

# Cass City Enterprise.

Vol. XI No. 18.

CASS CITY, MICH., FRIDAY, APRIL 15, 1892.

BY MACK M. WICKWARE.

## Exchange Bank.

E. H. PINNEY -- BANKER.  
RESPONSIBILITY \$35 000.

Commercial Business Transacted.  
Drafts available Anywhere in the United States or Canada bought and sold.  
Accounts of Business houses and Individuals Solicited.  
Interest Paid on time Certificates of Deposit.

H. L. PINNEY, Cashier.  
Pinney's new block, Main St., Cass City.

## Three Cent Column.

Advertisements inserted in this column at the rate of three cents per line, each insertion. All ads. published until ordered discontinued, and charged for accordingly.

WANTED—Wanted to exchange for heavy farm horse, a black mare, Kentucky bred, weighing 1,600 lb. in field by one of Louis Napoléon's best. Inquire of J. D. OWEN, 4-15-2, Owadale, Mich.

FOR SALE—Four colony of bees. JAMES REAGH, Cass City.

FOR SALE—Will sell or exchange in part payment on a piece of land, a house, lot and stock of Millinery. Good location. Inquire at this office. 4-8

DRESSMAKING—At the residence of Mrs. W. H. Stebbins, on First St. 4-8

FOR SALE—40 acres in Evergreen, Frame 2 house, bonded fence on front and 12 acres cleared. 4-8 Dr. McLEAN.

FOR SALE—Good mare, three years old, weight 1,000 lbs. Sound, kind and suitable for lady to drive. Inquire of O. K. JAMES, Cass City, Mich. 4-8

FOR SALE—Good mare, three years old, weight 1,000 lbs. Sound, kind and suitable for lady to drive. Inquire of O. K. JAMES, Cass City, Mich. 4-8

FOR SALE—4-year-old colt, black gelding, roaster, well broke. G. A. Striffler, 1 mile east and 1 mile north of Cass City. 4-8-4

FOR RENT OR LET ON SHARES—The "Fidelity farm" in Grand township, R. BALAGH, Owadale Mich.

FOR SALE—Chimney Brick. Mrs. C. Crank, 3 miles east 1/2 mile north of Cass City. 4-4-2

FOR SALE—Gelding 4 year old. W. O. MARSHALL, 4-1-2

FOR SALE OF TRADE—One Walter A. Wood Blinder, used but one season. Will sell on time or trade for horse. CHARLES TURNER, Sec. 25, Elmwood. 4-25-

LOTS FOR SALE—Best location in town. Will take horse in exchange. T. A. CONLON.

FOR SALE—Two general purpose horses. E. H. PINNEY, 2-5

FOR SALE—Registered Holstein milk cow. 2-25 ROBERT MILLER, Cass City.

SHINGLES and brick for sale by J. L. Hitchcock. 3-25

FOR SALE—40 acres at \$10 per acre, on time. Being half of Burr 80, in Greenleaf. 3-25 Dr. McLEAN.

MONEY to loan on real estate. E. H. PINNEY, 12-18

MONEY TO LOAN on real estate. For further information address J. C. LAING.

FARM FOR SALE—80 acres with 65 acres improved, known as the Doynting farm. Easy terms. Apply to J. C. LAING, 9-12-4

THE PALACE STEAM LAUNDRY

—Is The Best—

Sent Every Week.

S. CHAMPION, Agent.

Lace Curtains Specialty

BUSINESS POINTERS.

Try Dullman's Great German 25 cent Cough Cure at Frits Bros.

Try Dullman's Great German 25 cent Cough Cure at Frits Bros.

Potatoes Wanted.

I will pay the highest market price for potatoes. Bring them along.

3-4 A. A. McKENZIE.

Take Notice.

All persons owing me are requested to call and settle either by note or cash, by May 1st, 1892.

1-1 C. D. STRIFFLER.

Try Dullman's Great German 15 cent Liver Pills, 40 in each package, at Frits Bros.

Try Dullman's Great German 15 cent Liver Pills at Frits Bros.

Shorthand

Young men and women, learn shorthand at home during leisure hours. The PERLIN system of shorthand acquired for practical work in TWO to THREE MONTHS. No shading, no position, connective vowels. Successfully taught by Mail. Send for circulars and FREE trial lesson to

PERLIN SHORTHAND INSTITUTE, Detroit, Mich.

The greatest worm destroyer on earth is Dullman's Great German Worm Lezengers, only 25 cents per box. For sale by Frits Bros.

## Professional Cards.

E. L. ROBINSON, VETERINARY SURGEON—Office at residence, Cass City.

HENRY C. WALES, JUSTICE OF THE PEACE. Agent for Caro Marble Works and Fire Insurance. Office day—Saturday.

A. D. GILLIES, NOTARY PUBLIC. Deeds, mortgages, etc. Carefully executed. Office, Main Street, Cass City, Mich. Money to loan on Real Estate Also auctioneering.

J. H. STRIFFLER, Auctioneer, Cass City, Mich. Sales of all kinds promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed. Sales solicited from all points. Terms reasonable. Arrangements can be made at the office of the ENTERPRISE.

R. N. MCCLINTON, PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR. Graduate of V. C. University 1885. Office at residence on Sugar street. Speciality—Diseases of women and nervous system.

I. A. FRITZ, DENTIST. All work done equal to the best. It is my aim to make every job of work a blessing to those for whom it is done. My prices are reasonable. No charge for examination. Office over Frits Bros.' drugstore. Not at home on Tuesdays.

## Societies.

I. O. F. COURT ELKLAND, No. 826, meets the second and fourth Tuesdays of each month at 7:30 p. m. local time. Visiting brethren in vicinity are invited to attend. M. H. EASTMAN, C. R.

I. O. O. F. CASS CITY LODGE, No. 292, meets every Wednesday evening at 7:30. Visiting brethren cordially invited. J. A. FRITZ, N. G. G. A. STEVENSON, Secretary.

TYLER LODGE. Regular communications of TYLER LODGE, No. 317, P. & A. M., for 1892: Jan. 9, Feb. 6, Mar. 12, Apr. 9, May 7, June 4, June 24, (St. John) July 9, Aug. 6, Sept. 3, Oct. 1, Oct. 29, Nov. 3, (Election of Officers) Dec. 27, (St. John).

EMMENT BROTHERHOOD—W. M. A. H. ALE, Secretary.

First Methodist Episcopal Church. REV. J. E. WILLIAMSON, Pastor. SERVICES—Public service, 10:30 a. m. Class meeting, 11:50 a. m. Sabbath school, 12:30 p. m. Young people's meeting, 5:45 p. m. Public service, 7:00 p. m. Prayer meeting, Thursday 7:00 p. m. All cordially invited.

## VALUABLE PRESENT!

A Year's Subscription to a Popular Agricultural Paper Given Free to our Readers.

By a special arrangement with the publishers we are again prepared to furnish FREE to each of our readers a year's subscription to the popular monthly agricultural journal, the AMERICAN FARMER, published at Springfield and Cleveland, Ohio. It has been enlarged and otherwise greatly improved since our offer last year, and is now an ideal farmers' paper in every respect.

This offer is made to any of our subscribers who will pay up all arrearages on subscription and one year in advance and to any new subscriber who will pay one year in advance. The AMERICAN FARMER enjoys a large national circulation, and ranks among the leading agricultural papers. By this arrangement it COSTS YOU NOTHING to receive the AMERICAN FARMER for one year. It will be to your advantage to call promptly. Sample copies can be seen at our office.

## CASS CITY MARKETS.

COLLECTED EVERY THURSDAY NOON.

Wheat, No. 1 white..... 83  
Wheat, No. 2 white..... 78  
do No. 2 red..... 84  
do No. 3 red..... 79

Oats..... 20 @ 25  
Beans hand-picked..... 12 @ 130  
do unpicked..... 70 @ 80  
Potatoes..... 65 @ 70  
Rye..... 50 @ 110  
Cloverseed..... 550 @ 600  
Peas per bushel..... 30 @ 50  
Buckwheat..... 25 @ 35  
Pork, live weight..... 325 @ 350  
Pork, dressed..... 450 @ 500  
Butter..... roll 16  
Eggs, unwashed..... 15 @ 22  
Wool, washed..... 22 @ 32

## Caught On The Fly.

News items are scarce.

Mrs. Rev. A. Curry is quite ill.

A baby boy at James Reagh's.

Miss Butler was in Caro Tuesday.

Miss Jessie Clark has returned from Detroit.

David Brown, of Evergreen, rejoices, it's a baby girl.

M. M. Wickware spent Sunday and Monday in Detroit.

Edward Alvers, of Reese, is a guest at H. S. Wickware's.

Fred Morford, of Unionville, was in the city Monday and Tuesday.

John Donley is home from the lumber woods.

Chris. Segar smiles from ear to ear—its a boy.

H. Daugherty, of Marlette, is in town at present.

Harry Pinney has purchased a "Sun" safety bicycle.

Wm. Wallace, of Cumber, was in the city Tuesday.

H. Stewart is assisting in the post-office at present.

Miss Carrie Hitchcock is home from Ypsilanti on a visit.

S. R. Markham has opened a real estate office at Detroit.

The new ad of W. J. Campbell will interest all farmers this week.

J. D. Brooker was at the county seat Tuesday on legal business.

Read the new ad. of G. A. Stevenson this week and profit thereby.

Mrs. Sheridan visited her sons John and James at Bad Axe last week.

Mrs. W. Weydeneyer, of Wickware, is visiting friends in town this week.

Mrs. E. H. Pinney returned Wednesday evening from her visit at Detroit.

Orlando Predmore is putting a stone wall under his house at the east end of Houghton street.

We wait a correspondent at Elmwood, Cumber and Shebbona. Write for stationery and stamps.

Rev. W. L. Baker attended the spring meeting of the Presbytery at Vassar Tuesday and Wednesday.

John Sentinel: "David Reynolds, deceased, has been granted a pension." He is no longer in need of it.

Britton Predmore has purchased from Al. Hayes, a store building, barn and piece of land, located at Wickware.

Prof. Conlon and John Gordon were in Caro last Friday evening, and became members of the Caro Chapter, R. A. M.

Mrs. Muma was in Detroit and Pt. Huron last week acquainting herself with the latest styles in dressmaking.

John Korth believes in having a good foundation, and therefore is placing a stone wall under his house this week.

On Wednesday, O. K. Jones effected the sale of the King Work house and lot to a Mr. Hoble, recently from Nebraska.

W. D. Frazee, of Ohio, is now cashier in the Cass City Bank, O. K. James having concluded his labors there yesterday.

Miss Hannah McDougall departed for Pt. Edward, Ont., last Tuesday morning, to pay a visit to her parental home.

At the time of her press we are in receipt of a few items from Holbrook. Of course we cannot insert them, at least this week.

THE ENTERPRISE has the best corp of correspondents of any paper in the county. All the news from nine neighboring towns.

Gibb Bennett who has been employed in D. Clark's livery barn for some time past, has returned to his home in Northern Michigan.

Mrs. Cooley, of Caro, mother of A. Cooley of this place, has moved to town, and occupies the rooms over J. C. Laing's store.

E. A. McGeorge has sold a half interest in his trotting stallion, "Sirockwell," to Harry Connell who will have charge of the horse this season.

The Caro Machine Works shipped a complete Metal Patent Window Blind Machine, to Cheboygan, Wisconsin, on Tuesday. The machine was entirely built at this place, and works to perfection. —[Caro Democrat.

An auction sale of land, horses and other articles will be held at the premises one mile west of Cass City, by E. H. Pinney and Rev. James McArthur on Wednesday, April 20th, at 2 o'clock p. m. The land to be sold will be divided into parcels of 6.8, 10 and 11 acres respectively. Easy terms are offered.

A report comes from Sherman that Henry M. Hudson sold his wife to P. H. Chubb, in consideration of the payment of—in the original spelling—"some marsh hay, buckwheat, potatoes, grain cradle, one hand rake, one set of whippetras, three cleaves, one grass sifter, a barrel of salt, 10 window sashes and one grinstone."

Notice—There will be a meeting of the Alumni in the High school room, Monday, April 18, 1892, at 4:15 p. m. The meeting will be for the purpose of electing a member of the executive board to fill vacancy and also to elect a Treasurer for the ensuing year. Other business of importance to be transacted. All are earnestly requested to be present.

Herbert H. Sprague, a young man who has gained considerable renown as an impersonator, will give one of his popular entertainments at the Town Hall on Monday evening, April 25th, under the auspices of the high school. A few of the many favorable press notices and testimonials will be published

next week. Secure tickets early. They can be purchased of the scholars.

ADVERTISED LETTERS.—The following is a list of advertised letters remaining in the postoffice at Cass City, Mich., for the week ending April 16th 1892, James Stevenson, Douglas Harrigan, I. K. Smith, Mary Parks, Stephen Peter, (2); Rev. Samuel Rolph Williams, Joseph Clony, Joseph B. Clark, Rev. H. Barney, (9). Persons calling for above will please say "Advertised."

A. W. SEED P. M.

Frank Dillman, son of James Dillman, living two miles west of town, had his arm fractured in two places last Friday, by being run over by a wagon. He had started to drive to town, riding on the reche, when the team became unmanageable and he was thrown to the ground with the above result. Dr. McLean, who is attending him, says the lower fracture will give no trouble, but the upper one may give sufficient trouble to necessitate amputation.

Large crowds are in attendance at the union meetings held every evening in the rink this week. Rev. Willis is a plain but forcible speaker, and does not hesitate to "speak his mind" regardless of who may be concerned. He is, according to his own statement, a reformed thief and drunkard, and in his talk against unrighteous and in temperate living he can speak from experience. Rev. Willis will give a temperance lecture Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Subject: "The Brewer's endless supply and an honest Saloon Keeper."

A Nebraska paper, whose editor is not related to George Washington, says that one day last fall a farmer went out after a load of straw. Having no pole with which to bind his load, he took his axe and commenced to chop down a stalk of corn for this purpose. He had it nearly cut in two when one of the ears of corn became detached and fell, crushing him to the ground. It broke his neck and one of his legs in seven places. He would have died but for the health-giving properties of the Nebraska climate, which made him a well man again before he had walked half way to the house.

Bill Nye wasn't far out of the way when he said: "A man may use a wart on the back of his neck for a collar button, ride in the back coach to save the interest on his money until the conductor gets around, stop his watch at night to save the wear and tear, leave his i's and t's without a dot and cross to save ink, pasture his mother's grave to save corn—but a man of this sort is a gentleman and a scholar compared with the fellow that takes a newspaper two or three years and when he is asked to pay for it puts it back in the office and has it marked "refused." When a man wants his paper stopped, he ought to pay up an inform the editor that his paper is no longer wanted."

Caro Democrat: From the recent report of Prof. R. D. Kenzie, of the State Agricultural college, it appears that a beet sugar factory in Tuscola county would be a paying institution. The official report says that the analysis of the sugar beets of the "Wilmour's Improved" variety sent by the Democrat was as follows: Average weight 1 lb. and 12 ozs, ton per acre 27, percent sugar 12.89, percent not sugar 2.11. The beets analyzed were grown on clay soil. Beets grown by Travis Leach, of Ellington, resulted as follows: Average weight 2 lbs. 6 ozs, tons per acre 10, percent sugar 17.47, percent not sugar 1.03. Grown on light sandy loam. But few counties in the state show as large a percentage of sugar, from the beets grown, as a reference to the report will show.

