

CASS CITY ENTERPRISE.

A. A. P. McDOWELL, Publisher.

CASS CITY, MICHIGAN.

Let the new woman dress and talk as she will. She likes it, and she's just as fond of the old man as ever.

The Macedonians are in open revolt against Turkey, but it has been a long time since Macedonia was anything more than a shadow in history.

It has been suggested that the German allowance of fifty bottles of champagne to each member of the press at Kiel was prompted by a desire for full reports.

The progress of reform in New York is shown by the refusal of a man to accept a \$7,500 office. Under the old regime it would not have been offered to a man who would refuse.

Virtue is always at a disadvantage in a legislature. It has no money to spend for virtuous purposes, and it seems wrong to bribe a man to do his duty however much noble patriots expect such greasing.

According to a census bulletin on churches there are only twenty-five "altruists" in the United States, and judging from the general tone of modern society, these twenty-five confine themselves to faith without works.

Iowa, Illinois, Indiana, Missouri, Ohio and Georgia farmers must prepare for war. So says Chief Entomologist Howard, of the Agricultural Department. The present is the "locust year" for these. Those of the west central group will be invaded by vast armies of the seventeen-year brood, which last appeared in 1878, while Georgia will be visited by the nineteen-year or Southern brood, last seen in 1882.

By the merest chance the Frankfurter Journal has discovered the oldest man in the world in the person of a merchant residing at Heilbronn. This gentleman, in a letter to the editor of that periodical, styles himself "A subscriber from the first appearance of the paper." Such loyal devotion deserves appropriate acknowledgment in this fickle age, for the Journal has now completed the 280th year of its existence.

The special newspaper room in the new public library building, Boston, will contain representative newspapers from every country in the known world, and in every language in which newspapers are printed. Nothing which is not a newspaper can be admitted to this room—all magazines, reviews, etc., being prohibited. This is the first distinctively newspaper reading room ever established in connection with the educational institutions of this country, and its foundation has been made possible through the bequest of the late J. H. Fiske, who left a perpetual endowment of \$2,000 a year for its maintenance.

The announcement has been made public that President Seth Low would give to Columbia College its new library, to cost about \$1,000,000, and W. C. Schermerhorn would give \$300,000 to pay for the erection of one of the buildings on the new site. The New York Evening Post says in this connection: "President Low's magnificent gift of \$1,000,000 to Columbia College for a library building, makes, we believe, nearly six millions the college has received in gifts since he succeeded to the presidency. This may fairly be said to 'beat the record' among American colleges, if we except the foundation of the Chicago University."

Tacoma, Wash., has a horse-canning establishment which can meat especially for the French market. The Cayuse Indian horse they use is a very different animal from the old spavined, broken-down dray horses and plugs used in Eastern and European localities. A party of Chicagoans were recently feasted on "Cayuse," and found, while coarse, it was tender, and rather pleasant to the palate. The coarseness of the fiber makes it easily detected. Speaking of the question, the New York Times wants to know where we shall look for the horse of the future. The Cleveland Plain Dealer says: "Look for him in the Bologna sausage."

The last official report from Argentina showed that over 7,000,000 acres had been sown in wheat, and it was estimated that the harvesting of this crop cost \$220,000,000 in paper money, gold being at a premium of 270 per cent. Many of the farmers, it is said, did not harvest the wheat. The total yield of the present crop in Argentina is put at 1,200,000 tons, for which the farmers would get \$48,000,000, causing a loss of \$162,000,000. The average price of wheat there is \$4 for 100 kilos of 220 pounds. The export of this year's crop in Argentina is put at 640,000 tons. If Argentina is losing money on wheat, it may be a sign that the farmers in the United States have a chance to make some little profit on their crop.

Canada is going to reduce her militia force. This is the most sensible thing Canada could do under the circumstances. She doesn't need militia to protect her from the United States, and if she ever gets into a fight with Great Britain, Brother Jonathan will protect her with his new navy.

Winfield, Kan., had a shower of grasshoppers the other evening, and at Chicago it rained snakes. The difference in the effects on the mind in a prohibition and a free whisky state of affairs is clearly drawn.

DAIRY AND POULTRY.

INTERESTING CHAPTERS FOR OUR RURAL READERS.

How Successful Farmers Operate The Department of the Farm—A Few Hints as to the Care of Live Stock and Poultry.

A BULLETIN OF THE Missouri experiment station says: From an economical standpoint a farmer who has a dairy of from five to ten cows, cannot afford to be without a separator. In a climate as warm and variable as ours is in the summer season changes take place in the milk very rapidly, inducing fermentation and coagulation, and, in the setting methods generally practiced, prevent perfect separation, thus retarding much less of butter fat. If the system might answer very well, but the supply being limited and such large quantities needed, it will be found cheaper and more satisfactory to save the labor and expense of storing ice and provide only sufficient to preserve the cream and butter.

The separator renders economy of time possible in that the operation is performed in practically the same time that the whole milk could be set by

ashes are ranked first as a vermin killer, then gypsum, and next sand. It is by rolling in dust that fowls rid themselves of vermin. Space, air, sun, and pure water are essentials. In yards where tress cannot be raised, a few shrubs will repay planting; in summer, these will form a shade, and in the event of sudden rain, a shelter. The more domesticated poultry can be kept to the lines of their natural habits, the more profitable will be the feathered stock. A hen that broods under a hedge, and returns after a few weeks' absence from the farm, with a battalion of chicks following her, will rear them stronger than such as are hatched in a coop.

The perches ought to be of a uniform height, say 40 inches; this will obviate fighting at roosting hour for the higher seats; will prevent the birds from hurting their breast bones in flying up and from injuring their feet when dropping down. The floor of the cot should be covered with dried earth, or peat mould, or sand, renewed two or three times a week. The scrapings kept in a sheltered spot, will form an invaluable manure. A straw floor is objectionable; it provokes damp, of offensive odors, and does not facilitate cleanliness. For hatching the nest ought to repose on humid earth, so as to insure uniformity of moisture and coolsness.

In France, chickens are not raised for the market; eggs and young fatted fowls are the ends kept in view. It is best to have a good native breed, and maintain it pure by eschewing crossings; just as farmers select roots and cereals to act as seed producers, choose the best looking cock and a

mutton and wool, will come from that far-off land. Mr. Cobb states that to ten years ago the only means of getting rid of their surplus stock was to boil the carcasses down and ship the tallow. Tallow dropped in price until it did not pay to export it, and the consequence was that the price of sheep fell until they anticipated having to sell the carcasses at from 12 to 18 cents each. About five years ago the system of freezing the carcasses for export was introduced, and the result has been a decrease of stock until now they receive from \$2.50 to \$3 per head for the carcasses. At the average price they are getting in London markets, this makes about 4 cents per pound net for the mutton. They get three clips of wool from a sheep before the carcass is shipped, although the demand has increased to such an extent that they are now slaughtering yearlings for shipment.

Norman Cattle. Considerable interest has been excited by the arrival at the port of New York of twelve head of Norman cattle. The Normans are among the oldest race of domesticated cattle, and yet are almost entire strangers in this country. The importation of a breeding herd now may be of considerable moment to the cattle interests, as they are prized in their native land for their general purpose—dairy and beef qualities. They are described as noted for their size, with rather coarse bone, long, deep body, broad hips, short legs and various shades of red and brown in color. Among French breeds they rank high, the Norman farmers say the first, as dairy animals. Twenty-five to thirty quarts of milk a day is said to be quite

HOW A BEEF IS CUT.



We give a diagram of how beoves are cut. The parts are named as follows: 1, rump; 2, loin; 3, rib roast; 4, chuck; 5, round; 6, flank; 7, plate

(with the dotted line enclosing c, the shoulder clod, taken off); 8, flank. The piece 2, the loin, is divided in the meat market into a and b, as shown

by the dotted line in the diagram. From a is cut the "sirloin" steak, and from b the "porterhouse" steak is taken.

the old process. In the one case the milk is sweet and in the best condition for feeding, and is at once removed and disposed of; while in the other, it involves handling several times, and the extra labor is curtailed, the supply of apparatus needed is lessened, and much valuable space is saved, resulting in economy of the capital invested.

Again, the fat is all obtained. It matters not whether the cows are fresh or advanced in their lactation periods; if the separator is properly adjusted it will secure all of the cream. In several trials made at this station, of the separator and Cooley creamer, it was found that one pound of butter was made from 16 pounds of milk by the separator as compared with one pound of butter from 22 pounds of milk by the Cooley creamer; a discrepancy that would soon eat up the cost of a separator.

Where the separator is used the cream is obtained in the best condition for setting. Its passage through the separator gives it a thorough aeration and removes all traces of impurities. Thus it can be controlled and ripened evenly and the development of too much acid and the destruction and loss of a part of the fat in churning prevented. The cream can be ripened earlier, churned more quickly and will produce a better grained butter, of higher and evener flavor and better keeping qualities. As milk is valuable chiefly for the butter fat it contains, the first object of the dairyman is to secure all of the fat possible. Manifestly, then, a machine that will do its work so efficiently under such a variety of circumstances will form a profitable investment.

French Poultry Notes. In the precise meaning of the term, there is no poultry farming in France. But there is "poultry keeping," and very generally followed by peasants and small farmers, says a writer in Colorado Farmer. There are, however, about half a dozen special breeders and rearers of domestic fowls—establishments that might be described as poultry studs. If poultry are to be kept on an extensive scale, three rules are to be observed: Scrupulous attention to cleanliness, feeding and ventilation. There is nothing new in poultry breeding; the Romans devoted special attention to the matter and the fowls of Gaul, the ducks of Cathage, and the geese of Egypt were renowned.

M. Lemoine, of Crosne, in the department of the Seine et Oise, is one of the leading poultry breeders of France. He has yards extending over 20 acres, devoted to the breeding and rearing of fowls of various races. Each "yard" is an orchard with fine fenced divisions, provided with cots for roosting and egg-laying, with grass plots and well-sanded walks. The droppings of the birds form an excellent fertilizer for the fruit trees. M. Lemoine's output is then poultry, eggs and fruit.

half dozen hens with bright shining feathers and keep them apart for breeding. In ordinary circumstances one cock will suffice for 25 hens. It is good to change the breeding cock every second year, as it is known that the young from such birds possess fecundity and facility of fattening. It is prudent not to have too many chickens together; overcrowding is inimical for them as for other animals. French peasants give nothing to the chick pending the 24 hours after they quit the shell; this permits the yolk of the egg in the intestinal canal of the chick to be digested and expelled.

The earliest food should be a soft and lukewarm well-beaten paste of eggs and milk; but no over-feeding. Later add millet or canary seed and allow the hen to root about for her chicks through the yards and pick up any green stuff within their reach. As a rule, whether old or young birds, never allow them to be exposed to the weather. Feed the fowls regularly with a pint of barley or oats daily per dozen birds, plus the refuse from kitchen and garden. In winter, besides warm mashed potatoes, add some tallow melbers, greaves, or chopped liver. When near a knacker's yard, boiled horseflesh is secured, but this imparts a strong flavor to the eggs.

Sheep in North Dakota. A writer at Pierre gives rather a favorable estimate of the sheep situation in South Dakota. He says that five years ago there was a "sheep boom" that flooded that country and reduced the price, and this "decline was more marked when the free wool talk frightened sheep men." He says 50,000 is a moderate estimate of the number of sheep in that part of the state—an increase of 50 per cent in the last two years. The price fell from \$4 down to \$1.50 two years ago, and is now about \$2.50. The advance is considered almost exclusively on mutton. The average wool clip in that section is about six pounds per fleece, and last year the price was about 12 1/2 cents per pound. Sheep men generally estimate wool to pay the expense of keeping flocks and their profit on mutton and increase of flock. The dry climate makes that state especially favorable to sheep.

The Pierre writer thinks that to the man of small means there is no surer and safer investment than a flock of sheep in that part of the northwest.—Northwestern Farmer.

Sheep in New Zealand. Mr. Robert Cobb of New Zealand, who has recently purchased in England some Romney Marsh sheep (a large mutton breed) for export to New Zealand, gives the Kentish Express (England) an interesting summary of his views on that sheep growing part of the world. They are of interest to American breeders for the reason that the strongest competition with America in the English markets, both in

common, and the butter made commands the highest price in the Paris market. As beef animals, they are noted for early maturity and great weight, but have more bone and offal than the English beef breeds. The chief claim made for the Normans is hardiness and freedom from taint of the modern fad of pampered cattle, tuberculosis.—Ex.

A Desperate Situation. It was Paddy Kelly who walked into the sick room of Mickey Dolan. Mickey lay there pale, with his eyes closed, and heard Pat exclaim, "Mickey, it'll be looking. Fwat's the matter wid ye?" "Do you know that spalpeen av Widdy O'Brien's second husband?" asked Mickey. "That I do." "He hit me a pound to a pint. I couldn't schwallier an igit widout breaking the shell av it." "Did ye do it?" "I did." "Then fwat's allin' ye?" "It's down ther," laying his hand on his stomach. "If I jump I'll break it, and cut me stommuick wid the shell. I kape quiet the thing'll hatch out, and I'll have a shanghai rooster clawin' my insides."—Montreal Star.

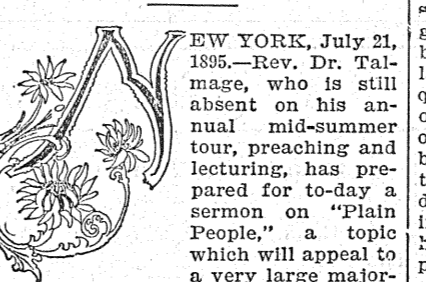
A Dairy Ration. A writer in the Jersey Bulletin gives his opinion of the best ration for the multitude of cows, it being based on an experience of fifteen years. The best ration I ever used was composed of one part peas, two of corn, and four of oats, well mixed and ground together. Of this I give from eight to twelve quarts per day, according to the size of the cow, the hay, of course, included. I give, in addition to the above, about three times a week, wheat bran—all they will eat—besides the parings of potatoes, turnips, etc., from the kitchen. To make a good, pure milk the cow must have pure water. Kindness and good shelter are also prime necessities in the management of a cow. The finest Jersey would prove a failure if curried with a barb-wire fence, no matter what kind or how much feed she had.

Profitable Age of a Hen. It has been claimed that the hen lays the largest number of eggs during her first year, and she is more profitable than at any other time. This view, according to the Poultry Keeper, is a mistaken one. The first point to be settled is, which is the first year of a hen? If she is hatched in the spring she will not lay until fall and if she then lays a large number of eggs by the end of the next year, she has really been supported two years and laid during one year only. In other words she has to be raised from chickhood to maturity before she begins to lay at all. Her next or third year will be all the more profitable for the reason that the first cost of raising her will be proportionately reduced each year.—Ex.

THE TALMAGE SERMON

A PLAIN TALK ABOUT THE PLAIN PEOPLE.

They Who Provide the Food of the World, Physical as Well as Moral—Also Decide the Health of the World—Trials of Conspicuous People.



NEW YORK, July 21, 1895.—Rev. Dr. Talmage, who is still absent on his annual mid-summer tour, preaching, lecturing, and preparing for to-day a sermon on "Plain People," a topic which will appeal to a very large majority of readers anywhere. The text selected was: Romans 16:14-15, "Salute Asyncritus, Philegon, Hermas, Patrobas, Hermes, Philologus and Julia." Matthew Henry, Albert Barnes, Adam Clarke, Thomas Scott, and all the commentators pass by these verses without any special remark. The other twenty people mentioned in the chapter were distinguished for something, and were therefore discussed by the illustrious expositors; but nothing is said about Asyncritus, Philegon, Hermas, Patrobas, Hermes, Philologus and Julia. Where did they die? There is no record of their decease. For what were they distinguished? Absolutely for nothing or the trait of character would have been brought out by the apostle. If they had been very intrepid or opulent, or hirsute, or musical or cadence, or crass of style, or in anywise anomalous, that feature would have been caught by the apostolic camera. But the world wants a religion for ordinary people. If there be in the United States 65,000,000 people, there are certainly not more than 1,000,000 extraordinary; and then there are 64,000,000 ordinary, and we do not turn our backs on a little while upon the distinguished and conspicuous people of the Bible and consider in our text the seven ordinary. We spend too much of our time in twisting garlands of remarkable, and building thrones for magistrates, and prelates, and monarchs, and apotheosizing philanthropists. The rank and file of the Lord's soldiery need especial help.

