

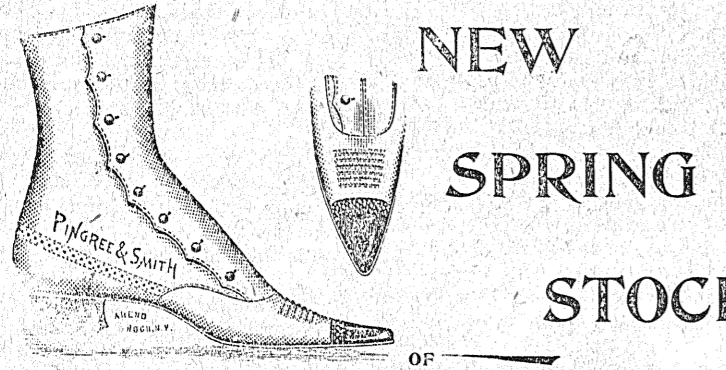
CASS CITY ENTERPRISE.

VOL. XVI. NO. 15.

CASS CITY, MICH., MARCH 18, 1897.

BY A. A. P. M DOWELL.

NEW SPRING STOCK



SHOES AND CLOTHING

Arriving daily and will be larger and more complete than ever.

J. D. GROSBY, CASS CITY'S SHOE and CLOTHING MAN.

Special Sale

ON ALL WINTER GOODS

Bargains in Clothing, Shoes, Underwear

New Spring Styles

NOW ARRIVING IN

Hats, Shoes and Clothing.

SPECIAL DRIVES IN

Dress Goods, Prints, Ladies' Wool Hose.

We have the Goods and can make prices to please. Come and see.

2 MACKS 2

SILKS

LADIES!

Do not buy your Trimming Silks until you look over our Spring Stock.

SATEENS.

The finest line of 10 and 12 1/2 cents Sateens in the Market.

Oil 10 cents per gallon.

Frost & Hebblewhite.

Highest market price for Butter and Eggs.

SHOES!

We intend to be headquarters for shoes this spring and have a fine line to select from.

NEW STOCK

Men's plow and heavy shoes from \$1.00 up. fine shoes both Black and Russet.

Women's fine shoes from \$1.00 up. fine shoes (for \$1.10, special price).

Misses fine shoes both Black and Russet.

HOSIERY

Our Hosiery can not be excelled in quality and price. See our leader at 10 cents.

Carpets at Cost.

A fine line of Prints, Cottons, Staple Dress Goods, Cottonades, Etc. to select from. Groceries as cheap as the cheapest. Seed Peas and Millet Seed for sale.

LAING & JANES.

UNDERTAKER LEE

Is the man you want to see to save money. Panic Prices. He has diploma from Prof. Sullivan's School of Embalming. Has had five years experience. Satisfaction guaranteed. Has two Hearses.

Largest stock of

FURNITURE

in this part of the Thumb. Will not be undersold. LOOK!

Oak Center Tables..... 50c
Oak Extension Tables..... \$4.00
High Back Dining Chairs..... 3.50
Bed Springs..... 1.25
Rustic Stands..... .25

E. Gilbert has resigned, his position as engineer at the roller mills in order that he may devote his time to looking after his farm. P. S. Rice fills the vacancy at the mill.

Our newly elected council met last Monday for the first time. The principal business done was the allowing of bills and the appointing of the standing committees.

The interior appearance of the Exchange Bank has been greatly changed during the past week by a new coat of elegant paper throughout. J. W. Macomber did the work.

Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Koons, of Stockbridge, Ingham County, spent several days of the week with relatives here. Mrs. Koons is a sister of Mrs. A. Fritz and Mrs. John Fisher.

John Riker took possession of the Palace Barber shop on Monday, which he has leased from S. Champion. Sid Summers continues to scrape faces under the new management.

On Thursday last, Frank Sheffer left for Kewanna, Ind., where he will enter the employ of J. P. Smith, formerly of this place. Mr. Smith has purchased a newspaper plant at that place.

At the Presbyterian Church on Sunday morning, Rev. B. J. Baxter will take for his subject, "The Progress of Missions in China." All members and adherents are urged to be present. The evening subject will be "True Success."

In the case of Hitchcock vs. Parker, before Justice Brooker yesterday, a judgment was secured by Hitchcock. It is stated, however, that the end is not yet but that the case will be taken to circuit court.

The merchant buys the goods that are advertised the most extensively, as a rule. We wonder if he does not lose sight of the fact occasionally that the people buy of the merchant who advertises the most extensively?

The anti-saloon league held a meeting in the Presbyterian Church on Monday evening. The organization was completed and sub-committees appointed. The league will hold its regular meetings on the second Monday of each month.

R. A. Lutz, of the west end blacksmith shop, has effected the purchase of the vacant lot on Main Street just opposite his shop, which belonged to the Claude Ellison estate. The deal was arranged by McKenzie & Co., real estate dealers.

A Summer Review School is to be conducted at Vassar beginning about July 15th and continuing five weeks. The following are the officers:—Prof. Forbes, principal; T. J. Reavy, asst. principal; H. Z. Wilbur, of Millington, sec'y; G. Massolink of Cass City, treasurer.

A joint meeting of school inspectors of Elkland and Greenleaf townships was held at the Town Hall on Monday for the consideration of petitions. As a result the properties of Messrs. Samuel Lee Pla, Frank Moore, Andrew Seegar and Geo. L. Barnes were set over from the fractional school district to district No. 3, Greenleaf.

A base ball meeting was held last Monday evening and officers elected for the season of '97, as follows:—Manager, W. H. Hebblewhite; captain, C. I. Frost; secretary and treasurer, H. P. Weydemeyer. The team will be known as the "Kid Hustlers," and will wear grey uniforms. The boys will give an entertainment soon for the benefit of the team. Watch for particulars later.

Under the auspices of the Union Lyceum, Rev. J. B. Whitford, of Caro, will deliver his famous lecture on "Savonarola," in Cass City on the evening of Friday, March 26th. The date for the lecture of Prof. W. N. Ferris, under the same auspices, is fixed for April 26th. Rev. Whitford delivered this lecture last evening at the home of Fred Slocum, Caro, to a crowded house, all being highly pleased.

Chas. D. Striffler will travel for the Champion Machine Co. again this season. His territory will be that section lying east of the P. O. & N. R. R. and reaching as far south as Mt. Clemens.

B. Champion, having leased his barber shop which he has conducted for a number of years, will now turn his attention more fully to poultry raising in which he has been engaged to a considerable extent for the last three years. By liberal advertising and careful selection of stock he has established a reputation for himself as a breeder of high class poultry and has worked up a business of no mean proportions. The last few months he has imported quite a number of birds from England which adds much to the value of his flocks and puts them on a par with those of the best breeders.

Another surprise on the preacher! It was on Tuesday evening, at about eight o'clock, while Rev. J. M. Bittner, of the Evangelical Church, was sitting in his study, being at his wits' end as to what food to give his flock the next Sunday, when a tremendous knocking was heard at the door and in rushed some thirty-five or forty of his young friends to remind him that it was his fortieth birthday. It has been said of the elder that he could not smile if he tried, but for once his friends had the privilege of seeing him smile. To say the least, he was surprised. The evening was pleasantly spent in singing and sociality. Then came refreshments which all seemed to enjoy very much. A few more songs and the gathering broke up with best wishes of many happy returns of their pastor's birthday anniversary.

HOME HAPPENINGS

ITEMS OF PURELY LOCAL INTEREST.

Mrs. Wm. Wallace is among the sick. See Lee's prices on furniture in his new adv.

Epworth League business meeting next Tuesday evening.

Merchant Bearup, of Silverwood, was in town Tuesday.

W. J. Campbell was out to his Ellington farm Tuesday.

Chas. D. Striffler did business in the vicinity of Caro on Tuesday.

A son and heir is announced at Jas. Patterson's, northwest of town.

Messrs. I. B. Auten and C. W. Heller made a trip to Caro on Tuesday.

Wm. Ferguson, of Ferguson & Porter, visited Elkton last week.

The officials of the Moore telephone lines are expected here on Monday.

Photographer Maier tells you in his adv. what to do with the baby. Read it.

Mrs. P. Usher has been seriously ill during the week but is now convalescing.

Laing & Janes are offering special bargains in shoes, hosiery and carpets. See adv.

Mrs. Outwater is in Brown City, at the bedside of her mother, who is seriously ill.

E. B. Landon is now giving special attention to the securing of pensions. See his card.

W. A. Fairweather is still offering tremendous bargains which he enumerates in his new adv.

The Union Lyceum held last Friday evening was the last of the season. The attendance was unusually large.

J. E. Thatcher, special agent for the Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Co., spent Sunday with his family here.

Twenty-acre farm, mostly improved, within two miles of Cass City, for sale at a bargain. Inquire of McKenzie & Co.

A. L. Hunt, formerly of Caro, and quite well known here, is now running a barber shop on Russell Street, Detroit.

Miss Lela Lee has been quite sick recently but recovered sufficiently to accompany her mother to Detroit and Toledo.

J. H. Striffler makes his bow through our advertising columns this week and announces a fresh stock of plows, harrows, etc.

A. Frutchey's auction sale of furniture at the Rink on Saturday was quite largely attended and the bidding was quite lively.

Make a note of it! The ENTERPRISE publishes more news items from the villages and hamlets of the Thumb than any other paper.

Class No. 4, of the M. E. Sunday school will give their second annual social in the basement of the church on the evening of Friday, April 2nd.

Our Owendale correspondent has been absent from home for some months but has returned and items from that village will again appear regularly.

As most of the live stock from this section is shipped to Buffalo our readers are most interested in that market and we have made a special arrangement with the firm from which we get our ready prints to insert the Buffalo markets with other foreign markets which appear each week.

What Think Ye?

On Monday last, our town was favored by a visit from W. S. Parker, of Detroit, a construction engineer, who upon request drew up an estimate of the cost of a waterworks and electric lighting system for our village, laying the same before the council at its regular session that evening. The following is the estimate:—

2,500 feet 8 inch pipe, laid.....	\$1,500 00
6,000 feet 6 inch pipe, laid.....	2,970 00
1,200 feet 4 inch pipe, laid.....	350 00
Special castings.....	400 00
20 double nozzle hydrants.....	150 00
114x8x10 duplex pump (1,000,000 U. S. gallons in 24 hours).....	850 00
Wells, gates and boxes.....	400 00
Engineering and incidentals.....	200 00
10 arc and 300 incandescent lights, 1 dynamo, wiring, poles, engine and switch board.....	2,100 00
Total cost.....	8,950 00

This estimate is based on the present prices of labor and material, also that some one of our mills furnish the steam and building for plants. These are said to be outside prices and while the sum looks to be a large one, many of our citizens are of the opinion that it would be an economical investment. If a sewerage system were put in as well, which would make the total cost something less than \$12,000, we would have as nice little town as appears in the state and the improvements would eventually bring their reward.

Resolution of Condolence.

WHEREAS, it has pleased the Almighty to take from among us, by death, our beloved friend and brother, Eleazer Fisher, and whereas his death is greatly regretted by the members of Court Elkland, No. 826, I. O. F., and all with whom he became associated. Now therefore in evidence of such regret:

Be it resolved; that we, the members of said order, extend to his mother and friends our heartfelt sympathy and commend them to the care of Him who doeth all things well.

A. A. P. McDOWELL,
A. A. MCKENZIE,
F. B. RIDGEWAY, } Com.

Card of Thanks.

The undersigned wishes to hereby express her gratitude to all friends and especially the Forensic brethren for their sympathy shown in her recent bereavement in the loss of her son. Also for the promptitude with which the I. O. F. insurance policy for \$1,000 was paid.

SARAH FISHER.

Republican Caucus.

A Republican caucus for the township of Elkland, will be held at the Town Hall, on Monday, the 29th day of March, 1897, commencing at 2 o'clock p. m. for the purpose of placing in nomination persons for the several township offices and to transact such other business as may come before the caucus.

Dated this 17th day of March, A. D. 1897.

H. S. WICKWARR,
J. D. BROOKER,
A. A. MCKENZIE, } Com.

Soul Stirring.

On Thursday evening of last week, the Presbyterian Church was filled to its utmost seating capacity to listen to the temperance address of Mrs. A. S. Benjamin, of Portland, Mich., the state president of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union. The local president of the union, Mrs. P. R. Weydemeyer, called the gathering to order and all joined in singing, "My Country 'Tis of Thee," after which Mrs. M. Dew read the scripture lesson, especially appropriate to the occasion. The choir sang "The bird with a Broken Wing," and Mrs. P. R. Winegar, the county president, led in prayer. The quartette "A band of White Ribbon Around the World," was nicely rendered and the speaker of the evening was introduced.

The audience was first asked to consider the fact that the W. C. T. U. was the largest organization of women the world has ever seen, and that they are in combat with the greatest existing force for evil which is aided by the laws of the present time. Reference was made to the preliminary meeting at Chatuauqua, N. Y., and the organization at Cleveland, O., twenty-two years ago the 17th of last November. Then they had not a single dollar, but at the end of ten years there was a state organization in every state in the Union and similar ones in every territory. Five years more and the work had extended clear around the world and is now carried on in forty-four different countries, while their literature is printed and circulated in seventeen languages. The work at its commencement was not of an educational character as it has been for a number of years, but instituted to save the drunkard in the next street or in the next town. Prayer was offered for the man who sold and the man who drank, but now for every man especially every Christian man. The speaker said, "When we had fallen in line and learned to keep step just a little, we began to talk Gospel temperance," and have been doing so ever since. The laws of heredity and the laws of health received their due attention and many advances had been made, prominent among which was the introduction into our schools of the text books on scientific temperance. In 1882 there was no such law, but it was adopted in Michigan in 1883. In 1886, the matter was brought before the national congress and congressman found their desks literally snowed under with correspondence from white ribbon workers. This resulted in the carrying of a law providing for temperance instruction in the schools of every state and territory and was the first bit of temperance legislation to pass the national congress. From that from seven to nine-tenths of the classes behind prison bars were there because of drink. When out the legalized dram shop does its utmost to draw them back again. The voter was asked to remember that God has pronounced woe on him that putteth the bottle to his neighbor's lips. What difference does it make whether the bottle be held by the individual hand or the hand of an authorized agent? While it is true that we have the best school system that the sun ever shone upon, it is shorn of half its strength by the legalized liquor traffic. Reference was made to a prominent lecturer who states that the evils of child labor and to enter the fields of labor but should remain at the fireside at home, and then a word picture was drawn of the wife of a laborer who frequents the saloon and the question asked now that wife and those children could remain by that fireside and go to school? So long as we legalize the saloon, ignorance, indolence and vices of all kinds will predominate. The mission churches in our cities are open one hour on one day of the week while the saloon is open every day and every night and while the mission workers gathers a large class and the under graduates almost crowd their heels. Much is said of providing parks and public libraries for the laboring classes but do we find the laboring classes sitting in the parks beneath the delightful shade of the beautiful trees or sitting in the public libraries reading the best papers and magazines? No, they are closed before the laborer ceases his work, and a saloon stands on almost every corner. The W. C. T. U. has oft appealed to consecrated wealth to provide garments for wives and children and in seven cases out of ten they have been pawned for rum. Simply talking of the brotherhood of man is not enough. What the world needs is practical aid and practical Christianity, of the kind that caused

Prof. Graham Taylor to leave his household goods and with his wife and family removed to the lowest slums of Chicago that he might render more practical aid and elevate his fallen brothers and sisters. Mission schools, churches and philanthropic designs, though they do their utmost, cannot rise above the legalized saloon. The women of the churches make up sevenths of the Sunday school machinery but so long as the men work persistently and effectually for the interests of the saloon, the saloon will triumph. There are scores and scores of boys at Ionia reformatory between the ages of sixteen and eighteen, and the majority of them have been members of Sunday school classes. Somebody is responsible for their downfall. Children see straight through shams. They are one day in the Sunday school but during the other six see the best men providing temptation by legalizing the liquor traffic. On Sunday they listen to and perhaps join in singing "The Whole Wide World for Jesus," and act the rest of the week as if they meant "The Whole Wide World for Satan's." Preaching and practice are too widely apart. The Temperance Union believes neither in high license or low license but in no license. The most unreasonable thing asked is to make man's laws conform with God's laws. The scouring of high license does not diminish drinking. It will lessen the number of saloons but will not lessen drinking. This is proven by statistics prepared by officials who are usually far removed from temperance fanaticism. Several logical illustrations were given as proofs. The number of saloons is reduced, where there were twenty customers it is increased to forty; the American system of treating helps on the evil, there is increased enthusiasm and the larger the crowd the oftener the glass goes around. High license also gives us the gin palace, though it may push out the smaller fry. A description was given of a gin palace on Wall Street, N. Y., with its German marble, Mexican onyx, white mahogany and old brass, frequented by men with silk hats and the best whalibone canes, who do more than all others to degrade our boys. The low dives and saloons are a necessity to the gin palace for as the public school graduates pupils to the high schools and university, so the gin palace graduates its victims to the dingy saloon. It is a bad business, no matter from what standpoint you look at it. There is not one argument in favor of the legalized drinking place. It was a W. C. T. U. woman who first thought of having the flag floating from every school but talking of "old glory" and patriotism is not enough. We cannot have a country without homes and on every side are pitfalls and allurements for our boys. We prohibit Chinese immigration but we have them with us and the evils of the opium dens, etc., must be met and overcome. God is not mocked, and whether we sow directly or indirectly the harvest is just as sure. Our voters are taught that their corporation must derive revenue from the liquor traffic but the Scripture pronounces woe upon those who build towns with blood. It is time for us to look for the old way marks. All other evils combined do not so hinder the coming of Christ. Who will be asked to answer for the countless millions who are slain by rum? It is the enemy of every holy interest. A touching incident was told of an aged mother as she neared Death's river asking "Are the children all in?" No, the children are not all in and somebody must answer. We, as a people, should sing "Nearer my God to Thee," not with our lips only but from the heart. It means farther from Satan and all his works and nearer to all that is pure and of good report.

The uppermost desire in the mind of the speaker seemed to be to impress the voter that he was responsible for the continuation of the traffic in rum and her remarks were so thoroughly logical that refutation was impossible.

Union Silver Caucus.

Will be held on Saturday, March 27th, at 2:30 o'clock p. m., in the Town Hall, Cass City, Mich., for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for the various township offices and other important business to be transacted while in caucus.

JOHN W. GORDON,
ED. KARR,
E. A. MCGEORGE, } Com.

Notice.

There will be a meeting of the Elkland Twp. Republican Club, on Monday evening, March 22nd, at 7:30 o'clock. A full attendance is desired as business of importance is to be transacted.

A. A. MCKENZIE, President.
A. W. SEED, Secretary.

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CASS CITY ENTERPRISE.

A. A. P. McDowell, Publisher.

CASS CITY, MICHIGAN.

