

CASS CITY ENTERPRISE.

VOL. XVII. NO. 37. 39

CASS CITY, MICH., SEPT. 1, 1898.

BY A. A. P. M'DOWELL.



BURNING MONEY.

None of us are so rich that we are disposed to burn any money. Yes, that's what you will be doing if you do not see our

NEW MAMMOTH FALL STOCK

of Shoes, Clothing, Hats, Caps, Gloves, Mittens, Etc. Stock to select from nearly or quite double any former other season. If you are skeptical, call and be convinced as to stock and prices. N. B.—Butter and Eggs wanted.

J. D. Crosby
CASS CITY'S
SHOE & CLOTHING MAN.

New Goods

For fall are beginning to come and to close out Summer Goods a

Special price

will be given. Straw Hats at 1/2 price. 20 pair White Oxfords, worth \$1.25, will close at \$.50. Special prices

In Light Colored Suits

A quantity of child's \$1.25 suits at \$.90. All Clothing, Shoes, Dry Goods, Groceries, Carpets, etc. at very low prices. Highest price for butter and eggs.

2 Macks 2.

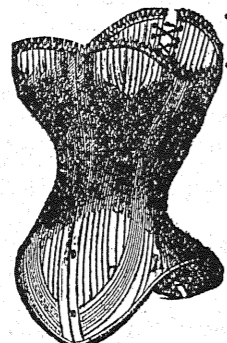
Beginning

Saturday, Aug. 27th

We will offer some great bargains in MEN'S SHOES. 35 pairs, regular price from \$1.00 to \$2.50. All will go at 99 Cents For Cash, Butter or Eggs. None of them to be charged on books. This is a rare bargain. We are also offering extra inducements in Ladies' Summer Underwear and Shirt Waists

We are selling the celebrated

L. L. Loomer
Corset, Best in the market, at \$1.00.



Loomer's
Improved
cutaway.

Easy, Comfortable
Stylish and Graceful.
Combining all the good points of the new French, Short Corset, with improvements—try one and enjoy ease

Call and get our prices on regular line of Groceries, Dry Goods, Shoes and Bicycles.

Umbrellas at cut Prices. We Risk the Experiment and GUARANTEE EACH GARMENT.

LAING & JANES.

Just Received...

NEW CROP
--OF--
NIB TEAS.

They are far superior to the other crop in draw and flavor. Call and get a Sample.

Frost & Hebblewhite.

Remember the MAINE Thing

AT W. A. FAIRWEATHER'S

Popular Dry Goods Store

Is the maintenance of constantly keeping before the people new up-to-date goods at popular low prices. We have a few of those summer goods left that we are bound to close out at a low price. We will sell you as long as they last

Those 5c. Lawns at 5c. Those Palm Leaf Fans at 2c
" 8c. Dimities at 8c. That 1 yard wide cotton at 5c
" 15c. Viscose at 8c. That odd lot of 15c Dress Goods at 10c
" 10, 15 and 25c Belts at 10c All our remnants at low prices.

We have spent a great deal of time in the selecting of our mammoth fall stock of Underwear and Hose. We have over 100,000 yards of Dress Goods that are entirely new. We carry a complete line of Outing, Prints, Shirtings, Laces, Silks, Ribbons, Dress Trimmings, Etc. Ask to see our large Blankets at 50c a pair. Call on us when you want Dry Goods and we will do you good every time.

We carry a Complete line of Groceries.

We want your Butter and Eggs

They are just as good as cash to us.

Respectfully,

W. A. Fairweather.

A. A.

MCKENZIE,

FUNERAL

DIRECTOR,

Cass City, Mich.

Branches at Gagetown and Argyle.

Gagetown Manager—David Ashmore.
Argyle Center Manager—John McPhail

School - Books,

Tablets, Pencils, Slates, Sponges, Pens, Holders, Ink and all kinds of school supplies

Now Ready.

Come in and get your supplies before the rush.....

T. H. Fritz's
Pharmacy.

A New Line Stationery...

—ALSO—

Toilet Soaps, Perfumes, Trusses, Syringes, Atomizers, Combs, Brushes, Etc.

BRING YOUR

Prescriptions

and Family Recipes. Purity, accuracy and right prices guaranteed at

BOND'S
PHARMA Y.

A Card of Thanks.

We desire to thank our generous patrons for the material interest they are showing in our welfare. Last week we asked for a share of the fall trade in School Books and Stationery and our petition has been granted. The people of Cass City and vicinity are coming to our help, and we feel assured of being able to establish an exclusive up-to-date Book Store. We shall continue to share our profits with those in poor circumstances.

F. KLUMP & CO.

HOME HAPPENINGS

ITEMS OF PURELY LOCAL INTEREST.

Our Fair will be a hummer.

Louis I. Wood returns to Pt Huron to-day.

Cast your eye on A. Bond's change of adv.

Note the way talk in Ostrander's announcement.

Hersy Youngs, of Clifford, is employed at the elevator.

Wm. Stricker and family, of Argyle, visited relatives here Sunday.

Miss Carrie Robinson, of Belding, Mich., is visiting friends here.

F. Klump & Co., return thanks to their patrons in their adv. this week.

A. L. Foster, of Bad Axe, is now employed in S. Champion's barber shop.

Miss Phebe McGregory, of Bay City, is the guest of her uncle, P. S. McGregory.

Miss Rose Ealy, of Pontiac, spent Sunday here, the guest of Miss Nellie Ross.

Wm. Heller has decided to attend our High School for the fall and winter terms.

Rev. J. M. Bittner, of Sebawaing, occupied the pulpit at the Evangelical Church Sunday morning.

Berkeley Patterson has secured a situation on with the Stewart & Co. wholesale house at Saginaw.

Miss Myrtis A. Howard returned last Friday from Ovid, where she has been spending her vacation.

Miss Josie Higgins returns to Flint this week to resume her duties at the Deaf and Dumb Institute.

J. A. Colwell, the building mover, has moved to town and occupies the D. Murphy residence on West Street.

WANTED—Apprentices to learn dress-making, on reasonable terms. Apply at once.

Mrs. J. E. PATTERSON.

There is an opening in this office for a boy of about fourteen years of age, who is willing to work and anxious to learn the art of printing. He must have a fair education and abstain from the use of liquor and tobacco in all forms. Apply at once.

The Misses Irwin and Chase, of North Branch, have been the guests of J. H. Davis and family this week.

Mrs. Edwin Eno made her first visit to town Tuesday since her recent illness. She is enjoying splendid health.

Station Agent Edgar has secured an assistant. He belongs to the McDonald clan and formerly resided at Cassville.

We regret to learn that Mrs. Thos. Deck, of Elmwood township, is so seriously ill that her recovery is despaired of.

The advertising matter for our Fair is now being distributed and is unusually attractive. The Fair will be likewise.

Engene Bockstedt, who has been the guest of the Misses Ida and Lily Striffler, for several weeks, returned to Buffalo this week.

John Marshall & Sons, of the Hillside Stock Farm, received eight Leicester sheep last week from C. Woods, of Burlington, Ont.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Higgins and Miss Josie Higgins, of Elmwood township, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Hendrick on Sunday.

Mr. Morey, accompanied by his daughter-in-law and nephew, all of Ingersoll, Ont., were the guests of Thos. Cross a part of last week.

M. H. Eastman, who has been acting as chef for the Cass City Summer Home Club at Oak Bluff for the season, returned here the first of the week.

Married, at the Presbyterian Manse, by the Rev. B. J. Baxter, on Thursday, August 25th, William Lowe and Mrs. Mary Gillies, both of Grant township.

Mrs. W. F. Bockstedt and children who have been the guests of Mrs. C. D. Striffler for the past six weeks, returned to Buffalo, N. Y., early in the week.

John W. Murphy, of Maple Grove Stock Farm, made a trip to Dutton, Ont., last week with a view to securing some more blooded stock for his flock of sheep.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the M. E. Church will meet with Mrs. Rich. Duggan on Wednesday, Sept. 7th. Tea served at the usual hour. All welcome.

Miss Ella J. Koons spent her vacation at her home at Stockbridge, Mich., returning last week to resume her duties as one of the assistant teachers at our schools.

I. E. Gordon, well known here and who completed a course in medicine last spring, is in town for a few days extracting teeth by the painless method. See announcement elsewhere.

Postmaster John McVicar, of Rescue, was a caller at our sanctum this morning and showed his appreciation of the ENTERPRISE by giving us two subscriptions for distant relatives.

A. A. Hitchcock informs us that the season's sales of bicycles has been enormous and it does not look as though the bicycle craze was on the wane any in this locality.

Prof. Masselink returned to his duties at the Big Rapids Industrial School on Wednesday. Miss Mima MacArthur and Lattie Deming left on the same train to become pupils of the same school.

The peaches and cream social which was to have been given at the M. E. Church Wednesday has been postponed until to-morrow (Friday) evening when the program will be given as announced.

All the brethren of Cass City, L. O. L., are requested to be present at the next regular meeting, Sept. 5th, as there is business of importance to come before the meeting.

W. A. ANDERSON, Sec'y.

Miss S. Belle Marsh, Miss Alberta A. Allen and Miss Mary A. Dunham, all belonging to our staff of school teachers returned on Saturday from their vacations which were spent at Lacotah Bangor and St. Joseph respectively.

Miss Nellie Westland, the teacher engaged for the grammar department of our schools, arrived last Thursday. She comes from Grand Ledge and has the honor to be the daughter of an editor.

Miss Eva Wickware is spending the week with friends at Pontiac and Detroit and will remain at the latter place next week to take up trimming and purchase millinery stock for Mrs. E. K. Wickware.

At the Baptist Church Sunday morning the subject will be "John's baptism unto Repentance," Matt. III. 2. The Jews baptism "for the remission of sins," Acts II:38. And the Christian's after his sins are forgiven, Acts x:43 to 47.

Miss Susie Williamson, of Lindsay, Ont., has enjoyed a week's visit with her sister, Mrs. A. A. P. McDowell, and returns to her home today.

The Fifth Annual Encampment of the Soldiers' and Sailors' Association of Northeastern Michigan will be held in St. Louis on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, Sept. 13, 14, 15 and 16, 1898.

Intending exhibitors at the Fair—and their name is legion—should decide at once to have their entries in early, so as to avoid the rush and attendant confusion of the last few days before the Fair.

Owing to the G. A. R. National encampment at Cincinnati, an excursion ticket for the round trip may be purchased at Cass City for \$7.30, good going on the 3rd, 5th and 6th and to return up to the 13th via P. O. & N. R. R.

Miss Louie Parr, who has been an employee of the Eastern Michigan Asylum at Pontiac, has been obliged to return here suffering with an abscess of the ear. She is at the home of A. G. Berney and under the care of Dr. M. M. Wickware.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Hitchcock have returned from their trip to Detroit and vicinity. While there Mr. Hitchcock was looking up the necessary glass for their new store front and Mrs. Hitchcock cared for the replenishing of the dry goods stock.

Mr. Bye, living northwest of town, who was overcome by the heat previous to the recent heavy rains, is now on the way to recovery under the care of Dr. Wickware. He lay unconscious for some time and with his feeble health, he had a narrow escape from death.

Dr. Wickware, the attending physician, found it necessary to remove the injured eye of Burt Reeder on Saturday last and now, with the exception of the great loss of one eye, he has about recovered the good health he enjoyed before the accident.

Dan McDougall, of Pt. Edward, who has been visiting friends and relatives here, returned home Wednesday evening. Since leaving Cass City, Dan has grown from a knee-pant boy to nearly a six foot man, but he is the same genial Dan to his many friends here as of yore.

In the September Review of Reviews the editor takes a strong American position in discussing the important international questions regarding Cuba and the Philippines which must be settled by the peace commission at Paris. Plain words are also used in regard to the deplorable sanitary condition that the American troops have suffered.

J. D. Sobenok, our expert bicycle repairer, has just added a brazer to his equipment, which will give him no small advantage in his work. He has already gained a notoriety for good work and his obliging disposition has won him a host of friends. He also keeps sewing machine parts and does miscellaneous repairing.

Mrs. Oscar Powell, having recovered from the first operation, underwent the second operation, at the hands of Drs. Graves and Wickware on Friday last. At the present writing she is doing finely, and when she recovers from this operation, it is fully believed that her former good health will be restored. Her many friends rejoice with her.

Ernest Highfield, whose people live in Grant township, left here seven years ago for Harper's Hospital, Detroit, suffering from tuberculosis of the hip joint. He recovered but was retained in the hospital as bell boy, afterwards elevator boy, and now holds the position of clerk in the office. He is now visiting his home for the first time in seven years.

The walls of the water and light station are advancing rapidly toward completion. Work began Wednesday noon on the digging of the trenches, on Maple Street, north of Main, and the diggers are now working along the north side of Main Street, west of Maple. A portion of the iron piping has arrived and has been distributed. Everything now points to a speedy completion of the system.

Herbert F., son of C. O. Lenzer, who has been a faithful employee of this office for the past eighteen months, left on Tuesday morning for Detroit, where he has secured a situation with the Wolverine Printing Company. We are sorry to lose Herb, as he has ever kept an eye to business, so much so that he has made more than ordinary progress, and as his bark glides out upon life's tempestuous sea we wish him a safe voyage, and believe he will meet with the success he deserves. He was actively associated with the Young People's Alliance of the Evangelical Church, by which society he will be greatly missed.

ONE MONTH'S SHIPMENTS.

Proves That our Town is one of the Best Markets in the Thumb.

The amount of produce which has been shipped from this point on the P. O. & N. R. R. for the month of August is astonishing, and for the gratification of our readers we have looked the matter up and give them the results below:

Wheat—Forty car loads of 30,000 lbs. each.

Oats—Six car loads of 32,000 lbs. each.

Rye—Eight car loads of 28,000 lbs. each.

One car load of beans.

Apples—1,944 barrels.

Eggs—1,304 cases, (30 and 36 dozen in case).

One box of harness, 80 lbs.

Three gang plows, twenty-four moud boards and 240 lbs. of castings.

Plums—200 bushels; pears, 48 bushels; potatoes and onions, 210 lbs.

Canned fruit—375 lbs.

Honey—558 lbs.

Butter—15,735 lbs.

Peas—360 lbs.

Flour and other millstuffs—45,168 lbs.

Thirteen calves, 65 cattle, 140 hogs, and 349 sheep.

Hides, pelts, etc.—1,275 lbs.

Rags, rubbers, lead and zinc—1,700 lbs.

Also a quantity of building material.

From all appearances the shipments for September will surpass those of August to a considerable extent. We are convinced enough to think that the above is a good showing.

J. F. Sealey, of Caro, and J. N. Emery, of Detroit, were the guests of I. B. Auten a part of this week. Mr. Emery was school mate of Mr. Auten's in days gone by, but now makes occasional trips to this locality in the interests of the New England Mutual Life Assn. and has succeeded in securing a nice business for the company.

The attention of our readers is called to the ad. of Dr. H. E. Gordon on the last page. Dr. Gordon is a skillful operator in the extraction of teeth, using neither chloroform, ether or vitalized air, but a special painless method. Dr. Gordon has met with flattering success during his stay here, as his many testimonials will testify. He will be at Hotel Gordon Thursday, Friday and Saturday of this week.

On Saturday morning, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Pinney, Miss Irene Pinney, Mrs. Lizzie McLean and John Marshall left here for Pt. Huron, where they had arranged to take boat for Duluth. The northern resorts have become unusually popular this season, so that the passenger boats have been taxed to their utmost carrying capacity. We are sure that our townspeople will have a most enjoyable trip and return refreshed.

If you possess any thoroughbred poultry you should decide at once to exhibit the same at the Cass City Fair, as an expert judge has been secured in the person of Sharp Butterfield, and much may be learned that will be of value to exhibitors even though their birds may not be winners. The same might be said in regard to cattle and sheep as Mr. Butterfield is just as much at home amongst them as with the poultry.

The Cass City Union Schools began the fall term on Monday, with an excellent attendance and every indication of a successful term. The new principal, Chas. S. Weaver, expresses himself as very highly pleased with the high school room and also with his pupils, which numbered about eighty the first day. In fact, the entire building pleases him, and the location is beyond criticism. Miss Westland, who comes to our school for the first time, already has the seventh and eighth grades well under control, and the lady teachers who were re-engaged have returned from their vacation anxious to make this term even better than the last.