The vast majority of people to whom this sermon comes will never lead an army, will not make a State constitution, will never electrify a Senate, will never make an important invention, will never introduce a new philosophy, will never decide the fate of a nation. You do not expect to do that; you do not want to. You are not a nation, you are a nation out of bondage. You will not be a Joshua to prolong the daylight until you can shut five kings in a cavern. You will not be a St. John to unroll an Apocalypse. You will not be a Paul to preach over an apostle's coals. You will not be a Mary to mother a Christ. You will more probably be Asyncritus, or Philegon, or Hermas, or Patrobas, or Hermes, or Philologus, or Julia.

Many of you are women at the head of households. The morning, you launched the family for Sabbath observance. Your brain decided the apparel, your judgment was final on all questions of personal attire. Every morning you plan for the day. The culinary department of your household is in your dominion. You decide all questions of diet. All the sanitary regulations of your house are under your supervision. To regulate the food, and the apparel, and the habits, and decide the thousand questions of home life is a tax upon brain and nerve and general health absolutely appalling, if there be no divine alleviation.

It does not help you much to be told that Elizabeth Fry did wonderful things as a woman. It does not help you much to be told that Mrs. Judson was very brave among the Bornean cannibals. It does not help you much to be told that Florence Nightingale was very kind to the wounded in the Crimea. It would be better for me to tell you that the divine Friend of Mary and Martha is your Friend, and that he sees all the annoyances and disappointments and abrasions and exasperations of an ordinary life, and that he will be with you from the first day of the year to the last day of the year, and at your call he is ready with help and reinforcement.

They who provide the food of the world decide the health of the world. Of the greatest value to the world was lost because the commander that morning had a fit of indigestion. You have only to go on some errand amid the taverns and the hotels of the United States and Great Britain to appreciate the fact that a vast multitude of the human race are slaughtered by incompetent cookery. Though a young woman may have taken lessons in music, and may have taken lessons in painting, and lessons in astronomy, she is not well educated unless she has taken lessons in dough! They who decide the apparel of the world and the food of the world decide the endurance of the world.

An unthinking man may consider it a matter of little importance—the cares of the household and the economies of domestic life—but I tell you the earth is strewn with the martyrs of kitchen and nursery. The health-shattered womanhood of America cries out for a God who can help ordinary women in the ordinary duties of housekeeping. The weary, grinding unappreciated work goes on, but the same Christ who stood on the bank of Galilee in the early morning and kindled the fire and had the fish already cleaned and broiling when the apostles stepped ashore chilled and hungry, will help every woman to prepare breakfast, whether by her own hand or by the hand of her hired help. The God who made indestructible equipment of Hannah, who made coats for Samuel, her son, and carried it to the temple every year, will help every woman in preparing the family wardrobe. The God who opens the Bible with the story of Abraham's entertainment of the three angels on the plains of Mamre will help every woman to provide hospitality, however rare and embarrassing. It is his high time that some of the attention we have been giving to the remarkable women of the Bible—remarkable for their virtue or their want of it, or remarkable for their deeds—Deborah and Jezebel, and Herodias and

Athaliah, and Dorcas and the Marys, excellent or abandoned—it is high time some of the attention we have been giving to these conspicuous women of the Bible be given to Julia of the text, an ordinary woman amid ordinary circumstances, attending to ordinary duties and meeting ordinary responsibilities.

Then there are all the ordinary business men. They need divine and Christian help. When we begin to talk about business life we shoot right off and talk about men who did business on a large scale, and who sold millions of dollars of goods a year; but the vast majority of business men do not sell a million dollars of goods, nor half a million, nor a quarter of a million, nor the eighth part of a million. Put all the business men of our cities, towns, villages and neighborhoods side by side, and you will find that they sell less than fifty thousand dollars' worth of goods. All these men in ordinary business life want divine help. You see how the wrinkles are printing on the countenance the story of worry and care. You cannot tell how old a business man is by looking at him. Gray hairs at thirty. A man at forty-five with the stoop of a monogamist. No time to attend to improved dentistry, the grinders cease because they are few. Actually dying of old age at forty or fifty, when they ought to be at the meridian. Many of these business men have bodies like a neglected clock which you do not wind and oil it up, and it begins to buzz and roar, and then the hands start around very rapidly, and then the clock strikes five, or ten, or forty, and strikes without any sense, and then suddenly stops. So is the body of that worn-out business man.

Now, what is wanted is grace—divine grace for ordinary business men, men who are harnessed from morn till night and all the days of their life—harnessed in business. Not grace to lose a hundred dollars, but grace to lose a thousand dollars. Not grace to supervise two hundred and fifty employes in a factory, but grace to supervise the book-keeper, and two salesmen and the small boy that sweeps the store. Grace to invest not the eighty thousand dollars of net profit, but the twenty-five hundred of clear gain. Grace not to endure the loss of a whole shipload of spices from the Indies, but grace to endure the loss of a paper of collars from the leather of a displaced shingle on a porch roof. Grace not to endure the tardiness of the American Congress in passing a necessary law, but grace to endure the tardiness of an errand boy stopping to play marbles when he ought to be running a dead horse calm in all circumstances and amid all vicissitudes. That is the kind of grace we want. Millions of men want it, and they may have it for the asking. Some hero or heroine comes to town, and as the procession passes the crowd of the business men come out and stand upon tiptoe on their store steps and look at some one who in Arctic clime, or in ocean storm, or in day of battle, or in hospital agonies, did the bravest thing, and admires that, and the thousands of business men have gone through trials in business life that are just as great before God. There are men who have gone through freezing Arctics, and burning torrids, and awful Marenoises of experience without making a mistake in their book-keeping. Now, what ordinary business men need is to realize that they have the friendship of that Christ who looked after the religious interests of Matthew, the custom-house clerk, and helped Lydia, a Thyatira, to sell dry goods, and who opened a bakery and fish-market in the wilderness of Asia Minor to feed the seven thousand who had come out on a religious picnic, and who counts the hairs of your head with as much particularity as though they were the plumes of a coronation, and who took the trouble to stoop down with his finger writing on the ground, although the first shuffle of feet obliterated the divine calligraphy, and who knows just how to help you in the most minute details of your life.

Now, what ordinary business men need is to realize that they have the friendship of that Christ who looked after the religious interests of Matthew, the custom-house clerk, and helped Lydia, a Thyatira, to sell dry goods, and who opened a bakery and fish-market in the wilderness of Asia Minor to feed the seven thousand who had come out on a religious picnic, and who counts the hairs of your head with as much particularity as though they were the plumes of a coronation, and who took the trouble to stoop down with his finger writing on the ground, although the first shuffle of feet obliterated the divine calligraphy, and who knows just how to help you in the most minute details of your life.

Conspicuous people—how they have to take it! How they are misrepresented, and abused, and shot at! The higher the horns of a roebuck the easier to track him down. What a delicious thing it must be to be a candidate for President of the United States! It must be so soothing to the nerves! It must pour into the soul of a candidate such a sense of serenity when he reads the blessed newspapers!

I came into the possession of the abusive cartoons in the time of Napoleon I, printed while he was yet alive. The retreat of the army from Moscow, that army buried in the snows of Russia, one of the most awful tragedies of the centuries, represented under the figure of a monger, a candidate for President of the United States, with a razor of icicle. As Satyr and Beelzebub he is represented, page after page, page after page, England cursing him, Spain cursing him, Germany cursing him, Russia cursing him, Europe cursing him. The most remarkable man of his day, and the most abused. All those men in history who now have a halo around their name, on earth wore a crown of thorns. Take the few extraordinary men, and a candidate for President of the United States, while thousands of stockholders escape. All the world took after Thomas Scott, President of the Pennsylvania Railroad, abused him until he got under the ground. Thousands of the stockholders of the Central Pacific Railroad—two or three men get all the blame if anything goes wrong. There are 10,000 in that company.

At an anniversary of a deaf and dumb asylum one of the children wrote upon the blackboard words as sublime as the Iliad, the Odyssey, and the "Divina Commedia" all compressed in one paragraph. The examiner, in the signs of the mute language, asked her, "Who made the world?" The deaf and dumb girl wrote upon the blackboard, "In the beginning God created the heaven and the earth." The examiner asked her, "For what purpose did Christ come into the world to save sinners?" The girl wrote upon the blackboard, "This is a faithful saying, and worthy of all acceptance, that Christ Jesus came into the world to save sinners." The examiner said to her, "Why were you born deaf and dumb, while I hear and speak?" She wrote upon the blackboard, "Even so Father, so it seemeth good in thy sight." Oh, that we might be baptized with a contented spirit! The spider draws poison out of a flower, the bee gets honey out of a thistle, but happiness is a heavenly elixir, and the contented spirit extracts it not from the rhododendron of the hills, but from the lily of the valley.

A Mighty Fact. One can find many a cheap man in this world bragging about the superiority of his sex who owes his standing in respectable society to the very neat manner in which his wife patches his trousers.

wanderings, and the old farmhouse shook that night with rural jubilee; and who compared himself to a lamb in the pasture field, and who said the eternal God is a farmer, declaring: "My Father is the husbandman."

These stone masons do not want to know about Christopher Wren, the architect, who built St. Paul's Cathedral. It would be better to tell them how to carry the hod of brick up the ladder without slipping, and how on a cold morning with the frost a smooth off the mortar and keep cheerful, and how to be thankful to God for the plain food taken from the pail by the roadside.

Carpenters standing amid the adze, and the bit, and the plane, and the broad axe seem to be told that Christ was a carpenter, with his own hand wielding saw and hammer. Oh, this is a tired world, and it is an overworked world, and it is an underfed world, and it is a wrung-out world, and men and women need to know that there is rest and recuperation in God and in that religion which was not so much intended for extraordinary people as for ordinary people because there are more of them.

The healing profession has had its Abernethies, and its Abernethys, and its Valentine Motts and its Willard Parkers; but the ordinary physicians do the most of the world's medicine, and they need to understand that while taking diagnosis or prognosis, or writing prescription, or computing medicine, and while holding the delicate pulse of a dying child they may have the presence and the dictation of the Almighty Doctor who took the case of the madman, and after he had torn off his garments in foaming dementia, clothed him again in body and mind, and the woman who had been bent almost double with the rheumatism, into graceful stature, and who turned the scabs of leprosy into rubicund complexion, and who rubbed the numbness out of paralysis, and who swung wide open the closed windows of hereditary or accidental blindness, until the morning light came streaming through the fleshy casements, and who knows all the diseases, and all the remedies, and all the herbs, and all the cathartics, and is monarch of pharmacy and therapeutics, and who has sent out ten thousand doctors of whom the world makes no record; but to prove that they are angels of mercy, I invoke the thousands of men whose ailments have been assuaged and the thousands of women to whom in crisis of pain they have been next to God in beneficence.

Come, now, let us have a religion for ordinary people in professions, in occupations, in agriculture, in the household, in merchandising, in everything. I speak of the thousands of people who toil day by day by people who do not get much approval, and no one seems to say, "that is well done." Phenomena are of but little use. Things that are exceptional cannot be depended on. Better trust the smallest planter who swings on its orbit the thousands of stars, than the man who for eighteen years had been bent almost double with the rheumatism, into graceful stature, and who turned the scabs of leprosy into rubicund complexion, and who rubbed the numbness out of paralysis, and who swung wide open the closed windows of hereditary or accidental blindness, until the morning light came streaming through the fleshy casements, and who knows all the diseases, and all the remedies, and all the herbs, and all the cathartics, and is monarch of pharmacy and therapeutics, and who has sent out ten thousand doctors of whom the world makes no record; but to prove that they are angels of mercy, I invoke the thousands of men whose ailments have been assuaged and the thousands of women to whom in crisis of pain they have been next to God in beneficence.

Conspicuous people—how they have to take it! How they are misrepresented, and abused, and shot at! The higher the horns of a roebuck the easier to track him down. What a delicious thing it must be to be a candidate for President of the United States! It must be so soothing to the nerves! It must pour into the soul of a candidate such a sense of serenity when he reads the blessed newspapers!

I came into the possession of the abusive cartoons in the time of Napoleon I, printed while he was yet alive. The retreat of the army from Moscow, that army buried in the snows of Russia, one of the most awful tragedies of the centuries, represented under the figure of a monger, a candidate for President of the United States, with a razor of icicle. As Satyr and Beelzebub he is represented, page after page, page after page, England cursing him, Spain cursing him, Germany cursing him, Russia cursing him, Europe cursing him. The most remarkable man of his day, and the most abused. All those men in history who now have a halo around their name, on earth wore a crown of thorns. Take the few extraordinary men, and a candidate for President of the United States, while thousands of stockholders escape. All the world took after Thomas Scott, President of the Pennsylvania Railroad, abused him until he got under the ground. Thousands of the stockholders of the Central Pacific Railroad—two or three men get all the blame if anything goes wrong. There are 10,000 in that company.

At an anniversary of a deaf and dumb asylum one of the children wrote upon the blackboard words as sublime as the Iliad, the Odyssey, and the "Divina Commedia" all compressed in one paragraph. The examiner, in the signs of the mute language, asked her, "Who made the world?" The deaf and dumb girl wrote upon the blackboard, "In the beginning God created the heaven and the earth." The examiner asked her, "For what purpose did Christ come into the world to save sinners?" The girl wrote upon the blackboard, "This is a faithful saying, and worthy of all acceptance, that Christ Jesus came into the world to save sinners." The examiner said to her, "Why were you born deaf and dumb, while I hear and speak?" She wrote upon the blackboard, "Even so Father, so it seemeth good in thy sight." Oh, that we might be baptized with a contented spirit! The spider draws poison out of a flower, the bee gets honey out of a thistle, but happiness is a heavenly elixir, and the contented spirit extracts it not from the rhododendron of the hills, but from the lily of the valley.

More than 60,000 COPIES DAILY

The Evening News,

"The Great Daily of Michigan."

A FULL-GROWN MAN. It has stood the test of public opinion for 21 years, progressing and growing in strength year by year, admired by publishers and all people for its fearless, manly attitude on all public questions, and for its intrinsic merit as a great newspaper.

Stands Head and Shoulders Above all Others.

2 CENTS PER COPY.
10 CENTS A WEEK.
\$1.25 FOR 3 MONTHS BY MAIL.

THE EVENING NEWS, DETROIT.

Agencies in every village, town and city in the State of Michigan.

QUITE A PROCESSION.
If all who use **Atlas Soap** And who are delighted with it could pass in review, what a long procession would be seen.

ARE YOU IN IT? Sold by Grocers. Atlas only asks a trial. Prizes for Wrappers.
HENRY PASSOLT, Manufacturer, SAGINAW, MICH.

FROST & HEBBLEWHITE

ARE OFFERING :

GREAG BARGAINS

to cash buyers in Ladies' Gents' and Children's Underwear. Our 5c Ladies' Vests will surprise you. They are the same that other dealers are getting 10c for. We also have a fine line of Ladies' Vest Silk Wear, at 25c. Other dealers are asking 50c for the same. Why pay 40c to 50c per pair for a good Silk Mitt when we offer you the same thing at 20c and 25c per pair.

JUST ARRIVED THIS WEEK !

a Fine Assortment of Wash Goods, consisting of Jeconette Plisse Percales, Duck Suitings, Challies, Etc., all at **LOWEST CASH PRICES.**

We will offer special prices to buyers in our **SHOE DEPARTMENT.** It is filled with good, medium-priced goods. If in need of foot-wear call and we will show you our leaders. We have made a great break in the prices of **TEA.** From now until the first of September we will give our customers our 35c tea for 30c. It is a hammer! Just now we have an order for 2,000 lbs. of choice Butter and 100 crates of fresh Eggs. We would like to exchange merchandise for the same during the next ten days. We are headquarters for produce.

FROST & HEBBLEWHITE.

W. J. CAMPBELL

Has a Complete Line of.....

Corn and Bean CULTIVATORS.

Headquarters for.....

Machine Oil and Binding Twine.

Remember.....

TWINE IS AWAY DOWN.

..... Call and Get Prices.

Horse Hay Forks and Steel Track, Rope, Etc.

W. J. Campbell.

West end Main Street—opposite Town Hall.

SPECIAL BARGAINS

..... IN.....

BUGGIES AND ROAD WAGONS

For the next Thirty Days at

H. S. WICKWARE'S.

Blacksmithing and Repairing attended to promptly.

A. A. MCKENZIE,

UNDERTAKER & FUNERAL DIRECTOR.

A complete stock of Coffins, Caskets, and Undertaker's Supplies on hand. Two Horses always in readiness. Second door west of Tennant House.

CASS CITY, MICH.

CASS CITY ENTERPRISE.