A short time ago the milliners of this place were visited by a slick looking young man carrying a large new grip, and introducing himself as traveling salesman for Armstrong & Co., of Baltimore, manufacturers of ladies furnishing goods. After a certain amount of "little" talk he made his proposition, which was a \$150 worth of goods for \$10 down and the balance to be paid at their convenience. The samples shown were first class, and Oh! such bargains. The \$10 down, he explained was simply to cover the cost of boxing and shipping. It now transpires that the above "agent" is a swindler who has been doing this state. There is a firm by the name mentioned at Baltimore but they are hardware dealers, and have no representative outside the city. They state that they are in daily receipt of letters from milliners who have paid ten dollars, and are enquiring as to when they will receive their goods. Although neither of the milliners at this place were induced to purchase, yet many "victims" were secured throughout the state.

A correspondent of the Leed Mercury says: "Among the stories of extraordinary coincidences, not the least curious is the history of a letter, for the accuracy of which I can vouch. A short time ago a lady in London wished to write to a friend in America, whose address she did

not know. The only means she had of procuring the address was to write to a mutual friend, who also lived in America.

This she accordingly did, and the letter was duly dispatched. The ship was wrecked, the letter was wrecked, and the mails for a time lost. They were eventually recovered and brought back to England, the letters now much damaged by sea water, being returned through the dead-letter office to the senders. The letter in question was sent back to the lady, who naturally examined it minutely. To her surprise, she found that another letter had come closely stuck to it. Holding up the twofold missive to the light, she deciphered the address on the one which stuck to her own. It was a letter addressed to the friend to whom she had wished to write, and to discover whose whereabouts her own letter had been despatched. Her letter thus literally brought back its own answer."

## Marriage Outlook.

Alexander Agnew, Fairgrove.....39  
Ellen Webb, Gifford.....27  
William McLaren, Akron.....27  
Grace Reed, Winsor.....16  
Charles A. Ward, Caro.....25  
Clara W. Laurence, Caro.....25  
Samuel Spencer, Kingston.....18  
Dora McKinch, Kingston.....28  
Mareena V. Meyers, Waterton.....32  
Jennie Mitchell, Burlington.....28  
Alfred E. Baely, Junata.....28  
Ora Freney, Fairgrove.....18  
Fred Sporekkel, Reese.....23  
Edith White, Reese.....23  
Sidney J. Murry, Arbelia.....29  
Corn E. Nan Wormer, Akron.....45  
Edwin P. Jones, Akron.....45  
Lillie May Hill, Fairgrove.....28  
Thomas Edwards, Vassar.....21  
Rilla Huff, East Saginaw.....20  
Peter Prime, Akron.....21  
Francis Shannon, Akron.....19

## ELLINGTON.

Wheat is looking good now.

Julius Oesterle received a letter from his son Herman last week stating that he and Robert Osborne had got to Farmington, Minn., where they had stopped for a few days and were working for a farmer there but should not stay long.

The spring and summer term of school began in district No. 1, Ellington, this week Monday. Miss Lillian Weldon is teacher this term.

The logs banked on White Creek, belonging to John Hubinger, are being put into the creek to run down the river.

John G. Owen's logs are being put into the river to run to Saginaw.

The officers elect of Ellington most of them qualified last Saturday.

The water in the river is falling.

Miss Nina Brooker went over to Akron to-day (Monday) to aid a lady open her millinery goods this week, to show the ladies of that town what can be done in the millinery line.

Benjamin Ellsworth moved Tuesday over to Sandusky, Sanilac County, where he will superintend the digging of a large drain.

## DEMOCRATIC CAUCUS.

A caucus of the Democrats of the township of Elkland, will be held in the Town Hall, at Cass City, on Friday, April 22nd, at 7 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing seven delegates to attend the county convention at Caro, April 26, 1892, and to transact such other business as may come before it.

J. A. McDOUGALL,  
WM. HEBBLEWHITE,  
G. S. FARRAR.

## Notice.

All persons owing me on book account are requested to settle the same at an early date. Anticipated change in my business making it necessary that all accounts be closed by April 5th, 1892.

4-8-6 J. C. LAING.

Great Bargains in boots & shoes for the next 30 days at C. D. Striffler's.

## Now Try This.

It will cost you nothing and will surely do you good, if you have a cough cold or any trouble with Throat, Chest or Lungs. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and colds is guaranteed to give relief, or money will be paid back. Sufferers from La Grippe need it just the thing and under its use had a speedy and perfect recovery. Try a sample bottle at our expense and learn for yourself just how good a thing it is. Trial bottle free at Frits Bros.' Drugstore. Large size 50c. and \$1.00.

## Specimen Cases.

S. H. Clifford, New Cassel, Wis., was troubled with Neuralgia and Rheumatism, his stomach was disordered, his Liver was affected to an alarming degree, appetite fell away and he reduced in flesh and strength. Three bottles of Electric Bitters cured him.

Edward Shepherd Harrisburg, Ill., had a running sore on his leg of eight years standing. Used three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and his leg is sound and well. John Spunker Catawba, O., had five large fever sores on his leg, doctors said it was incurable. One bottle Electric Bitters and one box Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him entirely. Sold at Frits Bros.' Drugstore

## ONLY A LITTLE DOG.

But She Had to Leave Her Puppies to Hunt for Lost Sheep.

Dr. Dio Lewis was traveling in the west and had come to a ranch where on was a shepherd's dog that the owner would not sell for five hundred dollars. She had at the time four young puppies.

While the visitor was admiring the little mother and her babies the assistant herder reported twenty sheep missing. Two dogs, each larger than the little mother, were standing about, but the herder said neither Tom nor Dick would find the missing sheep; Flora must go.

In vain did the assistant urge that her feet were sore; she had been hard at work all day and was nearly worn out and must, in any case, attend to the wants of her puppies. The master insisted. The sun was setting, and there was no time to lose.

Flora was called and told to hunt for the lost sheep, her master pointing to the forest on whose edge the shack was situated. She raised her head, but seemed loath to leave her babies. The master called sharply to her. She rose, looking tired and broken-hearted, and with head and tail down, trotted wearily off toward the forest.

"She'll be right back. She's lightning on stray sheep." Next morning the doctor rode over to learn whether Flora had found the strays. As he alighted from the saddle the dog returned, driving the sheep. Flora did not raise her head or wag her tail, even when spoken to, but crawled to her puppies and lay down by them. She had been out all night, and scarcely able to notice her babies, fell asleep.

What a scene, if one can but picture it, exclaims the American Stockman. The vast gloomy forest, and that little creature with sore feet and heart, yearning for her puppies, limping and creeping about in the wild canyon all through the night, gathering in the lost sheep.

## BEATING TIME BY CABLE.

A Telegram That Sped Half Around the World in No Time at All.

How he once "beat time," or, rather, apparent time, in a remarkable fashion is told by Mr. Archibald Forbes in the London News. It is the story of a telegraphic dispatch from the battlefield. In the early morning of the 23d of November, 1875, a British division under Gen. Sir Samuel Browne occupied the Afghan fortress of All Musjid, up in the Khyber pass. Mr. Forbes rode back ten miles to Jumrood, where the field telegraph was, and sent the news to England in a short message bearing date ten a. m.

There is five hours' difference of time between India and England in favor of the latter, and the London papers containing this telegram dated ten a. m. were selling in Fleet street at nine a. m., one hour of apparent time before it was dispatched. Its anticipation of time, however, did not end here. Owing to the five hours' difference between the clocks of London and New York, the message was in time for the regular editions of the New York papers that same morning.

It was then immediately wired across the American continent, and owing again to the difference in time between the Atlantic coast and the Pacific slope, the early rising citizen of San Francisco, purchasing his morning paper at six a. m., was able to read the announcement of an event which actually occurred over two hours later in apparent time some thirteen thousand miles away on the other side of the globe.

Puck, as Mr. Forbes says, professed himself able to put a girde around the earth in forty minutes, but this telegram sped half round the globe in two hours less than no time at all.

## SONGSTERS TO EAT.

Anxious to Sell, a Vendor Offers Canaries for Pie.

"In selling goods," said a successful canvasser, "you must not be content with selling to the people who want them. You must permeate the rest to want them also." Many a salesman feels that the secret of success lies in describing his goods so that they shall seem "all things to all men," and who be to the innocent and jocos buyer who brings down upon himself the flood of such a man's pertinacity. Says a traveler in Malta:

Going to the quay, we made our passage, by energetic pushing, through the lines of vendors of cigars, tobacco, kecs, oranges and sponges. One man, with canaries in cages, stopped us at the water's edge with:

"Want a canary, sir?"

"Are they for eating?" I asked him, to get rid of his importunity and in a spirit of jocosity.

"No, no! They are for singing."

"Ah, if that's what they're for we don't want them."

A brilliant thought struck the man, and he bolted after us, shouting: "Yes, yes! They are for eating. Very good pie! Buy the lot!"

Leaving his cages in charge of an assistant, he made off to tell the canary vendors that here was a man who ate canaries and might buy all there were in Malta, and a fine time we had with cages until we steamed away.

## NOTICE.

# CASS CITY ENTERPRISE.

Black W. Workman, Publisher.

CASS CITY, MICHIGAN

Let it be borne in mind that the cords of love which bind hearts so closely together that neither life nor death nor time nor eternity can sever them, are woven of threads no bigger than a spider's web.

If you think you can temper yourself into manliness by sitting there over your books, it is the very silliest fancy that ever tempted a young man to his ruin. You cannot dream yourself into a character; you must forgo yourself one.

You have been a great deal happier since you have given up thinking about what is easy and pleasant, and being discontented because you could not have your own will. Our life is determined for us; and it makes the mind very free when we give up wishing, and only think of bearing what is laid upon us and doing what is given us to do.

When we stop to consider that about one-third of the population of the country are youths under 21 years of age it becomes a very serious question as to what shall be done with the boys and girls. The children of the poor are worth developing and it is not necessary to accept the old theory that there is a permanent criminal element in our population by the laws of heredity.

The greatest heroes are the least known in the world, and those who have made the loudest din are the cowards who have fled from their own passions to fight with other men's. Hence the difficulty of moral government, and hence also the common consent of the world to leave the government of the passions to a man's own self unless when they interfere with the rights of the person or the rights of property.

Is this indeed the real standard? The head not the heart? The intellect as distinguished from the emotions? May it not be said truthfully that the criterion of the age is not either head or heart, but pocket? The one unailing standard in America appears to be money. When youths in this hustling age are told to emulate success the example of success presented is old Money Bags. How money bags made it is not in the inquiry.

People of large cities where the custom is uniform among doctors of giving prescriptions to their patients to be subsequently filled by the apothecary enjoy an advantage which is denied people of the country where the physician is not only compelled to prescribe, but to fill the prescriptions also. This advantage consists in the valuable check which the druggist amounts to whenever he audits the physician's prescription. There are absent-minded doctors just as there are absent-minded lawyers and preachers and business men. It often happens that a doctor writes one thing when he means to write another.

No question has attracted more general attention in late years than that of how cities shall care for the youth that is drifting toward depravity. Emerson has said: "The truest test of civilization is not in the success nor the size of its cities nor the crops, but the kind of men the country turns out." Civilization has come to accept Emerson's definition and this question of how to take care of somebody else's boys or girls who are not cared for at home, and make good citizens of them, is no longer left to those who are called philanthropists, preachers and teachers. Business men have come to regard it as one of the great questions which they must help to solve. They have been compelled to do this often by their interest in their own successful conduct of business.

SALEM is a reminder, not only that we have something uncanny to look back to, but that we are already, even in the short space of two hundred years, so far out of that era that it seems more remote by reason of present conditions than by lapse of time. Not that we have outgrown superstition, for it springs up in form so nearly like the old bugbears that it seems as though humanity would never learn to cast it out; but that intolerance, at least of a sort that can harm, is gradually dying out. The humbugs of all sorts that do a thriving business in our midst prove this, and it is not a thing to be ashamed of, excepting that it implies an untutored gullibility in the public. The pretended or actual sorceries of to-day are far more noxious than those which were supposed to be practiced in the Salem days, but nobody gets scorched for them, except in reputation. It is one department of life in which we seem to have learned that it is no use to punish the offender as long as the offense is so readily marketable.

## EMBLEM OF TRIUMPH.

### DR. TALMAGE ON THE MARCH TO JERUSALEM.

The Triumphal Entry of Jesus and the Despoliation of the Palm Groves—Every Victory Must Have Its Carnage.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., April 10.—This day is recognized as Palm Sunday throughout the world, and that fact gave direction to Dr. Talmage's sermon. Among the hymns sung was the hymn:

Clad in radiant pure and white,  
Victor palms in every hand,  
Text: John 12: 13, "They took branches of palm trees and went forth to meet him."

How was that possible? How could palm branches be cast in the way of Christ as he approached Jerusalem? There are scarcely any palm trees in Central Palestine. Even the one that was carefully guarded for many years at Jericho has gone. I went over the very road by which Christ approached Jerusalem, and there are plenty of olive trees and fig trees, but no palm trees that I could see. You must remember that the climate has changed. The palm tree likes water, but by the cutting down of the forests, which are leafy prayers for rain, the land has become unfriendly to the palm tree. Jericho once stood in seven miles of palm grove. Olivet was crowned with palms. The Dead sea has on its banks the trunks of palm trees that floated down from some old-time palm grove and are preserved from decay by the salt which they receive from the Dead sea. Let woodmen spare the trees of America, if they would not ruinously change the climate and bring to the soil barrenness, instead of fertility. Thanks to God and the Legislatures for Arbor Day, which plants trees, trying to atone for the ruthlessness which has destroyed them. Yes, my text is in harmony with the condition of that country on the morning of Palm Sunday. About three million people have come to Jerusalem to attend the religious festivities. Great news! Jesus will enter Jerusalem today. The sky is red with the morning, and the people are flocking out to the foot of Olivet, and up and on over the southern shoulder of the mountain, and the procession coming out from the city meets the procession escorting Christ, as he comes toward the city. There is a turn in the road, where Jerusalem suddenly bursts upon the vision.

Long before that morning the palm tree had been typical of triumph. Herodotus and Strabo had thus described it. Layard finds the palm leaf cut in the walls of Nineveh, with the same significance. In the Greek athletic games the victors carried palms. I am very glad that our Lord, who five days after had thorns upon his brow, for a little while, at least, had palms strewn under his feet. Oh, the glorious palm! Amarasinga, the Hindoo scholar, calls it "the king among the grasses." Linnaeus calls it "the prince of vegetation." Among all the trees that ever cast a shadow or yielded fruit or lifted their arms toward heaven, it has no equal for multitudinous uses. Do you want flowers? One palm tree will put forth a hanging garden of them, one cluster counted by a scientist containing 207,000 blooms. Do you want food? It is the chief diet of whole nations. One palm in Chile will yield ninety gallons of honey. In Polynesia it is the chief food of the inhabitants. In India there are multitudes of people dependent upon it for sustenance.