On Sunday evening, about ten o'clock, Joseph Wallace departed this life, after a brief attack of pneumonia, at the age of sixty-eight years. He was a native of Ireland but came to Michigan at an early age and has been a resident of Cass City about ten years, conducting a harness store and repair shop at the corner of Main and Oak Streets. He united with the M. E. Church about forty years ago and ever remained a faithful supporter of that society. He had his faults. Who has not? But the deceased was kind-hearted and was ever glad to do a good deed or extend a helping hand where it was needed. The funeral services were held in the church Wednesday forenoon and conducted by the pastor, Rev. Jas. W. Fenn. The remains were laid to rest in the Elkland cemetery. The bereaved widow has the sympathy of the entire community in this hour of trial.

Keep Coughing

We know of nothing better to treat the lining of your throat and lungs. It is better than wet feet to cause bronchitis and pneumonia. Only keep it up long enough and you will succeed in reducing your weight, losing your appetite, bringing on a slow fever and making everything exactly right for the germs of consumption.

Stop coughing and you will get well.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

cures coughs of every kind. An ordinary cough disappears in a single night. The racking coughs of bronchitis are soon completely mastered. And, if not too far along, the coughs of consumption are completely cured.

Ask your druggist for one of

Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Plaster.

It will aid the action of the Cherry Pectoral.

If you have any complaint whatever and desire the best medical advice you can possibly obtain, write us freely. You will receive a prompt reply free of charge. Address, DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

St. Mary's Academy

One Mile West of the University of Notre Dame.

ST. MARY'S ACADEMY for young ladies, now entering upon its forty-fourth year of active educational work, has earned the reputation of being one of the most thoroughly equipped and successful institutions in the United States. The academy buildings are beautifully situated on an eminence overlooking the picturesque banks of the St. Joseph River. All the branches of

A Thorough English and Classical Education.

Including Greek, Latin, French and German are taught by a Faculty of competent teachers. On completing the full course of studies students receive the

Regular Collegiate Degree of Litt. B., A. B. or A. M.

The Conservatory of Music is conducted on the plan of the best musical Conservatories of Europe. Three instrumental lessons, and one in theory, weekly, are included in the regular tuition; extra practice pro rata.

The Art Department is modeled after the best Art Schools in Europe.

Preparatory and Minim Departments.—Pupils who need primary training, and those of tender age, are here carefully prepared for the Academy. There are also departments in book-keeping, penmanship and typewriting extra. Every variety of Fancy Needlework taught. For catalogue containing full information, address

DIRECTRESS OF THE ACADEMY,
St. Mary's Academy,
NOTRE DAME P. O., INDIANA.

YOUNG MEN and Ladies wanted to LEARN TELEGRAPHY and Railroad Bookkeeping. This is endorsed by leading railroads as the best institution of its kind. We place all graduates. Catalogue free. **MORSE SCHOOL OF TELEGRAPHY,** Oshkosh, Wis.

BAD BLOOD

"CASCARETS do all claimed for them and are a truly wonderful medicine. I have often wished for a medicine pleasant to take and at last I have found it in Cascarets. Since taking them, my blood has been purified and my complexion has improved wonderfully and I feel much better in every way." Mrs. SALLIE E. SELLANS, Littleton, Tenn.

CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripes. 10c, 25c, 50c.

CURE CONSTIPATION.—Send for a box of Cascarets. They are sold by all druggists.

NO-TO-BAG Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to **CURE TOBACCO HABIT.**

KILL YOUR CAT

and use a

Black Kat Mouse Trap

Catches every time without bait or money refunded. Made of steel; absolutely safe setting; easy to adjust; odor removed with hot water without injury. Patent Pending. Send for sample and money.

A Money Maker—A Regular Deceiver.

BLACK KAT TRAP CO.
1100 Caxton Bldg., Chicago.

CURE YOURSELF!

Use Dr. Cassell's Kidney and Bladder Pills. Guaranteed to cure all urinary ailments, inflammation, irritations or obstructions of the urinary tract. Prevents constipation, pain, and not irritating to the system. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, 10c, or 3 bottles, \$2.75. Circular sent on request.

POISON YOUR HORSE

BURNS WHILE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

The Day Star of the Orkney's.

A Romance—By Hannah B. McKenzie.

CHAPTER VII.—(Continued.)

"Strangers?" repeated Evan Monteith. His tone was one of mingled astonishment and reproach. He stood still in the middle of the road and faced her; but Day did not raise her eyes to his face. She felt she could not. "Strangers, Day?" he repeated, in a low voice that thrilled with some deep feeling. "After all that has been between us, do you still count us strangers? Is this your love or your promised trust?" Day's face was pale as death. She put her hand to her throat before she answered. Then she spoke at last, very slowly, as if she were trying to weigh her words well.

"Mr. Monteith, we know almost nothing of each other. Our acquaintanceship, even now, only extends to three weeks. We Orkadians do not leap into friendship so suddenly as the Southrons. It takes years to make our friendship strong and true. You know little of us; we know nothing at all of you. Though it so happened that accident brought you to our door, you must not feel under any obligation to us. We only did what common humanity required of us. Then let us not speak of trust and friendship. If— if we thought of it before, it was because we were foolishly impulsive."

He had been silent for a few moments when Day ceased speaking. Now his voice sounded hard and almost hoarse. "A man does not need to look for much faith among his fellow-creatures. After all, why should I have asked it from you? And yet I thought you meant what you said that day. But why recall the past?" he added, as Day involuntarily made a movement with her hand. "I am only hurting you."

"No; do not recall it. Let us hurriedly forget it," said Day, in a hurried tone.

"Forgive me!" Monteith exclaimed the next moment. "I am a brute to speak like that to you, who, whatever you may think of me, have been an angel of mercy and kindness to me. I cannot call myself in your eyes no; but when I can—when I am free to tell all, as please God some day I shall—I shall come to you and ask you—well, for your friendship then. Now my mouth is sealed, and any one who trusts me must trust me in all in all, or not at all." Well, shall we say good-by?"

"It is better, perhaps," Day said, a little pantingly.

"Then good-by. Will you shake hands?" He stretched out his hand, but she put hers into it with a strange little shrinking motion; but he released it instantly.

"Good-by, Miss Malcrow. And will you remember this—that whatever you may think of me, I hold you now, and ever shall hold you, as the sweetest and truest and kindest woman that ever I have known. Good-by, and may fate give you the happiness you deserve!"

He has gone, and Day, white and trembling, with doubt and remorse and love fighting within her, stood alone on the road.

CHAPTER VIII.

"Mr. Monteith is coming tonight, Miss Troil, so, if you are not engaged with Lady Westray, you might stay in the drawing-room and play to us," said Miss Stuart languidly.

She reclined in a luxurious easy-chair, her reddish-ashen head among the velvet cushions, one beautiful white hand lazily stroking the Persian cat in her lap. Lillith Stuart had a strange affection for these animals. Could it be, as "Aurora Leigh" says the work of woman is, symbolical? Elspeth Troil looked up quickly from her seam, taking in at one swift glance the attitude of the graceful, sinuous figure in its pale-green evening-gown, trimmed heavily with creamy lace, until it looked like that of a Thetis springing from the sea-foam. There were times when, even to Elspeth, who had known her for six years, Lillith was a mystery.

"I shall do so if you desire it, Miss Stuart," she replied, in her grave, quiet tone.

There was nothing in common between these two young women, and silence followed Elspeth's reply. She went on quietly with her work, while Lillith played with her Persian, alternately stroking it and pulling its ears. Presently steps sounded on the soft-carpeted corridor outside, and the door was thrown open, the footman announcing with ceremony, "Mr. Evan Monteith."

Lillith did not rise, but lay back in her chair, her face turned towards the door, her dark-blue eyes with that deep, mysterious smile in them which had brought so many hearts to her feet, her hand half extended—the action of a queen expecting homage. Monteith came forward and bowed low; but he did not take the half-proffered hand, and Lillith allowed it to fall by her side.

"Look at my lovely pussy! Is she not a queen among Persians?" she said, laying her own beautiful mouth on the top of the animal's head.

"And, do you know, I actually believe she loves me? Is it not strange?"

There was hardly a counterpane in the

spare you or compromise matters; but it is impossible. Right is right eternally; nothing can ever change it. It must be war between us, because no compromise will do—no compromise would be right. Therefore let me say good-by and leave you. When we meet again it will be before all the world as foes.

"As foes?" she whispered. Her voice sounded strangely low in her throat; it was as if something choked her. She suddenly stood erect, and the long sea-green gown fell in loose folds about her sinuous figure. "This is your final decision?"

"It is my final decision," said Evan Monteith. "I shall go now, Miss Stuart, and the day after tomorrow I leave for London. Shall we say good-by now?"

"Good-by," said Lillith Stuart. She held out her beautiful white hand—a hand that Evan Monteith had kissed in the past—to him. Her eyes, which, even in the dark, shone like a cat's, were curiously luminous. "Good-by, Evan."

"I shall not touch your hand," said Monteith gravely. "It would be hypocrisy to do so. Good-by once more, Miss Stuart."

He bowed, turned and left her. A stair led down from the balcony to the gardens. He went down by it, and soon vanished from sight. When he had gone Lillith turned and stretched out her beautiful arms, with their foamy yellow lace, towards the direction in which he had gone.

"The day after tomorrow," she said. And a little, low laugh came rippling from her red lips. "Oh, fool! fool! The day after tomorrow!"

CHAPTER IX.

"There is nothing else for it. I am forced into this unfortunate position!" said Evan Monteith to himself, as he cycled back to Stromness along the cliff-path, which was, however, safe enough, for it was strongly protected by a wooden barricade. Even now it was hardly dark and Monteith had not lit his lamp.

"I wish the work had been committed to any other but to me," he mused as he spun onwards.

"But I must atone for the past. Much of it has been my fault, and on me, therefore, lies the responsibility of undoing any evil I have done. Yes, I shall go to London and lay the facts before the lawyers; then commit all into their hands. But am I to go without seeing Day?"

His face changed as the name was uttered, a little hesitatingly even to himself. The sternness and resolution faded out, and a softened expression crept over it.

"Will she forgive me when she knows all?" he thought. "Ah, surely she will! And yet, could I be satisfied with her forgiveness alone? Is there not more that I crave for, pure-souled darling! Surely her parents were far-sighted when they gave her her name, for she is like the day indeed—bringing joy and sunshine and love wherever she goes. Surely, if a bad woman is the worst creature on earth, a good one is God's best gift to man?"

Monteith had a room at the Gow Hotel; but he did not sleep much that night. When he did, his sleep was haunted by strange, awful dreams, in which he felt himself being hurled over some frightful precipice; and when he looked up to the platform of rock from which he had fallen, he saw the mocking face of Lillith Stuart gazing down at him, and heard her scornful laughter float above him on the air.

The dream haunted him strangely, even after he had risen and breakfasted. He told himself it was only the natural result of yesterday's disagreeable duty; but somehow he could not shake off the uncomfortable impression it had left.

(To be Continued.)

OLD KISSING CUSTOM.

It Dates from Ancient Times and is Still Observed.

Old-fashioned Hungerford is once more celebrating Hocktide with all its quaint customs and ancient ceremonies, says Notes and Queries. This interesting ceremony began with the annual "macaroni supper," and will be continued today, when the two managers of the rival banks, who have been elected "tuttimen" for the ensuing year, go round to the houses of the tenants in the town and exercise their prerogative of kissing all the ladies in each house. Hungerford is one of the last remaining unreformed boroughs of England, and still retains its ancient official nomenclature, electing to have in place of mayor and corporation, a constable, a portreeve, a keeper of the coffers, a hayward, two ale tasters and a bellman. The tuttimen (who are also collectors of the poll tax) have from time immemorial called at every house in the borough and received from each inhabitant, if he be male, a penny, and in case of the ladies a kiss, the ceremony being announced from the balcony of the town hall by a blast from the Hungerford horn blown by the bellman. Afterward a dinner is held, at which the officers for the ensuing year are elected.

Eccentric Tides.

Owing to the effects of shore-lines, and other influences which are more or less obscure, it is very difficult to account for the peculiarities exhibited by tidal waves in various parts of the world. Interfering waves cause one-day tides at Tahiti, and in some other places, while on the other hand, in the harbors back of the Isle of Wight, and in the Tay in Scotland, there are three tides in a day. The latter have recently been ascribed to "overtides," produced by the modification of tidal waves running ashore, and resembling the "overtone" of musical sounds.

TOLD BY THE SERGEANT.

From the Democrat, Grand Rapids, Mich.

At the Michigan Soldiers' Home, in Grand Rapids, lives Sergeant Richard Dunn, hale and hearty, although he carries the scars of several wounds sustained in some of the battles of the Civil War. In recounting his experience to a reporter, Mr. Dunn said:

"About a year and a half ago I began to have trouble with my stomach. My suffering was so intense that I tried different medicines and doctors with several physicians, but without permanent relief."

"I read an account of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People having cured a case much like mine, and I decided to give them a trial, which I did."

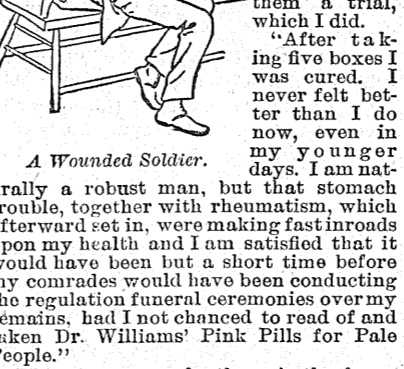
"After taking five boxes I was cured. I never felt better than I do now, even in my young days. I am naturally a robust man, but that stomach trouble, together with rheumatism, which afterward set in, were making fast inroads upon my health and I am satisfied that it would have been but a short time before my comrades would have been preparing the regulation funeral ceremonies over my remains. Had I not changed to read of and taken Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People?"

"There are several others in the home who are taking these pills and are receiving great benefit." RICHARD DUNN.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 1st day of Nov., 1900.

HENRY GUNSON, Notary Public.

Sergeant Dunn is perfectly willing that anyone should write him in reference to his case, provided stamp is enclosed for reply. All the elements necessary for a new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves are contained in a condensed form in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. They are a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, irregularities and all forms of weakness. In men they cure cases arising from mental worry, overwork or excess of whatever nature.



A Wounded Soldier.

"There are several others in the home who are taking these pills and are receiving great benefit." RICHARD DUNN.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 1st day of Nov., 1900.

HENRY GUNSON, Notary Public.

At a special election held at Lake Odessa to vote on bonding the village for waterworks, the proposition carried by a vote of 204 to 29.

Producers of poultry should refrain from enumerating their juvenile fowls until after the period of incubation has expired.

ARTISTIC HOMES.

How a Great Manufacturer Has Bought Them Within Reach of All.

Probably at no time in the world's history has so much attention been paid to the interior decoration of homes as at present. No home, no matter how humble, is without its handicraft that helps to beautify the apartments and make the surroundings more cheerful. The taste of the American people has been raised with the age and almost every day brings forth something new in the way of a picture, a drapery, a piece of furniture or other form of mural decoration. One of the latest of these has been given to the world by the celebrated artist, Muvilla, a series of hand-painted porcelain plaques. Not for years has anything as handsome in this line been seen. The subjects represented by these plaques are American Wild Ducks, American Pheasant, American Quail and English Snipe. They are handsome paintings and especially designed for hanging on dining-room walls, though their richness and beauty entitles them to a place in the parlor of any home. These original plaques have been purchased at a cost of \$50,000 by J. C. Hubinger Bros. Co., manufacturers of the celebrated Elastic Starch, and in order to enable their numerous customers to become possessors of these handsome works of art they have had them reproduced by a special process in all the rich colors and beauty of the original. They are finished on heavy cardboard, pressed and embossed in the shape of a plaque and trimmed with a heavy band of gold. They measure forty inches in circumference and contain no reading matter or advertisement whatever.