An independent newspaper. Published every Friday morning at the ENTERPRISE STRAM PRINTING HOUSE, Segar Street, Cass City, Tuscola Co., Michigan.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION: One year, \$1.00; six months, 60c.; three months, 30c., strictly in advance.

Advertisements.

All changes of advertisements must be sent to this office no later than Wednesday noon of each week, else they can not be inserted in that week's issue. Reasonable rates are charged for display advertisements. Local notices in our paid local column are five cents per line for first insertion. Notices of festivals, lectures, concerts and all entertainments of a money-making character are charged for at the rate of one dollar for each insertion. Cards of thanks are twenty-five cents for each insertion.

The wide circulation of the ENTERPRISE in the counties of Tuscola, Huron and Sanilac, makes it a valuable advertising medium.

A. A. P. McDOWELL,
Proprietor.

OUR MOTTO:
PERSEVERANCE PROGRESS AND PATRIOTISM.

Council Proceedings.

COMMON COUNCIL ROOMS,
July 1st, 1895.

Regular meeting of the Common Council of the village of Cass City.

Meeting called to order by the President.

Roll call—Present, President Wickware and Trustees Crosby, Campbell, Hebblewhite, Striffler and McDougall. Absent, Trustee Brotherton.

Minutes of last regular meeting read and approved.

Health officer Truscott then made a verbal report with reference to nuisances, the removal of which was deemed necessary for the preservation and protection of the health of the inhabitants within the village where such nuisance is located, and asked to be instructed as to what course to take in having such nuisance removed.

Trustee Striffler moved that the report of the health officer be accepted and that he be instructed to notify persons of such nuisances and that they have them removed within five days of receiving such notice, which said motion received a support and was carried.

The committee on ordinances, through its chairman, submitted an ordinance relative to the construction of artificial stone sidewalks in the village of Cass City.

Trustee McDougall moved that the ordinance be adopted, which motion did not prevail, the yeas and nays being as follows: Yeas—Hebblewhite and Campbell. Nays—Striffler and McDougall.

The following bills were then read and referred to the finance committee:

John Hamilton, salary as fire-warden, 6-15	\$ 8.82
N. Bigelow, labor on board of review, 94, 95	6.00
James Ramsey, labor on St. and salary	28.00
Robert Miller, labor on street	4.48
Hiram Baxter, " " " "	5.00
John Woolley, " " " "	2.50
M. Schluessner, " " " "	6.02
Richard Clark, drawing dirt off street	4.50
Wm. Simlison, draying	3.50
Enterprise Steam Printing House, printing	3.50
A. G. Berney, sundries	14.39
Scott Brotherton, draying	8.50
fire extinguishers	1.03

The committee recommended all bills allowed as read, and, on motion of Trustee Hebblewhite, they were so allowed and the clerk instructed to draw orders for the several amounts.

On motion of Trustee Striffler the people of Cass City were allowed to celebrate the 4th of July in the usual manner in the village of Cass City.

Trustee Crosby moved that a uniform license of five dollars be charged to all persons having peanut or candy stands, merry-go-rounds and the like on the 4th, and that none of such stands, etc., be allowed either on Main or Segar Streets. Carried.

On motion council adjourned until Tuesday evening, July 2nd.

July 2nd, 1895.

Adjourned regular meeting of the council. Meeting called to order by President Wickware.

Roll call. Present—President Wickware, and Trustees McDougall, Campbell, Crosby, Brotherton and Hebblewhite. Absent—Trustee Striffler.

The committee on ordinances submitted an ordinance relative to the construction of artificial stone sidewalk on the public streets in the village of Cass City. On motion of Trustee McDougall said ordinance ordinance was passed and adopted by a vote of yeas and nays as follows: Yeas—Campbell, Crosby, Brotherton, Hebblewhite and McDougall. Nays—none.

On motion of Trustee Crosby, C. D. Striffler was appointed as a special policeman for the 4th of July from 12 o'clock m to 12 o'clock p. m. at a salary of \$2, and G. S. Farrar was appointed to act as a special policeman from 7 o'clock a. m. to 6 o'clock p. m. at a salary of \$1.75.

On motion of Trustee Crosby Henry Ball was appointed to act as night watch from 12 p. m. of the 4th of July to 7 a. m. on the 5th, to be compensated for at the rate of \$2 per day.

Trustee Crosby moved that the motion made and adopted July 1st, relative to a uniform license of \$5 being charged for stands on Main and Segar Streets be rescinded. Carried.

The following bills were then read and referred to the finance committee:

J. L. Hitchcock, brick	\$ 6.65
Archibald McPhee, lumber	15.00

The committee recommended the

bills allowed as read and the clerk was instructed to draw orders for the several amounts.

J. P. Hern then made a report with reference to injuries which his wife received by falling on sidewalk on Main Street, and on motion of Trustee Crosby the matter was referred to the chairman of the committee on claims and accounts.

Trustee Crosby moved that a license of \$3 for residents and \$5 for non-residents be charged for stands erected on the 4th, and that a license of \$1 be charged for corn-poppers, whether residents or non-residents, and that any moneys subscribed towards the 4th of July fund be applied on said license. Carried.

On motion of Trustee Brotherton the clerk was instructed to procure 200 blank license receipts.

On motion of Trustee Crosby the marshal was instructed to turn over what money he would collect as license for stands, etc., on the 4th of July to the treasurer of the 4th of July fund.

On motion council adjourned.

HUGH W. SEED, Clerk.

Obituary.

Died, at her father's residence in the township of Kingston, July 12, 1895, Elizabeth Valentine, beloved wife of Fred Valentine, and daughter of John and Julianna McCracken, aged 21 years, one month and twelve days.

Mrs. Valentine was born June 1st, 1874, and was married June 1st, 1892. She leaves a little babe of seven months, a loving husband, father, mother, three brothers, three sisters and an aged grand-father to mourn her loss. The funeral which was very largely attended, was held at her father's residence July 15. The remains were followed to the place of burial by many sympathetic friends.

Her life, though short, was useful and influential. She was of a very kind and sympathetic nature, which reached every heart and attached her, very deeply to all, especially to those of her own household. In February, 1894, she gave her life to Christ, was baptized and connected herself with the M. E. Church August 26. After her conversion she attended Saturday afternoon bible reading and prayer meetings, which were held at the parsonage. During those bible-reading prayer meetings she drank in the wonderful words of eternal life with a simple, child-like faith—a faith which characterized her whole life, even unto the portals of glory. During her illness it was a simple trust in the wisdom of Providence, whom she believed could not err. Two weeks previous to her death while visiting her I asked if it was hard to say "Thy will be done." "Oh, no; if it's God's will I am satisfied." Nearing the end it was a prayerful farewell, entreating all to serve the God she loved and to meet her in heaven. It was a happy smile and a cheering word to all until the soul took its flight to be with its God.

We miss her and sympathize with the bereaved friends. Our loss is her gain.

J. N. McCREEDY, Pastor.
Dorford, July 22, 1895.

On Monday, July 15th, a large concourse of friends and neighbors assembled at the residence of John McCracken to pay their last tribute of respect and affection to Lizzie, wife of Fredrick Valentine, and oldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John McCracken.

Deceased was born near Big Beaver, Oakland county, and was about twenty-two years of age. Elder McCreedy delivered an eloquent eulogy, after which she was buried, at her request, beneath the apple trees where she had so often played in childhood.

"The deceased was of a very loving and retiring disposition, and we thought, as we gazed at her features, beautiful in death—'Death loves a shining mark.'"

May we all as friends and neighbors so live that when our last hours shall come we may hear the master calming the troubled waves and saying, "Peace be still." L.

SPEND YOUR OUTING ON THE GREAT LAKES.

Visit picturesque Mackinac Island. It will only cost you about \$12.50 from Detroit; \$15 from Toledo; \$18 from Cleveland, for the round trip, including meals and berths. Avoid the heat and dust by traveling on the D. & C. floating palaces. The attractions of a trip to the Mackinac region are unsurpassed. The island itself is a grand romantic spot, its climate most invigorating. Two new steel passenger steamers have just been built for the upper lake route, costing \$300,000 each. They are equipped with every modern convenience, annunciators, bath rooms, etc., illuminated throughout by electricity, and are guaranteed to be the grandest, largest and safest steamers on fresh water. These steamers favorably compare with the great ocean liners in construction and speed. Four trips per week between Toledo, Detroit, Alpena, Mackinac, St. Ignace, Petoskey, Chicago, "Soo," Marquette and Duluth. Daily between Cleveland and Detroit. The cabins, parlors and staterooms of these steamers are designed for the complete entertainment of humanity under home conditions; the paid-up equipment, the luxury of the appointments, makes traveling on these steamers thoroughly enjoyable. Send for illustrated descriptive pamphlet. Address A. A. SCHANTZ, G. P. & T. A. D. & C. Detroit, Mich.

W. C. T. U. COLUMN

Another Rousing Convention.

The Prohibitors of Nebraska done themselves proud and their large and enthusiastic convention, along with the grand ticket nominated, bespeaks for them a "red-hot" campaign.

The following is the platform adopted:—

The Prohibitionists of Nebraska, conscious of their responsibility to God and their fellowmen for a proper use of the ballot, reaffirm their adherence to the National Prohibition party. Constantly increasing political corruption and vicious class legislation, participated in alike by the Republican and Democratic parties, are evidence of their unfitness to longer administer the affairs of government. To establish justice, promote the general welfare, and restore the government to the hands of the people for whom it was created should be the first concern of every good citizen, and the union of reform forces in a political party pledged to the accomplishment of these purposes is an absolute and present necessity.

We therefore invite the suffrages of the people upon the following declaration of principles which we pledge ourselves to enact into effective legislation when entrusted with power to do so:

1. The manufacture, sale and supply of intoxicants for beverage purposes should be suppressed, and no compromise therewith be tolerated, whether called license, taxation, local option or public control. The production and sale for other purposes should be conducted by the government, under strict regulations.

2. Woman should have the same means of protecting herself, her home and her children, her property and her happiness, that man has; she is entitled to an equal voice in the government with man, and therefore the right to vote should not be withheld from her. No person should be allowed to vote who is not a citizen of the United States, and the general government should protect every elector in the right to vote and have that vote counted.

3. The money of the country should be issued by the general government only, through government banks of loan and deposit directly to the people upon adequate security and at a uniform rate of interest. It should be a full legal tender for the payment of all debts, public and private, without exception in favor of contract stipulation. We favor a money composed of legal tender treasury notes based upon the credit of the nation, coin being used for subsidiary purposes only.

4. Land is the common heritage of the people and should be preserved from monopoly and speculation. All unearned grants of land subject to forfeiture should be reclaimed by the government and no person should hereafter be granted except to actual settlers, use being essential to tenure.

5. Railroads, telegraphs and other natural monopolies should be owned and operated by the government, giving to the people the benefit of service and product therefrom at cost.

6. The national constitution should be so amended as to allow the national revenues to be raised by equitable adjustment of taxation on the properties and incomes of the people, and import duties should be levied only as a means of securing equitable commercial relations with other nations.

7. Trusts and combinations for the purpose of preventing competition, restraining production, arbitrarily advancing or depressing prices and interfering with the legitimate laws of business, and conspiracies against the government, and those participating in such practices should be punished as conspirators.

8. The contract convict labor system, through which speculators are enriched at the expense of the state, should be abolished.

9. All men should be protected in their right to one day of rest in seven.

10. We stand unequivocally for our public schools, taught in the English language, and are opposed to any appropriation of public money for sectarian purposes.

11. All official fees should be covered into the public treasury, and officials paid reasonable salaries.

12. The United States constitution should be so amended that the President, Vice President and United States Senators should be elected by direct vote of the people.

13. Believing that free expression of the popular will is essential in a representative government, we favor the adoption of the initiative and referendum.

ELMWOOD.

Cool, smoky and hazy but no rains. Mrs. J. P. Hendrick is nearly recovered again.

Miss Mabel Baxter of Groomleaf is visiting friends here this week.

Mrs. Jas. Belknap has a sister and children from the north visiting her this week.

Bay Crane is able to be around again after having inflammatory rheumatism for over a week.

M. H. Eastman and wife Sundayed at L. H. Huffman's, Master Land staying a few days this week.

J. Leishman and I. Wailley were making hay part of last week in the marsh prairie in the western part of the county.

The following extract from the new game laws we copy from an exchange thinking perhaps it may interest some of the readers.

Book agents may be killed from Aug 1st to Oct. 1st; spring poets from Mar. 1st to July 1st; scandal-mongers from June 1st to Dec. 31st inclusive; umbrella borrowers from Feb. 1st till May 1st, and Aug 1st to Nov. 12; upon season all the year around for life insurance agents and the people who borrow their neighbors papers.

Artistic and workmanlike job printing done at the ENTERPRISE office

Four Big Successes.

Having the needed merit to more than make good all the advertising claimed them, the following four remedies have reached a phenomenal sale. Dr. King's New Discovery, for consumption, Coughs and Croup, each bottle guaranteed—Electric Bitters, the great remedy for Liver, Stomach and Kidneys. Bucklen's Arnica salve, the best in the world, and Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are a perfect pill. All these remedies are guaranteed to do just what is claimed for them and the dealer whose name is attached herewith will be glad to tell you more of them. Sold at T. H. Fritz's drug store.

Subscribe for the ENTERPRISE.

COME AND SEE

If you can do any better, or buy goods any CHEAPER than at our store. Besides our line of—

Silverware, Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, Chains, Bronze Goods, Spectacles,

We carry a Full Line of Back Combs, Side Combs, and all the styles that are worn. Also Shirt Waist Sets in gold and silver, and Belt Buckles. When you want Spectacles this is the only place in the city where you can find a good fit. Yours Truly,

Hendrick & Anker,
Jewelers and Opticians.

ANYONE

••• TROUBLED WITH •••
LIVER OR KIDNEY COMPLAINT,
Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Etc.
Will do well to call on Dr. J. ETHERINGTON, over Stevenson's store, Cass City.

PATENTS OBTAINED
TERMS EASY
Thirty-five years experience. Examinations and Reports free. Prompt attention. Send Drawing and description to L. BAGGER, & Co., Att'ys., Washington, D. C. 11-23-17r

HOME BAKERY.

Jas. N. LaRue is doing business at the old stand on Main Street, opposite Town Hall.

Nice Fresh Bread
Always on hand.

Pies, Cakes, Etc.
Lunches served. Ice cream in season.
JAS. N. LARUE.

Cass City and Caro

STAGE & LINE.

J. S. DUNHAM, PROP.

GOING WEST:
Leaves Cass City, 6 A. M.
Arrives at Caro, 9 "

GOING EAST:
Leaves Caro, 1:30 P. M.
Arrives at Cass City, 4:30 "

FARE—One way, \$1.00; round trip, \$1.50.

Choice Cuts of Fresh Meats
always to be had at the

Red Front Meat Market,
HENRY BECKER, Prop.

Get Your Laundry Done

AT THE

Cass City LAUNDRY

Central Meat Market,
Meats of all kinds nicely served. Stock bought for eastern markets.

Schwaderer Bros., Props.

Good Work Guaranteed.
CHAS. L. ROBINSON.

Cass City Bakery

AND RESTAURANT.

FRESH BREAD, CREAM BREAD, GRAHAM BREAD, BUNS, PIES, CAKES.

Baking done to order. Come and try our 15 cent Lunches served at all hours.

Ice Cream Parlor in Connection.

Have just received a new Soda Fountain, and am now prepared to serve these healthful and refreshing drinks at all times.

M. L. MOORE, Prop.
Main Street, Cass City.

HELLER BROS.

The Cass City Millers

WANT YOUR WHEAT

We will pay a premium for all wheat delivered here until further notice. If you want anything in the milling line we can supply you. Feed ground for 8c per bag. Ear corn 5c per bag. Goods delivered free to any part of the city.

HELLER BROS.

A Man Gets Tripped up

when he buys his Clothing ready-made. Order your Clothing of us and get a good fit and extra durability.

J. KORTH,
Cass City, Mich.

Next door west Town Hall.

OHIO CENTRAL LINES

T. & O. C. Ry. K. & M. Ry.

Sold through trains between Toledo, Ohio and Charleston, W. Va., via Columbus, the short and only direct route.

..... BETWEEN.....

Toledo, O. Findlay, O. Kenton, O. Columbus, O. Athens, O. Middleport, O. Pomeroy, O.

Pt. Pleasant, W. Va. Richmond, Va. Petersburg, Va. Old Point Comfort, Va. Williamsburg, Va. Newport News, Va. Norfolk, Va.

And all South-eastern points. Elegant drawing room cars on all through trains.

