit.

The Transvaal government has 25,000,000 of bullion in Pretoria, and is said to be coining 35,000 sovereigns per month.

Uncle Sam's latest fashion for dressing 16-inch guns is a lose fitting steel jacket with a pressure of five tons to the square inch.

Hope is a flatterer, but the most upright of all parasites, for she frequents the poor man's hut, as well as the palace of his superiors.

Sum men are proud of the fact that they never dun anything too be proud of, while otherz are proud of doin things which any decent man wud be ashamed of.—Grit.

"Discussions of the war and the twentieth century," reads a notice on the wall of a hotel in Glasgow, Scotland, "will not be allowed until the close of both." So far as this generation is concerned that seems to be a prohibition until "the day after ne."

Thrift can almost live on what extravagance throws away. The dust from blast furnaces is apparently worthless material, but in France successful experiments have been made with it for fertilizing purposes. The land responded satisfactorily. The dust contains ingredients which the earth finds to be stimulating. After all, there is little on this world of ours that is without value.

The horrors of war in South Africa have been softened by many acts of magnanimity on both sides, and fierce foes in combat have forgotten animosity when moved by the appeal of human needs. Before the relief of Ladysmith a message went from the camp of the Boers to that of the British, requesting for the relief of men in hospitals, a certain kind of medicine, which the Boers' medical department lacked. The request was instantly granted. The Boers' confidence in the humanity of their foes was as touching as it was creditable to the British. So inspired it.

The state of Massachusetts has a holiday which, although it is but seven years old, has attained great popular success. It is called Patriots' day, and is celebrated on April 19th, in commemoration of the battles of Concord and Lexington. In Massachusetts this holiday has a special reason for its existence, aside from the fact that Concord and Lexington are within the limits of the state. It takes the place of the old Fast day, which fell by custom on the first Thursday in April. The transformation of Fast day into a day for baseball, fishing and merry-making was a perversion of what was intended to be "a day of humiliation, fasting and prayer." The people were not willing to give up the vernal holiday, and the celebration of the anniversary of Concord fight gave an opportunity for retaining it. A bill has been introduced in Congress to make April 19th a national holiday.

Arrangements are in progress for the assembly at the City of Mexico next year of a general congress of all the independent governments on the American continent. The gathering will be similar to the "Pan-American conference" which met at Washington in 1889. One result of that conference was the formation of an International Union of American Republics, with a "bureau" of general information. The bureau, which includes in its membership all of the republics, is taking up the preliminary work of the proposed congress. The replies which Secretary Hay has received to his letter suggesting the new conference indicate that all the American republics will be represented. The conference will have no political aims. It will consider questions of trade, facilities for transportation by rail and sea, banking systems and customs methods, and perhaps it will discuss the feasibility of a permanent tribunal of arbitration to settle disputes among the republics without recourse to war.

That the much vaunted commonsense of the American people has another side is forcibly illustrated by recent sales of a good luck box. This precious humbug is a little wooden case containing a worthless three-starred ring, worth in all about five cents. But within the past three months many thousands of persons have paid ninety-nine cents apiece for it, expecting it to bring good luck. In this and similar instances the notice might appropriately read: "Ridiculous! We are giving ourselves away for nothing!"

THE EIGHTH WONDER OF THE WORLD

It is the Colossal Temple of Buddha on the Island of Java.

The Borobudur Temple of Java is the eighth wonder of the world. You never have heard of it before, but it deserves to rank with the Acropolis, the Colosseum and the Pyramids. Formed entirely of lava, it might be wonderful enough, but its other characteristics make it marvelous. In size alone it is worthy of world-wide interest.

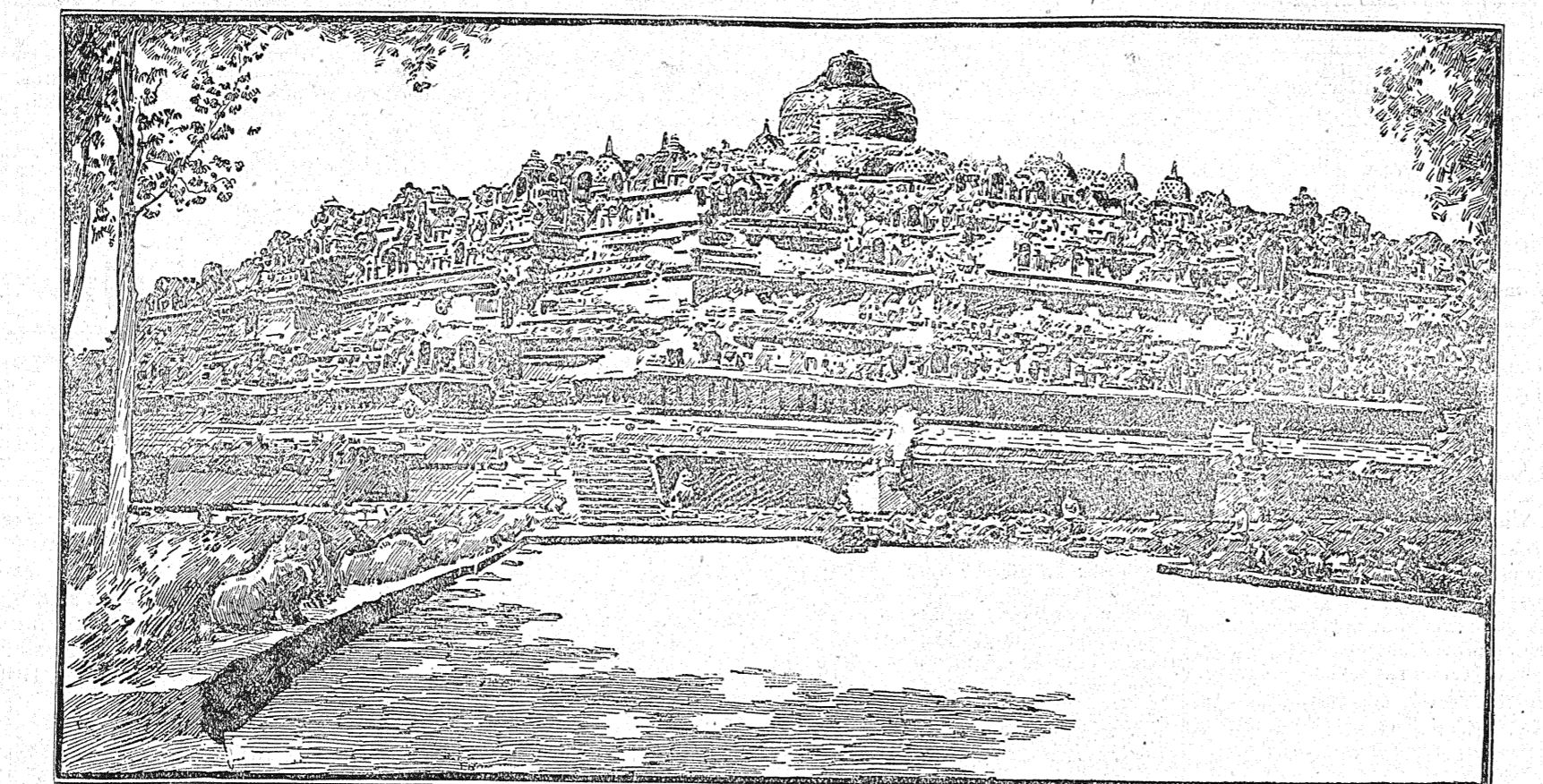
How it has come to remain so long unknown so close to civilization is remarkable. The only possible explanation of it is that the natives, to whom alone it was known, fail to mark it as remarkable. Even among them not one in a thousand has learned of its existence. Our knowledge of it is due to the fact that Clarence B. Moore wandered in Java from the beaten

paths of the traveler, and he has given to the scientific world a description of the temple, enhanced by splendid photographs. His description of his visit to the temple and its surroundings is as follows:

It is difficult to explain the general lack of information concerning the Borobudur, except that travelers to Java rarely get beyond Batavia, or possibly Buitenzorg, and then hasten away to Singapore. Moreover, it is almost impossible to obtain information of these ruins in Batavia as it would be in New York. The natives know nothing of them or tell nothing.

On the top of an eminence, which has been leveled to some extent to receive it, is the temple of Borobudur. It is not quite square, but nearly so, each side being about 620 feet in length. It is entirely built of blocks of black lava, excessively hard, to which quality doubtless it owes its excellent state of preservation.

It consists of seven ranges of walls and terraces decreasing in size until they culminate in a level space, in the center of which stands a species of dome about fifty feet in diameter, containing a gigantic statue of Buddha. This dome is surrounded by three



THE WONDERFUL TEMPLE OF BUDDHA, BY FAR THE LARGEST IN THE WORLD.

circles of towers constructed of lattice work of stone, each enshrining an image of Buddha, seventy-two in all. Descending, one passes to successive terraces, the walls of which on the inside are covered with bas-reliefs illustrating everything pertaining to the life of the forgotten race which flourished when the temple was built. These bas-reliefs are executed in a high style of art, and are altogether over two miles in length. On the outside of the terraces at regular intervals are sitting images of Buddha, which certainly number not less than 400, and possibly double that. These figures are somewhat over life-size, being three feet in height as they sit. The height of the building is about 100 feet, exclusive of the dome, which is in a partially ruinous condition, and of which about twenty feet still stand. The temple is not one solid mass of masonry, but is built around the conical hill until the base of the dome is a broad avenue with animals of stone on either side, while two lions stand guard at the foot of the stairway of lava.

Who built the Borobudur? At what era did it first swarm with priests and devotees? We have no records of any sort to guide us. It is asserted by some that the temple derives its name from Boro, the district in which it is situated, an Budur, ancient, while others think it is a corruption of Bara, great, and Buddha. The latter is most probably correct, and the district has taken its name from the temple. The statues at Borobudur are to all appearances images of Buddha, and no statue of undoubted Brahminical origin are to be seen in the building, although one was once discovered in

It is a journey never to be forgotten, and the drive is all too soon over when at length the temple of Borobudur looms in sight. The traveler having previously in all probability met no one who has ever seen this wonderful structure, and having heard but the vaguest hints as to its size, and nothing relating to its wealth of statues and bas-reliefs, is fairly dazzled. Upon him who has previously seen the temples of Egypt, of Greece, and of India, Baalbec, in Syria, and the wonderful ruins of Gigenti, if ruins they may be called, where the ravages of time are scarcely apparent, and the altar and stairways stand intact—who has lingered among the baths, aqueducts and amphitheaters of Italy and the south of France—it is doubtful if the first impressions of these wonders of architecture in any way equal the effect produced by this lava temple in the heart of Java. When one has seen pictures of famous ruins and photographs in great numbers, and for years read and heard descriptions of the most enthusiastic kind, it is seldom that the reality very far surpasses the precon-

ceived idea. The effect of the Borobudur is almost stunning, so unexpected is the grandeur of the sight presented.

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an adjacent field, and in ruins, at no great distance, are many armed figures, evidently of some Brahminical god.

GREAT SALT LAKE.

No Living Thing in It and No Danger of Being Drowned.

The water of the Great Salt Lake, Utah, is clear and transparent, with a bottom of fine white sand and a margin of incrustated salt. It is one of the purest and most concentrated brines in the whole world. Its waters give sustenance to no living thing; there is not the smallest insect or worm to frighten the most timid bather, and the bathing is the most perfect sea bathing in the whole of North Ameri-

trapped a large red fox, and, carrying it home, placed it in his corner until he could notify his neighbors and have a chase. The next morning the fox was gone. Investigation proved that its mate had assisted the prisoner in making its escape. The fox had worked away on the inside until it had bitten a board loose from its fastenings. This, however, was not sufficient to permit it to get out unless the board was lifted up. The board was held up from the outside, as the teeth crawled to liberty. Tracks of another fox were seen, and there is no doubt that the mate came after the fox inside the crib had loosened the board and held it up. This is one of the brightest fox tricks that old hunters in the neighborhood have yet encountered.

WASHINGTON CROWS

Know Very Well When Saturday and Sunday Come.

Two crows, said to have been there for many years, saw and sometimes fight on the turrets of the Franklin public school building in Washington. But the strange thing about it is that

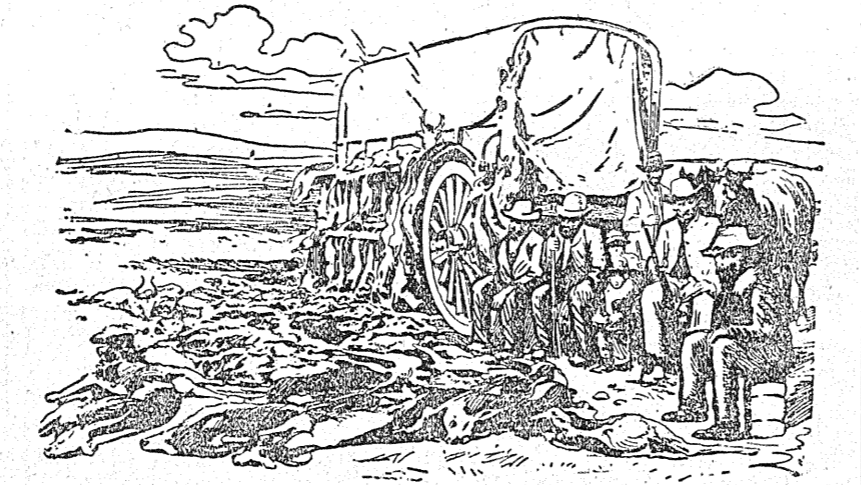
they are never seen about the building except on Saturday, Sunday and a holiday. The presence and noise of the pupils about the grounds might be said to keep the crows away. But the crows are never seen during school hours when there are no children about. Saturdays and Sundays may, by some sort of count of time in the nature of crows, be known to them. Holidays are irregular, but the crows know when one comes, and as sure as it does they are on the turrets or about them all day. They come early and stay late, but no one who has watched them knows where they roost, for sometimes they fly in one direction and again in an opposite direction.

SORRY TIME AS "SUPER."

Experience of a Harvard Freshman with Ambitions for the Stage.

"When I was at Harvard," said Walter Kellogg of St. Louis to the New York Tribune man, "during my freshman year I had a vast ambition to appear upon the stage, which finally assumed such proportions and so colored my every thought that I at length determined to gratify it. Fate seemed to play into my hands, for upon making guarded inquiries as to the matter I ascertained that 'supers' were in great demand at a certain theater, and one night, in great trepidation, I presented myself at the stage entrance. I was finally admitted with a crowd of 'hoboes,' examined and passed by a profane and familiar-on-short-accountance personage, and told to take my place in line. My outer garments I removed, as did the others, and in a dazed state I found myself passing them through the window of a sort of coatroom and receiving a costume and check in return. I then moved on to a sort of dressing room. The costume I had received was dirty enough and the idea of putting it on was not only repugnant, but impossible. While I was debating what to do a loud, coarse voice informed us to clear the dressing room, and I again found myself on the stage in my undergarments, with that bundle of rags on my hands. I made my way to the coatroom, only to find it closed, and my appeals to the stage hands met only derisive responses, while an offer of money for the return of my clothes they would not accept in a promissory form. It was all I could then offer, but they regarded it with open suspicion. I spent an awful evening hiding behind anything I could find, chased out of odd corners by perspiring and personally abusive scene shifters, and in an agony of confusion whenever an actress came within the line of my vision. My embarrassment, I must say, they did not share, and when they did see me they commented on my appearance and costume with ungratifying freedom and painful detail. At length I recovered my own clothes and, sadder and wiser, made my way back to Cambridge. Since then I have been content to see plays from the safe side of the footlights."

WHY THE BOERS ARE GOOD MARKSMEN.



The accompanying picture, showing the results of a Boer hunting expedition, is a very eloquent demonstration of why the Transvaaler is a good marksman. The ordinary veldt burger spends so much time in hunting and shooting and his harder depends so largely on his prowess for its supplies that he very early acquires a

marksman's hand that is probably unequalled in any other civilized race. His favorite arm is the Mauser rifle, and with this he can bring down a buck at a few thousand yards with the greatest ease. He also slays his cattle with his rifle, the herd being driven up to him, while he selects the best heaves and brings them down with a bullet through the brain.

OUTDOOR RECEPTIONS

TO BE HELD BY MR. AND MRS. JOHN R. McLEAN

At Their Country Place "Friendship" Which Was Formerly a Retreat for Georgetown Monks — Mr. McLean in Newspaper, Gas and Political Whirl.

(Washington Letter.) A series of outdoor Saturday afternoon receptions has been planned for the summer by Mr. and Mrs. John R. McLean.

