

CASS CITY ENTERPRISE.

VOL. XVII. NO. 38. 40

CASS CITY, MICH., SEPT. 8, 1898.

BY A. A. P. M'DOWELL.



BURNING MONEY.

None of us are so rich that we are disposed to burn any money. Yes, that's what you will be doing if you do not see our

NEW MAMMOTH FALL STOCK

of Shoes, Clothing, Hats, Caps, Gloves, Mittens, Etc. Stock to select from nearly or quite double any former other season. If you are skeptical, call and be convinced as to stock and prices. N. B.—Butter and Eggs wanted.

J. D. Crosby
CASS CITY'S
SHOE & CLOTHING MAN.

New Goods

For fall are beginning to come and to close out Summer Goods a

Special price

will be given. Straw Hats at 1/2 price. 20 pair White Oxfords, worth \$1.25, will close at \$.50. Special prices

In Light Colored Suits

A quantity of child's \$1.25 suits at \$.90. All Clothing, Shoes, Dry Goods, Groceries, Carpets, etc. at very low prices. Highest price for butter and eggs.

2 Macks 2.

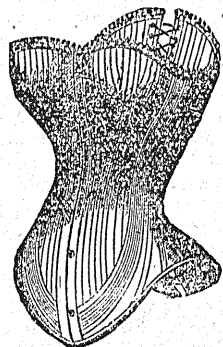
Beginning

Saturday, Aug. 27th

We will offer some great bargains in MEN'S SHOES. 35 pairs, regular price from \$1.00 to \$2.50. All will go at 99 Cents For Cash, Butter or Eggs. None of them to be charged on books. This is a rare bargain. We are also offering extra inducements in Ladies' Summer Underwear and Shirt Waists

We are selling the celebrated

L. L. Loomer
Corset, Best in the market, at \$1.00.



Loomer's
Improved
cutaway

Easy, Comfortable
Stylish and Graceful. Combining all the good points of the new French, Short Corset, with improvements—try one and enjoy case

Call and get our prices on regular line of Groceries, Dry Goods, Shoes and Bicycles.

Umbrellas at cut Prices. We Risk the Experiment and GUARANTEE EACH GARMENT.

LAING & JANES.

Just Received...

NEW CROP --OF-- NIB TEAS.

They are far superior to the other crop in draw and flavor. Call and get a Sample.

Frost & Hebblewhite.

W. A. Fairweather

Wants your Butter and Eggs at the highest market price.

Do you wear.....

UNDERWEAR and HOSE?

We have the largest and most complete line ever shown in Cass City for Ladies', Gents' or Children.

Do you.....

NEED A NEW DRESS?

Our assortment of Dress Goods is larger than ever before. Be sure you look our stock over before purchasing your new fall dress. Our entire stock is new. Our prices are the lowest. We are headquarters for Prints, Ginghams, Dress Goods, Silks, Linens, Notions, Underwear, Hose, Woolens, White Goods, Cottons, Ladies' and Gents' Collars and Ties, Handkerchiefs, Etc.

Outings! Outings!! Outings!!!

Come and see our Outings. Batts, Batts, Batts, 5 cents for Batts, 5 cents for Batts. 1000 yards Apron Ginghams we offer at 3 cents per yard.

We carry a full line of staple Groceries. Save money and time by trading at the People's Popular Dry Goods Store. Butter and Eggs wanted.

W. A. Fairweather.

A. A. MCKENZIE,

FUNERAL

DIRECTOR,

Cass City, Mich.

Branches at Gagetown and Argyle.

Gagetown Manager—David Ashmore.
Argyle Center Manager—John McPhail

The Little Red Book Store

is headquarters for the following high grade

Pianos

The Knabe
Jewett,
Vose,
Haines,
Capen

and the Imperial Organ. Get our prices before buying elsewhere.

F. KLUM & CO.

School - Books,

Tablets, Pencils,
Slates, Sponges,
Pens, Holders,
Ink and all kinds
of school supplies

Now Ready.

Come in and get your supplies before the rush.....

T. H. Fritz's Pharmacy.

Smut in Wheat

A disease can be prevented.

Result of investigation by C. F. Wheeler, Botanist and C. Smith Director of U. S. experiment station.

Recipes and directions for use as recommended by the above gentlemen free of charge.

Amos Bond,
Pharmacist



Tallmadge and Allen will give a harvest dance at the Town Hall on Friday evening.

Mrs. J. H. Striffler and daughter, Lily, attended the convention at Sebawaing last week.

Miss Jo. McClinton left on Tuesday for Toronto and Uxbridge, Ont., for a visit with relatives.

Mrs. Jos. Martus returned last Thursday evening from her visit to Orion and Fenton.

J. H. Woolley headed up some of the finest plums the other day that we have seen this year.

Mrs. H. S. Wickware left on Tuesday evening for Detroit where she will purchase her fall stock.

Jas. Tennant is laid up, as a result of a mis-step and the consequent straining of his knee.

W. A. Fairweather quotes some startling prices in his announcement this week. See them.

A little daughter came to the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Woolley, west of town, Sunday evening.

Fred Schell has secured a certificate to teach in Lapeer County and has the promise of a school there.

The Junior societies of our churches will hold a union temperance meeting at the Evangelical Church.

James Patterson now occupies his recently purchased residence in the southern part of the village.

Rev. Jas. W. Fenn will preach a temperance sermon at the M. E. Church next Sunday evening.

Miss Dixon, of Port Huron, is the guest of her cousin, D. J. Giles. She is accompanied by a lady friend.

Miss Winnie McClinton returned on Monday from a two weeks' visit with her sister, Mrs. P. D. Post, at Bad Axe.

Miss Maud Wickware, of Ellington, has been engaged to teach in Dist. No. 5, Novesta, beginning her duties next Monday.

Miss Margaret Campbell began her duties on Monday as teacher of the school one and three quarters miles west of town.

Mr. and Mrs. Orr and Miss Kelly, of Caro, visited Jas. Ramsey and Mr. and Mrs. Jas. McGillivray on Saturday and Sunday last.

A. K. Roblin, who has been living in the Hitchcock house on Seegar Street south, has moved back to his farm in Greenleaf township.

Jas. S. McArthur, John Battle and Mrs. Rich. Parr, Jr., left this morning to attend the London Fair and to visit relatives near there.

A band of gypsies are camped just west of town. Since their arrival here their number has been augmented by the arrival of a babe.

Miss Collins, second daughter of Rev. E. Collins, Detroit, has been the guest of Miss Mary A. Murphy. She left for Bad Axe Tuesday.

Miss Belle Schell has secured the Jeffrey school between Wilmor and Kingston and began her duties as teacher there on Monday.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the M. E. Church met with Mrs. Rich. Duggan on Wednesday and served tea to quite a large company in the evening.

Jacob Chamberlain took his departure on Saturday morning to look after his land interests in Dakota. We wish him a pleasant trip and safe return.

Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Bennett spent a day here last week on their return from their wedding trip, before proceeding to their future home at Bad Axe.

Rev. B. J. Baxter, of the Presbyterian Church, administered the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper at the Brookfield church on Sunday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Topping from the northwest part of the town. Messrs. Meiser and Woolley are putting in the stone foundation and Landon, Eno & Keating will do the carpenter work. The building will be of brick and of modern style.

The entertainment and social given by the Epworth League at the M. E. Church last Friday evening received quite a liberal patronage. The program was pronounced good and the refreshments could not be otherwise consisting principally of peaches and cream. The receipts were about \$15.

Messrs. E. H. Pinney and John Marshall, Mesdames Pinney and McLean, and Miss Irene Pinney returned the first of the week from their trip to Duluth and report a very pleasant time. While there they were agreeably surprised to meet Rev. Chas. H. Fenn, of Leavenworth, Kansas, son of Rev. J. W. Fenn, of this place. The Rev. Chas. is supplying a pulpit at Duluth temporarily.

The annual reunion of the First Michigan cavalry will be held at Caseville on Sept. 21 and 22. The committee in charge has made ample arrangements to care for all visitors.

J. T. Jones returned Monday evening from an extended trip through Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa and two or three other states, paying a visit to the Omaha Exposition before starting homeward.

Geo. E. Perkins, C. W. Heller and John W. Gordon attended the National Encampment, G. A. R., at Cincinnati. J. Chamberlain also intended to visit the encampment before leaving for Dakota.

A prayer-meeting was conducted by the Epworth League on Sunday afternoon at the home of Orlando White three miles east and one-half mile south of town. About forty-five were in attendance.

The Republican delegation sent from this place to the county convention at Caro on Wednesday consisted of E. B. Landon, W. J. Campbell, J. H. Striffler, A. W. Seed, T. H. Hunt, Chas. McCuo and J. D. Withey.

A union meeting of the young people's societies will be held next Sunday evening at 6:30 o'clock at the M. E. Church. The topic will be along the temperance line and everyone is earnestly invited to attend.

While in this vicinity last week, Ferdinand Brucker, of Saginaw, congressman for this district, made us a brief but pleasant call, and appeared quite confident of a liberal and hearty support should he appear in the race again.

Rev. E. Shepard, who is about to take up the work on the Gagetown circuit of the M. P. Church, announces that he will conduct services on Sept. 18th as follows:—Gagetown, 10:30 a. m.; Herron Church, 3 p. m.; Brookfield, 7:30 p. m.

The work of pipe laying for the waterworks is progressing quite satisfactorily and by the time this issue reaches our readers will be completed from Maple Street to Leach Street, along Main, and along Seegar Street to Pine Street.

E. F. Marr is the possessor of a specimen of chain coral of unusual size which was picked up by his son, Glenn, while spending his vacation at Jos. Brown's, one mile this side of Cumber. The specimen is said to be one of the best.

An important news item was unintentionally overlooked last week. N. Bigelow was called by telegram to attend the funeral of his father near Davisburg, Mich. He had been enjoying comparatively good health up to a short time before his death.

Mrs. Geo. Davenport returned last Thursday evening from attending the opening of the Forester Temple at Toronto, Ont., and speaks in glowing terms of the reception met with in that city. She went as a representative of the Lady Companions.

Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Lee and daughter, Lela, left for Detroit on Monday morning where Mrs. Lee will remain for a time to look up goods and styles in millinery. Mr. Lee spent a short time with his father at Birmingham and returned Tuesday evening.

While N. Gable was assisting H. A. Pierce in H. S. Wickware's blacksmith shop, on Tuesday he received a painful injury. The end flew from a cold chisel and penetrated his right wrist to the depth of half an inch. Dr. Wickware dressed the injured member.

The remains of Mrs. Archie McLaughlin, of Argyle, were brought here for interment on Saturday. Among those who attended the services were Archie McLaughlin, deceased's husband, Alex. McLaughlin, John McPhail, M. Walker and Mr. King.

Work has been commenced on the residence of Henry Wettlaufer in the northwest part of the town. Messrs. Meiser and Woolley are putting in the stone foundation and Landon, Eno & Keating will do the carpenter work. The building will be of brick and of modern style.

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An odorless, tasteless, air proof, acid proof, and water proof wax sealing for fruit and jelly jars at Bond's Pharmacy.

For Sale
One grade Oxford Down ram 1 year old.
9-8- O. K. JAMES.

Pay Up.
All owing me on book account please call and settle at once.
9-1- W. A. ANDERSON.

Money to Loan
On farm property in amounts of \$200 to \$2,500 from 2 to 10 years. Will take partial payments. See O. K. James for particulars.

Moreland For Sheriff.

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Dr. Nelson F. McClinton left for Alma on Wednesday morning, having decided to locate in that place. N. F. has practiced with his father here for the last two summers, with excellent success and has proven himself to be thoroughly up to date and while many regret his leaving here, all join in wishing him success in the location of his choice.

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Moreland For Sheriff.

Keep Your Youth

If you are young you naturally appear so. If you are old, why appear so? Keep young inwardly; we will look after the outwardly. You need not worry longer about those little streaks of gray; advance agents of age.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

will surely restore color to gray hair, and it will also give your hair all the wealth and gloss of early life. Do not allow the falling of your hair to threaten you longer with baldness. Do not be annoyed with dandruff. We will send you our book on the Hair and Scalp, free upon request.

Write to the Doctor. If you do not obtain all the benefits you expect from the use of the Vigor, write the doctor about it. Probably there is some difficulty with your system which may be easily removed.

Address, Dr. J. C. Ayer, Lowell, Mass.

Lazy Liver

"I have been troubled a great deal with a torpid liver, which produces constipation. I found **Cascarets** to be the best remedy for me, and secured such relief that I purchased another supply and was completely cured. I shall only be too glad to recommend Cascarets whenever the opportunity is presented."

2020 Susquehanna Ave., Philadelphia, Pa.

CANDY CATHARTIC

Cascarets

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

Pleasant, Palatable, Pure, Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sickens, Weakens, or Grips. 10c. 25c. 50c.

CURE CONSTIPATION.

NO-TO-BAC Sold and distributed by all drug stores. Give to CURE TOBACCO HABIT.

EDUCATIONAL.

The Standard Dictionary

Great Popular Offer.

By virtue of the unprecedented purchase in a single order of one hundred thousand (100,000) copies of this acknowledged masterpiece of lexicography, we are now enabled to offer it to the public at less than the Publishers' Prices. Thousands of persons, unable to purchase it, will eagerly welcome this opportunity to secure the unrivalled STANDARD as a greatly reduced price. It is incomparably the greatest, as it is positively the latest, most complete, and most authoritative new dictionary in existence. We sell it for cash or on installments. For particulars address

Standard Dictionary Agency,
22 Clinton St., Detroit, Mich.

YOUNG MEN and **Ladies** wanted to **LEARN** **TELEGRAPHY**, and **Railroad Bookkeeping**. This is endorsed by leading calligraphers as the best institution of its kind. We place all graduates in the best positions. **MOORE'S SCHOOL OF TELEGRAPHY**, Oshkosh, Wis.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY: **DR. J. A. SUTHERLAND'S** quick relief cure for dropsy. Sold for bottles and 10 day treatment. Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S BLDG., Atlanta, Ga.

PENSIONS Got your Pension **PENSIONS DOUBLE QUICK** Write **CAPT. O'PARRELL**, Pension Agent, 1425 New York Avenue, WASHINGTON, D. C.

CHEAP FARMS DO YOU WANT A HOME? 100,000 ACRES Improved and unimproved farming lands to be divided and sold on long time and easy payments, a little each year. Come and see us or write. **THE TRUMAN MOSS STATE BANK**, Sanilac Center, Mich., or

THE TRUMAN MOSS ESTATE, Crosswell, Sanilac Co., Mich.