For further information call on your local Ticket Agent or write,

MOULTON HOUK,
General Passenger Agent, Toledo, Ohio.

W. A. PETERS, Michigan Passenger Agent, Detroit, Michigan.

New - Customers,

Who are coming to us every day, open their eyes in wonderment when we quote such Low Prices on the quality of goods we are offering. Every day brings us a new illustration of the fact that purchasers can not tell where they can do the best until they look around. We will be glad to have you come here first and we will take our chances on your coming back again.

LADIES

SEE OUR New Japanese Wash Silks @ 30 cts. materials for Summer Dresses and Shirt Waists.
 " " Line of Hosiery; 5 cts. to \$1.00 per pair.
 " " Staple Line of Dress Goods.
 " " Shoes for \$1.00.

We don't think it necessary to list everything we have in the store, but would like very much to have you call and get prices.

AN OFFER

.....To the person who will do the most cash trading with us between now and November 1, 1895, we will give \$5.00 worth of our Silverware, extra from what they would get in coupons. To the one doing next to the largest amount we will give \$3.00 worth of Silverware. Now this will cost you nothing to try—only an effort to get the cash, because that is what will count.

LAING & JANES.

N. BIGELOW & SON

ARE PREPARED FOR The Large Trade which they have always enjoyed at this season of the year, with a complete stock of the goods mentioned below, and many others; in fact everything that should be kept in stock by every first-class retail hardware.

Pumps of all kinds from \$1.25 to \$12.50.
 Garden Watering Hose.
 Several styles of neat and safe Gasoline Stoves very cheap.
 Forks, Hoes, Rakes, Shovels, Spades, Post-hole Diggers, etc.
 All kinds of Wire and Wire Netting.
 Screen Doors and Screen Windows at low prices.
 Watering Cans and Paris Green Sifters for plaster.
 Paris Green in bulk, strictly pure.
 Ready Mixed Paint—any color you want.
 Pure White Lead and Pure Linseed Oil.
 Varnishes, Turpentine, and a full line of Brushes.
 Very Fine Assortment of Nickel-Plated ware, such as Tea Kettles, Tea and Coffee Pots, etc.; also all kinds of Agate and Granite ware.

TIN-WORK OF EVERY DESCRIPTION Done Neatly and Promptly.

N. BIGELOW & SON.

BIG PROFITS ON Small Investments

Returning prosperity will make many rich, but nowhere can they make so much within a short time as by successful speculation in grain, Provisions and Stock.

\$10.00 FOR EACH DOLLAR INVESTED can be made by our Systematic Plan of Speculation

originated by us. All successful speculators operate on a regular system. It is a well-known fact that there are thousands of men in all parts of the United States who, by systematic trading through Chicago Brokers, make large amounts every year, ranging from a few thousand dollars for the man who invests a hundred or two hundred dollars up to \$50,000 to \$100,000 or more by those who invest a few thousand.
 It is also a fact that those who make the largest profits from comparatively small investments on this plan are persons who live away from Chicago and invest through brokers who thoroughly understand systematic trading.
 Our plan does not risk the whole amount invested on any trade, but covers both sides, so that whether the market rises or falls it brings a steady profit that piles up enormously in a short time.
 WRITE FOR CONVINCING PROOFS, also our Manual on successful speculation and our Daily Market Report, full of money-making pointers. ALL FREE. Our Manual explains margin trading fully. Highest references in regard to our standing and success.
 For further information address

THOMAS & CO., Bankers and Brokers,
 241-242 Rialto Building, CHICAGO, ILL.

7-19-25

Handsome Commercial Printing

Like a Handsome Woman, always attracts attention.

The Enterprise

does Handsome, Workmanlike Printing at very attractive prices. Send the ENTERPRISE your Job Printing, and you will be pleased.



Tired, Weak, Nervous Could Not Sleep.

Prof. L. D. Edwards, of Preston, Idaho, says: "I was all run down, weak, nervous and irritable through overwork. I suffered from brain fatigue, mental depression, etc. I became so weak and nervous that I could not sleep. I would arise tired, discouraged and blue. I began taking Dr. Miles' Nervine and now everything is changed. I sleep soundly, I feel bright, active and ambitious. I can do more in one day now than I used to do in a week. For this great good I give Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine the sole credit."

It Cures.

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at 25c a bottle for 45c, or it will be sent prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

HAPS AND MISHAPS!

As Told by the Enterprise's Corps of Correspondents

All the Chit-Chat From the Country Round About Briefly Told For Busy Readers.

GAGETOWN.

A. J. Palmer Sundayed in Akron. Mrs. Amanda A. Young is on the sick list this week.

L. T. Hurd has his new barn about completed. The Monroe Bros. had the job.

Mrs. P. Frankenkopf and son, John, were at the County Hub Tuesday, on business.

Miss Maude Fuller and Babe Morris took in French town on their wheels Sunday.

Miss Mary Walters, of Cass City, has been visiting with friends in town the past week.

Miss Flo Robertson has been promoted to head nurse in the Saginaw Hospital. We congratulate her.

Mrs. James Martin, nee Blackie Morris, of Livingston, Montana, arrived here Tuesday to visit at her parental home.

About forty friends of Mrs. S. A. Johnston, our post-mistress surprised her Friday evening at her sister's, Mrs. Helen Gage, it being her birth day. A good time was had by all.

A. McKinnon's eight-year-old boy was riding one of his work horses when his little brother hit the horse and it jumped so suddenly that the boy fell off and was in some manner struck near the temple by the horse, receiving an ugly wound. Dr. Lyman was called to attend him and says that the skull is not injured.

Saturday about mid-day, Angus McKinnon's barn and contents were consumed by fire. Mr. McKinnon was in the field after a load of wheat, when his little boy discovered fire in the hay mow and called his father, but the flames spread so rapidly that little was saved. All his hay, several loads of wheat, a binder, a cultivator, a calf and a sheep were destroyed. Loss quite heavy. It is thought to be insured in the Huron Mutual.

ELLINGTON.

There are some good pieces of corn in Ellington.

It still remains most too dry for crops to grow well.

Silas Bramley returned from his visit to his father's in Vassar last week.

H. A. Bailey had the misfortune to lose one of his work horses last week Thursday.

Norman Martin started last Sunday for the grass country towards the Bay, to get some grass to cut to winter his stock with.

A bouncing baby boy came to the home of Wm. Colwell, Jr., last week, and came to stay too. Mother and baby are doing well.

The fire that had been slumbering for some time in the muck on Sec. 5, broke loose last week and burnt about 100 rods of rail fence for Mrs. H. Bailey.

Mr. and Mrs. John Bailey started for their home at Milwaukee, Wis., Monday morning, having spent some three weeks visiting with his brother, H. A. Bailey.

Mr. and Mrs. Levi Whipple visited their daughter, Mrs. J. Brackenbury, of Canboro, last Saturday, returning Sunday night, bringing their daughter, Miss Polly, with them.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Wright, of Wells, passed through here on their way to Cass City to visit the latter's brother, Charles Warren, who has been sick for some time.

Last Saturday William Freeman and family went over to Akron, leaving stumps burning near their buildings. That night fire got into their buildings, destroying all save their wagon shed which was saved through the exertion of David Stull, who alone had the fire to contend with. He also saved an old wagon, an old set of harness and a dray. The rest, including household furniture, was consumed by the fire. It is a severe loss to Mr. Freeman and family.

OWENDALE.

Thomas Campbell, of Elkton, was in this part on Saturday last.

Pat Bliss was in Elkton Monday on business. Pat makes numerous visits to his old burg.

T. Connaton and J. Johnson, of Casewille, were the guests of Jas. Shoefelt on Sunday last.

Burt Ottoway is in this vicinity at present harvesting his wheat crop on the Corbett farm.

Miss Jennie Gill returned from Saginaw Monday, where she has been visiting friends since July 4th.

J. D. Owen has purchased an eighty west of town and has already about ten acres cleared and stumped.

Miss Mabel Vantiffing, of Caro, was calling on her many friends in and around the Burg the past week.

Geo. Kerr and wife, of Meade, visited at A. C. Kerr's on Thursday and took in the Orange celebration in Cass City before returning.

R. Kile and several gentlemen from Cass City were in this part on Sunday last looking over the former party's property east of town.

Jake McKague, of Orange Hill, was in this part on Sunday last and returned home via Elkton. We wonder what the cause of this is, Jake?

Everybody from this point took in the Orange celebration at Cass City and will long be remembered by those who had the pleasure of attending.

John McCallum has moved his household effects home from Linkville, where he has been employed for some time by one of the lumbering plants at that point.

NOVESTA.

M. J. Still, of Wilmot, was up in this vicinity last week.

D. Gillis was up from Pontiac Sunday visiting his father and friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Laydell, of Wells, visited friends in this vicinity Sunday.

A. Livingstone and grand-daughter, Hazel, visited friends in Elkton last week.

Frank Raymond, from Wells, was visiting friends in this vicinity Sunday.

We forgot to mention last week that Colin Ferguson returned home from Tennessee, where he has been studying for the ministry. He expects to return again before long.

The contracts for the three bridge abutments were let last week. Freeman and Steinhauser secured the job of the Cass River bridge, W. W. Balch the one in the vicinity of Novesta Corners and A. McArthur the one across White Creek, at his own place.

Mr. Rock, father-in-law of A. G. Houghton, wandered away from home Thursday and got lost in the woods west of Mr. Houghton's and was there until Sunday morning, when a number of the neighbor went to hunt for him and found him in a very weak condition. Dr. Deming was called and thinks he will recover.

CANBORO.

Master Willie Atkinson is on the sick list.

Mrs. Henrietta Rockwood was in Cass City Saturday.

Miss Musetta Evans visited her parents at Cass City Sunday.

Miss Leich took her departure for her home in Pontiac Saturday.

Those who attended Rev. Sly's ice cream social report a good time.

Mrs. Cummings still continues very ill. Very little hopes are entertained of her recovery.

Miss Dora Kemp and brother, of Detroit, are guests of Mrs. and Miss Clau-die Brackenberry.

Jordan Bingham, commander of Gageton Tent, K. O. T. M., visited Canboro Tent Saturday night.

A young lady from Cass City passed through here at 7 a. m. Tuesday on a bicycle enroute for Casewille.

KINGSTON.

A. Daughter at C. O. Blinn's.

A. Noble and wife were in Marlette, Tuesday.

W. J. Baker has started his threshing machine.

James VanWagner is attending the Normal at Caro.

John Millikin, of West Branch, was in town Wednesday.

W. B. Predmore and W. Hamilton were in Cass City Monday.

John Annon shipped a car load of stock from here last week.

J. H. Potts and Mindwell Jeffery are visiting friends at Detroit.

Miss. Eva VanSicklen is visiting at Wm. Ross', and assisting in the post-office.

The funeral services of Mrs. Thomas Everette, Jr. was held at ten o'clock Wednesday.

The funeral of Mrs. P. L. Ford was held in the M. E. Church on Friday last at eleven o'clock.

Miss Brown, who has been working in Mrs. Lee's Millinery store, returned home on Saturday last.

There is some talk of a ball game Friday p. m. between Kingston and Wilmot nines at Legs corners.

The Village fire engine and 350 feet of hose was received July 17th and with A. Vornwald as hoseman was turned a success. At least, N. H. Burns says so.

A. Noble and N. H. Burns attended the ball game at Sanilac Centre on Monday between Sanilac Center and Kingston nines. Score 13 to 11 in favor of Sanilac Center.

(From another correspondent.)

The sun, 'neath a lazy curtain, had slowly sunk from sight;

A star or two proclaiming the silent coming of night;

When, hark! the silence is broken, loud and resounding cries

In a hundred different voices, are cleaving the summer skies.

The women flew to the windows, men hurried down the street.

And soon the town re-echoed with the tread of passing feet.

"Is it a fire?" one shouted. An old woman shook her head.

"Either the ball game's ended, or somebody's drunk," she said.

It seems that the village comeli, had, of late, made a purchase grand—

A fire-engine, neat and handy—and that night had taken stand

On a hill overlooking the city, all seeking for fame and renown.

(Don't tell the hill was sawdust, and the city our own little town.)

The first vice, worked the engine, the president held the gun,

The treasurer gave the signal (but Adam had all the fun).

The poor little barefooted children ran home with hearts full of fears

Their pockets all soaked full of water and their eyes brimming over with tears.

For the gunner was active and jolly; he seemed to have carried the day,

For he'd soaked all the lads and lasses—in fact, all that came in his way,

Until Adam, the harness maker, with an honest and sober face,

Walking quietly up to the former seemed anxious to take his place.

A struggle and soon the scene changes! Wild cries and the tramping of feet;

For the crowd sees the jolly president enjoying a full retreat,

With the gun bearing straight upon him, from a firm and skilful hand,

So he flew to a place of safety, his locks by the breezes fanned.

So, that was the strange commotion that rose on the wind that night.

When the good dames talked and wondered if it might be a quarrel or fight;

But the stars whispered softly together as onward they made their way:

"We have not beheld such a circus for many and many a day."

Last June Dick Crawford brought his twelve-months-old child, suffering from infantal diarrhoea, to me. It had been weaned at four months old and had always been sickly. I gave it the usual treatment in such cases but without benefit. The child kept growing thinner until it weighed but little more than when born, or perhaps ten pounds. I then started the father to giving Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. Before one bottle of the 25 cent size had been used a marked improvement was seen and its continued use cured the child. Its weakness and puny constitution disappeared and its father and myself believe the child's life was saved by this remedy. J. T. MARLOW, M. D., Tamara, Ill. For sale by T. H. Fritz

Chamberlain's is the best of all. Vincent J. Barkl, of Danbury Iowa, has used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy whenever in need of a medicine for coughs and colds for the past five years and says: "It always helps me out. If any one asks me what kind of cough medicine I use, I reply, Chamberlain's, that is the best of all. 25 and 50c bottles of T. H. Fritz, druggist.

A horse kicked H. S. Shafer at Freeman's House, Middleburg, N. Y., on the knee which laid him up and caused the knee joint to become stiff. A friend recommended Chamberlain's Pain Balm, which used, and in two days was able to be around. Mr. Shafer recommended it to many others and says it is excellent for all kind bruises or sprains. The same remedy is also famous for its cures of rheumatism. For sale by T. H. Fritz, druggist.

The Hicenze Par Excellence Is now the Ohio Central Lines' Interchangeable 1,000 mile Ticket. Covering the B. O. System West of Pittsburg, including the Pittsburg & Western, the Big four and other systems, it is a book that no person who travels can afford to be without. It is commended for investigation by our patrons. 7-5-4

Marvelous Results. From a letter written by Rev. J. Gundersman of Dimondale, Mich., we are permitted to make this extract: "I have no hesitation in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery, as the results were almost marvelous in the case of my wife. While I was pastor of the Baptist Church at Rives Junction she was brought down with Pneumonia succeeding LaGrippe. Terrible prostrations of coughing would last hours with little interruption and it seemed as if she could not survive them. A friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery; it was quick in its work and highly satisfactory in results." Trial bottles free at T. H. Fritz's, Drug Store.

RIP THEM APART!

Go back and start over again. Rather give it away than sell clothing with a skewgiggard sleeve, a hickey collar, or warped "V" in the back. No "pretty fair" work in our Boys' and Men's-to-wear Clothing. If you want ready-made

Clothing that is Thrown Together

we can't accommodate you and you are not sorry for it. Our Clothing Department grows as the people learn our prices. Call and see us before buying.

JAS. REAGH.

Butter and Eggs taken in Exchange for Goods.

CASS CITY, July 18, 1895.

Dear Reader:—

We are continually studying the interests of our customers, and would say to those wishing anything in Clothing, Shoes or Furnishings we can do you good. For the next thirty days we will make offers on Childs', Boys' and Men's Suits and odd Pants that ought to satisfy the closest buyer. We have Men's good worsted Suits, worth \$8.00, will close at \$4.00; Childs' suits, worth \$2.00, at \$1.25; Boys' suits, worth \$4.00, at \$2.50; Pants worth \$3.00 at \$2.00; Pants worth \$2.00 at \$1.50, and all through the whole line in like proportion. If you want anything in our line, give us an opportunity to show you goods and prices.

Yours Respectfully,

2 MACKS 2.

Ladies

We have just Received a Stock of the

Famous Jamestown Dress Goods,

Which are Warranted Absolutely Fast Color.

New Line Shirt Waists.

Gasoline Stoves, \$3.50 to \$25.00.

Screen Doors, \$1.00 to \$1.50.