Until October 1st Messrs. J. C. Hubinger Bros. Co. propose to distribute these plaques free to their customers. Every purchaser of three ten-cent packages of Elastic Starch, flat-iron brand, manufactured by J. C. Hubinger Bros. Co., is entitled to receive one of these handsome plaques free from their grocer. Old and new customers alike are entitled to the benefits of this offer. These plaques will not be sent through the mail, the only way to obtain them being from your grocer. Every grocery store in the country has Elastic Starch for sale. It is the oldest and best laundry starch on the market, and is the most perfect cold process starch ever invented. It is the only starch made by men who thoroughly understand the laundry business, and the only starch that will not injure the finest fabric. It has been the standard for over a quarter of a century, and as an evidence of how good it is twenty-two million packages were sold last year. Ask your dealer to show you the plaques and tell you about Elastic Starch. Accept no substitute. Bear in mind that this offer holds good a short time only, and should be taken advantage of without delay.

It is said that woman, owing to the peculiar construction of her form, is unable to jump—except at an offer of marriage.

Rome was not built in a day. But there was no hustling real estate boomers in the days of old.

Scrofula, salt rheum, erysipelas and other distressing eruptive diseases yield quickly and permanently to the cleansing, purifying power of Burdock Blood Bitters.

Girls admire a drooping moustache, especially when it droops their way.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets. Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c. 25c. 50c. Full drugstore returned money.

Woman is the fairest creature on earth—also the unfairest.

COSMO BUTTERMILK TOILET SOAP makes the skin soft, white and healthy. Sold everywhere.

The only tales that dead men tell are ghost stories.

Beauty is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic cleans your blood and keeps it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin today to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

To be always thinking about your matters is not the way to make them good; the very perfection of matters is not to think about yourself.

The first thing a man does after making a fool of himself is to try to explain how it happened.

Wheat 40 Cents a Bushel.

How to grow wheat with big profit at 40 cents and samples of Salzer's Red Cross (80 Bushels per acre) Winter Wheat, Rye, Oats, Clovers, etc., with Farm Seed Catalogue for 4 cents postage. JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., La Crosse, Wis. w.n.u.

Where duty is plain delay is both foolish and hazardous; when it is not delay may be both wisdom and safety.

Wind—Something that makes a bicycle pneumatically tired.

"I had a running, itching sore on my leg. Suffered tortures. Doan's Ointment took away the burning and itching instantly and quickly effected permanent cure." C. W. Lenhart, Bowling Green, O.

An eminent oculist announces that there is twice as much blindness among men as among women.

Hall's Catarrh Cure

Is taken internally. Price, 75c.

After all, our worst misfortunes never happen and most miseries lie in anticipation.

Trouble—Something that can be borrowed without security or interest.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.

Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c. \$1. All druggists.

Why does the college year have its commencement at the end?

It wishes were horses beggars would want to ride bicycles.

For a perfect complexion and a clear, healthy skin, use COSMO BUTTERMILK SOAP. Sold everywhere.

"Why isn't a girl's figure, instead of her face, her fortune?"

Dr. Carter's K. & E. Tea

Does what other medicines do not do. It regulates the four important organs of the body—the Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels. 25c package.

Why isn't the false bang on a lady's head a dead-lock?

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle. It is safe.

Why shouldn't a rope learn something when it is taut?

My doctor said I would die, but Piso's Cure for Consumption cured me.—Amos Kolner, Cherry Valley, Ills., Nov. 23, 1895.

If blood will tell, perhaps that is why murder will out.

The baby's "second summer" and its teething troubles made pleasant by Brown's Teething Cordial.

If the youth is too fresh it is apt to spoil the man.

NO WOMAN IS EXEMPT.

Regularity is a matter of importance in every woman's life. Much pain is, however, endured in the belief that it is in truth it is all wrong and indicates derangement that may cause serious trouble.

Excessive monthly pain itself will unsettle the nerves and make women old before their time.

The foundation of woman's health is a perfectly normal and regular performance of nature's function. The statement we print from Miss Gertrude Sikes, of Eldred, Pa., is echoed in every city, town and hamlet in this country. Read what she says:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM—I feel like a new person since following your advice, and think it is my duty to let the public know the good your remedies have done me. My troubles were painful menstruation and leucorrhoea. I was nervous and had spells of being confused. Before using your remedies I never had any faith in patent medicines. I now wish to say that I never had anything do me so much good for painful menstruation as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; also would say that your Sanative Wash has cured me of leucorrhoea. I hope these few words may help suffering women."

The present Mrs. Pinkham's experience in treating female ills is unparalleled, for years she worked side by side with Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, and for sometime past has had sole charge of the correspondence department of her great business, treating by letter as many as a hundred thousand ailing women during a single year.

All suffering women are invited to write freely to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., for advice about their health.

If afflicted with Thompson's Eye Water, send 50c.

WANTED—Case of bad health that B-I-P-A-N-G will not benefit. Send 5 cents to Ripans Chemical Co., New York, for 10 samples and 1,000 testimonials.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY, gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Send for book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment free. Dr. H. H. GREER'S 80088, Atlanta, Ga.

PENSIONS, PATENTS, CLAIMS, JOHN W. MORRIS, WASHINGTON, D. C. Late Principal Examiner U. S. Pension Bureau. 375 1/2 St. Pa. Ave., Wash., D. C. Refusing claims attorney.

CHEAP FARMS

DO YOU WANT A HOME?

100,000 ACRES Improved and unimproved farming lands to be divided and sold on long time and easy payments, a little each year. Come and see us or write. THE TRUMAN MOSS STATE BANK, Sanilac Center, Mich., or THE TRUMAN MOSS ESTATE, Crosswell, Sanilac Co., Mich.

W.N.U.—DETROIT—NO. 36—1898

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

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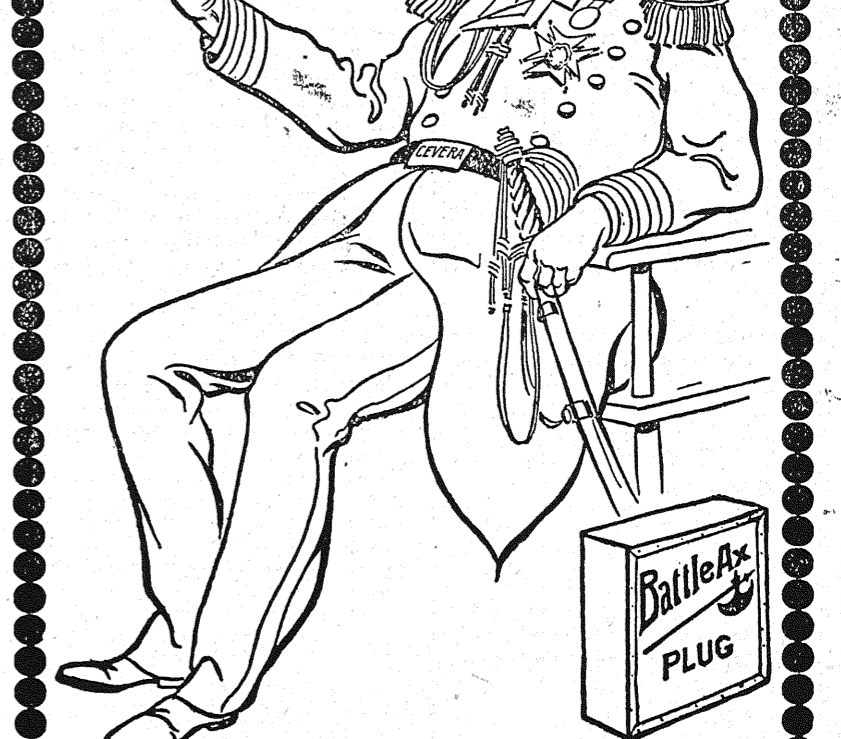
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Columbus discovered America—but I have discovered BATTLE AX!

There is a satisfied—glad I've got it—expression on the faces of all who discover the rich quality of

Battle-Ax PLUG

It is an admirable chew fit for an Admiral.

In no other way can you get as large a piece of as good tobacco—for 10 cents.

Remember the name when you buy again.

"IF AT FIRST YOU DON'T SUCCEED," TRY

SAPOLIO

FROM FACTORY TO USER DIRECT.

We make fine Surreys, Buggies, Phaetons and Road Wagons. Kansas City Wagon Co. Our goods have been favorably known to the trade for years. Rooms and Office, We have a 112 direct to the user in Washburn, Wis. The standard 1200 West 11th St. buyer prefers to deal with the factory. He gets of his fine work at less price than agents ask for low grade vehicles. We ship anywhere subject to examination. We deliver on board cars Kansas City, Mo., or Goshen, Ind., in any suit purchaser. Send for catalogue with prices plainly printed. It's free. Write today. We sell Sewing Machines and the GOSHEN BICYCLE as well. All at Wholesale Prices. ALL 6000. No matter where you live, you are not too far away to do business with us and save money. Address EDWARD W. WALKER CARRIAGE CO., GOSHEN, INDIANA.

The only tales that dead men tell are ghost stories.

Now

Is the time to paint your buildings. This is the place to buy your paint.

We have always had the satisfaction of providing our customers with goods that were in every way pure and straight and we carry and sell the same goods now. When we sell White Lead for "pure goods" it is "pure." When you ask for pure Linseed Oil you don't receive anything else. Remember that we don't handle any but "strictly pure Linseed Oil." We don't claim to sell pure goods at the price you can buy "stuff" but we do sell pure goods and as cheap as any firm in the Thumb. Call and see us.

N. Bigelow & Son

A Free Gift to our Subscribers.

It is needless for us to speak of the merits of this paper—the publication is too well known. We do desire, however, to increase our circulation, and to that end will present any lady who pays for this paper one year in advance, with a McCall Bazaar Pattern of her own selection. Patterns and illustrations can be seen at our office.

McCall Bazaar Patterns.

These patterns are not surpassed by any in the market and a garment cut over them has a stylish and artistic appearance that is not obtained in using other patterns. Full information regarding these patterns can be obtained by reading "McCall's Magazine," published at 142-146 West 14th St., New York (sample copy, four one-cent stamps), but remember you can obtain a pattern FREE at

The Enterprise Office.

THE BEST - IN - GROCERIES is none too good for you and you may be sure of getting them of JAS. TENNANT who keeps ONLY THE BEST. Call and see. Butter and Eggs wanted. Goods delivered in town. One door east of Schooley's.

Fashionable Tailoring.....

Gentlemen:— My fall goods are now open for your inspection. Call and see them and I will give you prices that will

Knock your eye out

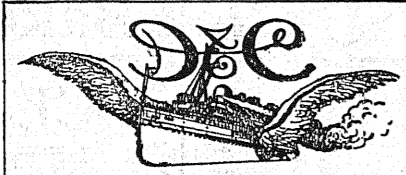
My fit and workmanship cannot be excelled. If you have your own cloth I will make and trim it for you at moderate prices.

W. HARRISON, Fashionable Tailor.

FOR A SUMMER CRUISE TAKE THE COAST LINE

To Mackinac

NEW STEEL PASSENGER STEAMERS COMFORT, SPEED and SAFETY



The Greatest Perfection yet attained in Boat Construction—Luxurious Equipment, Artistic Furnishing, Decoration and Efficient Service.

To Detroit, Mackinac, Georgian Bay, Petoskey, Chicago

No other line offers a panorama of 450 miles of equal variety and interest.

FOUR TRIPS PER WEEK BETWEEN Toledo, Detroit and Mackinac

PETOSKEY, "THE 800" MARQUETTE AND DULUTH.

LOW RATES to Picturesque Mackinac and Return, including Meals and Berths. Approximate Cost from Cleveland, \$17; from Toledo, \$14; from Detroit, \$12.50.

EVERY DAY AND NIGHT BETWEEN Cleveland, Put-In-Bay and Toledo.

Send 2c. for Illustrated Pamphlet. Address: A. A. SCHMANTZ, D. P., DETROIT, MICH. Detroit and Cleveland Navigation Company.

MODERN SHRAPNEL.

DEADLY EFFECT OF THIS FEARFUL IMPLEMENT OF WAR.

What Happens When a Single Projectile Suddenly Bursts Into Two Hundred Separate Messengers of Death—Shells and Solid Shot.

The improvements in modern guns have embraced all calibers, from that of the small arm firing a projectile only one-third of an inch in diameter to the monster which sends a solid piece of steel 12 inches through and weighing over half a ton. Not only have the guns improved, but also all their accessories, especially powder and projectiles. The smokeless powder of the present has changed the conditions of war almost as much as modern armament.

Keeping step with these advances have been those made in the various classes of projectiles. Even the smallest of these, with its case hardened bullet, is far ahead of the old fashioned lead bullet used in the small arms of 30 years ago.

One of the most effective of modern projectiles is the shrapnel. It is one of the forms of case shot. The others were the old fashioned grape and canister. A case shot may be said to be a collection of missiles in a case, which breaks up either in the air or at some point in flight, thus setting free its death dealing particles.

As soon as the case is broken each of these particles goes on a separate path, and it's a sorry day for the man struck by one of them. All of these falling upon a piece of level ground would mark out an irregular oval, whose area varies with differing conditions. It has been found that the best point to burst the shrapnel is about six yards above and 50 in front of the enemy.

Colonel Shrapnel of the British service first invented shrapnel in 1803. This early form consisted simply of a spherical shell filled with bullets and a bursting charge of powder in the spaces between. This was a crude invention, which scattered the fragments too much and was liable to go off when not expected and not do so when desired. This form was improved upon during our civil war, and the modern shrapnel can be considered the most dangerous of all life destroying projectiles. It consists of three parts—the tube, the base and the head. The powder charge is in the base, which is firmly attached to the body either by electric welding or by screwing. Leading from the base through the center of the body is a tube which is also filled with powder, which is ignited by the fuse at the point of the shrapnel and carries the fire to the main charge. Between 200 and 300 bullets rest upon a diaphragm just over the powder charge. These are held in place by a matrix of rosin which is melted and poured upon the bullets when in place. A skeleton case of cast iron containing receptacles for each bullet is sometimes used instead of the rosin.

The head is put on in the same manner as the base, and when the fuse is inserted the projectile is ready for use. Some shrapnels have the bursting charge in the head instead of the base. The fuse used is rather complicated, but the United States has as good a one as there is. It is a time fuse and in actual test has shown its reliability.

It can readily be seen that one great objection to the shrapnel is its high cost. The fuse alone costs about \$2.50. The same gun is usually supplied with three styles of ammunition—the solid shot, the shell and the shrapnel. Some batteries are also supplied with canister for use at close quarters. The bullets in the canister have a wider dispersion, because the case breaks up in the gun. Canister was used to repel the famous charge led by the Confederate general Pickett at Gettysburg. A perfect hail of missiles swept the slope leading up to Cemetery Hill, against whose destructive effects human valor was of no avail.

The shell is used to destroy inanimate objects as well as animate ones. It consists of a hollow cast iron shell, with a fuse and bursting charge of powder. The famous shot fired during the cutting of the cables at Cienfuegos is a good example of its use. The Spaniards having taken refuge in an behind a lighthouse, a shell, striking it fairly, burst and utterly destroyed the structure, killing many of the soldiers.

But against men in battle formation the shrapnel is the more effective. It sends a perfect shower of missiles which, falling in the midst of a company, would almost annihilate it. Many tests have been made to show this.

Shrapnels fired from a gun a mile away in one instance and a mile and two-thirds in the other were made to strike a board target one inch thick. The fuses were set off by the contact and burst the projectile into 200 or 300 parts, each of which was capable of dealing death to any living thing in its path. Screens were placed at indicated distances behind the target. These may be considered as representing a battalion of infantry in column of companies. From the number of hits upon all of them the efficiency of shrapnel fire against close order formation may be judged.

In one shot 152 hits were made by a single shrapnel. In another 215 hits are recorded, but these are not so well scattered. Imagine, then, the effect of a well placed shrapnel upon a group of men such as is here represented.

The reader can readily understand why wars are now waged at greater distances and why hand to hand conflicts are almost unheard of.—New York Herald.

His Mistake. "That politician is a 'has been,' isn't he?" remarked the observer. "No," replied the captious friend, "he isn't even that. He's merely a 'star' to think he was."—Washington Star.

Reply to Grandpa Wilcox.