A DEADLY OCTAVE.

I. "I see by your face, doctor, that you think it a very serious case. Is not that so?"

"Well, Mrs. Delmege," I replied, in as cheering a tone as possible, "there is really no immediate cause for anxiety. Your daughter is undoubtedly not in a good state of health, her nerves are upset and she wants rest and total freedom from worry."

"But," said Mr. Delmege, "what can she have had to worry her? She was always, as you know, in the best of health and good spirits until the past few months, when she has gradually fallen into this condition."

"I should like to see Dr. O'Connell," I replied, rather evasively. "He has, you say, been attending Miss Delmege for some time past?"

Dr. O'Connell, the local practitioner, lived but short distance from Deanship, Mr. Delmege's residence.

"We will send the trap over there at once with you if you wish," said Mr. Delmege.

"Do so!" I answered. "I am anxious to see him as soon as possible."

I had a lengthy conversation with the doctor. He was a smart, intelligent-looking man, and had the reputation of possessing a larger share of ability than is usual in a country practitioner. The result of our conversation was that I decided to remain for some time at Deanship, and wired to my house in London for my things to be sent on.

The case was a more serious one than I cared to admit to Miss Delmege's parents. The danger was not immediate; but if my diagnosis of the case, with which Dr. O'Connell quite agreed, was a correct one—the girl's life was undoubtedly in danger.

Miss Delmege was a young girl of about 18, and extremely pretty, she was an only child, and the idol of her parents. She had suddenly some months ago, fallen into rather bad health, becoming subject to violent headaches, attended by continued sore throats and pains in the eyes.

At length Dr. O'Connell, the local practitioner, called in further advice, and I, being an old friend of Mr. Delmege's, was sent for.

Ten days or so passed by after my arrival at Deanship, during which time I carefully studied and watched the progress—for progress, alas! it was—of the malady from which Miss Delmege was suffering, and at the end of that time I was fairly puzzled to arrive at the cause, though I was quite satisfied as to what the nature of the illness was.

"Can we do nothing for my poor child?" exclaimed Mr. Delmege, during one of my visits. "Is she to die under our very hands?"

I determined then to tell Mr. Delmege my opinion of the case, as there was nothing to be gained by concealing it any longer from him.

"I have made," I said, "a most careful diagnosis of the complaint from which your daughter is suffering, and there is in my mind not the slightest doubt but that it is the effects of arsenic poisoning."

Mr. Delmege stared at me in horror. "Arsenic?" he exclaimed.

"Yes," I continued. "All her symptoms are those exhibited in arsenic poisoning. The mystery is how she is getting it. She eats exactly the same food as you eat; it cannot, therefore, be in that way. I have examined critically the paper on the walls of her bedroom; I have subjected even the soap, her tooth powder—every little thing I can think of, in fact—to a most minute inspection, and in no way can I ascertain any traces of the poison."

"I confess I feel helpless to strike on any likely theory at present, but at all events I would advise your taking your daughter for change of air somewhere. If she makes a decided improvement while away, I candidly tell you I would not take her back here until I have ascertained the source of this poison, which is undoubtedly being administered to your daughter in such a way that it apparently affects no others in your household."

Mr. Delmege stood aghast at what I said.

"Poison?" he said. "Oh, who would want to injure my poor Agnes, who never did harm to anyone in her life?"

"Tell me," I asked, "is there anyone who would gain directly by her death?"

"No—oh, no!" Mr. Delmege replied, struck-struck by my question. "Ah, but let me see!" he went on, as if considering. "There is Mr. Hunt. He is a trustee for £10,000, which was left to Agnes by her aunt. If she should die before she becomes of age the money goes to Mr. Hunt or his children. In the event of her surviving that age, the money becomes absolutely my daughter's. But I cannot believe that Mr. Hunt would do that account try to injure my child. He has always been very obliging in many ways—indeed, it was Mr. Hunt who chose that new piano for Agnes, as we were unable to go to London ourselves at the time."

"Is he well off?" I inquired.

"I really cannot say," answered Mr. Delmege; "not very, I fancy. He is connected with some chemical business, I believe, or was at one time. But, doctor, if he had wished to injure my child he had no opportunity of doing so, for he never comes here, though we have often asked him; in fact, we really hear very little about him, and see him less."

It certainly did not appear likely that Mr. Hunt could be the author of Miss Delmege's sickness; but at the same time I could not shake off the feeling that in some way or other he was connected with it.

"Well," I replied, after a little consideration. "I will tell you what to do."

ly became aware of a face peering in at me from the window.

It was the face of an elderly man, with a white beard and wild, staring eyes. It disappeared at once. I made a dash for the window, when suddenly a shot rang out in the night air, and a bullet, grazing my temple, smashed into fragments a vase on the mantelpiece.

I sprang out of the window, and saw the figure of a man rushing toward the corpse at the back of the house, where it disappeared.

Another shot rang out.

I hastened toward the wood, and before I had gone many yards, found the body of Mr. Hunt—as it afterward proved to be—stretched out dead on the sward.

He had come down to Seacombe to see how this murderous plan was progressing, and, hearing I was there, round the house, he had seen my examination of the piano, and the discovery of his diabolical design. I think, upset his mind, and in desperation he attempted my life and took his own.

It was some time before Miss Delmege or her parents recovered from the shock of the awful occurrence of that night; but time is a great medicine, and they are all happy and well now.

The piano with its fatal octave is kept locked in a dark storeroom at Deanship, where visitors are sometimes permitted to see and hear its tragic history.

PREMATURE BURIAL.

Many Distinguished People Have Been Afraid of It.

Wilkie Collins left a missive among his papers, says a writer in Chambers' Journal, directing that when he died a thorough examination of his body was to be made by a skilled surgeon. Lady Burton, wife of Capt. Sir Richard Burton, ordered that her body should be pierced with a needle in the region of the heart. Mr. Edmund Yates, of the World; Miss Ada Cavendish, Miss Harriet Martineau, the authoress, and Hans Andersen, the writer of so many fairy tales, may be mentioned as men and women who have left instructions that they should not be interred until everything possible had been done to make sure that they were lifeless. In some cases it was the severance of a vein, in others even decapitation that was resorted upon. Others, with a similar end in view, have adopted different means. The signalling invention of Edgar Allan Poe, who wrote this subject up in his characteristically weird fashion, is familiar to all readers. Then, there is the apparatus of a Russian inventor, which consists of a mechanism placed in the throat of the corpse. If consciousness returned and an effort were made to breathe, the effort set in motion certain wires, which resulted in a bell ringing in the cemetery keepers' lodge. In "Jezabel's Daughters" the idea is very similar, save that, instead of a throat apparatus, wires were fastened to the hands of the corpse. Last year Sir Henry Littlejohn told his students at Edinburgh of a fancy coffin, fitted with patent springs so constructed that on the slightest indication of returning life, they would immediately open the coffin and thus save the victim. This may have a reference to the Russian invention, seeing that the idea is the same, though there is a slight difference in detail.

OUR BUDGET OF FUN.

SOME GOOD JOKES, ORIGINAL AND SELECTED.

How the Poets Keep Cool—Inauspicious Moment—Shoplifting Illustrated—Enough to Make Her Blue—More Important Service.

How the Poets Keep Cool. The snow is falling fast today, The icebergs are in bloom, The hail and sleet with rapture beat On housetop, tree and tomb! The wild wind whistles fancy free With fierce and cutting force; Old Boreas howls so merrily— 'Tis winter time, of course! And, oh! — — —

The poet wipes his brow and says: "I feel must cooler now!" —Max Scher.

The Scorer's Lament. I know a maiden who is fair, As far as form and features go; Her father is a millionaire, But she can ne'er be mine, for oh, As I was riding yesterday With my head bent o'er the handle-bar, He suddenly got in the way— I was so near, now I'm so far!

An Inauspicious Moment. "I am going away to kill myself!" cried the heartbroken young man as the beautiful maiden slammed the door after him. "Just my luck!" growled the footpad, who had been waiting in the shadow. "What's the use askin' him for his money or his life now?"

Shop Lifting.

More Important Service. She—"You're a big, able-bodied fellow. Why aren't you away fighting for your country?" He—"Gracious, goodness! I guess you don't keep very well posted. Didn't you know that I had been chosen as one of the members of the team that is to represent our golf club in the match game against the Huxegs next month?"

An Ordinary Hardship. She's gone away to stay until The early autumn days, Where the winds blow cool and o'er the hill There ever hangs a haze.

A Slow Method. Wilberforce—"Poor Dawkins has committed suicide, did you say? When did it happen?" Tillinghast—"Well, it hasn't taken effect yet. The method he chose is rather slow." Wilberforce—"What method did he choose?" Tillinghast—"He has gone to Klondike after gold."

Enough to Make Her Blue. Mrs. O'Brien—"Phwat's t'e matter, Mistress O'Toole, that makes you luk so blue?" Mrs. O'Toole—"An' it's bad luck to me, Mistress O'Brien, Pat's supper is gittin' cold, an' wurry has jist been brought from t'e quarry that Pat was blewed op, an' has not come down till yet. Pat is so 'ortless bad cess to him."

Quite True. Convict—"What makes you think I am a golf enthusiast?" Visitor—"You are so attached to the links."—"Up-to-Date."

Horrible. "Say, if Spain could only get hold of the man who discovered America! She'd do worse than jail him now." "Heavens, yes! I believe they'd force him to succeed Sagasta!"

A SHOT RANG OUT.

noticed before—that her nails were rather bitten. It was a habit she was inclined to, and which, when I spoke about it once, she declared was induced by playing the piano so much. I didn't pay much attention to it at the time, but now the words came back to me with a peculiar significance.

I remembered that Mr. Delmege told me that Mr. Hunt had chosen the piano.

Now, Miss Delmege was the only one in the house that played, as neither her father nor mother ever touched the instrument.

This last attack had come on just a week after the piano had come from Deanship. I sat thinking over the matter for some time, and before saying anything to Mr. Delmege decided to make careful examination of the instrument, while I felt sure now was the source of this poison, which is undoubtedly being administered to your daughter in such a way that it apparently affects no others in your household."

Mr. Delmege stood aghast at what I said.

"Poison?" he said. "Oh, who would want to injure my poor Agnes, who never did harm to anyone in her life?"

"Tell me," I asked, "is there anyone who would gain directly by her death?"

"No—oh, no!" Mr. Delmege replied, struck-struck by my question. "Ah, but let me see!" he went on, as if considering. "There is Mr. Hunt. He is a trustee for £10,000, which was left to Agnes by her aunt. If she should die before she becomes of age the money goes to Mr. Hunt or his children. In the event of her surviving that age, the money becomes absolutely my daughter's. But I cannot believe that Mr. Hunt would do that account try to injure my child. He has always been very obliging in many ways—indeed, it was Mr. Hunt who chose that new piano for Agnes, as we were unable to go to London ourselves at the time."

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Residing in Three Countries.

Cases have been known of a man's house being in two parishes, and even in two counties, but a Belgian paper gives an instance of a miller, whose premises are in Bavaria, Prussia and Lorraine, though, of course, he claims to be a frontier inhabitant. He is the miller of Uhrigmuhle-loz-Bliesmengen, and the three territories on which he dwells touch each other, the line of demarcation being in the kitchen. The miller cannot really say that he is a Bavarian, a Prussian, or an inhabitant of Lorraine, for, after investigation, it has been discovered that he sleeps in Bavaria, lives in Prussia and works in Lorraine.

Prof. Von Zenker, who in 1860 first discovered the trichina disease, died recently in Mecklenburg at the age of 72 years.

HEROES OF WAR.

From the Chicago Times-Herald.

The feeling of admiration for heroes of war seems to be innate in the human breast, and is brought to the surface as the opportunity and object, for such hero worship presents itself.

Among those who proved their heroism during our Civil War was A. Schiffendener, 97 1st Sedgwick Street, Chicago. He is an Australian by birth, came to America at the age of twenty, and soon became an American citizen. He was living at Milwaukee when the call for volunteers came, early in 1862, and he promptly enlisted in Company A of the Twenty-sixth Wisconsin Volunteers. In the Army of the Potomac our hero saw much fighting, campaigning in the Shenandoah Valley.

In the first day's fighting at the battle of Gettysburg, Schiffendener received a wound in the right side, which afterward caused him much trouble. With a portion of his regiment he was captured and imprisoned at Bell Island and Andersonville, and afterward exchanged. He returned to his regiment, which was transferred to the army of General Sherman, and marched with him through Georgia to the sea.

In this campaign Mr. Schiffendener's old wound began to trouble him and he was sent to the hospital and then home. He had also contracted catarrh of the stomach and found no relief for years.

"I happened to read an account of Dr. William's Pink Pills for Pale People about a year ago," he said, "and thought that they might be good for my trouble. I concluded to try them. I bought one box and began to take them according to directions. They gave me great relief. After finishing that box I bought another, and when I had taken the pills I felt that I was cured. I recovered my appetite and ate heartily. I can testify to the good the pills did me."

Mr. Schiffendener is a prominent Grand Army man in Chicago, whither he moved some years ago with his family.

HEROES OF WAR.

It's poor consolation to the girl who has been stung by a bee to know that bees are partial to sweet things.

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SYRUP OF FIGS

NEVER IMITATED IN QUALITY!

THE EXCELLENCE OF SYRUP OF FIGS is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The high standing of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. with the medical profession, and the satisfaction which the genuine Syrup of Figs has given to millions of families, makes the name of the Company a guarantee of the excellence of its remedy. It is far in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them, and it does not gripe nor nauseate. In order to get its beneficial effects, please remember the name of the Company—

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.

W. N. U.—DETROIT—NO. 37—1898

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

Battle Ax PLUG

"Hurrah! Battle Ax has come."

Everybody who reads the newspapers knows what privation and suffering were caused in Cuba—by the failure of the supply of tobacco provided by the Government to reach the camps of the U. S. Soldiers.

Battle Ax PLUG

When marching—fighting—tramping—wheeling instantly relieves that dry taste in the mouth.

Remember the name when you buy again.

"BIG FOUR ROUTE"

THE GREAT THROUGH CAR LINE TO CINCINNATI, ST. LOUIS, NEW YORK, & BOSTON THE BEST ROUTE BETWEEN Cincinnatti and Chicago, St. Louis, Toledo and Detroit.

