

CASS CITY ENTERPRISE.

VOL. XVII. NO. 13.

CASS CITY, MICH., MARCH 3, 1898.

BY A. A. P. M'DOWELL.

OPPORTUNITY KNOCKS ONCE AT EVERY DOOR.

Did You Say Come in?


Just wanted to chat a bit about our Special Cash Clearing Sale of

SHOES AND CLOTHING

That we are continuing during February. What, hav'nt the money? You will get it after getting our Special February Cash Prices.

SPRING STOCK ARRIVING.

Must make room for it. Your opportunity in knocking. Butter and eggs taken. 24x24 Antique Oak Table free to our cash customers.



J. D. Crosby
CASS CITY'S
SHOE & CLOTHING MAN.

Compare Our Prices

and Quality of Goods with any in the Land.

A large stock to choose from and prices that are right.

Clothing of Best Make

Shoes, Furnishings, Etc. Right in Quality and Right in Price.

Dry Goods, Groceries, House Furnishings in a Good Variety.

We Can Save You Money. Come and See.

2 MACKS 2.

Something New.

On Saturday, March 5th, we will open to our customers a large bill of goods from the largest wholesale house in Chicago, John V. Farwell. It will consist of Dress Goods, Silks, Ginghams, Etc., Etc. All the

Latest Styles and Prices the Lowest.

Then the first of next week we will open another large bill from Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., of Chicago. We will do business this season and invite you to come and see for yourself that our prices are what the largest houses in the country are able to make them.

Best Line of Shoes

for the least money in Cass City. Call in and see them.

LAING & JANES.

TEA TEA

OUR CELEBRATED

NIBS TEA

Has been Reduced from 35c to 25c. Its a Hummer. Call and get a sample.

Frost & Hebblewhite.

NOTICE!

TO FUR BUYERS, TRAPPERS AND HUNTERS.

I will pay the highest market prices for Rabbits, Raw Furs and Sheep Pelts in good state of cultivation. Price and terms very reasonable.

S. W. Walton, Lamy City, Mich.
Send postal cards for prices and shipping tags.

Farm For Sale.

Eighty acres pleasantly located 5 miles from Cass City. House, barn, granary and orchard. Well fenced and in good state of cultivation. Price and terms very reasonable.

E. H. PINNEY Owner, Cass City.

HOME HAPPENINGS

ITEMS OF PURELY LOCAL INTEREST.

J. W. Alvers is quite ill. Village caucus to-morrow evening. A. H. Ale was at Owendale Tuesday. Rev. R. B. Brown, of Yale, is in town to-day.

A. A. McKenzie made a trip to Tyre on Tuesday. Clark McKenzie visited in Caseville over Sunday. P. Toohy Sr., of Gageton was in town yesterday. Calvin Ale was in Detroit on business last week. J. Chamberlain is visiting friends in Oakland county. Registration and election notices in another column. Mrs. F. C. Lee visited Kingston friends last week. Willie McTavish is recovering from an attack of pleurisy. M. Ablowitz and P. Fineberg were Gageton callers, Sunday. P. Usher has moved to the Hoagland house, on North West street. Frank Pettit, of Linkville, was in town between trains Tuesday. M. Sheridan has sold a vacant lot on Main Street west to A. H. Ale.

The financial statement of the village treasurer appears in this issue. J. W. Hefflebower has moved to the Hackitt house on Seeger Street south. George Porter now occupies the Bolton residence on Houghton Street. Messrs. A. Frutchey and E. A. McGee made a trip to Saginaw yesterday. Mrs. Lewis returned yesterday from a six weeks' visit with friends at Oxford. C. W. McPhail, of Detroit, spent several days of the week with old friends here. Laing & Janes announce a new departure in their adv. this week. Look it over. Rev. G. J. Kim, of Sebawaing, was the guest of Rev. F. Klump a portion of this week. E. McKim reports several orders for his combination hay and stock rack last week. J. L. Hitchcock announces the arrival of his new spring goods in his adv. this week. Don't forget to register on Saturday if you wish to cast a ballot at the village election. The first number of THE KINGSTON TIMINGS will be issued from this office to-morrow. Messrs. T. J. Clements and M. Steinhauer made a business trip to Kingston last week. A pleasant social gathering was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Pinney last evening. Jas. H. Davis had the misfortune to lose one of his heavy draught horses the first of the week. H. Frutchey attended the convention of hay dealers in Detroit last week, returning Monday noon. Mrs. J. A. McDougall, of Port Huron, is visiting her mother, Mrs. E. K. Wickware, and other friends. Miss Effie Hartsell left for Orion on Monday morning, where the family expects to reside in the future. Hurry up with your 50c if you want the ENTERPRISE a year. You can't get it for that price after April 1st. The Junior endeavor topic for next Sunday will be "What is a Profitable Sabbath?" Leader—Dora Wallace. Dr. John Etherinton is preparing to push the sale of Kuskariilla the coming season with greater zest than ever. Mr. and Mrs. Arch Johnson are visiting his parental home in this place, before moving to his farm near Deford. Don't forget the entertainment to be given in the Town Hall next Wednesday evening by Miss Lura McKenna. The members of Class No. 4 of the M. E. Sunday school are preparing for their annual social in the near future. T. H. Fritz preaches an impressive little sermon in his adv. this week, on "Decoration Day." Read and "digest." Alex. Brian has returned from Gaylord, incapacitated for labor, having had eighteen "Job's comforters" on one hand. A very pleasant gathering indeed was that at the home of Mrs. J. H. Fritz last evening, the occasion being the tea served by the M. E. Ladies' Aid Society. The attendance surpassed that of any similar gathering held for some time.

A. Endersbee, highway commissioner of Grant Township, made us a pleasant call last Thursday. Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Lee, of Bay Port, were the guests of the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Orr, on Sunday. Joseph Wallace left Saturday morning for Brighton, Mich., to attend the funeral of his sister, Mrs. James Phillips. Remember Miss McKenna and Miss Springer at the Town Hall March 9th. The young ladies are first-class entertainers.

Corra Lacroix will lead the Junior League on Sunday. The topic: "How our Junior League Pledge helps us by prayer."

Louis I. Wood, of Pt. Huron, spent Sunday with friends here. It's good to see his face again and know of his prosperity.

John W. Murphy, of Maple Grove Stock Farm, this week shipped a young Polled Durham bull to James H. Dickenson, of Leosau.

"Evidential" Readings Directed to Personal Work" will be the topic at the Epworth League next Sunday evening. Miss Hattie Wood will lead. E. Deo, of the Kingston Roller Mills, visited our mills on Monday, and expressed himself as highly pleased with the equipment.

Robt. Young has purchased the residence and one lot of A. Graham on east Third Street. A. H. Ale has secured the other lot.

Remember the closing number of the Citizens' Lecture Course—Lovett's Boston Stars, at the M. E. church Saturday evening. Don't fail to attend.

Little Helene James suffered a fracture of the collar bone a few days ago. Dr. McClinton gave it the necessary attention and she is now doing nicely.

Miss Clara Davis, who has been sojourning with friends in Kingston and North Branch for some time, has been spending a week at her home in Cass City.

John Error, two miles east of Canboro, will sell his farm stock and implements at auction on Wednesday, March 9th, at one o'clock. J. H. Striffler, auctioneer.

Mrs. E. R. Jackson, of East Tawas, has been visiting friends here since Saturday. Mr. Jackson, who is editor of the Losco County Gazette, is expected to spend Sunday here.

The local newspaper should be found in every home. No child will grow up ignorant who can be taught to appreciate a home paper. It is the stepping stone to intelligence in all matters not to be learned in books.

The country press is the great educator of the people, and when properly and honestly conducted is relied upon in a large measure by its constituents. There is no way to reach the public except through the country press.

Prof. and Mrs. G. Masselink conducted the school examinations held here on Saturday. Those in attendance numbered thirty-one, which is the best attendance ever known at the February examinations here.

Miss Lura McKenna, the talented elocutionist and impersonator, has been engaged by Grace society to take charge of their entertainments which will probably last throughout the present year.—Yale Hustler.

Owing to a considerable amount of extra work this week we find it absolutely impossible to give a report of the lecture given Thursday evening at the M. E. church, by De Witt Miller. We will endeavor to do so next week.

Among the registrations at Hotel Gordon since last issue were: F. F. Winters, Sebawaing; W. J. Williamson, Ed. Come, Gageton; Jas. McQueen, John Whitfield, Evergreen; J. Wilberton, Cumber; Jas. Sillers, Bad Axe; Mrs. Abbot, Owendale.

M. Daniels, a native Persian, gave an interesting address in the Baptist church on Monday evening. The attendance was good, the church being well filled. The speaker has a much better command of the English language than at the time of his previous visit here.

Quarterly meeting services were held at the M. E. church last Sunday morning. The sacrament of the Lord's supper was administered to over one hundred and thirty applicants, three were received into full membership and one admitted on probation. The quarterly conference was held on Monday afternoon at which Dr. Dawe, of Saginaw, presided.

Proceedings were recently taken by a Saginaw firm to secure two horses from Geo. Zimmickler, of Grant township, for which the latter had given a chelal mortgage. One of the equines, after passing through several parties' hands, was traded to Wm. Ferguson, of this place, and was taken into custody by Officer Ramsey. The officer also succeeded in locating the other one in Utly, whether it had been taken by Mr. Zimmickler, but was still in his possession.

The longest article in the American Monthly Review of Reviews for March is on "The Rush to Klondike." It was written by Mr. Sam Stone Bush and is illustrated with more than thirty photographs, a majority of which have never before been published, most of them having been taken by the author. Both text and pictures serve to tell in an unusually vivid way the things that thousands, east and west, are just now asking about—what the Klondike has in store for the intending settler or miner and how it may be reached. This article is based on first-hand observation. The writer got his information coupled with hard knocks and weary journeys over the Alaskan passes. 25c. at this office.

Rev. Jas. W. Penn, of the M. E. church, and Rev. B. J. Baxter, of the Presbyterian church, spoke in their respective churches Sunday evening on the life and work of Miss Frances Willard, the world's president of the W. C. T. U., so lately deceased. Large audiences were present and much enthusiasm manifested.

The village caucus will be held on Friday evening, March 4th, at 7:30 o'clock, in the Council Rooms. Let the voters turn out on mass and see that proper persons are placed in nomination for offices. The time has arrived for our town to make more rapid advancement and we must select for officers those who will keep a proper grip upon the reins of government. The voters are in reality responsible for the kind of government we have. Let each one manifest his interest and be present at the caucus.

The "Grace Association" has secured the services of Miss Lura McKenna, as elocutionist, and Miss Beatrice Springer, as soloist, and an entertainment will be given at the Mechanic street Church of Christ, in Yale, on Tuesday evening, March 5th. An entertainment by the same young ladies will be given in Cass City on the 9th. These young ladies need no introduction in Yale. Miss McKenna is a charming recitationist and delights all her hearers with her inimitable style. Miss Springer has a very sweet voice which once heard will never be forgotten. A delightful evening can be spent in listening to them.—Yale Expositor.

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Mrs. Wickware were the recipients of many very beautiful presents. The wedding party returned here last evening, and will be "at home" after March 16th. We extend the most hearty congratulations.

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The young man who received a cream mustache through the mail must take it as a hint to hurry up his manly appearances. M. F. Denyes, of Caro, was in town Tuesday on business and we presume Phil at the same time is looking after political fences. Sixteen teams arrived here Tuesday from Elkton loaded with brick for the Maynard building averaging about 1,300 to each load. We apologize for mutilating the Elder's sign, but the Postmaster would have been pleased if the whole of it had been taken. John Sheridan, of Fairgrove, was here Sunday to see his sister, Mrs. P. Toohy, Jr., who has been quite ill during the past week. A card from Mrs. T. E. Morse, of Geyer, Ohio, to a friend of hers here, says that Mr. Morse has been sick a good part of the winter. A very large quantity of ice has been taken from Mud Lake during the week, and not withstanding the inappreciable name; the ice is excellent. L. S. McEldowney who has been appointed special administrator of Mrs. Wm. Wright's estate at the Belknap farm was in Caro, Saturday on business. At a regular meeting of the council held the 22d ult. the President, R. S. Brown, L. Lenhard and P. Toohy, Jr., were appointed election commissioners. Jno. Stirton, who has been confined to the house for the last eight weeks with a malignant carbuncle on the back of his neck, has been pronounced out of danger by his physician. Mrs. Mary Lurrey, of Goodland and Mrs. E. L. Whitman, of Chicago, aunts of E. DeLong, Kenneth McKenzie, of Idaho, and W. D. McKenzie, of Goodland, cousins of E. DeLong were his guests the fore part of the week. Mrs. M. Rosebrook, Mrs. M. E. Lamb and daughter, Mrs. Ed. Karr, were the guests of Mrs. R. S. Brown and family Friday, and gave Mrs. B. a photograph taken at Cass City not many months ago showing four generations—grandson, mother, grandmother, and great grandmother. Who registered at the Washington during the week:—W. W. Wixson, Bay City; C. S. Scofield, Buffalo; C. A. Post, Marion; E. B. Harris, Geo. P. Dice, Saginaw; W. Wesley, J. B. Sperry and F. S. Smith, Port Huron; C. F. Bach, Sebawaing; Chas. L. Morse, Flint; J. E. Bell, Chicago; I. Lochman, F. E. Wicks, Detroit; J. H. Smith, Bad Axe. On Friday about 25 of the young people of Gageton gathered at Dr. Lyman's at a surprise party for John Keown and to wish him a successful career in his professional life, and to say goodbye to him. He was presented with a nice dressing case from the young men and with a nice ink well by the young ladies. C. T. Purly made the presentations. Mrs. T. W. Morrison, of Detroit, sister of the late Mrs. Wright, on the Belknap farm, arrived here Tuesday to see after her sister's effects. Mrs. Morrison wishes to return her many thanks to the friends and neighbors who were so kind and attentive to her sister during her illness and at her death and to the brethren of Unionville Lodge, I. O. O. F., who accompanied the remains of Mr. Wright to Windsor.