Oh, the palm! It has a variety of endowments, such as no other growth that ever rooted the earth or kissed the heavens. To the willow, God says: "Stand by the water courses and weep." To the cedar, he says: "Gather the hurricanes into your bosom." To the fig tree, he says: "Bear fruit and put it within reach of all the people." But, to the palm tree, he says: "Be garden and storehouse and wardrobe and rope-walk and chandlery and bread and banquet and manufactory, and, then, be type of what I meant when I inspired David, my servant, to say: 'The righteous shall flourish like a palm tree.'" Oh, Lord God, give us more palm trees—men and women made for nothing but to be useful; dispositions all bloom; branches of influence laden with fruit; people good for everything, as the palm tree. If kind words are wanted, they are ready to utter them. If helpful deeds are needed, they are ready to perform them. If planes of usefulness are to be laid out, they are ready to project them. If planes of usefulness are to be forwarded, they are ready to lift them. People who say, "Yes! Yes!" when they are asked for assistance by word or deed, instead of "No! No!" Most of the mysteries that bother others, do not bother me, because I adjourn them, but the mystery that really bothers me is why God made so many people who amount to nothing so far as the world's betterment is concerned. They stand in the way. They object. They discuss hindrances. They suggest possibilities of failure. Over the road of life instead of pulling in the traces, they are lying back in breechings. They are the everlasting No. They are bramble trees; they are willows, always mourning, or wild cherry trees, yielding only the bitter, or crab apple trees, producing only the sour, while God would have us all flourish like the palm tree. Planted in the Bible that tree always means usefulness. But, how little any of us or all of us accomplish in that direction. We take twenty or thirty years to get fully ready for Christian work, and in the aftermath of life we take ten or twenty years for the gradual closing of active work, and that leaves only so little time between opening and stopping work that all we accomplish is so little, an angel of God, needs to exert himself to see it at all. Nearly everything I see around; beneath and above in the natural world suggests useful service. If there is nothing in the Bible that inspires you

to usefulness, go out and study the world around you this spring-time, and learn the great lesson of usefulness.

Notice that it was a beautiful and lawful robbery of the palm tree that helped make up Christ's triumph on the road to Jerusalem that Palm Sunday. The long, broad, green leaves that were strewn under the feet of the colt, and in the way of Christ were torn off from the trees. What a pity, some one might say, that those stately and graceful trees should be despoiled. The sap oozed out at the places where the branches broke. The glory of the palm tree was appropriately sacrificed for the Saviour's triumphal procession. So it always was, so it always will be in this world—no worthy triumph of any sort without the tearing down of something else. Brooklyn Bridge, the glory of our continent, must have two architects prostrated, the one slain by his tools and the other for a life-time invalidated. The greatest pictures of the world had, in their richest coloring, the blood of the artists who made them. The mightiest oratorios that ever rolled through the churches, had, in their pathos, the sighs and groans of the composers, who wore their lives out in writing the harmony. American Independence was triumphant, but it moved on over the lifeless forms of tens of thousands of men who fell at Banker Hill and Yorktown and the battles between, which were the hemorrhages of the nation. The Kingdom of God advances in all the earth, but it must be over the lives of missionaries who die of malaria in the jungles or Christian workers who preach and pray and toil and die in the service. The Saviour triumphs in all directions—but beauty and strength must be torn down from the palm trees of Christian heroism and consecration and thrown in his pathway. To what better use could those palm trees on the Southern shoulder of Mount Olivet and clear down into the Valley of Gethsemane put their branches than to surrender them for the making of Christ's journey toward Jerusalem the more picturesque, the more memorable and the more triumphant? And to what better use could we put our lives than into the sacrifice for Christ and his cause and the happiness of our fellow creatures? Shall we not be willing to be torn down that righteousness shall have triumphed? Christ was torn down for us. Can we not afford to be torn down for him? If Christ could suffer so much for us, can we not suffer a little for Christ? If he can afford on Palm Sunday to travel to Jerusalem to carry a cross, can we not afford a few leaves from our branches to make emerald his way?

The process is going on every moment in all directions. Christ is again on the march, not from Bethpage to Jerusalem, but for the conquest of the world. He will surely take it, but who will furnish the palm branches for the triumphant way? Self-sacrifice is the word. There is more money paid to destroy the world than to save it. There are more buildings put up to ruin the race than churches to evangelize it. There is more depraved literature to blast men than good literature to elevate them. Oh, for a power to descend upon us all like that which welched Charles G. Finney with mercy, when, kneeling in his law office, and before he entered upon his apostolic career of evangelization, he said: "The Holy Ghost descended on me in a manner that seemed to go through me, body and soul. I could feel the impression like a wave of electricity going through and through me. Indeed it seemed to come in waves and waves of liquid love. It seemed like the breath of God. I can recollect distinctly that it seemed to fan me like immense wings. I wept aloud with joy and love. These waves came over me and over me, one after another, and, until, I recollect, I cried out: 'I shall die if these waves continue to pass over me.' I said: 'Lord, I cannot bear any more.' And, when a gentleman came into the office and said: 'Mr. Finney, you are in pain?' he replied: 'No, but so happy that I cannot live.'"

My heavens, the time will come when upon the whole church of God will descend such an avalanche of blessing, and then the bringing of the world to God will be a matter of a few years, perhaps a few days, or a few hours. Ride on, O Christ! for the evangelization of all nations. Thou Christ who didst ride on the unbroken colt down the sides of Olivet, on the white horse of eternal victory ride through all nations, and may we, by our prayers and our self-sacrifices and our contributions and our consecration, throw palm branches in the way. I clap my hands at the coming victory. I feel this morning as did the Israelites, when on their march to Canaan, they came not under the shadow of one palm tree, but of seventy palm trees, standing in an oasis among a dozen gushing fountains, or as the Book puts it: "Twelve wells of water and three score and ten palm trees." Surely there are more than seventy such great and glorious souls present to-day. Indeed it is a mighty grove of palm trees, and I feel something of the raptures which I shall feel when our last battle fought and our last burden carried and our last tear wept, we shall become one of the multitudes St. John describes "clothed in white robes and palms in their hands." Hail thou bright, thou swift-advancing, thou everlasting Palm Sunday of the skies! Victors over sin and sorrow and death and woe, from the hills and valleys of the heavenly Palestine, they have plucked the long, broad, green leaves, and all the ransomed—some in gates of pearl, and some on battlements of amethyst, and some on streets of gold, and some on seas of sapphire, they shall stand in numbers like the stars, in splendor like the morn, waving their palms!

The skirts of demi-dress silk gowns for spring have the foot finished with a full puff entwined with ribbon.

## APRIL BLOSSOMS.

### IN THE SHAPE OF LOVELY WOMAN'S WEAR.

Dresses to Be Worn in the Soft Mellow Days of Budding Flowers—Costumes and Bonnets for Girls, Large and Small—Notes.

The bodice illustrated belongs to a blue Bedford cord costume. It is coat shaped, with open square cornered fronts that terminate at the waist. The full vest consists of a breadth of maize surah, which is gathered to the



JACKET BODICE WITH VEST. The lower edge of the surah is gathered on a piece of bonnet wire, to the ends of which narrow ribbons are attached for tying around the waist. The edge is trimmed with lace, and the same lace is used for cuffs on the sleeves. A standing collar of surah folds to which the vest is attached is fastened at the back.

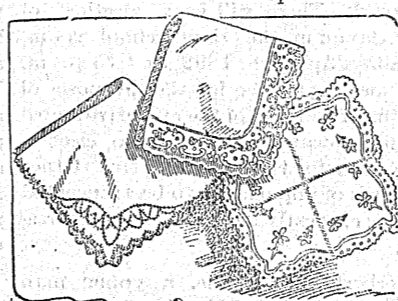
Materials for Girls' Frocks. The fancy French woollens in vogue for ladies' dresses are used in small figures, stripes, and checks for girls' spring frocks. Crepon, plisse wools, Bedford cords in great variety, and the new velours russe with tiny silk cords crossing wool grounds, are chosen for their best dresses, to be worn on the first warmer days. The glossy Henrietta cloths are still used, but cashmere is less in favor. Cheviot, homespun, and rough flecked wools in stripes or checks are for serviceable every-day wear, with serges and wide rough diagonals for school and outing dresses.

For dancing-school parties, or concerts in the afternoon or evening are gay little dresses of red or yellow bengaline, of pink or white crepe de Chine or China silk, of pale green, lilac, blue, or ecrú crepon, or of the flowered India silks and challies. Wash dresses to be worn all summer are of pink, buff, or white corded dimity, French nainsook, zephyr gingham in fine stripes, or cotton Bedford cords, the last in blue or lilac cords alternating with white, or ecrú with tan or darker brown. Beige, gray, tan-color, and pale violet are as fashionable colors for children's dresses as for those worn by their mothers.

Ecrú point de Genes lace and open-patterned embroidery are the trimmings most used for girls' best dresses. Ribbons of velvet and moire are employed in quantities on these gowns, whether they be of silk, wool, or fine cotton fabrics. The gay Russian embroideries are also used.

New Models. The latest models for spring frocks of girls 4 to 10 years old differ from those of last season in having shorter skirts that cover the knees well, but leave the limbs free below. Fashionable mothers who follow extreme styles have adopted for their girls the so-called French dress, with abnormally long waist, and short skirt barely reaching to the knees; but, as a matter of fact, girls in Paris now wear the Empire gown, with short waist up under the arms, and long skirt almost touching the floor, and also the English Greenaway gowns that have long familiar here. In selecting styles, however, everything depends on the child, a plain short frock suiting one best, and an elaborate picturesque gown being more becoming to another. Mothers of conservative taste are slow to accept the extremely short skirts, preferring those of medium length extending half way below the knee and the top of the high shoes. All skirts for small girls are straight and full, measuring from two yards and a half to three yards or a trifle more in width. A hem of four to six inches is at the foot. The top has usually two rows of gathers, with much of the fulness thrown toward the back, and is sewed to the waist with a wetting cord. Rows of insertion and of velvet ribbon are the trimmings preferred; tucks and ruffles are also used.

Handkerchiefs. These handkerchiefs are of the finest linen cambric. The first in the group is ornamented with open hem-stitching, which forms small scallops under the



button-holed edge and a deeper pattern in the corners. The second is surrounded with a border of embroidery that has open drawn-work ground. The third has the edge in wide-shallow scallops, with a tiny hem-stitching and narrow Valenciennes edging, within which are sprays of open embroidery.

### Hints in Mourning Dress.

I have been asked if silk is mourning? It is not deep mourning, but it may be worn three months after mourning is assumed if it is trimmed with erape, but even then the dull silk must be chosen, writes Mrs. Mallon. It should not be worn until after erape is laid aside, and then only the dull jet is proper, unless you are wearing black for a distant relative.

Neither velvet nor plush are mourning. A white handkerchief without a border is counted in rather better taste than those having the black outline; but when a border is used it should not be over half an inch wide, and no embroidery is allowable on the linen square.

The gloves should be black undressed kid ones, the glove kid not harmonizing with erape. Buttons should be of the simplest, the dull black ones, flat, being given the preference. Where a garment can be closed without the buttons being visible it is deemed most desirable.

No jewelry should be worn, even that of jet being counted rather bad form. A widow continues to wear her wedding ring, but this is the only glint of gold about her.

No matter how deep the mourning may be, black can always be laid aside and white assumed when one is to be married. The black can after this be reassumed. A young girl who is in mourning and who is to be at her sister's wedding may also assume white, and the mother is permitted to lay aside erape for the time being, although she wears all black.

### For Sweet Steeners.

Russian blouses, in many ways illustrated for ladies, will be worn by girls of sweet sixteen. There are also pretty jacket waists for their wool gowns made with a belt across the back, the fronts opening straight on a shirt waist of washing silk or of dotted foulard. The belt of the back passes through slits in the side seams and crosses the blouse waist. Girls of fourteen years and less will continue to wear shirt suits of striped or checked wool with a sleeveless jacket over a shirt of changeable silk or of striped washing silk. Mothers who ask designs for plaid dresses are referred to this model. The round waist with an Eton jacket front is also still popular for wool dresses with gathered surah front.

### A Spring Bonnet.



SPRING WALKING-COWL.

### Coming Spring Bonnets.

Milliners predict that large hats and small bonnets will have the same vogue given them during the spring months that has been shown them all winter. However, a medium sized poke bonnet will certainly be one of the features of the summer. On the broad-brimmed picture hats loaded with feathers, Mademoiselle puts a bit of color in the form of a velvet flower, pink or sapphire-blue being most fancied. If possible, this is placed under the brim just in front, so that it rests on the hair, and looks most coquettish. If the shape will not permit this, then the flower may be nestled among the plumes themselves, and look out cozily and effectively from their darkness. A hat that is just now very popular in England, and which will undoubtedly obtain here, is of fine black straw with a somewhat low, square crown and a rolling brim, that is, a brim after the fashion of the English walking hat. The only trimming is a broad band of white satin ribbon quite the height of the crown; it is drawn around smoothly, and the two ends lap over each other just in front, a long slender jet buckle seeming to fasten it. Somewhat severe in shape, these hats will only be becoming to women who do not need to show their bangs to soften their faces.

### Guimpes and Shirt Waists.

The novelty for guimpes is a round collar finished with a deep lace frill that falls low on the waist of the dress and over the tops of the sleeves. This gives the popular effect of a berth of lace surrounding the low neck or the yoke of a dress. White China silks or mull are used for these guimpes. The full sleeves are feathers-stitched on shirring at the wrists, with lace frills falling on the hands. Washing silks, foulards, and cotton Chevriots are made up in shirt waists, with shallow yoke, turned-over collar, a box pleat down the front, and full sleeves with deep cuffs.

### A Worth House Dress.

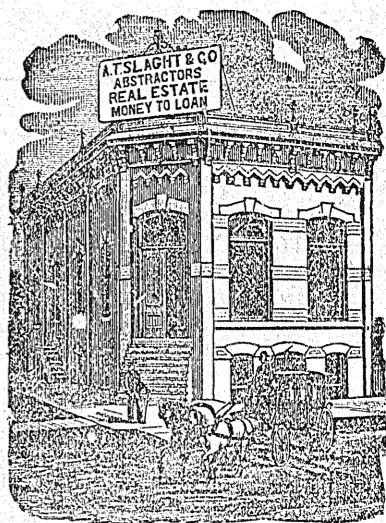
Crepon, challi, cashmere, and fancy French woollens will be made by this model in varied colors, as navy blue with bright Russian embroidery and rose-colored bows, or pale violet wool with ecrú embroidery. Sage green, gray, and silver blue gowns made up with cream-tinted embroidery have a sash belt and bows of pale pink ribbon of great width.

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### A Perfect Success.

The Rev. A. Antonio, of Refugio, Tex., writes: As far as I am able to judge, I think Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic is a perfect success, for any one who suffered from a most painful nervousness as I did. I feel now like myself again after taking the Tonic.