Too many people imagine that a debt is paid when its form is changed.

Continual repetition of a joke frequently causes it to become an insult.

Now is a good time to lay in your stock of steel rails. Only \$17 a ton. Think of it!

There are persons who suppose that a keen sense of humor is an indication of a trivial disposition.

What a pity it is that so large a number of people on earth take a delight in seeing somebody abused.

The man who is adequate to the exigencies of his day and hour fills the requirements of good citizenship.

The fifteen titled persons who own 9,000,000 acres of Germany ought to be a great help to the young emperor.

No marriage is complete so long as either contracting party feels constrained by the presence of the other.

"There are others," as Wyatt Earp observed when he heard the powers had given a rank decision against little Greece.

It is questionable whether a woman is ever quite so happy as she is when she has a man on exhibition under circumstances of which she is proud.

There is evident need of a future state to properly reward some of the persons who perform such peculiar evolutions under the name of charity on this earth.

The defeat of the Southern Pacific forces in congress has encouraged Kentucky to demand the payment of back taxes. The monopoly is now getting it on all sides.

The benevolent pawnshop in New York, notwithstanding its charitable work, finds that it is realizing 6 per cent on loans. The regular pawnshop in New York must be something like a bonanza.

It is reported that the demand for skilled mechanics in England has become so great that young men are turning away from office work to enter factories, where they make twice the pay they could get as clerks.

St. Louis should not only have pure milk, but all kinds of pure food. The fight for these should never cease until it is won. Nothing could be more criminal than the harmful adulteration of the necessities of life or their sale when unfit for use. Such offenses should meet the severest punishment at all times.

Discussion about the best form for a ballot and the best method of casting it are a part of the after talk of the recent national election. When corn and beans were used for ballots, "in the good old colony times," this particular kind of political debate did not prevail. Corn was "to manifest election," and beans an opposing vote. The expression "to corn" (a man) meant to choose him. This primitive simplicity did not prevent cheating, for it was provided that "if any freeman shall put in more than one Indian corn or bean he shall forfeit for every such offense Ten Pounds."

There is an ever-increasing consumption of American cottons in Africa, considerable quantities having been imported during the last four years. During 1895 26,250,000 yards of coarse American cotton tissues were imported. It is principally the east coast which has offered the best market for these goods, while the markets of the west coast are monopolized by English and German houses. On the coast of the Red sea, as far as Somali, American cottons are in great demand. The uses of these articles by the natives are very simple and primitive. To cover their nakedness they take a piece about twelve yards long, which they roll round their loins, bringing it over the right shoulder and fastening it to the girdle. A tissue of somewhat finer description is used as a mantle or tunic, and this kind of article does not, it is said, cost more than a few pence. Cottons were formerly shipped in bales by sailing vessels, and in small quantities, according to the demands at the place of consumption, but this method of transport has of late completely changed. At the present time cottons are shipped on steamers and in much larger quantities. The vessels unload at Aden, where the distribution of the merchandise is effected for the various parts of the east coast. American cottons have, it is said, a brilliant future before them, not only on the east and west coasts of Africa, but also in the interior of the dark continent.

As the new flying machines of California are to be sold for \$100 each, the bicycle makers may have to cut prices to meet the competition. No good roads will be needed with airships and they will be out of the way of all tacks and other destructive agencies that have obstructed the progress of the wheel.

Roads are so bad in Connecticut that a funeral procession there had to take the trolley cars. The older states are apparently as neglectful of roads as some that are farther west.

MCKINLEY'S MESSAGE.

DEVOTED TO NECESSITY OF SECURING MORE REVENUE.

Passage of a Tariff Law Imperatively Demanded—This Should Take Precedence, He Thinks, Over All Other Business—Proposed Tariff Schedules.

To the Congress of the United States: Regretting the necessity which has required me to call you together, I feel that your assembling in extraordinary session is indispensable because of the condition in which we find the revenues of the government. It is conceded that its current expenditures are greater than its receipts and that such a condition has existed for more than three years. With unlimited means at our command we are presenting the remarkable spectacle of increasing our public debt by borrowing money to meet the ordinary outlays incident upon even an economical and prudent administration of the government. An examination of the subject discloses this fact in every detail and leads inevitably to the conclusion that the condition of the revenue which allows it is unjustifiable and should be corrected.

We find by the report of the secretary of the treasury that the revenues for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1892, from all sources, were \$425,808,260.22, and the expenditures for all purposes were \$415,033,806.36, leaving an excess of receipts over expenditures of \$9,914,453.86. During that fiscal year \$40,470,467.98 were paid upon the public debt, which has been reduced since March 1, 1890, \$253,076,890, and the annual interest charges reduced \$11,684,576.60. The receipts of the government from all sources during the fiscal year of this month, 1893, amounted to \$481,716,561.04, and its expenditures, \$459,374,887.65, showing an excess of receipts over expenditures of \$23,341,673.39.

Since that time the receipts of no fiscal year, and with but few exceptions during the month of the present year have exceeded the expenditures. The receipts of the government, from all sources, during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1894, were \$372,802,498.20, and its expenditures \$442,605,750.87, leaving a deficit, the first since the resumption of specie payments, of \$69,803,252.67. Notwithstanding there was a decrease of \$16,769,127.78 in the ordinary expenses of the government, as compared with the previous fiscal year, its income was still not sufficient to provide for its daily necessities, and the gold reserve in the treasury for the redemption of greenbacks was drawn upon to meet them. But this did not suffice, and the government then resorted to loans to replenish the reserve.

In February, 1894, \$50,000,000 in bonds were issued, and in November following a second issue of \$20,000,000 was deemed necessary. The sum of \$117,171,795 was realized by the sale of these bonds, but the reserve was steadily decreased until, on February 8, 1895, a third sale of \$63,315,400 in bonds, for \$63,116,244, was announced to Congress.

The receipts of the government for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1895, were \$390,373,203.30, and the expenditures \$433,178,426.48, showing a deficit of \$42,805,223.18. A further loan of \$100,000,000 was negotiated by the government in February, 1896, and the sale netting \$111,166,246, and swelling the aggregate of bonds issued within three years to \$262,315,400. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1896, the revenues of the government from all sources amounted to \$409,470,408.78, while its expenditures were \$434,678,654.48, or an excess of expenditures over receipts of \$25,208,245.70. In other words, the total receipts for the three fiscal years ending June 30, 1896, were insufficient by \$137,811,729.46, to meet the total expenditures.

Not has this condition since improved. For the first half of the present fiscal year the receipts of the government, exclusive of postal revenues, were \$157,507,603.76, and its expenditures, exclusive of postal service, \$105,410,000.22, or an excess of expenditures over receipts of \$57,992,396.46. In January, 1897, the receipts, exclusive of postal revenues, were \$22,314,604.05, and the expenditures, exclusive of postal service, \$30,269,384.20, a deficit of \$8,954,780.15 for the month. In February of this year the receipts, exclusive of postal revenues, were \$24,100,000.00, and the expenditures, exclusive of postal service, \$28,706,656.60, a deficit of \$4,606,656.60, or a total deficit of \$18,601,580.44 for the three years and eight months ending March 1, 1897. Not only are we without a surplus in the treasury, but with an increase in the public debt, there has been a corresponding increase in the annual interest charge from \$22,893,883.20 in 1892, the lowest of any year since 1862, to \$34,387,297.60 in 1896, or an increase of \$11,493,414.40.

It may be urged that even if the revenues of the government had been sufficient to meet all its ordinary expenses during the past three years, the gold reserve would still have been insufficient to meet the demands upon it, and that bonds would necessarily have been issued for its replenishment. Be this as it may, it is clearly manifest, without denying or affirming the correctness of such a conclusion, that the debt would have been decreased in at least the amount of the deficiency, and business confidence immeasurably strengthened throughout the country.

Congress should promptly correct the existing condition. Ample revenue must be supplied not only for the ordinary expenses of the government, but for the prompt payment of liberal pensions and the liquidation of the public debt. In raising revenue, duties should be levied upon foreign products as to preserve the home market, so far as possible, to our own producers; to revive and increase manufacturing; to relieve and encourage agriculture; to increase our domestic and foreign commerce; to aid and develop mining and building; and to render to labor in every field of useful occupation the liberal wages and adequate rewards to which skill and industry are justly entitled. The necessity of the passage of a tariff law which shall provide ample revenue need be no further urged. The imper-

ative demand of the hour is the prompt enactment of such a measure, and to this object I earnestly recommend that congress shall make every endeavor. Before other business is transacted, let us first provide sufficient revenue to faithfully administer the government without the contracting of further debt, or the continual disturbance of our finances.

WILLIAM MCKINLEY, Executive Mansion, March 15, 1897.

THE NEW TARIFF BILL.

The Dingley Bill Reported to the House of Representatives. The new tariff bill proposed by Chairman Dingley's committee for the consideration of the extraordinary session of the Fifty-fifth Congress is entitled "an act to provide revenue for the government and to protect the industries of the United States."

The average rates are little, if any, below those of the McKinley bill, and in some of the schedules they are higher. It is the purpose of the committee to devise a provision that will enable reciprocity treaties to be made, not only to secure the larger importation of American manufactures into the South and Central American countries, but also to open the markets of European countries to the freer use of American meats and agricultural products generally.

The principal schedules are the following: **Chemicals and Oils.** Schedule A—All alcoholic perfumery, including alcohols, waxes, and other liquid water and toilet preparations of all kinds, containing alcohol or in the preparation of which alcohol is used, and alcoholic compounds not specially provided for, 45c per cent and 45 per cent ad valorem.

Alkalies, alkalioids, distilled oils, essential oils, and essential oils, rendered oils, and all combinations of the foregoing, and all chemical compounds and salts, not specially provided for, 25 per cent ad valorem.

Ammonia, carbonate of, 1 1/2 cents per pound; nitrate of, or sal-ammoniac, 7/8 cent per pound; sulphate of, 1 cent per pound. Drugs, such as barks, beans, berries, balsams, buds, bulbs, bulbous roots, nut galls and other excrescences, fruit, flowers, dried fibers, dried insects, grains, gums and gum resins, herbs, leaves, lichens, mosses, nuts, roots and tubers, spices, woods, seeds (aromatic, not garden seeds), seeds of morbid growth, weeds and woods used expressly for dyeing; any of the foregoing which are not edible, but which are advanced in value or condition by retining, grilling or other process, and not specially provided for in this act, 70c per cent.

Ethers, sulphuric and spirits of nitrous ether, 25c lb.; fruit oils, or essences \$2 lb.; others of all kinds, not specially provided for in this act, \$1 lb.; provided that no article of this nature shall pay a less rate of duty than 25 per cent. Extracts and decoctions of logwood and other dye woods, extract of sassafras and extracts of barks or woods, such as are commonly used for dyeing or tanning, not specially provided for in this act, 75c lb.; and 15c per cent; solid dry form, 1 1/2 lb.; extracts of henlock bark, 3/4 lb. Gelatine, glue, isinglass or fish glue and prepared fish bladders or fish skins, valued at not above 10c lb. and 2c lb.; valued above 10c lb. and not above 25c lb., 15c lb. and 15c per cent; valued above 25c lb. and not above 40c lb., 5c lb. and 15c per cent; valued above 40c lb., 20c lb. and 15c per cent.

Paints and Varnishes. Varnishes, including so-called gold size or japan, 35c per pound, and on spirit varnishes, the alcohol contained therein, 21.32 additional. White lead, white paint and white pigment, containing lead, dry or in pulp, or ground or mixed with oil, 2 1/2 cents per pound. Whiting or paris white, 3/4 cent per pound; ground in oil, or putty, 1 cent per pound. Lead-Acetate of, white, 3/4 cents per pound; in colors, 2/4 cents per pound; litharge, 2/4 cents per pound.

Medicinal preparations containing alcohol, or in the preparation of which alcohol is used, not specially provided for in this act, 50c per cent; and medicinal preparations, 35 per cent. Medicinal preparations not containing alcohol, or in the preparation of which alcohol is not used, not specially provided for in this act, 25 per cent; and medicinal preparations, 15 per cent. Preparations used as applications to the hair, mouth, teeth, or skin, such as cosmetics, dentifrices, pastes, pomades, powders and other toilet articles, and articles of perfumery, whether in sachets or otherwise, not containing alcohol, or in the manufacture of which alcohol is not used, and not specially provided for in this act, 50c per cent.

The McKinley rates on glassware have been restored throughout with some important changes. Plate glass not exceeding 16 by 24 inches square per square foot; above that, and not exceeding 24 by 30 inches, increased from 8 to 12 cents. There is no increase in the larger sizes over the McKinley rates. Silver plate glass and looking-glass plates, not exceeding 16 by 24 inches square, have been increased to 8 cents per square foot; above that and not exceeding 24 by 30 inches, to 12 cents; above that, and not exceeding 24 by 60 inches, decreased to 23 cents; all above that, reduced to 28 cents.

Iron Ore. Iron ore, including magnetiferous iron ore, also the dross or residuum from burnt pyrites, 40c ton. Iron in pigs, iron kenchelge, spiegelisen, ferro-manganese, ferro-silicon, wrought and cast scrap iron and scrap steel, \$4 ton. The iron in pig iron, iron bolts, iron beams, girders and other manufactured forms range from 6-10 cent a pound to \$12 a ton. The duty on tin plate is placed at 1 1/2 cents per pound. Under the McKinley law it was 22 cents, and in the present law it is 11-5 cents per pound. On steel ingots, etc., the classification of the present law is the same, and the duties are a compromise about half way between those of the McKinley act and the present law.

There is an entire new classification of penknives. McKinley rates are restored on razors. Cut nails are changed from 22 1/2 per cent to 6-10 cent per pound; horseshoe nails from 30 per cent to 2 cents a pound; wire nails from 25 per cent to 1 1/2 cents a pound, according to size; spikes, nuts and washers and horseshoes from 25 per cent ad valorem to 1 cent per pound. Railway wheels are increased per pound to 1 1/2 cents. Antimony ore is taken from the free list and taxed at 4/5 of a cent per pound.

There is no change from the McKinley rates on leaf tobacco suitable for cigar wrappers, but all other leaf, unstemmed, is increased from 25 cents to 70 cents per pound, and stemmed from 50 to 90 cents. Tobacco not otherwise provided for is increased from 40 cents to 70 cents per pound. With few exceptions the McKinley rates have been restored throughout the agricultural schedule. The tax on horses and mules is reduced from \$30 to \$20 per head, with a proviso that horses valued at more than \$1000 shall pay a duty of 25 per cent ad valorem. These articles in the agricultural schedule have been taken from the free list and made dutiable: Farina, 1 1/2 cents per pound; cabbages, 3 cents each; sauerkraut, 45 per cent; milk, 5 cents per gallon; cider, 6 cents per gallon; prunes, 30 per cent; fish for bait, 1/2 cent per pound; dates, 20 cent; bologna sausages, 25 per cent; unground chicory root, 1 cent per pound; tallow, 1 cent per pound; wool grease, 1/2 cent per pound.

Grapes and peaches are changed from 100 to 25 cents per bushel. Oranges, lemons and limes are increased from 8 cents per cubic foot of capacity to 3/4 of a cent per pound, and plums and prunes from 1 1/2 to 2 cents per pound. The rates in the present law are generally maintained throughout the entire liquor schedule, but champagnes and mineral waters are to be used as a basis of reciprocity, with the omission of part of the duty in return for special facilities for the importation of goods from the United States.

In the liquor schedule all of the paragraphs incorporated in the free list of the present law are restored to the dutiable list at the McKinley rates, with the exception of white pine, which is now classed with spruce and pays \$2 per 1,000 feet instead of \$1, as under the McKinley law. An additional duty of 1-1/2 cents is inserted providing for an additional duty of 25 per cent in retaliation in case any country imposes discriminating taxes on similar articles proposed to be exported to the United States.

The tax law on toothpicks is changed from 35 per cent to 1 1/2 cents per 1,000. The sugar schedule is specific throughout, and gives the refiners no concealed protection in an ad valorem duty. It imposes on all sugars testing 90 degrees by the polariscope 1,025 per cent, and on all sugars from countries paying export bounties an additional duty of 3-1/2 of a cent per pound on each degree above 96, and the subtraction of 3-1/2 of a cent for each degree below 96. On all sugars above No. 16, Dutch standard in color, 1-8 of a cent per pound is imposed in addition, and on all sugars from countries paying export bounties an additional duty equivalent to the net bounty in excess of any special tax imposed by such country.

The tax on confectionery valued at 15 cents or less per pound, and on tinned fruits, is 10 cents per pound and 15 cents on confectionery not specially provided for, 50 per cent ad valorem, and on glucose 1 cent per pound. **Wool Schedule.** The wool schedule is the one which will undoubtedly provoke the greatest fight. The McKinley rates on raw wools are re-enacted with the exception of wools imported from China, Morocco and Egypt, which will be transferred from class 1 to class 1.

The Free List. Among the articles on the free list are arsenic acids, albumen, agates unmanufactured, antimony ore, asbestos and asphalt, barks containing quinine, beeswax, birds, broom corn, gold, copper, coffee, cocoa, or for cocoa, cotton, fashion plate engravings, hides, (raw), lava unmanufactured, leopards root, citrate of lime, manuscript, medals of any metal, philosophical and scientific apparatus, instruments and apparatus, statuary, casts of marble, bronzes, drawings and etchings, specially imported in good faith for the use of any society or institution incorporated or established for religious, philosophical, educational, scientific or literary purposes, and not intended for sale; raw silks, spices unground, sulphur, tea and plants, turpentine and tar, wax, weaving apparel, articles of personal adornment, toilet articles and similar personal effects of persons arriving in the United States, as actually accompany and are in use.

For years Lord Roberts has exerted himself to diminish the grave dangers of polo playing; indeed, at last he is issued an order that players should cease to wear caps, but should protect their heads—and their necks—by helmets. Now his son has lost the sight of one eye by a polo accident.

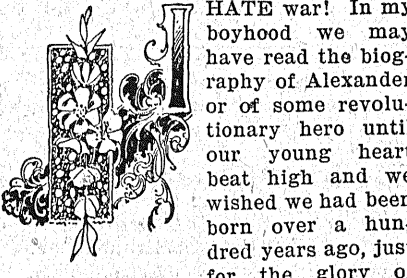
Thomas Sexton, who recently resigned his seat in the House of Commons, is of the opinion that the Irish party "must have better discipline before anything worth laboring for can be obtained from the House of Commons even for the most palpable grievances of Ireland."

An Idaho paper says that Henry Heitfeld, the new Populist United States Senator from that state, is a magnificent specimen of physical development, being over 6 feet in height, and weighing about 220 pounds. He was born in Missouri, and the only political office he has ever held was state senator for two terms.

TALMAGE'S SERMON.

BANNERS HOISTED FOR GOD, SUNDAY'S SUBJECT.