Wm. Burtlet, of Capac, was up here last week on business. Earnest Lester has gone to Capac to labor for an indefinite time. "Dob" Lamb has moved to town. He is holding down the old mill site. Our "Bob" White and his mate are visiting at Jeddo, St. Clair county. A bee will take place last of this week having stone for the church. Born to Arthur and May VanBlaricon, Feb. 25th, a son. All doing well. Hiram Lester, who has been on the sick list for some time past, is out again. Howard Retherford and wife spent Sunday at Wm. Coops's near center Novesta. Many teams have gone from this vicinity during the week to Decker-ville for lumber for the church. The child whose death was noted in last week's ENTERPRISE, infant of Jesse and Ettie Sole, was buried on the 23rd in the Lamotte cemetery. Most of the roads have been shoveled out so that teams can get along in this locality. However there are some places where they were forced to take to the fields. Brother Cleaveland, who lives south-west of here on what is known as the old Park's place, has shaken the sands of the ridge from his "brogans" and gone to reside southeast of Wilmet in the Free Methodist settlement. M. D. Mills, the irrepressible, proposes to have his general store at Novesta, heated with a furnace. He thinks the cost of the whole business would be saved in the amount of wood used in two winters. One of our young ladies had a tooth extracted the fore part of the week and she is since pronounced better looking—and now all our (both married and unmarried) ladies seem determined to spend the rest of their days toothless. Ten days ago George O'Rourke went to Chas. Chase's, near Marlette, with a load of swine and has not yet returned. Possibly drifted highways may keep him down there in the vicinity of Nineveh but his brother, Thomas, has grave fears that he has lit out with the Salvation Army. Cass City Gazette would carry the idea in its comments on the account of the fire on the floor of the Gazette office recently that the ENTERPRISE was a Rip-Van-Winkle sheet. Let loose the editorial dogs of war McDowell may create a ripple of excitement during the gloomy winter days. Heavens boys, if this "brick top" was able to run a paper he would have "razors in the air" every week. We have put several mills to the test quietly, in our own way, with buckwheat this winter and found the Wilmet Mill to come nearer the honest mark than any other. The law gives the miller one-tenth for grinding and allowing one pound to the bushel for waste in grinding and the farmer should have the remainder in either flour or bran. We have evidence against one mill in town 12 north, that would look bad if presented to Peter at the golden gate. Hearnock, ye readers of the up-to-date Cass City ENTERPRISE and I will demonstrate that we are not only a pious and patriotic but also a profitable people. We have in our school district 115 children of school age and a mill, has been pronounced out of danger by our proficient teacher, E. W. Clark, for the compensation of \$2 per day. If any other primary school district in the Thumb can show a greater record let him rise and explain and if they go one better we will take our guns in gracefully. "Liners should have good memories"—is an old saying and as true as old. We afflict ourselves with a gold standard paper—and read it to. It saves us from taking physic. Last week it thought to ridicule the position taken by the silver people that the price of cereals always went down with silver, which is true except in cases of something like the present which approach a famine in some parts of the world, then this week gives the following which destroys its falsehoods of last week entirely: Austria, Hungary, Belgium, Denmark, China, France, Germany and Great Britain are all paying their bread stuff from the United States to feed their four hundred million of people, a thing heretofore unknown. Money to loan on real estate on favorable terms at the Cass City Bank Free. For all information, maps, pamphlets, circulars, etc. of Manitoba, The North West Territories and British Columbia write to D. L. CAVEN, Bad Axe, Mich. Everybody Says So. Cascarets Candy Calumet, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. to-day. 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

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GAGETOWN.
J. L. and L. C. Purdy, Sundayed at Caro. P. Toohy, of Ellington, was in town Tuesday. A. Klein was a visitor at Elkton Sunday. Alfred Rushlo is chore boy at Dr. Lyman's. Council meets next Tuesday evening, March 8th. Registration day, Saturday next, March 12th. The W. C. T. U. meets next Wednesday, March 9th. Ulysis Parker is very sick with pneumonia. Jack Welch, of Sebawaing, was in town Wednesday. Mrs. Geo. D. Schimmons has returned from her trip to Galesburg. Anyone having a farm to rent, please drop a card to B. Lock Box 6. Pat Quinn talks of going to Detroit to be treated for kidney trouble. Mrs. Pat Toohy has been very ill, but is improving at the present. If John K., will send us a suitable reward, we will locate his diamond. James Quinn, who was appointed marshal to fill vacancy, will not accept. The Board of Registration for Gageton village meets at the council room, March 12th. Pat Toohy, Jr., has leased the Prestage blacksmith shop for a year from May next. The machinery for our new flour mill has arrived, and Mr. McMillan will put it in at once. Miss Christie Crawford, of Brookfield Church, Wednesday night. L. S. McEldowney who has been in the employ of Mr. Wright, will have charge of the Belknap farm hereafter. Rev. A. Ross will preach a memorial sermon for the late Miss Frances E. Willard at G. A. R. hall Sunday evening. Rev. Lewis, of Caro, preached a memorial sermon at Grace church, Sunday, in memory of the late Frances E. Willard.

The young man who received a cream mustache through the mail must take it as a hint to hurry up his manly appearances. M. F. Denyes, of Caro, was in town Tuesday on business and we presume Phil at the same time is looking after political fences. Sixteen teams arrived here Tuesday from Elkton loaded with brick for the Maynard building averaging about 1,300 to each load. We apologize for mutilating the Elder's sign, but the Postmaster would have been pleased if the whole of it had been taken. John Sheridan, of Fairgrove, was here Sunday to see his sister, Mrs. P. Toohy, Jr., who has been quite ill during the past week. A card from Mrs. T. E. Morse, of Geyer, Ohio, to a friend of hers here, says that Mr. Morse has been sick a good part of the winter. A very large quantity of ice has been taken from Mud Lake during the week, and not withstanding the inappreciable name; the ice is excellent. L. S. McEldowney who has been appointed special administrator of Mrs. Wm. Wright's estate at the Belknap farm was in Caro, Saturday on business. At a regular meeting of the council held the 22d ult. the President, R. S. Brown, L. Lenhard and P. Toohy, Jr., were appointed election commissioners. Jno. Stirton, who has been confined to the house for the last eight weeks with a malignant carbuncle on the back of his neck, has been pronounced out of danger by his physician. Mrs. Mary Lurrey, of Goodland and Mrs. E. L. Whitman, of Chicago, aunts of E. DeLong, Kenneth McKenzie, of Idaho, and W. D. McKenzie, of Goodland, cousins of E. DeLong were his guests the fore part of the week. Mrs. M. Rosebrook, Mrs. M. E. Lamb and daughter, Mrs. Ed. Karr, were the guests of Mrs. R. S. Brown and family Friday, and gave Mrs. B. a photograph taken at Cass City not many months ago showing four generations—grandson, mother, grandmother, and great grandmother. Who registered at the Washington during the week:—W. W. Wixson, Bay City; C. S. Scofield, Buffalo; C. A. Post, Marion; E. B. Harris, Geo. P. Dice, Saginaw; W. Wesley, J. B. Sperry and F. S. Smith, Port Huron; C. F. Bach, Sebawaing; Chas. L. Morse, Flint; J. E. Bell, Chicago; I. Lochman, F. E. Wicks, Detroit; J. H. Smith, Bad Axe. On Friday about 25 of the young people of Gageton gathered at Dr. Lyman's at a surprise party for John Keown and to wish him a successful career in his professional life, and to say goodbye to him. He was presented with a nice dressing case from the young men and with a nice ink well by the young ladies. C. T. Purly made the presentations. Mrs. T. W. Morrison, of Detroit, sister of the late Mrs. Wright, on the Belknap farm, arrived here Tuesday to see after her sister's effects. Mrs. Morrison wishes to return her many thanks to the friends and neighbors who were so kind and attentive to her sister during her illness and at her death and to the brethren of Unionville Lodge, I. O. O. F., who accompanied the remains of Mr. Wright to Windsor.

Wm. Burtlet, of Capac, was up here last week on business. Earnest Lester has gone to Capac to labor for an indefinite time. "Dob" Lamb has moved to town. He is holding down the old mill site. Our "Bob" White and his mate are visiting at Jeddo, St. Clair county. A bee will take place last of this week having stone for the church. Born to Arthur and May VanBlaricon, Feb. 25th, a son. All doing well. Hiram Lester, who has been on the sick list for some time past, is out again. Howard Retherford and wife spent Sunday at Wm. Coops's near center Novesta. Many teams have gone from this vicinity during the week to Decker-ville for lumber for the church. The child whose death was noted in last week's ENTERPRISE, infant of Jesse and Ettie Sole, was buried on the 23rd in the Lamotte cemetery. Most of the roads have been shoveled out so that teams can get along in this locality. However there are some places where they were forced to take to the fields. Brother Cleaveland, who lives south-west of here on what is known as the old Park's place, has shaken the sands of the ridge from his "brogans" and gone to reside southeast of Wilmet in the Free Methodist settlement. M. D. Mills, the irrepressible, proposes to have his general store at Novesta, heated with a furnace. He thinks the cost of the whole business would be saved in the amount of wood used in two winters. One of our young ladies had a tooth extracted the fore part of the week and she is since pronounced better looking—and now all our (both married and unmarried) ladies seem determined to spend the rest of their days toothless. Ten days ago George O'Rourke went to Chas. Chase's, near Marlette, with a load of swine and has not yet returned. Possibly drifted highways may keep him down there in the vicinity of Nineveh but his brother, Thomas, has grave fears that he has lit out with the Salvation Army. Cass City Gazette would carry the idea in its comments on the account of the fire on the floor of the Gazette office recently that the ENTERPRISE was a Rip-Van-Winkle sheet. Let loose the editorial dogs of war McDowell may create a ripple of excitement during the gloomy winter days. Heavens boys, if this "brick top" was able to run a paper he would have "razors in the air" every week. We have put several mills to the test quietly, in our own way, with buckwheat this winter and found the Wilmet Mill to come nearer the honest mark than any other. The law gives the miller one-tenth for grinding and allowing one pound to the bushel for waste in grinding and the farmer should have the remainder in either flour or bran. We have evidence against one mill in town 12 north, that would look bad if presented to Peter at the golden gate. Hearnock, ye readers of the up-to-date Cass City ENTERPRISE and I will demonstrate that we are not only a pious and patriotic but also a profitable people. We have in our school district 115 children of school age and a mill, has been pronounced out of danger by our proficient teacher, E. W. Clark, for the compensation of \$2 per day. If any other primary school district in the Thumb can show a greater record let him rise and explain and if they go one better we will take our guns in gracefully. "Liners should have good memories"—is an old saying and as true as old. We afflict ourselves with a gold standard paper—and read it to. It saves us from taking physic. Last week it thought to ridicule the position taken by the silver people that the price of cereals always went down with silver, which is true except in cases of something like the present which approach a famine in some parts of the world, then this week gives the following which destroys its falsehoods of last week entirely: Austria, Hungary, Belgium, Denmark, China, France, Germany and Great Britain are all paying their bread stuff from the United States to feed their four hundred million of people, a thing heretofore unknown. Money to loan on real estate on favorable terms at the Cass City Bank Free. For all information, maps, pamphlets, circulars, etc. of Manitoba, The North West Territories and British Columbia write to D. L. CAVEN, Bad Axe, Mich. Everybody Says So. Cascarets Candy Calumet, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. to-day. 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

Farm for sale.
12-23. LAING & JANES.

It does not seem the thing for Cashier Quinlan of the Chemical Bank to claim that he overworked. Doubtless, however, he allowed himself to be worked.

The faculty of Lombard university at Galesburg, Ill., has decided to add dancing to the regular college curriculum, which shows that good people are tired of bad dancing.

Singular, isn't it, how lucky some people are? John Owens, a liverman at Millerton, N. Y., loaned a horse to a customer. When he returned the horse's hoofs were balled with snow, and when the liverman knocked the snow out from one of the broken masses rolled a pocketbook containing \$11 and a small key.

Dear old Dr. Abbott is saying such dreadful things! He says dancing is good, with limitations; alcohol is proper, with the same proviso; taste in dress is right, and so as to diamonds; and if the theatre sends you back to life refreshed and invigorated, why go and enjoy yourself. There is a new Beecher in the old man, though he admits that "truth is dangerous; the only thing that is safe is platitude."

A judge says to husbands and wives who want to get divorced, "Separate, live apart for six months and think it over." If that advice were generally followed there wouldn't be one divorce where there are six now. Indeed, the separated would resume relations with such avidity that the reunion would be as good as another honeymoon. One can do a good deal of first-rate thinking under such circumstances in six months.

The general demand for flour has been good, and while prices have ruled considerably higher in sympathy with wheat, all the markets have responded in a liberal manner to the advance. The general fear among flour buyers has, without doubt, been that Letter held the key to the situation, and, in consequence, buyers short of flour are in a hurry to get under cover before it got too late, and bought in freely at the advanced values.

The lady teacher who dissected a live cat in one of our public schools the other day has resigned, but the children and public sentiment against her are still ill. If vivisection is allowable, there is still a question with regard to its surroundings. It might be well to compromise matters by putting a butcher shop in every school—that wouldn't shock anybody half as much; but it is not the purpose of teaching to make barbarians of children.

"Why," asks a writer, "do women laugh so much more frequently than men?" The writer is misinformed. They do not laugh. They giggle. They have a superficial understanding of things that ought to be laughed at, and it perishes when the giggle does. A solid, comforting, substantial funny thing that abides with a man for days is to them but the faint tickle of a fancy that dies as soon as it is born and that therefore wishes it had not been born at all.

In this crisis in our commercial relations with that vast empire all of our consuls there, with one important exception, are green hands, and that at the legation, where the most delicate and difficult part of the work must be done, the only person having knowledge of Chinese language and affairs is the interpreter or dragoman to the legation, whose status prevents him from having any serious influence. And all this because the "American idea" of a public office is not something to do, but something to get.

Every druggist who sells as harmless a patent medicine containing cocaine or other dangerous drug that makes slaves of those who take it should, by law, be sent to jail and kept there for at least five years. Every villainous manufacturer of such drugs should be jailed for ten years, or, better still, for life. The whipping post as a preliminary to imprisonment at hard labor would fit the case of the scoundrel who for gain fills the land with drug fiends. The keeper of a brothel is more respectable and less harmful than he.

A locomotive factory in Philadelphia has just completed four engines on an order from the British government. They are to be shipped to South Africa. The engines were completed thirty-one days after the order was received. No such rapid work was ever done before anywhere in the world. The Philadelphia firm received the order because the British government wanted the engines in a hurry, and no British factory was able to turn them out as quickly as they were wanted. The incident seems to call attention to the folly of maintaining the protective tariff system in this country.

