

CASS CITY ENTERPRISE.

BLACK W. WICKHAM, Publisher.
CASS CITY, MICHIGAN

We fear an inspection of an accurate census by minor divisions will disclose that nearly every city has had an increase of population in the wards where the gain necessitates the packing of the population like bees in a hive, and that the sum of vice, disease and want indicated by the tenement house population of the largest cities has grown rather than decreased as the country has gained in wealth.

AMERICAN fiction has distinctly forsaken the expansive and the illimitable to run after the contracted and the limited. Instead of a national novel we now have a rapidly accumulating series of regional novels—or, rather, so far as the subdividing and minimizing process goes, of local tales, neighborhood sketches, short stories confined to the author's backyard. At the same time that American fiction has thus been leaving the prairies and taking up with a pasture, it has also, in some of its manifestations, grown a little shakier in its patriotism, and shown a sneaking liking for the effete monarchies of Europe, and a predilection for foreign themes in general.

One great advantage which the increased use of the best machinery is to the farmer is seldom spoken of by the manufacturers, or by the farmers themselves. Perhaps the farmers do not realize it, while the makers might think it would hinder, instead of helping the sale of their machines if it were known. It is a fact that the use of the machine soon makes more careful farming a necessity. The hand sower could be worked among rocks and stumps, and along hedge-rows and ditches, and carried through the bogs, but one who wants to profitably use the mowing machine must remove the obstructions and fill up or drain the places where the horse would mire or the machine plow up the ground.

Those who habitually carry deadly weapons upon their persons are officers of the law, who need them to enforce their authority; criminals, who need their aid in perpetrating outrages upon society; bullies, who require them to give them the courage nature has denied, and fools, either of tender years or those unable to profit by experience, who think it smart to go armed. Added to these are men who have so conducted themselves that they have reason to fear personal violence from particular individuals. A revolver is a dangerous possession, both to the owner and those with whom he comes in contact. Left at home under the pillow, on the mantel or in the bureau drawer, it threatens the lives of those of the household and carried in the pocket it is dangerous to its owner and to all with whom he comes in contact.

Those who are disturbed by the number of divorce cases in our courts and the divorce scandals in the newspapers should comfort themselves, once in a while, by glancing over the weekly list of marriage licenses and noticing the enormous disparity between the two. If marriage is a failure, it is evident that the majority of young men and maidens have not found it out, and are daily entering upon matrimony with the old-time roseate hopes of happiness. A little observation among our friends and acquaintances will confirm the belief that the great majority of marriages are happy in their results. Let any one count up the number of happy marriages among his friends and acquaintances, and strike a balance between them and the number of those who have made shipwreck of their happiness on the matrimonial sea, and he will no longer be distressed by the magazine and review writers on marriages or the proceedings of the divorce court.

There are certain respects in which the idea conveyed by the word "gentleman" in the United States is stronger and finer than it carries with it elsewhere, but it is true that the English gentleman has a certain scrupulousness about his immediate associates that one must admire. It is not considered an entirely comfortable thing to occupy the same benches with a blackleg, even though he be a blackleg of your own party; provided, of course, that he does not own a title too august. And the English laws for the prevention of corrupt practices at elections have assisted materially in elevating the general standard of politics. The acts have excluded from political honors the worst class of those men who succeed a thrusting themselves in too frequently in this country; and theadium which they throw upon bad records goes a great way toward making a house so selected proud of its character and sensitive about preserving its reputation.

FROM ANOTHER VIEW.

WILLIAM OF GERMANY AS SEEN BY MR. BIGELOW.

Possessed of a Rare Abundance of Physical Energy and Endurance—His Differences With the Iron Chancellor Were Natural Ones.

The new Emperor on mounting the throne was, of course, expected to sustain the policy of a minister whom his grandfather had honored with every mark that a loyal subject or even a money-loving one could ask. The reign



EMPEROR WILLIAM OF GERMANY.

of Frederic III., less than a hundred days, had been too short and too full of physical suffering to let the world know the strength and breadth of the ruler whom Bismarck next appeared to represent. In his successor the Germans have an Emperor who has not only abundant physical energy and endurance, but has with it a contempt for humbug, socialism, and the crooked police methods that always suggest a feeble or rotten executive. He is a practical manager and does not pretend to be a savior of society. He has no quack nostrum for poverty, crime, prostitution, or the discontent that sets class against class. His business is to see that the government machine runs smoothly, that competent men are employed, that the people's taxes are spent for the public good, that the law is administered without favor, and that reforms are inquired into. He has the mind of a Yankee; he loves experiment; his methods are direct. He is the sort of man that forges the front in a new country. We can imagine him learning his trade in some machine-shop, then rapidly rising to a position where inventive talent, thoroughness, patience, and, above all, honesty tell—say, at the head of some great manufacturing or ship-building enterprise.

On his succession to power, 1888, he did what most intelligent young men do when suddenly placed in charge of an estate. He inquired how the previous manager had done his work; he examined personally into cases of alleged wrong; he noted carefully the testimony of qualified observers; his eyes were opened to the need of reform in many directions; he suggested those reforms to his manager; the manager did not agree with the master; the manager resigned and now spends his time in embarrassing as far as he can the movements of the manager who has superseded him. The immediate cause of Bismarck's resignation will be known when the Emperor chooses to make the matter public. To-day we can regard only the official acts of the minister, and from these infer what reason there was for his being retired.

POULINEY BIGELOW.

Exports of Leather Increased. Twenty years ago New England factories produced 80 per cent of the boots and shoes made in this country. The New England product has largely increased, yet it is now but 55 per cent of the total value, the industry having been established in other parts of the country. Since 1880 importations of hides and skins have increased about 45 per cent. During the same period exports of manufactures of leather have increased more than 125 per cent.

To Clean Shells. Shells, no matter how delicate or how dirty, may be cleaned and made to look fresh and bright by boiling them in a solution of lye made from hard wood ashes. The lye should be perfectly clear before the shells are put into it; a good plan is to make it the day before you intend using it, and strain it through a thin cloth. The shells should be boiled for a couple of hours and then be rinsed in clear lukewarm water.

The Adelsberg Cave. The Adelsberg cave, with its recently discovered side caverns, has lately been carefully surveyed, in accordance with the instructions of the Austrian minister of agriculture, Count Falkenhayn. In the course of the operations some very beautiful parts of the cave, which could formerly be reached only with the greatest difficulty, were made easily accessible.

Sure Cure for Corns. Mix nine parts of salicylic acid with one part of extract of cannabis indica, and forty-eight parts of collodion. After bathing the feet in warm water apply this mixture to the affected parts with a camel's hair brush. Do not resume the stocking until the foot has become perfectly dry.

Remedy for Typhoid Fever. Two or three tablespoonfuls of black coffee every two hours alternated with one or two teaspoonfuls of Burgundy, is said to be a sure cure for typhoid fever. The coffee is said to rouse the patient from the stupor which accompanies the attack and to stimulate all the functions.

CARNEGIE SAYS DON'T.

The Almighty Dollar Bequeathed to Children Is an Almighty Curse.

Andrew Carnegie, the millionaire iron manufacturer, is as fond of political economy as of music, coaching and other pleasures of life, and he preached a sermon the other Sunday evening in a Fifth avenue church in New York upon "The Gospel of Wealth." In speaking of the proper use of wealth he said: "Great wealth has hitherto generally been held by its possessors and distributed after death. It has chiefly gone by two modes. First, to the family. Men have toiled, even denied themselves the comforts of life that their children might inherit fortunes. This is the worst use to which wealth can be put. Such bequests are usually made with less thought of the good of the child than the vanity of the parent; or, when made from affection, for it is clear that wealth bestowed upon children is generally a curse and not a blessing. There are exceptions to all rules, but not more exceptions, we think, to this rule than to rules generally, that the 'almighty dollar' bequeathed to children is an 'almighty curse.' No man has a right to handicap his son with such a burden as great wealth. It is no proper use of wealth, then, we hold, to bequeath it in great amounts to children. The second mode of disposal is bequeathing it to charitable and public institutions, which, no doubt, is a much better use of wealth than the first. But no credit can be given those who hoard their millions during life, and only release their hold at the summons which cannot be denied. There is no grace in the gift; there is no gift. What one cannot keep cannot be given. From the failures which attend this mode of distribution we may well assume that Providence regards it with no kindly eye. Most of these legacies fail to effect, or even reach, the desired end. They are wasted, as a rule, in pitiful litigation or squandered by dikes. The gospel of wealth is comprised in a few words. Surplus wealth is a sacred trust which its possessor is bound to administer in his lifetime for the good of the community from which it was derived."

A YOUTHFUL OFFENDER.

A Boy of 14 Who Has Been Arrested in Chicago. Eddie Stanley is the name of a bright-looking little boy, aged 14, who was recently arrested in Chicago on a serious charge for one of his years. He is charged with no less an offense than that



EDDIE STANLEY.

of being a transom climber for a gang of burglars that had been operating in that city. This makes the second time he has been under arrest. On the first occasion a bunch of skeleton keys were found on his person. He told a plausible story and was released. When arrested the second time several dollars worth of stolen goods were found in his possession. His parents are well connected.

Don't Believe in Progressive Women.

Rider Haggard evidently has no sympathy for the "progressive" woman, and, in fact, does not much believe in her progression. He inclines to the belief that all the efforts in the world will not bring about woman's emancipation, since Providence and nature have marked out the functions and sphere of the sex. It may be old-fashioned, as Rider Haggard says, but the "eternal boundary stones" set by Providence and nature are not to be lightly rolled away. "May women," he says, "be such as our mothers were! I wish them no better."

Two Women's Lives.

Miss Martha Seymour, aged 90 years, died at McLemoresville, Tenn., recently. She has lived with her sister, Mollie, aged 93 years, for over forty years, and they were known as "the secluded sisters." Miss Mollie stated that her sister was engaged to be married and two weeks before the wedding day her lover was killed by a jealous rival. The shock broke her heart and she could never marry. They were happy in each other's love, and did not desire other company. They never rode on a railroad and have not attended church in over forty years.

Brides In India.

In Singapore the bridegroom must secure his bride in a race, and this custom of bride-chasing is quite common throughout Southern and Eastern Asia. In Singapore a circular course is marked out, half of which is traversed by the maiden—encumbered only with a waistband—ere the word is given for the would-be possessor to go in pursuit, in the hope of overtaking her before she has thrice compassed the circle; that achieved she has no choice but to take the victor for her lord.

The new pompadour tea gowns are of China silk, French cashmere, challis and soft satins in both light and dark shades thickly strewn with small brilliant jardiniere designs. They are made with a square yoke and rather full belted front and with a thickly plaited Watteau fold in the back falling straight from the neck.

THE NAME OF JESUS.

HOW IT APPEARS TO DR. TALMAGE.

A Beautiful Sunday Morning Sermon in the Brooklyn Tabernacle—The Great Pulpit Orator on Names for the Little Ones.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., May 1, 1892.—While Dr. Talmage is able to hold vast audiences spell-bound by his eloquence, whatever subject he has in hand, he is never so eloquent, or so evidently a great orator as when he preaches Christ as the one hope for the regeneration of the world. The fact was proved this morning when he discoursed from the text Philippians 2:9. "The name which is above every name."

Paul is here making rapturous and enthusiastic description of the name of Christ. There are merely worldly names that sometimes thrill you through and through. Such was the name of Henry Clay to a Kentuckian, the name of William Wirt to a Virginian, the name of Daniel Webster to a New Englander. By common proverb we have come to believe that "there is nothing in a name," and so parents sometimes at the baptismal altar give titles to their children, reckless of the fact that that title, that name, will be a lifetime hindrance or a lifetime help. You have no right to give your child a name lacking either in euphony or moral meaning. It is a sin to call a child Jehoiakim, or Tiglath-pileser—or by anything that is disagreeable. Because you have had an exasperating name yourself is no reason why you should inflict it upon your progeny. And yet how often it is that we see a name full of jargon rattling down from generation to generation, simply because a long while ago some one happened to be afflicted with it. Institutions and great enterprises sometimes without sufficient deliberation take nomenclature. Mighty destinies have been decided by a name. While we may, by a long course of Christian behavior, get over the misfortune of having been baptized with the name of a despot or a cheat, how much better it would have been if we could have all started life without any such incumbrance!

When Paul, in my text and in other passages of Scripture, burst forth in expressions of admiration for the name of Christ, I want to inquire what are the characteristics of that appellation? "The name which is above every name." In the first place, speaking to you in regard to the name of Christ, I want to tell you it is an easy name. You are sometimes introduced to people with long and unpronounceable names, and you have to listen cautiously to get the names, and you have to hear them pronounced two or three times before you risk trying to utter them; but within the first two years the child folds its hands and looks upward, and says "Jesus." Can it be that in all this church this morning there are representatives of any household where the children are familiar with the names of the father and mother and brother and sister, yet know nothing about "that name which is above every name?" Sometimes you forget the name of a quite familiar friend, and you have to think and think before you get it; but can you imagine any freak of intellect by which you should forget the name of Jesus? That word seems to fit the tongue in every dialect. Down to old age, when the voice is tremulous, and uncertain, and indistinct, even then this regal word finds potent utterance.

When an aged father was dying, one of the children came and said, "Father, do you know me?" and in the delirium of the last sickness he said, "No, I don't know you." Another child came and said, "Father, do you know me?" "No, he said, 'I don't know you.'" Then the village pastor came in and said, "Do you know me?" He said, "No, I don't think I ever saw you." Then said the minister, "Do you know Jesus?" "Oh yes!" said the dying man, "I know Jesus; chief among ten thousand is he, and the one altogether lovely." Yes, for all ages and for all languages, and for all conditions is an easy name.

Jesus. I love thy charming name, 'Tis music to my ear; I'd fain would I sound it out so loud That heaven and earth might hear.

But I remark further in regard to this name of Christ, that it is a beautiful name. Now you have noticed that you cannot disassociate a name from the character of the person who has it. There are some names, for instance, that are repulsive to my ear. Those names are attractive to your ear. What is the difference? Why, I happen to know some persons of that name who were cross, or sour, or queer, or unsympathetic, and the persons you have happened to know of that name were kind and genial.

Since, then, we cannot disassociate a name from the character of the person who has the name, that consideration makes the name of Jesus unspeakably beautiful. I cannot pronounce that name in your presence, but you think of Bethlehem and Gethsemane and Golgotha, and you see his loving face and you hear his tender voice, and you feel his gentle touch. As soon as I pronounce his name in your presence you think of him who banqueted with heavenly hierarchs, yet came down and breakfasted on the fish which the rough men hauled out of Genesaret; you think of him who, though the clouds are the dust of his feet, walked footsore on the road to Emmaus. I cannot speak his name in your hearing this morning, but you think right away of the shining one who restored the centurion's daughter, and who helped the blind man to sunlight, and who made the cripple's crutch useless, and who looked down into the laughing eyes of the babe until it struggled to go to him; then, flinging his arms around it, and impressing a kiss upon its beautiful brow, said, "Of such is the kingdom of heaven!" Oh, beautiful name, the name of

Jesus, which stands for love, for patience, for self-sacrifice, for magnanimity, for everything that is good, and glorious, and tender, and sympathetic, and kind! It is aromatic with all odors. It is accordant with all harmonies. Sometimes when I look at that name of Jesus Christ, it seems as if the letters were made of tears, and then they seem to be gleaming crowns. Sometimes that name seems to be twisted out of the straw on which he lay, and then it seems to be built out of the thrones on which his people are to reign. Sometimes I sound that word Jesus, and I hear it in the sob of Gethsemane and the groan of Calvary, and then I speak his name and it is all a-ripple with gladness and a-ring with hosanna. Glorious name!

But there is another name by which you can call him. Perhaps that will be the name I have not mentioned yet. I imagine that heaven is all full. Every throne has its king. Every harp has its harpist. All the wealth of the universe has come into heaven. There is nothing to be added. The song full. The ranks full. The mansions all full. Heaven full. The sun will set afire with its splendor the domes of the temple, and burnish the golden streets into a blaze, and be reflected back from the solid pearl of the twelve gates, and it will be noon in heaven. Noon on the river. Noon on the hills. Noon in the valleys. High noon. And then you will look up, gradually acoustuning your vision to the sight, shading your eyes at the first lest they be extinguished with the insufferable splendor, until after a while you can look upon the full irradiation, and you will cry out, "My Lord, my Lord, Thou art The Sun that Never Sets."

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Put at this point I am staggered with the thought that there may be persons in this house for whom his name has no charm, though it is so easy, though it is so beautiful, though it is so potent, though it is so enduring. Oh! come today, and see whether there is anything in Christ. I challenge you to test with me this morning whether God is good, and whether Christ is precious, and whether the Holy Ghost is omnipotent. Come and we will kneel at the altar of mercy. You kneel on one side of the altar and I will kneel on the other side of the altar of mercy, and we will not get up from our knees until our sins are pardoned and we are able to ascribe all honor to the name—you pronouncing it and I pronouncing it—"the name which is above every name."

His worth if all the nations knew, Sure the whole earth would love him too.

I pray God he may move upon this assemblage now, that we may see him walking all through these aisles, that the Holy Spirit may spread his wings over this auditory. Now is your time for heaven. O, my friends, meeting once, perhaps never again until the books are opened, what shall we say of this morning's service? Have I told you the whole truth? Have you listened to the whole truth? Now is your time for heaven. Come into the kingdom. If you never had an invitation before I give it to you now, I do not ask what your sin has been, or what your wandering. That is not pertinent to the question. The only thing is whether you want Christ. Come in, the furthest off. Come, the nearest by. "Where sin abounded, grace shall much more abound." Is there in all this august assemblage a man who feels he is too wicked to come? You are mistaken. Come now. "Now is the accepted time; now is the day of salvation."