ELEGANT DINING CARS

M. E. INGALLS, President. E. O. MCCORMICK, Passenger Traffic Manager. WARREN J. LYONH, Asst. Gen'l. Pass. & Tkt. Agt.

"THERE IS SCIENCE IN NEATNESS."

BE WISE AND USE **SAPOLIO** FROM FACTORY TO USER DIRECT.

We make the Surrays, Buggies, Phaetons and Road Wagons. Our goods have been favorably known to the trade for years. We now sell direct to the user at Wholesale Prices. The above 1200 West 11th St. buyer prefers to deal with the factory. He gets the best work at the lowest price than agents ask for low grade vehicles. We ship anywhere, subject to our limitations. WE BELIEVE in honest care. Kansas City, Mo., or Gooden, N. J. Write today. We sell Sewing Machines and the GOSSETT SEWING MACHINE. All at Wholesale Prices. ALL GOODS. No matter where you live, you are not so far away to do business with us and save money. Address: D. W. WALKER CARTRIDGE CO., GOODEN, INDIANA.

Cass City Enterprise.

An Independent Newspaper. Published every Thursday by THE McDOWELL PRESS, Secor St., Cass City, Tuscola Co., Mich.

Advertisements.
All changes of advertisements must be sent to this office no later than Wednesday noon of each week, else they can not be inserted in that week's issue. Reasonable rates are charged for display advertisements. Local notices on our paid local columns are five cents per line for first insertion. Notices of festivals, lectures, concerts and all entertainments of a money-making character are 25 cents a line. Resolutions of respect are charged for at the rate of one dollar for each insertion. Cards of thanks are twenty-five cents for each insertion.

The wide circulation of the ENTERPRISE in the counties of Tuscola, Huron and Sanilac, makes it a valuable advertising medium.

A. A. P. McDowell, Proprietor.

OUR MOTTO:
PERSEVERANCE, PROGRESS AND PATRIOTISM.

Professional Cards.

J. D. BROOKER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Reference, Exchange Bank and Cass City Bank. Office in Second story of Exchange Bank block, Cass City, Mich.

DR. M. M. W. ICKWARE,
Physician and Surgeon.

Special attention paid to diseases of women and children. Shuntley apparatus for treatment of diseases of nose, throat and lungs. Calls answered promptly, day or night. Office two doors south of Tennant House. Night calls from 7-22-97.

DR. CARRIE EDWARDS,
General practicing physician and surgeon, Graduate of the Michigan College of Medicine and Surgeon, Member of the American Medical Association and Woman Medical Society. Office over Cass City Bank.

I. A. FRITZ,
DENTIST. All work done equal to the best. It is my aim to make every job of work a blessing to those for whom it is done. My prices are reasonable. No charge for examination. Office over Fritz's drugstore. Not at home on Tuesdays.

M. CLINTON M. D. Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher. Office at residence.

A. A. MCKENZIE,
Auctioneer, Cass City, Mich. Sales of all kinds promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed. Sales solicited from all points. Terms reasonable. Arrangements can be made at the office of the ENTERPRISE. 8-24-94.

WM. SMITHSON,
Drayman, makes a specialty of moving household furniture, etc. handled with care. Draying of all kinds solicited. Cass City, Mich.

Societies.

I. O. F.
COURT ELKLAND, No. 235, I. O. F., meets on 2nd and 4th Tuesdays of each month in their hall in the Campbell block, at 7:30 p. m. Visiting brethren are cordially invited.

H. L. PINNEY, C. R.
A. A. MCKENZIE, Sec. 8-11-97.

I. O. O. F.
CASS CITY LODGE, No. 223, meets every Wednesday evening at 7:30. Visiting brethren cordially invited.

K. O. T. M.
CASS CITY TENT, No. 74, meets the first and third Friday evenings of each month, at 7:30. Visiting brethren cordially invited.

L. O. L.
CASS CITY LODGE, No. 214, meets on the first Tuesday evening of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Visiting brethren cordially invited.

Church Directory.
BAPTIST—Preaching services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. on Sunday. Sunday school at 12 m. Prayer meeting on Thursday evening.

EVANGELICAL—Services begin with Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Preaching services 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Y. F. A. meeting 6:30 p. m. English services every Sunday evening. All are invited. Rev. F. KLUHR, Pastor.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL—Preaching services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday. Class meetings follow the preaching. Sunday school at 12 m. Junior League at 3 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:30 p. m. Prayer meeting on Thursday evening at 7:30. Rev. J. B. BAXTER, Pastor.

Presbyterian—Sunday preaching services, 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Junior Endeavor at 3 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:30 p. m. Prayer meeting on Thursday evening at 7:30. Rev. J. B. BAXTER, Pastor.

H. L. PINNEY, Cashier. H. W. SEED, Asst. Cashier.

EXCHANGE BANK

Cass City, Mich.

Loans Money on Real Estate
In Partial Payment Terms if desired.

Pays Interest on Time Deposits.

E. H. PINNEY, Prop.

Cass City and Caro STAGE & LINE.

J. S. DUNHAM, PROP.

GOING WEST:
Leaves Cass City, - 6 A. M.
Arrives at Caro, - 9 "

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Leaves Caro, - 1 30 P. M.
Arrives at Cass City, - 4:30 "

FARE—One way, \$1.00; round trip \$1.50. Good rides always in readiness. Commercial men a specialty.



Busy? Yes. Why?

Because its hard work to supply the demand all over the country for **J. B. LEWIS CO'S "WEAR RESISTERS"**

They sell well, look well, feel well, wear well. For men, women and children. Look for "Lewis" on every shoe. Made only by the J. B. LEWIS CO., Boston, Mass.

LEWIS "WEAR RESISTERS" are sold by **J. D. CROSBY.**

Wilmot.

School commences Monday. The W. C. T. U. will meet at the home of Mrs. Graves Tuesday Sept. 13.

Miss May McBride, of Caro, was the guest of Miss Ethel Dubois over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Waidie attended the convention held at Saginaw last week returning Monday.

Quite a number of young people attended "The Gospel Meeting" over in Wells last Sunday evening.

Mrs. Goodrich, who has been visiting at Metamora for the past three weeks, is expected home this week.

The Junior League will give an entertainment in the Maccabee hall Saturday evening Sept. 17th. Admission 5c.

Mr. and Mrs. Legg, who went to different parts of Canada a short time ago for the benefit of Mr. Legg's health, returned home last Saturday evening but sorry to say at this writing that he is confined to his bed.

NOTICE.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on two 25 cent bottles of Baxter's Mandrake Bitters, if it fails to cure constipation, biliousness, sick headache, or any of the diseases for which it is recommended. Also will refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Down's Blixir, if it does not cure any cough, cold, croup, whooping cough, or throat or lung difficulty. We also guarantee one 25-cent bottle of either of the above to prove satisfactory or money refunded. A. Bond and T. H. Fritz.

SHARBONA.

Letter-Day-Saints meeting closed Tuesday evening.

Willing Workers met Tuesday with Mrs. Mary Ehlers.

Mrs. Banks is slowly recovering from her recent illness.

Don't you know "Mit", it is too warm now-a-days for a "collar".

Miss Lydia McInnes visited with Miss Luella Jones the past week.

Mrs. Chas. Hulbert returned home Saturday from visiting her daughter at LaPeer.

Mrs. John McDonald is entertaining her sister-in-law from Unionville, Mrs. Leonard.

Mrs. Frank Parrot and family, left Friday morning, Sept. 2, for their new home at Wheeler.

Mrs. Thos. Colwell is entertaining her sisters, Mrs. King and Mrs. Holmes, of Rochester, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Crampton and Mrs. Rose Wilkie, of Flint, are visiting relatives in this place.

Mrs. Joseph Nichols has returned home from Lakewood where she has been visiting relatives.

A lawn festival was held at John Leslie's last Wednesday evening for the benefit of Rev. J. C. Frye.

A very pleasant surprise party took place at John Tewksbury's birthday. An enjoyable time was spent.

Herbert Lewis is on the sick list. School started Monday morning with James G. Brown at the helm.

Grandpa Hits Back.

DEFORD, Sept. 6, '08.

EDITOR ENTERPRISE,
Dear Sir—I notice in the ENTERPRISE of Sept. 1st a reply to my letter in that paper of a previous date signed John McCracken. He starts out very bold by saying that he intends to set at right the befogged mind of the misguided brother. He also says near the closing up of his interesting letter, "Come out of the fog, brother. I beseech you." etc. Now, for fear that his reply will cause much trouble and perhaps many quarrels between husband and wife and the hired girl I will try and straighten up so it will look more reasonable. Now, I am really surprised that a noted debator, a public speaker as a Fourth of July orator would put such logic into circulation to be read by the owners of cows and the hired girls who make the butter. Now, I am not going to decide who has the befogged mind or the foggy brain that Brother John talks about I will allow the parties owning cows to decide.

He says, "Now, Brother Wilcox, a good cow well cared for will give milk ten months in the year. If he had stopped there I would have believed it. He says she will give an average of 12 quarts per day for that time and make one pound of butter each day for that time, etc. Now, what farmer has such a cow that will make that quantity of butter on the feed that farmers' cows generally get, and he says that the record kept by the housewife shows that the average price of butter for the year is 13c. Now, Brother John, that is a remarkable cow and a remarkable price for butter in Deford or Cass City. Brother John says that skim milk is worth 1 1/2c a quart to any farmer, making 18c. for sour milk, 13c. for butter each day making 31c. per day. Now, who ever heard of the sour milk that was worth more than the cream before? I never did and I think someone has a befogged mind or a foggy brain or both. Now, Brother John says that the butter from that figure up \$93. Now, Brother John continues by saying, "Brother farmers who keep both cows and sheep inform us that the cost of keeping eight sheep equals the cost of keeping one cow." He says he will give the extreme profit for the eight sheep. Eight sheep well cared for may bring twelve lambs worth \$4 per head, a value of \$48. Each fleece of wool may bring \$1.50, a value of \$12. Total profit of the eight sheep for the year, \$60, leaving a balance in favor of the cow of \$33. That good cow two cows in one. He continues by saying that on an 80 acre farm a man can keep six cows or forty-eight sheep at this line of figuring and we have tipped all of the extremes to help the sheep (in a pig's eye). The six cows would make \$558 while the forty-eight sheep would make only \$360, a balance in favor of the cows of \$198. He says a farmer can get a good girl to do the milking and care for the milk. Now John does not say she must do the milking but he expects she will for she cannot care for it until she gets it and John does not say that she must make the butter and take care of all pails, pans and crocks used in the business, but he expects she will for he well knows that it must be done in the best and cleanest manner to bring that butter up to his standard of 13c. through the year. That is a corker. Now John intends to be perfectly honest for he says the girl's wages for 40 weeks, \$40, charged up to the cows leaves a balance in favor of the cows of \$158. Now, Bro. John, I expect as you have had it all your own way up to this time you will allow me to talk a little. I am not going to find any fault with your decision on the sheep for I think you are quite generous for a perfect sheep hater. But I will tell you what I do find fault about. What business have you to say that a good girl can be hired to take care of that milk, meaning that she will make that 13c. butter for the paltry sum of \$1 per week, seven days to the week. The cows and milk must be taken care of on Sundays as much as any other day. Now you have done all the figuring. I will try it a little. Do you know what your big heart is paying that poor girl for making that \$558 worth of 13c. butter and that 6c. per gallon sour milk. You are paying her just 14c. per day and she boards herself for you have made no provision for her board and every girl must have board and good board too, to knock \$558 worth of 13c. butter and sour milk out of six cows in ten months. Why, John, I am surprised to think that you rob that poor girl and give it to those cows. I find by a little figuring that \$324 of that \$558 is for sour milk. Now, John, why did you not use a little headwork and get the girl to mix the buttermilk with the sour milk and bring up the profits on the six cows to \$600. The girl would have done it if you had raised her wages a nickel per week. Now, John, you tell the farmer what can be done and tell him it takes hard work to get \$600 out of six cows in ten months. I know he will be pleased and perhaps he will make you a present of a cotton coat such as you prized so highly that you wrote about in your letter when you could not get a wool one. I will tell you how much

you bent that girl out of. Any girl that will take charge of six cows and make \$558 worth of butter and sour milk in ten months I will give her good and sufficient bonds to pay her \$5 per week. So you are only robbing her out of \$4 per week for forty weeks. You manifested much shrewdness when you did not offer the housewife that \$1 per week for taking care of those six cows and their butter and sour milk. If you had, in all probability Mrs. McCracken would have been a widow today. But you thought it safe to offer it to the girl for you thought she would stand it. Why, John, it is a worse game than you and Congressman Brucker were playing in this town in Oct. '06, when you were trying to convince the people that it was perfectly honorable to pay off their mortgages with 50c. dollars, etc. Hold on, here, I am running astray.

Now, Brother John, did you ever consider the damage that letter may do in this farming community? As an illustration a farmer has several cows. He and his wife milk the cows and make the butter. We will have no dollar per week girl in this scrape. They go on and we must not forget the sour milk for it is worth more. Each one sells the butter, sometimes one sometimes the other. At the end of the season they add up the sales together and they come short of John McCracken's average thirty, forty or fifty dollars. Now comes the tug of war. Both have perfect confidence in John McCracken, both know him to be a man of good judgment, etc. Will you tell me where that racket will end, for I cannot tell. Perhaps it will break up scores of families just according to the confidence they have in you. I have a plan that I will warrant to work like a charm if you will work it and no other man can work it but you. It is just this. Throw your silver problem to the dogs for a short time at least and come out and be a genuine honest man and tell these honest farmers and their wives that you made a great mistake, that your mind was befogged and your brain was a little foggy, but you did not intend any harm and you are sorry it so happened. Tell them that you rated their cows at least one hundred per cent too high and the sour milk too high for biscuit purposes.

When I commenced this letter I intended to post Friend Wilson on sheep but it is getting near mail time and I must close.

Yours Truly,
H. J. WILCOX.

A Clever Trick.
It certainly looks like it, but there is really no trick about it. Anybody can try it who has Lame Back and Weak Kidneys, Malaria or Nervous Troubles. We mean he can cure himself right away by taking Electric Bitters. This medicine tones up the whole system, acts as a stimulant to the Liver and Kidneys, is a blood purifier and nerve tonic. It cures Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, Sleeplessness and Melancholy. It is purely vegetable, a mild laxative, and restores the system to its natural vigor. Try Electric Bitters and be convinced that they are a miracle worker. Every bottle guaranteed. Only fifty cents a bottle at T. H. Fritz's drug store.