St. Vincent's Hospital, Toledo, O., June 9, 1890. We used Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic for epileptic fits in the case of a Mrs. Gorman, and it stopped the fits from this time she commenced taking it. We wish you an extensive sale for this beneficial remedy.

SISTER BRADY, Secretary. GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Oct. 8, 1890. I used Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic in Mrs. Sullivan's case, and it gave entire satisfaction, and she has no end of praise for it, and never forgets to recommend it to the sick and suffering. I have heard others say they used it with the same good results.

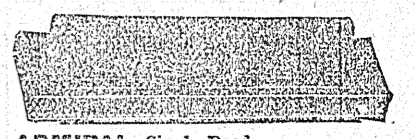
THOS. KEATING.

FREE—A Valuable Book on Nervous Diseases sent free to any address, and those who obtain this medicine free of charge. This remedy has been prepared by the Reverend Pastor Koenig, of Fort Wayne, Ind., since 1878 and is now prepared under his direct supervision by

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## BEWARE

## OF

## IMITATIONS

## THE

## GENUINE

## HAS

## A TAG

## ON JOLLYTAR EACH

## PLUG

## POPULAR SIZE

## & OF BEST

## QUALITY

**ELECTION IS OVER,**  
All is Quiet once More.

**OLD DOC**

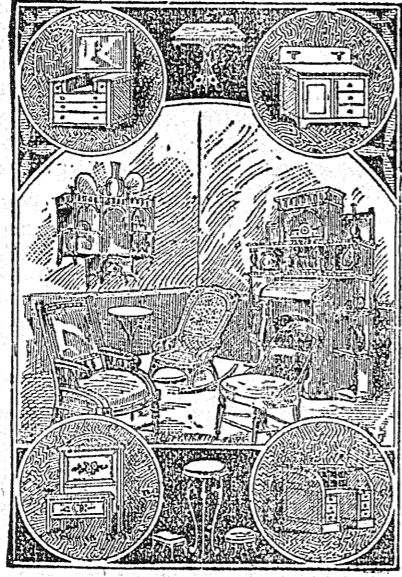
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**KNOCKED THE REP'S OUT**

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Line of

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...Such As...

Bedroom Suits,  
Parlor Suits,  
Lounges,  
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For Cash.

Call and see Goods and get Prices.

**L. A. DeWITT.**

Cass City, Mich, April 8, 1892.

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**IT'S A FACT**

That when you are in need of

**GROceries,**  
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Don't buy a

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**W. J. CLOAKY,**  
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I deal direct with the manufacturers  
and pay cash, therefore can give you  
**BETTER BARGAINS!**  
than can be found elsewhere in the  
country.

No Middle Men's Commission  
to pay.

Call on me when in want of anything  
in this line and Save Money.

I handle the Clough & Warren  
Pianos and Organs, and the Singer  
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chine and instrument are fully warrant-  
ed.

Yours Respectfully,  
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**CASS CITY ENTERPRISE.**

Published every Friday morning at  
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**MACK M. WICKWARY,**  
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

The subscription price of the Enterprise  
is One Dollar per year. Terms—Strictly cash  
in advance, or if not paid until the end of the  
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cation at this office.

Support The Local Papers.

Every self-supporting and self-re-  
specting head of a family in Michigan  
ought to take at least two newspapers  
—his own home paper, and The De-  
troit Free Press. We give the prefer-  
ence to the local paper because that is  
the one which comes most closely home  
to the man, and in which he should  
have a direct personal and friendly in-  
terest. And so, if the demands upon  
one's resources are such that only a  
single paper can only be afforded, the  
neighbor who is doing his utmost to  
help the community, and incidentally  
himself, is the one who should receive  
encouragement and support. News-  
papers cost so little nowadays, however,  
that it needs no self-denying ordinance  
on the part of anyone able to rear his  
family decently to enable him to take  
both his local paper and the Free Press,  
and in so other way is it possible to  
get so much of pleasure and profit at so  
little expenditure of money.

Newspapers are not published from  
philanthropic motives; but many coun-  
try publishers are often tempted to be-  
lieve that most of the people in the  
community in which their lot is cast  
have this opinion in regard to them.  
They are asked to grind everybody's  
ax, and they do so most patiently and  
willingly, provided no one is injured  
by the grinding; they are expected to  
know everything that is going on, and  
to present the local news fully and at-  
tractively; they must be wide-awake  
and progressive, vigilant for the ad-  
vancement of the material progress of  
the locality, be on the lookout for help-  
ful projects, and be ready in season and  
out of season to exploit the industrial,  
agricultural and social advantages of  
the section with which they are identi-  
fied. This work they do. For doing  
it they should receive cordial and sub-

stantial support—a sure incentive to re-  
doubled efforts, making the paper  
more potent for good in and for the  
community. Far too often the sup-  
port is half-hearted and grudging; the  
publisher grows discouraged at the ap-  
parent lack of appreciation of his  
efforts; he cannot afford the expendi-  
tures which are really necessary to  
make his paper what he would like to  
have it, and it is said to be running  
down, when its decadence is, in fact, a  
reflection upon the spirit and progress  
of the community.

There is no enterprise which de-  
serves more liberal and considerate  
treatment at the hands of the people  
than their local papers. Some of these  
in Michigan, pioneers in progress,  
established before there is a clientele  
sufficient to support them, are neces-  
sarily crude and for a time can only ex-  
pect a scanty living. But the friendly  
hand should be extended to them, and  
those which are more favorably situ-  
ated should be suitably sustained. The  
local merchant should use them freely  
and, demonstrating that advertising  
pays, should willingly pay a fair price  
for the returns he receives. The pro-  
fessional and business man, the artisan  
and the agriculturist should take them  
and should otherwise patronize them  
when they have need, and they will  
find the whole community quickened  
into new activity by the impulse which  
the live local paper will give.

The home paper in every commu-  
nity should be made a tower of strength.  
—DETROIT FREE PRESS, April 9.

**THE PONY KNEW HIS BUSINESS.**

An Idaho Man Takes in a Large Amount  
of Cash on an Odd Bet.  
A certain doctor of Idaho is the pos-  
sessor of ten thousand dollars in cash  
and a farm worth a thousand or two  
more, which he did not have prior to a  
few days ago. He won it all from local  
sports who picked him up for a sucker.  
The doctor arrived here a few days  
ago with a drove of ponies which he  
offered for sale at low prices.

Among them, says the Louisville  
Courier-Journal, was a little beast that  
nobody would bid on at all. The doctor  
remarked casually in a crowd that the  
pony which the buyers rejected was the  
boss of the lot, for he could pull a  
three hundred-pound bag of sand at-  
tached to a rope half a mile long for a  
distance of ten feet. He added care-  
lessly that he would bet on it. A dozen  
men took him up, and in less than no  
time about ten thousand dollars in  
money and one hundred and sixty  
acres of land in Iowa were wagered  
that the pony could not do the trick.  
The sports were so sure that they  
gave odds, and the doctor calmly cov-  
ered every bet. The trial took place  
some hours later out on a turnpike in  
the presence of a considerable crowd.  
The sack of sand was weighed and the  
rope carefully measured. Then the  
doctor, accompanied by one of the  
judges, took the pony to the other end  
of the line and hitched him to the rope.  
The little animal moved off with a  
gradual pull until the rope became  
taut and dragged the bag twenty-five  
feet. The gradual pull was the secret  
of the feat and the pony had often per-  
formed it before.

**EXPENSIVE ADVICE.**

Two Hundred Dollars for One Word from  
a Lawyer.  
It is not often a piece of legal advice  
costs two hundred dollars a word, but  
yet this recently happened in this city.  
says the Indianapolis News. Not long  
ago Morris Butler, son of John M. But-  
ler, who had just arrived at home from  
an evening party at two o'clock in the  
morning, heard a carriage drive up to  
the house, and a moment later answered  
a ring at the door bell. A young man  
of handsome face and energetic man-  
ner blurted out without ceremony  
"What states can cousins legally marry  
in?" "I don't know," said Mr. Butler.  
As soon as he could recover from the  
effects of his visitor's bluntness, "but I  
will ask father." He went upstairs,  
and, after much knocking, aroused his  
father. "Father," said he, "what states  
can cousins legally marry in?" "Kan-  
sas," was the single word in response.  
between what sounded suspiciously like  
snoring. Mr. Butler returned down-  
stairs. "Well, what does he say?"  
asked the visitor. "Kansas," replied  
young Butler, laconically. "Thank  
you!" The door was closed and the  
young visitor was gone. Nothing fur-  
ther was thought of the incident until  
yesterday's mail brought Mr. Butler a  
certified check for two hundred dollars  
for "legal advice" from his hitherto un-  
known client. This is probably the  
highest rate per word ever paid for legal  
advice. It divides into one hundred dol-  
lars per syllable and thirty-three dollars  
and thirty-three cents per letter.

**CRUELTY TO EXILES.**

The Severe Punishment Inflicted by a  
Russian Officer.  
Here is an instance of official cruelty  
reported in a St. Petersburg journal:  
The assistant of the natchalnik of a  
popular town in Irkootsk is a sworn  
enemy to Siberian settlers—i. e., exiles  
who are at liberty to choose their own  
dwelling place in Siberia. According to  
his own statement he has no appetite  
for dinner on any day that he does not  
inflict the rod on two or three settlers.  
When he orders such chastisement he  
is invariably present at the execution,  
and glowers over the pain and the humi-  
liation of his victim. One morning,  
says the New York Sun, as he sat at  
his writing desk a man wrapped in a  
heavy cloak came in. He looked at  
him furtively and mistook him for the  
deacon of the church. "Sit down, Fe-

ther Deacon; I shall be at your service  
in a minute," he said, politely.

"I have not the honor to be the Fe-  
ther Deacon. I am the settler M—  
your honor," the man said, nervously.  
The assistant jumped up in a fury  
and exclaimed: "Who in the devil's  
name admitted this dog here? Guard,  
take him out and give him thirty-five  
hot ones! Mind you, hot ones of the  
best kind."

The poor fellow who had come on  
business received the unexpected and  
unmerited chastisement and left the  
place more dead than alive, without  
having an opportunity even to tell what  
his business was.

**Drowning Half a Continent.**

When the Panama canal was first  
proposed a great cry went up that such  
a "ditch" would endanger the lives of  
millions of human beings. It was  
argued that the waters on the Pacific  
side of the isthmus were hundreds of  
feet higher than they were on the At-  
lantic side and that the great rush of  
water to even up the difference in the  
level of the two oceans would drown  
out all southern North America, all the  
West Indies and most of Mexico and  
Yucatan. Would-be engineers and sen-  
sational editors passed their opinions or  
wrote articles and sent editorials on the  
subject. It now turns out that the  
Atlantic and not the Pacific is the high-  
er of the two oceans and that in place  
of the difference in level being hun-  
dreds of feet, as had been affirmed, the  
surface of the water on the east side of  
the isthmus is exactly six and one-half  
feet higher than it is on the western  
side.

**Popularity of Duelling.**

According to the figures of a statisti-  
cian there is little likelihood that duel-  
ling will be discontinued in Italy for a  
long time to come. The lover of figures  
has discovered that during the last  
decade 2,429 affairs of honor were  
settled by recourse to the saber, 99 by  
appeal to the broadsword, and 179 by  
the use of pistols. Newspaper attacks,  
the statistician declares, were respon-  
sible for the majority of the duels.

There still exists a very widespread  
inequality between the salaries of men  
and women holding identical posts in  
our public schools. A special commit-  
tee appointed more than a year ago in  
Baltimore to consider the regrading and  
equitable adjustment of the salaries of  
public school teachers, has just made  
its report, and the most significant item  
in the proposed new schedule of pay is  
the equality in the salaries of male and  
female assistants in all grammar schools.

By recent census the population of  
Jamaica was found to be 630,491, of  
which 305,948 were males and 324,543  
were females. These figures show an  
increase of 58,637 in the population of  
the island since 1881, but while the male  
population has increased eight per  
cent, the female population has in-  
creased twelve per cent.

In Lisbon, Ill. there is a miniature  
turtle farm. The owner is experiment-  
ing with the hard-shelled creature,  
and if his experiments prove successful,  
there is a likelihood that real turtle  
soup will not be quite so uncommon  
as at present.

**ALEXANDER THE GREAT,**

—1892—

**KENTUCKY STANDARD BRED**

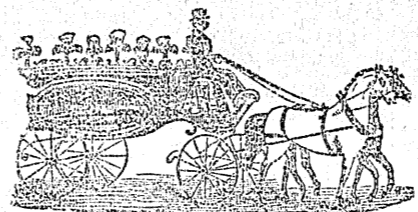
**Trotting -:- Stallion.**

will make the season at Caro, at  
Jas. Montague's livery barn. Terms:  
To insure, \$25.

This horse has had not to ex-  
ceed 60 days training—only thirty  
days training in 1892—and trotted  
Vassar track in October last in  
2:28 1/2, a rate of speed that Allerton  
could not show with same training.

**P. H. MARKHAM,**  
Owner.

**A. A. McKenzie,**

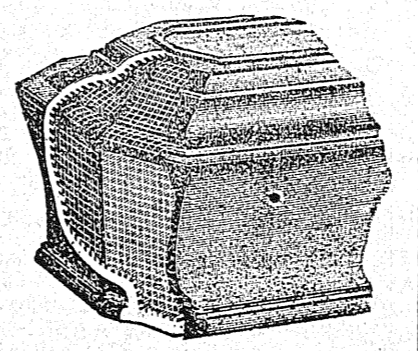


**UNDERTAKER**

And Funeral Director.

Complete stock of Coffins, Caskets and  
Undertaker's Supplies on hand.

**INDESTRUCTIBLE BURIAL CASKE,**  
(CEMENT.)



The expense of the above Casket is  
but a trifle more than that of a wood  
Casket.

**G. A. STEVENSON**

—Deals in—

<b>Bread, Pie, and Cake Flour.</b> That splendid patent A A flour made at Cass City, that elegant Dawson Purity made in Pontiac, that Superior Ohio Home Trade, 20 per cent Minnesota wheat, made in To- ledo and that No. 1 Rye and Gra- ham flour you get at Stevenson's.	<b>Seeds.</b> A full supply of 1891 Garden Flower and Field Seeds. Many kinds in bulk.
<b>Evaporated California Fruits.</b> Metaines Apples, Egg Plums, Peaches, Plums, Cleaned Currants, Raisins, 41 lbs. for 24 cts.	<b>Crocery Department.</b> The largest stock in the Thumb of Glass Ware, Stone Ware, Yellow Ware, Rockingham Ware and an immense stock of White Ware— Gold Band Ware and Semi-Porcel- lain Ware in the latest Patterns di- rect from the patterns of this country and England.
<b>Fresh Fruits and Vegetables.</b> Lemons, Oranges, Dates, Figs, Strawberries and all fresh vegetab- les in their season.	<b>Other Produce.</b> We buy produce as far as possible, Cash for Butter and Eggs, deliver all heavy Goods, use you the best we know how, satisfied with small profits and quick sales.

You are liable not to live two weeks for not reading the above and  
profiting by it.

**G. A. STEVENSON,**

Opposite the Tennant House.