The craze for royal ancestry has become so violent in Baltimore, owing to the establishment of the new Order of the Crown, that the Peabody library is overrun with persons wishing to consult its fine collection of the histories of English countries, which contain long genealogical lists and show just where various royal lines shot out dubious connections with the Smiths, the Joneses and the Browns. All kinds of kings are in demand, but, according to the Baltimore papers, any old king will do for most of those who seek royal descent.

BLOCKADE OF CUBA.

How the War with Spain Would Be Successful in a Short Time.

In case of war between the United States and Spain the island of Cuba would be freed from Spanish rule much more easily than is generally imagined. This country would not need to send a large army to the island to fight the Spaniards in the field. Neither would it need to bombard Havana nor attack it in any other way. Perhaps the war would end, as far as Cuba is concerned, without the Americans firing a single shot either by land or sea. Though these statements may at first appear astonishing, they are merely the logical conclusion to be derived from knowledge of the real state of affairs in the struggling island.

Extent of Spanish Control.

The Spaniards, with an army of 150,000 men, of which not 90,000 are regular troops, all that is left of the 200,000 soldiers sent from Spain since 1895 and decimated by battle and sickness, control only the seaports and the strongly fortified towns in the interior. The country from east to west is in the hands of the insurgents. The eastern part of the island, including Santiago de Cuba and Puerto Principe, is held by the Cuban Generals Calixto Gomez, Jesus Rabi, and Lope Rielo Loyanz. There the Cubans are stronger than in any other section of the island. They have in these two provinces 20,000 men at least, armed and with plenty of ammunition. There they hold the Spanish columns in constant check, and the recent defeat of General Pando in Santiago de Cuba, at the entrance of the Cauto river, and of General Jimenez Castellanos at La Esperanza, almost within sight of Puerto Principe city, show conclusively what the power of the Cubans is in the east. The central part of the island, that is to say, the province of Santa Clara, is controlled by General Maximo Gomez. The Cuban commander-in-chief has at least 10,000 men there under his orders, with Generals Carrillo, Montegudo, Alvarez and several others as subordinate commanders.

Strength of the Cubans.

There are about 5,000 insurgents in the provinces of Matanzas and Havana. This is where the Cubans are weakest, the Spanish fortified towns being nearer to one another and the Spanish army more numerous. But nevertheless they have strength enough to keep up a very lively guerrilla warfare, raiding almost daily the most important towns and making dashing attacks on the outskirts of Havana city itself. The recent death of their plucky leader, General Aranguren, has not abated their ardor. General Betancourt, General Alejandro Rodriguez, General Rafael de Cardenas, and Colonels Davalos, Collazo, and others are cutting out a great deal of work every day for the Spanish and the guerrillas in Havana and Matanzas provinces. Pinar del Rio province, the western extremity, is a Cuban stronghold. The Cubans there are as strong as in Santa Clara and hold the long and impregnable chain of mountains extending through the province. They do not allow the Spaniards to get out of their towns. Generals Delgado and Ducasi are the principal Cuban leaders in that province. The result of this situation is that the Spaniards cannot exist on the products of the country in any part of the island. The country near the towns was laid waste by General Weyler, and the wanton specter of famine stalks all over Cuba. The extermination of the peaceable inhabitants by hunger is going on rapidly. All these facts are too notorious to be denied at this time. The reconcentrados, or non-combatants, starve and die by thousands only because the country, on which they exclusively depend, is not producing food. The insurgents keep zones of cultivation of their own, where they raise

them, in this respect, on the same footing as the Spaniards themselves, they will exterminate all the Spanish columns daring to leave their fortified places and eventually invest them in the principal cities.

With a single dynamite gun of small caliber, and with the 3,000 or 4,000 rifles received by him from several small expeditions sent from the United States, General Garcia has driven the Spaniards from the greater part of the province of Santiago de Cuba.

Cuba's Fighting Strength. It is a fact, which even Spanish diplomacy will not dare to deny, that if, instead of hampering the Cubans the United States in their work of sending expeditions to the brethren; if, instead of prosecuting them in so drastic a manner as was done during the administration of Mr. Cleveland; if, instead of keeping, at enormous cost to this country, the American navy and the police watching the Cuban junta and its agents, the Cubans here had been unmolested, the possibility which now confronts us of an international war would not exist. The Cubans, with no more than 40,000 men in the field, and with all the odds against them, have proved in three years that they are more than a match for Spain. With a regular and ample supply of war materials they can free their island without any other help from abroad.

Cuban Army's Aid. In a war between Spain and the United States it is beyond doubt that the whole Cuban army would be on the American side. There is no doubt, either, that we would give them all the rifles, cartridges and cannon they need. They would then take care of the land operations. We would only need to blockade the Spaniards by sea and let them starve. Of course, the Spaniards would make an attempt with their navy to break that blockade. The contest would then be only a naval one. But with their capital only eighty miles from Key West, and sixty from Dry Tortugas, which would probably be the center of our naval operations, is it reasonable to suppose that the Spaniards could relieve Havana either by stealth or by force? In a few days the proud Spanish stronghold, with its Cabana fortress and its Morro Castle, with its mined bay, and its famous torpedoes, would be at our mercy, and not very much blood would be shed.

Spanish Depend Upon Imports. The Spanish army, therefore, exclusively depends upon the provisions imported from abroad. Rice, beans, and flour they receive from Spain. Meat for the inhabitants of the seaports they obtain from Mexico and Florida. The 150,000 Spaniards under arms exclusively depend upon steamers loaded with provisions from abroad that enter the Cuban ports. Not a potato comes into the City of Havana from the country. The milk is almost all condensed and imported from the United States. Eggs and vegetables are from Florida. And what is still more important, an account of the great financial distress in Havana, the importing merchants do

not keep a large stock of provisions. If the imports are stopped the entire supply of food in Havana will be exhausted by the 200,000 inhabitants of the city in less than a week. Suppose now that war is declared one of these days. The United States in that case has only to blockade the seaports of Cuba to starve out the whole Spanish army, and that without landing a single man on the island. The Spaniards will simply be compelled to surrender because of the lack of food.

Many Ports Defenseless. To prevent the possibility that they might make a desperate effort inland to overpower the insurgents and get their vegetables and other provisions, something might be done easily, quickly, and at once. There are many seaports of some importance in Cuba absolutely defenseless from the sea side. Cardenas, for instance, in the province of Matanzas, on the northern coast, is one of them. Cardenas was taken in 1849 by the insurgent Narciso Lopez with a handful of Americans on board a small merchant vessel. Since then no fort capable of resisting a cannon shot has been built there. The Americans can hold Cardenas and from there communicate with the insurgents in the country. In a short time the whole Cuban army may be well armed by them and secure some cannon to attack the inland towns. If without such munitions and with the immense risk and difficulties they incur in securing scanty supplies from the feeble filibustering expeditions they not only hold their own against Spain but actually imprison the Spaniards in their forts and cities, it is obvious that possessing war appliances which will place

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dy triumph. The question to be put today is not how long the Cuban republic will last, but how long Spain can continue her costly efforts to suppress it.

The first year of the struggle was the most critical. The appeal of the revolutionary party, headed by the lamented Jose Marti, was welcomed in several of the provinces, to which war material had been successfully carried, but the Spanish authorities got wind of the contemplated risings, and in Puerto Principe seized arms and ammunition. A few days after the famous Feb. 24 Captain General Calleja declared the provinces of Matanzas and Santiago to be in a state of siege. The movement spread. Maximo Gomez, by the vote of the leading officers of the former revolutionary war, was chosen commander-in-chief. Bartolome Maso, Rabi, and other well-known citizens cast in their lots with the patriot cause, while the two Maceos and other veteran leaders landed in Santiago, where the people flocked to their standards.

Changing Officers. Spain quickly rose to the emergency, and within two months after Feb. 24 Calleja was succeeded as captain general by the renowned Martinez Campos, who professed his ability to end the rebellion before the end of the autumn. The fights of Los Negros, El Guanabaco, Jarahuca, Juraguana, El Cacao, and El Jobito taught him that his task was no trifling one, while in July, when commanding in person, he was defeated by Maceo and Rabi at Bayamo. Meanwhile Gomez and Marti had set out for Puerto Principe, and in their first severe conflict the heroic Marti was killed. Gomez pressed on, and in the province of Puerto Principe was joined by Salvador Cisneros Betancourt. Next Gomez, marching into the provinces of Santa Clara and Matanzas, carried out his policy of destroying the sugar crop, and thereby stopping the revenue which Spain derived from it. Other battles and skirmishes followed, and before the first year was over Spain recognized that she had to deal with a most formidable revolt. Mar-

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Cass City Enterprise.

An independent newspaper. Published every Thursday at the Enterprise Building...

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION: One year, \$1.00; six months, 50c; three months, 25c.

Advertisements. All notices of events must be sent to this office no later than Wednesday noon of each week...

The wide circulation of the Enterprise in the counties of Tuscola, Huron and Sanilac, makes it a valuable advertising medium.

A. A. P. McDowell, Proprietor.

OUR MOTTO: PERSEVERANCE PROGRESS AND PATRIOTISM.

Professional Cards.

J. D. BROOKER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Solicitor in Chancery.

DR. M. M. WICKWARE, Physician and Surgeon.

I. A. FRITZ, DENTIST. All work done equal to the best.

N. MCCLINTON, M. D. Physician, Surgeon and Accouchent.

A. A. MCKENZIE, UCTIONEER. Cass City, Mich.

W. J. CAMPBELL, Insurance Agent.

WM. SMITHSON, Drayman, makes a specialty of moving household furniture.

Societies. I. O. F. COURT ELKLAND, No. 826, I. O. F., meets on second and fourth Tuesdays of each month.

I. O. O. F. CASS CITY LODGE, No. 208, meets every Wednesday evening at 7:30.

K. O. T. M. CASS CITY TRUST, No. 74, meets the first and third Friday evening of each month.

Church Directory. BAPTIST—Preaching services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. on Sunday.

EVANGELICAL—Services begin with Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Preaching services 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL—Preaching services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday.

PRESBYTERIAN—Sunday preaching services, 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

H. L. PINNEY, Cashier. H. W. SEED, Asst. Cashier.

EXCHANGE BANK, Cass City, Mich.

Loans Money on Real Estate at most Reasonable Rates.

Pays Interest on Time Deposits.

E. H. PINNEY, Prop.

The Sape Worm

[Sycamur Trachealis.] No more games in chickens if you buy one of Dr. Walker's books and follow directions.

TRIED THEM ALL.

The List Exhausted, a Specific for the Nerves of Last is Found in Dr. WHEELER'S NERVE VITALIZER

We are apt to condemn all articles because similar ones prove worthless. Persons often reason: I have nervous prostration, St. Vitus' dance, spasms, rheumatism, can't sleep and am in a debilitating condition;

Dr. Wheeler's Nerve Vitalizer cured him. The following are his words, read them:

"I had a spinal trouble for years causing serious nervousness, sleeplessness and headache. Our night watchman can tell you how, many and many a night I have walked the streets for hours, hoping to tire myself to a condition of sleep.

Sold by T. H. Fritz, Druggist.

PONTIAC, OXFORD & NORTHERN R. R. PASSENGERS TIME CARD.

Trains run on Central Standard Time.

GOING NORTH. STATIONS. GOING SOUTH.

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HAPS AND MISHAPS!

As Told by the Enterprise's Corps of Correspondents

All the Chit-Chat from the Country Sound About Briefly Told For Busy Readers.

WOLFTON.

Wm. Evans is drawing wood to Elkton.

Frank Wolf is hauling wood to Pigeon to-day.

Mrs. Wm. F. Wolf visited with her parents in Kingston last week.

Mrs. Shoefelt has moved to the Owendale farm which he has rented for a term of years.

Mrs. Myrtle McCallum moved back to her husband, Neil McCallum, after being parted a week.

Mr. and Mrs. Rudolph Born attended the funeral of Philip Albright, brother of Mrs. Born, at Sebawang last Sunday.

To CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY? Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund the money if fails to cure 25c.

NOVESTA.

Miss Dorra Justin is on the sick list at present.

J. H. Hawkins and wife rejoice over the arrival of a boy.

Miss Nellie Bailey is visiting friends in Kingston at present.

G. M. Houghton made a business trip to Kingston Saturday.

N. Hamilton and A. McLarty are putting up ice for next summer's use.

J. McArthur had the misfortune to lose one of his work horses last week.

School has closed in district No. 5, on account of diphtheria in that district.

Miss Bertha Justin left for Kingston last week where she expects to remain for some time.

Mr. Welsh, who has been stopping in this vicinity for some time, returned to his home in Bay City last week.

Two of Jas. Ferguson's family are down with diphtheria. They are some better at this writing, so we are informed.

The Surprise of All.

Mr. James Jones, of the drug firm of Jones & Son, Colesburg, Ill., in speaking of Dr. King's New Discovery, says that last winter his wife was attacked with La Grippe, and her case grew so serious that physicians at Cowden and Pana could do nothing for her.

He developed into Hasty Consumption. Having read Dr. King's New Discovery, he bought and sold lots of it, he took a bottle home, and to the surprise of all, she began to get better from first dose, and half dozen dollar bottles cured her sound and well.

Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is guaranteed to do this good work. Try it. Free trial bottle at T. H. Fritz's Drug Store.

ELMWOOD.

Mrs. C. Ward is on the sick list.

Mrs. Manville Adams is quite ill.

Mrs. Thomas Dack is seriously ill.

J. Purdy visited his parents at Caro Sunday.

Joseph Valad lost one of his horses last week.

Jack Compton spent a few days last week with his sister at Caro.

W. Higgs and wife, of Ellington, visited at James Bentley's Monday.

Geo. Casebeer, of the Bingham school visited friends at Sunshine last week.

Mrs. Robt. McCreedy, who has been very ill with quinsy, is getting better.

Mrs. L. Showers and daughter, of East Tawas, is visiting at Richard Fardo's.

Mrs. Johnston and Miss Nelson, of Clagetown, were at W. W. Hargrave's Sunday.

B. Webster and wife, of Canboro, visited at Lester Pardo's Sunday and Monday.

James Hinman and wife, of Unionville, visited at E. S. White's Saturday and Sunday.