As the noted Democratic leader and editor of the Cincinnati Enquirer and Mrs. McLean are among the most princely entertainers in this city of elaborate and costly functions, it would be reasonable to expect that the summer receptions are being arranged for the Washington world of fashion and position. But they are not. They will be outings for the people; they will all take place at Mr. McLean's country place, near Tenallytown, a suburb of Washington. The United States marine band probably will be engaged for the receptions, and on a platform in a beautiful grove the government's best musical organization will play during all the waning half of the day of rest such selections as "Hold the Fort for I Am Coming." The crowds will have the freedom of grounds that comprise about seventy-five acres, which nature has enhanced with many grassy slopes and shady nooks. To these refreshing scenes the people can go from the heart of the heated, red brick and asphalt city in half an hour by electric car and immense crowds are expected, because there will be no formal programme, except that of the music; no limitation in the invitation, as regards race, color or position. As soon as spring comes, and she seems to be in no hurry at all this year, the outings will be announced by Washington pastors from their pulpits. It is believed that the response will be as prompt as widespread.

The country place which will be used for these outings of a semi-religious nature is called "Friendship." It formerly was a retreat for Georgetown monks. Then, by way of contrast, it became the property and home of the Country club. Later a Richmond (Va.) syndicate bought it, and two years ago the place was sold to John R. McLean, who will cause it again to be used for religious purposes.

It was reported that the open-air Sunday receptions were to take place at Beauvoir, a beautiful country home near Washington. But Beauvoir has been leased to Mr. McLean's brother-in-law, Admiral Dewey, for the summer. The property is owned by Francis G. Newlands, the millionaire young congressman from Nevada.

Mr. McLean, though known throughout the country as a distinguished Ohioan, spends a large part of his time in Washington. His residence, a few blocks north of the white house, occupies nearly half a block, and in the course of every social season is the scene of most brilliant receptions and dinners. He owns a great deal of valuable real estate in the best part of Washington, and Democratic politicians who know him will tell you that he usually can be found about 10 o'clock in the morning "at the gas office." Mr. McLean is president of the Washington Gaslight company, and at the hour mentioned a caller, these days, is pretty sure to find from two to a dozen Democrats of note waiting in the Cincinnati editor's ante-room. A colored messenger is on guard at the hall door, which reveals a view of the gas office's interior, but Mr. McLean himself operates the door between his large private office and the ante-room. On a recent morning he received and bowed out four men in less than twenty minutes, the consultation with each being behind the closed door. The scene was suggestive of a busy day in those upper rooms of the white house, where callers cool their heels.

A good deal of fun is being poked at some of the irregular troops which Great Britain has been sending to Africa, says Leslie's Weekly. The London newspapers remark that some of the volunteers from the city are including in their army outfits such things as air-pillows, cork mattresses, canvas buckets, water-filters, boxes of candles, pajamas, clothes brushes and writing portfolios. Imagine the American volunteers in the Philippines burdened with such impediments! How they would be laughed at! Imagine the sharpshooting Boers, secure in their trenches, being besieged by an army accoutred with towels, pajamas, flimsy and canvas bath-tubs!

A Famous Mascot. The famous mascot of the West Pointers in the battle at Antietam, which reveals a view of the gas office's interior, but Mr. McLean himself operates the door between his large private office and the ante-room. On a recent morning he received and bowed out four men in less than twenty minutes, the consultation with each being behind the closed door. The scene was suggestive of a busy day in those upper rooms of the white house, where callers cool their heels.

Ballington Booth's Son's Name. Considerable interest attaches to the misunderstanding in the Booth family which has resulted in the determination of Ballington Booth and wife to change the name of their son, given in honor of Gen. William Booth. They have decided that, with legal permission, they will call the young Charles Brandon Booth, a graceful recognition of the hero of Mr. Major's popular and enduring novel, "When Knighthood Was in Flower."

THE ERGOGRAPH.

Yale Professor's Device to Register Facts of Strength.

How a man who directs the physical exercise of the 2,700 students of one of the largest American universities, besides having in his charge the gymnasium in which this great number of men are practicing constantly, can find time to turn his attention, or a part of it, to inventions is a puzzle to most of the people here; but Dr. William G. Anderson, associate director of the Yale gymnasium, has just completed a machine which he calls the ergograph, which promises to revolutionize the methods of obtaining the results derived from indulgence in gymnastic work. The ergograph, which is another word for work-writer which the Yale physical director originated, has been set up in the gymnasium, where it received a thorough test the past week. The mission of the machine is to register in foot pounds the exact effort made in the performance of any feat of strength which can be accomplished in a gymnasium. It is used to ascertain the relative and comparative strength of individual groups of muscles. The machine determines exactly, and as slow or rapid performance of the person whose efforts are being registered cannot affect it, the ergograph cannot be cheated. The appliance itself is of a most curious looking piece of mechanism. On an iron upright with a heavy base is what appears to be an oblong-shaped piece of board with paper pasted upon it. Behind the board are small springs and cog wheels like the works of a clock. Extending from the machine, for some length, is a pole, at the end of which is fastened a rope with a leather strap or belt attached. That is the appearance it presents to the average spectator, and is probably as puzzling as a Chinese newspaper. In reality, however, when its workings are watched and explained by its inventor it is really one of the most simple of modern scientific apparatus. The amount of work a man does with his muscles is recorded on a moving surface by means of a stylus attached to the short end of a ten-foot lever, the other end of which is attached, by means of the leather straps, to a man's body, and the ends are so calibrated that if in the performance of a test of muscles the part of the body to which the strap was attached moved two and one-half feet through the air, the stylus records a line of one inch at the recording surface. The machinery which moves the recording apparatus is clockwork, and is to be controlled in such an easy manner that a small boy could operate the machine. Previous to the completion of the ergograph the methods by which the results of athletic work as regards benefits to the body were only attained by a process of the most complicated sort and unintelligible to the ordinary gymnast, but now in the short space of an hour the complete measurements of an athlete, which show comparisons with the same muscles on the other side of the body, can be had. The ergograph is an instrument which will stand usage of all sorts. The measurements, which are always in plain sight, he recorded on cardboard with a pencil, and can easily be computed to as minute a detail as one-fiftieth of an inch.

Military Training on Queensland. Among the proposals for improving Queensland's system of defense is a mild form of conscription, by which every one will be compelled to undergo a certain term of military training. The idea will be stoutly resisted. The people generally consider it quite out of keeping with a country enjoying free institutions. As a matter of fact, Queensland's defense act provides that every male adult can be called out in the event of war, and the government not unreasonably argues that since the men are liable to be called out it is only the right thing that they should be taught the use of arms. The people favor an extension of the volunteer system. Nothing definite is likely to be done until after the arrival of the new military commandant, who is expected to arrive from London in the course of the next month. An up-to-date naval man is to be engaged as naval commandant, and a training ship is to be added to the Australasian fleet. At present refractory youths are sent to a reformatory in the country, where they engage in farming. It is felt that these boys can be put to a better use by being drafted into the naval service, which is shortly to be considerably augmented.

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JOHN R. McLEAN.

FOR WOMEN AND HOME

ITEMS OF INTEREST FOR MAIDS AND MATRONS.

The Most Approved Up-to-Date Parasols—The Novelty of the Season Is a Square One—Styles in Footwear—Our Cooking School.

Driving Home the Cows.
[Kate Putnam Osprey, who is a native of Freyburg, Me., contributed this poem to Harper's Magazine for March, 1935.]

Out of the clover and blue-eyed grass
He turned them into the river lane;
One after another he let them pass,
And fastened the meadow bars again.

Under the willows and over the hill,
He patiently followed their sober pace;
The merry whistle for once was still,
And something shadowed his sunny face.

Only a boy! and his father had said
He never could let his youngster go,
Two already were lying dead
Under the feet of the trampling foe.

But after the evening work was done,
And the frogs were loud in the meadow swamp,
Over his shoulder he slung his gun,
And stealthily followed the footpath damp.

Across the clover and through the wheat,
With resolute heart and purpose grim,
Though cold was the dew to the hurrying feet,
And the blind bat's flitting startled him.

Thrice since then had the lane been white
And the orchards sweet with apple bloom;
And now, when the cows came back at night,
The feeble father drove them home.

Styles in Stockings.

Seldom have fashionable feet been so ornately clad as this season. The new hosiery is marvelous in its glory, and a small fortune could readily be expended just in this one department of the shops. The most expensive stockings, of course, are those of silk of the cobweblike texture, fine enough almost to be passed through a ring. Some of these are exquisitely embroidered. There are black silk stockings daintily powdered with tiny flowers, like the forget-me-not, worked in delicate hues. Other black stockings have a diamond pattern, bright in color, woven up the front. Upon this lighter background of pale pink, blue, green, violet or purple is embroidered a delicate tracery of vines. A pair of bright, yellow silk stockings has a diamond pattern in black, producing an essentially stylish effect, in stockings of pale tint, the diamond design is always of the black, and vice versa. Some of the new black silk stockings are cut out in the front, to display long, narrow appliques of lace. Others have the holes worked around with buttonhole stitch, and underneath are set pieces of gayly colored taffeta. The old style stocking known as "opera" top, that is, tinted in some delicate color, the lower half dyed black, reappears in a modified form. Instead of an abrupt line between the say, lavender top and black lower portion, the colors are blended by a graceful line of black embroidery.

In openwork stockings the effects are indescribably delicate. In some the ornamental stripes extend the entire length of the stocking; in others the openwork is carried only part way. Some of these openwork stockings look like fairy lace work.

Up-to-date Parasols.

The parasol is an important adjunct to a summer gown. It must be becoming, for it is a movable background, and the clever woman realizes that it should be of a color and design that will harmonize with her complexion and her general style. The new parasol is a thing of beauty, showing almost endless variation in the coloring and kind of fabric, in design and in the shape and style of handles. The exhibits in the shops of these useful and at the same time highly decorative accessories of feminine dress run the entire gamut of parasol invention, from the frivolous and fluffy chiffon that looks as if fabricated from a fleecing summer cloud, to the serviceable but stylish sunshade of plain silk. A conspicuous novelty this spring is the square parasol, covered with one of the popular Persian pattern handkerchiefs. These have a bizarre effect, but they are extremely stylish, and may be carried with almost any costume. Silk parasols scalloped around the edge and trimmed with white silk braid are another novelty, and still others are made of bands of silk joined together with open hemstitching. Satin parasols, with velvet polka dots, are very stylish. These have quite short, thick natural wood handles. The spangled parasol is another novelty, but it is a little too pronounced and dazzling to be popular, except with the woman who has such a large assortment of sunshades that she can lay it aside as soon as she wears of the glitter.

The parasols of transparent materials, like chiffon, and those of lace, appeal persuasively to the woman of essentially feminine taste. They are very dainty, elegant and extravagant, but are well fitted to give the crowning touch of distinction to an elaborate summer toilette. There is an endless number of variations carried out in the transparent materials. Chiffon is tucked, shirred and ruffled into shape, and finished with ruffles, and there are frills and falls of lace, insertion and applications of passementerie. One of these airy, fairy novelties is of white satin, covered from the edge to the tip with knifed-plaited chiffon, the platings growing narrower as they approach the ferrule, ruchings of the chiffon appearing here and there along the edge of them. A plain white satin parasol, decorated with designs of applique lace, is a desirable purchase, and another white parasol is of satin, covered with point d'esprit, over which che-



nille cords are sewed in a network design, and is finished with two frills of point d'esprit, edged with several rows of white chenille. Black Chantilly lace and white chiffon combined together, the chiffon being accordion-plaited between bands of insertion. The center of the parasol is sometimes of cream lace, and the band below of tucked chiffon, edged with plaited ruffles finished with a narrow cream lace edge. Black and white is a very fashionable combination in parasols. Sometimes flowers of black lace are applied upon the chiffon, and beneath the airy lace flowers a color—pink or green—is inserted, giving a very rich and airy effect. A full black lace over a ruffle of chiffon hangs from the edge of the frame to flutter gracefully about the dainty head that it will shadow. There are parasols for every occasion—the drive, the morning walk, the afternoon promenade and the links. The automobile parasols this season are of plain silk, in different shades, red or purple being the most fashionable. They are equipped with a wooden handle of medium length, not very thick, and are of medium size, finished with a ruching of white liberty silk. The coaching parasol is made of plain or shaded silk, and appears as heretofore, with a thick, short handle, which may be either in light or ebonyized wood.

Very beautiful are the new parasol handles from Paris. The wood is in pastel tints and the handles are decorated in cut steel. Sometimes the handle is covered with black velvet, upon which the ornamentation in cut steel appears in effective contrast. Another fashionable parasol handle is a ball entirely studded with rhinestones.

A Smart American Girl.
An American girl, Miss Burdett by name, hopes to make a good thing out of the coming Paris exposition. She has bought the Pompeian house, built about forty years ago by Prince Jerome Napoleon. The house is on the Cours la Reine, and Miss Burdett proposes to transform it into tea and refreshment rooms for weary sightseers. Meals will be served in the atrium, where musicians will play, just as when "Bon Plon" gave Italian fetes there.

The waitresses will wear Pompeian costumes, and, aside from the refreshment feature, the place will be well worth seeing simply as a curiosity. Miss Burdett expects to make enough money during the exposition to pay for the house.

Cooking School.
A new method of preserving food has

been devised by a German, Herr F. W. Graeff. It is effected by exhausting the air from the receptacle containing the food, then impregnating it with an inert gas—such as hydrogen, nitrogen or carbonic acid—at an desired pressure, and finally sealing up hermetically. Liquids may be treated as well as solids, but they need restoring to their original condition by heating or boiling before consumption.

Custard Eggs—Put six eggs in boiling water, remove from fire and let them stand, closely covered, for five minutes. Allow one cup of boiling water for each egg.

Cheese Fondue—Melt one-half cup richness (crumbled) and one-half tablespoon butter in one cup hot milk. Add a well-beaten egg, one saltspoon salt, one-half saltspoon cayenne and one cup soft bread crumbs. Bake in buttered scallop shells until brown.

Wheat Crisps—Mix one cup cream (sweet or sour), one-fourth cup sugar, one saltspoon salt and one cup whole-wheat flour. Knead in flour till stiff, roll out very thin and cut out. Bake on ungreased tins in hot oven.

Macaroon Souffle—Scald one dozen macaroons in a cup of milk. Pour gradually upon the beaten yolks of three eggs and cook over hot water, stirring constantly till slightly thickened. Fold in the stiffly beaten whites of three eggs and bake in buttered mold set in hot water for twenty minutes. Turn from mold and serve with whipped cream.

AN AWFUL "INDIAN DEVIL."

In the town of Strong, Me., on the route to Rangeley Lake region, lives a prosperous young farmer known throughout the county as "Lew" Johnson. In his boyhood and early manhood, before marrying and settling down to tilling the soil, he lived much in the woods, lumbering, hunting, surveying timber and gathering spruce gum. On his recent visit to the Boston sportsman's show, he was looking at the big stuffed panther when he was asked if such beasts are now to be found in Maine. The animal in question was a big wildcat whose weight, when alive, must have been 150 pounds, lithe and slender in body, but with enormously developed quarters and wide paws armed with ugly looking claws, the whole making a "critter" not to be despised even by a well-armed man.

"Whether there are such cats as that fellow in the Maine woods now or not, I can't say," replied Johnson, "but I do know mighty well that there was one of them in Perham, way up beyond Madrid Mills, in the spring of 1883, for George Hood and I killed him there, after a terrible fracas that took most all night and spoiled a day's work."

"It was the same sort of a beast as this one, and not to be mistaken for those little bobcats, with their stub tails and tufted ears, nor for the black-cats, or fishers, also sometimes regarded as wildcats. This is a regular American panther, known in our region as an 'Indian devil,' because they were the only beasts of which the Indians used to be afraid."

"That spring George and I were clearing up a 'outdown' in Perham, working for George's brother, who was getting ready to settle out there, four miles from the nearest road and as far again from any sort of a house. We had a good big clearing and slept

nights in a little 'lean-to' shelter made of poles and brush.

"One night, after we had munched our bread and bacon, warmed over the open fire before the little camp, and were getting ready to crawl under the blankets for a night's sleep, there came, from away over the side hill toward the northeast, a peculiar cry, or yell, that immediately seized the attention of both of us.

"'Spose it was a bear?' said George. 'You know they can make a mighty mean noise sometimes, and it is about the time they come out of their dens, good and hungry, and plotting cussedness.'"

"Then, as the yells, gradually changing the position from which they came, seemed to be drawing nearer, we hustled about to replenish the fire and collect a good quantity of wood to last through the night. For, though we were both of us perfectly accustomed to sleeping in the woods, and had never in all our lives, up to that time, either seen or heard anything alarming in the wild animals that lived in the Franklin county woods, yet there was something in that yell that frightened us both, though of course neither would acknowledge it.

"It is 17 years ago, but I can remember just how I felt as the darkness fell, the light clearing lost its outlines, as the light faded, and those miserable, indescribable shrieks kept coming nearer and nearer, every new one full of a keener horror than the one before. There was a suggestion of something suffering pain and hunger, an expression of hopeless longing that went to the very bottom of one's feelings, and mixed oddly with the growing certainty that the noises came from a great panther which was approaching us."