ELKWOOD.
Miss Etta Adams has returned from Detroit.
Fred Montague is attending school at Caro.
Charles Andress is still very ill with ston ach trouble.
Bert Perry started for his home at Loviston, Mich., Monday.
Guy Woolman began teaching in Sunshine District Monday.
Frank St. Mary and wife, of Caro, Sunday with Mrs. St. Mary's parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. Pardo.
Mrs. Stephenson who has spent the past two months with her parents Mr. and Mrs. J. Hutchinson returned to her home at Gladwin last week.
The funeral of Mrs. Thomas Daek was held Sunday, Rev. W. E. A. Lewis, of the Episcopal Church, Caro, officiated. Mrs. Daek has been a resident of Elmwood nearly forty years. A husband, three sons and a daughter are left to mourn her demise.
Mrs. Sabrina Choate who has been a great sufferer from consumption several months, died Aug. 31st leaving three little boys motherless. The remains were laid to rest in South Elmwood cemetery beside those of her father and brother.

One of W. A. Heatt's tenants on the town-line has lost four horses in the past four months, and several others previously. Cause too much pounding and too little feed, and still men work out beasts knowing he will soon torture them to death.

Skin Diseases.
For the speedy and permanent cure of tetter, scald rheum and eczema, Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment is without an equal. It relieves the itching and smarting almost instantly and its continued use effects a permanent cure. It also cures itch, barber's itch, scald head, sore nipples, itching piles, chapped hands, chronic sore eyes and granulated lids.

Dr. Cad's Condition Powders for horses are the best tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge. Price, 25 cents. Sold by T. H. Fritz, Druggist.

Millions Given Away.

It is certainly gratifying to the public to know of one concern in the land who are not afraid to be generous to the needy and suffering. The proprietors of Dr. King's New Discovery for Coughs, Colds and Consumption have given away over ten million trial bottles of this great medicine; and have the satisfaction of knowing it has absolutely cured thousands of hopeless cases. Asthma, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Chest and Lungs are positively cured by it. Call on T. H. Fritz, the Druggist and get a trial bottle free. Regular size 50c and \$1.00. Every bottle guaranteed, or price refunded.

He—Will you be my wife?
She—The idea! Don't be ridiculous.
He—Yes, I know it sounds ridiculous; but then I'm not so particular as some men are.—(Boston Transcript.)

Beauty Is Blood Deep.
Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets—beauty and health. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

Order of Hearing.
State of Michigan, County of Tuscola, ss. In the matter of the Probate Court for said County, held at the Probate Office in the village of Caro, on the first day of September, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eight. Present, John C. Laing, Judge of Probate, in the matter of the estate of James Clark, deceased. The undersigned, being the petitioner, do hereby certify that administration of said estate may be granted to Mary Clark, widow of said deceased. It is ordered, that the 30th day of October next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate Office, in the village of Caro, Michigan, there be a hearing on the petition of said petitioner. It is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published in the Cass City Enterprise, a newspaper published and circulated in said County, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

[A TRUE COPY.] JOHN C. LAING, Judge of Probate. 8-24-94

Probate Notice.
State of Michigan, County of Tuscola, ss. Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the Probate Court for the County of Tuscola, made on the 28th day of June, A. D. 1888, six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Albert Walters, late of said County, deceased, and that the creditors of said estate were notified to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate Office, in the Village of Caro, for examination and allowance on or before the 28th day of December next, and that such claims will be heard before said Court, on Wednesday, the 28th day of December next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of those days.

Dated Caro, Mich., August 22nd, A. D. 1888. JOHN C. LAING, Judge of Probate. 8-25-4

Administrator's Sale of Real Estate.
State of Michigan, County of Tuscola, ss. In the matter of the estate of William Helwig, deceased, Notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of the order of the Probate Court for said County, made on the 18th day of June, A. D. 1888, there will be sold at public sale, to the highest bidder, on the 28th day of August next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, all the right, title and interest of said William Helwig in and to the following described lands and premises, situated in the Township of Elkland, County of Tuscola, State of Michigan, to-wit: The west half (1/2) of the southeast quarter (1/4) of section twenty-seven (27), Town No. fourteen (14) north of range eleven (11) east of County of Tuscola and said County, Michigan, according to the plat of said lands as recorded in the register's office for the County of Tuscola and State of Michigan.

Dated August 2nd, A. D. 1888. GEORGE HELWIG, Administrator of the estate of William Helwig. 8-4-7

Order of Hearing.
State of Michigan, County of Tuscola, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for said County, held at the Probate Office in the village of Caro, on the 17th day of July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight. Present, John C. Laing, Judge of Probate, in the matter of the estate of John Donnelly, deceased. Notice is hereby given, that the executor of said estate, represents to this court that he is now prepared to render his final account as such executor. It is ordered, that the 12th day of September next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate Court, be assigned for examining and allowing said account, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the persons named in the will of said deceased. And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published in the Cass City Enterprise, a newspaper printed and circulated in said County, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

[A TRUE COPY.] JOHN C. LAING, Judge of Probate. 8-18-4 [A TRUE COPY.]

For Sale.
Notice is hereby given that a mortgage dated the eighth day of February, A. D. 1897, was executed by Burt H. Bortwell and Mary A. Bortwell to Sarah Noble and recorded in the Register of Deeds Office in Tuscola County and State of Michigan in Liber No. 100, in the Village of Caro, Michigan, A. D. 1897, which said mortgage was duly assigned by said mortgagor, to the undersigned by said date of January, A. D. 1898, executed by said Sarah Noble to Levi A. Maynard, and recorded in the Register of Deeds Office in the Village of Caro, Michigan, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1898, in Liber 88 of mortgages on page 88. That default has been made in the conditions of said mortgage, and the payment of the money secured thereby, and that there is claimed to be due on said mortgage for principal, interest and expenses at the date of this notice the sum of five hundred, seventy-three and thirty-eight one-hundredths dollars and the further sum of fifteen dollars attorney fee, as stipulated in said mortgage. That under the power of sale in said mortgage contained, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises, at public vendue to the highest bidder on

Monday, the 12th day of September, 1898 at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the court house in the Village of Caro in said Tuscola County (subject to the prior mortgage given to secure the payment of four hundred fifty dollars and accrued interest) and that said premises are described in said mortgage substantially as follows: Commencing seventy-five (75) feet north of the southwest corner of lot 20 (20) feet, thence west one hundred forty (140) feet, thence north seventy-six and one-half (76 1/2) feet, thence north seventy-six and one-half (76 1/2) feet, thence north seventy-six and one-half (76 1/2) feet to place of beginning. Also a piece of land commencing at the corner of State and Liver Streets in the Village of Newbury (now Kingston) thence west to the east line of hands department, thence north ninety (90) feet, thence east one hundred forty (140) feet, thence south ninety (90) feet, thence west one hundred forty (140) feet to place of beginning. All of the above described lands being a part of the southeast quarter of section thirty-two (32) in township twelve (12) north of range eleven (11) east of the County of Tuscola and State of Michigan, and subject to mortgage with the interest that may accrue thereon after this date, said attorney fee and costs.

Dated June 10th, 1898. LEVI A. MAYNARD, Assignee of Mortgage. J. B. BEVELLY, Attorney for Assignee of Mortgage. 18-15-98

POHTIAC, OXFORD & NORTHERN R. R. PASSENGERS TIME CARD.

TOWNS NORTH		STATIONS		TOWNS SOUTH	
TRIP	NO. 1	TRIP	NO. 2	TRIP	NO. 3
A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
8:05	8:05	Detroit	11:50	11:50	11:50
8:15	8:15	Caro	12:00	12:00	12:00
8:25	8:25	Caro	12:10	12:10	12:10
8:35	8:35	Caro	12:20	12:20	12:20
8:45	8:45	Caro	12:30	12:30	12:30
8:55	8:55	Caro	12:40	12:40	12:40
9:05	9:05	Caro	12:50	12:50	12:50
9:15	9:15	Caro	1:00	1:00	1:00
9:25	9:25	Caro	1:10	1:10	1:10
9:35	9:35	Caro	1:20	1:20	1:20
9:45	9:45	Caro	1:30	1:30	1:30
9:55	9:55	Caro	1:40	1:40	1:40
10:05	10:05	Caro	1:50	1:50	1:50
10:15	10:15	Caro	2:00	2:00	2:00
10:25	10:25	Caro	2:10	2:10	2:10
10:35	10:35	Caro	2:20	2:20	2:20
10:45	10:45	Caro	2:30	2:30	2:30
10:55	10:55	Caro	2:40	2:40	2:40
11:05	11:05	Caro	2:50	2:50	2:50
11:15	11:15	Caro	3:00	3:00	3:00
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3:35	3:35	Caro	7:20	7:20	7:20
3:45	3:45	Caro			

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Corn Cutters, Corn Twine Corn Baskets of all kinds.

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Paints and Oils, Paint to be Mixed With Water, Best Kerosene Oil that Money can Buy.

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N. Bigelow & Son

A Free Gift to our Subscribers.

It is needless for us to speak of the merits of this paper—the publication is too well known. We do desire, however, to increase our circulation, and to that end will present any lady who pays for this paper one year in advance, with a McCall Bazaar Pattern of her own selection. Patterns and illustrations can be seen at our office.

McCall Bazaar Patterns.

These patterns are not surpassed by any in the market and a garment cut over them has a stylish and artistic appearance that is not obtained in using other patterns. Full information regarding these patterns can be obtained by reading "McCall's Magazine," published at 142-146 West 14th St., New York (sample copy, four one-cent stamps), but remember you can obtain a pattern FREE at

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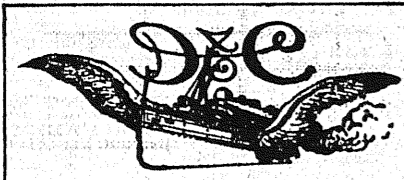
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My fit and workmanship cannot be excelled. If you have your own cloth I will make and trim it for you at moderate prices.

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LOW RATES to Picturesque Mackinac and Return, including Meals and Berths. Approximate Cost from Cleveland, \$171 from Toledo, \$141 from Detroit, \$123.50.

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Send 2c for Illustrated Pamphlet. Address **A. A. SCHWARTZ, S. P. A., DETROIT, MICH.** Detroit and Cleveland Navigation Company.

Council Proceedings.

Village Council Rooms, July 25, 1898. Adjourned meeting of the Village Council of the village of Cass City. Meeting called to order by the President.

Present, President Striffler and trustees Muck, Heller, Deming, Wickware, Keating and Campbell.

The Clerk being absent, trustee Campbell was elected Clerk pro tem.

Trustee Wickware asked to be excused and the request was granted.

Trustee Heller moved that an order be drawn on the Treasurer in favor of I. B. Anten, for one hundred (100) dollars, same being amount paid by Mr. Anten to Geo. C. Morgan, engineer, which motion received a support and did prevail by a yea and nay vote as follows: Yeas, Campbell, Keating, Muck, Heller and Deming. Total 5 nays none.

On motion of Trustee Muck, the president appointed D. P. Deming, A. H. Muck and E. Keating, a committee of three to notify persons who had bid upon the construction of the powerhouse that they would be required to submit bids for brick walls for said powerhouse.

Trustee Keating moved that we accept and adopt the bid of the Ridgeway Dynamo & Engine Co., of Chicago, Ill., to furnish a moderate speed automatic engine for \$1150 which motion received a support and did prevail by a yea and nay vote as follows: Yeas, Deming, Keating, Muck, Campbell and Heller. Total 5, Nays, none.

On motion of Trustee Heller, the committee on printing was instructed to confer with the Enterprise Printing House relative to printing the proceedings of the Council, for the balance of the fiscal year and ascertain what we could get them published for.

On motion council adjourned until July 29th, at 7 p. m.

HUGH W. SEED, Village Clerk.

Village Council Rooms, July 29. Adjourned meeting of the Village Council of the Village of Cass City. Meeting called to order by the President.

Present, Pres. Striffler and Trustees Campbell, Keating, Muck, Deming and Heller. Absent, Trustee Wickware. The bids for the construction of the powerhouse, the awarding of which had been deferred until the 29th, were opened and read and were as follows, viz: Henry Beswick.....\$1672 00 D. R. Graham..... 1519 00 Clement & Tindale..... 1510 00

Trustee Deming moved that we accept the bid of Clement & Tindale to construct powerhouse as per their bid submitted July 25.

Trustee Heller moved as an amendment, that the powerhouse be constructed of brick instead of wood, the foundation walls to be 3 feet deep and 18 inches wide, which amendment received a support and carried by a yea and nay vote as follows: Yeas, Campbell, Keating, Heller and Muck. Total four. Nays, Deming.

A vote, then taken on the original motion as amended resulted as follows: Yeas, Campbell, Keating, Heller and Muck. Nays, Deming.

The Clerk then read the bond of Wm. H. Hebblewhite, Village Treasurer, as principal, and I. B. Anten and nine others as sureties, in the sum of \$20,000 and on motion of Trustee Campbell, the bond was accepted by a yea and nay vote as follows: Yeas, Campbell, Keating, Muck and Deming, Trustee Heller present, but not voting.

The Druggist Liquor bond of F. H. Fritz as principal in the sum of \$2000, 00 with E. H. Pinney and J. D. Brook-er as sureties, was then read and on motion of Trustee Deming was accepted and placed on file.

Trustee Campbell submitted the following: "Resolved by the Village Council of the Village of Cass City, that the bid of W. J. Hayes & Sons, of Cleveland, Ohio, for the purchase of \$18000.00 Electric Light and Water Work bonds, bearing date Aug. 1st, 1908 due \$1,000 annually beginning Aug. 1st 1908, bearing 4 per cent interest, allowing said W. J. Hayes & Sons \$450.00 commission, be accepted, and the Clerk be instructed to notify said W. J. Hayes and Sons at once. On motion of Trustee Campbell and supported by Trustee Deming, the resolution was accepted and adopted by a yea and nay vote as follows: Yeas, Campbell, Keating, Heller, Muck and Deming. Nays, none.

The report of Jas. Ramsey, Village Marshal, relative to the arrest of Ira Parker, Garb Snelling, John Nevill and Jas. Pettinger, for being disorderly was accepted and placed on file.