O ye who are young! come now. It is no gloomy religion that I preach. It will take no lustre from your eye. It will take no color from your cheek. It will take no spring from your step. I know what I am talking about. I have felt the consolation of this grace in my own heart. It is not a theory with me. I know in whom I believe, and he has been so good a friend to me, I have a right this morning to commend his friendship to all the people. Oh! come into the kingdom. Do not say you are too bad. Let the wicked forsake his way, and the unrighteous man his thoughts. "Look onto me, all ye ends of the earth." How is he going to do—drive you into the kingdom? He will not do it. If you get in at all, it will be because you are drawn in by his love. What does he say? "Look unto me, all ye ends of the earth." He was lifted up. What for? To drive? No! lifted up to draw. Oh! come now, come now into the kingdom of our Lord Jesus. You have heard of that warrior of ancient times who went into battle against Christ. He hated Christ, and he went into battle, fighting Christ; but in the battle he got wounded, he was struck by the arrow and he fell, and as he lay with his face up the sun, and the life-blood was cozing away, he put his hand to his heart and took a handful of blood from the wound, and held it up towards the sun, and cried out: "O Jesus! thou hast conquered." And if to-day, my hearer, struck through by the arrow of God's gracious Spirit, you realize the truth of what I have been saying, you would surrender yourself to the Lord who bought you; you would say: "I will no longer battle against Christ's mercy. Lord Jesus, thou hast conquered." Glorious name! I know not what you will do with it, but I will tell you one thing before I stop—I must tell it. I will tell you one thing here and now, that I take him to be my Lord, my God, my pardon, my peace, my comfort, my salvation, my heaven. Blessed be his glorious name forever. "The name which is above every name."

OH Made from Corn. It is stated that a sugar refining company in Chicago is making 150 barrels of oil per day from corn. The oil resembles linseed oil and may be used for similar purposes. There is about 5 per cent of this oil in the grain, which has hitherto been wasted by the ordinary methods of making starch and glucose.

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A Perfect Success. VII. The Rev. A. Antonio, of Redondo, Tex., writes: As far as I am able to judge, I think Paster Koenig's Nerve Tonic is a perfect success, for any one who suffered from a most painful nervousness as I did. I feel now like myself again after taking the Tonic.

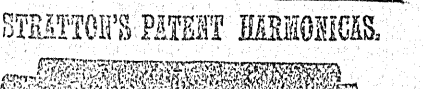
St. Francis's Hospital, Toledo, O., June 9, 1890. We used Paster Koenig's Nerve Tonic for epileptic fits in the case of a Mrs. Gorman, and it stopped the fits from the time she commenced taking it. We wish you an extensive sale for this beneficial remedy.

SISTER BRADY, Secretary. GRAND RAPIDS, MICH., Oct. 5, 1890. I used Paster Koenig's Nerve Tonic in Mrs. Sullivan's case, and it gave entire satisfaction, and she has no end of praise for it, and never forgot to recommend it to the sick and suffering. I have heard others say they used it with the same good results. THOS. KEATING.

FREE A Valuable Book on Nervous Diseases sent free to any address, and your patients can also obtain this medicine free of charge. This remedy has been prepared by the Reverend Paster Koenig, of Fort Wayne, Ind., since 1858 and is now prepared under his direction by the

KOENIG MED. CO., Chicago, Ill. Sold by Druggists at 50¢ per Bottle, 6 for \$5. Large Size, \$1.75. 6 Bottles for \$9.

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Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, head-aches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
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"German Syrup"

Two bottles of German Syrup cured me of Hemorrhage of the Lungs when other remedies failed. I am a married man and, thirty-six years of age, and live with my wife and two little girls at Durham, Mo. I have stated this brief and plain so that all may understand. My case was a bad one, and I shall be glad to tell anyone about it who will write me. PHILIP L. SCIENCK, P. O. Box 45, April 25, 1890. No man could ask a more honorable, business-like statement.

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Kidney, Liver and Bladder Cure. Rheumatism, Lumbago, pain in joints or back, brick dust in urine, frequent calls, irritation, inflammation, gravel, ulceration or catarrh of bladder.

Disordered Liver, Impaired digestion, gout, biliousness or indigestion, SWAMP ROOT cures kidney difficulties, Leucorrhoea, urinary trouble, bright's disease.

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Pilo's Remedy for Catarrh is the Best, Easiest to Use, and Cheapest. CATARRH—Solely by druggists or sent by mail, 40c. E. T. Hestline, Warren, Pa.

IT WAS JIM'S FAULT.

He Made a Bad Break When He Set His Dog To Work.

"Durn him, he don't look to be wurth his weight in pumpkins!" said the Taylor Township farmer, as he pointed to a faded and dejected-looking dog which he had just tied to the hind axle of his wagon with a piece of clothes-line.

"Going to take him home?"

"Yes."

"He doesn't look much like a farm dog."

"No, but he'll have to do till I get somethin' better. Durn my son Jim, but he ought to be made to play dog fur the hull winter! It's his fault that we lost the best dog in Wayne County last week."

"How did it happen?" I asked.

"Wall, me an' Jim was huskin' corn long-side the road fence one afternoon, an' our dog was nosin' about after mice. Talk about dogs! Why, we'd raised him from a pup, and no man's \$50 could a-bought him! That dog knowed mor'n lots of people I've met, includin' my son, Jim. We was a-huskin' away when one o' them blamed foreigners came along with one o' them performin' bears. The mink Jim set eyes on them he got up and says:

"Dad, do you want mor'n a bar'l o' fun in less'n three minits?"

"What d'ye mean?" says I.

"We'll put Towser on to that 'ar and run him seven miles," says he.

"But mebbe the 'ar won't run."

"He's sartin to. Them sort o' b'ars haint got no sand. He'll do some of the all-firdest runnin' you ever saw in old Wayne county."

"And so you set the dog on?"

I asked, as he paused to kick at the cur under the wagon.

"Yes. That is, that infernal dough-head o' Jim did! He didn't give me time to think it over. The man and the 'ar had got past us when Jim lifted the dog over the fence and told him to go in. It just makes me seakick to think of it."

"The dog went in?"

"Of course. That dog would have tackled a Bengal tiger nineteen feet high if we told him to. He got sight of that 'ar amblin' along and he laid out to surprise him. I got up on the fence jest as he overtook the 'ar and rolled him plum over and over about six times. When he did that Jim hollered so you could hear him a mile, and I was so tickled I couldn't laff."

"Well?"

"Wall, I wish I hadn't started to tell you about it, for it makes me dizzy. The 'ar finally quit rollin', and about that time I got over bein' tickled. Towser had a good grip on him, but that old 'ar riz up like a side hill, shook him off and then grabbed him to wipe out the insult. How long d'ye s'pose that dog lasted?"

"Three minits?"

"Three turnips! You couldn't hev counted fifty after he got up afore he had killed Towser and flung his carcass into the ditch. Jim and I both heard the bones crack."

"And what was the man doing all this time?"

"Oh, he was sittin' down to light his pipe and when we got up to him he wanted to know if we didn't want to turn the rest of the dogs loose."

"And that was all?"

"Purty nigh all. I run Jim over a mile through the woods, but he got away and hasn't dast come home since. Look at that cantankerous cur I'm a takin' home in place of a \$50 bulldog! Git along, that! Stand over and shet up or I'll be the death of you in less'n two minits!"—Detroit Free Press.

Frightened by Ghosts.

Two Indians from the La Point reservation arrived at Bayfield, Wis., a few days ago paralyzed with fear. They told a wonderful story of adventure. They had started on a hunt in Madeline island, and intended to visit some friends. They camped on a spot about four miles from the village. At midnight the Indians were aroused by a fearful struggle.

Before them were two men and a woman battling, the contestants being covered with blood. The Indians say the forms disappeared afterward, but the sounds and groans were kept up all night.

People in the vicinity claim there was a terrible murder committed on the island some time in the past, and that the "ghosts" of the parties were seen by the Indians.—Chicago Press.

Japanese and Chrysanthemums.

The Japanese consider it especially difficult to arrange the chrysanthemums, and seven faults are noted which must carefully be guarded against in disposing of large blossoms of this plant. A blossom must not present its back in a composition, nor yet turn its full face to view. The different flowers must not have stems of the same length; three must not be arranged in a triangular form, nor may any number be placed in a regular steeple way; the flowers should not be hidden by leaves, nor should a large open blossom be put near the base of the composition, and, finally, the artist must not fall into the sin of color sandwiching, or placing a blossom of one color between two others of another tint.—Garden and Forest.

The Silver Question.

Sam Johnson—I have been readin' in the papers about de silver qeshun. What is de silver qeshun, anyhow?

Jeems Crow—Fool niggah! Don't know what de silver qeshun is! Huh! De silver qeshun is, lend me a quarter.—Texas Sittings.

No Complaint Recorded.

Smiley (as a hearse passes)—There goes a carriage that no one wants to ride in.

Cooley—Did you ever know any one who rode in it to make any complaint?—Smith, Gray & Co.'s Monthly.

WORK OF THE INVENTORS.

The bark of the mangrove tree is used in tanning leather. Experiments at the University of Pennsylvania show that it may be grown in the United States.

The Scientific American thinks that the devices for sending torpedoes to destroy any vessel three miles from shore in safety, through any kind of sea, may also be used in sending lifeboats an equal distance to rescue passengers from a wreck.

A traveler's pipe is an English invention. The bowl has a hook attached to it which can be inserted in the button-hole of the coat, while a tube communicates with the mouthpiece. The smoker thus has both hands free to be occupied as he finds necessary.

Capt. L. K. Morse, of Rockport, Me., has invented a course indicator which is expected to prove of great value to navigators. He believes his device will show the actual course steered for any length of time, as it records every movement of the compass and registers the difference between the direction of the vessel's head and points of the compass intended to be followed. Any deviation from the course ordered, either from carelessness or otherwise, will be shown.

BITS OF PHILOSOPHY.

"A brute can face a sword. It takes courage to face a scoer," says Rev. Gunsaulus of Chicago.

The really disastrous stage of laziness is reached when a man feels that it is too much trouble to avoid trouble.

"Even were an angel to come to us from heaven with offers of peace," impressively asked the Rev. Mr. Wilgus, "how many of us would go out and meet him half way?"

When a woman rises to terminate a visit she has more to say than during her whole stay. In this regard a woman is like a gun, which makes the most noise when it's going off.

Five minutes lost each day in a year 3 days 2 hours 5 minutes; 10 minutes is 6 days 4 hours 10 minutes; 20 is 13 days 4 hours 30 minutes; 30 minutes is 19 days 4 hours 30 minutes; 60 minutes is 39 days 1 hour.

A wealthy Austrian woman has just founded an asylum for mothers-in-law. The building is to be big enough to accommodate 500 guests, and the institution will serve as a pleasant refuge for ladies whose company is not agreeable to the ungrateful men who have walked off with their daughters.

SO TRAVELERS RELATE.

A petrified forest has been discovered in Mendocino county, Cal., on the Reeves ranch, about six miles north of Willits.

Col. Godwin-Austen says the Chogo glacier, in the Himalayas, is one of the most beautiful in the world. It is an almost impassable sea of ice waves on edge.

One of the largest camellia plants ever known is now growing in a nursery near Birmingham, England. It quite fills a large green-house. Some 2,000 buds have been trimmed from the tree, and it still has 6,000.

Lane's Family Medicine. Moves the Bowels each day. Pleasant herb drink. Search thine own heart.

Coughing Leads to Consumption. Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once.

Character is capital.

I teach shorthand at my home by mail. Particulars free. W. G. Chaffee, Oswego, N. Y.

Loafers are never happy.

"Hanson's Magic Corn Salve." Guaranteed to cure, or money refunded. Ask your druggist for it. Price 15 cents.

If you hesitate you are lost.

Smith's Bile Beans Small. Best remedy for Bilious Attacks, Constipation and Blood Trouble. By Druggists, price 25 cents.

Old men are always lonesome.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

An aimless life is a fruitless life.

FITS.—All Fits stopped free by DR. KILMER'S GREAT Nerve Restorer. No Painful or Frequent Cures. Treatise and \$2.00 trial bottle free to FIT cases. Send to Dr. Kilmer, Arch St., Phila., Pa.

There is no rest in doing nothing.

Wm. Sprague Smith, Providence, R. I., writes: "I find Brandywine always cures headache."

The busybody is a very idle person.

Thoughtlessness is the curse of the age.

BERGHAN'S PILLS act like magic on the vital organs, restore lost complexion and bring back the keen edge of appetite.

A covetous man never owns anything.

THE BEST Ointment in the world for skin diseases is Hill's S. R. & S. Ointment. Try it! At all druggists. 25 cents.

The devil can make almost anything he wants to out of a loaf.

THOUSANDS OF CASES of Piles cured with only one package of Hill's Pile Pomade. Try it and if not satisfactory your druggist will refund you the price paid for it. Is not this fair? Try it to-night! At all druggists.

The nearer we get to the Father's hand the less the switch hurts.

The Bishop of Chichester, England, is 80 years old, but still performs his regular round of diocesan work.

How's This? We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by taking Hill's Catarrh Cure.

E. A. GILNEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last fifteen years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him.

Hill's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 50c. per bottle. Sold by druggists.

"Brown's Bronchial Troches" are widely known as an admirable remedy for Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Coughs and Throat troubles. Sold only in boxes.

Do less growling, brother, and perhaps you will do more growing.

The Kingston N. Y. Postoffice.

Dr. Deane's Dyspepsia Pills work wonders. They cured my son of Sick Headache and Indigestion. A young lady friend of my family cured herself of Sick Headache of long standing by their use. Everyone recommends them highly.

N. WOLVEN, Postmaster. Write Dr. J. A. Deane & Co., Catskill, N. Y.

Darkness can not put out a light. All it can do is to make it brighter.

The Only One Ever Printed—Can You Find the Word.

There is a 3-inch display advertisement in this paper this week which has no two words alike except one word. The same is true of each new one appearing each week, from the Dr. Harter Medicine Co. This house places a "Crescent" on every thing they make and publish. Look for it, send them the name of the word, and they will return you BOOK, BEAUTIFUL LITHOGRAPH OR SAMPLES FREE.

For every drop we need, God has an ocean that He is trying to give us.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria, When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria, When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria, When she had Children she gave them Castoria.

The devil never overcomes the man who knows that God is with him.

With Ely's Cream Balm a child can be treated without pain and with perfect safety. Try the remedy, it cures Catarrh.

My son has been afflicted with nasal catarrh since quite young. I was induced to try Ely's Cream Balm, and before he had used one bottle that disagreeable catarrhal smell had all left him. He appears as well as any one. It is the best catarrh remedy in the market.—J. C. Olmsted, Arcola, Ill.

One of my children had a very bad discharge from her nose. Two physicians prescribed, but without benefit. We tried Ely's Cream Balm, and, much to our surprise, there was a marked improvement. We continued using the Balm and in a short time the discharge was cured.—O. A. Cary, Corning, N. Y.

Apply Balm into each nostril. It is quickly absorbed. Gives Relief at once. Price 50 cents at Druggists or by mail.

615 BROADWAY, New York.

European travelers and merchants have gathered up all the ancient carpets that were for sale in Persia.

Consumption carries off many of its victims needlessly. It can be stopped sometimes; sometimes it cannot.

It is as cruel to raise false hopes as it is weak to yield to false fears.

There is a way to help within the reach of most who are threatened—CAREFUL LIVING and Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil.

Let us send you a book on the subject; free.

Scott & Bowen, Chemists, 135 South 5th Avenue, New York.

Your druggist keeps Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil—all druggists everywhere do. 5c.

DO YOU COUGH? DON'T DELAY! TAKE KEMP'S BALSAM FOR THE COUGH CURE!

It Cures Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Croup, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure of Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by Dealers everywhere. Large bottles, 50 cents and \$1.00. It Cures Influenza.

Sir HENRY THOMPSON, the most noted physician of England, says that more than half of all diseases come from errors in diet.

Send for Free Sample of Garfield Tea to 319 West 45th Street, New York City.

Overcomes results of bad eating; cures Sick Headache; restores Complexion; cures Constipation.

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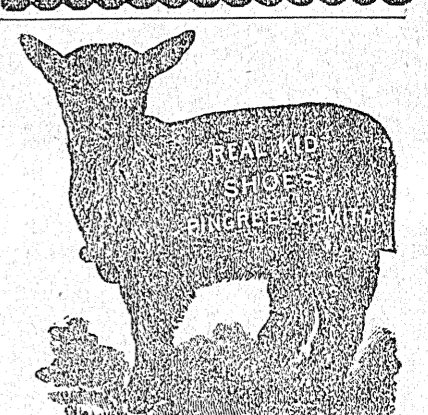
Garfield Tea

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Entirely VEGETABLE AND A SURE CURE FOR COSTIVENESS, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Diseases of the Kidneys, Torpid Liver, Rheumatism, Dizziness, Sick Headache, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, Eruptions and Skin Diseases. Price 25c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. HENRY JONSSON & LOEB, Props., Burlington, Vt.



HONESTY IS THE BEST POLICY. Why don't all shoe manufacturers stamp their names on the shoes they make and guarantee them to give proper service? Simply because they cheapen them by using

Shoddy and Inferior Stock to save a few cents per pair, leaving the consumer to take chances of their breaking after a short time.