"Our armament was not extensive, consisting of our axes and my old double barreled shotgun. There were no bullets, of course, nothing but the fine birdshot in the cartridges, and this was obviously of small consequence in dealing with a large animal.

"The noise stopped and I suggested that George turn in while I kept watch. George went to sleep and I sat on a log near the fire and watched the moon slowly sinking, the sparks from the fire drifting away in a light breeze, and heard the purr and trickle of a little brook a few rods in front of the camp, and the rustle of the leaves on the trees that came close up behind our 'shack,' for we were on the very edge of the clearing. It had been more than two hours since the beast had stopped his noise, and I was getting drowsy and about ready to turn in myself, when close behind us, so near and sharp that it fairly made my hair bristle, came that rasping screech again. This time it seemed as if I

AN AWFUL "INDIAN DEVIL."

could hear a gurgling sort of a gasp after the yell was finished, as the animal took a quick breath. The moon had set and George was quite in the dark till he came out into the circle of light, roused instantly from his sleep. I was struck by the ghastly pallor of his face, as he no doubt was by mine if he took time to notice it. He ran to get his axe, stuck in a log close by, and I took up the gun and we both stood in front of the fire and waited for something to happen.

"A few more of those yells, each one seemingly a little nearer, and I could endure it no longer. Plucking up a little courage, I stepped around behind the lean-to and fired both barrels of the shotgun up into the air, thinking in that way to frighten away our tormentor. It seemed to have a contrary effect. Almost simultaneously with the discharge of the second barrel, with a short but awfully piercing yell, the brute jumped toward the place where I stood from his standing place, thirty or forty feet back in the bushes, and landed so near me that I only very dimly by the light of the fire actually felt on my face some of the dirt he kicked up when he landed. The leap was so sudden and unexpected that I was, for the moment, paralyzed with fright and stood like a dummy, waiting for him to seize me, as I fully expected he would. I could see him behind me, for you know how one is bothered when going away from a light and looking at once into the darkness beyond. Within a few seconds my yell returned, and I made a break for the protection of the fire, leaving the cat crouched in the shadow back of our camp.

"A sudden inspiration led me to take a little bundle of nails we had brought to help build the shelter. Hastily turning a big charge of powder into the right barrel, wadding it with a piece of lining from my jacket, I then charged it with a good sized handful of those nails, rammed home another bit of cotton to hold them in place, and felt ready for a fight. The way that brute had jumped right up into our camp had made me mad, as soon as I recovered from the first shock of it, and I thirsted for his blood, fully determined to put an end to his howling for good and all if he gave me a chance.

"Telling George to back me with his axe, I crept round the corner of the camp and, after looking for two or three minutes, was able to make out the animal still crouching in the partial shadow of a maple tree. It was, of course, a foolish thing to do, for a miss would have brought a wounded panther right on top of us in a jiffy, but my blood was up and I could not wait another second, so drawing up the gun, I took a good aim at the outlines in the shadow and pulled the trigger.

"The recoil of the heavy charge almost knocked me over backward, and at first I could not tell what had happened. But the beast was still lying in the same place when I looked, and, taking a burning stick from the fire, we both approached him with axes, ready. He was quite dead and that handful of nails had torn an ugly hole in his neck.

"So I know, as I said before, that there have been panthers in Maine. That one was over seven feet from the tip of his tail to his nose, and his jump, when we came to look things over by daylight, must have been over 30 feet.

"We were too much excited to sleep any more that night, and the next, after skinning the panther, we had to go out to Madrid to tell the story and send the hide to a taxidermist. It came out in the discussion that followed our adventure that no panthers had been seen in that vicinity for more than 15 years, with the exception of one big one which had been caught in a trap the preceding spring by the farmer who lived the nearest to the scene of our night combat."

Activity of President Diaz.
Powell Clayton, ambassador to Mexico, on a recent visit to Washington told a story illustrative of President Diaz' activity, despite his years. In company with the president the ambassador visited the Mexican military academy. It happened to be the hour of exercise, and many cadets were engaged in the gymnasium. Rope climbing was one of the exercises. From rings in the timbers of the roof, 40 feet from the ground, ropes were suspended, and up these the cadets climbed, using only their hands to raise and maintain themselves. President Diaz and Ambassador Clayton looked on for a few moments and then, to the astonishment of the American, the president of Mexico stripped off his coat, took hold of one of the ropes, and went up, hand over hand, to the top as nimbly as any of the cadets.

History of Lynn, Mass.
Lynn, Mass., was incorporated a city on May 13, 1850, after having existed as a town for 221 years. It was settled in 1629, and incorporated as Saugus, but in 1637 it was known as Lynn. It then contained what are now the towns of Swampscott, Nahant, Lynnfield and Saugus. In 1814 Lynnfield was incorporated as a separate town, the following year Saugus was set apart as a distinct town, and in 1852 and 1853 Swampscott and Nahant, respectively, became separate towns.

Reason for It.
"Somehow, Aunt Clara likes to stay right in a rut. She can't bear innovations." "I don't blame her. When you get to be her age perhaps you'll fight shy of new wrinkles, too."

Received a Check for \$6,500,000.
Mr. W. S. Stratton of Colorado Springs, Col., has received from the Venture Corporation, Limited, of London, a check for \$6,500,000 in final payment for the Independence mine at Cripple Creek. Prior to its sale a year ago that mine had yielded a net profit of \$2,500,000. Uncovered are bodies show \$8,000,000, after paying \$1,464,000 dividends in nine months. The workings are less than 1,000 feet deep. Stock quotations place \$18,000,000 value on the mine. A year ago Stratton sold the mine for \$10,000,000, of which \$3,500,000 was paid down.

Do Your Feet Ache and Burn?
Shake into your shoes Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It makes tight or New Shoes feel Easy. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Hot and Sweating Feet. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Jealousy Leads to Murder.
George B. French shot and killed Lolie Pearl, a 17-year-old girl, at her sister's home at Farmington, N. H., and then blew out his brains. French, who was 40 years old and divorced, was insanely jealous over attentions which the girl received at a ball. In the presence of several fellow boarders he threatened to kill her. Alvah Pike, the 15-year-old nephew of the girl, endeavored to act as peacemaker, and when French drew a revolver he tried to wrest it from him, but failed.

Coughing Leads to Consumption.
Kemps Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist today and get a sample bottle free. Sold in 25 and 50 cent bottles. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

It is feared that the forest fires in Minnesota will cause a big property loss unless soon checked by rain.
Smooth sailing does not make skillful sailors.

100,000 AGENTS WANTED.
Men and women, boys and girls, all over the United States. Big money, great work. Valuable prizes in addition. Write C. H. Marshall & Co., Dep't 10, Chicago.

FOR WOMAN'S HEALTH

Earnest Letters from Women Relieved of Pain by Mrs. Pinkham.
"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Before I commenced to take your medicine I was in a terrible state, wishing myself dead a good many times. Every part of my body seemed to pain in some way. At time of menstruation my suffering was something terrible. I thought there was no cure for me, but after taking several bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound all my bad feelings were gone. I am now well and enjoying good health. I shall always praise your medicine."—Mrs. AMOS FESCHER, Box 226, Romeo, Mich.

Female Troubles Overcome.
"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I had female trouble, painful menses, and kidney complaint, also stomach trouble. About a year ago I happened to pick up a paper that contained an advertisement of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and when I read how it had helped others, I thought it might help me, and decided to give it a trial. I did so, and as a result am now feeling perfectly well. I wish to thank you for the benefit your medicine has been to me."—Mrs. CLARA STEIBER, Diller, Neb.

No More Pain.
"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Your Vegetable Compound has been of much benefit to me. When my menses first appeared they were very irregular. They occurred too often and did not leave for a week or more. I always suffered at these times with terrible pains in my back and abdomen. Would be in bed for several days and would not be exactly rational at times. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and menses became regular and pains left me entirely."—Mrs. E. F. CUSTER, Brule, Wis.

ALABASTINE is a durable and natural cement—base wall coating. In 5 lb. paper packages, made ready for use in white and four colors beautiful tints by mixing with cold water. It is a cement that goes through a process of setting, hardens with age, and can be coated and recoated without washing off its old coats before renewing.

ALABASTINE is entirely different from the various falses which are being sold and not stuck on the wall with glue. Alabastine customers should insist on having the goods in packages properly labeled. They should reject all imitations. There is nothing "just as good."

ALABASTINE Prevents much sickness, particularly throat and lung difficulties, attributable to unsanitary coatings on walls. It has been recommended in a paper published by the Michigan State Board of Health on account of its sanitary features; which paper strongly condemned falses. Alabastine is made of purest plastered walls, wood ceilings, brick or canvas, and any one can brush it on. It admits of radical changes from wall paper decorations, thus securing at reasonable expense the latest and best effects. Alabastine is manufactured by the Alabastine Company of Grand Rapids, Michigan.

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DR. C. C. BRISTOL'S PILLS
THE BEST OF ALL FOR BILIOUSNESS, DYSPEPSIA and all STOMACH DISORDERS.
All the Leading Druggists.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY, gives relief. Book of testimonials and 10 DAYS' treatment FREE. DR. H. H. GREEN'S SOSS, Box 6, Atlanta, Ga.

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IN 3 OR 4 YEARS AN INDEPENDENCE ASSURED
If you take up your home in Western Canada, the land of open spaces, the land of plenty, the land of opportunity, you will find it a most desirable place to live. The best people in the world sometimes make mistakes.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 & \$5 SHOES UNION MADE.
Worth \$4 to \$6 compared with other makes. Indorsed by over 1,000,000 wearers. The genuine W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom. Take no substitute claimed to be as good. Your dealer should keep the name and price stamped on bottom. Size, width, plain or cap toe. Free. W. L. DOUGLAS SHOE CO., Brockton, Mass.

FOURIST SLEEPERS TO CALIFORNIA VIA WABASH
You will practice good economy in writing C. S. CRANE, G. P. & T. A., St. Louis, for particulars.

Double Trouble
The complication of **SPRAINS and BRUISES** is a very sore trouble, but doubly or separately, as sprain or bruise, there is no remedy known the equal of **St. Jacobs Oil** for a **PROMPT, SURE CURE**

WANTED TO PURCHASE SOLDIERS' HOMESTEAD RIGHTS
WILL PAY \$1.25 PER ACRE, CASH.
Under a special law, Union Soldiers, who before June 22nd, 1874, filed on a homestead of less than 160 acres, have an **Additional Right** to locate enough more to make up the full 160. This right they can sell and I am paying \$1.25 per acre for them cash. Widows and minors heirs have the same right. Send stamp for full particulars. Write at once or save this for reference.
WM. A. SALTER, HARDESTY, OKLAHOMA.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally. Price, 75c.

The Maker of Carter's Ink Says:
"We can't make any better ink than we do; we don't know how to. We can make poorer ink, but we won't." Carter's Ink is the best.

Old Noah's family were not society folks—at least they were not in the swim.

FITS Permanently Cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. King's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE \$3.00 trial bottle and treatise. DR. R. H. KELLY, Ltd., 331 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

The lighter all chocolates in color the more free it is from impurities.

Send for "Cholera Releifer" by Walter Baker & Co., Ltd., Dorchester, Mass., mailed free. Mention this paper.

It always makes a man bitter to have his sweetheart sour on him.

Flag Salt Cures Headache. A 10c trial package FREE. Address, The Flag Salt Remedy Co., Savannah, N. Y.

Most things people are compelled to take, have been "picked over."

As a dressing and color restorer, PARKER'S Hair Balsam never fails to satisfy. HINDENBERG, the best cure for corns. 15c.

A fool in his ignorance is often wiser than a sage in his knowledge.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

A big man always feels small after he has been taken in.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—Mrs. THOS. ROBINSON, Maple Street, Norwich, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

A very hot iron should never be used for flannels or woollens.

Manlove Self Open'ng Gate, Catalog free. Manlove Gate Co., Milton, Indiana.

Trying to keep up appearance keeps many a big man down.

Brown's Teething Cordial heals irritated gums, and gives babies rest day and night.

Cass City Enterprise.

An independent newspaper. Published every Thursday by McDOWELL & WALTERS, Secor St., Cass City, Tuscola Co., Mich.

Advertisements.

All changes of advertisements must be sent to this office no later than Wednesday noon of each week, else they can not be inserted in that week's issue. Reasonable rates are charged for display advertisements. Notices in our paid local columns are five cents per line for first insertion. Notices of festivals, lectures, concerts and all entertainments of a money-making character are 25 cents a line. Resolutions of respect are charged for at the rate of one dollar for each insertion. Cards of thanks are twenty-five cents for each insertion.

The wide circulation of the ENTERPRISE in the counties of Tuscola, Huron and Sanilac, makes it a valuable advertising medium.

McDOWELL & WALTERS, Proprietors.

OUR MOTTO:

REVERENCE, PROGRESS AND PATRIOTISM.

Professional Cards.

J. D. BROOKER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Reference: Exiles Bank and Cass City Bank. Office in Second story of Exchange Bank block, Cass City, Mich.

M. M. WICKWARE, M. D.
General practicing physician and surgeon. Specialties: Appendicitis, treatment of diseases of nose, throat and lungs. Dry hot air equipment for the successful treatment of rheumatism, joint affections, etc. Calls answered promptly, day or night. Office and residence four doors south of Tennant House. Phone 1 ring.

D. A. HATT, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon. Special attention paid to diseases peculiar to children and children. Office and residence over Cass City Bank. 1-11-17.

I. A. FRITZ,
DENTIST. All work done equal to the best. It is my aim to make every job of work a blessing to those for whom it is done. My prices are reasonable. No charge for examination. Office over Fritz's drugstore. Not at home on Tuesdays.

M. CLINTON, M. D. Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher. Office at residence.

JOHN R. FOOTE, M. D. Physician, surgeon and accoucher. Novesta, Mich. Calls answered promptly night or day. 6-29-25

A. A. MCKENZIE,
AUCTIONEER, Cass City, Mich. Sales of all kinds promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed. Sales on all points. Terms reasonable. Arrangements can be made at the office of the ENTERPRISE. 8-3-94

Societies.

I. O. F.
COURT ELKLAND, No. 826, I. O. F., meets on 2nd and 4th Tuesdays of each month in their hall in the Campbell block, at 7:30 p. m. Visiting brethren are cordially invited.
T. SCHENCK, C. R. 3-11-97
ROY ALLEN, Rec. Sec.

I. O. O. F.
CASS CITY LODGE, No. 208, meets every Wednesday evening at 7:30. Visiting brethren cordially invited.
T. H. FRITZ, N. G.
M. J. MOORE, Secretary.

K. O. T. M.
CASS CITY TENT, No. 74, meets the first and third Friday evening of each month, at 7:30. Visiting Knights cordially invited.
P. S. RICE, Commander.
A. A. P. McDowell, Record Keeper.

Church Directory.

BAPTIST—Preaching services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. on Sunday. Sunday school at 12 m. Prayers meeting on Thursday evening.
REV. E. RUSHBROOK, Pastor.

EVANGELICAL—Services begin with Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Preaching services 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E. English services every Sunday evening. All are invited.
REV. E. RUSHBROOK, Pastor.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL—Preaching services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday. Class meetings follow morning services. Sunday school at 12 m. Junior League at 3:30 p. m. Epworth League at 6:30 p. m. Prayers meeting at 7:30 on Thursday evening.
REV. C. H. MORGAN, Pastor.

PRESBYTERIAN—Sunday preaching services, 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday. Class meetings follow morning services. Sunday school at 12 m. Junior League at 3:30 p. m. Epworth League at 6:30 p. m. Prayers meeting at 7:30 on Thursday evening.
REV. A. TORNEY, Pastor.

H. L. PINNEY, Cashier. **H. W. SEED,** Asst. Cashier.

EXCHANGE BANK

Cass City, Mich.

Loans Money on approved notes and real estate.

In Partial Payment Terms if desired.

Pays Interest on Time Deposits.

E. H. PINNEY, Prop.

Cass City and Caro STAGE & LINE.

J. S. DUNHAM, PROP.

GOING WEST:

Leaves Cass City, - 6 A. M.

Arrives at Caro, - 9 "

GOING EAST:

Leaves Caro, - 1 30 P. M.

Arrives at Cass City, 4:30 "

FARE—One way, \$1.00; round trip \$1.50. Good rigs always in readiness.

Commercial men a specialty.

DEFORD.

Wheat doing well.

This will be the oat sowing week.

Clark Corliss' horse is improving.

George O'Rourke has discovered an iron mine on his farm.

Leonard Patch and family visited at William Patch's on Sunday.

Clark Courliss has bought a horse from Edward Dewey, of Evergreen.

William McCracken, Jr., is again in cohorts, tinkering with T. Spencer.

Tomorrow, May 1st, the dog warden shoulders his gun. "Tags or death."

We hear that Edward Deneue, of Novesta, has had his pension increased from \$6 to \$22 per month.