**Have You Been to See**

: : These : :

**NEW SPRING GOODS**

—AT—

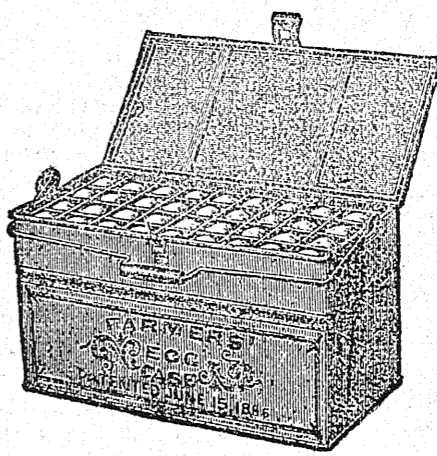
**J. C. LAING'S**

We cordially invite the people  
of Cass City and vicinity, to call  
and examine our new goods  
which are arriving daily. Prices  
always reasonable and satisfac-  
tion guaranteed.

**J. C. LAING.**

**SOMETHING FOR NOTHING**  
**THE FARMER'S EGG CASE GIVEN FREE.**

This Case holds 12 dozen and is made of  
Tin handsomely japanned and ornamented.  
The Fillers are made of Cloth Paper and are



very durable. Saves  
both packing and  
counting, obviates  
loss from breakage  
and miscounts. It  
is an ornament to  
any home. Get a  
ticket at our store,  
have the amount  
of each purchase  
punched out. This  
case will be given  
you when your cash  
purchase amounts  
to 20.00.

**CROSBY'S BOOT & SHOE HOUSE**

**TO THE PUBLIC!**

I wish  
to Announce to  
the People of Cass City  
and vicinity that I  
have purchased  
the

**RED FRONT**

**MEAT MARKET**

and will always keep on hand a full  
Supply of

**Fresh and Salt Meats**

of All Kinds.

I Solicit a Share of your patronage.

Respectfully,

**M. H. EASTMAN.**

**FOR SALE.**

I have for sale a good dwelling house  
and 1 1/2 acres of land, situated near the  
Presbyterian parsonage in Cass City.  
Inquire at Adam Muck's blacksmith  
shop -18

**PROBATE NOTICE.**

State of Michigan, County of Tuscola, ss.  
Notice is hereby given, that by order of the  
probate court for the county of Tuscola, made  
on the 20th day of February, A. D. 1892, six  
months from that date were allowed for credi-  
tors to present their claims against the estate  
of Arthur Shoenholtz, late of said county, de-  
ceased, and that all creditors of said deceased  
are required to present their claims to said  
probate court, at the probate office, in the  
village of Caro, for examination and allowance,  
on or before the twenty-ninth day of Aug. next,  
and that such claims will be heard before said  
court, on Monday, the twenty-fifth day of April  
and on Monday, the twenty-ninth day of Aug.  
next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of  
those days.  
Dated February 20th, A. D. 1892:  
JAMES M. VAN TASSEL,  
Judge of Probate.

**Music, Voice Culture,  
Paintings, Etc.**

Mrs. and Miss Coleman, teachers on  
the Piano and Violin also of Singing  
and Painting.

—TERMS—

Piano—\$5 per quarter of 12 weeks.  
Violin— 4 per quarter of 12 weeks.  
Singing—\$5 per quarter of 12 weeks.

Private lessons in Painting—Six dollars  
per quarter of 12 weeks. One hour per  
week. Members attending the class on  
Saturday afternoon, lasting one hour  
and a half 50 cents per lesson.

Job printing neatly executed at  
the ENTERPRISE OFFICE.



# SUPPLEMENT TO ENTERPRISE.

Vol. XI.

FRIDAY, APRIL 15, 1892.

No. 18.

## WOODS' PHOSPHODINE.

The Great English Remedy.



Before and After.

Promptly and permanently cures all forms of Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Spermatorrhea, Impotency, and all effects of Abuse or Excesses: Been prescribed over 35 years in thousands of cases: is the only reliable and honest medicine known. Ask druggists for Wood's Phosphodine: if he offers some worthless medicine in place of this, leave his dishonest store, inclose price in letter, and we will send by return mail. Price one package, \$1 six \$5. One will please, six will cure. Pamphlet in plain sealed envelope, 2 stamps, address

**THE WOOD CHEMICAL CO.**  
131 Woodward Avenue, Detroit, M.  
Sold in Cass City by A. W. Seed and Fritz Bros. and all responsible druggists everywhere

## DEAFNESS.

### ITS CAUSES AND CURE.

Scientifically treated by an aurist of world-wide reputation. Deafness eradicated and entirely cured, of from 20 to 30 years standing, after all other treatments have failed. How the difficulty is reached and the cause removed, fully explained in circulars, with affidavits and testimonials of cures from prominent people, mailed free.

Dr. A. FONTAINE, Tacoma Wash.

## NEW FURNITURE STORE.

Having opened up the finest Furniture Store in the "Thumb" I have on hand a Fine Line of Parlor and Bedroom Suits.

Also complete Stock of Coffins Caskets and Undertaker's Supplies.

James Gage,  
Gagetown, Mich.

### NOTICE

All parties owing me on account or notes due, are requested to call and settle at once.  
DR. McCLINTON.

Try Dullman's Great German 15 cent Liver Pills, 40 in each package, at Fritz Bros.

"Advertising is to business what steam is to machinery—the grand propelling power."  
—Macaulay.

Great Bargains in boots & shoes for the next 30 days at C. D. Striffler's.

### Please Read.

All persons owing us on account will please call and settle at once as we wish to close our books for the past year.

1-1 FROST & HEBBLEWHITE.

## THE ART OF IDLING.

For Idling May Be Called an Art, Says This Writer.

"Women seldom idle well," says the philosophic woman, "though they fritter away much time. For there is a busy idleness that achieves a vast amount of nothing, and there is a true art and craft of idling.

"Now, I reckon myself somewhat of a connoisseur in this matter, for if there is one thing I am familiar with in all its branches, and with which I am on terms of perfect understanding, it is this art of idling. A fine art, look you, that must be studied with the same assiduity and sympathy one gives to painting, to music, poetry, love-making or lying. Your true idler is born, not made, but in her happy and easy evasion of work and its responsibilities she proves herself the artist, her obligations falling naturally and without jar upon other shoulders that perhaps ought to bear them for some penance they have no doubt deserved. At least your idler consoles herself so, if indeed she needs consolation. Thus to idle artistically is not to waste time, but to adorn it as with May garlands. And anyone who cultivates this most pleasant of pleasures may build herself a castle of plaisance in the midst of this workaday world, wherein she may joyously live at ease and listen to the murmur of the toilers, who never dreamed of Arcady, and who know naught but that each hour must produce its full profit of work."

### Productive Power of Weeds.

To ascertain the productive power of weeds, the seeds upon a single plant of different species have been counted with the following results: Wild carrot, 1,200; dandelion, 1,500; chickweed, 2,000; cockle, 3,200; campion, 3,425; chess, 3,500; dock, 3,700; ragweed, 4,372; groundsel, 6,500; ox-eye daisy, 9,600; mallow, 16,500; motherwort, 18,000; foxtail, 19,500; sow thistle, \$19,000; mustard, 31,000; Canada thistle, 42,000; red poppy, 50,000; burdock, \$400,328; purslane, 500,000; lambs' quarters, 825,000.

### Queer Cats.

It is said that in China there is a cat that has drooping ears. The Mombar cat of the west coast of Africa is covered with stiff, bristly hair. A Paraguay cat is only one-quarter as big as the ordinary cat of this part of the world. It has a long body and short shiny hair. In South America there is a race of cats which do not know to meow.

SPRING OF 1892!  
WE AGAIN GREET YOU,

WITH A FULL LINE OF

MILLINERY!

Latest



Styles.

Most Desirable Qualities.

We do not wish to confine you to any particular day to visit our Millinery Store and call it a "Grand Opening," with some artificial smilax around the mirrors, etc.. We won't specify any given time, for it may storm, or perhaps you won't feel like going out that particular date—so come any day—you will find a Fine Stock of Latest Style MILLINERY, suitable for old, middle aged and young, at prices that are right. Plenty of Pattern and Trimmed Hats on hand; millinery novelties and fancy goods.

Thanking all my friends and patrons for the many favors shown me in the past and soliciting a continuance of the same, I remain,

Respectfully,

Mrs. E. K. Wickware.

# To The Front!

## We Are In It

With the largest Stock of Goods we ever had.

Talk About Prices! Come And see Ours.

Good Prints for	3 1-2 cts.	Wool Suits for \$7.00 others at \$10.
Good Dress Styles,	5 cts.	Fine Suits same Proportion.
36 inch Fancy Suiting,	8 cts.	BCOTS & SILCES at rare bargain.
Dress Gingham	5 cts.	Spring Novelties for Capes and Jackets.
Apron Gingham	5 cts.	A full Line of Dress Goods, Carpets, Curtains, Poles and trappings.
200 Wool Jerseys at 35 cts. worth \$1.50		Hats and Caps in Abundance and Prices to please all.
25 Jersey coats at \$4.00 worth \$7.50.		
Ladies Braided Straw Hats, 15 cts.		
Men's Suits for \$3.50 others \$5.00.		

A Full Line of Groceries at Lowest Prices.

Call and see us.

# 2 + MACKS + 2.

## BEAUTIFUL OIL - PAINTING, GIVEN AWAY!

To every Purchaser of \$10 worth of Goods at the

### People's - Cash - Store.

Our stock of Dry Goods, Groceries and Provisions is Complete.

FRESH STOCK OF GARDEN SEEDS.

F. A. ELLIS.  
JOHN SCHWADERER.

We have received

A Large Spring Stock of

# WALL LATEST PATTERNS. PAPER!

Call and Inspect.

## FRITZ BROTHER'S

# FARMERS

Can increase their DOLLARS

by increasing their Bushels of Grain. This can be done by sowing your Grain with a

## DRILL.

We keep the best and sell them on reasonable terms.

Examine our Large Stock of Implements before buying elsewhere.

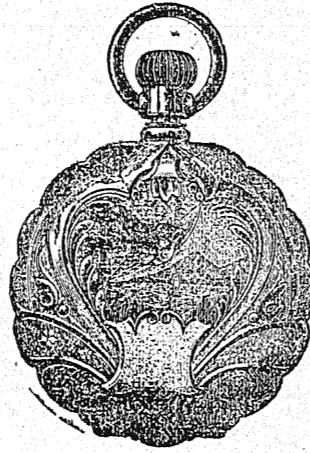
Respectfully.

W. J. CAMPBELL,

Prop. of Tuscola County, Agricultural Depot.

## J. F. Hendrick

CASS CITY JEWELER,



always has everything the people want in the Jewelry line. I have a Fine Stock of Eight Day Black Walnut Clocks; also 36 hour clocks, and the prices on them can't be duplicated.

I have the largest line of Optical Goods in the county, and I give special attention to fitting spectacles for defective vision. Everything guaranteed. Call and see me.

J. F. HENDRICK,  
Jeweler and Optician,  
CASS CITY, - MICH.

### HAPS AND MISHAPS!

As Told by the Enterprise's Corps of Correspondents

All the Chit-Chat From the Country Round About Briefly Told For Busy Readers.

#### WICKWARE.

Thomas Nicol's children who have been afflicted with scarlet fever, are getting better.

Jos. Balkwell has hired for six months with Hugh McColl. Jos. is a good workman.

Britton Predmore has purchased the Emmon's property in this place.

Township election is over for this spring and all is quiet on the Potomac. John Hunter has let the job of building his stone wall to John Hodgson.

W. J. M. Jones was in this vicinity this week selling a patent for building a wire picket fence.

The prospects are that wheat and hay will be a good crop this season in this part, so the farmers say.

W. Weydemeyer is getting in spring goods. He has everything that is needed in a country store.

A. Wickware will soon be around selling the Aultman and Taylor threshing machines. He says that it is the best machine in the market and manufactured by a reliable company.

#### NOVESTA.

J. Livingston and J. McPhee visited F. Martin Sunday afternoon.

J. Justice Jr. intends going to Bay City this week to work for the summer.

Mr. R. Kennedy, of Piquette, is visiting friends and looking after his farm.

Ed Young came up from Saginaw last week to work on the drive for Owen Bros.

Misses Mary and Janet McPhee visited friends in the vicinity of Deford last week.

Mr. Comellen started for Sarnia, Ont., where he will be employed as porter on a boat this summer.

Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Houghton went to Flint on Tuesday to visit Mrs. Houghton's father who resides there.

J. McPhee started for Allegan on Monday, with A. McPhee's Clydesdale and he intends to remain for the season.

We wish to correct the item in last week's correspondence. It was J. Bayley, not J. Riley, who bought the new covered buggy.

There was no school in district No. 3 the latter part of last week, as Miss McKenzie was called to Cass City on account of the death of her aunt, Mrs. D. McIntyre.

We understand that there is a man in this town who will sell his farm \$125 cheaper than the would before election. Don't get discouraged. Bro. Farmer, there may be better times coming.

#### CANBORO.

J. G. Eyaas was in Caro Friday. A cooling spell the last few days.

Ab Martin is putting up a new granary.

Dwight Freeman was to Bad Axe on Monday last.

Geo. Finkle, of the Center rides in a new wagon now of the Hickory brand.

The fish are up in the pigeon. The boys are having a lively time of it now.

Some of the roads are in a bad state as some of the Cass City men can vouch for.

Mrs. John Laird, in the northeast of the town, is very sick. Not much hopes of her recovery.

R. C. Hallack and S. O. Sharrard were elected by the Union ticket and not by the D. and P. ticket.

John Barnes is pathmaster in road district No. 18. Hope John you will think of the sand holes near Quinn's, my Joe, John.

Ex-Catholic priest lectured and held meeting at the center the latter part of last week and Sunday. Will lecture this week at the Sharrard school house. Large crowds turn out. Report says he is a very able speaker.

Revival meetings are being held at the Williamson school house and much good is being done. Some of the old ones are being caught by the gospel net. The meetings are conducted by Elder Keith, of Gagetown, assisted by Elder Graves, of Inlay City.

#### DEFORD.

Frozen in again.

Girl baby at Jas Harrington's.

Our mill is making shingles at present.

L. W. Vorbes has a new fence on the highway.

Miss Rosetta Valentine helps Mrs. B. Gemmills.

Wm. Cooper has the premium colt of the season.

Miss Alvira Spencer will go to Port Huron this week.

Miss Hattie Lewis will care for the sick at Orren Stowells.

Babe at Orren Stowell's. Have not learned whether boy or girl.

Mrs. Scheack, mother of Mrs. Belle Sharp, is visiting the latter.

Retherford boys and Clark Courliss are building a legal line fence.

Politicians and frogs have ceased to croak at this date, April 10th.

Norman Retherford continues to be troubled with a tumor on his limb.

Elmer Lewis is working the upright to his house to the point of finish.

On the 7th at Hattie Lewis, quilting by day and smacking bee at night.

Jas. Herrington has a new board fence in front of his residence, ditto Geo. Walker.

Jessie Sole is preparing for a famine. He has built a granary two sizes larger than his barn.

We neglected to state last week that Wm. Wills Sr had gone to Clinton Co., to remain for the summer.