For Over a Quarter of a Century we have been moving our energies to making durable and artistic footwear at reasonable prices, and have a standing offer of

\$1,000.00 DOLLARS REWARD!

for shoddy or spurious leather of any kind found in any shoe of our manufacture. Ten to twenty-five cents per pair is a small amount to save in purchasing a pair of shoes and take chances of poor service, and perhaps spoil your feet by ill-fitting, uncleanly appearing shoes, which will be a source of vexation instead of pride.

Nothing Adds More to the Appearance of a Well-Dressed Person

than a well-made, properly-fitted shoe, for, as Thackeray well said: "Poverty first attacks one in the shins, then in the shoes." Since the inception of our firm in 1866, our senior partner,

H. S. PINGREE,

has had supervision of the entire business, and from a small start it has increased to one of the largest in the West, our sales now being

One Million Dollars Annually, all goods of our own manufacture. This has been accomplished by steadfastness of purpose, honesty in all dealings and indomitable energy, and has resulted in great benefit to the

Whole State of Michigan.

We know of many persons who now have attained their majority and have never worn any shoes but ours. If you are not using them, don't fail to buy a pair, and have the satisfaction of wearing

A SHOE WITH A RECORD!

Made for Ladies, Gents, Boys and Girls. All styles, fine and medium grades. We are well equipped in all departments. Fourteen different styles of lasts for both Ladies and Gents' Shoes.

Pingree & Smith, Detroit.

Illustrated with J. Thompson's Eye Water.

For sale by all druggists.

For sale by all druggists.

For sale by all druggists.

For sale by all druggists.

For sale by all druggists.

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For sale by all druggists.

For sale by all druggists.

For sale by all druggists.

ELECTION IS OVER,
All is Quiet once More.

OLD DOC

With the aid of the Demos and Prohis,
KNOCKED THE REP'S OUT

But we are still on deck with a Full
Line of

FURNITURE!

...Such As...

Bedroom Suits,
Parlor Suits,
Lounges,
Rockers, [All styles & prices.]

Chairs,
Beds & Springs,
Mattresses,
Pillows,

Extension Tables,
Center Tables,
Book Cases,
Writing Desks

Side Boards,
Carpet Sweepers,
Curtain Poles,

Mirrors, Etc.

—□— All of which will be sold at —□—

Rock Bottom Prices

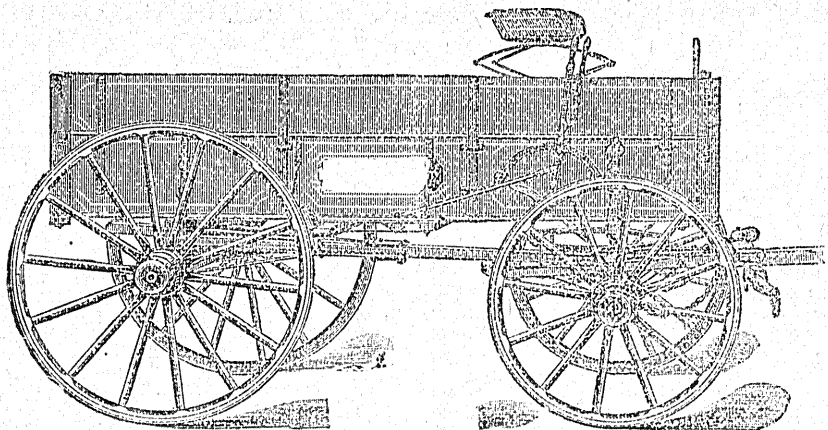
For Cash.

Call and see Goods and get Prices.

L. A. DeWITT.

Cass City, Mich, April 8, 1892.

FOR A WELL-MADE, RELIABLE WAGON,



.....Call On.....

H. S. WICKWARE.

E. J. LANDON. J. H. ENO. E. W. KEATING.

«LANDON, ENO & KEATING,»

—CONTRACTORS, BUILDERS, MANUFACTURERS & DEALERS IN—

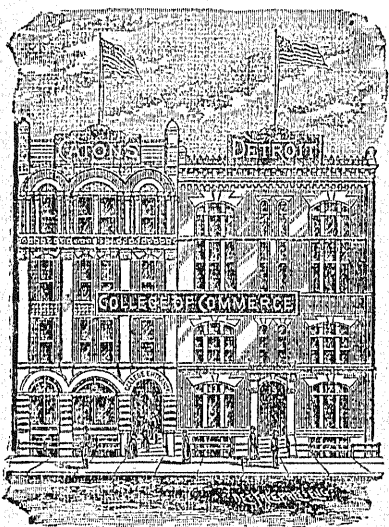
SASH, DOORS, BLINDS,

«FLOORING, SIDING, MOULDINGS, ETC.»

MILL NEAR THE P. O. & N. DEPOT.

CASS CITY,

MICH.



The Modern, Progressive,
BUSINESS
Training School,
OF DETROIT.

Three hundred students now enrolled. More calls for Book-keepers and Stenographers than we can fill. Graduating scholarship, good either day or evening, in the Business, English or Short hand Department, \$60. The

most elegantly furnished and equipped Business College in Michigan. Every student satisfied. None but the best teachers employed. Call or send for circulars. M. J. CATON, President, 7-17 Rowland St., between Hotel Cadillac and High School Building.

MASCULINE MENTION.

Millionaire Brown, of Denver, was a carpenter.

Governor Brown, of Georgia, wears a pair of cuff links made of brass buttons cut from a Confederate soldier's coat.

Superintendent Blood, of the Camden and Atlantic railroad system, was twenty years ago a water boy on the Long Island road.

Congressman Curtis, the one eyed representative from New York, is known about Washington as the Cyclops of the house.

Auburn, Me., has the youngest city solicitor on record. His name is Charles B. Mitchell, and he is only twenty-one years of age.

Representative Wilson, of West Virginia, is said to be the most learned member of the house, and Culberson, of Texas, the best lawyer.

Representative Bottelle, of Maine, is said to be the handsomest man in the house, and Bingham, of Pennsylvania, the best dressed.

Commodore Henry Bruce, of the United States navy, is ninety-five years of age and is supposed to be the oldest living naval officer in the world.

Ex-Congressman George W. Wobler, of Iowa, Mich., is rejoicing in the birth of a first and only son. Mr. Wobler is sixty-seven years old and worth half a million dollars.

Governor Eagle, of Arkansas, is by occupation a farmer and by inclination a preacher. Baptist congregations sometimes invite him to fill the pulpit, and he is said to be really eloquent.

Andrew Carnegie says that when a boy he promised his mother never to marry during her lifetime, and he kept his promise, a marriage occurring two years after his mother's death.

Archbishop Ireland was an Irish emigrant to this country forty-three years ago. Part of his clerical education was received in France. He was chaplain of a Minnesota regiment during the civil war.

The young Earl of Dudley, having sold his race horses, forswore betting and given up gambling, is steadily striving to obtain recognition as a serious politician. He is blessed with a wife who possesses brains.

Governor Russell, of Massachusetts, invariably lunches at the Union club. The governor is a leisurely diner, and the salt of companionable conversation is as indispensable an adjunct to his meal as the cafe noir.

Mr. Justice Lamar's wretched health is said to be largely due to his great absorption in his books. He is almost unmanageable by his wife when he once gets into his library. He is passionately fond of reading.

Sam Small, the evangelist, has grown a beard that curiously alters his appearance. He also, much as he has had to say against duds, shines resplendent in patent leather shoes and a very elegant black frock coat.

Spurgeon's grave in Norwood cemetery is marked by a simple marble slab bearing the inscription "C. H. Spurgeon." Mrs. Spurgeon has suggested that the word "Waiting" be added, and the suggestion is to be carried out.

Senator Felton acquired his first capital by watching a haystack, shotgun in hand, for a month to repel marauders. For this service he was paid \$500 in gold; seemingly a fabulous sum, but that was in the flush times of the Argonaut days.

Sir George Baden Powell, who has represented Great Britain at the Behring sea conference in Washington, is a shrewd looking man of athletic build, with iron gray hair and a sparse mustache, and is essentially English as to makeup.

FIN, FEATHER AND FUR.

The donkey is the longest lived among our domestic animals.

It takes about a quarter of a century to get the elephant to full maturity.

There are many kinds of beetles in the United States, which are as good for the purpose of blistering as the Spanish fly, belonging to the same family with it.

If you wish to take the conceit out of a peacock pull out his tail feathers, and as soon as he finds the glory of his plumage gone he becomes the humblest, most subdued and ashamed looking bird that ever walked the earth.

The South American eagle, the largest of its species known, flies to a height of from 10,000 feet to 15,000 feet. Its power of flying to high altitudes is only exceeded by the condor of the Andes, which is said to have attained the height of six miles.

On Mount Washington, in New Hampshire, lives a little colony of butterflies that never descend below 2,000 feet from the summit. They are completely isolated from others of their kind, no other butterflies being found in any other spot in their immediate vicinity.

A good illustration of the amount of change brought about by deep sea investigations in our ideas of the distribution of the fishes is to be seen in the recent history of the discobolus. It is now shown that the discobolus, diskbearers, lampfishes, sucking fishes or sea snails, as they are variously called, are no longer restricted to the Atlantic and Pacific in their northern parts and to the Arctic ocean.

SNAP SHOTS.

Recent improvements in photographic plates have been so great that accurate photographs can now be taken of a rifle ball traveling at a speed of 3,000 feet a second.

A keen eye can detect a picture in trifles and foreground; one or two leading objects and a little light and shade go to make a better subject than masses of foliage or stretches of broad light.

Luminous transparencies may be made as follows: Take a waste plate, fix it out and coat it with Balmain's luminous paint, then use it as a cover for any transparency and the effect will be good, either by day or by night.

It was a little Boston girl who when recently asked whether she had received the proofs of a recent sitting, said, "Mamma got them by mail yesterday, but they smelled so awfully that she sent them right back to the photographer."

Old paintings can be photographed better by electric light than by sunlight. An example of this is seen in some European photographs of the old Dutch masters, whose paintings are scarcely discernible. The photographs came out quite clear.

It is found that sensitized albumen paper, if exposed for several days to the light under glass coated with sulphate of quinine will not change in color. Here is a field for experiment, as it may be possible to have the advantage of daylight filtered through sulphate of quinine for the development of dry plates.

PEN, CHISEL AND BRUSH.

Fred Somers, editor of Current Literature, is a man about forty-five, with very dark hair, black eyes and a fierce mustache.

Rosa Bonheur is nearing the completion of her great picture, "The Thrashing Floor," and she has already refused \$18,000 for it.

Mr. John Sargent has been called by his special admirers the greatest living portrait painter—by one, the greatest who ever lived.

Harriet Hosmer, the sculptor, leads a very retired life in Rome and is not easily approachable to visitors, but sometimes she lets down the bars of her reserve to an American compatriot.

Miss Braddon, the novelist, has one great hobby—the collection of old china. She has a series of magnificent cabinets of this at her house in Richmond, near London, and one room is known as the plate room, because it is hung around with china plates.

Miss Webster, of Boston, is an artistic wood carver. She is the sister of Albert Webster, the writer, who was to have married Una, the daughter of Nathaniel Hawthorne, and whose unfortunate death on a voyage of health was soon followed by that of his betrothed.

The writer on art, Walter Armstrong, has been elected to fill the office of director of the Irish national gallery at Dublin in the place of the late Mr. Doyle. Unlike the latter, Mr. Armstrong is not an Irishman. He gets \$3,000 per annum, a residence in the best part of Dublin and his traveling expenses.

Mrs. Elizabeth Oakes, one of the most prolific writers in this country before the war, who was married at the age of sixteen to Seba Smith (author of the once noted "Jack Downing" letters), is living in Hollywood, N. C., and is still a contributor to one of the literary weeklies. She is eighty-four years old.

Mrs. Margaret Deland, author of "John Ward, Preacher," is a Boston woman. She is a woman of fine physique and dresses prettily. In her walks she is accompanied by a huge mastiff named Bayard. Her den is a most attractive spot, with a large open fireplace, the carvings decorated with her own hands.

POWDER AND BALL.

The testing of big guns at the Krupp works makes cracked walls and broken windows the fashion at Essen.

The secretary of war has issued a general order to the effect that enlistments and re-enlistments for the hospital corps shall be made by medical officers of the army.

The Russians have just had made two 118-ton guns for their Black sea fleet. The English admiralty seems to value its big 110-ton barkers more as torpedo throwers than as mere armor piercing weapons.

The design for the new British torpedo gunboats is completed. They are to be 250 feet long, of 1,000 tons displacement, with engines of 6,500 horse power, and with a forced draft speed of nineteen knots. They will have a light but efficient fighting armament.

The most expensive of England's soldiers' garbs is the bandmaster's of the Life Guards, which cost \$125. A sergeant drummer of the Foot Guards may well "swell his chest" when he wears a tunic costing no less than \$37.50, the total value of his "rig out" being \$122.50. The cheapest uniform of all is that of a private of an ordinary infantry regiment, valued at \$21.

Hiram Maxim says in relation to the rapidity with which single barreled machine guns can be fired, that if the gun and cartridge were made expressly for producing the highest possible rate of fire, and if the recoil energy and the escaping force of the gases were both utilized, 1,500 to 1,600 rounds a minute might be fired, but at this speed the barrel would be highly heated even if inclosed in a water casing.

ELECTRIC SPARKS.

The root of the rice plant has been discovered to be a satisfactory substance for incandescent lamp filaments.

An experiment in weaving silk by electric looms has been made in Germany, and the results are said to encourage a return to the old method of manufacturing in the looms of the weavers.

Although the ordinary systems of duplex telegraphy are generally said to double the capacity of a line, it is now quite clearly understood that up to the present they have been incapable of doing it.

According to the recent report of the Massachusetts Gas and Electric Light commission on five persons were injured by electricity from electric wires in that state during the year 1891, and but one of those fatally.

In its recent annual report the Bell Telephone company is put down as owning 512,407 telephones, connecting with 788 exchanges and 569 branches, and controlling 266,456 miles of wire, over which are sent 500,000,000 messages per year.

As examples of recent telephone achievements, it is stated that a band playing on the streets of London was heard by telephone in Paris, and that people in Nottingham, England, listened to a sermon preached at Christ church, Birmingham, fifty-one miles away.

It is estimated that the electric lights of the city of Paris displace 4,390,000,000 cubic feet of gas annually. The increase in the number of incandescent lamps during the last year was 140 per cent., while that of the arc lamps was 170 per cent.

INTERESTING FACTS.

Pendulum clocks were invented after Galileo stood observing the lamp in a church swinging to and fro.

Berlin university is the third largest in the world. Paris, with 9,215 students, and Vienna, with 6,220, are larger.

The mines of the world produce twenty-five tons of gold every week, but the precious metal remains as rare as ever.

How Chinese were expected to behave themselves 2,000 years ago is set forth in an ancient Chinese work in 313 chapters.

The opal is the only stone among those classed as precious that has never been imitated with a distant approach to success.

Modern London occupies only one-half the area of the great city of Nineveh when the latter was the capital of the ancient Assyrian empire.

Measurement of weight by the "stone" arose from the old custom farmers had of weighing wool with a stone. Every farmer kept a large stone at his farm for this purpose. When a dealer came along he laid a plank on the top of a wall and put the stone on one end of it and bags of wool on the other end until the weights were equal.

G. A. STEVENSON

—Deals in—

<p>Bread, Pie, and Cake Timber.</p> <p>That splendid patent A flour made at Cass City, that elegant Dawson Purity made in Pontiac, that Superb Ohio Home Trade, 20 per cent Minnesota wheat, made in Toledo and that No. 1 Rye and Graham flour you get at Stevenson's.</p>	<p>Seeds.</p> <p>A full supply of 1891 Garden Flower and Field Seeds. Many kinds in bulk.</p>
<p>Evaporated California Fruits.</p> <p>Nectarines, Apricots, Egg Plums, Peaches, Prunes, Cleaned Currants, Raisins, 41 lbs. for 24 cts.</p>	<p>Crockery Department.</p> <p>The largest stock in the Thumb of Glass Ware, Stone Ware, Yellow Ware, Rockingham Ware and an immense stock of White Ware, Gold Band Ware and Semi-Porcelain Ware in the latest Patterns direct from the potters of this country and England.</p>
<p>Fresh Fruits and Vegetables.</p> <p>Lemons, Oranges, Dates, Figs, Strawberries and all fresh vegetables in their season.</p>	<p>We buy produce as far as possible, Cash for Butter and Eggs, deliver all heavy Goods, use you the best we know how, satisfied with small profits and quick sales.</p>

You are liable not to live two weeks for not reading the above and profiting by it.

G. A. STEVENSON,

Opposite the Tennant House.

J. C. LAING.

O. K. JANES.

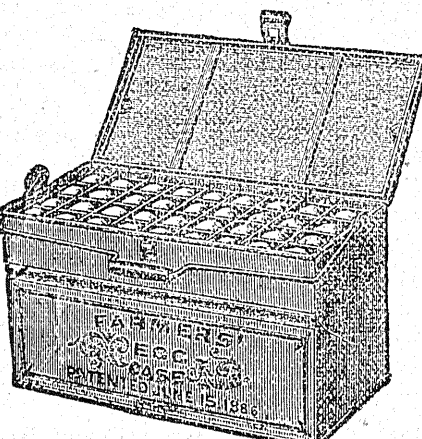
LAING AND JANES.

New ad. next week.