From the Following Text: "In the Name of God We Will Set Up the Banner of Truth and Righteousness Not of Avarice and Riches"—Psalm 20:5.



HATE WAR! In my boyhood we may have read the biography of Alexander or of some revolutionary hero until our young heart beat high and we wished we had been born over a hundred years ago, just for the glory of striking down a Hessian. For rusty swords hung up on the rafters and bullets cut out of log houses in which they were lodged during the great strife we had unbounded admiration, or on some public day, clothed in our grandfather's soldierly accoutrements, we felt as brave as Garibaldi or Miltiades. We were wiser now, for we make a vast distinction between the poetry and the prose of war. The roll of drums and the call of bugles, and the clamping of steeds foaming and pawing for the battle's hundred thousand muskets glittering among the dancing plumes; "God Save the King" waving up from clarionets and trumpets and rung back from deep defiles or the arches of a prostrate city; distant capitals of kingdoms illuminated at the tidings; generals returning home under flaming arches and showering amarantus and the shout of empires; that is poetry. Chilled and half-blanketed, lying on the wet earth; feet sore with the march and bleeding at the slightest touch; hunger pulling on every fiber of flesh or attempting to satisfy itself with a scanty and spoiled ration; thirst licking up the dew or drinking out of filthy and trampled pool; thoughts of home and kindred far away while just on the eve of a deadly strife, where death may leap on him from any one of a hundred bayonets; the closing in of two armies, now changed to a hundred thousand maniacs; the ground slippery with blood and shattered flesh; fallen ones writhing under the hoofs of unbridled chargers maddened with pain; the dreadfulness of night that comes down when the strife is over; the struggle of the wounded ones crawling out over the corpses; the long, feverish agony of the crowded barrack and hospital, from whose mattresses the fragments of men send up their groans, the only music of carnage and butchery; desolate homes from which fathers and husbands and brothers and sons went off; without giving any dear ones at home, tumbled into the soldiers' grave trench, and houses in which a few weeks before unbroken family circles rejoiced, now plunged in the great sorrows of widowhood and orphanage; that is prose.

But there is now on the earth a kingdom which has set itself up for conflicts without number. In its march it tramples no grain fields, it sacks no cities, it impoverishes no treasures, it fills no hospitals, it bereaves no families. The courage and victory of Solferino and Magenta without carnage. The kingdom of Christ against the kingdom of Satan. That is the strife now raging. We will offer no armistices; we will make no treaty. Until all the revolted nations of the earth shall submit again to King Emanuel, "In the name of God we will set up our banners."

Every army has its ensigns. Long before the time when David wrote the text they were in use. The hosts of Israel displayed them. The tribe of Benjamin carried a flag with the inscription of a wolf. The tribe of Dan a representation of cherubim. Judah a lion wrought into the groundwork of white, purple, crimson, and blue. Such flags from their folds shook fire into the hearts of such numbers as were in the field when Abijah fought against Jeroham, and there were twelve hundred thousand soldiers, and more than five hundred thousand were left dead on the field. These ensigns gave heroism to such numbers as were assembled when Asa fought against Zerah, and there were one million five hundred and eighty thousand troops in a battle. The Athenians carried an inscription of the owl, which was their emblem of wisdom. The flags of modern nations are familiar to you all, and many of them so inappropriate for the character of the nations they represent it would be impolitic to enumerate them. These ensigns are steamers borne on the point of a lance and on the top of wooden shafts. They are carried in the front and rear of armies. They unroll from the main-top-gallant-mast-head of an Admiral's flagship to distinguish it among other ships of the same squadron. They are the objects of national pride. The loss of them on the field is ignominious.

The three banners of the Lord's hosts are the banner of proclamation, the banner of recruit, and the banner of victory. When a nation feels its rights infringed or its honor insulted, when its citizens have in foreign climes been oppressed and no indemnity has been offered to the inhabitants of the republic or kingdom, a proclamation of war is uttered. On the top of batteries and arsenals and custom houses and revenue offices flags are immediately swung out. All who look upon them realize the fact that uncompromising war is declared. Thus it is that the Church of Jesus Christ, jealous for the honor of its Sovereign, and determined to get back those who have been carried off captive into the bondage of Satan, and intent upon the destruction of those mighty wrongs which have so long crushed the earth, and bent upon the extension of the Saviour's reign of mercy, in the name of God sets up its banner of proclamation.

The church makes no assault upon the world. I do not believe that God ever made a better world than this. It is magnificent in its ruins. Let us stop talking so much against the world. God pronounced it very good at the beginning. Though a wandering child of God, I see in it yet the Great Father's lineaments. Though tossed and driven by the storms of six thousand years, she sails bravely yet, and as at her launching in the beginning the morning stars sang together and all the sons of God shouted for joy, so at last, when coming into the calm harbor of God's mercy, she shall be greeted by the huzzas of glorified kingdoms. It is not the world against which we contend, but its transgressions. Whatever is obstinate in the will, degrading in passion, harmful in custom, false in friendship, hypocritical in profession—against all this Christ makes onset. From false profession he would tear the mask. From oppression he would snatch the rod. From pride he would rend off the plumes. From revenge he would exorcise the devil. While Christ loved the world so much he died to save it, he hates sin so well that he eradicates the last trace of its pollution he will utterly consume the continents and the oceans. At the gate of Eden the declaration of perpetual enmity was made against the serpent. The tumult around Mount Sinai was only the roar and flash of God's artillery of wrath against sin. Sodom on fire was only one of God's flaming bulletins announcing hostility. Nineveh and Tyre and Jerusalem in awful ruin mark the track of Jehovah's advancement. They show that God was terribly in earnest when he announced himself abhorrent of all iniquity. They make us believe that though nations belligerent and revengeful may sign articles of peace and come to an amicable adjustment, there shall be no cessation of hostilities between the forces of light and the forces of darkness until the kingdoms of this world have become the kingdoms of our Lord. Affrighted by no opposition, discouraged by no temporary defeats, shrinking from no exposure—every man to his position, while from the top of our schools and churches and seminaries and asylums, "In the name of God we will set up our banners."

Again, it was the custom in ancient times, for the purpose of gathering armies, to lift an ensign on the top of some high hill, so that all who saw it would feel impelled to rally around it. In more modern times the same plan has been employed for the gathering of an army. Thus it is that the Church of Christ lifts its flag for recruits. The Cross of Jesus is our standard, planted on the hill of Calvary. Other armies demand that persons desiring to enter the lists of war shall be between such and such an age, lest the folly of extreme youth or the infirmity of advanced age be a clog rather than an advantage. But none are too young for Christ's regiment; none can be too old. The hand that is strong enough to bound a ball or trundle a hoop is skilled enough to fight for Christ, while many a hand trembling with old age has grasped the arrow of truth, and with a dim eye close to it, taking aim, has sent its sharp point right through the heart of the King's enemies. Many of you have long ago had your names written on the roll of celestial troops, and you like the service well, although you now bear the scars of multitudinous conflicts and can recount many a long march, and tell of siege-guns opened on you that you thought never would be spiked. But there may be some who have not yet enlisted. Your being here implies that you are seriously thinking about it, and your attention makes me hope you are only looking for the standard to be hoisted.

Will you not, a hundred of you, with all the aroused enthusiasm of your nature, come bounding into the ranks, while "In the name of God we set up our banners?" Through natural modesty do you advocate to Christ; "I am too awkward to learn the step of the host, or to be of any service in the shock of battle?" To you I make the reply. Try it. One hour under Christ's drill, and you would so well understand his rules that the first step of your march heavenward would make the gates of hell tremble on their hinges. We may not be as polished and trim as many Christians we have known, and we may not as well understand sharp-shooting, but there is rough work which we can all accomplish. We may be axe-men, and hew a pathway through the forests. We may be spademen, and dig the trenches or throw up the fortifications. We do not care where, we do not care what—if we can only help in the cause of our King and shout as loudly as any of them at the completion of the conquest.

There are non-professors who have a very correct idea of what Christians ought to be. You have seen members of the church who were as proud as Ahab and lied as badly as Ananias, and who were as foul hypocrites as Judas. You all hear that. You say followers of Christ ought to be honorable, humble, and self-denying, and charitable, and patient, and forgiving. Amen! So they ought. Come into the kingdom of Christ, my hearer, and be just that glorious Christian that you have described. Every church has enough stingy men in it to arrest its charities, and enough proud men in it to grieve away the Holy Ghost, and enough lazy men in it to hang on behind till they exhaust the patience of the very elect, and enough snarly men to make appropriate the Bible warning, "Beware of dogs." If any of you men on the outside of the kingdom expect to make such Christians as that, we do not want you to come, for the church has already a million members too many of just that kind. We do not want our ranks crowded with serfs when we can have them filled with zouaves.

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time, possessed of seven devils. In some instances it seems as though at conversion only six of those evil spirits were cast out, while there remains still one in the heart, the devil of avarice, the devil of lust, or the devil of pride. Men of the world, if you would be transformed and elevated by the power of the gospel, now is the time to come. It is no mean ensign I lift this hour. It is a time-honored flag. It has been in terrific battle. Dragged in the dust of God's shouting for joy, so at last, when coming into the calm harbor of God's mercy, she shall be greeted by the huzzas of glorified kingdoms. It is not the world against which we contend, but its transgressions. Whatever is obstinate in the will, degrading in passion, harmful in custom, false in friendship, hypocritical in profession—against all this Christ makes onset. From false profession he would tear the mask. From oppression he would snatch the rod. From pride he would rend off the plumes. From revenge he would exorcise the devil. While Christ loved the world so much he died to save it, he hates sin so well that he eradicates the last trace of its pollution he will utterly consume the continents and the oceans. At the gate of Eden the declaration of perpetual enmity was made against the serpent. The tumult around Mount Sinai was only the roar and flash of God's artillery of wrath against sin. Sodom on fire was only one of God's flaming bulletins announcing hostility. Nineveh and Tyre and Jerusalem in awful ruin mark the track of Jehovah's advancement. They show that God was terribly in earnest when he announced himself abhorrent of all iniquity. They make us believe that though nations belligerent and revengeful may sign articles of peace and come to an amicable adjustment, there shall be no cessation of hostilities between the forces of light and the forces of darkness until the kingdoms of this world have become the kingdoms of our Lord. Affrighted by no opposition, discouraged by no temporary defeats, shrinking from no exposure—every man to his position, while from the top of our schools and churches and seminaries and asylums, "In the name of God we will set up our banners."

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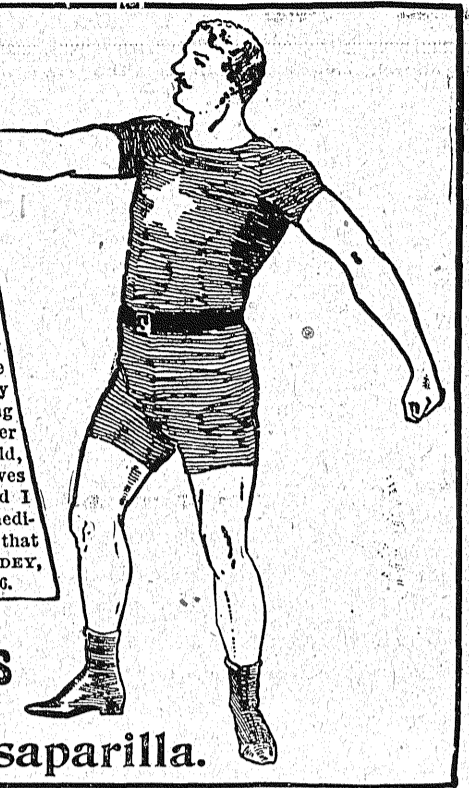
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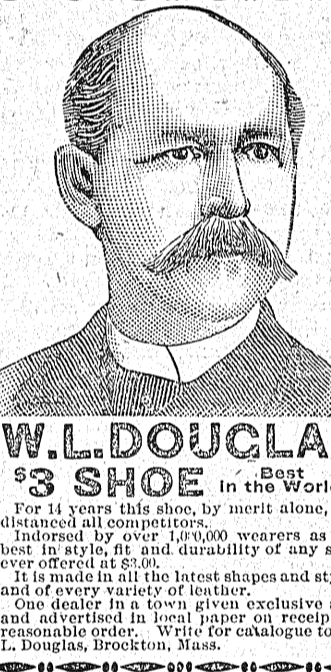
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BY ASTROLOGY is the title of Prof. G. W. Cunningham's new and most scientific science. Written in plain, comprehensive language. Every page sparkles with gems of information. Every reader will acquire amazing and startling knowledge of the secret, ancient learning of the "Wise Men of the East." You will see at once which is your own, or your friend's, ruling planet. Price, postpaid, 25c, 50c and \$1.00, according to binding.

THE ASTROLOGER'S CORNER.

Some slight changes necessitated using less space for this department. Prof. Cunningham is daily receiving flattering testimonials of his genius and his marvelous power in reading the language of the stars and planets. His horoscopes are daily being read and daily convincing people of the great and VALUABLE INFORMATION to be derived from the study of the language of astrology. He receives letters from every state and territory and his fame has extended into foreign lands.

Under no circumstances will names of correspondents be published, but the following extracts from recent letters: "I received my horoscope, am much pleased with it. It is as near right as is possible to make it." Another writes: "I am surprised at its correctness."

Prof. Cunningham now proposes to tell your ruling planet and send a test reading ABSOLUTELY FREE to the applicants whose letters happen to be the First, Third, Ninth and Twelfth opened from each day's mail. All applicants for FREE READINGS must send: Sex, race or nationality, place, year, month, date, hour and minute of birth; A. M. or P. M. as nearly as possible. Applicants entitled to FREE READINGS will receive them by return mail with their 24 cents refunded less 2 cents postage. All applicants must send 24 cents to pay for their reading in case they do not wish FREE reading. DO NOT DELAY! Send at once; you are just as apt to win as anybody, and if you do not you will receive a valuable test by astrology for the small sum of 24 cents. Those not knowing their time of birth should send 4 cents for further instructions. These rules apply to all applications. No more applications for readings to be published will be received, there are more now than probably can ever be published, owing to changes likely to occur at any time, so all who have applied for readings to be published should enclose 24 cents in stamps and take part in the above contest. All 100 letters have been returned to me "unclaimed." All who gave fictitious names and did not correct error at once, Wonderful Horoscope Readings with Charts at from \$1.00 to \$5.00. Their completions will be in accordance with amount of money sent. I will not be responsible for money sent in a letter. Send money with the gentleman and marriage will be average fortunate for you.

PROF. G. W. CUNNINGHAM,
Dept. 4, 194 S. Clinton-st.
Chicago, Ill.

The following is a reading for this week.

Miss Marie, Grand Rapids, Wis. According to data the sign of Cancer, which the Moon rules, was rising at your birth, therefore the sign of your ruling planet or signifier, Venus and Mercury are on the ascendant and must be considered. Venus is the planet of love, and Mercury is the planet of business, and you are a medium height, or slightly above; plump form, medium to tall; hair light brown, eyes blue, complexion fair and clear; the complexion clear; you are more swift in your actions than the Cancer people usually are, as denoted by Mercury. You are quite changeable and often have a strong desire to change your business or location, or both; you are fond of parties, dances, amusements, etc.; you are very popular with the gentlemen and marriage will be average fortunate for you.

A TALE OF HEARTS.

It began when Harry and Louise exchanged hearts. That is, everybody supposed that they exchanged, since both of them lost their own respective valvular organs, and still neither suffered from total collapse of the system together with complete stagnation of the blood. Both of the young people kept on living as naturally, if a great deal more happily, as if nothing of the sort had happened, and after awhile they decided to form a heart partnership for life. In other words, they were married and went to live in the sweetest little flat in the world. After which they naturally desired to see all the world as happy as themselves, and as of course they acquired more knowledge about matrimony in three short months than the world had obtained in all its thousands of years of matrimonial experiments they were in fine condition for amateur matchmaking at the time that this story came to pass.

Each of "the innocents," as their admiring friends were in the habit of dubbing them, had an unmarried sister, and, oddly enough, both these sisters were the same age and both had conceived a violent dislike to the very idea of marriage. Alice, Harry's sister, was as pretty as a picture in one style; Chattie, Louise's sister, just as pretty in another. Both girls were sufficiently charming to have attracted to themselves a varied assortment of beaux, but neither had ever allowed herself to be more than casually swayed by the love of any man. True, Chattie sometimes thought with a kind of regretful, lingering tenderness of the man who had first asked her to marry him, seven years ago, when she had been little more than a school girl. True, Alice occasionally allowed her mind to wander affectionately in the direction of the youth with whom she had been wont to attend dancing school about the same time that Chattie was going to prayer meetings with her adolescent admirer. But these moments were few and far between with both girls; one of the strongest bonds in the friendship which existed between them was the iron-clad resolve which each had framed never to marry.

"Love? Ah, that is different," Alice was wont to say lightly, when twitted on the subject of marrying; "I may love, but marry? Me? Not in this incarnation!"

And Chattie was fond of remarking, with a careless toss of her pretty head: "When I marry pigs will fly and angels walk the earth. I shall never marry."

The friends of both girls smiled broadly at these remarks, but up to the time when "the innocents" were married there had been no signs of an approaching chance to laugh outright. But when two reckless youngsters set

Oliver Schreiner is about to pay a visit to England. Although she has published little during recent years she has not by any means been idle.

W. Clark Russell, the English novelist, has been an invalid for nearly twenty years. His tales of the sea have all been written in his London house, it having been over fifteen years since he has seen the sea.

It is understood that Dr. Nansen has decided on the title "Farthest North" for his forthcoming book. The work is to have an appendix by Captain Sverdrup, who was in sole charge of the Fram after Nansen left her.

WOMAN'S LONG HOURS.

She Tosses After Man's Day's Work Is Done.

What She Has to Contend With—Work That Sooner or Later Breaks Down Her Delicate Organism.

The great majority of women "work to live" and "live to work," and as the hands of the clock approach the hour of six, those employed in stores, offices, mills and factories, hail closing time with

"TAKE A COUPLE HOME WITH YOU."

to work to effect matrimonial engagements between their friends those said friends may well tremble, and the mischief was brewing. The slighted young men mentioned above fell in gladly with the unformulated plan, as a matter of course, and fairly haunted "the dove-cote," as the two girls somewhat sarcastically called the pretty little flat in which "the innocents" lived and quarreled. After which the girls themselves stayed away; they went no more to the dove-cote to play cards or have no time during the day to attend to personal matters.

Women, therefore, notwithstanding their delicate organism, work longer and more closely than men.

They do not promptly heed such signs as headache, backache, blues, pains in the groins, bearing-down, "all gone" feeling, nervousness, loss of sleep and appetite, whites, irregular or painful monthly periods, cold and swollen feet, etc., all symptoms of work trouble, which, if not quickly checked, will launch them in a sea of misery.