Sickness in J. Crittendon's family again. They seem to have more than their share of misfortune.

Michael Brady is in Koylton shearing sheep. He is a good one with the shears and has a lot of work contracted.

J. R. Lewis' chaise was knocked to "splinters" last week. 'Tis a dangerous locality between Kingston and Deford.

Wm. Schenck and Mrs. Bell Sharp were called to Almont last week on account of the serious illness of their grandmother.

Montague is corresponding with those that bought timber from the supposed lands of Don Nutt. Don will reluctantly give the particulars.

The east Kingston correspondent to the Cass City Chronicle is all right. We find him elastic in make up, knowing how to take and give a shot. Yes, we put him on our list.

David O. Ramsey is in poor health this spring. Next August he will be 87 years old. Dr. Foote is caring for him and no doubt will build him up as much as can be expected.

We learn that to-day, (May 1st) Israel Palmateer of the county line will leave for Alberta. We hope he will fall more deeply in love with the country than the Kingston people did who visited that country this spring.

Yes, we agree with the Novesta scribe that Johnny Allin and wife are as fine people as are in Evergreen or any other township for that matter. And the writer knew of them before they saw this part of the world.

An old gray headed sinner near Marlette sent his son out with two "old pelters" to trade for a good horse.

Well, he came up to Charley Landon's on "Barron Ridge" and Charley gave him a deal that rather done the youth up—and now comes the old fellow and quashes the trade because the "cub" was a minor. Such work for anything in the shape of a man!

Now there is a point in this full value assessing deal that we never thought of 'till the supervisor came along and we looked over his work.

Heretofore my assessment has been kept down while the vacant or speculators' lands have been put up to nearly cash value. Now my place is elevated and the vacant land cannot be raised but a trifle. All will see the point more clearly when we come to pay school tax next fall. But 'tis fair, so we "stand to the rack."

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a fifty cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25 cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

T. H. FRITZ, 11-2-26
A. BOND.

Who troubled with rheumatism, give Chamberlain's Pain-Balm a trial. It will not cost you a cent if it does no good. One application will relieve the pain. It also cures sprains and bruises in one-third the time required by any other treatment. Cuts, burns, frost-bites, quinsy, pains in the side and chest, glandular and other swellings are quickly cured by applying it. Ever truly warranted. Price, 25 and 50 cts. Bond's Drug Store.

Jack Hercliff has taken the job of hauling Liking & Co's lumber from Brown's mill to Gagetown and loading it onto the cars.

Fishing seems to be the order of the day in West Elmwood at present, as nearly everyone is going. Most of them come back well supplied with fish.

Mrs. E. Hobart, who was spoken of some two weeks ago as having a felon on her finger, had the finger taken off and has since had the arm taken off between the hand and elbow.

Suffering Rarely Equaled.

Frontier, Mich., Mr. W. D. Bailey, a well-known merchant of this place, says: "I would be very ungrateful not to make known what Dr. Chase's Ointment has done for me. For upwards of 15 years I have suffered untold misery with the piles. I have been treated and operated upon repeatedly without result, and for five years have had to inject warm water in order to pass anything without almost killing me. One day seeing Dr. Chase's advertisement, I wrote him about my case and he sent me a box of Ointment. I used it as directed and now, six months later, I can safely say that I am perfectly cured."

Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment is a positively guaranteed to cure piles in any form, eczema, salt rheum, and any of the terrible itching skin diseases now so common. A few simple boxes will be given to any sufferer who will enclose stamp for postage. 50c, a box, all druggists, or Dr. A. W. Chase Med. Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

NO USE TRYING

I can't take plain cod-liver oil. Doctor says, try it. He might as well tell me to melt lard or butter and try to take them. It is too rich and will upset the stomach. But you can take milk or cream, so you can take

Scott's Emulsion

It is like cream; but will feed and nourish when cream will not. Babies and children will thrive and grow fat on it when their ordinary food does not nourish them.

Persons have been known to gain a pound a day when taking an ounce of Scott's Emulsion. It gets the digestive machinery in working order so that the ordinary food is properly digested and assimilated.

50c and \$1.00, all druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

RESOLVE

Farming will soon start with a rush.

Runyan C. Hallock will count the people in Grant during the month of June.

Quite a few observed Arbor day and quite a number of trees were planted by the wayside.

Oliver March has secured the agency for Huron county and will soon be on the highway selling milk separators.

To Oliver March has been intrusted the job of caring for the dogs, it will be one dollar please, or go to Dogless, so it will be well to be ready when the music starts to play.

Frank Gordon, of Essexville, Bay county, has sold his farm west of here to Thomas Welsh. Between farming and building stone walls there will be one man this summer who will have lots of good hard work.

John Ashmore will care for the health of the community. After a years experience John is thoroughly onto his job and there is little doubt. A shingle will be nailed on the gate post when it is necessary.

Word comes from Toledo, O., that Mrs. John Carrol who went to that place to visit her daughter, was run over by a careless bicyclist. At present she is in a critical condition and unable to return home.

Herman Benz, of Cloquet, Minnesota, has purchased forty acres of land from Wesley Young and after fixing up the premises and making things comfortable for his family, he returned last week to his former home for his furniture. He will return in the fall and make this his future home.

A large number of sheep have lost their winter coats. At this season of the year it is a little short of downright cruelty, as in the majority of cases the sheep have no shelter at night or one so poor there is no comfort in it. Three weeks from now would be a little more in order and plenty early enough.

"After suffering from severe dyspepsia over two years and using many remedies without permanent good I finally took Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. It did me so much good I recommend it to everyone," writes J. E. Watkins, Clerk and Recorder, Chilton's, Mo. It digests what you eat. Bond's Drug Store.

An Epidemic of Whooping Cough.

Last winter during an epidemic of whooping cough my children contracted the disease, having severe coughing spells. We had used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy very successfully for cough and naturally turned to it at that time and it relieved the cough and effected a complete cure.—John E. Clarendon, Proprietor, Norwood House, Norwood, N. Y. This remedy is for sale at Bond's Drug Store.

West Elmwood.

D. Ward and wife visited in Caro on Wednesday.

An aunt of Fred Hawkins' is keeping house for him.

M. A. Smith and son, Fred, were in Cass City on Friday.

A good many farmers in this vicinity have their oats sowed.

H. Pardo is working Miss Cordelia Cross's farm this year.

Chas. Cross expects to start for central Dakota next week on a prospecting trip.

Wheat in this vicinity is not looking very well, but better than most looked for in the early spring.

No services at Sunshine church on Sunday owing to quarterly meeting services at Sutton church.

Thos. McCready and wife enjoyed a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Parrish, of Fairgrove, last week.

Ira Hayes has traded his one horse with Edward McKinney, of Ellington, for a span and pays the difference.

Quite a number from here attended the birthday party at Rev. Scott's on the 25th. A most enjoyable time is reported.

Jack Hercliff has taken the job of hauling Liking & Co's lumber from Brown's mill to Gagetown and loading it onto the cars.

Fishing seems to be the order of the day in West Elmwood at present, as nearly everyone is going. Most of them come back well supplied with fish.

Mrs. E. Hobart, who was spoken of some two weeks ago as having a felon on her finger, had the finger taken off and has since had the arm taken off between the hand and elbow.

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SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

Piano Practice Causes Disease

Declares Dr. Waelzhold in an Article on "Music and Nerves."

Chlorosis, Neurosis and Other Nervous Disorders From Which So Many Girls Suffer said to be the result of "Hammering the Keyboard."

In the British Medical Journal is discussed Dr. Waelzhold's article on "Music and Nerves," in which he claims that the alarming increase in nervous disorders in young girls is due to the "deadly custom" of hammering the keyboard.

Whether or not the cause is due to piano lessons may remain a question, but there is no denying the fact that there is an enormous increase of nervous diseases among young girls at the critical age of twelve to sixteen, when they are just crossing the threshold of womanhood. Their nervous systems are put to a severe strain by excessive study at school, practice of music and anxiety of examinations. It is during this trying time that girls become pale, weak and nervous, and suffer the results of irregularities of the delicate feminine organs.

As a restorative for pale, weak girls, and women suffering with the ills peculiar to their sex, there is no treatment to be compared with Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve and Blood Pills, the great private prescription of Dr. A. W. Chase, whose portrait and signature is on every box of the genuine.

Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve and Blood Pills restore and revitalize the wasted blood and nerve cells, bring back the color to the cheeks and the roundness to the form. So cents a box, at all dealers, or Dr. A. W. Chase Med. Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

East Novesta.

Morley Palmateer now rides a new wheel.

Mr. Sargent is working for D. A. Preston.

Miss Rachel Young has returned from Canada.

Israel Palmateer started for Alberta on Monday morning.

R. Brown and wife visited in South Novesta on Sunday.

Miss Cora Delaree is working for Mrs. Albert Kitchen.

Miss Ethel Colwell visited at Novesta Corners over Sunday.

We are sorry to say Mrs. Wm. McComb is no better at this writing.

Mr. and Mrs. John Agar rejoice over the arrival of a bouncing baby boy.

George Youngs is getting the lumber on the ground to build a new barn.

Joe Shaver has gone to Rondo Cheboygan county, to work in the woods.

The A. C. F. society gave a May day supper at Otha Niles' on Tuesday evening.

Tom Agar wears a smile of exquisite joy this week so we are told. Much joy to you Thomas.

Mr. and Mrs. John McHugh and four children, of Holbrook, visited in this vicinity last week.

Tom McHugh has gone to Rondo Cheboygan county, where he expects to remain for the coming year.

Novesta Arbor A. O. G. met at H. A. Williams' on Saturday evening. A general good time was had by all.

Hugh Leonard and Sandy Irwin expect to leave next Monday for Rondo, Cheboygan county, to work for the summer.

Louis Wheeler is the owner of a lamb that weighed 18 lbs at time of birth and when it was one week old it weighed twenty-one pounds. Now if Professor Wilcox, of sheep university, of Deford, can beat that we would like to hear from him.

J. Q. Hood, Justice of the Peace, Crosby, Miss, makes the following statement: "I can certify that One Minute Cough Cure will do all that is claimed for it. My wife could not get her breath and the first dose of it relieved her. It has also benefited my whole family." It acts immediately and cures coughs, colds, croup, grippe, bronchitis, asthma and all throat and lung troubles. Bond's Drug Store.

I reckon not the seasons, Nor the years that come and go, Life's an all-around pleasure to me, Since taking Rocky Mountain Tea.

DAYTON.

Albert Allen has moved on his farm.

Mrs. Thomas Kilmer, is on the sick list.

Miss Jennie Myers is home from Saginaw.

Wm. Putman is sawing wood for Jesse Hunt.

Mrs. Wm. Cottrell and children have returned from Missouri.

Wm. Kelley and family, of Novesta, spent Sunday in Dayton.

Ernest Hodges and wife, of Fostoria, visited at S. B. Kelley's Sunday.

There was an Easter supper at R. J. Putman's hall Saturday evening.

There was a donation at Wm. Mead's on Wednesday evening, April 25th.

Miss Banghart, of Dryden, is the guest of her brother, Geo. Banghart.

Mrs. John Hall, of Koylton, formerly of Dayton, is very ill at this writing.

Golden weddings are taking place all over the country. The old couples evidently took Rocky Mountain Tea in their young days. 35c.

Ellington.

There was a white frost here Tuesday morning the first of May, 1900.

Earl Bailey, who has been in Jackson for several days, returned here last Saturday night.

Frank Molonzo has hired out to work on the county farm in Almer and commenced work last week.

A. W. Adams is trying the improvement plan on his new farm by burning old logs laying on the ground.

Mrs. D. Gould, who some time ago went on a visit to Chicago to visit relatives and obtain a rest is gaining in health and may return home some time during May.

Died, in Almer, Tuscola county, Michigan, on Thursday, April 26th, 1900, of dropsy, Mrs. Nancy Hiller, widow of Michael Hiller, aged 80 years, 10 months, 16 days. Mrs. Hiller was an old pioneer of Tuscola county, having moved into it in June, 1856, with her husband and a large family of children. They located in Fairgrove, that was but sparsely settled at that time. Her husband was killed by a tree he helped out falling upon him. Mrs. Hiller was left in close circumstances with a large family of children to bring up. She has been a hard worker all her life until the past two years. During that time she has been gradually failing. She has lived with her son Wallace for a good many years. They left Fairgrove and moved into Columbia where they lived about four years. Then they moved to Almer, where she ended her days having lived there about three and a half years. She joined the Seventh Day Adventist Church at Watrousville in the fall of 1865 and has remained a member of that church since that time. She was the mother of eleven children, five sons and six daughters, three of each are still living and two sons and three daughters died a number of years ago. She has lived a consistent member of the church since she joined it in 1865 and has been highly respected by a large circle of friends through her life and many turned out to her funeral last Sunday at the Moreland School House and followed her remains to their last resting place in the Moreland cemetery. Blessed are the dead who die in the Lord for they rest from their labor and their works do follow them. Peace be unto her ashes.

W. S. Messer, Millheim, Pa., save the life of his little girl by giving her One Minute Cough Cure when she was dying from a croup. It is the only harmless remedy that gives immediate results. It quickly cures coughs, colds, bronchitis, grippe, asthma and all throat and lung troubles. Bond's Drug Store.

The ancients believed that rheumatism was the work of a demon within a man. Any one who has had an attack of sciatic or inflammatory rheumatism will agree that the infliction is demoralizing enough to warrant the belief. It has never been claimed that Chamberlain's Pain Balm would cast out demons, but it will cure rheumatism, and hundreds bear testimony to the truth of this statement. One application relieves the pain, and this quick relief which it affords is alone worth many times its cost. For sale at Bond's Drug Store.

Linkville.

A dancing party in the hall last Friday night.

Mrs. J. W. Wilson, of Owendale, visited in town on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Taylor, of Brookfield, visited in town on Monday.

While Mrs. Jacob Heck was returning from Pigeon with Mr. Foster's folks one day last week, the horses became frightened and threw them all out. Mrs. Heck was badly bruised but not seriously.

C. Link came near meeting with a serious accident on Friday last while trying to lead a colt up to a strange watering trough. The colt became frightened and plunged over Mr. Link throwing him down and stepping upon him several times. Mr. Link was very fortunate to escape as well as he did.

On Saturday last, while Fred Krohn was returning from Kilmanghery his mule bolted sideways and overturned the buggy in a deep ditch about one mile west of here. Mr. Krohn had one leg broken below the knee and as he was alone he was not discovered for about half an hour when Julius Liar came that way. Dr. Morris reduced the fracture.

"I had stomach trouble twenty years and gave up hope of being cured till I began to use Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. It has done me so much good I call it the savior of my life," writes W. B. Wilkinson, Albany, Tenn. It digests what you eat. Bond's Drug Store.

J. C. Kennedy, Roanoke, Tenn., says, "I cannot say too much for DeWitt's Witch, Hazel Salve. One box of it cured what the doctors called an incurable ulcer on my jaw." Cures piles and all skin diseases. Look out for worthless imitations. Bond's Drug Store.

Ben Southworth, of Colwood, has been awarded the contract for carrying the mail on the new Colwood-Columbia mail route, which starts from Caro on Monday May 7. His bid was \$355 per annum, and the contract runs for three years. The mail will leave Colwood at 6 a. m., and arrive at Caro at 10 a. m. On the return trip it leaves Caro at 1:30 and arrive at Colwood at 2:30 p. m. This mail was formerly carried from Unionville.—Advertiser.

WANDI TEA!

PURE AND FRAGRANT
SOLD IN SEALED PACKAGES ONLY
"IT COSTS NO MORE—TRY IT!"
H. B. FAIRWEATHER, Agent.

THE NEW HARNESS SHOP

Hear Ye! Hear Ye! Farmers!

In the Gillies Building is now in full operation, making and repairing anything in the Harness line. My line of Dusters and Fly Nets

IS VERY COMPLETE

And prices are right. Be sure and see my Trunks before buying as I handle a good line at reasonable prices.

BRING IN YOUR REPAIRS.

W. A. FALLIS.

EVERYBODY SHOULD KNOW

that ATLAS SOAP is the best Soap for fine fabrics; the best soap for coarse fabrics; the best soap for laundry and general cleaning purposes; the purest and best soap made. It is a boon to every woman. Every good woman takes pride in keeping her house and her clothes clean. Every man appreciates his wife the more who she uses the best aid to this result. All who study economy and want the best cleanser on the market should

USE ATLAS SOAP

The Earth's Best.

BRIGHTENS the temper,
LIGHTENS the satisfaction,
WHITENS the work.

and saves money besides. Use ATLAS SOAP, and your clothes will be Cleaner and Whiter, and the Colored ones Brighter. It makes Flannels as Soft as New. It is

SUTTON NOW ON TRIAL.

The Case is Likely to Last Until May 15.

BRIEF SUMMARY OF EACH DAY.