We have waited for two long weeks expecting that some one of our neighbor farmers that keep many cows would defend the bovine against the attack of Bro. Wilcox. I can "plead silence" no longer and must set at right the begoggled mind of the misguided brother. Now, Bro. Wilcox, a good cow, well cared for, will give milk ten months in the year. She will give an average of twelve quarts each day for that time; make one pound of butter each day, and the record kept by a house wife here shows that the average price of the butter for the year is 13 cents per pound. The skim milk is worth 1 1/2 cents per quart to any farmer; making 18 cents for milk and 13 cents for butter each day—total value of the cow for each day 31 cents, and during the ten months, or three hundred, days a value of \$93. And now for the value of sheep. Brother farmers who keep both cows and sheep inform us that the cost of keeping eight sheep equals the cost of keeping one cow. Now, I will give the extreme profit for the eight sheep, which I did not give the cow. Eight sheep, well cared for, may bring twelve lambs worth \$1.00 a head, a value of \$48. Each fleece of wool may bring \$1.50—a value of wool of \$12. Total profit of sheep for the year \$60, leaving a balance in favor of the cow of \$33. Now, on an 80-acre farm a man can keep six cows or forty-eight sheep. At this line of figuring, and we have tipped all the extremes to help the sheep, the six cows would make \$558 annually while the forty-eight sheep would make only \$360. A balance in favor of the cows of \$198. But you will say the cost of caring for the milk and butter is great. Well, let us see. Now a farmer gets a good girl for \$2.00 per week and we have ten months or forty weeks to care for the milk, and you may take one-half of the hired girl's time to care for the milk of six cows if you will, and allow her \$1.00 per week and charge it against the cows and it yet leaves a balance of profit in favor of the cows of \$158. More than all this, Bro. Wilcox, the styles every now and then make a kick against woolen goods and "whooper up" for cotton that knocks the price of wool silly. You remember when we were youths how no fashionable people would dress in anything but cotton—wool was only for the extreme poor and unsophisticated of God's creation, and when we went to see our "best girl" on Sunday nights she met us singing the popular song of the day—"Is that you John—Come to see your honey with your cotton coat on." Remember?—of course you remember it, but you can not recall the time when butter and milk was not in demand. You see brother, on the sheep question as with your politics, you don't weigh matters with reason's scales, but drift away into extremeland where many well meaning people have lost their bearings. Come out of the fog, brother,—come out, I beseech you. JOHN McCracken.

DEFORD

E. W. Clark is buying hay. Some early ones will sow wheat this week. J. D. Funk suffers with a crick in the back. Loreo Stowell continues to have poor health. Those that had lots of money attended the circus. Slight frost reported east of here last Friday morning. The work on the M. E. Church is going forward rapidly. School house district No. 1, Novesta, has a new coat of paint. Benjamin Sharp's child is considered entirely out of danger. Clark Conriss is placing a stone wall under his residence. Clarence Lowe had a log rolling last Wednesday and a "shindy" at night. Mrs. John McCracken spent three days with friends near Caro last week. Wm. Cooper who has been troubled with rheumatism for some weeks past, is so as to be out on crutches. James Wheeler is in the dog business. He supplied a number around here with pure blooded Shepherd pups. Kilgore and Webster are pressing the hay for Merchant Clark that he purchases in this locality round about. Bro. of Ellington, be more careful, don't give the day when threshers start out on Sunday. You know they would rather not let everybody know. Threshers inform us that 'tis fair to say that wheat will average 25 bushels and oats 45 bushels per acre, the best yield they have ever found since they commenced business. The Kingston Tidings tells of the gigantic articles made to order by the village craftsmen. The shirt of 44 inch waist and 28 inch sleeves were evidently for "Neil," city mayor, while the number 11 boots must have been for the local editor as he don't seem to wonder where they went. Usually they are not so large as to require such gowns or hoof encasement, but they have spells of inflation and it was during one of these swelling periods that they gave their order.

Council Proceedings.

Village Council Rooms, July 26, '98. Meeting called to order by the president.

Present—President Striffler and Trustees Deming, Muck, Wickware, Campbell, Heller and Keating.

The following bids for the construction of power house were then opened and read by the clerk, viz: D. R. Graham for \$1,345; the bid of Clements & Tindale \$1,303.88; and the bid of Henry Beswick \$1,383.

Trustee Heller moved that the awarding of bids be deferred until July 29th, and that bidders submit prices for the construction of power house, having brick walls instead of wood, which motion received a support and did not prevail by a ye and nay vote as follows: Yeas—Deming, Muck, Wickware, Nays—Campbell, Heller, Keating and the president.

Trustee Heller moved that the construction of power house be awarded to Clements & Tindale, providing we can agree with them on price of brick walls, which we would substitute for wood, by July 29th.

Trustee Wickware moved as an amendment that we defer the awards until Friday, July 29th, which amendment received support and carried.

Trustee Deming moved that we proceed to award bids for waterworks and electric lights and that the awarding be let subject to sale of bonds, and subject to consent of Geo. C. Morgan to a change if any in plans and specifications; and that the contracts to be drawn embrace such conditions; which motion received a support and did prevail by a ye and nay vote as follows: Yeas—Campbell, Wickware, Keating, Deming, Heller and Muck. Nays—none.

On motion of Trustee Deming the council then proceeded to consider the compiled estimate of bidders as submitted by Arthur M. Morgan, ass't engineer.

Trustee Heller moved that we accept the bid of the Laidlaw, Dunn, Gordon Co., of Cincinnati, Ohio for the pumping machinery.

Trustee Wickware moved as an amendment that we accept the bid of the Dean Steam Pump Co., which amendment did prevail and motion carried as amended by a ye and nay vote as follows: Yeas—Muck, Wickware, Campbell and Keating. Nays—Heller and Deming.

On motion of Trustee Deming the bid of the McKinnon Manf. Co., of Bay City, to furnish boiler was accepted and adopted by a ye and nay vote as follows: Yeas—Campbell, Keating, Muck, Wickware, Heller and Deming.

Trustee Deming moved we adopt the Stilwell, Bierce & Smith, Vaile Co. heater at a price not to exceed one hundred dollars, which motion received a support and did prevail by a ye and nay vote as follows: Yeas—Deming, Muck, Heller, Keating, Campbell and Wickware.

Trustee Deming moved that we adopt wooden pipe which motion received a support but did not prevail by a vote of yeas and nays as follows: Yeas—Deming, Nays—Heller, Muck, Wickware, Campbell and Keating.

On motion of Trustee Deming and supported by Trustee Heller the bid of the American Pipe and Foundry Co., of Chattanooga, Tenn., and Cincinnati, Ohio, was accepted and adopted by a ye and nay vote as follows: Yeas—Campbell, Wickware, Keating, Deming, Heller and Muck.

On motion of Trustee Deming and supported by Trustee Muck the bid of the Michigan Brass and Iron Works, of Detroit, for hydrants was accepted and adopted by a ye and nay vote as follows: Yeas—Deming, Muck, Heller, and Campbell. Total 4. Nays—Wickware and Keating. Total 2.

On motion of Trustee Deming and supported by Wickware the Rensselaer valves and boxes manufactured by the Rensselaer Manf. Co., of Troy, N. Y. was accepted and adopted by a vote of yeas and nays as follows: Yeas—Wickware, Campbell, Deming, Muck and Heller. Nays—Keating.

Trustee Deming moved that we accept the bid of the Fort Wayne Electric Co., of Fort Wayne, Ind., for the dynamos, switchboard and instruments at \$2,450 they to furnish 21 lamps as per agreement of Mr. Knight, agent for said company, which motion received a support and did prevail by a ye and nay vote as follows: Yeas—Campbell, Wickware, Deming, Heller and Muck. Nays—Keating.

Moved by Trustee Deming and supported by Trustee Muck that we accept and adopt the 14x36 Hamilton-Corliss engine provided we get same at a satisfactory price. Motion lost.

On motion of Trustee Heller council adjourned until 8 o'clock in the evening. J. H. STRIFFLER, HUGH W. SEED, Pres. Clerk.

THE MOST FATAL DISEASE.

It is not generally known that more adults die of Kidney trouble than of any other disease. When the first symptoms of this disease appear time should be lost in taking Foley's Kidney cure which is guaranteed or money refunded.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away. To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or \$1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address: Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.



ADMIRAL SCHLEY

Knew what to do and was able to do it. He was made of the right kind of material.

But I did not intend to write about the war. There are victories outside of war.

LOOK AT

SELZ Ladies' Elgin Shoes at \$1.75



That is a victory. Just a little better and a little neater than any other shoe you can buy at such a price.

S. OSTRANDER,

Shoe and Furniture Man.

Cass City.

Advertisement for Candy Cathartic Cascarets, Cure Constipation, Regulate the Liver. Includes text: 'ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED to cure any case of constipation. Cascarets are the ideal laxative, never grip or gripe, but cause easy natural results. Sample and booklet free. AD. STERLING REMEDY CO., Chicago, Montreal, Can., or New York.'

LANDON, ENO & KEATING MANUFACTURERS OF

Sash, Blinds, Doors, Flooring, Siding, Mouldings, Bee Keepers' Supplies, Etc.

OUR SPECIAL STONE SILLS

For Windows and Doors.

Contracting and Building given prompt attention. Cass City, Mich.

BICYCLE SUNDRIES

REPAIRING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

Also makes a specialty of Sewing Machine, Umbrella and Scissor Repairing.

Can furnish Shuttle Springs and Repairs of all kinds on short notice.

J. D. SCHENCK, McKenzie Building.

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SUCCESSORS TO A. T. SLAGHT & CO.

ABSTRACTS OF TITLES

TO ALL LANDS IN TUSCOLO CO.

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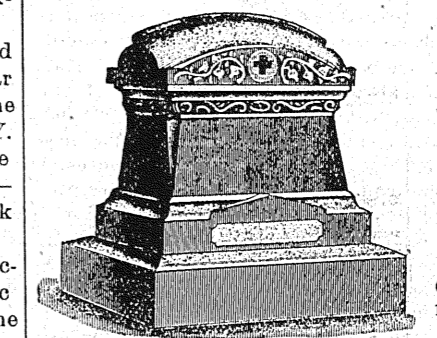
FARM MORTGAGES.

—IN SUMS FROM—

\$50 TO \$5,000

For long or short time. Office across from Medler House.

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CASS CITY

MARBLE WORKS

Foreign and domestic Marble and Granite Monuments.

Cemetery work of every description neatly executed. Inscriptions cut in English or German.

WM. FERGUSON.

GRAIN - DRILLS.

Carload of Fertilizer, \$22 per ton,

Pumps, iron and wood,

Land Rollers, Pulverizers,

Spring Tooth Harrows, Spike Tooth Harrows

CLOSING OUT CHEAP.

J. H. STRIFFLER.

MICHIGAN NEWS SUMMARY.

Doings of the Week Recorded in a Brief Style.

CONCISE AND INTERESTING.

Big Convention of Michigan Business Men Held at Detroit and a Permanent Organization Made—Michigan Boys from Santiago Will Soon be Home.

Business Men of Michigan Meet.
The scheme of Detroit merchants and manufacturers to have the business men of the state meet in Detroit for a few days' outing and to consider matters of interest to their pockets proved a big success. The formal meeting of the Business Men's convention was preceded by a boat ride on the beautiful Detroit river from Grosse Pointe to Wyandotte, which showed two big boat-loads of visitors the busy river front of the metropolis of their state. This was followed in the evening by a splendid display of fireworks from the top of the tallest building in the city.

The next day the first formal meeting was held in the new Light Guard armory and the business men of the state were welcomed to the city by O. R. Baldwin, president of the Detroit Chamber of Commerce, who introduced ex-Gov. John T. Rich as chairman of the meeting. Mayor Maybury added to the welcome in behalf of the municipality and Gov. Pingree combined business and politics somewhat in a brief talk which can catch the delegates in great shape. Under Justin R. Whiting, of St. Clair, "who aspires to be governor of Michigan," had had his say a resolution was adopted to make the business men's convention of Michigan a permanent organization. Trolley rides and a ball game filled in the second day and a grand peace jubilee was held in the evening with speeches, singing and music by a large orchestra.

The last day of the big convention was marked by the completion of the permanent organization of the "Michigan Business Men's association," the objects as announced being: The advancement of the commercial, manufacturing, mercantile and industrial interests of the state of Michigan; the securing of extended markets for the products of the state; the prevention of discrimination against the state or any locality therein by unjust transportation rates; the securing of the enactment of just laws and the repeal of unjust laws affecting the industrial interests of the state; and the correction of abuses in municipal government.

The star attraction of the whole week was the visit of the 35th Michigan volunteers from Island Lake. The 1,300 men, dressed in their neat new khaki uniforms, gave a splendid exhibition drill on Belle Isle and added greatly to the success of the big industrial and military parade in the city.

33d and 34th Michigan Coming Home.
Gov. Pingree has received the following dispatch from Secretary of War Alger:
Thirty-third and 34th Michigan will be sent home as soon as they are out of detention camp (at Montauk Point, L. I.) and can safely be moved. They will be given 60 days' furlough and at the expiration of that time assembled and mustered out. They can probably be assembled where they were enlisted to save extra transportation.

When the heroes of the 33d and 34th Michigan regiments embarked at Camp Wikoff, Montauk Point, L. I., after enduring the hardships of the campaign at Santiago and suffering on the trip north, they were given an ovation. Secretary Alger, Col. Geo. A. Lourd, Geo. Keating and a number of other Michigan people formed a reception committee to welcome them. The boys were pale and weak. They were greeted personally by Gen. Alger, who told them they would be permitted to go home in a few days on a 60-day furlough with pay, after which they would be mustered out of service.

After each man had made away with a big cup of milk and a sandwich they were marched to the detention camp where large tents with floors were all in readiness. This camp is an ideal place, a strong, invigorating breeze is constantly blowing, the ground is high and dry, water splendid and plentiful and the food issued very good. The boys at once began to show signs of improvement in physical condition. Committees from various parts of Michigan went to New York and bought fresh eggs, fruit, etc., and other supplies without stint for the boys.

Milan and Saranac will be raised from fourth-class to presidential post-offices Oct. 1.

Walter Magee, of Detroit, Co. K, 33d Michigan, died at Fernandina, Fla., of a complication of brain and malarial fever.

W. T. Chappell, president of the Saginaw Coal Co., has sold out his entire interests in the Saginaw, Pere Marquette, Berne and Sebawing companies to other Saginaw stockholders for about \$250,000. These companies control 40,000 acres of land and have 4,000 acres under test.

Land Commissioner's Report.

The report of State Land Commissioner French refers to length to tax titles and homestead laws. He says that the legislature should, and undoubtedly will, protect homesteaders whose homes were endangered by the supreme court's decision in the case of the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Co. vs. Eugene B. Wood, which materially affected the state's title to some of the tax homestead lands and caused widespread uneasiness among those who had in good faith entered upon the lands and were faithfully carrying out their part of the contract with the state. "Legislation should promptly be enacted making it possible for the state to guarantee every homesteader upon these lands that at the end of five years' residence a deed will be given and the home secured to those who so richly deserve it. There is no other honorable course for the state to pursue." During the past year there has been licensed to settlers 61,107 acres of tax homestead lands. Last year there reverted to the state 3,357 acres of these tax homestead lands.

In reference to the sugar beet industry in Michigan, which originated when the legislature enacted a bounty law, which operates through the land office, the report says that for the first time beet sugar will be manufactured in Michigan this year. A factory costing upward of \$300,000 has been constructed near Bay City and will take care of this year's crop of 3,500 acres of beets. Michigan has sufficient beet sugar land to accommodate a dozen factories and they will be built if needed. The Bay City factory will this year manufacture more than 8,000,000 pounds of sugar and will pay to the growers, the farmers, about \$150,000. The Michigan beets are far ahead of those of other states and every indication is that the beet sugar industry will soon be a big factor in Michigan.

In reference to forestry the commissioner says that Michigan should be foremost of all states in the union in encouraging forestry, yet we find that little, if any, attention is being given to the preservation or restoration of our forests, which have been a leading factor in producing the wealth of the state. There are many parcels of state lands not suitable for agriculture that could be converted into forests.

During the past year there was sold by the land department 22,371.21 acres; 3,034 acres of swamp land licensed; 61,107 acres of tax homestead land licensed, and there is still held for sale and homestead entry 695,147 acres. The land sold will bring into the state \$115,310; \$27,513.73 of which remains unpaid. The total receipts of the office were \$141,125.58.

Prohibition State Convention.