SOMETHING FOR NOTHING

THE FARMER'S EGG CASE GIVEN FREE.

This Case holds 12 dozen and is made of Tin handsomely Japanned and ornamented. The Filters are made of Cloth Paper and are



very durable. Saves both packing and counting, obviates loss from breakage and miscounts. It is an ornament to any home. Get a ticket at our store, have the amount of each purchase punched out. This case will be given you when your cash purchase amounts to 20.00.

CROSBY'S BOOT & SHOE HOUSE.

TO THE PUBLIC!

I wish to Announce to the People of Cass City and vicinity that I have purchased the **RED FRONT MEAT MARKET** and will always keep on hand a full Supply of **Fresh and Salt Meats** of All Kinds. I Solicit a Share of your patronage. Respectfully, **M. H. EASTMAN.**

FOR SALE.
I have for sale a good dwelling house and 1 1/2 acres of land, situated near the Presbyterian parsonage in Cass City. Inquire at Adam Muck's blacksmith shop -18
N. GABLE.

PROBATE NOTICE.
State of Michigan, County of Tuscola, ss.
Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the probate court for the county of Tuscola, made on the 20th day of February, A. D. 1892, six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Arthur Shoenholt, late of said county, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said probate court, at the probate office, in the village of Caro, for examination and allowance, on or before the twenty-ninth day of Aug. next, and that such claims will be heard before said court, on Monday, the twenty-fifth day of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of those days.
Dated February 20th, A. D. 1892.
JAMES M. VAN TASSEL,
Judge of Probate.

Music, Voice Culture, Paintings, Etc.

Mrs. and Miss Coleman, teachers on the Piano and Violin also of Singing and Painting.
—TERMS.—
Piano—\$5 per quarter of 12 weeks.
Violin— 4 per quarter of 12 weeks.
Singing—\$5 per quarter of 12 weeks.
Private lessons in Painting—Six dollars per quarter of 12 weeks. One hour per week. Members attending the class on Saturday afternoon, lasting one hour and a half 50 cents per lesson.

Job printing neatly executed at the ENTERPRISE OFFICE.

To The Front!

We Are In It

With the largest Stock of Goods we ever had.

Talk About Prices! Come And see Ours.

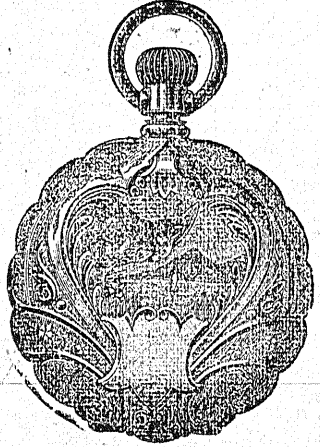
Good Prints for	3 1-2 cts.	Wool Suits for \$7.00 others at \$10.
Good Dress Styles,	5 cts.	Fine Suits same Proportion.
36 inch Fancy Suiting,	8 cts.	BOOTS & SHOES at rare bargains.
Dress Gingham	5 cts.	Spring Novelties for Capes and Jackets.
Apron Gingham	5 cts.	A Full Line of Daess Goods, Carpets, Curtains, Poles and trummings.
200 Wool Jerseys at 35 cts. worth \$1.50		Hats and Caps in Abundance and Prices to please all.
25 Jersey coats at \$4.00 worth \$7.50.		
Ladies Braided Straw Hats, 15 cts.		
Men's Suits for \$2.50 others \$3.00.		

A Full Line of Groceries at Lowest Prices.

Call and see us.

2 + MACKS + 2.

J. F. Hendrick
CASS CITY JEWELER,

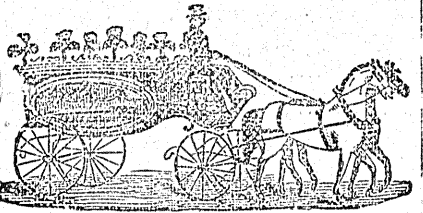


always has everything the people want in the Jewelry line. I have a Fine Stock of Eight Day Black Walnut Clocks; also 36 hour clocks, and the prices on them can't be duplicated.

I have the largest line of Optical Goods in the county, and I give special attention to fitting spectacles for defective vision. Everything guaranteed. Call and see me.

J. F. HENDRICK,
Jeweler and Optician,
CASS CITY, - MICH.

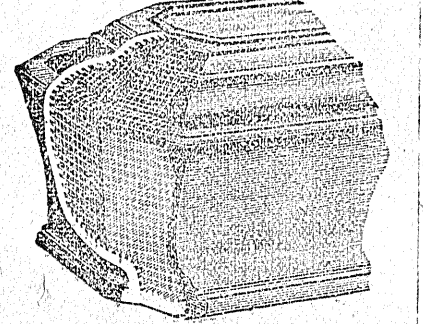
A. A. McKenzie,



UNDERTAKER
And Funeral Director.

A complete stock of Coffins, Caskets and Undertaker's Supplies on hand.

INDESTRUCTIBLE BURIAL CASKE (CEMENT)



The expense of the above Casket is but a trifle more than that of a wood Casket.

D. L. DOWD'S HEALTH EXERCISER.

For Brain Workers & Sedentary People. Gentlemen, Ladies, Youths; the Athlete or Invalid. A complete gymnasium. Takes up but 6 in. square floor-room; new scientific durable, comprehensive, cheap. Priced from \$3.00 to \$10.00. Physicians, lawyers, clergymen, editors & others now use it. TRADE MARK. Sent for \$1.00 enclosing 40 cents, no charge. Prof. D. L. Dowd's, Scientific Physical and vocal Culture, 9 East 14 st. New York.

DO YOU WANT TO MARRY or do you wish social letters from gentlemen and ladies of culture and means from all over the country? Also, just send on ten cents and receive a copy of the elegant matrimonial paper called **GLEANER'S BLOSSOMS**, which will afford you more healthful enjoyment than you have had for many a day; each number contains hundreds of letters from young ladies and gentlemen wanting correspondents from those of the opposite sex; if there is a man or woman who has not found his or her affinity here's the gold opportunity. Address **ORANGE BLOSSOMS** room 15, 18 Boylston street, Boston, Mass.



MILLINERY.

Correct Styles.
Correct Prices.

Mrs. E. K. Wickware.
157 DeLisle Building, Cass City.

HAPS AND MISHAPS!

As Told by the Enterprise's Corps of Correspondents

All the Chit-Chat From the Country Round About Briefly Told For Busy Readers.

GAGETOWN.

Ben Day, of Grant, has spring wheat 4 inches above the ground.

Joseph Gage set out a pear orchard of three hundred trees this spring.

R. S. Brown is fully equipped with authority from the secretary of the Interior to prosecute pension claim.

The Washington house and barn is now supplied with water from their new well and windmill, by pipe faucets, which is a great convenience and the public will greatly appreciate it too.

ELLINGTON.

Miss Ida E. Clay was visiting at home over Sunday returning to Caro Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Moshier returned home from Denmark last week Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Comstock returned home from Millington last week Tuesday.

C. Gould will put in the south half of J. W. Cleaver's forty to spring wheat this week.

John Fary has taken the north half of J. W. Gould's forty to work, putting in oats and barley.

Ruben Valley writes from Onalaska, Wis., that it is very sickly out there this spring.

George Benjamin is moving over to Wells upon the Shingleton farm now owned by W. B. White, of Caro.

On Sunday, the 24th day of April, the citizens of Fractional district No. 3, of Ellington and Elmer, met at their school house for the purpose of organizing a Sabbath school. After due deliberation and consultation it was decided to organize a Sabbath school to be carried on through the season, and the following officers were elected: Supt., Slade Lazelle; Ass't, Supt., A. Craft; Treasurer, Miss Carrie Rosebury; Sec., Mrs. C. J. Black; Chorister Miss Rhoda Beecher. A promise of seventy scholars to attend the school was made and it is hoped that it will prove profitable to all, both officers and school, and much good may come from it. Something of the kind has been long needed in Dis. No. 3.

DEFORD.

Late seeding in this locality. Ed. Withey labors for R. O. Curtis.

H. H. Wilson is erecting a store building.

Will Horner has gone to Detroit to live.

Lewis Betherford labors for Kip. Wilson.

Mrs. Frank Terry is at Pontiac on a visit.

Rosette Valentine is on the sick list again.

The infant child of Minor Mills, of Novesta, died on the 29th ult.

Wheat is improving since the late rains. It will take some time for it to recover.

Mrs. Joseph Mills, that lived one mile north of here, died of heart failure on the 24th. ult.

The Virginia letter in last weeks ENTERPRISE stirs up the southern fever in the breast of at least one that we know of.

Fred Valentine has sold his gray roadster to Elder Mudge, of Novesta. Consideration kept shady out of respect of the age of the equine.

Rethford boys have engaged the service of a Mr. Dibble, of Cass City, and are going down deep into the bowels of the earth in search of pure water.

The Caro Advertiser in discussing county politics says: "There is fusion in the air." Politics is one of the fearful diseases that harrasses the the American people.

We have just learned that a man by the name of friends, who lives in the vicinity of Lamotte, was fatally injured by being kicked by his horse while traveling a few miles south of here.

A week ago we said that old Mr. Harrington had gone to Imlay City. Now he has returned. It seems wrong that there is no place for the aged and the helpless. We care not what past life has been.

Ben Gage, of Novesta, met with a serious accident on the 24th. While engaged in a friendly scuffle with a chum he broke his leg. The broken limb is doing well under the care of Dr. Bates, of Kingston.

OUR AID.
By Mrs. Wilbur Lockwood, Section fourteen, Kingston.

"The only one short year ago
That we a little band,
Resolved to do what good we could
With earnest, willing hands;
The harvest great, the labors few,
We'll strive as best we can,
To do our part with willing heart,
Assist us all who can.

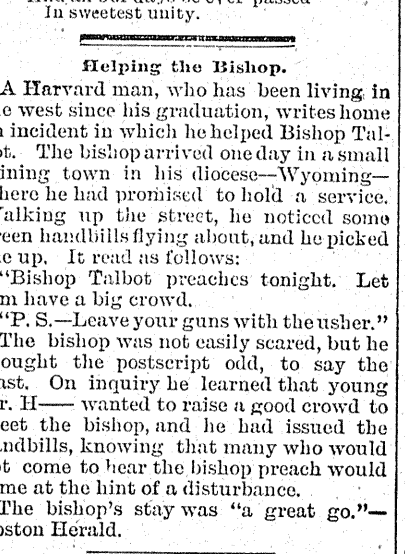
We'll aid each other while we can,
Our pledge is written above:
To aid the weary and distressed
Our emblem is its love.
Then come with us
All ye who can, we'll try and do you good;
We farmers' wives lead busy lives—
By all is understood.

We've freely given our time and means
That we may well compare,
With other circles in the land
In culture would we share;
Well may the youth in at er years
Who reap what we have sown,
Recall with pride, for "Him who died,"
We've all our labors borne.

Then let us love our masters cause
And mind the golden rule—
"Do unto others as ye would
That others would do to you."
And say our watchword ever be
Faith, hope and charity,
And all our days be ever passed
In sweetest unity.

Helping the Bishop.
A Harvard man, who has been living in the west since his graduation, writes home an incident in which he helped Bishop Talbot. The bishop arrived one day in a small mining town in his diocese—Wyoming—where he had promised to hold a service. Walking up the street, he noticed some green handbills flying about, and he picked one up. It read as follows:
"Bishop Talbot preaches tonight. Let him have a big crowd."
"P. S.—Leave your guns with the usher."
The bishop was not easily scared, but he thought the posterie odd, to say the least. On inquiry he learned that young Mr. H— wanted to raise a good crowd to greet the bishop, and he had issued the handbills, knowing that many who would not come to hear the bishop preach would come at the hint of a disturbance.
The bishop's stay was "a great go."—Boston Herald.

A Long Farewell.



"Farewell, Em'ly, farewell! Your father has took me by the ear and kicked me to that extent that my manly heart is a-bustin with shame and sorrow. Nothin is left for me now but to hunt Injuns for the remainder of my 'retched life. Me an my pal leaves for the wild west this mornit. This letter contains my will what'll make you my heir; also a nickel to buy a memento of one who will be heard of in border annals as Curdie Lung, the Dust Toss'er. Farewell, goodby, adoo!" [Exits hastily with pal.]—Life.

A Dreadful Threat.
An Austin colored man, with protruding eyes, rushed into Justice Tegener's office and exclaimed:
"I wants Colonel Jones, who libes nex' door to me, put under a million dollar bonds ter keep de peace."
"Has he threatened your life?"
"He has done dat berry thing. He said he war gwine ter fill de nex' nigger he found after dark in his henhouse plum full ob buckshot."—Texas Sittings.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all skin eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Fritz Bros.

Don't Get Imposed Upon.

Is a good motto to follow in buying medicine as well as in everything else. By the universal satisfaction it has given and by the many remarkable cures it has accomplished, Dullam's Great German Blood, Liver, Stomach and Kidney Cure has proven itself unequalled for building up and cleansing your system and for all diseases arising from impure blood. Do not experiment with an unheard of or untried article which you are told is so good, but be sure to get Dullam's. All druggists keep it. \$1.00 a bottle for sale by Fritz Bros. Drugist.

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from practice having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all Throat and Lung affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all nervous complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actually by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. NOYES, 820 Powers' Block, Rochester, N. Y.

Try Dullinan's Great German 15 cent Liver Pills, 40 in each package, at Fritz Bros.

FARMERS REMEMBER IT'S A FACT

That when you are in need of
**GROCERIES,
BAZAAR GOODS,
CROCKERY,
GLASSWARE,**

It will pay you to call upon
James Tennant
Successor to W. Eleyer,
Cass City, - Mich.

Highest market price paid for
BUTTER and EGGS.

Don't buy a
Piano, Organ

— or —
SEWING MACHINE
until you call on
W. J. CLOAKEY,
Cass City, - Mich.

I deal direct with the manufacturers and pay cash, therefore can give you
BETTER BARGAINS!
than can be found elsewhere in the county.

No Middle Men's Commission to pay.
Call on me when in want of anything in this line and **Save Money.**

I handle the Clough & Warren Pianos and Organs, and the Singer Sewing Machine. Every machine and instrument are fully warranted.
Yours Respectfully,
W. J. CLOAKEY.

ALEXANDER THE GREAT,

—8892—
KENTUCKY STANDARD BRED

Trotting -:- Stallion.
will make the season at Caro, at Jas. Montague's livery barn. Terms: To insure, \$25.

This horse has had not to exceed 60 days training—only thirty days training in 1892—and trotted Vassar track in October last in 2:28. a rate of speed that Allerton could not show with same training.
Respectfully,
H. H. MARKHAM,
Owner.

SPRING OPENING

DRY GOODS !!

FROST & HEBBLEWHITE'S

We wish to call the attention of our Patrons to our Fine Line of
DRESS GOODS, TRIMMINGS, -:- SILKS,
—Comprising all the LATEST STYLES in—

Bedford, Serges, Henriettas,

And Latest Novelties in
Fancy and Plain Silks.

—The MOST COMPLETE Line of—
Zephyr Gingham, Outings, Pongees, Home-Spuns, Plain & Brocaded Sattens
Ever Shown in Cass City.

In our NOTION DEPARTMENT we are offering Special Drives in Hosiery, Gloves, Silk Mitts, Handkerchiefs, Etc.

SPRING JACKETS, new and latest styles black tans and drabs. We invite you to call and look at them.

Groceries and Provisions at Cash Prices.

Frost & Hebblewhite

We have received

A Large Spring Stock of

WALL LATEST PATTERNS. PAPER!

Call and Inspect.

FRITZ BROTHER'S

FARMERS

Can increase their
DOLLARS

by increasing their Bushels of Grain. This can be done by sowing your Grain with a
DRILL.

We keep the best and sell them on reasonable terms.

Examine our Large Stock of Implements before buying elsewhere.

Respectfully,
W. J. CAMPBELL,
Prop. of Tuscola County, Agricultural Depot,

CRUSHED IN TWO.

TERRIBLE DEATH OF WATCHMAN GEORGE F. FORD.

Caught Between a Steamer and a Dock His Body was Literally Cut in Two—His First Sailing Trip a Fatal One—Michigan Crops.

The steamer Pasadena caught Watchman George F. Ford against the dock at the canal at Sault Ste. Marie and literally crushed him in two. The lower part of the body dropped into the canal and has not been recovered. The upper part of the body with his head forced into a vein between the neck and the chest, fell over on the dock. The Pasadena was entering the head of the canal, bound down, when Ford started to climb down the keel rope to take a line. He got too far, but did not notice it until the steamer was too close to the dock to raise himself and the dock was too high to reach. The next instant the steamer had crushed him against the dock timbers. Ford's parents reside near Cortright, Ont. He had been a school teacher at Sombra, near Sarnia, and this was his first and last trip.

A disastrous conflagration occurred here which virtually wiped the town of Chase in Lake county off the face of the earth. A few years ago Chase was a prosperous and flourishing village of about 400 people, but like a large portion of the lumber towns, as soon as the lumber was worked out the place began to decrease in size and business volume until scarce 400 souls were to be found within its limits. For the past year the town has practically been divided against itself by a factional fight, existing between two elements of its citizens and it is thought by some that this fire is but the outcome of the past year's factional fight. Whether this conjecture be a wise one or not, it is surely the finishing touch of extermination for Chase, a once prosperous village. Sixty buildings in all were burned, including 44 business places and 18 dwellings. The fire started in the drug store of Z. Ross and as there was a strong wind blowing and no fire protection it succeeded in practically wiping the place out of existence. The total loss is estimated at \$100,000 and the total insurance is only \$1,000. The plucky citizens will rebuild.