The trial of Col. Sutton was commenced at Lansing on April 25. The prosecution is scheming to save as much time as possible.

Although the prosecution expects to make more rapid progress in the Sutton case than was made in the trial of Gen. Marsh, the chances are that the trial commenced on the 25th will not be finished before May 15. Should the defense have many witnesses, it will be nearer May 15 when the end is reached. It is expected that time will be made at the commencement of the trial, Judge West having already considered and passed upon most of the motions and objections. These motions include all those made in behalf of Marsh. The prosecution hopes to gain further time by offering in bulk many of the exhibits, consisting of vouchers, etc., which had to be read into the Marsh record, this consuming much time. There are other portions of the testimony that can be treated similarly if the defense would consent.

The entire first day was spent in a strenuous effort on the part of the defense to secure a continuance, claiming that Tom L. Johnson, the street car magnate who is taking a trip to Europe, was a material witness, and the challenging of jurors by the defense. Judge West denied the motion for a continuance, and this made Capt. Atkinson warm under the collar and he challenged the entire array of jurors.

Second Day. The Sutton case came to an abrupt close on the 26th, Judge West sustaining the challenge of the defense to both the special and extra jury panels owing to irregularities in drawing them. This throws the case over until an extra panel of 30 jurors can be summoned. The whole trouble seems to have been with the county officials, who for years have been drawing panels without closely following the provisions of the statute and their methods were only discovered when Capt. Atkinson made his numerous objections. After the decision of the court there was considerable speculation as to whether it would affect the verdict in the Marsh case, but Capt. Atkinson did not think so for the reason that the jury which tried Marsh was accepted by the defense, even though it was irregularly drawn.

Quicker Barred From Practice. Graduates of the Independent Medical college of Chicago, and other so-called medical diploma mills, will have to pass an examination before the new state medical board if they wish to continue practicing in Michigan. The several hundred of these gentry who gained a foothold in Michigan under the practically worthless law which was superseded by the act of 1899, were given a decidedly black eye by the supreme court on the 24th, that tribunal having denied the mandamus asked for in the case of Richard Metcalfe vs. the Michigan state board of registration in medicine. All of these alleged graduates had banded together and made a common cause, backing Dr. Metcalfe in his attack on the new law.

Suicide at Spring Lake. The little village of Spring Lake is greatly stirred by a tragedy that occurred there on the 27th. Agnes Trotter, a widow, daughter of Postmaster Heath, shot herself through the heart and died instantly. While Mrs. Trotter was at her work in the postoffice on the above date, she was accused by a prominent woman of Grand Haven of being unduly intimate with her husband. The woman was so shocked by the charges that she went to her home, got a revolver and shot herself. She was a leader in Spring Lake society, was a Sunday school worker and a general favorite.

Diphtheria Patient Took a Strife. Fred Gropman, a bachelor living by himself in Warren township, Macomb county, was recently taken ill. The doctor pronounced it diphtheria of the worst type, and a nurse was sent to take care of him. On the night of the 21st the nurse went to sleep and when he awoke found his patient gone. After a three hours search he found him returning to the house, having roamed through the fields that length of time with nothing on him but a shirt, but the patient appears to be none the worse for the exposure.

Father and Son Killed by a Train. Joachim Kruse, a prominent farmer living near Blissfield, and his young son, were struck and killed by a fast mail train while driving across the L. S. & M. S. tracks at Riga on the 26th. The team of horses were also killed. Kruse had driven to an elevator with a load of grain and was turning his wagon around when the train struck them. The boy died instantly and the father succumbed while on his way to a hospital at Toledo.

Disease in Michigan. Reports to the state board of health show that influenza, rheumatism, bronchitis, neuralgia and tonsillitis, in the order named, cause the most sickness in the state during the past week. Cerebro-spinal meningitis was reported at 4 places, smallpox at 6, diphtheria at 16, whooping-cough at 17, typhoid fever at 38, scarlet fever at 64, measles at 107 and consumption 164.

Civil service examination, to fill positions of office clerk and carrier, will be held at Benton Harbor, June 2.

Chas. Johnson Died in Prison.

Chas. Johnson, one of the famous three Johnson brothers, counterfeiters, died in the penitentiary at Columbus, O., on the 21st, and was buried from the home of his sister-in-law, Mrs. David Johnson in Detroit, on the 23d. Charles Johnson was 63 years of age. He was arrested at Detroit with his two brothers, Edmund and David, something over a year ago and charged with counterfeiting. The search for and discovery of a complete counterfeiting and engraving outfit in the Johnson home is well remembered. The two brothers were tried before Judge Swan and sentenced to long terms in the house of correction. Charles was taken to Toledo, where he was tried on a similar charge and sentenced to five years in the Columbus prison.

Another Wreck on the Rapid Railway.

Some miscreant deliberately opened a switch on the Rapid Railway line, opposite the Michigan salt works, three miles south of Marine City on the night of the 26th, and as the result the motorman was probably fatally injured and the car damaged to a considerable extent. A small truck which branches from one of the big railroad lines leads directly into the yard at the salt works. The Rapid Railway car ran into the switch at a rapid gait and crashed into a box car which was standing on the side track. The motorman was injured internally and may not survive the shock. The vestibule on the car was smashed into kindling wood while the upper portion of the car was torn completely off its trucks. None of the passengers were injured.

Will Have a Silver Jaw.

An unusual operation was performed upon Frank Herrington, of Port Huron, at the hospital in Ann Arbor on the 24th. He had a cancer on the left jaw bone. The flesh was cut at a point starting at the center of the upper lip and taking away from the bone. The left upper jaw was then removed and the flesh replaced. A silver plate, or rather a silver jaw, will be placed in position as soon as Mr. Herrington is strong enough for another operation, and the silver jaw will be a substitute for what nature provided him.

Strange Case at Eau Claire.

William Miles, a blacksmith at Eau Claire, is proving himself a puzzle to the doctors of southwestern Michigan. For some years past the bones of his body have made rapid growth, so that now his ribs are over two inches in width and of equal thickness. Other bones in his body have enlarged in the same proportion. He weighs 162 pounds, of which about 111 is bone.

STATE GOSSIP.

Wildcats continue to be killed in Gladwin and Arenac counties.

Thieves are stealing sheep and cattle around Lapeer for their pelts.

The Cheboygan Rifles will build a new \$15,000 armory this summer.

With a population of 10,000, Pontiac has 21 bootleggers. Not much chance to get dry there.

St. Adelbert Polish church at Menominee was re-dedicated on the 22d by Rt. Rev. Bishop Eis.

The Michigan Telephone Co. will place all its wires underground in the business section of Flint.

E. W. Simpson, the Kalamazoo trusty, who escaped from Ionia, was found near Lyons, gloriously drunk.

A new Free Methodist church is being built near the line between Ogemaw and Gladwin counties, near Standish.

Gov. Pingree has appointed Wm. R. Bacon, of Sault Ste. Marie, agent of the state board of charities for Chippewa county.

A grand jury may be called to investigate the manner in which the recent Republican caucuses were conducted at Ann Arbor.

Civil service examination, to fill the positions of postoffice clerk and carrier, will be held at Ypsilanti, Ionia and Jackson, Mich., June 6.

Fire on the 24th destroyed two sawmills, owned by the Metropolitan Lumber Co., at Atkinson. Loss, nearly \$100,000, partially insured.

A corporation has been formed at New Buffalo to open a new summer resort near the village, to be called the Vetterly Park association.

The National Salt association will build a \$7,000 storehouse at St. Joseph, which will be the distributing station for Michigan, Indiana and Ohio.

Surveyors are again at work on the new railroad, to run from Ludington to Hesperia. The Butters & Peters Co., of Ludington, are back of the scheme.

Several business places at Brighton were visited by burglars on the night of the 25th, but the latter were evidently amateurs, as they did not secure any booty.

Hereafter saloons in Manistique must be located at least 500 feet away from any school building, the city council having recently passed an ordinance to that effect.

Oscar L. Curtis, the 19-year-old son of Orin Curtis, of Coloma, committed suicide by drowning himself in the Paw Paw river at Watervliet on the 23d. He was out of work and discouraged.

Two men fishing, two miles south of Mason discovered the railroad bridge on fire. But for the timely discovery it would have probably burned sufficiently to have wrecked a southbound passenger train.

Benton Harbor business men are preparing to hold a mask carnival to celebrate the completion of the city's new asphalt pavement, but if the work on the pavement progresses as rapidly in the future as it has in the past, there will be no hurry about making preparations for the event. The paving was begun last year, and is still a long way from completion.

The Michigan Central contemplates about \$80,000 worth of improvements at Jackson in the way of a new boiler shop and an electric light and steam heating plant.

The First State Savings bank, of Breckenridge, was visited by burglars on the night of the 24th, who blew up the vault, but could not blow open the burglar-proof safe.

Two more free rural mail delivery routes were started from St. Johns recently, making three in all. The three routes brought in 820 pieces of mail to the local office in one day.

Judge West, in the circuit court on the 23d, fined Arthur V. Buchanan \$500 for contempt of court in disobeying an order of the judge. Failing to pay the fine he will spend six months in jail.

The business men of Howell have decided to hold a street fair this fall, which will be the only fair in the county. Brighton business men having decided to abandon theirs after running it for over 20 years.

The state board of health has been advised of a case of smallpox in Grosse Pointe township, Wayne county. The victim is Mrs. Robert Ferrell, and Detroit was the source of contagion. All proper precautions have been taken.

Wayland's village council is in a deadlock over the granting of saloon licenses, and there hasn't been a meeting at which any business has been done since March 27, and the prospects are there won't be one for some time to come.

The wet weather and recent rains are delaying farmers from sowing oats in the vicinity of Willow. It is the most backward season in several years, and farmers say it will be the 1st of May before they will be able to sow their crop.

Railroad Commissioner Osborne won an important case in the supreme court on the 24th against the Wabash railway, which compels that company to reduce its passenger fares from three cents to two and one-half cents per mile in this state.

The little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Lyons, of Hudson, was attacked by a vicious bulldog, belonging to her father, on the 24th and was frightfully lacerated about the arm before the brute was killed. It is feared the arm will have to be amputated.

The supervisors of Lenawee county have decided to ignore the state tax commission in their assessment of property. They declare that it is not within the province of the tax commission to give them any instruction whatever as to determining the valuation of personal property or real estate.

The judgment of \$7,000 given to Miss Mary L. Shaw, of Millett, against the Chicago & Grand Trunk Railroad Co., by an Eaton county jury has been affirmed by the supreme court. Miss Shaw was struck by pieces of glass broken by a mail sack being thrown the station window and her eyesight destroyed.

Lowell thieves are not troubled by any great amount of modesty. One of them walked into the kitchen of a local hotel the other day and carried away 14 dozen eggs and a pair of trousers, right in broad daylight, and then went to a grocery store and sold the eggs. And the hotel officers haven't been able to get any trace of them since.

A Reading boy chased a rabbit into a hole while out hunting and after digging a while he tried to reach it with his hand. He got hold of what he supposed was a root and pulled it out. The root proved to be a blue racer, and the haste with which the boy dropped it was a caution. After killing the snake he measured it and found it was five feet and seven inches long.

There is so much patriotism at Kalamazoo that the residents are not able to vent it sufficiently on the Fourth of July, so they are going to make their celebration of the nation's birthday this year cover two days, the same as they did last year. Another thing, too, is that by having a two days' celebration the saloons are able to assist on one day without violating the law.

Three Detroiters committed suicide on the 23d. They were: A. P. Casgrain, a traveling salesman; Louis H. Beck, late president of the poor commission, and C. H. Chalfant, city agent for W. H. Edgar & Son. The first named drowned himself in the lake at Albert Lea, Minn., the second cut an artery in his wrist and bled to death, while the third took a dose of carbolic acid.

Charles R. Mains, of Marshall, who gained notoriety throughout the state a year ago by reason of his connection with the famous Mains-Hulbert case, has filed his bonds for security for costs in the \$200,000 damage suit recently commenced by him against Stephen S. Hulbert et al. The bond is in the sum of \$400, and Benjamin F. Morgan, who signed his bonds in the other case, is on it.

The places of the striking freight handlers of Detroit have been filled with outside men, and it now looks as though it would be a waiting game with the strikers—their only hope rests in the inefficiency of the new men to cope with the increased traffic which is customary at this season of the year. One company is boarding its men in cars to protect them from falling in the hands of the strikers.

A good roads convention held at Traverse City on the 25th, was largely attended. The Grand Traverse Road-makers' association was formed. Officers: President, A. P. Gray; secretary, Robt. Barney. Five delegates were chosen from the county to the good roads congress at Port Huron in July, and five from Leelanau county. Other counties in this section will be asked to join and send delegates.

Galesburg has sprung up as a rival to Three Oaks, of Dewey cannon fame. The former place is to have a captured Spanish cannon and Gen. W. R. Shafter is to be present at the dedication.

TICKINGS OF THE TELEGRAPH

News of the Day as Told Over the Slender Wires.

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN NEWS

The Misery and Suffering Among the Famine Stricken Inhabitants of India is Unparalleled—A Man Succeeded at Conneltsville, Pa., by a Hot Route.

Misery Unparalleled in India. The latest official reports from the famine districts in India say that the misery existing there is indescribable and unparalleled, and that the present relief is quite inadequate. They add that the mortality among the cattle is also so severe that the authorities are trying to adapt farm implements so that human power can replace that of bullocks. Such a drastic measure has never before been necessary, even in the greatest scarcity of animals. It is also announced that the natives are developing ugly feelings and are attacking Europeans. A great crowd murderously attacked a party of soldiers at Shahpur, the military center of the northwest provinces. The soldiers were rescued with difficulty and in an unbecoming condition. At a meeting of leading financiers and manufacturers of Berlin, Germany, under the presidency of Dr. Koch, president of the Imperial bank, it was decided to raise a fund for the relief of the famine sufferers and those present subscribed \$20,000.

\$20,000,000 Fire in Ontario.

Five square miles of territory burned over; more than 2,500 dwellings, factories, mills, stores and other buildings destroyed, amounting to a loss estimated to reach \$20,000,000 and between 12,000 and 15,000 men, women and children homeless, is a summing up of the havoc wrought by fire at Hull and in Ottawa, Ont., on the 26th. Most of the lumber mills in Ottawa and Hull have disappeared and are now mere heaps of charred wood and ashes. Half a dozen churches and schools, a number of mills, the Hull waterworks, the Hull townhouse and all the convent—all but one very business place and about 1,000 dwellings and shops at that place have been destroyed. Indeed, practically nothing of the village is left but a church and a few houses beyond it.

Sultan Has Agreed to Settle.

It can be stated on authority that the negotiations representing the American missionary claims are progressing in the most satisfactory manner, in the view of the government. The department has received from Mr. Griscom, the United States charge, a cablegram announcing that the port has been undertaken to meet all of the engagements made with the U. S. minister respecting the payment of the claims set up on account of the destruction of the American missionary property in Turkey. It is not stated when the payments will be made, and it is surmised that, owing to the many obligations of greater magnitude pressing upon the port, some time may yet elapse before the money is actually in hand.

Corrigan-Rockefeller Case Reopened.

The famous suit of James Corrigan, a prominent vessel owner, against John D. Rockefeller, was reopened in the common pleas court at Cleveland on the 24th. Corrigan borrowed \$415,000 from Rockefeller, giving the latter, it is alleged, 2,500 shares of Standard Oil stock certificates as security. Rockefeller was made special trustee of Corrigan's stock. It is charged that Rockefeller misrepresented the value of the stock and refused to permit Corrigan's attorneys to examine the Standard's books. Corrigan also charges that Rockefeller told him stock was worth \$168; that the trust had no surplus, it was carrying no dividends, and had the strongest competition ever known.

Leaped Into a Coke Oven.

Leaping high into the air as an expert diver would in taking a fancy plunge into the water, an unknown man committed suicide at Conneltsville, Pa., on the 23d, by diving into a coke oven. In less than a minute what had been a man apparently in the full vigor of life had mingled with the curling smoke of the ovens, distinguishable only by its bluish brown color and nauseating odor from the gas smoke of the burning coal. A mere tragic death never occurred in that region. All there was to show for the man who was a charred mass of flesh not three feet in length.

Capt. Carter Now in Prison.

Oberlin M. Carter, late captain U. S. A., reached the federal prison at Leavenworth, Kas., on the 27th. By special orders issued from the department of justice, newspaper men were not permitted to interview the prisoner, who was immediately dressed in the prison garb and assigned to a cell. His prison number is 2094, and he is the occupant of cell No. 425. Carter will be a prison bookkeeper, in the harness, broom, shoe repairing and carpet weaving shops.

Cuban treasury receipts for March totaled \$1,678,669.

Half the business portion of Groverton, Trinity county, Tex., was burned on the 24th. Loss, \$50,000.