There is but one absolute remedy for all these ills. Any woman who has to earn her own living will find it profitable to keep her system fortified with this tried and true woman's friend, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which promptly removes the cause and effects a lasting cure.

We are glad to produce such letters as the following from Miss M. G. McNamee, 114 Catherine St., Utica, N. Y.: "For months I had been afflicted with that tired feeling, no ambition, no appetite, and a heavy bearing-down feeling of the uterus. I began to use Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Soon those bad feelings passed away; I began to have more ambition, my appetite improved and I gained rapidly in every way, and now I am entirely well. I advise all my friends to use the Compound, it is woman's true friend."

IN WOMAN'S CORNER.

INTERESTING READING FOR DAMES AND DAMSELS.

Some Styles for the Spring and Summer—Nervousness in Women—The Big Hat in Church—Decorations for Spring.

WE DID NOT PART as others part; And should we meet on earth no more, Yet deep and dear within my heart Some thoughts will rest a treasured store.

How oft, when weary and alone, Have I recalled each word, each look, The meaning of each varying tone, And the last parting glance we took!

Yes, sometimes even here are found Those who can touch the chords of love, And wake a glad and holy sound, Like that which fills the courts above.

It is as when a traveler hears, In a strange land, his native tongue, A voice he loved in happier years, A song which once his mother sung.

We part; the sea may roll between, While we through different climates roam; Sad days—a life—may intervene; But we shall meet again at home.

Shirt Waists of Velvet.

In the window of a men's furnishing store there hung, side by side, a dozen shirt waists. Women passing by stopped to look out of curiosity, then remained to admire. The shirt waists were of plaid velvet in every color of the rainbow. The price marked on them was \$18, but that they could be made at home for less every feminine

Singular Fish.

A short distance from New York city there exists a spring of sparkling water which abounds in the choicest mountain trout, but how they got there no one has ever been able to discover. There is nothing about these fish to mark them from others of their own sort, unless it be that their flavor is superior. They make their debut in the waters of the famous rock spring near Bellefontaine. Both the spring and its inhabitants are mysteries no one has ever been able to solve. Most springs bubble from the ground and are always supposed to have a sandy bed. This one, however, is a contradiction to the accepted rule. It gushes from a cave ten feet high and twenty feet wide, and the water is of marvelous clearness. No rain ever fell so fiercely as to even disturb its crystal-like appearance. Years of investigation have failed to disclose the facts regarding the source of the fish supply. No one has ever seen a single fish swim into the cave. Hundreds have been observed swimming out. There is nothing about them that indicates their being bred in a subterranean stream. So far as the inhabitants of that section and visitors have been able to learn, the spring is by no means the reappearance of a stream that flows into the ground somewhere else. Its source seems to be from some point far beneath the earth's surface. All this forms a natural problem, and one that is likely to remain a mystery for as many years as it has already, and no one knows how long that is.

Equal to the Emergency.

Chinese cheap labor may yet ruin New Zealand. In Otago, where there are a good many Scotchmen, a contract for road mending was awarded to the lowest bid, which was signed "McPherson." When the bidder appeared to sign the contract he was yellow and he had a pigtail. "But," said the official who met him, "your name cannot be McPherson." "All right," answered the Chinaman, "nobody catches contact in Otago unless he named Mac," and the contract was signed.

Seagull and Sparrow.

A seagull was recently seen to seize a sparrow in St. James' Park, London, which it quickly took to the water. The bird then deliberately drowned the sparrow, tipping it in over and over again, till the poor little body hung limply down, with every vestige of life fled, and then, with one gulp, it was swallowed.

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church. This is what a man has to say on this subject: "When an unfortunate individual gets behind one of these preposterous structures the preacher disappears and nothing remains but his voice. And with the hat standing against the spot where the voice is, and the modulated sentences breaking against it, how is attention to be fixed upon the sermon? The mind grows lax, the quiet and sweetness of the sanctuary tend to distraction, the hat fills the whole visible universe and involuntarily one's thoughts center upon it. It is a wonderful construction. There is a yellow rose trembling on a long stem with every movement of the wearer's head, and one begins to calculate the extent of its arc. There are bunches of feathers, disposed, apparently, with a view to preventing anything from being seen between them which ever way the hat is turned. And there are stalactites of ribbon, upright and immovable, which still further obscure the horizon. Occasionally one gets a momentary glimpse of the hand of the preacher as it is stretched out in gesticulation, but it seems a mere detached fragment uselessly beating the air. The preacher himself has disappeared as if he had never been. The only thing visible when the hat is turned for a moment is another hat of the same kind further on."

The Nervousness of Women.

Substitute salt pork and out-door exercise for caramels and patent medicines. Such in condensed form is the advice given to women by Dr. W. J. Tripp of New York, who claims that candy and drugs are the chief causes of nervous trouble among the fair sex. Dr. Tripp will not allow his patients to flatter themselves that their nervous troubles are inherited. He holds that a nervous trouble is of the nerves, and not of the blood, and cannot be transmitted.

How to Crush a Masher.

A woman's first impulse on finding that she is being annoyed by a masher is to get beyond reach of the miserable creature's impertinence. Occasionally this is impossible, or at least very difficult. This was the case not long ago when a certain young west side matron was returning home one afternoon from a shopping expedition. Her temper, in its normal condition, is of the best, but she is easily aroused. On the occasion referred to she was tired and slightly out of sorts, as a result of her tour of the shops. When about half way home she became aware that a well-dressed blackguard of the usual sort had seated himself beside her. She was not aware of his existence until his insolence aroused her from a reverie. It was the last straw. Quick as a flash, she struck him in the face with a shopping bag, much to the astonishment and terror of the mild-mannered man who sat opposite. The masher lost no time in leaving the car, and in a few minutes the young wife was at home, where, the tension being relieved, she indulged in that most luxurious of luxuries, "a good cry."

Not less effective, though not quite so vigorous, was the method adopted by a cool-headed young woman who was waiting for a Wabash avenue car. She was accosted by a stranger, who, with what he doubtless regarded as an irresistible smile, said: "Ah! you were waiting for me, were you not?" Though somewhat startled by the unexpected address, the girl did not lose her presence of mind. Carefully adjusting a pair of eyeglasses on her petite nose, she looked at him steadily, and replied:

"Are you the Wabash avenue car?"

The masher's face fell, and as the girl continued to look him full in the face he slunk away.

Sleeves Safely Left Plain.

Though many a bodice takes military finish from braiding or cord trimming, the fashion of this sort of ornamentation has gone far beyond "husary" effects, and skirts and bodices are seen trimmed in the most elaborate designs with silk cord. The front and back of a handsome gown of this kind are shown herewith, the material being a dark-green suiting, and the silk cord was black. Deeply plaited at the back, the skirt had three rows of gathers in front and the jacket's edges and collar were banded with passementerie. The plain sleeves were unusual, for women's shoulders are almost invariably covered with small puffs or with something of a similar outline, and the severe coat sleeve is rarely acceptable. It will be readily seen from this picture, however, that the

beholder knew. One of the waists was a brilliant cardinal plaided with black. Another was emerald and black, separated by tiny stripes of scarlet. Still another was ultramarine, plaided with a paler shade of blue and tiny stripes of yellow. The sleeves were made precisely alike. The sleeves were a full bishop to the wrist. The waist was gathered front and back, and the front had a double bow placket. A rim of gold braid, with gold buckles, made the belt. Though it sounds incongruous, it is a fact that linen collars and cuffs are worn with these velvet waists.

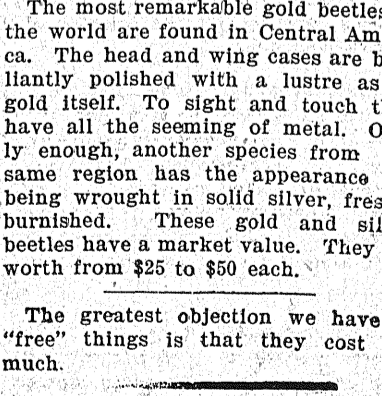
Decorations for Spring.

There is probably not a woman living who does not feel a desire, as the spring approaches, to alter and improve the appearance of her house—to add something new and attractive to its decorations, and give an appearance of freshness to all about her. If there is too much sombreness about the draperies of her rooms, she wants to relieve that effect by adding to or substituting for them something more in keeping with the glad season. Dealers generally in Chicago have provided well for the ration of this way, and are on display in the stores some exquisite creations, both of foreign and domestic weaves, the French, conceals having strong rivals in the home products that are creeping up little by little to the distinction of beauty possessed by those that come from across the water. The colorings are artistic and in accord with the latest decorative demands. Reds, yellows and greens be-

Gold and Silver Beetles.

The most remarkable gold beetles in the world are found in Central America. The head and wing cases are brilliantly polished with a lustre as of gold itself. To sight and touch they have all the seeming of metal. Oddly enough, another species from the same region has the appearance of being wrought in solid silver, freshly burnished. These gold and silver beetles have a market value. They are worth from \$25 to \$50 each.

The greatest objection we have to "free" things is that they cost so much.



SEE THAT THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF EVERY BOTTLE OF CASTORIA

Chas. H. Fletcher

IS ON THE WRAPPER OF EVERY BOTTLE OF CASTORIA

Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of Infants and Children.

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. **NOT NARCOTIC.**

Recipe of *OLD DR. SAMUEL PITCHER*

Pumpkin Seed -
Licorice -
Rhubarb -
Sage -
Sassafras -
Sulphur -
Turpentine -
Wormwood -
Wheatgrass -
Wheatgrass -
Wheatgrass -

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and **LOSS OF SLEEP.**

Fac-Simile Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* **NEW YORK.**

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." See that you get **C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.**

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASS CITY ENTERPRISE.

An independent newspaper. Published every Thursday at the ENTERPRISE PRINTING HOUSE, Sugar Street, Cass City, Tuscola Co., Michigan.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION: One year, \$1.00; six months, 50c.; three months, 25c., strictly in advance.

Advertisements. All changes of advertisements must be sent to this office **NO LATER** than Wednesday noon of each week, else they can not be inserted in that week's issue. Reasonable rates are charged for display advertisements. Local notices in our paid local column are five cents per line for first insertion. Notices of festivals, lectures, concerts and all entertainments of a money-making character are 25 cents a line. Resolutions of respect are charged for at the rate of one dollar for each insertion. Cards of thanks are twenty-five cents for each insertion.

The wide circulation of the ENTERPRISE in the counties of Tuscola, Huron and Sanilac, makes it a valuable advertising medium.

A. A. P. McDOWELL, Proprietor.

OUR MOTTO: PERSEVERANCE, PROGRESS AND PATRIOTISM.

HAPS AND MISHAPS!

As Told by the Enterprise's Corps of Correspondents

All the Chat-Chat From the Country Round About Briefly Told For Busy Readers.

SNIDE'S CORNERS.

James Karr is suffering with the rheumatism.

Jack Lemnyon is visiting friends in Brookfield.

We enjoyed a very pleasant evening at the Farmer's Club held at John Battle's last Thursday.

We can boast of three young men in our neighborhood who are going to cast their first vote at the coming spring election.

Archie Karr and wife have returned from Elkton, Archie having finished his lumber job in which he has been engaged the past winter.

KINGSTON.

Dan Roy is on the sick list - la grippe.

Geo. Calder has given up his blacksmith shop here.

Mrs. L. M. Holmes made a business trip to Detroit last week.

F. J. Gifford and A. Durkee transacted business in Caro Wednesday.

A. Durkee attended the funeral of Geo. Seaman at North Branch last week.

John G. Veit and Mrs. John Veit, Jr., have gone to New York City where John Veit, Jr., has been engaged for some time past.

HOLBROOK.

Sugar making has begun.

Mrs. Laing has moved in Thos. Russell's house.

A new arrival at Barney Hill's. It's a boy.

Miss Bessie Ferguson, of Memphis, is visiting friends at this place.

David Jeneraux has traded his farm in this place for one south of Cass City.

Augustus Matt is moving on the place where Charles Hill lived for the past few years.

Henry Greenleaf and Miss Addie Barnes were united in marriage on Wednesday, March 10, by Rev. T. D. Barnes. We wish them a happy journey through life.

ARGYLE.

John McPhail was in Tyro on Saturday.

Fred Daro and wife were in Cass City on Tuesday.

NOKO.

Almost a blizzard Sunday.

Mrs. Foster still continues very low.

P. J. Deem, of Hibon, was a caller here Monday.

Mr. Stevens, of Snover, paid a visit to our burg Friday.

D. McPherson, who has been quite ill for the past six months, is still on the decline.

Peter Fox is getting out the frame for a barn which he intends putting up this spring.

Our merchant is still adding to his stock and intends putting in a line of dry goods in the spring.

Farmers are busy around here these days cutting wood and making necessary preparations for spring.

Wm. L. Lewis, who has been acting as juror at the last session of court at Sanilac Centre, has returned home.

PINNEBOG.

Henry Riddle lost a valuable cow last week.

Eggs are only 10 cents per dozen in our burg.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Williams, a boy.

Last Sunday was the roughest day we have had this winter.

A number of our young folks took in the social on the centre line Wednesday.

There are five persons trying to get the appointment of postmaster of our place.

Geo. Miller, from the sand plains, has hired to Joe Williams for the summer.

Two of John Kerr's children have diphtheria. Dr. Sellers has them in his care.

Quite a number from our school will take in the examination at Bad Axe this month.

Business was so pressing that your scribe forgot to send the news last week till it was too late.

Henry Harrison has started out with his clover huller. Some of our farmers are anxiously waiting for him.

Travelling agents say that Richard Wagner sells more goods than any single business man in Huron county.

ELLINGTON.

Mrs. Julius Oosterie is still sick, but is getting a little better.

Three weeks more and the annual township meeting will be here.

The telephone was put into D. Gould's store last week, ready for service.

F. E. Manley's little child that was so sick a short time ago is all right again.

J. F. Brook will raise a new barn this week. E. J. Balch is the carpenter.

Karl Bailey went with Gny Baker last week to Denmark where he visited until Tuesday.

Owing to the bad weather the entertainment Friday night was lightly attended. Receipts, \$1.00.

Fred H. Orr intends having a stone wall built under his house this spring on his farm in Ellington.

ELMWOOD.

Leander Morse is on the sick list.

Henry Dodge is making maple syrup.

Mrs. Geo. Compton is quite ill with lagrippe.

Miss Mary Jackson will return to her home in Canada this week.

Hiram Guilds is suffering with a broken leg. Caused by a rolling log.

The will be a Union caucus held at the Bingham school house March 27.

The Episcopal Ladies' Aid will meet at W. W. Hargrave's March 18th and serve dinner.

B. Webster, of Huron county, visited at L. Pardo's and R. Webster's last week.

Melvin Pardo moved to Huron county instead of Ellington, as was reported last week.

H. D. Seeley has hired his grand son, Frank Seeley, to assist him on the farm the coming season.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Jackson entertained a company of friends Thursday evening, March 11th.

The many friends of Ned Johnston and Mary Gage will be pleased to learn they are making rapid progress in their studies at Flint.

At the Union Silver caucus held March 13th, the following ticket was placed in nomination:—Supervisor, Henry Dodge; clerk, Anthony Toohy; treasurer, Fred Hawkins; highway commissioner, Fardy Bedore; school inspector, Nelson Perry; justice of peace, John Anyon; board of review, Reeder Odell.

CLIFFORD.

A new doctor in town.

A regular blizzard last Sunday.

Mrs. Teeple is numbered with the sick.

W. N. Merrill and wife, of Saginaw, are in town for a few days.

Mrs. R. S. Mitchell has returned from a visit with friends at Cass City.

The Lapeer County Teachers' Association was held here last Saturday with a good attendance.

Elder Tree, of Marlette, a former pastor of the Baptist church here, will preach at that church next Sunday at 2:30 p. m.

Mrs. Miller, state agent for the I. O. O. F., was in town in the interest of that order Saturday and filled the pulpit at the Baptist Church on Sunday evening and delivered an able address to a fair sized audience that was much appreciated by those who heard it.

Z. E. Minard, of Detroit, was in town last week and rented the Clifford House of which he will take possession next month. Landlord Jacobs, who has catered to the public there for some years, has not yet decided where he will next locate.

Rev. Lewis, who has been pastor of the M. E. church here this conference year, has decided to take a rest and moved his family to Leonard last Tuesday where he will embark in the mercantile trade. The change is a much needed one for Mr. Lewis as he has for some years done hard service in his Master's vineyard and his health demands a rest.

We have many kinds, but only one—Brant's Cough Balsam—that we can conscientiously recommend.

"It is the best I ever used."

Charles K. Farmer, Pipestone, Mich. We warrant it—25 cents.

Sold by T. H. Fritz, druggist.

WANTED—FAITHFUL MEN OR WOMEN TO TRAVEL for responsible established houses in Michigan. Salary \$75 and expenses. Position permanent. Reference. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. The National Star Insurance Bldg., Chicago. 11-25-26

Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDEBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their \$1.00 price offer and new list of one thousand inventions wanted.

OUR NEW STOCK

has arrived comprising the best patterns from the leading manufacturers. I buy most of my paper from the manufacturer; therefore get the newest patterns. We can furnish any kind or style of paper that is made on short notice and at prices lower for new stock than ever before. My stock of Window Shades is unexcelled. I invite you to see for yourself.

T. H. FRITZ.

The extensive increase in my business demands more attention than I am personally able to assume. I am therefore compelled to add more in capacity to my business in order to supply my patronage with more convenience. Having therefore located branch departments at Gage town and Argyle Center, under the management of good competent men, with a full line of stock and funeral carriages ready and convenient on short notice. My stock in Cass City is now enlarged and my business will be conducted as in the past.

A. A. McKenzie.

BRANCH HOUSES:—
Gagetown,—David Ashley.
Argyle Center,—John McPhail.

VICK'S VEGETABLE GUIDE 1897

Standard Seed and Plant Catalogue, Contains all that's New and Good. Always Reliable.

THE GUIDE and Your Choice One packet either Wonderful Branching Aster, New Japan Morning Glory or Pansy Choice mixed for 15c. Two packets 25c., three packets 30c. Full retail price 45c.

Vick's Illustrated Monthly Magazine which tells how to grow Plants, Flowers and Vegetables, and is up to date on these subjects, for 3 months, the Guide and One packet of Seeds (named above) for 25 cents.

When ordering state where you saw this adv. and we will send a packet of Choice Flower Seeds free.

JAMES VICK'S SONS, ROCHESTER, N. Y.

VICK'S ILLUSTRATED MONTHLY MAGAZINE

You Dye in 30 Minutes

...with Tonk's French Dyes. Different from other dyes. Dye cotton permanently as wool. Carpets, Dresses, Capes and Clothing of all kinds made to look like new for a few cents in your own home. So simple that a child can do the work. Over 50 colors, 10 cents per package, which will color from one to four pounds of goods.