New and Complete Stock of

BICYCLES,

\$40.00 -to- \$100.00

J. L. HITCHCOCK.

SPECIAL CUT

EVERYTHING IN THE VEHICLE LINE

Call and get prices before you buy.

E. M'KIM -111- CASS CITY.

Despondency CAN BE CURED

You can be cured by using..... MacLeod's System Renovator, For Dyspepsia, Bronchitis, Rheumatism, Liver and Kidney Diseases and Nervous Complaints. Try it and then recommend it. Ask druggist, or write direct to MACLEOD MEDICINE CO., 118 Howard St., Detroit, Mich. WILLIAMS, DAVIS, BROOKS & CO., Wholesale Agents. 6-14-12

PENS, PENCILS, TABLETS, ETC.

At ENTERPRISE OFFICE.

WITH WOLVERINES.

BRIEF ITEMS ABOUT MICHIGAN PEOPLE AND THINGS.

St. Clair Visited by a Destructive Storm—The Marquette County Miners' Strike—Forest Fires Still Continue to Burn—Benzonia Visited by a Conflagration.

Negaunee and Ishpeming Miners Still Out—The ultimatum of the striking miners of Ishpeming and Negaunee was sent to the local representatives of mining companies.

No Strike at Iron Mountain. A mass meeting of the Chapin miners was held at Iron Mountain. It was unanimously agreed to ask for more pay.

Severe Cyclone at St. Clair. A storm with many features of a western cyclone made a 20 minutes visit to St. Clair and in that time destroyed one life and about \$15,000 worth of property.

Michigan Happenings. James Moriarty, aged 80, suicided by drowning himself at Detroit. Wilson Keightley, an expert swimmer was drowned at Greenbush.

Serious Forest Fires Still Burning. Traverse City: Forest fires are still burning fiercely in the Filer pine tract, near Interlochen.

Alpena: Fires in Alpena county are still raging. No rain to amount to anything has fallen in six weeks, and crops are all ruined.

Jackson Man to Go Over Niagara Falls. Coryell Bartholomew, the Jackson aeronaut, proposes to go over the falls of Niagara on a trapeze attached to a bar between two balloons.

Four Men Injured—11 Horses Burned. Small and Johnson's livery barn caught fire at Benzonia and spread to three adjoining dwellings.

Sensational Elopement at Muskegon. S. B. Castle, superintendent of the Lake Harbor railroad, and Mrs. Lewis Woodward, eloped.

Nine Miners Entombed Alive. Nine miners were imprisoned in a room in the first level of the Pewanbe mine at Iron Mountain.

Holton Almost Destroyed. A cigar stub or a match carelessly thrown in the hay in J. P. Uter's large barn nearly wiped off the map Holton, a small village of 250 population, in Muskegon county.

The steamer F. S. Sterling, Capt. Ben Alford, from Monroe to Toledo, picked up a capsized yacht in Lake Erie, saving the three men who clung to the bottom.

The Marinette & Menominee Paper Mill company decided to erect a \$50,000 sulphite plant at Menominee.

Thos. W. Palmer is announced to address his fellow-citizens at a picnic of Washenaw, Wayne, Oakland and Livingston farmers at Whitmore Lake, August 24.

Jacob Tenfel, of Ann Arbor, deliberately threw himself in front of a motor car on the Mt. Clemens road between Detroit and Mt. Clemens and was instantly killed.

Wm. Robinson started to Lapeer with a load of baled hay. The load caught fire from his pipe and he was fortunate enough to save the horses and himself.

Four Chinamen were captured at Detroit while being smuggled from Canada. A sleeping car conductor and porter were arrested for hiding them from the officers.

A party at Bad Axe given by Mrs. A. Haymarket two men began to quarrel. Fred L. Harrell tried to make peace, but was fatally stabbed in the stomach by Herbert Sheets.

Bishop Richter, of Grand Rapids, assisted by Frs. Hudson and Stellas, of Manistee, laid the cornerstone of the new Catholic church at Frankfort. The edifice will cost \$10,000.

A stubborn fire in the Jackson paper mill created great excitement among the convicts in the state prison adjacent. The fire did \$15,000 damage to rags, jute and other material.

August Røllenhagen, aged 17, was hauling water in barrels near Ravenna. Going down hill the barrels tumbled, throwing him between the horses. He was dragged 30 rods and killed.

The only fatality from forest fires occurred here Alden. Geo. Herenden, sent his five-year-old boy after the flames and was roasted to death.

The barns and outbuildings on the farm of Peter Gunlock, near Lenox, were destroyed by fire. Two horses, a lot of new agricultural implements and 20 tons of hay were consumed.

The long continued drought about Jackson was not disturbed by light rains which fell in various parts of the state and the prospect of saving the city with water is becoming serious.

Receiver Burt, of the T. A. & N. M. railroad, has secured a right of way for a new route from Ann Arbor to Whitmore Lake. A number of expensive sinkholes, dangerous to life and to property, will be avoided.

Reuben Morningstar, of Shelby, gave his 5-year-old boy an old revolver to play with. It happened to be loaded and was discharged, the ball passing through the little fellow's head, causing immediate death.

Forest fires destroyed the mill of the Phelps Lumber company, near Kenos, together with 2,500,000 feet of lumber; also the barn of supervisor George R. Louch, of Marquette township, Mecosta county, together with its contents.

M. D. Degroot was instantly killed and John Meeks seriously injured by the fall of a scaffold at Wickes Bros' boiler shop at Saginaw. The men were both colored and they were engaged in whitewashing the interior.

Oceana county fruit growers are making terms with the transportation companies to extend their markets for fruit into Ohio, Indiana and southern Michigan. Heretofore they have shipped mostly to Chicago and Milwaukee.

One-half the farmers around Galesburg are hauling water from the Kalamazoo river for their stock and even that resource promises to fail soon. The oldest inhabitant fails to remember a condition of affairs approaching the present.

A four-year-old daughter of Fred Whitney, a farmer near Bankers, died from poisoned apples. The vines in a potato patch had been sprinkled with Paris green and the apples had fallen off a tree into the potato patch.

The Clark house burned at Cheboygan together with the barn, a span of horses, wagons and all the boarders' clothes. Loss \$4,000; no insurance. The fire is supposed to have originated by children smoking cigarettes in the barn. The roof was burned off D. C. Pelton's barn also.

Fire was discovered in the basement of F. R. Metcalf & Company's large dry goods store at Adrian. The flames were confined to the basement, but smoke and water destroyed the value of nearly everything on the upper floors. The stock is valued at \$50,000 and will probably be a total loss.

The drought about Benton Harbor, St. Joseph and all through the fruit belt was broken by the advent of a terrific rain storm accompanied by heavy wind which blew a great deal of fruit from the trees and blew many trees down also. The two-story brick building at Decatur was demolished.

The Nyanza, upbound with coal, collided with the northern liner, Northern King, downbound in a fog at the foot of Sugar Island in St. Mary's river, near the pier. The Nyanza was cut down and was run into shoal water, where she sank. The Northern King was apparently uninjured. The Nyanza is owned by the McBrier syndicate of Erie, and was valued at \$110,000.

The thirteenth annual meeting of the Michigan State Pharmaceutical association was held at the Light Infantry armory, Detroit. The exhibits were presented at the Auditorium.

Druggists from all over the state—about 500 in number—were present. Officers elected: President, George J. Ward, M. D., St. Clair; vice presidents, E. F. Phillips, Armada; S. P. Whitmarsh, Palmyra; A. L. Walker, Detroit; secretary, Ben J. Schroeder, Grand Rapids; treasurer, Wm. Dupont, Detroit.

The five-year-old daughter of Chas. Johnson was burned to death near Stephenson. She tried to build a fire in the cook stove and her dress caught on fire.

Fred Barr, arrested at Big Rapids on a charge of stealing from his employer, Reese Marsh, of St. Johns, a horse which he drove to death, is but 16 years of age and a former inmate of the industrial school.

The Thompson Lumber company's drydock, with 60,000 feet of hardwood lumber, burned at Thompsonville. The planing and sawmill were saved. All lumber in the yard was also saved. Loss, \$4,000, fully insured.

HERE AND THERE.

VARIETY OF NEWS ITEMS FROM VARIOUS PLACES.

Whole Family Shot to Death by an Italian—K. of L. to Boycott National Banks—Two Firemen Killed at Cincinnati—Scheme to Purchase Cuba's Liberty.

A Whole Family Shot Down. Rosario Giordano and family lived upon the Terre Haute plantation in St. Johns parish, near New Orleans, and employed Joe Noska and wife. Noska became enraged for some slight reason and vowed vengeance. The Giordano family were seated at the supper table when he entered the room and without a word fired a load of shot at Mrs. Giordano. She fell to the floor a corpse and several shots went through both legs of the babe in her arms. Giordano ran forward when the assassin fired again, fatally injuring him. Mary Giordano, the ten-year-old daughter, received a portion of the load of buckshot which entered her abdomen, literally tearing it to pieces. At the same time Nicolina fell wounded through the head. The assassin did not move but when he saw Benedetto Giordano, a nephew of the dead woman, and Charley Columbo coming toward him, he coolly reloaded and fired again, killing both of the two men falling to the ground dead. The murderer then made his escape to the woods.

A Brave Engineer's Nerve. As the Montreal express on the Adirondack & St. Lawrence railroad rounded a curve on a heavy down grade near Utica, N. Y., the engineer, Wm. Brassel, saw 500 feet in front of him a trestle, a quarter of a mile long, enveloped in flames. Brassel said he was so frightened his hair stood on end, but he saw it was impossible to stop the train, so he opened the throttle to its widest and the train rushed swaying through the flames, and safely on the other side of the structure. Before it came to a standstill the burning trestle fell in a heap of ruins on the rocks 50 feet below. There were 75 passengers on the train.

Behind the proposition to perpetuate a monetary system in this country, the national gold standard is a proposition to perpetuate the national gold standard. The national gold standard is a proposition to perpetuate the national gold standard. The national gold standard is a proposition to perpetuate the national gold standard.

General Master Workman Sovereign, of the Knights of Labor, has issued a manifesto to the members of that organization, as well as to kindred organizations throughout the country, having in view the establishment of a boycott on all national bank notes. In part he says:

Behind the proposition to perpetuate a monetary system in this country, the national gold standard is a proposition to perpetuate the national gold standard. The national gold standard is a proposition to perpetuate the national gold standard.

Train Crashed Through a Bridge. A freight on the Santa Fe road fell through the bridge at Monument, Cal., burying beneath the wreck seven people, three of whom were killed.

Japanese Defeated in Formosa. A large force of Black Flags attacked the Japanese troops at Tokohama, island of Formosa, and fought with desperate courage. The Japanese were only saved from defeat by the timely discipline of their troops.

Fillibustering Vessel Captured. Upon oath of Wm. Lynch, a seaman, that the tug George W. Childs had engaged in landing men, arms and ammunition for the rebel army in Cuba, the vessel was captured.

Five Negroes Killed by Dynamite. Two months ago a dispute arose near Mart, Texas, between A. Phillips, a Negro, and Phil. Arnold, white, both farmers, in which the latter killed the former, and was in turn killed by Phillips' son. Feeling has been bitter between their friends. At 2 a. m. the house occupied by Mrs. Phillips, was dynamited, blowing it to pieces and setting fire to the wreck. There were six Negroes in the building, five of whom were killed.

Pan-American Congress of Religion. About 5,000 delegates to the Pan-American congress of religion and education attended the opening session at Toronto, Ont. Warring Kennedy, of Toronto, read the address of welcome. Samuel G. Smith, president of congress, replied, and speeches were made by others.

Stamboul off Dead. M. Stamboul, ex-premier of Bulgaria, who was murderously assaulted at Sofia, Bulgaria, by four men with knives and short swords, died from his injuries. The officials of the city are being condemned on all hands for their very evident endeavors to shield the murderers.

Four Men Killed by a Train. Four men were instantly killed while crossing the Pittsburg railroad near Willimstown, Mass. A party of six men were riding in a two-seated covered carriage, when they were struck by a west-bound express. Two of the men escaped by jumping.

Wm. Lunstedt and five others of New York City went out for a sail and were caught in a storm which capsized the boat and all but Lunstedt drowned.

Chief of Police White, of Omaha, has discharged 25 alleged political and sectarian agitators from the police force. The edict has been issued by the chief that policemen must not let political and religious affairs interfere with their duties as officers.

Four masked men went to the house of John Miblin, near Ashland, O., and battered down the door with a fence rail. The men then bound and gagged Miblin and his wife and tortured the couple, holding burning matches to their feet and hands. The robbers secured \$13, all the money in the house. Miblin and his wife are both very old and almost blind.

THE FIEND INCARNATE.

Eight Murders are Now Laid at the Door of H. H. Holmes.

The more thoroughly the detectives investigate the record of H. H. Holmes, the fiend who is now in prison at Philadelphia, the more blackened his hands become with the blood of his innocent victims. In addition to almost positive proof that he murdered B. F. Pictzel, at Philadelphia, to secure insurance on his life, and Pictzel's two little girls at Toronto, at Chicago, to secure possession of their property, it is scarcely doubted that he killed Pictzel's boy at Detroit for the same reason. The detectives claim that Holmes also murdered Minnie and Ina Williams, of Forth Worth, Texas, at Chicago, to secure possession of their property. And now it is thought that he also "removed" Mrs. I. L. Connor and her 12-year-old girl, of Davenport, Ia., at Chicago, after he had caused her husband to obtain a divorce from her. The reason given by the officers for the last two crimes is that Holmes feared that they knew too much for his comfort. Thus, to recapitulate, there are now eight murders credited to Holmes as follows: Pictzel in Philadelphia; Julia Connor and her daughter; Minnie I. and Ina Williams, in Chicago; Alice and Nellie Pictzel in Toronto, and little Howard Pictzel, possibly in Detroit.

As the Montreal express on the Adirondack & St. Lawrence railroad rounded a curve on a heavy down grade near Utica, N. Y., the engineer, Wm. Brassel, saw 500 feet in front of him a trestle, a quarter of a mile long, enveloped in flames. Brassel said he was so frightened his hair stood on end, but he saw it was impossible to stop the train, so he opened the throttle to its widest and the train rushed swaying through the flames, and safely on the other side of the structure. Before it came to a standstill the burning trestle fell in a heap of ruins on the rocks 50 feet below. There were 75 passengers on the train.

Fillibustering Expeditions to Hawaii. The customs authorities of the Puget Sound district have been instructed by the U. S. government to keep a sharp lookout for fillibustering parties fitting out for the Hawaiian Islands. A few days ago it was reported vessels were openly loading and freighting to the islands munitions of war for the royalists who are preparing for another uprising. It is believed a large quantity of arms and ammunition have been smuggled into Hawaii from Puget Sound. One source of information says it is planned to commence a rebellion Sept. 1, and that 4,200 will be in readiness to bear arms against the government.

Japanese Defeated in Formosa. A large force of Black Flags attacked the Japanese troops at Tokohama, island of Formosa, and fought with desperate courage. The Japanese were only saved from defeat by the timely discipline of their troops.

Fillibustering Vessel Captured. Upon oath of Wm. Lynch, a seaman, that the tug George W. Childs had engaged in landing men, arms and ammunition for the rebel army in Cuba, the vessel was captured.

Five Negroes Killed by Dynamite. Two months ago a dispute arose near Mart, Texas, between A. Phillips, a Negro, and Phil. Arnold, white, both farmers, in which the latter killed the former, and was in turn killed by Phillips' son. Feeling has been bitter between their friends. At 2 a. m. the house occupied by Mrs. Phillips, was dynamited, blowing it to pieces and setting fire to the wreck. There were six Negroes in the building, five of whom were killed.

Pan-American Congress of Religion. About 5,000 delegates to the Pan-American congress of religion and education attended the opening session at Toronto, Ont. Warring Kennedy, of Toronto, read the address of welcome. Samuel G. Smith, president of congress, replied, and speeches were made by others.

Stamboul off Dead. M. Stamboul, ex-premier of Bulgaria, who was murderously assaulted at Sofia, Bulgaria, by four men with knives and short swords, died from his injuries. The officials of the city are being condemned on all hands for their very evident endeavors to shield the murderers.

Four Men Killed by a Train. Four men were instantly killed while crossing the Pittsburg railroad near Willimstown, Mass. A party of six men were riding in a two-seated covered carriage, when they were struck by a west-bound express. Two of the men escaped by jumping.

Wm. Lunstedt and five others of New York City went out for a sail and were caught in a storm which capsized the boat and all but Lunstedt drowned.

Chief of Police White, of Omaha, has discharged 25 alleged political and sectarian agitators from the police force. The edict has been issued by the chief that policemen must not let political and religious affairs interfere with their duties as officers.