Mrs. Samuel Martin, of Avona, St. Clair Co., is visiting her son George of Section 35, Novesta.

An aged man by the name of Perkins who lived on the county line east of here died last week. His remains were sent to Aranda for interment.

Last week's issue of the Caro Advertiser—Heading was "Victorious!" Caro Now Era same date, heading "We are Victorious!" Our faith is shaken in the voracity of men. This is the strangest world we were ever in.

John McCracken, better known in this locality as "Red John, the invincible," has discovered a method brand new for capturing rats. Address Box 37, Deford Mich., enclose ten cents in silver and you will receive particulars by return mail.

The Literary Magazine says there is books enough printed well worth reading every year, so that in order to be "up to snuff" and thoroughly posted on authors a person would have to read fifty each day. Now who can afford to be up to snuff? That's the question.

Yes, we "twiged" L. A. Dewitt's ad in the last issue and it threw us into that state called "wonderland." We thought him a man with a heart as kind as a woman and as gentle as a child. But how, Oh! how could he turn the defeat of the party that he indulized to a pecuniary benefit?

Don't insist that the entire Democratic ticket was elected in Kingston. No; the people thought that democrats would do well enough for every office but clerk and there they knocked in a Republican.

"This all well enough to dress respectable—that is to be neat and clean—for John Wesley put cleanliness next to godliness—but for Heaven's sake young man don't let your mind be taken up with personal appearance. Think more about what is in the head than what is on it. A fine suit can't hide a person's ignorance. A cinnamon tree is valuable only for the bark; some people are just like it. If your mind is dwelling on how do I look you are surely neglecting things of importance. There can be no intellectual advancement without thought. We know of a youth that don't know whether he lives in a republic or a monarchy but he wears corsets to looks nice. In justice to posterity such critters should be gathered to their graves of their forefathers.

Consumption Cured. An old physician, retired from practice having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all Throat and Lung affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all nervous complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actually by this motive and a desire to a relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. Noyes, 820 Powers Block, Rochester, N. Y.

# SPRING OPENING

## OF DRY GOODS!

### FROST & HEBBLEWHITE.

We wish to call the attention of our Patrons to our Fine Line of DRESS GOODS, TRIMMINGS, SILKS, —Comprising all the LATEST STYLES in—

Bedford, Serges, Henriettas, And Latest Novelties in Fancy and Plain Silks.

The MOST COMPLETE Line of Zephyr Gingham, Outings, Pongees, Home-Spuns, Plain & Brocaded Sattens Ever Shown in Cass City.

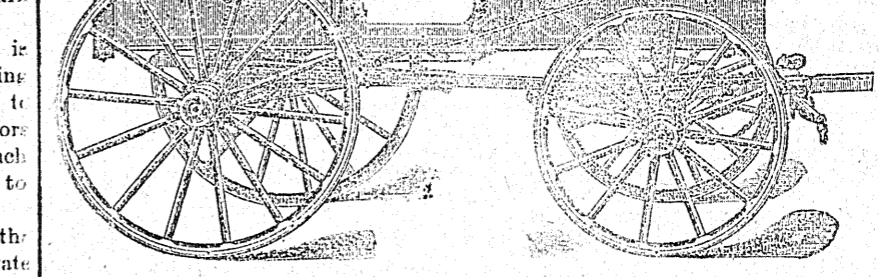
IN our NOTION DEPARTMENT we are offering Special Driees in Hosiery, Gloves, Silk Mitts, Handkerchiefs, Etc.

SPRING JACKETS, new and latest styles, black tans and drabs. We invite you to call and look at them.

Groceries and Provisions at Cash Prices.

## Frost & Hebblewhite

FOR A WELL-MADE, RELIABLE WAGON,



Call On..... H. S. WICKWARE.

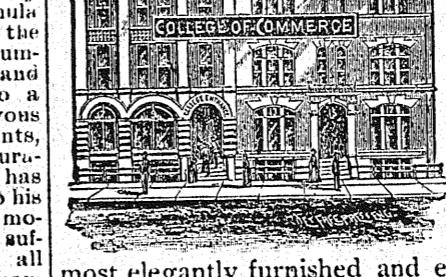
D. J. LANDON. J. H. ENO. E. W. KEATING. LANDON, ENO & KEATING,

CONTRACTORS, BUILDERS, MANUFACTURERS & DEALERS IN— SASH, DOORS, BLINDS,

FLOORING, SIDING, MOULDINGS, ETC. MILL NEAR THE P. O. & N. DEPOT. CASS CITY, MICH.

The Modern, Progressive, BUSINESS Training School, OF DETROIT.

Three hundred students now enrolled. Move calls for Book-keepers and Stenographers than we can fill. Graduating scholarship, good either day or evening, in the Business, English or Short-hand Department, \$60. The most elegantly furnished and equipped Business College in Michigan. Every student satisfied. None but the best teachers employed. Call or send for circulars. M. J. CATON, President, 7-17 Rowland St., between Hotel Cadillac and High School Building.



MICHIGAN MATTERS.

A WEEK WITH WOLVERINES BOTH GREAT AND SMALL.

Big Convention of Colored Citizens--Bingham County's Latest Crime--A Brakeman's Fatal Fall.

Teachers for Bay View. President Richard T. Ely, of Johns Hopkins university, has been called to the head of the Bay View summer university, and accepts. Professor Ely is recognized as easily the foremost political economist in this country, and his name is known in every civilized land. It is, therefore, especially gratifying that he is coming to Michigan, and Bay View is to be congratulated on securing so eminent a person. At Johns Hopkins he has led the movement in founding a school in history and political science, which, more than anything else, has made that institution famous. Around him will be gathered in the various university schools many of the most conspicuous educators in the land. It is understood one of the men, instructors will be Professor James A. Woodburn, of the chair of American history in the university of Indiana, and Amherst contributes one of her best men in Dr. George S. Burroughs, who has become principal of the Bible school, Miss Lelia E. Partridge, of Florida, conceded one of the best in the country in her specialty, is called to the department of primary teaching methods, and Mrs. Lucretia Willard Treat, of kindergarten fame, accepts a position at the head of the kindergarten training school. Professor Spiers, a rising man from the South Dakota university, is another of the new men, and Mr. Griffith goes from the Detroit art museum to direct and teach in the popular art school. Of course, John M. Hall, of Flint, remains at the head of the Bay View system.

Logs and Lumber at Cheboygan. From a Cheboygan correspondent: The outlook here in lumber is essentially that at most Michigan lumbering points. The stock of lumber on the docks is 22,000,000 feet, which is 3,000,000 feet less than in 1891. But there is boomed here about 12,000,000 feet of logs as against half that amount last year. This will be a great advantage at the start and will give the mills a chance to get their supplies down the streams, which will keep them working night and day until the close of the season. Last year's lumber cut was 204,000,000 feet. But this year's cut will exceed 130,000,000 feet. The single cut will be about 500,000 per day. Herebefore some have been manufactured here to speak of. The major part of the season's cut will be shipped to Tonawanda and other eastern points.

New Enterprise for Kalamazoo. The Botsford paper mill company has been organized in Kalamazoo with \$100,000 capital and with James E. Botsford general manager. The company will erect a magnificent steam plant two miles east of Kalamazoo, and the Michigan Central railroad will make a station there and give the same freight rates as from Kalamazoo. It will employ 85 at once and be turning out paper in six months. Eventually the plant will employ 300 hands. Eastern experts will furnish the plant and the indications are that it will be a success. The mill will spring up around the mill. The most prominent capitalists in the city are behind the enterprise.

Crushed to Death by Cars. John Burke, aged 26 years, a switchman on the Flint and Pere Marquette road, met a horrible death at Saginaw through being thrown from the top of a freight car underneath the wheels. His chest and head were crushed to a pulp. The deceased was a charter member of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen and had been a faithful employe of the road for seven years. He was a single man and lived with his parents in that city.

Fit Subject for a Lynching Bee. James and John Pine, brothers, who have been employed by Anthony Marzar, a Meridian township farmer, county farmer, were jailed at Lansing on the charge of assaulting a woman. It is alleged that they forced an entrance into the room of Pauline Albright, a deaf mute domestic employed by Marzar, and after blindfold and gagging her, accomplished their purpose and fled. The girl is said to be seriously injured.

Where Is That Chinaman. About a year ago a Chinaman leased a piece of land, put up a small building and established a laundry at Frankfort. He ran it successfully a few months and disappeared. Little attention was paid to this matter at that time. The village is just awakening to the fact that he may have been murdered for his money, which he always carried in his pockets. It has been ascertained that he did not depart by train or boat.

Fatal Fall From a Ladder. Richard Schourman died at Bay City from the effects of injuries received by falling off a ladder. He had been unconscious since the accident. He was an extensive shoe dealer, was a member of the board of education and one of the pioneer settlers in the Saginaw valley. A widow and three children survive him.

Shot an Ex-Convict. Ephraim Wise, who recently served a term in state's prison, was shot in the back of his head as he walked with a shotgun, at Constantine, in the hands of unknown parties while he was on the premises of L. K. Broady, a prosperous farmer near that place. His wounds are not considered fatal.

AROUND THE STATE.

Hope college, Holland, will have a summer school. A large peppermint refinery will be built at Kalamazoo. Work has been begun upon St. Joseph's new water works. Vernon will soon have a box factory, employing 35 men. Diphtheria is reported to be growing epidemic at Republic. South Haven clerics decided to have a commodious town hall and engine house. The first barge of the season left Muskegon with 450,000 feet of lumber. A project is on foot to establish a home for neglected children at Grand Rapids. The telephone wires at Menominee are being taken down and laid under ground. A gang of chicken thieves, ranging in age from 5 to 14 years, has been discovered at Menominee.

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OVER THE WIRES.

A WOMAN'S FEELING.

Masquerading in Men's Attire--Wrote a Sensation.

Two ladies boarded a C. R. & I. train at Petoskey bound for Grand Rapids and taking the sleeper attached to the train and occupying an entire section. The ladies were well dressed and the porter, Robert Bowman, paid them all the attention possible. They retired soon after leaving Petoskey. The next morning the porter was paralyzed to see one of the lady passengers come out from behind the curtains of her berth in masculine attire. The neat black dress worn the night before had been replaced with a natty spring suit of light color. He was so startled that he did not dare to ask any questions and kept a close watch upon his passengers to see if any more changes would take place in their appearance or apparel. The couple left the train at their destination, to all appearances a man and woman, and from the depot went to the Morton houses, where they registered as C. L. Dowse, Leonardsville, N. Y., and Miss E. A. Sovey, Petoskey. The pseudo-man attracted attention in the hotel from his own appearance and proportions. A telegram from Petoskey in reply to an inquiry says that Dr. C. Louise Dowse is a well-known lady physician and conducts a sanitarium at that place, and formerly lived in Leonardsville, N. Y. Miss Sovey is one of the nurses in the sanitarium. The occasion for the masquerade is unknown. A prominent Petoskey citizen was in the hotel dining room when the couple came in to breakfast, and he says he positively recognized the man as Dr. Dowse. She has recently been very ill and he thinks it must have affected her mind and caused the eccentric conduct. She is a graduate of Ann Arbor and has a large practice in Petoskey. Where she has gone is unknown.

Anarchists Will not Down. Another dynamite outrage is reported at Angers, France, a flourishing manufacturing city in the department of the Maine-et-Loire, and about 190 miles from Paris. A bomb was exploded outside of a police office, and the building was badly shattered. Two policemen were severely injured, and all their companions more or less shaken up. The anarchists have been spreading their principles among the factory people of Angers as in other manufacturing towns; and it is supposed that activity of the police in attempting to check this propaganda incited the anarchists in revenge.

The Venezuelan Revolution. The outlook for Venezuela is certainly very dark. President Palacios seems to be losing ground every day, and Crespo's forces grow stronger and stronger. There is no concealment of the fact that the government is very much alarmed at the reports from the headquarters of the insurgents are to the effect that the greatest activity prevails there and that the indications are that a move is to be made at an early date in the direction of Caracas.

Memorial services were held in honor of Gen. W. T. Sherman under the auspices of the legislature of New York, at Albany. Over 3,000 persons were in attendance, and Chauncey M. Depew made one of the greatest oratorical efforts of his life.

TABLE MARKETS.

Table with market prices for various goods like CATTLE, HOGS, SHEEP, LAMBS, etc. in Detroit and New York.

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## YOU AND ME.

I always knew that we should meet  
Somewhere upon the road called life;  
and for a season pause to rest,  
Away from all the world's wide strife.

Our tastes and pleasures were the same,  
Each lived for each the world apart;  
We dwelt beyond the world of men,  
Hand linked in hand, heart press'd to heart.

Fate stepped between us where we met,  
To mock at all our higher life;  
But that one meeting on life's road  
Hath made us stronger for earth's strife.

And though to-day we are apart,  
And stern between us walketh Fate,  
We know that we have met and loved,  
And for the future bravely wait.

—Saturday Evening Post.

## MAMMY MULLIGRUB.

Mammy Mulligrub lives at Hoppertown. Now Hoppertown is not a very important place neither is Mammy Mulligrub a very important personage; but the good-natured old darkey woman fills her own little niche in the great world, and recently, with the aid of a cow and a dog, she managed to fill it pretty full. The thing came about in this way:

Mammy Mulligrub's cow is the pride of the old lady's heart, and a fine, large creature she is too; but, like many other animals, she sometimes wants to have her own way. In fact, she can be as cranky as an old maid schoolmarm when she takes a notion.

Now, Mammy has staked out the old milk factory nearly all summer, and after the cow's offspring got to be some days old, the old lady concluded to resume this custom, so she once more anchored the whey-producer to a birch peg by means of the clothes line. Bossy, however, was left at home, shut up in the farm-yard to bawl away his breath all day, as if he had been a hired howler at a ward caucus. And he did it, too.

Toward night Muley decided that her happiness and peace of mind, if not her very life, depended upon seeing that calf immediately, and sooner than that if possible. So she tugged away at her tether until the stake broke and then started for the yard at a break-neck pace.

A few minutes later a terrible racket at the cow-yard attracted Mammy's attention, and, running to the door to investigate, she saw old Muley pawing and bellowing at the gate, with her nose in the dirt and her tail in the air. She wanted her calf, and she wanted him then.

"Fur de Lawd sake! Ef 'tain't dat ar kyow!" said old Mammy as she set her spectacles a little higher up on the broad black dab of flesh that answered her to smell with, in order to catch another squint. "She's done bus' loose and kim fur her calf, an' I don't dar her out she'll done bury herself dar fur shuah."

So saying the old lady trotted to the farmyard gate and let out the calf, who immediately began trying to chew off the accustomed portion of his maternal relative's physical system.

"She's so handy I bes' git a bucket an' strip her," said the old lady to herself; but just as she was going to put her plan into effect the dog appeared and took a hand in the game.

Now Bossy was not acquainted with old Towser, and what was more, he did not feel inclined to get acquainted with animals of a standing inferior to his own; so he let out his hind legs as if the Old Nick were after him instead of Daddy Mulligrub's pet watch-dog. Muley did not like to stand still and see herself abandoned in that heartless manner, so she started off in pursuit. Mammy had to wiggle her fat limbs quite rapidly in order to catch the rope before she was completely out of reach. She managed to do it though, and secured the cow by taking a few turns around a young pear tree that stood close at hand.