A later special says: Zimmerman Ross was arrested here Friday on a charge of setting fire to his drug store in the great fire at Chase on Wednesday night, and on examination at Chase was placed under \$1,000 bonds or in default to go to jail.

Weather and Crop Report.

The condition of the crops at the close of the past week, shows a perceptible gain in most counties. The heavy rains and warm weather on Wednesday materially benefited vegetation. In the southern section, Monroe, Wayne and Perrien counties, the week seems to have been too cold for much development, but in all the interior counties the weather is reported quite as favorable, and all crops looking well, except wheat in some localities, and pasturage. In the central tier the conditions on the whole are improving. Not much growth has been made in wheat or grass, except in Saginaw, Montcalm and Perry counties, but plowing for corn and potatoes has been actively carried on, and other farm work taken up. In Sanilac county seedling is very active. Throughout the northern counties the weather has been too cold for any visible advance in crops or other vegetation. Farmers have been generally seeding oats and barley. In Emmet county the week has been a fairly good one for farm work.

For the state the outlook is good for the coming week. The favorable weather at the close of last week will give the grain and crops in the ground a good start. More crop reporters are cleared, especially in the northern counties.

Parson Arney Resigns.

Parson Arney has preached his last sermon as pastor of the Methodist church in Saranac and with the exception of very few persons the entire population is sorry. For some time there has been a little feeling in the church on account of his stables and fast horses, and to relieve these few members Mr. Arney has thought best to resign much to the surprise of the members. Rev. Arney has done a great work in Saranac and vicinity during his two years' residence here, by lifting the church membership up from almost zero to one of the best in the state, and instead of preaching to empty houses he has always been greeted by a very large congregation. At South Boston he has built up a large congregation, starting it himself in addition to his other labors. At Woodland he repeated his work here, and the same can be said of Freepers besides conducting two very successful revivals.

A Receiver Appointed.

In the circuit court of Kent county, Judge Adsit made an order appointing David Edwards receiver of the E. & P. M. railroad. The road affected is that part of D. L. & N. system between here and Grand Edge. The supreme court will doubtless review the action of the circuit court which is on the petition of McKee and Lally, the Detroit contractors, who take this action of collecting their judgment of \$91,000 for construction.

At a meeting of the council of Hope College at Holland, a few days ago Professor G. J. Kollen reported that he had secured \$23,000 for the new library building, and received a promise of a fine select private library of 10,000 volumes, valued at \$20,000, as soon as the building was completed.

Fire partially destroyed H. A. Tuttle's furniture store at Cheboygan at 11 o'clock Monday night and the Kessler block, in which the telegraph office and telephone exchange is located, had a narrow escape. The cause of the fire is not known. Loss on furniture and building \$2,000; insurance \$1,000.

Auditor-General's Report.

Lansing special: The third quarterly financial statement issued from the office of the auditor-general, covering a period of nine months, and showing the movements of population and averages in fourteen state institutions (educational not included) accounting under a uniform system, is complete and full of important public information.

The number of inmates, or wards of the state, July 1, 1891, was 5,489; number March 31, 1892, was 5,803, an increase in nine months of 314. During the three months from January 1 to March 31, there has been a decrease of 148, due quite largely to the fire which crippled the Eastern Asylum for the insane last December, and to the more stringent rules adopted last January at the Soldier's Home. The State Public school shows a small reduction in actual attendance, an extra effort having been made by the officers of that institution to find suitable homes for so many of the children as possible, and thus saving to the state the expense of maintenance. The three insane asylums and the prisons at Jackson and Marquette show a small increase in the number of inmates. The educational asylums show substantially the same numbers enrolled as on January 1 of the present year.

President of Kalamazoo College Dead.

Rev. Theodore Nelson, D. D., LL. D., president of Kalamazoo college, died at Alma Sanitarium Sunday morning. He has been resting and receiving treatment for several weeks. The exact cause of death is not known but is believed to be disease of the kidneys. Mr. Nelson was prominently identified with the religious and educational interests of Michigan and other states, being widely known for his scholarly attainments and exalted christian character. He was born in the Jefferson Avenue Baptist church as pastor eight years and then went to the normal school at Ypsilanti. While there Gov. Alger appointed him superintendent of public instruction and when his term expired he became acting president of Kalamazoo college. Afterward he returned to Ypsilanti to become pastor of the Michigan Avenue Baptist church and while there was called to the presidency of Kalamazoo college. Although his efforts and work in behalf of that institution have been hampered by ill health there has been a growth in membership and prosperity ever since he assumed the chair. Rev. Dr. Nelson was 51 years of age, and leaves a widow and two sons.

Teachers at Bay View.

Prof. Richard Ely, of Johns Hopkins university, of Baltimore, Md., director of the Summer university at Bay View, Mich., announces the following appointments at the latter place for the coming season: Dr. W. H. Shober, in chemistry; Professor David Kinley, in economics; and Professor Frank H. Mills in physics. All of the gentlemen are members of Johns Hopkins university.

AROUND THE STATE.

Loomis Battery association annual reunion at Coldwater, May 13.

A new railroad is proposed running from Jennison to Grand Haven.

Ex-Governor C. G. Luze will deliver the memorial address in Coldwater.

The reunion of the Loomis Battery association will be held in Coldwater, May 13.

E. D. Snow, of Grand Rapids, has taken the management of the National hotel, at Howell.

With a two-mill tax to work with, Muskegon county a year hence will have roads that will equal the best.

George Rix, the man who was shot by Miller, at Lawton, on Monday is not improving and Miller has been arrested.

John Rathbun late of Company D, First Michigan volunteer infantry, wants the secretary of war to grant him an honorable discharge.

The Excelsior furnaces near the Lake Angerine mine, near Marquette, have started up again after being idle for several months.

A couple of disguised men are terrorizing the women at Buchanan by hugging every one they catch on the street after dark.

A special election will be held May 24 in the Twenty-third senatorial district to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Senator W. A. Green.

Postmaster J. B. Whortley wants the Ypsilanti postoffice enlarged and improved, and is in Washington asking for authority to make the changes citizens demand.

The members of the Methodist church at Saranac have refused to accept Parson Arney's resignation and he will continue to act as their pastor until conference.

The Michigan sand brick company, of St. Joseph, has sold the right to make its patented brick to a Marquette company. Marquette gets a \$20,000 factory out of the deal.

Col. Bowen, of the First regiment, M. S. T., has appointed Charles M. Campbell, ex-captain of the Ypsilanti Light Guard, to the vacancy caused by the resignation of Adj. Gen. Darnton, of Adrian.

Wm. W. Graham, of Rochester, at the last election the labor candidate for auditor-general, has been arrested on a warrant issued on the complaint of Minnie Cooley, who charges him with betrayal.

A daughter of Wm. Glass, aged 11, of Bay City, was fatally burned by her clothes taking fire from a bonfire near the house. She ran to the steps and fell in her mother's arms. The mother and an aunt, in their struggle to extinguish the fire, were badly burned about the hands. The child will die.

Harvey Ripley, of Jackson, charged with criminal assault upon Viola Myers, a state public school charge between the ages of 14 and 16 years, waived further examination and was bound over to the circuit court for trial.

A local syndicate has purchased the summer resort property near Cheboygan known as Lake Harbor for \$35,000 and offer 200 acres with a cash bonus of \$20,000 to the Methodist Conference of West Michigan if the church will establish its assembly grounds there. The proposition will be considered today and it is understood that it will be accepted.

ABOUT THE CAPITOL.

NEWS OF INTEREST FROM THE NATION'S CAPITAL.

The Senate Ratifies the Modus Vivendi as Amended.—Captain E. P. Allen Found Not Guilty of Violating the Civil Service Laws.

THE MODUS VIVENDI RATIFIED.

The Senate ratified the convention providing for a renewal of the existing modus vivendi in Behring sea. In his message transmitting the modus vivendi convention to the Senate, the President said: "As the value and effectiveness of this agreement depend largely upon its being put in force at once, I respectfully request a prompt consideration of the subject by the Senate." The Senate acceded to this request with the greatest expedition. The modus took the form of a convention or treaty, because it differed from last year's agreement in the inclusion of clauses relative to damages. The preamble is identical with that of the Behring sea arbitration treaty. The convention itself comprises seven articles, the first four of which are precisely similar in language with the modus vivendi of the last year, with the exception of a change in article 1 of the words, "Until May next" to "During the pendency of the arbitration" which governs the life of the modus vivendi. Briefly stated, these articles prohibit Great Britain and the United States from seal killing on Behring sea and on the seal islands (save 7,500 seals to be taken on the islands by the United States for the subsistence of the natives) during the arbitration; provide for the seizure of offending vessels and permit the residence of British agents on the islands during the sealing season. Article 5 relates to damages to be awarded the government whom the arbitrators favor. Article 6 gives either party power to terminate the modus upon giving two months notice at any time after October, 1893. Article 7 provides for the exchange of ratification of the articles as soon as possible.

CAPTAIN ALLEN VINDICATED.

Captain E. P. Allen, of Michigan, may rejoice for no action will be taken against him on the charges preferred by Oliver T. Morton. Captain Allen, who is out on a hunt for contributions to the Republican campaign fund had a conversation with Morton in Chicago. Morton is a clerk in Judge Green's court. It is understood that the complete withdrawal of Morton from Indiana. The knowing ones say that the civil service commission is satisfied that no case could be made against Allen, so the matter will slide gracefully into some far distant and unilluminated corner of innocuous desuetude. From the beginning Captain Allen's friends have been satisfied of his innocence in this matter.

RIVER AND HARBOR APPROPRIATIONS.

Senators Stockbridge and McMillan appeared before the Senate committee on commerce with reference to the changes to be made by the Senate in the House river and harbor bill. The bill has not yet passed the House, but the Senate committee on commerce is preparing a bill based on the appropriations contained in the House bill as reported from the committee. Some time ago the Michigan senators were notified that, as the Michigan appropriations in the House bill averaged some 54 per cent of the appropriations of the estimates, whereas the appropriations for other states averaged but about 33 per cent, they would have to submit to a heavy cut in the appropriations, but at the hearing yesterday the senators were able to hold all the appropriations that have been made in the House bill and secured several important additions. The Senate committee will report a bill giving Grand Haven \$90,000, giving St. Joseph harbor an increase of \$25,000 and making an additional appropriation of \$35,000 for dredging purposes. There will also be an appropriation of \$5,000 for the harbor of Saugatuck.

RECIPROcity WITH HONDURAS.

There was made public a proclamation of reciprocity with Honduras. The schedule of products and manufactures from the United States which the republic of Honduras will admit free of duty is similar to those embraced in reciprocity proclamations previously made public. Among the scheduled articles are gold and silver in bars, dust, or coin, and samples of merchandise, the duties on which do not exceed \$1. It is understood the packages or coverings in which the articles in the schedule are imported shall be free of duty if they are usual and proper for the purpose.

JUDGE MONTGOMERY RESIGNS.

Justice Martin V. Montgomery, of Michigan, of the supreme court of the District of Columbia, has resigned his seat on the bench and will return to the practice of his profession in Michigan. He sent a formal letter of resignation to the President through the attorney-general. The letter fixes October as the time for acceptance of the resignation. Judge Montgomery will, however, leave very soon for Michigan. His resignation goes into effect at the beginning of the fall term of court.

OUR PUBLIC DEBT.

The public statement shows a cash balance of \$129,000,000, a decrease of nearly \$4,000,000 since April 1. This decrease is due the heavy disbursements during the month and the comparatively light receipts. The increase in the expenditures was principally on account of pensions and interest on bonds. The public debt, less cash in the treasury, is therefore nearly \$4,000,000 more than it was April 1.

TOLLS AT THE "800" CANAL.

President Harrison has just prepared a message to Congress calling attention to the tolls imposed by the Canadian government on the Welland and St. Lawrence canals, and suggesting the propriety of legislation imposing similar tolls on Canadian vessels using the Sault Ste. Marie Canal.

It is learned from Little Rock, Ark., dispatches that near Rock Comfort a boiler in the mill of E. W. Pullen exploded, killing Pullen, his engineer and fireman and wounding three men and a woman, all of whom it is thought will die.

SEVEN WERE KILLED.

The Philadelphia Theater Fire Worse Than First Reports.

The Grand Central theater and the Daily Times building in Philadelphia were destroyed in a fierce fire. The "Devil's Auction" was the play in progress when the fire was discovered. Over 50 persons were severely injured and six members of the "Devil's Auction" company were killed and buried under the walls. A boy was also probably burned to death, and nearly three score people are in the hospitals suffering from burns. Of the men and boys in the hospital, seven are in such a serious condition that their recovery is doubtful. All were members of the audience. Beside those who were seriously enough hurt to remain in the hospitals, fully 50 others were treated for minor injuries. The unfortunate members of the company who lost their lives are: THOMAS LORELLA, grotesque dancer. FLORA LORELLA, his wife, a ballet dancer. FLORENCE LORELLA, premier danseuse, one of the Chilton sisters. MISS FANCHON CONYERS, juvenile, Chicago. MISS SARAH GOLDEN, ballet dancer, Chicago.

WILLIAM L. BROOKS, leading man of the company, Philadelphia. SAMUEL WALLACE, fifteen years old, Philadelphia, missing and perhaps burned to death.

This is the fourth time the sites of the Central Theater and the Times annex have been the scene of other fires. The first conflagration occurred in 1871, when many ballet girls were burned to death. Again, in 1887, the theater was visited by fire and burned to the ground. In this fire 11 persons perished and a large number were severely injured.

WARD AT LIBERTY.

The Famous Wrecker of Gen. Grant's Fortunes Leaves Sing Sing Prison.

Ferd Ward has been set free from the New York state prison after serving a ten years' sentence—less good time. He at once was driven to the railway station and boarded a train for Putnam, Conn., where he was met by his father-in-law and his own eight year old son. The latter has never heard his father's history and was somewhat puzzled by the passionate kisses showered upon him by the father who had not seen his only child in six long weary years. The mother died a few years ago and the lad had lived with his mother's parents at Putnam. Ward is a somewhat different looking man today from what he was on the day he entered state prison. His eyes are sunken and they have lost some of their brightness. A good deal of his nervous manner is gone. His cheeks that were pale are now sallow. Notwithstanding that he is heavier than he was, his face has something of a pinched look. He is 33 when he went to jail. He is now 39.

Terrible Ravages of Yellow Jack.

The death rate at Rio Janeiro, Brazil, caused by yellow fever is very great and is spreading great consternation. Heavy rains checked the terror for a time, but it is now on the increase and as is usually the case when yellow fever prevails here there occur at the same time many deaths from other fevers. In one day there were in that city, according to official statistics, 145 deaths, the largest number that have been reported for one day this year. It is generally asserted that there are many more deaths than those officially reported and it has even been said that the number from yellow fever alone was 150 a day. The epidemic has extended from the capital and Santos to the interior of the states of San Paulo, Rio de Janeiro and Minas Geraes. Some of the small towns have been almost entirely abandoned by their inhabitants. There have recently, however, been severe rains in Santos and Santos which will probably tend to check the progress of the malady. These rains have flooded the towns of San Paulo and Santos and caused considerable damage and some loss of life, especially in the latter city, in which 30 or 40 persons are said to have perished, and the damage to property is estimated at from \$1,100,000 to \$1,850,000.

Another Lake Steamer Lost.

The steamer A. Everett arrived at Duluth, Minn., without her schooner, the Sophia Minch, and grave fears are felt for both the crew of nine men and their boat. Captain Henry Brittle, commander of the Everett, says that the Minch let her tow line about 12:30 Thursday morning when at a point about three miles this side of Outer Island. Both the vessels are coal laden.

Railroad Shipped to South America.

The narrow gauge equipment of the Saginaw, Tuscola & Huron railroad, that was changed to a standard gauge, has been sold through J. T. Gardiner, of Chicago, to the new railroad system in Venezuela. The cars will be taken on flats to New York, there covered with tar in order to prevent them being eaten by rats in South America, and from that port they will be freighted by vessel to Carthage.

Authority on Seals Called to England.

Dr. George Dawson has left Ottawa en route to New York whence he is for England. He will confer with the imperial authorities regarding the Behring sea problem and lay before them the result of his extended researches in those high seas. Dr. Dawson is expected to return as the end of May or the beginning of June.

ITEMS CONDENSED.

The wigwag erected for the coming Democratic convention at Muskegon is ready for business.

A coffer containing valuables belonging to the Prince of Wales was stolen from the railroad station at Lyons, France.

From dispatches received from Russia, it is learned that an epidemic of a virulent type of influenza is ravaging the people in the south of that country.

A warrant has been issued for Michael Taylor, freight agent of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western railroad, charged with having embezzled \$5,000 of the company's funds.

The Erie canal opened at Buffalo at midnight April 30. Forty-three boats cleared with 338,810 bushels of grain, mostly flaxseed for New York. Last year the canal opened May 5, and 212,300 bushels cleared on the first day. The water is very low on account of northeast winds.

A QUIET MAY DAY.

THE EXPECTED DISTURBANCES DID NOT MATERIALIZE.

Huge Demonstrations by Working People in London, Paris, Chicago and Other Large Centers, and Very Little Trouble Occurred.

All Peaceful in Paris.