Four masked men went to the house of John Miblin, near Ashland, O., and battered down the door with a fence rail. The men then bound and gagged Miblin and his wife and tortured the couple, holding burning matches to their feet and hands. The robbers secured \$13, all the money in the house. Miblin and his wife are both very old and almost blind.

CUBAN WAR NEWS.

Reports of Encounters Which Favor the Spaniards.—Ship Load of Arms Seized.

Dispatches from the scene of war in Cuba are very conflicting. It only seems reasonable that the Spaniards being contrary to most of the news sources should color information to suit themselves. Here are some of the latest dispatches: Havana: Gen. Navarro engaged the insurgents near Cobre and routed them with slight loss. The coffee plantations of Nueva Songa and Magdalena have been burned by the insurgents. At Invista Hermosa 500 insurgents attacked Maj. Arminian with 100 men and after an hour's fighting were forced to retire with loss of 25 killed and 40 wounded. The Spaniards lost four killed and nine wounded. New York: A special from Havana says everybody knows that some great battle have been fought lately somewhere on the island, but particulars of them are kept from the public. There are rumors that a Spanish column of over 1,000 men, presumably commanded by Gen. Suarez Valdes, was defeated by a force of insurgents near the border between Puerto Principe and Santiago province. Gen. Suarez Valdes is reported to have been either wounded or taken prisoner. There has been severe fighting also between the towns of Siboney, Casco and Guanajay. In Guanajay places were burned to the ground by the insurgents. New York: After a test of dynamite balloons which was claimed to be very successful, the New York Cuban Libre club have placed in the hands of the manufacturers a large order of balloons and rockets with a full complement of dynamite cartridges to be ready for shipment July 25. The brig Pearl, used in the transportation of sugar between New York and Cuba, and South American ports, has been seized by U. S. officers at Brooklyn, for having taken on board a large amount of arms and ammunition for Cuban ports.

Baptist Young People's Union. The fifth international convention of the Baptist Young People's Union of America was held at Baltimore with a very large and enthusiastic attendance. Eugene Levering, chairman of the board of the Young People's Union, delivered the address of welcome on behalf of the churches of Baltimore. He was followed by Mayor Latrobe, who gave the delegates an earnest and cordial welcome. The report of General Treasurer Frank Moody was read, and showed receipts and disbursements for the year \$57,610; the assets of the Baptist Young People's Union of America aggregates \$24,105; liabilities, \$24,330; deficits, \$125, against a deficit a year ago of \$9,302. The officers elected were: President, John H. Chapman, Illinois; vice-presidents, P. F. Botham, New Jersey; J. R. Sissonstone, Toronto; George B. Taylor, D. C.; West Virginia, secretary, Rev. H. W. Reed, Illinois. Mr. Frank L. Wilkins, the general secretary was re-elected; W. H. Merritt was re-elected business manager; and H. A. Curry, Ph. D. Carpy, Ph. D., managing editor of the Baptist Union. It was decided that the international convention of 1896 would be held in Milwaukee and that of 1897 in Brooklyn, N. Y.

Harry Bowden, a Pennsylvania railroad telegraph operator, was killed by tramps at Bucyrus and his body placed on the track where it was struck by an engine and decapitated.

REVIEW OF TRADE. Dun's says: The wool's news is not entirely encouraging, but is all the more natural because there are signs of midsummer drought. Wheat prospects are not quite so good, but still there are signs of recovery in cotton and both down. The exports of gold and the less favorable treasury returns for July are not unexpected and mean but no serious business. There is a perceptible decrease in the demand for midsummer tinplate and the retail distribution to consumers, naturally less in midsummer. Much of the tinplate is being held in piles and such purchases fall off when prices have risen. There are still numerous advances in wages, but strikes grow less numerous and important. British accounts do not indicate any serious shortage of tinplate, and are reported by some of the American mills to sell part of the stock taken recently which may expect to be sold at a profit.

REVIEW OF TRADE. Dun's says: The wool's news is not entirely encouraging, but is all the more natural because there are signs of midsummer drought. Wheat prospects are not quite so good, but still there are signs of recovery in cotton and both down. The exports of gold and the less favorable treasury returns for July are not unexpected and mean but no serious business. There is a perceptible decrease in the demand for midsummer tinplate and the retail distribution to consumers, naturally less in midsummer. Much of the tinplate is being held in piles and such purchases fall off when prices have risen. There are still numerous advances in wages, but strikes grow less numerous and important. British accounts do not indicate any serious shortage of tinplate, and are reported by some of the American mills to sell part of the stock taken recently which may expect to be sold at a profit.

REVIEW OF TRADE. Dun's says: The wool's news is not entirely encouraging, but is all the more natural because there are signs of midsummer drought. Wheat prospects are not quite so good, but still there are signs of recovery in cotton and both down. The exports of gold and the less favorable treasury returns for July are not unexpected and mean but no serious business. There is a perceptible decrease in the demand for midsummer tinplate and the retail distribution to consumers, naturally less in midsummer. Much of the tinplate is being held in piles and such purchases fall off when prices have risen. There are still numerous advances in wages, but strikes grow less numerous and important. British accounts do not indicate any serious shortage of tinplate, and are reported by some of the American mills to sell part of the stock taken recently which may expect to be sold at a profit.

REVIEW OF TRADE. Dun's says: The wool's news is not entirely encouraging, but is all the more natural because there are signs of midsummer drought. Wheat prospects are not quite so good, but still there are signs of recovery in cotton and both down. The exports of gold and the less favorable treasury returns for July are not unexpected and mean but no serious business. There is a perceptible decrease in the demand for midsummer tinplate and the retail distribution to consumers, naturally less in midsummer. Much of the tinplate is being held in piles and such purchases fall off when prices have risen. There are still numerous advances in wages, but strikes grow less numerous and important. British accounts do not indicate any serious shortage of tinplate, and are reported by some of the American mills to sell part of the stock taken recently which may expect to be sold at a profit.

REVIEW OF TRADE. Dun's says: The wool's news is not entirely encouraging, but is all the more natural because there are signs of midsummer drought. Wheat prospects are not quite so good, but still there are signs of recovery in cotton and both down. The exports of gold and the less favorable treasury returns for July are not unexpected and mean but no serious business. There is a perceptible decrease in the demand for midsummer tinplate and the retail distribution to consumers, naturally less in midsummer. Much of the tinplate is being held in piles and such purchases fall off when prices have risen. There are still numerous advances in wages, but strikes grow less numerous and important. British accounts do not indicate any serious shortage of tinplate, and are reported by some of the American mills to sell part of the stock taken recently which may expect to be sold at a profit.

REVIEW OF TRADE. Dun's says: The wool's news is not entirely encouraging, but is all the more natural because there are signs of midsummer drought. Wheat prospects are not quite so good, but still there are signs of recovery in cotton and both down. The exports of gold and the less favorable treasury returns for July are not unexpected and mean but no serious business. There is a perceptible decrease in the demand for midsummer tinplate and the retail distribution to consumers, naturally less in midsummer. Much of the tinplate is being held in piles and such purchases fall off when prices have risen. There are still numerous advances in wages, but strikes grow less numerous and important. British accounts do not indicate any serious shortage of tinplate, and are reported by some of the American mills to sell part of the stock taken recently which may expect to be sold at a profit.

REVIEW OF TRADE. Dun's says: The wool's news is not entirely encouraging, but is all the more natural because there are signs of midsummer drought. Wheat prospects are not quite so good, but still there are signs of recovery in cotton and both down. The exports of gold and the less favorable treasury returns for July are not unexpected and mean but no serious business. There is a perceptible decrease in the demand for midsummer tinplate and the retail distribution to consumers, naturally less in midsummer. Much of the tinplate is being held in piles and such purchases fall off when prices have risen. There are still numerous advances in wages, but strikes grow less numerous and important. British accounts do not indicate any serious shortage of tinplate, and are reported by some of the American mills to sell part of the stock taken recently which may expect to be sold at a profit.

REVIEW OF TRADE. Dun's says: The wool's news is not entirely encouraging, but is all the more natural because there are signs of midsummer drought. Wheat prospects are not quite so good, but still there are signs of recovery in cotton and both down. The exports of gold and the less favorable treasury returns for July are not unexpected and mean but no serious business. There is a perceptible decrease in the demand for midsummer tinplate and the retail distribution to consumers, naturally less in midsummer. Much of the tinplate is being held in piles and such purchases fall off when prices have risen. There are still numerous advances in wages, but strikes grow less numerous and important. British accounts do not indicate any serious shortage of tinplate, and are reported by some of the American mills to sell part of the stock taken recently which may expect to be sold at a profit.

REVIEW OF TRADE. Dun's says: The wool's news is not entirely encouraging, but is all the more natural because there are signs of midsummer drought. Wheat prospects are not quite so good, but still there are signs of recovery in cotton and both down. The exports of gold and the less favorable treasury returns for July are not unexpected and mean but no serious business. There is a perceptible decrease in the demand for midsummer tinplate and the retail distribution to consumers, naturally less in midsummer. Much of the tinplate is being held in piles and such purchases fall off when prices have risen. There are still numerous advances in wages, but strikes grow less numerous and important. British accounts do not indicate any serious shortage of tinplate, and are reported by some of the American mills to sell part of the stock taken recently which may expect to be sold at a profit.

REVIEW OF TRADE. Dun's says: The wool's news is not entirely encouraging, but is all the more natural because there are signs of midsummer drought. Wheat prospects are not quite so good, but still there are signs of recovery in cotton and both down. The exports of gold and the less favorable treasury returns for July are not unexpected and mean but no serious business. There is a perceptible decrease in the demand for midsummer tinplate and the retail distribution to consumers, naturally less in midsummer. Much of the tinplate is being held in piles and such purchases fall off when prices have risen. There are still numerous advances in wages, but strikes grow less numerous and important. British accounts do not indicate any serious shortage of tinplate, and are reported by some of the American mills to sell part of the stock taken recently which may expect to be sold at a profit.

REVIEW OF TRADE. Dun's says: The wool's news is not entirely encouraging, but is all the more natural because there are signs of midsummer drought. Wheat prospects are not quite so good, but still there are signs of recovery in cotton and both down. The exports of gold and the less favorable treasury returns for July are not unexpected and mean but no serious business. There is a perceptible decrease in the demand for midsummer tinplate and the retail distribution to consumers, naturally less in midsummer. Much of the tinplate is being held in piles and such purchases fall off when prices have risen. There are still numerous advances in wages, but strikes grow less numerous and important. British accounts do not indicate any serious shortage of tinplate, and are reported by some of the American mills to sell part of the stock taken recently which may expect to be sold at a profit.

REVIEW OF TRADE. Dun's says: The wool's news is not entirely encouraging, but is all the more natural because there are signs of midsummer drought. Wheat prospects are not quite so good, but still there are signs of recovery in cotton and both down. The exports of gold and the less favorable treasury returns for July are not unexpected and mean but no serious business. There is a perceptible decrease in the demand for midsummer tinplate and the retail distribution to consumers, naturally less in midsummer. Much of the tinplate is being held in piles and such purchases fall off when prices have risen. There are still numerous advances in wages, but strikes grow less numerous and important. British accounts do not indicate any serious shortage of tinplate, and are reported by some of the American mills to sell part of the stock taken recently which may expect to be sold at a profit.

REVIEW OF TRADE. Dun's says: The wool's news is not entirely encouraging, but is all the more natural because there are signs of midsummer drought. Wheat prospects are not quite so good, but still there are signs of recovery in cotton and both down. The exports of gold and the less favorable treasury returns for July are not unexpected and mean but no serious business. There is a perceptible decrease in the demand for midsummer tinplate and the retail distribution to consumers, naturally less in midsummer. Much of the tinplate is being held in piles and such purchases fall off when prices have risen. There are still numerous advances in wages, but strikes grow less numerous and important. British accounts do not indicate any serious shortage of tinplate, and are reported by some of the American mills to sell part of the stock taken recently which may expect to be sold at a profit.

REVIEW OF TRADE. Dun's says: The wool's news is not entirely encouraging, but is all the more natural because there are signs of midsummer drought. Wheat prospects are not quite so good, but still there are signs of recovery in cotton and both down. The exports of gold and the less favorable treasury returns for July are not unexpected and mean but no serious business. There is a perceptible decrease in the demand for midsummer tinplate and the retail distribution to consumers, naturally less in midsummer. Much of the tinplate is being held in piles and such purchases fall off when prices have risen. There are still numerous advances in wages, but strikes grow less numerous and important. British accounts do not indicate any serious shortage of tinplate, and are reported by some of the American mills to sell part of the stock taken recently which may expect to be sold at a profit.

REVIEW OF TRADE. Dun's says: The wool's news is not entirely encouraging, but is all the more natural because there are signs of midsummer drought. Wheat prospects are not quite so good, but still there are signs of recovery in cotton and both down. The exports of gold and the less favorable treasury returns for July are not unexpected and mean but no serious business. There is a perceptible decrease in the demand for midsummer tinplate and the retail distribution to consumers, naturally less in midsummer. Much of the tinplate is being held in piles and such purchases fall off when prices have risen. There are still numerous advances in wages, but strikes grow less numerous and important. British accounts do not indicate any serious shortage of tinplate, and are reported by some of the American mills to sell part of the stock taken recently which may expect to be sold at a profit.

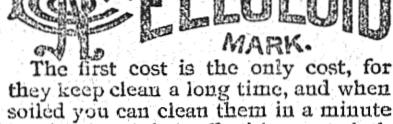
REVIEW OF TRADE. Dun's says: The wool's news is not entirely encouraging, but is all the more natural because there are signs of midsummer drought. Wheat prospects are not quite so good, but still there are signs of recovery in cotton and both down. The exports of gold and the less favorable treasury returns for July are not unexpected and mean but no serious business. There is a perceptible decrease in the demand for midsummer tinplate and the retail distribution to consumers, naturally less in midsummer. Much of the tinplate is being held in piles and such purchases fall off when prices have risen. There are still numerous advances in wages, but strikes grow less numerous and important. British accounts do not indicate any serious shortage of tinplate, and are reported by some of the American mills to sell part of the stock taken recently which may expect to be sold at a profit.

REVIEW OF TRADE. Dun's says: The wool's news is not entirely encouraging, but is all the more natural because there are signs of midsummer drought. Wheat prospects are not quite so good, but still there are signs of recovery in cotton and both down. The exports of gold and the less favorable treasury returns for July are not unexpected and mean but no serious business. There is a perceptible decrease in the demand for midsummer tinplate and the retail distribution to consumers, naturally less in midsummer. Much of the tinplate is being held in piles and such purchases fall off when prices have risen. There are still numerous advances in wages, but strikes grow less numerous and important. British accounts do not indicate any serious shortage of tinplate, and are reported by some of the American mills to sell part of the stock taken recently which may expect to be sold at a profit.

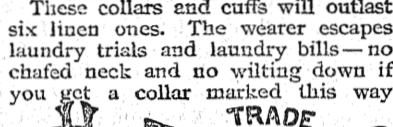
Did you ever see one of the famous waterproof Interlined Collars or Cuffs? It's very easy to tell, for they are all marked this way.



The first cost is the only cost, for they keep clean a long time, and when soiled you can clean them in a minute by simply wiping off with a wet cloth—that is the kind marked this way.



These collars and cuffs will outlast six linen ones. The wearer escapes laundry trials and laundry bills—no chafed neck and no wilting down if you get a collar marked this way.

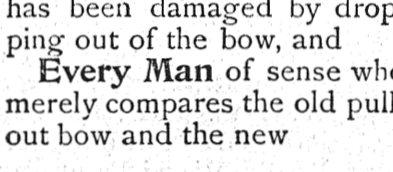


Ask your dealer first, and take nothing that has not above trade mark, if you desire perfect satisfaction. All others are imitations absolutely.

If you can't find collars or cuffs marked this way, we will send you a sample postpaid on receipt of price. Collars, 45 cts. each. Cuffs, 50 cts. pair. Give your size and say whether stand-up or turned-down collar is wanted.

THE CELLULOID COMPANY, 427-29 Broadway, NEW YORK.