The following bills were read and referred to the finance committee. C. D. Striffler, serving warrants, etc.....\$11 65 Henry Ball, labor on street..... 1 75 J. S. McArthur, services as Justice in Ira Parker case..... 7 85 James Ramsey, witness, etc, in Parker-Snelling case..... 4 75 The Engineering Record N. Y., advertising bonds..... 23 20 The Gazette Pub. Co., for printing Council Proceedings from Mar 14 to June 13..... 3 75 I. B. Anten, two days on board review..... 4 00 J. W. Murphy..... 4 00 The committee reported favorably on bills as read and recommended that they be allowed.

On motion of Trustee Deming, the report was accepted, and the Clerk instructed to draw orders for the several amounts.

The committee on printing made a verbal report to the effect that they had made arrangements with Enterprise Printing House for printing the proceedings of the Council, for the balance of the year, for \$500 less than the amount stated in their bid for printing, bearing date Apr. 23rd, 1898.

On motion of Trustee Deming the committee on ordinances was instructed to draft an ordinance, creating a board of public works.

On motion Council adjourned until Wednesday Aug. 3rd at the usual hour.

HUGH W. SEED, Village Clerk.

Communication.

(The editor does not hold himself responsible for any ideas expressed or statements made in articles appearing under this head.)

UBLY, MICH., Aug. 29th, 1898. MR. JOHN McCRAKEN, Deford, Mich.

Dear Sir—Your latest letter duly to hand. You seem to think this controversy settled. Don't drop to sleep yet.

Firstly, you say Pope Honorius sinned as any Pope may. Yes, and horrible to relate he erred ex cathedra and was condemned and anathematized by no less than three Ecumenical councils. Honorius taught and favored the Monothelite theory in several "official" letters to Sergius, Cyrus and Sophronius therefore ex cathedra. Roman Catholic historians fall to differ in their efforts to save the orthodoxy of Honorius that they may in turn save Papal infallibility.

Bellarmin and Bartholus pronounce his letters a later Greek forgery and Dollinger, the greatest mind in modern Roman Catholicism, declares their theory a "lamentable expedient."

Perrone Pennacchi and Manning twist them into ridiculousness in their vain attempts to prove that Honorius wasn't a heretic. They seem to know better than Leo II, the infallible pope, who condemned him. Honorius' successor had a brief pontificate of three months. His second successor, John IV, apologized for him by putting a forced construction on his words. Agatha prudently ignored him but Leo II who translated the acts of the Sixth Council from Greek into Latin saw he could not save the honor of Honorius without contradicting the verdict of the council. He therefore denounced him in a letter to the Greek Emperor and in a letter to the Bishop of Spain as a traitor to the Roman Church for trying to subvert her immaculate faith. Not only so but the condemnation of Honorius was embodied in the confession of faith which every newly elected Pope had to sign down to the eleventh century and which is contained in the Liber Diurnus, i. e. the official book of formulas of the R. C. Church for use in the Papal Curia. The Roman Breviary down to the 16th century contains his name along with those who had been convicted of heresy and condemned by the Sixth Council. About 1500—1600 the case again attracted attention. At first the letter of Leo II and those of Honorius were rejected as a forgery, but this was impossible when the Liber Diurnus was unearthed so that the forgery fell into the fire. You may place these facts beside last week's statement and know that Honorius sinned in an official capacity. He was an "official" heretic, one of the infallible Popes pronouncedly fallible. By three councils and the Papal chair he was dubbed a heretic. Therefore instead of being a mere passing case to be dismissed by a wave of the hand this Honorius question may prove itself to be the nightmare that has made infallibilists sweat profusely for centuries past. If you can clear up this question at which the Roman theologians have worked for decades it will be one of the theological triumphs of the closing century. And let me say right here that your attitude on this must be somewhat beyond mere denial.

Before we proceed to deal with the later councils there is one matter which needs comment. You have reasoned yourself into an awkward hole and history will never lessen the trouble. You say from the "very beginning when a bishop or under council decreed it was sent to Rome to be confirmed or rejected." When Clement of Rome wrote his famous epistle to the Corinthian Church it was not in his own name but that of the Church of God in Rome to the Church of God in Corinth. His words are not those of a dictator but on the contrary from a striking contrast to the bombastic utterance of his successors. The spirit of admonition found therein is but what might be expected from human nature. The church in Rome that city which was mistress of the empire in its relation to the Church in Corinth naturally admonished the Church in the city whose glory had gone to good works, etc.

The learned Jerome says that the churches originally before divisions arose through the instigation of Satan were governed by the common council of the presbyters and not till a later period was one of the presbyters placed

at the head to watch over the church and suppress schisms. He was a miter of the 4th century. Ignatian epistles did much to develop the episcopal idea but Episcopacy is not Papacy. The case of Cyprian cited by you seems to you conclusive evidence of the existence of the Papacy at that time. Before settling this point however please explain why Cyprian addressed the Pope with almost Protestant independence charging him with error with the abuse of his power one word of which he never retracted. The personality of the first thirty Popes as far as we know is far below the average. The Roman Bishop only gained a primary of honor (not of jurisdiction) after a hard struggle. To say that from the very earliest times Rome formed the final appeal is in the light of history absurd. You regard the Encyclopaedia Britannica as almost infallible authority and we give this extract conscious of its weight in history though still occupying the ground that the Britannica is very liable to err. "The foregoing evidence together with many other similar facts which cannot be here enumerated points clearly to two important conclusions. First, that in the course of the second and third centuries the church of Rome began to put forth "unprecedented" claims to a certain superiority amongst other churches and secondly, that these claims not unfrequently encountered considerable opposition as novel and unjustifiable." Again commenting on Jerome's opinion the same work reads: "It seems accordingly an inevitable inference that by one of the greatest of the Latin Fathers writing at the close of the fourth century the Roman theory of the Popedom was unrecognized." You merely pursue the theory of the R. C. Church in these bombastic claims but history junctures may an inflation that seems both full and solid in its assumptions. Out of the 318 bishops at the council of Nicea hardly 10 were of the Latin Church. And while the Pope had in the view the church at that time a primacy it was merely one of honor not of jurisdiction. His position was that of an ambitious officer "feeling" his way up instead of being as you have represented him stronger in the infallibility theory than when ecumenical councils were compelled to strengthen his weakened cause by their decrees. By taking the stand you have upon Papal infallibility you have denied all impartial criticism as that criticism affects the early church. You have represented this doctrine as a matter of Constantine's day and previous to his time. Not a particle of evidence sustains the statement for every thousand there are against it. You have said Rome! from the very beginning was the court of appeal in all synodical and episcopal matters; that Rome's ratification was necessary to legislation ecclesiastical. Assertions are cheap things but proofs are more in order. When you dispose of Honorius we shall be glad to work on this and when we have settled these matters of earlier church history the later councils will be satisfactorily dealt with.

Yours Respectfully,
FRANK FORSTER.

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The Best Salve in the world for Cuts Bruises, Sore Throats, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by T. H. Fritz.

Muggins—"I am afflicted with lung trouble."
Juggins—"Why, you look alright."
Muggins—"Oh, it isn't me. We've got twins at our house."

A Critical Time

During the Battle of Santiago.

Sick or well, a Rush Night and Day.

The Packers at the Battle of Santiago de Cuba were all heroes. Their heroic efforts in getting ammunition and rations to the front saved the day.

P. E. BUTLER, of pack-train No. 3, writing from Santiago, De Cuba, on July 23rd, says: "We all had diarrhoea in more or less violent form, and when we landed we had no time to see a doctor, for it was a case of rush and rush night and day to keep the troops supplied with ammunition and rations, but thanks to Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, we were able to keep at work and keep our health; in fact, I sincerely believe that at one critical time this medicine was the indirect saviour of our army, for if the packers had been unable to work there would have been no way of getting supplies to the front. There were no roads that a wagon train could use. My command and myself had the good fortune to lay in a supply of this medicine for our pack-train before we left Tampa, and I know in four cases it absolutely saved life."

The above letter was written to the manufacturer of this medicine, the Chamberlain Medicine Co., Des Moines, Iowa. For sale by T. H. Fritz, Druggist.

ADMIRAL SCHLEY

Knew what to do and was able to do it. He was made of the right kind of material. But I did not intend to write about the war. There are victories outside of war.

LOOK AT

SELZ Ladies' Elgin Shoes at \$1.75



That is a victory. Just a little better and a little neater than any other shoe you can buy at such a price.

S. OSTRANDER,

Shoe and Furniture Man. Cass City.

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CLOSING OUT CHEAP.

J. H. STRIFFLER.

MICHIGAN NEWS SUMMARY.

Doings of the Week Recorded in a Brief Style.

CONCISE AND INTERESTING.

The 33d and 34th Michigan Regiments Reach Home From Santiago and are Royally Welcomed—The 33d Ordered to be Mustered Out.

Return of Michigan's Soldier Heroes.

It was with hearts full of joy that the brave soldiers of the 33d and 34th Michigan volunteer regiments vacated the tents they had occupied at the detention camp at Montauk Point, L. I., after their arrival from the hardships of Santiago, and boarded the trains which were to start them on their journey home again. It was but a remnant of the gallant force which but a few months ago marched forth at their country's call. Some of those who left home in full health and with hearts thrilling with patriotism now sear beneath the waving palms of Cuba's soil; a few have found their graves in the Atlantic's blue waves; others surrendered their souls to their Maker and their bodies have been sent to their former northern homes; but the largest number of those missing from the ranks lie in beds of pain in various hospitals in and around New York, while some having recovered enough to travel were permitted to come home and join their loved ones and receive the care of mothers, wives and sisters soon after arriving at Montauk.

The night before the boys started for home huge fires destroyed the last vestige of Cuban service. Blankets, uniforms and even handkerchiefs were burned. So when they were ready to take the train they were dressed in new uniforms. The first stage of the journey was from Montauk to Long Island City, thence by ferries to West Shore where they boarded West Shore railroad trains for Detroit, via Albany and Buffalo. All the sleeping cars were provided that could be obtained and the boys made as comfortable as possible.

The 33d left Camp Wikoff with 725 men, and the 34th with 700. Scores of them were unfit to leave camp, but begged with sobs and tears that they be taken home. When the two regiments left Camp Wikoff the 33d had 80 sick in the hospital, and the 34th 40, but many more too weak to travel collapsed on the train between Montauk Point and Long Island City. At the latter place every preparation had been made for caring for the sick. The Red Cross temporary hospital, opposite the depot, had a large force of nurses and physicians in readiness and five or six tents were erected, to be used if the hospital became overcrowded. Ambulances were drawn up near the depot, and men with stretchers and wheel chairs stood ready to give aid. Although they were made as comfortable as possible on the journey, the suffering was terrible. When Long Island City was reached at last, late in the afternoon, and the trains began to unload, the men climbed and crawled from the cars, only to sink down on the platforms. Willing hands helped the weak and sick, and all who could dragged themselves on board the ferry boat that were to bear them nearer home. It was heartrending to see two gaunt, half-starved looking men totter down the platform, supporting between a weaker comrade, unable to stand. But there was hope in their eyes, for they were going home, and that one thing gave all a feverish strength. As the stretcher bearers came from the trains in long files, men and women who never had seen these men before, and never would see them again, perhaps, gave way to tears. Within 10 minutes the Red Cross temporary hospital was swamped, and the tents in the little park opposite the station were filled with sick and suffering men. The ambulances in waiting were soon filled and driven away, to return for more patriots as they could be moved.

One of the first men to be placed in a St. John's hospital ambulance was Geo. Allen, of Milan, Co. F, 34th. He was far gone in the last stages of quick consumption. "It's no use taking me to the hospital; I am dying," he whispered. And as the stretcher was placed in the ambulance the death rattle sounded in his throat. Life passed from the body, and the corpse was removed and laid out on a blanket in the baggage room. Others were taken to the hospitals for whom there seemed not the slightest hope.

As the ferry boats carried the Michigan boys to the Jersey shore the wharves of New York and Brooklyn and the great Brooklyn bridges were crowded with cheering thousands and the whistles of the hundreds of river craft joined in a farewell greeting. H. S. Pingree, Jr., son of the governor, and the 16 nurses sent from Detroit to care for Michigan's sick, did splendid work in helping the weak and helpless, and seeing all who were able to travel safely on board the long special trains at Westchester station.

The residence of L. E. Hawley, with contents, burned at Mason. Loss \$1,500. Fire destroyed the large heading mill of the Aetna Cooperage Co., in Trenton. The volunteer fire department kept the flames from spreading to the business portion of the village. The total loss is estimated at \$10,000, and 75 men and boys are thrown out of employment.

Joe Kiser, of Lexington, Ky., was instantly killed by a train while attempting to cross the track, at Potoskey. He was riding a wheel and might have gotten across safely, but evidently lost his head when he saw the engine so close, for he threw up his hands and fell, the engine mangle him horribly.

Michigan's Santiago Heroes Reach Home.

The trip of the 33d and 34th Michigan regiments from New York to Detroit on their way home from Santiago was a hot, dusty, tiresome journey of 30 to 40 hours which was trying on the strongest, to say nothing of the suffering it entailed upon the sick boys. During the entire trip the soldiers were shown every possible kindness at the stations where stops were made. Professional nurses met the trains at several stations and brought with them milk, fruit and other delicacies, which they distributed as freely as the boys would receive. At Toledo a large delegation of prominent Detroit and Michigan citizens, headed by Gov. Pingree, met the first section of the train and carried out well-laid plans whereby every soldier was appointed to some hotel and every sick hero was listed for a particular hospital, so that when the trains arrived at Detroit the boys were either placed in carriages or marched to their destinations. The Cadillac alone accommodated over 400, and other hotels took them in the same proportion and treated them magnificently. Citizens donated their carriages for use of troops and they were transported to hotels in short order. A large citizens' committee appointed to assist in the reception saw that every man was cared for. Ambulances took all ill with fever direct to best hospitals, 138 sick in all, and about that many more who should have gone, but who bore up with great fortitude.