The Michigan prohibition convention at Lansing made the following nominations: Governor, Noah W. Cheever of Ann Arbor; lieutenant-governor, N. Norton Clark, of Williamston; secretary of state, John Sweet, of Owosso; state treasurer, Robert King, of Lapeer; auditor-general, Henry Andrus, of Edwardsburg; land commissioner, Jacob Van Zollenberg, of Petoskey; attorney-general, Myron H. Walker, of Grand Rapids; superintendent of public instruction, David S. Warner, of Spring Arbor; member state board of education, Delvan B. Reed, of Hillsdale.

Drowned While Saving His Son.
Dr. J. P. Fryer and his eldest son, Terries, aged 14, met dead near "Lowell" bridge, two miles west of Ypsilanti. The doctor, his two sons and daughter left home shortly after dinner for an outing. The eldest son, while bathing, was suddenly taken with cramps and the father ran to give aid. The doctor had only taken a few steps when he was seen by his two younger children to sink in the shallow water, the excitement evidently producing heart failure.

MICHIGAN NEWS ITEMS.

Over 3,000 people from Olivet and vicinity attended a peace jubilee at Pine Lake.

The study of the Spanish language is a probable addition to the commercial course in the Detroit high school.

Fire wrecked the Gale block at Kalamazoo, and threatened much of the business part of the city. Loss, \$20,000. An early morning fire did \$5,000 worth of damage to business houses at Waldron. The town has no fire protection.

Kalamazoo commandery, Knights of Pythias, U. R., won the third prize, \$1,000, in the drills at the biennial encampment at Indianapolis.

Five acres owned by J. Jenks & Co., at Sand Beach, yielded 55 3-5 bushels of wheat per acre. Another field of 14 acres averaged 40 bushels.

Capt. Charles E. Clark, of the U. S. battleship Oregon, is visiting his wife and family at the home of his brother, Capt. Lloyd Clark, at St. Joseph.

G. H. Russell, president of the State Savings bank of Detroit, was elected president of the American Bankers' association at the 24th annual convention at Denver.

Hon. Henry H. Holt, died at Muskegon, aged 67. He was a prominent lawyer, served three terms in the state legislature and was twice elected lieutenant-governor.

The transport Catalina carrying portions of various companies from Santiago landed two companies of the 33d Michigan at Montauk Point. Nine deaths occurred on the voyage, of which two were 33d Michigan boys—Chas. Wheaton and B. A. Jones, both of Co. L.

Chas. O'Dell and wife worked the farm and kept house for Chas. Benedict, near Upton, Lake county. While intoxicated O'Dell quarreled with his wife and Benedict interfered. O'Dell struck Benedict with a knife when the latter grabbed up a rifle and shot him dead.

The large flour mills of the Bloomington Milling Co. at Bloomington, was destroyed by fire, together with a stock of wheat and oats. Loss \$11,000, insurance \$7,000.

The Detroit & Lima Northern Railroad Co., has increased its capital stock from \$5,000,000 to \$8,000,000 and paid \$1,500 into the state treasury as an additional franchise fee.

W. J. McKone, for six years superintendent of the public schools at Mason, has been appointed superintendent of the Albion public schools, to succeed W. C. Hull, who goes to Flint.

Sylvester Wise, a sawyer, was killed in a sawmill, three miles from Tustin. He was struck from behind by a board that caught in the carriage block. He leaves a widow and baby 10 days old.

Alonzo Potter, of Eaton township, Eaton county, took Paris green with suicidal intent. Potter, who is 67 years of age, had been drinking heavily and quarreled with his wife, who is a young girl.

Dr. Mary Green, of Charlotte, president of the American Household Economic association, and an authority on foods, has been appointed a special food examiner for the war department and is inspecting the food supply of the southern camps.

John W. Maynard, who secured the location of the University of Michigan at Ann Arbor, died in that city at the age of 85 years, in the house in which he had lived continuously for 54 years. He leaves a widow and three children, one of whom is Atty.-Gen. Maynard.

During a heavy gale at 2 a. m., while off Frankfort, an unknown schooner collided with the schooner F. A. Fitch, of Benton Harbor, bound for the northern ports with a load of peaches. The Point Betsie life-saving crew rescued the Fitch's crew, but the vessel is a total wreck.

A destructive rainstorm, which continued eight hours, washed out streets, flooded store basements, wrecked the telephone, telegraph and electric light wires, and in all did over \$16,000 damage at Iron Mountain. The C. & N. W. railroad was tied up by washouts. Two men were reported killed by lightning on Quinnes road.

When the transport Santiago arrived at Montauk Point with 500 men and 28 officers of the 34th Michigan regiment they reported that Private Robert McKellup, Co. L, Marquette, and Private Albert Gihooley, Co. B, Manistee, had died on the trip north from Santiago and were buried at sea. There were 130 on the sick list, 15 of whom were very ill.

The auxiliary cruiser Harvard, from Santiago, arrived at Camp Wikoff bringing Gen. Chaffee and staff and 670 men of the 33d Michigan. Diphtheria made its appearance on the voyage. Bryde Breede, of Co. A, 33d Michigan, died of the disease, and was buried at sea. Three other men have the disease. There were 32 other sick men on board.

In attempting to fill a gasoline stove while it was lighted, Mrs. Milo Gains, of Leslie, was frightfully and probably fatally burned in the blaze that resulted. Her clothes caught fire and in attempting to assist her, a daughter was terribly burned. W. E. Stillson, a neighbor ran to Mrs. Gains' rescue, and his hands were literally cooked in his efforts to save her. The house was saved.

During a heavy gale of wind, fire broke out at D. B. Butler's large saw mill at Frankfort, spreading to the Frankfort Hardwood Mfg. Co.'s broom factory, near by, completely burning both to the ground. This is the third time Mr. Butler has lost his mill by fire in the same spot. The loss on the broom handle factory is \$10,000 and on the sawmill \$20,000, with very little insurance. Mr. Butler expects to rebuild.

Traverse City suffered severely from a cloudburst and a terrific electrical storm. The damage in the city is said to be \$10,000, while thousands of dollars damage was done to fruit trees and grain. In the city nine bridges were swept away, families had to escape from the second story windows of their homes by boats, scores of cellars were flooded to overflowing, several dwellings and barns were struck by lightning, and huge washouts suspended operations on all railroads.

A collision which might have been a dreadful catastrophe occurred, through someone's gross carelessness, on the E. & P. M. railway, near the tunnel station at Port Huron. A trainload of excursionists on the Almont division was crashed into from the rear by a Saginaw express train. Most fortunately both trains were moving at a low rate of speed, but four cars of the crowded excursion train were overturned in the ditch and a dozen Almont and Memphis people sustained injuries from broken ribs to severe sprains and bruises. The accident caused an indescribable panic on the excursion train.

The Knights of Pythias supreme lodge at Indianapolis elected: Supreme chancellor, Thomas G. Sample, Allegheny, Pa.; supreme vice-chancellor, Ogden Feathers, Wisconsin; supreme prelate, James Moulson, St. Johns, N. B.; supreme keeper of record and seal, R. L. C. White, Nashville, Tenn.; supreme master of exchequer, Thomas D. Meares, Wilmington, N. C.

The navy department has issued orders for the assembling of over 70 war vessels in Hampton Roads, Va. This is the largest fleet of war ships ever gathered in an American port. The vessels which are to be retained for the permanent navy will now be put in thorough repair, and their crews will be gradually changed from naval militia to sailors of the regular navy. The navy department has not yet determined what ships will go to Havana, and San Juan. There is felt to be no hurry about this until the authority of the United States is fully established throughout the islands.

TICKINGS OF THE TELEGRAPH

News of the Day as Told Over the Slender Wires.

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN NEWS

Instructions Issued for Mustering Out the Volunteers—Knights of Pythias Biennial Convention at Indianapolis Draws a Large Crowd.

The Pythians' Big Convention.
The biennial meeting of the supreme lodge Knights of Pythias at Indianapolis was one of the largest ever held in the west. The national encampment of the Uniformed Rank contained fully 12,000 uniformed men, but only about half of that number participated in the parade, owing to the extremely hot weather. About 50,000 strangers were attracted to Indianapolis by the affair. The supreme lodge continues in session two weeks.

The opening session of the supreme lodge was marked by a demand on the part of R. L. C. White, supreme keeper of records and seals, and Thomas L. Meares, supreme master of exchequer, for an investigation of the attacks upon the officers of the supreme lodge. The report of Supreme Chancellor Philip T. Colgrove, of Michigan, was very exhaustive and advocated numerous reforms. The total number of lodges reported, 6,983; members, 468,280; a net gain during the past two years of 179 lodges and 2,730 members; total amount of lodge assets, \$8,601,068; supreme lodge receipts for the biennial term, \$80,575; disbursements, \$107,387; balance on hand, \$9,106, uniformed rank receipts, \$9,833; disbursements, \$3,528; new uniform companies, 109; endowment rank members, 53,579; insurance carried, \$100,000,000; paid beneficiaries last two years, \$2,182,500.

The Rathbone Sisters, Pythian Sisterhood and Knights of Khorasan held conventions simultaneously with the supreme lodge. The Knights elected J. M. Stratton, of Philadelphia, sublime venerable prior.

The Situation at Manila.
Perfect order has thus far been maintained in Manila under American control. The city is quiet and seems almost to have resumed its normal business and social activity. The rumors of troubles between the natives and the Americans are for the most part unfounded. The fact is that the insurgents have been unwilling to disarm until assured of the permanence of American protection. From the first they have had the greatest confidence in Admiral Dewey, whom they regard as a sort of father and the most important American at Manila. The junta is satisfied that all friction will soon disappear and that there will be no trouble from the insurgents if the Americans decide to retain the Philippines.

Gen. Merritt and Aguinaldo have agreed that the latter shall govern outside of Manila for the present. No insurgents will be allowed inside of the city with arms. Business is now booming. The obstructions in the river Pasig, which flows through the town, have been removed and the water works have resumed operations.

Mustering Out the Volunteers.
Adjt.-Gen. Corbin has issued the order providing for the mustering out of volunteer troops. This will be done by regular army officers only. The regulations regarding the accounting for property and money are very strict. Each volunteer officer will be held responsible for the men under his command up to the moment of muster out. Men who are sick and absent will get their discharge certificates. The mustering out will occur at state rendezvous as a rule. Every man will be examined by a physician before he gets his discharge. The troops will be allowed to retain certain property, such as rifles and other equipment by paying a stipulated price for them.

NEWSY BRIEVITIES.

Rear Admiral Winfield S. Schley was given a splendid ovation on his arrival at Washington.

About the middle of September the President expects to review the Seventh army corps, Maj.-Gen. Fitzhugh Lee's command, at Jacksonville.

Aguinaldo will send representatives to Paris to plead the cause of the Philippine islands before the Spanish-American peace commission.

The U. S. warships Olympia and Raleigh have gone to Hong Kong from Manila to go into drydock. The Baltimore is now Admiral Dewey's flagship.

An Alaskan steamer, Sticken Chief, was destroyed off the coast by her boilers bursting. The crew and passengers, numbering 43 persons, were all lost, only a dog being saved.

The supreme lodge of Rathbone sisters elected as supreme chief, Mrs. Jeannette B. S. Neubert, Kansas City; supreme senior, Mrs. L. K. Sherman, Cleveland, O.; supreme mistress of records and correspondence, Mrs. M. D. Woods, Kansas City; supreme mistress of finance, Mrs. Alexine Murray, Levey, Ill.

President and Mrs. McKinley, with a small party, left Washington for a short tour for rest and change of scene. Camp Meade, Middletown, Pa., was visited and the President expressed himself as much pleased with the camp. At Somerset, Pa., a day was spent with Abner McKinley, brother of the President. The journey all the way to Cleveland was a continuous ovation. At the latter city the party were the guests of Myron T. Herrick. After a visit to their old home at Canton, the President and Mrs. McKinley went to New York and the President visited Camp Wikoff at Montauk Point, L. I.

THE NEWS CONDENSED.

Madrid: The queen regent has signed the royal decree convoking the cortes for Sept. 5.

It is reported that Gen. Garcia has resigned his command in the Cuban insurgent army.

About \$1,000,000 in gold and silver coin was taken to Manila on the Scandia to pay the troops.

Secretary Alger reports that he found the situation at Camp Wikoff, Montauk Point, reasonably satisfactory.

The Corbett-McCoy battle, postponed because of the tragic death of Corbett's parents, is slated for Oct. 1, at Buffalo.

Miss Helen M. Gould has given \$25,000 to purchase food and delicacies for the ill and wounded soldiers in Camp Wikoff.

The Spanish-American peace commissioners, upon their arrival in Paris, will be the guests of the French government.

At Newmarket, Ont., Minnie Sexton shot and killed her older sister, Susie, because she was going to marry. They were orphans.

Brig.-Gen. Haines has been ordered home from Porto Rico and Brig.-Gen. Grant now commands the Second brigade, comprising the Fourth Ohio and Third Illinois.

The Spaniards in the Ladrone islands have asked permission of Washington to go to Manila, "as the situation is extremely critical." The nature of the trouble is not known at Washington.

The secretary of war has sent a telegram to Gen. Shafter at Santiago approving his request to be allowed to bring home the cannon captured from the Spanish army at and near Santiago.

Madrid: Upon receipt of telegrams from Capt.-Gen. Blanco in which he informs the government that Cuban insurgents continue attacking the Spanish everywhere, the council instructed Gen. Blanco to resume an offensive attitude toward the insurgents only.

Spanish soldiers have committed foul outrages on Porto Ricans within their lines. At Ciales 90 defenseless men and women were butchered and many young girls outraged. In revenge the Porto Ricans burned a large amount of Spanish property about Yauco and Juan Diaz.

Spanish will be added to the list of studies taught in the Chicago schools if Dr. E. Benjamin Andrews, the new superintendent, has his way. He believes that with our acquisition of large Spanish territory that language becomes of as much importance as French and German.

Illness among the troops in Porto Rico is on the increase, and there are now nearly 1,000 cases of malaria and dysentery, with a few typhoid fever. Surgeon-General Greenleaf has recommended that the sick be sent north as rapidly as possible. Rumors of yellow fever at San Juan are not confirmed.

Secretary Alger made a trip to Montauk Point to inspect Camp Wikoff and see how much truth there was in the rumors of lack of facilities for caring for the large number of troops assembled there. Col. Hecker and Maj. Hopkins, special war department agents also went to Camp Wikoff to arrange for the comfort of the troops.

Havana authorities have declined to allow the landing of a number of American correspondents. Gen. Blanco says their presence, prior to the arrival of the military commissioners, might prejudice the work of the commissioners, and it would be impossible for the authorities to guarantee the safety of the correspondents against fanatics.

The Cuban military commission will sail Sept. 5 either from New York or Port Monroe, on the cruiser New York, if she can be made ready in time. Admiral Sampson says that the mines will be removed from Havana harbor before the commission enters. It is not known whether or not the United States will insist also that Morro castle be put under its control.

The Thingvalla line steamer Norge, arrived at New York and reported that she sunk the French fishing schooner La Coquette, of Bayonne, France, on the Grand banks, Newfoundland. The captain and eight seamen were saved, but 16 of the crew went down with the unfortunate vessel. This accident occurred near the spot where the terrible Burgoyne disaster took place.

THE CZAR DESIRES PEACE.

Issues a Note Proposing the Reduction of Powerful Armaments of Europe.

St. Petersburg: By order of Emperor Nicholas, Count Muravieff, the foreign minister, handed to the foreign diplomats at St. Petersburg a note declaring that the maintenance of peace and the reduction of the excessive armaments now crushing all nations are the ideals for which all governments ought to strive. The czar considers the present moment favorable for the inauguration of a movement looking to this end and invites the powers to take part in an international conference as a means of thus insuring real and lasting peace and terminating the progressive increase of armament.

London: The czar's proposition for an international conference for the purpose of securing real and lasting peace among the powers and the termination of the progressive increase in armaments, and conveyed in a note from Count Muravieff, the Russian foreign minister to the foreign diplomats at St. Petersburg, is likely to produce a sensation throughout Europe, and coming from such a quarter and with such evident sincerity of purpose, it is likely to have important effects. There is no doubt that with Russia taking the lead in such a step, Germany, France and the other nations will be ready to follow.

Spain, France and Russia Combine.