Feel Out of Sorts Do You?

...your liver and digestive organs need stirring up. Tonk's Vegetable Pills act on the liver, cure constipation and biliousness. Only one pill at bed-time will make you feel better—a few doses cure.

Tonk's French Dye's and Tonk's Liver Pills are sold by...

T. H. Fritz, MICH. CASS CITY.

Manufactured by **FRENCH DYE CO., Vassar, Mich.**

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RATES ALWAYS LOW AS THE LOWEST. SERVICE ALWAYS GOOD AS THE BEST. EXPERIENCED TRAVELERS ALWAYS USE THE O. C.

THE ONLY THROUGH CAR LINE BETWEEN DETROIT, TOLEDO AND SPRINGFIELD, TOLEDO, COLUMBUS AND CHARLESTON; COLUMBUS, FINDLAY AND CHICAGO; TOLEDO, BOWLING GREEN AND CINCINNATI; COLUMBUS AND MARIETTA.

ALWAYS CONVEY WITH OHIO CENTRAL.

AGENTS ON ADDRESS: **MOULTON HOUK, GUYTON, PA.** **TOLEDO, OHIO.**

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For the most valuable contribution to the literature of the world since the production of the Bible. The Great Work of the Great Thinkers, Famous Orators, Renowned Scholars, Wise Writers and ENVESTIGATORS of the 19th Century.

In all the range of literature there is not another book like

THE PEOPLE'S BIBLE HISTORY

In this book alone can be found the information sought by every Bible reader, whether old or young, scholarly or unlettered. It is, indeed, a great work.

Recent discoveries in archeology have brought the world of today face to face with the men who lived, and acted, and wrote during the early periods covered by Bible history. These discoveries have resulted in the triumphant vindication of the sacred volume from the charges brought against it by open foes and pretended friends. Every intelligent person will consider this book as the matter contained in it is of vital importance and cannot be found in any other book on earth.

Write for descriptive and beautifully illustrated pamphlet circular. Address **THE HENRY O. SHEPARD CO., 212-214 Monroe St. CHICAGO.**

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain, free, whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Oldest agency for securing patents in America. We have a Washington office. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms \$3.00 a year; \$1.00 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK ON PATENTS sent free. Address **MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York.**

Do you want To Buy a Farm? To Sell a Farm? To Exchange Farms? To Rent a Farm? To Exchange a House and Lot? To Buy or sell ANYTHING IN REAL ESTATE.

Then List it With **McKenzie & Co.**

CASS CITY, MICH.

Who have a large number of BARGAINS already listed. See them.

To Exchange.

200 Acre farm in Deerfield Twp., Livingston county, five miles from Fenton. Thirty acres green timber, good brick cottage and out-buildings, remainder of farm improved. To exchange for property in vicinity of Cass City.

80 Acre farm in Grant Twp., 57 acres improved, good buildings, orchard, 3/4 miles from good school; to exchange for improved forty or village property.

Good residence property in Cass City to exchange for forty acre farm.

For Sale.

80 or 160 Acres within one mile of Cass City.

80 Acre farm, four miles from Cass City, good brick house, orchard and on Main road. A bargain.

CASTORIA

The fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper.

Central Meat Market.

Meats of all kinds nicely served.

Stock bought for eastern markets

Schwaderer Bros., Props.

DELICIOUS DESSERTS can be made from NONE SUCH Since Meat.

Plum Pudding, Mince Pie, Fruit Cake.

Recipe on every package. Your great ally is **MERRELL-SOULE CO., Syracuse, N. Y.**

PORTIAC, OXFORD & NORTHERN R. R.

Trains on Central Standard Time.

Table with columns: STATIONS, GOING SOUTH, GOING NORTH. Lists train schedules for various stations including Detroit, Pontiac, and Cass City.

*Flag stations. Train stop only on signal. Trains No. 5 will run Monday, Wednesday and Friday...

Cass City and Caro STAGE & LINE.

J. S. DUNHAM PROP. GOING WEST: Leaves Cass City, 9 A. M. Arrives at Caro, 6 P. M.

FRANKLIN'S DETROIT MICH HOUSE. Our Bates and Larned Sts. Most convenient and central location. Care for every part of the city plus the door at short intervals.

10 CENTS In Stamps or Silver will secure a copy of GARDEN SPOTS OF THE SOUTH. One hundred page book, descriptive of resources and capabilities of the soil contiguous to the line of the LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD...

Excursions TO POINTS SOUTH. On the first and third Tuesday of each month at about half rates, and one-way tickets at one and a half cents per mile.

New Opening WEST END MEAT MARKET. has opened up under new management and solicits your trade. Fresh Meats, Sausage, Bologna, Oysters, Etc., Etc.

Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple idea for a new invention? Write JOHN WEDDINGTON & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C. for their \$1000 prize offer and new list of one thousand inventions wanted.

A CASE IN POINT

Showing Lack of Knowledge in Treating Disease by Many Physicians—Also the Efficacy of

Dr. WHEELER'S NERVE VITALIZER

It would be unjust to say all physicians are ignorant of the proper method of treating nervous diseases, but it is a fact that a large proportion of them are not qualified. This statement is based on facts presented every day.

"Dr. Wheeler's Nerve Vitalizer has benefited my wife more than the twenty or more doctors who have treated her for years." These are the words of J. Blake, Shelby, Mich.

Societies.

I. O. F. COURT ELKANAH, No. 328, I. O. F. meets on the 2nd and 4th Tuesdays of each month in the hall in the Campbell block, at 7:30 p. m. Visiting brethren are cordially invited.

Professional Cards.

I. A. FRITZ, DENTIST. All work done equal to the best. It is my aim to make the patient comfortable and to give the best results for the least expense.

CASS CITY BANK.

Auten, Scoley & Blair, Props. Established 1882. A general banking business transacted. Money loaned on Real Estate.

THE WOLVERINE Mutual Fire Insurance Company Ltd. (Incorporated.)

Insures Personal Property, Dwellings, Halls, Churches, Schools, Detached Property, in Cities and Villages and FARM PROPERTY. General Offices: Rooms 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10, Chase Block, 114 N. Washington Ave.

NERVE NAILER DOES NOT DRUG any BEING part of the system but cures by removing the cause. S. H. HITCHCOCK, S. H. HITCHCOCK, S. H. HITCHCOCK.

WEST ELMWOOD.

Bertie Schriber was at Cass City on the 13th. Mr. and Mrs. Frank Guiles were in Caro on the 10th.

John L. Winchester and wife were in Caro the 9th. Wm. Fitzgerald tapped his sugar bush the past week.

Edmond McCreedy and Thomas Welch traded horses on the 9th. Mrs. Elizabeth Nagle is on the sick list. Dr. Ryan, of Caro, is attending her.

The silver party of Elmwood met at the Fournia school house March 13th, and placed in nomination the officers for the ensuing year.

No preaching at Sunshine school house Sunday on account of the blustering weather. Don't be faint-hearted brothers, it will never do.

Miss Pearl Hobart is instructing a class in the art of stenography. We understand she expects to secure a class both at Gagetown and Cass City.

E. Hobart had the misfortune to run a snag in the bottom of one of his horses feet while skidding logs in the Columbia swamp. Vet. Orr is treating the wound.

James Wright has secured a house in Cass City and expects to take possession in about two weeks. He intends to work at his trade, painting and paper hanging.

The young people in this vicinity have kept up their singing school since Prof. Gould left them. Much credit is due their leaders for the interest they manifest in the work.

Hiram Guiles had the misfortune to get one of his legs broken in two places while loading logs in the woods. Dr. Graves, of Caro, reduced the fracture and he is doing as well as could be expected at this writing.

The M. P. Ladies' Aid met at the home of Mrs. Wm. Schriber March 10th. A good substantial dinner was served to the members and some fifteen visitors. Financial benefit to the aid \$3.50 and \$1.80 was added to their building fund by those present.

WEST GRANT.

The sick are convalescing in our burg. S. O. Sharrard, of this place, attended lodge in Cass City Saturday evening.

W. G. Hodges and family, of Detroit, will settle in their residence in this burg next week.

The wind on the 14th worked faithfully all day decking snow, which made travel and meetings a subject out of question.

Our little burg we call West Grant is quite dull at present and has been for some time. Wake up, ye backward youths and create some excitement.

Wood fees are quite numerous at present. On Friday the 12th, Messrs. Heron and Cooley had their crew; Monday Mr. McCauley, and Tuesday Messrs. McDonald, McVicar and McPhee. We can not state any later this week but think there are others.

A great many of our farmers ask the question if early lambs pay. We would say they do, providing you have a good comfortable place to keep them. W. J. Williamson, among several others, has a large flock of lambs already this spring and has had good luck so far. They will be on deck for the early market and good prices.

The Grant and Elkland Farmer's Club held at Mr. Battle's, on the evening of the 11th, was well attended as usual. Interesting discussions on different subjects were had as well as a good programme and supper, after which all adjourned and went to their homes happy, amid a heavy shower of snow as it fell fast and thick. The next regular meeting will be held at Jno. Marshall's, on April the 15th.

From Cripple Creek. After the big fire in Cripple Creek, I took a very severe cold and tried many remedies without help, but the cold only came more settled. After using three small bottles of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, both the cough and cold left me, and in this high altitude it takes a meritorious cough remedy to do any good.—G. B. Henderson, editor Daily Advertiser. For sale by T. H. Fritz.

Mama—That is the baby's picture. Doesn't he look sweet? Papa—Yes, indeed! I must go to see that photographer at once. Mama—What for? Papa—I want to find out how he got the baby to look that way.

Bilious Colic. Persons who are subject to attacks of bilious colic will be pleased to know that prompt relief may be had by taking Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and if taken as soon as the first indication of the disease appears, it will prevent the attack. For sale by T. H. Fritz.

Snobberly—Did Lord Dedbrooke put up here last week? Hotel Clerk—He did, and he didn't!

CASTORIA For Infants and Children.

WANTED—FAITHFUL MEN OR WOMEN TO travel for responsible establishments in Michigan. Salary \$78 and expenses. Position permanent. Reference. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. The National Star Insurance Bldg., Chicago. 11-25-20.

CASTORIA.

The famous signature of Dr. H. H. HITCHCOCK. is on every wrapper.

A LONG INSIDE PASSAGE.

Navigating the Ocean Among Thousands of Islands. Whatever may be said—and much can be—of the beauties of the Alaskan coast, it is not inviting to the seafaring man, and especially the master who is taking a ship by the inside route from Puget sound to Sitka or Juneau for the first time, a feat, so it is claimed, impossible of accomplishment by a continuous voyage save through the assistance of a good pilot.

This passage-way—formed by the mainland coasts of British Columbia and Alaska and a chain of islands ranging in length from 5 to 250 miles—is from 100 yards to several miles in width. The channels proper are of unusual depth. In places from 300 to 400 fathoms of water are frequently found. From the smooth, glassy surface ledges and reefs, assassins of the sea, lurk, ready to send some ship, humanity laden, to the bottom. In those waters the lead is supplanted by whistle echoes from the land, this being the only method during a fog by which the captain or pilot guides his vessel along a safe way.

Old sea captains say there is no water course in the world where in unfavorable weather such skill is required as to guide a ship via the channels on a voyage from the sound and return, the round trip to Sitka being more than half the distance of the voyage across the Atlantic. The Pacific Coast Steamship company's vessels coasting to Alaska are always manned with two pilots each in the winter and spring and are never without one pilot. With at least one of this company's vessels now running in Alaska the captains themselves served an apprenticeship of many years as piloting.

The outside passage, the one by the open ocean, is seldom used, on account of the unfavorable winds which prevail for a distance of over 50 miles out to sea, rendering a vessel's progress much slower, to say nothing of the danger of ships being caught in a gale and driven ashore. With the danger from wreck almost eliminated by the employment of professional pilots, the inside passage is rendered a most delightful voyage, as it abounds in beautiful scenery and is free from winds.—Seattle Post-Intelligencer.

FEATHERED DRUNKARDS.

Shocking Depravity on the Part of Birds Witnessed by Andrew Lang. A queer story is told by Mr. Andrew Lang. The incident came under his own notice and occurred under the bridge over the Lochy, below the Ben Nevis Long John distillery. From this tale it is obvious that animals are only sober from lack of wit to obtain alcohol.

That establishment disgorges into a burn a quantity of refuse, no doubt alcoholic. When we crossed the bridge in the morning to fish, the ducks from the farm opposite were behaving in a drunken and disorderly manner—flying, beating the water, diving, spluttering and greedily devouring the stuff from the distillery. Their antics were funny, but vulgar. By 2 o'clock we found the ducks sleeping off the effects of their debauch. We awakened them, and they all staggered eagerly to a bucket of water, from which they quenched the torments of thirst. A small sea bird behaved in a still more deplorable way. He dived into the Lochy from the top of the fatal intoxicating burn, nor could pebbles judiciously thrown at him induce him to take the wing. He tried to dive, making efforts comic and unsuccessful. After drifting through the bridge I regret to say that he returned to the burn and "took a cup of kindness yet," getting all the more intoxicated and drifting back in a yet more deplorable condition. What a lesson, we said, is this to mankind, who, after all, need not speak of their boasted reasonableness! The wild and tame things of stream and ocean are as unwise as we.

One Way Settler's Tickets.

Agents of Ohio Central Lines are selling One Way Settler's Tickets to points in Virginia, North and South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Tennessee and Kentucky at greatly reduced rates. Call on Agents for full particulars. Tickets are on sale the first and third Tuesday of each month. May 17.

For speakers, asthma, bronchitis, consumption, catharral troubles Pine Root Cough Syrup excels. Every bottle is guaranteed. Large bottles for 50c. Sold by T. H. Fritz.

The small boy who goes to school with the buttons on his clothes, his face and hands clean, and his hair neatly combed, with a pocket handkerchief in his pocket, has left a mother at home that takes pride in her boy.

Was the Indians' friend; So it is Yours. PINE ROOT COUGH SYRUP Cures. Large bottles 50c. Every bottle positively guaranteed. Sold by T. H. Fritz.

He—I never knew just what to think about pug dogs. She—What is your difficulty? He—I can't tell whether they think they are good looking, or whether they are merely vain of their ugliness.

Are you a Cold in One Day? Take Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup, the best cough remedy on earth. 25 and 50 cts. All Druggists.

CASTORIA.

The famous signature of Dr. H. H. HITCHCOCK. is on every wrapper.

W. A. FAIRWEATHER

Wishes to announce that he he has just received another large consignment of Dry Goods. Beautiful line of Dress Goods, Linens, Silks, Laces, Embroideries, Outings Cottonades, Cottons, Toweling, Prints, Ladies' Belts, Lace Curtains, Portieres, Ticking.

Underwear, Hosiery, Men's Socks, Shirts, Pants, Overalls, Collars, Cuffs, Ties, Handkerchiefs, Etc.

LARGEST and most complete line of up-to-date goods in the Thumb of Michigan. No old chestnuts to show you. Our entire stock is new and no pains have been spared to make selections, which the trade already appreciated by giving us a good portion of their patronage. One of our customers after going through our mammoth stock, one line seemed as attractive as the other." Such remarks show that solid reasons exist for our increased business and that the extraordinary efforts we put forth to get-together attractive goods are bearing everlasting fruit.

We want Every DOLLAR of your Dry Goods trade if we can get it, and will try for it on the basis of Low Prices, Prompt Attention, and Courteous Treatment. It will be a pleasure to welcome you to our store at any and all times.

Remember We carry a Complete line of DRY GOODS and GROCERIES. Prompt attention given to mail orders. Butter and Eggs Wanted

Our Clubbing List. We have been fortunate enough to secure terms with a number of first-class periodicals so that we can give the rates mentioned below to all new subscribers and old ones who pay one year in advance.

Table listing clubbing rates for various publications: ENTERPRISE and Twice-a-week Detroit Free Press, one year... \$1.70; ENTERPRISE and "Everywhere" (Will Careltons paper) one year... 1.40; ENTERPRISE and Thrice-a-week New York World... 1.75; ENTERPRISE, Word and Works and Hicks Almanac for '97... 1.80; ENTERPRISE and National Recorder... 1.50; ENTERPRISE and Detroit Twice-a-week Journal, one year... 1.70; ENTERPRISE and Pt. Huron Times... 1.85; ENTERPRISE and Scientific American... 3.00; ENTERPRISE, Toronto Mail (or Empire)... 1.50; ENTERPRISE and Farm and Fireside until Jan. '98... 1.50; ENTERPRISE and Michigan Farmer... 1.60; ENTERPRISE and Toronto Mail, Saturday edition, illustrated... 2.10; ENTERPRISE and Reviews of Reviews... 3.25; ENTERPRISE and Christian Endeavor... 1.25; ENTERPRISE and Dumb Animals... 1.25.

Dangers of the Grip.

The greatest danger from La Grippe is of its resulting in pneumonia. If reasonable care is used, however, and Chamberlain's Cough Remedy taken, all danger will be avoided. Among the tens of thousands who have used this remedy for La Grippe, we have yet to learn of a single case having resulted in pneumonia, which shows conclusively that this remedy is a certain preventative of that dread disease. It will effect a permanent cure in less time than any other treatment. The 25 and 50 cent sizes for sale by T. H. Fritz.

Home-seekers' Excursion.

The G. T. Ry. system will sell excursion tickets to a great many southern and western points at one fare plus \$2 for the round trip. The tickets sold only to start on January 4, 5, 18, 19, February 1, 2, 15, 16, March 1, 2, 15, 16, April 5, 6, 19, 20. Good returning within 21 days. Also one way cheap settlers excursion tickets, south on sale from Port Huron the first and third Tuesdays in each month up to and including May '97 at very low rates. For full particulars call or write to agent. C. R. CLARKE, 917 Military street or tunnel station, Port Huron.

We desire to call the attention of our readers to our announcement, in another column, of an arrangement by which we offer The Michigan Farmer and The Enterprise, both one year for \$1.60. The Michigan Farmer has lately added four pages to its regular weekly issue, making it twenty pages each week, which is filled with practical and timely articles on all branches of farming. All of the reading matter is set "solid" that is, the lines of type are placed closely together so that a page will contain as much reading as a page and a half of the ordinary run of farm papers. The market reports alone are worth the price of both papers, as they are very complete and thoroughly reliable. The publishers of The Michigan Farmer always stop their paper when a subscription expires unless they receive an order for a renewal. A free sample copy will be sent to any address by writing The Michigan Farmer, Detroit, Mich., or calling at our office. The Enterprise will continue to give you all the news, local and foreign. Can you afford to miss this opportunity?

Home-seekers' Excursions.