The highway is filled with snow so it is impassable nearly a mile west of the Elmwood post-office.

Richard McCreedy, who has been spending a few weeks with his brother here started for his home in Manitoba last week.

HAYES.

Simpson Schlucter is in Canada at present.

Robt. Steadman lost a valuable horse last week.

Byron Smith is very ill with inflammation of the lungs.

Murdoch McPherson is the guest of his sister, Mrs. Wm. Anderson.

Mrs. R. Morse was the guest of Mrs. R. Gwinn and Mrs. Anderson last week.

Mr. Morlock has returned from Saginaw where he went for medical treatment.

Mrs. Wm. Steadman and Mrs. Hartly visited with friends at Elkton on Sunday.

Chas. Stewart has returned from his visit to Canada. He was away nearly two months.

Geo. Anderson, Sr., has sold the west half of his farm and is preparing to build a house on the east half.

Mr. Steadman preached at the M. E. church on Sunday. A sleighload of young people from Mud Creek attended the services.

Mr. Soper has moved onto the McKinley farm and Wm. Gregory, who has had charge for the past year, has returned to his own farm.

The literary entertainment given by the Aid was very well attended. The audience enjoyed the selections given by the gramophone. For that part of the entertainment they were indebted to Mr. Elyars, of Caro.

Mrs. M. C. Gregory was called to Grand Rapids on Thursday of last week by a serious illness of her daughter, Lizzie. Mrs. J. W. Wilson, of Pigeon, accompanied her. Gertrude Gregory is filling Mrs. Wilson's place in the Pigeon school.

Money to Loan. On farm property in amounts of \$200 to \$2,500 from 2 to 10 years. Will take partial payments. See O. K. James for particulars. 12-2

Subscribe for the ENTERPRISE.

ELLINGTON.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Barrager are the proud parents of a young son.

The roads have been drifted badly but are now opened for travel.

James Comstock was in Cass City a few days visiting relatives there.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Edgar T. Balch, Sunday Feb. 20th, a 10 lb. boy.

W. A. Bailey has a number of logs in his mill yard and some custom logs, too.

Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Medcalf have a young son that was born to them on the 15th of Feb.

D. Gould has fitted up his large room over the store for the Grange, who will occupy it in the future.

The Grange, the Gleaners and the Macabees will take up their residence in Darius Gould's hall over his store.

A large amount of ice is being cut in the river below the bridge by farmers and others for next summer's use.

Grant S. Clay was taken to Caro Saturday night by Deputy Sheriff Hutchinson, on complaint of C. A. Fish for larceny.

Wm. W. Campbell, plaintiff, and Eugene Rogers, defendant, for trespass, Verdict, eight dollars damage and costs to pay. Moral—"Don't catch the pig, and you won't get caught."

George Bell took the teacher in Dist. No. 5, home to Millington a week ago Saturday intending to return Sunday, but owing to the stormy weather they did not get back until Thursday.

A stereopticon show of the miners and their work at Klondike was given at the Ellington M. E. Church a week ago Saturday night by G. H. Slocum, of Caro, and P. E. Manley, of Ellington.

Dr. Wickware, of Cass City, had his office at D. Gould's a few days last week, snow bound. We won't say how the horses tipped him out, ran away, broke harness, and cross bar to the cutter and didn't get till the 22nd.

Mrs. Nancy Hiller, of Almer, fell out of her door to the ground a week ago last Thursday and hurt herself. She is still confined to her bed and is attended by her daughters, Mrs. T. Moionzo, of Fairgrove, and Mrs. H. J. Wright, of Saginaw.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits.

These pills are easy to take and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to the stomach, and hence greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c. per box. Sold by T. H. Fritz, Druggist.

Why I am a Happy Farmer. I love the farm. I love its green fields, pure air and sunshine. It gives me better health and adds years to my life. I always have plenty of fresh fruits, vegetables, milk and eggs—luxuries in city life. I manage to keep my help happy and contented. I live within my income. I keep good stock and enjoy taking care of it. I have good crops. I am on good terms with my neighbors. I never fret or worry. I believe the farm was made for man, not man for farm. It is the best place to raise a family. It is the source of supply to the whole world, therefore the most independent occupation of man.

CASTORIA. Know Where To Look For Ready Men.

A printer recently walked into a certain business house in his rounds to know who desired anything in the way of advertisements and noticed a drummer stood by the counter with his sample books ready to open. "Anything you want to say in the paper this week?" said the printer to the business man behind the counter. "No," said the business man. "I don't believe in advertising." The drummer waited until he was half way to the door, then turned and said to the business man: "Well, that lets me out. I do not care to sell on time to any man who, at this age, does not believe in advertising. I prefer to deal with live men. When I want to strike up a trade with a dead man I'll go to the graveyard and snap business. Good day."

Sunday Disturbances.

Everyone was sorry for those people in church last Sunday, who were suffering with a distressing cough. A full dose of Down's Elixir on going to bed at night and again during the day will cure the most persistent cough. Whenever there is a tickling sensation in the throat take a few drops of the Elixir on the tongue and let it run slowly down the throat and immediate relief will be the result. We guarantee it to cure any cough, cold, croup or lung trouble, or money refunded. T. H. Fritz and A. W. Seed.

Council Proceedings.

VILLAGE COUNCIL ROOMS, CASS CITY, FEB. 7th, 1898.

Regular meeting of common council. Present, President Striffler and Trustees Campbell, Dew, Deming, McKenzie, and Heller; absent, Trustees Keating and Clark; J. B. McGilvray.

Ed. Fitzhugh, labor on streets... 4 98

Wm. Withey, labor on streets... 8 76

Ed. Fitzhugh, labor on streets... 6 50

Douglas McArthur, labor on streets... 6 50

Peter Burg labor on streets... 62

The finance committee reported favorably on all bills, and recommended orders to be drawn for the several amounts. On motion of Trustee Deming the report was accepted.

It was moved by Trustee Deming and supported by Trustee Dew that ordinance No. 11, relating to suppression

of saloons be adopted which motion prevailed by a yeas and nays vote as follows.

Yeas, Campbell, Deming, Dew, McKenzie and Heller, total 5, nays none.

It was moved by Trustee Deming and supported by Trustee McKenzie that ordinance No. 12 be adopted which motion did prevail by a yeas and nays vote as follows: Yeas, Campbell, Deming, Dew, McKenzie and Heller. Nays, none.

It was moved by Trustee Deming and supported by Trustee Dew that ordinance No. 13 be adopted which motion prevailed by a yeas and nays vote as follows: Yeas, Campbell, Deming, Dew, McKenzie and Heller. Nays, none.

It was moved by Trustee Deming that ordinance No. 14, be adopted, which motion prevailed by a yeas and nays vote as follows: Yeas, Campbell, Deming, Dew, McKenzie and Heller. Nays, none.

It was moved by Trustee Deming and supported by Trustee Dew that ordinance No. 15 be adopted, which motion did prevail by a yeas and nays vote as follows: Yeas, Campbell, Deming, Dew, McKenzie and Heller. Nays, none.

It was moved by Trustee Deming that a committee of 3 be appointed to look up musical instruments and turn same over to new band and take receipts therefrom, which motion prevailed. The President appointed as such committee, Trustee McKenzie, Dew and Heller.

It was moved by Trustee Deming that the office of Clerk be declared vacant, which motion prevailed. The President appointed A. D. Gillies to fill vacancy of Clerk and on motion of Trustee Heller the appointment was approved.

On motion of Trustee McKenzie council adjourned.

W. J. CAMPBELL, Clerk pro tem.

COUNCIL ROOMS, CASS CITY, FEB. 7 1898.

Meeting of Board of Health called to order by the President. Present, Campbell, Deming, Dew, McKenzie and Heller. It was moved by McKenzie the committee to investigate financial standing of James Profit be given until next meeting to report, which motion was carried.

The bill of A. D. Gillies for services as Health Officer for \$12 was read and referred to the auditing committee. Chairman Deming made report recommending the bill be allowed at \$9.00. Trustee Heller made a minority report recommending the bill to be allowed in full. On a motion of W. J. Campbell, on Heller's report was accepted and bill allowed in full by a yeas and nays vote as follows: Yeas, Campbell, Heller and McKenzie. Nays, Deming and Dew. On motion of Trustee McKenzie the Board of Health adjourned.

W. J. CAMPBELL, Clerk pro tem.

VILLAGE COUNCIL ROOMS, FEB. 21, 1898.

Regular meeting of the Village Council called to order by W. J. Campbell, President pro tem.

Roll call—present, President pro tem Campbell, Trustees Dew, Heller, Keating and Deming. Absent, President Striffler and Trustee McKenzie.

Moved by Trustee Deming and supported by Trustee Dew that A. D. Gillies be appointed Clerk pro tem for the balance of the year. Motion carried.

Minutes of previous meeting read and approved.

Moved by Trustee Deming and supported by Trustee Heller that committee on musical instruments be granted further time to report and that said committee be requested to ascertain amount of claims against said instruments. Motion carried.

The following bills were read and referred to committee on claims and accounts: A. P. McDowell, printing minutes, etc. \$15 31

James Ramsey, labor on street and oil, 5 51

Ed. Fitzhugh, labor on street, 4 57

Henry Ball, labor on street, 2 27

Wallace Whaley, labor on street, 32

C. S. Seed, publishing ordinances 14 85

Township of Elkland rebate on stone sidewalk.

Committee on claims and accounts recommended bills of Fitzhugh, Whaley, Ball, Ramsey and McDowell allowed, and bill of C. S. Seed returned back for correction and bill of Township of Elkland referred to council.

On motion of Trustees Heller and Keating the Clerk was instructed to draw an order for all bills recommended. Moved by Trustee Deming supported by Trustee Keating bill of Elkland Township be laid on table.

Moved by Trustee Heller and supported by Trustee Deming that the question electric light and water works and village ownership of sidewalk be submitted to the electors at the Village election March 11. Motion carried.

Moved by Trustee Deming and supported by Trustee Dew that the council adjourn to February 28th.

A. D. GILLIES, Clerk pro tem.

Decoration Day

Comes But once a year.

but decoration of the home is now in order. Your wall paper is your most artistic decoration, and our fresh, bright, striking, effective, and original designs present a feast of varied attractiveness that's truly surprising.

Prices From 6 cents and up, double roll; Border 1c. single yard and up.

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T. H. FRITZ.

REGULATE THE LIVER. ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED to cure any case of constipation. CASCARETS are the local laxative, never grip or cramp, but cause easy natural results. Sample and booklet free. Ad. STEWART REMEDY CO., Chicago, Montreal, Can., or New York.

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We have just received a fresh assortment of Candies of all kinds, Oranges, Lemons, Tobacco, Cigars, etc.

Try a box of Magnolia Drops for the breath.

Oysters always on hand.

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The fac-simile signature of **Wm. D. Galt** is on every wrapper.

ORANGE DEBATE.

Negative Argument given at the Cass City Bank.

Continued from last week.

It has been said we are un-American because we are organized against another element in the state. A supposition has been made and illustrated by a cartoon of an Orange Mayor in Detroit who according to the assumed position of the affirmative must discriminate against Roman Catholic applicants for office no matter what their ability. The belief is widespread that an Orangeman to be one must have a drop of Catholic blood. This point under consideration, namely the Detroit mayor, is merely the same mistake modified. Any Orange or other mayor in Detroit has the right to test any man presenting himself for office in the manner his conscience may dictate. If he does not think after a careful test of the man's ability that he would make the best man for the place he would be very unwise to put him there simply because he was afraid there would regard him narrow in turning a Catholic away. Allow me to correct a mistaken premise. This point has been taken for granted that Orangemen in the United States are sworn against Catholics. They are not. No Orange mayor is a machine merely answering to cast iron decrees. For the Orange society to say, you must, would be to deny the very principle of Orangemen are not even sworn against Popishness. If a Roman Catholic is the best man for a position there is nothing in the Orange order to forbid or discourage his appointment. The society does not propose a policy of that nature.

The organization is against principles rather than individuals. The great point of our resistance is the Papacy. This idea permeates many lives to their utter subjection. To make it clear the best authority on the subject might be in order. Let us be accounted extreme we quote from the Roman Catholic catechism.

Ques.—Why is the church infallible? Ans.—Because by the assistance of the Holy Ghost, she is secured against erring both in matters of faith and morals.

Ques.—If the Catholic church is to lead all men to eternal salvation and has for that purpose received from Christ her doctrines her means of grace and her power, what for his part is everyone obliged to do? Ans.—Everyone is obliged under eternal damnation to become a member of the Catholic church, to believe her doctrines, to use her means of grace and to submit to her authority.

Ques.—Is the infallibility of the Pope the same as the infallibility of the church? Ans.—Yes, precisely. The Pope is the Supreme Pastor and teacher whose voice all the faithful clergy and laity, lambs and sheep are commanded by Christ to hear and follow. If he could teach or err the church would then follow him into error; and so the promises of Christ would be falsified, which is impossible.

Ques.—When does the Pope speak as Cathedra? Ans.—The Pope speaks as Cathedra when in the exercise of his office as head of the church and chief pastor of all the faithful, he declares what is to be held by the Imperial church as the true doctrine of any matter of faith or morals.

These points of catechism contain the doctrine against which Orangemen organize its many influences and with which American institutions must be at perpetual variance. Matters of faith and morals in which the Pope claims to be infallible dictator runs all the way from questions in theology to drawing a rope in the street. This catechism teaches that the Pope of Rome sits superior in his decisions in matters of faith and morals to the highest American court and therefore to the American President himself. When a man applies for citizenship in this republic he is compelled to relinquish allegiance to his monarch or republic before acceptance. In other words, if a Protestant or any other religionist is willing to do and must relinquish all temporal allegiance to any and every foreign potentate we cannot understand why an exception should be had for Roman Catholics as a class. We cannot distinguish between a Briton bearing allegiance both primary and temporal to Victoria and a Catholic bearing primary and temporal allegiance to the Roman Pontiff. If an Englishman is excluded from citizenship because unwilling to regard the court and laws of this country a final appeal, so in fairness should every man who stands in the same attitude toward our civil government. It is just as loyal for a foreigner to place Victoria or Emperor William's claims before that of our country, while that foreigner is a citizen as it is for any man to place the claims and offices of the Pope in a position where our President and country are necessarily placed from the Roman Pontiff. Was it un-American to organize against the slaveholders that in a land of liberty the slave might the sooner leap away from his chains? Was it un-American to expunge our national disgrace in our treatment of the slave? Reason revolts at the question and the generosity, admiration and patriotism of the free born Republic have twined the token of respect which some day as the devout expression of the minds of all true Americans shall be laid with tender and affectionate hands upon the last resting place of these honored patriots. The Orange society is organized, for an organized body is more efficient. We organize school sections and other territories because in organization and union the end may more efficiently be reached

and as a result each section has one teacher. Thus it is arranged so that every old gossip for five miles around is not at school each day to teach the assembled children. We have no quarrel with the Catholics but just at the point where we see their loyalty to this government on an insecure foundation; our eyes are far from shut.