Every Man whose watch has been rung out of the bow (ring), by a pickpocket, Every Man whose watch has been damaged by dropping out of the bow, and Every Man of sense who merely compares the old pull-out bow and the new

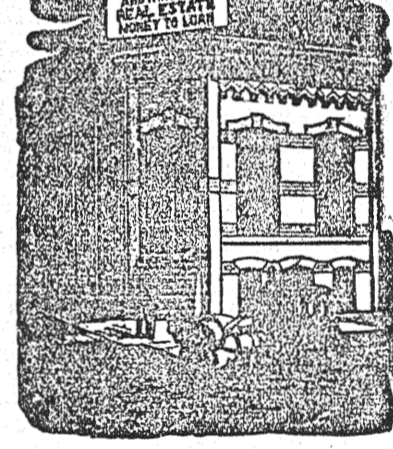


will exclaim: "Ought to have been made long ago!" It can't be twisted off the case. Can only be had with Jas. Boss Filled and other cases stamped with this trade mark.

Send for a watch case opener (free). Keystone Watch Case Co., Philadelphia.

HARRY BOWDEN, a Pennsylvania railroad telegraph operator, was killed by tramps at Bucyrus and his body placed on the track where it was struck by an engine and decapitated.

CARSON & EALY

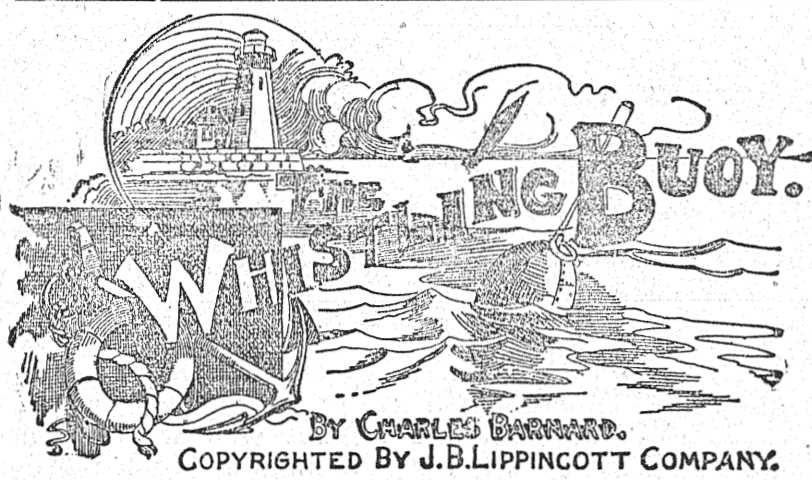


To all Lands in Tuscola Co. MONEY TO LOAN ON FARM MORTGAGES.

IN SCHE FROM \$50 TO \$5,000 For long or short time. Offices across from Medler House. CARO - MICH.

PATENTS

CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, COPY RIGHTS. OAN & CO. A PATENT, TRADE MARK, and other legal business, for a prompt answer and an honest opinion, write to OAN & CO., who have had nearly fifty years' experience in the patent business. Communication strictly confidential. A Handbook of information concerning Patents and how to obtain



COPYRIGHTED BY J. B. LIPPINCOTT COMPANY.

CHAPTER V—CONTINUED.

She fell asleep happy with expectation, and in silence round the lonely house rose the resistless tide, covering again all the bare secrets of the sea.

Judge Gearing was very silent on his way back to the cottage. At the door he bade his wife and her son to go in; he would take a little walk along the shore and do some thinking.

Would it be treason to his present wife to take this girl, whose every tone was such an echo of a voice that was still, to his house, even for a visit?

As for young Mr. Royal Yardstickie, he was entirely contented with the events of the night. The girl was to go home with them for a visit of two or three weeks.

At 2 o'clock there was the usual gathering to see the afternoon boat for New London depart.

She saw the light, the olive-green woods, the white sand-hills, fading in the distance.

CHAPTER VI.



Mr. Manning's yacht touched at the wharf at Providence, and he was detained for a moment on the dock.

At every port Skipper Johnson had gone ashore to the local postoffice for letters, but had found none.

telegraphed to New York, and Skipper Johnson to Wilson's Hall, asking if both were well there.

"My telegram tells me to come to New York as soon as convenient. How soon can we make it, Johnson?"

"All right. We'll sail as soon as you think it's safe."

"Seems to be lightening up a little. I see some of the collars are getting up anchor. Guess we can stand it if they can."

"The young man held his telegram tightly in his hand. He would sail for New York without an instant's delay.

"Why, you have met before?"

"Yes, mother. Before you came to the excitement of the rescue, and there was nothing in it to suggest the least relation, except perhaps the color of the hair and eyes, between features and voice—between the living and the dead."

"Certainly, I will. Give it to me now and I will see that it is put in the box before our train starts."

"It's not sealed yet. I wanted to add your address in New York."

"Without a thought she added a few penciled words to her love-letter, sealed it and gave it to the young man.

Life turns on trifles. As the boat drew up to the dock at New London the young man went below, to be near the gangway and go ashore with the letter.

"Just as I thought. It's for the blond giant. Love letter, I dare say. What arant nonsense! He's her brother. No. Can't be. Cousin, perhaps. The very first day I saw her he behaved more like lovers than like brother and sister."

"What place is this?"

"Why, yes. You seem surprised."

"No; we will stay in Boston to-night, and in a day or two go on to the White mountains, and then to Saratoga, and down the Hudson to New York."

"I'm very glad, as it will give me the pleasure of showing you some wonderful scenery and the added pleasure of seeing how much you will enjoy it."

"Then we shall not reach New York for several days."

Stick to a Legitimate Business. Well directed energy and enterprise are the life of American progress, and safety lies in sticking to a legitimate business.

HAVE MONEY TO BURN

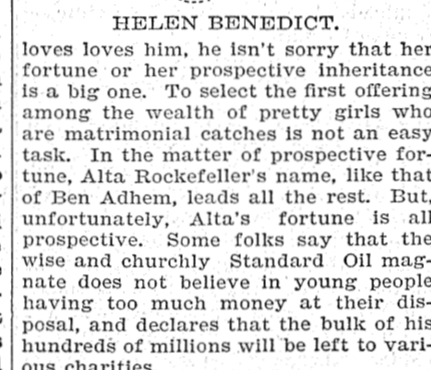
THESE YOUNG WOMEN ARE VERY WEALTHY.

They Are Single Too and If Titled Foreigners Do Not Get Away with Them Will Some Day Become the Wives of Americans.

(New York Correspondence.)

HILE THE MARRIAGE of Adele Sloane and the announcement of the engagement of Edith Rockefeller take two of the richest girls in America off the list of catches, the eligible young man need not feel downhearted, for, in the language of the day, "there are others."

In this big town where millionaire papas are numerous and their dear girls must all get married some time, any man who is legitimately in the hunt is justified in hoping to land as a winner.



HELEN BENEDICT, daughter of the banker who is looked upon as President Cleveland's closest friend, is as handsome as she is accomplished, which is saying a good deal.

Miss Frances Havens Ives, a daughter of Brayton Ives, known in both hemispheres as an art connoisseur of the first rank, is another young woman who may be classed among the best catches in New York.

Miss Elsie Clews, the only daughter of Henry Clews, the Wall street banker, is a young woman whose millions will be even greater than Mr. Whitney's.

Miss Helen Benedict, daughter of the banker who is looked upon as President Cleveland's closest friend, is as handsome as she is accomplished, which is saying a good deal.

Miss Frances Havens Ives, a daughter of Brayton Ives, known in both hemispheres as an art connoisseur of the first rank, is another young woman who may be classed among the best catches in New York.

Miss Elsie Clews, the only daughter of Henry Clews, the Wall street banker, is a young woman whose millions will be even greater than Mr. Whitney's.

Miss Helen Benedict, daughter of the banker who is looked upon as President Cleveland's closest friend, is as handsome as she is accomplished, which is saying a good deal.

Miss Frances Havens Ives, a daughter of Brayton Ives, known in both hemispheres as an art connoisseur of the first rank, is another young woman who may be classed among the best catches in New York.

still free is Miss Pauline Whitney, the daughter of William C. Whitney, whose wealth may safely be put down at \$10,000,000.

They are single too and if titled foreigners do not get away with them will some day become the wives of Americans.

(New York Correspondence.)

HILE THE MARRIAGE of Adele Sloane and the announcement of the engagement of Edith Rockefeller take two of the richest girls in America off the list of catches, the eligible young man need not feel downhearted, for, in the language of the day, "there are others."

In this big town where millionaire papas are numerous and their dear girls must all get married some time, any man who is legitimately in the hunt is justified in hoping to land as a winner.

Miss Helen Benedict, daughter of the banker who is looked upon as President Cleveland's closest friend, is as handsome as she is accomplished, which is saying a good deal.

Miss Frances Havens Ives, a daughter of Brayton Ives, known in both hemispheres as an art connoisseur of the first rank, is another young woman who may be classed among the best catches in New York.

Miss Elsie Clews, the only daughter of Henry Clews, the Wall street banker, is a young woman whose millions will be even greater than Mr. Whitney's.

Miss Helen Benedict, daughter of the banker who is looked upon as President Cleveland's closest friend, is as handsome as she is accomplished, which is saying a good deal.

Miss Frances Havens Ives, a daughter of Brayton Ives, known in both hemispheres as an art connoisseur of the first rank, is another young woman who may be classed among the best catches in New York.

Miss Elsie Clews, the only daughter of Henry Clews, the Wall street banker, is a young woman whose millions will be even greater than Mr. Whitney's.

Miss Helen Benedict, daughter of the banker who is looked upon as President Cleveland's closest friend, is as handsome as she is accomplished, which is saying a good deal.

Miss Frances Havens Ives, a daughter of Brayton Ives, known in both hemispheres as an art connoisseur of the first rank, is another young woman who may be classed among the best catches in New York.

Miss Elsie Clews, the only daughter of Henry Clews, the Wall street banker, is a young woman whose millions will be even greater than Mr. Whitney's.

Royal Baking Powder. ABSOLUTELY PURE. Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

ATCHISON GLOBULES. Some bands should march and not play. Some men are wise because they are poor.

Skinny Sufferers Saved. Tobacco use as a rule are away below normal weight because tobacco destroys digestion and causes nerve irritation that saps the power of vitality.

CONDUCTOR E. D. LOOMIS, Detroit, Mich., says: "The effect of Hall's Catarrh Cure is wonderful." Write him about it. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

When Traveling. Whether on pleasure bent, or business, take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectually on the kidneys, liver and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches and other forms of sickness.

Old Rip Van Winkle went up into the Catskill mountains to take a little nap of twenty years or so, and when he awakened he found that the "cruel war was over," the monthly magazines had fought it over, the second time and "blip up" all the officers that had participated in it.

LEWIS' 98% LYE. The strongest and purest Lye made. Unlike other Lye, it being free from soda, it is safe to use in a tin with removable lid, the contents are always ready for use.

"Hitch Your Wagon to a Star." as Emerson said,—that is, don't content with any bicycle except the best one made—the COLUMBIA.

POPE MFG. CO. General Offices and Factories, HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT, NEW YORK, CHICAGO, SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES, PHOENIX, ALBUQUERQUE, DENVER, SALT LAKE CITY, PORTLAND, OREGON, SEASIDE, CALIF., SAN JOSE, CALIF., SAN DIEGO, CALIF., SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, HOUSTON, TEXAS, DALLAS, TEXAS, AUSTIN, TEXAS, EL PASO, TEXAS, SAN MARCO, TEXAS, SAN CARLOS, TEXAS, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, HOUSTON, TEXAS, DALLAS, TEXAS, AUSTIN, TEXAS, EL PASO, TEXAS, SAN MARCO, TEXAS, SAN CARLOS, TEXAS.

You need the Columbia Catalogue, a work of art that shows every detail of the peerless Columbia and superb Hartford. The book is free if you call an authorized agency; by mail for two-cent stamps.

Nature is undistilled art. We think Pile's Cure for Consumption is the only medicine for Coughs.—JENNIE PLUMKED, Springfield, Ills., Oct. 1, 1894.

Hogeman's Camphor Ice with Glycerine. Cures Chapped Hands and Feet, Tender or Sore Feet, Chubbins, Piles, etc. C. G. Clark Co., New Haven, Ct.

Metal Wheels for your Wagons. Any size you want, 20 to 40 inches high, 10 to 20 inches wide, 2 to 4 inches thick. Save a lot of money in a season to have set your wagon for a new one.

UNIVERSITY OF NOTRE DAME. THE FIFTY-SECOND YEAR WILL OPEN TUESDAY, SEPT. 1, 1895.

LEWIS' 98% LYE. The strongest and purest Lye made. Unlike other Lye, it being free from soda, it is safe to use in a tin with removable lid, the contents are always ready for use.

LEWIS' 98% LYE. The strongest and purest Lye made. Unlike other Lye, it being free from soda, it is safe to use in a tin with removable lid, the contents are always ready for use.

Do You Want a... FARM. Texas, Tennessee, Alabama, Virginia, OR ANY OTHER STATE?

Do You Want a... FARM. Texas, Tennessee, Alabama, Virginia, OR ANY OTHER STATE? If So... THE "BIG FOUR" ROUTE.

Do You Want a... FARM. Texas, Tennessee, Alabama, Virginia, OR ANY OTHER STATE? If So... THE "BIG FOUR" ROUTE.

Kingston Bank

McHAIL & MAYNARD, Props.

Interest paid on time deposits.

Money to loan on real estate.

Collections a specialty.

L. A. MAYNARD, Cashier.

3-CENT COLUMN.

Advertisements will be inserted under this heading for three cents per line each week.

BRICK and shingles for sale. J. L. HITCHCOCK.

D. R. J. M. Truscott will rent his place. 7-19

PAINTERS wanting driving or work horses inquire of A. A. HITCHCOCK. 7-12

FOR SALE—Peddling wagon. Will give time if necessary. 6-28 LAIN & JAMES.

FOR SALE—One pair of horses, weight 1,200 lbs. each; also one mare, one harness and wagon. 6-21 A. A. MCKENZIE.

FOR SALE—House and lot. Desirable location, 1 blk. from main street. Inquire of A. W. SEED. 3-16-11

FOR SALE OR RENT—One good second hand piano. 2-22 L. A. FRITZ.

OST—On the 9th day of July, '95, one dark brown grey horse, 5 years old, and one bay mare, 8 years old. Anyone giving information or finding the same will be suitably rewarded by notifying Ira Hiller, of the town of Oliver, Huron County. Postoffice address—Canboro. 7-28

MONEY to loan on approved real estate in this vicinity. Apply at the Exchange Bank. 7-28

ONE Mare for sale; 3 years old; weight 1,100. 6-21 D. R. J. M. TRUSCOTT.

PUP for sale—Half Breeze. Will go cheap. Inquire at this office.

Potatoes and bags wanted by 3-16-11 A. A. MCKENZIE.

TO RENT—Good residence and barn. 6-26 E. H. PINNEY.

PONTIAC, OXFORD & NORTHERN R. R. PASSENGER TIME CARD.

Trains run on Central Standard Time.

GOING NORTH

GOING SOUTH

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

STATIONS

WHY HE SUCCEEDED.

A SENATOR'S GOOD FORTUNE BEGAN WITH A GAME OF POKER.

A Boy's Frank That Made It Necessary For Him to Go West and Grow Up With the Country—Members of the Bar Who Tried to Beat the Pet Law of the Town.

"My seat in the senate and all I have besides had root in a game of poker."

Here the senator gazed benignly at his small audience. He was in a reminiscent mood. He was a wise, deep sea little senator, as sapient as ever went into executive session. Now and then he liked to talk about the past.

"It sounds queerly to say it," the senator continued, "but it was a poker game which lost me to the east and gave me to the west, to become in time a senator. This is the story:

"I was born and brought up in a town in Kentucky. It was a small town. You could throw a lariat about the whole outfit and drag it with a pony. But it was a highly moral town. As a community it had a pet law. It made a specialty of enforcing the statutes against gambling. No games of chance could thrive in that community. And no matter what the position in life of an offender, were he guilty of gambling he would be dealt with. Such was the impartial boast of the town. Indeed, as one citizen observed:

"They would admire to catch a judge or prosecuting attorney violating the law merely to demonstrate the Puritan fairness of local sentiment."

"It was the June term of the circuit court. There was a crowd of lawyers in town. The judge himself was from down the Ohio river. During the noon hour a quiet game of poker was talked over as one of the happy methods of passing the pending evening. The town had a habit of going to bed at 8 o'clock, and it all promised to be gray and dull to the visiting lawyers and the judge. Whispered word went about, therefore, that a game of cards, with a meek and lowly limit, would be a good way to ward off care. But there was no place to play.

"The hotel would never do. A light in any room after 10 o'clock would have provoked the most baleful surmises and investigation as well. The prosecuting attorney was one of the foremost in arranging the coming speculation. It was he, who, in the fertility of his nature, suggested the flatboat. His father was proprietor of a flatboat of ample cabin accommodation. Just then it was mooned, bow and stern, at the foot of the levee. A couple of games were programmed to come off that evening in the cabin of the flatboat. It would be out of sight and hearing of the tiny little burg which made a specialty of punishing gambling.