A cloudburst accompanied by a high wind, descended upon the city of Waco, Tex., at noon on the 27th, and the result is that eight persons are known to have perished within the city limits, and property valued at several thousand dollars has been destroyed. The downpour of rain commenced about noon, and was incessant until dark. It was in the shape of a water spout and the rise in the creeks and branches was so rapid that it did not give the inhabitants time to flee.

TRANSVAAL WAR ITEMS.

Cronje (supposed to be the second son of the imprisoned Boer general) reports that with a strong commando he attacked the British northeast of Boshof. A heavy engagement followed and the English were driven from kopje to kopje. The federals displayed great courage and resolution and spiritedly chased the enemy in the direction of Boshof. Only two burghers were wounded. The British lost 15 killed and left 3 wounded and 8 prisoners in the hands of the burghers.

At a banquet of the society of St. George, held at Liverpool on the 23d, Walter Long, president of the board of agriculture, announced that the British government was considering how best to develop rifle shooting. He said the cabinet was determined that young citizens should learn to use the rifle in order that they might be more sufficiently available than they hitherto had been should the nation require their services.

At Cape Town a government contractor named Bam has been arrested for harboring three escaped Boer prisoners, dressed as clergymen. The prisoners were sent back to Simontown, whence they had escaped. Three of the prisoners were sentenced to five years' imprisonment each. The sentence imposed upon the others varied from three to six months, according to their ages.

The Boers are preparing to spend the winter in Natal. They are removing their stock from the high veld into Natal for winter grazing and they are demanding that the Kaffirs pay the hut tax to them instead of to the Natal government. They also declare that unless the Kaffirs move south of Sundays river.

A consignment of thousands of boots, shirts, clothes and packages of tobacco were dispatched from Cape Colony on the 25th to the United States consul at Pretoria, Adelbert S. Hay, for distribution among the British soldiers held as prisoners by the Boers.

Gen. De Wet's losses at De Wet's Dorp were one man killed and six men wounded. Twenty British were captured, besides the killed and wounded. The British appear to be retiring beyond De Wet's Dorp.

A prisoner captured by the British on the 30th asserts that President Steyn was present during the fight at Slagfontein east of Leeuw kop on the 23d. He had shaved his beard, so that he was not easily recognizable.

Russian papers announce the departure for South Africa of a body of aeroplanes to organize a military balloon service to assist the Boers in the Transvaal. They took the necessary balloons and accessories with them.

The strength of the Boers in the Biggarsberg district is believed to be between 5,000 and 8,000. They are commanded by Gen. Lucas Meyer and are well supplied with artillery.

An official dispatch from Pretoria dated April 23 says: The federals continue their fighting at Wepener and have captured a herd of Gen. Brabant's cattle and horses.

Lord Roberts cabled from Bloemfontein under date of April 25, as follows: De Wet's dorp was occupied by Gen. Chermiside without opposition this morning.

Gen. Sir Chas. Warren of the British forces has been appointed administrator of Bechuanaland, and has left for Cape Town.

The authorities have already listed the names of 12,000 alleged rebels in Cape Colony and Natal.

The transport Bavarian sailed for St. Helena on the 25th with 1,050 Boer prisoners.

WAR NOTES.

Commissioner Wilson of the internal revenue bureau has received an inquiry as to whether under the new Puerto Rican act, beer exported to Puerto Rico will be required to be stamped under existing revenue regulations as applied for home consumption, or if it can be removed under export stamps as heretofore. In his reply the commissioner calls attention to the ruling of his office to the effect that Puerto Rico is not a foreign country within the meaning of the customs drawback law, and that, therefore, no refund of duty can be allowed by way of drawback on goods exported to that country.

The commissioner holds that on 1st after May 1, 1900, articles subject to internal revenue tax cannot be exported to Puerto Rico in bond, or with benefit of drawback of tax paid under internal revenue laws.

Gen. Rios Rivera has resigned the post of secretary of agriculture, industry and commerce in the governor-general's cabinet. He has also announced to the citizens of Havana that he is a candidate for the mayoralty. His letter of resignation to Gen. Wood says that the disagreement that had arisen between himself and Gen. Wood, in consequence of a letter which the public press has published, obliges him to present his resignation.

Three Chinese, partners in a laundry, at Morenci, Ariz., were murdered in their workroom on the 24th, and several thousand dollars in coin are missing. The murders were done by the Chacoan band of Mexican assassins.

The city of Akron, O., is overdrawn. The working funds were overdrawn nearly \$20,000 before the current six months began, and no city employes has been paid since April 1. The entire deficit amounts to \$175,000.

Commissioner Wilson of the internal revenue bureau has issued a modified circular in regard to the stamping and branding of oleomargarine. The circular prescribes the size of the letters of the word "oleomargarine" to be imprinted on packages and is designed to make deception more difficult should dealers attempt to sell oleomargarine for butter.

CONGRESSIONAL NOTES.

When the house resumed consideration of the postoffice appropriation bill on the 25th, the item appropriation \$725,000 for pneumatic tube service, an increase of \$500,000 over the appropriation for the current year, was the subject of two hours' debate under the arrangement previously made, and was finally knocked out by a vote of 87 to 50. The immediate cause of the sudden death of the bill was due to a scandal connected with it, which Mr. Moody (Mass.) exposed. It was to the effect that a large block of stock in the Pneumatic Tube company had been tendered to a prominent member of the house as a New Year's gift, undoubtedly for services to be rendered in getting the bill through congress.

The senate committee on agriculture has reported the agricultural appropriation bill to the senate. As reported, the bill carries a total appropriation of \$3,750,120, which is a net increase of only \$22,320. The senate really added items amounting to \$82,320, but by diminishing the house appropriation for the purchase of seed to the extent of \$40,000 and that for agricultural department publications to the extent of \$20,000, the net increase was reduced. The principal items of increase are \$40,000 for forestry investigations and \$15,000 for irrigation investigations.

The house on the 24th adopted the Foraker emergency resolution to continue the present officers in Puerto Rico office until the appointments are made under civil government act as amended by the committee on insular affairs. The amendments require that all franchises shall be approved by the President before they become operative, and place certain restrictions upon chartered corporations, such as the issuing of stock or bonds except for cash and inhibiting real estate by corporations except such as is necessary to carry out the purpose for which they are created.

For the refusal to seat ex-Senator W. S. Quay, Senator Burrows deserves more credit than any other man in the senate. He took a position far outside of partisanship, and while leading senators were going back on him and the traditions of the upper house for more than 100 years, he was working like a Trojan to maintain the constitution as it has been interpreted from the beginning and keep Mr. Quay out. The vote that barred Quay from being seated stood 33 to 32.

One Killed and Seven Injured.

In a labor riot which occurred at Chicago on the night of the 25th one man was instantly killed, another severely wounded, and six others sustained slight injuries. The trouble was the outcome of a three months' strike at the Baker-Vawter Printing Co. The firm employs non-union labor and three months ago several pressmen and feeders were discharged because they joined the union.

Welland Canal Dynamited by Fishers.

A special from Niagara Falls, Ont., says: It is now positively stated here that the men charged with dynamiting the canal locks at Welland were on one of the islands in the river, and were using dynamite for fishing purposes, and while under the influence of liquor decided to try the same method for fish in the canal. The men held on the charge are Karl Dallman, John Walsh and John Nolin.

BASE BALL.

Below we submit the official standing of the clubs of the National and American leagues up to and including Friday, April 27th:

	Won.	Lost.	Per cent.
Philadelphia.....	5	3	.625
Cincinnati.....	5	3	.625
St. Louis.....	4	3	.571
Brooklyn.....	4	3	.571
New York.....	3	3	.500
Chicago.....	4	4	.500
Pittsburg.....	3	5	.375
Boston.....	2	6	.250

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	Per cent.
Milwaukee.....	4	2	.667
Kansas City.....	5	2	.714
Indianapolis.....	4	3	.571
Chicago.....	4	3	.571
Cleveland.....	4	3	.571
Detroit.....	3	4	.429
Buffalo.....	3	4	.429
Minneapolis.....	2	7	.222

THE MARKETS.

LIVE STOCK.

New York—Cattle Sheep Lambs Hogs
Best grades... \$16.25 @ 18.50 \$7.75 @ 8.50
Lower grades... 3.00 @ 4.25 4.50 @ 5.75
Chicago—Cattle Sheep Lambs Hogs
Best grades... 4.00 @ 5.00 6.00 @ 6.50
Lower grades... 4.00 @ 4.75 5.50 @ 5.75

Detroit—
Best grades... 3.75 @ 4.50 6.00 @ 6.50
Lower grades... 2.50 @ 3.75 5.50 @ 5.75
Buffalo—
Best grades... 4.00 @ 4.50 5.50 @ 6.15
Lower grades... 3.50 @ 3.75 5.00 @ 5.50

GRAIN, ETC.

Wheat, Corn, Oats, No. 2 red, No. 2 mix, No. 2 white
New York 70@71 4@4.15 3@3.15 2@2.25
Chicago 62@63 3@3.15 2@2.15 2@2.15
Detroit 70@71 4@4.15 3@3.15 2@2.15
Toledo 71@72 4@4.15 3@3.15 2@2.15
Cincinnati 71@72 4@4.15 3@3.15 2@2.15
Pittsburg 71@72 4@4.15 3@3.15 2@2.15
Buffalo 71@72 4@4.15 3@3.15 2@2.15
Detroit—Hay No. 1 Timothy, \$12.50 per ton.
Potatoes, 35¢ per lb. Live Poultry, spring chickens, 18¢ per lb; turkey, 16¢; ducks, 12¢. Eggs, strictly fresh, 11¢ per dozen. Butter, best dairy, 17¢ per lb; creamery, 16¢.

Statistics show that in 1899 the coal output of the United States was about 230,838,973 long tons.

It is reported that the Turkish torpedo boat, Schamyl, blew up while lying in the harbor at Beyrut, Syria, on the 21st, and that 23 lives were lost.

Albert J. Deady and his 16-year-old wife jumped from a bridge into the canal at Dayton, O., on the 23d and were drowned clasped in each other's arms. Deady was employed as inspector by the National Cash Register Co. They leave a young babe. It is supposed he had financial trouble.

DAN. GROSVENOR SAYS:

"Peruna Is an Excellent Spring Catarrh Remedy—I am as Well as Ever."

KING DON:

A STORY OF MILITARY LIFE IN INDIA.

.....BY MAJOR ALLAN.....

CHAPTER X.—(Continued.)
That night she would not consent to forsake his couch.

A new strength—the strength of despair—had come to her, and the doctor and nurse alike marveled at the courage and promptitude with which she assumed the duties of her position when the sleepless night was over at last and the good ship steamed slowly into Southampton docks.

There she indited telegrams, arranged for Don's removal to the little steamer for the Isle of Wight, and gave orders ament their luggage, all with a fortitude and forethought that had never been called upon till now. The sympathy of the whole ship went with her, for the calamity which had befallen her and her great endurance beneath it had won her golden opinions from all.

The captain stepped forward and grasped the little hand she proffered in silent gratitude for his condolence when the moment of farewell came at last. He had a letter to deliver into her keeping which, owing to Don's illness, he had refrained from doing before. He explained that the letter had been found upon the dead body of the Indian when recovered from the sea; and as Captain Gordon's name was mentioned in it, he thought Captain Gordon's wife should have it.

Lillie took it and put it in her pocket, with a wan little smile of thanks. Vivid as was her remembrance still of that ghastly scene the night of the storm, her thoughts had seldom dwelt on the swarthy seaman's dastardly deed which had added this twofold agony of Don's illness to her sorrow-laden soul. Indian life had inured her to the deep-rooted thirst for revenge of the native if he believed himself wronged; but Don was ever so universal a favorite she could not fathom the seaman's attack. She had neither time nor heart to read the letter now.

Yet it was not till the channel packet moored alongside the Cowes pier, and she saw Roddy and Di, in response to her telegram, hurrying forward to greet her, the unnatural strain upon her endurance and calm gave way, and she fell on Diana's neck with the bitter, broken cry which meant the whole world to her.

"He is dying."
All that night Don's life was depressed to the lowest ebb; and as if that brief period of consciousness had sapped the last spark of vitality, his exhaustion was so great that at times they scarcely could tell if the breath of life had not gone out forever. There was no question of proceeding to Shanklin, where Roddy and Di had fondly expected to welcome bride and bridegroom to their cottage home.

To the big hotel overlooking the azure sea they carried Don to die. True, the fever had left him now, but it had left him prostrate, helpless as an infant. He slept continuously, knowing not the difference between night and day, sometimes dimly conscious of a loving hand ever ready to minister to his wants, but too weak, too far out on that limitless gulf that flows between the worlds to dream of what awaited him on either shore.

And Lillie? She must have suffered even if she had not loved him, and her love during those long weeks of nursing had become to her both life and food.

She sat by him while night waned and dawn broke. "Why seek rest when sleep was impossible?" she argued. And so they let her have her way, passing in and out of the sick room, always to find her sitting there, with her blue eyes fixed upon Don's face, motionless, almost breathless in her piteous despair. But just as the sun was rising and bathing the fair world without in a blaze of golden light Diana stole to her with some refreshment, to find her sitting up in her chair, a hectic flush on her face, her eyes aflame with mingled excitement and grief. A letter lay open on her lap. It was the letter the captain of the troopship had given her, and which had lain in her pocket forgotten until now, when a chance thought recalled it.

It was written in Hindostanee, and bore the straggling signature of one who had so ruthlessly wrecked "the White Lily's" peace. The signature was Sing, and was it wonder, as Lillie laboriously waded through its brief contents, passion and pain and remorse overwhelmed her bleeding heart?

"I command you to remove the despicable Feringhee (Englishman) Captain Gordon out of my path," ran the Prince's scroll. "Dotard! poltroon! that you were to take Captain Derwent's life in his stead! Your excuse that the darkness of the night and Captain Gordon's conduct led to your failure avail you nothing. You have robbed me of a friend, and let my foe go free. Expect neither reward nor mercy from me."

She understood it all now. The Indian whose knife had pierced Don's breast was no other than the sepoy who, in the secret service of the

Prince, had followed Don into Tirah. His orders had been to shoot Don, but in the gathering dusk of the nullah he had mistaken Captain Derwent for his intended victim. He had thereupon graphically reported Don's every word and action to try to account for the excitement which led to the misdirection of his own rifle; but the excuse had weighed not at all with the haughty potentate, whose imperious will had thus been frustrated.

And the sepoy, with that blind devotion to his master which is the Indian's truest point, had willingly faced death, disguised as a seaman, again to make attempt to carry out the Prince's desire.

She realized with a shudder the awful strength of her royal lover's deep-rooted jealousy. She felt anew the agony of remorse doublefold. In vain Diana, with her larger faith and greater endurance, tried to solace her. She knew intuitively that Di, in her noble abandonment of self, would have sacrificed her grief for the father who was dead in order to teach the comfort of repentance at the foot of the cross to the living husband's suffering soul.

And now Don was dying—dying! and that supreme privilege would never be hers. She might never hold his hand and say: "If we confess our sins, He is faithful and just to forgive us our sins, and to cleanse us from all unrighteousness." She had told Don she forgave him, yet she had bidden him go and work out his own repentance and salvation, bereft of earthly comfort and companionship—Don, whose nature she knew was so weak to resist temptation or endure hardship, who knew nothing of the strength of self-reliance or the trust in a redeemer.

Ah! what was her forgiveness worth? Colonel Gordon from Gadie arrived at West Cowes on the second day following Roddy's message of Don's condition. Though his son undoubtedly held the first place in the old laird's heart, his nephew Don had ever received a large share of his affectionate solicitude, and he was profoundly moved by the young officer's illness.

Yet it was he who resolutely drew Lillie from the sick room, leaving Roddy and Diana to watch with the nurse through that time of dread crisis. He saw the strength of the girl wife was all but sapping beneath the awful strain, both physical and mental; and it was in those short, calm converses by the wide seashore at the brave old soldier's side that Lillie learned the greatest of faith's secrets—"He doeth all things well."

And it was then—then, when her heavy-laden heart had found relief in submission to that Higher Will than her own, the vital ways of Don's life, having ebbed to its furthest limit, began to flow back. The doctor's verdict went forth that it was possible Don might live.

Oh, the agony then of those nights and days! those alternate hours when life and death struggled for supremacy, and each hung in the balance!

Once more Lillie hovered almost incessantly by Don's pillow, living only in that hope of the first look, the first word of recognition. She hungered for it with an eager intensity that had no thought of self in it now.

She longed to pour out in his ears the comfort of that proof of the Prince's guilt and his own innocence. She told herself not even death could appeal her now if but that brief communion of souls might be theirs, for suffering had taught her even resignation's wondrous hope.

"I shall go to him, but he shall not return to me."

The sun was setting over the green, sloping hills and glistened on the fleets of yachts and little boats in the harbor and on the castle at its mouth. Away beyond the dividing River Medina rose Norris castle, with its fair parks extending to the shore, and still further were just visible the two square turrets of the little island home of the sovereign lady, Queen Victoria.