Another statement has gone forth namely, that Catholics persecuted in times past and Protestants persecuted in times past were given up to sensuality in abundance, but very few lovers of learning and those of a barbarous sort. From the tyrannous, dissolute and treacherous Edward IV to the apathetic and now progressive rule of Henry VIII, the Roman Catholic period was a period of degeneracy equalled only by the social retrogression of the people whom it had failed to reach. For centuries it had had its way on Britain's soil and after a fair and prolonged trial had utterly failed to meet the needs of the people.

With the coming of Henry VIII to the British or more properly English throne the marks of Protestantism may be said to be seen in the Royal policy. But it was not till Elizabeth's reign that Protestantism can be said to be established as a secure and permanent thing in England's constitutional life. To fairly judge Protestantism you must give it a fair trial and grant it time to bear fruit. It is an injustice to compare the infant Reformation with the system which was the growth of centuries. One is fighting for its life and the other doing its best to kill it. It is not a just thing to take the Protestant cause and expect it to bear its first fruits in its first years under these circumstances. You do not expect to plant a young peach tree to-day and reap peaches in a week. You surely do not expect to cast wheat into the ground now and tomorrow reap it in full seed. Give it time to grow in all fairness and when nature's demands are satisfied fruit will come. Give Protestantism time to grow before you judge it. The relative merits of the two systems will be better seen if you compare England's prosperous, liberty loving and great, with Spain, once the greatest of European power, now wasted and helpless, "a silent voice" in European strategy. If you want to see the effects of the two systems witness the progress of the two systems of carrying civilization to the barbarous and Spain's present policy in her inhuman treatment of the Island of Cuba. The only logical reason for such a condition arises from difference in mental state. Superstition and ignorance can only breed such cruelty.

Every death of a Catholic by Protestant hands is by some demonstrated Protestant persecution. The question is merely looked on superficially and Protestantism made to bear the reproach of every inhumanity whether done by a Protestant or a Catholic. The wrongs had driven the perpetrator to frenzy. In the days of Henry VIII, Englishmen picked their meals largely in their fingers and slung the bare bones under the table on a covering of rushes which were laid upon the entire floor. Then once or twice a week the men went to their stables, there thoroughly cleansed their homes. Those men were crude and are not to be judged by our standard of etiquette, neither are they to be pitilessly condemned as liberty struggled hard to be allowed a life. The Reformers would not have been done but for the heartlessness of the power which had determined to crush the life out of them.

On the accession of Elizabeth to England's throne that little rock bound island began to be regarded by the European nations as the probable champion of liberty and reform. The suspicions were no sooner formed than verified and France straightway intruding for the subjection of the realm to its Royal heir strongly backed the claims of Mary Stuart and her red and white robes, and the English Catholics for the Pope had not only declared Queen Elizabeth, after her confirmation on the throne by Parliament, an illegitimate child, but a heretic and a schismatic. A bull of deposition which not only denounced her as a usurper but released her Catholic subjects from any allegiance to the newly enthroned Queen. To add to the national difficulty a Jesuit College was established at Douay, from which the active members of that order crossed to England to join a crowd of Papal emissaries despatched to spread sedition in the Kingdom. Then with Mary Stuart pressing her claim for the throne with French aid, and in an active crowd of emissaries sowing seeds of dissension even to the Royal kitchen it is not surprising that rumors of the Queen assassination found extensive credit and rigid measures were adopted to suppress the treason which threatened the Capital itself. Added to these efforts were those of the Pope in Spain. A Spanish force was landed in Ireland having received assurances from the Vatican of his blessing. But though the Pope's legate came all the way with the blessing of the holy see, they were driven back only to return to their tasks on board the "Invincible Armada." If England had perished amongst the growing enemies who gathered to despatch the plucky little nation, the back bone of the Reformation would have been snapped. But as the stories of Alva's cruelty came across the sea as the report of the mass sacred of the Huguenots of France gave St. Bartholomew a fearful significance to Protestants, as the combination of Catholic powers became more and more apparent, English Protestants girded themselves for the inevitable fight for

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Farm Produce Wanted W. A. Fairweather.

life. Their strong handed policy at last led to triumph after many precarious lives were lost.

Ireland v.ich has been chosen by an "affectionate" church as the basis of France and Spanish designs upon the British crown suffered for its treason. When man or nation is fighting for life they need friends, not traitors.

(Concluded next week.)

Corrections.

UBLY, MICH., Feb. 21st, 1893.

Editor ENTERPRISE.—Mr. Forster wishes me to correct a few mistakes in your report of debate.

Second paragraph, fourth line should read it represented the country as treeless and "weedless."

Fourth paragraph, tenth line, the word which you print derated should be elevated.

Fifth paragraph, fourth line from bottom, the word should be us.

Sixth paragraph is confused from the middle to the end. It should read thus "Now to see where we stand tonight let us apply this. We are strictly confined to two quantities namely Orangemen and its opposite. If I say the opposite of Orangemen is un-American, I have already said Orangemen must be American and if I say Orangemen is un-American, I have already said that its opposite must be American. So we are called upon to decide as to the position of a list of principles. If Americanism is diametrically opposed to the Orange Institution the Orange Institution must be diametrically opposed to Americanism. It therefore follows they are opposite one another so that Americanism must be the opposite of the principles of Orangemen no matter what those principles are shown to be. We are narrowed down to these, namely Orangemen is un-American and opposed to our Republican constitution. To judge the matter fairly then we must rigidly observe the position of the affirmative namely that the opposite of Orangemen is Americanism and the position of the negative that Orangemen itself is."

Yours Respectfully,
CLARA E. FORSTER.

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As handy as a pocket in a shirt or a farrow cow in a family.

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Don't buy or make anything in the shape of a rack until you see my new rack on exhibition.

Simple Strong and Cheap.

To see is to buy.

E. McKIM, Patentee.

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The bladder was created for one purpose, namely, a receptacle for the urine, and as such it is not liable to any form of disease except by one of two ways. The first way is from imperfect action of the kidneys. The second way is from uremia, the local treatment of other diseases.

Unhealthy urine from unhealthy kidneys is the chief cause of bladder troubles so the womb, like the bladder, was created for one purpose, and if not doctored too much is not liable to weakness or disease, except in rare cases. It is situated back of and very close to the bladder, therefore any pain, disease or inconvenience manifested in the kidneys back, bladder, or urinary passage is often, by mistake, attributed to female weakness or womb trouble of some sort. The disease is easily made and may be as easily avoided. To find out correctly, set your urine aside for twenty four hours; a sediment or setting indicates kidney or bladder trouble. The mild and extraordinary effect of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp Root, the great kidney and bladder remedy is soon realized. If you used a medicine you should have the best. At druggists fifty cents and one dollar. You may have a sample bottle and pamphlet both sent free by mail, upon receipt of three two-cent stamps to cover cost of postage on the bottle. Mention the Cass City Enterprise and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The proprietors of this paper guarantee the genuineness of this offer.

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MICHIGAN NEWS SUMMARY.

Doings of the Week Recorded in a Brief Style.

CONCISE AND INTERESTING.

Fire in a Chemical Works Causes Terrible Havoc—Firemen Blown 30 Feet and Instantly Killed—Many Spectators Wounded by Flying Debris.

The Hall Bros. Chemical works at Kalamazoo was discovered to be on fire at 10 p. m. and the entire fire department turned out to subdue the flames. The firemen had about succeeded in controlling the blaze in the upper stories when there was a tremendous explosion, apparently in the basement, which lifted the whole interior and the roof of the structure into the air and demolished the walls, killing at least 10 men outright and wounding over a score of others.

The dead are: George Halliday, driver of chemical engine; Pat McHugh, fireman; John Hastings, Jr., spectator helping on hose; Charles Whiting, spectator; James Quigley, spectator helping on fire; William Wagar, fireman; L. L. Holloway, druggist; Frank Auwers, spectator; Eugene Dole, half-pipe fireman; Joseph Clifford, telephone fireman; Wagar, Halliday, McHugh, Holloway, Quigley and Dole leave families. The seriously wounded are: James Utter, fireman, both legs broken; Jack McDermott, fireman, legs broken and face badly burned; Ori Knight, fireman, head badly cut; Will Hastings, bad scalp wound and right foot blown off; George Chatterton, back broken and leg injured; Victor Voelle, bad scalp wound and skull fractured.

The building in which the explosion occurred and caused the death of ten men and seriously injured a number of others was a small four-story brick shell only 30 feet wide and 100 feet long and was located at the intersection of Church street and the Michigan Central railroad. The thin, weak structure just burst like a cannon rocket. There was little fire to speak of. Up to the time of the explosion only an occasional faint flame was seen through the windows of the third story. It came as unexpected as a flash of lightning from a clear sky. The fire boys and citizens were working side by side, close up to the building, and no one had given the first thought of danger, although everyone knew the nature of the contents of the structure. The most remarkable feature of the disaster is the proportion of death to the size of ruins. Strange to say, also, there was not a single individual in the building when the fatal explosion occurred. Both the killed and injured were buried in the brick and mortar of the walls or struck by flying pieces. The walls of the building were but one foot in thickness and the explosion simply scattered them like grass shot from the mouth of a cannon. Pipeman Patrick McHugh who was working on a ladder at the front of the building was thrown clear across Church street and struck the wall of Clavage & Son's foundry on the opposite side.

The entire basement of the building was devoted to the laboratory. The offices occupied the front part of the first floor and back of it was the labeling room and stock room. The second floor was used as a store room for empty bottles and the pill factory. The entire third floor was occupied by the Kalamazoo paper box factory. The monetary loss is comparatively slight. That of Hall Bros. & Co. is about \$25,000, and of the paper box firm \$5,000. Both firms are almost fully insured.

Met Death on the Road.

Lewis and Frank Nehring, of Ossineke, drove to Alpena to do a day's trading, and while returning in the evening were struck by an express train which was an hour late and was running faster than usual. Frank was driving and Lewis laid down on some straw in the rear end of the sleigh box. The train cut the box in two just back of the seat, killing Frank instantly, while Lewis was thrown 20 feet and was uninjured. One of the horses was tossed to one side instantly killed and the other was dragged 300 yards and literally cut to pieces.

Natural Gas at Port Huron.

A company organized at Port Huron for the development of the natural gas supply believed to be located underneath that locality, struck a gusher on the E. R. Marcotte property when down only 104 feet. The well was plugged up until a gauge could be attached and the exact pressure ascertained. If the present pressure continues the amount of gas to be obtained from the wells is said to be sufficient to supply the present needs of the entire city.

Pingree Names Maltz to Succeed Just.

Gov. Pingree announced the appointment of George L. Maltz, of Detroit, formerly of Alpena, to the office of state banking commissioner, to succeed the late Banking Commissioner Just. The appointment was not unexpected, and it is understood the governor had received the assurance of the appointee that it would be accepted. The appointment is quite generally commended.

Forty families from Henry and Wood counties, O., contemplate settling in Roscommon county next spring.

Mrs. Ann A. Hannah, aged 66, wife of Hon. Perry Hannah, died at Traverse City, of which city they were the founders.

Clarence J. Herbert, a trusted employe of the Standard Oil Co., at Grand Rapids, was arrested on a charge of embezzling \$1,000.

While dressing a beef at Monroe Center, Wm. Evercoser, aged 52, was killed by the windlass falling over and striking him on the head.

Michigan Press Association.

The annual meeting of the Michigan Press association was held in the Hotel Cadillac at Detroit. As the association is to hold its literary meeting in Muskegon this summer there was little business transacted in addition to the election of officers. An invitation from the Canadian Pacific road to take the editors and their families to the Pacific coast was accepted and the executive committee was instructed to make arrangements. The treasurer's report showed a balance of \$465 on hand.

Officers elected: President, H. R. Pattengill, of Lansing; Timely Topics, vice president, B. J. Lowrey, of Howland City; Record, secretary, H. C. Blackman, of Hillsdale; Democrat, treasurer, E. D. Conger, of Grand Rapids Herald.

Algonac Happy—Has a Railroad Now.

The Detroit & St. Clair Railroad Co. laid the rails through the streets of Algonac and the town made the event a gala occasion. Men, women and children paraded the street with guns, horns and a brass band, and the citizens gave an oyster supper to the railroad men at the Hotel Barry.

MICHIGAN NEWS ITEMS.

Traverse City's council has voted for a free text book system for the schools.

William S. Dewing was fined \$5 at Kalamazoo for employing a boy under 14 years of age in his factory.

Hon. Alfred Chandler, aged 84, and wife, aged 78, celebrated their golden wedding anniversary at Coldwater.

There is a project to connect the independent telephone systems of Grand Rapids and Saginaw, by way of Howland City, Edmore and Alma.

It has been decided by the board of directors of the Lansing, Dexter & Ann Arbor electric railroad to extend the line from Dexter to Ann Arbor.

An investigation of Jackson county affairs resulted in the arrest of Supervisor Edward H. Howell charged with having received bribes while an officer of the county.

Mrs. Wm. H. Phillips committed suicide at Grand Rapids by taking poison. She was 40 years old, had no children and the cause of her action was trouble with her husband.

The Lake Shore house, at Essexville, burned at 6 a. m. All the inmates escaped, with the help of the firemen. The property was owned by W. Benstein, and valued at \$1,000.

Wm. Maybee, a farmer, was struck by a train at Grand Rapids and died from the track in front of a train and both horses were killed and his sleigh demolished.

Inspector-General Case, of the Michigan National Guard, says that should it be necessary 90 per cent of Michigan's military strength could be mobilized at any point in the state within 48 hours after the call.