Madrid newspapers state that a treaty of alliance has been signed between Spain, France and Russia with the object of counteracting the Anglo-German influence. The idea of a permanent rapprochement between France and Spain is certainly in the air and may in time assume considerable practical importance. It had its origin in France's role in the peace negotiations, and report of friction with England over Spain in the neighborhood of Gibraltar. Many patriotic Spaniards who apprehend further sacrifices during the forthcoming peace negotiations, regard the suggestion of a French alliance with much favor, especially as French help would be very useful also in the great work of financial and economic reorganization which Spain must undertake directly peace is concluded.

American Peace Commissioners.

Secretary of State Day has announced the members of the American peace commission selected, as follows: Secretary Day, Senators Davis and Frye, Whitelaw Reid and Justice Edward A. White of the United States supreme court.

The following attaches of the peace commission will be appointed by the President: John Moore, of Massachusetts, now assistant secretary of state, to be secretary of the commission, and J. R. MacArthur, of New York, to be assistant secretary. Mr. MacArthur was formerly first secretary of the United States legation at Madrid, and is now on special duties at the state department.

Jamaica Wants to be Annexed.

Kingston, Jamaica: Coincident with the West Indian sugar conference, to assemble at Barbadoes on Sept. 3 for the purpose of protesting against a sacrifice of the colonies, Jamaica is preparing a plebiscite to the British parliament, requesting permission to endeavor to arrange for annexation to the United States.

An express train ran into a buckboard party at Ware, Mass., killing five young people.

The auxiliary cruiser St. Paul will be returned to the International Navigation Co. by the government as soon as she is put in the same condition as when the great liner was chartered for naval service.

The force of American troops in Porto Rico is being reduced. Four batteries of light artillery and the Fourth Pennsylvania infantry will embark from Ponce at once. There is considerable sickness among the troops owing to the heavy rains.

THE MARKETS.

LIVE STOCK.			
New York—Cattle	Sheep	Lambs	Hogs
Best grades... 3.25 5.75	1.75	80.00	34.50
Lower grades... 3.00 5.50	3.00	4.50	4.00
Chicago—			
Best grades... 5.35 5.70	4.80	6.20	4.05
Lower grades... 3.60 5.25	3.00	4.25	3.85
Detroit—			
Best grades... 4.00 4.40	4.25	5.50	4.00
Lower grades... 3.00 4.00	3.00	4.00	3.80
Buffalo—			
Best grades... 4.00 4.35	4.75	6.00	4.25
Lower grades... 3.00 3.75	3.25	4.50	4.00
Cleveland—			
Best grades... 3.85 4.20	4.00	5.25	4.10
Lower grades... 3.00 3.75	3.00	4.00	3.85
Pittsburg—			
Best grades... 4.00 4.45	4.50	5.75	4.15
Lower grades... 3.00 4.10	2.25	4.25	3.95
Pittsburg—			
Best grades... 4.75 5.25	4.75	6.00	4.35
Lower grades... 3.25 4.50	3.25	4.25	4.10

GRAIN, ETC.

Wheat.			Corn.		Oats.	
No. 2 Red			No. 2 Mix		No. 2 White	
New York	74 3/4	55 3/4	31 3/4	31 3/4	31 3/4	31 3/4
Chicago	69 1/2	31 3/4	23 3/4	23 3/4	23 3/4	23 3/4
Detroit	68 1/2	31 3/4	23 3/4	23 3/4	23 3/4	23 3/4
Toledo	68 1/2	31 3/4	23 3/4	23 3/4	23 3/4	23 3/4
Cincinnati	68 1/2	31 3/4	23 3/4	23 3/4	23 3/4	23 3/4
Cleveland	67 1/2	31 3/4	23 3/4	23 3/4	23 3/4	23 3/4
Pittsburg	70 3/4	32 3/4	23 3/4	23 3/4	23 3/4	23 3/4
Buffalo	69 1/2	31 3/4	23 3/4	23 3/4	23 3/4	23 3/4

Detroit—Hay, No. 1 Timothy, \$9.00 per ton. Potatoes, New Michigan, 35 per bu. Live Poultry, spring chicken, 15c per lb; fowl, 8c; turkeys, 10c; ducks, 7c. Eggs, strictly fresh, 15c per doz. Butter, best dairy, 15c per lb; creamery, 20c.

A summary of the appropriations made by the second session of the 55th congress shows the grand total to be \$893,231,615, and of this amount \$361,559,927.26 is to meet expenses of the war with Spain. Other items are: Agriculture, \$3,500,202; diplomatic, \$1,752,208; Indian, \$7,073,854; pensions, \$141,233,830; postoffice, \$99,232,300. In addition, contracts were authorized for the construction of new battleships and naval vessels, five new drydocks and various other public works which will require future appropriations aggregating \$24,173,056.

Pimples

Are the danger signals of impure blood. They show that the stream of life is in bad condition, that health is in danger of wreck. Clear the track by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and the blood will be made pure, complexion fair and healthy, and life's journey pleasant and successful.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Medicine. \$1; six for \$5.
Hood's Pills cure indigestion, biliousness.

Ambition often raises a man up for the purpose of giving him a good hard fall.

"Straws Show Which Way the Wind Blows."

This is an old adage and one that has been demonstrated as truthful many times. The fact that the excursion business in Colorado seeks to use one particular line is a straw that indicates where the excursionists find the best scenery, lowest rates and best train service. The line in question, the Colorado Midland, has handled more excursion and tourist business this season than ever before in its history, and this is a straw which indicates that the Colorado Midland always offers the lowest rates, the finest scenery and the best train service through the Mountains and to the Colorado Tourist Resorts.

Bodily pain loses its terror if you've a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil in the house. Instant relief in cases of burns, cuts, sprains, accidents of any sort.

A good head prevents a wise man and a pin from going too far.

A blessing alike to young and old; Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. Nature's specific for dysentery, diarrhoea and summer complaint.

Lazy men are dead to the world, but they remain unbred.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away
To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c. or B. C. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co

G. A. R. IN ANNUAL REUNION.

Cincinnati Ready to Receive the Veterans of Our Wars as its Honored Guests.

Cincinnati.—The city is ready to receive and to honor its half million guests, who will come to pay tribute to the soldiers of our two last wars. It is the annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, and this year, with the war against Spain successfully ended, it will have a double significance.

The Cincinnati entertainment promises to be out of the ordinary as encampment entertainments have gone, by reason of the fact that the committee, under the leadership of Chairman M. E. Ingalls, has always had in mind the masses rather than the classes. In the summary of the program, which follows, it will be observed that every feature has been arranged to permit the veteran from the ranks, and the members of his family, enjoying all of them to the full.

A unique system has been adopted by which the free entertainment provided will be limited to veterans and their families, though all the hundreds of thousands of visitors expected may participate with but small expense. A coupon entertainment book will be given every veteran. Each department headquarters will be provided with a supply of these little books equal to the number of representatives in attendance upon the encampment. In these coupon books will be admission tickets to every place of amusement and entertainment in the city. No visitor will be able to take in all of them, but the tickets will be there, and he can choose each day's program to suit his own pleasure. The extent and variety of the amusement features offered is almost bewildering.

The week of festivities will open at 10 o'clock Monday morning, Sept. 5, with the dedication of Camp Sherman, the military quarters of the veterans desiring free quarters. A large American flag will be raised and there will be imposing ceremonies, with plenty of music. At 3 o'clock in the afternoon another flag-raising will occur at the public landing, under the auspices of the National Naval Veterans' association, whose members will be quartered on a fleet of steamboats at the river front. At 8 o'clock in the evening the Naval Veterans and Ex-Prisoners of War will hold a camp-fire in famous Music Hall, though the entertainment, including prominent speakers, war pictures, music and miscellaneous entertainments, will be under the auspices of the local entertainment committee. These constitute the formal features of the day's bill.

From Monday until Friday night there will be continuous entertainment at the many open-air pleasure resorts surrounding Cincinnati. These will all

move. The start will be made at 10 a. m., signaled by the firing of a national salute of twenty-one guns from national headquarters at the Grand hotel. The parade will be reviewed by President McKinley and Commander-in-Chief John P. S. Gobin, now a brigadier general in the United States army of volunteers. The line of march has not been made public, but will be entirely over level streets, and with the exception of a very small portion, over asphaltum. At 2 o'clock on Thursday afternoon the citizens of Cincinnati will present a civic and industrial parade of large proportions made especially attractive by a large number of historical and allegorical floats.

The camp fires on Tuesday and Wednesday evenings at Music Hall will be in honor of the Grand Army of the Republic, and will be of a character similar to that of Monday evening. Among the speakers expected at these camp fires are President McKinley, Ex-President Harrison, Senator J. B. Foraker and many other notables. Every member of the president's cabinet, all the senators and representatives and the governors of all the States will be invited to attend the encampment.

The fourth evening of the week, Thursday, will be devoted to a grand display of fireworks. In order that all may witness them without discomfort, similar display will be made at the same hours at the Public Landing, in Eden Park and at Camp Sherman. The delegates to the encampment and notables will witness the display from steamboats anchored at the Public Landing. These fireworks displays will be as elaborate as the mind of designer can conceive. The city will be brilliantly lighted every evening with artistic illumination.

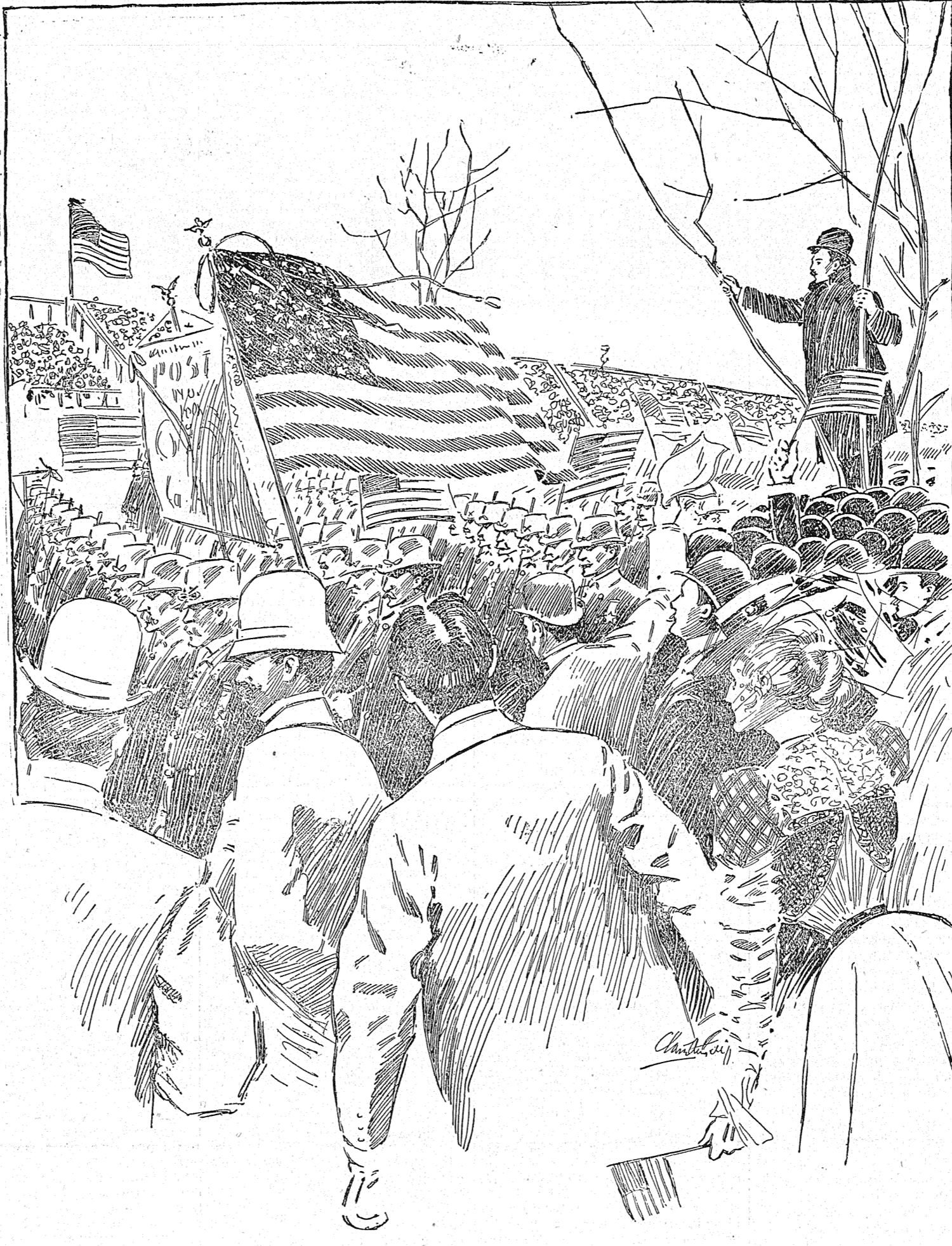
A point of interest to all visitors will be Fort Thomas, from which the Sixth United States infantry went to face such terrible loss at the battle of Santiago. It is still occupied by the families of the departed regiment and as a hospital for sick and wounded. It is one of the most beautiful spots about the hill crowned city, the view from the crest of the hill being unsurpassed. The citizens' committee will erect a large tent at the fort in which will be served refreshments free to all veterans and their families. Street cars leave the heart of the city every three minutes for this point.

GENERAL GOBIN.

Gen. J. P. S. Gobin, the Commander-in-Chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, is a soldier who enlisted as a private and won the rank of Brigadier-General. He is a prominent lawyer in Lebanon, Pa., and comes from one of the pioneer families of the State. His great-grandfather, Charles Gobin, settled at Sunbury, Pa., prior to the Revolution. He was captain of a company in the Continental army, serving with distinction at Edward Gobin, the General's grandfather, and Samuel Gobin, his father, were both honored and lifelong residents of Sunbury.

It was on the old homestead, in January, 1837, that John Peter Shindler Gobin was born. He served a four years' apprenticeship as a printer in the office of the old Sunbury American, completing his education and

GRAND ARMY PARADE AS IT WILL APPEAR IN CINCINNATI.



M. E. INGALLS, CHAIRMAN CITIZENS' COMMITTEE.



COMMANDER GOBIN OF THE G. A. R.

studying law at the same time. When the civil war broke out he had failed in journalism, but was making a success of law. Even before the firing on Sumter he joined the local militia company, which had been hastily organized, and when it was made a part of the Eleventh Pennsylvania Volunteers, April 17, 1861, Gobin was selected first lieutenant by his comrades.

As a member of the Union army his career was a long and active one. His regiment was sent into Virginia early in the campaign and was soon under fire. At the expiration of the three months for which the men were enlisted Gobin reorganized the company and was made Captain of Company C, Forty-seventh Regiment. In 1862 his command was detached from the Army of the Potomac and sent to Florida. In the South Capt. Gobin took part in many exciting and hazardous expeditions and was promoted to the rank of major for gallant services at the battles of Sabine Cross-

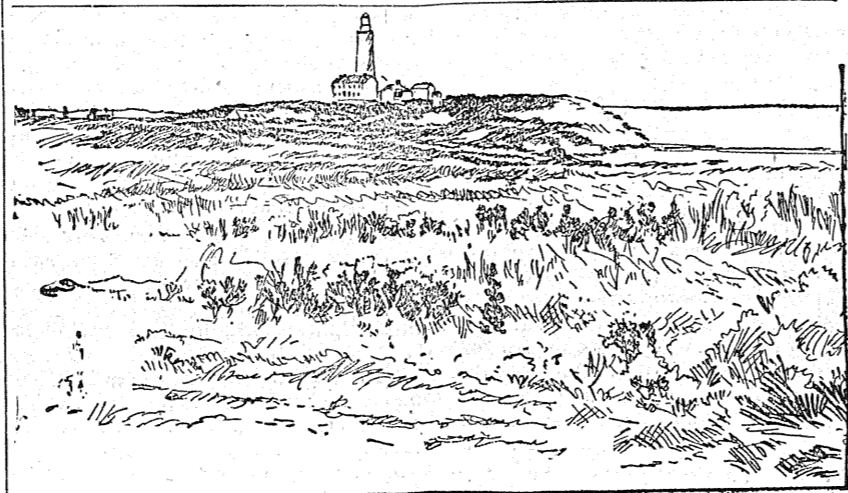
roads and Pleasant Hill. Then he was transferred to the Mississippi and in 1864 was sent to join Sheridan in his Shenandoah valley campaign. At Cedar Creek he was given command of a brigade, having been promoted to colonel. At the close of the war he was brevetted Brigadier-General, but it was not until January, 1866, that he was finally mustered out.