Agents of Ohio Central Lines are authorized to sell Home-seekers' excursion Tickets to points in the states named the first and third Monday and Tuesday of each month as follows: January 4, 5, 18 and 19, February 1, 2, 15 and 16, March 1, 2, 15 and 16, April 5, 6, 19 and 20, May 3, 4, 17 and 18, 1897. Tickets will be sold to points in Alabama, Arkansas, Arizona, Colorado, Florida, Georgia, Indian Territory, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Minnesota, Mississippi, Nebraska, New Mexico, North Carolina, North Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Virginia, Wisconsin and Wyoming. Rate, one fare for round trip, plus \$2.00, good 21 days. 15-MAY 1897

We Will Send You the

THE MICHIGAN FARMER and THE CASS CITY ENTERPRISE

BOTH ONE-YEAR FOR ONLY \$1.60.

You can find no Agricultural paper that will give you as much solid, practical matter devoted to the farm as The Michigan Farmer with its 20 pages filled each week with article from the most practical and successful farmers in the country.

The market reports are as complete and reliable as time and money can make them. Send direct to The Michigan Farmer, Detroit, Mich., for a free sample copy. Address all orders for subscription to CASS CITY ENTERPRISE.

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TWEEN THE LAKES.

MICHIGAN NEWS RECORDED IN NEWS FOR MICHIGANDERS.

A Chapter of Accidents and Interesting Happenings in All Parts of the State -Port Huron Policeman Shot Three Times by a Burglar.

Serious Floods in Michigan.

The ice in St. Clair river broke away at Marine City taking one of Alger, Smith & Co.'s rafts down the river until it struck solid ice, forming a gorge of ice and logs 20 feet high.

The force of the gorge was terrible, pulling up piles and snapping large chains like twine.

The rains and ice gorges raised the water in Grand River at Portland, until it is as high as during the recent flood.

The Clinton river is swollen higher at Utica than it has been for 50 years.

In some places on the highway the water is two feet deep. Many trees are destroyed by the torrent and some buildings are entirely surrounded by water.

The heavy rains flooded the Michigan Central depot at Ann Arbor and the newly macadamized street was washed out.

The Huron river is higher than ever before, and it is feared that the dam will give away.

The small creeks tributary to the river overflowed causing some damage.

The Michigan Central track in the western part of the city is covered by about a foot of water.

The old grist mill was destroyed by high water at Medina and was carried down the stream.

Reports of high waters and considerable resulting damage come from a number of other points, including Ypsilanti and Rawsonville.

At the latter place the river cut a new channel and 40 feet of earth on the bank was carried away.

The saw mill and old wooden mill were undermined to such an extent that the former toppled over into the torrent and the latter is in great danger.

The Kalamazoo river reached the highest notch in years. Many houses in Kalamazoo was surrounded, some being filled half way to the eaves.

Invincible material was carried to higher ground or placed on house tops. One street was badly damaged by the flood.

Many houses are reached only by boats.

Amsten & Weden's woolen mill at Cornum is a wreck, a large portion of the structure having one down the river.

The firm moved all the valuables out just in time. The loss is \$2,000.

The Pigeon river went on the rampage, flooding highways, fields, orchards and flats about Casewille.

There was three feet of water over Hayes' bridge.

In the village of Pigeon all the streets except Main were flooded.

The Hotel Heasty yard, cellars and stables were under from one to three feet of water.

Grave fears were entertained for the safety of Flach & Conley's dam above Casewille.

In the event of its breaking, the Pontiac, Oxford & Northern railroad bridge would be in great danger.

Policeman's Battle With Burglars.

While making his rounds Policeman Richard Kerwin, of Port Huron, discovered the back door of Penner's saloon open and went in to investigate.

He was reaching up to turn the lights on when some one behind the bar shot at him three times, each bullet taking effect.

Kerwin drew his revolver and fired four shots at the burglar, but could not tell whether any of the shots struck or not.

The burglar escaped through the back door, although Kerwin made a plucky attempt to stop him.

Kerwin managed to get to the Grand Trunk hotel. Doctors found that one ball entered Kerwin's right arm, just below the elbow, another pierced his thigh.

While the third struck his left leg, near his heart and glanced off, leaving only a slight flesh wound. He will recover.

Sad Human Wreck—Caused by Drink.

Henry Monroe was sent to Jackson prison from Owosso, for two years on the charge of larceny.

Monroe was released from the Ionia house of correction but a few days before, after serving a two-year sentence on a similar charge.

Two years ago he was a prosperous furniture dealer in the village of Byron and owned a comfortable home that was made doubly attractive by a loving wife and two children.

But he lost business, home, family and friends through drink, and became a miserable outcast.

Marshal Win. Hare, of Kalamazoo, was called before the council to answer charges of allowing the gambling and liquor laws to be violated.

Bert Davis, an anti-saloon leader, said that he called attention to violations, but Hare took no action.

James O'Connor, of Sauiac Center, for violating the liquor law, was sentenced to pay a fine of \$200 and spend three months in jail.

Mother and Son Drowned in the Floods.

Fred Harrington and his mother drove into the raging river four miles northeast of Richmond in the dark, and before assistance could reach them, they were drowned.

They lived at Marysville and had driven to Romeo to look over some farm lands. They were returning via the Gratiot road and drove in where the water was at least 12 feet deep.

The horse was taken out alive and the body of Mrs. Harrington was recovered the next morning.

Mrs. Harrington was about 60 years of age and Fred 37. He was married two months ago.

THE TWO PENINSULAS.

J. H. Wallborn died at Akron, O., from injuries received in a collision on the A. & C. road.

Fifty men have gone from Otisville to Lexington, to take the place of the striking freight handlers.

The flats and fair grounds at Ionia, were flooded by the high water and the wagon works had to shut down.

The council of Lansing has authorized the use of the Abbott voting machine at the spring election, April 5.

Scarlet fever is epidemic in Petoskey and over a dozen houses are under quarantine. Schools may be closed.

Miss Eva Tibbetts, of Shepherd, the sole care of 80-year-old father, has become insane and was taken to the Traverse City asylum.

The Winthrop iron mine at Ishpeming, of which Senator Mark Hanna is half owner, will resume work with several hundred men.

The farm residence of Thomas Maxwell, near Lawton, was destroyed by fire at 3 a. m., the family barely escaping with their lives.

Bay county supervisors passed a resolution urging the state legislature to pass the bill to require railroads to carry bicycles as baggage.

The Ladies' Library association, of Northville, has more than 2,000 volumes upon its shelves. The ladies are hustling for a new building.

The trial of J. H. S. Holmes who shot and killed Motorman Johnson at Grand Rapids, commences at Allegan on a charge of venue, April 20.

Nearly 300 fishermen were carried far into the Saginaw bay by the wind breaking the ice into floes, but they all succeeded in reaching shore in safety.

The state fair will probably be held in Detroit this year. Plans are being pushed for the formation of stock company to put \$75,000 into land and \$50,000 into buildings.

Farmer Bert Todd's hogs paved over a carriage box in which a box of matches had been left, igniting them. The barn and several sheds burned to the ground, near Flushing.

Farmers of Menominee county report that wildcats are killing cattle. Charles Dennis shows two large cats he killed and he says scores are roaming the region near Carbondale.

John Maynard, a Union soldier, aged 63, died at Coldwater, having become dependent when his pension was recently reduced from \$72 to \$30 per month. He was almost blind.

Muskegon has begun mandamus proceedings to recover \$10,250.25 delinquent taxes in the hand of the county treasurer. This is in accordance with a recent supreme court decision.

Port Huron police are investigating a story that in a certain cheap hotel the girls are obliged to draw their pay in the barroom and then devote some of the money to treating the loungers.

The body of William Raney, the Sarnia conductor who disappeared two months ago, at Port Huron, has been found floating in the river near the Stan-Cole dock. It is supposed that he met with an accident and fell in.

Supervisor M. W. Fairbank and wife, of Genesee, were driving near the Sharrick ditch, when the horse shied and threw both into the water. Mr. Fairbank was rendered unconscious and narrowly escaped drowning.

The March electrical storm which gave an exhibition in various portions of the state damaged every telephone line in Jackson, set fire to the exchange building and frightened the Bell Co.'s belles so badly that the curl came out of their hair.

After 10 years of idleness operations will be resumed at the Riggs copper mine in Ontonagon county, and about \$10,000 will be expended for new equipment. About 150 men will be employed. It is probable that the other idle copper mines will resume soon.

Mrs. Mary Norris, a partially blind woman, was fatally burned at Lansing. She was working in the kitchen and her clothing caught fire. She rushed into the street and thereon Winans, a milk peddler, went to her assistance and poured a can of milk over her to extinguish the flames. The flesh was so fearfully burned that it dropped from the arms, limbs and breast.

During the absence of their parents, for a few moments, a little 4-year-old daughter of James Shane got hold of some matches and lit them to amuse her 2-year-old sister. The baby was soon enveloped in flames. A 9-year-old sister, with much presence of mind, ran for the water pail and extinguished the flames, but the child was fatally burned, and died during the night.

Hattie H. Canfield, of Milwaukee, has brought two suits in the United States circuit court for the northern district of Michigan against John Canfield, the lumber and salt millionaire of Manistee. A claim is made for \$2,000,000, which, it is alleged, has been appropriated by John Canfield, as the executor of the estate of his deceased brother, who died intestate in 1871, leaving a widow and two sons, one of whom became the husband of the plaintiff and has since died.

Carl H. Brown, a D. G. R. & W. fireman living at Grand Lodge, had a leg cut off by a passenger train at Ionia.

FROM MANY POINTS.

NEW ITEMS OF VARIOUS KINDS BRIEFLY RELATED.

The Mighty Powers of "Civilized" Europe Combine to Make Plucky Little Greece Bow to the Bloody Turk and Threaten to Demolish Greece.

Crete's Fate is Sealed.

Rome: It is officially announced that the result of the poor parlors of the powers is a definite agreement not to reply to the Greek note, but to issue orders to the foreign admirals to establish an immediate blockade of Cretan ports. This agreement is somewhat in the nature of a concession by Russia and France. Russia, during the middle of last week, proposed, with France seconding the proposal, another joint note to Greece, insisting on the withdrawal of the troops, instead of an immediate resort by the powers to force.

It is thought that the simplest way to carry out the threat made in the identical note will be the blockading of the Cretan ports and the landing of forces sufficient to insure the maintenance of order, leaving future action as to the fate of Crete to later negotiations. This was the view of Russia at the outset.

London: The Daily Chronicle announces that a formal ultimatum has been delivered to Greece announcing that the blockade of Crete and of certain Greek ports. Some of the powers have decided that unless Greece yields or if she declares a war on Turkey, measures still more severe will be employed, even to the point of utterly destroying Greece as a nation.

15 PEOPLE KILLED.

Part of Train Goes Over an Embankment and the Passengers are Drowned.

The most disastrous wreck in the history of the Evansville & Terre Haute railroad occurred about 1 a. m. at a point three-quarters of a mile north of Hazelton, Ind., where the roadbed is built on an embankment. The embankment suddenly gave way and the engine, baggage car and a part of the smoker went down. Engineer Will McCutchen escaped death, but his fireman, Joe Bateman, was killed. Conductor George Sears, of Terre Haute, who was in the smoker, was also killed. It is reported that there were 15 passengers in the smoker, and that all were killed.

The recent rains had a terrible effect on the roadbed, and workmen had been getting the road in shape to travel. Where the accident occurred is a long stretch of embankment upon which is the track. This is surrounded by backwater from White river.

A later report says that it is positively known that seven persons are dead. No one in the smoker escaped, but how many were in it no one can tell. Not one of the dead bodies has been recovered. The smoker was carried several hundred yards by the flood.

Two Farmers Killed, One Dying.

A C. & W. M. freight train struck a wagonload of farmers near Zeeland, Mich., killing two and fatally injuring a third. The dead are Martin DeHann and Simon Boertje. The injured, H. A. Drieringa. Drieringa was aged 21, DeHann 28, and Boertje 21. DeHann was a widow and two children. Drieringa had several ribs broken and was injured internally and the doctors say he cannot recover. Boertje had one leg cut off, his arm and neck broken, and was dead when picked up. The two latter men were single and were on their way home after a tramp through Allegan county for work. When the accident occurred, the train was slowing down for the Zeeland stop, and it is apparent that the men thought they could get across the track before the train reached them. The wagon was utterly demolished, but the horses almost miraculously escaped without a scratch or injury.

Orville Road, aged 50, a farmer, living nine miles southwest of Marcellus, was instantly killed by lightning. He leaves a family.

M. Wallace, a pharmacist, fell from a stepladder at Fowlerville, striking upon his head and he died soon afterward. His home was at Detroit.

Charles E. Linabury, union silver candidate for school commissioner of Lapeer county, declares that since the salary of that office was placed at \$1,200 the price of commodities has decreased one-third and he pledges himself to accept only \$900 a year if elected.

The barn of B. F. Kennedy, of Butler township, Branch county, burned, including a herd of 19 Jersey cattle, two horses, 1,000 bushels of corn, several tons of hay and farming implements. It was caused by a spark from a steam feed mill. Loss \$4,000; insured for \$1,300.

Two stores, two dwelling houses and a barn, which compose about one-half of the little village of Judd's Corners, eight miles west of Flushing, were burned. The fire was beyond control when discovered. But a small part of the goods was saved. All the buildings were insured and portions of the personal property.

Harry M. Reeg's household had a strange experience at Battle Creek with March lightning. The bolt overturned a stove, emptied live coals on the floor, killed three puppies in a box, shattered a cupboard, broke every window in the house and demolished pictures and chairs. Then it ran along a clothesline to the barn, injured a horse's eyes and killed the mother of the three puppies.

The three Macabee lodges in Battle Creek pay an annual rental of \$700 and a new block for their use will probably be constructed by a stock company with \$40,000 capital.

MICHIGAN'S LEGISLATORS.

The most important action of the Senate thus far during the year was the passage of the bill to repeal the mortgage tax law. The vote stood 22 to 10 after lengthy debate.

An attempt was made to take from the table the bill requiring an educational qualification for voters, but it failed by a tie vote, 14 to 14. A resolution introduced by Senator Colman, was passed calling attention to the fact that the office of state statistician was vacant by limitation March 1 and ordering the book and papers to be turned over to the state librarian.

Considerable business was transacted in the House, the most important bills passed being as follows: (S. B. 255) Authorizing the village of Allegan to borrow money for improving dam and water power; (H. B. 1070) authorizing the township of Carrollton, Saginaw county, to borrow money for the construction of a stone road; (H. B. 96) appropriating \$22,200 for the Michigan Agricultural college; (H. B. 407) providing for the collection of highway taxes prior to March 1 when common councils so desire, so as to permit highway work to be done early in the season; (H. J. R. 11) paying to Margaret Heimes \$3,000 for the death of her son while on duty in the M. N. G. during the big miners' strike in the upper peninsula in 1905; (H. B. 287) appropriating \$56,000 for the Michigan school for the blind; (H. B. 210) providing that Wayne's jurors shall be drawn in alphabetical order, from the list of registered voters. The bill of Rep. Edgar providing for less stringent regulations for governing trust companies was passed in committee of the whole. If this bill should become a law it will break the practical monopoly of the two or three companies now in operation. The bill to create a sixth circuit judge for Wayne county was tabled in the House.

The Senate spent two hours in executive session in order to reject the governor's nominations of ex-Gov. Cyrus G. Luce for a member of the board of control of Ionia house of correction, and of Rev. Morgan L. Wood, of Detroit, for member of state board of corrections and charities. Secreey was demanded of every Senator as to the proceedings, but it is known that Senators Thompson and Lawrence, of Wayne; Covell, of Grand Traverse, and Forsyth, of Arenac, took occasion to make lengthy and heated speeches against confirming the nominations. The alleged animosity of the Senate toward the governor is regarded as the most potent factor in the action taken. The name of Milo D. Campbell, of Coldwater, was sent to the Senate by Gov. Pingree; for the position of commissioner of insurance of the state. The bill to continue State Statistician DeLand in office until 1899 was under consideration for some time in the Senate and was finally amended so as to abolish the July 1, 1897, and then passed. Still another dig was had at Gov. Pingree by the Senate passing a resolution to take from the hands of the committee on state affairs, the bill to compel the governor to make appointments promptly so as to give the Senate an opportunity to act upon them. This committee is said to be favorable to the governor, and his opponents evidently feared the committee would report the bill unfavorably. Chairman Moore protested against this insult to the committee and declared that the bill was an insult to the governor and had been so admitted by its originator, Senator Covell. There was a tilt in committee of the whole over Senator Lawrence's immigration bill, prohibiting aliens from working on public works or in public institutions, or working in any capacity in Michigan unless they declare their intention to become American citizens, those aliens now in the country being exempt from the provisions of the law. The bill was informally passed. In the committee of the whole, the Senate agreed to the bill to give the attorney-general an assistant with a salary. The Dudley beet sugar bounty bill was also agreed in committee of the whole. The House passed the customary bill to vote \$3 extra per diem to the upper peninsula members of the legislature, S. B. 87, providing for the use of the Abbott voting machine was passed by the House. The committee on labor reported favorably the Molster bill, providing that every county in the state shall have the right to employ 20 convicts from the state's institutions on roadmaking. The bill to permit trust and security companies of \$50,000 capital stock in cities of 15,000 came before the House committee of the whole. Rep. Adams tried to kill it by providing that each company must file a \$5,000,000 guarantee fund with the state treasurer. He failed, however, and the bill was referred to the judiciary committee.

Not having an opportunity to stab the governor again the Senate settled down to work for a couple of hours and passed 13 bills, the most important of which were as follows: For the appointment of a deputy attorney-general; for the incorporation of companies for the insurance of bicycles; to prohibit the killing of beaver until December 1, 1905, and providing a closed season for other fisher and marten from May to November 15 of each year; to permit respondent in criminal cases; to have the benefit of exceptions to remarks made by prosecuting attorney during the progress of a trial; repealing act of 1893 fixing salaries of state officers when it was supposed the noted salary amendments had carried. The alien labor bill which was under discussion in the Senate the day previous was sent back to the committee on immigration. There was lots of talk in the House, but the business was disposed of. The only bill of any general importance passed was one providing for tuition fees to be charged by the Michigan mining school.

The expenses of the Baird-Kerr contest were \$1,600, of which \$950 was paid for taking testimony, etc., and \$650 paid to the contestants.

RE-ELECTED BY HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

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The most striking feature of the scene on the floor was the number of new faces. Old familiar figures, conspicuous in the shock of many a parliamentary battle, had disappeared, and in the new lists were new and untried knights. The change in the personnel was very great.

As the hands of the clock pointed to 12, Major McDowell, the clerk of the house, rapped the house to order. Rev. Mr. Couden, the blind chaplain, then delivered the invocation, appealing to the throne for God's blessing on the work of the new congress and the new administration. The clerk of the house then read the President's proclamation convening congress, after which the roll was called.