As far as known only two dynamite explosions took place in Paris on May Day—contrary to the usual expectations. At Tours, in the department of Indre-et-Loire, a bomb exploded near the Guise barracks. Soldiers who ran to the spot found a man lying senseless in a pool of blood; one of his hands was blown off and he was otherwise injured. It was clear that he was the victim of his own crime. An attempt was made to destroy a china shop on the Boulevard Voltaire, but no serious damage was done. Workingmen gathered in large numbers at different points and celebrated the day as they saw fit and they made no demonstration more than speeches and processions. Dispatches from other cities in France show the same quiet feeling and no trouble at any point. The manner in which the day passed has been a most agreeable surprise.

Seized Anarchist Flags.

A highly sensational incident occurred in the May Day celebration at Chicago. It was the seizure of three sanguinary emblems which were carried by three paraders in the immense procession which was the feature of the celebration. The police officials had issued strict orders for the regulation of the demonstration, among which was one that no red flags or other anarchist draperies would be permitted in the parade. In defiance of this order three brilliant red banners with streamers flying were carried in the procession. When they came within Supt. Hubbard's range of vision orders were given to seize them. Capt. Shea with a dozen detectives captured all three flags and arrested the bearers.

Victory on Crespo's Banner.

The investment of Valencia and Victoria continues. The fall of either place may be looked for at any moment. At La Guayra and Caracas rumors have been current for several days that Valencia has fallen, and that General Mora has joined Crespo. Valencia has not yet been taken, but Crespo's and Mora's lines have joined, and completely shut it off from all connection with Caracas. Mora's left wing is operating against Valencia. His lines so long drawn out that he cannot yet successfully proceed against the besieged city which Ybarro holds with about 3,000 men. Crespo's troops have been doing some hot fighting around Los Victoria. His present force consists of 9,000 thoroughly equipped infantry and cavalry. He is accompanied by 3,000 men, who are waiting for arms which are hourly expected from America.

FROM A CANDLE'S FLAME.

A \$500,000 Blaze in Pittsburg. From Small Cause.

A special from Pittsburg says: Fire destroyed \$500,000 worth of property. It completely destroyed the six-story building of the Household Credit company and the adjoining wholesale paper house of John S. Roberts. The Lindsay building, with a large quantity of powder stored on one side and liquor on the other, was greatly damaged, as were several other buildings. In a panic among 300 girl employes in one of the buildings several were slightly injured. The total loss will reach \$300,000.

Mrs. Osborne Released.

The earnest efforts of the friends of Mrs. Florence Osborne, in London, sentenced to prison for the theft from Mrs. Hargreaves, are at last rewarded. Petitions were presented to Mr. Matthews, the home secretary, praying for her release. It was argued by many persons that the state had no right to put the stigma of prison birth upon the child to be borne by Mrs. Osborne. This and other arguments were brought to bear upon the home secretary with the result that he issued an order for Mrs. Osborne's release. This was served upon the warden of the Holloway prison and she was at once liberated.

Republican College League.

The 17th of the month will be a great day for the Republican students of the Ann Arbor university. It will be the convention of the college Republican club of the United States. Gov. McKinley, Hon. John M. Thurston, Hon. Alger, Gen. J. S. Clarkson, Hon. M. M. Estee and other speakers will be present. A feature of the banquet in evening will be the presence of an extensive list of prominent ladies.

New York Reporters Met in Large Numbers at the Astor House and Made Arrangements to Form a Branch of the Typographical Union.

A colored man, E. P. Grizzard, was taken from the jail in Nashville, Tenn., and hung by a mob from the bridge across the river, a few blocks distant from the jail. The rope was fastened to the railing of the bridge and the Negro was dropped or, being suspended about 20 feet below the bridge. The lynchers then ridged the body with gun and pistol shots, and for an hour and a half it hung suspended, no one being allowed to remove it by the lynchers. Later on the body was removed and carried to Goodlettsville the scene of the negro's crime by members of the lynching party which was composed of citizens from that neighborhood. When they departed the statement was made that the body would be burned. Grizzard was generally believed to have been one of the two Negroes who committed a criminal assault upon Miss Bruce.

STRUNG HIM UP.

A Brutal Negro Dropped off a Bridge With a Rope Around His Neck.

A colored man, E. P. Grizzard, was taken from the jail in Nashville, Tenn., and hung by a mob from the bridge across the river, a few blocks distant from the jail. The rope was fastened to the railing of the bridge and the Negro was dropped or, being suspended about 20 feet below the bridge. The lynchers then ridged the body with gun and pistol shots, and for an hour and a half it hung suspended, no one being allowed to remove it by the lynchers. Later on the body was removed and carried to Goodlettsville the scene of the negro's crime by members of the lynching party which was composed of citizens from that neighborhood. When they departed the statement was made that the body would be burned. Grizzard was generally believed to have been one of the two Negroes who committed a criminal assault upon Miss Bruce.

Will Evade the Modus Vivendi.

Persons interested in the sealing industry are considering a plan for evading the agreement between the United States and Great Britain for restricting of sealing in Behring sea. Captain Cox, a well known sealer, says that if the modus vivendi be enforced for two years the only way for many sealers to do will be to sell their vessels to representatives of other nations. Representatives from Germany and Italy would probably be here shortly to take the schooners over and send them to Behring sea under other flags. W. D. Hall says that the sealers want other nations interested and if England will not protect sealers, perhaps other nations would do so. Owners of schooners are therefore of the opinion that if the vessels fly foreign flags, they will not be prevented from sealing and that all the principal nations of the world will be interested in the question. All sealers, with the exception of two or three, are fitted out for Behring Sea and many are about ready to enter the sea. Schooners now here, and others which receive the warning early, will probably go to the Russian coast. If the government does not arrange for a more efficient spring it is thought that 60 British schooners owned in Victoria will sail under foreign flags and look to foreign governments for protection.

Divorce and Marriage Complication.

Mrs. Laura E. Fulton was divorced from her husband, John Fulton, March 23 last, and on April 4 was married to J. W. Smith at Rock Island, Ill. Under the Kansas divorce law a divorce does not become absolute for six months after the decree has been granted, but Mrs. Fulton did not know this. She now fears that her former husband will cause her to be arrested for bigamy. She is also in trouble from another account. She is the heiress to \$25,000 in London. England. Her father by an uncle with the proviso that she should not have the money unless living in wedlock with an honorable man for twelve months within seven years of the uncle's death. She lived with Fulton three months and has only 14 months to spare. If the marriage with Smith is declared void she will lose her inheritance.

MARK MARKETS.

Chicago.	
CATTLE—Good to choice	\$4.00 @ \$4.50
HOGS	4.25 @ 4.70
SHEEP	4.75 @ 5.75
LAMBS	5.00 @ 6.50
WHEAT—No. 2 white	90 @ 92
White Spot, No. 1	90 @ 92
CORN—No. 2 spot	41 @ 41
No. 2 yellow	43 @ 42
OATS—No. 2 white, approx.	33 @ 32
BARLEY—per cwt.	1.25 @ 1.30
RYE	75 @ 75
HAY—No. 2 per ton	13.00 @ 13.50
POULTRY—Per lb., live	10 @ 10
APPLES—Per bush.	3.00 @ 4.00
BUTTER—Per lb.	16 @ 18
CHEESE	25 @ 26
EGGS—Per doz.	11 @ 15
LARD—Per cwt.	11 @ 12
Spring Chickens—Per pair	9 @ 1.00
Turkeys	12 @ 13
Ducks	11 @ 12
Kansas.	
CATTLE—Natives	\$3.00 @ \$4.10
HOGS	4.00 @ 5.50
SHEEP—Good to choice	7.00 @ 7.50
LAMBS	8.00 @ 8.25
WHEAT—No. 2 red	91 @ 92
CORN—No. 2	40 @ 50
OATS	31 @ 37
St. Louis.	
CATTLE	\$4.00 @ \$4.10
HOGS	4.80 @ 4.85
SHEEP—Good to choice	6.15 @ 6.40
LAMBS	6.25 @ 6.25

Weekly Review of Trade.

New York, May 2.—R. G. Den & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: More favorable weather in many parts of the country during the past week has brought better reports of business. Undoubtedly distribution has been much revealed by the backward season and the condition of country roads, and in some quarters collections have been slow on that account this week. The improvement in such quarters has been general and meanwhile the volume of business continues to surpass all previous records. Gaining but little, and yet gaining, at least over last year, the cotton crop is only about 1 per cent at the south in the aggregate, notwithstanding the great depression in the price of cotton, the volume of trade has been over 10 per cent greater than in any other year in the west, though on the Pacific slope some decrease appears. That collections are on the whole satisfactory, the condition of the money markets and reports from other cities clearly show. In all parts of the country the supply of money is abundant, but the demand is not especially active. Speculation in breadstuffs has advanced wheat 10 cents in 15c stronger, receipts and exports being large but oats 1c lower, pork products are lower. Both receipts and exports of cotton fall behind last year's. Oil is 2c lower and coffee unchanged. Seeding at the west has progressed rapidly, and within a short time new crop prospects will control the situation. Merchandise exports for April show a gain of 6 per cent over 10 per cent greater than in any other year in the west, though on the Pacific slope some decrease appears. That collections are on the whole satisfactory, the condition of the money markets and reports from other cities clearly show. In all parts of the country the supply of money is abundant, but the demand is not especially active. Speculation in breadstuffs has advanced wheat 10 cents in 15c stronger, receipts and exports being large but oats 1c lower, pork products are lower. Both receipts and exports of cotton fall behind last year's. Oil is 2c lower and coffee unchanged. Seeding at the west has progressed rapidly, and within a short time new crop prospects will control the situation. Merchandise exports for April show a gain of 6 per cent over 10 per cent greater than in any other year in the west, though on the Pacific slope some decrease appears. That collections are on the whole satisfactory, the condition of the money markets and reports from other cities clearly show.

Suicide with a Target Rifle.

Samuel Huntington, living six miles south of Vicksburg, in Brady township, shot himself through the right temple with a target rifle while standing on the back porch of his residence. Temporary insanity was the cause. He only lived fifteen minutes after firing the shot. He was a much respected member of the community and aged 21 of this place and aged 28 years.

W. J. Longworth Broke his Leg a Short Time Ago in Mecosta county.

The pathmasters left a log in the road. The county has just paid \$1,500 as a result.

A LITTLE IRISH GIRL.

By "The Duchess."

CHAPTER III—CONTINUED.

"Thanks," says Eyre, not too graciously. "I can come now, if you want me," says Dulcinea, perceiving her betrothed turn to the doorway, as if to go away. "Thank you! An hour hence will do very well," replies he coolly; and closes the door behind him. "There!" says Dulcinea, looking at Eyre, with angry eyes full of tears: "what do you think of that? I'm sure I offered to go with him, didn't I? and you see how he treated me. You saw it, didn't you?" "I saw it indeed, Dulcinea. Why think of him at all? Why care? He is beneath your notice." "Oh! he is more than that. He is a wretch. I hate him!" cries Dulcinea, vehemently. She stamps her small foot upon the ground, and then suddenly, for no such great reason certainly, she covers her face with her hands and bursts into a storm of tears.

CHAPTER IV.

"O Mistress mine, where are you roaming? O stay and hear! Your true love's coming— That can sing both high and low; Trip no further, pretty sweetening." It is a distinctly aggressive mood that she goes to the drawing-room an hour later, to keep her appointment with Sir Ralph. She finds him there, lounging in a big chair, with his hands clasped behind his head, gazing moodily into the fire. There is a frown upon his brow, but he does not attempt to get rid of, as he gets slowly on to his feet to receive her. "You did not trouble yourself to hurry," says he unpleasantly. "You gave me the impression that any time would do," retorts she, with a little shrug of her pretty shoulders. "No time would have suited you, I dare say," says he bitterly.

"Much better, if you are going to be in a bad temper," with a touch of sarcasm on her own part. Anketell looks at her intently for a moment. There is a curious light in his eyes—a quick fire. He even moves his lips as if he would have spoken, but by a strong effort controls himself. "Is my temper the only thing against me?" asks he presently with a smile that, if still resentful, is also very sad. "I have made no complaint," returns she coldly. "Then I wish you would?" cries he fiercely, his late control lung to the winds, and a very storm of passion shaking him. "What do you think I am a stone, or a fool, that I can't see how you treat me? Find your fault! State it! Let me see where I fail!"

"If," says Miss McDermott, laying her hand on the back of the chair nearest her—"if it was to roar at me you asked me to meet you here, I think you would have done better to reserve your invitation. She is very pale as she thus defies him, but her lovely head is well thrown up, and battle declares itself in every feature. "Well—I beg your pardon," says Anketell, with the air of a man who, finding the matter hopeless, gives in. "Let us—graciously—presume I have no fault!"

"By all means," acquiesces she demurely. "There were some papers to be signed with regard to our marriage," says he; "that was why I asked you to come here; but you delayed so long that—" "Well, what?" "I fancied you were very happy where you were, and so I would not have you disturbed. I told your father I could come again to-morrow, and so could the solicitor. You see, satirically, "I have always your interests at heart." "You are too good!" returns she, with a satire of her own—so fine, that his sinks into insignificance. Then, quite suddenly, she turns to him, and crossing the room, reaches the hearth on which he is standing. "What is it all about?" asks she, with a change from fineness to utter straightforwardness. "Something has vexed you. What?"

"Ah! so much you have troubled yourself to discover," says he, with a harshness that she is clever enough to know is born of grief. "Something! How many things? I wonder. My life for the past month has been a hell. Because I don't say much, you think I cannot feel at all. What do you think I felt on that first cursed evening, when that fellow came beneath your roof—when you told old Bridget that you were tired of hearing of Sir Ralph?"

She is standing opposite to him, with the freights illuminating her face. A little quick shiver seems to come over her; but beyond that she makes no sign. "I suppose you mean that you wish to break our engagement," says she, her voice coming from her in little broken pieces. "That! No. That is the last thing I should mean." "And yet, if you believe me tired of you surely you would wish to—" "I should not," coldly. "Not even then? Tired of you! You heard me say that, and still!" "I shall never break off my engagement with you," says he slowly. Never! I shall leave the breaking of our engagement to you." "You mean," says she, in a little choking voice, "that you will leave all the odium of it upon me?" "I mean that I shall never break with you until you break with me." "You are a tyrant!" cries she suddenly. "You don't care for me, yet you will hold me in spite of me!" "Is that your reading of it?" "Yes, that is what I think—what I honestly think. Do you know, looking straight at him, her charming, angry face brilliant with emotion, believe that in your heart you hate me, and that the punishment you have laid out for me is to marry me!"

"Is that what you think, Dulcinea?" A step takes him to her, and a moment gives him time to catch her firmly by both arms, and so hold her that he can compel her to meet his gaze. "You think that of me? And why? Why? Look here!" (with sudden passion.) "How dare you think so of me? You, whose sole delight seems to be to ruin an honest man's happiness! How dare you so misjudge me? There," releasing her, "go, I am a fool to suffer as I do!" He thrusts her from him, and, walking toward the window, flings it up and steps into the growing night.

CHAPTER V.

"Thou didst delight mine ear; Ah! little praise; thy voice Makes other hearts rejoice, Makes all ears glad that hear." Miss McDermott, thus abandoned, stands for a full minute motionless. Doubtless her first feeling is astonishment, in that this heretofore abject love of hers has now proved so masterful. But the next is rage—pure and simple. To treat her like that! He! Ralph! who had been so humbly glad when she had fallen in with her father's views about him and permitted him to be engaged to her! The world must be coming to an end.

She is starting through the window that has seen him depart. Her hands are hanging by her sides. Her tall, slight figure has grown rigid. "The world must be coming to an end; but whose world? His, or hers? Who is to fall in this encounter? Which of them will be counted among the slain?" Not she, at all events. Despite the wild throbbing in her throat she commands herself so far as to forbid the tears that are struggling for an opening. He may still be there—out there in the chill of the exquisite early night, and he might see.

He! Tyrant! And to this man her father has given her! A man who, on the smallest provocation, has showered insult upon insult on her head. Well, he shall see! Father or no father, she will never marry him! Oh, he shall see! She grinds her little lovely white teeth together, and with a last defiant glance at the window leaves the room. In the hall she checks herself. An idea, a thought of vengeance, has occurred to her. This other—this stranger—she loves her, at all events. In him lies a chance of rescue! Rescue from marriage with this detestable man, who has told her so many horrible things about herself, and all, naturally, untrue.

She opens the door of the old school-room, and enters it with a vehemence that can hardly be misunderstood. "Something has happened," says Eyre, getting on to his feet with some difficulty. "What is it, Dulcinea?" "Oh, he has behaved abominably," says she, her eyes flashing. "He said the most cruel things."

"Never mind him, darling. Come and sit down by me, and let us try to find a way out of our difficulties." "But I must mind him!" cries she indignantly. "Why, I can't tell you all he said." "I'm so glad of that," puts he in soothingly. "But I must tell you all that," with charming inconsistency. "I remember every word. They seem burned into my brain. Oh! he was so rude! Fancy his telling me I had ruined his life!"

"It seems to me that he is trying to ruin yours." "Mine?" She gazes at him a moment, as if not quite understanding this, and then; "You don't understand this," says she. "Now, could he ruin mine? But never mind that—that's folly! Just hear the other dreadful thing he said: He began by telling me—" "Dulcinea," he checks her by a waving hand, "after all, you know, he can't have wanted me to hear him. We needn't go into details, need we? It is enough for me to know that he has been, well, beastly to you." "Beastly! he hasn't been that," says she, with quite unexpected fervor. "Beastly is a vulgar word. He has been horrid. I," with a decision that carries a frown with it, "don't deny that; but he has never been beastly!"