On his return he settled in Lebanon, resumed his law business and took an active part in politics. He has served as State Senator and held minor offices. Gen. Gobin took an active part in the organization of the G. A. R., and has been Department Commander for Pennsylvania. He is also an enthusiastic national guardsman and in

Decaying sea plants give rise to a gas called sulphuretted hydrogen, and this causes the gold to crystallize and fall to the bottom, where it gets mingled with the sea-soil. When the sea-soil is solidified you have your gold-bearing rock.

When these rocks are broken up by rain the gold gets into the beds of rivers and you have your alluvial gold. Often these rocks and beds of streams are raised high above sea-level by the action of subterranean forces, and this explains how the gold might be found at the tops of mountains and yet have come from the sea.

Curiously, although it pays to work gravel containing threepence worth of gold per ton, it does not pay to recover the one grain per ton from the sea.



1885 was appointed Brigadier-General of the Third Brigade of the State militia.

Where Gold Comes From.

All the gold yet discovered has been found either in solid rocks or the debris of rocks broken up by the action of air and water. But how it got into the rocks is still an unsolved question. Some say that it got mixed with fluid rocks deep down in the earth and was brought to the surface in them. Others say it came from the interior of the earth in molten lava, which became subsequently solidified.

The most probable explanation, however, is that it was originally deposited from the sea. Off the Isle of Man the sea was found to contain one grain of gold to each ton of water. There are said to be five hundred and sixty thousand billions of sea-water on the globe, and this contains \$212,500,000,000,000,000 worth of gold, or five million times the amount produced in all the mines of the world up to the present time.

WORK OF COMMITTEES.

Cincinnati has about 70 school buildings. The use of all of these has been donated by the board of education. They will be transformed into lodging houses for the week of September 5. Already the committee on school buildings, of which Capt. R. E. Monford, president of the board of education and member of the national council of administration, G. A. R., is chairman, has assigned about 12,000 veterans. It is expected that at least 40,000 veterans can be comfortably lodged in all the school buildings of the city.

The committee on halls and meeting places, Col. Max Silberberg, chairman, has obtained possession of every public meeting place in the city, and is now engaged in assigning the same for camp fires and reunions.

The citizens' committee having the arrangements in charge is thoroughly organized. It comprises an executive board consisting of Mr. Ingalls, chair-

man; William B. Melish, executive director; Casper H. Rowe, treasurer, and Edwin Stevens, secretary; also 30 members, each of whom is chairman of a subcommittee which is conducting some particular line of work.

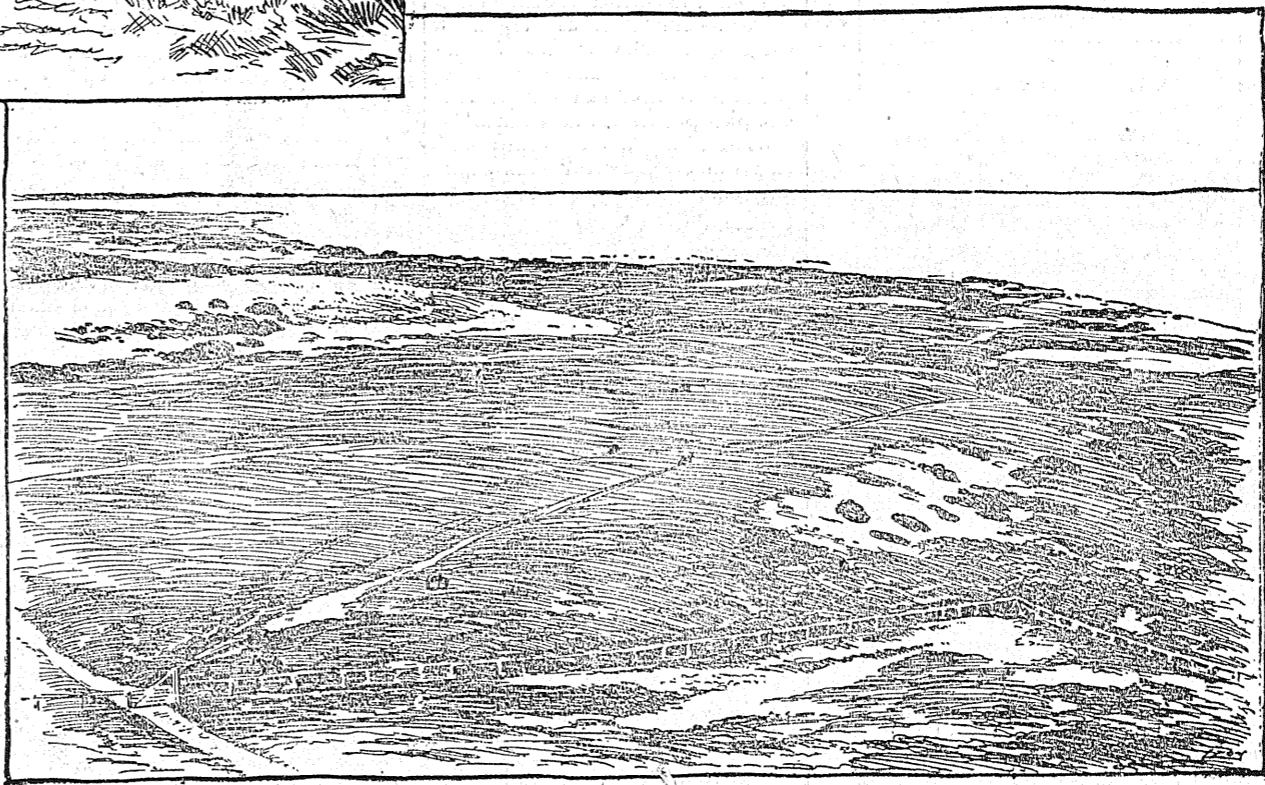
A medical officer of health is the latest addition to the primary schools of Germany. He examines the new pupils, and gives each his health certificate. It is his duty to see that the school is well aired, well lighted, and properly warmed in winter. Every five days he gives a medical lesson to each class.

"Has your measles gone, Bessie?" shouted a little friend to the tot who was looking wistfully from the window.

"Yes; they're left. I leard the doctor tell mamma that they broke out last night."

An Isle of Wight fisherman caught a red live lobster recently. It is a female, full of eggs, and is being kept alive to see if the color will be perpetuated.

ALONG THE DUNES THAT LEAD TO CAMP WIKOFF, AT MONTAUK.



Danish Dairy Methods.

Professor Wing of Cornell University, in his observations on dairying in foreign countries, says, with regard to Denmark: "Denmark is the most important country to an American from the butter standpoint. The Danish butter, judged from the market standpoint, reaches the highest quality in the world. This has been brought about largely by official and semi-official government aid. The development has been rapid, and is, probably, now near to the maximum. The dairies are largely co-operative, what we call creameries. These creameries take the whole milk, the cream is extracted in separators, then pasteurized, and afterward ripened by pure culture starters. A very large proportion of the creameries voluntarily place themselves under government inspection in this way: They agree to send at any time, twice a year, to government stations, whenever required, a tub of butter, which, after it is received at the station, is examined as to water, and then judged by a committee of nine judges selected by the station. This committee is made up of two representatives from the dealers' standpoint to one from the manufacturers'. The average judgment of the nine is transmitted, with suggestions, to the maker. For the past seven or eight years bi-monthly shows have been held in Copenhagen, which have resulted in markedly improving the butter. When the butter from a creamery does not, upon its second appearance, come up to the required standard, the creamery is obliged to employ a government expert. The shows are held under the auspices of the Royal Agricultural Society. From factories of established reputation no samples are required; but from the poorer factories several are required."

Poultry and the Farm Boys.

How to keep the boy on the farm: We will venture to assert that if each boy is given a flock of fowls, if only Bantams, and he alone have the management, and the receipts—a very important adjunct—the flock of fowls will cause the boy to take an interest in farming from the start. Let him become accustomed to the breed and he will soon learn the points of all breeds. And he will not stop there. He will aim to know the breeds of cattle, sheep, horses and hogs. He will look forward to the exhibitions of the country fairs, and strive to win prizes. He will have a love for the farm bred in him from the start, and when he is a man he will yearn for the happy days spent on the farm, and will get back to it if he can, should he be induced away. When one becomes interested in poultry on the farm he becomes educated to an interest in everything else. As soon as your boy can manage them, give them a few Bantams, and after he is older start him with some pure breed of standard size. It is the best plan for teaching the boy to remain on the farm.—Maine Farmer.

Fixed the Kicker.—The stanchions should be so made that the cow can see the milker, and he should always speak to her when approaching before sitting down to milk. We put and handle our heifers and have them tame and gentle before they have their first calf and scarcely ever have any trouble with them. We had a large and strong cow which when fresh objected to a substitute for her calf and kicked the milker away and kept on doing so. I finally remembered that Magner, in his horse book, recommended the war bridle for kicking cows. We used it and it was a success. The war bridle is made in this way: Take a small rope or cord half an inch thick or less, and tie one end around her horns, in the absence of horns around her neck; take a half hitch over the under jaw just back of the front teeth. Take the other end of cord in one hand and milk with the other hand. Every time she kicks give a sharp jerk on the cord. She will soon give up kicking.

Material for Farm Buildings.—There was good reason when the country was new for making all buildings of wood. Forests had to be cleared away, and before saw mills could be put up the house made of hewn logs, tightly framed together, made a warm and cheap house for the settler and his family. Leg houses were often made for stock. The frame building after a while superseded logs, as being more economical. Nowadays, in most sections where there is either stone or clay suitable for making brick, houses of stone or brick are superseding those of wood. In one respect nearly all farmers are agreed. A good basement under a barn built with walls of stone makes a much warmer and cheaper room for stock than can be prepared in the frame building above the basement.—Ex.

Vacant Lot Farming.—Typographical Union No. 6 of New York, one of the strongest organizations of printers in this country, has gone into the vacant lot farming work for some of its unemployed members. About seventy-five of them have been started in the work near Pelham, being given one-half acre each. It is said that all are very enthusiastic, some so much so that they want an acre each, and they will probably receive it if they prove deserving of it. That is the best possible form of charity that puts an unfortunate in the way of helping himself. It helps without pauperizing.—Rural New Yorker.

Advantage of Milk Inspection.—The rigid inspection of the milk brought into this city, by the state inspector, forced the milkmen to test their cows, get better cows, take better care of their cows, stables and utensils. It has led them to a study and consideration of the question of individual merit in their cows, and today the milkmen are making more money per cow than they ever did.



GAGETOWN.

The Village Council meets Tuesday evening next.

The Evaporator factory will be in operation.

John W. Wood and wife, of Caseville, attended the picnic here Tuesday.

Nod Johnston left Thursday for St. Ignace to take up school teaching.

W. C. Sauford, Supt. P. O. & N. R. R. was in town Wednesday on business.

McConkey & Turner made to shipments of stock during the week past.

Miss Edith Purdy, of Caro, was the guest of her brothers here a few days this week.

Dr. Wm. Morris, Jr., and wife, have been visiting friends at Toronto the week past.

The P. O. & N. hauled a large amount of freight from this station during the week past.

Frank Blakely, Co. I. 35 Mich. Inf was home on a furlough, the fore part of the week.

Miss Jennie Moody arrived here Tuesday from Manchester, Iowa, for an indefinite stay.

Mrs. Seward Cooley, of Grant, had a sister arrive Wednesday from York State to visit her.

P. C. Purdy, of Caro, is in charge of their bank here during the absence of his son, James L.

A party of five from Caseville, came down on the hand car Tuesday to the Catholic harvest home.

Inez Schrowleander, of Mt. Pleasant, was the guest of Mrs. Helen Gage and children a few days the past week.

Mr. Keisley, after engaging to teach the school here, backed out, because he wanted to run for the Superintendency of school in Huron county.

The Grand Rapids Ins. Co., has through their agent R. S. Brown adjusted the loss on the Catholic school building caused by fire in the kitchen Aug. 23th.

James L. Purdy and wife left Saturday for Detroit, where they intended boarding a lake steamer for Mackinac and other northern summer resorts, for a two weeks' cruise.

DANGEROUS DRINKING WATER Death lurks in impure water. It breeds disease often in epidemic form.

The first symptom is looseness of the bowels. These diseases are checked by taking Foley's Colic Cure.

Notice. Is hereby given that Estella Brenner, my wife, having left my bed and board without just cause or reason, I warn the public not to trust her on my account as I will not pay any of her debts after August 10th, 1898.

8-11-3 FERDINAND BRENNER.

YOU CAN DEPEND ON IT that Foley's Colic Cure is an instant relief for colic, summer complaint, cholera morbus, diarrhoea, bloody flux, chronic diarrhoea, cholera infantum, bilious colic, painter's colic and all bowel complaints.

Seed Wheat Genesee Giant variety, free from eye and nice clean seed.

8-4-3 CHAS. D. STRIFFLER.

CAMERAS!

KODAKS!

CAMERAS!

I still continue to handle amateur photographic cameras and supplies. Anyone interested in this line is respectfully invited to call and see me. I can supply any machine on the market.

PRICE, \$2.50 AND UPWARD.

H. L. PINNEY,

J. F. HENDRICK,

Jeweler and Optician.

WATCHES

before the advance in prices which will soon come. Do not forget that I always carry the largest and best assortment of Spectacles in the county and I know how to fit them.

J. F. HENDRICK,

Jeweler and Optician.

Eggs in the Klondike.

Scheme of an Ambitious Young Man to Reap a Fortune.

"I believe I am a partner in the most diabolical and unique of all schemes to make money out of the poor devils that are toiling up under the arctic circles" declared Col. John R. Wells, of Seattle, recently, according to the Washington Star. "My only justification is that if I were not doing this particular thing somebody else would be. You know, eggs are way up in that faraway cold and desolate region, where the common fowl of the barnyard is as much a foreigner as the tentot or the Terra del Fuagaa. I did not go into it until I was asked, and it was not my own idea. I have that much to my credit with the recording angel. I was my nephew in one of the little country towns about 10 miles out from Seattle who thought of the thing. He has for several years been interested in poultry and knows all the fine points about it. When the excitement first arose over the gold discoverer he came to me and said he thought of shipping eggs and dressed and frozen fowls to Dawson City, where the prices were bound to go high in winter time and at any time of the year would afford a handsome profit. I encouraged him and finally I put some money in with his experience.

"He hadn't got on very far in the business before he thought of a scheme that beats any Yankee idea I ever heard of before. Of course, he buys his eggs here and there among the farmers, and some of them are inferior goods that wouldn't stand shipment. To make sure of eggs that would keep he bought half a dozen incubators and began to hatch his eggs just as if he was in the broiler or the duck business on a large scale. In this way, if an egg has a germ in it he knew it would not keep. You see, it is a case where the bad eggs are the good ones. If an egg will hatch it will not keep. If it is infertile and will not hatch it will keep indefinitely, especially in a cool climate. The experiment has proved a great success. We now have 30 400 egg incubators running day and night hatching out infertile eggs you might say. The more infertile or bad eggs we get the happier we are. The chicks we hatch are simply a by-product, like gas, tar or crude petroleum. We get good prices for them, but the thing we are really after is the greatest quantity of infertile eggs. These we are now selling at Dawson for \$4.75 a dozen. Last fall our first shipments brought \$10 a dozen at wholesale. We do not have to run the machines a full three weeks on our eggs. In seven days a fertile egg will begin to germinate, and with what is called an egg tester it is an easy matter to tell the hatchable from the infertile or non-hatchable ones. Thus our capacity is enormous. The fertile eggs are taken out as soon as found and consolidated, in machines by themselves and allowed to run their full time of three weeks. It is an ingenious and a very profitable business. The eggs are far superior in quality to those you have here in Washington by the cold-storage plan. They have a good flavor and are distinguishable from the freshest of eggs only by experts."—Ex.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

As an honest remedy, Foley's Honey and Tar does not hold out false hopes in advanced stages but truthfully claims to give comfort and relief in the very worst cases, and in the early stages to effect a cure.

GREENLEAF.

Washington Ritter rides a new wheel Miss Hannah Patrick is home from Sanilac Center.

A number of farmers are sowing their wheat this week.

Miss Jennie McColl visited friends in Cumber a few days last week.

Miss Maggie Gillies, of Frieberg, spent Sunday with friends here.