There was an abundance of flowers on the desks of senators when promptly at 12 o'clock, Vice-President Hobart called the senate to order. There was an exceptionally high attendance of senators. The public galleries were packed and the reserved galleries were well filled. The chaplain's opening prayer invoked divine grace and blessing on the senators and members now about to take up the work of the extraordinary session and on the President and Vice-President.

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THE MARKETS.

LIVE STOCK.

New York—Cattle—Best grades, \$1.25-1.50; Lower grades, \$1.00-1.25. Sheep—Best grades, \$3.50-4.00; Lower grades, \$3.00-3.50. Hogs—Best grades, \$4.00-4.50; Lower grades, \$3.50-4.00.

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GRAIN, ETC.

Wheat, Corn, Oats. No. 2 red, No. 3 mix, No. 2 white. New York 80 1/2 @ 81 1/2; Chicago 81 1/2 @ 82 1/2; Detroit 82 @ 83; Toledo 83 @ 84; Cincinnati 84 @ 85; Cleveland 85 @ 86; Pittsburg 86 @ 87; Buffalo 87 @ 88.

*Detroit—No. 1 Timothy Hay, \$8.00 per ton. The most hopeful feature of the situation is that the gain is so nearly devoid of elements which involve unsoundness and probable reaction. The first step toward prosperity is to get the wheels started and the hands employed, and the number of works which have resumed or increased force during the past week seems greater than in any other since November. The money markets continue especially favorable to industrial recovery, and there is no such speculative epidemic as to lock up an excessive share of available capital. Prices of commodities have been those of tea, sugar, coffee, lard and wheat.

REVIEW OF TRADE.

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Boils

Pimples, hives, fever, and all spring humors and eruptions are entirely cured by purifying the blood with a thorough course of

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The best in fact the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. \$1.

Hood's Pills

are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Sixty-nine in the polishing shop of Derby Cycle Co. at Jackson have struck.

Merit Wins.
The invention of Alabastine marked a new era in the wall coatings, and from the standpoint of the building owner was a most important discovery. It has from a small beginning branched out into every country of the civilized world. The name "kalsomine" has become so offensive to property owners that manufacturers of cheap kalsomine preparations are now calling them by some other name, attempting to sell on the Alabastine company's reputation.

Through extensive advertising and personal use, the merits of the durable Alabastine are so thoroughly known that the people insist on getting these goods and will take no chance of spilling their walls for a possible saving of a cent at the most but a few cents. Thus it is again demonstrated that merit wins, and that manufacturers of first-class articles will be supported by the people.

A physician, who is also a man of letters, Dr. Gustave Toulouse, has examined Zola, explaining all the mental as well as the physical habits of the author, and concluding that he is a "superior degenerate." Zola was delighted.

Mr. Zangwill and his brother, who writes under the name "ZZ," do their literary work at opposite sides of a writing table, and, working at white heat, they throw the sheets on the floor, gathering them up and sorting out the debris when the day's work is over.

Climax Brandy of Grape.
The superior vintage of 1898 Brandy, introduced by the St. Louis Medical College, is highly spoken of by physicians. The following testimony from the Baltimore Medical College is one among many.

I am prepared to bear testimony to the value of your Climax Brandy predicated upon the ascertained value of your production, and not from general reputation merely.
H. L. Dvyn, President.

The Trials of Life.
In Zante, one of the Ionian Isles, there is a petroleum spring mentioned by Herodotus. It has been known for nearly 3000 years.

What shall I do? I am so debilitated with this malaria fever that I cannot attend to my ordinary duties. Will do as others have done—try Aunt Rachel's Malarial Bitters; they are unexcelled in their efficacy on the functions of your system, and restore them to vigorous action. They are simply Spector's Wine with such herbs and ingredients as are used daily in their practice for the cure of malaria.

By the way, isn't the little hatchet a truthful representative of the Ax of the apostles?

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c
Christ lived all the truth he taught.

Just try a 10c box of Cascarets, candy cathartic, the finest liver and bowel regulator made.

Bob Ingersoll is neat but not godly.

LOOKING BACKWARD.

Look after the Back: A Fall, a Strain, a Constant Sitting or Stooping Position Brings Backache—Do You Know This Means the Kidneys are Affected?

How few people realize when their back begins to ache that it is a warning provided by nature to tell you that the kidneys are not working properly. You have a severe fall, you strain yourself lifting or perhaps you are compelled to maintain a sitting or stooping position for long intervals at a time, your back begins to ache, then your head, you become listless, tired and weak, but do you understand the real cause? We think you would not use plasters and liniment on the back, which only relieve but do not reach the cause. If you would rid yourself of the pain and cure the root of the trouble, at the same time save many years of suffering and perhaps life itself, you will take a kidney remedy that has been tried and proven that it will cure.

Mr. John Robson of 661 Russell Street, Detroit, says: "As a result of exposure during the war I have suffered ever since with rheumatism and kidney trouble. Pains would start in my hip and go around to my back. Highly colored urine denoted kidney disorder. The pain in my back was often so bad I had to give up work until I was nearly blind. I had passed away. I have used many liniments and other things, but received very little relief. Some time ago I started using Doan's Kidney Pills and they have worked a wonderful change in me. My back is all right now and I owe it all to the almost magical influence of Doan's Kidney Pills."

Mr. Robson was a member of the Fifty-first Illinois Regiment, which served through the war with honor and distinction. Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers—price, 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

\$100 an acre can be made from one source—pottery. Perhaps you may smile but try keeping hens moist. Told only in Foultry Keeper. 50c a yr. Sample free. Address: Pottery Keeper Co., Box 1, Parkersburg, Pa.

Send 2c stamp for postage and we will send you our new Cut-Rate Drug Catalogue. You can save your money on everything in Drugs, Eruptions, Rubber Goods, Wines and Liquors. PAUL V. FINCH & CO., Grand Rapids, Mich.

CUT-RATE DRUGGISTS

ALABASTINE

PERMANENT WALL COATING.
Alabastine does not require to be taken off to renew, does not harbor germs, but destroys them, and any one can brush it on.
Sold by all paint dealers. Write for card with samples. ALABASTINE CO., Grand Rapids, Mich.

ALBINO CURE FOR CURS WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

THE TREASURE OF FRANCHARD.

BY ROBERT LOUIS STEVENSON.
INTERNATIONAL PRESS ASSOCIATION.

CHAPTER VIII.—(CONTINUED.)
"Have you been to Franchard, Jean-Marie?" inquired the Doctor. "I fancy not."
"Never," replied the boy.
"It is ruin in a gorge," continued Desprez, adopting his expository voice; "the ruin of a hermitage and chapel. History tells us much of Franchard; how the recluse was often slain by robbers; how he lived on a most insubstantial diet; how he was expected to pass his days in prayer. A letter he preserved, addressed to one of these solitary hermits by the superior of his order, full of admirable hygienic advice; bidding him to go back from his book to praying, and so back again, for variety's sake, and when he was weary of both to stroll about his garden and observe the honey bees. It is to this day my own system. You must often have remarked me leaving the 'Pharmacopoeia'—often even in the middle of a phrase—to come forth into the sun and air. I admire the writer of that letter from my heart; he was a man of thought on the most important subjects. But, indeed, had I lived in the Middle Ages (I am heartily glad that I did not) I should have been an eremite myself—if I had not been a professed buffoon, that is. These were the only philosophical lives yet known; laughter or prayer; sneers, we might say, and tears. Until the sun of the Positive arose, the wise man had to make his choice between these two."

"I have been a buffoon, of course," observed Jean-Marie.
"I cannot imagine you to have excelled in your profession," said the Doctor, admiring the boy's gravity. "Do you ever laugh?"
"Oh, yes," replied the other. "I laugh often. I am very fond of jokes."
"Singular being!" said Desprez. "But I divagate (I perceive in a thousand ways that I grow old). Franchard was at length destroyed in the English wars, the same that leveled Gretz. But

not smiling; cards, dice, opera singing, orchestra, castles, beautiful parks and gardens, big ships with a tower of sailcloth, all lying unborn in a coffin—and the stupid trees growing overhead in the sunlight, year after year. The thought drives one frantic."
"It is only money," replied Jean-Marie. "It would do harm."
"O come!" cried Desprez, "that is philosophy; it is all very fine, but not to the point just now. And besides, it is not 'only money,' as you call it; there are works of art in the question; the vessels were carved. You speak like a child. You weary me exceedingly, quoting my words out of all logical connection, like a parrot."
"And at any rate, we have nothing to do with it," returned the boy, submissively.

CHAPTER IX.

HEY struck the Route Ronde at that moment; and the sudden change to the rattling causeway, combined with the Doctor's irritation, to keep him silent. The noddy jiggled along; the trees went by, looking on silently, as if they had something on their minds. The Quadrilateral was passed; then came Franchard. They put up the horse at the little solitary inn, and went forth strolling. The gorge was dyed deeply with heather; the rocks and birches standing luminous in the sun. A great humming of bees about the flowers disposed Jean-Marie to sleep, and he sat down against a clump of heather, while the Doctor went briskly to and fro, with quick turns, culling his simples.

The boy's head had fallen a little forward, his eyes were closed, his fingers had fallen lax about his knees, when a sudden cry called him to his



WHOOPED LIKE AN INDIAN.

—here is the point—the hermits (for there were already more than one) had foreseen the danger and carefully concealed the sacrificial vessels. These vessels were of monstrous value, Jean-Marie—monstrous value—priceless, we may say; exquisitely worked, of exquisite material. And now, mark me, they have never been found. In the reign of Louis Quatorze some fellows were digging hard by the ruins. Suddenly—lo!—the spade hit upon an obstacle. Imagine the men looking one to another; imagine how their hearts bounded, how their color came and went. It was a coffer, and in Franchard the place of buried treasure! They tore it open like famished beasts. Alas! it was not the treasure; only some priestly robes, which, at the touch of the setting air, fell upon themselves and instantly wasted into dust. The perspiration of these good fellows turned cold upon them, Jean-Marie. I will pledge my reputation, if there was any thing like a cutting wind, or any other had a pneumonia for his trouble."

"I should like to have seen them turning into dust," said Jean-Marie. "Otherwise, I should not have cared so greatly."
"You have no imagination," cried the Doctor. "Picture yourself the scene. Dwell on the idea—a great treasure lying in the earth for centuries; the material for a giddy, copious, opulent existence not employed; dresses and exquisite pictures unseen; the swiftest galloping horses not stirring a hoof, arrested by a spell; women with the beautiful faculty of smiles,

feet. It was a strange sound, thin and brief; it fell dead, and silence returned as though it had never been interrupted. He had not recognized the Doctor's voice; but, as there was no one else in all the valley, it was plainly the Doctor who had given utterance to the sound. He looked right and left, and there was Desprez standing in a niche between two bowlders, and looking round on his adopted son with a countenance as white as paper.
"A viper!" cried Jean-Marie, running toward him. "A viper! You are bitten!"
The Doctor came down heavily out of the cleft, and advanced in silence to meet the boy, whom he took roughly by the shoulder.
"I have found it," he said, with a gasp.
"A plant?" asked Jean-Marie.
Desprez had a fit of unnatural gaiety, which the rocks took up and mimicked. "A plant!" he repeated scornfully. "Well—yes—a plant. And here," he added suddenly, showing his right hand, which he had hitherto concealed behind his back—"here is one of the bulbs."
Jean-Marie saw a dirty platter, coated with earth.
"That?" said he. "It is a plate!"
"It is a coach and horses," cried the Doctor. "Boy," he continued, growing warmer, "I plucked away a great pad of moss from between these bowlders, and disclosed a crevice; and when I looked in, what do you suppose I saw? I saw a house in Paris with a court and garden, I saw my wife shining with diamonds, I saw myself a deputy,

GREAT SOLDIER GONE.

GEN. PLEASANTON SAW MUCH SERVICE DURING THE W.A.E.

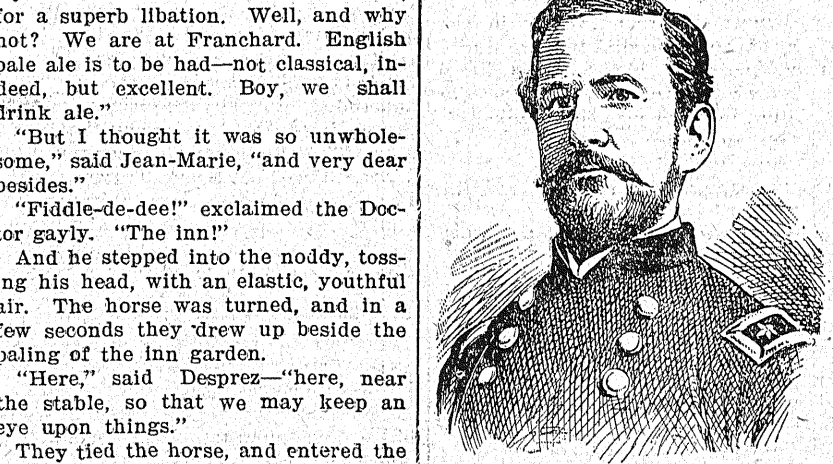
One of the Most Brilliant Cavalry Officers on the Union Side—Distinguished Himself in Many Important Engagements.

GENERAL ALFRED Pleasanton, one of the most distinguished cavalry commanders of the late war, died in Washington, D. C., a few days ago. General Pleasanton for the last seven years lived an almost hermit life in Washington, not moving out of his apartments and denying himself to all persons save a few of his most intimate friends. He felt that he had not been well treated by the government after his distinguished services in the war, and this, together with ill health, preyed upon his mind and made him GENERAL ALFRED PLEASANTON, rather eccentric. His only attendants were his private secretary, Mr. Murphy, and Henrietta Roane, a faithful colored nurse, who were with him when he passed away. It was the wish of his army friends that he should be buried with appropriate honors at Arlington, but his last directions to his nurse were that he should be buried with the other members of his family in the congressional cemetery.

Alfred Pleasanton was born in Washington, D. C., June 7, 1824, and graduated from the West Point military academy in 1844, then 20 years of age. He served in the Mexican war and was brevetted first lieutenant "for gallant and meritorious conduct" in the battles of Palo Alto and Resaca de la Palma. Subsequently he was lieutenant in 1849 and captain in 1855. He was acting adjutant general to General William S. Harney during the Sioux expedition and adjutant general from 1856 to 1860 in the campaign against the Seminoles in Florida, and also in the operations in Kansas, Oregon and Washington territory. He commanded a regiment in a march from Utah to Washington in the autumn of 1861 and was commissioned major of the Second Cavalry in February of the following year. Serving through the peninsular campaign, he became brigadier general of volunteers in July of the same year, and commanded the division of cavalry of the Army of the Potomac that followed Lee's invading army into Maryland. He was engaged at Bonneton, South Mountain, Antietam, and the subsequent pursuit, engaged the enemy frequently at Fredericksburg, and stayed the further advance of the confederates at Chancellorsville.

May 2, when Jackson's confederate corps was coming down upon the right flank of Hooker's corps, General Pleasanton, by his quick and skillful action, saved the army from a serious disaster. Ordering the Eighth Pennsylvania to charge boldly into the woods in the face of the advancing host, he delayed Jackson's progress a few minutes—just long enough to throw into position the artillery that was in reach. He ordered the guns loaded with grape and canister, and depressed enough to make the shot strike the ground, half-way between their line and the edge of the woods. When the confederate column emerged it met such a storm of iron as no troops could pass through. About this time Jackson fell, and before any new maneuvers could be undertaken darkness put an end to the day's work.

In 1862 General Pleasanton received the brevet of lieutenant colonel, and was promoted to major general of volunteers in June, 1863. He participated in the numerous actions that preceded the battle of Gettysburg and was commander-in-chief of cavalry in that action. He was brevetted colonel July 2, 1863. Transferred to Missouri in 1864, he drove the forces under General Sterling Price from the state, and in March, the year following, was brevetted brigadier general in the United States army for his gallant service in that campaign. He resigned in 1868 and was United States collector of revenue for several years, and finally president of the Terre Haute & Cincinnati railroad. In May, 1888, he was placed on the retired list, with the rank of colonel, and since then had resided in Washington, his only means of livelihood being his pension. His military record was untarnished from the beginning to the close of his career. His elder brother, General Augustus James Pleasanton, was the author of the famous "blue glass" theory.



GEN. PLEASANTON.

Not many people know that President McKinley is a farmer. He owns 163 acres of land about twenty miles from Canton.

Hot Milk as a Tonic.
If any one doubts the nourishing properties of milk, let a test be made of the following preparation of it. When very weary or weak from exhaustion heat some milk to a scalding point, until a thin skin begins to wrinkle upon the surface, and then drink it as hot as possible. It refreshes almost instantly and restores the exhausted vitality to a surprising extent as soon as it is taken. It is more nutritious than any of the best beef teas made from meat extracts, or that made from fresh beef which is carefully strained, as many of the recipes direct that it shall be.

Metallic Finished Cambric.
Metallic-finished cambric, which has all the gloss of a real satin, is a new lining for thin dresses. It comes in all the pretty colors, costs only 35 cents a yard, and is fully a yard wide.

A STRANGE FREAK OF NATURE.

We hope to sell 1,000,000 packages Golden Rind Watermelon, the most wonderful freak of nature—smooth, shiny, yellow rind, crimson flesh, delicious! It's sensational. Took 500 first prizes in 1896. You must have it in the swim. Melons go like wild for at \$1.00 apiece. We paid \$300 for one melon! \$100 prizes for earliest melon—ripened in 41 days. Lots of money made in earliest vegetables. Salzer's seeds produce them. Thirty-five earliest sorts, postpaid, \$1.00.

Send This Notice and 15 Cents for a Package of Golden Rind and wonderful seed book, 146 big pages, to John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis. w.n.

When petroleum was first discovered in this country it was called rock oil, and was sold in small vials as a specific for rheumatism.

How's This!
We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.
P. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out all obligations made by their firm.
West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
Walling, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

There are over 2,000 miles of gas pipes underlying the London streets.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

An excellent quality of illuminating gas has been made from peat.

FITS stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Kidney Restorer. Free 24 trial bottle and treatise. Send to Dr. Kline, 333 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Hundreds of patents have been issued to the inventors of water gas.
The early Egyptian lamps were of granite, alabaster and terra cotta.

"STAR TOBACCO."
As you chew tobacco for pleasure use Star. It is not only the best, but the most lasting, and therefore, the cheapest.

A ton of good coal is said to yield about 8,000 feet of purified gas.
The counter-irritant the woman who shops, but does not buy.

MAKE TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS by chewing **PASTURE GUM**. For particulars write JOHN T. MILLER & CO., St. Louis, Mo.

The girl who loves William never asks her father to foot the bill.
In many parts of the West Indies shark oil is used in the lamp.

Herman's Camphor Ice with Glycerine.
The original and only genuine. Cures Chapped Hands and Feet, Cold Sores, etc. C. G. Clark Co., N. Haven, Ct.