Members of the river and harbor committee of the national house of representatives visited Benton Harbor and St. Joseph and investigated the need of an immediate appropriation for the improvement of the harbor.

The Otesgo Sportsmen's association wired the war department that they had enrolled one full company of able-bodied young riflemen ready to fight against Spain, and could raise double the number in 24 hours' time.

Rev. John P. Ashley, S. T. B., Ph. D., has been formally inaugurated as sixth president of Albion college. Nearly 50 ministers from the Michigan and Detroit conferences were present, as well as prominent educators of the state.

The old Fourth Michigan infantry held its annual reunion at Hudson and adopted resolutions inveighing against Spanish cruelty and treachery, urging the immediate recognition of the Cuban republic and offering their services in case of war with Spain.

Mrs. George Davidson, aged 23, wife of a carpenter at St. Joseph, left her home at night dressed only in her night gown, and with her two weeks' old babe in her arms. She boarded the tug Hohn and from there plunged into the river, and both mother and child were drowned. The body of Mrs. Davidson was recovered, but the babe was probably swept out into the lake.

A serious wreck occurred on the Ann Arbor railroad at Alma. A special freight had backed down to get water when a double header, consisting of two engines and 42 cars, came whirling around a curve and ran into the extra. This train was shoved along a block, several cars were telescoped, three being broken into kindling wood and one thrown off the track. Both engines were badly wrecked. No one was hurt.

The attendance at the annual Michigan banquet at Detroit was quite large and the speeches particularly enjoyable. Senator Burrows acted as toastmaster; Gov. Pingree took opportunity to roast trusts and monopolies; Senator Fairbank paid the Republican party a glowing eulogy; Senator Davis, of Minnesota, spoke upon Cuba, Hawaii and other interesting subjects and advised patience and conservatism in passing judgment as to the cause of Maine disaster; W. F. Gurley, of Nebraska, said that the Republicans would win again in 1900 with the monetary platform of the St. Louis convention.

The government has been collecting information as to the strength of the militia in the United States and also the number of men who would be available for service in case of an emergency. The returns from the states are interesting in view of the prospect of trouble with Spain. The total militia force of the United States and the territories, as shown by the returns, is 114,948, and the total number of men available for military service is 10,301,339.

Secretary of War Alger returned to Washington from Old Point Comfort decidedly improved in health.

Notes on the War Situation.

Spanish Premier Sagasta scorns the suggestion of Prince Bismarck that Spain submit the Cuban trouble to arbitration.

More than \$10,000 was realized by the benefit performance for the relatives of the Maine victims, at the Metropolitan opera house, New York.

The double-turreted monitor Terror has been sent to New York harbor and the new monitor Puritan has taken her place at the Norfolk naval yard.

The work of naval construction and armament is being pushed by the Spanish government with the greatest activity at the Ferrol arsenal and dockyard.

Gov. Rogers, of Washington, has ordered that the 12 companies composing the National Guard of Washington shall be immediately recruited to their full strength.

Havana: Consul-General Lee has informally advised Americans not necessarily detained here to leave for home at once. Many families will sail as soon as possible.

The Madrid Imparcial blames Spanish weakness in the Ukraine, Venadito, Competitor and other affairs as encouraging the United States in "their present bellicose attitude."

Martin Redding, a diver who was taken to Havana to work on the wreck of the Maine, has returned to Key West. It is said that he talked too much and displeased the court of inquiry.

Rep. McClary, of Minnesota, says that as the Maine entered Havana harbor with her guns loaded for action Spain had a right to place her over a mine or destroy her, as she saw fit, if she had reason to suppose that the Maine's intentions were warlike, and Mr. McClary contends that they were.

Senator Proctor, of Vermont, has gone to Havana as the personal representative of President McKinley to meet Consul-General Lee and receive a complete statement of the actual conditions in Havana and information on the Maine disaster which was of too vital importance to entrust to mail or telegraph.

The greatest activity known since the rebellion is now witnessed at the Watervliet, N. Y., arsenal and the entire force is working night and day. Several carloads of 12-inch projectiles have already been shipped to Fort Hamlet. Orders have also been received for the shipment of all projectiles now on hand to the several forts about New York and to forward all completed guns as speedily as possible to the proving grounds at Sandy Hook.

The cruisers Columbia and Minneapolis, the double-turreted monitor Miantonomah and the ram Katabhd, all at the League Island navy yard, have been ordered to go into commission with dispatch. Both cruisers have skeleton crews aboard while the monitor has been lying at dock for several years and the Katabhd since last winter. The work of enlisting men will continue until orders to stop have been received from Washington.

Madrid: The cardinal archbishop of Valladolid has published a pastoral letter blaming America for the prolongation of the Cuban war. His eminence says: "The hypocritical friendship of the United States, fosters the rebellion and wastes Spain's resources in order that we may be better prepared. A member of the foreign relations committee is authority for the statement. There is no use mincing words or using qualifying phrases, President McKinley is being forced into war. It is now practically only a question of ways and means. His long delay in taking action on the Cuban question was to induce Spain to sell Cuba to the insurgents, and it is believed he would prefer to settle the Maine matter by Spain paying a large indemnity in case it is shown that the destruction of the Maine was not accidental. But the voice of a patriotic people burning for vengeance is being heard from all sides and the President will be found in line with the people. It is believed that it will be well to delay the inevitable as long as possible. We are ready, in a general way, but there are certain points of weakness which it is imperative should be strengthened before active hostilities are invited.

There is not a department in the government in which their is wanting the active evidences of the fact that every one in authority believes there will be trouble and it is high time to prepare for it. In the navy department there is manifest the greatest activity. One of its earliest steps following the destruction of the battleship was the issuance of an order to the commander of the European squadron calling all of his vessels out of the Mediterranean sea. It would have been exceedingly foolish, to have allowed these ships to have remained in that inland sea, where they might have been caught by the Spanish navy at a disadvantage. These ships will rendezvous off the Portuguese coast in the vicinity of Lisbon, where they will await further orders. It is probable that they will at once be ordered to the United States.

At no time since the war of the rebellion has the military branch of the government been so active as it is today. It does not follow that war will come, but activity in both the war and navy departments is too unmistakable to be concealed.

Waiting is the word that characterizes the attitude of the administration. The President waits with anxiety for that board of inquiry, may report. There can be no doubt that he will be ready to act when that report is received, no matter what its nature may be. Should the board report that, in its opinion, the investigation shows that the government of Spain, or a citizen of Spain, was responsible for the destruction of the Maine, the President's task will be easy, for no talk about a money indemnity would stop the people from taking the case in their own hands, and with his approval.

BEGINS TO LOOK WARLIKE.

Investigation of the Maine Disaster Shows Treachery.

UNCLE SAM IS GETTING READY.

Will not be Caught Napping If War Should be the Outcome of the Affair—Consul-General Lee Advised Americans to Leave Havana.

Special cables from Havana state that the naval court of inquiry has practically concluded its investigations at Havana and will now secure testimony of survivors of the Maine at Key West. It is believed that the court is unanimously of the opinion that the Maine was destroyed by an outside explosion. Unfortunately, for the public is eager for an official settlement of the vexed question of who caused the Maine's loss, it is not certain that a public announcement of the conclusions reached by the board will follow immediately. Upon the report of these conclusions to the secretary of the navy, in the discretion of the department, it is not unlikely that public action may be somewhat delayed. It is even possible that, for prudent reasons, the filing of the board's report may itself be delayed beyond a date when its expeditious work would seem to warrant a conclusion of its labors.

Boatling up navy officers by threats of a court-martial does not prevent the leading facts of the Maine inquiry becoming known. The divers are developing important results. From examination of the interior wreckage they have secured evidence which seems conclusive that the explosion came from underneath the ship. Some of the smaller magazines may have exploded. The main 10-inch magazine did not explode.

It has been discovered that the forward part of the keel of the Maine, with its ribs and plates, was stove so far upward that parts of the shattered double bottom show out of the water, and in places sections of the green-painted outer hull are visible.

The hull is now imbedded in the mud to the depth of eight feet. The divers sink to their armpits in the mud and have the greatest difficulty in prosecuting their work.

A message has been received at the state department from Consul-General Lee, expressing the opinion from what he knows that the disaster to the Maine was not an accident. This, of course, is not the final verdict of the court of inquiry, but it gives the administration warning of what is to come. The New York Herald, which has been very conservative, says: "There is no longer any reason to doubt that the explosion which wrecked the Maine came from underneath the vessel and that her magazines had nothing to do with the initial explosion, and played a much smaller part in the general disaster than was at first supposed."

The Washington Star, which is extremely conservative and strongly administration, states guardedly that the administration has concluded that war is inevitable, but is determined to postpone it as long as possible, in order that we may be better prepared. A member of the foreign relations committee is authority for the statement. There is no use mincing words or using qualifying phrases, President McKinley is being forced into war. It is now practically only a question of ways and means. His long delay in taking action on the Cuban question was to induce Spain to sell Cuba to the insurgents, and it is believed he would prefer to settle the Maine matter by Spain paying a large indemnity in case it is shown that the destruction of the Maine was not accidental. But the voice of a patriotic people burning for vengeance is being heard from all sides and the President will be found in line with the people. It is believed that it will be well to delay the inevitable as long as possible. We are ready, in a general way, but there are certain points of weakness which it is imperative should be strengthened before active hostilities are invited.

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State of Silver Coinage.

In reply to a Senate resolution Secretary Gage has made a statement relative to the coinage of standard silver dollars from bullion purchased under the provisions of the act of July 14, 1890. Fine ounces purchased, 168,674, 632; cost, \$155,931,002; coinage value, \$218,084,458. From Aug. 13, 1890, to Nov. 1, 1892, there were coined from this bullion 30,087,285 standard silver dollars, containing 27,911,279 fine ounces, costing \$29,110,118, giving a seigniorage of \$6,977,098, from which there were paid for expenses, from Aug. 13, 1890 to Nov. 1, 1893, \$99,905, and the remainder, \$6,877,193, was paid into the treasury. From Nov. 1, 1893, to Feb. 1, 1898, there were coined from this bullion 37,735,572 standard silver dollars, containing 31,186,106 ounces of fine silver, costing \$35,922,916, giving a seigniorage of \$11,812,655, all of which has been deposited in the treasury of the United States. The balance on hand Feb. 1, 1898, was: Fine ounces, 111,531,136; cost, \$100,835,363; coinage value, \$144,179,389, which when coined into silver dollars will give a seigniorage of \$43,344,026.

McKinley Will Interfere in Cuba.

It is announced that within 60 days President McKinley will present a demand to Spain that the war in Cuba must cease, but the terms will not be arranged or expressed until after the Maine investigation has been concluded. This step does not necessarily mean war, but does mean peace in Cuba. The President will insist that hostilities cease and that Spain and the United States appoint a commission to treat with the Cubans and devise a solution. The President's intention, as one possible means of settlement, the surrender of Cuba by Spain for a large money indemnity, the United States to guarantee the payment of the bonds, this country holding control of the Cuban customs meanwhile for security.

There is a strong belief at Washington that Spain will accept the President's proposal. She will surely do so if her government can control her people.

Daughters of the American Revolution.

The seventh continental congress of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution was held at Washington with 800 delegates present, and Mrs. Adlai Stevenson, the president, in the chair. There were 65 charters issued during the year. Applicants for membership numbered 3,980. The number of real daughters of revolutionary soldiers is now 268, and their average age 91 years. The report of the treasurer showed the finances to be in a healthy condition. The plan to erect a Continental hall at Washington for the display of revolutionary relics was announced to be progressing nicely—\$42,000 having been contributed. Medals were presented to the founders of the society, Miss Mary Desha, Mrs. Ellen Hardin Wallworth, Mrs. Eugenia Washington and Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood. Mrs. Daniel McLean was elected president-general.

Zola Found Guilty and Sent to Prison.

Paris: M. Zola, who has been on trial for the allegations which he brought in the *Aurore*, published by M. Perriex, against the conduct of the Esterhazy court martial, was found guilty on all counts. He was sentenced to one year's imprisonment and to pay a fine of 3,000 francs.

M. Perriex, the manager of the *Aurore*, was condemned to four months' imprisonment and to pay 3,000 francs fine.

There was a big demonstration outside the court when the audience rushed out announcing the verdict, with cries of "Down with Zola," "Death to the Jews," and "Vive la armee."

THE NEWS CONDENSED.

A rich strike is reported on American creek, 130 miles from Dawson, in U. S. territory.

The British ship *Asia* was wrecked in a gale off Nantucket, Mass., and 18 people were drowned, including Capt. Dakin, his wife and daughter.

President McKinley was the Washington day orator of the annual celebration given by the University of Pennsylvania.

The House passed the sundry civil appropriation bill after four days' debate. The most important feature was the elimination of the appropriation for our representation at the Paris exposition on a point of order.

The navy department has just completed the allotment among the states of the appropriation of \$50,000 made for the assistance of the naval militia organizations. Of this amount Michigan receives \$2,084; Ohio, \$2,332.

The final step in the program of the sale of the Kansas Pacific railroad was taken at Topeka, Kas., when the entire line from Kansas City to Denver was sold from the consolidated mortgage for \$8,000,000 it being bid in by Alvin W. Kreech for \$8,000,000 on behalf of the reorganization committee.

A mob fired the home of Postmaster Baker, colored, at Lake City, S. C., and then shot several volleys from rifles into the house. Baker and his infant child were killed and their bodies cremated. Mrs. Baker and her son and two daughters escaped from the burning building, but were maimed for life.

The Cuban autonomist government has confirmed the appointment of Senator Manuel Rafael Angulo as delegate of the colonial government at Washington to prepare a commercial treaty, according to instructions, which he will receive from Senator Montoro and Senator Rodriguez, colonial secretaries of the treasury, and of commerce respectively.

Senator Louis Poley Bernabe, the new Spanish minister to the U. S., has sailed from Gibraltar for New York.

The bill to increase the U. S. artillery force by two regiments passed the Senate by a vote of 52 to 4.

DOINGS OF CONGRESS.

A Paragraphic Chronicle of the Acts of the Nation's Lawmakers.