"You are a generous foe," says Eyre, smiling. Her generosity, indeed, strikes him as being something out of the way, something beyond words—charming. It would have been so easy to her to abuse this troublesome—this so evidently undesired lover. And yet she cannot bring herself in her integrity to deny any small virtue he may possess. "Well, then, we will let him slide if you like; no use talking about a low sort of bound like that."

"What abominable language you use!" says she. "Even if Sir Ralph has behaved unkindly to me, I don't see why you, a stranger, should call him bad names." "You are quite right, and I am wrong," says Eyre, giving in delightfully. "But surely—now, after all you have told me, you don't still feel bound in duty's chains to marry that disagreeable person."

"Certainly not," says she, with a firm compression of her mouth. "If there is one thing on earth about which I have quite made up my mind, it is that I shall never marry Sir Ralph." "And a good thing, too," says he. "You mean it?" "Can't you see that I mean it?" turning to him an extremely pale and unhappy face. "I can't," says he, gazing at her regretfully. "I can see only one thing and that is that you are unhappy." "Of course I'm unhappy, after the scolding I have just undergone. Why, father, never scolded me as he did!" "Can't you forget him?" says Eyre imploringly. "I can't. It is very hard to forget the people one hates. However, whether I forget or remember him, my mind is made up; I shall never marry him." "Marry me instead!" says Eyre boldly. "You!" It would be impossible to describe the amount of astonishment she has thrown into this word. "Yes. Why not? You know, I have told you, how I love you. Give yourself to me. Let me rescue you from this tyranny that is oppressing and destroying your life." "Tyranny!" repeats she as if struck by the word. "Yes, he is a tyrant, isn't he?" "Oh, never mind him. By all accounts he's not worth a thought," says Mr. Eyre, with sovereign contempt. "Whose accounts?" "Yours."

"Oh, never mind him. By all accounts he's not worth a thought," says Mr. Eyre, with sovereign contempt. "Whose accounts?" "Yours."

"Well, haven't you abused him to me? Haven't you had cause to do so?" "Oh, cause!" says she. She grows silent, and stands near him with gaze bent upon the ground and brows drawn together. Suddenly she looks up at him, and he can see that her eyes are full of tears. "Dulcinea," cries he, impulsively, "you are unhappy. Why should any one be unhappy? We have so short a time to live that it is folly not to make the best of every hour of it. Forget all this. Throw up your engagement, and marry me." "Oh," faintly, "I couldn't!" "What! Will you stay here, then, and marry that man?" "Never! Never!" "Why not let him see at once, then, that he has no power over you—that his impertinent lecturing can be directed at somebody else, not at you?" "I should like to let him know that, certainly," says she, her eyes flashing vindictively. "Let me speak to your father, then?" "How would he be so angry," says she hesitatingly. "And," quickly, "it would be of no use either."

"You look as if you were glad of that." "Why should I look glad? I'm not glad about anything," says she sadly—so sadly that he forgets his suspicion of her, and goes back to his first thought. "Let me try your father, at all events. Let me tell him how miserable you are; that you can't bear to marry Anketell, and—" "You may tell him that!"—vehemently. "I shall never marry Sir Ralph, not if he lived to be a thousand years old." "I may try your father, then? You authorize me?" "Yes," slowly, "you can try."

TO BE CONTINUED.

A SURE SIGN OF DEATH.
A Certain Test Would Contribute to the Peace of Mind of Every One.
From time to time we are horrified by learning that some person has been buried alive, after assurances have been given of death. Under these circumstances the opinion of a rising French physician upon the subject becomes of world-wide interest; for since the tests which have been in use for years have been found unreliable, no means should be left untried to prove beyond a doubt that life is actually extinct before conveying our loved ones to the grave. Dr. Martinot asserts that an unfailing test may be made by producing a blister on the hand or foot of the body by holding the flame of a candle to the same for a few seconds or until the blister is formed, which will always occur. If the blister contains any fluid it is evidence of life, and the blister only that produced by an ordinary burn; if, on the contrary, the blister contains only steam, it may be asserted that life is extinct.

The explanation is as follows: A corpse is nothing more than inert matter, under the immediate control of physical laws which cause all liquid heated to a certain temperature to become steam; the epidermis is raised, the blister produced, it breaks with a little noise and the steam escapes. But in spite of appearances there is any remnant of life, the organic mechanism continues to be governed by physiological laws and the blister will contain a serous matter, as in the case of any ordinary burn. The test is as simple as the proof is conclusive. Dry blister; death. Liquid blister; life. Any one may try it; there is no error possible.

The Old Little Bels in Vinegar.
In a microscopical article in one of the great German quarters Dr. G. A. Lindner discusses the occurrence of the "veils" which are so common in weak or impure vinegar. The male of this interesting little species of serpent measures 1 to 1.2 millimetres and the female from 1.2 to 2.1 millimetres in length. They move very actively in any fluid medium, but in thick or sticky concoctions coil themselves into knots and lay dormant for days together. They thrive well if fed on an egg diet; will also live on fruits and bulbs. They can survive tolerably strong vinegar, but die immediately if put in pure acetic acid. One of the most wonderful facts concerning the reproduction of vinegar eels is that the female reproduces viviparously or ovipariously, according to the nutritive medium and the temperature. They flourish best in a temperature between 60 degrees and 80 degrees Fahr., and are killed when the temperature runs up to above 107 degrees, or below the freezing point. How they get into vinegar is one of the unexplainable mysteries. Some eminent men of learning have attempted to prove that they get in during manufacture; exactly how, they do not explain.

As It Happened.
They had been married about three weeks when he ventured to remark: "You don't look as well as my first wife." "Your first wife? I never knew you were married before." "Oh, yes. Some fifteen years ago. We only lived together about a year. By the way, my name was Skimmerhorn then, instead of Muxby. You see I took the name of Muxby after Uncle Jim Muxby left me his money." "What was her name?" "Simpson. Jane Marie Ann Simpson." "Why, that was me!"

THE DREADED APACHES.

THEY ARE THE MOST UNCONQUERABLE OF MANKIND.

Almost Incredible Stories of Endurance and Cunning—How Geronimo and His Men Surprised Some Soldiers.

I saw Geronimo and a dozen of his Apaches do something in Arizona in 1887 which I would never have believed possible had I not witnessed it with my own eyes, declares a writer in the Minneapolis Tribune.

The Apaches are, unquestionably, the most dreaded to be of Indians on this continent. They are tougher; more enduring and more unconquerable than any other of their race. An Apache can lope up the side of a mountain, with the thermometer marking 120 degrees, and when he reaches the top he won't show a drop of extra perspiration, nor will he breathe a whit faster than when he started. He will go for days without a morsel of food or a drop of water; he will live on snakes, mice and refuse, or, if the worse comes to the worst, he will shoot his horse and eat what he wants of him raw. Set out to pursue a band of Apache raiders, and if they are hand pressed they will separate, each one to himself, so that the only way to keep up the pursuit is to follow them individually, in which case the Apache is sure to have the best end of the contract. When the hunt is over the dusky miscreants will come together at some point twenty or thirty miles away.

There were twenty-five of us cavalrymen returning from hunting Geronimo. Our horses were worn out, and so were we. It was one of the hottest days I have ever known in that throbbing furnace of a country. We had several miles of baked alkali plain still before reaching the fort, where we could secure shade and water and what we needed most of all—rest.

Whew! but it was hot. Had not the air been perfectly dry neither man nor beast could have stood it. The metal work on our guns was so heated that no one could bear to touch it with the naked hand. The air shimmered and throbbed as it does over a newly plowed field at noontide of a summer day. North, east, south and west was one level stretch of plain, on which not a tree, shrub, or even a blade of grass grew. Far to the westward could be seen the outlines of the fort, oddly distorted, through the quivering atmosphere, but in every other direction was the baked, burning desert.

We were strung along for a distance of several hundred yards. In fact, there was a squad of five horsemen much further than that to the rear. All the animals were plodding slowly through the sand, which it seemed to me was not hot enough to roast eggs, their heads drooping while we were simply enduring it grimly closing our teeth, holding out to reach the post.

Was there anything to be apprehended from Geronimo? Could we old campaigners be entrapped? Low level sand on every hand. Well, right there in the midst of that flaming plain, with its horrible, sandy waste, in which no spear of grass could find root, that frightful chieftain and his Apaches ambuscaded us. It sounds incredible, but it is the fact.

Suddenly I heard rifle firing at the rear. It had a dull sound, but was close at hand, and as I turned in the saddle I saw that the squad furthest away was engaged in a desperate fight with a party of Indians, who were on foot, shooting, striking and darting hither and thither like so many demons.

We instantly wheeled and hurried back as fast as we could to the help of our comrades, but before we could reach them three saddles were emptied, and Geronimo and his warriors were scurrying across the plain at a speed greater than any to which we could force our exhausted ponies, who sunk to their fetlocks at every step. We gave them a parting volley, which wounded several, but they managed to limp off with the help of the others, and all were soon beyond danger. I don't know how far they traveled off over that burning desolation, but it may have been many miles for they were capable of doing it if they chose. Those Apaches must have discovered our approach while we were a good way off. Knowing we were on our return to the post, they could easily calculate where we would pass. Then they burrowed in the mud, covering themselves entirely with the blistering particles so that only their snake-like eyes peered forth. Thus we passed within a few rods of them without suspecting their presence.

VARIOUS KINDS OF TIME.

Why the Watch of a Traveler Going West Seems to be Fast.

Turning upon its axis in the period which we divide into twenty-four hours, the sun appears to cross the meridian of each place on the globe once in that interval. The moment at which it crosses the meridian of any place is termed "local apparent noon" at that place. This would all be very well if the earth and sun remained fixed in their relative positions; or if the earth, completing as it does an annual revolution about the sun, did so uniformly in a perfect circle, and that circle were in the same plane with the motion of daily rotation. Then the successive intervals between the meridian passages of the sun at Greenwich would all be equal, and a perfect chronometer set at 12 hours, 0 minutes, 0 seconds, when the sun passes the meridian today, would indicate precisely the same instant for "apparent noon" every day.

But the earth's path around the sun is not a perfect circle; it is an ellipse, and the motion in one portion of the ellipse is more rapid than in another, causing a slight variation in the intervals between the solar passages. Again, the plane of the earth's path around the sun, the elliptic is inclined 23 1/2 degrees to the plane of the equator, in which the daily rotation takes place, and consequently twice a year the intervals of "apparent noon" are each about twenty seconds greater and twice a year about twenty seconds less than twenty-four hours. To explain just why this result would require more of an investigation into astronomical principles than is here contemplated, but it is so nevertheless, and any text book will elucidate the reasons. A combination of the two effects causes the sun apparently to slow fourteen minutes in November. But in the course of a year this average is preserved, and therefore a "mean solar day" of exactly twenty-four hours is adopted in the almanacs and is used for all purposes. This accounts for the differences between mean time and sun time. A regulator keeps the former; a sun dial indicates the latter.

A few years ago every large city in the United States had its own local time, and this was for each place the true mean solar time obtained as above indicated. Consequently, a man traveling westward from Washington would find his watch fast as follows: At Chicago, 42 minutes; at Omaha, 1 hour, 16 minutes; at Denver, 1 hour, 52 minutes; at Salt Lake City, 2 hours, 20 minutes; and finally at San Francisco, 3 hours, 2 minutes. It will readily be recalled how much annoyance was occasioned by all these various corrections. Within the last decade a great reform was inaugurated. To-day a traveler going westward finds his watch fast from time to time, but only the hour hand is in error. The hour is changed for each fifteen degrees of longitude. Washington time is five hours slow of Greenwich; Chicago six hours; Denver seven hours; and San Francisco, eight hours. All the intermediate cities and towns are run on one system or the other, according to their location in latitude, the standard being Eastern, Central, mountain and Pacific time. All the time-pieces on the coast are set by Pacific standard time, which is eight hours slow of Greenwich mean time. Therefore a watch which is set at San Francisco solar time by means of a corrected sun dial is still 9 minutes, 42 seconds slower than a Pacific standard time, because we are that much in longitude west of the 120th meridian, which forms the eastern boundary of Northern California, and on which only is the "Pacific time" coincident with "local mean time."

MERRY MIXTURES.

"What is your idea of happiness?" "Nothing to do and lots of time to do it in."—Puck.

A syndicate of British capitalists is preparing to send an expedition to explore the coast of Patagonia for minerals.

Mrs. Lovey—How much money do you waste on your cigars, Charley? Mr. Lovey—Waste money! My dear girl, you can't waste money on the kind I smoke.—Puck.

Patient—Shall I take this medicine before or after eating? Doctor—That depends on what you eat. If you think your food is unhealthy you might take it afterward.—New York Herald.

"Young Gombrook strikes me as rather an agreeable young man." "Wait till he gets a little better acquainted with you, and he'll strike you as he does me—for an X."—Chicago Tribune.

"How do I stand with your father?" he asked. "I don't think, George," she answered, after some thought, "that you had better stand at all when you are with father. You had better run."—Washington Star.

Extreme self-lovers will set a man's house on fire, though it were but to roast their eggs.

Nobody has any trouble about living a beautiful christian life, who tries to do it one day at a time.

If you cannot give a good reason for what you are doing, that is a good reason why you should not do it.

There are some people who think the music never amounts to much except when they play first fiddle.

Peble should be guarded against temptation to unlawful pleasures by furnishing them means of innocent ones.

But there's only herself to blame. With Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, she's a different woman. And it's a change that can be seen as well as felt. The system is invigorated, the blood enriched, digestion improved, melancholy and nervousness dispelled.

With the "Favorite Prescription," all the proper functions are restored to healthy action. Periodical pains, weak back, bearing-down sensations, nervous prostration, all "female complaints" are cured by it. It's the only medicine for woman's weaknesses and ailments that's guaranteed to do what is claimed for it. If it doesn't give satisfaction, in every case for which it's recommended, the money is returned.

Can something else offered by the dealer, though it may pay him better, be "just as good?"

Or, as the world expresses it, "a well-preserved woman." One who, understanding the rules of health, has followed them, and preserved her youthful appearance. Mrs. Pinkham has many correspondents who, through her advice and care, can look with satisfaction in their mirrors.

It is the successful product of a life's work of a woman among women, and is based upon years of actual practice and experience.

It is the successful product of a life's work of a woman among women, and is based upon years of actual practice and experience.



Doesn't "look" as she ought—the weak, nervous and ailing woman. As long as she suffers from the aches, pains, and derangements peculiar to her sex, she can't expect to.

SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Bowel Complaint. A perfect remedy for Biliousness, Nervousness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Constipation, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels Purely Vegetarian. Price 25 Cents.

CARTER'S LITTLE PILL FOR COLIC AND DIARRHOEA.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., NEW YORK.
Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

A Young Woman at Fifty

Or, as the world expresses it, "a well-preserved woman." One who, understanding the rules of health, has followed them, and preserved her youthful appearance. Mrs. Pinkham has many correspondents who, through her advice and care, can look with satisfaction in their mirrors.

Kennedy's Medical Discovery

Takes hold in this order: Bowels, Liver, Kidneys, Inside Skin, Outside Skin.

YOU WANT IT!

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WE WARRANT IT!

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

DR. CLARKE

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 THE REGULAR OLD ESTABLISHED
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
 Is still treating with the greatest
SKILL AND SUCCESS ALL
PRIVATE, NERVOUS AND
CHRONIC DISEASES
NERVOUS ORGANIC Weakness,
DEBILITY Failing Memory, Lack
 of Energy, Physical
 Decay, arising from
 indiscretion, excess or
 exposure, producing some of the following
 effects: Nervousness, Debility, Exhausting
 Drains, Self-Distrust, Defective Memory,
 Pimples on the Face, Aversion to Society,
 Loss of Ambition, Unfitness to Marry,
 Dyspepsia, Stunted Development, Loss of
 Power, Pains in the Back, Varicose, etc.,
 are treated by new methods, with never-failing
 success, safely, privately, speedily.

BLOOD Forms affecting Body,
 Nose, Throat, Skin and
 Bones, Blotches, Eruptions, Acne, Eczema,
 Old Sores, Ulcers, Painful Swellings from
 whatever cause, positively and forever expelled
 from the system, by means of safe vegetable
 remedies. Stiff and Swollen Joints and Rheumatism,
 the result of blood poison, positively cured.
KIDNEY And Urinary Com-
 plaints, Painful, Diffi-
 cult, too frequent or
 Scanty Urine, Unnatural Discharges,
 Promptly Cured. Constitutional or Ac-
 quired Weakness of Both Sexes treated
 successfully.

If in need of medical aid, write me a state-
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 and question list. Forty years' experience en-
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 No experiments. Consult the old Doctor.
 Medicines sent everywhere, from observation.
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 and confidential. Call on or address

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TIME TABLE NO. 3.