Never did Detroit turn out larger and more enthusiastic crowds than thronged the streets for an entire night to welcome the brave boys home again and never did heroes receive a more royal welcome. The train carrying the troops was divided into five sections. The first arrived at 12:15 a. m. after the crowds had waited patiently for over five hours from the time the train was first expected. The first section carried the first division 33d Regiment, Col. Boynton; Co. A, 33d, 31 men; B, Alpena, 31; E, Saginaw, 54; F, Cheboygan, 55; G, Owosso, 45; I, Benton Harbor, 58; 33d regiment band of 12 men; and 8 regimental officers. In the second division, in charge of Maj. Burton, arrived at 5:25 a. m. with Cos. C, Hay City, 65 men; D, Saginaw, 50; L, Sons of Veterans, 36; M, Detroit, 60; K, Three Rivers, 40; F, Port Huron, 60; 16 officers, all of the Thirty-third. The third train load, in charge of Lieut.-Col. Bennett, was made up of the following 34th regiment companies: A, Big Rapids, 57 men; C, Muskegon, 64; E, Iron Mountain, 44; H, Ironwood, 21; K, Mt. Clemens, 37; L, Marquette, 20; M, Traverse City, 43, besides about 30 men of the 33d. The fourth carried five companies of the 34th in command of Col. Petermann; Co. B, Manistee, 66 men; D, Calumet, 60; F, Houghton, 62; G, Sault Ste. Marie, 1, Upper Peninsula, 55, and I, Jonia. The fifth and last section arrived eight hours after the first. It comprised a long train of baggage and cattle cars with 60 men detailed to look after the horses. There were no sick ones among the men, but they looked tired with their long dreary ride. They were given as cordial a reception as the first arrivals.

While their welcome at Detroit was all that could be asked, and many times more than the boys expected, still all were anxious to get to their own homes and as soon as they had had sleep and refreshment special trains were made up on the various railroads at Detroit to carry the boys to their families and friends. Co. B, 33d, of Alpena, did not stop in Detroit at all, but took the D. & C. steamer for home at once.

Every city and town in the state which boasted the honor of having a soldier boy in the 33d or 34th, gave them a grand reception when they arrived home, thousands of people turning out to greet them and giving every evidence of great joy at seeing their friends and loved ones safe again. Through all this joy there was an air of sadness and tears for there were heroes of the regiments who did not come. Some are taking last rest in Cuban soil; others had already been brought home and laid away by loving hands; scores more were on beds of pain and fever in various hospitals, and those who could march at home were so haggard and worn from privation and sickness that there was a strong pulling at one's heartstrings as he cheered them a welcome home. But from fervent hearts everywhere there went up thanks to God that these had been spared.

To Muster Out Michigan Troops. Maj. Bandholtz, 35th Michigan, at Island Lake, received his appointment by the war department as commissary and mustering-out officer for the 33d and 34th Michigan volunteer infantry. The men are to be mustered out on arrival, their discharge from service to date 60 days from that time. This will permit the soldiers to go to their homes with salary and rations allowance for 60 days.

33d Michigan Ordered Mustered Out. The war department has issued orders for the 33d Michigan volunteers, recently moved from Fernandina, Fla., to Huntsville, Ala., to proceed to Camp Eaton, Island Lake, to be mustered out of the U. S. service as soon as possible—probably about Sept. 15.

The boiler in Chas. Correll's saw and shingle mill at Drake, seven miles southeast of Postoria, blew up just after getting up steam for the first time since last spring. Mr. Correll and Engineer Burley were seriously injured.

Lieut. Henry Roach, regimental quartermaster of the 34th Michigan; Corporal Ed J. Collins, Co. D, Calumet, and Privates George Taylor, Co. F, Houghton, and C. F. Bailey, Co. G, Sault Ste. Marie, accepted lucrative positions under Santiago's military governor, Gen. Lawton, and will remain in Cuba.

MICHIGAN NEWS ITEMS.

A soldiers monument has been unveiled at Hadley.

Mrs. Sarah Smith, aged 50, suicided by jumping into the lake at St. Joseph.

There is a rush in hardwood lumbering in Wexford and Missaukee counties.

Wildor M. Higgins, Co. M, 33d Michigan, succumbed to fever at Fort Meyer, Va.

Sergt. Chas. Guibord, of Calumet, Co. D, 34th Michigan, died of fever at the Marine hospital.

Fred M. Carr, Co. F, 32d Michigan, died of typhoid fever at Fort McPherson, Atlanta, Ga.

James Stringer, aged 10, was drowned in St. Clair river at Port Huron, while in bathing.

The governor has received \$43,331 from the national government for the aid of the Michigan Soldiers' home.

The reception planned out for the Saginaw soldier boys included the presentation of a new armory to Co. D.

Frank A. Nichols, aged 45, a filer in Buckley & Douglass' mill at Manistee, was killed by a bursting emery wheel.

Detroit captured the biennial supreme lodge convention and uniform rank encampment of the Knights of Pythias for 1900.

Wallace L. Corwin, aged 19, of Onsted, who fought at Santiago with the Second U. S. infantry, died at Montauk of typhoid fever.

Uri Cramton, an old man and one of Ransom's earliest settlers, fell from the feed table of a thrashing machine and broke his neck.

Leroy Holmes, aged 68, and Olive Corvis, aged 24, were married at St. Louis. The next day they broke up, however, and a divorce will follow.

A severe epidemic of diphtheria has broken out at Pleasant Valley, Midland county. Thirteen cases and three deaths were reported, and the town is under quarantine.

Three more Lansing men who went to the Klondike last February—Henry Cogswell, Richard Van Nuy and Julius Watzel—have returned with a fund of experience, but no gold.

Alonso Potter, of Eaton township, Eaton county, took Paris green with suicidal intent. Potter, who is 67 years of age, had been drinking heavily and quarreled with his wife, who is a young girl.

Congressman S. W. Smith, of Pontiac is in receipt of a letter from Secretary of War Alger which states that the 35th Michigan volunteers will undoubtedly be sent out of the state, presumably to Porto Rico.

Surgeon-Major Andrew P. Biddle, 31st Michigan, has sent his resignation to the war department. Dr. Owen, of Ypsilanti, will succeed him and Dr. A. D. McLean, of Detroit, will be promoted to assistant surgeon.

Chas. Evans, Co. H, 34th Michigan, died in the detention hospital at Camp Wikoff, Montauk Point, and was buried before Col. Petermann was notified. The colonel at once had the remains disinterred, embalmed and sent home.

Of the Michigan boys who were too ill to be moved when the 33d and 34th regiments left Santiago the following have since died: George Briggs, Co. I, 34th regiment, pulmonary tuberculosis; Joseph Berry, Co. L, 34th regiment, typhoid fever.

Adelbert Pike, a highly respected farmer living west of Lapeer, was arrested on the charge of brutally horsewhipping Lydia Pearsall, a little girl 8 years of age, whom he had adopted. Two physicians who examined the little girl say her condition is critical.

Burglars broke the office of H. M. Olney & Co., at Hartford, and blew the outside doors off the safe. Then they evidently became discouraged and went away. Thousands of dollars in cash were inside, which they might have secured if they had persevered.

The remain of Charles Evans, Co. H, 33d Michigan, who died at Camp Wikoff, were in a terrible state when they reached Marquette en route for his home at Ironwood. The body had been shipped in a rough coffin without being embalmed and had to be taken from the train at Marquette and be prepared.

On the day the 33d and 34th Michigan regiments left Camp Wikoff for their homes four Michigan men in the detention hospital went to that home where there will be no more disease and suffering. They were: Charles Genske, Co. D, 33d; Carleton Day, Co. H, 33d; Albert Bennke, Co. C, 34th, and Ray Pardee, Co. E, 34th.

Soldiers boys are faring well as politicians in St. Clair county. Capt. Walsh, Co. F, 33d Michigan has been nominated for prosecuting attorney by the Republicans and the Democrats would not put up a candidate against him. Frank Wellman, quartermaster-sergeant 33d Michigan, was nominated for county clerk by the Democrats.

Since the publication of Gov. Pingree's views on the privilege the volunteers have in regard to expressing their opinions about doing garrison duty, each company of the 33th at Camp Eaton has had a petition drawn up and circulated and the claim is made that those in favor of mustering out are on the side of the majority. The petitions will be forwarded to Gov. Pingree and he will be asked to intercede.

A large number of Michigan soldier boys convalescing from diseases contracted in the Santiago campaign, received furloughs upon arriving at Montauk Point and preceded their regiments to Detroit and thence to their homes throughout the state. All had the same pitiful story of privation and suffering, and the happiness of being home again was better told by the smiles on the pinched faces than words could express.

Michigan's death list in the war with Spain, on Sept. 1, was: Killed in battle, 2; died of wounds, 1; died of various diseases, mostly fevers, 93, total, 96.

TICKINGS OF THE TELEGRAPH

News of the Day as Told Over the Slender Wires.

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN NEWS

British Troops Occupy Khartoum, Egypt, After Slaughtering Thousands of the Dervishes—France Greatly Stirred Up Over Revelations in the Dreyfus Case

Killed 15,000 Dervishes. London: The Khalifa's forces have been utterly routed in the Upper Nile region of Egypt and Khartoum is in possession of the British-Egyptian forces under Gen. Kitchener. The town is a complete ruin. Khalifa Abdullah and Osman Digna, his principal general, managed to escape, but Abdullah's banner and thousands of prisoners were taken. It is estimated that 15,000 of the enemy were slain. British total casualties were about 500.

The entire British force was engaged from 6:30 in the morning until sunset. The dervishes resorted to their usual rushing tactics, and were simply mowed down. The Khalifa's cavalry rode pell-mell at the British infantry column; but the footmen never wavered. The deadly fire poured into the enemy's rushing ranks caused the death of nearly every rider. The heroic bravery of the dervishes evoked universal admiration. Time after time their dispersed and broken forces reformed and hurled themselves upon the Anglo-Egyptians, their emirs conspicuously leading and spurring death. Even when wounded and in death agony they raised themselves to fire a last shot.

The sirdar, Gen. Sir Herbert Kitchener, with the Khalifa's black standard captured during the battle, entered Omdurman, the capital of Mahdism, at the head of the Anglo-Egyptian column. Only two British officers were killed. Gen. Kitchener telegraphs: "The remnant of the Khalifa's force has surrendered and I have now a very large number of prisoners on my hands. Our cavalry and gunboats are still pursuing the Khalifa and his chiefs, who with only about 140 fighting men are apparently making for Kordofan."

Dreyfus May Yet be Free. Lieut.-Col. Henry, of the French army, upon being closely questioned by the war department, was forced to confess that evidence which he had presented in the famous trial of Capt. Dreyfus and M. Zola was forged by himself. After being arrested Col. Henry committed suicide in his prison cell by cutting his throat.

Capt. Dreyfus was convicted of selling French army secrets to the German government and was sentenced to life imprisonment in a big cage on Devil's Island off the coast of French Guiana. Capt. Dreyfus' friends brought so hard that when M. Cavaignac, the present minister for war, assumed office he charged the official bureau to make a thorough research of the Dreyfus case, and it was this inquiry which resulted in the discovery that the document lately read in the chamber of deputies by M. Cavaignac, showing that proof of the guilt of Dreyfus, was forged.

When Col. Henry was summoned to the ministry for war and questioned by M. Cavaignac, in the presence of Gen. Boisdeffre and others, he first affirmed the authenticity of the incriminating document. But when discrepancies were pointed out, he at first admitted adding sentences and finally confessed to fabricating the whole letter, "owing to the absolute necessity for finding proofs against Dreyfus."

M. Zola, the famous author, was recently convicted, after a most stormy trial, of libeling prominent military officers when he published statements in behalf of Dreyfus and charging Maj. Count Esterhazy and others of convicting Dreyfus in order to shield themselves. The cabinet ministers now admit that a revision of the Dreyfus and Zola cases are absolutely unavoidable. Col. Henry's confession threatens to rekindle the Dreyfus agitation more heatedly than ever, and it seems likely to shake public confidence in the army. Even the Liberte, a strong anti-Dreyfus organ, says: "It must cause the deepest pain to all honorable men that officers of such standing show such a lack of moral sense."

Gen. Le Monton de Boisdeffre, chief of the general staff of the French army, has tendered his resignation to the government, owing to his misplaced confidence in Lieut.-Col. Henry, which led him to present as genuine what was forged evidence. The disclosures have also resulted in Count Esterhazy being retired from the army on a small pension.

The six months' strike of the Welsh miners has ended by the miners accepting their employers' terms.

There were 14 deaths on the transport Allegheny carrying portions of the Ninth Massachusetts and First Illinois regiments from Santiago to Montauk.

The hospital ship Olivette sank suddenly in about 30 feet of water while at anchor off the quarantine station at Fernandina, Fla. The crew and all on board were rescued by a schooner which was fortunately near at hand.

The Chicago Tribune publishes carefully compiled statistics showing that in the war with Spain 350 Americans were killed in battle or died of wounds, and between 1,200 and 2,000 died of diseases. Names have been secured of 1,284 of the latter and it is not doubted that there are at least scores whose names could not be secured. Of the regular army, 290 died of diseases, Massachusetts is second with 139; Illinois third, with 100; Michigan fourth, with 91, and New York fifth, with 85.

One startling fact is that 352 died of diseases at Camp Thomas, as compared with 341 at Santiago.

THE NEWS CONDENSED.

Lieut. B. H. Cockett, Co. C, 35th Michigan, and Miss Florence Palmer were married at Decatur.

Under Sheriff Eberstein arrived at Kalamazoo from Chicago with George Wagner, arrested for the Richland bank robbery.

An electric car filled with passengers was struck by a Delaware & Hudson railroad train at Cohoes, N. Y., and 18 of the 35 passengers were killed outright, while 10 of the remainder will die of their injuries.

The conduct of the American troops at Manila is admirable. The town since their occupation has been wonderfully free from disturbance. Maj.-Gen. Greene has been ordered to return to Washington and sailed with Maj.-Gen. Merritt.

Camp Wikoff is to be investigated. Before the arrival of Gen. Shafter Gen. Wheeler ordered Gen. Adelbert Ames to conduct an investigation. He is given almost autocratic powers. Gen. Wheeler has ordered him to get at the bottom of all the things which have been complained of.

Aguinaldo, the Philippine insurgent leader, has issued a memorial addressed to all foreign powers, asking the recognition of the independence of the Philippine republic, or, failing in that, to grant the Filipinos belligerent rights. The United States are not mentioned in the memorial.

Orders have been received directing Admiral Cervera to make the arrangements to proceed with his officers and men back to Spain immediately, in accordance with the instructions issued by the Spanish minister of marine. The officers were very enthusiastic when they received the news.

Col. Ray, commanding the American force at Guantanamo, reported to Gen. Lawton at Santiago that yellow fever, malaria and dysentery threatened to wipe out the Spanish and Cuban population there and in surrounding towns unless checked. Gen. Lawton sent 100,000 rations and other supplies to relieve the distress as much as possible.