But Towser's sporting propensities were fully aroused, and after that calf he went as if his very existence depended on getting a calf's tail for luncheon immediately. Mammy tried again and again to call him off, but in vain.

The calf took a circle around the excited cow and equally excited old woman, for he did not like to get too far away from his mother. But still old Towser followed in hot pursuit. Finally they passed so close that mammy seized the dog's collar and clung to it desperately.

"Is got ye, you good fur nuffin brack debble, you," she puffed. "Chase dat calf till he's done tuckered all out, will ye? We'll see 'bout dat. Reckon I kin fix ye."

Mammy carefully tied the other end of the cow rope to Towser's collar; then she stepped back and viewed the situation. Apparently both dog and cow were hitched fast.

"Stay dar while I gits de milk pail, you no-account purp, you," she grumbled. "What daddy wants ter keep seech a worthless ting as you is fur, I can't fur de life ob me 'agine. Ef I had my way I'd out you's bob tail off snug behind yer ears, dat I would." And thus scolding mammy waddled off to the house after the milk pail.

While she was gone Towser ran about the pear tree two or three times and so unwound the rope with which both he and the cow were hitched. As soon as the calf saw him coming he set off again, and when Mammy got back he was in full flight. Muley and Towser both started in pursuit, but unfortunately they didn't go in quite the same direction. All at once the dog felt a sudden twitch at his collar and concluded he would not go any farther. So he stopped suddenly and braced his feet.

But a seven hundred cow under good headway will give quite a yank, and Towser found it out, too. He did not stay stopped as long as he intended, but was dragged in triumph

at the chariot wheel of the conquering cow, so to speak. When Mammy returned with the bucket there was quite a lively race going on in the field.

"Bress de Lawd! I mus' stop dat calf or he'll run hisse'f ter deff," she ejaculated as she fell in behind the rather rapid procession.

Ahead of everything went the calf, by this time terrified almost out of his senses, next came the cow, bound to go wherever her offspring went or die in the effort, then old Towser, sometimes one end up, but oftener the other, the dirt flying in every direction as he dug his toenails into the turf in the vain effort to put down brakes, and lastly old Mammy, puffing along, milkpail in hand, as fast as her fat limbs would carry her, and gasping "so dar" as often as she could manage to make her mouth go off. But the cow didn't "so" worth a cent.

At this juncture Daddy Mulligrub turned up on the scene of action, and being a little short sighted he could not see why Towser was allowed to run after the cows.

"Call off dat dog, Mammy," he shrieked; but Mammy only pegged away harder than ever, and all the sound she uttered was the hoarse and husky wail of "so."

"Why de debble don't ye call off dat dawg?" he cried again in a rage, but still there was no reply. Instead the legs, tails and petticoats flew faster than ever, if possible.

Just then the line of battle wheeled sharply around, and by making a terrific burst of speed across the corner mammy succeeded in catching Towser by his hinder continuation—just as her husband fell into line behind her, and she hung to it till it threatened to come unjoined every instant.

"Let go dat dawg's handle," belted low daddy. "Ye'll done pull it out by the rutes of ye hain't keersful," but mammy's hold never relaxed.

The dog's feet cleared the ground a yard as the cow and mammy tugged on him in opposite directions, and Towser must have thought that he would be twins every minute. But a crisis was at hand.

Spying a small opening in a thorny hedge, the calf darted through it with a blare of terror. After him rushed his mother, enlarging the hole somewhat but streaking her sleek sides with numerous long and bloody scratches. Next the unfortunate Towser was hauled through the underbrush, and then—

Well, the caravan was under such headway that Mammy could not have let go of the dog's little end even if she had wished. Through the hedge she also went, speedily coming out again on the other side with a little of her wearing apparel still on in spite of the affectionate clinging of the thorns and briars. And still the race continued.

Daddy had crawled through the hedge also, and now he tried his best to head off the strange tandem, bawling away all the time in a terrific bass voice, "co' boss," "git out, Towser," and "stop yer brack ole fool nigger," in about equal proportions. But they would not seem to "co'," "git out" or "stop."

Suddenly and unexpectedly the whole procession swerved toward the almost exhausted Daddy. He tried his best to get out of its line of march, but his rheumatically old legs were not spry enough. He succeeded in dodging the cow, but the clothes line took him across the shins with a violence that shifted ends of him in an instant. He was hurled more than ten feet and came down on his head in a duck-pond, above which two monstrous brograms floated for an instant like twin thunder-clouds above a mountain gorge; then he went under and shut the door.

"Ow! ow! ow!" he roared the very instant his head appeared above the surface again, "de debble's done got me fur shuah. O Lawd, hab massy on dis po' ole good-fur-nuffin brack nigger's soul!"

The old man scrambled and floundered ashore in a paroxysm of terror, dragging out the supposed devil who was still clinging to one of his legs; and a worse looking devil probably never was seen—but it was only what was left of old Mammy. She had been snapped off the tail end of the line when it collided with Daddy's legs, and she also had found an unsavory baptism in the foul and muddy depths of the duck pond.

Slowly and mournfully the demoralized old darkey limped off homeward, and for more than a week it was all that Mammy could do to crawl about the house. The cow, accompanied by her calf, was found the next day in an adjoining township, a small chunk of gristy sausage meat still trailing from her neck at the end of a fuzzy looking clothes line. It was all there was left of poor old Towser.

"De idee ob hitchin' a kyow ter a dawg's neck ter milk her!" snorted old Daddy when he heard the facts in the case. "Any ole fool nigger mount 'a' known better'n dat. But dar' some won't lar nuffin eben if dey does lib with a prolly ob wisdom all dere nat'ral life."—Chicago Sun.

**Natural Distrust.**  
It is an old story of the man who said, when he was offered tea during a visit to an army encampment, "if my last cup was tea, I'll take coffee; if it was coffee I'll take tea;" but it may still serve to illustrate practical wisdom as well as impudence. Another learner from experience figures in the following anecdote:

Two amateur sportsmen went out together for a day's shooting, and began operations by attempting to load their guns.

"See here," said one of them, pausing in the act, "which do you put in first, powder or shot?"

"Why, powder, of course," returned his friend.

"Oh, do you?" was the reply.

"Then I don't!"—Youth's Companion.

## WORLD OF PROGRESS.

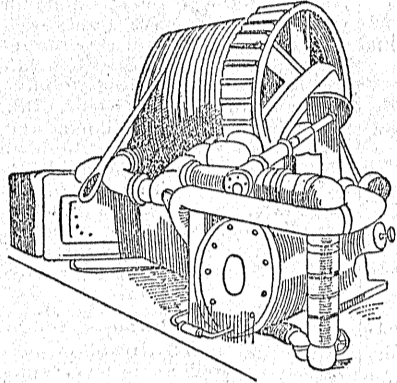
### DOINGS AND SAYINGS OF MEN OF SCIENCE.

**Some Old and New Ideas in Aerial Navigation—Is it Possible for Man to Fly Through the Water—Scientific Notes.**

The sea tug Saturn, which brought the steamship Federation from Bermuda to this port in February, has just arrived at New York with the steamship Akaba safe in tow from Tarik's Island.

The Saturn's work would have been almost impossible in a storm but for the contrivance pictured below.

It is, as may be noted in the illustration, a balancing cable drum. The steam engine is geared to the drum that the normal pressure of the engine cylinders, seen on either side of the drum, will balance the normal strain



on the cable or hawser; but if the strain on the hawser is increased the drum revolves aft, and the hawser pays out running in again when the strain is relieved. As an engineer describes it:

"The principle of the towing machine is that the resistance of the towing vessel is borne entirely by the steam pressure in the cylinders. The wire hawser is wound on a drum which is driven directly by a pinion gear on the crank shaft of the engines. The machine is fitted with a reducing valve, whose opening enlarges or decreases according as the strain on the hawser opens the reducing valve and augments the pressure in the cylinders until it is adequate to hold the strain. By this arrangement the hawser is freed at all times of any sudden tension."

**Inches of His Life.**  
A Los Angeles physician told us the other day that the most trying time in all his experience was during the past five weeks, when he stood helplessly by and saw a poor ranchman near Puente die by inches of what is known as progressive paralysis.

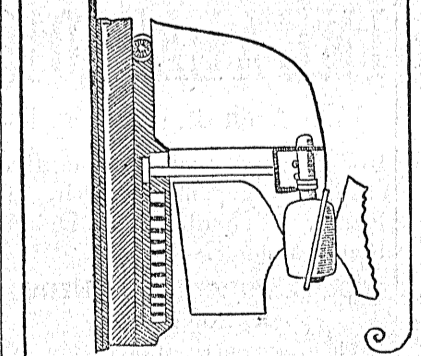
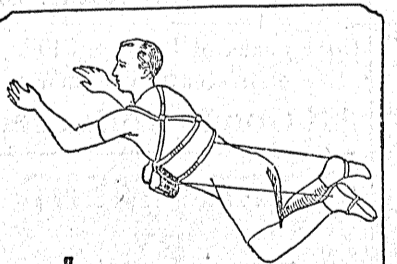
The patient was first taken in one big toe. In a short time the limb was paralyzed to the knee. Two physicians were called, and all the known remedies were applied to stay the progress of the deadening attack, but in vain, says the Pomona, (Cal.) Express.

Hour by hour death moved on its victim. The patient was propped up in an arm chair and fully realized his condition. He awaited the end with the coolness and bravery of a martyr. As the line of death crept nearer and nearer his heart he made calculations as to how much longer he could live.

He said: "Now it has reached the body," indicating the exact place with his finger. In a little while he said: "It has reached the bottom of my lungs."

Another short wait and he said faintly: "It has touched my heart," and he fell over dead.

**Fly Through the Water.**  
The many difficulties which confront the average aspirant after arrangements for soaring through the air has turned the attention of inventors to means of speeding through the water, one of the latest devices for this purpose being shown in the accompanying cut. It consists of propellers adapted to be supported upon the person of the swimmer by means of straps. These propellers



are connected by gearing with drums, in which are wound cords connecting with the feet. When the swimmer extends the feet these cords are unwound, causing the drums to revolve and transmitting the motion to the propellers. When the feet are drawn up, coiled springs cause the cords to be again wound around the drums, ready to revolve again when the feet are extended. The inventor of the device makes no mention of the speed possible by its use, nor what effect the water will have upon the mechanism of the propeller.

**Over \$500,000 for a Torpedo.**  
It is not every inventor who is so fortunate as Mr. Louis Brennan. The Admiralty has paid the last instalment of 16,000 pounds to this gentleman, who has received much more than 110,000

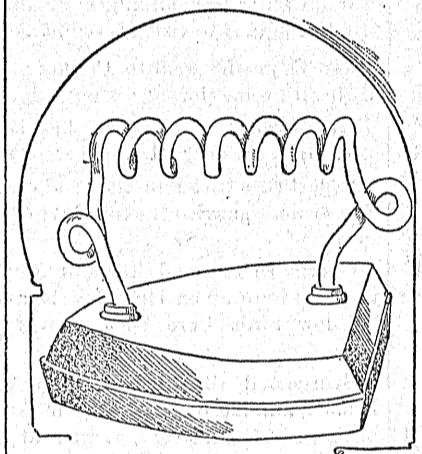
pounds, which the government is supposed to have paid for his torpedo. Eight years ago he was paid a retaining fee of 5,000 pounds, and engaged for three years at a salary of 2,000 pounds a year and expenses, in return for which he was to devote all his time to the development and improvement of the torpedo, and when that term was over he received for some years a salary of 1,500 pounds.

**Liquids at Meals.**  
The Medical Press is authority for the following: A great deal of misapprehension is often found to exist in the popular mind in regard to matters of eating and drinking. The cause of this to some extent is to be traced to old-time sayings, which have come down to us in the form of a concentrated infusion of somebody's opinion upon a subject of which he or she was woefully ignorant. One of these misapprehensions to which we may refer is as to the injuriousness of taking fluids with meals. One frequently hears it laid down as a maxim that "it is bad to drink with your meals, it dilutes the gastric juice." By way of explanation we may remark that "it implies that the fluid taken is harmful."

Whence this sagacious postulate originally came we cannot tell; it has quite the ring about it of an inconsequent deduction formed by a person whose presumption of knowledge was only exceeded by a lamentable ignorance of the subject. Medical men often find much difficulty in dealing with these museum specimens of antiquated science, for even educated persons are disposed to cling to the absurdities of their youth.

**Punished for Injuring Poets.**  
An interesting episode is reported to the European papers from Afghanistan. A high official, Mirza Ahmed Jan, was charged with having appropriated some public funds to private purposes. In the course of the investigation it was discovered that the official in question had also been engaged in literary work, and had been indulging in plagiarizing quite extensively. The Amir of Afghanistan, in pronouncing his judgment, said: "I will not punish you for having appropriated public funds, for this charge has not been proved against you; but your pillage of the sacred poets, Hafiz and Saadi, I cannot let pass by." As a punishment he caused the culprit's tongue to be pierced with needles.

**Always Cool.**  
The sud-iron shown in the illustration herewith is the invention of a Western man, who claims for it ad-



vantages over any other form of fixed handle iron. It is stated that the coil forming the handle is so arranged that in making the circles just above the body of the iron the metal surfaces do not touch, and as a result the heat is thrown off and does not enter the handle as it otherwise would.

**Bronze is Very Ancient.**  
Bronze, spoken of in the bible as brass, is of very ancient origin. We have little or no notion how the ancients got copper; but in all probability large quantities were formerly found in the metallic state, just as we find it now in the neighborhood of Lake Superior in America and Baikal lake in Siberia. This would only have required melting to yield a tolerably pure metal. If, however, they smelted copper from its various ores, it is difficult to realize how they could overcome such a complicated process, and we can only admit that in this respect, as in so many others, the ancient people of Europe were very much cleverer than we moderns are apt to believe.

**A Good Washing Fluid.**  
Dissolve one pound of sal-soda and half a pound of lime in five quarts of water, and boil for a few minutes, stirring occasionally. Remove from the fire, and allow it to settle; pour off the clear liquid into a stone jar and cork for use. Half a teaspoonful of this fluid added to a half boiler of boiling water on wash days will save a great deal of labor.

**Paper Horse-Shoes.**  
A new system of shoeing horses has recently been invented in England. By it the iron shoes are fixed to others made of sail canvas, which are then cemented to the hoof. Shoes fixed this way have been worn quite thin without moving. The process has been patented in England.

**What Might Happen.**  
If the motion of the earth were suddenly arrested the temperature produced would be sufficient to melt, and even volatilize it; while, if it fell into the sun, as much heat would be produced as results from the combustion of 5,000 spheres of carbon of the size of her globe.

**Rubber Blinders for Horses.**  
Blinders for horses are now made of rubber moulded in imitation of the leather article, even the fine row of stitching appearing around the edge of the leather blinders being imitated. They are found to be much cheaper than the ordinary sewed-leather blinders.