It was a fair, fair scene, and as Lillie stood at Don's window looking out upon it, her heart swelled with mingled patriotism and emotion. Ah, surely God, who was so merciful, would grant that Don, too, might yet revel in the fairness she now looked on?

Then suddenly, as she turned, she saw Don's eyes were open, and he was gazing upon her with the rapture of full consciousness which once before lit his face on board the great steamer. She went to him and fell on her knees beside his bed.

"My darling," he said faintly, and his weak arms went out to her and gathered her nearer and drew her head down to her breast. "Where are we?" he asked then, after a moment of silence that was too full for speech.

"We are home," she answered, in a voice of joy.

Through the near bay-window his eyes fell on the distant towers of Osborne, and suddenly, at that touch of

memory, he kissed her passionately, with all the ardor of hope and life.

"My queen is here," he murmured. Yes, like the Israelites of old, these two had needed to pass through the wide red sea of suffering ere they gained the promised land.

But "King Don" had come into his kingdom at last.

(The End.)

LIFE IN SAMOA.

Description of the Island People by Mrs. Strong.

Mrs. Isabel Strong, step-daughter of Robert Louis Stevenson, lived with the Stevenson family during most of their life in Samoa, and she was closely associated with Mr. Stevenson in his literary work. She told recently of the beauty of the island, and said it could really be called the "Emerald Isle," on account of the luxuriance of its tropical vegetation. Orchids grow there like buttercups and daisies in an English meadow. Stevenson had a great love for the place, and he considered it restful and full of inspiration. The natives looked upon him with veneration, and his mother, who always wore a white cap, they called an exiled princess, confusing the cap and the crown as symbolic of royalty. Mr. Stevenson became friendly with many of the natives and one of his pleasures was to see the effect upon them of highly civilized customs, as for instance, inviting twelve or more of the warriors to a course dinner, served with great formality. The warriors would come in native costume and never appeared ill at ease, always waiting for Mr. Stevenson to begin a course and then imitating exactly. Contrary to the life of most savage people, the women of Samoa do not do the heavy work, and under the teaching of Mr. Stevenson they became still more exempt from unnecessary burdens, and lived much the same domestic life as civilized women. In their dress they still retained, however, many savage traits, and it was not an unusual thing to see the children going to church attired only in a hat and a wreath of emilax. When Mr. Stevenson died, the natives built a coral road from his home to his grave, and this they call "the road of loving hearts." They have also built a hospital in his memory, and Mrs. Stevenson partly supports it, sending a yearly contribution. The natives have always been afraid the body would be removed from Samoa, and they guard the grave with great care.

A CHEROKEE ALPHABET.

It Has Been Invented by a Full Blooded Member of the Tribe.

The new hieroglyphic alphabet is a novelty. It is the invention of a full blooded Cherokee Indian, by name Sequoyah. He has for a long time sought some method of writing the Cherokee language, hitherto only spoken. He found that the English letters would not express the sounds of that tongue, nor would his fellow Cherokees take up the white man's letters. To overcome this difficulty he decided to invent a new alphabet, easy to learn and at the same time expressive of the sounds of the Cherokee language. The Indian eye will not easily come down to mere lines, so he used pictures of things to indicate the letters or sounds of letters. He succeeded at last in forming an alphabet of sixty-eight signs by which he could express all of the sounds of his native tongue. At the same time the letters are so large and distinct from each other as not to be easily confused. He first tried his new alphabet on his wife, and found that she could easily remember the sounds and learn to read. "Then he called in half a dozen of the Cherokee warriors and tried his letters on them. Here again he succeeded. He wrote a few sentences in Cherokee, and they read them after a little training."

About Frightening Children.

If a child is constitutionally nervous, says the American Journal of Health, it is no use to think that it can be made different by force. Argument, too, in many cases only intensifies the terror which children often feel if left alone in the dark, and gives definite expression to fears which are purely imaginary. Many people argue that a child who is afraid to be left alone or to go into a dark room ought to be made to do either of these things in order to find out that no harm will come to him. Now, children are seldom really afraid unless they have been made so, and it is a curious fact that the most timid child shrinks from disclosing his fears to anyone. In such a case someone has certainly warned him that worse things will happen if he dares to disclose the reason of his alarm. Very often it is the simplest thing which has been made to appear so terrible under certain conditions.

Says Genius Should Not Marry

Possibly the best known unmarried man of letters is Henry James, the novelist. He maintains stoutly that the artist, no matter what the medium of his expression, should remain single, on the ground that the petty cares and carpings of domestic life tend to wear on delicately-adjusted nerves and exhaust the mental fiber of genius, whether its possessor be a painter of pictures, worker in words, a modeler of statues, a composer of music, a singer or one who amuses the people from the stage.

Some men never realize how mean they have been until they run for office.

TALMAGE'S SERMON.

PREACHES ON MAY CHANGES OF RESIDENCE.

Timely Discourse in Which the Need of Patience and Equipose Is Set Forth—Moving into the Father's House.

(Copyright, 1900, by Louis Kloppsch.) Text, Philippians iv., 12: "I know how to be abased, and I know how to abound."

Happy Paul! Could you really accommodate yourself to all circumstances in life? Could you go up with pride, and could you come down without exasperation?

We are at a season of the year when vast populations in all our cities are changing residence. Having been born in a house, and having all our lives lived in a house, we do not have full appreciation of what a house is. It is the growth of thousands of years. The human race first lived in clefts of rocks, beasts of the field moving out of the caverns to let the human race move in. The shepherds and the hunters still live in caverns of the earth. The troglodytes are a race which to this day prefer the caverns to a house. They are warm, they are large, they are very comfortable, they are less subject to violent changes of heat and cold.

We come on along down in the history of the race, and we come to the lodge, which was a home built out of twigs and tree branches. We come further on down in the history of the race, and we come to the tent, which was a home built with a round pole in the center, and skins of animals reaching out in all directions, mats on the floor for the people to sit on.

Time passed on, and the world, after much invention, came to build a house, which was a space surrounded by broad stones, against which the earth was heaped from the outside. The roof was made of chalk and gypsum, and coals and stones and ashes pounded together. After awhile the porch was born, after awhile the gate. Then hundreds of years passed on, and in the fourteenth century the modern chimney was constructed. The old Hebrews had openings in their houses from which the smoke might escape if it preferred, but there was no inducement offered for it to leave until the modern chimney. Wooden keys opened the door, or the keyhole was large enough to allow the finger to be inserted for the lifting of the latch or the sliding of it. There being no windows, the people were dependent for light upon lattice-work, over which a thin veil was drawn down in time of winter to keep out the elements. Window glass was, so late as two or three hundred years ago, in England and Scotland, so great luxury that only the very wealthiest could afford it. A hand mill and an oven and a few leather bottles and some rude pitchers and plates made up the entire equipment of the culinary department. But the home planted in the old cave or at the foot of a tent pole has grown and enlarged and spread abroad until we have the modern house with its branches and roots and vast girth and height and depth of comfort and accommodation.

Architecture in other days busied itself chiefly in planning and building triumphal arches and basilicas, and hippodromes and mausoleums and columns, while they allowed the people for residences to burrow like muskrats in the earth. St. Sophia's of Constantinople, St. Mark's of Venice, St. Peter's of Rome are only the Raphaelaele walls against which lean the squalor and the pauperism of many nations. I rejoice that, while our modern architects give us grand capitols in which to legislate and grand courthouses in which to administer justice and grand churches in which to worship God, they also give much of their time to the planning of comfortable abodes for our tired population. I have not so much interest in the arch of Trajan or Beneventum as I have in the wish that all the people may have a comfortable shelter, nor have I so much interest in the temple of Jupiter Olympus at Athens as I have in the hope that every man may have an altar for the worship of the true God in his own house. And I have not so much interest in the science of ceramics, which goes crazy over a twisted vase, or a queer handed jug in use 3,000 years ago, or a pitcher out of which the ancient pharaohs poured their drunken debauch, as I have that every man have on his table a plate with plenty of healthful food and an appetite to attack it.

Thank God for your home—not merely the house you live in now, but the house you were born in and the many houses you have resided in since you began your earthly residence. When you go home today, count over the number of these houses in which you have resided, and you will be surprised. Once in awhile you will find a man who lives in the house where he was born and where his father was born and his grandfather was born and his great-grandfather was born, but that is not one out of a thousand cases. I have not been more perambulatory than most people, but I was amazed when I came to count up the number of residences I have occupied. The fact is, there is in this world no such thing as permanent residence.

In a private vehicle and not in a rail car, from which you can see but little, I rode from New York to Yonkers and Tarrytown, on the banks of the Hudson—the finest ride on the planet for a man who wants to see partial residences in fascinating scenery. It was in the early spring and before the gentlemen of New York had gone out to their country residences. I rode into the grounds to admire the gardens, and the overseer of the place told me—and they all told me that all the houses had been sold or that they wanted to sell them, and there was literally no exception, although I called at many places, just admiring the gardens and the grounds and the palatial residences. Some wanted to sell or had sold because their wives did not want to reside in the summer time in those places while their husbands tarried in town in the night, always having some business on hand keeping them away.

Change of Residence.

From some houses the people had been shaken out by chills and fever, from some houses they had gone because death or misfortune had occurred, and all those palaces and mansions had either changed occupants or wanted to change. Take up the directory of any city of England or America and see how few people live where they lived 15 years ago. There is no such thing as permanent residence. I saw Monticello, in Virginia, President Jefferson's residence, and I saw on the same day Madison's residence, and I saw also the white house, which was President Taylor's residence, and President Lincoln's residence, and President Garfield's residence. Was it a permanent residence in any case? I tell you that the race is nomadic and no sooner gets in one place than it wants to change for another place or is compelled to change for another place, and so the race invented the railroad and the steamboat in order more rapidly to get into some other place than that in which it was then. Aye, instead of being nomadic, it is immortal, moving on and moving on. We whip up our horses and hasten on until the hub of the front wheel shivers on the tombstone and tips us headlong into the grave, the only permanent earthly residence. But, bless God, even that stay is limited, for we shall have a resurrection.

A day this spring the streets will be filled with the furniture carts and the drays and the trucks. It will be a hard day for horses, because they will be overloaded. It will be a hard day for laborers, for they will overfill before they get the family furniture from one house to another. It will be a hard day for housekeepers to see their furniture scratched, and the crockery broken, and their carpets misfit, and their furniture dashed of the sudden showers. It will be a hard day for landlords. It will be a hard day for tenants. Especially grace is needed for moving day. Many a man's religion has suffered a fearful strain between the hour on the morning of the first of May, when he took his immature breakfast, and the hour at night when he rolled into his extemporized couch. The furniture broken sometimes will result in the breaking of the Ten Commandments. There is no more fearful pass than the hall of a house where two families meet, one moving out and the other moving in. The salutation is apt to be more vehement than complimentary. The grace that will be sufficient for the first of January and the first of February and the first of March and the first of April will not be sufficient for the first of May. Say your prayers that morning if you find nothing better to kneel down by than a coal settle, and say your prayers at night though your knee comes down on a paper of carpet tacks. You will want supernatural help if any of you move. Help in the morning to start out right on the day's work. Help at night to repent. There will be enough of annoyance to make a Xantippe out of a Frances Ridley Havergal. I have again and again been in crises of moving day, and I have stood appalled and amazed and helpless in the shipwreck, taking as well as I could those things that floated ashore from the breakers, and I know how to comfort and how to warn, and how to encourage the people, so I preach this practical May day sermon. All these troubles will soon be gone, and the bruises will heal, and the stiffened joints will become supple, and your ruffled temper will be smoothed of its wrinkles, and order will take the place of disorder, and you will sit down in your new home seriously to contemplate.

Reverses of Fortune.

But there are others who will move out of large residences into smaller through the reverse of fortune. The property must be sold or the bailiff will sell it, or the income is less and you cannot pay the house rent. First of all, such persons should understand that our happiness is not dependent on the size of the house we live in. I have known people enjoy a small heavily in two rooms and another suffer a pandemonium in twenty. There is as much happiness in a small house as in a large house. There is as much satisfaction under the light of a tallow candle as under the glare of a chandelier, all the burners at full blaze. Who was the happier, John Bunyan in Bedford jail or Belshazzar in the saturnalia? Contentment is something you can neither rent nor purchase. It is not extrinsic; it is intrinsic. Are there fewer rooms in the house to which you move? You will have less to take care of. Is it to be stove instead of furnace? Ah! the doctors say the modern modes of warming buildings are unhealthy. Is it less paper mirrors? Less temptation to your vanity. Is it old-fashioned toilet instead of water pipes all burst when you cannot get a plumber. Is it less carriage? More room for robust exercise. Is it less social position? Fewer people who want to drag you down by their jealousies. Is it less fortune to leave in your last will and testament? Less to spoil your children. Is

it less money for marketing? Less temptation to ruin the health of your family with pineapples and indigestible salads. Is it a little deaf? Not hearing so many disagreeables.

I meet you this springtime at the door of your new home, and while I help you lift the clothesbasket over the banisters and the carman is getting red in the face in trying to transport that article of furniture to some new destination I congratulate you. You are going to have a better time this year, some of you, than you ever had. You take God and the Christian religion in your home, and you will be grandly happy. God in the parlor—that will sanctify your sociabilities. God in the nursery—that will protect your children. God in the dining hall—that will make the plainest meal an imperial banquet. God in the morning—that will launch the day brightly from the drydocks. God in the evening—that will sail the day sweetly into the harbor.

And get joy, one and all of you, whether you move or do not move. Get joy out of the thought that we are soon all going to have a grand moving day. Do you want a picture of the new house into which you will move? Here it is, wrought with the hand of a master. "We know that, if our earthly house of this tabernacle were dissolved, we have a building of God, a house not made with hands, eternal in the heavens." How much rent will we have to pay for it? We are going to own it. How much must we pay for it? How much cash down, and how much left on mortgage? Our Father is going to give it as a free gift. When are we going to move into it? We are moving now. On moving day heads of families are very apt to stay in the old house until they have seen everything off. They send ahead the children, and they send ahead the treasures and the valuables. Then, after awhile, they will come themselves. I remember very well in the country that in boyhood moving day was a jubilation.

Going to the Father's House.

On almost the first load we, the children, were sent on ahead to the new house, and we arrived with shout and laughter, and in an hour we had ranged through every room in the house, the barn and the granary. Toward night, and perhaps in the last wagon, father and mother would come, looking very tired, and we would come down to the foot of the lane to meet them and tell them of all the wonders we discovered in the new place, and then, the last wagon unloaded, the candles lighted, our neighbors who had helped us to move—for in those times fearful strain between the hour on the morning of the first of May, when he took his immature breakfast, and the hour at night when he rolled into his extemporized couch. The furniture broken sometimes will result in the breaking of the Ten Commandments. There is no more fearful pass than the hall of a house where two families meet, one moving out and the other moving in. The salutation is apt to be more vehement than complimentary. The grace that will be sufficient for the first of January and the first of February and the first of March and the first of April will not be sufficient for the first of May. Say your prayers that morning if you find nothing better to kneel down by than a coal settle, and say your prayers at night though your knee comes down on a paper of carpet tacks. You will want supernatural help if any of you move. Help in the morning to start out right on the day's work. Help at night to repent. There will be enough of annoyance to make a Xantippe out of a Frances Ridley Havergal. I have again and again been in crises of moving day, and I have stood appalled and amazed and helpless in the shipwreck, taking as well as I could those things that floated ashore from the breakers, and I know how to comfort and how to warn, and how to encourage the people, so I preach this practical May day sermon. All these troubles will soon be gone, and the bruises will heal, and the stiffened joints will become supple, and your ruffled temper will be smoothed of its wrinkles, and order will take the place of disorder, and you will sit down in your new home seriously to contemplate.

That Tired Feeling

Just as surely indicates that the blood is lacking in vitality and the elements of health as does the most obstinate humor that the vital fluid is full of impurities. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures that tired feeling by enriching and vitalizing the blood, creating a good appetite and invigorating every organ of the body.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

"I had that tired feeling all the time. Was as tired in the morning when I rose as I was when I went to bed. I took four bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla and it made me feel like a new man. I could work hard and not feel tired. I recommend Hood's to all who need a good medicine." A. P. CHARTER, Creston, Iowa.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold by all druggists. Get Hood's and only Hood's.

An Ocean of Liquid Air.

Sir John Murray, the well-known naturalist, in a recent address, drew a vivid picture of the time, in the remote future, when temperatures as low as those which Professor Dewar produces in his experiments at the Royal Institution will prevail all over the earth. The atmosphere and the oceans will then have disappeared with the rocky crust of the globe, their elements having entered into new combinations. In other words, to use Sir John Murray's expression, "the waters of the ocean will have become solid rock." But over their surface will roll the waters of a new and most wonderful sea, "an ocean of liquid air about 40 feet in depth." At that time, of course, life as we know it will have vanished from the earth.