"It was 10 o'clock. The night was as dark as the interior of a cow. Two games were going on in the cabin of the flatboat. The judge, the prosecuting attorney and some nine members of the bar were engaged. It made two nice tables. Everybody was bending to the game with all of the native ardor of a Kentucky gentleman. It was about this time when, in company with a friend, I strolled on the levee in the vicinity of the flatboat. I was 20 years of age and had no money. My friend was equally well fixed. Our youth and our poverty forbade anything like poker so far as we were concerned. On discovering the old folks thus charmingly engaged a taste to be humorous swept over us. We were law students; they were lawyers. That was reason enough for the joke. As the boat rose and fell on the swell and slackened the ropes we cast her loose. Silently she drifted away over the dark bosom of the river. The jovial gamblers drew and filled and straddled and raised and called, all unconscious. At 2 o'clock in the morning Colonel Stebbins had won \$70. It was in Mexican money, and he had sunkered it about his honest old frame in half a dozen pockets. It was about all of the money at that table, and Colonel Stebbins concluded he might better go. He murmured something about cold feet and promising his wife to come up to the hotel early and arose to go. The rest jeered mildly and made invidious remarks after the fashion of losers at poker just as the game breaks up. But Colonel Stebbins was inflexible. He put on his hat, bid everybody good night, stepped out into the inky darkness and carefully picked his way overboard.

"The water was 30 feet deep. The silver all but drowned the colonel, however. At last he was fished out and laid across a barrel to evict the Ohio river from his system. The whoops and yells of the voyagers at last brought a sleepy little tug to their aid. They found themselves 17 miles below the town. For \$30 of Colonel Stebbins' gains the tug towed the party back.

"They arrived at 2 o'clock in the afternoon and found the town silently afflicting the levee waiting for them. They were one and all promptly indicted. In the frank enthusiasm of youth my friend and I related how we had cast these poker games adrift on the Ohio. We made a grave mistake when we told this story. Publicly we were threatened with indictment; privately we were menaced with death by the gentlemen who had betrayed to the river. We took counsel of our woes and without awaiting the worst went west. This was all long ago—48 years ago. My partner in sin is now a United States judge, while I am in the senate. We often discuss our destinies and lay everything to that flatboat poker game."—Washington Post.

A Sty on the Eye.

When you feel the pricking pain on the eyelid that announces the coming of a sty, make a very strong application of black tea, or simply the tea leaves moistened with a little water put in a small bag of muslin and placed on the eyelid. As it dries moisten again, and if used before the sty gets under way it is said to be a sure cure.

THE SENTENCE.

A saucy tease is Metabel. A roguish, laughing, chaffing tease, But what she says I shall not tell, And what she does you may as well be sure is seldom done for pleasure.

Yet when I threaten Metabel, With penalties severe and high Her sunny smiles my frowns dispel, Her wheedling ways my anger quell; She seems the judge, the culprit I.

No mercy showeth Metabel, Yet sweet the fate her words impart. Last night she sentenced me to dwell A captive in the deepest cell, Forever of her heart of hearts.

—New York Sun.

NICKEL STEEL.

Its Extended Use Will Prove a Source of Profit to Canada.

"When nickel steel comes into general use for the construction of vessels, as it undoubtedly will," said a Canadian gentleman at the Great Northern the other day, "Canada will, in a sense, control the shipbuilding industry, because, so far as is at present known, there is very little nickel outside of the Dominion, while we have nickel bearing pyrites practically without limit. That whole vast stretch of territory reaching from Lake Superior to Labrador is rich in it and will produce hundreds of thousands of tons of it annually for an unlimited period whenever the demand requires it.

"How will this control the shipbuilding industry? Why, in this way: It has been demonstrated by conclusive tests at your proving grounds at Sandy Hook and elsewhere that steel mixed with, say, 5 per cent of nickel is double the strength of ordinary steel. In the construction of men-of-war the advantage is obvious, and in building merchant vessels the benefit to be derived from the use of nickel steel is equally plain, as it will enable them to be built much lighter than they are now, which means less coal and less engine power with an equal amount of security and equal amount of speed. It will only be a few years when a wooden vessel in the port of Chicago will be something of a novelty and the new vessels will be very long, for the reasons indicated, be made of nickel steel, and this will be the only metal in demand for the purpose at your great shipbuilding yards in Cleveland, Detroit, South Chicago and other points.

"Another advantage which steel having nickel in its composition possesses over ordinary steel is that it will not corrode and that barnacles cannot get a foothold on it, so that nickel steel ships' bottom will never require to be scraped."

—Chicago Times-Herald.

A New Race of Roses Perpetual.

The Gardeners' Chronicle calls attention to a new race of roses which has been introduced by some Paris growers. They belong to the Polyantha group—that is to say, they bear their flowers in trusses. The new roses have the advantage over the others of being "perpetual" and consequently they flower continuously all through the summer. This advantage they owe to their origin, a natural cross (crossbreed nature), observed in the Lyons gardens, between the flowers of the first specimens of Polyantha introduced from Japan and some hybrid perpetual roses. By repeated and careful selections, a new race of roses has been produced which, like annuals, germinate, flower and produce seeds in less than a year. The term "dwarf" is justified by the height, which in adult plants is only about 20 inches. The flowers are single, semidouble or double, in almost equal proportion, and present almost all the variations of color observed in cultivated roses. Flowering commences in the first year, and even a few months after sowing. This property is one of the most remarkable and interesting features of this new type.—Westminster Gazette.

A Fair Inference.

It is undeniable that actions often speak louder than words. A usurious money lender, who had for some time collected an extortionate interest from a debtor, sent his collector to the man, as usual, one day. The collector returned and reported to his employer that he could not collect the money.

"Do you mean to say that the man declared to you that he wouldn't pay the interest?" the usurer demanded furiously.

"He didn't declare so in so many words, but he gave me to understand so."

"How did he give you to understand so?"

"He kicked me down three flights of stairs!"—Youth's Companion.

In the Past Tense.

"Say, mister," he called, with his head in the door of a Michigan avenue grocery, "do you own a horse?"

"Yes; I own a horse," replied the grocer as he looked up from his paper.

"And a wagon?"

"Yes; what of it?"

"Nuthin', 'cept you are mistaken about the wagon," drawled the boy.

"Your hoss took a skate down the street about five minits ago, and there hain't a huff of that there wagon left to make a club of."—Detroit Free Press.

Egyptian Superstition.

The Egyptian shopkeeper had a deity to whom he offered sacrifice every morning, and whose duty it was in return for the shop during the day a sort of celestial "barker" and direct the attention of the people passing by to the shop and its contents.

True worth is as inevitably discovered by the facial expression as its opposite is sure to be clearly represented there. The human face is nature's tablet. The truth is certainly written thereon.—Lavater.

Most of our misfortunes are more supportable than the comments of our friends upon them.—A. Dumas.

Turkistan was originally the stan, or land, of the Turks.

THE HEART IN OLD AGE.

A Misconception That Causes Humanity Needless Anxiety.

A story told by Dr. G. W. Balfour in his book on "The Senile Heart" well deserves the double purpose of marking the practical process which scientific medicine has achieved within the past 50 years and of administering a much needed word of comfort and encouragement to those numerous workers who, as age approaches, begin to feel uncomfortable about the regions of the heart.

"Many years ago," said Dr. Balfour, "a gentleman of 77 consulted me as to severe fainting fits to which he was liable. A distinguished consultant, since dead, had told him that these attacks were due to fatty degeneration of the heart and that treatment would be of no avail. The heart's impulse was imperceptible, the sounds faint, but pure, the arteries firm, but neither hard nor tortuous. I told the patient that experience had taught me that hearts supposed to be fatty were often weak. * * *

The result of treatment was a steady improvement in health and in force of heart beat, and the patient lived to be 90 and did not die of heart failure in the end, but from senile asthenia." To many people "fatty heart" is a perfect bugbear. But this is what Dr. Balfour has to say about the diagnosis of the disease: "It is absolutely impossible to diagnose fatty degeneration of the heart.

"We may surmise its existence, but we can only be certain of its presence when we see it post mortem." If many middle aged and old men could but have this written deep upon the tablets of their consciousness, what loads would be lifted from their minds. Yet doctors of small experience roll out a diagnosis of fatty heart with sonorous satisfaction, unheeding that to many a trembling father of a family it is like the sound of a deathknell. On the question of treatment Dr. Balfour is equally decided. "We are often told," he says, "that there is danger in treating a fatty heart. * * * Yet the result of treatment in the case recorded was a cure, proving that a heart supposed to be fatty was only weak and that a life supposed to be over only wanted the flip of a few minims of digitalis to carry it on to almost the extreme of human longevity." So, true is it, even in scientific medicine, that a little experience and common sense outweigh many shiploads of mere abstract theorizing.—London Hospital.

DIAMOND THIEVES.

The Trick They Use to Circumvent the Ever Watchful Dealers.

A diamond dealer recently interviewed gave some of his experiences as follows: "A few weeks ago a foreigner came into my store and desired to see rings. After choosing for a long time he picked out one valued at \$18. He made me a ridiculously low offer, which I naturally refused. He then desired to see two other rings—one a sapphire and the other a diamond ring—exhibited in the show window. While I reached into the window for them I observed in the mirror on one side of the window how the stranger slipped away two rings, each worth \$150. I did not turn around, but went to the door, opened and then locked it. If I had turned around, the thief would have thrown pepper and sand in my eyes and run away with his booty. A policeman was soon in the place. The thief had the pepper and sand ready for use in his hand.

"Another time a thief dropped two rings into his umbrella, and at another time another slipped one into a hole in his glove. A very common trick of diamond thieves is to seek to be shown loose stones, which are thereupon handed to him lying upon a waiter. He breathes upon them, and thereby seeks to get one or more into his mouth. Others study the rings lying in the show window and have one made exactly to pattern described. The gold is good, but the jewel is paste. They then come in twilight into the store and seek to exchange their imitation for the genuine."—Jewelers' Circular.

Light Persons Poisoned by Ivy.

Mr. I. Ten Bosch writes from Rochelle Park, N. J., to Garden and Forest, saying:

"Whenever I see a tree in the embrace of a poison ivy, I take my knife and cut the vine. On the grounds of a few friends and on my own I have cut vines from 1 1/2 to 2 1/2 inches thick, sometimes at the root and sometimes as far up as I could reach, and then tearing down the stems have uprooted them with my hands. I have done this at all seasons, and when my hands were torn by blackberry thorns, but I never had a trace of poisoning. A friend to whom I mentioned my immunity said, 'Of course you are not poisoned, because you are dark.' Since then I have been thinking that in the cases of poisoning which had come to my knowledge the victims had been light haired. A younger brother of mine, who is very fair, has been severely poisoned."

Population of the World.

German geographers have made a careful estimate of the population of Africa, and place the total at 163,953,000, which is 42,240,000 more than the aggregated population of North and South America. Europe and Africa combined have a population of 521,392,000, though their area is not greater than that of all America. The world has plenty of room for many times its present population of 1,217,718,000. The German estimate of the population of the world now is 1,480,000,000, and one of the best authorities of the Royal Statistical society says it will be increased by the year 2517 to 33,586,000,000.

Lucky.

A reporter, in describing the murder of a man named Jorkins, said, "The murderer was evidently in quest of money, but looking for it in the bank he deposited all his funds in the bank the day before, so that he lost nothing but his life."—London Tit-Bits.

WEST GRANT.

U. G. Parker of Canboro was guest of A. McVicar Sunday.

Frank Burman is enclosing a frame barn this week, 16x24.

Mr. and Mrs. Mosier, of Soule, Sundayed at L. Matthews.

The whistle of the grain shellers are to be heard in every direction.

S. Ricker and Ed. Burdon was the guest of C. N. Williamson Sunday.

The large frame barn and stable of Angus McKinnon were destroyed by fire Saturday last.

Miss Emma Lang, who has been ill for some time, is much better at present, we are glad to say.

R. Matthews returned from Capae Friday, where he has been visiting friends the past four weeks.

Some of our young folks attended the social in East Grant Friday evening. A good time was reported.

Brothers of East Grant, Karr's Corner's, Argurie, must be dead or gone fishing, as we haven't heard from them lately.

A man who works for his board, no matter what honest work he does, has no reason for shame. A young man who eats the bread of idleness, no matter how much he has is disgraced. All boys starting in life, ought to aim first of all, to find a place where they can earn their bread and butter with a hoe, axe, spade, wheel-barrow, curvy-comb, blacking-brush—no matter how. Independence first. The bread and butter question settled, let the young man perform his duty so faithfully as to attract attention, and let him constantly keep his eye open for a chance to do better. About half the poor, proud young men, and two-thirds of the poor discouraged young men, are out of work. The young man who pockets his pride, and keeps a stiff, upper lip, need not starve and stands a chance to become rich if he wants to.

Every pair of Lewis' Ima Calf Shoes has Lewis' Cork Filled Soles which are impervious to dampness. Better than clumsy inner-soles. A great \$2.50 shoe.

Buckner's Arnica Salve

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by T. H. Fritz.

W. L. Nelson, who is in the drug business at Kingville, Mo., has his confidence in Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy that he warrants every bottle and offers to refund the money to any customer who is not satisfied after using it. Mr. Nelson talks no risk in using it, "this because the remedy is a certain cure for the diseases for which it is intended and he knows it. It is for sale by T. H. Fritz, druggist.

Cass City Market, July 19, 1895.

Wheat, No. 1 white..... 65
Wheat, No. 2 white..... 64
Wheat, No. 1 red..... 60
Wheat, No. 2 red..... 59
Corn, per bu..... 1 40
Corn Meal, per bu..... 1 40
Butter, per lb..... 25
Butter, per lb..... 25
Eggs, per doz..... 15
Hogs, dressed..... 10
Hogs, live weight..... 2 1/2
Mutton—live weight, per lb..... 3 1/2
Lamb, live weight..... 3 1/2
Veal..... 2 1/2
Turkey, per lb..... 10 to 14
Chickens—live, per lb..... 10 to 14
Chickens—dressed, per lb..... 10 to 14
Wool, washed..... 15 to 18
Wool unwashed..... 6 to 8

ANSWER THIS.

The largest subscription house in the country wants a first-class representative for this community for strictly special work. Short hours, good pay. Minister, teacher, or wide-awake man or woman given preference. Address: Stationers, and Printing Co., 723 Chestnut St., Phila., Pa. 6-10-13

BROWN'S Real Estate Exchange

GAGETOWN, MICH.

I have the following Farms for Sale:

80 Acres, sec. 28, Grant, Huron county; 70 acres sec. 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

40 Acres, sec. 12, Elmwood, all improved; house and barn, orchard and living spring at door, \$1,300 cash.

40 Acres, sec. 12, Elmwood, 1/2 mile south of Gagetown, unimproved but nicely located. On time at 7 per cent interest.

40 Acres, sec. 8, Elkland, partly improved—some live timber. Nicely located between Cass City and Gagetown. Small payment down and long time on balance, if wished, at 7 per cent interest.

R. S. Brown.

Order of Hearing.

State of Michigan, county of Tuscola, ss.

At a session of the Probate Court for said county, held at the Probate Office in the village of Caro, on the 2nd day of July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five. Present, JOHN C. LAING, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Charles M. Webber, deceased. On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of LOUIS M. WEBBER, praying that administration of said estate be granted to her or some other suitable person. Thereupon it is ordered, that the 20th day of July instant, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs-at-law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be held in the Probate Office, in the village of Caro, and show cause if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Cass City Enterprise, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

JOHN C. LAING, Judge of Probate.

Sheriff's Sale.

State of Michigan, county of Tuscola, ss.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a writ of fieri facias, issued out of the Circuit Court for the county of Tuscola, in favor of F. S. Seltzer and Company against the goods and chattels and real estate of Eleanor Houston and Abram E. Boutton in said county to me directed and delivered, did on the 22nd day of April, 1895, levy upon and take the right, title and interest of the said Eleanor Houston and Abram E. Boutton in and to the following described real estate, that is to say: Lot four (4) block fifteen (15) of Seeger's Addition to the village of Cass City in the County of Tuscola, State of Michigan, which I shall expose for sale at public auction, to-wit: on Monday, the 20th day of the month of August, A. D. 1895, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day.

Witness my hand and seal of office this 20th day of June, 1895.

WM. A. LENNON, Sheriff.