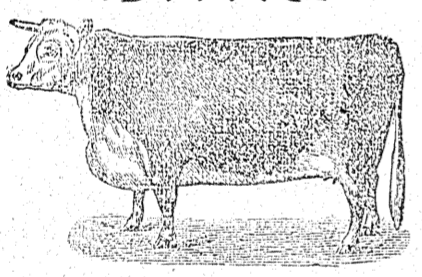
GOING NORTH			
STATIONS.	Freight	Mixed.	Pass.
Pontiac	A. M. 8:30	P. M. 8:30	A. M. 8:30
Oxford	11:00	9:15	9:00
Dryden	12:17	7:08	9:38
Islay City	12:45	7:26	9:56
North Branch	2:20	8:14	10:31
Clifford	3:15	8:33	10:52
Kingston	3:57	8:55	11:12
Wilnot	4:17	9:08	11:22
Deford	4:46	9:16	11:31
Cass City	5:49	9:40	11:46
Gagetown	6:34	10:05	12:06
Owendale	6:55	10:25	12:13
Berne	7:15	10:45	12:31
Cassville	7:45	11:04	12:46

GOING SOUTH			
STATIONS.	Pass.	Mixed.	Freight
Cassville	P. M. 3:20	A. M. 5:45	A. M. 5:45
Berne	3:35	6:00	6:15
Owendale	4:00	6:25	6:40
Gagetown	4:15	6:40	6:55
Cass City	4:32	6:57	7:12
Deford	4:45	7:10	7:25
Wilnot	5:55	8:18	8:33
Kingston	5:06	8:02	8:17
Clifford	5:25	8:27	8:42
North Branch	5:41	8:50	9:05
Islay City	6:19	7:40	11:52
Dryden	6:34	8:00	12:07
Oxford	7:11	9:05	12:40
Pontiac	7:50	10:40	3:00

Trains Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 run daily except
 Sundays. Train No. 5 will run Monday, Wed-
 nesday and Friday. Train No. 6 will run Tues-
 day, Thursday and Saturday.
 *Flag stations, where trains stop only on sig-
 al.

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 Vision G. T. R. V.
 Oxford, Detroit and Bay City division of M. C.
 Islay City, C. & G. T.
 Clifford, F. & P. M.
 Berne Junction, S. T. & H.
 JAMES HOUSTON Superintendent.

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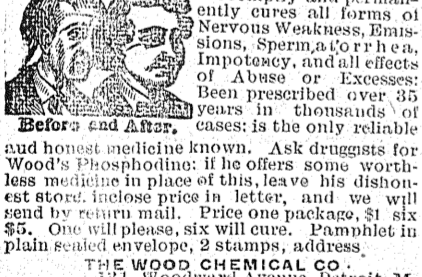
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 Has been prescribed over 35
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 send by return mail. Price one package, 31
 ct. One will please, six will cure. Pamphlet in
 plain sealed envelope, 2 stamps, address.

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Physicians Outdone
 My wife has been suffering with female
 troubles of the severest kind for over
 three years. I have paid twenty-five
 dollars during the last three months, and
 she had no relief. She had doctored
 continually with the best of physicians.
 I bought three bottles each of Dullman's
 Great Female Uterine Tonic and Dull-
 man's Great German Blood. Liver
 Stomach and Kidney Cure, and can say
 day that she is entirely cured. W. H.
 DROWLEY. Sworn to before me on this
 23rd day of June, 1890. JOHN C. DULL-
 MAN, Flint Mich. Notary Public, Gene-
 see Co. \$1 a bottle. For sale by Fritz
 Bros.

The greatest worm destroyer on earth
 is Dullman's Great German Worm
 Lozenges, only 25 cents per box. For
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 PHYSICIAN, SURGEON and Accoucher.
 Graduate of Wc. University 1895. Office
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I. A. FRITZ,
 DENTIST. All work done equal to the best.
 It is my aim to make every job of work
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 prices are reasonable. No charge for exami-
 nation. Office over Fritz Bros' drugstore.
 Not at home on Tuesdays.

Societies.
I. O. F.
 COURT ELKLAND, No. 826, meets the sec-
 ond and 4th Tuesdays of each month at
 7:30 p. m., local time. Visiting brethren in
 vicinity are invited to attend.
 M. H. EASTMAN, C. R.

I. O. O. F.
 Cass City Lodge, No. 203, meets every Wed-
 nesday evening at 7:30. Visiting brethren cor-
 dially invited.
 I. A. FRITZ, N. G.
 G. A. STEVENSON, Secretary.

H. O. T. M.
 Cass City Tent, No. 74, meets the 4th and
 8th Friday evenings of each month, at 7:30.
 Visiting Knights cordially invited.
 W. E. BENTLEY, COMMANDER.
 JAS. HIGGINS, RECORD KEEPER.

Tyler Lodge.
 Regular communications of TYLER LODGE,
 No. 317, F. & A. M., for 1892:
 Jan. 9, Feb. 6, Mar. 12, Apr. 9, May 7, June 4,
 June 24, (St. John's) July 9, Aug. 6, Sept. 3,
 Oct. 1, Oct. 29, Dec. 3, (Election of Officers)
 Dec. 27, (St. John's).
 EDWARD BROTHERTON, W. M.
 A. H. ADE, Secretary.

First Methodist Episcopal Church.
 REV. J. E. WILLIAMSON, Pastor.
 SERVICES—Public service, 10:30 a. m. Class
 meeting, 11:50 a. m. Sabbath school,
 12:30 p. m. Young people's meeting, 5:45 p.
 m. Public service, 7:00 p. m. Prayer meeting
 Thursday, 7:00 p. m. All cordially invited.

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 FOR.....
 GROCERIES,
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or anything else usually kept in a first-
 class grocery store. Don't forget the
 name and place.

Yours Truly,
Fairweather Bros.,
 Butter, Eggs and Farmer's Produce
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Published every Friday morning at
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MACK M. WICKWARE,

EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

The subscription price of the Enterprise
 is One Dollar per year. Terms—strictly cash
 in advance, or if not paid until the end of
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Visit picturesque Mackinaw Island.
 It will only cost you about \$13 from De-
 troit or \$18 from Cleveland for the
 round trip, including meals and berths.
 The attraction of a trip to the Macki-
 naw region are unsurpassed. The island
 itself is a grand, romantic spot; its cli-
 mate is most invigorating. Dr. William
 A. Hammond, of New York, says: "As
 a health resort so far as my personal ex-
 perience goes, there is no place so good
 in every respect for the exhausted city
 worker, the banker, the merchant, the
 professional man and wife and children,
 as the Island of Mackinac." Palace
 steamers, four trips per week between
 Detroit, Mackinac, Petoskey, the "Soo"
 and Marquette. Every evening between
 Detroit and Cleveland. Send for illus-
 trated pamphlet. Address A. A. Schantz,
 G. P. A., Detroit & Cleveland Steam Nav-
 Co., Detroit, Mich.

Very Much Surprised.

I have been afflicted with neuralgia
 nearly two years, have tried physicians
 and all known remedies but found no
 permanent relief until I tried a bottle of
 Dullman's Great Liniment and it gave me
 instant and permanent relief. 25 cents
 a bottle. Signed A. B. Snell, Hamilton,
 Mich., April 11, 1891. For sale by
 Fritz Bros.

"Advertising is to business what steam is
 to machinery—the grand propelling power."
 —Hawley.

NOTICE

All parties owing me on account or
 notes due, are requested to call and set-
 tle at once,
DR. MCCLINTON,

A Wrong Impression Cor- rected.

**Affidavits which Prove that the Death
 of Miss Mona Morse was Purely
 Accidental.**

Shortly after the death of Miss Mona
 Morse, there appeared in some of the
 "sensational" papers articles which
 purported that Miss Morse had commit-
 ted suicide. These reports have, no
 doubt, led many to believe that
 such was the case, but the following affi-
 davits, (which we publish by request of
 Mr. and Mrs. Morse) will dispell all such
 false impressions:

Fred C. Wood, physician and surgeon,
 sworn: "On Monday, Feb. 8th, I was
 called in haste to visit Miss Mona Morse,
 who had shot herself. I found her ly-
 ing on the floor with a gun shot wound
 at or very near the center or the frontal
 bone. She was bleeding very profusely;
 some of her brains were protruding
 through the wound. Her feet lay
 against or close to a dresser which stood
 in the room, the upper drawer, of which
 stood open about four inches, and inside
 of this drawer I saw laying a 32 calibre
 revolver with one cartridge exploded.
 The revolver was lying inside the drawer
 while she had fallen backward almost
 full length. I called help and lifted her
 upon the bed which stood in the room.
 She was unconscious when I first saw her
 and remained so until she died at 10:50
 the same night. The ball after passing
 through the skull took a backward and
 upward course, but could not be ex-
 tracted without using more force than I
 thought best. From the position in
 which I found the body with all of the
 surroundings I do not see how she could
 have shot herself with suicidal intent
 and replacing the revolver in the drawer
 where I found it. My opinion is, taking
 all the facts into account, the shooting
 was accidental."

Mrs. T. C. Sargent and Mrs. Mary J.
 Wood were sworn and testified as to hav-
 ing been present from soon after the
 shooting until the girl died, and that they
 assisted all they could in caring for her.
 They also testify as to the uniform good
 qualities of the young lady, and her
 cheerful and happy surrounding.

Elmer C. Creal, sworn—"I reside in
 Garrett, I am employed as foreman at
 night in the B. & O. Shops. I have
 been acquainted with T. E. Morse since
 the last of October or first of November,
 1891. I got acquainted with the deceased
 Mona Morse, about the middle of the
 last named month, and since about Dec.
 20th, 1891, I have boarded with them,
 taking my meals and sleeping days. The
 deceased was usually of a very cheerful
 disposition, and as a rule was always try-
 ing to make everyone around her happy
 and contented. About Jan. 1, 1892, I be-
 came engaged to marry the deceased,
 which would have taken place some time
 in May next. We never had any quarrels
 or disagreements in any way, but every-
 thing passing along happily. Miss Morse
 had been slightly indisposed part of
 last week, but on Sunday and Monday
 Feb. 7 and 8 she seemed to have entirely
 recovered, and on the latter date when I
 went to bed at 8 a. m., everybody about
 the house was cheerful and happy. At
 just about 2 p. m. of the latter date
 little Kittie Morse, a cousin of the de-
 ceased, came to my room calling me that
 Mona was shot. It was but a very few
 seconds until I was in the room by her
 side. I found her head lying on the
 floor where she had fallen when the shot
 was fired. I raised her up and placed a
 pillow under her head, after which I ran
 to the office of Dr. Wood, who visited her
 at once. The revolver with which the
 shot was fired, was lying in the drawer.
 I never heard a cross or unkind word
 spoken to the deceased by either of her
 parents, and I think it was as happy a
 family as I ever saw. I do not believe
 it to have been possible for the girl to
 commit suicide under the circumstances,
 but do believe from all the surroundings
 it was a case of purely accidental shoot-
 ing."

The above affidavits are published as
 they appeared in one of the Garrett
 papers.

Judge Wixem's Political Prob- erbs.

When a man's moral record is so bad
 that it keeps him out of politics it usu-
 ally keeps him in the penitentiary.

If it was as easy to get an appropriation
 from Congress as it is to get away with it
 when it is got the country would be
 happy.

Enemies as thick in politics as
 straws around a thrashin' mashoon.

Sayin' one thing and meanin' a half
 dozen is a shore sine of statesmanship.

Electin' a candidate makes a changed man
 on or him.

Cold water is a delushin and a snair
 as a campine dockument.

The genuine Amerikin eagel wares
 homespun pants.—Free Press.

Old newspapers for shelves, etc.,
 or sale at this office. Fifteen for five
 cents.—G

DEAFNESS.

ITS CAUSES AND CURE.
 Scientifically treated by an earnest of world-wide
 reputation. Deafness eradicated and entirely
 cured, of from 20 to 30 years' standing, after
 all other treatments have failed. How the diffi-
 culty is reached and the cause removed, fully
 explained in circulars, with affidavits and testi-
 monials of cures from prominent people, mailed
 free.

Dr. A. FONTAINE, Tacoma Wash.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following are the real estate trans-
 fers in Tuscola county for the week end-
 ing April 30, 1892:

Arthur D. Welch and wife to William Tuck,
 1/2 of sw 1/4 sec 33, Gifford, \$2700.
 Libbie A. Warner to Wm. A. White, 1/2 of se
 sec 22, Koylton \$400
 James W. Warner and wife to Wm. A. White, 1/2
 of se and nw of se sec 22 Koylton \$1200
 Edward T. Carr and wife to Eva M. Simon lots 7
 and 8 blk Harrington's add Vassar 200

Ellie Brown to Hiram Daugherty lot 4 blk 17
 Square's add Cass City 200
 Sylvanus N. Aldrick to Edward J. Otis lots 7
 and 10 blk 4 Johnson's add Fairgrove 650
 Edward J. Otis to S. N. Aldrich lot 8 Phillip's
 add Fairgrove 250

Henry O. Atwood to John J. Franklin 1/2 of
 lot 2 blk 1 Sherman's add Caro 50
 John Hefflower and wife to Henry Hefflow-
 er se of se sec 17 Novesta 1400
 George J. Dennis and wife to Arthur Dennis ne of
 sec 7 Akron 400

Shubel Bullack and wife to Fredrick Killinger
 part of sw of se sec 13 Akron 125
 Asa M. Reynolds and wife to Orson B. Randall
 nw of se and part of se of nw and ne of sw sec
 10 Vassar 1500

Frank E. Warner and wife to Mary E. Farrar w
 57 acres of sw 1/4 sec 28 Elkland 400
 Arthur M. Warner of wife to Mary E. Farrar w
 57 acres of sw 1/4 sec 28 Elkland 400
 Edith Warner to Mary E. Farrar w 57 acres
 of sw 1/4 sec 28 Elkland 400

Ellis H. Claver and wife to James W. Patterson
 al se 1/4 sec 24 Columbia 2100
 Carl E. H. Freyding and wife to Carl Freyding
 se ne of ne sec 29 Koylton 500
 Geo. W. Gordon and wife to David Tait 1/2 of ne
 sec 21 Wells 200

David Tait to Mary Tait 1/2 of ne of ne sec 21
 Wells 200
 David Tait to James Tait 1/2 of ne of ne sec 21
 Wells 200

Simon E. Resborough and wife to Samuel Walker
 1/2 of se sec 25 Kingston 2000
 Jaanna Daugherty to Maria J. Tapping lots
 5 and 6 part lot 4 blk 2 Morse's add Vas-
 sar 1000

Raphe G. Lacy to Sarah J. Whitehouse lot 1
 blk 2 Millington 150
 George Cunningham to Elizabeth Cunningham
 sw of nw sec 21 Kingston 500

Martha Perkins to E. H. Perkins ne of ne
 and w 1/2 of ne sec 12 Elmwood 100
 Andrew L. Richards et al to Emily A. Williams
 part of nw of ne section 12 Elmwood 100

William Mundy and wife to Andrew J. Richards
 part of nw of ne sec 12 Elmwood 100
 Emily A. Williams to Julia A. Kilpatrick part
 of nw of ne sec 12 Elmwood 100

Louis B. Trosch and wife to William N. Trombly
 part of ne of ne sec 29 Vassar 25
 Elizabeth Alford to James T. Hitchcock
 part of se ne section 35 Elkland 400

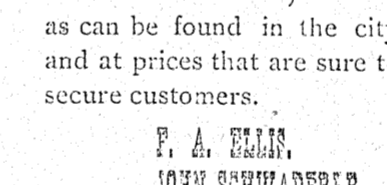
Peter Loose et al to William Vandervant ne
 of ne sec 29 Almer 1500
 Cella G. North to William H. Campbell lots
 17 and 18 blk 26 North's add Vassar 300

Robert Puller and wife to Sarah Marry lot 2
 blk 1 Millington 500
 August Stork and wife to Archie Gieser 1/2 of n
 w and sw of ne sec 21 Koylton 3000

Philip Hatch and wife to Elijah Davis sw of se
 and se of se sec 12 Arbia 200
 William H. Campbell and wife to Cella G. North
 lot 17 blk 26 North's add Vassar 200

Freeman Hall and wife to Lewis E. Larabee 1/2
 of se sec 21 Junata 200
 Francis E. Williams to William Fitzgerald
 1/2 of sw of se sec 29 Elmwood 250

Still in the Lead!



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**NEAT AND TIDY
 STOCK OF
 GROCERIES &
 DRY GOODS,**

as can be found in the city
 and at prices that are sure to
 secure customers.

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 JOHN SCHWABER,**

MILLINERY.

I Respectively announce
 the arrival of my
 Spring Stock of Millinery
 Fancy Goods and Novel-
 ties to which I invite
 your attention. Prices
 and Qualities are sure to
 suit the most fastidious.

Thanking customers for
 past favors, would advise
 all wishing anything in
 this line to come, examine
 goods and get prices
 whether you are ready to
 purchase or not.

Yours Respectfully
Mrs. H. S. Wickware,
 Pinney Block.

Better THAN THE BEST

In the Grand Rapids Business College and Practical
 Training School (Rear Block) Sent for College Circular.
 Address C. G. SWENBERG, Grand Rapids, Mich.

Great Reduction Sale!

DURING MONTH OF MAY.

—AT—
J. L. Hitchcock's.

SPECIAL

Attention is called to the Large
 Stock of Dry Goods, Silas, Bedford Serges, Heneiettas, Gol-
 den Fleece Gingham, Outings, Etc. Boot and Shoes—
 finest and best. Groceries, Paints and Oils, and Immense
 Stock of Hardware.

3 STORY
 BRICK. } **J. L. HITCHCOCK.**

Highest market price paid for produce.

FURNITURE!

C. G. LENZ, JR., F. LENZNER.
LENZNER BROS., Jr.

- Parlor Suits,
- Chamber Suits,
- Side Boards,
- Writing Desks,
- Lounges, Beds,
- Spring Beds,
- Center Tables, Mattresses,
- Stands, Tables,
- Cupboards,
- Rockers,
- Chairs,
- Looking Glasses,
- Picture Frames,
- Curtain Poles,
- Brackets, Etc.