Rear Admiral Schley and Gen. Wm. W. Gordon, U. S. commissioners to settle the conditions for the Spanish evacuation of Porto Rico, sailed for San Juan on board the steamer Seneca. The third member of the commission, Maj.-Gen. John M. Brooke, U. S. army, is at present in Porto Rico. Admiral Schley's flagship at San Juan will be the cruiser New Orleans.

The supervisors of Presque Isle county have decided to carry to the supreme court the case to decide the validity of the \$100,000 bonds issued by the county in 1885 to take up the bonds which had been issued at the time the county was organized. The commissioners contend that the bonds were not a legal issue, and the county wants to get out of paying them.

Maj.-Gen. Miles sailed from Ponce, Porto Rico, on the transport Oxbay, which, with other transports, carried 4,000 infantry, cavalry and artillery, bound for New York. The division is under Maj.-Gen. Wilson, with Brig.-Gens. Schwan, Haines and Garretson, all of whom participated in the engagements in Porto Rico. About 12,000 American troops still remain on the island.

Secretary Alger refuses to reply to the alleged interviews with Gen. Miles which have been published throughout the country and which are in the nature of an attack on the secretary. The latter says he does not believe Gen. Miles would so far forget himself as to criticize his superiors in that manner and he will await Gen. Miles' return and will then ask an explanation.

Less than a third of the members of the 71st New York regiment who marched to the war marched back in the home coming. Just 1,443 marched away; 331 marched back, in addition to a few men on furlough. Most of the others are in various hospitals. The reception to the 71st on New York streets was a magnificent tribute to the boys. Over 350,000 people turned out to greet them.

Commenting upon the attacks being made through the newspapers upon him and his department Secretary of War Alger says he is absolutely indifferent to newspaper talk. He says, however, that the charges of neglect and abuses in the various branches of the war department will be investigated upon request of Surgeon-General Sternberg, Quartermaster-General Eagan, and Commissary-General Lawton. The secretary says these officers have been grossly maligned by the press and should be vindicated. The management of the various camps will be thoroughly investigated.

Senator Sagasta, the Spanish premier, says the government will repress the discussion of war topics in the cortes. The government will submit a bill authorizing peace negotiations, and a measure for the suspension of the constitutional guarantees. Diplomatic negotiations are now being carried on, and a debate on war and peace might be provocative of undesirable complications. Peace is not signed; Spain is still at war with the U. S. The two nations have merely suspended hostilities to negotiate a peace. These negotiations may be unsuccessful, in which case hostilities will be recommenced.

Wanda von Speno Bodenback, claiming to be the niece of Christina, queen regent of Spain, the baroness and viscountess of Spierenbergh, Austria, and possible heir to the throne and sole heir to a fortune of 20,000,000 francs, died of starvation in New York. She was only 18 years old. She ran away from home with a handsome young man, a member of one of the royal families of Russia. In this city her lover deserted her. Not understanding English and unable to make a living she slowly starved. She was found on the street by Baron de Lange, of Austria, but too late to save her life.

Died From Lack of Food and Medicine.

Col. Petermann, commanding the 34th Michigan volunteers, in relating the deeds of his boys before Santiago and reciting their sufferings from hunger and lack of medical care says: "The conditions under which the campaign was carried on were awful. During the first few weeks the men were only half fed. My regiment fared particularly hard, owing to the fact that in our forced march our baggage had to be left behind, and what little the men had was lost or thrown away. We slept on the bare ground, without shelter tents or any protection from the weather. The want of proper food and protection has undoubtedly been the cause of so much sickness. There seems to have been something wrong in the management of affairs. The medical department seems to have been unable to cope with the conditions; in fact, it seemed to be the poorest equipped department on the ground. Medicines could not be gotten for love nor money. In spite of the fact that our regimental surgeons were doing all that could be done, my men died for the want of proper medicine and food."

The President at Wikoff. President McKinley spent five hours in Camp Wikoff, visiting the sick in the hospitals and inspecting the well in their cantonments. He made a speech to the assembled infantrymen. He reviewed the cavalrymen, expressed his opinion of the camp to the reporters and issued an order directing the regulars to return to their stations east of the Mississippi. With the President were Vice-President Hobart, Secretary of War Alger, Attorney-General Gresham, Senator Redfield Proctor, of Vermont; Brig.-Gen. Eagan, commissary of the army; Brig.-Gen. Ludington, quartermaster of the army.

BRIEF NEWS PARAGRAPHS. Within three days 107 deaths occurred in New York City from the heat.

Prominent Spaniards are urging the removal of Columbus from Havana to Spain, and it is understood that the Duke of Veragua, the only living descendant of the discoverer of America, will request the privilege of doing so.

Maj.-Gen. Shafter and staff arrived at Camp Wikoff from Santiago on the transport City of Mexico. Gen. Wheeler was awaiting the party at the quarantine pier with the cavalry drawn up in line, but the general went ashore at another dock. Gen. Wheeler fired a salute of 15 guns when he learned that Shafter was in camp.

The American-Canadian commission in session at Quebec has agreed to refer the Alaskan boundary question to a commission of three, composed of one member from the United States, one from Canada, and one from one of the foreign powers. The settlement of the boundaries is now merely a matter of interpretation of the old treaty of 1825.

Enthusiastic scenes were witnessed when the U. S. warship New Orleans, the first American vessel to enter the harbor of San Juan, Porto Rico, since the war with Spain began, steamed into port, the stars and stripes flying from the forepeak. Along the walls of Morro castle the Spanish soldiers formed in solid mass, while great crowds of citizens swarmed on house-tops and along the wharves, eagerly watching the advance of the American vessel.

Commodore John W. Philip has been detached from command of the battleship Texas and placed in command of the second squadron of the North Atlantic fleet, with the cruiser New York as his flagship. He succeeds to the command formerly held by Rear Admiral W. S. Schley, and to the quarters on the New York formerly occupied by Rear Admiral W. T. Sampson as commander-in-chief of the North Atlantic fleet. Commodore Philip will be in virtual command of the fleet during the time Sampson and Schley are on the Cuban and Porto Rican commissions.

THE MARKETS. LIVE STOCK. New York—Cattle, Sheep, Lambs, Hogs. Best grades... \$1.00 to \$1.50. Lower grades... \$0.50 to \$1.00.

Chicago—Best grades... \$2.25 to \$2.50. Lower grades... \$1.75 to \$2.00.

Detroit—Best grades... \$1.00 to \$1.25. Lower grades... \$0.75 to \$1.00.

Buffalo—Best grades... \$1.00 to \$1.25. Lower grades... \$0.75 to \$1.00.

Cleveland—Best grades... \$1.00 to \$1.25. Lower grades... \$0.75 to \$1.00.

Cincinnati—Best grades... \$1.00 to \$1.25. Lower grades... \$0.75 to \$1.00.

Pittsburg—Best grades... \$1.00 to \$1.25. Lower grades... \$0.75 to \$1.00.

GRAIN, ETC. Wheat, Corn, Oats. No. 2 red No. 2 mix No. 2 white.

New York 72 3/4 62 3/4 22 3/4. Chicago 62 3/4 52 3/4 22 3/4.

Detroit 67 3/4 57 3/4 22 3/4. Toledo 69 1/8 59 1/8 22 3/4.

Cincinnati 69 3/8 59 3/8 22 3/4. Cleveland 67 3/8 57 3/8 22 3/4.

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Cincinnati 67 3/8 57 3/8 22 3/4. Pittsburgh 67 3/8 57 3/8 22 3/4.

The Day Star of the Orkney's.

A Romance—By Hannah B. McKenzie.

CHAPTER IX.—(Continued.)

He had to go out after breakfast and make some arrangements as to his leaving next day. He was gone an hour or two, and when he returned the hotelkeeper met him at the door.

"Miss Stuart has been calling for you, Mr. Monteth, and has just gone. Now what a pity you were not back ten minutes ago, and you would not have missed her!" said the worthy Mr. Nicholson. "But she left a note for you, sir. Here it is."

Monteth took the dainty envelope, from which a subtle perfume of sweet violets arose, and glanced at the address. He was too astonished to speak.

He took it into his room—a regular bachelor's room, with pipes strewn about the mantelpiece, and his bicycle, which had been mended since his accident, standing against the wall. There he tore open the note. "Dear Evan," ran the bold, dashing writing of Lillith Stuart, "I am so sorry to find you are out. I must see you again, if only for a minute. Do not be unmerciful; grant me this that I ask of you. Meet me at the Rowan Craig at two o'clock exactly. I shall be there. Yours, Lillith. P. S.—I shall depend on you."

What could it mean? Had Lillith repented? He could hardly think so, knowing of her what he did. If not, what more could she have to say to him on the subject? It was impossible to conjecture. The note puzzled Evan.

"But I must go. I shall give her that last chance," he thought. "I shall meet her at two, as she asks. There will be time after that for me to run round to Abbot's Head."

It was half-past one when he started from the Gow Hotel. The path from the town towards the seashore road was steep and stony. Evan walked his machine down it, as he usually did. Once on the seashore road, he mounted and rode as quickly as the hilliness of the path would permit.

His machine was a high-grade one, with Dunlop tires and high-gear, so that he had to put a good deal of pressure on the pedals in ascending the hill. He was near the top, and the path was very stony, when suddenly his fore wheel came in contact with a large stone he had not noticed.

The wheel went over, but the next instant there was a sound as of something cracking beneath him; then the whole frame seemed thrown violently over and before Evan could help himself he was shot over the handlebars, and landed on his back a little distance away from the machine. Luckily he was not much hurt, and in a few seconds was able to pick himself up and look at his machine. To his amazement, the front fork had snapped at the point where it was drilled for the axle, the framework had lurched, the axle springing from the socket, and the wheel had "buckled."

"I am an unfortunate beggar," muttered Monteth to himself. "This is the second time I've come to grief in these islands of nightless summer. Well, there's nothing for it but to leave the machine here and hurry on to keep my appointment. I can trust the natives not to touch it." He had scratched his hand severely and twisted his arm; but these were trifling injuries to what he might have experienced. And as Evan hurried on, he thanked God for what seemed almost a miraculous escape.

"It had happened near Rowan Craig, God only knows where I might be now!" he thought to himself, shuddering a little as he hurried onwards. If he had understood better the terrible nature of the danger he had escaped, his thanks would have been deeper than they were.

"I am going along by the cliffs this afternoon, Miss Troil. You will tell Lady Westray so."

"On your machine, Miss Stuart?" Elspeth Troil asked, looking up quickly.

"Yes; on my machine. Why not?" "I do not know that it is quite safe," Elspeth said, turning away again to look out of the window. Nicholson had not mended that broken fence yet."

Lillith laughed a little. "You think I am afraid? It takes more than a broken fence to frighten me, Miss Troil."

She passed out of the room, and Elspeth looked after her uneasily.

"I do not know why I should feel so about this sudden resolve of hers," she said to herself at last, rising and walking uneasily about the room. "I feel as if—as if some terrible catastrophe were hanging over us all, and if she had a hand in it. Surely I am allowing my imagination to run away with me? And yet—"

She paused by the work-basket which stood in a corner of the room. A book had been hastily thrown into it. Half mechanically Elspeth picked it up. It was entitled "Cycling; Common Accidents, and How to Avert Them."

The book fell open at a leaf which had been folded down. The section was headed, "Fork and Axle; How They Break, and How to Repair." Elspeth glanced over the page and, as she did so, a strange pallor came into her face.

Suddenly she threw down the book and rested a trembling hand on the table. Whence had come that sudden, horrible thought which had leaped upon her like a beast of prey, and was now holding her in a deadly grip that she could not shake off? Elspeth did not know; but before the horror of it she shuddered and covered her face, feeling suddenly icy cold, though the day was warm.

"I am mad!" she whispered presently, letting her hands fall. "God forbid that anything so horrible should be real! And yet why not go out myself and—avert danger, if there should be any?"

Lady Westray was taking her afternoon nap. Elspeth ran downstairs, put on a hat in the hall and, starting through the grounds, was soon on the seashore path.

It was a September afternoon, and a glorious day—not too sultry, but with the first cool breath of Autumn in the air. As Elspeth raced along, listening to the soft swish-swish of the waves as they broke on the cliffs below, the invigorating air seemed to banish the horrible fear that had seized her mind in so sudden and wild a fashion.

"What a wicked, suspicious mind I must have!" she thought. Even as the thought passed through her mind she noticed the tall figure of a man walking rapidly toward her.

For a moment Elspeth thought it was Evan Monteth, and her heart beat fast; but in a few seconds she saw her mistake, and recognized him as Magnus Haleroon. On a sudden impulse she moved from the path, and retreated towards the line of rowan-trees and birches which ran along higher up from the cliff.

As she did so the whirring sound of a bicycle coming rapidly along the road startled her. She looked round. It was Lillith, who came flying along the dangerous road like a creature of the woods and sea, her masses of reddish-ash hair floating about her, her lips parted, her eyes wild with excitement. She was rushing at a breakneck speed. Elspeth could have shrieked aloud to see her.

She was close to that dangerous part—the part of the cliff-road which was so close to the rocks that it had been guarded by a palisade of wood for the safety of pedestrians or riders.

Only the day before the keeper had come to inform Miss Stuart that a portion of the fencing had been broken down, evidently by some malicious person, and that the path was therefore dangerous. Yet, in defiance of this, Lillith had elected to ride along this road today. Why had she done so?

As Elspeth gazed with fascinated eyes, hardly drawing a breath, at the flying wheel and its rider, Magnus suddenly emerged into the path round a turning.

Did Lillith Stuart see him? Did she recognize him? Did she take him for some one else? None knew—none should ever know in this world.

She rode on wildly, her pedals hardly seeming to revolve, so rapid was the motion. A log lay across the road. The rider could not have noticed it, for the next moment her machine rocked wildly.

A shriek rose to Elspeth's lips. She checked it, with a strange feeling that she herself was about to die.

Then—oh, God, how could Elspeth look on it and still live?—the pedestrian had sprung forward and evidently made a wild attempt to seize the machine.

For a moment—it was all done in the twinkling of an eye—Elspeth saw Lillith Stuart's face as she wildly threw her head backwards. Its expression of horror, amazement and white despair would haunt Elspeth as long as she lived.