## HOW THEY FISH IN ASIA.

### A QUEER SPORT AS CARRIED ON BY THEIR METHODS.

**Think of a Fisherman Diving Into the Water for His Game—Man-Eating Crocodiles Looked on as Brothers in Trade.**

"The Chinese have many very curious ways of catching fish," said a piscicultural sharp to a writer for the Washington Star. "In winter they dive for them. A certain species demanded in the market seeks shelter during the cold season under rocks at a considerable depth. They can not be got with hook and line, and so the fishermen go down into the water after them, plunging from a boat. Three dives are made each hour, and a fire is kept up on board the boat for the purpose of warming those at work between whiles. Not infrequently they come up bleeding from the lungs, and rheumatism and skin diseases render them disabled by the time they are 40 years old.

"It was the Chinese who invented the well-known plan of capturing ducks and other water fowl by wading toward them with a basket over the head and dragging them under water before they knew what had caught them by the legs. Theirs is the idea of employing cormorants to aid them in fishing. You have heard, doubtless, how the birds used for this purpose have collars around their necks to prevent them from swallowing the game they capture. At a signal given by their owner they plunge into the water after the prey. Whatever they get is taken from them, and they are rewarded for every success with a bit of fish small enough for them to eat. They are forced to work very hard all day long, but great care is taken of them, and they are nursed most attentively when they are sick. A bird is usually good for service until it is 10 years old. The cormorant fishermen are organized into societies, the birds belonging to each association having a peculiar mark.

"In India also the natives employ many methods of fishing, which seem odd to us. There is in the district of Oude a species of so-called 'walking fish' with snake-like heads which are often seen floating on the water as if asleep. The people shoot them with cross-bows. Usually they sink when they are killed, so that they have to be dived for afterward. In the Indus, the Ganges and other streams are numerous fish-eating crocodiles which attain a length of more than twenty feet. Except when near their nests and anxious to defend their eggs they run away from human beings. Of fish they catch an enormous number, and it has been thought very strange that the fisherman should not destroy such rivals in their own business. But they regard the mere suggestion of such an idea with horror, saying that the crocodiles are brothers in trade.

"The man-eating crocodiles of those rivers are regarded as sacred and are never harmed. Of late years they have destroyed more lives than formerly, owing to the prohibition by law of the ancient practice of consigning corpses to the streams. It was the good old way to fill the mouth of the defunct respectfully with mud and leave the cadaver to be swept away by the current. Upon such supplies of food the great saurians depended largely, and, being deprived of them, they lie in wait to snap up living people and cattle. Five persons have been known to be carried off in one year at a single pool. However, the country is overpopulated, but one would not think it an agreeable death to die.

"The Buddhists in India have a horror of eating the flesh of animals, believing them to be incarnations of human beings' souls; but they permit themselves the luxury of fish, usually getting around the difficulty by saying that the fishermen take away the fishes' lives and are responsible. On the walls of their temples are numerous frescoes vividly depicting the terrible tortures which fishermen will have to endure in a future state. In these paintings fires are represented stirred up by devils, who are dragging the fishermen into the flames in nets, hauling them by hooks and lines and prodding them from behind with fish spears.

"There is a story of a Buddhist priest who lodged for some time at the house of a fisherman. The latter had recently reformed and was pursuing another occupation. After two days the guest asked why no fish were served upon the table, and, being informed that his host was withheld by conscientious scruples from catching them, he expressed his approval in high terms. At the end of the week, however, he felt a craving for fish strong upon him and inquired how far the fisherman's net stretched across the neighboring stream. He was told that it extended one-third of the way across.

"If that is the case," said the priest, "the fish have their choice as to whether they will be caught or not. So, if they choose to be taken nobody else is responsible. Therefore, you will do right to try and catch some." "Accordingly the priest was served thereafter with fish, of which delicacy he would have been deprived had it not been for the wisdom which sacred books had taught him."

**The Astronomers Are Puzzled.**  
One of the most mysterious changes witnessed in the ever changing solar system is the variation in the brightness of the moons of Jupiter. Two of the four satellites occasionally cross the planet's disc as dark objects, although it is known that their sunny sides are presented to us and should appear no less brilliantly illuminated than the planet itself. The third and

fourth satellites often make these dark transits, and the first is sometimes seen as a brown object, but the second has never been noticed otherwise than as a bright disc. The phenomenon still remains without satisfactory explanation.

### ALLIGATORS.

**They Are Very Numerous in Paraguay, There Being No Hunters.**

Of course, there being no hunters to kill them, wild animals are very plentiful, it is not uncommon to see jaguars and deer, even from the deck of the steamer. But, most of all, alligators abound, writes Herbert H. Smith in St. Nicholas. When the waters are highest, they roam over the flooded land, seeking the small animals, water-birds and fish, on which they live; at that time they are not so common along the river channels, and only now and then may one be seen in the shallows, with but the top of his ugly head above the surface of the water.

In the dry season, as the waters recede, they gather in the rivers in such amazing numbers that I can compare them only to tadpoles in a pond. I have counted over sixty on a small sand bank, literally piled one over the other; while, all around, the water was full of them. They lie thus for hours, basking in the sun, and quite still; but if a steamer approaches the mass begins to move, there is a great rattling of scales as they hustle each other to reach the water, and in a moment only five or six are left, who raise their heads and stare at the vessel until it has passed them. These more courageous fellows are generally the larger ones, and offer tempting shots. I am no sportsman, but my brother-in-law, who was traveling with me, killed many from the steamer's deck, using only coarse shot.

It is not so easy to kill those that are seen on the surface of the water, shot, and even a bullet, will glance off from the hard skull unless the eye be hit. The top of the eye-socket is never more than two or three inches above the surface, and as they are usually at rather long range, even a skillful marksman may be pardoned for a miss.

Though so numerous, the alligators are not generally regarded as dangerous. I have often seen the young negroes and Indian boys swimming within a few yards of them, and the reptiles paid little attention to their play. Cattle, too, wade about the flooded grass lands, in search of pasture, and are rarely molested by alligators. In fact, unless driven to bay or ravenous with hunger, they dare not attack man or the larger animals; but they are always on the watch for smaller prey.

### A BRIGHT BOY.

**A Little Slave Who Thought It Might Work Two Ways.**

"Yes," said the old Georgia colonel, "I think that up to the age of fourteen negro children learn quite as well as the white—better, perhaps; but there they seem to come to a halt."

"I recall a boy I owned before the war who was as sharp as a steel-trap and a great pet of myself and family. At the time of the incident I am about to relate he was about ten years of age and so full of mischief that it bubbled out of him.

"Whenever he broke out of bounds and got unbearable I sent him with a note to the overseer, with instructions to flog him, always indicating the weight and number of stripes.

"Seeing the unfavorable consequences of carrying that bit of paper to the overseer, he said to me one day:

"Maussa, ken dat papah talk?"

"It can," I replied. "It tells when you are idle and won't work."

"But you don't nebbah work ez I sees," he said.

"Oh," I replied, "I work with my head, and that is the hardest kind of work."

"The next time I gave the boy a note to take to the overseer he went off stroking his head.

"I soon learned that he had destroyed the note instead of delivering it. So I called him up and asked him why he had not obeyed me.

"Wa'al, maussa," said the boy, with a twinkle in his eyes, "I've done been dollin' some 'inkin' fo' mysef, an' I've allowed as how I'd start an' work wid my head, too!"—Buffalo News.

### A Dog's Reason.

A lively demonstration of canine reasoning occurred at Keeler, Cal., recently. A small brown dog, with a most intelligent head, familiarly known to the lower country residents as Barney, has been in the habit for a long time past of following the Darwin stage, never missing a trip. Changing the drivers makes no difference; he clings to the route and not the man. On off days he occasionally makes a visit to Cerro Gordo, and in doing so recently was set upon and whipped by a dog there. Attached to Boland's store at Keeler is a big strong dog that has quite a reputation as a scrapper. On the morning of the next Cerro Gordo trip Barney was noticed playing with the big dog. When the stage started Barney followed, and as his companion seemed averse to going forward, he would run back and play, then forward, and finally persuaded the John L. Sullivan dog into going too. Arriving in Cerro Gordo, the little dog made a dash at his former antagonist. John L. "stood in" and the bully was soundly thrashed. Barney wore a broad grin of satisfaction when he returned to Keeler, but he does not visit Cerro Gordo any more.

### An Important Difference.

She—Dueling is barbarous and irrational.

The General—It's just like war, but for numbers.

She—No, it isn't. In war you can lie in wait or get behind something.—Life.

# DR. CLARKE

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 And Urinary Complaints, Painful, Difficult, too frequent or scanty Urine, Unnatural Discharges, Promptly Cured. Constitutional or Acquired Weaknesses of Both Sexes treated successfully.

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Pontiac, Oxford & Northern Railroad.

TIME TABLE N. O. R.

GOING NORTH

STATIONS.	Freight	Mixed	Pass
Pontiac	A. M. 8:00	P. M. 5:20	A. M. 8:25
Oxford	11:00	4:15	9:30
Dryden	12:17	7:08	9:30
Inlay City	12:45	7:24	9:54
North Branch	2:20	8:14	10:25
Clifford	3:15	8:33	10:52
Kingston	3:57	8:55	11:32
Wilmet	4:17	9:09	11:51
Detroit	4:46	9:16	11:30
Cass City	5:40	9:40	11:46
Gagetown	6:07		12:00
Owendale	6:25		12:13
Berne	7:15		12:34
Cassville	7:45		1:00

GOING SOUTH

STATIONS.	Pass.	Mixed.	Freight
Cassville	P. M. 3:20	A. M. 6:45	A. M. 6:15
Berne	5:38		6:15
Owendale	4:00		7:00
Gagetown	4:15		7:20
Cass City	4:42	5:20	8:10
Detroit	4:46	5:38	8:35
Wilmet	4:17	5:08	8:50
Kingston	5:04	5:02	9:15
Clifford	5:25	6:27	9:55
North Branch	6:41	6:59	10:35
Inlay City	6:19	7:10	11:25
Dryden	6:34	8:00	12:25
Oxford	7:11	9:05	2:00
Pontiac	7:50	10:40	3:00

Trains Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 run daily except Sundays. Train No. 5 will run Monday, Wednesday and Friday. Train No. 6 will run Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

\*Flag stations, where trains stop only on signal.

CONNECTIONS.

Pontiac, D. G. H. & M. and Mich. Air Line Division G. T. F. Y.  
 Oxford, Detroit and Bay City division of M. C.  
 Inlay City, C. & G. T.  
 Clifford, F. & P. M.  
 Berne Junction, S. T. & H.

JAMES HOUSTON Superintendent

Central - Meat - Market.



J. H. WINEGAR, Proprietor.

Recently refitted throughout with all the latest conveniences. Finest Market in the city.

TRY - OUR - CUTS - AND - SLICES

D. L. DOWD'S HEALTH EXERCISER.

For the Sick, Weak, and Sedentary People: Invalids, Ladies, Youngsters, the feeble or frail, a complete gymnasium. Takes up but 6 in. square floor-room; new and durable, comprehensive, cheap. Indorsed by 300 physicians, lawyers, clergymen, editors and others now using it. Send for illustrated circular.

40 cent a box charge. Prof. D. L. Dowd's, Scientific Physical and Vocal Culture, 9 East 14 St., New York.

## PILES

A NEW PAINLESS CERTAIN CURE. RELIEF AND LASTING CURE. NEVER RETURNS. TO PROVE IT and to convince you that it will promptly cure any case

**CURED**

of Piles, External, Internal, Bleeding, Protruding or Itching, we will send a TRIAL PACKAGE FREE to any address. Send stamps to cover postage & address THE PYRAMID DRUG CO., Box 42, ALBANY, N. Y.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all skin eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Fritz Bros.

C. W. McPHAIL, Proprietor. O. K. JANES, Cashier.

## CASS CITY BANK

ESTABLISHED April 18, 1882  
 CAPITAL, \$30,000.

WHERE the security is at least three times in value the loan required, and all other conditions favorable, I can loan money on improved farms at 7 per cent, with a reasonable amount for commission and expenses paid at the time loan is made. We will draw a mortgage so you can make a payment each year, which is a great advantage to the borrower.

If you desire to send money to any foreign country, we can do the business for you to your entire satisfaction. Money to loan on any reasonable security for long or short time, in small or large amounts to suit purchaser.

C. W. McPHAIL.

Respectively announce

the arrival of my

Spring Stock of Millinery

Fancy Goods and Novelties to which I invite your attention. Prices and Qualities are sure to suit the most fastidious.

Thanking customers for past favors, would advise all wishing anything in this line to come, examine goods and get prices whether you are ready to purchase or not.

Yours Respectfully

Mrs. H. S. Wickware,

Finney Block.

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O. A. Briggs was in Caro Monday.

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Do you want to marry or do you wish social letters from gentlemen and ladies of culture and means from all over the country? If so, just send on 10 cents and receive a copy of the elegant, half-cent paper called **GRACE BLOSSOMS**, which will afford you more healthful enjoyment than you have had for many a day; each number contains hundreds of letters from young ladies and gentlemen wanting correspondents from those of the opposite sex; if there is a man or woman who has not found his or her admirer here's the golden opportunity. Address **GRACE BLOSSOMS**, room 15, 18 Boylston street, Boston, Mass.

What more do you want? **NAME IT!**

Our Stock is now **Complete.**

Our Goods are **Clean & Sweet.**

Our Prices are **Hard to beat.**

**OUR AIM will be to please you all both Great and Small.**

Give us a call.

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120 Sutter St, San Francisco, Cal. Mention this paper.

the surroundings of the Washington House by a new 6 foot sidewalk which was greatly needed.

E. Robertson packed up Monday and himself and family left Wednesday for their new home near Petersburg, Va. Our farmers will greatly miss Life at the blacksmith shop.

**KARR'S CORNERS.**

Our warm weather etched cold.

Some of our citizens are ploughing.

John Profit has been very seriously ill.

School begins in Dis. No. 3, Elkland, to-day, Monday.

J. Profit was very unfortunate last week, cutting his foot very badly.

Resolved: That the fence that Jas. Masters built is a tumble down affair.

John Muma is building a new fence. More of such would be nice around the corners.

Naaman Karr and Mrs. Luther Karr were visiting relatives near Tyre, this week.

Pat Landrigan had no machinery or hay in John Emmon's barn. It was his brother John's.

Dr. Dewey, Prof. Crank and Hon. Dewey, three active youths of here flew a kite last Monday morning.

Please, Brother of Novesta, tell us were those men working by the day—day-day day or were they working by job—job—job—job.

In the land of the free and the home of the brave, in the land where the illustrious Lincoln declared that famous Emancipation Proclamation, yes, and where blood has been spilled in order to abolish slavery, we read that three colored men were sold in Fayette, Mo., by public auction, the purchaser being entitled to their service during their term sentence they had received for vagrancy. Better not be found without money if you want to be free.

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# FURNITURE!

C. O. LENZNER, JR. F. LENZNER.

**LENZNER BROS.,**

DEALERS IN—

Parlor Suits, Chamber Suits, Side Boards, Writing Desks, Lounges, Beds, Spring Beds, Mattresses, Tables, Center Tables, Stands,