John Ritter and Arthur Decker wheeled over to Jumber Sunday.

Frank Brown, of Cumber, accompanied by the Misses Gillies, of Bad Axe, visited friends in this vicinity Sunday.

Cass City Jeweler

Is headquarters for all designs of WAR - EMBLEMS

at 3, 5 and 10 cents each. Transparent Flags for windows, 12x16, 5 cents. The Battleship Maine Souvenir Spoons at 20 cents. I also carry a good line of Shirt Waist Sets.

Now is the time to buy

WATCHES

before the advance in prices which will soon come. Do not forget that I always carry the largest and best assortment of Spectacles in the county and I know how to fit them.

J. F. HENDRICK,

Jeweler and Optician.

HE SAVED THE MILK.

It Required Genius to Do It, but He Was Equal to the Occasion.

"Talking about cows," said Andy Henderson, "I really think that I had one of the most peculiar experiences with the animals in question that ever befell a citizen of west Texas. It was soon after I went to El Paso, some ten years ago, and before I had got familiar with the vagaries of the El Paso climate.

"I had settled on a very pretty ranch some miles out of the progressive frontier city and was doing nicely until I decided to go into the butter business. I sent east for a dozen fine Jersey cows and began operations. Well, the cows came on, and I hustled the butter business from the jump. Things progressed nicely for a month, when the weather grew very warm and the atmosphere very dry. The Rio Grande dwindled until a roach could have waded across. Every bit of moisture disappeared, but this did not affect me, because I had a fine artesian well on the ranch and plenty of water. I observed, however, that my cows were losing milk day by day, until at last they were perfectly dry. I was astounded, for they had plenty of food and lots of water from the well. I couldn't understand it and determined to investigate.

"I got up an hour before daylight and examined the cows, and, to my astonishment, I found the udders of the cows heavy with milk. I did not milk the animals, but simply watched and waited developments. Day dawned and the cows lazily meandered into the pasture, and I followed. The sun came up, and with the sun came the terrible dryness, but it didn't faze me in the least. What knocked me out was the sight of my cows' udders. They were growing smaller and smaller as I looked until they were as flaccid as a punctured tire. Then I tumbled. The dryness of the atmosphere simply evaporated the milk through the walls of the udder.

"What did I do? Why, I varnished the udders with a coat of kerosene and the milk couldn't ooze through the flesh. That stopped it."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

A SENSE OF HUMOR.

It is a Precious Gift and Helps to Lighten Life's Way.

I regard a sense of humor as one of the most precious gifts that can be vouchsafed to a human being. He is not necessarily a better man for having it, but he is a happier one. It renders him indifferent to good or bad fortune. It enables him to enjoy his own discomfiture.

Blessed with this sense he is never unduly elated or cast down. No one can rattle his temper. No abuse disturbs his composure. Boredom does not bore him. Humbugs do not humbug him. Solemn airs do not impose on him. Sentimental gush does not influence him. The follies of the moment have no hold on him. Titles and decorations are but childish baubles in his eyes. Prejudice does not warp his judgment. He is never in conceit or out of conceit with himself. He abhors all dogmatism. The world is a stage on which actors strut and fret for their edification and amusement, and he pursues the even current of his way, invulnerable, doing what is right and proper according to his lights, but utterly indifferent whether what he does finds approval or disapproval from others.

If Hamlet had had any sense of humor, he would not have been a nuisance to himself and to all surrounding him.—London Truth.

Spending Money.

It is an excellent thing to give children as soon as they arrive at about 12 years, or even before, a little allowance for spending money and an account book. Show them how to keep an account of small expenditures and make it a condition that they do so if they wish to receive their allowance. There is no instruction more necessary to children than instruction in the wise management of money. Children should be taught early what true economy is and to exercise their judgment—not their fancy—in making purchases. A little instruction now, and experience if need be, of the genuine discomforts of extravagance may save them from much suffering in after years.—New York Ledger.

He Had Changed.

A widow once called upon an artist and asked him to paint a portrait of her husband. "When can he sit?" inquired the artist. "He can't sit at all," said the widow, "he's dead." "Then you will have to furnish me with his photograph," said the artist. "He never had his picture taken," said the widow. Nevertheless the artist undertook the job, and when he had finished the work he asked the widow to come and see it. "It's a fine picture," said she, "and you'll please send it to my home—but how the old man has changed."—Boston Herald.

He Saw the Play.

They were giving "She Stoops to Conquer" in a small provincial town. A penniless individual, anxious to see the play, stalked past the ticket office in a careless, independent sort of way. When stopped and asked by what right he went in without paying, he replied: "By what right? I am Oliver Goldsmith, the author of the piece they are going to perform!" "Ah, beg pardon, sir," said the check taker, making a bow.

And Goldsmith walked in to see his play.—London Answer.

Why Is It Ever Thus?

The whole crowd of men raved of her beauty. She was divine, they said, incomparably divine, and gloriously beautiful. So she wept, just as they had said. But one man did not think so. Her brother. Vim.

A SPANISH BRAVADO.

REVOLTING SCENE PICTURED BY A CASTILIAN NOVELIST.

A Striking Description of the Daring and Courage Displayed by the Retired General Who Would Not Permit an Englishman to Outdo Him.

The realistic Spanish novelist, Valdes, in one of his most popular stories ("Sister San Sulpicio," translated by Nathan Haskell Dole) gives a description of a retired Spanish general's afternoon out which will illuminate many chivalric incidents in Spanish life and aptly illustrates the reckless daring and courage of which the average haughty don is liberally possessed. The scene is a sort of picnic grounds in the outskirts of Seville.

"Meantime the animation had been on the increase among the ruffians. The period of unmanly action had come. One of them climbed upon the table to make a speech, and the others, by way of applause, threw sherry and manzanilla in his face. Another was trying to hit with his teeth a companion whom drunkenness had stretched out on the floor. He did not succeed. He merely tore his sack coat. Still others were committing absurd and extravagant actions, making a great noise and uproar.

"The count remained grave and silent, drinking one glass of sherry after another. But his eyes were no longer, as usual, incomprehensible and unfathomable, like those of a man tired of life. Though he did not speak or move about he seemed a different man.

"The Englishman had taken off his jacket and waistcoat, and, rolling up his shirt sleeves, was exhibiting his biceps, which were really powerful, and trying to break empty bottles on his arm. Once blood had come, but he went on breaking the bottles without paying any attention to it. Then he asked the waiter to bring a bottle of rum and a large glass. He filled this to the brim with the liquor, and then slowly, without moving a muscle or even winking, he drained it to the bottom. Then he sat down at the table opposite the count and said solemnly: 'You can't do that.'

"A flash of fury gleamed through the bareheaded nobleman's eyes, but he succeeded in restraining himself, and, turning the rest of the bottle into the glass, he calmly ordered the waiter to bring him some pepper. He threw in a pinch of it, then threw into it his cigar ashes heaped up before him, and, without saying a word, with the same scornful, contemptuous smile, drained the glass, and then content with that, bit it in pieces. We saw his lips spout out blood. The company received with oles and shouts of triumph this proof of an unconquerable stomach, in which it seemed as though the national honor were concerned.

"Our neighbors in the other booths must have reached the same happy grade of temperature, for nothing was heard but extravagant shouts, the crashing of glasses, coarse laughter and swearing.

"The count was not yet satisfied with his victory over the Englishman. While he was swallowing with apparent calmness the glasses of liquor which were offered to him he did not cease to defy him with his eyes, carried away by a dull madness, which soon broke out. His eyes, which were the only part of his impassive face that moved, glared more and more furiously, like those of a madman when a straightjacket has been put on him. The Englishman continued to boast of his strength. He was now thoroughly intoxicated and talking impudently enough to the others, who were not so drunk.

"So you are very valiant, are you? asked the count, still smiling disdainfully. 'More than you,' retorted the Englishman.

"Don Janero started to spring at him, but the others restrained him. Soon calming himself, he said: 'If you are so brave, why not put your hand on the table?'

"What for?" "To pin it down with mine."

"The Englishman, without an instant's hesitation, stretched out his huge, brawny hand. The count took out of his pocket a damasked dagger and laid his delicate, gentlemanly hand on the Englishman's, and without hesitation and with a ferocious grip he raised the point with the other and drove it through both into the table.

"The women uttered a cry of terror. All of us men ran to their assistance. A few left the place in search of help. In an instant our booth was filled with blood. From the wounds great drops of blood streamed, staining the handkerchiefs which we applied to them.

"A doctor who happened to be among the bystanders dressed the wounds provisionally with the few means at his disposal. The count smiled while they were dressing his hand. The Englishman was as sick as a horse and vomiting. Soon the count was doing the same, and both were taken to such rooms as the establishment had to offer and went to bed. Every one left, commenting on the barbarism of the deed."

If She Were a Man. "Oh," she suddenly exclaimed, "I wish I were a man."

"What would you do?" he asked. "I'll not say what I would do, but there is one thing I will confess that I wouldn't do."

"And that is?" "I wouldn't sit around as if I had handcuffs on when I happened to be alone with a girl."—Cleveland Leader.

Scientists measure by the contraction of petroleum ether temperatures several hundred degrees below zero F. At 810 degrees below zero, the temperature at which liquid air boils, petroleum ether remains in a semiliquid condition and contracts with the decrease of temperature.

Act

Wisely and Use the Best.

Results prove DANA'S is the best. It is also guaranteed as a true remedy for the Nerves, Stomach, Liver and Kidneys. Money back if you get no benefit.

The only medicine that dares stand this test is Dana's SARSAPARILLA "The Kind that Cures."

Republican County Convention.

A Republican County Nominating Convention for the County of Tuscola is hereby called to meet at the Court House in Caro, on Wednesday, the 7th day of September, 1898, commencing at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for the several offices upon the county ticket, and transacting such other business as may properly come before it.

The several townships are entitled to representation as follows:

- Arbela.....8
- Akron.....9
- Alder.....6
- Columbia.....8
- Denmark.....10
- Dutton.....8
- Eskland.....8
- Ellington.....8
- Elmwood.....7
- Fillmore.....9
- Fremont.....9
- Gilford.....5
- Indianfield.....12
- Judith.....6
- Koylton.....5
- Kuylenburg.....6
- Millington.....9
- Novesta.....4
- Tuscola.....7
- Vassar.....3
- Waterman.....7
- Wells.....3
- Wishart.....2

Total.....165

Procl Slovic, C. C. Curtis, C. H. Richardson, H. S. Wickwar, W. J. Ingwersoll, Republican County Committee.

Dated Caro, Mich., August 18, 1898.

3-CENT COLUMN.

Advertisements will be inserted under this heading for three cents per line each week.

DAWSON Golden Chaff Wheat—The best wheat for the general farmer. Pure seed and free from eye. For sale by WM. RAWSON, Sec. 11, Kingston. 7-28-98

FOR sale—Complete butcher's outfit—including a large refrigerator. E. H. PINNEY.

Order mill for sale. Inquire of W. I. Frost or J. Jas. Reugh. W. J. CAMPBELL.

FOR sale cheap or will trade for young stock, 1 second-hand lumber wagon nearly new. 9-1-98 W. J. CAMPBELL.

WANTED—Young married man by the month to work on farm. F. C. LEE.

WE are prepared to drill wells and guarantee satisfaction. H. SHEPHERD & CO., Cass City. 8-25-98

ONE young cow for sale. Enquire at H. S. Wickwar's blacksmith shop. 8-25-98

Cass City Markets.

Cass City, Sept. 1, 1898.

Wheat No. 1 white.....	58
Wheat No. 2 red.....	60
Oats, per bu. new.....	20
Rye.....	36
Beans.....	75 80
Peas.....	30
No. 1 Hay, pressed.....	16 50
Barley, per 100 lbs.....	75
Potatoes, new.....	40
Potatoes, per bu.....	25
Pumpkins, per bu.....	25 40
Pears, per bu.....	25
Apples, per bu.....	10 40
Eggs, per doz.....	10
Butter.....	14
Onions, per doz.....	50 60
Live Hogs, per cwt.....	3 00 to 3 35
Beef, live weight, per lb.....	3 40
Saucep, live weight, per lb.....	4 10 to 4 50
Veal.....	3
Tallow, per lb.....	3

MARKETS AT ROLLER MILLS.

White Lily.....	4 65 per bbl.
Heller's Best.....	4 90 "
Economy.....	2 50 "
Pillsbury's Best.....	5 90 "
Graham Flour.....	3 60 "
Boiled Meal.....	1 50 cwt
Feed.....	1 00 "
Meal.....	90 "
Bran.....	60 "
Middlings.....	70 "
Brickyard Flour.....	2 40 "
Rye Flour.....	2 40 "

Look Here!

All parties owing Frost & Hebble white on account will please call and settle at once. 8-11-4.

Pay Up. All owing me on book account please call and settle at once. 9-1- W. A. ANDERSON.

For Sale. Seed wheat, "Genesee Giant" and "Dawson's Golden Chaff." 9-1- O. K. JAMES.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets. Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

For Sale. Wood for sale at \$1.20 and \$1.25 cash per cord delivered. 9-1- O. K. JAMES.

To Cure Constipation Forever. Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic, 10c or 25c. If C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

For Sale. One grade Oxford Down ram 1 year old, one grade Oxford Down ram 4 years old, or will exchange one for one of same 2 or 3 years old. 9-1- Cheap return rates are offered for the next thirty days to the Canadian Northwest, good to return within sixty days from date of issue. Call on the local agent, J. W. Gordon, at Hotel Gordon. 8-18-3

Money to Loan On farm property in amounts of \$200 to \$2,500 from 2 to 10 years. Will take partial payments. See O. K. James for particulars. 8-4-

Your Teeth...
EXTRACTED POSITIVELY
Without Pain, Without Sleep, Without Chloroform, Without Ether, Without Gas, Without Electricity, and Without Any Bad Effect. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

DR. H. E. GORDON,
WHO WILL BE AT
HOTEL GORDON,
Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Sept. 1, 2 and 3.

Caro, Mich., Aug. 22, 1898. Having had eleven teeth extracted at one sitting by Dr. H. E. Gordon by his painless method, I would heartily recommend him to anyone. My gums healed quickly without trouble whatever. Mrs. C. E. MURDO.

Caro, Mich., Aug. 20, 1898. Dr. H. E. Gordon extracted twenty-two teeth for me this day without breaking a single tooth or giving me half as much pain as having one tooth pulled by the old method. HENRY DOBIE, Supervisor of Elmwood, Tuscola Co., Mich. J. C. PURDY, Cashier of Citizens Bank.

Wahkiakum, Mich., Aug. 22, 1898. August 3rd Dr. H. E. Gordon extracted seven teeth for me. No pain of any account was experienced. The gums healed quickly and there was but little soreness. Mrs. JAMES RICE.

Unionville, Mich., June 4, 1898. I desire to say that on June 1st Dr. H. E. Gordon extracted sixteen teeth for me by his painless method. I consider Dr. Gordon an expert in dental surgery. H. G. C. WATSON, Cashier of Citizens Bank.

Caro, Aug. 22, 1898. Dr. Gordon extracted a tooth for me without pain on Aug. 28th and I feel like telling about it, I suffered with the tooth for two weeks and was surprised and happy when it came out with so much ease and no pain. Mrs. H. F. WALKER, Journalist.

WANTED

Apples, - Apples

Of all kinds as fast as they are ready to ship. We are headquarters for apples this season. We pay the highest market price for them, cash or trade. We have the largest assortment of Groceries to select from in the Thumb. Bring your butter and eggs to us.

H. B. FAIRWEATHER.

When You Get Ready

For your Painting and Papering you come down and see me. I have things to show you and things to say to you that mean much in saving, much in appearance, much in general detail of the work at hand. I make a study of the things, while it only comes to you once in a year or two. So you will admit that I can be of assistance to you in your plans.

James Wright.

NOTICE!

Here is a Snap.



I wish to interest you in a conveyance known as the Bicycle for a little money, \$24.50; a good value for \$30.00.

I have several good second hand wheels which I will sell cheap. Call and see them. Get out in the wheel push with Young America. I have a good supply of

Bicycle Sundries

of all kinds. Call and see me before purchasing and I will save you money.

A. A. HITCHCOCK,

L. A. W. Local Consul.

STATIONERY OF ALL KINDS

At the ENTERPRISE Office.

GIVE US A CALL WHEN IN NEED,