A scream rent the air—such a scream as one hears in a nightmare, and cannot forget for days—a scream from Lillith's lips; and then—Elspeth was gazing wildly at empty space! Man, woman, bicycle—all had disappeared.

Elspeth thought she uttered a cry; in reality no sound came from her dry lips and throat. She could never afterwards recall what she did. The first thing she was conscious of was that she was looking into Evan Monteth's face and trying, with lips that refused to move or do her bidding, to tell him all. But she knew that he understood her when she saw his own face grow pale as death.

"Wait here," he said hoarsely, seizing her hand in a momentary grasp. "I shall run for Nicholson, and we shall go down to the shore together. Don't move till I come back."

When he returned she was still there; but her expression frightened even the keeper, and she was shivering from head to foot like one in an ague.

"Run on to the castle, Miss Troil. Send men with stretchers," said Monteth, speaking very quietly. "Have things ready for them, and pray God they may be required."

Elspeth Troil only asked one question. "You will bring both to the castle?" "We will, Miss," answered the keeper, whose face reflected the pallor of Monteth's.

Elspeth was waiting in the hall when, an hour later, the terrible cortege arrived. It was she who had done

everything—despatched the men with stretchers, telegraphed for a doctor, soothed Lady Westray, and was in violent hysterics, and directed the horror-stricken servants.

She had kept up her courage while doing all this; but now, as the men solemnly filed into the hall, carrying between them two rude litters covered with sheets, under which lay—oh, God what?—a strange dizziness came over Elspeth, and she had to cling to the wall for support.

Evan Monteth came to her side, and as Elspeth's eyes wildly sought his face, she guessed the truth.

"No use deceiving you, Miss Troil," he said, his voice low and husky. "No power on earth can do anything for her. She must have been killed instantaneously, that is one consolation."

"And he?" whispered Elspeth. "Still lives, thank God!" said Monteth. And he lifted his hat from his head reverently.

Elspeth slipped from his hold and knelt for a moment on that marble floor, covering her face with her hands. When she rose, Evan Monteth, looking in her face, read there the secret of Elspeth Troil's life.

(To be Continued.)

CHIVALRY AT CHAPULTEPEC.

Noble Act of a Mississippian in the Storming of the Fortress.

The Hon. John Temple Graves, in a brief speech before Georgia Woman's Club, told on the spur of the moment a beautiful story—a true story—which embalms the heroism and surpassing chivalry of a gallant veteran now living in Atlanta. Mr. Graves said:

"This is an era of heroes. We are glorifying the prowess of Dewey and Hobson and Blue and crowning them with immortal memories. And this is right. The appreciation of heroes produces heroes. Men do not mind risking their lives for a country that will remember the daring. And the time to recognize heroes is while they live, not after they are dead. Let us remember our present heroes while they are with us, and let us not now or ever forget the heroes yet living whose prowess glorified an earlier day."

"There is a hero and a night of chivalry in this hall to-night. Let me tell you the splendid story which his modest lips have never told: 'The war with Mexico is a part of our martial history. Taylor and Scott and Davis and Lee came out of it immortal. The epic of the great struggle was the storming of Chapultepec. That frowning fortress was the Gibraltar of Mexico. Its massive walls seemed impregnable. But American daring halted at no obstacles, and an intrepid band of volunteers was chosen to scale and assault it. 'Among the first of the dauntless few who braved their way through the shot and shell to the fortress on that dreadful day was a young Mississippian, handsome as Alcibiades, proud, confident, and thrilling with patriotic fervor. He was among the first if not one of the first, to scale the wall, and, sword in hand, dashed along that storm-swept rampart in advance of all his fellows, to cut down the waving flag of the enemy and reap the immortality of the deed. He was the first to reach the flag; his sword was raised, when he heard swift footsteps behind him. He paused, turned and saw his commanding officer, to whom he was tenderly attached and deeply obligated. And then this gallant Mississippian, without a moment's hesitation, with the bow of a Chesterfield, lowered his sword and with the point at rest stood aside while his friend and commanding officer cut down the flag of Mexico and was bulletined for the laurels of that splendid day. In the history of battles there was never more gallant, more chivalric deed than that. And the real hero of Chapultepec, maimed and gray, but glorious still, sits just before me here tonight in the person of my noble and beloved friend, General William S. Walker of Atlanta.'"

TRAITS OF THE CAT.

All Tend to Show It Is Naturally a Solitary Animal.

All the cat's habits show it to be by nature a solitary animal, says Louis Robinson in "Wild Traits in Tame Animals." Even in early life, when family ties bring out the instinct of association, this is apparent. If you compare the play of puppies with that of kittens you will find in one case that companionship of some kind is an essential, for if a puppy has no playmate of his own species he will always try to make one of the nearest biped; whereas a cork or a bit of string is all that is necessary to satisfy the requirements of the kitten. The way in which the cat takes its food is a sure sign that in its natural state it is not in the habit of associating with greedy companions. When given something to eat it first carefully smells the morsel, then takes it in a deliberate and gingerly way, and sits down to finish it at leisure. There is none of that inclination to snatch hastily at any food held before it which we observe even in well-trained dogs, nor does a cat seem in any hurry to stow its goods in the one place where thieves rivals cannot interfere with them. Indeed, no greater contrast in natural table manners can be observed anywhere than when we turn from the kennel or the pigsty and watch the dainty way in which a cat takes its meals. That a cat allows people to approach it while it is feeding without showing jealousy proves that it does not attribute to human beings like tastes with its own.

In rural districts many people use no more than 200 words; the ordinary man can do very well with a vocabulary of 500 words.

WELL EQUIPPED, INDEED!

Phil May. In Punch.



Mistress (about to engage a new house-maid)—Have you had any experience? Applicant—Oh, yes, mum. I've been in 'undreds of situations!

ON AN ATLANTIC LINER EASTWARD BOUND.

Phil May in Punch.

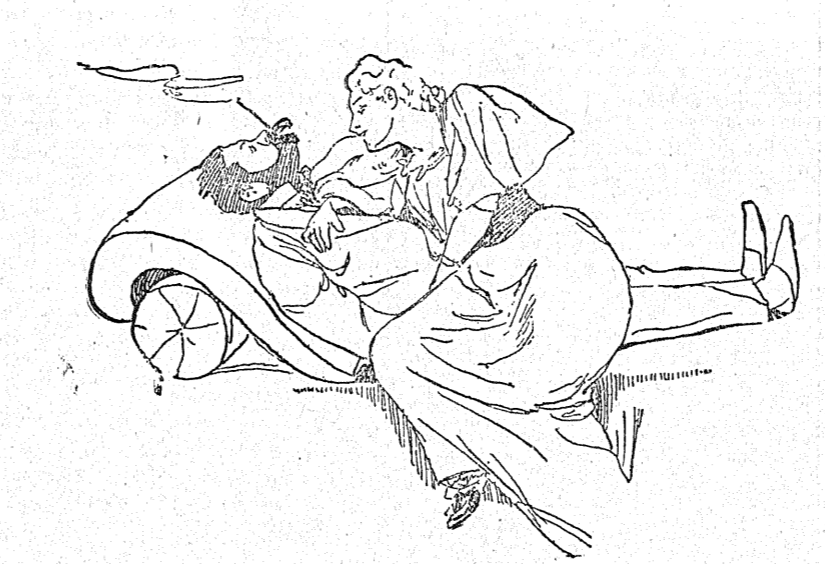


She (on her first trip to Europe)—I guess you like London? He—Why, yes, I guess I know most people in London.

First Swell (pretending to mistake for a waiter a rival whom he sees standing in dress clothes at the cloak room of the theatre): "Ah! have you a programme?" Second Swell (up to snuff): "Thanks, my man; I got one from the other fellow."

USUAL COURSE OF TRUE LOVE.

From Pick-Me-Up.



"Oh, George, how I love you." "Hulloa. Want a new bonnet, do you?" "No, darling. I've ordered the bonnet I only want you to pay for it."

BUNCH OF LETTERS.

It was toward the close of a dreary November afternoon. Outside the wind was howling mournfully among the leafless branches of the tall elms. The sky was a cold, dull gray, except in the west, where an angry streak of red stretched along the horizon, making a bright background for the tall, naked elms that bordered the driveway.

Inside the scene was scarcely less dreary. A fire burned slowly in the old-fashioned grate in the library, throwing its shadows upon the walls and ceiling, bringing into view the bookcases, crowded with richly-bound volumes, now leaping higher and higher, and casting its shadows among the oaken rafters that studded the ceiling, then, as if ashamed of its sudden uprising, sinking down almost to its embers.

The two occupants of the room were watching its fantastic movements, each, however, without a thought of the fire itself. He was standing with his elbow on the mantelpiece, his hand supporting his head. She was sitting on the opposite side, nervously twisting her handkerchief in and out through her fingers. Her face wore an indifferent expression, but it was with difficulty that she could refrain from every now and then glancing at that of her companion.

There had been a misunderstanding between them; not one of those trivial, inconsequential quarrels that make Cupid's heart weep for an hour or so and afterwards brighter and happier for the little cloud, but rather one of those where love's sweet dream cherished, it may have been, for years, is likely to be crushed.

She had accused him and he had explained, but to no avail. An awkward pause ensued; neither knew just what to say. Finally she broke the silence.

"Yes, I loved you. To be true to myself, I admit it. I loved you for what I thought you were, but now that I have found my faith in you is groundless, I release you."

Still he held his peace and continued to watch the fire, his mind busy with the past. The silence exasperated her. At last she arose, and, crossing over to the escritoire, opened one of its drawers and took from it a bundle of letters. They were tied with a little pink ribbon and were, as he knew, those he had written her since their engagement. She tried to untie the knot, but, being unable to do so, gave it a vicious little twitch, when the ribbon broke and the letters scattered right and left.

He bent down and, gathering them up, handed them to her.

"I do not want them. I was going to burn them, but will leave that delightful task to you," she said in a tone meant to display indifference and sarcasm, but which, as such, was a miserable failure.

He drew a chair up to the grate, and, seating himself, began to read, as he finished each one dropping it into the fire. It seemed to her she had never seen him so cool and self-possessed before. It seemed as though her heart would break as, one by one,

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Scrofula

Taints the blood of millions, and sooner or later may break out in hip disease, running sores or some more complicated form. To cure scrofula or prevent it, thoroughly purify your blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla, which has a continually growing record of wonderful cures.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Is America's Greatest Medicine. \$1; six for \$5.
Hood's Pills cure indigestion, biliousness.

A man who possesses wealth possesses power, but it is a power to do evil as well as good.

The War Is Over.
And now our thoughts are all of peace and home. There are, too often, people to be found who have no home, and it is to them these few words are addressed. If you really want a home you can easily get one, but you should act at once before the release from the war puts prices on the advance. In Marinette County, Wisconsin, the very finest farming land is to be had now at a most modest figure. Excellent home markets are at hand to take whatever the farmer raises, and good prices are given. These lands are on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, and full information concerning them will cheerfully be furnished by C. E. Rollins, Immigration Agent, 161 La Salle Street, Chicago.

Pride, the most dangerous of all faults, proceeds from want of sense, or want of thought.

HAGERMAN PASS, 11,580 feet high, is the route used by the Colorado Midland and the highest point reached by a standard gauge railway. The scenery on the Colorado Midland through the mountains is incomparable, train service the best and rates always as low as the lowest. If you have a trip in view through the Rocky Mountains write to the General Passenger Agent, Colorado Midland Railway, Denver, for information as to rates, train service, etc. Printed matter, including handsome illustrated pamphlets, furnished upon application.

California has passed a law requiring the use of wide tires on wagons after January 1, 1900.

A. B. & O. S. W. Promotion.
Cincinnati, Sept. 5, 1898.—C. C. Riley, at present Superintendent of Car Service of the Baltimore & Ohio South Western Railway, has headquarters at Cincinnati, will be promoted to the newly created position of Superintendent of Transportation on August 29th, and the position he formerly held will be abolished. Mr. Riley came to the Baltimore & Ohio South Western Railway from the C. C. & St. L. Railway about a year ago, and has earned his promotion by meritorious services.

Even the politician objects to being shaved with a razor that has a pull. French self-taught is usually confined to French self-understood.

Diphtheria, sore throat, croup. Instant relief, permanent cure. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. At any drug store.

Birmingham, England, turns out five tons of hairpins every week. "That fellow called me an ass behind my back." "Did you kick?"

AFTER 20 YEARS.
A Lady of Grand Rapids Strikes the Right Thing.

Many extraordinary cases of the work of the little conqueror are coming to light in Michigan. Hundreds of them have been investigated by our representative and each has given added strength to those which have gone before. Such well deserved words of praise are daily showered on this modern wonder-worker from all parts of the Union. Speaking of her experience a lady of Grand Rapids, Mrs. Jno. Gardner, who resides at No. 309 Second street, says:

For over 20 years I was bothered with kidney trouble, and despite treatment by physicians and using almost every remedy that came to my notice I received no permanent relief until I tried Doan's Kidney Pills. No one except those who have been through the mill of kidney complaint can tell the torture that one endures. The constant pains across my back extending up the right side; totally unable to lie on my right side; the stiffness and numbness of my limbs; the excruciating pain; is something much more easy to think about than to express. Many a time my husband had to rub my back to get up the circulation before I was able to get on my feet. My family prevailed on me to try Doan's Kidney Pills, but as I had used dozens of other remedies I had very little hope of finding relief. They persisted in their advice and in the fall of 1897 I used three boxes. I felt like a different person. I was in better health than I had been in years. The pain in my back left. I slept well at night. I could do my housework as well as I ever could, and I give the entire credit to Doan's Kidney Pills. I make this statement so that other women who suffer as I suffered may be in a position to know what to use if they wish to get rid of that too prevalent disease, kidney complaint.

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

Money talks pretty conclusively at times, but occasionally it gets rattled.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away. To quit tobacco easily and forever, be energetic, full of life, nerve and vigor. Use Doan's Back, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 25c. or 50c. per guarantee. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedial Co., Chicago or New York.

The shorter a man is in his accounts the longer it takes to find him.

To Cure Constipation Forever. Take Cascara Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. 10c. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

Good manners and good morals are sworn friends and fast allies.

We will forfeit \$1,000 if any of our published testimonials are proved to be not genuine. THE PISO CO., Warren, Pa.

Save the lives of the little ones! Brown's Teething Cordial will do it.

Civility costs nothing, but it often gets things that gold cannot buy.

The Italian state lotteries netted a clear profit of \$5,500,000 last year.