Spermaceti candles were an invention of the last century.
Piso's Cure for Consumption has been a God-send to me.—Wm. B. McClellan, Chester, Florida, Sept. 17, 1895.

The first gas company in London was incorporated in 1810.
CASCARETS stimulate liver, kidneys and bowels. Never sicken, weaken or gripe, 10c.

Stern justice is the kind the bad boys gets, or should get.
From a man's point of view, some of the bonnets of this year seem to have delirium trimmings.

Hundreds of precious little ones owe their lives to Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, the sovereign cure for cramp and all other throat or lung diseases.

Did any man ever say "No" when a young woman asked him: "Do you really love me?"
When bilious or constive, eat a Cascaret, candy cathartic, cure guaranteed, 10c, 25c.

The gilded youth soon tarnishes.

When you're doubled up with pain and feel like you'd snap in two, you have

LUMBAGO.

When you feel strong, straight, without pain by using St. Jacobs Oil, you'll know you've used the best remedy.

DANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets

CURE CONSTIPATION

REGULATE THE LIVER ALL DRUGGISTS

10c 25c 50c

ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED to cure any case of constipation. Cascarets are the Ideal Laxative and booklet free. At STEWART'S, 50 N. York St., New York.

New Name for Masher.

FREE Booklet, handsomely illustrated describing Fabrics, hot farms and the opportunities there for becoming farm owners. Mailed without charge on application to P. S. Elstrass, General Passenger Agent, C. & Q. R. R., Chicago, Ill.

FOR 14 CENTS.
We wish to gain 100,000 pleased customers in 1897 and hence offer
1 Pkg Round Globe Beet 10c
1 Pkg Round Globe Beet 10c
1 Pkg Round Globe Beet 10c
1 Kaiser Wilhelm Lettuce 15c
1 Earliest Melon 10c
1 Giant Yellow Onion 10c
1 34-Day Radish 10c
1 Instant Flower Seeds 10c
Worth \$1.00, for 14 cents.
Above 10 pkgs. worth \$1.00 we will mail you free. Good with your great plant and seed catalogue upon receipt of this notice and 14c postage. How can we do it? Because we want new customers and know if you order by Salzer's seed, you'll never get along without them! Write for our catalogue and postage. N. W. JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., LA CROSSE, WIS.

W. N. U.—DETROIT—NO. 12—1897
When Answering Advertisements Please Mention This Paper.

Baker's Chocolate

MADE BY

Walter Baker & Co. Ltd.,

Established in 1780, at Dorchester, Mass.

Has the well-known Yellow Label on the front of every package, and the trade-mark, "La Belle Chocolatiere," on the back.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

Walter Baker & Co. Ltd., Dorchester, Mass.



DISTRICT NEWS.

F. L. Sheldon, of Lexington, has opened dental parlors at North Branch. The friends of Timothy McCarthy, who was killed by the street cars at Port Huron recently, will institute a suit for heavy damages. His parents reside at Crosswell.

Mrs. Ann McLeod, probably the oldest person in Sanilac county, died at the home of her grandson, John McLeod, in Elk township on Monday of last week, aged 133 years and almost seven months.

Twelve saloon-keepers located in various towns in Lapeer county are under arrest, charged with selling liquor without a license. Lemuel Everts, of North Branch, formerly of Mayville, is reported as among the number.

Mrs. Corbush, wife of County Treasurer Chas. Corbush, Sanilac Centre, passed away Friday morning after a lingering attack of pulmonary tuberculosis. Deceased was a most estimable lady, beloved by the entire community.

The heavy wind Friday broke up the ice in Saginaw bay and about seventy-five fishermen within a few miles from the Sebewaug shore escaped to Lone Tree and Maisou Islands and were easily rescued from shore. So far as known no lives have been lost.

Thos. Singleton killed another huge wildcat Friday afternoon. The farmers should give Tom a bounty, as many of them have suffered from the depredations of these ferocious prowlers during the past year, in the matter of chickens, lambs, etc.—(Caseville critic).

James Smith, of East Vassar, who was arrested for assault and battery on Chas. Anderson during the fracas at the Kilbourn school house meeting, was convicted before Justice Bourns last Saturday. In default of payment of a fine of \$25, he was taken to jail for a term of 30 days.—(Vassar Pioneer).

John Pringle, Jr., of Sharpville, on the morning of the 11, while cutting wood had the misfortune to cut his left foot from the thick of the stump clear through into the sole of his boot nearly severing the great toe and amputating that portion of his foot. Dr. Weed put in sixteen stitches to close the wound.—(Brown City Banner).

James O'Connor, convicted of selling liquor without a license at his hotel in Elmer City, was sentenced by Judge Beach Thursday to ninety days in the county jail and \$200 fine. His younger brother, convicted on the same charge, in the same place, is out on suspended sentence. This is the first time in the county's history that an offender has been imprisoned for the offense.

The circuit court convened in special session at Caro Thursday morning for the purpose of trying Hawley, Lawson, Cummings and Thomas Stevens on a charge of murdering Farmer James Brown, of Millington. Hawley pleaded guilty to the charge. Judge Beach will hear the evidence in the case against the other prisoners, determining the degree of the crime, before he sentences Hawley.

A fire broke out at Bay Post quarries Tuesday evening of last week in the store sheds, cooper shop, etc., burning all the kiln sheds, cooper shop, a quantity of coopers, 200 empty barrels, several hundred barrels of lime and cement, and several barrels of hair. The loss is estimated at about \$2,000, with no insurance. The origin of the fire is not known. The sheds and shop will be rebuilt at once, work beginning Wednesday.

Something to Depend On. Mr. James Jones, of the drug firm of Jones & Son, Cowden, Ill., in speaking of Dr. King's New Discovery, says that last winter his wife was attacked with La Grippe, and her case grew so serious that physicians at Cowden and Pana could do nothing for her. It seemed to develop into Hasty Consumption. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in store, and selling lots of it, he took a bottle home, and to the surprise of all she began to get better from first dose, and half dozen dollar bottles cured her sound and well. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is guaranteed to do this good work. Try it. Free trial bottles at T. H. Fritz's Drug Store.

Magic Dyes are easy to use and give rich colors, fast against sun or washing. Large 10c pks.

GAGETOWN.

R. A. Hallock is suffering with pleurisy. The new council met Monday night for the first.

M. M. Bartholomew did business in Cass City Tuesday.

R. S. Brown transacted some business at Leonard Tuesday.

John Hunter, of Koytou, was a caller in town Friday last.

Fred Hemerick was the greenest Irishman in town Wednesday.

March redeemed herself Sunday in regard to her former characteristic.

E. J. Hennesey and Joseph Mosack went to Vassar on business Wednesday.

Miss Maud Smith, who is under Dr. Donovan's medical care, is some better.

Mrs. Archie Karr, of Pigeon, is visiting at her parents, J. Lemunyon, of Elkland.

Our regular Council meetings will be held on the 2nd and 4th Tuesdays of each month.

H. A. Gifford and Dr. Lyman attended Masonic lodge at Cass City Saturday night.

Dr. Lyman assisted by Dr. Donovan performed a critical operation on a patient at Owendale Tuesday night.

Messrs. Hennessey and Mosack's trip to Vassar Tuesday was to answer to a complaint of violating the liquor laws.

Henry McConkey, Richard Makey, Thoms Toohy and Asa A. Everett are the Silver nominees for constables.

Tuesday was a delightful day and we longed to be in a sugar bush where we could get some genuine maple taffy.

B. W. Fredmore moved his household effects from here on Wednesday. P. Toohy, Jr., took a load with his team.

We have been informed that the Union Caucus has been called at the Bingham school house for Saturday, the 27th, at 2 p. m.

The Maccabee team have received their new suits from Chicago. They are elegant and the boys expect to air them at Unionville Friday night.

At the council meeting Tuesday night P. Toohy's resignation as trustee was accepted and the council appointed Henry A. Gifford trustee to fill vacancy.

Charles Maynard came out Saturday with his newspaper, the "Gagetown Banner," with flags at high mast and goes in big with poetry, the Browns and early rising.

The overflow and flood of water at crossing by the Methodist Church showed bad engineering on the part of those who had charge of our streets when the sluice was put in, (or when it wasn't put in,) and now demonstrates the fact that George Moden's idea of putting in a sluice and sewer at that place was the correct one, and had the council at that time adopted Mr. Moden's plan they would have borne part of the expense and the village would have saved many dollars thereby.

Old People. Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whiskey nor other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alternative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old people find it just exactly what they need. Price fifty cents and \$1.00 per bottle at T. H. Fritz's Drug Store.

NOVESTA. Miss Annie Whaley visited at D. Livingston's over Sunday.

Miss Alta Smith was called to Yalo by a telegram last week, to see a friend. Spring is near at hand for the poets are beginning to get their rhymes into print.

N. Hamilton had a sawing bee last week and a large pile of wood was cut as a result.

Hart Mickle and Miss Edith Houghton were married in Caro last week. Congratulations.

Those who have been working in the swamps will have to take a vacation owing to the high water.

The chicken pie social Friday evening was well attended considering the weather. The proceeds amounted to seven dollars, which goes to pay the preacher, Elder Keen.

Sawing bees seem to be the go now. There was one Monday afternoon for Elder Rushbrook, of Cass City, in A. McPhail's woods. A good turn out and quite a pile of wood cut.

The township election is drawing nigh and all are wondering who will be our officers for the next year. There is a caucus announced for March 20th at the Quick school house.

GARISH BOOK BINDINGS.

They Are in Bad Taste and Are Disliked by Bookworm and Scholar.

Books have a right to be, first of all, books, not purveyors of whimsies in color and design. As matters are at this moment three-quarters of the new books look more like some strange creature at a feast than like everyday edibles. You take up one, and it has the air of a curious raptor; there are unknown fragments of design floating in a sauce of queer elemental color. The next one has an air as honest as apple sauce at first glance; 'tis a pale greenish thing, but presently you see that the trail of a serpent is over all its border. And who can hope for content from a dish thus garnished?

Again a book, and this one burns bright red and yellow, like a pudding on fire with cognac, which is all very well for a pudding. Another has a cover which looks like a resisting beefsteak pounded by the stern hand of fate in a boarding house; another reminds you irresistibly of coffee wherein chickory has too much inserted its diluting aid and cream is missing. But, first and last, the new books are ever more prone to resemble small plots of deceptive stage verdure than honest, simple souled books. It is impossible to help doubting the value of the literary pasturage to be found in such inclosures. Fortunately one is sometimes most joyously deceived. Authors have little "say" concerning the garb of their volumes, and often—good luck to them—they rise superior to the mechanical makers of books and rejoice the souls of their readers in spite of the bindings.

And it must be repeated that in the present bizarre and excessive fancies in binding there is seed of abounding hope for the future. Publishers are groping for something; few of them know what. But they will learn, and the world will be made glad by a genuine revival in the lovely old half forgotten craft of bookbinding. In that happy coming day there will be great honor for the men who lead the way in this, and who have toward better things in bookbinding, simpler and saner and more sincere.—Boston Transcript.

QUESTION OF LUCK.

A Citation That Clinched the Other Side of the Argument.

"I hate to hear people say there's no such thing as luck," remarked the melancholy Mr. Doltide.

"Because it isn't true," he returned with asperity. "A man can go on trying and trying and never get along, and some other person will go ahead and tumble into good things without making any effort whatever."

"Hiram, no great man has succeeded without hard work."

"That's the kind of talk you always hear. But nine times out of ten it is all owing to the opportunity that presented itself. Fortune just seems to lie in wait to kidnap some man. Look at Sir Isaac Newton. His name is handed down from generation to generation. And why? Simply because he was sitting under a tree, and an apple happened to drop on him. You can't pretend that a man is in a position to claim superior merit simply because, through no action or preference of his own, he gets hit in the head with an apple, can you?"

"No, Hiram."

"Then don't tell me about there not being any such thing as luck."

"It seems to me that you've chosen a poor example in support of your argument. The case of Isaac Newton goes to show that the difference is in the people. If it had been some man that I know of instead of Newton, the first thing they would have done after the apple fell would have been to go into the house and mean for the amica bottle; then they would have spent two or three hours of precious time talking about their bad luck."—Washington Star.

Clocks With Nerves. There is one disadvantage about very tall buildings which is being noticed by the occupants. It is perhaps a small disadvantage, but still is worth considering, as it involves some annoyance to those who have not made provision for it.

The trouble referred to is the stopping of pendulum clocks by the vibration of the buildings. Many a pendulum clock that has kept accurate time for years in old fashioned low structures has refused to run at all when moved into some one of the new tall steel framed buildings in the lower part of the city. On the lower floors of the buildings the clocks run fairly well, but when higher up in the buildings they become more whimsical and on the top floors will not run at all.—New York Times.

He Responded. The late archbishop of Canterbury had a favorite dog named Watch. Once, as he lay on the mat at the open door of the chapel, the archbishop read impressively this sentence of the Scripture lesson, "What I say unto you I say unto you all—watch." The dog sprang up, came forward and lay down before the reading desk at his master's feet. One hearer at least heeded the lesson and responded.—Congregationalist.

New supply of Photo Mounting board just received at the ENTERPRISE office.

Take Notice. R. A. Robinson wishes to announce that he may be found first door north of Town Hall and desires a prompt settlement of outstanding accounts.

3-18

FOR SALE—Span of colts, 3 and 4 years old; riding harness and democrat wagon. Inquiries of 3-18 HART MICKLE, Novesta.

FOR SALE—Dark iron gray five-year-old mare; weight 1,300 lbs. One mile east and one mile and a half north of Cass City. J. D. WITHEY.

FOR SALE—40 acres of land with 30 acres improved, good road or will exchange for village property. 1-23 W. J. CAMPBELL.

PARMS FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—Call or address O. K. JAMES, Cass City. 2-14-4

FOR SALE—Tamarac timber for wood or building purposes. Also sticks for grates and railings up to 30 feet long on Sec. 5, Novesta. 3-13 GEO. APLIN.

HOUSE TO RENT—A large commodious house to rent. Also rooms over store. Enquire of J. L. HITCHCOCK. 2-18

JERSEY COWS for sale. One mile north, 2 1/2 miles west of Cass City. I. K. REID. 3-18-3

LATEST STYLES in Wedding Invitations at ENTERPRISE Office.

POSTERS, all styles, Hangers and Dodgers, at the ENTERPRISE Job Department.

PAMPHLET WORK of every description, clean and quick at the ENTERPRISE Job Department.

Women as Sailors.

A Scandinavian correspondent writes to the Berlin Tagblatt that in Denmark, Norway and Finland the employment of women as sailors is a matter of daily experience. In the smaller sailing ships, where there is a woman on board, whether she be the stewardess or the wife of the skipper, she is expected to take her turn at the ordinary work of the sailors, not even excluding the duties of the man at the wheel or of the night watch. In Denmark several women are employed at sea as state officials and particularly in the pilot service. "They go far out to sea to meet the coming ships. They clamber up nimbly out of their boats. They show their official diploma and steer the newcomer safely into the harbor." It is the same in Finland. Experienced captains say that women often make excellent sailors and that they are equal to most seamen in dexterity and endurance.

Mrs. Arthur Sewall. Mrs. Arthur Sewall, wife of the Democratic candidate for vice president, is a daughter of the late Charles Crooker of Bath, Me. She was educated in Ipswich and afterward traveled extensively in this country and Europe. She is a wide reader, a proficient student and a good French scholar. In addition, she has the artistic temperament. A large collection of water colors and landscape photographs made by her in her travels testify to this, and she has received diplomas for her work as an expert amateur photographer in Paris, New York and Boston.

Consumption Cure—Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup, the best cough remedy on earth, cures a cold in one day if taken in time. 25 and 50 cts. All druggists.

On the first day of July next the bill permitting the printing and use of private mailing cards with a one-cent stamp affixed will go into effect. The progressive business man will have his own advertisement conspicuously displayed, and the printing of millions of cards will make work for the printer. The bill is approved by the postoffice department, as it tends to popularize postal cards, besides effecting a saving to the government of the difference between the cost of the cards and the stamps.

ANOTHER CARD.

From the British Medical Institute to the Citizens of Cass City and vicinity.

THE DOORS OF HEALTH WIDE OPEN. A FURTHER EXTENSION OF THEIR MAGNANIMOUS OFFER.

Saginaw, Mich., March 16, '97. To the Public: Realizing the depressed condition of the times, the British Medical Institute is desirous of doing its part to bring about prosperity, and as the very best way to do this is to help those who are invalids, so that they can help themselves, we therefore announce that we shall continue to give our services free for three months to all invalids who are in need of treatment, till further notice.

This offer not only includes consultation, examination, and advice, but also all minor surgical operations. We repeat, no charge whatever shall be made for any services rendered (medicines excepted) till further notice, so invalids should avail themselves of it without delay, for as soon as they become convalescent with calls we shall be obliged to withdraw it.

Male and female weakness, catarrh and catarrhal deafness, also rupture and all diseases of the rectum, are positively cured by their new treatment.

Office hours: 9 a. m. till 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. till 2 p. m.

BRITISH MEDICAL INSTITUTE, 100 South Washington Ave., Saginaw, E. S.

3-CENT COLUMN.

Advertisements will be inserted under this heading for three cents per line each week.

FOR SALE—Span of colts, 3 and 4 years old; riding harness and democrat wagon. Inquiries of 3-18 HART MICKLE, Novesta.

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FOR SALE—Dark iron gray five-year-old mare; weight 1,300 lbs. One mile east and one mile and a half north of Cass City. J. D. WITHEY.

FOR SALE—40 acres of land with 30 acres improved, good road or will exchange for village property. 1-23 W. J. CAMPBELL.

PARMS FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—Call or address O. K. JAMES, Cass City. 2-14-4

FOR SALE—Tamarac timber for wood or building purposes. Also sticks for grates and railings up to 30 feet long on Sec. 5, Novesta. 3-13 GEO. APLIN.

HOUSE TO RENT—A large commodious house to rent. Also rooms over store. Enquire of J. L. HITCHCOCK. 2-18

JERSEY COWS for sale. One mile north, 2 1/2 miles west of Cass City. I. K. REID. 3-18-3

LATEST STYLES in Wedding Invitations at ENTERPRISE Office.

POSTERS, all styles, Hangers and Dodgers, at the ENTERPRISE Job Department.

HOW TO FIND OUT.

Fill a bottle or common water glass with urine and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates a diseased condition of the kidneys. When urine stains linen it is positive evidence of kidney trouble. Too frequent desire to urinate or pain in the back, is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

WHAT TO DO. There is comfort in the knowledge of a disease expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy, inflicts every wish in relieving pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passages. It corrects inability to hold urine and sending pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to get up many times during the night to urinate. The mild and extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists price fifty cents and one dollar. For a sample bottle and pamphlet, both sent free by mail, mention the Enterprise and send your full post-office address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The proprietors of this paper guarantee the genuineness of this offer.

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