The Largest Band in the World.

The largest band in the world is that of the Catholic Protectorate of New York. It is made up of boys belonging in that institution, and has 200 members. They were in line St. Patrick's day in New York and from the start to the finish filled the air with melody. One hundred boys are in the brass and reed section, and another hundred make up the martial section composed of fliers and drummers. The boys play remarkably well and render the popular airs of the day with a spirit and harmony that evokes the applause of the spectators.

Thought is the bud, but deeds are the ripened thought.

Try Grain-O!

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Ask your Grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. Price of coffee. 15 cents and 25 cents per package. Sold by all grocers.

Tastes like Coffee
Looks like Coffee
Insist that your grocer gives you GRAIN-O
Accept no imitation.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Beutlrood

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
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CURE SICK HEADACHE.

CHEAP FARMS
DO YOU WANT A HOME?
100,000 ACRES Improved and unimproved

When Answering Advertisements Mention This Paper.

THE TRUMAN MOSS ESTATE, CROSSLAND, SANILAE CO., MICH.

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THE TRUMAN MOSS ESTATE, CROSSLAND, SANILAE CO., MICH.

Stevenson's Bulletin,

No. 1.

Until the next issue of this Paper I will sell the following.

- 3 plugs any kind Plug Tobacco 25c
- 3 12c cans solid pack Tomatoes 25c
- 3 12c cans elegant Corn 25c
- 5 lbs bright new prunes 25c
- 2 1/2 lbs Yellow Crawford Peaches 25c
- 3 pkgs Arcadia seeded Raisins 25c
- 2 2-16 lbs Full Cream Cheese 25c
- 3 2-16 lbs clear back Pork 25c
- 1 10-16 lbs sugar beet seed 25c
- 1 4-16 Long Red Mangel Seed 25c
- 1/4 lb Onion Seed, any kind 25c
- 1 lb Shredded Coconut 25c
- 2 pkgs whole wheat Biscuit 25c
- 8 bars any the Standard Soaps 25c
- 10 bars some varieties Soap 25c
- 5 bars 17 oz Cakes Family Soap 25c
- 5 lbs extra light brown Sugar 25c

You can't make money any faster than to watch these bulletins and read them.

G. A. STEVENSON.

Local Happenings.

Rebecca Martin, of Fairgrove, has been granted an \$8 pension.

The contract has been let for the erection of a crematory at Kinde and the well is being drilled.

All kinds of rough and dressed lumber and shingles for sale.

P. C. Purdy & Son, Gaytown. 5-3-18

WANTED—Information is wanted at this office regarding the whereabouts of one August Kellm. Supposed to have been a resident of this county during past 40 years. Any reliable information concerning him, whether dead or alive, will be suitably rewarded.—Caro Courier.

The Democratic Seventh district congressional convention, held at Pt. Huron Monday, nominated Hon. Justin R. Whiting for congress. The resolutions adopted declared for W. J. Bryan for president, and congratulated the people of the district on the glowing prospects of Democratic success next fall.

Josiah Pratt, of Cumber, informs us that since the opening of the last haying season he has baled over nine hundred tons of hay for Frutchee, McGeorge & Co., of this place, besides some two hundred tons for other buyers. He has not quite completed the season yet and has over one hundred tons more to put up for our local dealers.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Schwaderer returned to-day from a three weeks trip through Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama and Texas. Mr. Schwaderer is quite favorably impressed with the latter state, it being noted for grazing, poultry and fruit raising. Early potatoes are now fit for digging and fruit is well developed. Mr. Schwaderer had the privilege of hearing W. J. Bryan at Detroit on Wednesday evening.

"DeWitt's Little Early Risers, are the finest pills I ever used."—D. J. Moore, Millbrook, Ala. They quickly cure all liver and bowel troubles. Bond's Drug Store.

CHAS. R. WESSMAR, 2533 Ashland St., Evanston, Ill., writes: "My boy 2 1/2 years old had a severe cold which refused to yield to any treatment until we tried Foley's Honey and Tar which gave immediate relief, and he was completely cured before using one bottle. Guaranteed, 25 and 50c. T. H. Fritz, Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston."

Teachers' Association.

The following is the program for the Tuscola County Teachers' Association at Caro on Saturday, May 12, 1900:

- SATURDAY MORNING—High school room, 9:30
- Piano Solo.....Miss Ophelia Lazelle, Caro.
- Devotional Exercises.....
- Paper—Ideal of Practical Education.....W. H. Webb, Fairgrove.
- Vocal Solo.....Mrs. R. L. Holloway, Caro.
- Paper—The Importance of Civics in our Schools.....M. M. Haines, Riceville.
- Discussion—General.....
- Singing—From Knapsacks.....Miss Blanch Hawley, Caro.
- Art in Schools.....Miss Nellie M. Westland, Cass City.
- Discussion.....Led by A. E. Wilder, Vassar.
- AFTERNOON—High school room, 1:30.
- Piano Solo.....Miss Carrie Townsend, Caro.
- Paper—What Books Shall We Read?.....
- Paper—Promotion of Purty among School Children.....Miss Anna Black, Caro.
- Piano Solo.....Miss Carrie Townsend, Caro.
- Review of Huges' "Mistakes in Teaching.".....Miss Rosalie Springsteen, Caro.
- Discussion—General.....
- Vocal Solo.....Mrs. R. L. Holloway, Caro.
- The School System of Tennessee.....Mrs. L. E. Forbes, Watrousville.

It is hoped that every teacher in this county will make an effort to be present at this meeting. A roll call will be taken and a record kept.

P. G. DAVIS, Pres.
CHAS. WEAVER, Sec'y

Unfortunate People

are they who while suffering from kidney diseases are prejudiced against all advertised remedies. They should know that Foley's Kidney Cure is not a quack remedy, but an honest guaranteed medicine for kidney and bladder troubles. 50c. and \$1.00 a bottle. T. H. Fritz, Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston.

WANTED—Honest man or woman to travel for large house; salary \$25 monthly and expenses, with increase; position permanent; close self-addressed stamped envelope. MANAGER, 330 Caxton bldg., Chicago. 12-21-20

THE SENSE OF TASTE.

IT SHOULD BE THE BEST GUIDE TO THE FOOD WE NEED.

If Not Perverted, It Will Select Those Substances For Which the Body is Suffering—We Use Entirely Too Much Salt.

The function of the taste doubtless sustains a much more important relation to digestion than has been generally accorded to it, says Dr. Kellogg. Food to be digested must be appetizing. Food which nauseates does not stimulate the secretion of the fluid necessary to digest it either in the mouth or the stomach. The sense of taste may be regarded as a sort of regulation. However it is an important property of food that the sense of taste may be stimulated and that it may have an opportunity to exercise its selective and controlling functions.

When one has eaten a sufficient amount of simple, wholesome food, the sense of taste informs him of the fact by declining to receive more. A perfect rule for mastication would be to chew each morsel of food until there is left only a tasteless remnant. It is useless to swallow such a residue, as it can have no nutritive value. When food is taken in this way, the sense of taste has an opportunity to say "enough" before too much has been swallowed and thus affords a perfect means of adapting the amount of food taken to the needs of the body.

A careful study of this suggestion will also show that the sense of taste, if allowed to act in a normal way, will select those substances of which the body is in great need. For example, if the blood is impoverished and needs an extra supply of nitrogenous food there will be a craving for such foods as nuts, legumes and possibly eggs and milk or some other substance containing nitrogen.

A curious analogy to this function is found in some insectivorous plants, which, as has been shown by recent experiments, refuse to capture insects or pay attention to fragments of meat placed within their grasp except when the soil upon which they grow is lacking in nitrogenous elements. By supplying a fertilizer rich in nitrogen these so-called carnivorous plants cease to be carnivorous and behave wholly like other plants. The same principle applies to the use of fat making substances, such as starchy and oleaginous foods, such as nuts and cereals. The writer has frequently observed in thin patients a craving for fats, which disappeared entirely after the patient had made a gain of 20 or 30 pounds.

The taste was no doubt intended by the Creator to be a perfect guide to the quantity and quality of food to be taken, and not simply a means of gustatory pleasure. Unfortunately it has been terribly de-limited and perverted from its normal function. Men and women treat the palate as the pianist treats his instrument, touching it in various ways simply for the purpose of proving pleasurable sensations, with no regard whatever for the possible needs of the body or the possible damage which may be caused. The sense of taste, thus wrongly educated, becomes perverted, and its indications are developed, which demand satisfaction in the use of tea, coffee, wine and other intoxicants, mustard, pepper and other condiments, large quantities of salt, pickles and rich and savory dishes of various sorts, together with sweets, ices and tidbits of all kinds. The sense of taste has been de-throned from its high position as governor of nutrition and has come to be merely the servant of a capricious and insatiable desire for an illegitimate sensation, a purely selfish animal pleasure. This is gluttony, pure and simple, and is the apt tutor and hail companion of alcoholic intemperance.

The free use of common salt must likewise be placed among serious dietetic errors. Professor Bunge of Basel, the leading physiological chemist of the world, with many others, has shown that the so-called necessity for the alimentary use of salt rests upon a very uncertain and equivocal, if not erroneous, basis and that at most salt can be used without injury only in minute quantities. The quantity designated by Professor Bunge as within the limits of possible harmlessness is about 15 grains a day, or probably less than one-fourth of the amount usually consumed. The free use of salt leads to thirst and copious drinking in connection with meals. Gum chewing, tobacco chewing, the use of tobacco in any form, must be condemned as harmful to the digestion through exhausting the function of the salivary glands, so that when required to maintain constant activity the saliva secreted by the glands has very little value as a digestive agent. The glands, as well as the muscles and other parts of the body, require rest in which to store up the elements necessary for their proper function.—Good Health.

An Obstinate Sore Cured
JAS. G. AMHERSTOF, Della, O., writes: "I had an obstinate sore on my face which everything else failed to heal, after one application of Baumer Salve it began to heal and after three applications it was entirely healed leaving no scar. T. H. Fritz, Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston."

The Foundation of Woman.
A small boy in the mission Sunday school of Bishop Fellows' church pronounced an entirely new theory of creation last Sunday.

"Who made man?" asked the teacher, beginning as in the good old days when orthodox used catechisms. "God," was the prompt reply. "And how did he make him?" "Out of dust, ma'am; nothing but dust." "And who made woman?" "God made her, too, ma'am." "How?" The small boy hesitated and then replied cheerfully, "He caused a deep sleep to fall upon man and then took out his backbone and made the woman."—Chicago Inter Ocean.

A New Arabic Notation.
There is a city magistrate living up town who is possibly raising a mathematical prodigy in the person of his 3 or 4 year old daughter. She has only recently begun to attend the kindergarten and yet meditates changes in the system of enumeration now in vogue which, while startling, are certainly suggestive.

When asked the other day to count, she hesitated some and then replied: "None, some, one, two, three, fore."—New York Times.

Sick Headache
is the bane of women. What is wanted is not relief a lone, but relief and cure. Dr. Royal Ford's Dyppeptide will cure Sick Headache for all time. It makes the stomach right. T. H. Fritz, Cass City; F. A. Francis, Kingston.

A Lost King.

In olden times, when European kings were as plentiful as Kentucky colts and today, it was not an exceptional occurrence for a king to disappear and never be heard of again. In ancient times, however, the people have been more careful of their kings.

So when King Sebastian of Portugal disappeared in battle July 29, 1578, while fighting the Moors at Alcazar, there was great commotion. The Moors surrendered to the Portuguese a body said to be that of the king, but it was rumored that the Moors had the king alive in custody. The surrendered body was buried with royal honors at Belem, but the faithful Portuguese persisted in waiting for the return of their king. Long after he would have died in the course of nature his countrymen longingly awaited his coming.

Even up to this day the legend of the return of King Sebastian is believed by many, and on stormy nights credulous Portuguese citizens will wrap their cloaks about them and go outside and watch the storm, thinking that the king may appear in a cloud of fire again to rule.

What Is a Sleeper?
Here is a definition which is as difficult to read rapidly as "Peter Piper picked a peck of pickled peppers" and yet is more sensible. In fact, it is an actual statement of facts, as you will find if you read it slowly:

A sleeper is one who sleeps. A sleeper is that in which a sleeper sleeps. A sleeper is that on which the sleeper runs while the sleeper sleeps. Therefore while the sleeper sleeps in the sleeper the sleeper carries the sleeper over the sleeper under the sleeper jumps the sleeper and wakes the sleeper in the sleeper by striking the sleeper or under the sleeper on the sleeper, and there is no longer any sleeper sleeping in the sleeper on the sleeper.

No Woman May Reign.
The question has been asked why none of the daughters of the czar may be a successor to the throne on which the great Catherine proved her capacity. The exclusion rests only on an edict of the Emperor Paul, the son of Catherine the Great, issued to discredit his mother's memory.

France has as many as 45,000 families, with 130,000 individuals, claiming a title of nobility; but, as a matter of fact, only about 450 families can prove their claim to descent from a noble family in feudal times.

Near the city of Durban, South Africa, is the Place of Death, a funnellike cleft in the coast rocks, into which at times gone by the Zulu chiefs were accustomed to take the victims of their wrath to die.

Chinese Prayer Book.
The Chinese are not addicted to the use of machinery, but they know something about labor saving devices. A man who got so well acquainted with a laundryman that he dropped into his little pad of rice paper over his bunk. Each sheet was inscribed with numerous hieroglyphics, and the Celestial was asked what it meant. He replied that it was a prayer book and went on to explain that he tore off a leaf every night before going to bed, so as to expose a fresh supplication for the ensuing day. Seeing that the American was shocked, the Chinaman assured him that the prayers were first class in every particular and much better than he could compose himself. He added that these queer prayer books came from Peking.

QUESTION ANSWERED.
Yes, August Flower still has the largest sale of any medicine in the civilized world. Your mothers' and grandmothers' never thought of using anything else for Indigestion or Biliousness. Doctors were scarce, and they seldom heard of Appendicitis, Nervous Prostration or Heart failure, etc. They used August Flower to clean out the system and stop fermentation of undigested food, regulate the action of the liver, stimulate the nervous and organic action of the system, and that is all they took when feeling dull and bad with headaches and other aches. You only need a few doses of Green's August Flower, in liquid form, to make you satisfied there is nothing superior the matter with you. Sample bottle at T. H. Fritz's.

3-CENT COLUMN.
Advertisements will be inserted under this heading for three cents per line each week.
FOR SALE—18 inch dry Beech Maple wood \$1.50 per cord delivered in town. O. K. JAMES, 2-26-11
FOR SALE—Building stone, delivered at \$2.50 per cord. G. W. W. A. ANGERSON.
MONEY to loan at six per cent on real estate. 8-3-11 E. B. LANSON.
REGISTERED Large English Berkshire boar for service at my farm 1 1/2 miles west of Cass City. 12-29-11 J. D. TUCKER.
FOR SALE—Mare 7 years old, weight 1400 One cord light double harness. F. C. LEE.
FOR SALE—A house, barn, one acre of land, good location. Reasonable terms. A. A. HITCHCOCK.

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A handsome metal safe, with latest combination of any scientific journal. Terms, \$3 a year; four months, \$1. Sold by all newsdealers.
MANN & CO. 357 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 257 E. St., Washington, D. C.

On The Wrong Tack
Are bicycle buyers when they are hunting for anything but a
Dell Bicycle
On the other hand strict attention to business will bring its reward. We pride ourselves on the manner in which your wheel is repaired at attention to the excellence of the work, and our promptness and attention to everything entrusted to us.
J. D. Schenck.

Wool! Wool!

Wool wanted at the highest market price. Store room north of the Opera House. G. S. RIKER 4-19-8

Money to Loan
On farm property in amounts of \$200 to \$2,500 from 2 to 10 years. Will take partial payments. See O. K. James for particulars. 8-4

PONTIAC OXFORD & NORTHERN R. R.

PASSENGER TIME CARD.
Trains run on Central Standard Time.

GOING NORTH				GOING SOUTH			
From	To	Mix. No.	Time	From	To	Mix. No.	Time
Pt. Huron	Caro	1	10:00	Caro	Pt. Huron	1	10:00
Caro	St. Ignace	2	10:30	St. Ignace	Caro	2	10:30
St. Ignace	St. Ignace	3	11:00	St. Ignace	St. Ignace	3	11:00
St. Ignace	St. Ignace	4	11:30	St. Ignace	St. Ignace	4	11:30
St. Ignace	St. Ignace	5	12:00	St. Ignace	St. Ignace	5	12:00
St. Ignace	St. Ignace	6	12:30	St. Ignace	St. Ignace	6	12:30
St. Ignace	St. Ignace	7	1:00	St. Ignace	St. Ignace	7	1:00
St. Ignace	St. Ignace	8	1:30	St. Ignace	St. Ignace	8	1:30
St. Ignace	St. Ignace	9	2:00	St. Ignace	St. Ignace	9	2:00
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