A sweeping reduction of over \$8,000,000 from the amount carried by the current law is made in the sundry civil appropriation bill reported to the House, the aggregate appropriation carried being \$44,749,893. The total is \$13,234,541 less than the regular and supplemental official estimates made for the fiscal year 1899 and \$8,861,980 less than the appropriations made for the current fiscal year. A reduction of \$5,367,899 is made in the appropriation for river and harbor work and this greatly affects Michigan.

Congressman Henderson, of Iowa, has introduced a bill to revive the grade of lieutenant-general of the army. Mr. Johnson, an Indiana Republican, delivered a speech in opposition to the Hawaiian treaty that electrified the House and the galleries in denunciation of what he termed an attempt to cut loose from the traditional policy of the United States and enter upon a scheme of colonization that had proved the ruin of empires and of nations. He used some very strong language, but his remarks were enthusiastically applauded.

The Senate adopted the resolution of Mr. Morgan instructing the committee on naval affairs to inquire and report whether a man-of-war, equal at least to any warship in the seas, to be named the George Washington, can be built, armed and commissioned within a period of twelve months.

While the Senate had under consideration the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill a sharp debate on the Cuban situation was precipitated by Mr. Allen, of Nebraska, who offered as an amendment the resolution passed by the Senate a year ago recognizing the belligerent rights of the Cuban insurgents. The debate became general and occupied nearly four hours. Mr. Morgan, in opposition, said the passing of the amendment would be practically a declaration of war against Spain and he didn't like that way of doing it. If a plain straightforward declaration of war was presented he would vote for it.

Mr. Teller did not accept Mr. Morgan's position that the adoption of this amendment would be a declaration of war. He had, he said, reached the conclusion that the recognition of belligerency rested with the executive. Mr. Teller declared that if the matter rested with himself exclusively he would recognize the belligerency of the Cubans, if he knew it would bring war tomorrow. Mr. Foraker announced his intention to vote against the amendment, explaining his reason to be the fact that it was sought to make a rider on an appropriation bill. He added: "I expect at no very distant day that there will be an appropriate occasion for further remarks upon this question. I think the time is coming for action." Mr. Thurston said he had never ceased to regret that Cuban belligerency had not been recognized when the barbarities of Weyler should have won for the United States the sympathy of the world. He was of the opinion that we are drifting into a war with Spain, but he thought that while the court of inquiry at Havana was conducting his investigation the Senate should maintain a most circum-spect attitude and be calm and quiet. Mr. Allen made an extended reply to the arguments advanced against his position. He maintained this was the first time that the belligerency proposition had been presented to the Senate when there was any chance of its being effective. The House would be brought face to face with it and it would be brought to a vote in that body. It could not be buried in a committee as the previous resolution passed by the Senate had been. Mr. Hale made the point of order against the legislation and had under the rule no place in the bill. The vice-president sustained the point and Mr. Allen took an appeal from the ruling, but was voted down.

The Ohio Oil Co. drilled in a 100-barrel well on the Urban farm near Findlay.

THE MARKETS.

LIVE STOCK.

New York—Cattle	Sheep	Lambs	Hogs
Best grades...\$1 85 to 2 05	3 40	5 10	4 15
Lower grades...3 00 to 1 75	4 00	5 10	4 15

Chicago—

Best grades...4 75 to 5 25	4 50	5 60	4 50
Lower grades...3 00 to 4 60	3 25	5 50	3 85

Detroit—

Best grades...4 1 1/2 to 4 30	4 50	5 55	4 05
Lower grades...2 50 to 4 10	3 25	5 50	3 85

Buffalo—

Best grades...4 20 to 4 45	4 75	5 75	4 15
Lower grades...2 50 to 4 00	4 00	5 50	4 00

Cleveland—

Best grades...3 90 to 4 25	4 25	5 25	4 05
Lower grades...2 50 to 3 75	3 00	4 00	3 85

Cincinnati—

Best grades...4 30 to 4 60	4 40	5 60	4 25
Lower grades...2 00 to 4 20	3 00	4 50	3 90

Pittsburg—

Best grades...4 75 to 5 00	4 50	5 75	4 20
Lower grades...3 00 to 4 50	3 50	5 75	4 20

GRAIN, ETC.

Wheat, No 2 red	Cor'n, No 2 mix	Oats, No 2 white
New York \$1 08 to 1 06 1/2	36 to 34 1/2	31 to 31 1/2
Chicago 1 03 to 1 03 1/2	28 to 28 1/2	26 to 26 1/2
Detroit 97 to 97 1/2	23 to 23 1/2	21 to 21 1/2
Toledo 97 1/2 to 97 3/4	23 to 23 1/2	21 to 21 1/2
Cincinnati 98 to 98 1/2	21 to 21 1/2	23 to 23 1/2
Cleveland 97 to 97 1/2	23 to 23 1/2	21 to 21 1/2
Pittsburg 99 to 99 1/2	21 to 21 1/2	23 to 23 1/2
Buffalo 99 to 99 1/2	21 to 21 1/2	23 to 23 1/2

"Detroit—Hay, No 1 Timothy, \$8.00 per ton. Potatoes, 75 per bu. Live Poultry, turkeys, 1c per lb; chickens, 75c; ducks, 75c. Eggs, strictly fresh, 15c per doz. Butter, dairy, 15c per lb; creamery, 20c.

A dispatch from Madrid says: "As the question of the purchase of Cuba is again being pushed in Washington, it may be of use to state on the highest authority that Spain will never, no matter what government is in power, consider any such suggestion, or any compromise in Cuba beyond the broad measure of autonomy drafted by the liberals. This is an absolute, irrevocable decision. People who suggest anything else are only wasting time and arousing unfounded hopes."

Gaylord Catholics are about to erect a fine stone church.

America's Greatest Medicine

GRANULATED, Because it does what all other medicines fail to do. As an instance of its peculiar and unusual curative power, consider the most insidious disease, and the disease which taints the blood of most people, producing incalculable suffering to many, while in others it is a latent fire liable to burst into activity and produce untold misery on the least provocation.

Scrofula is the only ailment to which the human family is subject, of which the above sweeping statement can honestly be made. Now, a medicine that can meet this common enemy of mankind and repeatedly effect the wonderful cures Hood's Sarsaparilla has,—clearly has the right to the title of America's Greatest Medicine.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is sold by all druggists. \$1; six for \$5.

Hood's Pills act harmoniously with Hood's Sarsaparilla. 25c.

About the only chance for a poor gas consumer is to burn with indignation.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children Successfully used by Mother Gray, nurse in the Children's Home in New York, Cure Feverishness, Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the Bowels, and Destroy Worms. Over 10,000 testimonials. They never fail. At all druggists, 25c. Sample free. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Stinginess and economy are no akin.

Coughing Leads to Consumption. Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Sold in 25 and 50 cent bottles. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

Too late to cure a cold after consumption has fastened its deadly grip on the lungs. Take Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup while yet there is time.

Diphtheria relieved in twenty minutes. Almost miraculous. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. At any drug store.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

LINKVILLE.

M. Smith made a trip to Pigeon Monday.

Dr. Morris, of Gagetown, was in town on Monday.

Sam Link has been nursing a sore throat this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Taylor, of Brookfield, were culled in town on Saturday last.

Miss Julia Gage, was visiting in Brookfield last week and the fore part of this.

Mrs. Jacob Heck, is home from the Saginaw hospital, where she has been doctoring for some time, very much improved in health.

NOVESTA CORNERS.

A Gleaner Order is talked of being organized here.

M. D. Mills made a business trip to Detroit last week.

A juvenile boxing organization has been instituted here.

Large loads of lumber are hauled away every day from our saw mill.

A boy has arrived at the home of Art Van Blaricon. Art is now a happy man.

Miss Laddie Snover, who has been visiting relatives at Armada, has returned.

A large number from this vicinity attended the funeral of Mr. Keyworth, Sunday.

A. Bartlett is indisposed with an attack of tonsillitis. He is now making a good recovery.

The last blizzard of snow, which passed through this neighborhood had a tendency to blockade the highway, and made it very difficult for those persons who were compelled to go, blizzard or no blizzard.

I desire to attest to the merits of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy as one of the most valuable and efficient preparations on the market. It broke an exceedingly dangerous cough for me in 24 hours, and in gratitude therefor, I desire to inform you that I will never be without it, and you should feel proud of the high esteem in which your Remedies are held by the people in general. It is one remedy among ten thousand. Success to it—O. R. Downey, Editor Democrat, Albion, Ind. For sale by T. H. Fritz, Druggist.

SABONNA.

Delia Phillips has the mumps.

Geo. Parrot shot a wild cat on Saturday.

Edward Phetteplace had the misfortune of cutting his foot.

Miss Delia Phillips returned home from the city last Sunday.

Manor's Bonney is very low. Dr. McNaughton, of Argyle, is in attendance.

The ball Tuesday evening was quite largely attended in spite of the snow storm.

Mr. Ryckman is spending a few days with friends and relatives at North Branch.

Thomas Stitt made a business trip to Oxtown Wednesday and returned home on Saturday.

Died, at his residence in Shabbona, on Thursday, Feb. 24, Wm. Keyworth, aged 56 years, 7 months and 11 days.

Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert, and daughter of Unionville, are the guests of Mrs. Gilbert's sister, Mrs. John McDonald.

Lynn Lovejoy and wife, of Valley Centre, attended the funeral of Wm. Keyworth on Sunday and returned home on Monday.

A very pleasant surprise party took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. Tewksbury last Wednesday night. A very nice time was enjoyed by all present.

CASTORIA.

The signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper.

KINGSTON.

T. N. Voit visited Kingston friends last week.

Chas. Patten went to Eames Tuesday morning.

C. W. McPhail visited the Kingston Bank Wednesday.

The Kingston creamery will be started again this spring.

Special services at the M. E. Church closed Sunday evening.

J. B. Buffum moved his household goods to Clifford Tuesday.

Potatoes are being loaded here again and are bringing 60c. per bushel.

Geo. Brooking, of Ft. Huron, was in town Friday talking life insurance.

Edgar Pelton, who is working in Caro, visited Kingston friends last week.

M. L. Randall and family and E. A. Randall and family drove to Rochester Monday.

Everyone breathes easier now that the tax collector has decided to do nothing but office work.

Two village caucuses have been called for this spring. One for Thursday evening, the other for Monday.

Chas. McGovern and W. Washington, of Marquette, were in town last week examining the plans for McPhail & Maynard's new building.

Monday evening some sixty five friends of Jno. Elliot and wife decided to give them a surprise in honor of their twenty fifth wedding anniversary. The host and hostess had been brought in from the pain and the second day of the party was in a short time over. The guests arrived, and took possession of the house and held it until about eleven o'clock when they bid good bye to the host and hostess and, leaving an easy rocking chair for each, wended their way homeward.

On the morning of Feb. 20, 1895, I was sick with rheumatism and lay in bed until May 21st, when I got a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. The first application of it relieved me almost entirely from the pain and the second afforded complete relief. In a short time I was able to be up and around again—A. T. Moreaux, Laverne, Minn. For sale by T. H. Fritz.

You need a new hat-feather? Color the old one any color, rich, bright and fast with Magic Dyes. 10c of T. H. Fritz.

Dana's SARSAPARILLA

"The Kind that Cures."

is GUARANTEED to clear your blood of all impurities; make your stomach, liver, and kidneys right, and your nerves strong. Then you are well.

Buy a bottle of DANA'S from your dealer, and this guarantee goes with every bottle.—YOUR MONEY BACK IF YOU RECEIVE NO BENEFIT. Isn't that a fair offer?

All Druggists Keep It.

CASS CITY BANK.

Auten, Seely & Blair, Props.

Established 1882.

A general banking business transacted.

Money loaned on Real Estate.

Financial Statement, Village of Cass City.

Moneys Received.

April 1 O K James, gen'l fund, \$ 123 10
Geo. Parsons, D. A. Freeman's fine, 1 00
3 Co. treas., bills of contg. diseases pd. by Co., 110 22
May 13 James Ramsey, show license, 6 00
8 Co. treas. returned tax June 28 J Ramsey, show licen., 2 00
28 W Campbell, sale of lot., 40 00
20 W Campbell, sale of lots., 111 90
W Campbell, sale of lots., 23 36
31 W Campbell, sale of lots., 80 00
Aug 5 W Campbell, in orders, 5 60
" " " " " " 66 40
" " " " " " 17 00
" " " " " " 1030 79
13 W Campbell sale of lots, 130 00
28 " " " " " " 19 25
" " " " " " 10 56
" " " " " " 21 15
" " " " " " 13 75
" " " " " " 10 00
" " " " " " 30 30
25 Jas McGillivray, show license, 6 00
27 W Campbell sale of lots, 70 00
Oct 2 W Campbell, sale of lots, 60 00
" " " " " " 60 00
" " " " " " 31 00
" " " " " " 93, 45
" " " " " " 12 00
" " " " " " 10 00
21 Jas Ramsey, sale of plank, 1 00
" " " " " " 26
" " " " " " 7 70
" " " " " " 20 00
25 Jas Ramsey, sale of plank, 80
Nov 14 County Treasurer, M. Sheridan license 7 mos., 144 37
20 O. S. Monson, show licen., 1 00
Dec 4 Jas Ramsey, fixing walk, 10
" " " " " " 2 18
8 Geo. Kinney, Co. treas., vii taxes and int., 12 05
16 A Leo Foster, show license, 1 00
17 Wm Campbell, sale of lots, 1 23
Feb 4 J Ramsey, sale of Stove, 1 00
12 County Treasurer, lic of Sheridan liquor license, 103 13
General Fund, \$1916 61
Special Fund, 1007 25
Liquor Fund, 247 50
Fines, 1 00
Licenses, 16 00
Total, \$3218 36
Balance on hand March 1, '95, \$178 43

Orders Paid.

WHEN PAID.	TO WHOM PAID.	AMT.
Mar. 12 '95	889	2 00
"	894	2 00
"	895	6 50
"	896	3 00
"	897	3 00
"	898	18 07
"	899	3 00
"	900	17 00
"	901	1 00
"	902	1 00
"	903	1 00
"	904	1 00
"	905	1 00
"	906	1 00
"	907	1 00
"	908	1 00
"	909	1 00
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"	996	1 00
"	997	1 00
"	998	1 00
"	999	1 00
"	1000	1 00

MEMOIR OF WILLIAM KEYWORTH.

The subject of this sketch, the son of John and Elizabeth Keyworth, was born in the township of Vaughan, York County, Province of Ontario, July 13th, 1841, and was at the time of his death fifty-six years, six months and 11 days old. He was brought up in a christian home, and when but a boy of eighteen he was converted and joined Primitive Methodist Church, but after a time he lost his experience, but never his belief in the bible of Jesus Christ, in the year 1868 he came to Michigan locating in Lynn, St. Clair County, March 30th, 1868, he was united in marriage to Miss A. E. Lovejoy of that place. In the year 1877 he was reconverted and joined the Free Methodist Church. In 1888, he with his family removed to Shabbona, township of Evergreen, Sanilac County, where he resided until the time of his death. The place at that time was new, no religious gatherings near, and Mr Keyworth again lost his joy in God's service, although he was a member of the Free Methodist Church, with every christian effort, and a staunch friend to the ministers of God, who came in and laid the foundation for the first church. His home was always open to them and he was a liberal supporter of the gospel they came to preach. On the 30th of June, 1892, Mr. Keyworth united with the fraternal order of the "Knights of the Maccabees" and while he lived, remained a loyal, enthusiastic Maccabee. At the time of his death he held the office of chaplain elect, but the Chaplain's chair is vacant today and Mr Keyworth has been promoted to the presence of the King! The tender sympathy and loving solicitude displayed by the members of the fraternity during his long illness, are proofs of the love and esteem in which he was held, as a brother, a neighbor and a manly man. He was stricken with his final illness on the 4th of January 1893, and the first realized that it would be fatal. He then cried out to God out of the depths and he graciously heard him, restored unto him the joy of his salvation and gave him peace and rest, though his physical suffering was intense, he felt satisfied with his divine acceptance and could triumphantly exclaim: "Welcome death, the end of fear, I am prepared to go!" His desires were to comfort his beloved children before dying and being unable to do this, left a farewell message for them and their mother. The end came Thursday evening, February 24th 1893. He leaves an aged mother, two brothers, one sister, also a wife and five children viz. Mrs. Arta Parrot, Libbie, Charlie, Marion and Maria to survive him; had gone before. After his terrible struggle he sleeps well, "Asleep in Jesus, blessed sleep, from which none ever wakes to weep!" The funeral was held Sunday afternoon and was very largely attended. Revs. J. W. Penn of Cass City, and J. C. Fry, of Shabbona, had charge of the services.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no money returned. Is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by T. H. Fritz.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper.

Early Settlers.

Noticing the request of the Deford correspondent as to the first person that settled in Novesta, I would say that I located the S W 1/4 of section 36 in early April of 1867 and moved upon the said place the 18th day of August, 1863. Being the first family that settled in Novesta, then known as Elkland. One day in August, 1868, I went to see what Cass City was like and passing through the "finny" marsh I came to Mr. Bridges' home-stead. There I found Thomas McQuillen ploughing a piece of ground for winter wheat but whether Mr. Bridges located previous to April, 1867, I do not know. But he had not moved upon the said homestead up to August, 1868 and, as to Russell Wells, I think he was the fifth or sixth person who settled.

I would further say that Mrs. Ida M. Brown was the first child born in Novesta, her birth being the 27th of May, 1871.

Yours respectfully,
R. A. MOSHER.

A CARD

From Dr. Hubbard.

Saginaw, Mich., Feb. 12, 1895.

Having been appointed chief consulting physician of the Saginaw branch of the British Medical Institute, I desire to inform your readers that I am now in personal charge of its office in Saginaw and shall give to each and every patient my personal and undivided attention.

A record of over 1,800 cases treated and cured by me in Saginaw and vicinity during the past year is the credential I offer for future patronage. To those unacquainted with me I desire to say that my office is at No. 106 South Washington Ave., Saginaw, directly opposite the Bancroft House, and that I treat all forms of chronic and nervous diseases of both sexes, especially male and female weakness, catarrh and catarrhal deafness, also rupture and all diseases of the rectum.

In consideration of the many favors extended to me by the citizens of Saginaw and Bay City, I will, for a limited time, give the deserving poor free treatment every week-day morning from 9 to 10 o'clock; to all others my charges will be, as usual, exceedingly reasonable.

F. M. HUBBARD, M. D.,
Chief Consulting Physician.

CASTORIA.

The signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper.

Notice of Village Registration.

TO THE ELECTORS of the village of Cass City, County of Tuscola, State of Michigan: Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the Board of Registration of the village of Cass City will be held at the Clerk's office in said village on Saturday, the 12th day of March, A. D. 1895, for the purpose of registering the names of all such persons who shall be possessed of the necessary qualifications, and that said Board of Registration will be in session on the day and at the place aforesaid from 9 o'clock in the forenoon until 5 p. m. for the purpose aforesaid.

Dated this 8th day of March, A. D. 1895.

By order of Village Board of Registration,
Clerk F. D. GILLES.

Notice of Village Election.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the annual village election of the village of Cass City, Michigan, will be held at the Council Rooms in said village on Monday, the 14th day of March, A. D. 1895, at which time the following officers are to be elected, viz.: One Village President, one Village Clerk, one Village Treasurer, three Trustees for two years, one Assessor.

The polls will be opened at 7 o'clock a. m. and will remain open until 5 p. m. of said day of election.

Dated this 3rd day of March, A. D. 1895.

By order of the Village Board of Election Inspectors,
A. D. GILLES,
Clerk pro tem of Said Village.

3-CENT COLUMN.

Advertisements will be inserted under this heading for three cents per line each week.

ALL parties who have pronounced wood on account will please deliver it at once.
E. McKim.

FOR RENT—Suite of living rooms over Mrs. E. K. Wickwar's millinery store. Also good barn for rent. Enquire of E. Wickwar, 247 1/2

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—Fine stock of millinery and furs. Must be disposed of at once. Cheap. Cash—healthful.
1-20 F. L. CREE.

FOR SALE—Two sets double harness, bobs, wagon, canopy top carriage, three horses and harness. Enquire of E. Wickwar, 247 1/2

FOR SALE—1 top carriage and one road wagon. Enquire of E. Wickwar, 247 1/2

FARMS FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—Call on F. or address O. K. JAMES, Cass City, 241-4

HOUSE and lot for sale—Lot 1, block I, Hitchcock's addition to Cass City. Apply to J. W. MULPHY.

WANTED—Good, young, new milch cow.
E. McKim.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper.

Cass City Markets.

CASS CITY, Feb. 27, 1895.

Wheat, No. 1 white, 33
Wheat, No. 2 red, 30
Western Corn, per bu., 40
Oats, per bu. new, 18 25
Barley, per cw. lbs., 50 45
Bye, 50 45
Peas, 35 45
Beans, 25 05
Unpeeled beans, 25 05
Clover Seed, per bu., 2 80
Timothy seed, 1 00 to 1 25
No. 1 Hay, pressed, 6 75
No. 2 not wanted.
Potatoes, 50 to 60
Eggs per doz., 12
Butter, 75 to 1 07
Apples, 75 to 1 07
Onions, 75 to 80
Cranberries, 15 per ct.
Live Hogs, per cw. lbs., 8 25 to 8 50
Beef, live weight, 2 30 to 2 55
Sheep—live weight, per lb., 3 to 3 45
Lamb, live weight, 4 25 to 5 00
Veal, 3 to 4
Tallow, per lb., 2 1/2
Ducks and Geese, dressed, 07
Turkeys—live, per lb., 2 30 to 2 50
Chickens—dressed, per lb., 6 10
Chickens—live, per lb., 4 to 5

Chancery Sale.

Pursuant to and by virtue of a decree of the circuit court for the county of Tuscola, in Chancery cause No. 1884, made and entered Feb. 27, 1895, in a certain case therein pending, wherein the Peninsular Savings Bank, of Saginaw, Michigan, is complainant and Augustus E. Wilson and Sarah Wilson were defendants, it is hereby given that a small parcel of land, to-wit: the highest bidder, of the Northwestern front door of the courthouse, in the Village of Cass City, Michigan, that being the place for holding the Circuit Court for said county of Tuscola, on Feb. 27, 1895, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, all or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise the amount due to said complainant for principal, interest and costs in this cause of the following described parcels of land: All that part of the east half (1/2) of the northeast quarter (1/4) of section twelve (12), town thirteen (13) north, range ten east, of the Northwest corner of Cass River, containing fifteen acres more or less.

Dated February 21, A. D. 1895.

JAMES D. DEWALLE,
Circuit Court Commissioner.

Brennan, Donnelly & Van Demarck,
Solicitors for Complainant,
65 Motait Bldg., Detroit, Mich.

Mortgage Sale.

Upon the 9th day of Nov. 1893, T. J. Bowman and Mary Bowman, his wife, of the village of Mayville, Tuscola Co., Mich., made and delivered to W. P. Markham, of Plymouth, Mich., a certain mortgage upon real estate, to secure the payment of a promissory note, the highest bidder, of the date hereof. Said mortgage was recorded in the register's office, in the county of Tuscola, Michigan, on the 10th day of Nov. 1893, in book 2 of mortgages on page 127. Default has been made in the conditions of said mortgage so that the power of sale contained therein has become operative and there has been no proceeding in law or equity instituted to recover any part or portion of said mortgage, and it is claimed to put a lien on the date of this notice two hundred and fifty dollars and two cents (\$250.02) besides the best cost of advertising hereunder. Notice is hereby given that said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises hereunder, as much thereof as shall be necessary to satisfy the amount found due upon said mortgage, together with the best cost of this advertisement, and an attorney fee of twenty-five dollars provided for therein, at public vendue to the highest bidder on Friday, the 1st day of April, 1895, at two o'clock in the afternoon, sun time, at the front door of the Court House in the village of Caro, Tuscola Co., Mich., that being the place for holding the Circuit Court for said county, and the land described in said mortgage is lot 3 in block 3 in the Shabbona annex to the village of Mayville, Tuscola Co., Mich.

Dated, Mayville, Mich., Dec. 23, 1894.

A. D. GILLES,
Attorney for Mortgagee.

Foreclosure Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of money due on and secured by a certain mortgage bearing date the 1st day of March, 1891, made and executed by Joanna Doying to George Seely and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for the County of Tuscola, Michigan, in book 2 of mortgages, on page 305, on the day and year aforesaid. Which said mortgage was duly assigned to a party not named in the notice, and on the second day of October, 1894, made and executed by said George Seely to Calvin A. Lee and recorded in the Register of Deeds' office aforesaid, on the eighth day of October, 1894, in book 2 of mortgages on page 305, upon which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, the sum of six hundred and seven dollars and thirty cents (\$607.35) Now notice is hereby given that said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises in said mortgage described at public vendue to the highest bidder, on

Saturday, the 30th day of April, 1895, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at the front door of the Court House, in the village of Caro, (that being the place where the circuit court for the county of Tuscola is held.) Said mortgagee reserves the right to bid in and purchase the premises as follows to-wit: Lot number four of block number two, of Fox's addition to the village of Cass City, being in the county of Tuscola and State of Michigan. Said premises will be sold as aforesaid to satisfy the amount due on said mortgage, the cost of foreclosure and the interest which may accrue thereon between the date of this notice and the day of sale above mentioned.

Dated February 3rd, 1895. CALVIN A. LEE,
Assignee of Mortgage.

J. D. BROOKER,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgage. 2-313

NOTICE.

I Dye-I Dye-I Live to Dye-Dye to Live.

Now is the time to save money by gathering up your old clothes, hats, caps, colored, cleaned and repaired and pressed in the best style by the great Eastern Renovator, entirely renovate them and guarantee the best of satisfaction.

Kindly give me your order and give the Caro Steam Dye Works a test.

JOHN GORDON,
Proprietor,
Dye Works side of the Exchange Hotel,
CASS CITY, MICH.

J. S. DUNHAM, Cass City.

A FREE HOME FOR YOU

IN THE CANADIAN WEST. The one Greatest Grain Producing Province in the world.

Manitoba, Assinibola, Saskatchewan, Alberta, and British Columbia.

British Columbia is acknowledged to be the Largest Mining District in the world to-day. The Klondyke is in B. C.

Ninety million bushels of grain produced in 1897. If you want a farm go where you can get the richest soil in the world and

A HOMESTEAD FREE

..... 160 ACRES

Close to Churches, Schools, Railroads and elevators. The tide of immigration is marching. The millions will soon replace the thousands now upon her soil.

Get there and get settled before the great rush from the older countries sets in.

For special low rates to go and see the country for yourself, and extra low passenger and freight (settler's effect) rates. Maps, pamphlets, and all information, mailed free. Call or write to

D. L. CAVEN,
Colonization Agent,
Bad Axe, Mich.

JOHN W. GORDON,

Local Agent,
Cass City, Mich. 9 16

CASS CITY MILLS

Plansifter System.

Everything new and up-to-date. Our flours are second to none. White Lily and Heller's Best take the lead. Try them if you are not using them now. We grind everything made in a first-class mill.

Feed Grinding,
7c per bag.

Yours for Business,
C. W. HELLER.

Spring Samples

of all kinds of Foreign and Domestic Suitings

Have Arrived

and are ready for inspection. Call and leave your order before the rush begins. Satisfactory work and perfect fits guaranteed.

C. Trevelyan.

VICK'S SEEDS

3 HANDLER ROSES! WHITE, YELLOW, CRIMSON.

Will make a magnificent hedge, beautiful shrub for the piazza, or a charming tree. Constant bloomers—very early. One plant produces thousands of flowers.

ONLY FORTY CENTS, DELIVERED.

VICK'S Garden and Floral Guide Free Upon Application.

THE RUSBY MAN'S CATALOGUE and **THE LADIES' GARDENER AND HIS WIFE**—The only one containing full descriptions and illustrations for planting and culture, so complete, so convenient, so interesting, so valuable, so cheap, so reliable. **How to Grow and Care for the Garden.** The only one of its kind. Contains full and complete instructions for growing and caring for the garden. **How to Grow and Care for the Garden.** The only one of its kind. Contains full and complete instructions for growing and caring for the garden.

JAMES VICK'S SONS, ROCHESTER, N. Y.

FARMERS ATTENTION.

If you plant any fruit trees or small fruits of any kind, send us a list of wants for prices, or send for illustrated catalogue and price list, and save money. All stock warranted true to name as represented or money refunded. Be sure and get our prices before placing an order. The HAWKINS NURSERY Co., Rochester, New York. 12-16-16.